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A

GREEK GRADUS.

A

GREEK GRADUS;

OR,

A GREEK, LATIN, AND ENGLISH PROSODIAL LEXICON;

CONTAINING

THE INTERPRETATION, IN LATIN AND ENGLISH,
OF ALL WORDS WHICH OCCUR IN THE GREEK POETS, FROM THE EARLIEST PERIOD
TO THE TIME OF PTOLEMY PHILADELPHUS,

WITH

THE QUANTITIES OF THE SYLLABLES VERIFIED BY AUTHORITIES:

AND COMBINING THE ADVANTAGES OF

A LEXICON OF THE GREEK POETS AND A GREEK GRADUS.

For the Use of Schools and Colleges.

BY

THE LATE REV. JOHN BRASSE, B.D.

FORMERLY FELLOW OF TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.

TO WHICH IS ADDED, A SYNOPSIS OF THE GREEK METRES,

BY THE REV. J. R. MAJOR, D.D.

HEAD-MASTER OF KING'S COLLEGE SCHOOL, LONDON.

SECOND EDITION, REVISED AND CORRECTED

BY THE REV. F. E. J. VALPY, M.A.

HEAD-MASTER OF BURTON-ON-TRENT GRAMMAR-SCHOOL.

LONDON:

LONGMAN, BROWN, GREEN, AND LONGMANS,

PATERNOSTER-ROW.

1842.

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TO THE SECOND EDITION.

THE object of the Compiler of this work was to present to students, in a brief form, and at a moderate price, such a *Manual* as might combine the advantages of a *Greek Gradus*, or *Prosodial Dictionary*, with that of a *Lexicon of the Greek Poets*; in which the words should be accompanied by their principal significations expressed both in Latin and English, and the prosodial quantities appended, verified by authorities from the earliest period to the time of Ptolemy Philadelphus; together with a careful statement, on all words that required it, of *synonymes*, *epithets*, and *phrases*. In accomplishing so arduous a work, no care or labour was spared by the learned and experienced scholar who formed it. Nevertheless, useful as it has proved to young students, not a few *imperfections*, inseparable from any First Edition of such a work, were discernible. These the present Editor has, in this Second Edition, endeavoured to remove by the following well considered alterations, both as to the general plan and the particular details; which, he trusts, will approve themselves both to masters and scholars:—

1. All such authorities for the quantities of words as in the First Edition were taken from passages which prove nothing as to the metre (see the articles *μαῶσαῶμαι*, *ταγῆω*, and *γλυφω*) have been removed.*

* Thus of the word *μαῶσαῶμαι* the prosodial proof was the following: *Μᾶσώμῃνος τῷ λοιπὸν οὕτω τῷ κῶπι.* It is clear that in this line *Ma* might as well be long as short, to suit the requirements of the metre. Thus, again, for the proof of *Ταγῆω* was the following: *Ταγεῖν ἔχοντα σκῆπτρὸν ἰθυντήριον.* The position of the syllable *Ta* evidently proved nothing. For *πρόσφᾶτος*, the termination of an iambic line *πρόσφᾶτοις δίκαις* was selected; but the syllable *φα* in this place was totally indecisive of its quantity. The verse illustrative of *γλύφω*, *ψω*, was *Καὶ τὸδ' ἄπ' ἐνὶ δόρυ γλύψᾳτ' ἄγαλμᾶ κέδρου*; whereas what was wanted was not an authority for the quantity of *γλύψᾳτ'*, but one for the quantity of *γλύφω*.

2. Of the very many passages adduced from Pindar, or the Choral verses in the Dramatists, both Tragic and Comic, without any specification of their peculiar metre, some have been retained, but placed in juxtaposition with the lines which correspond with them, and are declaratory of the quantities of their several syllables: but more have been exchanged for other passages, which in themselves admit of no doubt as to the quantity of the words contained in them. (Compare the article ὑπᾶτός in both Editions.) Reference, too, has often been made to the component parts of compound words, where the passages cited for the latter did not admit of easy scansion. Thus in παῤῥᾶλείφω the Editor has referred to ἀλείφω; and in παῤῥᾶκονᾶω, to ἀκόνη.

3. Great care has been taken to remove those perpetual mistakes in the marking of the accents and quantities, which had, from one cause or other, unfortunately crept into the First Edition.

4. The Editor had not proceeded far in the work of revision, before he perceived that many words were appended to others as synonymes, which were not introduced in their proper alphabetical order. Compare the articles ταλαίφρων and πτάξ in both Editions. These omissions the Editor has, except in cases where two words are united that would have come in consecutive order, endeavoured to supply. And when words were subjoined to others, it often happened that authorities were given for only the *first* or *second*; and when they *were* all verified by references, it often happened that the mere statement of the reference in no way determined the quantity. Thus πλανᾶω was subjoined to πλάζω, and χλανῆς to χλαῖνα; but only references were given for the *use of the words*, though the *quotation of the passages* was absolutely necessary.

5. In order to afford room for these not inconsiderable *additions*, every thing has been done in the way of well-judged *curtailment*. For which effect all superfluous quotations on words whose quantities were sufficiently plain, have been removed; and such parts of verses as were unnecessary for establishing the quantities of the words have been omitted, as also such others as, being out of their alphabetical order, were rendered useless. Of course, all superfluous *authorities* have been dispensed with. Again, such words, or forms of words, found only in the Greek Lexicographers, as Hesychius, Suidas, and J. Pollux, as were subjoined to others of legitimate authority, have, especially in the latter part of the work, been cancelled. Such *epithets* too as were found *repeated* under the same

word, were of course omitted, as well as a few epithets which seemed useless. Not a few other epithets, and many synonymes of doubtful authority might have been cancelled, had not an adjudication of their merits been almost an endless task, and indeed not very necessary, since the student, in such cases, may be best left to judge for himself, for “Wisdom is profitable to direct” (Eccles. x. 10.); and, as a great poet has said,

Γράμματα μαθεῖν δεῖ, καὶ μαθόντα νοῦν ἔχειν.

To proceed from curtailment to *direct* improvement, besides the enriching of the work with many new words, and a considerable number of fresh, and more apposite, authorities or examples, the Latin and the English interpretations have been made to correspond better to each other, both in their order and in their meaning. Not a few wrong references have been corrected, and nearly all the *notes* have been embodied in the *text*, where they are more likely to be attended to. The *soft* breathings at the beginning of words have been totally excluded, as tending to obscure the accent and confuse the aspirate, as well as to injure the sight. Again, a plan has been adopted in the First Edition totally destructive of metre, as will appear by setting down the anapæstic line on προφύτεύω: Δεινὰν δεινῶς προφύτεύσαντῆς; and the Iambic line on σήσαμόν: Νῆμύμεσθα δ' ἐν κήποις τὰ λευκὰ σήσαμᾶ. The short marks on the syllables *τες* and *μα* vitiated the metre of the word, and obscured that of the whole line — this has been reformed.

By the above alterations — which seem to the Editor so many *improvements* — it is to be hoped that the utility of the work to students will be found, in no inconsiderable degree, increased. Doubtless much *more* might have been effected, especially by a *full* reference to the several and often peculiar *senses of words* as employed by lyric or heroic, dramatic, or epigrammatic, poets; as also to the peculiar *idioms*, dialects, and grammatical constructions which occur in those writers; but that would have extended the work to a length wholly unsuited to scholastic purposes. The Editor *might*, indeed, have introduced those many rare words which occur in such writers *subsequent* to the age of Ptolemy, as Oppian, Nicander, Lycophron, Nonnus, and the Epigrammatists; but whether even *thus much* to enlarge the bulk of a brief manual were advisable, was thought problematical. In a future Edition of the work, many of the above words (especially when formed analogically, and

likely to be useful to young persons in their Greek verse-compositions), may be introduced into the work ; for the further improvement of which the Editor will be always ready to attend to any such suggestions (communicated to him through the medium of the Publishers), as those practically conversant in the work of classical instruction must be so well qualified to offer.

ON GREEK METRES.

TABLE OF FEET.

Of Two Syllables.	{ Pyrrich	υ υ	δεός.
	{ Spondee	--	ψυχή.
	{ Iambus	υ -	δεά.
	{ Trochee or Chorus	- υ	σῶμα.
Of Three Syllables.	{ Tribrach	υ υ υ	πόλεμος.
	{ Molossus	---	εὐχωλή.
	{ Dactyl	- υ υ	σάματα.
	{ Anapæst	υ υ -	βασιλεύς.
	{ Bacchius	υ - -	ἀνάσσει.
	{ Antibacchius or Palimbacchius	- υ -	μάντευμα.
	{ Amphibrachys	υ - υ	θάλασσα.
	{ Cretic or Amphimacer	- υ -	δεσπότης.
Of Four Syllables.	{ Proceleusmaticus	υ υ υ υ	πολέμιος.
	{ Dispondeus	----	συνδουλεύσω.
	{ Diambus	υ - υ -	ἐπιστάτης.
	{ Ditrochæus	- υ - υ	δυστύχημα.
	{ Choriambus	- υ - -	σωφροσύνη.
	{ Antispastus	υ - - υ	ἁμάρτημα.
	{ Ionic a majore	- - υ υ	κοσμήτορα.
	— minore	υ υ - -	πλεονέκτης.
	{ Pæon primus	- υ υ υ	ἀστρολόγος.
	— secundus	υ - υ υ	ἀνάξιος.
	— tertius	υ υ - υ	ἀνάδημα.
	— quartus	υ υ - -	δεογενής.
	{ Epitritus primus	υ - - -	ἁμαρτωλή.
	— secundus	- υ - -	ἀνδροφόντης.
	— tertius	- - υ -	σωτηρίας.
	— quartus	--- υ	λωβητήρα.

If a verse be complete, i. e. if it consist of a certain number of entire feet, it is called *acatalectic*; if a syllable be wanting, *catalectic*; if a foot, *brachycatalectic*; if a foot or syllable be redundant, *hypercatalectic*.

A *metre* generally signifies a combination of *two* feet: except in dactylic verse, and in the metres composed of double feet, as choriambic, &c.

Where a verse of a given species consists of two feet and a half, it is called a *penthemimer*, as consisting of five half feet; of three and a half, a *hepthemimer*, as consisting of seven half feet.

There are nine principal species of metre: Dactylic, Anapæstic, Iambic, Trochaic, Ionic *a majore*, Ionic *a minore*, Choriambic, Antispastic, Pæonic.

A verse in which two dissimilar species are united, is called *ἁσυνάρτητος*.

Dactylic Metre.

In this species *one* foot constitutes a metre.

Monom. hypercat. Οἰδιπὸς || δᾶ.

Dim. acat. τις δ' ἐπὶ || τῦμειός : οὐ δεῖ || σὴν ὄρα : τὰν δὲ γυ || ναϊκῶν. Hec. 1053.

Dim. hypercat. Ἀρτέμι || δὸς τῆ θῆ || ἀς. Hec. 462.

τὰν Ζεὺς || ἀμφὶ πῦ || ρῶ. 471.

Trim. acat. Ζευξόμαϊ || ἀρμάτῃ || πῶλούς. 467.

Trim. hypercat. κοίμῃ || ζεῖ φλό || γμῶ Κροῦν || δᾶς. 472.

ὦ πῶλῶ || κλαῦτῆ φῖ || λοῖσὶ θᾶ || ῶν. Æsch. Pers. 680.

This measure does not admit a spondee before the catalectic syllable.

Tetram. acat. : in which the final syllable is not common :

σᾶ δ' ἔρις, || οὐκ ἔρις, || ἀλλὰ φῶ || νῶ φῶνός

Οἰδιπὸς || δᾶ δῶδον || ὠλέσῃ, || κρᾶνθεῖς

αἰμάτῃ || δεῖνῶ, || αἰμάτῃ || λῶγρῶ. Eur. Phœn. 1510.

Tetram. hypercat. οὐδ' ὑπὸ || πᾶρθενί || ἀς τὸν υῖ || πὸ βλεφᾶ || ροῖς. 1501.

Pentam. acat. νᾶσοι θ' || αἰ κάτᾰ || πρῶν ᾗ || ὦν πῆρι || κλυστοῖ. Æsch. Pers. 883. See also Eum. 373. seq.

Hexam. acat. πρὸς σὲ γέ || νειᾶδός, || ὦ φίλος, || ὦ δοκῖ || μῶτατός || Ἑλλάδι,
ἀντὸμαϊ, || ἀμφὶ πῖ || τρῶσά τῶ || σὼν γόνυ || καὶ χερᾶ || δεῖλαῖαν.
Eur. Suppl. 227. 288. See Soph. El. 134. 150.

μηδὲ τῶ || πᾶρθενί || ὦν πτέρων || οὐρεῖ || ὦν τέρᾶς || ἑλθεῖν. Eur. Phœn. 819.

The *Dactylic Hexameter* is the metre of Homer and the other epic poets ; also called *Heroic*, from the heroes celebrated in their poems. The first four feet are dactyls and spondees ; the fifth generally a dactyl, the sixth always a spondee, the last syllable being considered common. In the fifth foot a spondee is sometimes admitted, in which case the verse is termed *Spondaic* : as in Il. E. 115.

Κλῶθί μοι, Αἰγίοχοιο Διὸς τέκος, | ἄτρῳ|τόνῃ.

In Bucolic or Pastoral hexameters, the verses of most frequent occurrence are those in which the fourth foot is a dactyl ending a word : as Theocr. Idyll. i. 15—18.

οὐ θέμις, ὦ ποιμᾶν, τὸ μεσ|ᾱμβρινόν, | οὐ θέμις ἄμμιν
συρίσδεν· τὸν Πᾶνα δε|δοικᾱμέες· | ἧ γὰρ ἄπ' ἄγρας
τανίκα κεκρακῶς ἀμ|πανῆταϊ· | ἐντὶ δὲ πικρὸς,
καὶ οἱ αἰεὶ δριμεῖα χολᾶ| πότῃ | ῥινὶ κάθηται.

The Greek Elegiac Pentameter is similar to the Latin, but admits a trisyllabic word at the end : as,

Θυμὸν ἀποπνείοντ' | ἄλκιμον ἐν κονίῃ. See Eur. Andr. 103.

Logædæicus.—This appellation is given to verses which commence with dactyls and end in trochees :

μητὲ πᾶ|τρῶδον ἱ||κοῖτ' ἔς | οἰκόν. Hec. 938. also called *Alcaicus*.

ἐκτόπῃ||ός σῶ|θεις ὅ | πᾶντων. Soph. Œd. C. 119.

ἡσθᾶ φῶ||τάλμῃ|ός δῶσ|αῖων. 151.

ὦ πῶλῆς, | ὦ γένε' || ᾧ τᾶ|λαῖνᾶ· | νῦν σέ

μοῖρα κάθ' | ἀμῆρῃ||ᾧ φθι|ρεῖ, φθι|ρεῖ. Electr. 1413. 1414.

ἔλθ' ἐπὶ|κοῦρδον ἔ||μοῖς φι|λοῖσὶ | πᾶντῶς. Eur. Or. 1293.

See Æsch. Prom. 138. 157. 173. 193.

Anapæstic Metre.

The metre in most frequent use is the dimeter acatalectic, which admits also dactyls and spondees, according to the following scale :

υυ-	υυ-	υυ-	υυ-
-υυ	-υυ	-υυ	-υυ
--	--	--	--

A monometer is frequently introduced, and a dimeter catalectic, also called the Paræmiac. The latter generally closes a regular system : as Eur. Hec. 135.

μηδέ τιν' εἰπεῖν || παρὰ Περσεφόνη
 σάντα φθιμένων, || ὥς ἀχάριστοι
 Δαναοὶ Δαναοῖς, || τοῖς οἰχομένοις
 ὑπὲρ Ἑλ|λήνων (Monometer.)
 Τροίας πεδίων || ἐπέβη|σαν. (Paræmiac.)

The versification is most harmonious, when each dipodia ends with a word ; except in the catalectic verse, where the ending of a dactylic hexameter is preferable.

An anapæst very seldom follows a dactyl, especially if in the same dipodia : as in Eur. Hec. 114.

ἴζ' Ἀγαμέμνωνος || ἱκέτις γονάτων.

Whenever an hiatus occurs, the vowel or diphthong must be shortened : as Eur. Med. 1081. μοῦσᾶ καὶ | ἡμῖν || ἡ προσομιλεῖ.

In dimeter anapæstics, a *συνάφεια*, or *connexion*, exists between the close of one verse and the beginning of another, which prevents the last syllable from being common : as, in Æsch. Prom. 199.

εἰς ἄρθρον ἐμοὶ καὶ φιλόγητᾶ
 σπένδων σπένδοντί ποθ' ἤξει,

the syllable α is lengthened by the consonants σπ in the next line.

Sometimes a *proceleusmatic* is admitted :

ἡσσὸν ἔς | Ἑλλᾶδός || ἔγενθ' οἰμῶς | αἰχμᾶς.
 ὃ μὲν οἱ|χόμενός || φῦγάς, ὃ δὲ | νεκὺς ὦν. Eur. Or. 1492, 1493.

Other varieties are the following :

Monom. hypercat. or penthemimer : δ' ὀρί δῆ, | δ' ὀρί πῆρ || σᾶν. Hec. 897.

Dim. brachycat. κρῖν εἰ | τρῖσσας || μάκρ' ὦν. 641.

Dim. catal. π' ὅσιν ἐξ | ἄνυσσ' αἰ || μὶ δ' ἔ | αἰ | θ' ἐρ' ὅς. Ph. 166.

Dim. hypercat. οὐθ' ὃ π' ᾧ | ρᾶ τ' ὄν Ἀχ' || ρ' ὄν τ' ᾶ θ' ἔ | ὅς ἄν' ἄσ || σων. Soph. El. 184.

The *anapæsticus Aristophanicus*, or tetrameter catalectic, consists of two dimeters, one catalectic to the other : as Aristoph. Plut. 487.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
 ἀλλ' ἢ | δῆ χρῆν | τ' ἰ | λέγειν | ὑμᾶς || σοφόν, ᾗ | νική | σετε τῆν | δί.

In the three first places, besides an anapæst and a spondee, a dactyl is used ; which is also admissible in the fifth ; but not in the fourth or sixth.

The division or cæsuræ between the dimeters is accurately observed, although not between each *dipodia*. An anapæst must not follow a dactyl.

Iambic Metre.

The following is the scale of the tragic trimeter acatalectic, or senarius :

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
υ -	υ -	υ -	υ -	υ -	υ -
υ υ υ	υ υ υ	υ υ υ	υ υ υ	υ υ υ	υ υ υ
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
- υ υ	- υ υ	- υ υ	- υ υ	- υ υ	- υ υ
υ υ -	υ υ -	υ υ -	υ υ -	υ υ -	υ υ -

A pure iambic senarius, or trimeter, consists of six *iambi*, or three metres, or *dipodiæ*.

To lessen the difficulty of composing under such restrictions, a tribrach (being *isochronous*) was substituted, and a spondee admitted into the uneven places. [Hor. A. P. 255.]

Next, the spondee was resolved, in the first foot, into a dactyl or anapæst; in the third, into a dactyl only.

The initial anapæst is generally included in the same word: except the line begins with an article, or a preposition with its case.

In the case of proper names, the Tragic writers introduce an anapæst into every foot except the last, with the restriction, that the anapæst must be contained in the same word.

A senarius has two principal cæsuras, the penthemimeral (A.), which divides the third, the hepthemimeral (B.), which divides the fourth foot. Of the first cæsura there are four kinds :

(A. 1.) When it takes place on a short syllable, *without* elision :

Hec. 5. Κίνδυνος ἔσχε | δορί πεσεῖν Ἑλληνικῷ :

(A. 2.) on a short syllable, *with* elision :

ibid. 11. Πατήρ ἴν' εἶποτ' | Ἰλίου τέιχη πέσοι :

(A. 3.) on a long syllable, *without* elision :

ibid. 2. Λιπὼν ἴν' Αἰδης | χωρὶς ῥκίσται θεῶν :

(A. 4.) on a long syllable, *with* elision :

ibid. 42. Καὶ τεύξεται τοῦδ' | οὐδ' ἀδώρητος φίλων.

Of the second cæsura (B.) there are more kinds :

(B. 1.) Where it occurs at the end of a dissyllable or hyperdissyllable, *without* elision :

Hec. 1. Ἦκω νεκρῶν κευθμῶνα | καὶ σκότον πύλας :

(B. 2.) in the same case, *with* elision :

ibid. 248. Πολλῶν λόγων εὐρήμαθ' | ὥστε μὴ θανεῖν.

(B. 3.) When the short syllable is an enclitic :

ibid. 266. Κεῖνη γὰρ ὤλεσέν νιν | εἰς Τροίαν τ' ἄγει :

(B. 4.) When not an enclitic, but a word which cannot begin a sentence :

ibid. 319. Τύμειον δὲ βουλοίμην ἂν | ἀξιούμενον :

(B. 5.) When this word refers to what has preceded, but may begin a sentence :

Soph. El. 530. Ἐπεὶ πατήρ οὗτος σὸς | ὃν θρηγεῖς ἀεί.

(B. 6.) When the short syllable takes place after elision :

Soph. Phil. 1304. Ἀλλ' οὐτ' ἐμοὶ καλὸν τόδ' | ἔστιν οὔτε σοί.

(B. 7.) When the sense is suspended after the third foot, and a monosyllable follows, *without* elision :

Æsch. S. c. Th. 1055. Ἄλλ' ὃν πόλις στυγεῖ, σὺ | τιμήσεις τάφῳ ;

(B. 8.) under the same circumstances, *with* elision :

Soph. El. 1038. Ὅταν γὰρ εὖ φρονῆς, τόθ' | ἡγήσει σὺ νῶν.

The two last cæsuras are less harmonious.

There is again another division of the senarius, which is not unfrequent, termed the *quasi-cæsura*. This takes place, either when a word suffers elision at the end of the third foot, or when γ', δ', μ', σ', τ', are annexed to that foot :

Hec. 387. Κεντεῖτε, μὴ φείδεσθ' | ἐγὼ τέκον Πάριν.

355. Γυναιξὶ παρθένοις τ' | ἀπόβλεπτος μέτα.

It is a very unusual license for the third and fourth feet to consist of entire words, or parts of words : as

Soph. Aj. 1091. Μενέλαε, μὴ | γνώμας | ὑπο|στήσας σοφάς.

Æsch. Pers. 509. Θρήκην περὰ|σαντες | μόγις | πολλῶ πόνῳ.

But the third and fourth feet are never comprehended in the same word.

A cæsura takes place also in the fifth foot, under certain conditions, which Porson denominates the *Pause*. The rule given by him is this :

If a senarius end in a word which forms a cretic, and a word of more than one syllable precede, the fifth foot ought to be an iambus. The Tragic writers, therefore, could not have written such verses as these :

Κρύπτοντα χεῖρα καὶ πρόσωπῶν τοῦμπαλιν.

Ἄτλας ὁ χαλκίοισι νώτοις οὐρανόν.

Τὸ μὴ μάταιον δ' ἐκ μετώπων σωφρόνων.

The rule holds good, if the cretic be resolved into a trochee and a long syllable, or into a long syllable and an iambus, provided the long syllable be an article or preposition, or, in short, any word which relates more to what follows than what precedes :

Or. 1079. Κῆδος δὲ τοῦμόν καὶ σὸν οὐκέτ' | ἐστὶ | δῆ.

1081. Χαῖρ' οὐ γὰρ ἡμῖν ἐστι τοῦτο' | σοί γε | μὴν.

Hec. 382. Καλῶς μὲν εἴπας, θύγατερ, ἀλλὰ | τῷ καλῶ.

379. Δεινὸς χαρακτήρ, κάπισημος | ἐν βροτοῖς.

Understand the same of τίς, πῶς, interrogative ; ὥς, οὐ, καί, and the like.

But if the second part of the fifth foot be of that kind, that it adheres to the preceding word, and both together make as it were but one word, there will no longer be a necessity for the preceding word to terminate in a short syllable.

The cases of this kind are,

1. Where the word preceding the iambus is an enclitic, as μου, μοι, νιν, σοι, τις, τοι :

Eur. Hec. 505. σπεύδωμεν, ἐγκονῶμεν' ἡγοῦ μοι | γέρον.

2. Where the word preceding the iambus is incapable of beginning a sentence : as ἄν, αὔ, γάρ, δέ, δῆ, μὲν, μὴν, οὖν :

Æsch. Prom. 107. οἷόν τέ μοι τάσδ' ἐστί· θνητοῖς γὰρ | γέρα.

The following line is not an exception :

Soph. Œd. C. 1022. εἰ δ' ἐγκρατεῖς φεύγουσιν, οὐδὲν δεῖ πόνων,

because the Attics wrote οὐδ' εἶς, οὐδ' ἕν.

Neither are lines in Sophocles exceptions in which ἡμῖν and ὑμῖν precede

the cretic, because they should be written ῥῖμιν and ῖμιν, or ῥῖν and ῖν, the final syllable being in this manner short, as in Soph. El. 357.

σὺ δ' ῥῖμιν ῥ | μισοῦσα, μισεῖς μὲν λόγῳ.

Dissyllables, in which the vowel of the second syllable of the fifth foot is elided, are considered as monosyllables:

Hec. 398. Ὅποῖα κισσὸς ἐρνὺς, ὅπως τῆσδ' ἔξομαι.

This canon is as applicable to those verses in which the first syllable of the fifth foot is a monosyllable which cannot begin a verse, as to those in which it terminates a word of two or more syllables: hence this verse is wrong:

Soph. Œd. C. 115. Τίνας λόγους ἐροῦσιν' ἐν γὰρ τῷ μαθεῖν:

read, with Elmsley, ἐν δὲ τῷ μαθεῖν.

It may be laid down as a general rule, that the first syllable of the fifth foot must be short, if followed by the slightest pause or break in the sense: hence in

Soph. Œd. C. 505. Τοῦκεῖθεν ἄλσους, ὦ ξένη, τοῦδ' ἦν δέ του,

read, with Elmsley, Τοῦκεῖθεν ἄλσος, ὦ ξένη, τοῦδ' ἦν δέ του.

Thus it appears that there are only three cases in which the fifth foot may be a spondee:

1. When both syllables are contained in the same word.
2. When the first syllable of the fifth foot is a monosyllable which is capable of beginning a verse, and is not disjoined from the following syllable by any pause in the sense.
3. When the second syllable is a monosyllable, which, by being incapable of beginning a sentence or a verse, is in some way united to the preceding syllable.

The Comic writers admit an anapæst into every place except the sixth; a dactyl and a spondee, subject to no restrictions, into the fifth; and neglect the cæsuras. See Aristoph. Vesp. 979. Plut. 55. 68.

Other species of iambic metre are:

Monom. acat. ἰῶ | τᾱλᾱς: μὸμφᾱν | ἐχῶν: ἐπᾱς' ἐ|πᾱσῆν.

Monom. hypercat. or penthem. χρῶσεῶν | ἐνὸπ||τῶν. Hec. 913.

Dim. brachycat. τέκνων | ἐμῶν || φῦλᾱξ. 1066.

Dim. catal. or hephthemim. ἄλᾱσ|τῶρὸς || τῖς οἰ|ζῦς. 936.

Dim. acat. ἐγῶ | δὲ πλοῦκᾱ||μὸν ἀνᾱ|δῆτοῖς. 911.

In systems of dimeter iambics, the synapheia is observed. See p. xi. Aristoph. Ran. 984. seq.

Dim. hypercat. ἀτρεμᾱς | ἰθι' λὸ||γὸν ἀπὸ|δὸς ἐφ' ὃ,|τῖ. Or. 150.

Trim. brachycat. ζῦγῆν|τᾱ παῖδ||ὀποῖ|ὸν ᾱ||δὸνᾱν. Ph. 348.

Trim. catal. χᾱρῖν ᾱ|χᾱρῖσ||τὸν εἰς | θᾱοῦς ||διδου|σᾱ. 1771.

The Iambic Tetrameter Catalectic is almost peculiar to the Comic writers. It differs in two respects from the comic senarius: 1st, that the *fourth foot must be an iambus or tribrach*¹; 2d, that the sixth foot even admits an anapæst.² But the *seventh foot must be an iambus*; except in the case of a proper name, when an anapæst is allowed³; which license is also conceded to the fourth foot.⁴

Πρώτιστα μὲν γὰρ ἔνα | γε τινὰ¹ | καθῆεν ἐκαλύψας.

Οὐχ ἥπτον ἢ νῦν οἱ λαλοῦντες· ἢ|λίθιος² | γὰρ ἦσθα.

Ἐγένετο, Μελανίππας ποιῶν, Φαίδρας τε, Πη|νελόπην³ | δέ.

Τῶν νῦν γυναικῶν Πη|νελόπην⁴, | Φαίδρας δ' ἀπαξάπασας.

Trochaic Metre.

The following is the scale of the tragic tetrameter catalectic :

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	-
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	

If from the beginning of a tetrameter trochaic, there be taken away a cretic, or a first Pæon (- - - -) or a fourth Pæon (- - - -), a trimeter iambic will remain, and the rules already given may be applied.

But observe, that, in this *trochaic senarius* (as Porson terms it) an anapaest is not admitted even in the first place; and that the penthemimeral cæsura is always required, and the pause strictly observed.

A *dactyl* is allowed, in the case of a proper name, in every foot but the fourth and seventh; and this is not always contained in the same word; as,

Eur. Orest. 1549. ξύγγονόν τ' ἐμῇ Πύλᾳ δὲν τε τὸν τάδε ξυνδρῶντά μοι.

If the first dipodia of a tetrameter trochaic consist of an entire word or words, the second foot is a trochee, or a tribrach: see Eur. Ph. 1775, 6.

The *comic tetrameter trochaic* may also be considered as a trimeter iambic with a cretic or pæon prefixed: but in this trochaic senarius, cæsuras are neglected, and a dactyl, although *very rarely*, admitted into the fifth place, and a spondee subject to no restrictions.

Other species of trochaic verse are :

Monom. acat. or basis trochaica: ἀστὲ|νᾱκτῶς.

Monom. hypercat. or penthem. τῖ πῶτ' ἄ|νᾱστῇ||νεῖς; Hec. 183.

Dim. brachycat. or *ithyphallic*: δᾱκτῷ|λοῖς ἔ||λῖσσε. Orest. 1431.

Dim. catal. or hepthem. τῶν ἄ|πῶρθῇ||τῶν πῶ|λῖς. Hec. 894.

Κᾱδμῶς | ἐμῶλῃ || τᾱνδῇ | γᾱν

Τῦρῖδς | ῶ τῇ||τᾱσκέ|λῃς. Ph. 647. 648.

Dim. acat. μῶσχῶς | ἄδᾱμᾱσ||τῶν πῇ|σῇμᾱ
δίκε, τῇ|λῃσφῶ||ρῶν δι|δοῦσᾱ. 649. 650.

Dim. hypercat. ᾱς ἔ|γῇμ' ὄ ||τῶς τᾱς Πᾱ||ρίς. Orest. 1408.

Trim. brachycat. ῶ τῇ|κνῶν, τῇ||κνῶν τᾱ|λαῖνᾱς || μᾱτρῶς. Hec. 688.

Trim. catal. κᾱθᾱ|νεῖ, κᾱ||κῶς σ' ἄ|πῶκτεῖ||νεῖ πῶ|σίς. Orest. 1467.

Trim. acatalect. — Bentley affirms that this metre is unknown to Tragedy and Comedy. Gaisford thinks that the two following are legitimate instances; others consider them as epitrites :

εἰθ' ἄ|ἐλλαῖ||ᾱ τᾱ|χῦρῶ||σῶς πῇ|λεῖᾱς. Soph. Œd. C. 1081.

καὶ κᾱ|σίγῃ||τᾱν πῦ|κνῶσῇ||κῶν ὀ|πᾱδῶν. 1092.

Trim. hypercat. ἡλθῶν | εῖς δῶ||μῶς, ἔν' | αὔθ' ἔ||κᾱσῇ | σοῖ λῃ||γῶ. Eur. Or. 1398.

Ionic a majore.

An Ionic verse *a majore* admits a *trochaic syzygy* promiscuously with its proper foot; the *second* pæon in the first place; also a molossus in an *even* place of a trimeter whole or catalectic. Resolutions of the long syllable are allowed in all possible varieties.

Monom. hypercat. or penthem. πῶσσοῦσ' μῶ||χῶν. Hec. 1048.

Dim. brachycat. καὶ σῶφρῶνᾱ || πῶλοῖς. Phoen. 182.

Dim. catal. ἡ Παλλᾶδ' ὅς || ἐν πῶλεϊ. Hec. 465.

Dim. acat. δᾶφνᾶ ῥ' ἔ|| ροῦς ἄνεσχε. 458.

Dim. hypercat. νῦν δ' οὐτός ἄ|| νεῖται στῦγ' || ρῶ. Soph. Aj. 1232.

Trim. brachycat. οἰκτρὰν βίῃ || τὰν ἐχοῦσάν || οἰκοῖς. Hec. 456.

χαῖρ', εὐτυχί|| ᾗ δ' αὐτός ὅ|| μιλεῖς. Or. 348.

Trim. acat. τὰν οὐθ' ὕπνός || αἰρεῖ πόθ' ὅ || πᾶντ' ὀγῆρως. Soph. Ant. 614.

Many of these lines may be referred also to the choriambic metre.

If the three remaining pæons, or the second pæon in any place but the first; or, if an *iambic syzygy* or an *epitrite* be found in the same verse with an Ionic foot, the verse is then termed *Epionic*.

Ionic a minore.

An Ionic verse *a minore* admits an *iambic syzygy* promiscuously; and begins sometimes with the *third* pæon; sometimes with a molossus, which is admitted in the *odd* places. Resolutions of the long syllable are also allowed.

Monom. hypercat. or penthem. μέλειās μᾶ|| τρός. Hec. 185.

Dim. catal. or hephthem. ἐλάτᾱς ἄκρ|| ὀκμοῖς. Phœn. 1531.

Dim. acat. πᾶράκλινούς' || ἐπεκράνεν. Æsch. Ag. 721.

Dim. hypercat., διέδιφρεῦ|| σέ Μῦρτίλου || φῶνόν. Eur. Or. 984.

Trim. acat. μὲν ἄδ' αἰῶ|| νᾶ διᾶξού|| σά τὸν αἰῖ. Phœn. 1537.

The choruses in Euripides' Bacchæ are principally in this metre. See Hor. Od. iii. 12.

An *Epionic* verse *a minore* is constituted by intermixing with the Ionic foot a *trochaic syzygy*, an *epitrite*, the second or fourth pæon, or the third pæon in any place but the first.

Choriambic Metre.

A choriambic verse sometimes begins with an *iambic syzygy*, as

πέφρικᾶ τᾶν || ὠλεσίοι|κον. Æsch. S. c. Th. 717.

and generally ends with one, either complete or catalectic. It also sometimes ends with a *trochaic syzygy*:

μῆνες ἄγῃ|| ρῶς χρῶ| νῶ δὲ| νᾶστᾱς. Soph. Ant. 608.

αὐτὸδαῖ|| κτοῖ θᾶνῶσι

καὶ χθονῖᾶ || κόνις πῖῃ. Æsch. S. c. Th. 733. 734.

The verse corresponding to the last in the antistrophe is:

αἰῶνᾶ δ' ἔς || τριτὸν μένει.

Monom. ὦ μοῖ ἔγω. Eur. Hec. 1039.

Monom. hypercat. or penthem. or *Adonic*: τᾶνδ' ἔγναῖ|| κῶν. 1053.

Dim. brachycat. ἀλιῶς αὐ|| γᾶζει. 634. Suppl. 960.

Dim. catal. or hephthem. πόρθμὸν αἰξ|| ὦ τᾶλᾱς. Eur. Hec. 1088.

The catalectic dimeter, of one logæedic order, occurs sometimes among the dramatic poets, repeated in systems: as Eur. Bacch. 105.

ὦ Σέμελᾱς|| τρῶφοι Θη-

ῥᾱς, στῆφάνου|| σθ' ἐκισῶ: as in Hor. *Lydia dic per omnes*.

Dim. acat. ἄμφι κλάδοις || ἔξομένᾱ. Phœn. 1532. Æsch. S. c. Th. 924.

Dim. hypercat. τὰν ὁ μέγας || μῦθος ἄεξ|| εἰ. Soph. Aj. 223.

Trim. catal. σὺ δ' ἐκ μέν οἱ|| κῶν πᾶτρίων || ἐπλευσᾱς. Eur. Med. 431.

Trim. brachycat. πολλὸν ἄφᾶν' || αἰθ' ῥός εἰδ' || ὠλόν. Eur. Ph. 1559.

Trim. acat. νῦν τελέσαι || τᾱς περὶθῦ|| μους κᾶτᾱρᾱς. Æsch. S. c. Th. 721.

Tetram. catal. ᾧ νεῶτας || μοῖ φίλὸν ἄχ|| θός, τὸ δ' ἔ γῇ|| ρᾱς αἰῖ. Herc. F. 639.

Also beginning with an anacrusis, or prelude to the metre :

ῥπ' | ἀνδρὺς Ἀχαῖ||οῦ θ' ἐθ' ἐν||π' ἐρθόμεν' ἄν || ἄτιμῶς.

The choriambics most in use are those with a base : as,

νῦν ἐν | ποῖόν μοις. Æsch. Suppl. 42.

Hypercat. commonly called *Pherecratic* :

τοῖ μ' ἐν | γὰρ π' ὅτ' ἰ π' ὕρ||γοῦς. S. c. Th. 301.

Glyconic : δοῦλει | ἄν ψ' ἄφ' ἄρ' ἄ||σπ' ὀδ' ῶ. 325.

κῶπ' ἄ | π' ἐμπ' ὀμέν' ἄν || τ' ἄλ' αἰν' ἄν. Hec. 455.

Dim. hypercat. οὐδ' οἰκτρ' ἄς γ' ὀδ' ὄρ||νιθ' ὅς ἄῃ||δοῦς. Soph. Aj. 628.

ἀλλ' ἄ | μοῖρ' ἰδ' ἰᾶ || τ' ἰς δ' ὕν' ἄς ἰς || δ' εἰν' ἄ. Ant. 951.

Trim. hypercat. ἀλλ' ὄν | δ' οὔτ' ἰν' ἐγ' ὦγ' || οἰδ' ἄ κ' ὕῶν || οὔδ' ἐσ' ἰδ' ὄν || μοῖρ' ἄ.

The twenty-eighth Idyll of Theocritus is of this kind :

Γλαῦκ' ἄς | ὦ φ' ἰλ' ἐρ' ἰθ' | ἄλ' ἄκ' ἄτ' ἄ | δ' ὦρ' ὄν Ἀθ' ἄ|ν' ἄς :

so also the eleventh and eighteenth Odes of the first book, and the tenth of the fourth book, of Horace.

If any other foot of four syllables be joined with a choriambus, the verse is sometimes denominated *Epichoriambic*.

Antispastic Metre.

An *antispast* is composed of an iambus and a trochee (υ-|-υ). To lessen the labour of composition, in the first part of the foot any variety of the iambus, in the second any variety of the trochee, is admitted. Hence we get the following kinds of antispast.

1.	2.
υ- -	-υ
υυυ	υυυ
-	-
υυ-	υυ-
-υυ	-υυ

Instead of an antispast, an iambic or trochaic syzygy is occasionally used.

The second foot of the iambic syzygy also admits a dactyl.

A *dochmius* consists of an antispast and a long syllable (υ--υ-); therefore a simple dochmiac is the same as an antispastic monom. hypercat. :

θ' ἔῶν ἤ θ' ἔᾶν.

A pure dimeter dochmiac is not of frequent occurrence : the fourth of the following lines is one :

ἄλ' ἰμέν' ὄν τ' ἰς ὦς || ἔς ἄντ' ὄν π' ἔσῶν

λ' ἐχρ' ἰθ' ἐκ π' ἔσῃ || φ' ἰλ' ἄς κ' ἄρ' ἰᾶς

ἄμ' ἐρ' ἄς β' ἰθ' ὄν || τ' ὅ γ' ἄρ' ῥ' π' ἐγγ' ὕδ' ὄν

δ' ἰκ' ἄ καὶ θ' ἰοῖ || σ' ἰν' οὔ ξ' ὕμ' ἰτ' ἰν' εἰ. Hec. 1010—1013.

Other varieties of the dimeter dochmiac may be found in the chorus in Æsch. S. c. Th. 79. ed. Blomf.

ῥ' εἰ π' ὀλ' ὕς ὦδ' ἐ λ' εῶς || π' ὀδ' ὀρ' ὀμ' ὀς ἰπ' ὀτ' ἄς.

ἄμ' ἄχ' ἔτοῦ δ' ἰκ' ἄν || ὕδ' ἄτ' ὅς ὀρ' ὀτ' ὕποῦ.

ἄλ' εὔσ' ἄτ' ἐ β' ὀτ' ἄ || δ' ὕπ' ἐρ' τ' εἰχ' ἔῶν.

τ' ἰς ἄρ' ἄ ῥ' ὕσ' ἔται, || τ' ἰς ἄρ' ἄ ἔπ' ἄρ' κ' ἔσει ;

Also in Hec. 681. 684. 688. 689. 690. 693. 702. 703. 707. 708. 709.

The following verses are also referred to the dochmiac system by Hermann de Metr. l. II. c. xxi., in which the final long syllable is resolved into two short : Eur. Or. 149.

κάτ' ἄγ' ἔ, κάτ' ἄγ' ἔ, πρόσ' ἰθ' || ἄτρεμάς, ἄτρεμάς ἰθ' ἰ.
 λ' ὄγ' ὄν ἄπ' ὀδ' ὄς, ἔφ' ὅ τ' ἰ || χρεῖς ἔμ' ὀλ' ἔτ' ἔ π' ὄτ' ἔ,
 χ' ὄν' ἰ ἄ γ' ἄρ π' ἔσ' ὦν || ὀδ' εὐν' ἄζ' ἔταἰ.

Also these, in the second of which a short syllable stands in place of the long, by the force of the pause on the vocative : Herc. Fur. 870.

ὄτ' ὀτ' ὀτ' οἰ, σ' τ' ἐν' ἄξ' || ὄν' ἄπ' ὀκ' εἰρ' ἔταἰ
 σ' ὄν ἄνθ' ὄς, π' ὀλ' ἰς, || ὅ Δ' ἰς ἔκ' ὄν' ὄς.

A dochmiac is sometimes connected with a cretic, either pure or resolved :

ἔπ' τ' ἄπ' ὕλ' ὄν | ἔδ' ὄς ἔπ' ἰρ' ῥ' ὄν' ὄν. Æsch. S. c. Th. 151.
 τ' ἄσ' δ' ἔ π' ὦρ | γ' ὀφ' ὕλ' ἄκ' ἔς π' ὀλ' ἰν. 154.

Antispastic dim. brachycat. ἔμοι' χ' ῥῆν ξ' ὕμ || φ' ὄρ' ἄν. Hec. 627.

dim. acatal. τ' ἰ δ' ἔπ' ἰφ' ὀξ' ἄ δ' ὄσ || φ' ἄτ' ὤ κ' λ' ἄ γ' γ' ἄ. Æsch. Ag. 1161.

dim. hypercat. ἔμοι' χ' ῥῆν π' ἦ || μ' ὀν' ἄν γ' ἐν' ἔσ' θ' αἰ. 628.

trim. brachycat. τ' ἄλ' αἰν' αἰ τ' ἄ || λ' αἰν' αἰ κ' ὄρ' αἰ || Φ' ῥ' ὕλ' ὦν. 1046.

trim. catal. or hendecasyllable :

ἄθ' ὕρ' ὄσ' οἰ δ' ὀἰ || ἄ ν' ἰν δ' ῥ' ἄμ' ὄν || τ' ἔ β' ἄκ' χ' αἰ. Eur. Or. 1502.

Pæonic Metre.

A pæonic verse admits any foot of the *same time* as a pæon : viz. a cretic, a bacchius, or a tribrach and pyrrhic jointly : a palimbacchius or third pæon are not often found. The construction of the verse is most perfect when each metre ends with a word.

Dim. brachycat. ὀμ' ὄ γ' ἄ μ' ὄς || κ' ὕρ' εἰ. Phœn. 137.

Dim. catal. χ' ἄ λ' κ' ὀδ' ἔ τ' ἄ || τ' ἔ μ' ἔ ὀ λ' ἄ. 113.

Dim. acat. δ' ἰ οἰ χ' ὀ μ' ἔ θ', || οἰ χ' ὀ μ' ἔ θ'. Orest. 179.

δ' ῥ' ὀ μ' ἄ δ' ἔς ὦ || π' τ' ἔ ῥ' ὀ φ' ὀ ρ' οἰ. 311.

Dim. hypercat. π' ἄρ' ἄ Σ' ἰ μ' οὔ ν τ' || ἰ οἰς ὀ χ' ἔ || τ' οἰς. Orest. 799.

Σ' ἔ ὦ ν ν' ἔ μ' ἔ || σ' ἰς εἰς ἔ λ' ἔ || ν' ἄ ν. 1356.

Trim. brachycat. κ' ἄ τ' ἄ ἔ ὄ σ' τ' ῥ' || χ' ὄς ὀ μ' ἄ σ' ἰ || γ' ὀ ρ' γ' ὄς. Phœn. 146.

Trim. catal. β' ἄ λ' οἰ μ' ἰ χ' ῥ' || ν' ὤ φ' ὕ γ' ἄ δ' ἄ | μ' ἔ λ' ἔ ὄ ν. 169.

Versus Prosodiacus.

This appellation is given to a verse in which choriambics are mixed with Ionics or pæons.

Dim. acat. ἄ δ' ἔ λ' ἰ ν' ὄ ν | ἦ λ' ἄ κ' ἄ τ' ἄ. Eur. Or. 1429.

ν' ἦ μ' ἄ τ' ἄ Σ' ἰ | ἔ τ' ὀ π' ἔ δ' ὤ. 1431. Alc. 90.

Dim. hypercat. μ' ὀ λ' π' ἄ ν δ' ἄ π' ὀ, | καὶ χ' ὀ ρ' ὀ π' οἰ ὤ ν. Hec. 905.

μ' ἄ σ' ὄ ν ὕ π' ἔ ρ | τ' ἔ λ' λ' ὄ ν τ' ἔ σ' ἰ δ' ὦ ν. Or. 832.

Trim. catal. λ' ἄ ἰ ν' ὀ ἰς | Ἀ μ' φ' ἰ ὄ ν ὄς | ὀ ρ' γ' ἄ ν' ὀ ἰς. 114.

Trim. hypercat. μ' ἔ γ' ἄ λ' ἄ δ' ἔ | τ' ἰς ὀ ν' ἄ μ' ἰς | δ' ἰ ἄ λ' ἄ σ' τ' ὀ ρ' ὦ ν. Or. 1562.

Versus Asynarteti.

Hec. 1080. δεινᾶ, δεινᾶ || πεπὼνθάμεν. troch. syz. + iamb. syz.

457. ἐνθᾶ πρῶτῳ || γόνῳς τε φοῖ|νιξ. troch. syz. + iamb. penthem.

A verse of this kind in which a trochaic is followed by an iambic syzygy or *vice versa*, is termed *periodicus*.

Eur. Or. 1404. αἰλινόν, αἰλινόν || ἀρχᾶν θᾶνᾶτοῦ. dact. dim. + anap. monom.

824. ἡ μάτρὸκτόνον || αἰμᾶ χειρὶ θῆσθαί. dact. dim. + troch. ithyphallic.

Hec. 915. ἐπιδὲμνῶν ὦς || πῆσοιμ' ἐς εὐνᾶν. anap. monom. + iamb. penth.

Or. 960. στράτηλάτων || Ἑλλάδος πῶτ' ὄντων. iamb. monom. + troch. ithyph.

Phœn. 1033. ἐξᾶς, ἐξᾶς, || ὦ περὶ οὐσσᾶ γὰς λυχεῦμα. iamb. monom. + troch. dim.

Hec. 1083. αἰθέρ' ἄμπᾶ || μὲνός οὐρανῶν. troch. monom. + anap. monom.

Phœn. 1525. ἡ τῶν παροῖθεν || εὐγὲνῆτᾶν ἑτέρους. iamb. penth. + dact. penth., called also *iambelegus*.

See Hor. Od. i. 4. Epod. 11. 13.

Verses, consisting of entirely irregular feet, are termed *polyschematisti* :

Οἰδιπὸδᾶ | βροτῶν οὐδὲ|νᾶ μάκᾱρι|ζῶ. Soph. Œd. T. 1195.

A *Glyconeus polyschematistus* contains a choriambus in the second foot :

Ἄλξιᾶνδρὺς | εἰλαῖνᾶν. Eur. Hec. 630.

τῖ τοὺς ἄνω|θὲν φροῖνιμῶ-

τάτοὺς οἶω|νοὺς ἑσθρῶ-

μῆνοι τρῶφᾶς | κηδόμενοὺς. Soph. El. 1058.

καὶ βότῃρας | ἱππὸνόμοους. Aj. 232.

οὐδὲν ἑλλεῖ|πεῖ γένεᾶς. Ant. 585.

ὦ λιπαρὸζῶ|νοῦ θύγατῆρ. Eur. Phœn. 178.

ὀλεθροῖον βίῳ|τᾶν πρὸσᾶγεις. Med. 989.

Hermann. de Metr. l. II. c. xix. defines the following as *dimeter Cretics*, from Eur. Orest. 1415.

πρὸσεῖπῃ δ' ἄλ|λός ἄλ-

λὸν πῆσῶν | ἐν φῶξῳ

μῇ τίς εἰ|ῇ δὲλός

καῦδὲκεῖ | τοῖς μὲν οὐ,

τοῖς δ' ἐς ἀρ|κῦστᾶτᾶν

μῆχανᾶν | ἐμπλέκειν

παῖδᾶ τῇν | Τυνδάριδ' ὅ

μῇτροφῶν|τῆς δρᾶκῶν.

The same species of verse is found in Æsch. Suppl. 423.

On the Scansion of Greek Verse.

1. A short vowel, before the smooth consonants π, κ, τ, or the aspirated φ, χ, θ, followed by any liquid, remains short : as ἄτεκνος, δύσπῳτος.

Observe, that this rule applies to the Comic writers rather than to the Tragic.

2. A short vowel before the middle consonants, β, γ, δ, followed by any liquid except ρ, becomes long by position : as ἀελαβῆς, εὐδῶμος.

This rule is sometimes violated by Æschylus, Sophocles, and Aristophanes, but is always observed by Euripides. See Porson on Hec. 298.

The following Rules for the versification of Homer have been laid down by Professor Dunbar : *

I. " A long vowel or diphthong at the end of a word, before another vowel or diphthong, is *always short*, except in cæsural syllables, which must be uniformly long.

II. " A long vowel or diphthong in the beginning or middle of a word, before another vowel or diphthong, is *always long*.

III. " A long vowel or diphthong, preceding a short vowel at the end of a word elided in consequence of the next word beginning with a vowel, remains *long* before that vowel.

IV. " A vowel naturally short frequently forms the first syllable of a foot, whether at the beginning of a verse or in the middle of a word, in consequence of the *ictus metricus*, or swell of the voice, upon that syllable.

V. " A syllable naturally short, when it happens to be the cæsura, is, for the same reason, made long.

VI. " The conjunction *καὶ* ought never to be the first syllable of a foot before a word beginning either with a vowel or a diphthong.

" The fourth rule requires more illustration than any of the preceding, as from it, if properly established, the most important emendations will necessarily flow. In the different feet used by the poets, there is always what is technically called the *ictus metricus*, or stress of the voice on one particular syllable of each foot, according to the nature of the verse. This *ictus* has been called by Hermann and his followers the *arsis*, or rising inflection of the voice on that syllable, while the other syllable or syllables have the *thesis*, or falling inflection. Thus, in the word *nature*, the *arsis* is upon the first syllable, which is pronounced long with the rising inflection, while the other syllable has the *thesis* or downward slide, and is not so much lengthened.— In iambic verse, the *ictus* or *arsis* is upon the second syllable of an iambus; the second of a spondee; the last of an anapæstus; and, as is usually stated, upon the middle syllable of a tribrachys and dactyl, —but, I imagine, with more propriety equally on the two last, because the first is a resolution of an iambus, and the other of a spondee. In trochaic verse, on the contrary, the *ictus* is on the first of each foot, or, when the long syllable is resolved into two short, equally upon both, i. e. they have an equal tone. So also in hexameter verse, the *ictus* or *arsis* is always upon the first syllable of the foot. Though we have no other data to guide us in the pronunciation of this species of verse, it appears almost certain that the first syllable of every foot must have been pronounced with the rising inflection, and consequent swell of the voice to give melody to the verse; and that, even though the syllable was naturally short, such an increase of time was thereby given to it as to make it long in the recitation. Upon what other principle can we account for the lengthening of those short cæsural syllables that occur so frequently in Homer? It is not from their occurrence in any particular place, for they are to be found at the commencement of almost every foot. If it be said that it is in consequence of the pause, I must be allowed to ask, upon what principle does that pause depend? It is not because they terminate particular words that they are made long, but because they form the

* " Inquiry into the Versification of Homer." — Classical Journal, vol. ix. p. 361.

first syllable of a foot; which in consequence, whether at the *end*, or the *beginning*, or in the *middle* of a word, must be pronounced equal in length to a syllable naturally long, to preserve the harmony of the verse. With what particular cadence and accent hexameter verse was chanted or sung, we can never learn: it was certainly not monotonous, but required the sound to be regulated in such a manner, as, consistent with the nature of the feet, would make them most agreeable to the ear; and this, I apprehend, could only be done by giving a particular tone or swell to the first syllable. On this principle depends the lengthening of all cæsural syllables, as well vowels and diphthongs as short syllables. On it also depends what has, I imagine, hitherto escaped observation, — the lengthening of many short syllables both in the beginning and in the middle of words; a circumstance which has perplexed grammarians exceedingly, and obliged them to have recourse to expedients to support the metre, which led to a corruption of the language."

This principle of the *arsis* or *ictus metricus* will account for the lengthening of short syllables in the following among numerous instances:

Hom. Il. A. 14. στέμματ' ἔχων ἐν χερσὶν ἐκθεόλον | Ἀπόλλωνος.

50. αὐτὰρ ἔπειτ' αὐτοῖσι βέλῳς ἐχε|πενκὲς ἐφείε.

99. ἀπριά|την, ἀνάποινον, ἄγειν ὧς ἱερὴν ἐκατόμῃην.

265. Θησέα τ' Αἰγείδην, ἐπιείκελον | ἀθανά|τοις.

B. 44. ποσσὶ δ' ὑ|πὸ λιπα|ροῖσιν ἐδήσατο καλὰ πέδιλα.

492. θῦγατέ|ρες, μνησαίαθ' ὅσοι ὑπὸ Ἴλιον ἦλθον.

Γ. 172. αἰδοῖός τέ μοι ἔσσι, φί|λῃ ἐκυ|ρῇ δει|νός τε.

313. τῷ μὲν ἄρ' ἄψορρόι προτὶ Ἴλιον | ἀπονέ|οντο.

357. δία μὲν | ἀσπίδος ἦλθε φαεινῆς ὄβριμον ἔγχος,
καὶ διὰ | θῶρηκος.

Δ. 274. τῷ δὲ κορυσσέσθην· ἅμα | δὲ νέφος | εἶπετο πεζῶν.

E. 31. Ἄρες, Ἄ|ρες βροτολογιγέ, μιαῖφονε, τειχεσιπλήγα.

359. φίλε κα|σίγνη|τῆ, κόμ|σαί τέ με, δός τέ μοι ἵππους.

748. Ἥρη | δὲ μάσ|τιγι θοῶς ἐπεμαίετ' ἄρ' ἵππους.

H. 77. εἰ μὲν | κῆν ἐμέ | κείνος ἔλῃ ταναηκεί χαλκῷ.

250. καὶ βάλε | Πριάμ|δαο κατ' ἀσπίδα πάντοσ' εἴσσην.

K. 572. αὐτοὶ δ' ἰδρῷ πολλὸν ἀπ|ἐνί|ζοντο θαλάσσην.

Λ. 336. ἔνθα σφι κατὰ ἴσα μάχην ἐτάννυσσε Κρο|νίων: for the oblique cases are short.

M. 208. Τρῶες δ' ἐρρίγησαν, ἐπεὶ ἴδον αἶολον | ὄφιν.

Σ. 288. πρὶν μὲν γὰρ Πριάμοιο πόλιν μέρο|πῆς ἀν|θρωποι.

T. 35. μῆνιν ἀπ|ὸει|πὼν Ἀγαμέμνονι, ποιμένι λαῶν.

Ψ. 2. ἐπειδὴ νῆας τε καὶ Ἑλλάσποντον ἵκοντο.

Many of the above instances exhibit a consonant lengthened before a liquid in the *arsis*; from the facility with which a liquid is doubled in pronunciation, a few instances occur of the same kind, even in the *thesis*: as

Il. E. 358. πολλὰ| λισσομένη, χρυσάμπυκας ἤτεεν ἵππους

Il. Ω. 755. πολλὰ | ῥυστάζεσκεν εὐὸς περὶ σῆμ' ἐτάροιο.

Od. K. 36. δῶρα παρ' | Αἰὼ|λον μεγαλήτορος Ἴπποτάδαο.

In the lines commencing with ἔως: as Il. A. 193. ἔως ὁ ταυθ' ὤρμαινε, Matthiæ (Gr. Gr. § 20.) considers that ἔως must be scanned as a trochee, ἦος or εἶος; and that the peculiarity arose from the short and long sounds of E and O being indeterminate in the poet's time, and not denoted by

separate letters, H and Ω. This is seen also from the indicative forms being used for the subjunctive: as in

Il. K. 449. εἰ μὲν γὰρ κέ σε νῦν ἀπολύσομεν, ἢ ἐ μεθῶμεν: for ἀπολύσωμεν.

The lengthening of a short syllable frequently depends, also, on its being followed by a word originally written with the digamma*: as

Il. A. 474. μέλπον|τῆς Ἑκάεργον· ὁ δὲ φρένα τέρετ' ἀκούων.

For farther observations on the metre of Homer, see Matthiæ Gr. Gr. § 23—25.

Professor Dunbar has extended the principle of the *ictus metricus* to Iambic, Trochaic, and Anapaestic verse, in the *Classical Journal*, vol. xxxi. p. 86. 259., from whence the following rules and observations are extracted:—

“In Iambic verse, the Attic poets never lengthened a short vowel before the mutes and liquids, with the exception of βλ, γλ, γμ, γν, δμ, δν, unless they formed the *second syllable* of the foot, when the harmony of the verse required the vowel to be pronounced with a lengthened tone. That this rule is well founded, will, I hope, appear from the following instances:

Soph. Phil. 297. ἄλλ' ἐν | πῆτροι|σι πῆ|τρον ἐκτρίβων μόλις.”

The ε in the noun πέπλος has its quantity varied on the same principle: thus,

Eur. Hec. 432. κόμιζ', Ὀδυσσεῦ, μ' ἀμφιθεῖς κára | πῆπλοις.
199. ποῦ δῆ|τᾶ; πῆ|πλων ἐντὸς ἧ κρύψας' ἔχεις;

See Med. 945. 954.

“The α in the oblique cases of πατήρ is long only when it occurs in the second syllable of the Iambic foot; and the ο in the noun ὄπλον in the same manner. Soph. Phil. 365. 368. 436.

“In the patronymic Ἀτρείδης there is the same variation. Soph. Phil. 322. 392.

* The following account of the digamma, from Dr. Monk's “Life of Bentley,” will be both interesting and useful to the student:—

“It is now, I believe, admitted on all hands, that this consonant must have been used by Homer, that its restoration is necessary for the prosody of many of his verses, and that for the first discovery of this fact we are indebted to Dr. Bentley. The digamma itself he had seen mentioned in various ancient authors and grammarians; it had been recently found in some ancient inscriptions bearing a form similar to that produced by the perpendicular union of two gammas, from which it drew its name; and its former existence in the Æolic was proved by its being retained in the renowned descendant of that dialect—the Latin language; the words *ver, vicus, vinum, video*, &c. exhibiting a consonant which their Grecian kindred had discarded. The epithet ‘Æolic’ seems to have been one cause which had prevented a suspicion of this letter's original existence in the poems of Homer, who was generally considered an Ionian. The following appears to be the outline of its real history:—The digamma was one of sixteen original letters of the Greek alphabet; but partly owing to the adoption of other consonants, and partly from dislike of its harsh sound, it fell gradually into disuse: it was abandoned first by the Ionic Greeks, before the period when writing was general; it was next dropped by the Dorian tribe; but it was continued much later by the Æolians settled in Lesbos and other islands, as well as by those who retained their old station in the Peloponnesus; and its being there found, after it had been exiled from the rest of Greece, seems the only reason for its possessing the distinctive title of Æolic. It is a fact well established by history, that the copies of Homer's Poems, which have ever since delighted the world, were written at Athens, the metropolis of the Ionic family. At this period (the age of Pisistratus) the Athenians themselves were contracting and refining their language into that chastised and elegant dialect which is the principal depository of the literature of Greece. Without entering into the hopeless question of the country or native dialect of Homer, we may observe that it was natural for the Athenians, when they wrote down his poems, to give them the dress of Ionic, the old poetical language of their own country; so that the digamma, which had been long banished from Attic soil, had no chance of finding a place in the copies which have descended to posterity. Hence it was left for the illustrious critic of the eighteenth century to re-instate this long-lost exile.”—Vol. ii. p. 361.

"In the noun τέκνον also. Soph. Œd. T. 1. 6.

"In the adj. μακρός. Soph. Phil. 307. 492.

"The ε of νεκρός is varied in a similar way. Eur. Hec. 393. 675. Alc. 723. 740. Suppl. 118. 132.

"In the compound ἄτεκνος there is the same variety, not only in Iambic, but also in Anapæstic verse. Eur. Alc. 672. 903.

"The υ of the verb ὑερίζω is also varied. Eur. Orest. 430. Med. 775.

"The α in μέλαθρον. Eur. Alc. 23. 29. See also Soph. Phil. 1410. 1435.

"To these might be added innumerable other examples.

"Let us next inquire whether this principle can be extended to the doubtful vowels in certain words, when unsupported by mutes and liquids.

"The noun ἱατρός has the quantity of the ι varied in different places :

Æsch. Prom. 386. ὀργῆς νοσοῦσης εἰ|σὶν ἱ|ατροῖ λόγιοι.

Suppl. 264. ἀλλ' ὥς | ἱ|α|τρον τῶνδ'.

See also Eur. Tro. 1224. Hipp. 296. Ion 740.

"It is remarkable that the Α in the noun Ἄρης undergoes the same change of quantity as in epic poetry :

Æsch. S. c. Th. 230. τούτῳ | γᾶρ Ἀ|ρης βόσκεται φόβῳ βροτῶν.

408. Σπαρτῶν δ' ἀπ' ἀνδρῶν, ὧν | Ἀρῆς | ἐφέισατο.

"The α of the adv. αἰ is subject to the same variation :

Eur. Med. 456. κἀγὼ | μὲν α|ι βασιλέων θυμουμένων.

———— 458. σὺ δ' οὐκ ἀνίεις μωρίας, λέγουσ' | αἰ. |

"It is well known that the α in the accusative of such words as Θησεὺς, Ὀρφεὺς, βασιλεὺς, is sometimes short, but more frequently long. The difference of quantity must, I apprehend, be accounted for on no other principle. Eur. Hec. 870. Hipp. 1148. Soph. Phil. 361.

"It has been observed by several writers on Prosody, and by the English critics in general, that a short vowel in Iambic verse must sometimes be pronounced as a long vowel before the inceptive ρ, because the pronunciation of that letter seems to retard the sound of the vowel. But several examples are to be found in which the inceptive ρ has no such power, when a short vowel precedes it in the first syllable of the foot. There must then be some other cause, independent of the letter ρ, to lengthen a short syllable when it forms the second of an Iambus, and that, I apprehend, can be no other than the *ictus metricus* on that syllable.*

"In the following examples, the vowel remains short before the inceptive ρ :

Æsch. Prom. 738. χριμπτουσ|ᾶ ρα|χίαισιν ἐκπερᾶν χθόνα.

Soph. Œd. T. 1289. τὸν μητρός αὐδῶν ἀνόσι', οὐ|δὲ ρή|τά μοι.

72. δρῶν, ἦ τί φωνῶν, τήν|δὲ ρῶ|σαίμην πόλιν.

"In the following, the short vowel before ρ is lengthened :

Eur. Suppl. 461. σὺ δ' οὐκ ἀνέξει, χρῆν σ' | ἐπὶ | ῥήτοϊς ἄρα.

Soph. Œd. T. 847. τοῦτ' ἔστιν ἡδὴ τοῦργον εἰς | ἐμῇ | ῥέπον.

Aristoph. Plut. 54. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως ὁ χρησμός εἰς | τοῦτ' ὁ | ῥέπει.

See also 1065. Soph. Œd. C. 900. Eur. Suppl. 105. Æsch. Prom. 1059. Aristoph. Pax 740.

"The same rules respecting short vowels before mutes and liquids apply equally to the senarian of the Comic Poets, as to that of the Tragic, with this difference; that in the former the natural quantity of the vowels is more frequently preserved, both in consequence of the less solemn and stately nature of the language of Comedy, and because the Comic poets were

* Mr. Tate had already indicated this principle in the Classical Journal, vol. iv. p. 516.

less restrained in the use of the Tribrachys, Dactyl, and Anapæstus, which enabled them to bring the tone of their language nearer to that of varied and genteel conversation.

“In Trochaic verse, the *first syllable* of the Trochee, as has been already stated, requires to be pronounced with a lengthened tone.

Eur. Orest. 735. σὺ δὲ τινὰς λόγους ἔλεξας σοῦ κα|σιγνήτῳ πα|τρός.

766. πατρί | τιμῶν ἐμαντοῦ.

786. καί με πρὸς τύμβον πόρευσον | πατρός.

784. οὐκ ἄρ' | ὀκνή|σεις ; ὁ|κνος γὰρ τοῖς φίλοις κακὸν μέγα.

“For instances of τέκνον, see Eur. Ion 556. 568. Herc. F. 861.: of δάκρυ or δάκρνον, Eur. Or. 778. Iph. A. 398.: of ὄχλος, Eur. Or. 791. Iph. A. 1338.: of πέπλος, Eur. Iph. T. 1215. 1226.

“In Anapæstic verse, the *ictus* falls on the first syllable of the spondee and dactyl, and last of the anapæst :

Eur. Phœn. 1496. πτώματα | νῆκρῶν || τρισσῶν ἤδη.

Med. 1392. στείχω | δισσῶν || γ' ἄμορος | τέκνων.

Alc. 908. οὐ τλη|τὸν ὄρῳ || ἐξὸν ἀ|τέκνοις.

but in

903. ζηλῶ | δ' ἀγάμους || ἄτεκνοῦς | τε βροτῶν.

Soph. El. 96. Φοίνιος | Ἀρῆς || οὐκ ἐξ|ένισεν.

Æsch. S. c. Th. 1059. γένος ὦ|λεσᾶτῇ || πρέμνοθεν οὕτως.”

It must farther be remarked, that a mute with a liquid allows the foregoing syllable to be short only in the same word, or when they stand together at the beginning of a new word, not when the mute is at the end and the liquid at the beginning, or when they belong to different parts of a compound, as ἐκνεύω.

The verbs τίνω, τίω, φθάνω, φθίνω, ἀμάω, and the adj. καλὸς and ἴσος have the first syllable long in Homer, short in the Attic writers.

The α in φάρος is long in Homer; common in other writers.

The α in ἀνῆρ and ἀρά is common in heroic verse; short in the Tragedians.

In ἦμι the ι is generally short in Homer, long in the Attic writers; except the part. εἰς, which has the penult more frequently short.

The penultimate of verbs in νω is usually short in Homer; in the Dramatic writers, long.

The penultimate of comparatives in ων is long in Attic writers; short in Ionic.

For farther information on this subject, see the Guide to the Reading of the Greek Tragedians; and the Supplement to Porson's Preface, translated and prefixed to the edition of the Hecuba of Euripides, by the Rev. Dr. Major.

GREEK, LATIN, AND ENGLISH PROSODIAL LEXICON.

A

ABOT

*A, ah: expressive of sorrow and other feelings.
*A δεῖλ' Δ. 452.

Ἀδάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non decipiens: harmless.
Ἀεθλὸς ἀάτος ἐκτέτελεσται χ. 5.

Ἀάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, "non decipiens, non decipiendus," Damm: inviolable, sacred. Ὁμοσθὺν ἀάτον Στυγὸς ὕδωρ Ξ. 271.

Ἀαγής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, non fractus, non fragilis: not to be broken, strong, robust. Αἰὲν ααγές λ. 574. Ἀαγὲς κράτερῃσιν ἐνεσκληῖται πάλᾳμῃσιν Αρ. 3. 1251. SYN. Ἀβραυστός, ἀβρηκτός, ἀδάμαστος, ἀρράγης, ἀτέραμνος, ἀκαμπής, βέβαιος, εὐρωστός, ισχυρός.

Ἀάμαι, ἀάμαι, in errore induco aut incido: to deceive, to lead into error or danger; more frequently, to go wrong, to be deceived, to be bewildered. Πάντας ἀάται T. 129. Αἰσάμην αὐτὸν I. 116. Καὶ γὰρ δὴ νῦν πότε Ζῆν' αὐτὰρ T. 95. SYN. Βλάπτωμαι. See SYN. of Ἀάσκω.

Ἀαπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non tangendus, non vincendus: not to be touched, invincible. Ὅτ' ἐκέν τοι ἀάπτους χεῖρας A. 567. SYN. Ἀδάμαστος, ἀπλητός, ἀθικτός, ἀελάσῃς, ἀφθαρτός.

Ἀάσκω, ἀάτω, ἀάω, ἀάω, in errorem aut damnum induco: to deceive, lead into error or danger. Τῇδ' ἀτρη ἀάσας Θ. 237. κ. 68. SYN. Ἀδίκω, δηλέω, λωβάω, λυμαίνωμαι, σίνδωμαι, ἰάπτω, βλάπτω, ατάω, ἀδικέω, ἐπηρέαζω.

Ἀάσχητός, η, ὄν, Ion. pro ἀσχήτός, q. v. E. 892. Ἀάτος, contr. αῦτος, η, ὄν, insatiabilis: insatiable. Γύγης τ' αἶτος πόλεμοιο Hes. Theog. 714. SYN. Ἀπληστός, ἀκόρεστός.

Ἀάτος, η, ὄν, perniciosus: harmful. Ὅτ' ἀάτος ἕρπης ἀπέλη Απολλ. 1. 459. SYN. Βλάβερός, ατηρός, δεινός, ὑλεθρίος, πάνωλεθρός.

Ἀέαι, ὦν, αἰ, Abæ: a city in Phocis famous for a temple of Apollo: sometimes used in the singular. Τὸν Ἀεαῖσι (E. R. 899), answering to ἀφροσῆτος. ΕΡ. Πδλῦχρυσαι, ἱέρα, σεμναί, ἱερὸν δεῶν εἶδος, Ἀπόλλωνι προσφίλεις.

Ἀεάκω, ἀεάκιζω, sileo, ignoro: to gaze at in silent thought or in ignorance, to be ignorant. Οἱ δ' ἀεάκισσαν δ. 249. SYN. Ἀγνέω, σῖγ' ἔστην, σῶπ' ἀάω, ηρέμω.

Ἀεάκης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, silens: silent, quiet. Fr. Sapph. See above. SYN. Ἠσυχός, ἡσυχῖς, πρῶς, πρᾶγος, ἀπειρός. See Ἀφανός.

Ἀεάκχευτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non initiatus Bacchi sacris; tristis: uninitiated in the rites of Bacchus; sad. Bacch. 472. SYN. Ἀτέλεστός, κακόεσάκχευτός, βρῶμιον παρᾶμουσός ἑορταῖς, λυπηρός, αἰνός.

Pros. Lex.

Ἀεαντῆς, ὦν, Abantes: the inhabitants of Eubœa. Τῷ δ' αἰ' Ἀεαντῆς ἐποντο B. 542. ΕΡ. Μεγάθυμοι, αἰχμηταί, μεμῶτες ὄρεκτῇσι μέλῃσι, μὲν' ἄ πνέοντες.

Ἀεαρσάρεια, ας, ἡ, Abarbarea: the name of a Nymph. Νῆις Ἀεαρσάρεια Z. 22.

Ἀεάτος, η, ὄν, invius, accessu difficilis: inaccessible, not to be trod upon, unfrequented, sacred. Σκυθῆν ἐς οἰμὸν ἀεάτον εἰς ἐρημίαν P. V. 2. SYN. Δύσεάτος, ἀπύρος, αστιῆς, ἀστειπτός, ἐρημός, ἱέρως.

Ἀεέλτερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insipiens: foolish. Ἀεέλτεροι δ' ὅσοι γέ Eur. Fr. Inc. 136. 1. SYN. Αἰζύνετος, ἀνότης, ἄφρων.

Ἀεῖωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non vitalis: lifeless, not worth living, intolerable. Ἀεῖωτὸν ἡμῖν Ion. 670. SYN. Ἀήδης, λυπηρός, δυσχερής, τάλας.

Ἀελάεως, innocuē: harmlessly. Αελάεως ὑπὸ ποσσὶν H. in Merc. 83. SYN. ἀμέμπτως.

Ἀελάσῃς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, innocuus, illæsus: harmless, unhurt, unpunished. Ὀλέος ἀελάσῃς βροτοῖς Eur. Phryx. 14. SYN. Ἄνατος, ἀθῶς, ἀπήμων, ασκηθής, ασκέθης.

Ἀελάσία, ας, ἡ, innocentia, incolumitas: innocence, safety. Ἐπ' ἀελάσιγσί νοοιο H. in Merc. 393. SYN. Ασφάλεια, ἀπημύσση.

Ἀελής, ἡτός, ὁ, ἡ, non jactus: not thrown. Ἰδδὸκης ἀελητὰ Δ. 117. SYN. Ἀελητός, καινός.

Ἀελητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non jactus, non ictus: not hurled, not struck, unhurt. Ὅστις ἐπ' ἀελητος Δ. 540. SYN. Ἀελής, ἀελάσῃς, ἀτμητός, ἀπληκτός, ἀπήμαντός.

Ἀεληχρός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, debilis, lenis, mitis: weak, faint, mild. Αεληχρὸς μᾶλ' αὐτοῖς λ. 133. SYN. Ἀπᾶλός, ἀρώστος, ἡσυχᾶς, ἀγαθός.

Ἀεῦλέω, ἡσω, ἡκα, occurro: to meet, to encounter. Ὡστ' ἀεῦλησαν Απολλ. 2. 772.

Ἀεουκόλητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fastidiosus: despised. Ἀεουκόλητον τοῦτ' ἐμῷ Æsch. Suppl. 936. SYN. Ἀηδής, ἀχαρίς.

Ἀεουλία, ας, ἡ, consilii defectus, temeritas: want of deliberation, imprudence, stupidity. Ἡσθῶμην ἀεουλίαν Med. 877. SYN. Ἀνοιά, ἀφρῶσση, ἀφράδια, θρασύτης, μαρῖα, ἀγνώμωσση.

Ἀεουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, stolidus, temerarius: unadvised, rash, foolish. Τὰς τᾶνδ' ἀεουλούς Heracl. 153. SYN. Δύσουλός, ἀγνώμων, ἀνους, ἀνόημον, ἀνότης, ἀμάθης, ἀμιχάνος, αἰζύνετος, ἀφράδης, ἀφράδμων, ἄφρων, τᾶχυσουλός.

Ἀεούλας, inconsideratē: inconsiderately, absurdly. Ἡμεῖς δ' ἀεούλας Rhes. 761.

Ἀεούτης, ου, ὁ, boves non habens, pauper:

destitute of cattle, poor. *Ἀνδρὸς ἄβουτεω* Hes. Op. 451.

Ἀερίθης, εὖος, ὁ, ἡ, sine pondere: devoid of weight, light. *Βάρος μὲν οὐκ ἄερίθης* Eur. Supp. 1125.

Ἀερόεστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, molli incessu utens: effeminate, fastidious, proud. Pers. 1073. See *Ἀεράτος*. SYN. *Λεσείς, ἄερά βαίνων*.

Ἀερόδιαυτός, ου, ὁ, qui delicatè vivit: one who lives in luxury. *Ἀερόδιαυτων ἐπέτα Ἀνδῶν* Pers. 41.

Ἀερόκωμης, ου, molliter comatus: possessed of soft hair. Iph. T. 1099. SYN. *Ἀκερσεκόμης, ἄερό χαίτη* *Θαλλομένους*.

Ἀερόμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tumultuosus: boisterous, stormy, troubled, tempestuous. *Κῶφόν τε καὶ ἀερόμυν* Apoll. 4. 153. SYN. *Θελέρος, τάρᾶχῶδης*.

Ἀερόπλουτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, locupletibus ornamentis decoratus: richly adorned. Iph. T. 1148. See below.

Ἀερός, ἂ, ὄν, elegans, delicatus: soft, graceful. *Στέγας ἄερόν βαίνοντά* Med. 1161. SYN. *Μαλοῦκός, ἀπᾶλός, τρυφερός*.

Ἀερόσση, ης, ἡ, mollities, splendor: softness, elegance, splendour. Or. 342. See above. SYN. *Ἀερότης, χλιδή*.

Ἀερότάζω, ἄζω, *ἡερόταχᾶ*, noctu vagor, decipior: to wander by night, to be mistaken. *Μή πως ἀερότάζομεν ἀλλήλοισιν* K. 65. SYN. *Ἀφᾶμαρ-τάνω, πλάζομαι*.

Ἀερόχιτων, ὠνός, ὁ, ἡ, molli tunicâ indutus: elegantly dressed, clothed in soft attire. *Δέκτρων τ' εὐνὰς ἀερόχιτνας* Pers. 543. Ep. *Εὐσχίμων*.

Ἀερίνω, ἔνω, *ἡερυγκά*, delicatum reddo, orno: to render delicate, to embellish. *Ἀερινῆ μηδὲ βαρδάρου* Agam. 928. SYN. *Καλλωπίζω, περι-στέλλω, κοσμέω, γάνω*.

Ἀεῦδος, ου, ἡ, Abydus, a city in Asia, situated on the Hellespont. *Καὶ Σηπτόν καὶ Ἀεῦδον ἔχον* B. 836. Ep. *Αρχαῖα, βάθυκηπίς, πᾶράλός, ἐπακτίος, αργχιάλός, στένη*.

Ἀευσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fundi expers: bottomless, very deep. *Εἰς ἄβυσσά χάσματα* Phoen. 1629. SYN. *Πολύβενθης*.

Ἀγάζομαι, ἄσομαι, cum stupore miror: to admire, behold with wonder or envy, honour. Nem. 11. 7. See Ἀγν. SYN. Ἀγάμαι, ἀγάω, δαυμάζω, δαυμά ποιοῦμαι, σέεδομαι.

Ἀγᾶθεός, α, ὄν, Ion. *ηγᾶθεός*, præstans: surpassing. Pyth. 9. 126. A long, as in *αθανάτος* and other words.

Ἀγᾶθος, ἡ, ὄν, compar. *ἀμείνων, ἀρείων, βελτίων, κρείσσω, λῶϊων*, superl. *ἄριστός, βέλτιστός, κρᾶτιστός, λῥστός*, bonus, fortis: good, brave. *Εἰστροχὼν ὄλιν τ' ἀγᾶθῳ* Ω. 632. SYN. *Εσθλός, ἀμύμων, ἀνδρείος, κρᾶτέρος, αἰσιός*.

Ἀγᾶθων, ὠνός, ὁ, Agathos: a son of Priam; also a tragic poet, the enemy of Euripides. *Πᾶριν τ' Ἀγᾶθονά τε* Ω. 249.

Ἀγαῖομαι, succenseo: to be angry, indignant. Ἐνδὼν ὑλάκτει ἀγαῖομένου υ. 16. SYN. *Ἀγᾶναικτός, χολέπαινω, ἐπιμεμφόμεαι, δυσχεραίνω, οργήν ἔχω*.

Ἀγᾶκλής, ἡς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, clarus: glorious, noble. *Ἐεῖπες ἀγακλῆες ᾧ Μένελαε* P. 716. SYN. see *Ἀγακλύτος*.

Ἀγᾶκλύτος, ἀγᾶκλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, perillustis: very renowned. *Δώμαθ' ἱκοντό ἀγακλύτᾳ* γ. 388. Hes. Theog. 1015. P. 463. SYN. *Κλύτος, κλειτός, ευκλῆς, διᾶσμηός, μεγᾶλυνμός, ἀρι-*

πρέπης, γνᾶρίμος, πρῶχων, ἐξῶχος, ὑπερῶχος, ἐνδοξός, περίπυστος, ἐρίκωδης.

Ἀγακτιμένος, ἡ, ὄν, bene conditus: well built. Pyth. 5. 107. See *Εὐκτιμένος*. SYN. *Εὐκτιμένος, εὐκτιτός*.

Ἀγάλακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lacte carens: weaned. Agam. 697. See *Γάλα*.

Ἀγάλλομαι, gestio, honoro: to rejoice, to honour. Ὡμοῖσιν ἀγάλλεται Σ. 132. SYN. *Γήθω, γαυριᾶμαι, εἰμι* or *γίγνομαι* *γῆθοσυνος κῆρ*.

Ἀγάλλω, ἄλα, ἡγάλα, orno: to decorate. Εὐνὰς ἀγῆλαι Med. 1027. SYN. *Κοσμέω, ἐπικοσμέω, καλλύνω, καλλωπίζω, πικάζω*.

Ἀγαλμά, ἄτος, τὸ, ornamentum, statua: an ornament, statue, offering or consecrated gift, image. *Ἰππους ἀγαλμά* P. V. 475. SYN. *Κόσμος, κῦδος, εἰδωλόν, ἑοδόν, ἀνᾶθημά, εἰκόν, βρετᾶς, δαίδαλα, μνημένη*. Ep. *Χρυσέον, αὐνόν, μαρμαῖρον, φάεινόν, χρυσεῦτενικτόν, ἱερόν, αἰγλη-έν, εσθλόν, ευμεγέθες*.

Ἀγάμαι, ἄσομαι, ἡγασμαι, admiror: to admire, to value highly. Ὡς σὲ γυναι ἀγάμαι τὲ ζ. 168. SYN. *Ἀγάζομαι, δαυμάζω, περιέβλεπω, δῆπω, ἐπαινέω, ἡλώω*.

Ἀγάμεμνόνις, ου, ὁ, Agamemnone satus: a descendant of Agamemnon. *Τόν β' Ἀγάμεμνόνις* α. 30. SYN. *Ἀγάμεμνόνιος*.

Ἀγάμεμων, ὄνός, ὁ, Agamemnon. *Ἡτλησ' Ἀγάμεμων* A. 94. Ep. *Ἀτρείδης, Ἀτρείων, ἀνύμων, κρείων, ευρυκρείων, ἀφνειός, διδύγενής, διός, κεράδευφρων, ολβιόδαίμων, κῦδιστός*. SYN. *Ἀναξ ἀνδρῶν, ποίμην λαῶν, Δῖ ἱκέλός, Ἀτρεὺς υἱός* *δαίφρονός* *ἱπποδάμοιο, Τροίης πτόλιπορτός, Αργείων ἡγήτωρ, Αργείων σκηπτοῦχος*.

Ἀγάμηδης, εὖος, ὁ, Agamedes: one of the architects who built the entrance to the temple at Delphi. *Τρῳάφνιός ηδ' Ἀγάμηδης* Hymn. Apoll. 296.

Ἀγάμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, innuptus: unmarried. *Ἀγᾶνός τ' ἐμένα ἀγάμος τ' Γ*. 40. SYN. *Ἀνυμέναιος, ἀνανδρός, ἀνίμφευτός, ἀζυξ, ἀπειρόλεχης, ἀπειρὺγάμος, ἀνυμφός, λέχους ἀπειρός, εὐνης ἀζυξ γάμηλιον*.

Ἀγαν, nimis: too much. Οἷδ' ἄγαν αἰνούμενος Heracl. 205. SYN. *Λίαν*. On the quantity of *ἄγαν* and *λίαν* see Brunck. Nub. 199.

Ἀγανακτέω, ἡσω, ηκά, indignor: to be indignant. Καὶ μηδὲν ἀγανάκτει γ' Vesp. 1003. SYN. Μηνίζω, μηνίω, μηνίᾳ, ασχάλλω, ἀχθόμεαι, δυσχεραίνω, οργίζομαι, ἐγκότεις, χολᾶόμεαι, οργῇ πάρανθεῖν . . . πᾶράκμαζεν.

Ἀγάννιφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde nivosus: covered with snow. *Πρὸς Ὀλύμπόν ἀγάννιφόν* A. 420. SYN. *Νιφθεῖς, ἰκνώνωδης, δυσχείμων, δυσχειμέρος*.

Ἀγάνος, ἡ, ὄν, mitis: mild, cheerful. *Μητίς ἐτι πρόφρων ἀγάνος* ε. 8. SYN. *Ευμένης, πρῆδος, μειλίχιος, φαιδρός*.

Ἀγάνοφρῶσση, ης, ἡ, comitas, jucunditas: courtesy, pleasantness. *Σῆ τ' ἀγάνοφρῶσση* Ω. 772. SYN. *Ἡσυχία, ευμένηϊα, πρᾶττης*.

Ἀγάνοφρων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, miti ingenio præditus: glad, mild. *Κεῖνης ἀγάνοφρῶνός* Apoll. 4. 809. SYN. *Ἀγάνος, ἡσυχός*.

Ἀγάνως, comiter: courteously, pleasantly. Iph. A. 601. See Ἀγάνος.

Ἀγάπᾳ, ἀγάπᾳ, ἡσω, ηκά, amo, contentus sum, osculor: to love, to be content, to salute. Βρότους ἀγάπᾳξέμεν ἀντην Ω. 464. Vesp. 670. SYN. *Φιλέω, ἐράω, ἐράμαι, ασπάζομαι, στέργω, ἀρκοῖμαι, ἀρεσκόμαι, κἀρίη κέντρον ἐρωτός ἔχω, με γλυκὺς ἱμέρος αἰρεῖ, ἱμέρου βέλει τέθαλαμι*.

Ἀγίζω, ἴσω, ἱκά, consecro, adoleo: to consecrate, dedicate, offer incense. Ἑστίαν ἀγίζων, CE. C. 1495., answers to τυγχάνεις ἀφεγγής. SYN. Ἀγιάζω, θυμιάω, ἀγιάω, ἀγιοτεύω.

Ἀγινέω, et Ἀγινέσκω. See Ἀγω.

Ἄγιος, α, ὄν, sanctus, sacer: sacred, holy. Μεγάλους ἁγίους τ' ἐνθymiζον Av. 524. See Porson. Med. 750. SYN. Ὅσιος, ἐνάγης, καθάρως, σεπτὸς, ἄγνός.

Ἄγιοτεύω, σω, κά, sanctum existimo: to venerate. Bacch. 73. A short, as in ἀγίζω.

Αγκάζομαι, σῶμαι, ulnis amplexor: to embrace. P. 722. SYN. Ασπάζομαι. PHR. Αγκὰς ἔχειν, μὲτ' ἀγκάλιδεσσιν ἁείρων, ἀμφιβάλων μαστῶν ὠλένασι ματέρως Phoen. 314. Σίγειν ὠλένας.

Αγκάθεν, ἀγκὰς, desuper, in ulnis: from above, closely joined. Αγκάθεν λάδων βρέτας Eumen. 80.

Αγκάλλω. See in Ἀνακάλλω.

Αγκάλη, ης, ἡ, frequentius ἀγκάλαι, ὦν; item ἀγκάλεις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, sinus, brachium: a bosom, arm. Αγκάλη σ' βαστάσει P. V. 1027. X. 503. SYN. Ὠλένη, κόλπτος, στέρνον, στήθος, ἀγκάλις.

Ἀγκάλως, ου, ὁ, fasciculus: a bundle. Ἀγκάλων ἑλκων Hom. Merc. 82.

Ἀγκιστρὴν, ου, τὸ, hancus: a hook. δ. 369. EP. Δάφουδον, εὐκαμπές, ὀλδον.

Ἀγκὺς, εὖς, τὸ, vallis, convallis: a valley, dale. δ. 337. SYN. Ἀδλὼν, φάραγξ, κλίτυς, βήσσά, νάπος, γυάλων. EP. Αιπεινὸν, δεινρῆεν, κοιλὸν, ποιῆεν, βάθου, τρηχὺ.

Αγκὺλη, ης, ἡ, jaculi genus, curvatura cubiti: a kind of javelin, the bend of the arm, curvature. Ὅ μὲν πέτρους ὁ δ' ἀγκύλας Or. 1483. SYN. Αἰκμὴ, ἀκὼν, ἀγκών.

Αγκυλὸμήτης, ου, ὁ, obliqua habens consilia, callidus: crafty, shifting. Κρόνος ἀγκυλὸμήτης Δ. 59. SYN. Ποικιλὸμήτης, αὐλὸμήτης, πῶλυ-τρύπος, δολίος, δολιόφρων.

Αγκυλὸδμαι, incurvo: to bend. Ὀνυχὰς ἠγκυλωμένος Av. 1180. SYN. Κάμπτω, κατὰκάμπτω, κυρτώ.

Αγκυλὸς, ζ, ὄν, curvus: crooked, bent. Αγκυλὸν ἄρμα Ζ. 39. SYN. Καμπύλος, κυρτός, ἐπικυρτός, κυφός, ἐπίκαμπής, σκυλῖς.

Αγκυλὸτόξος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, curvum habens arcum, sagittarius: using a bended bow, an archer. Παῖδων ἀγκυλὸτόξους B. 848.

Αγκυλὸχείλης, ου, ὁ, curvum habens rostrum: having a crooked bill. Αἰέτος ἀγκυλὸ-χείλης τ. 538.

Ἀγκυρά, ας, ἡ, anchora, praesidium: an anchor, support. Ἀγκυρά δὴ μου τὰς τύχας Hel. 276. SYN. Εὐνή. EP. Χαλκὸγένεος, φιλὰς, ὀλόη. PHR. Ἐχένης δεσμός ἀέλης, δῶς χάλινος νηὸς, νῆων πλαζόμενων παγίς, νηὸς ισχὰς, νηὼν ἐδρά-ων ἀσπῶθεν.

Αγκυρίζω, ἴσω, ἱκά, supplanto: to trip up the heels. Διάλαδων ἠγκυρίσας Equit. 262. SYN. Ἰψοσκελίζω, κατὰγω.

Αγκών, ὦνός, ὁ, curvatura braehii, curvatura: the elbow, bend of the arm, any thing of an angular shape. Cycl. 560. SYN. Καμπή, ἀγκύλη. EP. Γλυκὺς, κάλως, στύφελος.

Ἀγλαθέριος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nitidam comam habens: having fine hair. Θεὸν ἀγλαθέριον H. in Pan. 5. SYN. Εὐκόμος, ευπλόκαμος, ἠκόμος.

Αγλαΐα, ας, ἡ, (1) Aglaia: one of the Graces. (2) gratia, splendor: brilliancy, elegance, splendour. Σὺν ἀγλαΐᾳ Electr. 861., answered by χόρευμά φίλον. 2. SYN. Αυγή, αἰγλή, λαμ-

πρύτης, κόσμος, κάλλως, ευπρέπεια, ἀγλαΐσμά, γάνος, ἀμυρναῖα, ἀμυρνή. EP. Ἰμέρεοισσά, νικηφόρος, τηλέφανής, εἰρήνη.

Ἀγλαΐζομαι, illustor, gaudeo: to be distinguished, delighted. Δίαμπερές ἀγλαΐεσθαι K. 331.

Ἀγλαΐζω, illustro: to ornament. Τοῦτ' οὖν τοῖ ἀγλαΐσε Theoc. Ep. 1. SYN. Κοσμέω, κυδαίνω, καλλῶν, λαμπρύνω, πύκάζω, αυγάζω, καλλωπίζω, ἀγάλλω.

Ἀγλαΐσμά, ἄτος, τὸ, ornamentum: ornament. Ὅ δ' ἀγλαΐσμά δωματων Hel. 289. SYN. and EP. see Ἀγλαΐα.

Ἀγλαδγυνὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchra membra habens: having beautiful limbs. Αγλαδγυνὸν Ἦραν Nem. 75.

Ἀγλαδδενδρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchras arbores habens: abounding in beautiful trees. Ol. 9. 32. See above.

Ἀγλαδθρόνους, ἀγλαδθωκὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, splendida sede sedens: sitting on a splendid seat. Μοῖσαι γὰρ ἀγλαδθρόνοις Ol. 13. 136. Nem. 10. 1.

Ἀγλαδκαρπὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchros fructus ferens: bearing fine fruit. Μήλεα ἀγλαδκαρποὶ η. 115.

Ἀγλαδκουρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchros juvenes habens: famed for fine youths. Ol. 13. 5.

Ἀγλαδκουῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, splendidam festivitatem faciens: causing splendid revelry. Ol. 3. 10.

Ἀγλαδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et ἡ, ὄν, splendidus: splendid, distinguished. Νέστορος ἀγλαδς υἱός δ. 21. SYN. Λαμπρὸς, αἰγλήεις, φάεινός, ἀργῖνός, καλλι-φεγγής, ἐμφάνης, τηλαυγής, ἀγαυός, ευδοκίμος, περὶφαντός.

Ἀγλαδτρίαίνης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tridente splendido inclytus: having a splendid trident. Τὸτ' ἀγλαδ-τρίαίναν ἀρπάσαι Ol. 1. 64.

Ἀγλαδῶς, ὦπος, ὁ, ἡ, vultu splendidus: having a splendid face. CE. R. 213. SYN. Φαιδρωπὸς, λαμπρὰν ἔχον ὦψιν.

Ἀγλίθες, αν, αἱ, alliorum capita: heads of garlic. Τρεῖς ἀγλίθας μετέπεμψα Vesp. 680. SYN. Ράγες.

Ἄγλωσσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, elinguis; barbaro dicendi more utens: speechless; uncouth in speaking, barbarous. Οὐθ' Ἑλλὰς οὐθ' ἀγλωσσός Trach. 1062. SYN. Κᾰκὼγλωσσός, ἀναυδός, ἀφωνός, ἀφράδης, βάρβαρος, ἀτέχνος.

Ἄγναμπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inflexibilis: inflexible. Θεμένος ἀγναμπτον νόον P. V. 169. SYN. Ἄκαμπτος, σκληρὸς, ἀτεγκτός, ἀμειλίχος.

Ἄγνεία, Ἄγνευμά, ἄτος, τὸ, puritas, expiatio: chastity, atonement. CE. T. 863. Eur. El. 256. SYN. Αἰδὼς, σωφροσύνη. EP. Ἰέρων, δεῖον, ευ-πρέπεις, ἐμπρέπεις.

Ἄγνεύω, σω, κά, purus sum; purum reddo: to be pure; make pure. Χείρας ἀγνεύει θεοῖς Iph. T. 1227. SYN. Ὅσιος ἐμὶ, καθάρως ἐμὶ.

Ἀγνίζω, ἴσω, ἱκά, purifico: to purify, expiate. Κρατὸς ἀγνίστη τρίχα Alc. 76. SYN. Ἀγνεύω, καθαίρω, καθάρίζω.

Ἀγνῶεω, Ἀγνοεῖω, ἥσω, ἠκά, ignoro: to be ignorant of. Ἡμᾶς ἀγνῶεῖν Iph. A. 823. Ἄνδρ' ἀγνοήσας ὕλας υ. 15. SYN. Οὐκ οἶδᾰ, με λαν-θάνει.

Ἀγνοία, ας, ἡ, ignorantia: ignorance. Ἄ μὲν γὰρ ἐξερηκὰς ἀγνοιά μ' ἔχει Trach. 350. But on the quantity of the last syllable of Ἀγνοια, see Brunck here, and Blomf. on Sept. Theat. 498. SYN. Ἀπειρεσία, ἀμαρτία.

Ἀγνὸρρῦτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, purè fluens: flowing clearly, limpid. P. V. 433. See Ἀντὸρρῦτός.

‘Αγνός, ἡ, ὄν, purus, castus: chaste, modest. ‘Αγνός ὢν ἀσπάζομαι Hipp. 102. SYN. Σώφρων, καθάρως, ἱερός, ἀκρατός.

‘Αγνυμί, ἡ, ἄξω, frango: to break. ‘Αγνύται ναυαγίων Helen. 410. SYN. Πήγνυμι, πλήσσω, ἀρήσσω, ἀράσσω.

‘Αγνυμύσση, Ἀγνώσια, as, ἡ, stultitia: stupidity. Μεγάλην δὲ θεοὺς αγνωμύσσην Trach. 1269. Eur. Fr. Antio. 24. SYN. Ἀσουλία.

‘Αγνώμων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, stolidus, ingrati animi: stupid, ungrateful. Θνητὰ κοῦκ αγνώμονα Trach. 474. SYN. Ἀνθητός, ἀσουλός, ἀμάθης, κακῶθυμς, ηγλήης, ἀχάριστός.

‘Αγνώς, ὠτός, ὁ, ἡ, ignotus: ignorant, unknown, degraded. Δόκσις αγνώς (E. R. 681. See above. SYN. Ἀγνωστός, ἀνθητός, ἀμάθης, ἀκλήης, ἀδοξός.

‘Αγνώσια. See Ἀγνυμύσση.

‘Αγνωστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, incognitus: unknown, obscure. Ἄλλ’ ἀγέ σ’ αγνωστον τεύξω v. 397. SYN. Ἀγνώς, αγνωτός, ἀκλήης. See Αγνός.

‘Αγνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non natus; prole carens: not born; having no children. G. 40. SYN. Ἀγέννητός, ἀτέκνός, ἄπαις, ἀτικόος.

‘Αγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indefectus: unlamented. Sep. Th. 1063. SYN. Ἀκλαυστός, ἀδάκρυτος.

Ἀγορά, as, ἡ; ἀγορός, ου, ὁ, forum, concio: a market-place, assembly. Ἀγοραῖοι θακεῖ (E. R. 20. Iph. T. 1096. SYN. Πανήγυρις, ὁμιλία, ξυνόδος. Ερ. Κονή, θάρυδουπός, κυδιάνερά, δεινή, τέτρηχυνά, αἰψηρή.

Ἀγοράζω, ἄσω, κά, in foro versor, emo: to buy and sell in the market. Ἀγοράσω τ’ ἐν τοῖς ὕπλοις Lysist. 633. SYN. Ἐν ἀγορᾷ διατρίβειν, πωλεῖν, πριάμαι.

Ἀγοραίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, forensis, sordidus: belonging to the market, vulgar. Μήτ’ ἀγοραῖους Ran. 1015. SYN. Δικανικός, κοινός, πάνδημος.

Ἀγορανόμος, ου, ὁ, qui foro præest: a clerk of the market. ‘Ὦν δ’ ἀπολιγαίνει τοὺς ἀγορανόμους κάλῳ Acharn. 968. SYN. Λόγιστος, ἀγορᾶς ἐπιστάτης.

Ἀγοράζωμαι, ἀγορεύω, concionor, loquor: to harangue, speak. Ἀγορήσατο καὶ μετέειπεν A. 73. H. 347. SYN. Δημηγόρεω, ἔπω, ἐνέπω, λέγω. Ἀγορητής, οὗ, ὁ, concionator: an orator, haranguer. Πύλιον ἀγορητής A. 248. SYN. Δημηγόρος, ῥήτωρ, κόπις. Ερ. Εσθλός, ἡδυλγός, λιγυφθογγός, σάφρων, εὐδουλός, φρόνιμος, ἀγαθός.

Ἀγρός. See Ἀγορά.

Ἀγός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, dux: a leader, commander. Λυκίαν ἄγος ἀντίον ἠύδα E. 647. SYN. Αρχηγός, ἡγέμων, κοσμητὴρ λαῶν, ἄγωνός, στρατηγός, ἡγέτης, αρχηγέτης, ἡγέμενεὺς, ὑφηγητής.

Ἀγός, εὖς, τὸ, piaculum: atonement; crime. Φοβῆς τὸσούτων ὡς ἄγος Antig. 775. SYN. Καθαρμός, ἀποτρόπη, καθαρά, μοχθηρία.

Ἀγοστός, οὗ, ὁ, pars manus interior: the palm of the hand. Ἐλέ γαῖαν ἀγοστῶ N. 520. SYN. Θέναρ, αγκών. Ερ. Ακάματός, χιδνώδης, παῖδο-κόμος.

Ἄγρα, as, ἡ, præda: a booty, prey. “Ἵπνω κρήνηθεοῖ ἀγραν ὠλέσα Eum. 148. SYN. Λεία, ληΐς, ληλᾶστία, ἄγρευμά, λάφυρον, σκύλιν. Ερ. Ἰφνείη, ἐράτειν, νικηφόρος, εὐκέρως, δόλμη-χάως, κερδαλέη, δλίη, φόνία, δάφονιος, εὐστό-χος, ἐλάφησθλός, πόντιος, ιχθυέσσαι, εὐθηρός, εὐθήρητος.

Ἄγραπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non scriptus: unwritten. Κηρύγμαθ’ ὥστ’ ἀγραπτά Antig. 458.

Ἄγραυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in agris versatus: living in the fields. Ποιμένες ἀγραυλοὶ Hes. Theog. 26. SYN. Ἀγροικός, ὑπαίθριος.

Ἀγρείος, α, ὄν, rusticus: clownish, savage. Ἀγρείος εἰ καὶ σκαιός Nub. 655. SYN. see Ἀγρίος.

Ἀγρέσια, as, ἡ, venatio: hunting. Εκ δ’ αὐτ’ αγρέσις Call. fr. 22. 2. SYN. and Ερ. see Θήρα. Ἄγρευμά, ἄτος, τὸ, præda venatione capta: prey taken in hunting. Ἄγρευμά θηρός Choeph. 996. SYN. Ἄγρα, κύνηγεία, ἐλάφησθλία, λάφυρα, σκύλα.

Ἀγρέως, ἔως, ὁ, Agreus. Αγρεῖα καὶ Νόμιον Apoll. 2. 506.

Ἀγρευτήρ, ἦρός, ὁ, venator: a hunter. Ιχθύς αγρευτήρης Theoc. 21. 6. SYN. Κύνηγέτης, κυναγός, θρητήρ, ἐλάφησθλός, ἀγρώστης.

Ἀγρεύω, σω, κα, venor, venatione capio: to hunt, capture in hunting. Θηρίον αγρεύσω Call. 3. 85. SYN. Εκθηρεύω, θηράω, κύνηγέτω, ληλάτω, ληστεύω.

Ἀγρίας, ἄδος, ἡ, agrestis: savage, rural. Φηγοὶ δ’ αγριάδες Apoll. 1. 28. SYN. Ἀγρίωτης, ἀγροτέρως.

Ἀγριέλαιος, ου, ἡ, oleaster: a wild olive. Ποικάν δ’ ἔχεν αγριελαίω Theoc. 7. 18. SYN. Κότινός, Ἀπόλλωνος ἱερόν ἐρνός. Ερ. Χλωρή, ἱέρα.

Ἀγριόζομαι, exasperor: to be exasperated, or clownish. Ηγριωμένους ἐπ’ ἀλλήλοισι Arist. Pax 620. SYN. Τραχύνομαι, χαλέπαίνω, οργίζομαι.

Ἀγρίος, Ἀγρικός, ἡ, ὄν, agrestis: rude, fierce. Ἀγρίος εἰ πρὸς πάντα Theoc. 22. 58. Mosch. 5. 13. SYN. Ἀγροικός, ἀγροιώτης, ἀπηνής, χαλεπός, σκληρός, ὠμός. See in Ἀγρίās.

Ἀγριώπης, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, qui fero vultu est: looking fiercely. Bacch. 542. See above. SYN. Ἀγρίος, πέλωριος, αυθάδης, σκληρός.

Ἀγρίως, fere, immaniter: cruelly, rudely. Πρὸς τασδ’ ἀγρίως ἀπάντημένους Eum. 970. SYN. Ἀπηνώς, ἀνημέρος, χαλέπως, ὠμός.

Ἀγροβότης, ου, ὁ, rusticus: a herdsman, shepherd. Ποιμὴν αγροβότας Phil. 214. SYN. Ἀγροικός, ἀγροιώτης, ἀγρονόμος, ἀγροτής m., -tis fem., ἀγρίος.

Ἀγροικός, ὁ, ἡ, ἀγροιώτης, ου, ὁ, rusticus: rustic, countryified. Λέγει ἀγροίκον Plut. 705. Thesm. 64. SYN. Ἀγρονόμος, ἀγρίος, ἀγροτής.

Ἀγρονόμος, ὁ, ἡ, rerum rusticarum administrator: a rustic superintendent, a rustic, clown. Ἀγρονόμοι παίζουσι G. 106.

Ἀγρός, οὗ, ὁ, rus, ager: the country, a field, land. Αγραφ’ οὐδὲ πόλινδ’ λ. 187. SYN. Ἄρουρα, χώρα, πεδίων, γῆ. Ερ. Χλωρός, ευανθής, κάλως, πίων, πόλυδενόρεδς, δαλέρος, τηλέθων, πυρητόκος.

Ἀγροτέρως, α, ὄν, furens: wild. Γένος αγροτέρων B. 360. SYN. see in Ἀγρίος.

Ἀγροτής, ου, ὁ, Ἀγροτής, ἰδός, ἡ, rusticus: a rustic. Αγροταί ἐξείλοντο π. 218. Apoll. 2. 508.

Ἀγροπνέω, ἦσω, κά, vigilo: to pass the night without sleep, to watch. Σύνεβα τοῖ ἀγροπνήσαι δι’ ἔρωτα Theoc. 10. 10. SYN. Ἐγρηγόρεω, δι-αγροπνέω, νήσω, ουχ ὑπνέω.

Ἀγροπνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insomnis: without sleep, sleepless, vigilant. Ζηνός ἀγροπνον βέλος P. V. 358. SYN. Ἀὑπνός, ακάματός, ἀκοίμητος.

Ἀγρώσσω, in venatu capio: to take in hunting, hunt. Ιχθὺς αγρώσσω ε. 53. SYN. Ἀγρεύω, which see.

Ἀγρώστης, ου, δ, venator: a hunter. "Ἦν τ' ἀγρώσται ἄχαιϊνέην Apoll. 4. 175. SYN. Κύν-γος, ἄρευντήρ, which see.

Ἄγρωσις, ἴδς, ἡ, genus herbæ: a species of herb. Καὶ εἰλιτίνης ἀγρωσις Theoc. 13. 42. SYN. Βῶτάνη, πῆη, χόρτος.

Ἀγυαῖ, ἄς, ἡ, vicus: a way, street. Χήρωσέ δ' ἀγυαῖς E. 642. SYN. Ὀδός, ἀτράπος, ἀμαξίτις, στένωπις. EP. Κόλη, ἔκτιμμένη, ἐϋδημητός, κοινὴ, ευρύχορδς, ῥαῖα.

Ἀγνιεύς, ἔως, δ, Trivius: placed in the streets; an epithet of Apollo. Ἄναξ Ἀγνιεύ καὶ μέλαθρά χαίρετε Phœn. 640.

Ἀγύναστος, ου, δ, ἡ, inexercitatus: unexercised. Οὐδ' ἀγύναστος μ' ἔην Trach. 1085.

Ἀγῦρις, ἴδς, ἡ, coetus: an assembly, crowd. Ως οὔ' ἐν νηῶν ἀγῦρει Ω. 141. SYN. Ὀμιλός, πληθός, ἐκκλησία, ὁμήγυρις, ξινουσία, ὄχλος, ἀγρόν, ἀθροισμά.

Ἀγυρτάζω, ἄσω, ἅκᾶ, congrego: to assemble, collect. Χρήματ' ἀγυρτάζειν τ. 284. SYN. Ἀγείρω, ἄθροίζω, συγκομίζω, ἐπάγείρω.

Ἀγύρτης, ου, δ, Ἀγύρτριά, as, ἡ, præstigator: a juggler. Δδλίον ἀγύρτην ὅστις CE. R. 284. AGAM. 1276. SYN. Γῶς, θαυμάσποιοις, τέρᾶ-τομοις, μάντις. EP. Λωπιδύτης, φοιτῶν, μη-χανορράφος.

Ἀγχάλας. See Ἀνᾶχάλας.

Ἀγχαυρός, ου, δ, mane pruinosum, crepuscu- lum: a cold or frosty morning, early. Apoll. 4. 110.

Ἀγχεμάχδς. See Ἀγχιμάχητης.

Ἀγχι, Ἀγχοῦ, prope: near. Ἀγχι παρίστατὶ Z. 405. Ω. 709. SYN. Εγγύς, ἐγγυθί, πέλας, πλησίον, πᾶρά, ἐγγυθεν, ἀγχοῦ.

Ἀγχιᾶλός, ου, δ, ἡ, finitimus mari: bordering on the sea. Ἐπ' ἀγχιᾶλου θάενεν ἀκτῆς Apoll. 2. 916. SYN. Ἀλιγείτων, πᾶράλιος, ἐφαλῖος.

Ἀγχιθάτης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, prope mare, profundus: near a deep sea or shore. Ἀγχιθάθες στῶμά λιμνης Apoll. 4. 1572.

Ἀγχιγείτων, Ἀγχιτέρμων, ὄνδς, Ἀγχιγῦδς, ου, δ, vicinus: near, neighbour. Pers. 888. Rhés. 426. Apoll. 1. 1223. See above.

Ἀγχιγῦδς. See above.

Ἀγχιθέος, ου, δ, ἡ, Deo propinquus: resembling a God. Ἀγχιθέοι γέγασσαν τ. 279. SYN. Ἰσθθεός, δέφ' ἱκέλδς.

Ἀγχιθύρός, ου, δ, ἡ, foribus propinquus: dwelling near, neighbour. Ἀγχιθύρός ναλοισά Theoc. 2. 71. SYN. Ἀγχιγείτων, ἀγχιτέρμων, δ πλησίον, δ ἐγγύς, γείτων, αστυγείτων, πλησιύ-χωρός, πρόσκοιός, ἀγχιγῦδς.

Ἀγχιμάχητης, Ἀγχιμάχδς, ου, δ, cominus pugnans: who fights hand to hand. Δάρδανοι ἀγχιμάχηται Θ. 173. Π. 248.

Ἀγχιμόλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, prope veniens: approaching near. Ἀγχιμόλον δέ σφ' ἦλθε Hes. Scut. 325. SYN. Ἀγχι μόλων, ἀγχι πάραστας.

Ἀγχινώδς, ου, δ, ἡ, perspicax: of ready wit, shrewd. Ἀγχινώδς καὶ ἔξεφρων ν. 332. SYN. Ἀγχινώδς, ἐπιδέξιός, σύνετός.

Ἀγχιπλόδς, ἀγχιπλοῦς, ου, δ, ἡ, prope navi- gans: sailing close to the land, coasting. Οὐ γάρ ἀγχιπλοῦν ῥδον Iph. T. 1325.

Ἀγχιπτόλις, ἔως, δ, ἡ, civitatis adjutrix, quia vicinus vicinum adjuvat: near the city, a sup- porter of the city. Παλλάς ἦτ' ἀγχιπτόλις S. Th. 507. SYN. Πόλεως ἐφέδρδς, πόλεως μέ-δεων.

Ἀγχιρρόδς, ἀγχιρρός, ου, δ, ἡ, prope fluens:

flowing near. Λεῖπον δ' ἀγχιρρόδον Ἴριον Apoll. 2. 963.

Ἀγχίσις, ου, δ, Anchises: the father of Æneas. Ἄναξ ἀνδρῶν Ἀγχίσις E. 168. EP. Δαρδάνιδης, Τρώϊδς, ἀμύμων, κύδιστος, δαΐφρων, ἱπποδάμδς, μέγᾱλήτωρ, βουκόλεων.

Ἀγχιστεῖον, ου, τδ, legitimæ jus successionis: the right of lawful succession, relationship. Γέ- νους κατ' ἀγχιστεῖα Ant. 174. SYN. Εὐγγενεῖα, κηδός.

Ἀγχιστεῖω, prope adsum: to be near, related to. Troad. 225. SYN. Πλησίον εἰμί, ἐγγυγῆνς εἰμί.

Ἀγχιστηρ, ἦρδς, δ, vicinus: a neighbour. Trach. 260. SYN. Ὁ πλησίον, πλησιός, ἀγχι- γείτων, ἀγχιτέρμων, ἀγχιγῦδς.

Ἀγχιστῖνδς, ου, δ, ἡ, ἐς, ὅς, ὅν, prope stans, confortis: standing near, close. Ἀγχιστῖναι ἐπ' ἀλλήλοισι E. 141. SYN. Ἀδινός, πύκνδς.

Ἀγχιστος, ἡ, ὅν, proximus: the nearest, next. CE. R. 819.

Ἀγχιστεῖω. See Ἀγχιγείτων.

Ἀγχοῦ, prope: near. Ἀγχοῦ δειρής Ξ. 412. SYN. see in Ἀγχι.

Ἀγχοῦν, ἡς, ἡ, suffocatio, laqueus: strangulation, a halter, noose, snare. Eum. 744. SYN. Ἀρτάνη, πλεκτάνη.

Ἀγχοῦ. See Ἀγχι.

Ἀγχω, ξω, χᾶ, suffoco: to strangle. Γ. 371. SYN. Πνίγω, ἀπὸπνίγω, ἀπάγχω.

Ἄγω, ξω, ἡχᾶ, Ἀγινέω, Ἀγινέσκω, duco: to lead. Νὺξ ἔμειν' ἐπειτ' ἐπὶ γαῖαν ἄγε κνέφας Apoll. 3. 743. ἔ. 105. p. 294. SYN. Εἰσάγω, ἐπιδέ- χομαι, ληστεύω, φέρωμαι, εἰσκομίζω, ἀγείρω.

Ἄγω, frango. See Ἀγνυμί.

Ἀγωγῇ, ἡς, ἡ, adductio, abductio: an accom- panying, withdrawing. Ἐμῆς ἀγωγῆς Agam. 1272. SYN. Ἀναστροφῇ, παιδεία, ἀσκησις, βιότη. Ἀγωγός, οὗ, δ, ἡ, dux: a leader, guide. Δά- κριων ἀγωγός ἦνικ' Troad. 1130. SYN. Ἠγέμων, ὑφηγητής, ἀρχηγέτης, ὁδηγός, προηγητής.

Ἄγων, ὦνδς, δ, certamen, coetus: a contest, company. Πῶς ἄγων κριθήσεται Eum. 742. SYN. Ἀγώνισμά, ἀθλός, ὁμιλλᾶ, ἀμιλλημά, πά- λαισμα, μάχη, πληθός. EP. Καλλινικός, ἀεθλο- φῶρδς, ῥιγγλός, βάρυς, τυμβιδιός, ἱέρδς, κλυτός, ἀγακλυτός, φόνιός, αἱματῶεις, θνητός, κύδιμος, κύδιστος.

Ἀγωνάρχης, ου, δ, certaminis iudex: an um- pire of the games. Μήτ' ἀγωνάρχη τινές Aj. 572. SYN. Βράσειδς, ἄθλων κριτής.

Ἀγωνίζομαι, ἰσθμαι et ἰσῶμαι, dimico: to fight, dispute. Τὸν ἄγῶν' ἀγωνίει τάχα Acharn. 481. SYN. Ἀμιλλᾶομαι, μάχομαι, ἀθλεῖμαι.

Ἀγώνισμα, ἄτδς, τδ, certamen, præmium cer- tamini: a contest, the prize of victory, anxiety. Λάσειν τ' ἀγώνισμ' ἀξίον Ran. 284. SYN. &c. see in Ἄγῶν.

Ἀγώνιός, ου, δ, ἡ, ad certamen pertinens: be- longing to a contest, applied to Jupiter and Mercury. Ζεὺς ἀγώνιος καλῶς Trach. 26.

Ἀγωνιστής, οὗ, ἀθλητά: a wrestler. "Ἡ πρῶν ἀγωνιστὰς Callim. Fr. 103. 5. SYN. Αντάγω- νιστής, ἀθλήτης, ἀμύντωρ.

Ἀδαμηδνία, as, ἡ, imperitia: unskilfulness, ignorance. Ἀδαμηδνίη σ' ἔχει ω. 243. SYN. Ἀμάθια, ἀπειρία, αἰδρεία.

Ἀδάμηων, ονος, δ, ἡ, imperitus: unskilful, ignorant. Ἀδάμηων οὐδέ Βύλαων p. 283. SYN. Ἀδάης, ἀμάθης, αἰδρίς, ἀπαιδευτός, ἀπειρός.

Ἀδαήτδς, ου, δ, ἡ, incognitus: unknown. Οὐκ

ἀδαῖτᾱ Hes. Theog. 654. SYN. Ἄγνωστος, ἄγνως, ἄγνωτος, ἀηλός.

Ἀδαίετος, ου, ό, ή, indivisus: undivided. Καὶ ἀδαίετον ωμοθέτῃσαι Apoll. 3. 1033. SYN. Ἄδαστος.

Ἄδαιτος, ου, ό, ή, non epulandus: that may not be eaten. Ἀνδρόν τιν' ἄδαιτον Ag. 147.

Ἀδάκρυς, υῖς, Ἀδάκρυτος, ου, ό, ή, lacrymarum expers: tearless. Olymp. 2. 120. Iliad, A. 415. See Ἀάκρυ. Ἀδάκρυτος is also used for πολυδάκρυ. Trach. 106. Antig. 881. See Valck. ad Theocr. Adon. p. 214. SYN. Ἄλυπος, ασκηθής, ασκέθης.

Ἀδάμαντινός, η, όν, adamantinus: adamantine. Ἀδάμαντινων δεσμῶν εν P. V. 6. SYN. Σκληρὸς, ισχυρὸς, σιδηρεὺς, χαλκένεος.

Ἀδάμαντοδέτης, η, όν, adamante compactus: bound with a chain of adamant. Ἀδάμαντοδέτοισι λύμαις P. V. 148.

Ἀδάμας, υῖος, ό, άδamas: adamant. Ευρύσειν τ' ἄδασαν Hes. Theog. 239. Ep. Ἀρρήκτος, ἀδάμαστος, οκρυβείς, στίσιβρος, σκληρὸς, μάρμαρος, στερεός.

Ἀδάματός, στός, ό, ή, indomitus, non domandus: untamed, untameable. Ἀδάματόν C. R. 1315., answered by ὑπόμεινεις. SYN. Ἀνίκητος, ἀαπτός, ἀνγαμπτός, ἀτεράμνος, ἀτεράμων, ἀπρυτός, ἀδυμής, ἀμικτός, ἀμάχως, ἀμυχανός, ἀμειλίχως, ἀμειλικτός, ἀπρῶμων.

Ἀδάπανως, sine sumptu: without expense, freely. Ἀδάπανως τέρεψαι φρένα Orest. 1174.

Ἄδαστος, ου, ό, ή, haud divisus: undivided. Λείας ἄδαστᾱ βουκόλων Aj. 54. SYN. Ἀδαίετος, ἀδαίετος.

Ἀδέης, ἀδείης, ἀδέης, εὖς, ό, ή, metu carens, audax: devoid of fear, daring. Μεμόνας κύν ἀδέεες Φ. 481. SYN. Ἀταρσής, ἀτρεστός, ἀπρῶμος, ἀτάρσητος, ἀδείμαντος, ἀκνός, αυθάδης.

Ἀδείμαντος, ου, ό, ή, intrepidus: intrepid. Isthm. 1. 13. SYN. see in Ἀδέης.

Ἀδειμάντως, impavide: fearlessly. Ὡς ἀδειμάντως κλέη Choeph. 769. SYN. Ἀδέως, ἀφθέως, ἀφύθως.

Ἄδειπνός, ου, ό, ή, incenatus: supperless. Acharn. 1155.

Ἀδελφός, ἀδελφείος, ἀδελφός, ου, ό, frater: a brother, near relation. Κατὰ θυμόν ἀδελφεόν B. 409. E. 21. Agam. 1589. SYN. Κάσις, κάσιγνητός, ὀμαιμὸς, αυτοκάσιγνητός, ὀμαιμων, κοινοτόκος, σύγγυνός, θυοπάτριος, θυοπάτωρ, θυομήτριος, αὐθαίμυς, θυογνίος. Ep. Εσθλός, φίλος, φίλαιμων, θυοκληρός.

Ἀδελφή, ής, Ἀδελφεά, ας, ή, soror: a sister. Πέλας δ' ἀδελφὰ τῶνδε P. V. 796. See also Eur. Electr. 134. SYN. Κάσιγνητή, κάσις, ξυνδός, ὀμαιμων, ξύγγυνός, γνωτή.

Ἀδελφίδη, ής, ή, neptis: a niece. Ἀδελφίδην ἀγροικὸς Nub. 47. SYN. Ἐκγόνης, νιωνή.

Ἀδελφός, όν, consentaneus: corresponding with. Καὶ νύν ἀδελφά τῶνδε Antig. 192. SYN. Ὅμοιός, ἴσος.

Ἀδερκός, ου, ό, ή, captus oculis, caecus: blind, dark. Τῶν σῶν ἀδερκταν C. C. 1200. SYN. Τύφλος, λίπανγής, τύφλώψ.

Ἀδερκτας, aversus oculis: with averted looks. C. C. 130.

Ἄδεσμός, ου, ό, ή, non ligatus: not chained. Δεσμὸν δ' ἀδεσμον Eur. Supp. 32. SYN. Ἀζυγός, ἀζυγέ.

Ἀδευκής, εὖς, ό, ή, amarus: bitter, grievous, unexpected. Ἐρών καὶ ἀδευκέᾱ πότμον κ. 245,

SYN. Ἀρδής, πικρός, χαλκίπος, ἔχεπευκής, πευκέ-δανός, ἀπροσδοκῆτος.

Ἀδέψητος, ου, ό, ή, non subactus a coriario: untanned. ΑΛΛ' ἐν ἀδέψητοισι Apoll. 3. 206. SYN. Ἀξέστος, αμῶς.

Ἄδεω, ήσω, ηκά, placeo: to please. Ὡς ὄφελεν δανάτος μοι ἄδεν Γ. 173. SYN. Ἀνδάνω, ευεργετέω, χαρίζομαι, ἀρέσκω.

Ἀδέως, impavide: fearlessly. See Ἀδειμάντως.

Ἀδηκτός, ου, ό, ή, non morsus: not bitten. Ἡμὸς ἀδηκτότατη Hes. Op. 418.

Ἀδήλητος, ου, ό, ή, illaesus: unhurt, entire. Αἰὲν ἀδήλητοι Apoll. 2. 711. SYN. Αελαῆς, αἰώνης. See Αελαῆς.

Ἀδηλός, ου, ό, ή, non manifestus: not evident, obscure. Ρεῖα δ' ἄριζήλιν μινυθεῖ Hes. Op. 6.

SYN. Ἀσάφης, ἀφανής, ἀδοξός, ἄγνωστος, αμαρῶς.

Ἀδηλῶ, ὥσω, ωκά, obscurum reddo; ignoro: to hide; to be ignorant of. Τῶν ἀδηλοῦμεν φράσαι C. C. 35. SYN. Ἀμαυρῶ, ἄγνῶξω.

Ἄδην, Ἀδην, Att. Ἄδην, satis, vehementer: enough, eagerly. Τρῶας ἄδην ἐλάσαι πυλέμοιο T. 423. SYN. Αφθύνως, ἱκάνως, ἅλῃς, αντάρκως, λίπαρως.

Ἀδηνής, εὖς, ό, ή, ignarus: inexperienced, ignorant of. Ευνής δ' ἄδηνής εστίν Simon. fr. 230. SYN. Ἀπειρός, ἀπρόννητος, ἀμάθης, ἀδόλως.

Ἀδηρίτος, ου, ό, ή, non contentiosus; invictus: not contentious; invincible. Ουδ' ἔτ' ἀδηρίτος ούτ' αλκῆς ούτέ φθβοιο P. 42. SYN. Ἀμάχως, ἀδάμαστος, ἀνίκητος.

Ἄιδης, ου, ό, Tartarus. See Ἄιδης. Ἰν' ἄιδης χωρὶς φέκται Hec. 2.

Ἀδηφάγῃ, ας, ή, voracitas: gluttony. Παύσατ' ἀδηφάγῃς Call. 3. 160. SYN. Ἀπληστία. Ep. Αινῇ, πανθοίνῃ, αζηχῇς.

Ἀδηφάγος, ου, ό, ή, gulosus, helluo: gluttonous, greedy. Τὴν ἀδηφάγον νόσον Phil. 313. SYN. Φαγός, οψοφάγος, μαργός, γαστρίμαργός, λίχνος, ἄσωτος, γλισχυρός.

Ἀδιαντὺν, ου, τὸ, herbæ nomen: maiden-hair. Χλῆρόν τ' ἀδιαντον Theoc. 13. 41.

Ἀδιαντός, ου, ό, ή, non madefactus, marcidus: not watered, dry, withered. Nem. 7. 107. See above. SYN. Ἀερόχως, ἀνύγρως, ἀνὰλῶς, αὖτος, ξηρός.

Ἀδιδακτός, ου, ό, ή, indoctus, indocilis: unlearned, unteachable. Διδάχην ἀδιδακτός ἀκούειν Phoc. 84. SYN. Ἀπειρός, ἀμάθης, ἀδάχημων, ἀπαίδευτος.

Ἀδικέω, ήσω, ηκά, injuriâ afficio: to injure. Εἴπερ γὰρ ἀδικεῖν χρή Phoen. 527. SYN. Αικίζω, αεικίζω, ὑβρίζω, ἐφύβρίζω, κάθυβρίζω, ατᾶω, ἀδικά ποιεῖν οἱ δρᾶν, βλάπτω, δηλεῖμαι, λωσᾶσθαι, σίνδουαι.

Ἀδικημα, ἄτος, τὸ, injusta actio: an unjust action. Τάδικήματ' eis θεοὺς Eur. Melan. fr. 3. 1.

Ἀδικία, ας, ή, injustitia: injustice. Τύραννις ἀδικίας μήτηρ Eur. fr. inc. 45. SYN. Ἀνομία, ἀθεσμία, ὑβρίς, κάκουργία, αἰσχός, τὰ παρὰ δίκην.

Ἀδικός, ου, ό, ή, injustus: unjust. Agam. 389. See above. SYN. Ἀνόμος, παρᾶνόμος, ὑβριστής, ἀνόσιος, ἀθέμιστος, ἀτάσθαλός, αἰσυλός, ἀσελγής.

Ἀδικως, injuriâ: wrongfully. Ἀδικως ἄρροισας Ἑλλάδ' Or. 640. SYN. Παρᾶνόμως, ἀδικᾶ, ἀθεμία.

Ἀδινός, η, όν, confertus: thick, close, frequent. Ἀδινὸν στόναχῇσαι ἐφείην Σ. 124. SYN. Σύχνως, ἀθρόος, πόλις, ὁλλῆς, ισχνός.

Ἄδιψος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non sitiens: not thirsty. Τέγχεας ἀδιψον νηδυν Cycl. 571.

Ἀδμής, ἡτὸς, Ἀδμητὸς, η, ὄν, non subactus: unsubdued. Ἀδμήτης λευκῆσιν Apoll. 1. 672. See also γ. 383. SYN. Ἀνανδρὸς, ἀπειρολῆχης, ἀδμάστος.

Ἀδμητὸς, ου, ὁ, Admetus, king of Thessaly, husband of Alcestis. Τοῖσιδ' Ἀδμητος κάκοις Alc. 200.

Ἀδόκητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inopinatus: unexpected, sudden. Iph. T. 896. SYN. Ἀπροσδοκῆτος, ἀελπτὸς, ἀπροφάτος, ἀσκόπος, πἀράδοξος, ἀπρόοπτος.

Ἀδοκίμους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non idoneus: unfit, disapproved. Πέπλαν λάκισματ' ἀδοκίμ' ολβίοις ἔχεν Troad. 505. SYN. Ἀεκής, ἀπὸελγτός.

Ἀδόκως, inopinanter: unexpectedly. Troad. 786. SYN. Αἰλπτος.

Ἀδολέσχης, Ἀδολεσχὸς, ου, nugator: a babler, chatterer. Τῶν ἀδολεσχῶν δευρὸ δευρ' ὦ Ξανθία Nub. 1485. SYN. Ἀάλς, στωμυλὸς, κωτὶλὸς, φλύαρος, ἀκριτόθυμος, ἀθύροστομὸς, σπερμιλόγος, ῥιτρίεψς.

Ἀδολεσχία, as, ἡ, intempestiva loquacitas: babbling, garrulity. Ἐμοῦ πἀρανῆσαντὸς ἀδολεσχία Nub. 1480. SYN. Ἀκαιρία, φλύαρία, στωμυλιά, λαλία, λαλημά.

Ἀδολὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, doli expers: without guile. Olymp. 7. 99. SYN. Ἀπλόδς, ἀληθής, ἐπιεύκης, ἀκραφής, ἀκίσδηλὸς, ἀκέραιος.

Ἀδολως, sincere: sincerely. Choëph. 953. SYN. Ἀληθῶς.

Ἀδοξέω, ἦσω, ηκά, inglorius sum: to be of no renown. Hec. 296. SYN. Ἀδοξὸς, ἀκλῆς εἰμὶ or γίγνμαι.

Ἀδοξία, as, ἡ, mala existimatio: disrepute. Εοτίν η τ' ἀδοξία Eur. fr. Erechth. 11. 16. SYN. Ἀκλειά, δύσκλειά, ἀτιμία, ἀφάνεια, κάκδοξία.

Ἄδός, εὖς, τὸ, satiety: satiety, weariness. Τάμνων δένδρεά μακρὰ ἄδος τέ μιν Δ. 88. SYN. Κόρος, πλήρωσις, πληρομένη, καμάτος.

Ἄδουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, servorum expers: devoid of servants. Androm. 594.

Ἀδράνεια, as, ἡ, imbecillitas: weakness, laziness. Ἀδράνῃ γῆρα τέ Apoll. 2. 200. SYN. Ασθενεία, ὀλιγόδράνεια, ῥαθυμία, ἀνακλία.

Ἀδράστεια, as, ἡ, Adrastia: the goddess Nemesis. Τὴν Ἀδράστειαν σφοί P. V. 934.

Ἄδρεπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non carpus: unplucked, that ought not to be plucked. Æsch. Suppl. 671.

Ἄδρηστος, ου, ὁ, Adrastus. Ἡρω' Ἀδρηστον Z. 63.

Ἀδρήνιος, η, ὄν, Adriaticus: belonging to the Adriatic. Τὰς Ἀδρήνιαν Hipp. 736. answered by τερμὸνὰ ναίων.

Ἄδρός, ἀ, ὄν, multus, vehemens, robustus: great, violent, strong. Ran. 1099. SYN. Μέγας, πῶλς, ἀδίνος, χἀλέπος, ευντράφης, πᾶχς.

Ἀδρόσυν, ης, ἡ, copia: plenty. Ὡδέ κέν ἀδρόσυν σταχὺς Hes. Op. 471. SYN. Ευπῶρία, ευθηρία, φῶρα, περίουσια.

Ἀδρότης, ἡτὸς, ἡ, robur, crassities: strength. Λίποισ' ἀδρότητα καὶ ἥσεν X. 363. SYN. Πάχτης, ισχύς, κράτος, μένος.

Ἀδύγλωστος, Dor. pro ἡδύγλωστος, q. v.

Ἀδυνάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui fieri nequit: impossible, impotent. Τὸ τολμᾶν τ' ἀδυνάτ' ἀνδρὸς οὐ σφοδρὸ Hel. 817. SYN. Ἀκράτης, ασθενής, ἀμήχανος, ἀδράνιος.

Ἀδύτον, ου, τὸ, sacrarium: the innermost recess of a temple. Μᾶλὰ πύονος ἐξ ἀδύτοιο E.

512. SYN. Ναὺς, εὖδος, ἀνακτόρον. Ep. Ευώδες, πῶν, ἱερὸν, θυώδες, μέσον, ἀγνόν.

Ἄδύτως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad quem non licet ingredi: not easily entered. Androm. 1036. See above. SYN. Ἀσάτως.

Ἄδω, potius Ἄω, ἄσω, ηκά, satio: to satiate, fill. Ἀσασθαι φίλων ἦτορ T. 307. SYN. Κῶρεω, πληρῶω, ἐμπλήθω, χορτάζω.

Ἄδω, placeo: to please. Αυτῷ δ' ὥς κεν ἄδῃ τὰς ἐσσεταί Apoll. 3. 350. SYN. Ἀνδάνω, εὐερεστοέω, ἀδέω, χαρίζομαι.

Αἰδω for αἰδών, cano: to sing. Ἡμεῖνος ἄδει Mosch. 3. 21. SYN. See in Αἰδῶ.

Ἀδωνία, ων, τὰ, festa Adonidis: a festival of Adonis. Pax 420. See below.

Ἀδωνιάσμος, οὔ, ὁ, celebratio sacrorum Adonidis: the celebration of the rites of Adonis; a lamentation for Adonis. Ὅτ' Ἀδωνιάσμος οὗτος οὐκί τῶν τέγων Lys. 390.

Ἄδωνις, ἰδὺς, ὁ, Adonis. Ῥόδπαχὺς Ἄδωνις Theoc. 15. 128. Ep. Γραῖος, ἱμερόεις, ἄσρος, ἀγάπητος, ἀγνός, ἀμειρότης, δύσπότης, νύμφις, ὀρειδρῶμος, τερπνός, τριφίλητος, κάλδος, πῶλῶνιμος, ἄσροκύμης, πῶθεινός, ἀγλαδόμορφος, βάθυχαίτης, πῶληράτης, δακρυότιμος.

Ἀδωρητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indonatus: not recompensed. Οὐδ' ἄδωρητος φίλων Hec. 42.

Ἄδωρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui munera non accipit; non accipiendus: not to be received; not worth receiving. Εχθρῶν ἄδωρὰ δῶρὰ Aj. 674. SYN. Ἀμισθός.

Ἀδότης, ου, ὁ, qui nihil dat: a stingy man. Ἐδωκέν ἀδότην Hes. Op. 353.

Ἀθλεύω, certo: to contest, to fight. Ἄλλῃ ἀθλουόμεν Ἀχαιοί Ψ. 274. SYN. Ἀθλεύω, ἀθλέω, ἀγωνίζομαι, ἀγωνιῶ, ἀμιλλᾶσθαι, δηριῶ, μαρνᾶσθαι, μάχουμαι, φιλονεικεῖν.

Ἀεθλητὴρ, ἦρος, Ἀεθλητής, οὔ, ὁ, luctator: a wrestler, one who contends. Κιθάρισται ἀεθλητῆρες Theoc. 22. 24. See also Isthm. 6. 106. SYN. Ἀθλητής, ἀγωνιστής, ἀθλητὴρ, πᾶλαιστος, παγκράτιαστος.

Ἀέθλιν, Ἀέθλιν, ου, τὸ, præmium certaminis: the prize of victory. Sometimes ἀέθλιν is used in the sense of ἀθλός. Θῆκεν ἀέθλιν Ψ. 748.

753. SYN. Ἀθλόν, ἐπαθλόν, βράβειον, γέρας. Ep. Κλυτὸν, ἀγάκλυτον, ἀριδείκετον, ἀγλᾶδον, Ἀρήϊον, ἀθανάτην.

Ἀεθλονικία, as, ἡ, victoria in certamine: victory in a contest. Pind. Nem. 3. 11.

Ἀεθλός, ου, ὁ, certamen: a contest, labour. Ἀταρῆς ἐπλέτ' ἀεθλος Apoll. 1. 1012. SYN.

Ἀγών, πῶνος, καμάτος, ἀμιλλά, ἀμιλλημά, πᾶλαισμα, κόνηα. Ep. Κάλος, ἀγώνιος, κυδῖμος, νικηφόρος, χἀλέπος, λῦγρος, βάρς, ἀταρῆς, κλυτός, εὐδοξός.

Ἀεθλόφορος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, victor in certamine: a conqueror, prize-fighter. Πρόσεειπέν ἀεθλόφορος Theoc. 22. 53.

Ἄει, semper: always. See Porson. Suppl. xvii. Καγὼ μὲν αἰε βασιλέων Med. 456. SYN. Αἰέν, εἰσαί, πάντοτε, διὰ παντός, πάντα χρόνον, διηνέκως.

Αieiγένης, ου; Αieiγένης, ὁ, ἡ, sempiternus: everlasting. Ἄλλος δ' ἄλλῃ ἐρεξε δέων αieiγένετάν B. 400. SYN. Αἰέν ἔων, αἰώνιος, ἀθάνατος.

Ἀειδέλς, Αἰδηλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inconspicuous: obscure, uncertain. Λάβεσκέν αἰδέλᾶ Hes. fr. 61. B. 455. SYN. Αἰδής, κριφαῖος, ἀδηλός, ἀρατός, ἀσάφης, ἀφάνης.

Ἀείδω, σω, Ἀείδωμαι, cano: to sing, chant. Μῆνιν ἀείδει Θέα A. 1. SYN. Ἀίδω, ὕμνέω, μέλπω, ἀνᾶμειπω, γηρύω, μελίζω, μολπάζω, λίγαίνω, λίγυρίζω.

Ἀεικία, as, ἡ. The same as αικία, which see. Ἀεικίης, εὖς, δ, ἡ; Ἀεικίλιος, α, ον, indecorus: disagreeable, unseemly, vile. Κῆκον καὶ ἄεικέα Apoll. 4. 739. E. 84. SYN. Ασχήμαν, ἀπρέπης, ἄκομμος, αισχυρὸς, ἀναξίος, ἀτιμὸς, ον πρέπων.

Ἀεικίω, ἴσω, ἱκά, contumeliā afficio: to insult. Διδὼν ἀεικίεν Ω. 22. SYN. Αἰκίζω, ὑβρίζω, καθυβρίζω, ἐφὑβρίζω, καταισχύνω.

Ἀειμνηστὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, semper memorandus: ever to be remembered. Τῷδ' ἐνθά βροτοῖς τὸν ἀειμνηστον Αἵ. 1166.

Ἀειρῦτος, Ἀειρῶς, δ, ἡ, semper fluens: ever flowing, perpetual. Εξ ἀειρῦτου χόας E. C. 469. SYN. Αἰνᾶς, αἰνᾶς, αἰνᾶς, αἰνᾶς ον αἰνᾶς.

Ἀείρω, ἀέρω, ηρικᾶ, Ἀερτάζω, tollō: to raise up, sustain, supply. Ἀπὸ χθονὸς ἄσπον ἀείρων Theoc. 25. 73. Apoll. 1. 995. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, βαστάζω, κουρίζω, αιωρῶ, ἀνέχω, ἐφαίρω.

Ἀεισμα, ἄτος, τό. See Ἀισμα.

Ἀείφρουρος, ου, δ, ἡ, semper custoditus: always watched. Οἰκισίς ἀείφρουρος οἱ πόρεύομαι Antig. 892.

Ἀεκάζωμαι, invitus sum: to be unwilling. Πόλλ' ἀεκαζομένη Z. 458. SYN. Ἀναγκάζομαι, βιάζομαι, ἀσουλῶ, εἰμὶ ἄκων, ἄκων, ον ακουσίως. Ἀέκτηι, invito: unwillingly. Θέων ἀέκτηι μολοῦσαι O. 720. SYN. Ακουσίως, ἀσούλως, πάρα γνώμην.

ἄκων, ουσᾶ, ὄν, invitus: unwilling. Ἐκὼν ἄκοντί γέ θυμῷ Δ. 43. SYN. Ἀκων, ακουσίως, ἀσουλός.

Ἀελῖος, ου, δ, Dor. pro ἡελῖος, ἡλιός, q. v. Or. 813.

Ἀελλᾶ, ης, ἡ, turbo: a storm, whirlwind. Λαμπρῶν ἀστρων ὕπ' ἀέλλαισιν Helen. 1497. SYN. Θυελλᾶ, δίνη, λαίλαψ, καταιγίς, ἡμᾶ. Ερ. Λύγρᾶ, τραχεῖα, δολὴ, οὐκυδρόμους, φοιτάλεα, ἀδευκής, χειμῆρια, ζαχρηής.

Ἀελλαῖος, α, ὄν; Ἀελλόπος, Ἀελλόποδης, ου, Ἀελλόπους, ποδός, δ, ἡ, velox tanquam procella: rapid as the whirlwind. E. C. 1081. E. 409. Hom. Ven. 218. See above. SYN. Οὐκυδρόμους, οὐκίποδης, ποδὴνέμους, τᾶχυς, οξὺς, τᾶχύπους, θόος, ἀνέμωκός, ἀελλᾶς.

Ἀελλῆς, εὖς; Ἀελλᾶς, ἄδός, δ, ἡ, procellosus: stormy. Ὠρνυτ' ἀελλῆς Γ. 13. E. R. 467.

Ἀελλῶ, ὄδς, οὖς, ἡ, Aello: the name of a Harpy. Ἀρπυῖας Ἀελλῶ τ' Οὐκίπετην τε Hes. Th. 267.

Ἀελπῆς, εὖς; Ἀελπτὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, insperatus: unhoped-for, unexpected. Γαῖαν ἀελπεῖα δόκεν e. 408. Iph. A. 1584. SYN. Ἀνελπιστός, ἀδόκητος, ἀνελπίς.

Ἀελπτία, as, ἡ, desperatio: despair. Εξ ἀελπτίης φόβος Archil. fr. 13. 3. SYN. Ἀπῥία, ἀμυχήνια.

Ἀελπτὸς. See Ἀελπῆς.

Ἀελπτως, insperanter: unexpectedly. Πολλὰ δ' ἀελπτως κραινουσὶ θεοί. Med. 1413.

Ἀέλπω, vel pot. Ἀελπτῶ, despero: to despair. Πρὸτ' ἄστυ ἀελποντες σόδον H. 310. SYN. Ἀνελπίω, ἄθυμῶ, ἀνᾶπτοα.

Ἀεμμά, τὸς, τό, chorda quā tenditur arcus; vestimentum: a bow-string; a robe. Εὐκαμπῆς Ἀεμμά Call. in Dian. 10. SYN. Τόξον, εσθῆς, ἐσθημᾶ.

Ἀενᾶς, Ἀένᾶς, i. q. αἰενᾶς, q. v.

Ἀεῖγυιός, ου, δ, ἡ, membra roborans: strengthening the limbs. Pind. Nem. 4. 118. See below, and Γυῖον.

Ἀέζω, ἀέζωσθαι, ηέξηκα, augeo: to augment. Θέος δ' ἐπὶ ἐργὸν ἀέξει ξ. 65. SYN. Αυξᾶναι, ἐπαίρω, ἀθροίζω, κατὰσσεύω, συνάγω, νέω, ἐπαύξω.

Ἀεργηλός, ἡ, ὄν, iners: inactive, which has not been yoked. Ὅ δ' ἀεργηλὴν ἐπὶ πόρτιν Apoll. 4. 1186. SYN. Ἀεργός, ῥάθυμὸς, ἀπράγμων, κένος, ἀεργής, σχῶλαῖος, βλακεῖων.

Ἀεργία, as, ἡ, desidia: idleness. Ὀνειδὸς ἀεργίᾳ δὲ τ' ονειδῖος Hes. Op. 309. SYN. Ἀεργεία, ἀργία, ῥαθυμία, ἄδρανία.

Ἀεργίος, ου, δ, ἡ, deses: idle. Κάθ' ἂν ὅμῳς τ' ἀεργὸς ἀνὴρ I. 320. SYN. see in Ἀεργηλός.

Ἀερέω, sublevo: to uphold, suspend. Παγχυρσέοι ἡρέθηοντο B. 448. SYN. Ἀνέχω, αἰείρω, αιωρῶ.

Ἀερίος, ου, δ, ἡ, aërius, caliginosus: airy, aerial, dark. Εἴτ' αἰρίους διέροους γαμψούς οἰανούς ἀερὸνχηίς Nub. 337. SYN. Αερίτιος, ηλίστιος, ἀερὸνχηίς, σκότεινός, ἀερὸνχῆς, ἀερόειδης, ἀερόφουτος.

Ἀερόδᾶτέω, per aërem incedo: to walk through the air. Ἀερόδᾶτῶ καὶ περὶφρόνῳ Nub. 225.

Ἀερόνηχης, εὖς, qui per aëra natat: swimming through the air. See in Αερίος.

Ἀερίπυτος, ὄδός, δ, ἡ, pedes erigens: swift, active. Βάντες ἀερίπυτον Σ. 532. SYN. Ἀελλᾶς, ἀελλόπους, πόδικης, ἀνέμωκῆς.

Ἀερτάζω, i. q. αἰείρω, q. v.

Ἀεσιφρόσυνη, ης, ἡ, stultitia: folly, levity. Δῆγε πᾶτῃρ ἀεσιφρόσυνησιν Hes. Th. 502. SYN. Ἀσουλία, ἀφροσύνη, φαυλότης.

Ἀεσιφρων, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, stultus: foolish, rash. Ὅχων ἀεσιφρόνι θυμῷ φ. 302.

Ἀζάλεος, ἐν, ἔδν, aridus: dry, withered. Φιτροὺς ἀζάλες στῶρεσαν Apoll. 1. 405. SYN. Ἀνᾶλεός, πινώδης, αὖτος, ξηρός.

Ἀζή, ης, ἡ, squalor: filth, rust. Πέπалаγμῆν ἄζη χ. 184.

Ἀζῶμαι. See in Ἀζω, sicco.

Ἀζηλός, ου, δ, ἡ, non invidendus: not to be envied or desired. Φουρὰν ἀζηλὸν ὀχῆσθαι P. V. 143. SYN. Κᾰκὸδαίμων, ἀθλιός, αἰκίης.

Ἀζήμιος, ου, δ, ἡ, impunitus: unpunished, free. Χῶ φράσας ἀζήμιος Soph. El. 1102. SYN. Ἀτιμώρητος, ἀτίτος, ἀνεκδίκητος, ἀελλᾶς.

Ἀζηχῆς, indesinenter: incessantly. Ἀζηχῆς φάγμεν καὶ πιῶμεν σ. 3. SYN. Νωλεμέως, αἰ.

Ἀζηχῆς, εὖς, δ, ἡ, non intermissus: perpetual. Ἀζηχῆς ὀρύμαγδός P. 742. SYN. Ἀζάλεός, δεινός.

Ἀζυῖς, ὕγος, δ, ἡ, qui non sub jugo est, innupta: unyoked, unmarried. Οὐκ ἀζυγὰ κώραν Theoc. 27. 7. SYN. Ἀγάμιος, ἀνιμένας, ἀνυμφός.

Ἀζω, sicco; Ἀζῶμαι, Ἀζᾶμαι, aresco: to dry up, to be dry. Καὶ γούνατ' αἰερίος ἀζει Hes. Op. 585. Hom. Ven. 271. SYN. Ξηραίνω.

Ἀζω, Ἀζῶμαι, veneror: to venerate. Τὰς Πάφίης χολὸν ἀζέω Theoc. 27. 4. SYN. Ξεβῶμαι, αἰδέομαι, δερᾶπένω, σέβω, λατρεύω.

Ἀζωστός, ου, δ, ἡ, discinctus: without a girdle. Γεῖτονές ἀζωστοὶ ἐκίον Hes. Op. 345. SYN. Ἀζωνός, ἀζωτός.

Ἀζδονίος, ου, δ, ἡ, lugubris: mournful, like the song of the nightingale. Ran. 683. See below.

Ἀζδονίς, ἰδός, ἡ, lusciniola: a young nightin-

gale. Ξουθαὶ ἀηδόνιδες Theoc. Ep. 4. 11. Ep. Αἰδολόφωνος, λιγυῖα, λιγυφώνος, πάνδουρτος, δακρύεσσα, παιδολέτωρ, οξύφωνος, μελίγηρς, εὐαρίνη, ὀρθρὸς, λάλως, χλωρῆς. PHR. Στυπάντων αἰοδιδάτη πέτηνών. Πανδιδόνος κάμυδρος κούρη. See Aristoph. Av. 209.

Ἀηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, luscinia: a nightingale. Χλωρῆς ἀηδών τ. 518. PHR. Ἦρς ἀγγέλως, ἰμερόφωνος, κικηλάτος, ἡ Τηρεία οἰκτρὰ ἀλδχός, ἀκρόρετος βόας, Ἴτυν στένουσι ἀμφιβάλλῃ κακοῖς.

Ἀηθέσσα, ἔσω, ἡκᾶ, insuetus sum: to be unaccustomed. Χεῖρες γὰρ ἀηθέσαν Apoll. 4. 1171. SYN. Ἀηθεῶ, ἀήθης εἰμί.

Ἀήθης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, insolitus: unaccustomed. Æsch. Sup. 563.

Ἀηθία, et forma antiquior, Ἀήθειά, as, ἡ, insueta novitas: strangeness. Ὑψηλός εἰς ἀηθίαν Hel. 425. Apoll. 2. 1065.

Ἄημα, ἄτος, τὸ, flatus: breath, breeze. Τὸδὲ γὰρ θεῶν ἄμα Anac. 53. 4. SYN. Ἄνεμος, πνεῦμα, πνὸς, πνὸς, φύσημα, ἀελλᾶ. Ep. Ἦσυχόν, ἀλίκτυπον, μελιχίον, ἀμειλίχον, βαρύπνεϊον, λιγυπνεϊόν, κελᾶδούν, ηἹρῖον, πικρὸν, εχθρὸν, δῶδον, δυνόφρον, βροτύλοισιν, χεμερίον.

Ἄημαί, ἥσω, ἡκᾶ, Ἄημαί, flo, spiro: to blow, breathe. Δὶ αἶγᾶ ἀπὸ τᾶν τριχᾶ Hes. Op. 514. SYN. Πνεῶ, φυσῶμαι, ἄω.

Ἀηρ, ἔρως, (1) ὁ, aër: the air; (2) ἡ, caligo: darkness. (1) Χυτὸ θεσφάτος ἀηρ e. 143. SYN. (1) Αἰθέρ, αἰθρη. (2) ἀχλὺς, ὄρυγη, δυνόφος, ζόφος, ὁμίχλη, σκότος. Ep. (1) Ἀπειρεσίως, ἀννέφελος, ἀπρυγέτος, ἀμετρητός, διὸς, κυανέος, νηδυμῖνος, ἱερὸς, πάλως, ἥσιχός, δεσπείσις, λεπτάλως; (2) Βαθεῖα, θεσφάτος, κυανέη, γλαυκῇ, δῖα.

Ἄησις, ἔως, ἡ, flatus: wind, gale. Ψυχρὰν ἄσιν διύιον Rhes. 417.

Ἀήσυλος, ἡ, ὄν, molestus: troublesome, unjust. Αἰεὶ ἀήσυλὰ ἐργά E. 876. SYN. Αἰσύλος, ἀδίκος, ἀμαρτωλός, κακός, ἀτακτός.

Ἀήσυρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, levis, sublimis: light, lofty. Ακρότατοισιν ἀήσυρος Apoll. 2. 1103. SYN. Κούφρος, ἐλαφρός, λεπτός, κενός, ἄκοσμος.

Ἀήτης, ου, ὁ; Ἀήτη, ἡς, ἡ, flatus: gale. Κᾶτᾶ δῆσας ἀήτας Call. H. Dian. 230. SYN. Ἀήσις, ἄημα, q. v.

Ἀθάνα, as, ἡ, Minerva. Ὡ φθέγμ᾽ Ἀθάνας Aj. 14. SYN. et Ep. see Ἀθηνά.

Ἀθάνατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immortalis: immortal. Οἱ ἀθάνατοι, the immortal gods. Πᾶρ τ᾽ ἀθάνατοι καὶ πᾶρ ὀνητοῖς Iph. T. 1493. SYN. Ἀνάλεθρος, ἀγήρατος, αἰδῖος, ἀμερτός, ἀγήραντος.

Ἀθαπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insepultus: unburied. Helen. 1221.

Ἀθάρα, Ἀολ. Ἀθήρα, as, ἡ, farina cocta: liquid food, pap. Κᾶγᾶ τὸτ᾽ ἡδη τῆς ἀθάρης πολλὰν ἐφλων Plut. 694.

Ἀθεῖ, sine Diis: without the favour of the gods. Οὐκ ἀθεῖ γὰρ ταῦτᾶ Mosch. 2. 148. SYN. Ἀθεῶς.

Ἀθεμίς, ἰδός, ἴτος, ὁ, ἡ, illicitus: unlawful. Pyth. 4. 193.

Ἀθεμιστός, Ἀθεμιστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fas omne negligens: contrary to law, outlawed. Αφρήτωρ ἀθεμιστός I. 63. σ. 140. SYN. Ἀδίκος, ἀνοσίς, ἀσεβής, ἐνάγης.

Ἀθεός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui Deum esse negat: without God, impious. Pyth. 4. 288. SYN. Θεοβλάτης, ἀνοσίς, ἀσεβής, ἀσεπτός, ἀτάσθαλός, δυσσεβής, ἀλιτήριος.

Ἀθερίζω, ἴσω, ἰκᾶ, velut spicas degeneres re-

jicio, nihili habeo: to disdain, reject. Οἷγ᾽ ἀθερίζον A. 261. SYN. Ἀτίζω, περίφρονέω, ἀφροντίζω, ἀθετέω, ἀπιπέμπομαι, ἀπωθεῶ, ὑπερφρονέω, ἀμείλω, ἀτμάζω, ἀκηδέω, ἐξαμέλω, ἀφροντιστέω, ἐλιγαιρέω.

Ἀθέρμαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non calefactus: not heated. Choeph. 627.

Ἄθεσμος, ου, Ἀθέσμιός, ὁ, ἡ, illicitus: unlawful. Phoc. 178. Nonn. Jo. 228.

Ἀθέσφατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, haud dicendus, ingens; rarius, nefandus: not to be expressed, very great; abominable. Μᾶλᾶ μακρῇ ἀθέσφατος λ. 372. SYN. Ἀρρήτος, ἀπάτος, ἀμύθητός, μέγας, ἀπλῆτος, παμμεγέθης, πέλαριός.

Ἀθέτως, inconstanter; improbe: inconstantly, irresolutely; dishonestly. P. V. 156. See Blomf. SYN. Ἀνόμως, παρὰ νόμους.

Ἄθεως, scelerate; impiously. Soph. El. 1181. SYN. Ἀσεβῶς, ἀνοσίως, δυσσεβῶς.

Ἄθηλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui lac non sugit: that hath not sucked. Simon. fr. 146.

Ἀθηνά, ἄς; Ἀθήνη, ἡς; Ἀθηναία, as; Ἀθηναίη, ἡς, Minerva, Pallas. Ἥλαθ᾽ δ᾽ Ἀθήνη A. 194. Ep. Ἀπρυτάνη, Αργεῖη, ἀλακόμενης, αἰδοῖη, ἀγέλειη, ἀγαυή, ἀγνήτωρ, ἀκαμάτος, ἀδμαστός, ἀγάμος, Ατῖς, ἀμήτωρ, ἀνιμφεντός, βαρύκτυπος, Γοργώπις, γλαυκῇ, γλαυκώπις, δεινῇ, δαίφρων, Διογένης, δόλομητις, Παλλάς, εὐπλοκάμω, ἐρυσίπτολις, ἠνικόμω, δουρὶς, μέγαθυμὸς, μένχαρμος, καλλιδοφρός, ξανθῇ, ὀδριμπατρη, ὀδριμῇ, πτόνιᾳ, πολύμητις, πτόλιπορδός, περίφρων, πόλιούχος, σάκεοςπάλος, Τριτώνης, Τριτόγενεῖα, τομῆεσσα, φολιμέβροτος, μονογένης, σεμνῇ, Ουκαλίη. PHR. Δῖος τέκος, θύγατηρ, κούρη, διὰ θεῶν, παῖς ἀμήτωρ, διὰ μάκαιρᾶ θεᾶ.

Ἀθηναι, ὄν; Ἀθήνη, ἡς, ἡ, (see Od. η. 80. with schol.) Athenæ: Athens. Alc. 464. See below. SYN. Αρχαῖα, εὐάνυμοι, εὐπυργοι, ζᾶθεαι, δεδόμετοι, καλλιχόροι, ἰσοστέφανοι, κάλα, μέγαι, κλειναί, κρῖναί, δεδόμεναι, ἀπόροτης. PHR. Εὐπίπος χώρα, Ἑλλάδος εὐχός, Ἀθηνᾶς εὐκτιμένον πτόλιεθρον, Κερκρόπιδον ἀστὶ παλαιγενέων, γὰ Θησιῖς, Ἑλλανίας φανέρωτάτης ἀστήρ Hipp. 1122. Κερκρόπια χθών.

Ἀθηναῖοι, ων, οἱ, Athenienses: the Athenians. Κούροι Ἀθηναίων B. 551. SYN. Κερκρόπιδαι, ἔρεχθεῖδαι, ταχύθουοι, ὀλῆιοι. PHR. Μνήστορες αὐτῆς, Θεῶν παῖδες μάκαιροι, δουρίκλυτοὶ ἄνδρες.

Ἀθηρηλοῖος, ου, ὁ, ventilabrum: a fan for winnowing corn. Φήη ἀθηρηλοῖον ἔχειν Ψ. 275. SYN. Πτύον, λίχυμός.

Ἄθικτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intactus, non tangendus: untouched, not to be touched. Æ. R. 891. SYN. Ἀαπτός, ἀφανστός, ἀκήρατος, ἀκείριος, ἱερός.

Ἀθλέω, Αθλεύω, certo: to contend. Πόλισσάμεν ἀθλήσαντε H. 454. SYN. Ἀεθλεύω, κούπιαζω, ἀγωνίζομαι, ἀμιλλάομαι, ἀμφοιστήτω.

Ἀθλητήρ, ἥρως, Αθλητής, οὗ, ὁ, certator, athleta: a combatant, wrestler. Ἀνέκχηρτεν τῶν ἀθλητῶν τοὺς νικῶντας στεφάνωσας Plut. 585. SYN. Ἀεθλητής, ἀγωνιστής, ἀμιλλητήρ.

Ἀθλίος, α, ὄν, ærumnosus: wretched. See Αθλίως. SYN. Τάλας, δυστυχῆς, κακὸδαίμων, ἀπύτμος, τλήμων, ἀτυχής, δυστηνός, δειλαῖος, μελέος, τάλαιπωρὸς, σχετλίος, οὐζύρος, ἀνολεῖος.

Αθλίως, misere: wretchedly. Τὴν ἀθλία σπένυσσάν ἀθλια ὁδόν Ion 1226.

Ἀθλόν, ab Ἀέθλῶν, ου, τὸ, certaminis præmium: prize of victory. Τὸ δευτέρον ἄθλον ἀποισῇ Theoc. 1. 3.

Ἀθλός, ου, ὁ, certamen: a combat, labour,

affliction. Ουδ' ἐστίν ἀθλου τέρμα P. V. 265. SYN. Ἄεθλος, ἄγων, κόπος, ἀέθλιον.

Ἀθλόφθορος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, victor certaminis: the victor. Πηγοὺς ἀθλόφθορος I. 266. SYN. Ἄεθλόφθορος, νικηφόρος, καλλινίκος.

Ἀθλόωτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non turbatus: not disturbed, clear, limpid. "Ἦ τ' ἀθλωτος Hes. Op. 593. SYN. Δίαυγής.

Ἀθρόρως, sine tumultu: calmly, quietly. Στείχ' ὡς ἀθρόρως οὐπῶν Orest. 622. SYN. Ἠσύχως, ευκήλως.

Ἄθραυστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infractus: unbroken, unhurt. 'Εστὰς ἄθραυστος Phoen. 1095. SYN. Ἀρρήκτος, ἀρράγης, ἀρώξ.

Ἀθρεῶ, ἴσω, ηκά, cerno: to see, discern, look. Τόνδ' ἀλλ' ἄθρησον σῶμα Hec. 673. SYN. Βλέπω, ὄρω, δερκόμαι, λείσσω, ὀπταίμαι, θεᾶμαι.

Ἀθροίσω, καί, congreco: to assemble. Πολλήν ἀθροίσας ἀσπίδ' Phoen. 78. SYN. Ἀγείρω, συλλέγω, συνάγω, ἐπαγείρω, ξινάλλω, συνάθροισω.

Ἄθροισίς, ἔως, ἡ, conventus: a meeting of the people. Στράτον τ' ἄθροισις Hec. 318. SYN. Οἰαδός, συνόδος, πᾶνῆγυρίς.

Ἀθρόος, α, ὄν, confertus: crowded, thick. Κίον ἀθρόοι ἀχνυτοί δέ σφιν Ξ. 38. SYN. Ἀολλής, αἰνός, ὀμηγέρης, συνέχης, θαμνός.

Ἀθυμέω, ἴσω, ηκά, animo sum dejecto: to be dejected. Πέσων ἀθυμεῖς P. V. 483. SYN. Ἄλυο, δυσθυμέω, βάρυθυμέω, λειπυδράνέω, ἀνιάμαι, λυπέω.

Ἀθυμία, ας, ἡ, animi dejectio: dejection. Τήνδ' ἔχεις ἀθυμίαν Ant. 237. Rarely, the penult is long, as Τυρταεύς. I. 10. SYN. Ἀθυμῶνία, ἀθία, ἀελπτία, λύπη, ἀνία.

Ἄθυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui dejecto est animo: dejected, spiritless. Ουχ ὡς ἀθυμὸν οὐδέ Sept. Theb. 616. SYN. Δυσθυμὸς, κᾶτηφής, σκυθρωπός, αλγεινός, περίλυπος.

Ἀθυμία, ἄτος, τὸ, ludus, crepundia: a game or sport, children's playthings. 'Οστ' ἐπεὶ οὖν ποιήσῃ ἀθύρματα O. 363. SYN. Παίγνιά, παιγνία, ἐψία, παίγμια. Ερ. Ἀπολλωνίων, ἐρατεινόν, ἀφρόδιον, κάλιν, τερπνόν.

Ἀθύρογλωσσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, procacem linguam habens: babbling. Ἄνῃ τις ἀθύρογλωσσός ισχύαν θράσει Or. 893. SYN. Ἀδύλεσχος, ἀθύροστόμος, ἁλός, σπερμόλογός, στωμύλος.

Ἀθύρω, ρᾶν, καί, ludō: to play as children out of doors. Πῶσιν καὶ χερσὶν ἀθύρων O. 364. SYN. Ορχεῖσθαι, παίζω, εμπαίζω.

Ἄθυτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sacrifici expers: without sacrifice. Hipp. 147. See Βούθυτος.

Ἀθῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pœnæ immunis: exempt from punishment or harm. Nub. 1413. SYN. Ἀζημιός, ἀβλάξης, ἀνατίτος, αἰτίτος, νήποινος.

Ἀθῶπεντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, blanditiis haud delinendus vel delinitus: not to be won by flattery, uncourtuous. Andr. 460. SYN. Ἀκόλακευτός, ἀθελκτός, ἀμειλίχος, ἀμειλικτός.

Ἄθως, Ἀθῶς, ω, δ, Ἀθος: a mountain in Macedonia. 'Η Ἀθῶ ἢ Ῥόδοπα Theoc. 7. 77.

Αἶα, ας, ἡ, terra: the earth, a country. Κάτ' ἔχεν φυσιοζῶς αἶα Γ. 244. SYN. Γῆ, γαῖα, χθών, πέδον. Ερ. Ἀσπετός, βάρυχθων, εὐστάχως, ἐριβόλας, ἐράτη, ξένη, πᾶτρις, εὐθετός, πόλυλῆιός, πόλυδιφίος, ἡρία, κελαινῇ, πλείρᾳ, τηρχεῖᾳ, ποιητρήφορος, πόλυτροπος.

Αἰαγμῶ, ἄτος, τὸ, luctus: lamentation. Phoen. 1535. See below. SYN. Γῶος, θρήνός, ὄδυρος, κλαυμός, κωκυτός, κώκυμᾶ, οἰκτός, οἰκτιρμός, πένθος, ὀλδοφυροίς, ὀλδογμός, κλαῖμᾶ.

Αἰάζω, ξω, ἄχᾶ, lamentor: to lament. Δαίμυν αἰάζειν πάρα Med. 1344. SYN. Οἰμάζω, ὀδύρμαι, θρηνέω, κλάω, δάκρυα, ἐλελίζω, ὀλδοφύρμαι, κἀτολδοφύρμαι, ἀνάκωκύω, κωκύω, ωρύδμαι.

Αἰακίδαι, ὦν, οἱ, Æacidæ: the descendants of Æacus. Τοῖσι δ' ἐπ' Αἰακίδα μετέκλειθον Apoll. I. 90.

Αἰάκός, ου, ὁ, Æacus: son of Jupiter and first king of Ægina. Ζεὺς δ' Αἰάκον αὐτὸς ἐτίκτειν Apoll. 3. 364. Ερ. Αἰολόμητις, θράσους, φυσικόζος, ἀπτότης, ἀσθηρικός, κενυτάτος, ἐπιχθονίος, βλάστημᾶ Διός.

Αἰακτός, ἡ, ὄν, defendus: lamentable. Αἰακτός ες δόμος κίε Pers. 841. SYN. Θρηνητεὺς, πόλυκλαυστός.

Αἰάνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ; Αἰάνος, ἡ, ὄν, gravis: heavy, baneful, dark. 'Ημεῖς γὰρ ἐσμέν νυκτός αἰανῆς τέκνα Eum. 416. SYN. Βλαβερὸς, ατηρὸς, δεινός, ορφναῖος, δυνόφερὸς.

Αἶας, αὐτός, ὁ, Ajax (1) son of Oïleus, (2) son of Telamon, &c. Ὀϊλῆος τᾶχος Αἶας Ψ. 473. Ερ. (1) Ὀϊλιάδης, μέγαλῃτωρ, δορικόλυτος, καρτέρουμος, χάλκεός. (2) Τελαμωνιάδης, ἀντιθέος, ἀρήϊος, ἄμμιων, δυσώνυμος, δαίφρων, πέλωρίς, θράσους, καρτέρουμος, τρικόρουθος, φαίδιμος, ὑπέρβιος, δεινός, ἀπάρεθτός, κλεινός, κυδάλιμος, σάκεσφορός, βῶν ἁγᾶθός.

Αἰγαῖος, ου, ὁ, Ægeus: Ægean. Αἰ μέν τ' Αἰγαίου πότιμάτ' Apoll. 4. 1149.

Αἰγαῖον, ὠνός, ὁ, Ægeon: one of the Titans. Ἄνδρες δὲ τὲ πάντες Αἰγαῖον' A. 404.

Αἰγανᾶ, ας, ἡ, jaculum, tragula: a javelin, dart. 'Οσση δ' αἰγανῆς ῖπιτή Π. 589. SYN. Αγκυλή, ἄκων, ἄκόντιον, βέλός, δούρ, αἰκμή, ξυστόν. Ερ. Δολιχόσκιος, θῶα, κωπήεσσα, νεόθηγῆς.

Αἰγδην, impetuose: violently, suddenly. Αἰγδην μέσσας δὲ Apoll. 2. 828.

Αἰγεῖος, εἴη, εἶον; Αἰγῆος, ἔα, ἔον, caprinus: belonging to a goat. Στέρφῃσιν αἰγεῖοις Apoll. 4. 1348.

Αἰγεῖρος, ου, ἡ, populus nigra, alnus: a poplar, an alder. 'Ἐς δὲ τίς αἰγεῖρος Call. H. Cer. 38. Ερ. Λεῖη, μάκρῃ, ταναῇ.

Αἰγιάλειᾶ, ας, ἡ, Ægiale: wife of Diomed. Μῇ δὴν Αἰγιάλειᾳ περίφρων E. 412.

Αἰγιάλος, οὐ, ὁ, litus: the sea shore. Αἰγιάλῳ μέγαλῳ B. 210. SYN. Ὀλιν, ακτή, ἡῶν. Ερ. Ευρύς, ἀπρυγέτος, δυσήνεμος, πόλυλῆχης, ἡμᾶθεις, αγκυιάλος, κοίλος, εὐομός, πόλιος.

Αἰγιάλλος, ου, ὁ, parus: a titmouse. Av. 881. The I short, as below.

Αἰγίλις, ἴπος, ὁ, ἡ, præaltus: very lofty. "Ἡ τὲ κατ' αἰγίλιος πέτρης I. 15. SYN. Ηλῖεᾶτος, ὕψηλός, νημέσις, πρόσληξ, περίμηκῆς.

Αἰγινᾶ, ας, ἰον. ἡς, ἡ, Ægina: the name of an island formerly called Ænone. Αἰγίνης ακτήσιν ἐπέσχεθῶν Apoll. 4. 1767. Ερ. Δικαιοπόλις, Δωρίς, Εὐανδρός, φίλομολπος, Αἰακίδαν εὐπυργὸν εἶδος.

Αἰγίον, ου, τὸ, Ægium: a town in Achaia, where Jupiter was said to have been fed by a goat. Ηδ' Αἰγίον ἀμφένεοντο B. 574.

Αἰγιοχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ægida gestans: ægis-bearing, who bears a shield covered with a goat's skin; an epithet of Jupiter. Αἰγιοχόῳ Διὸς E. 115.

Αἰγίς, ἰδός, ἡ, ægis; procella: an ægis, or shield covered with a goat's skin; a hurricane. Αἰγίῳ ἀνέσχεεν χ. 297. Choëph. 585. Ερ. Αμφιδάσειᾶ, ἐρίτιμος, ἀγῆράδος, ἀθανάτη, ἀρρηκτός,

δυσσάνδεσσα, δεινή, σμερδνή, παμφάνωσα, δασυ-
μαλλός, θούρις, χρυσεία, ἀριτρεπής, ἐρεμνή.

Αἰγισθός, ου, ὁ, Ægisthus: the paramour of
Clytemnestra. Orest. 1156. EP. Θυεστιάδης,
δδλῖος, δδλῖμητις, ἀναλκίς, κουλῆχης.

Αἶγλη, ης, ἡ, fulgor: brightness. ζ. 45. SYN.
Αυγή, ἀμάρυγη, λαμπρότης, στίλβη, σέλās. EP.
Ἀμειρότος, ἀνέφελός, γαιήοχος, βλοσυρά, Δῖος-
δότος, φάειν, παμφάης, τηλεσκοπός, μαμάρεια,
ζάθεα, δεδοσιντός, πωλυδαίδαλός, νεόφραγγής, ζε-
δαρός, φουσίδος, φλοφόρος, φάσιμιερύτος, λευκή,
σεληναία, λάμπουσα.

Αἶγληεις, ἥεσά, ἦεν, splendidus: shining,
bright. Apoll. 4. 614. SYN. Ἀγλαός, λαμπρός,
αστράπτων.

Αἰγυπῖος, οὔ, ὁ, vulture: a vulture. Μεγάν
αἰγυπῖον δ' ὑπὸδεύσαντες Aj. 169. SYN. see Γύψ.
EP. Γαμψώνυξ, ἀγκυλόχευλος. See γ. 302.

Αἰγυπτιάζω, Ægyptium ago: to act knavishly
like the Egyptians. Ηιγυπτιάζ'ετ' αλλ' Thes. 922.
SYN. Πάνουργεω.

Αἰγυπτίος, α, ὄν, Ægyptius: Egyptian; Αἰγυ-
πτιοί, ων, the inhabitants of Egypt. Αἰγυπτίου
Ινωπίο Call. H. Dian. 171. EP. of Αἰγυπτίοι:
— δεινοί, ἀριτρεπέων γένος ἀνδρῶν.

Αἰγυπτός, ου, ἡ, Ægyptus: Egypt. Χθαμάλᾳ
Αἰγυπτος Theoc. 17. 79. EP. Βαρεῖα, ἡερίη,
εὐσεῖος, ευλείμων, πόλυπυρός, πυρόφορός, σκό-
τδεσσα, λιπαρή, μέγανη, αἶε στάχυεσσί βρυουσα,
ἐπακτία χέρσος.

Αἰδέομαι, Αἰδομαι, revereor: to reverence.
Αἰδεῖμαι Τρώας X. 105. SYN. Ἀζω, ἄζομαι, ἀγά-
ζομαι, γέραίρω, ευλάδεμαι, δεράπειω, πρεσβέω,
σεβίζω, σεβάζομαι, σεβῶμαι, σεπτῶς ἔχω, δι' αἰδοῦς
et διὰ τιμῆς ἔχω et ἄνω.

Αἰδῆλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, obscurus, exilis: obscure,
destructive. Παῖδ' αἰδῆλον E. 880. SYN. Ἀδη-
λός, ἀφανής, ἀλεθρίος, στυνρός.

Αἰδης, ου, ὁ; Ἄϊς, ἰδός; Αἰδωνεύς, Pluto.
Τλῆ δ' Αἰδης ἐν τοῖσι E. 395. Π. 625. Hes.
Th. 913. EP. Ἀμειδίτης, ἀκρίτος, μέλαγχαιτης,
πάλαιγνης, ἰθιμός, κλιτόπαλός, πίκρος, παν-
δαμῶν, νηλῆς, νεκροδέγμων, Ζεὺς καταχθονίος,
ἐνέροισιν ἄνδρων, ἀναξ ἐνέρων, Ζεὺς τῶν κέκμη-
κῶν.

Αἰδης, Αἰδης, ου, ὁ, Orcus, inferi: the place
of the dead, the shades. Αἰδῶν ὡν Αἰδης χωρὶς
Hec. 2. SYN. Ἐρέσος, ζφός, μέλανειχίης δόμος
Περσεφόνης. EP. Ἀχλὺδες, πόλυδᾶκρυτός, ἐν-
νυχός, λυσιμέλης, στῦγερός, κρυέρός, δακρυοῖς,
πόλυκλαυτός, λυγρός, ἀπεικτός, βδελύρος, ἀπο-
τρίπτως, μελάνυχρος.

Αἰδνός, ἡ, ὄν, obscurus: dark. Ἐν βήσσησιν
αἰδνῆς Hes. Theog. 860. SYN. Σκότεινός, σκό-
τιός, δυοφέρως, ἀφάνης.

Αἰδοῖος, α, ὄν, venerabilis: venerable. Αἰδοῖος
μὲν τ' εὐσί € 447. SYN. Ἀπὸςλεπτός, εὐσεπτός,
σεμνός, ἐνδοξός, δεδσεπτός.

Αἰδοφρων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, verecundus: modest,
bashful. Ὅστις αἰδοφρων Alcest. 663. SYN.
Αἰδοῖος, ευλάδης.

Αἰδρεία, Αἰδρία, Αἰδρία, ας, ἡ, imperitia: igno-
rance, imprudence. Ὅστις αἰδρεία πέλᾳσιν μ.
41. SYN. Ἀμάθια, ἄγνωσία, ἀπειρία.

Αἰδρίος, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, imperitus: ignorant, unskil-
ful. Χωρὶ αἰδρίος ἐάν κ. 282. SYN. Ἀπειρός,
ἀμάθης, ἄγνωμων, ἀδᾶμων.

Αἰδρόδικος, ου, ὁ; Αἰδρόδικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, justitiæ
nescius, sævus: ignorant of justice, cruel. Θῆ-
ρας αἰδρόδικους Nenn. 1. 96.

Αἰδωνεύς, Pluto. See Αἰδης.

Αἰδώς, ὄς, οὖς, ἡ, pudor: modesty, shame.

γ. 24. SYN. Αἰσχύνη, ἀγνευμά, ἄγνεια. EP.
Ἀκηράτος, γαμήλιος, παρθενική, ἐράτη, τίμως,
σάφρων, πένθιμος. See Apoll. 3. 648.

Αἰγιγένης. See Αἰγιγένης.

Αἰέλουρος, (quod minus Atticum) Αἰλουρός,
ου, ὁ, felis: a cat. Αἰελοῦρος πυκτίδας Acharn.
879.

Αἰετός, Att. Αετός, οὔ, ὁ, aquila: an eagle.
Ὅστ' αἰετός ὑπὲπτής X. 308. EP. Ἀλκήεις,
γαμψώνυξ, ἀγκυλόχευλος, ωκίπετής, δάφνοιος,
πτέροεις, εὐπτερός, πέρφοιτος, ἡερόδινης, Δῖος
αἰσῖος ὄρνις, οὐδ' ἐκέκληγας, αρχὸς οἰωνῶν.

Αἰζήος, οὔ, ὁ, juvenis: young, youthful; a
youth. Ὅντ' αἰζήος ἀφῆκεν Ψ. 432. SYN. Νέα-
νίσκος, ἀκρηξός, ἡθεός, κοῖρος, νέανίας. EP.
Θαλέρος, ἀρηθῖδος, εὐσθένης, ἀκμάζων, Διотреφής,
ανθρῶς, ισχυρός, ἄγνηωρ.

Αἰήτης, ου, ὁ, Æetes: king of Colchis, and
father of Medea. Ὀλόφορνος Αἰήταο κ. 137.
EP. Ἀπηνής, μέγολόφρων, ὑπέρθυμος, ὀλός,
νῖος φάσιμιερύτου ἡελίοιο.

Αἰήτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, i. q. Ἀητός, vento obnoxius:
exposed to the wind; tempestuous like the wind.
Πέλωρ αἰήτων ἀνέστη Σ. 410. SYN. Αἰθων, πύρ-
ῳδης.

Αἰθάλων, ὠνος, ὁ, calor, amans: fond of
warmth, or of the colour of ashes. Ὀρδομνίσιν
αιθαλίαντες Theoc. 7. 131.

Αἰθάλεις, εσσα, ἐν, ardens: burning, sooty.
Αἰθαλῶν πῆσσι B. 415. SYN. Αἰθοψ, αἰθων,
ἐμπύρος, διαπύρος, ψόλδεις, αιθός.

Αἰθάλός, ου, ὁ, fuligo: soot. Hec. 905. See
above. SYN. Αἰθάλη, λιγνός, ψόλδος, ἰπνία.

Αἰθαλός, ὦ, ὠσας, ωκά, fuligine inquo: to
blacken, as with soot; to burn. Μή σ' αιθαλώση
Eur. Electr. 1140. SYN. Αἰταιθαλώω, αἰθω,
φλέγω, καίω.

Αἰθερίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Αἰθερίος, ἰα, ἰδων, æthereus:
ethereal. Οὐ γὰρ δγ' αἰθερίοι Apoll. 2. 1258.
SYN. Αερίος.

Αἰθερόδρμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, per æthera currens:
passing through the air. Av. 1394. See Ἰππο-
δρόμια.

Αἰθήρ, ἑρός, ὁ, ἡ, “æther, ær purus, in quem
nullæ ascendunt nubes; nam αἴη est inferior ær,
nubilis obnoxius.” Damm. in v.: ether, the sky.
Θ. 552. SYN. Αἴηρ, αιθρία, Ζεὺς, πῦρ. EP. Ἀτρυ-
γέτος, αστερωπός, αστροχίτων, ἀφθιτός, ἀσάτος,
αἰδός, εὐδῖος, ἡσυχός, τηλεφάνης, ἡλιβάτος,
ποικιλός, τανᾶς, ψυχρά, αιγλήεις, ἡνέμος, ἀπεί-
ριτός, ἀσπέριος, πανδαμῶν, σέλαφορός, αστε-
ρόφραγγής, ὕγρος, ἀννέφελός. PHER. Δῖος οἰκήσις,
μέγανῶνιμος πάτηρ, σφός ἀρμόνιας πάτηρ.

Αἰθοψ, ὄπός, ὁ; Αἰθῖπός, ἰδός, ἡ, (plur. Ion.
Αἰθῖπῆς, ων, οἱ.) Æthiops: an Ethiopian.
Αλλ' ὁ μὲν Αἰθῖπας α. 22. EP. Ἀμύμονες,
ἐσπέραιο, πύματοι, κυνέοι, μελάνοχρσοι, ἐγχε-
σίμαροι, κέλαιοι, μελάνες. PHER. Ἐσχατοὶ
ἀνδρῶν, οἱ μὲν δυσόμενον Ὑπέρῖονός, οἱ δ' ἀνι-
όντός.

Αἰθός, ἡ, ὄν, niger, in cinerem redactus: re-
duced to ashes, burnt. Thesm. 246.

Αἰθός, ἐός, τὸ, æstus: heat. Apoll. 3. 1304.
SYN. Πῦρ, φλόξ, καυμά, θάλλπος.

Αἰθοψ, ὄπός, ὁ, ἡ, rutilus, ardens: burning,
hot, bright, black. E. 341. SYN. Μέλαι, κελαινό-
φανής, πυρρός, θερμός, αἰθων, λαμπρός, κυνέος,
ορφανός.

Αἰθουσα, ης, ἡ, porticus: a portico. O. 324.
SYN. Στάδ, αἰ πάρασταδές.

Αίθρα, as, Ion. Αίθρη, ης, ἡ, suda tempestas : a serene air or sky, fair weather. P. 646.

Αίθρη, ης, ἡ, Æthra: the attendant of Helen; also the name of a city. Γ. 144.

Αἰθρηγὲνέτης, ου, Αἰθρηγενής, ἐός, ὁ, in æthere natus, frigus vel pruina inducens : bred in the air, causing cold and hoarfrost. ε. 296. O. 171.

Αἰθρία, as, ἡ, sudum : fair weather, serenity. Εὐταυθὰ πρὸς τὴν αἰθρίαν Plut. 1129. SYN. Εὐδία, νηνεμία, γαλήνη. Ερ. Κἄλλη, ἀννέφελος, νήνεμος.

Αἰθριόκοιτέω, sub dio cubo : to sleep in the open air. 'Ρέον αἰθριόκοιτέιν Theoc. 8. 78.

Αἰθριός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, serenus, frigidus : serene, cold. Ζεφύρος μεγὰς αἰθριός Hom. App. 433. SYN. Εὐδιός, πρόσῃλιός, ψυχρός.

Αἰθρός, ου, ὁ, frigus matutinum, pruina : cold, hoarfrost. ξ. 318. SYN. Στίβη, πάγος, πῦχνη, παγέτος, πηγᾶς, πηγυλῖς.

Αἰθυία, as, ἡ, mergus, fulica : a coot, sea-fowl. Αἰθυίη εκυία ε. 353.

Αἶθω, σω, κᾶ, cremo, splendo : to burn, to shine. Theoc. 2. 24. SYN. Καίω, φλέγω, πῖμ-πρημί, αἰθίσσω, ἀνᾶκαίω, αἶω, αἰθᾶλδω, δαίω, δαίωμα, πύρομαι, πρήθυμαι.

Αἶθων, ὠός, ὁ, ardens : burning, fiery red. σ. 371. SYN. Αἶθοψ, ἐμπύρος, περὶκάης, αἰθᾶλδεις, ψᾶλδεις.

Αἰκάλλω, ἄλῶ, λκᾶ, blandior, blandiendo decipio : to fawn, flatter. ΑΛΛ' ὥσπερ αἰκάλλει τί καρδίαν ἐμὴν Arist. Thesm. 869. SYN. Κᾶλᾶ-κέω, σαίνω, θωπεύω, θώπτω.

Αἰ κέ, Dor. pro εἰ κέ, si forte : if perchance. Αἰ κέ θᾶνς Δ. 170. SYN. Ἐάν, εἰ πέρ, ἦν, εἰ πως, ὅπως, ἀντὲρ, ἐάντῆρ, ἦντῆρ.

Αἰκελῖος. See Αἰκής. Theogn. 1344.

Αἰκή, ἡς, ἡ, motus violentus quivis, impetus : any violent motion, impetuosity. Τόξων αἰκᾶς ἀμφὶς μὲνόν O. 709. SYN. Αἰθυγμᾶ, βία, ἐπιφόρα.

Αἰκής, the same as αἰεκής, which see. P. V. 476.

Αἰκία, Αἰεκία, as, ἡ, verberatio, injuria : beating, injury, insult. Δέρχθηθ' οἷαις αἰκίαισιν P. V. 93. SYN. Αἰεκία, πληγή, ὑβρίς. See Blomf. P. V. 93.

Αἰκίζω, ἴσω, κᾶ, contumeliā vel verberibus afficio : to ill-treat, beat. Πικρὰς αἰκίζεται P. V. 195. SYN. Τύπτω, παίω, μαστίγω, μαστιγῶ, δαίνω, ἱμάσσω, καθυβρίζω, κολάζω.

Αἰκισμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, plaga, damnum : a blow, wound, scandalous treatment. P. V. 1025. SYN. Αἰκία, πληγή, κολᾶσις, ὑβρίς.

Αἰκῶς for Αἰεκῶς, misere, turpe : wretchedly, basely. 'Ελέκσουσ' αἰκῶς τὸν δὲ κτερίοισιν X. 336.

Αἰλινός, ου, ὁ, proprie, carmen quo deploratur Linus : carmen quodvis lugubre : a mournful song, dirge. Αἰλινὸν αἰλινὸν ἀρχὰν θᾶνᾶτου Orest. 1392.

Αἰλουρός, ου, ὁ, felis : a cat. See Αἰελουός, the more Attic form.

Αἰμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, sanguis : blood. E. 113. SYN. Βρότός, ἰχώρ, λυθρόν. Ερ. Ἀγαθόν, αστῆγές, ἀγαθόν, βλδσῦρόν, Διοτρεφές, ἐμφυλῖον, μέλαν, πορφύρεόν, ἱερόν, πᾶχῦ, λευγαλέον, νήχυτόν, δερμῶν, χλωρόν, κυνᾶνδόν, κέλαινδόν, κελαινεφές, εὐγενές, ευκλεές. ΡΗΡ. Φόνια δροσὺς, ρασμὸς μελᾶναυγής, κροκιδεφής, στῆγών.

Αἰμακούρια, ὦν, αἰ, parentalia, inferiæ : funeral rites, sacrifices performed for the dead. Νῦν δ' ἐν αἰμακούριαις Pind. Ol. 1. 146. SYN. Κτέ-

ρίσματᾶ, ἐνᾶγίσματᾶ, τὰ νεκροῖς νενόμισμένᾶ, τὰ κτερέᾶ.

Αἱμᾶς, ἀδός, ἡ, vena : a blood-vessel. Soph. Phil. 697. SYN. Αἱμάτις φλέψ.

Αἱμάσιᾶ, ᾶς, ἡ, sepes : a hedge, properly, of thorns. Ἐφ' αἱμάσιαισί φύλασσει Theoc. 1. 47. SYN. Φραγμός, φράγμα, ἐρκὺς, ὀρκᾶνῃ.

Αἱμάσσω, ξω, κᾶ, cruento : to stain with blood. Theoc. Ep. 1. 5. SYN. Αἱμάτω.

Αἱμάτηρὸς, ᾶ, ὢν; Αἱματῶεις, εἰσᾶ, ἐν, sanguineus : bloody, cruel. Ἐλυσᾶν αἱματηρόν Soph. El. 755. SYN. Αἱματῶεις, αἱμων, αἱματώδης, αἱμάτοσταγής, καθαυμακτός, μίαιφόνος, αἱμᾶε-φής.

Αἱματολοιχός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, sanguinem lambens : licking blood. Agam. 1481.

Αἱματόπατης, ου, ὁ; Αἱματορρόφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguinem bibens : drinking blood. Eq. 198. Eumen. 193.

Αἱματόρρῦτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguine fluens : streaming with blood. 'Ράνισιν αἱματορρότοις Iph. A. 1515.

Αἱματοσταγής, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, sanguine stillans : dropping with blood. Σκοπέλως αἱματοσταγής Ran. 471.

Αἱματοσφάγης, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, jugulatus : cruelly murdered. Πελᾶνὺς αἱματοσφάγης Pers. 821.

Αἱματῶ, ὠσω, κωᾶ, Αἱματῶμαι, sanguine inquo : to stain with blood. Σφάξ(αἱμάτων Androm. 250. SYN. Καθαμάσσω, αἱμάσσω, φοι-νίσσω.

Αἱματωός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguineum vultum habens : having a sanguinary aspect. Τὰς αἱματω-ποὺς καὶ Orest. 250.

Αἱμᾶεφής, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, sanguine tinctus : stained with blood. Aj. 219. See Βᾶφή.

Αἱμῶνές, ὦν, οἶ, Hæmones : a name of the Thessalians. Nem. 4. 91.

Αἱμόρράγης, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, sanguinem stillans : streaming with blood. Αἱμορράγης φλέψ Philoct. 825.

Αἱμόρραντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguine conspersus : sprinkled with blood. Αἱμόρραντοι θύοισι πλήρεις Ale. 131. SYN. Αἱματῶεις, αἱματηρός, αἱμο-σταγής, αἱματοσταγής, αἱμᾶεφύκτος.

Αἱμός, ου, ὁ, Hæmus : a mountain in Thrace. Theoc. 7. 76. Ερ. Θρηῖξ, Θρηϊκῖος, χιδνώδης, δυσχείμων, ἀνέμωδης, ὑπνενεμῖος.

Αἱμυλῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Αἱμυλός, η, ὢν, sanguinem commovens, blandus, blanditiis decipiens : courteous, crafty. Πρόσεννέπεν αἱμυλίοισιν Apoll. 3. 51. Rhes. 705. SYN. Μελίχῶς, μελιχῖος, ἡπίος, εὐχάρις, δελκτηρίος, σταμυλός, καλλιῆπης.

Αἱμων, ὄνός, (1) peritus, (2) cruentus : (1) skilful, (2) bloody. (Also Αἱμων, Hæmon. Δ. 296.) E. 49. SYN. Δᾶήμων, ἐπιστήμων, εὐ εἰδώς, αἱμυλῖος.

Αἰνᾶρετης, ου, ὁ, virtutem cum aliorum malo habens : awful in virtue. Αἰνᾶρετή τί σεῦ ἄλλος ὀνήσεται Π. 31.

Αἰνεάς, Αἰνέας, ου, ὁ, Æneas : the son of Anchises and Venus. E. 297. Ερ. Αγχισιάδης, ἀμύμων, δαῖφρων, μεγάθυμος, ἐρικυδής, ὁ τῆς θεοῦ, Τρώων βουληφόρος, κρατῆροφρων, εὖς, κρατῆρὸς παῖς Αγχισιάδ, μήστωρ φόσος, δῶδς πόλεμιστής, φίλος αἰνᾶτοιοῖ θεοῖσι.

Αἰνέω, ἔσω, ἡνέκᾶ, laudo, assentior, suadeo : to praise, approve, recommend. Orest. 492. SYN. Ἐπαίνεω. See Αἰνίζομαι.

Αἰνιγμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ; Αἰνιγμός, οὔ, ὁ, ænigma : an enigma, riddle. Οὐκ ἐμπλέκων αἰνιγμάτων P. V.

611. Ran. 61. ΠΗΡ. Λοξὸν ἔπος. See EP. &c. in Χρησμός.

Αινιματώδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ænigmaticus: enigmatical. Αινιματώδες τοῦτος Æsch. Supp. 460.

Αινίζομαι, ἰσθμαι, μαι, laudo: to praise, admire. S. 487. SYN. Αἰνιμί, αἰνῶ, ἐπαινῶ, κληίζω, ευφημέω, ἐπευφημέω, κλέω, κλείω, παιανίζω.

Αινικτήρ, ἦρὸς, ὁ, qui ænigmatico sermone utitur: one who speaks enigmatically. Soph. fr. inc. 49.

Αινικτηρίως, ænigmatice: obscurely. P. V. 948.

Αινικτός, ἡ, ὄν, ænigmaticus: enigmatical, perplexed. CE. R. 439.

Αινισθῆναι, Αινιττοῦναι, ἰξῶναι, ἡνιγμαι, obscure loquor: to speak obscurely, to attack covertly. Arist. Eq. 196.

Αινωγμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infelici matrimonio junctus: unhappily married. Hel. 1119. See below, and Γάμος.

Αινωγνεῖς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, terribiles malas habens: having tremendous jaws. Θηρίων αινωγνεῖον Call. 4. 92.

Αινωρυντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perditæ delicatus: extremely effeminate, a great fop. Μῆσὺν αινωρυντε Theoc. 15. 27.

Αινωλαμπής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, terribiliter lucens: shining awfully. Agam. 390.

Αινωλέων, οντός, ὁ, sævus leo: a fierce lion. Theoc. 25. 168.

Αινωμόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infelix: unhappy. H. in Merc. 257.

Αινωπάρις, ἰδὸς, ὁ, infelix Paris: wretched Paris. Hes. 938. See Δυσπάρις.

Αινωπάτηρ, ἔρος, ὁ, parens infelix: unhappy father. Choëph. 314.

Αἶνός, ου, ὁ, narratio, assensio, laus: a story, approbation, praise. Ψ. 795. SYN. Αἰνέσις, ἐπαινός, εγκωμῖον, ευφημία, λῶγος. EP. Ἀμύμων, ἀγακλῆς, αἰδιμῖος, ευκελάδος, λίγυρός, χάριεις.

Αἶνός, ἡ, ὄν, gravis: heavy, unfortunate, terrible. H. 215. SYN. Βῆρὺς, δεινός, χαλέπυς, βίαιος, σφοδρὸς, θλιπτός.

Αἰνῶναι, capio: to take, to take away. Εκ δ' αἰνῶτὸ θυμόν Δ. 531. SYN. Αἰρέω, ἀφαιρέω, ἀπαίνυμαι, λαμβάνω, δέχομαι.

Αἰνῶς, misere, valde: grievously, very much. E. 352. SYN. Αθλίως, χαλέπῶς, λίαν, ἄγαν, μέγῳ.

Αἶξ, αἰκός, ἡ, impetus: force, violence. Ἀγέμων αἰκὸς ἐρύξειν Apoll. 4. 820.

Αἶξ, αἰγός, ὁ, ἡ, caper, capra: a goat. I. 207. SYN. Τράγος, χίμαρος, χίμαιρα, αἰγιδίον. EP. Ἀγροτέρος, ἄγριος, δασυθριξ, διδυμαστόκος, ἱξάδης, ευτρέφης, πίων, κερὰν, λευκά, τάνυθριξ, πόλυγαλκτός.

Αἰδλία, as, ἡ, Æolia: Αἰδλίην δ' ες νησὶν κ. 1.

Αἰόλλω, αἰλῶ, ἥολκᾶ, varie verso, agito: to vary, turn, agitate. Αἰόλλει μάλᾳ δ' ὦκα v. 27. SYN. Αἰδλάω, παρᾱλλάττω, δαιδᾱλῶ, ποικίλλω.

Αἰδωρόντας, Dor. της, ου, ὁ, qui velocia fulmina agit: an epithet of Jove. Pind. Ol. 9. 64. See below.

Αἰδωθώρηξ, ηκός, ὁ, ἡ, vario thorace indutus: armed with a beautifully variegated breast-plate. Μένεσθιός αἰδωθώρηξ Π. 173.

Αἰδωλήτης, ου, ὁ; Αἰδωλήτης, ὁ, ἡ, astutus: crafty. Σισφός αἰδωλήτης Hes. Fr. 28. 4. SYN. Αἰδωλόουλός, δολίος, δολιόφρων, πόλυτροπός, πᾶνουργός.

Αἰδωλήτης, ου, ὁ, variam mitram habens: having a turban of various colours. Ὁρεσβίων αἰδωλήτην E. 707.

Αἰδωπάλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene equitans: having swift or spotted horses, riding well. Φρύγας αἰδωπάλους H. to Ven. 138.

Αἰδῶλος, ου, ὁ, Æolus: the god of the winds. Αἰδῶλος Ἰππυτῶδης κ. 2. EP. Ἀθελγής, δεινός, μέγᾱλῆτωρ, φιλόγεινός. ΠΗΡ. Τάμης οἱ κοίρων ἄνεμον, ἄνεμοις αἰθρηγένεσσιν ἄνδρῶν.

Αἰδῶλος, ἡ, ὄν, varius, velox: various, variegated, spotted, swift. Σφήκες μῆσὺν αἰδῶλοι M. 167. SYN. Αλλοῖος, ποικίλος, δαιδᾱλῆς, βάλιός, παμποικίλος, πᾶναἰδῶλος, στικτός, κατᾱστικτός, δῶδός, τάχως.

Αἰδωστόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vario ore loquens, ambiguus: ambiguous. Ἀναγγέλλοντες αἰδωστόμους P. V. 661. SYN. Ποικιλόγηρὺς, ποικιλόμυθος, ποικίλος.

Αἰπεινός, ἡ, ὄν, excelsus: high. Καὶ αἰπεινῇ Κάλυδῶνι N. 217. SYN. Ὑψηλός, αἰπὺς, αἰψής, αἰπός.

Αἰπόλεω, ῶ, ἡσω, ηκά, inter capras versor: to be a goat-herd. Αἰπόλεοντὰ διδάξει Theoc. 8. 85. SYN. Αἰγίζω.

Αἰπόλιον, ου, τὸ, grex caprarum: a herd of goats. A. 678. SYN. Τράγισκον ἄγελα.

Αἰπόλος, ου, ὁ, caprarius: a goat-herd. p. 247. SYN. Αἰπόλος ἀνήρ, αἰγᾶς ἄγων.

Αἰπός, ἡ, ὄν, altus, profundus: deep, high. γ. 130. See Αἰπὺς.

Αἰπός, ἔος, τὸ, altitudo, summus mons: height, the top of a mountain. Theoc. 7. 148. SYN. Ὑψός, ἄκρα, κύρῳφῃ.

Αἰπυμήτης, ου, ὁ, consilia alta capiens: who possesses high thoughts, proud. Θεμίδος αἰπυμήτᾱ παῖ P. V. 18.

Αἰπὺς, εἶῶ, ὕ, altus: high. Αἰπὺ τέ τείχος Z. 326. SYN. Αἰπός, ὕψηλός, ηλῖσᾱπός, ὕψηρέφης, ηνέμους.

Αἰπύτος, ου, ὁ, Æpytus: a king of Arcadia. Οὐδ' ἐλαθ' Αἰπύτῳ ἐν παντὶ χρόνῳ Pind. Ol. 6. 59.

Αἰρέσις, ἔως, ἡ, optio: choice, option. P. V. 777. SYN. Εκλογῇ, πρᾱἰρέσις, δέλημα, ευχή.

Αἰρέτος, ἡ, ὄν, potior: better, eligible. Eq. 84. SYN. Ἐκκρίτος, ἐπῆραστός, ευκταῖος, ευκτός, ἐπευκτός.

Αἰρέω, ἡσω, ηκά, εἰλὼν, capio, convinco, occido: to take, convict, vanquish, kill. A. 89. SYN. Αἰνῶναι, λαμβάνω, αἰρέῖναι, εξαἰρέῖναι, λάτῳμαι, ἄλίσκω, κατᾱκρίνω, κράτῶ, αἶρω, κατᾱβάλλω, ἀναίρεω.

Ἄῖρος, a play upon the name of Irus in the Odyssey. σ. 72. Wretched Irus. Ἥ τὰχᾱ Ἴρος αἰρός.

Αἶρω, ἄρῶ, ἡρκα, tollo: to lift up, extol, carry away. Hec. 951. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, ἀναίρω, ἀνᾱφέρω, αἰρέω, φέρω, κινῶ.

Ἄῖς, ἰδός, ὁ, orcus: hell, the place of the dead, Pluto. Ψυχὴν δ' Ἄῖδι κλυτὸςπῶλω Π. 625. EP. see Ἄῖδης.

Αἰσᾱ, ης, ἡ, fatum: fate. Αἰσᾱ φίλων ἀπὸ ε. 113. SYN. Μοῖρᾱ, ἀνάγκη, εἰμαρμένη, μῦρος, πέπρωμένη, κῆρ, τύχη. EP. Κάκη, αργᾱλεῦ, λῦγρᾱ, ἀτάσθαλός, ἀναγκαῖᾱ, ἀμελίχρος, πόλυστονός, κράτῆρ, δᾱνάτηφῶρός, πόλυτροπός, ἀσχετός, δολή, στῦγέρῃ.

Αἰσαρὸς, ου, ὁ, Æsarus, hodie Necete: a river flowing through Crotona; likewise one in Sicily. Ἐπ' Αἰσαρόδι νόμῳ Theoc. 4. 17.

Αἰσηπός, ου, ὁ, Æsepus: the name of a river in Lycia. M. 21. ΕΡ. Βαθύρροδος.

Αἰσθάνομαι, αισθόσθαι, ἡσθημαι, sentio: to be sensible of, perceive, hear, understand. CE. C. 301. SYN. Νόεω, γινώσκω, μαυθάνω, ὑποδέχομαι, φράζομαι, αἶω.

Αἰσθημά, ἄτος, τὸ, ipse sentiendi actus: sensation, feeling. Iph. A. 1243.

Αἰσθησις, ἔως, ἡ, sensus: sense, feeling, sensation. Eur. Electr. 292. SYN. Νῆσις, συνῆσις, ἐννοῖα.

Αἰσθω, expiro: to exhale. Αὐτὰρ ὁ θυμὸν αἰσθεῖ T. 403. SYN. Αἶω, ἀκούω, ἀποπνέω, εκπνέω, ἀποψύχω, εκλείπω.

Αἰσιμός, ὄν, fatalis; decens, vid. Damm.: fatal; becoming. Αἰσιμόν ἡμᾶρ Ἀχαιῶν Θ. 72. SYN. Μοιραῖος, μοιριδῖος, εἰμαρμένος, πέπρωμένος, ἐναίσχυος, ἐπιεικής.

Αἰσιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, faustus: auspicious. Αἰσιὸν οἶος Ω. 375. SYN. Εὐσημός, εὐτύχης, δεξιός, δικάσιος, ἀγαθός.

Αἰσσω, αἰσσω, αἶξω, ἥιχᾶ, ruo: to rush, rush out. Κάθ' ἵππων αἰσσονται T. 401. Thus the first syllable is long in Homer, but in the tragedians it is short. See Iph. A. 12. It is generally used as a dissyllable by the Attic Poets. See R. P. Hec. 31. SYN. Ἐπειγόμεναι, ἐπαῖσσω, ἐφορμάω, σπεύδωμαι.

Αἰστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, evanidus; non conscius: whose fate is unknown; unconscious. 'Ωιχέρ' αἰστός ἀπυστός α. 242. SYN. Ἀφανής, ἀγνωστός, ἀδοξός.

Αἰστόω, ὥσω, κωᾶ, evanidum reddo: to obliterate. 'Ὡς ἐμ' αἰστώσειαν υ. 79. SYN. Διᾷστώω, ἀφανίζω, διαφθείρω.

Αἰστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, imperitus: unskilful, ignorant. Καὶ μάχης αἰστωρὸς Androm. 682. SYN. Ἀδῆμων, ἀμῆθης, ἀγνώμων.

Αἰσυήτης, ου, ὁ, Æsyetes: the father of Alcaethous. 'Ενθ' Αἰσυήταδ' Αἰστροφέος N. 497.

Αἰσυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Αἰσυλός, η, ὄν, flagitiosus: flagitious. Καὶ αἰσυλὰ ῥέζοι β. 232. SYN. Ἀδίκος, παρὰ νόμος.

Αἰσύμη, ης, ἡ; Ἄεσμα: the name of a city in Thrace. Τὸν β' εἰς Αἰσύμηθην Θ. 304.

Αἰσυμνάω, ἡσω, ηκᾶ, suum cuique tribuo; regno: to assign his own to every one; to govern. Med. 19. SYN. Ἀρχω, βασιλεύω, ἀνάσσω, κοιράνω.

Αἰσυμνήτης, ου, ὁ, certaminis curator, rex: an umpire, king. Theoc. 25. 48. SYN. Ἀγωνάρχης, βράβευτής, πᾶρεδρος, βασίλειος, ἀναξ.

Αἰσυμνός, ου, ὁ, Ἄεσμνός: the name of a Grecian leader. A. 303.

Αἰσχίνης, ου, ὁ, Æschines: an Athenian orator, rival of Demosthenes. Μετὰ τοῦτον Αἰσχίνης ὁ Σέλλου δέξεται Arist. Vesp. 1245. ΕΡ. Κεκροπίδης, νύχμηνος ἀνθεῶ Πειθοῦς.

Αἰσχός, ἔως, τὸ, probrum: shame, disgrace. Apoll. 3. 797. SYN. Αἰσχύνη, ἀτιμία, ἀπρέπεια, ὀνειδός, ὕβρις.

Αἰσχροκέρδεια, as, ἡ, turpe lucrum: avarice. Antig. 1056.

Αἰσχρορήτης, ἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, turpia consilia affrens: suggesting wicked counsel. Agam. 215.

Αἰσχροποιός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, turpia perpetrans: acting basely, base, shameful, dishonourable. 'Ερρ' αἰσχροποιέ Med. 1343.

Αἰσχρός, ἂ, ὄν, turpis: base. Phoen. 1027. SYN. Ασχήμων, δυνειδής, μῆαρος, μύσαρος, ἀτιμὸς, ἀναιδής, ἀσεμνός, ἀναίσχυντος.

Αἰσχροργία, as, ἡ, improbitas: villany. Μαινάδων αἰσχροργίαν Bacch. 1060. SYN. Κάκουργος, πονηρία, κακία, μοχθηρία.

Αἰσχροάς, turpiter: basely. Philoct. 1234.

Αἰσχυλός, ου, ὁ, Æschylus. Ἐγὼ γὰρ Αἰσχύλον νύμίζω πρῶτον ἐν ποιήταις Nub. 1366. ΕΡ. Ἀγροποιός, αὐθαδόστομος, ἐριβρέμετης, σφός, φρενὸτέκτων, κομπόφακέλορρήμων, ἀπερίλαλητος. ΡΗΗ. Ἐχων ἀχάλινον, ἀκράτης, ἀπύλωτον στόμα.

Αἰσχυτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, foeda perpetrans: he who commits a foul crime. Choeph. 988.

Αἰσχύνομαι, me pudet, revereor: to be ashamed, to respect. Ἐγὼ δ' αἰσχύνομαι ἔμψης σ. 12. SYN. Αἰδέομαι, εντρέπομαι, ἐμπαύδομαι, ἄζδομαι.

Αἰσχύνω, ὕνω, υγκᾶ, pudefacio; pudorem injicio: to make ashamed; to disgrace. Οὐδ' αὖν αἰσχύνεις πόλιν CE. C. 929. SYN. Κάταισχύνω, καθύβριζω, λυμαινόμεναι, αἰτιμάζω.

Αἰσών, ὄνος, ὁ, Æson: the father of Jason. Apoll. 1. 253.

Αἰσωπός, ου, ὁ, Æsopus: Æsop. Pax 129.

Αἰτέω, ἡσω, ηκᾶ, peto: to ask, demand. CE. R. 216. SYN. Ἀπαιτέω, ἐπαιτέω, παραιτέομαι, δέωμαι, παρὰ καλέω, ἐρωτᾶω, αξίζω, ἐρόμαι, λιπαρέω.

Αἰτής, ου, ὁ, petitor, amasius: a suitor, lover. Σπέργερτέ δ' ὕμεις αἰταί γὰρ θεός Theoc. 23. 63.

Αἰτία, as, ἡ, causa, culpa: a cause, motive, fault, accusation, legal contention. Πᾶς τίς αἰτίαν νέμει Aj. 28. SYN. Ἀφορμή, διάβωλη, ἄγων, δίκη, αἰτιαμὸς.

Αἰτιάμα, ἄτος, τὸ, criminatio: an accusation. Ζεὺς ἐπ' αἰτιάματι P. V. 194. SYN. Αἰτία, λαβή, νέμεσις, ἀμαρτημὰ, κατηγορία, ἐγκλημὰ.

Αἰτιάομαι, incuso: to accuse, blame. Καὶ αἰτιάσθαι ἄνωγα K. 120. SYN. Εγκάλεω, κατηγορέω, διώκω, κρίνω, διαβάλλω, μέμφομαι, κακίζω, ὀνειδίζω, βασκαίνω.

Αἰτίζω, ἰσω, ἰκᾶ, mendico: to beg, ask. Βούλεται αἰτίζων βόσκειν p. 228. SYN. Αἰτέω, πτώσσω, πτωχέω, ἐπαιτέω, πρόσαιτέω.

Αἰτίος, ἰα, ὄν, sons; auctor: who deserves blame; the author or cause of. Αἰτίοι εἰσιν β. 87. SYN. Ἐπαίτιος, μεμπτός, ἐνυχός, ὑπεύθυνος.

Αἰτήνη, ης, ἡ, Ætna: a mountain in Sicily. Theoc. 9. 15. ΕΡΗΗ. Σικελή, ηνέμοεσσα, πολυδένδρεος, νίφθεσσα, ηλιβάτος, πύριστακτος, τρικάρνος, πυρὶ τυφόμενη. For a description of Ætna see Call. in Del. 141. Pind. Pyth. 1. 38.

Αἰτωλός, Αἰτωλός, οὐ, ὁ, Ætolus: Ætolian. E. 706. Phoen. 134.

Αἰφνιδίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, repentinus: sudden. Αἰφνιδίον θορύβευσεν Theoc. 21. 6. SYN. Εξαίφνιδιος, ἐξαπναιός, ἀδοκητός, οξύς.

Αἰμαχός, ὥσω, ἄκᾶ, vibro: to brandish, dart. Pers. 755. SYN. Ἀκονίζω, ακυλίζομαι, βάλλω, κρᾶδαινω, τινάσσω, ῥίπτω, ἀπορρίπτω, πάλλω, σείω.

Αἰμαλωτικός, η, ὄν, captivus: taken captive. Ἐν αἰμαλωτικοῖς Troad. 871.

Αἰμαλωτής, ἰδός, ἡ, captiva: a female captive. Αἰμαλωτίδος λέγω Aj. 1228.

Αἰμαλωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bello captus: a prisoner of war. Αἰμαλωτὸς ἐνδίκως Troad. 35. SYN. Δορίληπτός, δορυλάωτός, δορικτητός.

Αἰχμή, ης, ἡ, cuspis: the point of a spear or

dart. H. 259. SYN. Ἀκωκῆ, λόγχη, ἄκῃ, ἄκμή. EP. Ἀσχετός, δύσφερῃ, ἀνιάρῃ, οὐξεία, ὀβριμός, τριγλύφος, καρχαρόδους, θανάτηφόρος, ἐμπύρος, χαλκοβάρης.

Αιχιμῆεις, εντός, ὁ, bellicosus : warlike. Pers. 137.

Αιχιμητής, οὐ, ὁ, bellator : a warrior. E. 706. Αἰλᾶ, statim, repente : quickly, suddenly.

Αἰψά τοι αἰμά A. 303. This word, so common in Homer, does not occur in the dramatic writers. SYN. Αἰφνης, εξαίφνης, ἀφνω, αὐτίκᾳ.

Αιψηρόκελευθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, velociter gradiens : proceeding rapidly. Hes. Theog. 379.

Αιψηρός, α, ὄν, celer : quick, prompt. δ. 103. SYN. Λαιψηρός, ταχύς, ὁδός.

Ἄιω, audio : to hear, understand. Οὐκ αἶεις ὡς Τρώες K. 160. SYN. Ἀκούω, κλύω.

Αἰών, ἄνω, ὁ, ἡ, ævum : an age, life, duration of man's life. Π. 453. SYN. Βίος. EP. Ἀμβρόσιος, ἀτέρμων, ἄδᾶκρυσ, γλυκύς, βάρυς, μακρός, μορσιμὸς, μίνυνθαῖος, λευγαλέος, πῶ- λυήρατος, αἰδῖος, ἱερὸς, ἀμφιλάφης.

Αἰώνιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Αἰώνιος, ἰα, ἰων, sempiternus : perpetual, eternal. Δός μοι παρθενίην αἰώνιον Call. in Dian. 6. SYN. see in EP. to Αἰών.

Αιωρέω, ἦσω, ηκά, attollo : to raise into the air, suspend. Ἐπιστάδων ᾠοεῖτο Apoll. 4. 1687. SYN. Αἰρώ, εἰαίρω, αιωρίζω, ἐπαίρω.

Ἀκά. See Ἀκή.

Ἀκαδημία, ας, ἡ, Academia : a place in the suburbs of Athens, famous for Plato's school of philosophy. ΑΛΛ' εἰς Ἀκαδημίαν κατὶν ὑπὸ ταῖς μούραις ἀποθρέξεῖς. Aristoph. Nub. 1005.

Ἀκάθαρτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impurus : impure. Ἀκά- θαρτον ὑμᾶς εἰκὸς ἦν C. R. 256.

Ἀκανᾶ, Ion. Ἀκαίνη, ης, ἡ, i. q. ἀκανθᾶ, spina, virga pastoralis : a thorn, goad, whip, measuring-rod ten feet long. Νύσσεν ἀκαίνη Apoll. 3. 1322. SYN. Κέντρον, βούπληξ, βούκεντρον, ῥάβδος.

Ἀκαιρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inopportunos : ill-timed. P. V. 1035. SYN. Πάραικαρος, ἄωρος, ἀπὸς.

Ἀκάκησις, ου, ὁ, nihil mali faciens : an epithet of Mercury. Ἑρμείης Ἀκάκησις Call. Dian. 143.

Ἀκάκτης, ου, ὁ, Poet. Ἀκάκητᾶ, nihil mali faciens : harmless, an epithet of Mercury and Prometheus. Ἑρμείας ἀκάκητᾶ Ω. 10. SYN. Ἀκάος, ἀναιτός.

Ἀκάλανθις, ἰδός, ἡ, carduelis : a bird feeding on thistles, the name of a dog. Χ' ἡ κώδων ἀκάλανθις ἐπεργυμένη Pax 1078. SYN. Ἀκανθίς, ποικιλίς.

Ἀκαλαρφέτης, ου, ὁ, leniter fluens : gently flowing. Εξ ἀκαλαρφέταυ βάθυρρόου H. 422. SYN. Ἡσυχὺς ῥέων.

Ἀκάληφη, ης, ἡ, urtica : a nettle, thorn, shell-fish. Τὴν ἀκάληφην ἀφέλεσθαι Vesp. 884. SYN. Κνίδη, ἀκανθᾶ.

Ἀκάλυπτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non tectus : not covered. Ἀκάλυπτον οὕτω δεικνύμαι C. R. 1427. SYN. Δῆλός.

Ἀκάλυφης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, subdialis : in the open air, without covering. Χρύσης πέλασθεις φύ- λᾶκος δς τὸν ἀκάλυφῃ Philoct. 1321.

Ἀκάμαντλόγχης, ου, ὁ, indefessus hastā : un- wearied in fighting with the spear. Pind. Isth. 7. 13. See Ἀκάμας.

Ἀκάμαντμάχης, ου, ὁ, indefessus pugnā : un- wearied in battle. Pind. Pyth. 305. See Ἀκάμας.

Ἀκάμαντῶπους, ὁδός, ὁ, ἡ, pedibus indefessus :

whose feet are unwearied. Pind. Ol. 3. 5. See Ἀκάμας.

Ἀκάμας, αντός, ὁ, Acamas. Ἐνθ' Ἀκάμας Πρύμαχον Ξ. 476. EP. Αἰσίδης, ἠϊθέος, ἐπεί- κελος ἀθανάτοισι, δῶς ἡγήτηρ Τρώων.

Ἀκάμας, αντός; Ακάματός, ου, ὁ, ἡ; ὅς, η, ὄν, indefessus : unwearied. Ἀφθιτόν ακάματᾶν τ' Antig. 339. SYN. Ἀκμῆς, ἀκῆπαστός, ἀπρυτός, ἀμοχθός, ἀδίκος, ἀτειρής, ἰσχυρός.

Ἀκαμπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui flecti nequit : in- flexible. ΑΛΛ' ἀρήκτος ἀκαμπτός Apoll. 1. 63. SYN. Ἀτεγκτός, σκληρός, ἀτεράμιον, ἀτέραμνος.

Ἀκανθᾶ, ας, ἡ, spina, spina dorsi : a thorn; the back bone; difficulty, a subtle question. Φόρεοιτ' δ' ἀκανθαί Theoc. 1. 132. SYN. Σκῶλος, ἀκάληφη, ἀπόρια. EP. Ἀτριπτός, δράκοντεια, κρῶνᾶ, οὐξεία, πύκνῃ, στύγερῃ, οὐξέθειρος, οὐξ- τῶμος.

Ἀκανθίος, ου, ὁ, Acanthus : an inhabitant of Acanthus, an Acanthian. Ὁ Δίκωνος Ἀκανθίος Call. Ep. 10. 1.

Ἀκανθίς, ἰδός, ἡ, carduelis : a linnet. Κύρ- δοι καὶ ἀκανθίδες Theoc. 7. 141. SYN. Ἀκά- λανθις.

Ἀκανθός, ου, ὁ, acanthus : brank-ursine, the acanthus. Περὶ πεπταταὶ ὕγρος ἀκανθος Theoc. 1. 55. EP. μάλακος.

Ἀκάρης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, brevis, individuus : short, inseparable. Γυμνὸς θύραζ' ἐξέπεσεν ἐν ἀκάρει χρόνῳ Plut. 244. SYN. Βράχης, ὀλιγόχρονός, μίνυνθαῖος.

Ἀκαρπία, ας, ἡ, sterilitas : sterility. Eum. 804. Ἀκαρπιστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infructuosus : unfruitful, barren. Phoen. 217. SYN. Ἀγνός, ἀφόρος, ἀτρυγέτος, στείρος, ἀκαρπός.

Ἀκάρπτος, sine fructu : fruitlessly. C. R. 254. Ἀκάρπτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex quo nullus fructus percipitur : from which no fruit is derived. Aj. 176. SYN. Ἀνήνυτος.

Ἀκασκαῖος, α, ὄν, lenis : soft, pleasing. Agam. 718. where see Bl. The A short, as in ἀκῇ.

Ἀκατάβλητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non deiciendus : not to be overthrown, invincible. Τὸν ἀκατάβλητον λόγον Lys. 65. SYN. Ἀνίκητος, ἀμάχος, ἀνυπέ- ρβλητος.

Ἀκάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, genus navigii actuarii : a light vessel or boat. Ἀνὰ δὲ λαίφος ὡς τίς ἀκάτου δῶας Orest. 335. (Pæon. trim.) EP. Ἐνάλια, ποντοπόρος, Ληθαία.

Ἀκάχῃω, Ἀκάχίζω, tristitia afficio : to grieve. Δειλὸς ἀκάχισε τοκίας Ψ. 223. Z. 436. SYN. Αλγύνω, ἀνιάω, λυπέω.

Ἀκαχμένος, η, ὄν, acutus, ab inus. ἀκάχω, acu. Vid. Damm. : sharp, pointed. Ἐγχεὺς ἀκαχμέ- νον α. 99. SYN. Θηκτός, οξύς, τέθηγμένους.

Ἀκέλευστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, injussus : unbidden. Aj. 1284. SYN. Αυτοκέλευστος, ἀκλητός, ου κέλευσθεῖς.

Ἀκέντητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non stimulus excitatus : not requiring the goad. Pind. Ol. 1.

Ἀκέδμαι, εἶδμαι, ἡσδμαι, Ἀκείδμαι, sano : to cure, heal. Τόδε καρτέρων ἔλκος ἀκεσαι Π. 523. SYN. Ἄλθω, ιάδμαι, ὑγίω, ιατρεύω, ὑγιάζω, θέ- ραπέω.

Ἀκέραιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sincerus, illæsus, inno- cens : unmixed, unharmed, pure, innocent. Ἀκέραιος ἀντίκληπτον ἡσηκηκὸς βίον Orest. 912. SYN. Ἄγνός, ἀκάκος, καθάρος, ἀκίρατος, ἀπλός, ὑγής.

Ἀκέρδεῖα, ας, ἡ, detrimentum : loss, disadvan- tage. Pind. Ol. 1. 84.

Ἀκερδής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, damnosus: not advantageous, hurtful. *CE. C. 1484.*

Ἀκερσεκδής, ου, ὁ, intonsus: having the hair uncut or unshorn, applied to Apollo. *T. 39. SYN. Ἀκουρδός.*

Ἀκεσμαῖ, Ἀκεμαῖ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, medela: restoration to health, a cure. *Ἡπίων ἀκεσματῶν P. V. 491. O. 394. SYN. Ἰαός, Ἰαμῶ, ἰατῆριον, Δεράπεια, φάρμακον, ἄκος, ἰατρεία.*

Ἀκεστήρ, ἥρδς, ὁ, medicus, et metaph. dominator: a physician; a tamer. *CE. C. 714. See below.*

Ἀκεστός, ἡ, ὄν, sanabilis: curable. *Θᾶσσον ἀκεσταί N. 115.*

Ἀκέστωρ, ὄρδς, ὁ, medicus: a physician. *ᾠ Φοῖβ' ἀκέστωρ Androm. 900.*

Ἀκεσθόρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, medelam afferens: salutary. *Τὸν δ' ἀκεσθόρον νόσον Ion. 1024. SYN. Πανοσίπνυς, ὕγεινός, σωτήριός.*

Ἀκῶ, ἔσω, κά, prae stupore sileo: to be silent through amazement. *Κείνους κ' εἰσθόρων ἄκῆος Apoll. 1. 765. SYN. Σιωπᾶω, ἡσύχάζω.*

Ἀκῶν, tacite: silently, softly. *Ἀλλ' ἄκῶν δαίνυσθ' φ. 89. SYN. Ἀκῆν, which see.*

Ἀκῆ, Dor. Ἀκά, placide: mildly. *Ὡς ἄρ' εἰπεῖν ἀκά δ' Pyth. 4. 278. (Dactyl. dim. hypercat.) SYN. Ἥκα, πραῶς, ἡσύχῃ, ἡσύχως, ἡρεμῶ, εὐμένως.*

Ἀκῆειᾶ, ας, ἡ, incuria: carelessness. *Μηδὲ μ' ἀκῆειῇσιν Apoll. 2. 219. SYN. Παθυμία.*

Ἀκῆδεστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non curatus, insepultus: neglected, unburied. *Apoll. 2. 151. SYN. Αστοῦδαστός, ἀτμηέλντος, ἀμείλνθεις, ἀπατῦς.*

Ἀκῆδῶ, ἔσω, ἥσω, ἡκά, non curo: to neglect. *P. V. 517. SYN. Ἀμῆλῶ, ὀλίγωρῶ.*

Ἀκῆδής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, tristitia vacuus: careless, safe, secure. *p. 319. SYN. Ἀμῆλῆς, ἀμεριμνός, ἀλυπός, ἀκίνδυνος.*

Ἀκῆλντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non deliniendus: implacable, untractable. *κ. 329. SYN. Ἀπνῆς, ἀμειλικτός, σκληρός, χάλεπός.*

Ἀκῆν, silenter: silently, without speaking. *Οἱ δ' ἄρ' πάντες ἀκῆν ἐγένοντο H. 92. SYN. Σιγᾶ, σιγῇ, ἡσύχως, σίωπῇ, ἡκά, ἄκῶν.*

Ἀκῆράτὸς, ἀκῆράτις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, purus, non mixtus: pure, unmixed, uninjured. *Ἀκῆράτὸν τῇ μιγρὶ ἀγρίας ἀπο Pers. 620. Hom. Merc. 72. SYN. Ἀκῆραιός, καθάρς, ἀφθαρτός, ἀπάθης, ἀθανάτος.*

Ἀκῆρίδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, exanimis, excors; illæsus: lifeless, heartless; unhurt. *Δεὸς ἰσχεῖ ἀκῆρίδων E. 817. SYN. Ἀψυχός, ἄθυμὸς, ἀκῆραιός, ἀβλάβης, ἀθανάτος.*

Ἀκῆρνκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non denunciatus, incelebris: who is not proclaimed, not distinguished. *Ion 90. SYN. Ἀκλέχης.*

Ἀκιδνός, ἡ, ὄν, infirmus: weak. *Εἰδὸς ἀκιδνότηρος S. 169. SYN. Ἀδρανής, ασθένῆς, ἀκυός.*

Ἀκυός, ὕδς, ὁ, ἡ, imbecillus: imbecile. *Κατέρ' ἀκυός ἔων Theoc. Ep. 11. 6. SYN. Αβληχρός, ἀδυνάτος, ἀκιδνός, ασθένῆς.*

Ἀκιδνύνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, periculi expers: free from danger, secure. *Simon. 152. See κίνδυνος. SYN. Ασφάλῆς, ἀκῆδής, ἀμεριμνός.*

Ἀκιδνύνως, sine periculo: without danger. *Rhes. 590. See above. SYN. Ἀνάγει.*

Ἀκίνητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non movendus: immovable. *Μηδ' ἀκίνητον πέλει Antig. 1027. SYN. Ἀτρεπτός, ἀτρεμής, ἀτρεστός.*

Ἀκίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vermibus non obnoxius: not

liable to be eaten by worms. *Ἀκίωτάτοι ἰσθῶ-βόης Hes. Op. 433. SYN. Ἀφθαρτός.*

Ἀκίρδς, ἄ, ὄν, ignavus: slothful. *Εἰς ἀκίρδς οὐδ' Theoc. 28. 15.*

Ἀκίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, cuspis: the point of a dart or spear. *Ἀκίδας δ' ἐβαπτέ Κύπρις Anacr. 45. 5. SYN. Αἰχμή, ἄκκη, ἀκή, βέλδς, ἄκων.*

Ἀκίχητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quem assequi nequeas: unattainable, incomprehensible. *Θεῖς ἀκίχητὰ διδάκων P. 75.*

Ἀκλαυστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indefletus: unlamented. *Μὴ μ' ἀκλαυστὸν ἀδαπτὸν λ. 72. SYN. Ἀνοίμωκτός, ἀδάκρυτός, ἀγυός.*

Ἀκλῆς, Ἀκλειῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, inglorius: inglorious. *Ἡμεῖσι αὐθὶ ἐκαστοὶ ἀκῆριοι H. 100. M. 318. SYN. Ἀδοξός, ἀτιμός, ἀσημὸς, ἀφάνῆς, νώνυμὸς, ἀνώνυμὸς, δυσγένῆς, δυσκλῆς, ἀκή-ρυκτός.*

Ἀκλῆως, Ἀκλειῶς, sine gloria: ingloriously. *a. 241. Orest. 786. See above.*

Ἀκλήρδς, Ἀκλήρωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, exsors, pauper: without share or lot, poor. *Ἀνδρὶ παρ' ἀκλήρῳ λ. 489. Olymp. 7. 108. SYN. Ἀπόκληρδς, ἀκτῆμων, ἀνολβός, ἀπύρδς, πένης, πτωχός, ἐν-δεής, ἀμυρός.*

Ἀκλήστὸς, Attic., ἀκλειστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non clausus: not shut. *Ἐχων ἀκλήστους τῷ θελοντί Iph. A. 340.*

Ἀκλήτὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non vocatus: uncalled. *Aj. 289.*

Ἀκλυστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et η, ὄν, undis non agita- tus: not tossed by the waves. *Iph. A. 121. SYN. Γάληνός.*

Ἀκμάζω, ἄσω, ἀκά, ætate vigeo: to be in the vigor of age; to be time. *Sept. Th. 98. See Ἀκμή. SYN. Θάλλω, ἡβᾶω, νέάζω, εὐθηνῶ, ισχύω, κρατύνομαι.*

Ἀκμαῖός, α, ὄν, vigens: who is in the prime of life, flourishing. *Ἡβης ἀκμαίας καὶ τὸν ἐξηβον χρόνῳ Sept. Th. 11.*

Ἀκμή, ἡς, ἡ, subst. acies: [εν ἀκμῇ dicuntur esse omnia, cum sunt in summa vi, optima conditione. Ἀκμή etiam cum genitivo usurpatur eodem sensu atque ἔργον, καιρὸς, ἀγών:] the edge or point of any thing, occasion, opportunity, instant. *Ἡβης ἐν ἀκμῇ Alcest. 326. SYN. Καιρὸς, ευκαιρία.*

Ἀκμηνός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, valde vegetus: in the vigor of life. *Ἀκμηνὸς θάλλεθων ψ. 191. SYN. Ευ-θάλλῆς, ἀκμάζων, ἄρωτος.*

Ἀκμηνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, jejunos, cibo aut potu egens: fasting, hungry, thirsty. *Ὁ δ' ἀκμηνὸς καὶ ἀπα-στος T. 346. SYN. Ἀσιτός, νηστὸς, νηστεύων.*

Ἀκμῆς, ἡτός, ἀκμητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indefessus: unwearied, fresh. *Φαίης κ' ἀκμητὰς καὶ ἀτει-ρέας O. 697. SYN. Ακάματός, ἀτειρής.*

Ἀκμυθέτον, ου, τὸ, inculdis basis: the base of an anvil. *Θῆκεν ἐν ἀκμυθέτῳ μέγαν ἀκμυθᾶ Σ. 476.*

Ἀκμων, ὄνός, ὁ, incus: an anvil. *See in Ἀκμυθέτον, Ερ. Χάλκεος, βάρυδουπός, δυσ-κελάδός, Δήμνιός, σφυρήλατός.*

Ἀκναμπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui resisti non potest: which cannot be bent, inflexible. *Χείρεσσιν ἡ βουλαῖς ἀκναμπτοῖς Pind. Pyth. 4. 128.*

Ἀκνηστὶς, ἰδς, ἔως, ἡ, spina dorsi in quadru- pedibus: the back bone in quadrupeds. *Κᾶτ' ἀκνηστιν μεσᾶ νῶτα κ. 161. SYN. Ράχῆς, κλόνῆς.*

Ἀκὴ, ἡς, ἡ, poet. ἀκούῃ, auditus, auris, fama: the sense of hearing, the ear, fame, report. *Βάρ-εᾶρον ὡς ἀκὴν ἐᾶην Phoen. 833. SYN. Οὖς,*

φήμη, λῶγος, ἀγγέλια, ἀκροαῖα. Ep. Βάρπει-
θης, ἀσπονδός, δάημων, τερπνὴ, σφάλερα.

Ἀκοιμητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pervigil: very watchful:
Νύμφαι ἀκοιμητοί Theoc. 13. 44. SYN. Ἀγρυπ-
νός, ἄπνους.

Ἀκοινώνητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non communicatus:
unsociable. Androm. 471. SYN. Ἀμικτός.

Ἀκοίτης, ου, ὁ, maritus: a bed-fellow, hus-
band. Φίλον ὥλεσ' ἀκοίτην φ 88. SYN. Εὐνατήρ,
σύζυγος, γάμετης, παρὰκοίτης, συνάδρος, ἀνήρ,
πόσις, ευνετής.

Ἀκοίτης, ἰδὸς, ἡ, uxor: a wife. Ἀμεινόνος
εἶναι ἀκοίτη Ζ. 350. SYN. Πάράκοιτις, εὐνά-
τειρά, ἀλόχους, γυνή, γάμετή, ευνετής, σύγγαμος,
δάμαρ, σύλλεκτρος, σύνευνος, συνάδρος, ὁμόλεκ-
τρος γυνή. Ep. Ἀμύμων, αἰδοία, δαλέρα, θυ-
μήρης, φίλη, ὁμόφρων, ξένη, γενναία, σάφρων,
αθλία, κῆλη, χρηστή, ἀνδοσία, εσθλή.

Ἀκόλασταίαν, ἄνω, ἀγκᾶ, petulanter seu li-
center ago: to behave with petulance, live licen-
tiously. Ἀκόλαστανεῖτέ κοῦδῶεν Av. 1227.
SYN. Εξυβρίζω, ἀτακτῶ, ἀσελγῶ, ἀσελγαίνω,
ασχημῶνῶ.

Ἀκόλαστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intemperans: intem-
perate. Ἀκόλαστον ἐσχέ γλώσσαν Or. 10.
SYN. Ἀκρατής, λάγνος, ἀσελγής, μάχλος, μοχ-
θηρός.

Ἀκόλδος, ου, ὁ, frustum panis: a piece of bread.
Αιτίζων ἀκόλους ρ. 222. SYN. Ψωμός.

Ἀκόλουθεῶ, ἥσω, ηἰκᾶ, sequor: to follow. Plut.
757. See above. SYN. Ἐπόμεαι, ὀπηδεῶ, διώκω,
ὁμαρτέω, παρᾱκόλουθεῶ, συνᾱκόλουθεῶ, συνὁμαρ-
τέω, σύν (τίνος) μόλειν ποδῖ.

Ἀκόλουθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pedisequus: a follower,
footman. Τοῖς ἀκόλουθοις δάμεν σώζειν Pax
730. SYN. Ὀπαδός, ἀμφίπολος, δερᾱπων, ὁμιλη-
τής, δικάκονός, συνᾱδοῦπόρος.

Ἀκόλυμτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, natandi incensus: in-
capable of swimming. Batrach. 157.

Ἀκόμωστία, as, ἡ, Ion. antiq. ἀκόμωστή, ης, ἡ,
neglectus: neglect. Ἄλη τ' ἀκόμωστή τε φ. 284.
SYN. Ἀκηδία.

Ἀκόμωστος, Ἰκομπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alienus a jac-
tantiā: unostentatious. Sept. Th. 534. 550.

Ἀκομψός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, callidi et arguti sermonis
haud peritus: no able speaker. Hipp. 990.
SYN. Ἀπλός, ἀπειροκάλως, εὐήθης, εὐτέλης,
ἄκομψός, φαῦλός.

Ἀκόννη, ης, ἡ, cos: a whetstone. Χαλκιδάμαν
ἄκναν. Pind. Isthm. 6. 106. SYN. Θηγάνη.
Ep. Λιγυρά.

Ἀκοντίω, ἴσω, ἰκᾶ, jaculator: to throw a dart.
'Η τεῦ ἀκοντίσαι N. 559. SYN. Βάλλω, ἐξ-
ἄκοντιζω, κατᾱκοντίζω, αἰχμαζω, τοξέω, ἐπιβάλλω.

Ἀκόντιον, ου, τὸ, jaculum: a javelin. Φίλε-
οντές ἀκόντιον ἦκαν Call. fr. 102. 1. SYN.
Ἄκαν, ἀκίς, βέλός, παλτόν, ξυστόν.

Ἀκοντιστήρ, ἥρος; Ἀκοντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, jacu-
lator: who shoots a javelin. Λόγχαίς τ' ἀκον-
τιστήρῃς εὐστόχῳτάτοι Phoen. 140. Theoc. 17.
55.

Ἀκοντιστής, ὕος, ἡ, ars jaculandi: the art of
throwing the javelin. Οὐδέ τ' ἀκοντιστὴν εν-
δύσει Ψ. 622. SYN. Ἐκηδῶλια.

Ἀκοντῶδης, ου, ὁ, jaculi vibrator: an able
hurler of the javelin. Νόσφι δ' ἀκοντῶδου
Apoll. 2. 1002. SYN. Αἰχμητής, ἥμων, τοξότης.

Ἀκόρεστος, ἀκόρητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insatiabilis:
insatiable. Pers. 551. H. 117. SYN. Ἀπλη-
στός, ἀπληρωτός, ἀσφάγος.

Ἀκός, ἔος, τὸ, medela: a remedy. Aj. 363.

See Ἀκεσμά. SYN. Ἰκεσμά, ἀλέξημά, ἀλεξίφάρ-
μακόν, ἰασίς, δερᾱπέα, ἰαμά, μήχαρ.

Ἀκοσμία, as, ἡ, indecentia: indecency, dis-
order. Καὶ λῶγαν ἄκοσμία Iph. A. 317. SYN.
Ἀμορφία.

Ἰκοσμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indecorus: unbecoming.
B. 213. SYN. Ἰκομῶς, ἀπρῆψς, ἀχαρίς, ἀμε-
τρός, ἀεικής, ασχήμων, ὀσειδής.

Ἀκόσμως, confuse: disorderly. Pers. 380.
SYN. Ἀτάκτως, ἀκόλαστως, ασχημῶν.

Ἀκοστῶ, ἥσω, ηἰκᾶ, hordeo pascor: to feed
on barley. Ἰππὸς ἀκοστήσας ἐπὶ φάτῃ Z. 506.

Ἀκουάζομαι, audio: to hear, to be invited.
ἔμοισιν ἀκουάζεσθῃ δ' αἰδοῦ ν. 9. SYN. Ἀκούω,
αἰώ, ἐπὶκᾶλῶμαι.

Ἀκουρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mascula prole carens; in-
tonsus: without male issue; unshorn. η. 64.
SYN. Ἀτέκνος, ἄπαις, ἀκερσεκόμης.

Ἀκουσίως, prae ter voluntatem: involuntarily,
against the will. Ὡς μένονσ' ἀκουσίως Troad.
1018. SYN. Ἀέκοντως, ἄεκοντί θυμῷ.

Ἰκουσμά, ἄτος, τὸ, fama: rumour, fame.
C. C. 518. See Ἀκούω.

Ἀκουστῆς, ὄν, audiendus: to be heard, who
must be heard. Ὡς ἀκουστῆον γέ σου Iph. A.
1010.

Ἀκουστός, ἡ, ὄν, audiendus: which can be
heard. C. R. 1312. See below. SYN. Εξ-
ἄκουστός.

Ἀκούω, σῶμαι, ἡκᾶ, ἡκονᾶ, audio: to hear,
hearken, understand. Καὶ πτωχὸς ἀκούει φ. 292.
SYN. Δῖᾱκούω, ἐπᾱκούω, ἀκροᾶμαι, πεῦθῶμαι,
πυνθᾶνῶμαι, κλύω, ἐνωτίζομαι, πεῖδῶμαι.

Ἰκρα, as, ἐτ' Ἀκρίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, summitas, promontorium:
the summit, highest point, promontory. Ἐρυσαντᾶς ἐπ' ἰκρας Δ. 508. ι. 400. SYN. Ἰκρόν,
ἰκράφειά, ἰκροτήριον, ἰκροπόλις, ἐρίπνη, πρὶον,
ρίον, κόρωνις. Ep. Αστυφέλικτος, πόλυπιδας,
ἄθραυστός, κυρτή, λαοσάχνη.

Ἰκραγής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, mutus: mute, dumb. Ζηνὸς
κραγεῖς κύνας P. V. 828. Kpa is long, if from
perf. mid. of κράζω: short, if from a. 2. SYN.
Ἰφρωνός, ἀφρογγός, κωφός.

Ἰκραής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, pure spirans: blowing
freshly or favourably. Ἀνέμφα κραεῖ καλῷ ξ. 253.

Ἰκραῖος, α, ὄν, summus, qui in arce colitur:
the highest, an epithet of those deities who were
worshipped on elevated places. Τέμενός ακραῖας
θεοῦ Med. 1376.

Ἰκραίφνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, purus, verus: pure,
genuine, entire. Ζώσας ακραιφνεῖς τῶν κατη-
πειλημένων C. C. 1147. SYN. Ἀκείρατος, ἀμύγης,
τέλειος, καθᾱρός.

Ἰκραντός, et in Hom. Ἀκράαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ,
irritus: unsuccessful, imperfect. Choeph. 59.
β. 202. SYN. Ἀτέλης, ἀτέλεστος, ἀτελεύτητος,
ἄπρακτος.

Ἰκρατῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, incontines: incontinent,
ungovernable. Πνευμάτι μάργῳ γλώσσης ακράτης
P. V. 909. SYN. Ἀκόλαστος, ἀδυνάτος, ασθέ-
νῆς.

Ἰκρατίζω, ἴσω, ἰκᾶ, jento; merum bibo: to
break one's fast; to drink pure wine. Ἐπεσθ'
ἀπεψαλῆμενον τραγοῖ δ' ακρατεῖσθε Plut. 295.
SYN. Φάγω, τὸ ακράτον πίνω Suid.

Ἰκρατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, merus: unmixtd. Mā Δ'
αλλ' ακράτον οἶνον Ἀγαθοῦ Δαλμόνος Eq. 85.
SYN. Ἀκραίφνης, ἀκείρατος, ἀμύγης, ισχυρός.

Ἰκράχολός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad iram proclivis: iras-
cible. Δείλους ακράχολόν Ιφικλήα Theoc. 24. 60.
SYN. Οξύχολός, θυμώδης, ζῆμῆνης, ζᾱχολός,

ὀργιλῶς, δύσσοργος, πάλγκυτος, θυμικός. Πη. Eis ὀργὴν πρόχειρός.

Ἀκρέμων, ὄνδος, ὁ, ramus summus: a strong branch, the main branch. Ἀχεί εν ἀκρέμυνεσσιν Theoc. 16. 94. SYN. Ἐρῶς, δῶλός, κλάδος, βλαστός. Ερ. Δρόσερός, ευπέταλός, καλλιπέτηλός, ἱέρως, εύφυλλός.

Ἀκρέσπερῶν, extremo vespere: at the close of evening. Ἀκρέσπερῶν αειδοῖσαι Theoc. 24. 75.

Ἀκρηθός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde juvenis: very young. Καί νύμφαν ἀκρηθός ἔων Theoc. 8. 93.

Ἀκριθής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, accuratus: accurate. Ουκ ἔστ' ἀκριθές οὐδέν Electr. 367. SYN. Τέλειος, ἐπιμέλης, λιπαρής, πύκιμηδής, σπουδαῖος, ἀληθής.

Ἀκριθός, ὥσω, ωκά, diligenter exploro, summa cum cura aliquid facio: to know exactly, examine carefully. Οἱ τὰδ' ἡκριθωκότες Hec. 1192. SYN. Εξετάζω, δοκιμάζω, διακριθῶ.

Ἀκριθῶς, accurate: exactly, completely, diligently. ΑΛΛ' οὐκ ακριθῶς αὐτῷ Med. 532.

Ἀκριθῶθῆρα, ας, ἡ, decipula ad capiendas locustas: a trap to catch locusts. Κάλαν πλέκει ἀκριθῶθῆραν Theoc. 1. 52.

Ἀκρίς, ἰδὼς, ἡ, locusta, cicada: a locust, balm cricket. Theoc. 7. 41. See above.

Ἀκριτόμυθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui inconsiderate loquitur: who speaks without consideration. Θεορίτ' ἀκριτόμυθε B. 246. SYN. Πόλυλόγος, ἀδόλεσχος.

Ἀκριτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indemnatus, dubius, indiscriminatus, immensus: uncondemned, untried, doubtful, indiscriminate, immense. Φήμας ἐλέγξας ἀκριτὸν ἐκδάλεις Hipp. 1059. SYN. Ἄνευ δίκης, ἀμφίδουλος, ἀμέτρος, ἀπειρέσιος.

Ἀκριτόφυλλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, frondosus: abounding in leaves, luxuriant in foliage. Ὅρος ἀκριτόφυλλον B. 868. SYN. Ερίφυλλός, ευθάλῃς, ενδοσίφυλλός, κατάσκιός.

Ἀκριτόφυρτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, miscellaneous: huddled together in confusion. Sept. Th. 354. See above. SYN. Ἀθρόος, συμμίγῃς, σύμμικτός.

Ἀκρόδῶμαι, ausculto: to hear. Λεγέ δὴ τὰχῶς ἵνα μὴ κλάῃς ἀκρόῳ δῇ Lys. 533. SYN. Ἀκούω, κλύω, πρόσισχῶμαι, πειθῶμαι, πρόσέσχω.

Ἀκρόγῶδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, summo dolore affectus: bitterly grieving. Αἱ δ' ἀκρόγῶδοι Περσιδῆς ἀνδρῶν Pers. 547.

Ἀκρόθινιάζομαι, mihi seligo quod egregium est: I select the first fruits. Νύμφην ἡκρόθινιάζουμην Herc. F. 476.

Ἀκρόθινιόν, Ἀκρόθινον, ου, τὸ, frequentius in plur., primitiæ: the first fruits, spoils taken in war and selected as an offering to a god. Ἀκρόθινιά Λοξία Phoen. 210. Olymp. 2. 7. SYN. Τὰ ἀκρόθelia, πρωτόθelia, ἀπάργματᾶ, λάφυρα, σκυλά, λεία, ἀπαρχή.

Ἀκρόκέανιόν, in summa parte nigrico: to grow black at the surface, to have a dark or gloomy look. Ἀκρόκέανιόνων ἵνα μιν Φ. 250.

Ἀκρόκόμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in vertice comatus: crowned with hair, or foliage. Phoen. 1531. SYN. Τάνυθρις, βάθυπλόκαμος.

Ἀκρόν, ου, τὸ, apex: a point, summit, promontory. Ευθείας ἄκρον Trach. 754. SYN. Ἄκρα, κόρυψ, ὀρυψ, κόλυφον, ἀκρωτήριον.

Ἀκρόπειθής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, ægerrime dolens: deeply distressed. Pers. 140.

Ἀκρόπόλις, Ion. Ἀκρόπόλις, ἔως, ἡ, arx: a citadel. Ὅν πστ' ἐς ἀκρόπολιν δδλόν θ. 494. Orest. 1090. SYN. Ἄκρα, ἐρμύα.

Ἀκρόπόλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altissimum habens ver-

ticem: having a lofty top. Ἐπ' ἀκρόπολοισιν ὄρεσσιν E. 522.

Ἀκρόπῶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, summa parte acutus: sharpened at the end. Ὠπτων δ' ἀκρόπῶρους δέε- λούς γ. 463.

Ἀκρός, α, ὄν, summus, extremus: raised to a point, sharp, extreme, perfect. Προσέξῃσάτῃ Γάργαρον ἀκρον Ξ. 292. SYN. Ἀκραῖός, ὑπερτάτος, ὑψιστός, ἀκρόπόλος, ἐσχάτος, τέλευταῖος, τέλειος.

Ἀκρόσφῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impense sapiens: eminently wise. Pind. Olymp. 11.

Ἀκρόχῶλις, ἰκός, ὁ, ἡ, supra modum ebrius: very drunk. Ἀκρόχῶλις οἶνω καὶ νέκταρι Apoll. 4. 433.

Ἀκρυπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non celatus: unconcealed, undisguised, open. Androm. 836. SYN. Ἀκάλυπτος, δῆλος, πρόφαντος.

Ἀκταῖνω, ad summum tollo: to raise up. See Ruhnken. Timæi Lex. Plat. Μῆτέ μ' ἀκταίνειν βῶσιν Eumen. 36.

Ἀκταίων, ὠνός, ὄνδος, ὁ, Actæon: the name of a hunter torn to pieces by his own dogs. Παῖδά τὸν ἀδάταν Ἀκταίονα Call. 5. 109. Ερ. Ὁράσους, θηρατῆς, ἐπακτήρ. Πηρ. See Bacch. 337.

Ἀκτένιστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impexus: uncombed. Κόμη δι' αὔρας ἀκτένιστος E. C. 1326.

Ἀκτέριστος, Ἀκτέρεῖστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui justa non sunt facta: not receiving the rites of burial, unburied. Καὶ Καστάναιαν ἀκτέριστὸν Lyc. 907. Anthol. 3. 12. 4. SYN. Ἀθαπτός, ἀτάφος.

Ἀκτή, ἡς, ἡ, fruges, farina: ground corn, meal, bread. Ἱεροῦ ἀκτὴν Δ. 630. SYN. Καρπός, λήϊον, ἀλευρόν, σῖτος, ἄρτος, τροφή. Ερ. Μένεικῃς, φυσικόδους.

Ἀκτῇ, ἡς, ἡ, littus: a shore, coast. Θάσσοις ἐπ' ἀκταῖς Hec. 36. SYN. Αιγιάλος, κροκάλη, βαχία, θιν, ῥηγμιν, ἠϊών. Ερ. Ἐρίδουπος, ἀξενός, ἀλῖρρῶθος, ἀλῖρρῶτος, ὑπήνεμος, νήνεμος, ἀπορρῶξ, ἀμφίρρητη, ἀμφικλυστός, πρόσελῃς, πλάτεῖα, στύφελῃ, κυματόπληξ, ναυπῶρος, κυμωδέγμων, ναυλόχος, λευκόκυμω, ὄφρος αἰγιάλοιο.

Ἀκτῆμων, ὄνδος, ὁ, ἡ, inops: poor. Οὐδὲ κεν ἀκτῆμων I. 268. SYN. Ενδής, πτωχός, ἄκληρος.

Ἀκτῖν, Ἀκτῖς, ὠνός, ἡ, radius solis: a ray of the sun. Ἀκτῖνά κύκλον θ' Hec. 413. Ερ. Αντίτυπος, ἀννέφελός, λαμπρά, παμφάης, οὐράνια, χρυσέα, ὀδὴ, δυνάμει.

Ἀκτίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, littoralis: on or belonging to the shore. Τὸν Πᾶν τὸν ἀκτίον Theoc. 5. 14. SYN. Ἐπάκτιος, παράκτιος, παράλιος.

Ἀκτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, ductor: a leader, prince. Pers. 563. SYN. Ἡγητῆρ, ἡγήτωρ, ἡγέμων, αρχός, ἄγος.

Ἀκύθος, Ἀκυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quæ non concipit: barren. Οὐὲς οὐτ' ἀκύθοι Call. 2. 52. SYN. Ἀγῶνός.

Ἀκύλος, ου, ἡ, glans ilicis: the acorn of the holm oak. Πάρ β' ἀκύλον βάλανόν τ' κ. 242.

Ἀκύμαντός, Ἀκύμαστός, Ἀκυμάτος, Ἀκυμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fluctibus non aspersus: unwashed by the waves, smooth. Ἐπ' ἀκυμάντοις πάλων ἐράσαι Hipp. 235. SYN. Ἀκλυστός, ἀπαρακτός, γαλήνιος, ἡσιχῶς.

Ἀκύρωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non firmatus: not established or ratified. Τοῦτ' ἀκύρωτον μένει Ion 800.

Ἀκωδώνιστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non exploratus: untried by the sound of a bell. Lysistr. 486.

Ἀκωκῇ, ἡς, ἡ, cuspis: a point. Δουρὸς ἀκωκῆς Φ. 60. SYN. Ἀκῇ, αἰχμῇ, ἀκῖς, ἀκμή. Ερ

Οξεία, στῶνδεσσά, κρύδεσσά, πτέρδεσσά, χαλκῶ-
θάρης, πάλινδινητός, καρχάρδους, αιθαλέσσεσά,
δκρύδεσσά, δρμεία.

Ἄκων, οντός, ὁ, spiculum: a dart, javelin.
Ἀπὸ χειρὸς ἀκοντι M. 306. SYN. Ἀκόντιον,
βελός, ὀιστός, ξυστόν. EP. Οξύς, στῶνδεις, δδός,
δεινός, τανυγλώχιν, χαλκῶπάρης, λίγυρος, χαι-
λιδούς.

Ἄκων, ἀκουσά, ἀκόν, pro ἄκων, invitus: un-
willing. Γάμων ἀκουσάν ἀκοντός παρὰ Aesch.
Suppl. 235. SYN. Ουχ ἔκων.

Ἀλάσαστρον, ου, τό; Ἀλάσαστρος, ου, ὁ, alaba-
strum, genus vasis unguentarii: a smooth white
stone, excavated into a vessel for perfumes.
Σύριω δὲ μύρω χρύσει' ἀλάσαστρα Theoc. 15.
114. See also Lysistr. 947.

Ἄλδρῶμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, per mare currens: wan-
dering over the sea. An. 1395. Same quantity
as ἀλιβρῶχος. SYN. Ἀλίπλαγκτος, ποιτοπόρος.

Ἀλαζονεία, ας, ἡ, jactantia: vain glory, or
lying. Περὶ ἐλῶ σ' ἀλαζονείας Eq. 290. SYN.
Αὐχμηρά, μέγαληγῶρία, γαυρίαμᾶ, κόμπος, κόμ-
πασμᾶ, ὀγκύς, ὑπερηφάνια, ὑπερδασία, ὑβρίς.

Ἀλαζονεύομαι, me jacto: to boast, be os-
tentatious. Ηλαζονεύθ' ἵνα φύβηθελν ἐγώ
Ran. 282. SYN. Μεγαλαυανχέω, μεγάλυνύμαι,
ἐπαυχέω, ὑπερηνύρεω, σεμνύνομαι, ὑπερηφάνεω,
ψευδύμαι.

Ἀλαζών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, inanis jactator: an idle
boaster. Ὡς ἀλαζών φαίνεται Pax. 1045. SYN.
Ἀγέρωχος, μέγαληγῶρος, ὑπερήφανός, ὑπερβίος,
ὑπερήρων, ὑπερόπτης, ψεύστης.

Ἀλαίνω, ἀλάλμαι, ἀλάδομαι, vagor, erro: to
wander, be perplexed, go wrong. Δουλὸς ἀλαίνων
Cycl. 79. Z. 201. Ψ. 74. SYN. Ἀλητεύω, πλάζο-
μαι, πλανάομαι, πέρνισσέω, ἀπορέομαι, μαίνομαι.

Ἀλάλγῃ, ἡς, ἡ; Ἀλάλαγμα, ἄτος, τό; Ἀλάλα-
γμός, οὐ, ὁ, laeta vociferatio: a joyful cry or ex-
clamation. Ἐφεστῖος ἀλάλαγῆς Trach. 705.
Cycl. 65. SYN. Δουπός, ὀδύλυνγῃ, ὀδύλυνμός.

Ἀλάλᾶς, clamorem bellicum edo: to raise
the war-cry, to shout, lament. Χαίροντες ἀλά-
λᾶζοντες Eur. Electr. 860. SYN. Βρέμω, ἀν-
ὀδυρόμαι, ὀδύλῶ.

Ἀλάλῃ, ἡς, ἡ, Dor. ἀλλά, vox inarticulata
ciendo Marti, a militibus ante praelium edita: a
martial shout. Phoen. 345. See below. EP.
Καρτέρᾶ, ἐρίγονπούς.

Ἀλάλητός, οὐ, ὁ, clamor militum dicentium
ἀλάλῃ: the war cry. Θεοπέσιφ ἀλάλητῶ Σ. 149.
SYN. Βόῃ, δῶρυβός.

Ἀλαλκῆω, ἀλαλκύν, depello: to drive away,
restrain. Πειρήσῶ ἀλαλκύν ἀργῖᾶ φύλα T. 30.
SYN. Ἄλκω, ἀπείλυνω, ἀπείργω, ἐξείργω, ἐρύκω,
ἀπέρκω, ἀπὸπέμπωμαι, ἐξωθέω, διωθέομαι.

Ἀλαλκῶμένης, ἰδός, ἡ, Epith. Minervæ: an
epithet of Minerva, from Alalcomenæ, in Bœo-
tia. Καὶ Ἀλαλκῶμένης Ἀθήνη Δ. 8.

Ἀλαλκῆται, angor: to be in anxiety. Ἐμ-
πέδων ἀλλ' ἀλαλκῆται K. 94. SYN. Θόρυ-
βέομαι, ἀπορέομαι.

Ἀλαμπής, εὖς, Ἀλαμπῆτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, splendoris
expers: devoid of brightness. Trach. 704. GE. C.
1661. SYN. Σκοτεινός, δνοφῆρος, ἀηλός.

Ἀλάδομαι. See Ἀλαίνω.

Ἀλάος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, also Ἀλαός, in Hom. cæcus,
improvidus: blind, imprudent. Καὶ κ' ἀλάος
τοι ξεινέ θ. 195. κ. 493. SYN. Ἀδερκής,
τύφλος, τυφλώψ.

Ἀλάοσκοπία, ας, ἡ, negligens speculatio: a
negligent watching. Οὐδ' ἀλάοσκοπὴν K. 515.

Ἀλάω, cæco: to make blind. *Ον οφθαλμοῦ
ἀλάωσεν. a. 69. SYN. Τύφλω, ἐξάλω, εξομ-
μάτω.

Ἀλάπαδνός, ἡ, ὅν, vastatu facilis: easily plun-
dered, weak, cowardly. Ἀλλ' ἀλάπαδνός ἐν
B. 675. SYN. Ἀπολέμους, ασθένῃς, μαλθακός,
πῶνρῶς.

Ἀλάπᾶς, ξω, vasto, to lay waste, plunder.
Πῶλιν οὐκ ἀλάπᾶεις B. 367. SYN. Εξἀλάπᾶς,
πέρθω, πορθέω, εκπέρθω, δηῖω, διαρπᾶς, ἐρημῶ,
ληηλάτῶ, κερᾶζω, ἀπόλλυμι, ἀναλίσκω.

Ἀλαστῶς, ἡσω, ηκά, injuriarum haud oblitus
sum, indignor: to be resentful, feel indignant.
Καὶ ἀλαστῆσας ἐπὶς ἡῦδα M. 162. SYN. Ἐπᾶ-
λαστῶ, αλγύνομαι, δεινὸπάθῶ, ἀγανακτέω, χᾶ-
λέπαίνω, αλγέω.

Ἀλαστὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non obliviscendus, intoler-
abilis: not to be forgotten, shocking, intolerable.
Ἀλαστὸς ματρὶ τᾷδε Phoen. 351. SYN. Ἄτλη-
τός, αινός, χάλῆτος, δεινός, μιάρος.

Ἀλάστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, qui perpetravit non obli-
viscenda: an offender, fiend, assassin. Φάνεις
ἀλᾶστωρ ἡ κάκος Pers. 360. SYN. Ἐρινὸς πᾶν-
ᾶλστωρ, δαιμόνιον, φόνεός. EP. Τιμαρὸς.

Ἀλάωτος, ὕος, ἡ, cæcitas: blindness, dimness.
Ἄεκέλην ἀλάωτων ι. 503. SYN. Τύφλωσίς,
τύφλότης.

Ἀλγινός, ἡ, ὅν, molestus: troublesome, dis-
tressful. See Ἀλέγεινός. Med. 1033.

Ἀλγινέω, molestus: with trouble or annoy-
ance. Antig. 436.

Ἀλγέω, doleo: to feel pain, grieve. Hec.
1238. SYN. Ἀνιδᾶμαι, ἀχέω, ἀχθῶμαι, λυπεῖμαι,
ὀδύνᾶω, ἄθυμέω.

Ἀλγηδών, ὄνος, ἡ; Ἀλγημᾶ, ἄτος, τό; Ἀλ-
γησίς, εὖς, ἡ; Ἀλγός, εὖς, τό, dolor: grief, pain.
Med. 24. Eur. Fr. Melan. Thesm. 146. Γ.
97. SYN. Ἀνία, ἀχός, ἀχθηδών, δύη, λύπη,
κῆδός, ὀδύνῃ, πῶνός, πένθος. EP. Ἀεκέλιός,
ἀσπετός, ἀλαστός, ἀτλητός, ἀμειλίχτος, ἀελπτός,
ἀγρία, ἀνὴ, ἀνήκεστός, λυγρὰ, λευγᾶλέ, δα-
κρύδεσσά, μινυθαδία, λοίγιός, βαρύστονός, στύ-
γερᾶ, οικτρὰ, δεινὴ, πικρά.

Ἀλγινέω, εὖς, ἡ, dolor, dolorem afferens: cala-
mitous, troublesome. Καὶ Οἶζυν αλγινέεσαν
Hes. Θ. 214. SYN. see Ἀλέγεινός.

Ἀλγίνω, ἵνῶ, υγκᾶ, dolore afficio: to give
pain to, distress. Τοῖμὸν αλγινέει κῆαρ Med.
397. SYN. Ἀνία, βᾶρύνω, ἐνὸχλῶ, κῆκύω.

Ἀλδαίνα, ἀνῶ, ἀγκᾶ, augeo: to increase. SYN.
Ἀλδέω, αὐξω, εἰπαύξω, αὐξάινω, ὀφέλλω.

Ἀλδήσκω, αὐξω: to be increased, grow. Ψ.
599. SYN. Αὐξέομαι, αὐξάνομαι, αλδαίνομαι, ἐπί-
διδωμι, ἀτάλλω.

Ἄλεα, ας, ἡ, calor: heat. Θέρῶ ἄλεῃ τῇ γέ-
νηται p. 23. SYN. Αἰθῶς, καυμᾶ, θαλπός, θέρως,
θερμότης.

Ἄλεα, ας, ἡ, effugium: an escape. Οὐδ' ἄλεῃ
ἡ γάρ πα παλαί X. 301. SYN. Ἀλυξίς, ἀποφυγῇ,
εκφυγῇ, ἄλεωρῇ.

Ἀλέαίνω, caleo, calefacio: to be warm, to
warm. Ἐπειθ' ἵν' ἀλέαίνουμι Eccles. 540. See
the first Ἄλεα. SYN. Θάλπῶμαι, θερμαίνομαι.

Ἀλέγεινός, ἡ, ὅν, curæ plenus, difficilis: anxious,
painful, distressing. Γινέτ' Ἄρης ἀλέγεινός N.
569. SYN. Ἀλγινός, αλγινέεις, αλγηρός, ἀχθί-
νός, ἐπαχθής, λυπηρός, ὀδυνήρος, ἀνίπαρος, ἐπί-
πῶνός, λυγρός, ὀκρύδεις, ἐπρίαλγής, δακέθυμός,
δυμῶδᾶκῃς, δηγῶνός, λευγᾶλέος, δισφῶρός, δυσ-
χέρης, χάλῆτος, ἀργᾶλέος, ἀηδής.

Ἀλέγηνῶριδης, ου, ὁ, Alegænoris filius: the

son of Alegēnor. Δάμαρ Ἀλέγηνυρῖδαο Ξ. 503.

Ἀλέγις, Ἀλέγω, curo, rationem habeo: aliquid rei: to regard, to be anxious for, to care for. Ὅδ' ἀφ' ἡμετέρου οὐκ ἀλέγισται O. 106. ζ. 268. SYN. Φροντίζω, ἐπιμελέομαι, κηδόμεναι, περίκηδόμεναι, σπουδάζω, προτιμάω.

Ἀλέγναι, ἰνῶ, ὑγκᾶ, apparare: to prepare. Δικαστῶν ἀνδρ' ἀλέγνουν λ. 185. SYN. Πάρασκευάζω, εὐτρεπίζω, ἐξαρτῶ, συντάττω.

Ἀλέεινός, ἡ, ὄν, vitandus: to be avoided, bad. Ὑπερβάσαι δ' ἀλείναι Phocyl. 33.

Ἀλέεινω, effugio: to escape, avoid. Θωὴν ἀλείνουν Ἀχαιῶν N. 669. SYN. Ἀλεύομαι, ἐκφεύγω, ἐκκλίνω, ἀναχωρεῶ, πλανάομαι.

Ἀλείαρ, ἄτος, τὸ, farina triticea: wheaten flour or bread. Ἀλφίτᾳ τεύχουσαι καὶ ἀλείατ' υ. 108. Here some read Ἀλείφάτᾳ. SYN. Ἀλευρῖν.

Ἄλεις, εντός, Halis: a river in the island of Cos. Καὶ Εὐκρίτης εἰς τὴν Ἄλεντα Theoc. 7. 1.

Ἄλεισον, ου, τὸ, poculum caelatum: an embossed or carved cup or goblet. Πάρᾳ καλὸν ἀλίσσον Ω. 429. SYN. Ἐκπαμᾶ, ποτήριον, δέπας, κύλιξ, κύπελλον, σκυφός. Ερ. Ἀμφωτῶν, περικαλλές, κἄλὸν, χρυσεῖον, χρυσεῶν, ἀμφικύπελλον.

Ἀλείτης, ου, ὁ, peccator: an offender. Φᾶθ' γὰρ τίσασθαί ἀλείτας υ. 121. SYN. Ἀλίτρως, ἀλιτήριος, ἀλοιτός, κάκος, ἀδίκος.

Ἀλείτω, f. ἀλίτῳ, pecco graviter: to commit a heinous offence. Αἰνῶντος ἀλιτέσθαι δ. 378. SYN. see in Ἀλίτραίνω, Ἀλίτσημι.

Ἀλειφᾶρ, ἄτος, τὸ, unguentum: ointment, oil, fat. Θεῶν καὶ ἀλειφᾶτ' πολλὰ ω. 67. SYN. Ἀλοιφή, μύρον, μύρωμα, ἐλαῖον, στῆαρ. Ερ. Λευκόν, ὕγρον.

Ἀλείφα, ψω, ungo: to anoint. Ἐχ' εὖν ἀλειψον Equit. 490. SYN. Χρίω, ἐμπλάττω.

Ἀλέκτρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cœlebs: unmarried. Antig. 917. SYN. Ἀγάμος, ἀνμφευτός, ἀζύγης, ἀζυξ, ἀπειρογάμος.

Ἀλεκτρυὼν, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, gallus, gallina: a cock, hen. Also ὁ, a proper name. Πῶς ἀλεκτρυὼν κάλεκτρυὼν Nub. 664. P. 602. SYN. et Ερ. see in Ἀλέκτωρ.

Ἀλέκτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, gallus: a cock. Θαρσῶν ἀλέκτωρ ὥστε Agam. 1661. SYN. Ἀλεκτρυὼν, ορτάλιχος. Ερ. Ὀρθρίος, ἡφός, ἐνδομάχης. ΡΗΡ. Περισκόος ὄρνις, οὐδ' μέλος κλάγγων ἐγερσιδότητος.

Ἀλέξανδρος, ου, ὁ, Paris: the son of Priam. See Παρίς. Αντάρ Ἀλέξανδρος T. 136. Ερ. Θεΐδης, διός, Πριάμειδος, πόσις Ἑλένης.

Ἀλέξανθεός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ventum aut frigus arcens: warding off the wind or cold, warm. Χλαῖναν ἐέσαστ' ἀλέξανθεον ξ. 529.

Ἀλέξω, Ἀλέξω, ἴσω, ἡκᾶ, arceo, opitulor: to keep or ward off, assist. Μῆπορ' ἐπὶ Τρώεσσιν ἀλέξῃσιν T. 315. G. 9. SYN. Ἀλέκω, ἀποτρέπω, ἀμύνω, ἐπίστυθεω.

Ἀλέξημά, ἄτος, τὸ, averruncatio, remedium: the means of repelling or averting, a remedy. Οὐκ ἦν ἀλέξημ' οὐδ'εν P. V. 488. SYN. Ἀλέξητήριον, ἄκος, ἱαμᾶ.

Ἀλεξήτωρ, ἦρος, Ἀλεξήτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ; Ἀλεξήτειρᾶ, ας, ἡ, depulsor, auxiliator: a defender, protector. Εσθλὸν ἀλεξήτηρᾶ μάχης Υ. 396. SYN. Ἀποτρόπος, ἀποτρόποιος, ἀργῶν, ἀρωγός, ἐπαρωγός, ἄμυντορ, ἐπικούρος, ἐπιτάρβητος, τίμαρος, πρόμαχος, ὑπέρραπιστής, σπινεργός, βήθηος, βήθηδρος.

Ἀλεξητήριος, α, ὄν, propulsatorius: capable

of defending. Δεξιᾶν δὲ σὴν ἀλεξητήριον Herc. F. 468. SYN. Ἀμυντήριος, ἀλεξικάκος.

Ἀλεξίᾳρ, ἡς, ἡ, dirarum expultrix: one who averts the effects of curses. Νειὸς ἀλεξίᾳρ παίδων Hes. Op. 462.

Ἀλεξίμερτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, homines defensens: tutelary. Pyth. 5. 21. See Ἀλεξέω.

Ἀλεξίμωρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mortem arcens: averting death, protecting. Τριακοὶ ἀλεξίμωροι OE. R. 163.

Ἀλέομαι (poet.) et ἀλεύομαι, effugio: to avoid, escape. Ἐκ τ' ἀλέοντο Σ. 586. ξ. 400. SYN. Εκφεύγω, διαφεύγω, ἐξίσταμαι, φύλαττομαι, ἀλυσκω, ἀλείνω.

Ἀλέτρευν, σιν, κᾶ, molo: to grind. Αἰ μὲν ἀλετρεουσὶ μύλης η. 104. SYN. Ἄλεω, ἀλήθω, κατὰλεω.

Ἀλέτριδᾶνός, ου, ὁ, pistillus: a pestle, grinder. Εἰπερ γὰρ ἦξει τὸν ἀλετρίδᾶνον φέρον Pax 265. SYN. Δοῖδου, κόπανόν.

Ἀλέτρις, ιδός, ἡ, molitrix: a female who grinds. Εἴτ' ἀλετρίς η. Iys. 643.

Ἄλευρον, ου, τὸ, farina triticea: ground wheat, flour. Ἐμὴν δὲκεῖ οπτῶ ἀλεύρω Theoc. 14. 7. SYN. Ἀλειῶρ.

Ἄλεῦω, averto: to avert; to put a man on his guard. Εἰδῶλον Ἀργου γηγένους ἀλεῦ' ὦ δᾶ φόβουμαι P. V. 584.

Ἄλέω, ἄλῳ, congreco: to assemble, urge. Ἐπὶ πρύμνησιν ἀλημμένας Σ. 76. SYN. Ἀθροίζω, ἐλίζω, ἀλμῆ, συγκελῶ, συνάγω, συνειλέω, συστρέφω.

Ἄλέω, molo: to grind. Αἰδεῖν τέ πίνονθ' ὥσπερ ἐκᾶχρος γυναικ' ἀλοῦσᾶν Nub. 1358. SYN. Κατὰλέω, ἀλετρεῖν.

Ἀλεωρή, ἡς, ἡ, evitatio, munimentum: avoidance, defence, support. Ανδρῶν ἀλεωρήν M. 57. SYN. Εὐλαδεῖα, ῥύμα, εἰλᾶρ, ἀποφενεῖς, ἀποφύγη, ἀσφάλιστος, ἀσφάλισμα, πρὸβόλη, ἐρύμᾳ.

Ἄλη, ἡς, ἡ, erratio, error mentis: a wandering, maze, confusion of mind. Εξέπεμψέ δωμάτων ἄλη Med. 1282. SYN. Ἀλητεία, πλάνη, ἀμάρτημα, ἀμπακία, ἀμπακημα, πταίσμα, σφάλμα. Ερ. Χάλεπῃ, χρόνιός, ἐτρείδης.

Ἀληθεία, ας, ἡ, veritas: truth. Μῦθος τῆς ἀληθείας ἐφιν Phoen. 479. SYN. Τάληθες, ἀτρεκία, ἀτρεκεία, ἀψευδεῖα.

Ἀληθές, revera; itane revera? really; ha! is it so? Ἀληθές ἐνέπω σέ OE. R. 350.

Ἀλητεύω, vera loquor: to speak the truth. Sept. Theb. 558. See below. SYN. Τάληθῃ λέγω.

Ἀληθής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, verus: true, sincere. Οὐ σφός αληθής δ' εἰς φίλους Orest. 418.

Ἀληθινός, ἡ, ὄν, verax: faithful, to be depended on. Αδγὺς ὑμῶν ἀληθινός Call. Ep. 14. 5. SYN. Ἀκριής, ἀτρεκής, ἀψευδής, ἀψευστός, δίκαιος, ἐτύμος, ἐτήτυμος, νημερτής.

Ἀληθῶς, vere: truly, beyond doubt. Οὐ βίος ἀληθῶς ὁ βίος ἀλλὰ συμφόρᾳ Alcest. 818. SYN. Ὀντως.

Ἀλήϊος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, arvis carens, sine præda: having no corn-fields or booty, poor. Οὐ κεν ἀλήϊος εἴη ἀνὴρ I. 267. SYN. Ακτήμων, ἐνδής, πτωχός.

Ἄληκτος, Ἀλληκτος, ὁ, ἡ, non desinens: incessant. Trach. 987. SYN. Ἀδιᾶλειπτός, ἀκατάπαυστος, συνέχης, ἀκαμάτος.

Ἀλημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, farina permolita: flour finely ground; a well-practised artful man. Εχθρὸν ἀλημᾶ Aj. 389, answering to εν δ' ἐλίκεσσι. SYN. Ἄλη, πάνουργός, τριμμά, περὶτριμμά, παπᾶλη, παπᾶλημᾶ, ἐπίτριπτός.

Ἀλήμων, δνός, Ἀλήτης, ου, ὁ, erro: a wan-

derer, vagabond. Πτωχοὶ καὶ ἀλήμονες σ. 18. τ. 74. SYN. Αλαζών, πλαγκτός, πλάνος, βεμένος. ΕΡ. Δύστηνος, πλύπλαγκτός, κῆκος, αἰδοῖς, ἐπίμαστος.

Ἀλητεία, as, ἡ, erratico : a wandering. Δᾶπῃδ' ἀλητεία τὴ σὴν Ion 576.

Ἀλητεύω, vagor : to wander, go astray. Ἐφέ- πεσκὸν ἀλητευόντες ἀνάγκη μ. 330. SYN. Ἀλάμαι, ἀλαῖνω, ἀλημί, πλάζομαι. See in Ἀλαίνω.

Ἄλθω, ἄλσω, sano : to heal. E. 417. SYN. Αλθαῖνω, ἀκέομαι, αλδαίνω.

Ἀλῖαδαι, ὦν, οἱ, piscatores : fishermen. Ἀλῖαδᾶν Aj. 880, answered by στερῆδ' ὠφρων. SYN. Γριπέες. ΕΡ. Γέροντες, ἀλῖτροτός.

Ἀλιδιέτος, ἀλιαιέτος, ου, ὁ, aquila marina : a sea-eagle. Ἀλιαιέτους καὶ γυπᾶς οὐχ ὄρας ὅτι Av. 891.

Ἀλιαῖς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, per mare flans : blowing along the sea. Πνείνοντες φαίνοντ' ἀλιαῖες δ. 361.

Ἀλιάρτος, ου, ὁ, Haliartus : a town in Bœotia. Καὶ ποιήεντ' Ἀλιάρτον B. 797.

Ἀλιαστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non desinens : unceasing, vehement, furious. Οὐπότ' ἐμὰ φρήν ὦδ' ἀλιαστός Hec. 82. SYN. Δεινός, χάλεπτος, ισχυρός, ἀληκτός, ἀπαυστός.

Ἀλῖεῖατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in mari ascendens : ascending in the sea. Εξ ἀλῖεατος πέτρας Eur. Suppl. 79. Pæon. trim. Others read αλῖε, i. e. πλῖε.

Ἀλῖερόχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui mari abluitur : washed by the sea. Ερρίζωνται ἀλῖερόχοι Apol. Rh. 2. 733.

Ἀλῖγειων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, mari vicinus : bordering upon the sea. Σμύρνην ἀλῖγειονά Hom. 37. 6. SYN. Αγγιᾶλός, ἀλῖτῆρων.

Ἀλῖγκιός, α, ὄν, similis : like. Εἶδος μὲν ἀλῖγκιός δ 174. SYN. Ἐνάλγκιός, ὁμοῖός, πρόσ- ὁμοῖός, ἑοικώς, πρόσῑκός, εἰκέλός, ἰκέλός, ὑτά- λαντός, ἐμφέρης, προσφέρης, πάρεμφέρης.

Ἀλῖδονός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mari agitatus : tossed in the sea. Pers. 279. See Ἀλῖγειων. SYN. Ἀλῖ- κτύπος, ἀλῖπλαγκτός, ἀλῖπλόος.

Ἀλῖεός, ἔως, ὁ, piscator : a fisherman. Πέ- μπὸν ἄγειν ἀλῖεοῖ σ 418. SYN. Αγιᾶλεός, γρι- πεύς, ἰχθυόδολός, καλᾶμεντής. ΕΡ. Ἀλῖτροτός, ἀλῖτρήφος, μὀγέρδός, δεινός, τλησιπύονός, ἰχθύος ἄργυρτήρ. See Theoc. 1. 39.

Ἀλῖζω, ἴσω, congreco : to assemble. Πάντας εἰς ἐν ἁλίω Heracl. 404. Sed alii aliter legunt. SYN. Σύνάγω, συνᾶγείρω.

Ἀλῖήρης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, maritimus : marine. Hec. 454. See Ἀλῖεός.

Ἀλῖκλυστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mari illotus : washed by the sea. Ἀλῖκλυστόν Aj. 1219, answering to ἀμερίμνος. SYN. Ἀλῖερόχος, ἀλῖπλαγκτός.

Ἀλῖκτύπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mari sonans : sea re- sounding. Οὐ πύργος οὐχ ἀλῖκτύποι Ant. 953.

Ἀλῖμενός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, importuosus : harborless, inhospitable. Ἀλῖμενων τις ὥς ἐς ἀντολὴν πέσων Hec. 1010. (Pæon. trim.) SYN. Δύσορμος, ἀνορμος.

Ἀλῖμωρ ἡεις, εσσά, ἐν, in mare cum strepitu se effundens : pouring impetuously into the sea. Πότᾶμων ἀλῖμωρήντων Φ. 190.

Ἀλῖμωρῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, a mari adpersus : washed by the sea. Βῶων δ' ἀλῖμωρῆες ακταί Apol. Rh. 2. 556.

Ἀλινδθήρα, as, ἡ, volutabrum : a place where persons preparing for wrestling rolled them- selves in the dust. Συσκεδᾶν πολλὰς ἀλινδθήρας ξπῶν Ran. 904.

Ἄλῖος, α, ὄν, infructuosus ; marinus : fruit- less ; marine : Πόντου π' ἰνώτοις ἄλιον εφθέρου πλᾶνον Helen. 783. SYN. Ἐνάλιός, ἀνέμωλιός, ἐφᾶλιός, θᾶλάσσιός, πέλαγῖός, πόντῖός, κένος, μαῖταιός, μαφιδιός.

Ἄλῖοτρέφῖς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, a mari nutritus : sea- nursed. Φωκάων ἀλῖοτρέφῶν δ. 442.

Ἄλῖω, irritum reddo : to render fruitless, disappoint. Ἄλλον δέον οὐδ' ἀλῖωσαι ε. 104.

Ἄλῖπλαγκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, per mare vagans : wandering over the sea ; surrounded by the sea. Κέκλυθ' ἀλῖπλαγκτοί Apol. 2. 11. SYN. Ἀλῖ- κλυστός, ἀλῖτύπος.

Ἀλῖπλήξ, ἡγός, ὁ, ἡ, a mari ictus : dashed by the sea. Οἶα δ' ἀλῖπλήξ Call. 4. 11.

Ἀλῖπλόος, ἀλῖπλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in mari natans : floating on the sea. Θᾶσσὸν ἀλῖπλόα τέλχεᾶ M. 26.

Ἀλῖπόρφυρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, marinā purpurā tinctus : dyed in sea purple. Φᾶρ' ὑφαίνουσιν ἀλῖπόρ- φυρά ν. 108.

Ἀλῖρρόθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui mare obstrepit : dashed by the sea. Ὡ πόροι ἀλῖρρόθοι Aj. 412. (Pæon. dim.)

Ἀλῖρρότός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adj. præter quod mare fluit : washed by the sea. Æsch. Suppl. 875. See above.

Ἀλῖς, abunde : abundantly, enough. Εἰ δ' εἰς βλάδην τίν' ἀλῖς ἔχω τοῦ δυστύχειν Orest. 234. SYN. Ἄδην, ἀρκοῦντως, ἱκανώς.

Ἀλῖσκόμαι, f. ἀλώσκειν, 2 a. ἦλων, ἔλων, ἄλωνα, ἄλως, pf. ἦλωκα, ἔλωκα, capior : to be taken. Οὐδ' ἀλῖσκέται τέχνη. Alc. 802. SYN. Κατάλαμψάνομαι, αἰρέδομαι, κατέχομαι.

Ἀλῖταιναι. See Ἀλῖτῆμαι.

Ἀλῖτῆμαι, Ἀλῖταῖνω, pecco : to err, violate. Θεοῖς ἀλῖτῆμένος εστιν δ. 807. SYN. Ἀλείτω, ἀδικέω, ἀσέβέω, ἁμαρτάνω.

Ἀλῖτήμων, ὄνός, Ἀλῖτρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, flagitiosus : villanous. Οὐτ' ἀσκόπος οὐτ' ἀλῖτήμων O. 186. Ψ. 595. SYN. Ἀλῖτῆριός, ἀδικός, ἀτάσθαλός, κατ'ἄρατος, ἐξώλης, ὑλεθριός, κῆκος.

Ἀλῖτῆριός, Ἀλῖτῆρός, ὁ, ἡ, facinorosus : wicked, villanous. Τοῦ καλῖτῆριού φρένος C. C. 370. SYN. Ἀδικός, κῆκος, μῆδρος.

Ἀλῖτομαι. See Ἀλῖτραίνω.

Ἀλῖτόγῆνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hospitem injuria afficiens : injuring a guest. Pind. Ol. 10. 7. See Ἀλῖτήμων.

Ἀλῖτραίνω, Ἀλῖτῶμαι, αἰνῶμαι, pecco : to offend, to be wicked. Ὅστις ἀλῖτραίνει Hes. Op. 239. SYN. Ἀλῖταῖνω, ἀλάδομαι, ἀλῖτῆμαι, ἁμαρτάνω, ἀτασθάλω, ἀμπλάκω, πταίω, πλημμελέω, βλάπτω.

Ἀλῖτρία, as, ἡ, scelus : wickedness, villany. Ἄπερ πτόβακον ἀλῖτρίας πολλὰς πλέον Acharn. 907. SYN. Αμπλάκία, ἀμπλάκημά, πλημμελεία, πταισμά, σφάλμα.

Ἀλῖτρυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mari attritus : sea-worn. Ἄπωθεν ἀλῖτρυτοῦ γέροντος Theocr. 1. 45.

Ἀλῖτύπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mari percussus : struck or caused by the sea beating. Pers. 939.

Αλκαθῶος, ου, ὁ, Alcathous. Αλκαθῶφ Πέλοπος Theog. 751.

Αλκαῖός, α, ὄν ; Αλκήεις, εσσά, ἐν, fortis, val- lidus : strong, brave. Hel. 1167. Hom. in Pall. 3. SYN. Ἀγῆνωρ, κράτηρός, δυνάτης.

Αλκαῖός, ου, ὁ, Alcaeus : a poet of Lesbos. Thesmoph. 161.

Ἀλκαῖρ, ἄρος, τὸ, robustum præsidium : a strong bulwark. Ἀλκαῖρ Ἀχαιῶν Δ. 822. SYN. Ἀρηΐς,

ἀλεξητήριον, ἀλέξημα, βόθηεῖα, ὄνειαρ, ἱμαῖ, τιμαυρία, ωφέλεια, ἀλκή, δυνάμεις, σωτηρία. ΕΡ. Ἐμφυτὸν, ἀλεξικακὸν, ἀτρεκές, πέλωριον, σωτήριον, φαρμάκον.

Ἀλκή, ἡς, Ἀλξ, κὺς, ἡ, (used only in the dative), robur: strength, vigour. E. 718. 299. SYN. Δυνάμεις, δυναστεία, ἀλκᾶρ, ἀγνηύρια, ισχύς, κράτος, βώμη, σθένος. ΕΡ. Ἀσπετός, ἀπειρέσια, ἀσχετός, ἀμυμᾶκτη, ἀπειραντός, σθένερα, δαΐφρων, δόη, ἐρικυδής, δερμιμός, φοινίος, ὑπερμάχως, ἐπιδόατος, κράτερᾶ, ἀπειρίτος.

Ἀλκηστis, ἰδὺς, ἡ, Alcestis: the daughter of Pelias and wife of Admetus. Ἐχουοῖ Ἀλκήστιδι Alcest. 1081.

Ἀλκίμεδων, οντός, ὁ, Alcimedon. Πέμπτης δ' Ἀλκίμεδων Π. 197.

Ἀλκίμους, ου, ὁ, Alcimus. Καί Ἀλκίμους ὁζὺς Ἄρμος O. 474.

Ἀλκίμους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, robustus, fortis: brave, valiant. Εν γυναιξὶ δ' ἀλκίμος Orest. 744. SYN. Ἀλκής, ἀγλήνωρ, ισχυρός, κράτερός. ΡΗΡ. Ἀλκή τ' ηὐρηρὲ τ' ἐκασμένους. Γενόμενός αλκής ἀπειράντου. Μεγάλη περίθαρσής αλκή.

Ἀλκινῶς, ου, ὁ, Alcinous: king of the Phæacians. Ἀλκινῶς δὲ τὸτ' ἦρχε ζ. 12. ΕΡ. Δαΐφρων, μέγαλήτωρ, δευεῖκέλος, ἀνύμων, κρείων, ἥρως, δευειδής. ΡΗΡ. Δικαιότατος βασιλῆαν, βουλάς δευειδής, λαὼν ἀρδελέκτους.

Ἀλκίφρων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, magnanimus: valiant-hearted. Pers. 95. SYN. Καρτέρουμος, ἀλκίμους, ἀγλήνωρ.

Ἀλκμήνη, ἡς, ἡ, Alcmena: the mother of Hercules. Ζ. 323. ΕΡ. Ἐλιδόλεφαρὺς, καλίσφυρος, δαΐφρων.

Ἀλκτῆρ, ἡρὸς, ὁ, defender, champion. Σ. 213. SYN. Ἀλεξητήρ, βόηδης, ἐπίσηυός.

Ἀλκυὼνη, ἡς, ἡ, Alcyone: called also Cleopatra, the wife of Meleager. Ἀλκυὼνην κάλεσσκὼν I. 558.

Ἀλκυόνis, ἰδὺς, ἡ, tranquilla: halcyon, tranquil. Ἀλκυόνidas τ' ἂν ἡγέθ' ἡμέρας αἰέ Av. 1592. SYN. Εὐδίδος.

Ἀλκυὼν, Att. Ἀλκυὼν, ὄντος, ὁ, dimin. Ἀλκυόνis, ἰδὺς, ἡ, halcyon: a halcyon, sea fowl. Χ' ἐλκυόνες στύρεσεντι Theoc. 7. 57. Apol. Rh. 1084. ΡΗΡ. Ὀρνίς ἂ παρὰ τὰς πέτρινas — Πόντου δευιδάας, ἀλκυὼν — Ἐλέγον οἰτὼν αἰδέis — Εὐξυνέτον ξυνέτοισι βῶαν — Ὅτι πόσιν κελᾶδεις αἰέ μολπαῖς Iph. T. 1096. Ἀλκυόνες, αἱ παρ' ἀενναῖος δαλάσσης — Κύμασι στωμύλλετ' — Τέγγουσαι νύτρεῖς πτέρων — Ράνισι χρῶα δροσίζουμένα Ran. 1309.

Ἀλλά, sed, quin, saltem: but, nevertheless, on the contrary, however, at least. Ἀλλά σὺν πληθεί χέρων C. R. 123. SYN. Ἄτᾶρ, δέ, μέντοι, αὐτᾶρ.

Ἀλλάγῃ, ἡς, ἡ, vicissitudo: change. Εὐνοικός ἀλλάγᾳ βίου C. R. 1206. SYN. Μετάσβλη, ἀντάλλαγμα.

Ἀλλαντόπωλῶ, farcimina vendo: to sell sausages Eq. 1398.

Ἀλλαντόπωλης, ου, ὁ, qui farcimina vendit: a sausage seller Eq. 179.

Ἀλλᾶς, ἄντος, ὁ, farcimen: a sausage. Eq. 161. Ἀλλάσσω, ξω, ἡλλάγῶν, permuto, et in med., permutando accipio: to change, barter, receive in exchange, purchase. Phoen. 1261. SYN. Ἀνταλλάττω, ανταλλάττωμαι, παρᾶλλάττω, μετᾶλλάττω, αλλοιῶω, ἀμείβω, ἀμείδωμαι, διαμείδωμαι, μετᾶβάλλω, μετᾶβάλλωμαι, τρέπω, μετᾶποιέω, ἀντάγῶράζω.

Ἀλληκτός, poet. pro ἄλληκτός, q. v.

Ἀλληλόφονία, as, ἡ, caedes mutua: mutual slaughter. Pind. Ol. 2. 74.

Ἀλληλόφονοι, ὡν οἱ, se invicem interficientes: murdering each other. Sept. Th. 926.

Ἀλλήλων, οis, ais, οis; ουs, as, ᾶ; invicem, alius alium: one another. Π. 765.

Ἀλλόγνητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, peregrinus, alienus: known to others, a foreigner, stranger; foreign. Ἀλλογνῶτῃ ἐνὶ δήμῳ β. 366.

Ἀλλοδᾶπός, ἡ, ὄν, externus: foreign. Μιχθεῖς ἀλλοδᾶποσι Γ. 48.

Ἀλλυειδής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, alia forma præditus: of a different form. Τονέκ' ἄρ' ἀλλοειδέα (molossus) φαίνεκέτ' πάντα ἄνακτι v. 194. SYN. Αἰυλός, αλλοῖος, ἀνθμοῖος, ἑτέροῖος.

Ἀλλοθέν, aliunde: from some other quarter. Orest. 1411.

Ἀλλοθί, alibi: in some other place. Πάτῃρ δ' ἔμδος ἀλλοθί γαίης β. 131.

Ἀλλοθρόος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, peregrinam loquens linguam: of another language, foreign. Ἐπ' ἀλλοθρόους ἀνθρώπους α. 183. SYN. Ξένος, τηλεδάπός.

Ἀλλοιῶμαι, οὔμαι, mutor: to be altered, become worse. Τούσθ' ἂν ἡλλιωμένους E. Sup. 44.

Ἀλλοῖος, α, ὄν, diversus: different, estranged. Ἀλλοῖός μοι ξεῖνέ φάης Π. 181.

Ἀλλοκά, Dor. for Ἀλλοτε, q. v. Χ' ὦ Ζεὺς ἀλλοκά μὲν πέλει Theoc. 4. 43.

Ἀλλοκῶτος, ἀλλοκῶταις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, monstrosus: monstrous, unusual. Vesp. 71. Eur. fr. Mel. 66. SYN. Ἄλογός, ἀπῶτός, ἐκτῶπῖος, ξένος, δαυμαστός, δαυμασίος.

Ἀλλόμαι, f. ἀλοῦμαι, 1 a. ἡλᾶμην, salio: to leap. A. 532. SYN. Κάθᾶλλομαι, δῶρέω, δρώσκω, πηδῶ, ορχέομαι.

Ἀλλοπρῶσαλλός, ὁ, ab alio ad alium accedens, inconstans: an epithet of Mars. Τυκτὸν κᾶκὺν ἀλλοπρῶσαλλον E. 831. SYN. Ἀμφίστομύς, δολιφῶρ, αλλοῖος, εὐτρεπτός.

Ἄλλος, η, ὄν, alius: another, other. Hipp. 103.

Ἄλλοστέ, aliorsum: in another direction, to another place. Or. 1126.

Ἄλλοτῆ, alio tempore: at another time. Alcest. 192.

Ἀλλοτρίος, α, ὄν, alienus, hostilis: belonging to another, hostile. Ελθὼν δ' ἐς οἶκον ἀλλοτρίων ἐπηλὺς ὦν Ion 609. SYN. Εχθρὸς, πῶλεμῖος, δύνουός, ἀλλογνητός.

Ἀλλοπρόνέω, in aliud cogitationem converto; alienata mente sum, alia cogito: to think of something else; to be estranged in mind. Ἀλλ' ἤμην αλλοπρόνέων κ. 374. ΕΡ. Ἀλλο παρὰ τὰ ὄντᾳ φρόνέω Herodot. SYN. Παράκοπτω.

Ἀλλοφυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui alia gente est: of a different tribe, an alien: Ἐς ἀλλοφυλὸν ἐλθοῖσιν χθῶνα Eum. 854. SYN. Ἀλλόγλωσσός, ἀλλοθρός, ἀλλοτρίος, ξένος, τηλεδάπός, ἐπηλὺς, ἐπηλύτης.

Ἀλλοχρῶς, ἀλλοχρως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui diversum habet colorem: of a different colour. Hipp. 175.

Ἀλλοχρως, ὡτός, ὁ, ἡ, alia corporis specie: having a different colour or complexion. Ὡς ἀλλοχρως ὄπλοισι Phoen. 138.

Ἄλλοθις, alibi: elsewhere. Διέτμαγῶν ἀλλοθὶς ἄλλῃ M. 461.

Ἄλλως, alio modo, alioqui: differently, otherwise, otherwise than right, idly, in vain. Hec. 302.

Ἄλμα, ἄπος, τῶ, saltus: leaping, a leap. Σ.

128. SYN. Πήδημά, πήδησις, σκίρτημά. ΕΡ. Κούφον, ἀφύφον, θάδον, πρῆμῆρον.

‘Άλμη, ης, ἡ, sal, oceanus: salt water, the sea. Iph. Taur. 1402. SYN. Πλημυρίς, ἄλς, θάλασσα, κύμα. ΕΡ. Πικρά, ἀσπέτος, ἁμαμάκτη, γλαυκή, διψᾶς, χάρσπη, χεμερίη, ἰδεῖδης, βάθειά, ποντίās, βρυχίος.

‘Άλμῆεις, εσσα, ἔν, ‘Άλμυρός, α, ὄν, salsus: salt, briny. Æsch. Supp. 840. Troad. 440. SYN. ‘Άλιός, ἄλιος.

Άλσά, poet. Άλοιᾶ, in area tero, molo: to thresh, grind, bruise. Άπολεῖ μ’ ἄλσῶν ἀνθρωπός εἰς ἑωθινόν Thesm. 2. See I. 564. SYN. Ἐπίτριψω, συντριψῶ, συνθραύω, ἀποπάλησσω, κατὰ πλήσσω, δέρω, κόπτω, πᾶτάσσω, μαστίζω.

Άλσῶ, rationem non habeo, nihil curo: not to care for, to set at naught. ΑΛΛ’ ἄλσῶναι O. 178. SYN. Ὀλιγῶρεω, κατὰφρονῶ, ἀθερίζω, ἀτιμάζω, περιδράω, υπερδράω.

Άλσγιστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rationis expers, nullum habens pretium: inconsiderate, of no value. Orest. 1161.

‘Άλσγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rationis expers: irrational. Eur. fr. Protes. 6. SYN. ‘Άσπεττός, ἀσκότος, ἀφρονιστός, ἀνάρθιμος, ἀθετός, ἀτῆπος, μαρός.

‘Άλθεν, ab ἄλς, ut οὐρανὸν ab οὐρανός, e mari: from the sea. Εἰσομαί εἰς ἄλθεν χάλεπην Φ. 334.

Άλοιδῶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui non convitiatur: no brawler. Agam. 402.

Άλοιφή, ης, ἡ, pinguedo, unguentum: fat, ointment, unction. Θάλαρῃ δ’ ἦν ἀμφὶς ἀλοιφή Δ. 476. SYN. ‘Άλειφάρ, λίπος, τιμέλη, πῶρ.

Άλόκίω, sulco, aro: to make a furrow, to furrow. Ἐγὼ δ’ ἄλόκισεν ἐδεόμην τῷ χωρίον Vesp. 846.

Άλοξ, ὁκός, ὁ, sulcus: a furrow. Μὴ στείρῃ τέκνον ἄλοκῷ δαιμόνων βίᾳ Phœn. 18. SYN. Αἰλαξ, τμηγός, ὠλεξ.

‘Άλόπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, haud decorticatus: not peeled, with the bark. Lysist. 737. SYN. ‘Άεσσός.

‘Άλσύνδην, ης, ἡ, Halosydne: Amphitrite. Καλῆς ‘Άλσύνδης δ. 404.

‘Άλογυρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, vestimentum purpureum: a purple vest. Λέγουσιν ὡς ἄλογυρίς Εq. 967.

Άλουσία, ας, ἡ, illuvies: want of washing, uncleanness. Διὰ μακρὰς ἄλουσίας Or. 226.

‘Άλουτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, illotus: unwashed, unclean. Av. 1554. SYN. ‘Άνιπτός, ἁκάθαρτος.

‘Άλόφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cristam non habens: without a crest, crestless. Καὶ ἄλόφον [α. ἀλόφον] ἤτε κατὰιτυξ K. 258.

‘Άλόχος, ου, ἡ, uxor: a wife. Ιφθίμη ἄλόχος E. 415. SYN. ‘Άκοιτῆς, γυνή, νόμος. ΕΡ. Αἰδοία, ἀντιθέος, εἰδυία, κάλη, ἑχέφρων, ἐράτῃ, πόλυδωρος, κουρίδια, πιστή, νυμφίδια, καλλίκρηδευμός, πηκόμος, σεμνή, εὐεῖδης, κεδνή.

‘Άλπιστός, η, ὄν, jucundissimus: most delightful, &c. Isth. 5. 16.

‘Άλς, ἄλς, ὁ, sal: salt. Οὐδ’ ἄλς δούης ρ. 455. SYN. ‘Άλᾶς. ΕΡ. Θεῖος.

‘Άλς, ἄλς, ἡ, mare: the sea. Καὶ εἰς ἄλᾶ λυμάτ’ ἐβαλλον A. 314. SYN. ‘Άλμη, θάλασσα, πόντος, πελάγος, ωκεᾶνος. ΕΡ. Ἀτρυγέτος, ἄλμυρά, ἀσάτος, γλαυκή, βάθειά, βρυχία, διά, δινηέσασα, δεινή, μαρμαρῆ, ηνέμεισασα, εὐπλῶς, ευρύπῶρος, ηχέσασα, πόλυχηχς, πορφύρεα, πορφύρεοις, πούβενης, ἐρίδουπος, λευκή, οἰζυρή, κέλαυη, κυανή, χεμερίος, στυγερή, χάρσπη, χυτή, πικρά, κρύσεσά, κόλη, ὕγρη, πέλαγία,

ἀπειρέσιη, ἀδευκής, γλυκέρη, ἀπιστός, ἄμετρητός, ἀφύλακτος, δύλιχη, ἁμαμάκτη, ἀθέσφατος, ἀκάμωτος, ἀπειρος, ἀσγίγητος, βερόνδουπος, βάθυπλουτός, ἀχείμων, ἀτέκμαρτος, ἀλεξικάκος, γαληναίη, δυσάχηχς, ευρύπῶρος, ευρεία, πόλια, ιχθυέσασα, ὀδὴ, ὀρνυμένη, πόλυφλοισσός, περίκλυστος, τρηχεῖα, ψεμάθωδης, παμφάνωσά, κάκοξευός, νηυσὶν ἐπιδράμος. ΡΗΗ. ‘Άλς ὀρίμων οἰδμά, ὕγρᾶ κέλευθα, ιχθυέντα, ευρεῖα νῶτα θάλασσης, κύμ’ ἄλικτύων ἄλμας, πόλιχς ἄλς ἀσπέτων ὕδωρ, Νηρεὺς αὐλή, πόλυρρύτος ἄλμῃ περὶ, κύματ’ ἀμαρὰ θάλασσης, μεγὰ λαίτμᾶ θάλασσης, βάθειά ποντίας ἄλμη, ἀγρίον οἰδμά, πόντιον ἄλς θάλασσης, βένθεά τ’ αστήρικτὰ καὶ ὕγρᾶ θεμεθλὰ θάλασσης, κτύπος ἄλιαστος ἐρισμῶργοιὺ θάλασσης.

Άλσις, ἰδός, ἡ, nemorensis: belonging to a grove, dwelling in a grove, an epithet of the Nymphs. Άλσιδὲς ὠδύραντο Apoll. 1. 1066. SYN. ‘Υλῶδης, ὕλινός.

‘Άλσος, ἔος, τὸ, saltus, nemus: a forest, grove.

Iph. A. 185. SYN. Δρύος, τέμενος, ὕλη, βήσος, κνημός, νάπη. ΕΡ. Ἀγλᾶν, ἀσπέτων, ἀνθοφῶρον, δεινὸν, εὐειδῶρον, κάλῶν, σκίρων, βάθοςκίων, κατὰσκιόν, πύκινον, δροσῆρον, ὕλην, τηλέων, ἱερὸν, ἑθεῖον, λευρόν.

‘Άλτις, ἰός, ἡ, Altis: a grove sacred to Jupiter. Olymp. 10. 56.

Άλυσᾶς, αὐτός; Ἀλύς, ης, ἡ, Alybas: a town in Italy, afterwards called Metapontum. Εἰμὶ γὰρ ἐξ Ἀλύσαντος ω. 303. B. 856.

‘Άλύκος, ἡ, ὄν, salsus: salt. Νῆ τὸν Πῶσειδᾶ τὸν ἄλυκὸν δικαίᾳ γε Lysistr. 404. SYN. ‘Άλιός. See in ‘Άλμῆεις.

Άλυκτοπέδη, ης, ἡ, catena a qua effugere nequeas: a chain that cannot be escaped from. Δησέ δ’ ἄλυκτοπέδῃσι Hes. Theog. 521. SYN. Πέδη, γυῖοπέδα. ΕΡ. Στίβαρη, σιδηρεῖα, ἀλεγεινή, κελαινὴ, λαϊνὴ, Ἡφαιστείη.

‘Άλυξ, ἔως, ἡ, evitatio: an avoiding, escape. Οὐκ ἐστ’ ἄλυξ ὦ ξένοι Agam. 1270. SYN. Ἀποφύγη, διαφύγη, ἐκφυγή.

Άλσπητός, ‘Άλυπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tristitiæ expers: exempt from sorrow. Ζῆν ἄλσπητῶ βίᾳ Trach. 168. Aleest. 490. SYN. Ἀνώδυνος, ἀνάληχτος, λύπης ἁμοιρός, τερπνός.

‘Άλύρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inamœnus: inharmonious, discordant. Helen. 185. See Λύρα.

‘Άλύς, ὕς, ὁ, Halys: a river in Asia Minor. ‘Ροῶλ’ Ἄλυος πτόταμοι Apoll. 2. 366.

Άλυσθαίνω, viribus deficio: to be weak, fainting. Εἴτ’ δ’ ἄλυσθαίνουσα Call. Del. 212. SYN. Ἀλύσσα, ασθένεω, ἀημιδύνεω.

‘Άλυσῖς, ἔως, ἡ, catena; animi perturbatio: a chain; perplexity. Orest. 974. It has the same metre as ἄ neg. and λύσις. SYN. Δεσμός, ἄλυκτοπέδη, πέδον; ἀνία.

Άλυσκάω, ἄλυσκα, effugio, devito: to avoid, escape. Νόσφι ἄλυσκάως πλέμωμο Z. 443. SYN. Ἀλεύομαι, ἐκκλίνω, ἐκφεύγω, εὐλαβεύομαι, φυλάττωμαι.

Άλύσσω, ξω, inquietus sum mente, insanio: to be restless in mind, to be insane. Πιόντες ἄλυσσόντες περὶ θυμῷ X. 70. SYN. Δυσφῶρεω, πᾶρᾶφρονεω.

‘Άλύτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui solvi nequit: indissoluble, inextricable. Τάρταρον ἦκεν δεσμοῖς ἄλυστοις Pr. V. 160. SYN. Δύσλυτος, ἄπῶρος, ἀμήχανός.

Άλύω, ξω, κά, aestuo, insanio, animo sum turbato: to rave, to be mad. The penult. of ἄλύω is short in Homer four times, and long once.

In the scenic writers it is always long. *As, Tí xprh̃m̃* álw pneúm̃ aneís Orest. 271. *SYN.* Áλwσσw, álāwmai, álaiw, ádhmúnw, kat̃athumēw, áthumēw, eklūwmai, dusephōrēw, lupēōmai.

Áλfāw, Áλφαίνw, 'Áλφw, invenio, pario: to find, produce, receive as wages or reward. Φθόνw πρὸς αστῶν αλφάνουσι δυσμενῇ Med. 299. Φ. 79. *SYN.* Eúρískw, ápollamēāw.

Áλφεύς, 'Áλφεύς, ου, ό, Alpheus: a river of Elis. Αλφειοῦ πόρw B. 592. Ol. 5. 41. *EP.* Bāthúliñs, θείος, οξύς, δυσέρως, állh̃t̃s, δεσπεσίως. *PHR.* Bāth̃s rōds Αλφειοῦ, ἐράτεινυτάτος πυτῶμw, θειοῦ ἱέρως rōds Αλφειοῦ.

Áλφεῖσιόα, as, ή, magni habita: highly prized. Παρθενῷ αλφεῖσιόαι Σ. 593. *SYN.* Εντιμός, ευειδής, κάλῃ, ευγενῆς, γνησία.

Áλφεῖσιόους, ου, ό, ή, pretiosus, aut, ut ali, pinguefaciens: highly prized, or, as others say, fattening. Αλφεῖσιόουν ὕδωρ Æsch. Suppl. 862. *SYN.* Πόλῳρρέμwν.

Áλφιστής, ου, ό, (1) inventor, vir honoratus, ingeniosus: an inventor; a clever, honourable man; a chief. (2) piscis quidam: a kind of fish. ζ. 8. *SYN.* Εύρέτης, εὐρήτωρ. *EP.* Τιμίς, περίφρῶδ̃s.

Áλφίτᾱμοῖδς, ου, ό, qui farinam vendit: a baker, a mealman. 'Ἐπ' αλφίτᾱμοῖσου πᾶρεκῶπην δίχωνικw Nub. 640.

'Áλφίτων, ου; 'Áλφῃ, τῷ, farina hordeacea, polenta: barley-meal; barley hulled and toasted. Καὶ áλφῃτᾱ μνέων ἀνδρῶν β. 290. Hom. H. Cerer. 208. *EP.* Λευκὼν, μύλῃφάτων. *PHR.* Μνέων ἀνδρῶν.

Áλφίτῳπwλῖς, ἰδὺς, ή, quæ farinam vendit; pistrina: a meal-woman; also, a meal-shop. Τὴν αλφίτῳπwλιν Eccl. 682.

Áλwā, as, ή, Ion. et poet. Άλwή, area, vinea, hortus, &c.: (1) a threshing-floor, (2) vineyard, garden, &c. Πόλῳκαρπὸς áλwή ι. 122. *SYN.*

Áλwας, άς, ἰδὺς, pedōn, άρουρά, κήπος, αμπελῶν, οινὸπέδwν, οινὸφύτων. *EP.* Ἰέρα, ἐριθηλῆς, κάλῃ, εὐκτιμένη, ευρπιέδwς, εὐσπύρος, τεθάλυιᾱ, δαλέρα, πάγκαρπος, δεννρήσεσᾱ, λευκῇ, αμπελδεσᾱ. *PHR.* Φίλην φραγμοῖσι, αμπελδφύτος γῇ, αμπελδεν pedōn, πυρναῖαις σπᾶφύλαισι κάλwν βέβριθεν áλwᾱ. See II. Σ. 561, &c.

Áλωπείκεύς, εὺς, ό, vulpecula: a fox's cub. Τηρῶνές áλωπέκευσι Pac. 1067. *SYN.* Άλωπέκῃα, -όν.

Áλωπέκῃw, vulpem ago, vulpinor: to play the fox, act knavishly. Vesp. 1233. See below. *SYN.* Δδλw, πάνουργw, κολάκεw.

Áλωπέκῃw, ου, τῷ, vulpecula: a little fox. Eq. 1076. See below.

Áλwπῆς, εκὺς, ή, vulpes: a fox. Καὶ μὲν φέρw χάνας λᾱγῶς áλwπέκας Acharn. 878. *SYN.* Κερδῶ, κῑνᾱδὺς. *EP.* Αἰθων, αγκυλῳμητῖς, αἰμῶλῃ, αργάλεα, δαλέρα, αἰὼδουλλός, πῑνύτῃ, κηκάς.

Áλwσίμwς, ου, ό, ή, expugnabilis: which may be taken. Κεῖ μὲν ἦν áλwσίμwς Helen. 1621.

'Áλwσίς, εῶς, ή, captura: the act of catching, capture, destruction. Τὴνδ' áλwσίw Ιλίw Phil. 62. *SYN.* Δεηλάσῃα, ἐλεέρwς, νίκη.

Áλwτός, ή, όν, qui prehendi potest: taken, or which may be taken, or discovered. OE. R. 111. See above. *SYN.* Ευᾱλωτός, ευχεῖρωτός.

Áμᾱ, simul: together. Τοῖ δ' ᾱμ̃ ἐποντο β. 413.

Áμαζόνες, ων, αἱ, Amazones: the Amazons. In the sing. Áμάζwν. Ἠλθwν Άμαζόνες αντι-

νεραι Γ. 189. *EP.* Θερῑμῶθυμοι, ἄνδρoι, ἀσποργοι, βέρϑυθυμοι, δάμνιπτοι, εὐτίπτοι, δοῦριδές, ἀνδρόφθoνoι, κλυτῷτοξοι, ευθώρηκες, χαλκῷτοξοι, στήγανῳρες.

Áμᾱθεῖα, as, ή, Amathēa: one of the Nereids. See Νηρηίδες. Εὐπλῷκάμwς τ' Άμᾱθεῖα Σ. 48.

Áμᾱθῆς, εὺς, ό, ή, indoctus, ignarus: illiterate, foolish. Κάμᾱθεῖ παρρησίᾱ Or. 903. *SYN.* Άβουλός, ἀνότης, ἀπειρος, ἀπειρόκᾱλός, ἀναίσθητός, ἀπαίδευτός, ἀνέπιστήμων, ἀδᾱήμων, ἀσφόδς, ἀνὸθῳων, ἀδιδάκτος, ἀγνῶμων, δυσμάθῆς, μωρός, σκαῖδς.

Áμᾱθῖα, as, ή, ignorantia, stoliditas: ignorance, folly. Τὼν εσθλῶν ᾱμᾱθῖων οφλήσῳμεν Hec. 327. *SYN.* Άβουλῖα, ἀγνοῖᾱ, ἀφροσύνη, αἰδρεία, ἀνοῖᾱ, ἀπειρία, ἀπειρόσῑνη, ἀγνωμῳσύνη. *PHR.* Νεφέλη πράπιδεσῑ κέλανῃ.

Áμᾱθῖος, ου, ή, arena: sand, dust. 'Η δ' ᾱμᾱθοῖς ἐχρίμψᾱτῷ Hom. Apoll. 439. *SYN.* Άμῳδς, ψᾱμᾱθός, ψᾱμῳδς.

Áμᾱθῖwν, in pulverem redigo: to reduce to dust, destroy. Πόλwν δὲ τέπῑρ ᾱμᾱθῖνeι I. 589. *SYN.* Ἀνᾱτρέπw, ἄναστρέφw, ἀφάνῑζw, αἰστώ, πέρθw, ὀδῷθρένw, ἀόλλυμῑ, φθείρw, διάφθειρw, κᾱκῳπέω.

Áμᾱμῷκέτῳς, η, όν, valde longus et ingens: immense, irresistible. Κρείσσῳν ᾱμᾱμῷκέτου πύρῳς OE. R. 177. *SYN.* Ἀνίκητός, ἀδᾱμαστός, ἀσπέτῳς.

Áμᾱλδῶνw, destruo: to destroy. Τεῖχῳς ᾱμᾱλδῶνᾱ M. 18. *SYN.* Ἀμᾱθῖwν, ἐκπέρθw, εξαιρέw, καθαιρέw, κᾱτασκάπτw, κᾱτᾱβάλλw, στυφέλιζw.

Áμᾱλθεῖα, as, ή, Amalthea, the celestial goat, which is said to have suckled Jove. Αἰγῳς Ἀμᾱλθεῖς Call. 1. 49.

Áμᾱλῳδῑτήρ, ἥρῳς, Ἀμᾱλῳδῑτης, ου, ό, manipulorum colligator: a binder-up of faggots or sheaves. 'Αλλᾱ δ' ᾱμᾱλῳδῑτήρῑς Σ. 553. Theoc. 10. 44. *SYN.* Αμῑτήρ.

Áμᾱλός, ή, όν, mollis, imbecillis: soft, weak. 'Ως δὲ κῑων ᾱμᾱλῃσί περῑ v. 14. *SYN.* Άερῳς, ᾱπᾱλός, ᾱπᾱλῳχρῳς, τέρῑν, ᾱτᾱδφρῳν.

'Áμᾱξᾱ, Ion. ᾱμᾱξαῖη, ης, (1) plaustrum: a wain, waggon. (2) septemtriones: the constellation called Charles's wain. 'Ηπέρ ᾱμᾱξᾱι κ. 103. Nub. 878. *SYN.* 'Αρμᾱ, ᾱπῑνήν, δίφρῳς, ὄχῳς, ὄχειῳν, ὄχημᾱ, εὐγῳδς. *EP.* Αχθῳφῳρῳς, εὐτῳρχός, ευτῳρχᾱλός, ευπᾱγῆς, κάλῃ, ευπῑλότης, τέτῳρᾱκῑκῳλός.

'Áμᾱξῑρης, εὺς, ό, ή, plaustralis: fixed or fitted to a waggon. Τόνδ' ᾱμᾱξῑρη θῳνον Agam. 1021. *SYN.* Ἀμᾱξῑαῖός, ᾱμᾱξῑκός, ᾱρμᾱτειός.

'Áμᾱξῑς, ἰδὺς, ή, plostellum: a small waggon. Nub. 863. See 'Áμᾱξᾱ.

'Áμᾱξῑτός, ου, ή, sc. ὁδός, via publica: a carriage-road, highway. Δῑκῑρῳτῳν εἰς ᾱμᾱξῑτόν. Eur. Electr. 775. *SYN.* 'Όδός, ᾱγνῑᾱ, ᾱμᾱξῑλᾱτός.

'Áμᾱξῳπληθῑς, εὺς, ό, ή, plaustrum complens: that which will fill a waggon, very large. 'Áμᾱξῳπληθῑ γείσῳ Phen. 1175.

'Áμᾱξῳργῳς, ου, ό, plaustrorum faber: a cartwright. Εξ ᾱμᾱξῳργῳύ λέγεις Equit. 464.

Áμᾱρα, as, ή, aqueductus: a channel, ditch, stream. Κρηναῖαι ᾱμᾱρα πλήθοντῳ ρῳῃσι Apoll. 3. 1391. *SYN.* Ὀχετός.

'Áμᾱρῳτᾱw, f. ᾱμᾱρῑσῳw, 2 a. ἡμᾱρῳτῳν, a scopo aberro, fallor, delinquo: to miss the aim, fail, be deceived, act wrong. 'Η ζῳόντᾱς ᾱμᾱρτεῖν φ. 155. *SYN.* Ἀλῑτέw, ᾱλᾱίνw, ᾱλᾱῳμᾱῖ, ἀφᾱμᾱρῳτᾱw, εξᾱμᾱρῳτᾱw, ᾱσέξῳw, πᾱρᾱνῳμῳw, πλημμελῳw,

πλυνᾶμαι, σφάλδμαι, πλάζομαι, πταίω, ἀπο-
τυγχάνω, αὐτοχέω, στερῶμαι, ἀδικέω, βλάπτω.

Ἀμαρτήμα, ἄτος, τὸ, peccatum: an error,
mistake, sin. Antig. 1264. See below.

Ἀμαρτία, as, ἡ, culpa: a fault, crime. Ἀναφέ-
ρουσά τὴν ἁμαρτίαν Orest. 76. SYN. Ἀμαρτωλή.

Ἀμαρτίνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mente errans: wrong-
minded. Ἀμαρτίνων τ' Ἐπιμηθεά (ἐα one long)
Theog. 511.

Ἀμαρτοῦπης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, stulte loquens: talking
foolishly. Αἰὼν ἀμαρτοῦπης N. 824.

Ἀμαρτυρητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, testibus carens: unwit-
nessed to. Οὐμός δ' ἀμαρτυρητός ευκλεῖς πόσις
Herc. F. 290.

Ἀμαρτωλή, ἡς, ἡ, peccatum: a sin. Εἰέν
ἀμαρτωλὴ Theog. 327. SYN. Ἀλίτημα, ἀμαρτημα,
ἀμαρτία.

Ἀμαρυγία, ἡς, ἡ; Ἀμαρυγία, ἄτος, τὸ, fulgor:
glare, splendour. Ἀπ' οφθαλμῶν ἀμαρυγαί Hom.
Merc. 45. Theoc. 23. 7. SYN. Αυγή, σέλας,
λαμπρότης, ἀγλαΐα, καλλώτισμα.

Ἀμαρυγκίδης, ου, ὁ, Amaryncides: the son of
Amaryncus. Ἐνθ' Ἀμαρυγκίδην Δ. 517.

Ἀμαρύσσω, fulgeo: to shine bright, blaze. Ἐπ'
οφρυσὶ πῦρ ἀμαρύσσει Theog. 827. SYN. Αγαλ-
ίζομαι, αυγέω, αυγάζω, διανάζω, γάνω, μαρμαίρω,
στίλβω, σέλαιγέω, αὐστράπτω, σελάζιζω, διάπρεπω.
Ἀματρῶχάω, una curro: to run along with.
Τοῖον ἀματρῶχωντὰ δῦραζε O. 450.

Ἀματρῶχία, ἄς, ἡ, rotarum concursus: the
meeting of wheels. Μένελαος ἀματρῶχίας ἀλέει-
ων Ψ. 422.

Ἀμαυροῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vitam in tenebris degens:
living in darkness. Ἀνδρῆς ἀμαυροῖοι φύλλον
γένεξ πρόθυμοι Av. 685.

Ἀμαυρός, ρά, ρόν, obscurus: obscure, gloomy.
weak. Αυτή τ' ἀμαυρὰ κοῦ τυραννός Androm.
203. SYN. Ἀλαμπής, ἀθελός, ἀκλῆς, ασθενής.

Ἀμαυρός, obscurum reddo, extinguo: to
darken, extinguish. Hipp. 818. See above. SYN.
Ἀπαμαυρῶ, ἀφάνιζω, σκιδίω, ἀποκρύπτω, ἀπο-
κάλυπτα, ἀπαλείφω, ἐπισκιάζω, ὀφθώ, γνόφω,
ἀμᾶλδω, ἀμᾶλνυω, ἀμαλδύνω, ἀμερῶ, ἀποτρίβω.

Ἀμαχητί, absque pugna: without fighting.
Τὸ μὴ αἰσχιῶν αἰε' ἀμαχητί Φ. 437. SYN.
Ἀμᾶχει, ἀμᾶχως, ἀκοντίζω.

Ἀμαχητός, poet. Ἀμαχέτος, et Ἀμαχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ,
qui non pugnat; frequentius, invictus: who does
not fight; irresistible. Sept. Th. 85. Rhes.
453. See Μάχη. SYN. Απτολέμους, ἀνανδρός,
δυσμαχητός, ἀνάλωτος, ἀρήρηκτος, ἀδᾶμαστος,
ἀπρόρητος, δυσπόλεμητος.

Ἀμαῶ, ἦσω, colligo, constringo, meto: to col-
lect, to bind together, to mow, to reap. Ἐπειτ'
ἀμασθὲ τῶνδ' Eur. I. no fr. 4. Maltby observes
that in the active voice, and in the derivatives
αμητήρ and αμητος, the alpha is long in Homer
and Hesiod; in the middle voice, as also in
επαμήσατο, καταμήσατο and διάμεισε, the alpha
is short: with the later writers the alpha is
common. SYN. Ἀπαμάω, ἐξάμαω, κάταμαω, συλ-
λέγω, δερρίζω, εκθερίζω, δρέπω, ἀπότημνω, ἀπο-
κόπτω.

Ἀμαίνω, pro ἀναβαίνω, ascendo: to ascend.
ι. 178.

Ἀμαλλάομαι, pro ἀναβάλλομαι, remoror: to
delay. B. 436.

Ἀμαῖσις, ἔως, ἡ, pro ἀναῖσις ascensio:
ascent, a mounting. Ἀμαῖσις οἱ τὰν Ἰππίαν
E. C. 1070. (Choriamb. dim.)

Ἀμαῖτης, pro ἀναῖτης, ου, ὁ, qui ascendit,

equus admissarius: ascending; a stallion. Mai-
nades τὸν ἀμαῖτην Bacch. 1105.

Ἀμαῖτός, pro ἀναῖτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui ascendi
potest, ascensu facilis: what can be ascended,
accessible. Ἀμαῖτός ἐστὶ πόλις Z. 434. SYN.
Ἐπιῖατός.

Ἀμαῖλδην, per sync. pro ἀναῖλδην, alta voce:
with the full force of the voice. X. 475.

Ἀμαλῦς, εἶα, ὅ, obtusus, hebes: blunted, dull.
Νῦν δ' ἀμαλῦς ἐμὶ καὶ κἀπρητικῶς κἀκῶν Eur.
fr. inc. 167.

Ἀμαλῶψ, ὥπος, Ἀμαλῶπης, ἔος, et Ἀμαλῶπός,
οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, cæcetiens: dim-sighted. Βῖον ἀμαλῶπὸν
πᾶρχειουσιν Eumen. 953. SYN. Ἀμαυρός.

Ἀμαλῶδην, pro ἀναῖλδην, per intervalla,
diversis vicibus: at intervals. Nem. 10. 61.

Ἀμαλῶλη, pro ἀναῖλῶλη, q. v. Heracl. 271.

Ἀμαλῶλιεργός, ου, ὁ, pro ἀναῖλῶλη, dilator operis:
a man who is dilatory in his work. Ἀμαλῶλιεργός
ἀνὴρ Hes. Op. 411. SYN. Ῥάθυμος, ὀκνηρός,
σχολαῖος, μελλητής.

Ἀμαλῶλη, Ion. pro ἀναῖλῶλη, ἡς, i. q. Ἀνα-
ῖλῶλη, ἡ, dilatio: delay. Ἀμαλῶλη δὴ γὰρ Apoll.
3. 144. SYN. Βράδυτης, τριῖς, διάτριψις, μέλ-
λησις.

Ἀμβροσία, as, ἡ, ambrosia: the supposed food
of the gods. Τοῖσιν δ' ἀμβροσίην Σίμωδες E. 777.
Er. Ἐράτεινῃ, Διότρεφῃς, εὐδομῶς. Pher. Θεῖον
ἀλειμμά, ἀμβροσίον εἶδάρ.

Ἀμβροσίος, α, ὄν, immortalis, dulcis: immortal,
sweet. Περὶ δ' ἀμβροσίος κέχυθ' ὕπνος B. 19.
SYN. Θεῖος, ἀθανάτος, ἀθάρατος, ἡδύς.

Ἀμβροτέω, ἀμβροτό, aberro: to miss. E. 287.
SYN. Ἀμαρτάνω, ἀποτυγχάνω.

Ἀμβροτόπωλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immortalis juvenis:
an immortal youth. Χάριν ἀζύγους ἀμβροτόπλου
Troad. 539.

Ἀμβροτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immortalis, purus: im-
mortal, pure. II. 381. SYN. see Ἀμβροσίος,
ἀφθίτος, ἀκήρατος.

Ἀμεγάρτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immensus: immense,
large. Πόνον δ' ἀμεγάρτων ὀφελειν B. 420.
SYN. Ἀφθόνος, ἀμέτρος, ἀσπετός, μέγας, πῶλος,
ἀναρίθμους.

Ἀμεῖδομαι, remuneror, alterno: to exchange,
alternate, answer. A. 172. See below. SYN.
Ἀπαμεῖδομαι, ανταμεῖδομαι, ἀντιφώνεω, ανταυδάω,
ὑποκρίνομαι, ἀποκρίνομαι.

Ἀμεῖω, commuto: to give in exchange. Δῖο-
μήδεα τεύχε' ἀμεῖβε Z. 235. SYN. Ἀλλάττω,
εξαλλάττω, ἐπαλλάττω, ἀμεῖδομαι, ανταλλάττω.

Ἀμεῖλικτός, ἀμεῖλιχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, implacabilis:
implacable. Ἐπέσσειν ἀμεῖλικτον δ' ὄπ' ἄκουε
Φ. 98. See Ω. 734. SYN. Δυσμεῖλικτός, ἀνηλῆς,
ἀνημέρος, ἀνίλεως, ἀνελέημων, ἀνεπίειχης, ἀήδης,
ἀστρεπτός, ἀθελκτός, ἀκήλητος, ἀπηνής, ἀπαρ-
αίτητος, δυσπάραιτητος, ἀπαράμυθος, ἀσπονδός,
αστεργής, ἀτερᾶμων, ἀτεγκτός, ἀκαμπής, σκληρός,
χάλεπος. Pher. Πέτρας ἔχων φύσιν ἢ σῖδ' ὀρου
Mosch.

Ἀμείνων, ὄνδς, melior: better, braver. Οὐ
παρὸς ἀμείνων A. 404. SYN. Βελτίων, βέλτερος,
κρείττων, φέρτερος, προφερέστερος, λωίτερος,
ἄρειον, ἀρειότερος, λωίων.

Ἀμείρω, cum gen., privo aliquem portionem: to
rob any one of his share. Πᾶρ χεῖλδς ἀμερσειν
Nicand. 3. 686. Pyth. 6. 26. SYN. Ἀμερῶω,
ἀπαμείρω, ἀπανρῶω, ἀτέμνω, νοσφίζω, τητῶω,
στερέω, ορβάνιζω, ἀφαιρέω.

Ἀμέλγω, mulgeo: to milk. Αἰγᾶς ἀμέλγω
Theoc. 5. 85.

Ἀμελέω, negligo: to disregard, neglect. N. 419. SYN. Ἀθερίζω, ἀφροντιστῶ, ἀμελία δοῦναι τι.

Ἀμελήτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non curandus: not deserving of attention. Theogn. 422.

Ἀμελία, as, poet. pro Ἀμελεῖα, ἡ, incuria: carelessness. Iph. A. 850. SYN. Ἀμελεῖα, ἀτημελεῖα, ἀφροντισία, ὀλίγωρία, ῥαθυμία, ἀργία, ἀκηδία.

Ἀμεμπτός, ου, ἀμεμφής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, inculpatus, innocuus: unblamed, innocent. Iph. A. 1158. SYN. Ἀμωμός, ἀμώμητος, ἀμύμων, ἀναίτιος, ἀσλάθης, ἀκάκος, ἀνέπιθνόνος, ἀψόγος, καθάρως.

Ἀμεμπτός, culpā expers: without blame or censure. Philoct. 1465.

Ἀμεμφία, as, ἡ, reprehensionis immunitas: exemption from reproof. Οὐκ ἀμεμφία φίλοις Sept. Th. 903. SYN. Ἀσλάθεια.

Ἀμείνως, ἡ, ὅν, Ἀμείνης, εὖς, sine robore et viribus: feeble, unsubstantial. κ. 521. Eur. Suppl. 1116. SYN. Ἀσθενής, ἀμικρός, ἐξίτηλος, νοθρός, νωχέλης, λεπτός.

Ἀμείνων, irritum reddo: to render weak, useless. N. 562. SYN. Ἀσθενῶ, ἐκλῶ, γυνῶ, ἔλασσω.

Ἀμέργω, ξω, κά, exsugo, destringo, decerpo: to extract, to take off, squeeze out, pluck off. Χερί καρπὸν ἀμέργων Herc. F. 396. SYN. Ἀπάμερδω.

Ἀμέριμνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, curarum expers: devoid of care, unattended to. Aj. Fl. 1207. SYN. Ἀφρόντιστος.

Ἀμέτρητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immensus, immodicus: immeasurable, immense, immoderate. Ὅπισθεν ἀμέτρητος πόνος ἐστίαι Ψ. 249. SYN. Ἀμέτρητος, ἀμέγατος, ἀπληστὸς, ἀπέλεθρος.

Ἀμέτρητος, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, sine modo loquax: incessantly babbling. Μοῦνος ἀμετρήτης ἐκλόφα B. 212. SYN. Ἀδόλεσχος, φλύαρος.

Ἀμείσιμος, ὁ, ἡ, pertransibilis: by which there is a passage. Ὅπη καὶ ἀμείσιμον Ap. Rh. 4. 297.

Ἀμευσίπορος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in diversam regionem transiens: passing into a different part; where the paths cross each other. Pyth. 11. 58. See Ἀμευσίμους.

Ἀμεῶν, transeo: to pass over; surpass, vanquish. Pyth. 1. 86. See Ἀμευσίμους. SYN. see Ἀμείβω.

Ἄμη, ης, ἡ, falx, ligo: a spade, mattock. Οἱ χῆνες ὑπότρυποντὲς ὥσπερ ταῖς ἀμαῖς Av. 1145. SYN. Δικελλὰ.

Ἀμηγέπη, ἀμωσγέπως, quodammodo, quoquo modo: some way or other, in some measure. Ὑμᾶς μὲν ἤδη μισθοφόρεῖν ἀμηγέπη Acharn. 608. Thesm. 428. Expr. Ἐνὶ γὰρ τρῶφι, ὥπωσούν, δῆπότε.

Ἀμηνίτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ira et simulate vacuus: free from anger or quarrel. Σύν τ' εὐκλείᾳ καὶ ἀμηνίτῳ Æ. Suppl. 976. SYN. Ἀχόλος, ἀκότος, εὐμένης, ἡμέρος.

Ἀμηνίτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, colo non deducendus: not to be spun out. Καὶ γῆρας ἀμηνίτων Apoll. 2. 221. SYN. Ἀτέλεστος, ἀπείραντος, δῖηνέκης, ἐνδελέχης, συνεχής.

Ἀμητήρ, ἡρὸς, ὁ, messor: a reaper. Οἱ δ' ὥστ' ἀμητήρēs A. 67. For the first syll. see Ἀμάς. SYN. Θέριστης, δρεπάνηφόρος, ἀμάλη-τόμος, ἀμάλωδέτης.

Ἀμπτός, ου, ὁ, messor: a harvest. Ἀμπτὸς δ' ὀλίγοις T. 223. SYN. Θέρως, Θέρισμός, κάλ-αυητόμια, ευκαρπία.

Ἀμήτωρ, ὁρος, ὁ, ἡ, cui mater est nulla, aut sava: motherless; unnatural. Ion 109. SYN. Κάκομητωρ.

Ἀμηχάνω, ἡσω, ηκά, inops consilii sum: to be without contrivance, to be at a loss, or irresolute. Δή μὲν ἀμηχάνεοντ' Theocr. 22. 103. SYN. Ἀπόρῶν, μεριμνάω, ἐκκάμνω.

Ἀμηχάνια, as, ἡ, inopia consilii: perplexity. Ὅρωντες ἀμηχάνη δ' ἐχέι. 295. SYN. Ἀθυμία, ἀνεπιστία, ἀπόρεια, ἀπορημία.

Ἀμηχάνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inops consilii, difficilis: devoid of contrivance, senseless, unfounded, difficult. Ἀνωγὰς ἀμηχάνων ἀλλὰ Ξ. 26. SYN. Ἀσουλός, ἀδυνάτος, ἀπόρος, ἀδόμαστος.

Ἀμηχάνως, nullo modo: by no means in perplexity. Δρᾶν δ' ἀμηχάνως ἐχει Eur. Fr. Genom. 3.

Ἀμικρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, purus: undefiled, pure. Κεφάλῃς ἀμικρὸν ἀπ' ἀκρης Theog. 447. SYN. Ἀμολυντός, ἀθικτός, ἀπρότριάστος, ἀχραντός.

Ἀμικτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, commercium fugiens: inhospitable. Iph. T. 403. SYN. Ἀκικρὸν, ἀπλατός.

Ἀμιλλά, ης, ἡ, certamen: a contest, struggle, conflict. Διὰ σαρκὸς ἀμιλλαν Hel. 355. SYN. Ἀγών, σπουδή, φίλονεικία. Ep. Φιλόπλουτος, ῥιμφορμῶτος, οὐδὲ πλανήτης.

Ἀμιλλᾶμαι, certo, amulor: to contend. Τόνδ' ἀμιλλᾶμαι λόγον Hec. 271. SYN. Διὰ ἀμιλλᾶμαι, ἀγωνίζομαι, ἐπαγωνίζομαι, ἀεθλεύω, κινῶμαι, ισχυρίζομαι, ἐριδᾶναι, ἐρίζω, νεικέω.

Ἀμιλληά, ἄτος, τό, certatio: a contest, struggle. Soph. El. 493. See above. SYN. Ἀγώνισμα, ἀγών, ἀθλός.

Ἀμιλλητήρ, ἡρὸς, ὁ, certator: a contender, wrestler. Τρὸχους ἀμιλλητήρας Antig. 1065.

Ἀμιπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, equo par celeritate: fleet as a horse. Βόρεας ἀμιπτός ορθοῦς ὑπὲρ πάγου Antig. 985. SYN. Τάχως.

Ἀμῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, matula; navigium: a chamberpot; a skiff. Ἦτησεν ἀμῖδ' ἐγὼ δὲ πρὸς τοῦτον βλεπων Ran. 543. In Æ. Suppl. 849, 854, the a is long. See Butler, Æsch. Suppl. 849.

Ἀμισθί, gratis, impune: gratuitously, with impunity. Οὐκὼν ἀμισθὶ τοὺς ἐμοὺς στρατηλάτας Troad. 409.

Ἀμισθός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mercedis expers: unpaid, unrewarded, gratuitous. Choëph. 721. SYN. Ἀπόμισθος, ἀδώρητος, ἐκμισθος.

Ἀμισώδαρος, ου, ὁ, Amisodarus: a prince of Caria, whose daughter married Bellerophon. Ὅτ' ἐκόντισται Ἀμισώδαρου Π. 328.

Ἀμίτρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sine zona: not having a girdle. Πάσας ἐπὶ παῖδας ἀμίτρον Call. 3. 14. SYN. Ἀζωνός.

Ἀμίτροχίτων, ὠνός, ὁ, ἡ, cui zona discincta est: having the belt ungirt. Ἰδ' ἀμιτροχίτωνας ἑταίρους Π. 419.

Ἀμυχθαῖς, εὖς, ἐν, inaccessible, importuosus: inaccessible, harborless. Λημὼν ἀμυχθαῖς ἐσαν Ω. 753.

Ἀμμά, ἄτος, τό, nexus: a fastening, a chain. Herc. F. 1029. SYN. Κάθαμμα, ἀνδρόδεσμη, δεσμός, σύνδεσμος, πλῶκη, συμπλοκή, ὀχάνη, τέλα-μών. Ep. Εὐστρέφες, εὐδρύχον, στέρειν, ἀφικτόν.

Ἀμμίγᾳ, simul, una cum: together, along with. Ἄλως ἀμμίγᾳ παύροις Apoll. 1. 573. SYN. Ἀμά, ὁμοί.

Ἀμυρία, as, ἡ, infortunium: misfortune. Μοῖραν τ' ἀμυρίην τέ v. 76. SYN. Συμφόρα, ἀτυχία, ἀτυχία, τάλαιπωρία.

Ἀμυδρός, Ἄμυδρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, calamitosus: unfortunate. Σ. 489. See Ἀμυρὸς.

Ἀμμων, ὠνός, ὁ, Ammon: a name of Jupiter. Pyth. 4. 28.

Ἀμμωνιάς, ἰάδός, Ἀμμωνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, ad Ammonem pertinens: belonging to Ammon. Alcest. 113. Eur. Electr. 734.

Ἀμνείος, α, ὄν, agnīus: belonging to a lamb, woollen. Theoc. 24. 61. SYN. Ἀρνεῖος.

Ἀμνῆ, ἡς, Ἀμνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, agna: a she-lamb. Δωρεῖται Μόρσων τὰν ἀμνίδα Theoc. 5. 139. SYN. Ἀμνᾶς, ἄρην. ΕΡ. Ἀπάλλῃ, ἀμᾶλλῃ, βληχᾶς, μᾶλάκῃ.

Ἀμνηδνευτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immemorus: unmentioned, not remembered. Iph. T. 1420.

Ἀμνημινέω, ἥσω, κᾶ, immemor sum: to forget. Orest. 210.

Ἀμνηδσύνῃ, ἡς, ἡ, oblivio: forgetfulness. Ion 1100. SYN. Λησμοδσύνῃ, λήθη, ληθόσύνῃ, ληστῖς.

Ἀμνημων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, immemor: unmindful. Mus. 322. SYN. Ἀγνώμων, λήσμων, λάθιφρων.

Ἀμνηστέω, ἥσω, ἡκᾶ, obliviscor, immemor sum: to forget, to be unmindful of. Soph. El. 484. SYN. Εκλανθάνομαι, ἀμνημνέω.

Ἀμνηστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, oblivione deletus: forgotten. Theocr. 16. 42.

Ἀμνῖον, ου, τὸ, vas ad excipiendum sanguinem in sacrificiis respersum: a vessel for receiving the blood shed in sacrifice. Περσεύς δ' ἀμνῖον εἶχε γ. 444. SYN. Σφάγγιον, σφάγγειον.

Ἀμνισός, Ἀμνιστός, οὗ, ἡ, Amnisus: a port of Gnosus in Crete. Στῆσέ δ' ἐν Ἀμνισῷ ὄθι τ. 188.

Ἀμνῶκᾶν, οὐντός, ὁ, agnīnam mentem habens, fatuus: stupid. Eq. 264. SYN. Εὐθήτης, μῶρός, ἀμῆχῶνός, ηλιθιός.

Ἀμνός, οὗ, ὁ, agnus: a lamb. Theoc. 5. 24. Ἀμνός is a term not found in the Tragedians, Homer, or Hesiod. SYN. Ἀρήν, gen. ἀρνός, πρῶ-εἰς τῶν. ΕΡ. Ἀπάλλος, νῶθηλῆς, σηκίτης, ὑπό-μάζιος, κέρδότης, ἰσομήτωρ.

Ἀμῶγῃτῖ, sine labore: without labour. Γέρων ἀμῶγῃτῖ ἀειρεν Α. 636. SYN. Ἀμοχθῖ, ἀτάλαι-πῶρος.

Ἀμῶγῃτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indefessus: unwearied. Hymn. Mart. 3. SYN. Ἀκμῆς, ἀκάματός.

Ἀμῶθεν, aliqua ex parte: in some degree. Τῶν ἀμῶθεν γέ δέα α. 10.

Ἀμοιβαῖός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alternus, mutuus: alternate. Apoll. 3. 83. See below.

Ἀμοιβῇ, ἡς, ἡ, permutatio, vicissitudo, compensatio: change, exchange. Οἷας ἀμοιβῆς ἐξ ἰσόνος κύρεῖ Med. 23. SYN. Ἀμειψίς, ἀντ-ἀμειψίς, ἀντάλλαγμα, ἐπαλλάγη, ἐπάλλαξις, κοι-νανία, μετὰσδλή, ἀντιδδοῖς, ἀντιδωρεᾶ, ἀντεuer-γέτημα.

Ἀμοιβηδῖς, vicissim, alternatim: by turns, alternately. Ἦισσὸν ἀμοιβηδῖς δ' ἐδῖκαζον Σ. 506. SYN. Ἐναλλάξ, ἐπαλλάγῃς.

Ἀμοιβός, ἡ, ὄν, mutuus: succedaneous. Ἠλθὺν ἀμοιβοί Μ. 793. SYN. Ἀμοιβαῖός.

Ἀμοιρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, expers, non particeps: deprived, bereft, having no share. Ἡμὲν ἀμοιρουν Theoc. 21. 30.

Ἀμολγαῖός, α, ὄν, lacteus, qui mulgetur: milky, which is milked. Μᾶζα τ' ἀμολγαῖῃ Hes. Op. 588. SYN. Γλαγγῆς, γλαγγεῖς.

Ἀμολγεῖός, ἑως, ὁ, mulctra: a milk-pail. Τὸν ἀμολγεᾶ πληροῖ Theoc. 8. 87. SYN. Γαυλός, πέλλα.

Ἀμολγός, οὗ, ὁ, tempus quo mulgetur, nox extrema: milking-time, the evening. Νυκτὸς ἀμολγᾶ Α. 173. SYN. Ἑσπέρα.

Ἀμομφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inculpatus: blameless. Eum. 478. SYN. Ἀμεμπτός, ἀμεμφής.

Ἀμορπάν, ὄνός, ὁ, Hamorpaon: Καὶ Πόλυαι-μὸνιδῃν Ἀμορπάνῃ Θ. 276.

Ἀμορσᾶς, ἄδός, ἡ, pedisequa, a female attendant. Ἐπονταῖ ἀμορσᾶδες Apoll. 3. 880.

Ἀμορβός, οὗ, ὁ, assecia; bubuleus: an attendant; a herdsman. Πέμπεν ἀμορβούς Call. 3. 45. SYN. Ἀκόλουθός, ἀμφιπόλός, βουκόλός, ποιμήν.

Ἀμοργίς, ἰδός, ἡ, vestimentum purpurei coloris: a purple robe. Τάλαινά τῆς ἀμοργίδος Lysist. 736. SYN. Ὑφασμά, χίτων, εσθῆς, φάρος.

Ἀμῶρός, Ἀμῶδρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, i. q. Ἀμοιρὸς, expers, calamitosus: having no share, unfortunate. Med. 1392. SYN. Εστέρημένός, τῆγᾶμένός, ἀθλίος, δυσδαίμων, δύσμοιρος, κακόμοιρος, κακόμοιρός.

Ἀμορφία, ας, ἡ, deformitas: deformity, hag-gardness. Φάνειο ἀμορφία Orest. 385. SYN. Δυσμορφία, δύσειδία. ΕΡ. Αισχρά, ασχῆμων.

Ἀμορφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, deformis: deformed, dis-figured. Hec. 240. SYN. Δύσειδης, δύσμορφός, ασχῆμων, ἀσχορῖς, ἀειδής, ἄκοσμος.

Ἀμός, Dor., et Ἀμὸς, Ἄολ, et Att., noster, meus: our, my. Καὶ δεχόμεναι χερεὶ δάμῳσι τ' ἀμοῖς Androm. 1177.

Ἀμός, Doric. Ἡμος; vel ut mavult Gaisford. Ἄμὸς, postquam: when. Theoc. 22. 11.

Ἀμῶτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inexplebilis: insatiable. Θῆρ ἀμῶτος μακρῇν Theoc. 25. 242. SYN. Ἀκρε-στός, ἀπληστός.

Ἀμουσία, ας, ἡ, illiterata barbaries: want of refinement, rusticity. Ἀμουσία τοι μηδ' Eur. fr. Antip. 40. 89.

Ἀμουσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, musis non initiatus, indoc-tus, tristis: illiterate, mournful. Phoen. 820. SYN. Ἀπῶμουσός, ἀμᾶθής, ἀπαίδευτός, ἄκομψός, ἀηδής.

Ἀμοχθῖ, et Ἀμοχθελ, facile: without exertion, easily. Ὅ δέος ἀμοχθῖ κείσῃ νῶν ἡγήσεται Baech. 194.

Ἀμοχθός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, labore carens, iners: de-void of, or free from, labour; inactive. Trach. 147. SYN. Ἀτάλαιπῶρος, ἀργός, ὄκηρπός.

Ἀμπεδῆρης, ἑός, ὁ, ἡ, campestris: meadowy. Pers. 572.

Ἀμπελάγός, pro ἄνᾳ πελάγός, per mare: along the sea. Ὅς φέρετ' ἀμπελάγος Hes. Theog. 190.

Ἀμπελῶν, ὠνός, ὁ, poet. pro Ἀμπελῶν, vine-tum, vinea: a vineyard, graperly. Theoc. 25. 155. SYN. Ἄλωδ, οἰνὸπέδον. ΕΡ. Πόλυεστρὺς, σὺσκέιος, κατὰσκέιος. ΡΗΗ. Γῇ οἰνὸφύτῳς, ἀμπε-λὸφύτῳς, πέδον ἀμπελῶν.

Ἀμπελῖον, ου, τὸ, viticula: a little vine. Κάμολ γάρ ἐστὶν ἀμπελῖα κέκομμένα Acharn. 511.

Ἀμπελῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, vitis: a vine. Πρῶτᾳ μὲν ἂν ἀμπελίδος ὄρχον ἐλάσαι μακρόν Acharn. 1014.

Ἀμπελῖδης, εσσᾶ, ἐν, vitifer: fertile in vines. Γ. 184.

Ἀμπελδεργός, Ἀμπελουργγός, οὗ, vinitor: a vine-dresser. Pax 189.

Ἀμπελός, ου, ἡ, vitis: a vine. ω. 245. SYN. Οἶνη, ἀμπελῶν. ΕΡ. Ἀγρίας, ἀναλῆ, ἄερόκδμης, ἀνθεῖμδεσῶν, Βακχείη, βύτρυόταις, γλυκύκαρπός, δάσεια, εὐπῆλῶς, ἐπήρατός, ἐφίμερός, ἡδεῖα, ἡδιστὸς, ἡμέρεσσᾶ, φίλορῶξ. ΡΗΗ. Ἀκεσφόρος Λύπη, ἡμῆρις, πανθελικεῖρα, μεθουρῶφός, μῆτῆρ

δ' ὁρῶν, οὐντόκοι ἔρσαι, εὐσταφύλοιο δ' ἐξήλατ' οὐνᾶδος δ' ὁρῶν, ἐρῶν ἐρώτων, φύτον ἀγαλῶδωρὸν, σὸφον ξυλόν, φίλεῖδον ἀνθός, κέρει ευφρόδυνης.

Ἀμπέτραις, pro ἀνὰ πέτραις A. Suppl. 355.

Ἀμπέχυνη, ἡς, ἡ; Ἀμπέχυνόν, ου, τὸ, indumentum exterius: an outer garment. Theoc. 15, 21. 27, 59. SYN. Ἀμφίεσμα, ἐάνος, εἰμά, ἐσθημᾶ, ἐσθησίς, ἐσθῆς, ἐνδύμα, περίελημα, δοιμαῖον, περίεσθλη, ἱμαῖον, στολὴ, στολμός, στολισμᾶ, στολισμός, πέπλον, ἐφαιμᾶ, ἐλῦμα, ἐλῦμός, σκέπασμα, χλαῖνις.

Ἀμπέχω, ἀμφέξω, circumdo, induo: to throw round, clothe, put on. Med. 1156. SYN. Ενδύω, περίδω, ἀμφιέννυμι, περιβάλλω, περίστέλλω, περίτιθημι, περίζωννυμι.

Ἀμπνευμᾶ, ἀπὸς, τό; Ἀμπνύα, ἀς, ἡ, respiratio: respiration, breathing. Nem. 1, 1. Olymp. 8, 9.

Ἀμπνέω, Ἀμπνείω, Ἀμπνύω, Ἀμπνυῖ, pro Ἀνᾶπνέω, etc. respiro: to respire, breathe. π. 111. Apoll. 3, 331. X. 223, 475.

Ἀμπόνον, pro ἀνὰ πόνον, inter certamen: through the contest. Π. 726.

Ἀμπρέπης, pro Ἀνᾶπρέπης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, consentaneus: suitable, adapted to. Suppl. 120. SYN. Εὐπρέπης, αἰσίμωδ, διαπρέπης.

Ἀμπυλῖεθρόν, pro ἀνὰ πύλυεθρόν. See Πύλυεθρόν.

Ἀμπύχῃ, pro ἀναπτύχῃ, ἡς, ἡ, q. v.

Ἀμπυκτῆριᾶ φάλαρα, pro Ἀμπυκτῆρες, funiculi aurati quibus comæ in equorum frontibus religantur: a bandage for a horse's mane. C. C. 1068.

Ἀμπυξ, ὑκός, Ἀμπυκτῆρ, ἡρὸς, i. q. Ἀμπυκτῆριός, δ, reticulum muliebre, rota: net-work; a wheel. Ἀμπυκᾶ κεκρυφάλόν τ' X. 469. SYN. Κρήδεμνον, κέκρυφάλος, ταινία, τροχός. PHE. Ἀνδέμα μίτρας.

Ἀμπωτῖς, ἔως, ἰδὸς, ἡ, reciprocatio aestus marini: the ebb and flow of the tide. Διφάλην ἀμπωτῖν ἔχων Call. 4, 130. SYN. Πλήμμυρᾶ, βρασμός, ῥαλη, σάλος, βύθος.

Ἀμπυγᾶ, ἀπὸς, τό, laceratio: a rending. Aj. 640. See Ἀμύσσω. SYN. Σπαραγμᾶ.

Ἀμυδῖς, simul: together. Εἰδεν αλλ' ἄμυδῖς K. 300. SYN. Ὅμοι, ἀμᾶ, ὁμοθεν.

Ἀμυδῶν, ἀνός, δ, Amydon: a city of Pæonia in Macedonia, afterwards called Abydon. Ἡ γὰρ ἐν εἰς Ἀμυδῶνός Π. 288.

Ἀμυθαῶν, δόνος, δ, Amythaon: the son of Cretheus and Tyro. Φέρητ' Ἀμυθαῶν δ' ἱππῖδ' ἡρμην λ. 258.

Ἀμύκλαι, ὦν, αἰ, Amyclæ: a city in Laconia, also a species of Spartan shoe. Οἱ τ' ἄρ' Ἀμύκλας εἶχον Ἔλος τ' B. 584.

Ἀμύκλαῖον, ἰω, Amyclææ vel Laconia lingua utor: to speak in the Amyclæan or Spartan dialect. Φαίη χ' ὁ μύκλαῖον Theoc. 12, 12.

Ἀμύκος, ου, δ, Amycus. Ἀπαν Ἀμύκοι πρόσ-ωπον Theoc. 22, 86.

Ἀμύλος, ου, δ, ἡ, propanum ex farina sub mola haud missa: a cake of flour not prepared by a mill. Ἐπειτ' ἐπέισφ' ἐρ' τὰς ἄμύλους Pax 1195.

Ἀμυμώμη, ἡς, ἡ, Amymome: the daughter of Danaus and Europa. Ἡ ἐς Ἀμυμώμην οἰσέτ' τὰν Ἀνᾶω Call. 5, 48. EP. Ἀνᾶῖς, ῥόδ' ὀδ' ἀκ-τύλως.

Ἀμύμων, ὄντος, δ, inculpatus: blameless, illustrious. Μὲτ' ἄμύμονας Αἰθιοπίας A. 423. SYN. Ἀμεμπτός, ἀνέτος, ευκλῆς, ἀνδρείος, ἁμώμους.

Ἀμυμώνης, α, ὄν, Amymonius: belonging to Amymone. Ἀμυμωνίος Phœn. 195. (Doehm. dim.)

Ἀμύνα, ἡς, ἡ, injuriæ propulsatio, auxilium: a repelling of injuries, self-defence. Μὴ πρὸς φόνον ἀλλ' ἐς ἄμυναν Phœc. 29. SYN. Τιμαρία, ἀρκέσις.

Ἀμυνίας, ου, δ, vindictæ appetens: vindictive. Ευθύς ἦν ἄμυνίας Equit. 569.

Ἀμυντεύς, α, ὄν, repellendus: must be repelled. Lysistr. 661. See Ἀμύνα.

Ἀμυντορίδαι, ὧν, οἱ, Amyntoridæ: descendants of Amyntor. Olymp. 7, 42. See below.

Ἀμύντωρ, ὄρως, δ, Amyntor: a king of Argos, and father of Phœnix. Πατὺς Ἀμύντορος Ορμένειο I. 448.

Ἀμύντωρ, ὄρως, Ἀμυντήρ, ἡρὸς, δ, auxiliator: a defender, avenger. Ἄλλον ἄμύντορᾶ μερμηρίξω π. 261. SYN. Ἀλεξητήρ, τιμαρὸς.

Ἀμύνω, ἰνῶ, Ἀμυνᾶω, arceo: to repel, assist, avenge. Καὶ ἄμυνει οἷσι τέκεσσι Π. 265. SYN. Ἐπαμύνω, πρόσᾶμύνω, βῆθηξω, χραισμέω, ὀφέλλω, ὠφέλω, ἐπικουρέω, ἀρήγω, ὑπέρσπίζω, πρόστά-μαι, ὑπέρπρίσται, ῥύσται, συνεργάζομαι, συγκράτῶ, ἀπείρω, ἀκῶ, ἀλεξέω, ἐκδίκῶ, τίω, τιμαρῶ, μετέρχομαι.

Ἀμύνσω, ἔω, scalpo: to scratch. Αἶγ' ἐκῶκῦε χερσὶ δ' ἄμυσσε T. 284. SYN. Δῖᾶμύσσω, ξαίνω, διαξαίνω, σπάρᾶττω, κνίζω, κάταξω, ἀποδρύντω, λάφύσσω.

Ἀμύνσι, integra amysti, patulo ore: without closing the lips, at one draught. Βρομίου πῖν' ἄμυστι Anac. 21.

Ἀμυστίω, ἰω, hiant ore bibo: to drink a copious draught. Ἡδῶς ἡμύστισα Cycl. 562. SYN. Οὐνόπνῳ, χαυδὸν πῖνω.

Ἀμυστίς, ἰδὸς vel ἰδς, ἡ, (1) largus haustus: a large draught. (2) poculi genus: a large cup. Πύκνῃν ἄμυστιν ὥς σὺ δεξιούμενοι Rhes. 421.

Ἀμφάγᾶπᾶω, ἄσω, Ἀμφάγᾶπῶ, amore amplector: to embrace affectionately. Ἐγὼ δὲ μὴν ἀμφάγᾶπαζον ξ. 381. SYN. Ἀγάπῶ, φίλῳφρῶ-νέω.

Ἀμφαγείρῳμαι, circa aliqueum congregor: to assemble round. Θέαι δὲ μὴν ἀμφάγεροντο Σ. 37. SYN. Ἀθροίζῳμαι, ἀγείρῳμαι.

Ἀμφάδῳ, Ἀμφάδῳ, palam: openly. Τῷ ῥᾶ καὶ ἀμφάδῳ N. 356. SYN. Ἀμφάδῳ, ἀνᾶφανδῳ, πρόφανῳς, φανέρῳς, δήλως.

Ἀμφάδῳς, α, ὄν; Ἀμφάδῳς, η, ὄν, manifestus: plain, open. Ἀμφάδιον γάμον ελθεῖν ζ. 288. SYN. Δήλῳς, φανέρῳς, ἀριδηλῳς, ἐκδηλῳς, ἐμφανής.

Ἀμφαῖνω. See Ἀνᾶμφαῖνω.

Ἀμφανάῃ, ας, ἡ, sc. χώρα. The country of Amphane, a Doric city. Ἀμφανάας Herc. F. 390, answered by ἐσχέων οἴκους.

Ἀμφάραβέω, ἦσω, circumstrepo: to ring around. Τεύχεᾶ δ' ἀμφάραβησέ Φ. 408. SYN. Ἀράβέω, ἀμφύχῳ, περίρηχῳ, περικτυπέω, περίφωνέω, περιρνήφῳ, ἀμᾶντέω.

Ἀμφάσια, ας, ἡ, pro Ἀφᾶσία, loquendi impotentia: inability to speak. Δὴν δὲ μὴν ἀμφάσῃ ἔπειν P. 695. SYN. Ἐκπληξίς.

Ἀμφάυτεω, i. q. Ἀμφάβέω, q. v. Kōrūthes δ' ἀμφ' αὐτὸν αὐτευν M. 160.

Ἀμφάφῳ, tracto, contracto: to touch, handle. Χείρεσιν ἀμφάφῳντὸ α. 461. SYN. Ψηλάφῳ, ἐπιψηλάφῳ, ἄπτόμαι, ἐφάπτομαι, ψάφω.

Ἀμφελικτός, ου, δ, ἡ, circumdatus: surrounded, bound round. Herc. F. 399.

Αμφέω, Αμφίεω, circa aliquid versor, tracto, curo: to be employed about. Σ. 559. Ω. 804. SYN. Περίεω, Δεῖραπένω, μετὰχειρίζομαι, εγχειρίζομαι, ἐνεργέω, διακονέω, κατευνάζω, ὑπνρέττω.

Αμφεύγω, pro Ἀναφέυγω, vito: to escape. Iph. T. 871. SYN. Αποδέυγω, ἐκκλίνω, ἀποδιδράσκω.

Αμφήκης, ἔως, utrimque acutus: two edged. Φ. 118. SYN. Αμφιστόμους, αμφίγυος, αμφίθηκτος, διστόμους.

Αμφηρέφης, ἔως, undique tectus: covered on all sides. Αμφηρέφεια τέ φάρεττον Α. 45.

Αμφήρης, ἔως, utrimque remis appulsus: rowed on both sides. Cycl. 15.

Αμφήριστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, controversus, dubius: disputed, contended for. Ψ. 382. SYN. Αμφιδήριτος, αμφίλογος, αμφισβόλος, αμφιδοξός.

Αμφί, circum, propter: around, about, concerning. Γυναικὺς αμφί βωμῶν Iph. T. 711. SYN. Περὶ, πρὸς, κατὰ.

Αμφιάλδς, ου, ὁ, Amphialus: the son of Polyneüs. "Αλματί δ' Αμφιάλως Δ. 128.

Αμφιάλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a mari undique cinctus: sea-girt. "Οστὶς ἐν αμφιάλῳ Ἰθάκῃ α. 401. SYN. Αμφιρόντος.

Αμφιῤαδς, ου, Αμφιῤαεὺς, Αμφιῤαεὺς, ἔως et ἡδς, ὁ, Amphiarus. Λαοσσὸν Αμφιῤαρον ο. 244. Ερ. Λαοσσὸς, Δρασύμηδης. ΠΗΡ. Μέγας πρὸφῆτης, μάντις Οἰκλείδης σφῶς, πόλεμοιο νέφους.

Αμφιάχω, circumsono: to cry or shriek loud. Λάσεν αμφιάχουαν Β. 316. SYN. Αμφάραξέω, αμφισόω.

Αμφισαίνω, circumeo, tueor: to walk about, protect. Χρυσὴν αμφισέθηκας Α. 37. SYN. Περिसαίνω, περίπλυνω, φράσσω, βύζομαι.

Αμφισάλλω, ἐσάλλω, ἐξελικτὰ, circumjicio; med. induo: to throw round; to put on. Phoen. 314. SYN. Αμπεχω, περίτιθημι, ασπάζομαι, αντέχωμαι, αμφιέννυμαι.

Αμφισάσις, ἔως, ἡ, circumventio; defensio; lis: the being surrounded; protection; quarrel. Δεῖσθ' δ' ὅγ' αμφισάσιν Ε. 623. SYN. Αρωγή, αμφιστήτης, ἐρίς.

Αμφισίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in terra et in aqua vivens: amphibious. Αμφισίων γὰρ ἔδωκε νόμῳ Batrom. 59.

Αμφισλήμᾶ, ἅτος, Αμφισληστρὸν, ου, τὸ, indumentum, munimentum: anything thrown round; a defence. Λαμπρὰ τ' αμφισλήματα Hel. 422. SYN. Αμπεχόνη, ἐρύμᾶ.

Αμφισήτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde celebris: very famous. Call. 4. 303. SYN. Ευκλῆς, πλόφυτος, περίσσητος, ἀγακλύτος, ἐπικλύτος, ἀγαστός.

Αμφισβόλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, circumjactus: thrown round, encompassing. Troad. 540.

Αμφισουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consilii incertus: uncertain in counsel. Eum. 736.

Αμφιέρωτος, η, ὅν, hominem undique cingens: covering a man on every side. Ασπίδος αμφιέρωτης Β. 389.

Αμφίγενεια, as, ἡ, Amphigenia: a city in Messenia. Καὶ Αμφίγενειαν ἔλαιον Β. 593.

Αμφίγηθῶ, valde lætor: to be exceedingly rejoiced. Hom. Ap. 273.

Αμφιγύεις, εντός, ὁ, ἡ, utroque pede captus: lame of both feet, an epithet of Vulcan. Περικλύτος Αμφιγύεις Σ. 383. SYN. Χωλός.

Αμφιγύος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, superne et inferne ferrum habens, robustus: having iron at both ends;

strong. Αμφίγυοι κατέθαν Trach. 504. ΕΞΡ. Πάντη ισχυρός, ἡ μάχεσθιμὸς χερσὶ καὶ πόσιν.

Αμφιδαίω, circum accendo: to kindle around, blaze about. Z. 329.

Αμφιδάκρυτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde luctuosus: very mournful; much wept for. Phoen. 340. See Δάκρυτος. SYN. Πόλυδάκρυτος, Δρηνώδης.

Αμφιδάμας, αντός, ὁ, Amphidamas. Κύθηριῶ Αμφιδάμαντι Κ. 268. Ερ. Δαΐφρων, ἀγήνωρ, ἀμύμων.

Αμφιδάσους, εἶα, ὅ, valde hirsutus: very shaggy, impenetrable, an epithet of the Ægis. Δεινὴν αμφιδάσειαν Ο. 309. SYN. Αμφιμαλλός, δάσους.

Αμφιδεξιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ambidexter, geminus: equally expert in the use of both hands; two. Αμφιδεξιὸς ακμαῖς Ε. R. 1260.

Αμφιδεῶ, circumligo: to bind round. Apoll. 2. 63. SYN. Περιδεῶ, περιζώννυμι, ἀνὰδεω.

Αμφιδινέω, circumvolvo: to whirl round. Αμφιδεῖνιηται πόλεος Ψ. 562. SYN. Αμφιέλισσω, περίειλεω, αμφικύλιω, περίχευμαι.

Αμφιδόκεω, specular, insidior: to watch, lie in wait. Bion. 2. 6. SYN. Κάτασκοπέω.

Αμφιδοξός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dubius animi: doubtful, wavering. Dan. 52.

Αμφιδρόμιᾶ, αν, τὰ, dies quintus a natis infantibus, quo obstetrices eae circa focum ferebant currentes: a festival upon the fifth day after the birth of a child, on which the parents named him. Οὐν' αμφιδρόμιᾶ τῆς κύνης Lysistr. 758.

Αμφιδρόμους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, circum currens: running round. Aj. 351.

Αμφιδρύφης, ἔως, Αμφιδρύφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, undique laceratus: who has torn both cheeks for sorrow. Τοῦ δὲ καὶ αμφιδρύφης Β. 700. SYN. Εσπαραγμένος.

Αμφιδύμους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui undique accedi potest: having an entrance on both sides. Αμφιδύμοι κεύται Apoll. 1. 940.

Αμφιδύομαι, ὑσῶμαι, induo: to put on, to clothe. Αμφιδύσεται χρὸς Trach. 604.

Αμφιέλισσος, η, ὅν, qui utrimque remis impellitur: rowed on both sides. Ἐλκεμεν αμφιέλισσας Β. 165. SYN. Αμήρης.

Αμφιέλισσω, Αμφιέλισσω, circumplico: to fold round. Androm. 426. SYN. Περιπλέκω, αμφιδινέω, αμφικύλιω, εγκυκλέω.

Αμφιέννυμι (vel Αμφιέννω), αμφιέσω, induo: to put on, clothe. Αμφιέσαντο χιτῶνας Ψ. 142. SYN. Αμπεχω, περιδύω, περιβάλλω, περιστέλλω.

Αμφιέπω, i. q. αμφέπω, q. v. "Ως οἱ γ' αμφιέπον τὰφον Ω. 804.

Αμφιζάω, adhæreo: to cling to. Μέλαιν' αμφιζανέ τέφρῳ Σ. 25. SYN. Περικάθημαι, σύν-άπτομαι.

Αμφιζευκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, utrimque colligatus: joined to both sides. Τὸν αμφιζευκτὸν Pers. 135. answering to τὸν αἰχμαέντᾶ.

Αμφιθάλασος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bimaris: having a sea on each side, surrounded by the sea. Olymp. 7. 59. SYN. Αμφιάλδς.

Αμφιθάλης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, undique florens: flourishing on every side, successful, happy. Agam. 1113. See Θάλδς. SYN. Ευδαίμων.

Αμφιθέρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, utrinque contractandus: capable of being laid on either end, said of a cup or goblet which has a double bottom. Ψ. 270. SYN. Αμφικύπελλδς.

Αμφιθέω, θεύσθωμαι, circumcurro: to run about, κ. 413. SYN. Περὶτρέχω, δάδω.

Αμφίθηκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, utrimque acutus: two-edged. Antig. 1308.

Αμφίθη, ης, ἡ, Amphithoe, one of the Nereids. Σ. 42.

Αμφίθρῳ, Αμφίθρῳσκω, undique assulto: to jump about, spring on. Apoll. 3. 1372.

Αμφίθρεπτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, undique concretus: coagulated. Ἐὰν γὰρ ἀμφίθρεπτον αἰμᾶ Trach. 572. SYN. Πέπηγώς.

Αμφίθυρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, binas fores habens: having two gates. Οἶκον μὲν ὄρας τόνδ' ἀμφίθυρον Philoct. 159.

Αμφικάλυπτω, circumtego: to envelope, surround. Πυροῦ δ' ἀμφεκάλυφθη Herc. F. 360. SYN. Πέριστέλλω, κάλυπτω, στεγάζω, καταστεγάω.

Αμφικεᾶζω, circumscindo, excortico: to cleave into two parts. Δρύος ἀμφικεᾶστας ξ. 12. SYN. Πέρισχίζω, διαίρῳ, κατασχίζω.

Αμφικεῖμαι, jaceo: to lie about. CE. C. 1620.

Αμφικίαν, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, undique columnis ornatus: decorated around by columns. "Οστὶς ἀμφικίανας Antig. 285.

Αμφικλυστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui undique alluitur: sea-beaten on all sides. Ἀκτὴ τίς ἀμφικλυστός Trach. 754.

Αμφικόμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene frondosus: densely covered with hair, leafy. Θάμν' ἔπ' ἀμφικόμῳ P. 677. SYN. Εὐκόμυς, χαιτήεις.

Αμφικρανός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, utrimque habens eapita: double-headed, many-headed. Τὴν τ' ἀμφικρανὸν καὶ πάλι μεδαστῇ κύνα Herc. F. 1274.

Αμφικρέμα, Αμφικρέμημι, Αμφικρέμαι, ἄσω, circumpendeo: to hang or hover about, suspend, beset. Isth. 2. 64.

Αμφικρήμνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, utrimque præcipitium habens: having a precipice on each side. Ἦν δ' ἀγκὺς ἀμφικρήμνόν υἱάσιν διαξρόχον Bacch. 1049.

Αμφικύλιω, circumvolvo: to roll about, tumble over. Φασγάνῳ ἀμφικύλισσαις Nem. 8. 40.

Αμφικύπελλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, utrimque poculum habens: double-cupped. See Clarke's note, II. A. 584, δέπας ἀμφικύπελλον.

Αμφιλάλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, loquax: talking with both lips, chattering. Ran. 679. See Δαλέω.

Αμφιλάφης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, utramque manum complens: that which can be held only in both hands, capacious. Εκ Δῖος ἀμφιλάφης Agam. 985.

Αμφιλάχαινω, circumfodio: to dig around. Φύτον ἀμφελάχαινε ω. 241. SYN. Πέρισκάπτω, περὶόρυττα, περὶτάφρευ.

Αμφιλεκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dubius: controverted, doubtful. Phoen. 509. SYN. Αμφιδόλος, ἀμφιλόγος, ἀμφήριστός, ἐνδοιαστός, ἄκριτός, ἀδύλος, φιλόνεικός.

Αμφιλόγια, ας, ἡ, disceptatio: doubt, dispute. Hes. Theog. 229. SYN. Αμφιδόλια, ἀμφιδασίς, ἔρις, στάσις.

Αμφιλόγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dubius: equivocal, controverted. Med. 637.

Αμφιλόγως, dubie: doubtfully, equivocally. Pers. 902. See Bl.

Αμφιλόφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, utrimque cristatus: having two plumes or crests. Antig. 351.

Αμφιλόκος, η, ὅν, sublustris, antelucanus: dusky or grey, as applied to the night or morning. Ἐπὶ δ' ἀμφιλόκη νύξ H. 433. SYN. Λυκόφως, περίορθρον. PHR. Νυκτὺς ὅταν τρίτατον λάχως ἴσταται, εγγύθι δ' ἡώς.

Αμφιμάσσειν, vel Αμφιμάσσειν, abstergeo: to wipe, clean. Πάσας ἀμφιμάσασθαι v. 152. SYN. Μάσσω, ἀπόμεσσω, ἀποσμάω.

Αμφιμάσχάλος, ου, ὁ, sc. χίτων, vestis humeralis: a coat with sleeves reaching to the arm-pit, worn by freemen only. Equit. 882. See Μασχάλη.

Αμφιμάχου, pro aliquo vel circa aliquid pugno: to fight for or about anything. Π. 73.

Αμφιμέδων, οντός, ὁ, Amphimedon. Τὸν ἀγακλόντων ἀμφιμέδοντα ω. 103.

Αμφιμέλας, αινά, ἄν, omnino niger: black all round, very black. P. 499.

Αμφιμήτωρ, Dor. Αμφιμάτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, frater ex diversa matre: spoken of those who have different mothers, but the same father; a half-brother. Androm. 466. SYN. Ἐτέρωμήτωρ, ἀμφιγόνος.

Αμφιμυκάου, circummugio: to bellow round about, re-echo loudly. Ἄπαν ἀμφιμυκεν κ. 227. SYN. Αμφιᾶχω.

Αμφινέκτης, ἔδος, ἀμφινέκτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, de quo lis est: contended for. Trach. 105. 527.

Αμφινέδου, circum habito: to dwell around. τ. 133. SYN. Πέριουέω, κατοικέω.

Αμφινῶω, ambigo, cum dubitatione animadverto: to be in doubt. Antig. 382. SYN. Ἀπὸρῶω, ἀμφισβητέω, ἀμφισάλλω, διστάζω, δοιζόμεναι.

Αμφινόμη, ης, ἡ, Amphinome. Σ. 44.

Αμφινόμυς, ου, ὁ, Amphinomus. Σ. 351.

Αμφιζέω, circum rado: to cut round. Πρόταμνον ἀμφιζέσθαι χαλκῷ ψ. 196. SYN. Πέριζέω.

Αμφιονίος, ας, ὅν, Amphionius: belonging to Amphion. Τὰς ἀμφιονίας τέ λυρας ὑπὸ πύργος ἀνέστα Phoen. 838.

Ἀμφίος, ου, ὁ, Amphius. Ἀδρηστός τέ καὶ Ἀμφίος λινθόωρης B. 830.

Αμφιπάλιν, undique conspergo: to sprinkle on all sides. Σάκος ἀμφεπάλυνεν Apoll. 3. 1246.

Αμφιπέδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, campis cinctus: having a plain on both sides. Pyth. 9. 94.

Αμφιπέδου, existo: to exist, to be. α. 352. SYN. Εἰμι, ὑπάρχω, παρέμει.

Αμφιπένου, ἀμφιπένου, in aliqua re elaboro: to be employed in. Π. 28.

Αμφιπερικτινές, ὡν, οἱ, circum habitantes: neighbours. Οὐδ' αἰδέσθ' ἀμφιπερικτινῶς Tyrt.

Αμφιπεριστείνου, undique premor, gemo: to be cramped on all sides, to groan around. ἀμφιπεριστείνονται ἰδωσί Call. Del. 179.

Αμφιπεριστροφάω, undique circumago: to turn or twist about. Ἐκτωρ δ' ἀμφιπεριστρώφα Θ. 348. SYN. Πέριελαύνω.

Αμφιπεριφθίνου, circum circa pereor: to perish all round. Φλοῖδος δ' ἀμφιπεριφθίνουθι Hom. Ven. 272.

Αμφιπίεζω, Dor. pro ἀμφιπίεζω, corripio: to seize. Αμφιπίαξ ἔλκος Theoc. Ep. 6.

Αμφιπίπτω, amplector: to embrace. Πᾶσιν ἀμφιπέσοισα Δ. 523.

Αμφιπίπνῳ, ad genua provolvor: to fall down before, kneel. Ἀντὸμαί ἀμφιπίπνουσά Eur. Suppl. 289.

Αμφιπλεκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, implicitus: entangled, entwined. Trach. 520. SYN. Εμπελεγμένος, ἐνδεδείς.

Αμφιπλέκω, circumnecto, amplector: to weave round, to embrace. Eur. fr. Erechth. 6. 1. SYN. Περιπλέκω, περιπτύσσω, ἀμφισάλλω, προσπερίβαλλω.

Αμφιπληκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, undique percussus;

undique feriens: beaten on all sides; beating. Philoct. 688.

Αμφίπληξ, ἡγός, ὁ, ἡ, utrimque feriens: striking on both sides. Καί σ' ἀμφίπληξ μητρός τε C. R. 417.

Αμφίπυλῶν, ἀμφίπυλῶν, versor circa: to be engaged about, wait on. ω. 256. SYN. ἀμφίπυλῶν, ἀκλουνθεῶν, διακονεῶν, περίπυλῶν, δερᾶ-πεύω, λατρεύω, ὑπηρετῶ, ὑπουργῶ.

Αμφίπολις, οὐ, ὁ, Amphipolitanus: of or belonging to Amphipolis. Ἐπιστάθμους ἀμφίπολιτε (εὐ one long) Call. Ep. 25.

Αμφίποδός, οὐ, ἡ, famula: a female attendant. ἀμφίπολοι μὲν ἐπειτὰ Γ. 422. Eustath. remarks that πρόποδός is used to denote both a male and a female attendant; ἀμφίποδός, only a female. See Monk. Hipp. 200. SYN. Δῶν, δερᾶπαννᾶ, οὐκείτις, πρόποδός, λατρίτις, παιδίσκη, δούλη, ὑπουργός. Ep. Εὐπειλός, ευπλοκάμους, κενὴ, πύλαυρος, λευκώλενός, χρυσείη, τᾶμῃ, γράδς.

Αμφίποδός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, frequentatus: much frequented. Ol. I. 149.

Αμφίποτόμαι, circumvolito: to flit about. Μητρη δ' ἀμφιποτότα B. 314.

Αμφίπολις, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, urbi circumdata aut pertinens: surrounding or affecting a city. Choëph. 68. SYN. ἀμφιτειχίς.

Αμφιπτύχη, ἡς, ἡ, complexus: an embrace. Σάματός τ' ἀμφιπτύχας Ion 521. See Valck. Phoen. 1665.

Αμφίπυλός, ὁ, ἡ, bifores portas habens: having a gate on both sides. Med. 134. See Πύλη.

Αμφίπυρρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, undique ardens: blazing around. Ion 210. See Πύρ, πύρρος.

Αμφίρρύτος, ἀμφίρρύτος, η, ὅν, circumfluens: surrounded by a stream, sea-girt. Νήσῳ ἐν ἀμφίρρῳ α. 50. SYN. ἀμφιῶδός, περίρρύτος, περίρρύδός.

Αμφίρῳξ, ὡγός, ὁ, ἡ, undiquaque abruptus: torn away on all sides, applied as an epithet to rocks in Apoll. I, 995. Πέτρας ἀμφίρῳ-γός.

Αμφίς, utrimque, circa, in medio, seorsum, extra: on both sides, about, apart, without. Αμφίς Ὀλύμπια δώματ' ἔχοντες B. 13.

Αμφίσβαινᾶ, ας, ἡ, serpentis genus: a species of serpent. Τύχοιμ' ἂν ἀμφίσβαινᾶν ἢ Σκύλλαν τίνα Agam. 1204.

Αμφιστάμαι, undique circumsto: to stand round. A. 732. SYN. Πέριστάμαι.

Αμφιστέλλω, amicio, induo: to clothe, put on. Theoc. 2. 74. SYN. ἀμπεῖχω, πέριστέλλω.

Αμφιστόμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, anceps, duplex: having two edges, double. C. C. 373.

Αμφιστρατόμαι, circumsideo hostiliter, ob-sideo: to beleague. Τὴν ἀμφοστράτωντὸ Α. 712. SYN. διαμάχουμαι, ἀμφιμάχουμαι, ἀγωνίζουμαι, περίμάχουμαι.

Αμφιστρέφης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, in diversa versus: twisted about. Τρεῖς ἀμφοστρέφεις Α. 40.

Αμφίταρδης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, undique terrens: very alarming. Choëph. 540.

Αμφίτειχίς, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, moenia circumdans: investing the walls of a city. Sept. Th. 277. SYN. ἀμφίπολις.

Αμφίτιθημι, circumpono, et in med. circum me pono: to place round; in the middle, to put on. Hec. 432. SYN. ἀμφιδέλλω, περίτιθημι, προσπερίδελω.

Αμφιτιτῦνέζω, cacabo: to call like a partridge,

or like birds in general. ἀμφιτιτῦνέζω ᾧδε Av. 235.

Αμφιτόμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, utrimque secans: cutting on both sides, two-edged. Hipp. 1372. SYN. ἀμφήκης, ἀμφιστόμος, ἀμφιθηκτός, δίπαλτος.

Αμφιτορρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, undique tornatus: wrought around with a turner's wheel, well polished. Troad. 1156.

Αμφιτρέω, ἀμφιτρέμω, ab omni parte aut ob aliquid tremo: to tremble all over, or concerning. Φ. 507. See δ. 820.

Αμφιτρέχω, θρέζομαι, circumcurro: to run round. Pyth. 3. 70. SYN. Περίτρέχω, περίέρ-χουμαι.

Αμφιτρής, ἡτός, ὁ, ἡ, ab utraque parte perforatus: bored through. Δι' ἀμφιτρήτος αυλίου πέμπει πνῶθι Phil. 19.

Αμφιτρίτη, ἡς, ἡ, Amphitrite: daughter of Oceanus; (2) sea. ἀμφιτρίτας Iph. T. 427, answered by ἀμφί χαίταν. SYN. (2) Θάλασσα. Ep. (1) Κυῶνῶπις, εὐσφύρος, κυῶναυγής, χρυσή, χρυσηλακάτος: (2) ἀγαστῶνός, πόλυερῶμός, πόλυστονός, βάρυερῶμός, ἐριδουπός, γλαυκή, ιχθυο-εσσα, ἀτρυγέτος, πύλιᾶ, πύλυφλοισέως, ἀπειρίτος.

Αμφιτρέμω. See ἀμφιτρέω.

Αμφιτρίων, ανός, ὁ, Amphitryon, the husband of Alcmene. Ἰδὼν ἀμφιτρίωνός ἀκοιτῶν λ. 265. Ep. Ἀρήϊος, Ἀργεῖος, λαοσσόος, δόρυσοός, δι-φρηλάτης, μὲν ἐχάρμης.

Αμφιφάεινω, circumcirca luceo: to shine all round. Αἰγλή δὲ μὴν ἀμφιφάειναι H. Apoll. 202.

Αμφιφᾶλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, undique cristatus: having a crest, adorned on all sides with studs; flowing all round. Κρατὶ δ' ἐπ' ἀμφιφᾶλον κύνην E. 743.

Αμφιφάνης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, omnibus notus: very clear. Androm. 834. See Ἀφάνης.

Αμφιφύρεὺς, ἀμφύρεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, amphora: a large cask or vessel having two handles. Χρυσέον ἀμφιφύρηᾶ ω. 74. SYN. Κεράμιον, σόρος. Ep. Θυώδης, ἐγκόμιον, εὐδομός.

Αμφιχαῖνω, ἀνώ, inhio, absorbeo, devoro: to gape widely, to devour. See Bl. Choëph. 538. ἀμφέχῃνε στήν ἐρήψ. Ψ. 79. SYN. Εγχαῖνω, ἐπι-χαῖνω, κατὰ πῖνω.

Αμφίχω, χεῖνω, circumfundo: to pour around, to spread over. B. 41. SYN. Πέριχω.

Αμφιχόρεῦω, circum choreas ago: to dance round. Eur. fr. Pirith. 1. 6.

Αμφιχρυσός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, inauratus: gilded all around. Εἴτ' ἀμφιχρυσον φάσγανον κόπης λάβων Hec. 547.

Αμφιχῦτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, aggere circumfusus: spread, heaped around. Τεῖχος ἔς ἀμφιχῦτον Ἡρακλῆος δέλοιο γ. 145.

Αμφίων, ὄνός, ὁ, Amphion: the son of Jupiter and Antiope, the founder of Thebes; (2) a general of the Epeans; (3) Nestor's maternal grandfather. ἀμφιῶν τε Ζῆθόν τε Α. 261. SYN. Διῶνῆς, λυροκτύπος, λιθὼν ἀπνόν εἰς δρόμον ἔλκων.

Ἄμφονον, pro ἀνὰ φόνον. Vid. κ. 298. et φόνος.

Αμφόρεᾶφορέω, amphoram gesto: to carry a cask. Κάπειτᾶ μισθοῦ σπαντὸν ἀμφορέαφορεῖν Arist. fr. Hero. 2.

Αμφόρεὺς, ἔως, ὁ. Cycl. 327. Vid. in ἀμφι-φύρεὺς.

Αμφόριδῶν, οὐ, τὸ, dim. of ἀμφορέως, vasculum, testaceum, vinarium: a little wine-vessel, a small

cask. Τούτων πάντων τὰ ὅσ' ἀμφόρεια. Eccles. 110.

Ἀμφότερός, α, ὄν, uterque : both. Ἀμφότερας δ' οφρὺς Π. 740.

Ἀμφρυσός, οὐ, δ, Amphrysus : a river in Thesaly. Ἐπ' Ἀμφρυσοῖδ' ῥοῇσιν. Apoll. 1. 54.

Ἀμφω, οἶν, ambo : both. Ἀμφά ὅμως θυμῷ Α. 196.

Ἀμφώδελος, ου, δ, missile : a weapon hurled by both hands. Andr. 1133. SYN. Ἄκων, ἀκόντιον, βέλδς.

Ἀμφωτός, ου, δ, ἡ, utrimque ansatus : two-eared. X. 10.

Ἀμώμητος, Ἄμωμος, ου, δ, ἡ, inculpatus, irreprehensibilis : blameless, excellent. Πουλυδάμαντος ἁμώμητοῖς M. 109. Theoc. 18. 25. SYN. Ἄμεμπτος, ἄμεμπής, ἁμύμων, ευκλεής, ἀνδρείδς.

Ἀνά, (1) per, cum : up, along, through, by, by means of, with. (2) O rex : O king ! the vocative of ἀναξ. (3) surge : for ἀνάστηθι, up, rise up, arise. (1) Πτωχεύω δ' ἀνά δῆμῶν τ. 73. (2) ρ. 352. (3) Σ. 178.

Ἀναβαίνω, ἐσθίμαι, ἐβηκᾶ, ascendo, conscendo : to go up, to embark. Hec. 1245. SYN. Εμβαίνω, ἐπιβαίνω, ἀνέρχουμαι, ἀνῆκα.

Ἀνασκαφεύω, bacchari facio, bacchor : to make to revel or to revel like a bacchanalian, to be driven by the furies. Herc. F. 1076.

Ἀνασκαφίωω, excito : to drive to frenzy or madness. Orest. 332. SYN. Διώνω, οιστρηλάτω, βακχεύουμαι et -ω, εκβακχεύω.

Ἀναβάλλω, Ἀναβάλλουμαι, (1) rejicio, remoror : to delay, put off. (2) præludo : to prelude, begin to sing. Alcest. 542. SYN. (1) Πρόβαλλω, ἀπορρίπτω, κατέχω, κατέρυκω, διάμέλλω, ἐπέχω, διαλείπω, παρᾶτείνω, ὑπερβάλλουμαι ; (2) ἀνακρούουμαι, προοιμιάζουμαι.

Ἀναβίωω, ὀδῶμαι, revivisco : to revive. Ran. 177. See Βίως. SYN. Ἀνᾶπνέω.

Ἀναβλέπω, (1) oculos attollo : to look up ; (2) visum recipio : to recover the eye-sight ; (3) intueor. Δράκοντ' ἀναβλέποντά Ion 1262. SYN. Ἀναδέρκεμαι, καθύρῳ.

Ἀναβλησις, ἔως, ἡ, dilatio : a putting off, a delay. Τρώσι ἀναβλησις κακοῦ B. 380. SYN. Ἀναβδλή, ἀνέσις.

Ἀναβλύω, ἀμβλύω, ebullio, exundo : to bubble up, overflow. Νεῖλος ἀναβλύων Theoc. 17. 80. SYN. Βλύω, ἀναζέουμαι, ἀναβρύχω.

Ἀναβόα, ἦσω, exclamo : to cry aloud, shout. Orest. 103. SYN. Βόαω, κράζω, ἀνᾶχω, ἀνακλάω, ἀνυμνέω.

Ἀναβουή, ἄτος, τὸ, exclamatio : a cry, shout. Choëph. 31. SYN. Ἀναβουήσις, κελᾶδός.

Ἀναβόλη, ἡς, ἡ, (1) dilatio : a putting off, delay ; (2) amictus : clothing ; (3) præludium cantūs : the prelude to a song. Herc. F. 93. SYN. Ἀναβλησις, μέλλησις, ἀνὸχῃ, ὄκνος ; (2) ἀνακρουοῖς, προοιμίων.

Ἀναβορβόρυξ, ἔω, murmuro : to mutter, mumble. Eccles. 433. SYN. see Ἀναβόα.

Ἀναβράζω, Ἀναβράσσω, Ἀναβράττω, bullire facio, bullio : to throw up by heat, boil up. Ran. 510. SYN. Ζεννύω, ζέννυμι, ζέω, ἀναζέω, κάχλάζω.

Ἀναβράχω, ἔω, gravior resono : to make a noise like water rushing in a torrent, to roar. Τὰ δ' ἀνέβραχεν ἠγέ ταῦρος φ. 48. SYN. Δουπέω, ἀράβεω.

Ἀναβρόχω, ἔω, resorbeo, reglutio : to re-absorb, Pros. Lex.

swallow up. λ. 585. SYN. Ἀναβρόφω, ἀναβρόιδεω, κατὰπινω.

Ἀναβρύζω, ἔω, vocifero : to vociferate, to shout. Βαλόντες ἀνέσρυσαν Equit. 602.

Ἀναβρύχω, scaturio : to gush out with noise, spring forth. Ἀναβέρυχεν ὕδωρ P. 54. SYN. Ἀναβλύζω, ἀναπηδᾶω, ἀναφλύζω, βρύω.

Ἀναβωλακία, ας, ἡ, glebarum eversio per arationem : the action of turning up the soil, ploughing. Ἀναβωλακίας δ' ὀργυῖαν Pyth. 4. 406. Maltby considers ἀναβωλακίας as an adjective.

Ἀναγγέλλω, ἔλω, renuncio : to bring back a message or information. Iph. T. 762. SYN. Δηλῶω, ἀναγύρεω, ἀπαγγέλλω, ἀποσημαίνω.

Ἀναγεύω, gustandum præbeo : to give a taste. Nub. 523. SYN. Γεύω.

Ἀναγινώσκω, Ἀναγινώσκω, γινώσκειν, agnosco, recognosco : to know, know again. Helen. 289. SYN. Ἀναγνωρίζω, ἐπιγινώσκω, εννύεω. PHER.

Δρέπειν ἀνθεῶ Μουσῶν. Ζᾶθεον ἀρήτην ἄμελγόμενος γὰρᾶ βίβλων.

Ἀναγκάζω, σω, cogo, compello : to compel. Τρισαί μ' ἀναγκάζουσι Herack. 237. SYN. Βιάζουμαι, βιάωμαι, ἐνάγω, παρᾶβιάζουμαι, προάγω εἰς ἀνάγκην, καθίστημι εἰς ἀνάγκην, ἐπείγω, κατέπειγω, κατέργω.

Ἀναγκαῖα, Ἀνάγκη, ἡς, ἡ ; τὸ Ἀναγκαῖον, necessitas : necessity. Πρόβεις ἀνάγκην σιτοποῖον ἐν δόμοις Hec. 362. SYN. Βία, δυνάμεις, κράτος, πέπωμένη, χρεία. ΕΡ. Ἀλέγειν, ἀνιὰρ, ἀμέγαρτος, ἀδιδάκτος, ἀτινάκτος, ἀτλητός, ἀχθόφορος, ἀχάλινωτος, ἀειδινητός, αὐτοῦλεκτος, ἀγρυνός, ἀτερπής, δαμόνια, δούρηκτητος, δούλειος, δασπλής, δούλοποιος, διψαλέα, θυελλήσσσα, ἐχθρά, κᾶκη, κράτερᾶ, μοιριδίη, ὀδλή, πικρά, πάντολμος, πλούπινος, πυρὶβαλπής, σκληρᾶ, τέτραζυγος, φλόγερᾶ γλυκερᾶ, παρδᾶματωρ, ἀδᾶμαστός, ἐμπεδύμητις.

Ἀναγκαῖος, α, ὄν, necessarius : necessary, inevitable, critical, imperative. Ἡμᾶρ ἀναγκαῖον Π. 836.

Ἀναγνάμπτω, ψω, flecto, dissolvo : to bend back, untie, separate. Ἀνεγνάμψθη δὲ οἱ αἰχμή Γ. 348. SYN. Ἀνάλύω, ἀναζεύγνυμι, ἀνακάμπτω, κυρτῶω.

Ἀναγνός, ου, δ, ἡ, impurus : impure, wicked. Ἡ τὴν ἐμὴν ἀναγνὸν Hipp. 1446. SYN. Ἀκαθάρτος, ἐνάγης, ἀνυστός, ἀνιέρως, μῆαρος, μοχθηρός, ῥυπάρδος.

Ἀναγρύξω, grunnio, mutio, hisco : to grunt, grumble, gape. Τὸ τελευταῖον δ' ἦν ἀναγρύξη Nub. 942. SYN. see in Γρύξω.

Ἀνάγω, ἔω, tollo : to lead, bring up, raise up. Phœn. 1369. See Ἄγω. SYN. Ἐπάναγω, ἐπάγω, ἐξάγω, ὑπεξάγω, πρόσάγω, αἶρω, ὑφαιρέω, ὑπεξαίρεῖμαι, ἀνᾶπέμω, παιδεύω, ἐκτρέφω, ὑποστρέφω.

Ἀναδαίω, Ἀνδαίω, divido, incendo : to divide, set on fire, kindle. Πέμπουσιν δ' ἀνδαῖοντες Agam. 296. SYN. Ἀνακαίω.

Ἀναδείκνυμι, ἔω, demonstro, edo : to exhibit, display. Soph. El. 1473. SYN. Ἀνοίγω, ἐπιδείκνυμι, ἀναφαίνω, ἀποδείκνυμι, ἀναγύρεω, ἀνὰ τίθημι, ἐπιστάλλουμαι.

Ἀναδελφός, ου, δ, ἡ, frater carens : deprived of or without a brother. Iph. T. 476. See Ἀδελφός.

Ἀναδέκω, ἐδράκων, suspicio, adspicio : to look up, see again, see distinctly. Ε. 436. SYN. Ἀναβλέπω, ἀποβλέπω, ἀνακύπτω.

Ἀναδέσμη, ἡς, ἡ ; Ἀναδέσμος, ου, δ, ornamentum

capitis, redimiculum: a head-ornament, fillet, ribbon. X. 469. Med. 974. SYN. see in Ἀνάδημα.

Ἀνάδετος, ου, δ, ἡ, religatus, revinctus: bound up, tied back. Hec. 917.

Ἀνάδεχόμεναι, ξόμεναι, suscipio, recipio, excipio: to take back, engage as bail, undertake. Iph. T. 819. SYN. Δεχόμεναι, εκδεχόμεναι, ἀναλαμβάνω, ὑποσχεύομαι, ἐγγυῶμαι, ὁμολογέω, ὑπόμεναι.

Ἀνάδεω, religo, vincio: to bind, tie up, crown. Plut. 764. SYN. Ἀνάδεσμεύω, ἐξαρτάω, εκδέω, διαδέω, κατὰδεω, ἐπιστῆφω, ἀναστῆφω, στῆφάνω, ταινίω.

Ἀνάδημα, ἄτος, τὸ, diadema, fascia: a bandage for the head, a crown or garland tied round the head of a conqueror in the public games, a fillet. Hipp. 83. SYN. Ταῖνία, μίτρα, ἀνάδεσμος, ἀνάδεσμη.

Ἀναδιδάσκω, ξω, meliora edoceo, dedoceo: to teach thoroughly or again. Τὸν χρησμὸν ἀναδιδάξον αὐτὸν ὡς ἔχει Equit. 153. SYN. Εκδιδάσκω, εκπαιδεύω.

Ἀναδιδωμί, δώσω, reddo, emitto, produco: to give up, yield, produce. Eur. fr. Melan. 22. See διδωμί. SYN. Εκδιδωμί, ἀποδιδωμί, ἀνταποδιδωμί, ἀμείδωμαι, προσφέρω.

Ἀναδόχη, ἡς, ἡ, (1) receptio, cessatio, relaxatio: reception, cessation; (2) sponsio: bail. Trach. 838. SYN. (1) Ἀνάπαυλα, μέλλσις, ἀνάκωχη, (2) ἐγγυήσις.

Ἀναδύνω, Ἀναδύω, Ἀναδύμι, emergo, prodeo, retrocedo: to spring up, emerge, retire. Ἰπποδείσας ἀναδύη ι. 377. Batrom. 89. A. 359. SYN. Ἀνάγω, ἀναβαίνω, ἀναφαίνω, ἐπανάμην, ἀνίσχω, ἀναφέρωμαι, ἀνέρχεται, ἀναχάζω, ἀναχωρέω, ἀνατρέχω, ὑποστρέφω.

Ἀναένδος, ου, δ, ἡ, dote carens: dowerless. Φίλην ἀναένδον ἀγέσθω I. 146. SYN. Ἀδωρήτος.

Ἀναείρω, tollō: to raise up, carry away. Ἡ μ' ἀναίρει' ἡ ἐγὼ σέ Ψ. 724. SYN. Ἀείρω, αἶρω, ἐξάνιστμι, ὑπάνιστάμαι, ἀνάγω.

Ἀναελπίτος, ου, δ, ἡ, insperatus: unhoped for. Ἄναξ ἀναελπτὰ πάθοντες Hes. Theog. 660. SYN. Ἀελπίτος, ἀνελπίσιτος, ἀελπίτης, ἀνελπίς.

Ἀναζεῖω, ebullio: to boil up, bubble up. Ἀναζεῖουσι θρομβώδεις ἄφροι Trach. 704. SYN. Ἀναβράττω, εκζέω.

Ἀναθάλλω, ι. q. Ἀνάθηλω, q. v., repullulo: to flourish again.

Ἀναθάλλω, refoveo: to warm again, cherish up. Anacr. 3. 25. SYN. Θάλλω, ἀναψύχω, ἀναθερμαίνω.

Ἀνάθηλω. See Ἀναθάλλω. A. 236. SYN. Ἀνάελαστανω.

Ἀνάθημα, ἄτος, τὸ, (1) donarium Deo in templo suspensum: an offering in the temple of some God; (2) ornamentum quodlibet: an ornament. Ion 1144. SYN. Προστρόπη, ἀγαλμά, κόσμος, κόσμησις.

Ἀναθρέω, Ἀναθρώσκω, exsilio, subsilio: to spring up, rebound. Orest. 1415. N. 140.

Ἀναθρέω, attente considero: to examine narrowly, look through. Ἰδοῦ μέ κανάθηρσόν οἱ ἐγὼ κάκα Hec. 807. SYN. Ἀναελέπω, ἀναθεωρέω, ἀνασκοπέω.

Ἀναθρώσκω. See Ἀναθρέω. "Τῷ τ' ἀναθρώσκον πέτεται N. 143. SYN. Ἀναπηδάω, ἀπυπηδάω, εκπηδάω, ἀποθρόσκω, εκθυρέω, ἀνάλωμαι, ἐξάλλωμαι, ἀναφέρωμαι, ἀνάκηκίω, ἀνασκιρτάω, αἶσω.

Ἀναθύω, rursus aut sursum impetum capio:

to burst forth, gush up. Εἰς ἄμραν ἀνέθυε Call. Cer. 30. SYN. Ἀναθύομαι.

Ἀναιδεῖα, as, ἡ, impudentia: impudence. Ὡ μοὶ ἀναιδεῖν A. 149. SYN. Ἀναίσχυντία, ἀφράδια, πρόπέτεια. Ep. Ἀχάλλωνος, λάβρος, δρᾶσειά, ἀκολαστός, ἀκράτης. PHN. Νῶσον πασῶν μέγιστη, τὸ γῆρας ὡς ἀναιδείας πλεόν.

Ἀναιδεύομαι, impudentia utor: to behave impudently. Equit. 396. SYN. Ἀναθιζόμεναι, ἀναίσχυντέω.

Ἀναίδης, εὖς, Ἀναίδητος, ου, δ, ἡ, impudens: impudent, shameless. Alcest. 744. Apoll. 3, 92. SYN. Ἀναίσχυντος, ἀσελγής, βιαίος, κύνωπης, πόνηρος, αὐθάδης.

Ἀναιδῶς, impudenter: impudently. Alcest. 710.

Ἀναίθυσσω, quatiendo vel movendo excito flammam: to kindle a fire by motion. Troad. 343. SYN. Αἰθίσσω, ἀναίθω, κινέω, εκλάμπω, ἀποστίλσω.

Ἀναίθω, accendo: to kindle. Cycl. 330.

Ἀναίμακτος, ου, δ, ἡ, haud sanguine tinctus, ineruentus: unstained with blood. Phoen. 273. SYN. Ἀναίμων, ἀτρωτός.

Ἀναίμοσρκος, ου, δ, ἡ, cujus caro sanguinis est expers: bloodless. Anacr. 43.

Ἀναίμων, ὄνος, δ, ἡ, exsanguis: bloodless. E. 342.

Ἀναίμωνι, sine sanguine: without blood. Οὐ κεν ἀναιμωτὶ γ' ἐρίδιαν Apoll. 2, 988.

Ἀναίσχυμαι, (1) abnuo, detrecto: to refuse, disown; (2) inficio: to deny. Ἡδὺ κοῦκ ἀναινόμεναι Orest. 215. SYN. Ἀπειώω, παραιτέομαι, ἀθέρζω, ἀθέρζω, ἀποπέμπωμαι, ἀπωθέω, ἀρνέομαι, ἀπαρνέομαι.

Ἀναίρεσις, εὖς, ἡ, (1) ablatio: a taking away; (2) eversion: a destroying; (3) abrogatio: a disannulling; (4) interfectio: murder. Orest. 398. SYN. (1) Ἀφαίρεσις, (2) αἰρέσις, ἀνατρήνη, (3) διαλύσις, (4) καθαιρέσις, φόνος.

Ἀναίρεω, ἥσω, aufero, evertō, interficio: to take up, overturn, kill. Androm. 519. SYN. Αἰρέω, ἐπαίρω, ἀφαίρομαι, καθαιρέω, λύω, κατὰλύω, αἰστώ, ἀποκτείνω, ἀφάνίζω, κατὰκρινω.

Ἀναίσσω, Att. Ἀνάσσω, ξω, sursum ruo: to start up, excite. Ἀνῆξέ δ' ὀρθὸς λαὸς Phoen. 1474. SYN. Ἐγείρομαι, ἐξάνιστάμαι, ἀνίστάμαι, ἀναθρέω, ἀνορμῶ.

Ἀναίσχυντέω, impudenter ago: to be impudent. Thesm. 707. SYN. Ἀναιδεύομαι, ἀναθιζόμεναι, ἀπερυσθίζω, ἀναίσχυντὰ ποιῶ.

Ἀναίσχυντία, as, ἡ, impudentia: impudence. Thesm. 702. SYN. Ἀναιδεῖα, -ειη.

Ἀναίσχυντος, ου, δ, ἡ, impudens, inverecondus: impudent, indecent. Iph. A. 329. SYN. Ἀναίδης, παράτολμος.

Ἀναίτιος, ου, δ, ἡ, insons, cujus causa nulla est: blameless, without cause. Herc. F. 1153. See Αἰτία. SYN. Ἀνυπαίτιος, ἀνεύθυνος, ἀνυπεύθυνος, ἀθῶς, ἀμεμφής.

Ἀνάκαιω, καίσω, ἐκανῶ, ἐκῆα, accendo: to kindle, light up. Cycl. 382. SYN. Ἀνάπτω, ἐφάπτω, δαίω, καίω, εκκαίω, διαπύρῶ, πρήθω, ἐμπρήθω, φλέγω, εκφλέγω, ἀφάφλεγω.

Ἀνάκάλω, alta voce appello: to call aloud on, invoke. Μὴ νῦθ' ἀνάκάλει δέους Phoen. 617. SYN. Κάλω, ἐπιμαρτύρομαι, εκκάλω, παράκάλω.

Ἀνακάλυπτω, revelo, retego: to unveil, uncover, reveal. Sometimes used in the active voice with a medial signification. Orest. 288.

Iph. A. 321. See Κάλυπτο. SYN. Φαίνω, ἀνὰ φαίνω, ἀπὸ κάλυπτο, διάφωτιζω.

Ἀνάκαπτο, deglutio, devoro: to swallow up, devour. Av. 579.

Ἀνάκειμαι, κείσθαι, accumbo, consecratus sum: to recline, to be devoted. Bacch. 934. SYN. Κατάκειμαι, ἐπείκειμαι, ἀνάκαθίζομαι, ἐπικλίνομαι, ἀνάκλινομαι, καθιέρουμαι.

Ἀνάκеляδός, ου, δ, susurrus, strepitus: an echo, noise. Orest. 182. See Κελάδός.

Ἀνάκεράννυμι, Ἀνάκεραννύω, Ἀνάκερᾶω, commisceo: to mix, replenish. Bacch. 126. SYN. Συγκεράννυμι, συμμίγνυμι, συμφύρω, συγκυκᾶω, ἀνὰκίρηνυμι, συγκίρηνυμι.

Ἀνάκηνω, sursum fero, erumpo: to burst, gush forth. Πόλυν δ' ἀνέκηνκ' ἰδρὼς Ψ. 507. SYN. Ἀνὰφέρωμαι, ἀναίρουμαι, ἀνὰσλύζω, ἀνὰσρύω, ἀνὰθέρω, ἀναπηδᾶω.

Ἀνάκηρῦττα, voce præconis renuntio: to proclaim aloud. Plut. 585. SYN. Ἀναγγέλλω, ἐπαγγέλλομαι, ἀνὰσάω.

Ἀνάκινεω, moveo, impello: to stir up again, agitate anew. Trach. 1261. See Κινέω. SYN. Ἀνάγειρω, ἀνὰσειώ, εξορᾶω, τάρασσω, ἀνὰτάρσσω.

Ἀνάκλινσις, ἔως, ἡ, commotio, suscitatio: agitation. Κανὰκλινσις φρένων C. R. 727. SYN. Κλινσις.

Ἀνάκίρναμαι, permisceo: to mix up, temper. Hipp. 254. SYN. Ἀνὰμίγνυμι, διαμίγνυμι, κατὰμίγνυμι.

Ἀνάκλᾶω, clango, clamo: to exclaim, shout. Iph. A. 1062. SYN. Κλάζω, κλάγγω, ἀνᾶχω, ἀνὰκράζω, γέγωνεω, κελάδω, κραυγάζω.

Ἀνακλάω, defleo, vehementer fleo: to lament aloud. Bion. 1, 94. SYN. Ἀνάκωκυω, ἀποιμάζω, μετὰκλαίω, ἐπικλαίω.

Ἀνάκλω, ἄσω, refringo, reflecto: to force back, bend or incline. Ἀριστέροισιν ἀνὰκλάσας δερην. Orest. 1476.

Ἀνάκλινω, ἰνῶ, repono, reclino, aperio: to bend back, open, disclose. v. 78. SYN. Κατακλίνω, ἀνὰπίπτω, ἀνοίγω, ἀνὰπτόννυμι, ἀναπτύσσω.

Ἀνάκογχυλῖάζω, gargarizo; simulo: to gargle; to counterfeit. Ἀδίκεις ἀνάκογχυλῖάζων Vesp. 587.

Ἀνάκοινω, communico aliquid cum aliquo: to communicate with another, consult. Nub. 470. SYN. Κοινωω, κοινωνέω, μετὰδιδωμι, μετέχω, νέμωμαι.

Ἀνάκοιρᾶνέω, dominor, oboeo: to marshal, command. Μάχην ἀνάκοιρᾶνέοντα E. 824. Ἀνὰκοιρᾶνέοντα, in the later editions, is read ἀνὰκοιρᾶνέοντᾶ. SYN. Κοιρᾶνέω, κατευθύνω, ὄρχω, διατάσσω.

Ἀνάκολπίζω, succingo: to fold to the bosom. Thesm. 1174.

Ἀνάκμίζω, (1) refero, eveho: to bear up or back, recover; (2) redeo: to return. Hipp. 831. SYN. (1) Ἀνὰφέρω, ἀπὸφέρω, (2) ἀνέμι, ἐπᾶν-εμι.

Ἀνάκοντίζω, ejaculor, erumpo: to dart, spout up. E. 113. See Ἀκοντίζω. SYN. Ἀκοντίζω, ἀνὰφέρωμαι.

Ἀνάκῶπτο, (1) retundo: to beat back; (2) inhibeo: to retard; (3) propulso: to dash out. φ. 47. SYN. (1) Ἀνάκρονω, ἄπωθω, (2) ἀπὸκόπτο, ἀπὸτέμνω, ἀμβλύνω, (3) ἐκθλίβω.

Ἀνάκοφίζω, sublevo: to lift up, lighten, relieve. Hipp. 1390. SYN. Ἐπικοφίζω, ἐλά-

φρύνω, ὑπαίρω, ἀνίστημι, ὑπᾶνίστημι, ἀνίσχω, ἀνυψώω.

Ἀνάκοφίσις, ἔως, ἡ, sublevatio: alleviation, relief. Κανὰκούφισιν κᾶκων C. T. 218. SYN. Κούφισμα, κούφισις, ἀναπαυμα.

Ἀνάκούω (but others understand ἐνάκούω), κούσσομαι, ausculto rursus: to listen to once more. Κανὰκούσωμεν γῶν Electr. 81. SYN. Ἀκροᾶσθαι, ὑπακούω.

Ἀνάκράζω, ἔω, exclamo: to cry out. Ἀνέκράζον οὐκ ἐπείκω ξ. 467. SYN. Ἀνάκλάζω, ἀνὰσάω, ἐκσάω, ἀνὰφωνέω, ἐπίφωνέω, ἐγκράζω, ἀνὰκᾶλέω, ἐπικᾶλέω, ἐπιφθέγγωμαι.

Ἀνέκρεμάννυμι, suspendo in altum: to hang up, keep in suspense. Τόξον ἀνέκρεμᾶσεν Hom. Apoll. 8. SYN. Κρεμάννυμι, ἀπαρτᾶω, ἐπαρτᾶω, ἀναρτᾶσθαι, αἰωρέω.

Ἀνὰκρεῶν, οὐτός, δ, Anacreon: a celebrated lyric poet of Teos. Ἀνακρεῶν μ' ἐπεμψε Anac. Ep. Αφθιτός, μάλᾶκος, οὐνὸπότης, οὐνὸσάρης, φίλοκάμω, Τήϊος, εὐχὸς Ἰώνων. PHR. Αἰοιδίμωδ μελίστης, ἀκροεστὺς ἑρώτων, Δῖονύσου μέμνη-μένως οὐδ᾽ οὐκ ἀμῶς.

Ἀνὰκρίνω, ἰνῶ, scrutor, dijudio: to examine, decide. Pyth. 4. 112. See Κρίνω.

Ἀνὰκρότew, edo plausum: to clap the hands, applaud. Εγὼ δὲ τῷ χεῖρ' ἀνέκρότησ' ὑφ' ἡδονῆς Plut. 739. SYN. Ἐπικρότew, ἐπιρρόθew, ἐπίση-μαίνωμαι, ἐπαίνew, ἰνῶew.

Ἀνὰκρούω, navem coërceo vel retrorsum ago: to cause a ship to move backward, to row astern. Vesp. 399.

Ἀνακτᾶσθαι, κτήσθαι, (1) recupero: to recover, reposess; (2) refocillo: to reanimate; (3) mihi amicum facio: attach. Δῶμ' ἀνακτᾶσει πατρός Choëph. 231. SYN. (1) Ἀνὰκμῖζομαι, ἀνὰλαμβάνω, ἀνὰπράττω, ἀνορθώω, ἀνὰσώζω, ἀπαρτίζω, κατάρτιζω, (2) ἀναζωπύρῶ, ἀναψύχω, (3) θέρᾶπνυμι.

Ἀνακτορία, as, ἡ, imperium: command, sovereignty. Κρῶτεουσιν ἀνακτορίην ἀφίεντες Hom. Apoll. 234. SYN. Αρχή, βασίλεια, κοιρανία. Ep. Γεράρα.

Ἀνάκτορον, ου, τὸ, regium palatium: a palace, (2) templum: a temple. Troad. 331. See below. SYN. Βασίλειον, (2) ναός, ἱερὸν, τέμενος, ἄλσος. Ep. Κάλων, ολξίδαμῶν.

Ἀνάκτωρ, ὄρος, δ, herus, rex: a king, prince, ruler. Πόντου δ' ἀνάκτωρ Ἰλίων τ' Iph. T. 1415. SYN. Ἀναξ, κύριος, δεσπότης, ἄρχων, ἐπιστάτης.

Ἀνάκῦκάω, permisceo: to mix up. Plut. 302. See Κύκᾶω.

Ἀνάκῦκλέω, evolvo, explico: to roll back, bend forward. Στήσθον ἀνὰκῦκλει δέμας Orest. 225. SYN. Κύκλωω, ἀνάκῦλίω, ἀνάκῦλινδew, ἀπὸκῦλινδew, δινέω, ἀναστρέφω.

Ἀνάκῦσᾶλῖάζω, cum sonitu everto: to overturn with a great noise, to tumble. Δίφροι δ' ἀνέκῦσᾶλῖαζον Π. 379. SYN. Ἀποτρέπομαι.

Ἀνάκῦπτο, emergo: to rise up, emerge. Cycl. 212. SYN. Ἀνὰσῶπτο, ἀνὰσῶν, ἀνὰδύνωμαι.

Ἀνάκωδωνίζω, tintinnabulum pulso: to shake about, try by the sound. Aristoph. fr. Hero.

Ἀνάκωκῶω, deploro: to bewail aloud. Κανὰκωκῶσας λίγν Pers. 468. SYN. Κωκῶω, θρηνέω, γόω, ἀνὰκλαίω, δακρυρρόω, ἀπόθρηνέω, ἐπὸδύρομαι, ἐπὸδύρομαι, κατὰδύρομαι.

Ἀνάκωχέω, navem in anchoris retineo; inhibeo; recedo: to stop the motion of a ship; to restrain; to retire. Electr. 732. SYN. Κατέχω. Ἀνὰλάζω, ululo, tripudio: to raise a shout,

dance. Ἐγὼ δ' ἀνηλάξα κἀνωρχησάμην Eur. Suppl. 729. SYN. Ἀνακράζω, παλαιζω.

Ἀνάλαμψαν, λήψομαι, recipio, recupero, repecto: to take up, to recover, refresh. Ion 429. SYN. Πάραλαμψαν, ἀνὰδεχόμεαι, ὑποδέχόμεαι, ἐπ'ανορθῶ, ἀνακτάομαι, ἀναίρειομαι, ἀνέχω, ἀνέκαμψαι, αἰσθάνομαι, ενθυμέομαι.

Ἀνάλαμψαν, resplendeo: to shine forth. Mosch. 4. 103. SYN. Εκλάμπω, ἀποστίλω, εκφαίνομαι, ἀντέλλω, ἀνὰκύπτω.

Ἀνάληγτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui nullo dolore aut misericordia tangitur: untouched by pain or pity, unfeeling. Hipp. 1383. SYN. Ἄλυπτος, ἀλύπητος, ἀναλγης, ἀνώδυνος, ἀπόνος, ἀναισθητός, ἀνηλξης, ἀπηγής, σκληρός.

Ἀναλγῆτως, inhumaniter: unfeelingly. Aj. 1333.

Ἀνάδης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, incrementum non capiens: incapable of growing. Vesp. 1040. SYN. Ασθενής, τῆπεινός.

Ἀνάδῃσκω, succresco: to grow up, to rise into sight as a star. Apoll. 3. 1362. SYN. Ἀνὰδιδωμί, ἀνέανῶμαι.

Ἀνὰλέγω, ἔω, colligo: to collect, read. A. 754. SYN. Συλλάγω, συναῶ.

Ἀναλθης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, insanabilis; non sanare valens: incurable; not having the power of healing. Bion. 7. SYN. Δυσθαλής, ἀνηκεστός.

Ἀναλίσκω, Ἀναλῶ, ὥσω, absumo, perdo: to consume, expend, destroy. Κἂν ἀναλίσκης ξένους Iph. T. 338. See also Med. 326. SYN. Ἐπ'αναλίσκω, ἐξαναλίσκω, δαπάνῶ, ἀποτρίνω, καθαίρω, κατὰτρίνω, πορθέω.

Ἀνάλκειά, Ἀναλκία, ας, ἡ, (Ion. Ἀναλκίη) impotentia, ignavia, timiditas: feebleness, cowardice. P. 337. SYN. Ἀδρανεία, ασθενεία, ἀμυχᾶνία, ἀκράτειά, ἀνανδρία.

Ἀναλκίς, ιδὺς, ὁ, ἡ, impotens: weak. Γυναικὺς ἀναλκιδᾶς ἠερόπευος E. 349. SYN. Ασθενής, ἀδυνάτος, ἀκικὺς, δειλός.

Ἀνάλλομαι, assilio, exulto: to spring up. Theoc. 8, 88.

Ἀναλῶ. See Ἀναλίσκω.

Ἀναλτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inexplebilis: insatiable. σ. 113. SYN. Ἀκόρεστός, ἀκόρητος, ἀπλήρωτος.

Ἀναλῶσις, εὖς, ἡ, resolutio, abrogatio: dissolution, deliverance. Soph. El. 142. See Δύσις. SYN. Δύσις, διάλῶσις, ἐκλύσις, ἀναπτύχῃ.

Ἀνάλυτῃρ, ἥρδς, ὁ, liberator: a deliverer. Choëph. 153. See Λύτῃρ. SYN. Σωτῃρ, ἔλευθέρωτῃς.

Ἀνάλῶ, ὥσω, resolvo, dissolvo; in med. voc. redimo: to loosen, untie, set aside, ransom, redeem. Suppl. 45. SYN. Ἐπ'αναλῶ, κατὰλῶ, ἀναίρω, ἀποδιδωμί, ἀνάγω, εκτίω.

Ἀνάλωμα, ἀτός, τὸ, sumptus, impensa: expense, expenditure. Οὐκ ἐστὶ τᾶνάλωμ' ἀναλωθὲν λάθειν. Suppl. 786. SYN. Ἀνάλωσις, δαπάνη.

Ἀνάλωσις, εὖς, ἡ, consumptio: consumption, waste, expense. "Οστὶς ἀνάλωσιν τηρεῖ Theogn. 899. SYN. Εξἀνάλωσις, κατανάλωσις, φθίσις, ἀνάλωμα.

Ἀνάμμαϊζω, furibundo impetu sursum deorsum feror: to spread furiously. Ὡς δ' ἀνάμαι- μάει βῆθ' ἀγκάτῃ T. 490. SYN. Μαίμω, μαίνω- μαι, ἀναφέρωμαι.

Ἀνάμᾶσσομαι, rumino: to ruminate, consider again and again. Ἐγνωσᾶν ἀνάμᾶσόμενοι Vesp. 783.

Ἀνάμᾶσσω, pinso; abstergo: to bake; wipe off, expiate τ. 92. SYN. Μᾶσσω, ἀπομᾶσσω,

ἀποτρίδωμαι, ἀναφύρω, ἀνὰμάλττῶμαι, ἀποκάθ- αίρω.

Ἀνὰμέλω, cano, modular: to sing, celebrate in song. Theoc. 17. 113. SYN. Ἀνυμνέω, ἀν- γορεύω, κηρύσσω, κατὰδω, περίδω.

Ἀνὰμένω, poet. Ἀνὰμίμνω, exspecto, permaneo: to await, look for, expect. Phoen. 862. A. 171. SYN. Κατὰμένω, ἐπιμένω, ὑπομένω, ἐπέχω, εκδέ- χομαι, προσδέχομαι, καραδύκω, προσδοκῶ.

Ἀνὰμεστός, repleo: to fill. Ran. 1083. SYN. Μεστός, πληρὸς, ἀνάπληρὸς, ἀνὰπλήθω, ἀνὰπλήμηνι.

Ἀνὰμέτρω, Ἀνὰμετρούμαι, denuo metior, reme- tor: to measure over again, experience, esti- mate, repeat. Iph. T. 347. See Μέτρω. SYN. (1) Μέτρω, κατὰμέτρω, διάμέτρω, ἀντίμετρω, διατάτρω, (2) διηγέομαι, διέρχομαι.

Ἀνάμιγδᾶ, poet. Ἀμιγῆ, commixtim: mixedly, promiscuously. Ἀνάμιγδᾶ κέρατων Trach. 517. See Μίγδᾶ. SYN. Ἀνάμιξ, ἀνάμιγδην, αμμιγδῇ.

Ἀνάμιγνυμί, Ἀνάμιγνύμαι, immisceo: to mix with, blend. Bacch. 37. SYN. Ἀνάμιγνῶ, ἀνὰκεράννυμι, ἐμμιγνυμί, κατὰμιγνυμί, ἐμπλέκω.

Ἀνάμιμνησκω, μνήσκω, in mentem revoco: (1) to remind, admonish, call to mind; (2) remem- ber. Χρόνον σ' ἀνέμνησεν κάκα Electr. 504. SYN. (1) Ἐπ'ομιμνησκω, μνημύομαι, διαμνημύ- νω, ὑπομνᾶω, ὑποβάλλω, νοθεύω, παράγγελλω. (2) μνάομαι, πᾶράμνημναι, εκμανθᾶν, ἐξᾶ- λίσταμι.

Ἀνάμιγγω. See Ἀνάμιγνυμί. Ἴδωρ δ' ἀν- αμίσγεται ὕδει Theog. 953.

Ἀνάμορμύω, cum murmure ebullio: to roar, bellow. "Οτὲ μὲν τ' ἀνάμορμύρουσι Apoll. 3. 1299. SYN. Μορμύω, μορμυρίζω, ἀναξέω.

Ἀνάμοχλεύω, vectibus submoveo: to unbar, remove. Κἂνἀμοχλεύεις πύλας Med. 1314. See Porson's note. SYN. Ἀνάκινω, ἀπωθέω, ὑπεξάίρω.

Ἀνάμυξ, ὑκός, ὁ, ἡ, non habens vittam: having no fillet. Καὶ ἀνάμυξες ἀστυ Call. 6. 125.

Ἀνάμυχθίζω, ingemisco: to groan, murmur deeply. P. V. 768. See Blomf. SYN. Μυχ- θίζω, ἀχθῶμαι, ἀναστένω.

Ἀνανδρία, ας, ἡ, ignavia: unmanliness, cow- ardice. Περίεσθης ἀνανδρίαν Orest. 1030. SYN. Ἀδρανία, κακία, κῆκη, ἀερότης, δέος.

Ἀνανδρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) parum virilis, mollis; unmanly; (2) fem. sine conjuge: husbandless. Androm. 342. SYN. (1) Δειλός, κακός, δη- λυνός, (2) ἀγάμος, ἀνυμναίος.

Ἀνανέω, Ἀνανέομαι, renovo: to renew. Helen. 728. Ran. 602. SYN. Νέω, ἀνανέω, καινίζω, ἀποκαθίστημι, ἀνεγείρω.

Ἀνανεύω, renuo: to refuse. Ἀνένευε δὲ Παλ- λὰς Ἀθήνη Z. 311. SYN. Ἀναινόμαι, ἀπείπω, ἀποφθνή, ἀπένεω.

Ἀνανῶν, ἡς, ἡ, distributio: a division. Eur. fr. Temen. 21.

Ἀναντής, ου, and adv. Ἀναντᾶ, acclivis: steep, difficult. Πολλὰ δ' ἀναντᾶ καταντᾶ Ψ. 116. SYN. Πρόσαντης, λισσός, περικλινής, δυσχέ- ρης.

Ἄναξ, ακτός, ὁ, rex, dominus: prince, lord, king. Ἢ πάτῃρ μὲν ἦν ἀναξ Hec. 349. SYN. Βασίλειος, κοίρανός, ἀνάκτωρ, αρχός, μέδων, δεσ- πότης, τύραννός, αἰσυμνήτης, κράνωρ. Ev. Αντιθέος, διδός, κενδός, ευρύωφ, ἀμείλιχός, μέγα- θυμός, μέγακλῆς, μενέχαρμός, πικρός, πολυκτεῖ- νός, σκηπττοχός, σκηπτροφόρος.

Ἀναξηραίνω, sicco: to dry up. Οἶκον ἀνεξή-

ρανῶν ὀδόντες Call. 6. 113. SYN. *Ἐπραίνω*, *αὖω*, *αναίνω*, *ἐρημῶω*.

Ἀνάξιός, α, ὄν, indignus; inhonoratus: unworthy; dishonoured. Heracl. 527. SYN. *Ἀπάξιός*, *ἀδοξός*.

Ἀναξίω, *δignor*, *reco* ut indignum: to judge unworthy, disparage, treat insolently. Electr. 256. Others read *ἀπαξιῶν*. SYN. *Ἀπαξιῶω*.

Ἀναξίφορμιγξ, *ιγγός*, ὁ, ἡ, in cithara regnans: presiding over the lyre. *Ἀναξίφορμιγγές ὕμνοι* Olymp. 2. 1.

Ἀναξίως, immerito: unworthily, undeservedly. Heracl. 236.

Ἀναξῶ, ὄος, ἡ, Anaxo. *Κάναφῶρὸς ἀμύν* *Ἀναξῶ* Theoc. 2. 66.

Ἀναταιδεύω, *rursus instituo*: to instruct again or anew. Πάλλιν Equit. 1096. SYN. *Παιδεύω*, *ἐκδιδασκω*, *συνέτιζω*.

Ἀναπαιστὺς, ου, ὁ, *anapæstus*: an anapæst, a metrical foot of three syllables, having the two first short and the last long. *Παρασῆας ἐν τοῖς ἀναπαιστοῖς* Pax 735.

Ἀναπαλλῶμαι, *exsilio*: to spring up. Ψ. 692. SYN. *Ἀναθῶρεω*, *ἀνακηκίω*, *ἀναπηδῶ*.

Ἀναπάλλω, *vibro*, *percutio*: to shake up and down, strike. Bacch. 1179. SYN. *Πάλλω*, *ἀνασειῶ*, *ἀνατινάζω*, *ἀνατείνω*, *ἀνεγείρω*.

Ἀναπαλῶς, ου, ὁ, *resortitio*: a change of lot, repetition. Olymp. 7. 110. See *Ἀντίπαλός*. SYN. *Ἀναδασμὸς*, *κλήρωσις*.

Ἀναπάσσω, *adspergo*: to sprinkle over. Olymp. 10. 113.

Ἀναπαυλᾶ, ης, ἡ, *quies*; *locus quietis*: rest; a resting-place. *Ἀστέφανοι δὲ κόρας ἀναπαυλαὶ* Hipp. 1133.

Ἀνάπαυμά, ἄτος, τό; *Ἀνάπαυσις*, εος, ἡ, *re*quies, *intermissio a labore*: repose, cessation from labour. Hes. Theog. 55. Hipp. 189. SYN. *Παυλᾶ*, *παυσις*, *παυσῶλη*, *κατάπαυσις*, *κατάπαυμά*, *ἐνδοσις*, *ἀνέσις*, *ἄφεσις*, *ἀναψύχῃ*, *ἡσύχῃα*, *εἰρήνη*.

Ἀνάπαυω, *sedo*, *do requiem*: to allay, cause to stop, stop. Trach. 1264. SYN. *Κατάπαυω*, *λήγω*, *ἐλινύω*, *ῥεμέω*, *κοπιάζω*. PHR. *Ἄγειν σὺδ' ἄλῃν, ἀναπαύσαι μὲν γοῦν καὶ μὲν καὶ γὰρ μὲν, νῶτ' ἄδ' ὀσπ' ἔλῃν ἀναπαύσαι παλὶν μὲν καὶ μὲν.*

Ἀναπέθω, *persuadeo*: to persuade, induce. Helen. 834. SYN. *Πείθω*, *ἐκπείθω*, *ἐπιπείθω*, *ἀνάγω*, *εἰσάγω*, *ἐπάγω*, *παραξύνω*, *παραρομῶω*, *πάρδορῶω*, *παρακινέω*.

Ἀναπέρω, ἔρω, *transadigo*: to pierce through. Acharn. 1006.

Ἀναπειστήριός, α, ὄν, *persuasorius*: persuasive, wheedling. Nub. 873. SYN. *Πειστήριός*.

Ἀναπέμπω, *Ἀμπέμπω*, *remitto*, *emitto*: to send back or away. Choëph. 376. SYN. *Ἀνίημι*, *ἀφίημι*, *ἀναστέλλω*, *ἀναδίδωμι*.

Ἀναπέταζω, *Ἀναπέταννυμι*, ἄσω, *expando*, *aperio*: to stretch out, throw open, spread out. *Βόστρυχόν ἀμπετάσας λωτοῦ* Phœn. 799. SYN. *Ἀναπτύσσω*, *ἐξάπλωω*, *ἀνοίγω*.

Ἀναπέτομαι, *ἀναπητῶμαι*, in altum *evolo*: to fly upward or aloft, escape. Av. 1372. SYN. *Ἀνιπτᾶμαι*, *ἀναπτόμαι*.

Ἀναπήγνυμι, *πῆξω*, *suffigo*: to fix up, impale, suspend. *Δαγῶν ἀναπηγνυσὶ πόσ' ἀνὰ πέτρεται* Eccles. 838. SYN. *Κατάπήγνυμι*, *πρόσηλω*, *ἐφῆλω*, *πρόσσειδω*, *ἀνακρέμνυμι*.

Ἀναπηδῶω, ἡσω, *subsilio*: to spring up, leap upon. Av. 490. SYN. *Ἀναθῶρεω*, *ἀναχάρεω*, *ἀνασκιρτάω*, *ἀποθρόσκω*, *ἀναθρόσκω*.

Ἀναπίπτω, *πέσομαι*, *ἐπέσθω*, *recumbo*, *ac*cumbo *ad mensam*: to fall back, recline at table. Cycl. 410. SYN. *Ἀναπτόω*.

Ἀναπίτνημι, *expando*: to stretch or spread out. Olymp. 6. 45. See *Ἀναπέταννυμι*.

Ἀναπλάκητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non aberrans, inevitabilis: unerring, inevitable. E. R. 480. See *Ἀπλάκητος*. SYN. *Ἄφευκτος*, *ἀπροσπelasτός*, *ἀναπόδραστός*.

Ἀναπλέκω, *innecto*, *redimio*: to put a wreath upon, entwine. Olymp. 2. 135.

Ἀναπλέω, *πλευσῶμαι*, *provehor* in altum, *navigo*: to sail out to sea. *Ἀνεπλέομεν γούωντες* μ. 234. SYN. *Ἀναπλώω* (Ion), *ἀποπλέω*, *ναυστόλῶω*.

Ἀναπλήθω, σω, *Ἀναπληρῶω*, *impleo*: to fill again, fill up. *Κῆρδ' ἀναπλήσαι* ε. 207. Helen. 906. SYN. *Εμπλήθω*, *ἀναπλήθωμι*, *κατάπλήθω*, *κατάπληθωμι*, *ἀποπλήθωμι*, *ἐμπλήθωμι*, *ἐκπληρῶω*, *συμπληρῶω*.

Ἀναπνευσίς, ἔως, *Ἀναπνῶῃ*, ης, ἡ, *respiratio*, *relaxatio*: *respiration*, *respite*, *rest*. *Ὀλίγη δὲ τ' ἀναπνευσίς πόλεμοιο* Λ. 800. Nub. 627. SYN. *Ἀνεῖσις*, *ἀναληψίς*. See *Ἀμπνευμά*.

Ἀναπνευστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui *respirare* non potest: unable to breathe. *Κεῖται ἀναπνευστος καὶ ἀναυδος* Hes. Theog. 797. SYN. *Ἄπνευστός*, *ἄπνῶς*, *ἄψυχός*, *ἐκψυχός*, *ἐκπληκτός*.

Ἀναπνέω, εἶσω, *respiro*, *recreor*, *relaxor* animo: to respire, be refreshed, recover. *Τρῶες ἀναπνεύσωσι* Λ. 799. SYN. *Ἀναψύχω*, *ἀναπαύομαι*, *ἀναπνύμι*.

Ἀναποινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non redemptus, sine pretio: unransomed. *Ἀπρίστην ἀναποινόν* Α. 99.

Ἀναπόδῶω, *revoco* in animum, *revolvo*: to renew, turn over in the mind. Lysistr. 678. SYN. *Ἀναπεμψάω*.

Ἀναπόδιζω, *terram ver*to, *iterum aro*: to turn over, as soil. Pyth. 6. 2. SYN. *Ἀναπῶλῶω*.

Ἀναπομπός, ου, ὁ, qui mittit ad superos: sending back, conducting, sc. the dead. Pers. 655.

Ἀναπόνηπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *illotus*: unwashed. Eq. 356. SYN. *Ἄνιπτός*, *ἀλουτός*, *ἀκαθαρτός*.

Ἀναπρήθω, σω, *incendo*, *cum gemitu effundo*, *protrudo*: to inflame, pour forth in groans, cause to flow. *Δάκρυ' ἀναπρήθω* β. 81. SYN. *Πρήθω*, *ἀνάκαιω*, *ἀποδίδω*, *κατάχέω*.

Ἀναπτᾶμαι, *suisum volo*: to fly up or away. *Καὶ ἀναπτᾶνται πτέρυγεσιν* Lysistr. 774. SYN. *Ἀναπτόταμαι*, *ἀναπέτομαι*, *ἀφιπτόμαι*, *ἀνιπτᾶμαι*.

Ἀναπτέρωω, *pennis instruo*; *excito*, *instigo*: to furnish wings; buoy up with hope; agitate. *Ὡς φῶσος μ' ἀναπτέρωι* Suppl. 90. SYN. *Πτέρωω*, *ἀναπείθω*.

Ἀναπτύσσω, ξω, *expando*, *evolvo*: to unfold, explain, expose. *Εἰπ' ἀναπτύξας χέρας* Hipp. 1185.

Ἀναπτύχῃ, ης, ἡ, *expositio*: an unfolding, expansion. *Ἡλίου τ' ἀναπτύχαι* Hipp. 597.

Ἀναπτύξω, *expuso*: to spit or spurt out. *Κατὰ φέ κανέντι* Antig. 1009.

Ἀνάπτω, *accendo*, *stimulo*: to blow up into a flame, kindle, excite. Orest. 602. SYN. *Ἀνάκαιω*, *εκκαίω*, *ἐκπύρῶω*, *ἐμπύρηνμι*, *παραξύνω*, *παραρομῶω*, *ἀνεγείρω*.

Ἀνάπτω, *religo*: to fasten, bind, tie. Herc. F. 1013. SYN. *Εμπλέκω*, *συνείρω*, *συμπλέκω*, *συναρμύπτω*, *ἐξάπτω*, *δέω*.

Ἀνάπυστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *pervulgatus*: heard, notorious. *Γῆμ' ἄφαρ δ' ἀνάπυστά* λ. 273. SYN. *Ἐκπυστός*, *διάπυστός*, *πολύφημὸς*, *ἀνήκοος*, *δῆλός*.

Ἀνάπτωις, ἔως, ἡ, and Ἀμπωτις, q. v. discessus et reciprocatio maris: the ebb of the tide. Olymp. 9, 78.

Ἀνάρυστος, ου, δ, discalceatus: without sandals, unshod. Eur. fr. Meleag. 6, 7. See Ἀρ-65λη.

Ἀναρῥος, ου, δ, ἡ, membris captus: disabled in the limbs. Orest. 228. SYN. Ἀναλκίς, ἀρρω-στός, ασθενής, βληχρός.

Ἀναρίθητος, Ἀναρίθμος, ου, δ, ἡ, innumera- bilis; imperitus numerorum: innumerable; un- skilled in numbers. Ἀμήτορ' ἀναρίθητον Ion 836. Bacch. 1333. SYN. Ἀνήριθμος, ἀμέ- γαρτος, ἀφθόνος, ἀπειρος, ἀπλήτος, ἀτιμός, οὐτ' εν λόγῳ οὐτ' εν ἀριθμῳ, οὐτιδανός, φαῦλος, φλαυρός.

Ἀναριστός, ου, δ, ἡ, impransus: without a meal or dinner. Ἀναριστος Διόκλειδης Theoc. 15, 147. SYN. Ἀνακράτιστος, ἀγευστός.

Ἀναρκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, nullius imperio subjectus: unsubdued, independent. Eumen. 520.

Ἀνάρμοστος, ου; δ, ἡ, haud congruens: incon- gruous, discordant. Nub. 908. SYN. Ἄμουσος, ἀκοσμος, ἀεικής.

Ἀναρπάγη, ἡς, ἡ, subreptio: a carrying away, plunder. Τὰς ἐμὰς ἀναρπάγας Helen. 50.

Ἀναρπάζω, σω, ξω, sursum rapio, abripio, vi opprimo: to snatch up, tear up, carry away, plunder. δ. 515. SYN. Ἀφαρπάζω, ἀναίρω, φέρω, ἄγω, ἔλκω, κατὰλῃζόμεαι, ἐκπέρθω.

Ἀναρπάξανδρος, ου, δ, ἡ, homines eripiens: carrying off men. Sept. Th. 775.

Ἀνάρπαστος, ου, δ, ἡ, abreptus: carried off, snatched away. Hec. 205. SYN. Ἀναρπασθεις, ἀφαρπυμένους.

Ἀναρρήγνυμι, ῥήξω, diffindo, dirumpo: to break through, burst forth, cause to burst forth. Τῆσδ' ἀναρρήξει κακὰ Œ. R. 1075. SYN. Διαρρήγνυμι, πᾶραρρήγνυμι, ἀνασχίζω, διασχίζω, ἀπότημνω, ἀποκόπτω, ἀποσπάω.

Ἀναρρίπτω, Ἀναρρίπτω, sursum vel in altum jacio, in aleam do, suscipio: to throw up, fling up the spray with the oars, to throw at a venture (κίνδυνον being understood), hazard, run the risk, encounter danger. The latter meanings are more frequently met with in the prose writers. Οἱ δ' ἀμὰ πάντες ἀνέριμναν κ. 130. SYN. Ἀναρ-ρίπτω, διᾶσειω, μετὰτιθημί.

Ἀναρρίχθωμαι, manibus et pedibus in altum enitor: to climb up as a spider when weaving. Πρὸς ταῦτ' ἀναρρίχᾳτ' ἄν Pax. 70.

Ἀναρροισδῶ, cum magno stridore absorbeo: to swallow up with a great noise, ingulf. Ἀναρ-ροισδεῖ μετὰν ὕδρα μ. 104. SYN. Ῥοισδῶ, Ῥοφέω, ἀναρρόδφω, ἀναπίνω.

Ἀναρρῶσις, ἔως, ἡ, redemptio; dies Apaturiorum secundus sic vocatus: the second day of the Ἀπαυροῖα, because on that day sacrifices were offered to Jupiter in which it was usual to draw up the head of the victim. Κατὰγάγειν ἀναρ-ρῶσιν Pax 890. SYN. Λύτρωσις.

Ἀναρσῖος, α, ὄν, discors, implacabilis: discordant, unrelenting. Δυσμένεες καὶ ἀναρσῖοι Œ. 365. SYN. Ἀνάρμοστος, ἀδικός, ἀπεχθής, δυσμένης.

Ἀναρτᾶω, ἡσω, suspendo, to suspend from. Phœn. 717. SYN. Ἀρτᾶω, αἰωρῶ, ἀνατίθημι, ἐπαγγῆμαι, ἀναπήγνυμι.

Ἀναρχία, as, ἡ, soluta licentia, anarchy: in- subordination, anarchy. Ναυτική τ' ἀναρχία Hec. 605. SYN. Τάραξις, συντάραξις. See Antig. 672.

Ἀναρχός, ου, δ, principio carens; seditiosus: without a beginning; insubordinate. B. 726.

Ἀνάσειράζω, retraho catena: to draw back with a chain, curb. Hipp. 237. SYN. Ἀνέρνω, ἀνέλκω, ἀνακόπτω.

Ἀνάσειω, concutio, minor: to stir up, shake, menace. Bacch. 236. SYN. Σείω, ἐκτινάσσω, ἀνακινῶ, ἀπάλλω, ἀπειλῶ.

Ἀνάσεργαίνω, petulantly injuria afficio: to treat petulantly. Vesp. 61. SYN. Ἰσρίζω, ἐξυρίζω, κατὰκωμωδῶ.

Ἀνάσιμος, ου, δ, ἡ, repandus: crooked. Ἀνά-σιμὸν ἡ πρὸς ὑτέρῳ ου γὰρ ἀνάσιχeton Eccles. 935. SYN. Ἀνακυρτός, ἀμυρός.

Ἀνασκευάζω, labefacto, destruo; instauro, re- paro; transporto: to destroy; to rebuild; to move, transfer. Ἡ πάντ' ἀνεσκευάσμεθ' Eur. El. 602. SYN. Ἀνατρέπω, πᾶρακινῶ, ἀπο-σκευάζω, ασθενῶ, ἐπισκευάζω, ἀναρράπτω, ἀκῆ-μαι.

Ἀνασκοπῶ, considero: to consider thoroughly, see through, recollect, review. Πάντ' ἀνασκοπῇ καλῶς Thesm. 673. SYN. Σκοπῶ, διασκοπῶ, κατὰνῶ, διασκοπτόμαι, ἐπισκέπτομαι, ἀνᾶθε-ρῶ, ἀναλόγιζομαι, ἐνθυμέομαι, φράζομαι.

Ἀνασπᾶράσσω, ἔω, dilacero: to tear up. Πί-ζας ἀνεσπᾶρασσὺν Bacch. 1102. SYN. Εξέρνω, εξαίρω.

Ἀνάσπαστος, ου, δ, ἡ, revulsus, extractus ali- cunde: drawn back, torn away. Vesp. 381. SYN. Ἐπίσπαστος, ἐξέλαθεις.

Ἀνασπᾶω, revello: to tear up. Τύμβους ἀνασπᾶν Med. 1378. SYN. Κάτασπᾶω, ὑποσπᾶω, ἀνασύρω, ἀνέρνω, ἐκκόπτω, κατὰλῶ, ἀναιρῶ.

Ἀνασπά, ἡς, ἡ, regina: a queen, princess. Τρῳάδης ὑμῖν πρόσθε δ' ἀνασσαν Hec. 61. SYN. Βασίλις, Βασίλισσά, βασίλειά, δέσποινα, δεσπότης, τύραννος. Ερ. Ποντία, καλλιπλόκητος.

Ἀνάσσω, regno: to rule, to be king. Τένε-δοῖ τ' ἐφ' ἀνάσσεις A. 38. Blomf. says on Choëph. 125.: Exemplum fut. temp. verbi ἀνάσσω apud poetas Atticos hæc scribenti non succurrit. SYN. Ἀρχω, αρχεύω, αρχηγέτω, κοιρανῶ, μέδω, μέδω, ἡγήομαι, τύραννῶ, τύ-ραννῶ, κράτew, κράτνω, ΠΗΡ. Σκήπτρων κράτew, λαὸν εὐθύνω δῦρι, δδμου τυραννικὸς ἔχω.

Ἀνάστᾱσις, ἔως, ἡ, (1) resurrectio a sedili vel cubili vel somno, vel a morte: a rising up from a seat, bed, or sleep; (2) eversio: de- struction. Ἀτρέως ἀνάστασιν Troad. 366. SYN. Ἐγερσις, ἀνέγερσις, (2) Ἀνατρή, καθαίρεσις, κατασκάφη, πόρθησις.

Ἀναστᾱτήρ, ἦρος, Ἀναστᾱτης, ου, δ, eversor: a destroyer. Ὡς ὄντ' ἀναστᾱτήρᾳ Sept. Th. 1017. See also Agamem. 1198. SYN. Ἀνα-τρήπευς, καθαιρέτης.

Ἀνασταχύνω, Ion. ἀνεσταχῦσεσκν, spicas emitto, germino: to shoot out, spring up. Πρό-χῃσιν ἀνασταχῦουσιν ἄρουραι Apoll. 3, 1354, 4, 271.

Ἀναστέλλω, στέλλω, inhihero: to keep off, con- tract. Ὅτ' ἀναστέλλαι πρὸσω Iph. T. 1377. SYN. Ἐπ' ἀναστέλλω, περιστέλλω, συστέλλω, ἀνέχω, ἐπέχω, ἀνακρούω, ἀνάκωχέω.

Ἀναστέναζω, Ἀναστέναζω, Ἀναστένω, alte in- gemisco: to groan aloud, lament. Ἀνεστέναζε καμπαλιν Iph. A. 1548. Ψ. 211. Helen. 1527. SYN. Στένω, στενάζω, σπὸνᾶχίζω, ἀνασπὸνᾶχίζω, γόᾶω, ἀνακωκίω, ἀνακῶω, ἀνοικῶω, ἐπιστένω, βάρῳ σπὸνᾶχίζω, βάρῳ στενάχω, ἀνασπὸνᾶχέω.

Ἀναστῆφω, ψω, coronō, cingo : to crown, braid. Κράτ' ἀναστῆφαι Δῆλω Eur. fr. Archel. 3. SYN. Ἀνάδω, στέφω, περιστέφω, περικοσμέω, στεφάνω.

Ἀναστοῦω, os aperio : to open the mouth. Ἀναστοῦμον τὸ χεῖλος Cycl. 356. SYN. Ἀνοίγω, ἀναπέταννυμι, ἀνάχαινω.

Ἀναστονάχίζω, alte ingemisco : to groan aloud, lament. Ἀναστονάχισ' Ἀγαμέμνων κ. 9. SYN. see Ἀναστῆνάζω.

Ἀναστρέφω, ψω, inverto : to upset, reverse. Πάντ' ἀναστρέφει πάλιν Eur. Suppl. 341. SYN. Κάταστρέφω, αντιστρέφω, μέταστρέφω, παράστρέφω, παράκινεω, ἀναστρωφάω.

Ἀναστρόφη, ἥς, ἥ, reversion : a turning back, reverse, retreat. Μοῖραν εἰς ἀναστρόφην Androm. 999. SYN. Αντιστρόφη, διάστρόφη, κάταστρόφη, ἐπαναστρόφη, ἀναχώρησις, διάτρεψις, ὑποτρόπη.

Ἀναστρωφάω, poet. pro Ἀναστρέφω, verto : to turn, alter. Πάντῃ ἀναστρωφᾷν Hes. Cyp. 121. SYN. Στρωφάω, ἐπιδίνεω, ἀναστρέφω, περιστρέφω.

Ἀνασχέθω, Ἀνασχέω, poet. pro Ἀνέχω, (q. v.) attolo : to raise up. Λαμπάδας τ' ἀνασχέθειν Med. 1026. Iph. A. 732.

Ἀνάσχετός, η, ὄν, poet. Ἀνσχέτος, tolerabilis : to be endured. Οὐκ ἀνασχετοὺς ἐμοί Androm. 597. SYN. Ἀνεκτός, τλητός, ὑποιστός, φέρητός, ευφώρητός.

Ἀνασχίζω, scindo : to split up, rend. Λέοντὺς ἀνασχίζειν ὀνύχεσσι Theoc. 25. 277. SYN. Δίασχίζω, ἀνάτεμνω, διατέμνω, διάπριω, ἀνὰπριω, διχοτόμω.

Ἀνασώζω, servo : to bring back in safety, restore an exile, preserve, recover. (E. R. 1352. SYN. Σώζω, διάσώζω, σάώζω, διασώζω, εκσώζω, ἐρύω, τηρέω, φυλάττω, εκφυλάττω, ἀνακτάωμαι.

Ἀνάντω, poet. Αντάνω, q. v.

Ἀνὰτάρσσω, ξω, conturbo : to disturb, confound. Trach. 222. See Τάρσσω. SYN. Διὰτάρρατω, εκτάρρατω, ἐπιτάρρατω, συντάρρατω, πτωίω, συγχέω, ἀνὰδύλω.

Ἀνατελ, impune : without injury or loss, with impunity. Κρῶν μ' ἀνατελ τῆσδε Med. 1357. SYN. Ἀτιμωρητὶ, ἀζημίως, νήποινα.

Ἀνὰτέλλω, produco ; orior : to raise up, produce ; rise. E. 777. SYN. Ἀνέχω, ἀνὰδιδωμί, ἐξἀνὰτέλλω, ἀνὰφύω, εκφύω, ἀνὰφαίνω, ἀνθέω.

Ἀνὰτίθημι, θέσω, sursum pono, impono, consecreto : to put up or upon, suspend, ascribe. Electr. 1294. SYN. Ἐπίσάλλω, ἐπ'ἀνὰτίθημι, ἐπιτρέπω, προστίθημι, ἐπαίρω, ἐξηγεύομαι, περίτιθημι, μετὰτίθημι.

Ἀνὰτίνάσσω, ξω, concutio : to shake up and down. Bacch. 613. See Τινάσσω. SYN. Τινάσσω, ἀνάσειω, διατάρδασσω.

Ἀνὰτλημί, τλήσθαι, Ἀνὰτλάω, perfero : to endure throughout. Ἀνέτλημεν μὲνὺς ἀσχετοὶ γ. 104. SYN. Τλημί, διατλημί, φέρω, ἀνὰφέρω, εκφέρω, ὑποφέρω, ἀνέχουμαι, ἀνήμενω, ὑπόμενω, καρτέρω, διακαρτέρω.

Ἀνὰτδλή. See Αντδλή. Ἀνατός, ου, δ, ἥ, innoxius ; illæsus : innoxious ; unhurt. Εἰς δ' ἀνατον πρίγμα Æ. Suppl. 360. SYN. Ἀάτος, ἀσλάσης, ἀζήμιος, ἀδούς, ἀδήλητος.

Ἀνὰτρέπω, subverto : to turn back, overturn, undermine, overwhelm. Κἀνὰτρέψαντας πόλιν Phœn. 902. SYN. Ἀναστρέφω, ὑποστρέφω, κάβαρεω, κάταστρώννυμι, πρόσουδίζω, σφάλλω, κάτασφάλλω.

Ἀνὰτρέφω, θρέφω, nutrio : to bring up, educate. Καρδίαν ἀνατρέφω. Eum. 517. SYN. Διὰτρέφω, εκτρέφω, τίθηνέω, τρῶφεύω.

Ἀνὰτρέχω, θρέζομαι, ἀνὰδράμομαι, ἐδράμω, recurro, redeo currens : to run up, ascend quickly, return. E. 599. SYN. Ἐπ'ἀνὰτρέχω, ἐπ'ἀναστρέφω, ἀνὰθεω, πάλινδρόμεω.

Ἀνὰτρόπη, ἥς, ἥ, eversio : overthrow, overturning. Eum. 349. SYN. Ἀποτρόπη, ἀνάστασις, κάθαίρεσις, ἀναστρόφή.

Ἀνὰτυρῶ, conturbo : to throw again into confusion, disturb. Equit. 310. SYN. Τυρῶ.

Ἀναυγήτης, ου, δ, ἥ, obscurus, ater : unilluminated, gloomy, black. P. V. 1064. SYN. Σκοτεινός, ζοφερός, ζοφειδής.

Ἀναυδητός, ου, δ, ἥ, inenarrabilis : unutterable, strange. Ion 783.

Ἀναυδός, ου, Ἀναυδής, ἔος, δ, ἥ, ineffabilis, mutus : speechless, mute, unheard, not to be spoken. Phœn. 41. SYN. Ἀρήτης, ἀπάτης, ἀφανός, ἀφθογγός, ἀναυδητός, κωφός.

Ἀναυλός, ου, δ, ἥ, tristis : unaccompanied by the pipe, mournful. Phœn. 802. SYN. Ἄμουσος, εκμῆλῆς, γυῖρος, θρηνώδης.

Ἀναυρός, ου, Ἀναυρος : a river in Thessaly ; also a torrent. Διὰ ποσσὶν ἀναύρου Ap. Rh. 1, 9. SYN. Χείμαρρος, χάρδρα, πτόαμος. Ep. Χειμῆριος, πληθών, μέλαμφηλις (gen. ιδός). Ἄναυς, αἰς, ἥ, quæ non amplius navis est : which is a ship no more. Νᾶες ἀναες ἀναες Pers. 686.

Ἀνὰφάλλω, ἀνῶ, ostento : to display, reveal. Iph. T. 1256. SYN. Φαίνω, εκφαίνω, φανέρω, ἀποφαίνω, διάφαίνω, δεικνύμι, ἀνὰδεικνύμι, δηλῶ, πρόσφαινω, ἀποκάλυπτα, διαγνωρίζω.

Ἀνὰφανδῶν, Ἀνὰφανδᾶ, aperte : openly, publicly. "Ὅς ῥ' ἀνὰφανδῶν ὅποιε Π. 178. γ. 222. SYN. Φανέρως, εμφάνως, κατὰφάνως, ἐπιδήλως, σάφως, ἐνώπιον.

Ἀνὰφέρω, ἀνοίω, ἥνεκα, sursum fero, suffero, transfero : to carry, bring or lead up, endure, impute to. Orest. 76. SYN. Ἀνὰτίθημι, ἀνὰτείνω, ἀνάγω, ἀνακρίμω, ἀνὰβιβάζω, πρόσφέρω, ἀνὰμινύσκω, ἀνὰκάλω, ἀνασφάλλω.

Ἀνὰφεύγω. See Ἀμφεύγω.

Ἀνάφη, ἥς, ἥ, Anaphe, one of the Sporades. Φοῖσος κεκλυμένοι Ἀνάφην δὲ Apoll. 4. 1717.

Ἀνὰφλέγω, rursum incendo, excito : to rekindle, blow up. Troad. 320. SYN. Διὰφλέγω, ἐπιφλέγω, ἀνάκαλω, ἀναρίπτω.

Ἀνὰφλύω, Ἀνὰφλύω, ebullio, rursum ferreo : to bubble up, gush out. Ἀνὰ δ' ἐφλύε καλὰ ῥέεωρα Φ. 361. SYN. Ἀναξέω.

Ἀνὰφδῶ, terreo : to frighten. Vesp. 668. SYN. Φδῶ, εκφδῶ.

Ἀνὰφόρα, ἄς, ἥ, elatio sursum versus, criminis relatio in alterum : the transferring of a charge, authority, narrative, appeal. Orest. 408. SYN. Μετ'ἀθέσις, ἀνὰφυγή, κατὰφυγή, ἀναγωγή, ἀνὰκῶμηδι, φόρα, προσφορά.

Ἀνὰφόρῶν, ου, τὸ, fulcimentum oneris : a wooden bar or lever. Ran. 8.

Ἀνὰφροντίζω, animo volvo : to reconsider, think. Olymp. 1, 111.

Ἀνὰφυγή, ἥς, ἥ, effugium : escape. Choëph. 930. See Φυγή. SYN. Εκφυγή, διαφυγή, ἀλυξίς.

Ἀνὰφύρω, commisceo, fædo : to mix together, defile. Bacch. 731. See Φύρω. SYN. Ἀνάμυνω, ἀναφύρω, ἀνὰφύρσσω, ἀνὰμινύμι, μίαινω, εγχραίνω.

Ἀνάφυσίᾱω, anhele, exhalo : to gasp for breath, breathe up. Ἀσθμ' ἀναφυσίῳδων Apoll. 2, 433. SYN. Ἀνάπνεῶ, ασθμαίνω.

Ἀνάφῳ, renasci facio, edo, produco : to shoot up, send forth, cause to grow up. Apoll. 2, 1213. See Φύω. SYN. Ἀνάτελλω, ἀναφέρω.

Ἀνάχαζομαι, retrocedo, gressum inhihero : to retire. Ἀφ' ἀνάχαζόμενον Π. 819. SYN. Ἀνάχαζω, ἀναχωρέω, ἀναστρέφωμαι, ἀνάγω.

Ἀνάχαίνω, ἔχᾱνν, Ἀνάχασκω, hiseo : to gape, yawn. Equit. 641 Av. 502. SYN. Χαίνω, χάσκω, διαχάσκω, διαχαίνω.

Ἀνάχαιτιζῶ, (1) ferocio, de equis : to raise the mane, to plunge like a restive horse ; (2) excutio, proprie de equo qui sessorem excutit : to throw off. Bacch. 1072. SYN. Ἀναρρίπιζω, ἐκτραχύνω.

Ἀνάχῳ, εὔσω, poet. Ἀνάχεύω, infundo : to pour on, infuse. ι. 209. SYN. Εγγχεῶ, ἐπιχεῶ, εἰσχεῶ, ἐπίσβαλλω.

Ἀνάχνυαίνωμαι, lanugine obsitus sum : to be covered with down. Κανᾶχνυανθῇ τῇ τρίχι. Acharn. 791. SYN. Δασύνωμαι.

Ἀνάχρεύω, tripudio, celebros choreis : to lead the dance, agitate with madness. Phoen. 1770. SYN. Χορεύω, ορχέσθαι, ἄνμνέω.

Ἀνάχωρέω, retrocedo : to retreat, withdraw. Phoen. 742. SYN. Ἀνάχάζομαι, ἀποχωρέω, ὑποχωρέω, ἀπέρχομαι, ἐπαναστρέφω, ὑπάγω, ὑπονοστεῶ, μέλισσάμαι, ἀφιστάμαι.

Ἀναψυκτήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, recreator : that which refreshes. Πόνων ἀναψυκτήρ' ὃ δ' ἀμπελων γᾶνος Eur. fr. Androm. 27.

Ἀναψύχῃ, ἥς, ἡ, refrigeratio, liberatio : refreshment, release. Εκ γὰρ τῇσδ' ἀναψύχῃς πόνων Ion 1626.

Ἀναψύχω, refrigero : to re-animate, refresh, console. Κρήνην ἀναψύχουσι Iph. A. 421. SYN. Ψύχω, διαψύχω, ἀνάβαλλω, ἀναπαύω.

Ἀνᾶνω, fut. ἀθήσω, placeo : to please. Ου μὴν ἀνᾶνοντά μοι ποιεῖς Alcest. 1127. SYN. Ἄδεω, ἀρέσκω, εὐαρεστεῶ.

Ἀνδημᾶ, poet. pro. Ἀνδημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, vitta : a bandage, crown, garland. Pind. fr. 9.

Ἀνδρᾶ, ὧν, τὰ, areolæ in horto : beds or plots of flowers. Theoc. 5, 93. SYN. Ἄλδεες, ἀκρά, τάφροι, πρᾶσιαι.

Ἀνδίκτης, οὐ, ὁ, decipulae virga : the spring of a trap. Call. fr. 233. SYN. Ῥόπτρον, ὕσπληγξ.

Ἀνδῖχᾶ, divisim, in duas partes : apart, separately, in two ways. Ἡ ἀνδῖχᾶ πάντα δάσασθαι Z. 511. SYN. Ἀμφίς, διχᾶ, διστοᾶδον.

Ἀνδράγαθία, as, ἡ, strenuitas : courage. Τιμῆς πλάκοντων ἀνδράγαθίας ισχάδων Plut. 191. SYN. Ἀνδρεία, ἀγνηυρία, ἀλκή.

Ἀνδραγρία, ὧν, τὰ, spolia homini detracta : spoils taken from an enemy. Βρόττον' ἀνδραγρία Ἀχαιῶν Z. 509. SYN. Σκυλά, σκυλεύματᾶ, ἐνᾶρά, ἀγρεύματᾶ, λαφυρά.

Ἀνδραμῶν, ὄνδς, Andræmon : the father of Thoas. O. 281.

Ἀνδράκας, viritum : man by man. Ἀνδράκας ἡμεῖς δ' αὐτὲ ν. 14. SYN. Κάτ' ἀνδρά.

Ἀνδράπυδιστής, οὐ, ὁ, plagiarius : a man-stealer, slave-dealer. Πάρᾳ πλείστον ἀνδράπυδιστῶν Plut. 521.

Ἀνδράπυδον, οὐ, τὸ, mancipium : a slave, servant, footman. Μηδ' ἀνδράπυδοις τὸν μὲν χρῆσθαι Eccles. 589. SYN. Δουλός, αἰχμάλωτος. Ερ. Αργυράνητον, δορύαλων, ὑποχείριον.

Ἀνδραρίον, Ἀνδρίον, οὐ, τὸ, homuncio : a puny man, paltry fellow. Ἄλλ' ἀνδραρίᾳ μοχθηρὰ παράκεκομμένα Acharn. 516. Theoc. 5, 40. SYN. Ἀνθρωπαρίον, ἀνθρώπιον, ἀνθρωπίσκος.

Ἀνδραχθής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, virum gravans : loading or oppressing a man. κ. 127. SYN. Βάρυς, ὑπερβάρης, ὑπερβριθής.

Ἀνδρεία, Ἀνδρία, as, ἡ ; Ἀνδρείον, οὐ, τὸ, virilis ætas, vigor : manliness, fortitude. Nub. 510. Herc. F. 475. Eur. Sup. 510. SYN. Ἀνδράγαθία, ηνδρεία, ἀγνηυρία, κράτος, μένος, ἀλκή, ευσθένεια, εὐψυχία, δύναμις, ισχύς. Ερ. Ἀτρώμους, ἀσβεστός, ἀδάμαστος, πύλθαρος, κράτερᾶ, σιδηρόφρων.

Ἀνδρείος, α, ὄν, Ion. Ἀνδρήϊος, virilis : manly, brave. Eur. El. 949. SYN. Ἀγήνωρ, βόην ἀγάθος, εὐψυχός, μεγαλόθυμος, μεγαλόφρων, μέγαλῳ, ὀρίμυθος, μεγαλόθυμος, ὑπερθυμός, δραστικάρδιος, μέγαθυμός.

Ἀνδρείφοντης, οὐ, ὁ, homicida : a man-slayer, a homicide. H. 166.

Ἀνδρείως, Ἀνδρικός, viriliter : in a manly manner, vigorously. Ran. 372. Pax 477.

Ἀνδρέαστριά, as, ἡ, virorum amatrix : a woman who loves men's company. Τὰς ἀνδρέαστριάς κἀλῶν Thesm. 392.

Ἀνδρηλάτῳ, in exilium pello : to expel. Ἀνδρηλάτουντὰς ἡ φόνω (E. R. 100. SYN. Εξέλαυνω. PRR. Φύγαδᾶ, ἀπὸλιν ποιεῖν.

Ἀνδρηλάτης, οὐ, ὁ, qui in exilium abigit : a banisher of men. Τὼς δ' ἀνδρηλάτην Sept. Th. 634.

Ἀνδριαντόποιος, οὐ, ὁ, statuarius : a statuary. Οὐκ ἀνδριαντόποιός εἰμ' Nem. 5, 1. SYN. Ἀγαλματόποιος. PRR. Ἀγαλμάτων τέκτων.

Ἀνδρίας, ἀντὸς, ὁ, statua : a statue. Τὸν ἀνδριαντὰ τὸν Πανδίωνος Pax 1188. SYN. Εὐκῶν.

Ἀνδρικός. See Ἀνδρείως.

Ἀνδρίον. See Ἀνδραρίον.

Ἀνδριστί, viriliter : after the manner of men. Ἀνδριστί παρ' Εὐράταδ' ἄλτροις Theoc. 18, 23.

Ἀνδρόβουλός, οὐ, ἡ, in maritum mala meditans ; virilis consilii : plotting against her husband, insidious ; capable of manly deeds. Agam. 10.

Ἀνδρόβρως, ἀτὸς, ὁ, ἡ, viros devorans : a cannibal. Μῶναῖσιν ἀνδρόβρῶσι Herc. F. 381.

Ἀνδρόγιγας, ἀντὸς, ὁ, gigas : a giant. Πάντας δ' ἀνδρόγιγαντὰς Call. Cer. 35.

Ἀνδρόγνός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, viros ferens : male-bearing. Hes. Op. 781.

Ἀνδρόδαικτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, viros seu homines perimens : man-killing. Τί ποτ' ἀνδρόδαικτὸν ἀκούω Ran. 1264.

Ἀνδρόδαμας, ἀντὸς, ὁ, virum domans : subduing a man. Nem. 3, 66.

Ἀνδρόκλῆς, εὖς, ὁ, Androcles. Ἀνδρόκλει καὶ Κλεισθένει Vesp. 1187.

Ἀνδρόκμης, ἥτος, ὁ, ἡ, viros fatigans : fatiguing, killing men. Z. Suppl. 686. See below.

Ἀνδρόκμητος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ab homine laboratus : done by men. Ἀνδρόκμητ' ἐπὶ τύμβῳ Λ. 371.

Ἀνδροκτασία, as, ἡ, cades virorum : a slaughter of men. Μάχας τ' ἀνδροκτασίας τε H. 237. SYN. Μίαφονία, φόνος. Ερ. Λύγρᾶ, ἀλεγεινή.

Ἀνδρόκτόνῳ, viros interficio : to slay a man or husband. Ἀνδρόκτόνοισᾶ πάτερ' ἐμὸν Eumen. 599.

Ἀνδρόκτόνός, οὐ, ὁ, homicida : a homicide. Ἄντρ' ἐρημ' ἀνδρόκτόνος Cycl. 22.

Ἀνδρόλειτουργά, as, ἡ, viros perdens : destructive to men. Sept. Th. 302.

Ἀνδρῶμαχη, ης, ἡ, Andromache: the wife of Hector. Ἀνδρῶμαχη δὲ οἱ ἀγχι Z. 405. SYN. Ηἱρώνη. ΕΡ. Ἐὐσφύρος, ῥόδισφύρος, λευκώλενός. ΡΗΗ. Ἐὐζωνός παρὰκοιτίς "Ἐκτὺρός, δὴ γάττη με- γαλήτηρός Ηἱρώνης.

Ἀνδρῶμεός, α, ὄν, virilis; humanus: manlike; human. P. 571. SYN. Ἀνθρώπειός, ἀνθρώπινός, ἀνδρεῖός, βροτέός, θνητός.

Ἀνδρῶμαι, ad aetatem virilem pervenio: to arrive at man's estate. Herc. F. 42.

Ἀνδρῶπαις, αἰδός, ὁ, puer virili animo: a manly youth, a boy just arrived at manhood. Sept. Th. 529.

Ἀνδρὸπλήθειά, ας, ἡ, hominum conventus: a host of men, armed host. "Οἷε τις παρῆστίν αυτοῖς ἀνδρὸπλήθεια στρατοῦ Pers. 240.

Ἀνδρῶτ' ἄλλος, ἔός, ὁ, ἡ, maritum nactus: wedded, conjugal. Ἀνδρῶτ' ἄλλος βιότους Eumen. 962. SYN. Γάμῃλός, γάμικός.

Ἀνδροφθόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, homines perdens: men-destroying, destructive. Ἀνδροφθόρου βέβρωτες Antig. 1035. SYN. Ἀνδρὸφόνός, ἀνδρὸφόντης, ἀνδρὸφόντης, ἀνθρωποκτόνός, φόνεύς, φόνευτής, βροτόλοιγός, μίαιφόνός, φθισίμοβροτός.

Ἀνδρῶν, ὠνός, ὁ, pars domus qua viri agunt: the part of a house occupied by men. Choeph. 700. ΕΡ. Εὐτράπεζός.

Ἀνδύμαι, poet. pro Ἀνᾶδυμαι, detrecto: to avoid, shrink from. Εἰκὼν ἀνδύεται πόλεμον N. 225.

Ἀνέγγυός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sine sponsione: devoid of bail, not having credit, not to be depended on. "Ορη γὰρ σὲ πῆδησέν ἀνέγγυός Anacr. Ep. 82. SYN. Ἀπιστός, ἐκνύμης, ἀμνήστευτός.

Ἀνέγειρω, ἔρω, expergefacio: to raise up, awaken from sleep, cheer. Olymp. 8, 98. SYN. Ἐγειρω, ἐξέγειρω, ἀνίστημι, ἐξάνιστημι, ἀναζω- πύρω.

Ἀνέδην, effuse: loosely, freely, profusely. Φεύγειν ἀνέδην διὰ κύμ' ἄλιον Æ. Suppl. 15. SYN. Ἀρδην, πάμπάν, διαμπερές, σύμμιγν'.

Ἀνεμῆνός, ης, ὄν, remissus: incustoditus; extra παρθένωνας evagans: remiss; devoted; unguarded. Τάσδε μὴδ' ἀνεμῆνας Antig. 578. SYN. Ἀνέττός, ἐκμῆλ'.

Ἀνειμί, orior, ascendo, redeo: to go up, rise (of the sun), return. X. 499. SYN. Ἐπάνειμι, ἀνακομίζομαι, ἀνάλνω.

Ἀνείμων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, nudus, male vestitus: unclothed, meanly clad. Παρὰ πάμπαν ἀνείμωνός γ. 348. SYN. Ἀπέπλος, ἀνένδυτός, γυμνός, δυσ- εἰμων, δυσεἰμάτός.

Ἀνείργω, ξω, arceo: to force back, keep off, restrain. Γ. 77. SYN. Ἐπέχω, σύνεχω, σύνιχω, σὺνείργω, κωλύω, ἀναστρέφω.

Ἀνέκ' ἀθεν, desuper, e loco alto; ab origine generis: from above; originally. Ἀνωθεν ἀνέ- κ' ἀθεν κτύπη Choeph. 421.

Ἀνεκτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tolerabilis: supportable. See Ἀνάσχετός v. 83.

Ἀνεκτός, tolerabiliter: tolerably. Θ. 535.

Ἀνελέγω, ξω, arguo: to discover, detect. Ion 1472. SYN. Βάσανίζω, διέλέγω, κατὰ- γινώσκω.

Ἀνελεύθερός, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, illiberalis, sor- didus: illiberal, degraded. Plut. 591. SYN. Δουλοπρεπής, μικρόλογός, αἰσχροός, αἰκελής, ἀκοσ- μός, πινάρός, φιλόκερδής.

Ἀνέλισσω, envolvo, voluto: to roll up, throw out. Ran. 826. SYN. Ἐλίσσω, ὀλισθαίνω, δινέω, κτυλινδέω.

Ἀνέλκω, ξω, sursum traho: to draw up or back. Med. 1178. SYN. Ἐλκω, ἐξέλκω, ἐξελκύνω, ἀνασπᾶω, ἐξαιρώ, ἀνάγω, ὑπεξάγω, ἀνέρνω.

Ἀνέλλην, ηνός, ὁ, ἡ, alienus a moribus Graecorum, barbarus: barbarian, foreign. Æ. Suppl. 233.

Ἀνελπής, ἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, qui est sine spe: hopeless. Σωτηρίας ἀνελπής ὡς Iph. T. 487.

Ἀνέπιστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insperatus; non sperans: unhoped for; destitute of hope. Ion 1394.

Ἀνέμους, εντός, ὁ, ἡ, ventosus: windy, ex- posed to the wind, lofty. The A ought to be short, but is sometimes long, as in Ἀθάνᾶτος, for the metre's sake. Thus in Heracl. 784.

Ἄνεμός, ου, ὁ, ventus: the wind. Μετὰ πνοιῆς ἀνέμοιο β. 148. SYN. Ἀήτης, πνεύμα. ΕΡ. Ἀργαλέος, ἀκραῆς, ἄρπας, ἀντίπορος, αἰθριός, δισπᾶς, δεινός, δύσχατης, ἐπευγμένός, ζαχρητής, ζαθέος, ζαμένης, ομφροφόρος, Δίπτετης, ὑψιπέτης, ξηρός, λίγυς, κλονέων, ὀλδός, λευγαλέος, δυός, λίγυρός, μέγας, παντοῖος, πόλυχης, χαλέπτος, χειμῆριος, φοιτάλεός, βάρυνδουπός.

Ἀνεμοσκέπης, ἔός, ὁ, ἡ, a vento tegens: shel- tering from the wind. Χλαινᾶν τ' ἀνεμοσκέπῃων Π. 224. SYN. Ἀλεξανέμος.

Ἀνεμοσφάραγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vento presterpens: roaring with wind. Pyth. 9, 6. See Σφα- ράγω.

Ἀνεμοτρέφης, ἔός, ὁ, ἡ, a vento nutritus: nursed by or in the wind, stormy, hardy. Ἀδερῶν ὕπαι νεφέων ἀνεμοτρέφēs O. 625.

Ἀνεμώκης, ἔός, ὁ, ἡ, venti celeritatem habens: swift as the wind. Phoen. 165. SYN. Ωκύς, ὑπόπτερος, βάλλιος, τᾶχυς, αἰολός.

Ἀνεμώλιος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, inutilis: hollow as the wind, vain. Οἱ δ' αὖτ' ἀνεμώλιος Γ. 123. SYN. Μετὰ μάλιος, μετὰ μάνιος, μάταιος, φλύαρός, ἀποφώλιος.

Ἀνεμώνη, ης, ἡ, anemone: the flower ane- mone. Κύνοςβᾶτος οὐδ' ἀνεμόνα Theoc. 5, 92. ΕΡ. Εἰαρίνη, μινυνθάδιος.

Ἀνεμώρεϊά, ας, ἡ, Anemoria: a city of Phocis. Οἱ τ' Ἀνεμώρειαν B. 521.

Ἀνεξόδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unde exiri non potest: having no egress, irremovable. Theoc. 12, 19.

Ἀνεορτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non feriat: unfeasted, ungratified with a festival. Eur. El. 310. SYN. Ἀτελεστός, ἀπρεπής, μεθεορτός.

Ἀνεπίληπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, irreprehensibilis: blame- less. Orest. 920. SYN. Ἀνὰ μάρτητός, ἀελάξης, ἀμεμφής, ἀμεμπτός.

Ἀνεπίεστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impolitus: unpolished, imperfect. Πῶν ἀνεπίεστον κατὰλείπειν Hes. Op. 746. SYN. Ἀξεστός, ἀξός, ἀσκεπαρτός, ἀκομψός, ἀκοσμός, ἀτέλής.

Ἀνεπὶρρεκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nondum confectus aut libatus: not completed or offered. Ἀνεπὶρρεκ- των ἀνέλονται Hes. Op. 748.

Ἀνεπὶρβούος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non invidendus; non reprehensus: not enviable; not exposing or ex- posed to envy. Ἀνεπὶρβούον ἐρῶσθ' ἐγχοος Trach. 1051. SYN. Ἀνεμῆστος, ἀνεραστός.

Ἀνεραστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inamabilis; ab amore alienus: inamable; not susceptible of love. Τοῦτ' ἀνεραστότατον Call. Ep. 33.

Ἄνεργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod non facere licet: con- trary to what ought to be done. Helen. 366. SYN. Ἄπρακτός.

Ἀνερεπτόμαι, ψομαι, sursum tollo: to snatch up, convey away. Ἀρτυαὶ ἀνρεπῶντ' α. 241. SYN. Ἀναρπάξω, συναρπάξω, αἰρέω, ἀποφῆρω.

Ἀνερύγω, eructo : to belch or vomit forth. Εξ ἀκρῆς ἀνερύγεται Apoll. 2. 745. SYN. Ἐρέυγω, ἀπέρυγω, κἀπαρβέω.

Ἀνερώνντο, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non perscrutandus : not to be scrutinized. Ion 255.

Ἀνέρομαι, ποιῆ. Ἀνείρομαι, interrogo, rogito, percontor : to ask, enquire, search. Helen. 771. SYN. Ἀνέρωτάω, ἐρωτάω, ἐξερέω.

Ἀνερπύζω, sursum serpo, adrepro, redeo : to creep up or back, return. Pax 586. SYN. Ἀνέρπω.

Ἀνέρῳ, ποιῆ. Ἀνείρῳ, ὄσω, sursum traho, retraho : to draw up or back. Ἀνὰ δ' ἰστιά λευκ' ἐρύσαντες ι. 77. Theoc. 14, 35. SYN. Ἀνείρω, ἀνέκω, ἀνάγω, ἀναιρέω, ἀναστέλλω.

Ἀνέρχομαι, ἀνέλευσθαι, (1) adscendo : to go up again; (2) redeo : to return. Δ. 392. SYN. (1) Ἀνειμί, ἐπάνειμι, ἀναβαίνω, ἐπίβαινω, (2) ἐπανέρχομαι, ἀνήκω, ἐπανήκω, ἀναχωρῶ, ἀναστρέφω, ἐπαναστρέφω, ἀπινύμαι, νοστήω.

Ἀνέρωτάω, ἥσω, interrogo, saepe rogo : to ask, ask often. Iph. T. 665. SYN. see Ἀνέρομαι.

Ἀνέστιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lare et sede propria carens : homeless, a wanderer. Αφρήτωρ, ἀθέμιστος, ἀνέστιος I. 63. SYN. Ἄνουκός, φύγας.

Ἄνευ, Ἄνευθε, Boeot. Ἄνις, sine, seorsum ab : without, far or removed from. Ου μὲν γάρ ποτ' ἀνευ δῆϊον N. 556. Ἄνευθε, though common in Homer, does not seem to have been an Attic word. See Elmsley, C. R. 542. SYN. Δίχᾶ, χωρίς, ἄτερ, ἐξω, ἐκτός, ἄτερθε.

Ἀνευρίσκω, ρήσω, reperio : to seek out, find out. Theoc. 30, 9. SYN. Ἐφευρίσκω, εξευρίσκω.

Ἀνεύρεσις, ἔως, ἡ, inventio : the finding out, a discovery. Ion 569. SYN. Εὐρέσις, εὐρέμα, εὐρημα, εξεύρεσις, ἀναληψίς.

Ἀνευφημέω, cerebro faustis ominibus prosequens; edo lamenta : to utter words of happy omen; to bewail. Trach. 796. SYN. Κἀτευφημέω, ἀνὰθρηνέω, ἀνηχέω.

Ἀνέφελος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, serenus : unclouded, not gloomy. Πέπτάται ανέφελος ζ. 45. SYN. Εὐθύος, διὰδηλός.

Ἀνέχω, Ἀνέχημι, sursum tollo, contineo, laudibus tollo : to hold up, support, restrain, celebrate, honor. Hipp. 1288. SYN. Ἐπέχω, ἐπίσχω, ἀντέχω, σὺνέχω, κἀτέχω, ἀνείργω, κἀταστέλλω, ἀνάτεινω, τιμάω.

Ἀνέψιός, ου, ὁ, consobrinus : a cousin. Ἀνεψίος γέ μόνος ἐμοὶ σάφης φίλος Iph. T. 920. On the quantity of the penult. of Ἀνέψιός, see Heyne, O. 554. SYN. Κηδεστής, συγγενής, ἐξάδελφός, αωχιστεύς, ἐπίγονος.

Ἄνεως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, silens, mutus : dumb, silent. Τίπτ' ἀνεὼ ἐγένεσθαι B. 323. SYN. Ἀκὴν, ἄφωνός, ἀλάλός, ἡσυχός, ἐμπληκτός.

Ἄνη, ἡς, ἡ, perfectio : a completion, finishing. Αὐτὸς ἀνην ἐκλούσας Call. Jov. 89. SYN. Ἄνυσις, ἐκπραψίς.

Ἀνησάω, repubesco : to grow up to manhood, renew one's youth. Theog. 1003.

Ἀνησητήριός, α, ὄν, repubescent : youthful, blooming. Androm. 553. SYN. Νέος, νέω-τέρός, ἀναζέων.

Ἄνησός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impubes : beardless, not grown to maturity. Solon.

Ἀνήθινός, ὄν, ἐκ ἀνηθίνου confectus : composed of anise. Κάτ' ἀμάρ ἀνήθινόν ἡ ρόδοντα Theoc. 7. 53.

Ἄνηθον, ου, τὸ, anethum : anise, dill. Μάλακῳ βρβιθουσαὶ ἀνήθω Theoc. 15. 119. SYN. Ἄνη-σόν, ἀνητόν. Ερ. Ευθαλές, οὐλόν.

Ἀνήκεστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insanabilis : incurable, irreparable, inconsolable. C. R. 98. SYN. Ἀναλῆθς, νήκεστος, ἀφόρητος, ἀπνηθς.

Ἀνήκοός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui non audit : inattentive. Mosch. 3. 110. SYN. Ἀτήκοός, ἀπειθής, ἀμά-θης.

Ἀνηκουστέω, non sum dicto obtemperans : to refuse to comply with. O. 236. SYN. Ἀπειθέω, πᾶράκούω.

Ἀνήκουστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non auscultandus : not to be listened to, strange, obstinate. Hipp. 362. SYN. Ἀνηκῶς, ἀρήρητος, ἄπυστος.

Ἀνήκω, ξω, pervenio : to advance, improve. Trach. 1035.

Ἀνηλῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, immisericors : merciless. Call. 4. 106. SYN. Ἀμείλιχός, ἀνουκτός, ἀπνηθς, σιδηρόφρων, ωμός.

Ἀνήλιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, expers solis, opacus : dark, opaque. Androm. 535. SYN. Σὺνηρέφης.

Ἀνήλιπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, excalceatus : without shoes or sandals. Μὴ ἀνάλιπός ἐρχεῖ Βάττε Theoc. 4. 56. SYN. Νήλιπός, ἀνυπόδητος, ἀπέδιλός.

Ἀνήμελκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non mulctus : un milked. I. 439.

Ἀνήμερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immitis : wild, inhuman. Hee. 1081. SYN. Ἀπνηθς, ἀπάνθρωπος, ἀμεί-λκτός, ἀμείλιχός.

Ἀνήνემός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tranquillus : sheltered from the wind. C. C. 670.

Ἀνήνυστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui perfici nequit : impracticable, ineffectual. π. 111. SYN. Ἀτέ-λεστος, ἀπρακτός, ἀχρηστος.

Ἀνήνωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, ignavus : unmanly. Καὶ ἀνήνωρ δέλη κ. 301. SYN. Ἄνανδρός, δηλύ-φρων, ἀμάχός, δειλός.

Ἀνηπῶν, resono, cano : to resound, sing. Ἰμέ-ρσεν' ὑμέναϊον ἀνηπῶν Apoll. 4. 1197.

Ἄνηρ, ανέρως, ανδρός, ὁ, vir, homo, maritus : a man, hero, husband, mortal. Ἄνερές ἐστέ φίλοι Tyrtæus. On the quantity of the penult. of Ἄνηρ, see R. P. Phœn. 1670. SYN. Βρότός, φώς, ἀνθρωπός, θνητός, ἀκοίτης, πᾶράκοιτης. Ερ. Αθαδύφρός, αιδούς, ἀλκιμός, Ἀρήϊός, αλφη-στής, βουληφόρός, δεινός, δίκαιός, ἐκπαγλός, ἐρί-κυδής, ευσέτης, ἐλαφρός, εὐορκός, εσθλός, ἐχέ-φρων, θαρσαλέος, κράτερός, κυδάλιμός, καρτέρω-θυμός, μένεχαρμός, πολυπόνος, πολυδιδίς, πολυ-τλητός, σόφης, τάλανκαρδός, φιλόξενός, φράδμων, ἀγρίος, αἰδρός, ἀπάλαμνός, ἀπιστός, ἀεργός, ἀθε-μίστιός, ἀκλήρητος, ἀνέστιός, δειλός, δυσμένης, μάργός, σιδηρόχαρμης, ὑπερόπλος, οἰζυρός, βρό-τήσιος, ναυσιφόρητος, σάκεσπάλός, σιδηρόφωρός, ωκύμορός.

Ἀνηρέφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, tecto carens : unroofed, high-roofed. Εκτός ἀνηρέφους πέλε νηοῦ Apoll. 2. 1175. SYN. Αστέρης, ἐπηρεφής.

Ἀνήριθμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, innumerus : innumerable. Ἀνήριθμον γέλασμα P. V. 89. SYN. Ἀνάριθ-μός.

Ἀνήρητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inaratus : unploughed. ι. 109. SYN. Ἀσπαρτός.

Ἀνήρηστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, invictus : unconquered, invincible. Theoc. 6. 46. SYN. Ἀήττητος, ἀχειρωτός, ἀνικητός.

Ἀνήφαιστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Vulcani expers : not be- longing to Vulcan. Orest. 620. See R. Por- son.

Ἀνθαίρεῖν, præfero : to prefer; obtain in- stead of. Hee. 66. SYN. Ἀποφέρειν, προκρίνω, προτιμάω.

Ἀνθάμιλλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, æmulus : rivalling. Τοῖς

ανθᾶμιλλοις εἰσι πᾶλεμίωτάτοι Ion 606. SYN. Φιλῶνειακός.

Ανθᾶπτομαι, e contrario vel vicissim attingo: to cling to, or supPLICATE in turn. Hec. 274. SYN. Κἀθᾶπτομαι, διαπράττω.

Ἀνθειά, *as, ἡ*, Anthea: a city of Messenia. I. 151. SYN. Ποιήεσσα.

Ανθεμίζομαι, carpo: to cull, gather. Æsch. Suppl. 73. SYN. Ἀπανθίζω. EXP. Τὸ ἀνθὸς ἀποδρέπεται.

Ανθεμῶδεις, *εσσα, ἔν*, floridus: flowery. B. 695. SYN. Ανθεμῶδης, ανθινός, ανθινός, λειριδείς.

Ἀνθεμῶν, *ου, τὸ*, flos: anything flowery, a flower. (There is also Ἀνθεμᾶ, *ἀπὸς, τὸ*, for Ἀνθεμᾶ, which see). Olymp. 2. 130.

Ανθεμόρρυτος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, a flore fluens: dropping from flowers. Σοῦθης μελίσσης ανθεμόρρυτον γάτος Iph. T. 633.

Ανθεμουργός, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, opus suum ex floribus faciens: working among flowers. Pers. 618.

Ανθεμῶδης, *εὖς, ὁ, ἡ*, floridus, vernans: flower-like, flowery. Bacch. 454.

Ανθερέων, *ῶνός, ὁ*, mentum: the chin. N. 388. SYN. Γενεῖον, στῆμα, λάρυγξ. EP. Λάχνηεις, δασυθριξ, λασιός, νελάσιος.

Ανθερίξ, *ἰκός*; Ανθερίκος, *ος, ὁ*, arista, asphodeli fructus aut caulis: an ear of corn, stalk of asphodel. Ἀκρὸν ἐπ' ανθερίκων T. 227. SYN. Στάχυς.

Ανθεσφόρος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, florea gerens serta: flower-bearing. Bacch. 692.

Ανθῆω, floreo: to produce flowers, flourish, bloom. Hec. 1192. SYN. Ἀκμάζω, βρύάζω, διανθῆω, θάλλω, ταῖνω, ευτυχεῶ.

Ανθῆλιος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, soli obversus, solem referens: turned or opposite to the sun, reflecting the sun. Ion 1550. See Αντήλιος. SYN. Πρόσήλιος.

Ανθῆρος, *ᾶ, ὁ, ὅν*, floridus: flowery, blooming. Cycl. 538.

Ανθηφόρος, Ανθόφορος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, florifer: flower-bearing. Iph. A. 1543. Ran. 440.

Ανθίζω, floribus orno: to cause to bloom, to embellish. SYN. Διανθίζω.

Ανθινός, *ἡ, ὅν*, floridus, variis coloribus pictus: flowery, embroidered with flowers. Οἱ τ' ανθινὸν εἰδᾶρ ἔχουσιν ι. 84. SYN. Ἀνθιμός, ανθινός, ευάνθημος, ευανθής, ανθήμων, ανθώδης, ευθάλης, τηλέθων, ποικίλος, λαμπρός.

Ανθόκροκός, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, subtemen habens quod flores varii coloris exprimit: yellow-flowered. Hec. 468.

Ανθονόμω, flores depascor: to feed on flowers or grass. Æ. Suppl. 44.

Ανθόπλιζω, contra armo: to arm against. Eur. Sup. 676.

Ἀνθός, *εὖς, τὸ*, flos: a flower, bloom, bud. P. V. 7. SYN. Ἀνθεῖον, ἱανθόν, ἰόν, ἀνθη, αὐτός, καλλώπισμα, ανθοσύνη. EP. Αγλῶν, αγλαδομορφόν, ευῶδες, εἰαρινόν, μάλακόν, κᾶλόν, δροσέρον, λεπτόν, λευκόν, λειμῶνιόν, ῥυθῆν, τερπινόν, ευτερπέες, πορφύρεόν, ποιῆν, ῥοδῶδεν, ὑάκινθινόν, χλωδέρων, υαλῶν. PHER. Παμφόρου γαίας τέκνον, λειμώνων ἑαυτορτροφῆων πέτηλόν, γῆς βόστρονχος.

Ανθοσμίας, *ου, ὁ*, habens odorem suavem: sweet-smelling, spiced. Plut. 807. SYN. Εὐοσμός, περίοσμος, ἡδύς, ανθῆρος.

Ανθράκεω, Ανθράκίζω, Ανθράκω, in carbones redigo: to reduce to ashes. Lysistr. 340. Pax 1136. P. V. 380. See below. SYN. Εμπύρεω, φρίγω.

Ανθράκιά, *ᾶς, ἡ*, carbonum congeries: a heap of live coals. Ανθράκῃην στῶρεας I. 213.

Ἀνθραξ, *ᾶκος, ὁ*, carbo: a live coal, carbuncle, rubbish. Τὴν ἐμὴν ἀπ' ανθράκος Cycl. 244. SYN. Θυμαλῶψ. EP. Αἰδομένος, φλογόεις, ζῶων.

Ανθρήνη, *ἡς, ἡ*, crabro: a hornet. Nub. 944. SYN. Σφήξ, μέλισσα.

Ανθρήνιον, *ου, τὸ*, crabronis alvear: a hornet's nest. Vesp. 1075. SYN. Κηρίον, μελίδειον, μελικήρις, σμήνους.

Ανθραπίδιον, *ου, τὸ*, homuncio: a pitiful fellow. Τολμῶν τέ δρᾶν ανθρωπαρίῳ κἀκούδαίμνε Plut. 416. SYN. see Ανδραρίδιον.

Ανθράπειος, *α, ὅν*; Ανθράπινός, *ἡ, ὅν*, ad humanum genus pertinens: belonging to man, human. Eur. fr. Inus 21. Vesp. 1174. SYN. Ανδρόμῆος, φιλάνθρωπος, ἐπίεικῆς, χρηστός.

Ανθράπιον, *ου, τό*; Ανθραπίσκός, *ου, ὁ*, homuncio: a little man, manikin. Μένελλων ανθράπιον Cycl. 184. 315. SYN. see Ανδραρίδιον.

Ανθρωποδαίμων, *ὄνός, ὁ*, deus ex homine factus: one who from being a man becomes a god. Rhes. 971. SYN. Θεάνδρος, δαίμων.

Ανθρωποκτόνος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, homicida: a man-slayer. Iph. T. 390. And ανθρωποκτόνος, ab hominibus casus: murdered by men. Schol. ad Aj. 40. SYN. Ανδρόφόνος, ανδροκτόνος, ανδροφθόρος, ανδρόφοντης.

Ἀνθρωπός, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, homo: man, mankind, husband, master. Phœn. 449. SYN. Μεροψ, θνητός, θρότος, ἀνήρ. EP. Ἐπιχθονίος, ἐφήμερος, ἐφημερίος, ἀμάρθης, ἀφράδης, αργαλέος, ἀλήμων, ανμύρος, ἀπειρεσίος, αιολόβουλος, αλφιστής, ἀμαυροσίος, Διότρεφής, δυστήμων, δειλός, ανδρείος, δίκαιος, ἀδίκος, θυμώδης, δέογλωσσός, δέοστυγῆς, ἔλεεινός, εικεδονειρός, ἐριθυμός, κηρί-τρεφής, μόγερός, κἀκότεχνός, κἀκόθυμός, κἀκού-δαίμων, κατὰβητης, οφίγνός, οἰζυρός, ὀλιγο-σθένῆς, ὀλιγόδρανῆς, πόλυκληρός, πῶλυπαγκτός, πολυκμητός, πῶλυτλητός, πῶλυμοχθός, τάλαιεργός, κωκύμωρος, μινυνθαδῖος, νήπιός, ὀδίτης, αλλόθροός, πάλαιότερος, πέρικτιών, ἄσιός, γλακτοφάγος, οφίγνός, πῶλυσπερής, ἐπιπῶνος, λεξιγόγράφος. PHER. Φύλλα γενεᾶ προδύμοιοι, πλάσματά πηλοῦ, σκίδειδεᾶ φίλα ἁμένηνᾶ, δύσμορᾶ φύλ' ανθράπων, ἡμέτερος γέννα.

Ανθρωποσφάγω, hominem ut victimam mactō: to sacrifice a man for a victim. Ἐπήγαγ' ανθρωποσφαγεῖν Hec. 259.

Ανυθερίζομαι, vicissim contumelia afficio: to be injuriously treated in return. Καὶ γὰρ ανυθερίζομαι Phœn. 629.

Ανθίπουργω, penso beneficium: to return, co-operate. Μῆτ' ανθίπουργεῖν αισχρὰ Hipp. 1003. SYN. Ανυπηρέτω.

Ἄνια, *as, ἡ*, mœror: grief, vexation. Ταῖς σαῖς ἀνίας χρήσομαι σφίσμασιν Iph. T. 1032. See note (1). SYN. Αχθηδόν, ἀχθός, λύπη, ἀπορία, ἀλγός, αλγηδών, πένθος, ἀδημονία, δυσχερεία, δυσθυμία. EP. Αργαλέα, ἀπειρός, ἀτλητός, ἀγρύπνος, ἀκόρεστος, ἄλιστατος, ἀκήρατος, βάρειά, πικρά, λύγρᾶ, μέλαινα, γυῖερά, ὀλῶ, στυγῆρά, κρᾶ-

(1) The noun *ania* or *ανία* generally has its penult. long (always in Homer), but sometimes short, as in four instances adduced by Ruhnken. Epist. Crit. ii. p. 276. The verb *ανιάω*, or *ανιάζω*, in the Epic poets, generally produces the penult. Aristophanes has the penult. of *ανία* thrice short, and once long. The second syllable of *ανιασμός* is always short in Euripides and Aristophanes, and long in Sophocles, Antig. 316. But the third syllable is always long. R. P. Phœn. 1334. See Porson's Canons collected in *Classical Journal*, No. 61.; or in Valpy's *Greek Exercises*.

τέρα, θυμῶδὲρ, βάρυνῃς, οὐεῖα, κῆκῶπτόμος, πολυδακρύς, πολυδακρύτος, πολυδάδωνός, πολυπλαγκτός, πολυκλαυστός, κοινή, ξυνή, λευγάλα, ἀφραστός.

Ἀνιάζω, tristitiam affero; molestiam sentio: to give trouble; more generally, to be grieved, afflicted. Ἐπερφίλω ἀνιάζει Σ. 300. δ. 598. See note on Ἀνία. SYN. Ἀνιάω, ἀνιάομαι, λυπεῖμαι.

Ἀνιάρω, ἀ, ὄν, molestus, maestus: troublesome, sad. Ἀνιάρων δὲ τὸ κτήμ' ἀναγκαῖον δ' ὄμως Orest. 224. Ἀνιάρῳ δὲ μὲν ἀντην Apoll. 3. 1066. See note on Ἀνία. SYN. Στυγερὸς, ἀχθινὸς, λυπηρὸς, ἀχάρης, γόδερὸς, ἀλέγεινός, βάρυνμός, θυμὸς, δυσχέρης.

Ἀνιάρως, moleste: grievously. Ὡς ἀνιάρως λέγεις Antig. 316. SYN. Λυπηρὸς, βάρειος, δυσφῶρος, δυσχέρως, χαλεπὸς.

Ἀνιάχω, clamor: to cry aloud. In Orest. 1470. 'Α δ' ἀνιάχεν ἰάχην, the antepenult. of ἀνιάχεν and of ἰάχην is long on account of the augment. SYN. Ἀνάσδω, ἀνακράζω, ἀντιφθέγγομαι, ἀντηχέω, κελᾶδω, ἀμείδωμαι.

Ἀνιάω, molestia afficio: to annoy, distress. Ἐστὶν ἀνιθνήντῃ νέσθαι B. 291. See note on Ἀνία. SYN. Ἀνιάζω, οχλῶ, κῆκω, λυπέω, θλίβω, πείζω, κατὰπνέω.

Ἀνιδρῦτος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, non fixus, irrequietus: unsettled, unsteady. Δρῶμοις ἀνιδρῦτοισιν Iph. T. 971. SYN. Ἀστάθης, ἀσέξαιος, ἀνένδοτος, ἀσθηρικός.

Ἀνιδρωτί, sine sudore: without sweat or labour. Οὐ γὰρ ἀνιδρωτί γέ μετ' ἀνδράσι Call. 1, 1. SYN. Ἀμοχθί, ἀπὸνητί.

Ἀνιέρως, α, ὄν, profanus: unholy, profane. Ἀνιέρως ἄθτων πέλων τρύχει Hipp. 146. (Anap. dim., habens proceleusm. in prima sede. SYN. Ἀνόσιος, ἀκάθαρτος, βέσηλός, ἀποδωμῖος, ἄθῆτος, κῆκός.

Ἀνιήμι, ἥσω, ἔσω, ἡκᾶ, sursum mitto, emitto, remitto, impello; remisse ago: to send up, put forth, excite, expose, act remissly. Ἀλλ' ἀνιείς ἐπεὶ αὐτὸς E. 880. See also O. 24. SYN. Ἀφιήμι, καθιήμι, ἀνᾶπέμω, ἀνᾶπέιω, παρόρμω.

Ἀνικέτευτός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, cui supplicatum non est; non supplex: not supplicated; not suppliant. Εἰτ' ἀνικέτευτός ἦς' ἐμοὶ γὰρ ἐστ' ἄγών Iph. A. 1003.

Ἀνικητός, Dor. Ἀνικατός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, invictus, insuperabilis: unconquered, invincible. Bacch. 989. See Νίκη. SYN. Ἀπόλεμτός, ἀμής, ἀδάμαστός.

Ἀνιπτεύω, equito: to mount or ride a horse. Ion 41.

Ἀνιπτός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, qui est sine equo: without a horse, a foot soldier. E. C. 899. SYN. Πεζίτης.

Ἀνιπτῆμι, Ἀνιπτᾶμαι, sursum volo: to fly aloft. Herc. F. 69. SYN. Ἀνᾶπτεῖν, ἀνω φερόμαι.

Ἀνιπτός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, illotus: unwashed. Z. 266. SYN. Ἀλουτός, ἀκάθαρτος.

Ἀνιστῆμι, ἀσθήσω, surgere facio, excito, evertō: to raise up, wake, overthrow. Hee. 492. SYN. Ἀνέγειρω, ἀνορθώ, ἀνακουφίζω, ἀπαρτίζω, παρορμᾶω, κάθαιρέω.

Ἀνιστρέω, saepe rogo: to ask again, investigate thoroughly. Iph. T. 529. SYN. Ἀνέρομαι, ἀνέρωμαι, ἀνακρίνω.

Ἀνίσχω, attollo, orior: to raise up, to rise. Phaët. fr. 1, 3. SYN. Ἀνέχω, ἀνᾶτεινω, ἀνιήμι, ἀνᾶτέλλω.

Ἀνίχνεω, pervestigo, persequor: to trace out, pursue. Ἀλλὰ τ' ἀνίχνεω δέξει ἐμπεδὼν X. 192. Ἰχνεῶ, ἐξίχνεω, διώκω, κατὰδιώκω, ἀναζητέω, κύνηγέτω, ἵχνη μετροῦμαι.

Ἀνιφέλός, poet. pro Ἀνιφελός, q. v.

Ἀνὸδός, ου, ἥ, adscensus: an expedition into a higher country, an ascent. Call. Ep. 18. SYN. Ἀνάσσις, ἐπίσσις.

Ἀνὸδός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, invius: pathless. Iph. T. 888. SYN. Ἀσάτος, ἀστεπτός, ἀνάντης.

Ἀνὸθμων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἥ, non compos mentis: unwise. ρ. 273.

Ἀνὸητός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, demens, insipiens, qui intelligi nequit: unwise, imprudent; unintelligible. H. in Merc. 80. SYN. Ἀσυνέτος, ἀφρων, παρᾶφρων, παρᾶφρονίμος, ἐκφρων, ἀναισθητός, εὐθηής, ηλθίος, μαρὸς, ἀσέλτερος.

Ἀνοϊά, ας, ἥ, amentia: madness. Τὴν ἀνοϊάν εὐ φέρειν Hipp. 400. The last syllable is long in And. 519: Καὶ γὰρ ἀνοϊα (!) μέγαν λείπει. SYN. Παρᾶνοϊά, παρᾶφρόσυνη, εὐθηϊά, ἀτασθᾶλια, μαρία, ἀσουλία.

Ἀνοίγνυμι, Ἀνοίγνῶ, Ἀνοίγω, οίξω, aperio: to open, throw open, unbar, unfold. Ion 923. Phaen. 1084. SYN. Ἀνᾶπτεράζω, ἀνᾶμοχλεῶ, ἀναπτύσσω, διόίγω, διανοίγω.

Ἀνοιδῶ, poet. Ion. Ἀνοιδῶ, intumeo: to swell up. Hipp. 1210. SYN. Ἐπᾶνοιδῶ, οιδᾶν.

Ἀνοικίζω, (1) instauro, readifico: to rebuild, (2) habitationem transfero: to remove one's habitation. Av. 1351. SYN. (1) Ἀποκαθίστημι, ἀνακαίνιζω, ἀνορθώ, ἐπισκευάζω, (2) ἀπερχομαι, μέθοισται, ἀποικέω, μέτοικέω.

Ἀνοικῶ, instauro aedificium: to rebuild. Pax 90. SYN. Ἀνᾶδέμω. See Syn. to Ἀνοικίζω (2).

Ἀνοικτέος, α, ὄν, aperiendus: necessary to be opened. Ion 1387.

Ἀνοικτός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, immisericors: un pitying. Troad. 789. SYN. Ἀνηλέης, ἀνήμερός, σκληρός, ἀνέλεμος, ὠμός, ἀμύθυμός, ἀπνηής, χαλεπός.

Ἀνοικτρός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, immiserabilis: not to be pitied. Iph. T. 227.

Ἀνοικτως, sine misericordia: without pity. Troad. 758. SYN. Ἀνηλεῶς, νηλεῶς.

Ἀνοιμωκτί, impune: with impunity. Ὡδ' ἀνοιμωκτὶ χάνειν Aj. 1227.

Ἀνολιμωκτός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, indefletus: unlamented. Choëph. 427. SYN. Ἀκλαυστός, ἀδακρυτός, ἀγός.

Ἀνοιστέος, α, ὄν, referendus, differendus: to be related, must recur, must delay. Herc. F. 1212.

Ἀνοιστρέω, incito: to goad on, drive to madness. Bacch. 977. SYN. Οιστρέω, παροξύνω.

Ἀνολεία, ας, ἥ, miseria: misfortune, poverty. Αἰδώς τοι πρὸς ἀνολείῃ θάρσος δὲ πρὸς ὀλέθῳ. Hes. Op. 319. SYN. Δυστύχια, ἀθλιότης, ἀεθλοσύνη.

Ἀνολεύς, Ἀνολεύς, ου, ὁ, ἥ, infelix: unhappy, wretched. Hel. 247. Eur. fr. Antig. 15. SYN. Ἀθλιός, ἀνωφελής, δειλαῖός, ἀτύχης, κῆκοδαίμων.

Ἀνὸλέθρος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, ab exitio immunis, inextinctus: undestroyed. Ἀπὸ μόνος οὐδ' ἀνδλέθρους N. 761. SYN. Ἀσλητός, σός.

Ἀνὸλαλός, ξω, vociferor: to cry out from fear or joy. Med. 1170. SYN. Ὀλαλός, ἐξὸλαλός, αἰαός, ἀλαλάς, ὀλαφύρομαι, ὀδύρομαι, ἀνὸδύρομαι, οἰμῶς.

Ἀνόμεαι, perficior: to be completed. See

ἄνω. Mālā γὰρ νῖξ ἀνεταί ἐγγύθι δ' ἠώς K. 251. Σ. 473. For the quantity of the first syll. of ἀνομία, see Heyn. Obs. on these passages. SYN. Τελεῖσθαι, τελεῖσθαι.

Ἄνουμρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, imbribus carens: without storms, calm. Bacch. 407.

Ἀνόμια, ας, ἡ, legum contemptus, iniquitas: illegality, impiety. Iph. A. 1095. SYN. Ἀδικία, ἀγνομιστή, κάκουργία, ἄθεσμότης.

Ἀνόματός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, caecus: eyeless. Philoct. 856. SYN. Ἀλᾶς, τυφλός, λῖπαρχής.

Ἄνομός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, exlex, iniquus: lawless, wicked. Orest. 1457. SYN. Ἀδικός, ἐκνυμός, παρᾶνομός, ἀγνώμων, ἄκοσμος.

Ἀνόμος, inique: illegally, unjustly. Med. 996.

Ἀνοητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inutilis, injucundus: useless, to no purpose, unpleasant. Hec. 754. SYN. Ἀναφελής, μάταιος, ἑτάσιος, ἄχρηστος.

Ἄνοός, ανους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insipiens: foolish. Φ. 441.

Ἀνοπαῖα, ας, ἡ, avis ex aquilarum genere: a bird of the eagle species. Ὅρνις δ' ὡς ἀνοπαῖα διέπτᾳτο α. 320. Damm and others take ἀνοπαῖα to be an adjective, as used adverbially, from a supposed word ἀνοπαῖος, invisible, out of sight; and some understand it from ὀπή: through the chimney.

Ἀνοργιάστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sacris non initiatus: not celebrated, not initiated. Lysistr. 894.

Ἀνορθῶ, surrigo, emendo: to raise up, set upright, direct. CE. R. 51. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, ἀνασχεθῶ, ἀνακουφίζω, ἀνιστημί, ἀπευθύνω, ορθῶ, ἄνῃω.

Ἄνορμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, stationem navium non habens: harbourless. CE. R. 422. SYN. Δυσορμός, ἀλιμένος.

Ἀνορούω, exsurgo: to spring up, leap forward. K. 162. SYN. Ἀνιστήμι, ἐξεγείρωμαι, ἐκθόρῶ, ἀνὰθόρῶ, πηδάω, ἐκπηδάω, ἀνορμάω.

Ἀνόροφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tecto carens, non tectus: having no roof. Bacch. 38.

Ἀνορτάλιζω, incipio in altum ferri: to begin to soar on high. Ἀνορτάλιζεις κἀκέρουτ' ἔγῳ Equit. 1344. SYN. Μετέωρίζομαι, ἐπαίρωμαι.

Ἀνύρσσω, ἀνύρστω, efodio, extirpo: to dig out or up, extirpate. Av. 603. SYN. Εξέρντω, ἀνασκάπτω, ἀναστρέφω.

Ἀνορχέομαι, exsilio: to leap up. Eur. Suppl. 719. SYN. Ἀνάλλομαι, ἀναπηδάω.

Ἀνόσιος, α, ὄν, ἐν ου, ὁ, ἡ, impius: unholy, impious. Troad. 630. SYN. Ἐνάγης, ἐπαράτος, κἀπάρατος, μῖαρος, ἀνιέρως, ἀγανός, ἀθεός, ἀθεμίτος, ἀθεμιστός, ἀθεμιστός, ἀνόμος, βέβηλός.

Ἀνόσιος, impie: unhallowedly, impiously. Philoct. 257. SYN. Ἀσεβώς, μῖαρος.

Ἄνόστως, poet. Ἄνουσός, ὁ, ἡ, immunis a morbis: free from disease. Iph. A. 982. SYN. Αελαῖσής.

Ἀνόστιμος, Ἄνοστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, reductus expers: unable to return, not returned. Τάνδ' ἀνόστιμον τέκνων Herc. F. 430. Iph. T. 752. SYN. Ἀνύστρεπτός, ἀνέξοδος.

Ἀνότρυζω, lamentor: to cry ὀδυτοῖ, bewail. Hel. 370.

Ἀνοβάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auribus carens: without ears. Ἀνοβάτων ἀλλὰ φάλγι Theoc. Ep. 4.

Ἀνουάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non vulneratus: unwounded. Ἄελητος καὶ ἀνουάτος Δ. 540. SYN. Ἄτρωτος, δελήτης, ἀβραυστός, ασκέθής.

Ἀνουητή, sine vulnere: without a wound. Τὶς ἀνουητή γέ πάρεσται X. 371.

Ἀνοχλίζω, revello: to remove by a wedge or bar, force open. Δὴ τὸτ' ἀνοχλίζων Apoll. 1. 1167. SYN. Ἀνέκινω, ἀνέκωπτω.

Ἀντάγορεύω, adversarium me gero: to contend against. Ran. 1072. See Ἀγορεύω. SYN. Ἀντίλάλῶ, προσλάλῶ.

Ἀντάγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, adversarius: an opponent, rival. Ἀντάγωνιστήν μέγα Troad. 1006. SYN. Ἀντεράστης, ἀνταῖος.

Ἀνταῖος, α, ὄν, adversus: opposite to, direct. Iph. A. 1324. SYN. Διανταῖος, ἐναντίος, ὑπ' ἐναντίος, ἀντίσιος, ἀντιπάλος, ἀντάγωνιστής.

Ἀντάκουω, σῶμαι; Ἀντάκροῶμαι, vicissim audio: to hear in turn, in reply. Τὰδ' ἀντάκουέ μου Hec. 320. Lysistr. 527.

Ἀντάλαλάζω, et Ἀντάω, reclamo vicissim vel contra: to shout in return or against, to re-echo. Ἀντηλάλαξε νησιώτιδος πέτρας Pers. 396. See also Pyth. 4. 350. SYN. Ἀντιδῶω, ἀντιᾶχῶ, ἀνταδῶω.

Ἀντάλαγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, commutatio, pretium redemptionis: an equivalent, ransom. Orest. 1162. SYN. Ἀλλάγή, ἐναλλάγή, ἀμοιβή, ἀλλοίωσις, λυτήριον, ἀποιόν.

Ἀντάλλάσσω, muto, permuto: to give in exchange. Helen. 1087.

Ἀντάμειδῶμαι, gratiam rependo: to repay a kindness, answer. Τοῖσδ' ἀντάμειδῶμαι λόγοις Androm. 154. SYN. Ἀμειδῶμαι, ἀνταλλάσσομαι, ἀνταποδιδωμί, ἀντιδέχομαι.

Ἀντάμοιός, Ion. Ἀντημοιός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, remuneratorius: one who gives in return. Τοῦτ' οἱ ἀντημοῖον Call. 4. 52.

Ἀντάμυνῶμαι, ὑνῶμαι, vicissim auxilior; me ulciscor: to defend oneself in return; to revenge. Ἀντάμυνονται κακοῖς Antig. 654.

Ἀντάμειδῶμαι, remitto: to give up in turn, raise up and down, as a sawyer. Vesp. 692.

Ἀντάναλσκω, vicissim consumo: to spend or destroy in return. Ἴν' ἀντάναλσῶμεν οἱ μὲ προὔδοσαν Orest. 1163. SYN. Ἀνταναίρεῶμαι.

Ἀνταίσταμαι, contra insurgo: to oppose. Ὅστις ἀνταίσταται Trach. 448. SYN. Ἀνθίσταμαι, ἀντιστάτῶ, ἀνταίρωμαι, ἀντέχω, ἀντίβαινω, ἐναντιοῦμαι, ἀντίτασσομαι.

Ἀντάξιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, exlimitatione par, æqualis pretii: equivalent. A. 136. SYN. Ἀξίος, ἰσότημος.

Ἀντάποδιδωμί, rependo: to give back in return. Batr. 185. SYN. Ἀντιδιδωμί, ἀνὰδιδωμί, ἀντιμέτρω, ἀντιστάθμῶ, ἀνταμειδῶμαι, ἀντίσκηῶ.

Ἀντάποκτείνω, ἐνῶ, vicissim occido: to slay in return. Ἀντάποκτενῶ γὰρ ὑμῶν Acharn. 327. SYN. Ἀντιφόνεω, ἀνταπόλλυμι.

Ἀντάπολλυμι, vicissim perdo: to destroy in return. Helen. 106.

Ἀνταρκέω, par sum ad resistendum: to be able to resist or counteract. Equit. 540. SYN. Ἀντίπαράτάττομαι, ἀνταμύνωμαι.

Ἀνταγνέω, lucem remitto: to reflect the light of the sun. Orest. 1533. SYN. Ἀντιλάμπω, ἐπιδείκνυμαι, προφαίνω.

Ἀνταγνής, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, lucem remittens: reflecting the rays of the sun. Thesm. 902.

Ἀνταυδῶω, vicissim loquor: to speak in return. Electr. 1478. SYN. Ἀμειδῶμαι, ἀνταμειδῶμαι, ὑποκρίνωμαι.

Ἀντάω. See Ἀντάλαλάζω.

Ἀντάφιρμι, φήσω, vicissim dimitto: to dismiss in return. Iph. A. 478.

Ἀνταχέω, Dor. pro Ἀντηχέω, q. v.

Αντᾶω, Ion. Αντῆω, ἦσω, occurro: (1) to meet with, encounter; (2) reach, obtain. (E. C. 1445. SYN. (1) Ἀντῆμαι, συναντῆμαι, ἀπαντᾶω, συναντᾶω, ὑπαντᾶω, ἀντιᾶζω, ὑπαντιᾶζω, (2) ἐπι-τυγχάνω, προστυγχάνω.

Ἀντεῖα, as, ἦ, Antæa: called by others Sthenobœa. Z. 160.

Αντεικάζω, vicissim adsimilo: to liken in return. Vesp. 1311. SYN. Πάρεικάζω, ἀντίσθω, ἀντίπαράβαλλω, ἀντίπαράτεινω, ἀνεικάζω, ἀνασκόπτω.

Αντεπεῖν, contradicere: to speak in reply, refuse to acquiesce in. (E. C. 998. SYN. Ἀντῆριν, κατεπεῖν. See Ἀντιλέγω.

Αντεισφῆρω, contra infero: to introduce in turn. Lysist. 653.

Αντεκκλέπτω, vicissim furor: to steal in turn. Acharn. 526.

Αντῆραστής, οὐ, ὁ, æmulus in amore: a rival in love. Equit. 732.

Αντῆρᾶω, redamo: to love in return, to rival in love. Rhœs. 184.

Αντῆρείδω, renitor: to press against or in return, to resist. Eur. Suppl. 712. SYN. Ἀντῆχω, ἐπέχω, ἐνἀπερείδω, ἀνθίσταμαι.

Αντῆρῶω, contradico: to contradict. Med. 365. SYN. Ἀντιλέγω, q. v.

Αντῆρῶμαι, explained variously, custodio aut æstimo æque ac, rependo, paro: to guard or esteem equally as, to repay, to procure. Πιστὸς ἄνθρωπος τὴν ἀργύρῳ ἀντῆρῶσθαι Theogn. 77.

Αντῆχω, f. ἀνθέξω, defineo, sustineo, duro: to detain, sustain, resist. Pers. 419. SYN. Διάμεινω, διαρκέω, διαχρονίζω, διαμᾶχθαι, ἀνέχω.

Αντῆλιος, Ἀνθήλιος, orientalis: facing the sun, eastward. Aj. 805., where see Lobeck.

Ἀντην, coram, palam: before, to the face, openly. A. 187.

Αντηνὸριδης, ου, filius Antenoris: the son of Antenor. A. 221.

Αντήνωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, Antenor: a Trojan related to Priam. B. 822. Ep. Ἀγάνος, ἱπποδάμοδος, ἀντιθέος, φιλόθεός, ἰσοθέος.

Αντηρῆτης, ου, ὁ, qui contra remigat, adversarius: an adversary. Sept. Th. 269. SYN. Ἀντιπάλως, ἀντιμάχως, ἀντιστάτης.

Αντήρης, εὖς, ὁ, ἦ, oppositus: opposed to. Troad. 223. SYN. Ἀνταῖος.

Αντηχέω, resono, vicissim cano: to sound or sing in return. Alcest. 435. SYN. Ἀντιᾶχω.

Ἀντί (præp. genitiv. postulans), pro, loco, contra: instead of, for, against. Ἡδ' ἀντὶ πολλῶν ἐστὶ Hec. 280.

Αντιᾶζω, σω, Dor. ἔω, "easdem prorsus significaciones cum ἀντᾶω, et ἀντιᾶω, obtinet; nisi quod Ἀντιᾶζω apud scriptores Homero seniores obtestandi vim acquisiverit." Malb. To meet, supplicate for or against. Καὶ σ' ἀντιᾶζω πρὸς τ' ἐφεστῆσι Διὸς Aj. 492. SYN. Ἀνθίσταμαι, ἀντιᾶω, ἐναντιῶμαι, ἀντῶμαι, ἱκετεύω, παρὰ-κάλεω, ἀντιδῶλῶ.

Αντιᾶνερά, as, ἦ, virago, viris par; viris resistens: equal in force to men, epithet of an Amazon; opposing men. Εἰ μὴ στάσις ἀντιᾶνερά Olymp. 12, 23. SYN. Ἰσανδρός. Exp. Ἀρβανὸς γυνή.

Αντιᾶχέω, Ἀντιᾶχω, reclamo: to sound in an opposite direction, to contradict. Ἀθροῖ ἀντιᾶχῆσαν Apoll. 2, 830. SYN. Ἀντιδῶω, ἀντιλέγω, ἀντιγέγων.

Αντιᾶω, "(1) cum gen., participo, fruor: to share in; enjoy; (2) cum dat., occurro, oppono: to meet with, oppose; (3) cum accus., approximo, procuro: to approach, take care of." Malb. Ἐμῷ μὲν ἀντιῶσιν Z. 127. SYN. Συναντᾶω, ἀπαντᾶω, μετὰλαμβάνω, ἐπιτυγχάνω, ἐφάπτωμαι.

Αντιᾶίνω, contra eo, obnitor: to go against, to resist. Bacch. 1115. SYN. Ἀντιᾶείνω, ἀντιῆνω, ἀνθιστάμαι, ἀντῆρείδω, ἐναντιῶμαι, ἀντιπράττω.

Αντιᾶῖλλω, εἶλῶ, contra jacio: to hit in return or against, to oppose. Eq. 764. SYN. Πάρᾶ-βάλλω, ἀνθιστάμαι.

Αντιᾶῖος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἦ, contrarius, adversus: exerting force against force, violent, forcible. Ἀντιᾶῖος ἐπέσσι B. 378. Ἀντιᾶῖον and ἀντιᾶῖον are used adverbially. SYN. Ἀντιῶς, ἀνταῖος, ἀντιᾶῖος, ἐναντιῶς, πρόσαντης, ἀντιμάχως, ἀντιστάτης.

Αντιᾶῖω, ἄσω, Ion. ἦσω, contra clamo: to shout in return. Bion. 1, 38. SYN. Ἀντιᾶῖω, ἀνᾶῖδῶω, ἀντικλάζω.

Αντιᾶῖλῶ, obvenio, supplico: to come against, meet, overtake, supplicate. σ. 271. SYN. Ἀντιᾶῖω, συντυγχάνω, ἐπιτυγχάνω.

Αντιᾶράφῃ, ἦς, ἦ, accusatio ejus, a quo ante reus factus sis: a defendant's plea, rescript. Πράγματ' ἀντιᾶράφης Nub. 472.

Αντιᾶρέκῶμαι, contra intueor: to look in the face. Herc. F. 163.

Αντιᾶρχῶμαι, vicissim accipio: to receive in return. Choeph. 903. SYN. Ἀντιλαμβάνω.

Αντιᾶδῶσκω, ἔω, alia vel contraria doceo: to teach in opposition or the contrary. Vesp. 1410.

Αντιᾶδῶμι, δῶσω, rependo: to give in return. Hec. 271. SYN. Ἀντιᾶδῶμι, ἀντιᾶδῶω, ἀμείβωμαι.

Αντιᾶδῶς, ου, ὁ, adversarius in lite: an opponent in a law-suit, adversary. Ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιᾶδῶν δικῇ Nub. 774. SYN. Ἀντιᾶδῶς, ἀντιᾶδῶς, ἐχθρός.

Αντιᾶδουλέω, vicissim servio: to serve in turn. Eur. Suppl. 361.

Αντιᾶδουλός, ου, ὁ, qui loco servi est: a substitute for a slave, a slave instead. Choeph. 129. SYN. Ἰσοδουλός.

Αντιᾶδουπός, ου, ὁ, ἦ, contra sonans: sounding in return. Pers. 126.

Αντιᾶδῶω, vicissim facio: to act in return, repay. Ἀντιᾶδῶω ὀφείλω Eur. Sup. 1189.

Αντιᾶδῶρέκῶμαι, remunero: to give in return. Helen. 158. SYN. Ἀντιᾶδῶδῶμι.

Αντιᾶθεός, ου, ὁ, ἦ, and ὅς, ὁ, ὄν, æquiparandus Deo: godlike, noble. α. 70. λ. 116. SYN. Ἰσοθέος, Δεοεικέλῶς, Δεοειδής, Δεῖος, δαμνῶν, ἐνθέος, ἄθεός, ἡγάθεός.

Αντιᾶθύρος, ου, ὁ, ἦ, januæ obversus: that which is placed opposite to or in front of the door. Στῇ δὲ κατ' ἀντιᾶθῆρον κλισίης π. 159.

Αντιᾶκάτ' ἀνθῆσκω, invicem morior: to die in turn. Ἀντιᾶκάτ' ἀνθῆναι δίκη Choeph. 138.

Αντιᾶκεντρὼν, ου, τὸ, incitamentum: an incentive, stimulus. Eumen. 130.

Αντιᾶκηδένω, colo invicem aut in modum alterius: to be attentive to on account of, in return for, after the manner of. Ion 733. SYN. Ἀντιᾶκῶω.

Αντιᾶκῆρῶσω, ἔω, contra prædico: to proclaim in return. Eur. Sup. 683. SYN. Ἀντιᾶκῶμαι, ἀντεπεῖν.

Ἀντίκλαζω, ἀγξω, reboo: to shout in return, chant alternately. Βακχεῖδιν ἀντέκλαζον Bacch. 1046. SYN. Ἀντίθεω, ἀνᾶκλάζω.

Ἀντίκλειᾶ, ας, ἡ, Anticlea: the mother of Ulysses. Μεγάλητόρος Ἀντίκλεια λ. 85.

Ἀντίκλινω, ex adverso adnuo: to bow to in return. Καὶ πάλιν ἀνέκλινεν ὃ δ' ἐνδοθὶ Musæ. 107.

Ἀντίκνήμιδον, ου, τὸ, crus, quia suræ oppositum est: the fore part of the leg, shank or shin-bone. Τοῦμιν ἀντίκνήμιον Acharn. 219.

Ἀντίκρυ, rarissime Ἀντίκρυσ, (1) contra, manifeste, palam: directly opposite, in front, throughout, openly. Ἀντίκρυσ τὰδ' ἀνέσω Choëph. 186. E. 189.

Ἀντίκτονός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vicissim interficiens: killing each other mutually, avenging murder. Ἀντικτόνοις ποινᾶσι Eum. 467.

Ἀντίκυρῶ, ὄρω, occurro: to fall against, encounter. Olymp. 12, 16. See Κύρῶ. SYN. Ἐπιτυγχάνω, ἐπέρχουμαι.

Ἀντίλάζομαι, Ἀντίλάζουμαι, prehendo, capesso: to bear a part. Orest. 451. SYN. Ἀπτόμαι, ἀμφάφω, ἀνταλαμβάνουμαι, ἐπιχειρῶ.

Ἀντίλακτίω, recalcitro: to kick against. Ἀντέλακτίσεν πῖθω Pax 612. SYN. Ἀνασφάδάζω.

Ἀντίλαβεῖν, recipio vicissim; in med. voc. percipio; vindico mihi; rephendo: to receive in turn; exchange; perceive; claim. Androm. 741. SYN. Ἀντίλάζουμαι, ἀνταλαβεῖν, ἐπιλαμβάνουμαι, διδᾶσθαι, προσποιεῖν, κτᾶμαι.

Ἀντίλαμπω, e contrario splendeo vel refulgeo: to shine opposite to. Agam. 285. SYN. Ἀνλάμπω, ἐκλάμπω.

Ἀντίλῶ, contradico: to speak against, reply to. C. R. 408.

Ἀντίλεκτεός, contradicendus: to be gainsayed. Heracl. 975.

Ἀντίλογῶ, contradico: to contradict, deny. Antig. 378. SYN. Ἀντίλογω, ἀντέρω, ἀντειπεῖν, ἀποφάσκω, οὐ φημί, ἐξαρνός εἰμι, ἀρνέομαι, ἐξαρνέομαι, ἀποφημί, ἀντίφημί, ἀντίφωνέω, ἀντιγέγωνέω.

Ἀντίλογικός, ἡ, ὄν, disputandi et refutandi peritus: capable of disputing and refuting. Nub. 1175. SYN. Λογικός, αγχινύδης, κομψός, λεπτόλογος.

Ἀντίλογός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, contradicens, contrarius: contradictory, contrary. Hel. 1141. SYN. Ἀντιθέτος, ἀντιτίδω.

Ἀντίλοχος, ου, ὁ, Antilochus. Εν σᾷκεῖ Ἀντίλοχός Ν. 565. Ερ. Ἀμόμων, μὲνέχαρμης, κρατήρδης, Διότηρῆς, Δευειδῆς, Νεστόριδης, πέπνυμένους, μέγαθυρός.

Ἀντίλυρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lyrae respondens: responsive to the lyre. Trach. 653. See Ἰλρα. SYN. Ἀντρός, ἰσθλός, ἀντίμυδος.

Ἀντίμανθάνω, contra disco: to learn one thing instead of another, to be better taught. Vesp. 1453.

Ἀντιμάχος, ου, ὁ, Antimachus: the name of a man in the Trojan senate, who was bribed by Paris, and prevented Helen from being delivered up to Menelaus. Τῖδιν δ' Ἀντιμάχοιο Μ. 188.

Ἀντιμεθίστημι, vicissim mutuo: to change, substitute. Thesm. 362. SYN. Ἀντιμετάδελλμαι, μετατίθημι, μετακινέω.

Ἀντιμηχανάομαι, machinis machinas oppono: to plot against. Ζεὺς δ' ἀντιμηχανήσασθ' Bacch. 291.

Ἀντίμυδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, æmulus, similis: rivalling, like. Οφθαλμὸν ἀντίμυδον Thesm. 17. SYN. Ὀμοίος, παρόπληστος.

Ἀντίμυσεῶ, odi vicissim: to hate in return. Lysistr. 818. See Μυσεῶ.

Ἀντίμυθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, remuneratorius: repaying, retributive. Æ. Suppl. 270.

Ἀντιμολπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alternans cantu: responsive, sad. Med. 1173. SYN. Ἀντιφθογγός.

Ἀντιμυκάω, vicissim vinco victorem: to conquer after a defeat. Ἀντιμυκῆσαι Δέλεος Choëph. 492.

Ἀντινύδης, ου, ὁ, Antinous: a suitor of Penelope. Τὸν δ' αὖ Ἀντινύδης πρόσεφη α. 383. Ερ. Κῆκμήχανός, μάργος.

Ἀντιζέω, contrarius sum: to be cross-grained, differ, to be contrary to. Ol. 13, 47. See below.

Ἀντιζεύς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adversus: cross-grained, adverse. Θούϊς ἀντιζεύς γόμοις Apoll. 2, 79. SYN. Ἐναντιός, πῶλεμιός.

Ἀντιόπη, ἡς, ἡ, Antiope: the mother of Amphion and Zethus. Τὴν δὲ μέτ' Ἀντιόπην ἰδὼν λ. 259.

Ἀντιός, α, ὄν, adversus ex adverso stans: adverse, opposite. Ναὺς ἀντίας Ἑλληνίσιν Ion 1160. SYN. Ἀντιός, ἀντιζεύς, ἀντιπᾶλος.

Ἀντιοστᾶτεω, poet. pro Ἀντιστᾶμαι, contrarius sum: to stand or continue opposite. Νῦν γὰρ ἀντιοστᾶτεί Philoct. 649. Εξρ. Ἐναντίον πνέω.

Ἀντιώω, Ἀντιώομαι, Ion. pro Ἀντιῶω, adversor: to go against, oppose. Æ. Suppl. 385.

Ἀντιπᾶς, παιδός, ὁ, ἡ, puero similis, adolescens: resembling a child; a boy or girl adult. Ἀντιπᾶς μὲν οὖν Eumen. 38.

Ἀντιπᾶλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adversarius in lucta; viribus par: adverse, reciprocal, equivalent. Ἀντιπᾶλον κατὰ λῖνᾶ τείχεᾶ Phoen. 810. SYN. Ἀντιός, Ἐναντιός, ἰσθπᾶλός.

Ἀντιπάσχω, πεσέομαι, vicissim beneficio adficior vel maleficio: I am treated well or ill in return. Philoct. 590.

Ἀντιπέμω, remitto: to send in return. C. R. 314.

Ἀντιπέραιος, ἄ, ὄν, ex adverso situs: situated opposite to. Ηδ' ἀντιπέραι' ἐνέμοντο B. 635.

Ἀντιπέραν, Ion. Ἀντιπέρην, poet. Ἀντιπέρᾶ, Ἀντιπέρηθεν, ex adverso, trans: directly opposite, over against. Ἀντιπέρην γαίῃ Βιθυνίῳ Apoll. 1, 177. 613.

Ἀντιπέρως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde durus: hard as a rock. Αὐτοῦ μηκέτι τοῦδ' ἀντιπέρου C. C. 192. SYN. Ἰσοπέρως.

Ἀντιπηξ, ἡγός, ἡ, arca lignea: a large wicker basket. Εἰλικτὸν ἀντιπηγός Ion 40. SYN. Κίστη, κίθωτος.

Ἀντιπλήξ, ἡγός, ὁ, ἡ, ictibus crebris percussus: dashed against. Στόνφ βρέμουσι δ' ἀντιπλήγες Antig. 592.

Ἀντιπνύος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, reflans: blowing against, adverse. Μῆ τινὰς ἀντιπνύους Δᾶνάοις χρόνιᾶς ἐχένηδας Antig. 145.

Ἀντιποινός, ου, τὸ, poena pro delicto: a punishment for a crime. Hec. 1065.

Ἀντιποινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, poenas rependens vel exigens: suffering or demanding punishment for. Eumen. 268.

Ἀντιπορθῶ, vasto vicissim: to lay waste in return. Troad. 359.

Ἀντιπορθμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, oppositus, ultra mare: situated beyond a strait or passage, opposite. Ion 1585.

Ἀντῶμαι, occurro: to meet. Θ. 412. SYN. Ἀπαντῶν, ἐπιτυχῶν.

Ἀντὼμάζω, σῶ, nomen mutuo: to call a thing by another name. Thesm. 60.

Ἀντρέω, pro Ἀντρέτω, q. v.

Ἀντρός, οὐ, τὸ, antrum: a cave. Cycl. 478. SYN. Κοιλῶμα, κοιλᾶς, βῦθμός, γυῖλλον, σπέος, σπέος, σπήλυγξ, σπήλαιον, κευθμῶν, μῦχος, φωλεᾶ. Ερ. Ἡρόειδης, ὑψηρέφες, στένον, διστομόν, πολυχανδές, κοιλὸν, ἡχρῆν, πόλυθεντες, πέτρηρέφες, λαίον, τηλέπρον, σμενόν, ευρύ, εὐσκιόν, περίκαλλες, δύσθᾶτον, ἀνήλιον, ἀπειροῖον.

Ἀντυς, ὄγος, ἡ, ambitus, ora exterior: the border of anything round, exterior rim of a shield, seat of a chariot, a chariot. Εἰσεβαινέν ἄντυγα Herc. F. 943. SYN. Περὶφέρειᾶ, ἀμαξᾶ, ἀψὶς ὀχημάτων. Ερ. Μαμαρέα, περίδρομος, πωλική, φάειν.

Ἀντφῶς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui cantu mutuo respondet: singing alternately. Thesm. 1060. SYN. Ἀντίφωνος, ἀντίφαμος, κατάλληλος.

Ἀντωμοσία, ας, ἡ, jusjurandum de calumnia a parte rei: a defendant's oath. Vesp. 542. SYN. Δίκη.

Ἀντώπιος, Ἀντωπός, Ἀντωπῆς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ex adverso intuens: direct in the face, facing. Apoll. 4, 727. Iph. A. 584. SYN. Ἀντανγῆς.

Ἀνδρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, aridus: having no water, dry. Alcest. 115. SYN. Ἀδρόχος, διψᾶλῆος, ἀνιπτός, ἀκλυστός.

Ἀνόμεναυός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, carens honoribus nuptialibus: not having solemnised the rites of Hymen, unmarried. Νυκτὸς κελαινῆς ἀνόμεναιε παρθένε Herc. F. 830.

Ἀνυμνέω, celebro, decanto: to celebrate, proclaim. E. Elec. 1188. SYN. Ὑμνέω, ἀνὰ μέλπω, ἀνᾠχορέω.

Ἀνύμφευτός, Ἀνυμφός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui sponsam vel quæ sponsum non habet: unespoused, unmarried, unsanctioned by marriage, illegitimate. Hec. 610. Soph. El. 187. SYN. Ἀγάμος, κ ἀκόγαμος, κἀκόνυμφος, κἀκόνυμφετός.

Ἀνυπόδητος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, non calceatus: barefooted. Nub. 363. SYN. Γυμνόπους, ἀνήλιπός, νηλίπους.

Ἀνύσις, ἔως, ἡ, perfectio, finis: bringing to an end, end. Κλαῖ' ἐπεὶ οὐκ ἀνύσιν τινὰ δ. 544. SYN. Πλήρωσις, τέλειωσις.

Ἀνύω, ἄνω, ποιῶ, ἄνω, Att. Ἄνυω, Ἄνω, perficio: to bring to an end, exhaust. Ἀλλ' οὐδὲν ἦνυτ' ἀλλὰ Androm. 1135. Hec. 924. K. 291. See Porson ad E. Phœn. 463. SYN. Εξἄνω, ἀπαρτίζω, κατάρτιζω, διατέλλω, ἀπὸ τέλει, ἐπικραίνω, διαπράττω, τέλεσφόρῶ, περαίνω, ἀπὸ πληρῶ, τὸ λυπεύω, ἀπεργάζομαι.

Ἄνω, sursum, supra, in loco vel ad locum: above, upwards. Λαὸν ἐκτείνοντ' ἄνω Eur. Suppl. 664.

Ἀνωγή, ἥς, ἡ, jussum: a command. Ορφῆος ἄνωγῇ Apoll. 1, 1134.

Ἀνάγω, ἡνῶγᾶ, ἀνωγᾶ, jubeo: to command, prompt. Τέμνεω ἄνωχ' ἐλθοντάς Herc. F. 241. SYN. Κελεύω, παραίνω, ἐπισκίπτω, ἐπιτέλλω, ἐπιτάσσω, κελῶμαι, παρᾶκελεύομαι.

Ἀνωδυνία, ας, ἡ, absentia doloris: freedom from pain. Τέκτον' ἀνωδυνίας Pyth. 3. 11.

Ἀνώδυνός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, doloris expers: free from pain. Ἀνώδυνον βλέποντὰ κάμπνεοντ' ἐτι Philoct. 883. SYN. Ἄλυπός, ἀνάλγητός, ἀπόνος.

Ἄνωθεν, desuper, cœlitus: from above, from Pros. Lex.

heaven. Ἑστρεψ' ἄνωθεν περὶβᾶλλον Troad. 1232.

Ἀνωθεῶ, ωθήσω, ὥσω, sursum impello: to force up, push backwards. o. 552. SYN. Ἀνωθεῶ, διαθεῶ, ἀποσειῶ.

Ἀνωῖσι, clam, ex improviso: inadvertently, without suspicion. Λάθρη ἄνωῖσι δολῶ δ. 92.

Ἀνωῖστός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, inopinatus: unthought of, sudden. Φ. 39. Ἀπροσδοκῆτος, ἀδοκῆτος.

Ἀνωῖστος, inopinatus: unexpectedly. Apoll. 3, 7.

Ἀνώμαλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, non planus, inconstans: unequal, uneven, variable. Eur. fr. Seyr. See Ὀμάλός. SYN. Ἀνίσος.

Ἀνώμωτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, injuratus: unsworn, not sanctioned by an oath. Καὶ θεῶν ἀνώμωτος Med. 735.

Ἀνωνόμαστός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, sine nomine, nefandus: nameless, horrible. Hec. 713.

Ἀνώνυμός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, expers nominis: anonymous, obscure. Βρῦτοῖσι κοῦκ ἀνώνυμος Hipp. 1.

Ἀνωφελῆς, ἔος; Ἀνωφελῆτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, inutilis, damnosus: useless, hurtful. Orest. 1533. Soph. El. 1144. SYN. Ἀνήνυτός, ἀχρηστός, ἀσύμφόρος, ἀδοκίμος, μάταιός.

Ἀξένος, Ion. Ἀξενός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, inhospitalis: inhospitable, inhuman, boisterous. Iph. T. 218. SYN. Ἀπόξένος, μισόξένος, κἀκόξένος, δυσχεῖ-μέρος, ἀκονιάνητος.

Ἀξεστός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, radendo non politus: rough. C. C. 19. SYN. Ἀσκέπαρνός.

Ἀξία, ας, ἡ, dignitas, æstimatio: worth, price, merit. Μὴ κατ' ἀξίαν τύχειν Hec. 374. SYN. Ἀξιώτης, αξιώσις, αξιωμα.

Ἀξίνη, ἡς, ἡ, securis: an axe. Καὶ ἀξίνησὶ μάχοντο O. 711. SYN. Πιλέκῦς, σκεπαρνόν, κόπης, γένης.

Ἀξιοθρήνυς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, lamentatione dignus: pitiable. Ὡς κύρος αξιοθρήνυς Alcest. 914.

Ἀξιομῶς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ; Ἀξιομῶσις, ἔος, odio dignus: deserving to be hated. Eumen. 367. See Μῶσις.

Ἀξιοπενθής, ἔος, dignus luctu: worthy to be lamented. Τῶν γὰρ μεγάλων αξιοπενθεῖς Hipp. 1463.

Ἀξίος, α, ὄν, dignus: worthy, deserving. Ἡμῖν δ' Ἀχιλλεύς ἀξίος τιμῆς γῆναι Hec. 309. SYN. Τιμητός, δίκαιός, ἐπαξίος, κατάξιος.

Ἀξίος, οὐ, ὁ, Ἀξιος: a river in Macedonia. B. 850. Ερ. Ευρύρεῖθρος, ευρὺ ῥέων.

Ἀξιοχρεός, ὁ, qui est solvendo; idoneus: worthy of credit, faithful, competent. Ἡ οὐκ αξιοχρεός δ' ὁδὸς ἀναφέροντί μοι Orest. 596. Ἡ οὐκ form one syllable, as also χρεως. SYN. Ἐντιμῶς, ἀξίος, ὑπεύθυνός, αξιόπιστός, ἐχέγγυός.

Ἀξίω, dignum censeo, dignor: to judge worthy. Med. 1364. SYN. Κατάξιω, τιμάωμαι, κρίνω, ἀποφαινόμεναι, ὑπολαμβάνω, λιπαρέω, παρᾶ-κάλω.

Ἀξιομαῖ, ἄτος, τὸ, dignitas, honos: worth, value, dignity, claim, request. Eur. Sup. 434. SYN. Ἀξία, κύρος, τιμή, αξιώσις.

Ἀξίως, merito, digne; in a manner worthy of, worthily. Hec. 976.

Ἀξιώσις, ἔως, ἡ, postulatio: claim. Eur. fr. Æol. 24, 4.

Ἀξονήλατός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, axe agitatus: driven by the axle, rapid. Σιγῶσιν ἀξονήλατοι Æ. Suppl. 189.

Ἀξύλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, lignis carens, incæduus, non

lignosus: devoid of wood; not lopped, therefore thickly wooded. Ἐν ῥυλῷ ἐμπέσεν ὕλη Λ. 155. SYN. Πόλυῤῥυλός.

Ἀϋλός, ου, ὁ, *Axylus*. Ἀϋλον δ' ἄρ' ἐπεφνέ Z. 12.

Ἀϋνέτης, i. q. Ἀσυνέτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *stolidus*, imbecillus: unwise, weak. Ἀϋνέτιον αἰζουσι Ion 1205.

Ἀϋστιάτος, η, ὢν, *incompositus*: irregular. Ἀϋστιάτιον ἀλγὸς ἐπραξεν Agam. 1443.

Ἄξων, ὄνος, ὁ, *axis*: the axle of a wheel, a wheel. E. 838. EP. Χάλκεος, μεσσοπάγης, ὀρθίος.

Ἄζος, ου, ὁ, *papa*: the minister at the sacrifice who struck the victim. Φράσεν δ' ἄζοις πᾶτῃρ πᾶτῃρ μετ' εὐχάν Agam. 223. See Blomf. SYN. Θεράπων, ὑπέρτης, μάγειρος.

Ἄοιδῃ, ἥς, ἡ, *cantus*: song, tune, elegy. Ἦσιν αοιδῇ Hes. Theog. 60. SYN. Ἄσμα, μέλος, μοῖσθι, μουσά, ὠδή, ψαλμός, ἔπος. EP. Ἀρίπρεπής, ἄγραυλός, ἀγάθθυγκτός, βουκόλική, αὐτοδιδάκτος, μέλιθοργγός, μέλιγερὺς, μέλιφρων, θέσπις, θεσπέσια, λυγρὰ, μαλθακή, ἱμερτή, ἱμέρσεσά, ἡδεῖα, ἡδύφωνος, ἡδύθροδός, ἐρίτιμος, ευκέλαδός, ἐπινικίος, εὐθήμων, ἐρωτική, γλυκερὰ, καλὴ, τερπνὴ, κλεινὴ, ποικιλότραυλός, ποικιλόφορμιγξ, φιλοπαίγμων, φιλόμολπος, θεῦμυρος, λιγύφωνός, λιγύθοργγός. PHR. Στεφάνων ἀρετὰν τὲ δεξιωτάτῃ ὁπαδός, ευτερπὴς κόσμος αοιδῆς, μέλιφρονός ἀνθός αοιδῆς, Πιερικὴς βάθμωγός μέλισσης. See Ἀesch. Suppl. 688. Isth. 8, 124.

Ἀοιδῖα, poet. pro Ἀείδω, *canto*: to sing. Ἐνδὸν αοιδῖαουσ' ε. 61. SYN. see Ἀδω.

Ἀοιδίμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *decanatus*: celebrated. Ὀνεῖν αοιδίμον ἄγρην Eur. El. 471. SYN. Ἄγαστος, αἰμνηστός, περὶθεῖτος, ὕμνητος, πόλυμνος, πολυώνυμος, κλυτός, ευκλής, ἐπιδόξος, ἐνδοξός, κλεινός, πολυκλήϊστος, ευδοκίμος, διάσημος, περίπυστος. PHR. See Ol. 6. Nem. 7. Isth. 1, 90.

Ἀοιδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *cantor*, poeta: a singer, minstrel. Πρὸς ἡνδᾶ δεῖδον αοιδόν α. 336. SYN. Αὐλωδός, μέλωδός, Μουσὸπλός, ὕμνοπλός, ὕμνοθέτης, ὠδοποιός. EP. Ἐπίρρος, θέσπις, ἡδύεπης, περικλυτός, πολυφώνος, διός, σμερδάλεός, σφός, λιγύφωνός, λιγύθοργγός, χαρίεις, δεῦμυρος. PHR. Μουσάων θεράπων, ἱερεὺς, ὄρνις, πρόπλος, δῆρηνων ξαρχός, μέλιγερῶν τέκτων κάμων, λειμώνᾳ Μουσάων ἱερὸν δρέπων, πλέκων ποικίλῶν ὕμνον. See Isth. 2, 1.

Ἀοικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *domo carens*, pauper: without a home, needy. Hes. Op. 600. SYN. Ἀνέστιος, ἀστέγος, ακτεᾶνός.

Ἀοινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *abstemius*: without wine, abstemious. Eumen. 108.

Αοῖος, Dor. pro Ἡοῖος, vel Ἡφός, α, ὢν, *matutinus*: belonging to the morning. Αοῖον αὐτὸν πάντ' ἐκάλουν αστέρα Pax 837. SYN. Ἐφός, ἔωθινός, ὀρθρίος, ὑπνοῖος.

Ἀόκνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *impiger*, intrepidus: not sluggish, fearless. Ἐνθα κ' ἀόκνός ἀνῆρ Hes. Op. 495. SYN. Ὀτρηρός, σπουδαῖος, ἀκμάτος.

Ἀολλῆς, ἐός, confertus: crowded, collected. Περὶ δ' οὐτὲς ἀολλεῖς γ. 412. SYN. Ἀθρόος, ἄδινός, πικνός.

Ἀολλίω, congrog: to collect together thickly, assemble. Z. 270. See above. SYN. Ἀγείρω, συνάγειρω, ἄθροίω, συνάγω.

Ἀδονέες, ων, οἱ, *Bacotiae incolae*: the inhabitants of Bacotia before the arrival of Cadmus. Phoen. 652. See below.

Ἀδνός, α, ὢν, *Aonius*: Aonian, belonging to the Aones. Καὶ β' ὁ μὲν Ἀδνίοισιν Apoll. 3, 1184.

Ἄδρ, ὀρος, τὸ, *spatha, ensis*: a sword. Δεινὸν ἄδρ τάνηκῆς ἔχων E. 385. The first syllable of *adros* is in Homer always short in the nom. and acc.; in the other cases there are nine instances where it is long in the arsis, and two where it is short in the thesis. It is long in the nom. Hes. Scut. 221. SYN. Ἐψός, ἔγχος, μάχαιρά, φάσγανον, χαλκός. EP. Ἀδάμαντινόν, δεινόν, χάλκειον, οξύ, παγχάλκειον, τάνηκῆς, μέγα, ἀμφηκῆς, ἀγρίον, ἀλέγεινόν, λευγάλεον, λαιμητόμον, ὀλδον, μίαιφόνον, εὐθηκτόν, φάεινόν, αργυρόληδον, ὀδριμόν, ἀσχετόν.

Ἄδρτηρ, ἥρος, ὁ, *lorum seu funis*, quo ensis vel clypeus vel pera appenditur: a belt, thong. Στρώφος ἦεν ἄδρτηρ ν. 438. SYN. Ζωστήρ, ἱμάς. EP. Χρυσέος, σμερδάλεός.

Ἀοσσέω, ἥσω, *auxilior*: to assist, support. Τῷ μὲν ἀοσσῆσαι λελήμενός Mosc. 4, 110. SYN. Ἀλέξω, αἰνῶν, ἀρήγω.

Ἀοσσητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, *auxiliator*: a faithful assistant, attendant. Εἰναί ἀοσσητήρᾳς ὀπίσσω O. 735. SYN. Βῆθος, ἀλεξητήρ.

Ἄουτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *carens auribus*; illæsus: without ears; not wounded. Ἄλλον αὐτον Ζ. 536. SYN. Ἄτρωτος, ἀελητός, ἀνοιάτος.

Ἀπαγγέλλω, *annuncio*: to bring back tidings, make known, proclaim. Med. 289. SYN. Ἀγγέλλω, παράγγέλλω, ἀναγγέλλω, ἐπαγγέλλω, ἀποφαινώμαι, ἀναγῶρεύω, διαγῶρεύω, προῖρέω.

Ἀπάγῶρεύω, *abdicco*: to prohibit, forbid. Ἄλλ' ἀπάγῶρεύω μὴ ποιεῖν Acharn. 168. SYN. Ἀποκρύπτω, ἀπαυδάω, ἀποσημαίνω, ἀπαγγέλλω, ἀποτρεπέσθαι, ἀρνέσθαι.

Ἀπάγριός, *effero*: to render fierce, exasperate. Ἀπηγρίωμενον Philoct. 229.

Ἀπάγγω, ὅμαι, *strangulo*; *med.* suspendo me: to strangle; *mid.* to hang oneself. Ἀesch. Sup. 476. SYN. Ἀγχω, αγχονᾶω, ἀποπνίγω, ἀποτράχλιζω.

Ἀπάγω, *abduco*; *reduco*: to lead away; lead to. Alcest. 507. See Ἄγω. SYN. Ἀνάγω, ἀφίστημι, ἀπαθῶω, ἀπεκαύνω, κατὰκοῦμιζω.

Ἀπάδης, ἰός, ἡ, *providentia*: the mind, foresight. Αἰανὴς τὰχεῖας ἀπάδης Pyth. 1, 160. But the word is perhaps corrupt. See Heyne in l. c.

Ἀπάειρω, *attollo*; *med.* abeo: to raise; remove from, depart. Μὴ μ' ἀπάειρῶμενον Φ. 563. SYN. Ἀπαίρω, ἀπερχόμαι.

Ἀπάθης, ἐός, ὁ, ἡ, *non obnoxius adfectibus*; nullis malis obnoxius: insensible of, inexperienced in; unhurt. Pers. 868. See Πάθος. SYN. Ἄλυπος, ἀελαῆς.

Ἀπαί, poet. pro Ἀπὸ. Ἰφ' ἀπαί νευρῆς Λ. 663. Ἀπαίδευτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *inertus*: uninstructed, ignorant. Cycl. 490.

Ἀπαίδευτος, *imperite*: in a rude or ignorant manner. Ion 247.

Ἀπαῖδια, ας, ἡ, *orbitas liberorum*: a childless state. Εξέπειρ' ἀπαῖδια Cē. T. 1043. SYN. Ἀτέκνια.

Ἀπαῖθρίζω, *sub dio ago*; *serenum reddo*: to act under the open air; to render clear and serene. Ἀπαῖθρίζει τὰς νεφέλας ἡ ζυννεφεῖ Av. 1502. SYN. Αἰθρίζω, γάληνῶω, ευδῖαν ἄγω.

Ἀπαῖνῶμαι, *aufero*: to take away, receive from. Τεύχε' ἀπαῖνῶμενον Λ. 581. SYN.

Ἀποδύναμαι, αἶρω, ἀναιρέω, πᾶραιρέομαι, ἀποσκευάζω.

Ἀπαυδᾶω, Ἀπαυδῶ, fraudo: to perplex, deceive. Ion 548. SYN. Ἀπατάω, ἁδηλῶ, ποιεῖν ἁδηλόν, ἀπορῶν, ἀμύχανόν, πόνηρόν.

Ἀπαυδῶ, ἥς, ἥ; Ἀπαυδλημᾶ, ἀπὸς, τὸ, fraus: shifting, fraud. Choëph. 989. Nub. 1149. SYN. Ἀδίκηα, ἀπάτη, ἀπατημᾶ, ἀλημα.

Ἀπαίρω, tollo, discolo: to take away from, weigh anchor, depart. Rhcs. 143. SYN. Ἀποχωρέω, ἀπαίειρω.

Ἀπαις, αἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, liberis carens: childless, deprived of children. Hec. 809. SYN. Ἀτέκνός, ἀτέκναθής.

Ἀπαίσσω, Ἀπάσσω, prosilio cum impetu: to rush from, hasten away. Κρημνὸν ἀπαίξας Φ. 234. SYN. Αἰτίσω, ἀνδρούω.

Ἀπαίτω, Ἀπαίριζω, repeto: to demand back, require, exert. Eur. Sup. 395. β. 78. SYN. Αἰτέω, εξαιτέω, ἀντέπαιτέω, ἀναζητέω, ἐπιζητέω.

Ἀπαίων, αὐτός, ὁ, ἡ, sempiternus: exempt from age, everlasting. Soph. Polyx. fr.

Ἀπαίρω, dependo: to hang from. Hes. Scut. 234. SYN. Επαίρω, ἐπαρτᾶμαι, ἐπικρέμμαι, ἐπαίρομαι.

Ἀπαλαστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lucta vel calliditate invictus: not overcome in wrestling, unconquered. Nem. 4, 153. See Πάλαίω.

Ἀπάλαλκω, arceo: to keep off, protect against. Μηυστήρας δ' ἀπάλαλκῆ δ. 766. SYN. Ἀλάλκω, ἀπέλαυνω, ἀποδίδωκω, ἀλέξω, ἀλείρω, εξείρω.

Ἀπάλαμνος, Ἀπάλαμνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, industria carens, consilii inops: unhandy, helpless, unskilful, wretched. Olymp. 2, 105. Hes. Op. 20. See Πάλαμνι. SYN. Ἀπειρός, ἀβουλός, ἀμύθος, ἀπύρος, ἀσθένης, δειλός.

Ἀπάλαμαι, aberro: to wander out of the way. Αντὶς δ' ἀπάλησέταί ἄλλη Hes. Scut. 409. SYN. Ἀλάδομαι, ἀποπλανᾶδομαι, ἁμαρτάνω, ἀφ᾽ ἁμαρτάνω.

Ἀπάλειφω, deleo: to wipe away. Δίκη δ' ἀπάλειψον ἄμυναν Phocyl. 73. SYN. Εξάλειφω, ἀφάνίζω, ἁμαυρῶ.

Ἀπάλεξέω, Ἀπάλεξω, ἥσω, propulso, auxilior: to ward off, defend. Σεῦ ἀπάλεξήσομαι Ω. 371. SYN. Ἀπάλεγω, ἀλέξω, ἀπᾶμυνω, ἀντίτασσομαι.

Ἀπαλθεῖομαι, curo: to attend to a wound, heal. Θ. 405. SYN. Ἀλθω, δερᾶπτεύω, ιᾶμαι.

Ἀπαλλάγη, ἥς, ἡ, discessus: departure, release from, issue, end. Τοῦ χρέων τ' ἀπαλλάγη Hipp. 1251. SYN. Απολείψις, ἀποτρῶπῃ, ἀπολύσις, ἀποστάσις.

Ἀπαλλάσσω, ξω, dimitto, amoveo: to redeem from, put off, detach from, remove. Androm. 1244. SYN. Αλλάσσω, ἐξαλλάσσω, ἀφίημι, ἀπολύω, κατὰβάλλω, ἀφάνίζω.

Ἀπαλόριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, mollem comam habens: having soft hair. Bacch. 1175. See Ἀπάλος and Δασύτριξ.

Ἀπαλοῖω, ἥσω, perfringo pulsu: to bruise to pieces. Ἀχρὶς ἀπηλοῖσεν Δ. 522. SYN. Αλοῖω, διακόπτω, ἀποθραύω, συντρίβω.

Ἀπάλος, ἡ, ὄν, tener, mollis: tender, delicate, pliant. Στείχω βλεφάρων τέγγουσι ἀπᾶλόν Eur. El. 1346. SYN. Ἀέρως, μάλακός, νέος, τρυφερός.

Ἀπάλοτρεφής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, delicate nutritus, saginatus: delicately nourished, well fed. Ἀπάλοτρεφῆος σιάλοιο Φ. 363. SYN. Ζῳτρεφής, εντράφης, σιτεντός.

Ἀπαλόχρως, Ἀπαλόχρῶς, Ἀπαλόχρους, cute molli præditus: having a soft skin. Ἡ δὲ τέ παρθενικός ἀπαλόχρῶς Hom. Ven. 14.

Ἀπάλυνω, ἱνῶ, emollio: to soften, render delicate. Ἀπαλύνεται γάληνη Anacr. 37, 4. SYN. Θρύπτω, χάλῳ, μάλασσω.

Ἀπαμῶ, meto: to cut off. Ῥινὰς τ' ἀμήσαντες φ. 300. See on Ἀμῶ. SYN. Ἀνάκειρω, ἀνακόπτω, ἀποτμήγω, πέρισχίζω, ἀπαράσσω, δερίζω, δρύπτω, ἀποτέμνω.

Ἀπαμβλύνω, ἱνῶ, hebetō, obtundo: to take off the edge, blunt. Sept. Th. 712. SYN. Αμβλύνω, ἄλῳ.

Ἀπαμειβόμεναι, respondeo: to answer. Τὸν δ' ἀπαμειβόμενος Α. 84. SYN. see Ἀμειβόμεναι.

Ἀπάμελλε, prorsus negligo: to neglect entirely, throw away carelessly. Τῶνδ' ἀπημέλλημενον Philoct. 652. SYN. see Ἀμελέω.

Ἀπάμπελκεῖω, aberro: to wander from, err. Ἀπῆμπελκε' ὡς προσειδὲ Trach. 1141. SYN. Αμπελκεῖω, ἁμαρτάνω, ἀφ᾽ ἁμαρτάνω, ἐξ᾽ ἁμαρτάνω.

Ἀπάμυνω, Ἀπάμύνομαι, propello: to ward off. Ὅ δ' οὐκ ἀπάμυνετὸ χερσίν λ. 578. SYN. Ἀμύνω, ἀπείρω, ἀποστρέφω.

Ἀπαμφιέννυμι, ἱέσω, vestimenta detraho, retego: to disrobe, strip, disclose. Ἀπαμφιεί γὰρ Menand. SYN. Εκδύω, ἀποκάλυπτω, ἀφιματώ, ἀπογυμνῶ.

Ἀπάνανδομαι, respuo: to reject, refuse. Ἐπειτ' ἀπάνησθαι δεῶν εὐνήν κ. 297. SYN. Ἀνανδῶμαι, ἀρνέομαι.

Ἀπανδρώ, virilem reddo: to render manly. Ion 53.

Ἀπάνευθε, Ἀπάνευθεν, procul, seorsim: apart from, asunder. Ἐξέτ' ἐπειτ' ἀπάνευθε νέων Α. 48. SYN. Ἀπαθεν, χωρὶς, νόσφι.

Ἀπανθέω, defleoro: to drop flowers, wither. Eccles. 1121. SYN. Εξανθέω, πᾶρανθέω, πᾶράκμαζω, ἐκτῆκῶμαι, ξηραίνομαι.

Ἀπανθίζω, defloro: to crop a flower, strike off. Agam. 1651. SYN. Ἐπανθίζω, ἀνᾶλέγω, διὰβάλλω.

Ἀπανθράκίζω, torreo, asso: to roast on coals, bake, broil. Ran. 505. See Ανθράκιά. SYN. Ανθράκίζω, σπᾶτω, σποδίζω, φρύγω.

Ἀπάνθρωπος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, solitarius: far from the haunts of men, solitary. P. V. 20. SYN. Ἐρημὸς, μόνος, ἄρσότης.

Ἀπάνοιγω, ἀπείρω: to open. Π. 221. SYN. Ἀνοίγω, q. v.

Ἀπαντάχῃ, frequentius Ἀπαντάχου, ubique, omnino: every where, in every respect, ever. Ὡς ἀπαντάχῃ γένος Eur. Antiop. 16. SYN. Πάντη, παντάχῃ.

Ἀπαντᾶω, obviam procedo: to meet, encounter. Phœn. 1407. SYN. Αντᾶω, ἀντᾶω, πᾶράγινδομαι.

Ἀπάντημᾶ, ἀπὸς, τὸ, occursus; a meeting with, rencounter. Orest. 507.

Ἀπαντῶ, exhaurio, extrico: to exhaust, exonerate, extricate. P. V. 84. SYN. Αντῶ, κάπαντῶ, ἀπαρῶμαι, διάφύσσω, ἐκκένῶ, ἐξαναλίσκω, τρύχω.

Ἀπαξ, semel, omnino, prorsus: once, at once, once for all. Χρὴν γὰρ οὐχ ἀπαξ Heracl. 959. SYN. Εἰσάπαξ, ἐφάπαξ, καθάπαξ.

Ἀπαξάτας, ἀσά, ἄν, simul omnis: all together. Thesm. 550. See above.

Ἀπαξίῳ, recuso ut indignum: to deem unworthy, scorn. Eumen. 368.

Ἀπαππῆς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sine ἀνo, non cognatus: E 2

without an ancestor or forefather, not related to. Agam. 302. See Bl. Gloss.

Ἀπαράμυθος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui flecti nequit: inexorable. Iph. A. 620. See Μῦθος. On the quantity of the first syllable, see Blomf. P. V. 193. SYN. Ἀμελίχως, μάλερως, σικληρως.

Ἀπαράσσω, abscondo: to wrench asunder, beat off. Αντικρὺ δ' ἀπαράξῃ Π. 116. SYN. Ἀράσσω, ἀπαῶω, ἀποκόπτω, περικόπτω, ἀποσπῶ, ἀφαιρέδμαι, ἀποβάλλω.

Ἀπαράγμιλος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui vulsus non est, hirsutus: unpicked, hairy. Lysistr. 279. SYN. Λᾶσις, δασυθριξ, τραχύς.

Ἀπαργμαῖα, ων, τὰ, primitiæ: the first fruits. Pax 1056. SYN. Ἀπαρχαί, ἀκροθινία, ἐνᾷγισμαῖα.

Ἀπαρθένευτος, ου, δ, ἡ, non decens virginem: unbecoming a virgin. Iph. A. 993. EXP. Παρθένου ἀνάξιτος.

Ἀπαρθένος, ου, δ, ἡ, non amplius virgo: no longer a virgin. Theoc. 2, 41. SYN. Κάκοπαρθένος.

Ἀπαρκέω, sufficio: to be sufficient. Eur. fr. inc. 14. SYN. see Ἀρκέω.

Ἀπαρνέσμαι, abnego: to deny, renounce. Hipp. 261. SYN. Ἀρνέσμαι, ἀποφηνῶ, ἐκνέω.

Ἀπαρνός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui pernegat: one who denies. Antig. 435.

Ἀπαρτᾶω, suspendo: to hang. Androm. 412. SYN. Ἀρτᾶω, ἀναρτᾶω, εξαρτᾶω, ἀνακρεμάννυμι, ἀπαιωρέω.

Ἀπαρτί, plane, ab hoc tempore: altogether, from this time. Ἀπαρτί πλουτήσαι ποιήσω τί σὺ λέγεις Plut. 388. Some accent in this passage ἀπαρτί. PHR. in last sense, Ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν.

Ἀπαρτίζω, perfectum reddo, æquiparo, compono: to settle, complete, set at rest. Οὐκ ἀπαρτίζει (al. ου κατάρτιζει) πῶδα Sept. Th. 370. SYN. Διάτελέω, ἀπειθυῖν, ἐφαρμόζω.

Ἀπαρυστέος, verb. adj., auferendus: must be taken from, diminished. Τῶν δαδίων ἀπαρυστέων Equit. 920. SYN. Ἀφαιρέτέος.

Ἀπαρχή, ἡς, ἡ, primitiæ: the first fruits offered to the gods. Trach. 763. SYN. Ἀπαργμαῖα, πρωτόλειά, -ων, πρόθυμᾶ, λοιφή.

Ἀπαρχόμεαι, primitias solvo, libamenta facio: to offer the first fruits, begin with an offering to the gods. Eur. El. 91. SYN. Κατάρχόμεαι, ἀποσπένδω, λείβω.

Ἄπας, ἀπασά, ἅπαν, omnis: all, all together, the whole, every. Κατάχαλκον ἅπαν πεδίον αστράπτει Phoen. 108. In Ἄπαν the last syllable is short in general, but Atticè long. Draco, Straton. p. 24. 29. 85. SYN. Πᾶς, σύμπας, ὅλως, ὁλόκληρος.

Ἀσασπαίρω, palpito, singultio: to palpitate, sob. Ion 1207. SYN. Σπαίρω, ασπαίρω, σπαρίζω.

Ἀσαστία, as, ἡ, jejunium: fasting, hunger. Τῶν θῶν ἀσαστίαν Nub. 621. SYN. Ἀγευστία, ἀσιτία, νηστεία.

Ἄσαστος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui non gustavit, jejunos: not having tasted, hungry. ζ. 250. SYN. Ἄγευστος, πεινᾶλέως.

Ἀσπαστράπτω, fulguro, corusco: to lighten, blaze. Mus. 56. SYN. Αστράπτω, ἀπαναγάζω, ἀποστίλβω, ἀπολάμπω.

Ἀπάτω, ἥσω; Ἀπάφω, Ἀπάφισκω, fallo: to deceive. Οὐδ' ἀπάτῃω δ. 348. λ. 216. ψ. 216. SYN. Διᾷπάτῶ, ἐξᾷπάτῶ, αικάλλω, ἐξᾷπάφισκω,

ἀποσφάλλω, διασφάλλω, φενάκιζω, ηπέρουπύω ἀποπλανάω, ὑποδέπτο, κατὰσφίζω, κοβαλεῖω, παρᾱκροθίζω, παρᾱλόγιζομαι, παρᾱγω, ψεύδω, δόλοισ πεδάω.

Ἀπατερθέ, Ἀπατερθεν, procul, seorsum: apart, asunder. Ἐνθα στὰς ἥσ' ἀπατερθέ Σ. 217.

SYN. Ἀπανευθέ, αμφί, ἀπὸνόςφι, χωρίς.

Ἀπάτη, ἡς, ἡ, fraus: fraud. Τῇσδ' ἀπάτης κότεῶν Δ. 168. SYN. Εξᾱπάτη, δόλος, ἀλημῶ, πλάνη, πᾱνοουργία, πᾱνοῦργημα, φένακις, φήλωμα, φήλωσις, γύτητη, ηπέρουπύσις. Ἐρ. Δολόφρων, δολόμητις, κένεη, σκόλια, δολόεσσα, πυκινή.

Ἀπάτηλις, Ἀπάτηλος, οὗ, δ, ἡ, fallax: deceitful, cunning. Εἰκὼν ἀπάτηλιᾶ βάζει ξ. 157. SYN. Αἰδᾶλος, δολῆρος, δόλιος, δυσπᾱλᾶμος, ηπέρουπύτης, σφᾱλέρος, κᾱκούργος, κέρδιος, κερδᾱλέφρων, ὑπουλῆς, πᾱνοῦργος, ψευδής, πᾱλύμητις.

Ἀπάτιμᾶω, dedecore adificio: to dishonour, disgrace. Οὐνέκ' ἀπητιμῆε Ν. 113. SYN. Ἀτιμᾶω, αικίζω, ἀτιμάζω.

Ἀπάτουριά, ων, τὰ, festum trium dierum: a festival in the month called Pyanepsion, in which the names of the children of the Athenians were registered. Ὡς τ' αὐτὰ κρε' ἐξ Ἀπάτουρίων τοῖς μαστροποῖς Thesm. 558.

Ἀπάτωρ, ὄρος, δ, ἡ, patre carens: fatherless, born of an obscure father. Iph. T. 864. See Πάτηρ.

Ἀπαναγάζω, lucem edo: to emit beams from the eyes, behold with the eyes. Ἀπαναγασά οἶδος ἐφεδρος Call. 4, 125. SYN. Θεᾶσθαι, αναγάζω.

Ἀπανάδω, renuncio, veto: to relinquish, forbid. Rhcs. 931. SYN. Ἀπαγᾱρεύω, ἀπολέγεται, ἀποφηνῶ.

Ἀπαυράω, aufero, fruor: to take away, reap the fruit. Androm. 1028. SYN. Ἀναιρέω, ἀφαιρέδμαι, στερέω.

Ἄπαστος, ου, δ, ἡ, indesinens: unceasing. Aj. 1187. SYN. Ἀκαμάτος, ἀπειρέσιος, ἀεεβαῖος.

Ἀπάφω, Ἀπάφισκω. See Ἀπάτᾶω.

Ἀπέδιλος, Ἀπέδιλωτος, ου, δ, ἡ, calceis carens: unshod, without sandals. P. V. 138. Call. 6, 123. See Πεδίλῶν.

Ἀπέδδμαι, abedo: to eat away, devour. Aves 26. SYN. Ἐδω, κατεσθῶ.

Ἀπειθῶ, poet. Ἀπιθέω: non pareo: to disobey, rebel. Orest. 31. B. 166. SYN. Ἄπιστῶ, αντιστάτῶ.

Ἀπεικάω, adsimulo, conjicio, comparo: to liken, imagine, copy, counterfeit, conjecture. Eur. Sup. 157. SYN. (1) Ἀφᾱμοῖω, εἰσκω, εἰκάω, εξεἰκάω, (2) τεκμαίρομαι, νόμιζω, συμβάλλω.

Ἀπειλέω, ἥσω, minor; glorior: to menace; boast. Πόντων ἀπειλήσαν γᾱρ οἱ ἄλλοι B. 665. SYN. Ἐπάπειλέω, πρόσᾱνατείνομαι, ὁμοκλέω, καυχᾱόμεαι.

Ἀπειλή, ἡς, ἡ; Ἀπείλημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, (1) minæ: a threat; (2) gloriatio: a boast. Δόκει ἀπειλῶν Herc. F. 1233. C. C. 658. SYN. (1) Ἀρεῖα, ὁμῶς, ὀργή, (2) καύχημᾶ, καύχησις. Ἐρ. Ἀσπονδός, βαρῦμηνις, δεινὴ, δῆλειᾶ, μᾱνιώδης, ἐτερόφρων, συγγνή, πλῆξιππος, στερῆᾶ, στᾱνῶεσσα, ὑπέρᾱπλος.

Ἀπειλητήρ, ἦρος, δ, minax, jactator: a threatener, chider, boaster. Ὡ μοῖ ἀπειλητῆρῆς H. 96. SYN. Ὀμῶκλητήρ.

Ἄπειμι, ἐσθῶμαι, absum: to be away from, to be absent. Herc. F. 557.

Ἀπειμι, abeo vel abibo : to be about to depart or go away. CE. R. 229. SYN. Ἀπέρχομαι, ὑπάπειμι, ἀπαλλάττομαι.

Ἀπεινω, ποῖτ. Ἀπείπω, abnuo ; deficio ; edico : to deprecate, renounce ; to be despondent, weary, to faint ; to proclaim. Alcest. 503. SYN. Ἀνανύμαι, ἀνανεύω, ἀποφημί, ἀπαγούρω, ἀποκρύπτω, ἀπανδῶ, ἀπεννέπω.

Ἀπειράϊς, α, ὄν, natus in terra continenti : belonging to the continent. Γρηῦς Ἀπειραῖη η. 8.

Ἀπειργα, Ἀπειργᾶω, excludo, prohibeo : to keep off, prohibit, separate, force away. Vesp. 465. SYN. Εἰργω, ἐέργω, ἀνείργω, ἐείργω, ἀλέξω, ἀπαθῶ, ἐρύκω, ἐρυκῶμαι, ἀπέρυκω, ἐπέχω, κωλύω, ἀποκωλύω, διακωλύω, ἀπελαύνω, ἐξελαύνω, ἀποτρέπω, ἐκβάλλω, ἀποδιώκω.

Ἀπειραντός, Ἀπέραντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infinitus : boundless. Pyth. 9. 61. Nem. 8. 64.

Ἀπειράτος, Ion. ητός, intentatus ; imperitus : untried, unskilled. Οὐ γὰρ ἀπειρήτος β. 170.

Ἀπειράτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immensus : immense. Ἐν ἀπειράτῳ Olymp. 6. 91. answering to βασιλεὺς δ' ἐπέε. Heyne wishes ἀπειρίτω.

Ἀπειρεσίς, Ἀπείρεσις, α, ὄν, infinitus : unbounded. Γαῖαν ἀπειρεσίην A. 13. T. 58.

Ἀπειρήτος. See Ἀπειράτος.

Ἀπειρία, as ; Ἀπειροσύνη, ης, ἡ, imperitia : inexperience, ignorance. Τῆς ἀπειρίας κράτει Eur. Pelei. fr. 5. SYN. Ἀμάθεια, ἀδαιμονία, ἀπειροσύνη.

Ἀπειρίτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infinitus : boundless. Πόντος ἀπειρίτος εστέφανται κ. 195.

Ἀπειροδάκρυς, ὅς, sine fine et modo plorans : immoderately weeping. Aesch. Sup. 75.

Ἀπειροκάκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, malorum inexpertus : untried in misfortune. Alcest. 937.

Ἀπειρολέξης, ἔος, experts tori, cœlebs : unacquainted with the marriage-bed. Thesm. 119. SYN. Ἀπειρογάμος, ἀδμης, ἀδμητός, ἀνανδρός.

Ἀπειρός, ου ; Ἀπείρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, interminatus : boundless. Orest. 25. Ω. 776.

Ἀπειρός, Ἀπείρητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inexpertus : one who has made no trial, inexperienced in. Alcest. 500. Nem. 1. 31. SYN. Ἀδάμωον, αἰδρίς.

Ἀπειροσύνη, ης, ἡ. See Ἀπειρία.

Ἀπέκγνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, abnepos : a great grandson or granddaughter. Simon. 91.

Ἀπεκλανθάνω, obliviscor : to forget entirely. ω. 393. SYN. Ἀμνηστῶ, ἀμνημόνεω, ἐκλανθάνομαι.

Ἀπεκρῶ, exhauro : to swallow up. Equit. 700.

Ἀπελαύνω, Ἀπείλω, expello : to drive away. Hec. 103. Lysistr. 1001. SYN. Ἐλαύνω, ἐπεί-ελαύνω, ἀπείργω, ἐξωθέω, ἀλέξω, ἐκδιώκω, ἐκκρύνω.

Ἀπέλεθρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ejus longitudo ultra centum pedes porrigitur, magnus : exceeding 100 feet in length, great. Ωκε' ἀπέλεθρον ἀνέδραμε A. 354. SYN. Ἀπλετός, ἀσπέτος, ἀλέσφατος, ἀπειρός, ζῆληθος.

Ἀπέμνω, ἔσω, evomo : to vomit forth. Ξ. 437. SYN. Εἰξέμνω.

Ἀπεμπόλω, ἦσω, vendo ; ut emptum abduco : to sell off ; to carry off a purchase. Phœn. 1243. SYN. Εξεμπόλω, πωλέω, πῖπράσκω, κατὰλαττόμαι.

Ἀπέναιρῶ, ἱξω, spolio : to strip the armour of a slaughtered foe, to spoil. M. 195. SYN. Ἐνάρῶ, ἐναίρω, ἀπύσυνλω.

Ἀπένεω, potius Ἀπεννέω, interdicto : to forbid. Sept. Th. 1055. SYN. Ἀπαγούρω, ἀπείπω, ἀπείργω.

Ἀπενθής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, luctu carens : free from mourning. P. V. 992. SYN. Ἄλυπτος.

Ἀπένθητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) quem luctu nemo prosequitur : unlamented ; (2) luctu non prosequens : unlamenting. Eumen. 900. SYN. (1) Ἀδάκρυτος, (2) ἀπενθής.

Ἀπέπλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, peplo carens : unrobed, unclad. Phœn. 334. SYN. Ἀνείμων, γυμνῆτης, γυμνός.

Ἀπέραντος. See Ἀπείραντος.

Ἀπείρατος. Some read for Ἀπείραντος.

Ἀπεργάζομαι, efficio, elaboro : to work off, effect. Eur. Ixion. fr. 3. SYN. Διεργάζομαι, εξεργάζομαι, τέλεω, ἀπύτελεω, ἐπιτέλεω, πείρῶ, συντέλεω, κάτασκευάζομαι, ἐξακριβῶ, κατὰπράττω.

Ἀπέρει, tanquam : as if. ΑΛΛ' ἀπέρει τίς ἐποικὸς Soph. El. 189. SYN. Ἄτε, ὥσπερ, ὥσπερ, ὥσπερ, q. v.

Ἀπείρεσις. See Ἀπείρεσις.

Ἀπέρω, inusitatus, i. ἀπέρω, et med. ἀπέρουμαι, negabo : I will deny, refuse ; perf. act. ἀπείρηκα, defessus sum, animo concido : to be worn out, to be weary, to faint ; et p. pass. ἀπείρηται, interdictum est : it is forbidden. Orest. 91.

Ἀπέρητῳ, prohibeo : to hinder. Ἀπέρητῷ κούρην Apoll. 1. 772. SYN. Ἐρητῳ, ἀνείργω, ἀναστέλλω, ἰσχω, ἰσχύω, ἐφίστημι.

Ἀπείριλλητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, loquacitate non superandus : not to be out-talked. Ran. 839. See Ἀλέω. SYN. Πόλυμυθος, ἀδόλεσχος.

Ἀπείμεριμνος, inconsulto : without care, unconcernedly. Nub. 136. SYN. Ἀφράστως, ἀφράδεως, ἀφραδμόνως.

Ἀπείριτροπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non revertens ; non curans : not returning, not caring for. Soph. El. 182. SYN. Ἀνέπικελευστός.

Ἀπέρβω, abeo ; facesso in malam rem : to go away ; imperat. go and be hanged. Eccles. 169.

Ἀπέρυθριῶ, pudorem depono, impudenter ago : to leave off blushing, to be shameless. Ἀπέρυθρίομαι μᾶλλον ἢ σχεῖν πράγματα Nub. 1218. SYN. Ἀνασχυντέω, ἀπάναισχυντέω, αὐθαδίζομαι.

Ἀπέρυκω, ἔω, arceo : to withhold, hinder, avert. Βέλεω ἀπέρυκοι ἔρωην Δ. 542. SYN. Ἀπείργω, ἀπέρητῳ, ἀποκωλύω.

Ἀπέρω, abstraho : to take off, draw away. Ῥινὸν ἀπ' ἀστέμφιν ἐρύσαι ε. 134. SYN. Εἰξέρω, ἀφέλκω, ἀφελκῶ, ἀποσύρω, κατὰσύρω, ἀφαίρω, εξαίρω, πείρῶ, ἀποσπῶ, κάτασπῶ.

Ἀπέρχομαι, ελεῖσθαι, abeo ; morior : to depart ; die. Ran. 18. SYN. Εἰξέρχομαι, ἀπειμι, ἀποχωρέω, ἀποίχῶ, ἀπὸνέχομαι, ἀπὸπνέχομαι, ἀποστείχω, ἀπαλλάττομαι, ἀπέρβω, ἀφίσταμαι.

Ἀπέρωεις, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, qui impetum alicujus impedit : who stops an assault, a hinderer. Θ. 361.

Ἀπέρω, ἦσω, discedo ; cohibeo : to glide away ; restrain. Π. 723. SYN. see Ἀπέρχομαι.

Ἀπέρωτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inamabilis : unamiable. Choëph. 591. SYN. Στυγνός, ὑπέρφανός.

Ἀπευθής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ignotus, de quo nihil auditum est ; inscius, ignarus : unheard of ; not having heard of, ignorant. λ. 184. SYN. Ἀπείρως, ἀπαίδευτος, ἀγνός.

Ἀπευθίνω, ὑπᾶ, adaequo ; dispono, dirigo ; corrigo, punio : to make straight ; dispose ; to

direct; to rectify, chastise. Τήνδ' ἀπειθυένειν πῶλιν CE. R. 104. SYN. Ορθῶς, εὐθύνα, ἀπαρτίως, διέπω, διορθῶ, κύθερνα, κόλαζω.

Ἀπειχέτος, ἀπειχέτος, ου, δ, ἡ, abominandus, vitandus: to be execrated, abominable. Æsch. Sup. 786. Choëph. 615. SYN. Ἀπὸ τρῶπαιδς, ἐπάραιτος, κατ'ἀρατὸς, ἐνάγης, βδελύρδς, μισητὸς, δῖσάννυμδς, ἀπεχθὴς, μυσῶρδς, πᾶλαμναῖδς.

Ἀπεινάω, sopio: to lull to sleep. Trach. 1258. SYN. Εὐνάζω, κατ'ἀκοιμᾶω, κατ'ἀκοιμίζω, κατ'ἀπραινα.

Ἀπεινῶμαι, ξῶμαι, deprecor; execror: to deprecate; abhor. Hipp. 895. SYN. Κατεύχῶμαι, πάραιτέῶμαι, ἐξαίτέῶμαι, βδελύσσομαι, ἀποστρέφῶμαι, ἀφ'οἰδύομαι, κατ'ἀρῶμαι.

Ἀπερθός, ου, δ, ἡ, excoctus: purified, refined. Theog. 1102.

Ἀπεχθαίρω, odio prosequor; invisum reddo: to hate; render odious. Γ. 415. δ. 105. SYN. Εχθαίρω, εχθραίνω, στυγέω, ἀποστύγῶ, μιτέω.

Ἀπεχθᾶνῶμαι, θησῶμαι; Ἀπέχῶμαι, invisus sum; odi: to be hated; to hate. β. 202. κ. 74. SYN. Εχθαίρωμαι, ἐχθῶμαι, στυγέωμαι, μισέωμαι, εχθδδῶπῶ, δυσμενᾶναι, λυπέωμαι.

Ἀπέχθειά, as, ἡ, inimicitia: animosity. P. V. 121. SYN. Ἐχθός, ἐχθρα, δυσμενεία, δύσνοιά, κακόννοιά, στυγῶς.

Ἀπέχθημᾶ, αἶτος, τὸ, res odiosa: an object of hatred. Troad. 425. SYN. Ἐχθημᾶ, μίσσημᾶ, στυγμᾶ, ἐχθὺς.

Ἀπεχθής, εὖδς, invisus: hateful, hostile, malicious. Antig. 50. SYN. Ἐπαχθής, εχθρὺς, εχθδδῶπῶς, δυσμενῆς, δυσφῶρδς, κατ'ἀπτυστὺς, ἀπόπτυστὸς, ἀπεικτὸς, μισητὸς, στυγνὸς, ὄχληρδς, στυγέρδς.

Ἀπέχω, f. ἀφέξω, abstineo, propulso, differo: to keep off from, withhold, restrain. Med. 1093. SYN. Ἐπίσχω, ἀπέχω, ἀπαλλάσσομαι, ἀφιστάμαι, ἀφροσκήω, εξιστάμαι, ἀπὸλαμδάνω.

Ἀπηθῶ, percolo, deliquo: to strain, purify. Ran. 943. SYN. Διθῶ, διύλιζω, διαξίξω.

Ἀπηλέγῶ, contemno; not to care, to be unconcerned. Apoll. 2, 17.

Ἀπηλέγῶς, aperte, precise: unequivocally, peremptorily. I. 309. SYN. Ἀληθῶς, ἀπλῶς, σφάρως, διαρρήδην, ἀνὰφανδόν.

Ἀπηλίαςτῆς, οὗ, alienus a iudiciis et litibus: who keeps away from the Ἡλίαλα, free from law-suits. Av. 110.

Ἀπηλιώτης, ου, δ, subsolanus: what proceeds from the sun, eastern. Cycl. 19.

Ἀπήμαντὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, illæsus: unhurt, uninjured. τ. 281.

Ἀπημόνια, Ἀπημόσυνη, ης, ἡ, integritas, securitas: a freedom from harm, safety, innocence. Theog. 756. Call. Jov. 93. SYN. Αελαῖειά, ὕγεια.

Ἀπήμων, ὄνδς, δ, ἡ, illæsus; non nocens: uninjured; harmless. N. 761. SYN. Αελαῖης, ἀτρατὸς, σῶδς, ὕγης, ἀδδλητὸς.

Ἀπήνεια, as, ἡ, sævitia: savageness. Ὀλοῶσιν ἀπνηεῖρσιν Apoll. 2, 1202. SYN. Ἀγρίστῆς, αμώτῆς.

Ἀπήνη, ης, ἡ, rheda, præsertim muliebri vehiculum: a vehicle directed by reins; chiefly, a carriage for females and old men. 'Ὅς πᾶσ' ἀπήνη ποὺς τέ Phœn. 861. SYN. Ἀμαξία, ἄρμα. Ep. Αργυρόκυκλδς, ἀκάμαντῶπους, ἀελλήεσσᾶ, ἀδιαντὸς, δῖδα, εὐευστὸς, εὐτρώχλδς, τρώχλᾶτδς, τέρτακυκλδς, τέθριππὸς, πολυκίχ.

Ἀπήης, εἶς, δ, ἡ, crudelis: refractory, ob-

durate, savage. Τοῦ βασιλῆδς ἀπνηεὺς A. 340. SYN. Ανηλῆς, ἀνήμερδς, ἀβελγῆς, ἀπάνθρωπδς, σκληρδς, χάλεπδς, ἀγρίδθυμδς, σιδηρόφρων.

Ἀπήρδς, Ἀπήωρδς, ου, δ, ἡ, desuper impendens; suspensæ mentis: overhanging; anxious. Pyth. 8. 124. μ. 435.

Ἀπηρῆς, εἶς, δ, ἡ, nullo membro captus, salvus: sound in limb. Θεοὶ σὺν ἀπηρῆσιν Apoll. L. 888. SYN. Αβλαῖης, ὕγης, ἀνδόςδς.

Ἀπιδᾶνδς, οὗ, δ, Apidanus: a river in Thes-saly. Φασὶν Ἀπιδᾶνν γῶας λιπαίνειν (hendecasyll.) Hec. 453.

Ἀπιθέω, i. q. Ἀπειθέω, q. v.

Ἀπίνυσα, desipio: to be unwise or stupid. Δόκεῖς δέ μοι οὐκ ἀπίνυσειν ε. 342. SYN. Ἀλδγῶς, παρᾶφρῶνῶ, παρᾶνδῶ, μωραῖνω.

Ἀπίος, et (2) Ἀπίδς, α, ὄν, (1) longinquus: remote; (2) Apius: belonging to the Peloponnesus. Τηλδθεν ἐξ ἀπίης γαίης A. 270. The first syllable of Ἀπίδς is short in Homer, but long in CE. C. 1303. and 1685. and Æsch. Sup. 268. SYN. ΑΑλδδᾶπὸς.

Ἀπίδς, ου, ἡ, pirus arbor: a pear tree. Ἀπίδς, ἡ, et Ἀπίδν, τὸ, pirum: a pear. Καὶ δὴ μὲν ἀπίοι Θεοε. 7. 120.

Ἀπίς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, Peloponnesus. Κατ' Ἀπιδᾶ κνδδᾶλιν εὐροῖς Θεοε. 25. 183.

Ἀπίς, ἰὺς, δ, Apis. Πράξας ἀμέμπτως Ἀπίς Αργεία χθονί Æsch. Sup. 272.

Ἀπίσδων, ὄνδς, δ, Apisaon: a Trojan of rank. Τευχῆ ἀπαινύμενον Ἀπιδᾶνδς A. 581.

Ἀπιστέω, diffido; non parco: to disbelieve, distrust; to disobey. Alcest. 1149. SYN. Ἀπίστως ἔχω, ἀνηκουστῶ, ἀπειθέω.

Ἀπιστία, as, ἡ, incredulitas; perfidia: mistrust; perfidy. Θυγάτερ οὐκ ἀπιστία Ion 1606.

Ἀπιστῶσυνη, ης, ἡ, infidelitas: faithlessness, infidelity. Med. 423. SYN. Ἀπειθειᾶ, ἀγνομῶσυνη.

Ἀπιστὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) qui non credit: disbelieving, incredulous; (2) infidus: not to be trusted, treacherous; (3) inobediens, diffidens: disobedient. Iph. T. 1294. SYN. (1) Πάρᾶλδγὸς, (2) ἀσπονδὸς, ὑπερφίλδς, (3) ἀπειθῆς. PHE. Ἀπιστῶτέρδς εἰ τῶν κῶχλῶν πολλὰ πάνν.

Ἀπίσχω, i. q. Ἀπέχω, q. v.

Ἀπλάκῶ, non Ἀμυλάκῶ; see 'Monthly Review,' Feb. 1796, p. 132. and Bl. Agam. 336., (1) aberro, unde privor: to deviate from, miss, fail in; (2) pecco: to do wrong. Γνώσει γὰρ αὐθὺς ἀπλάκων ἐμοὶ πίθου Hipp. 896. SYN. (1) Ἀμδρῶτῶ, ἀπδτυγᾶνω, ἁμαρτᾶνω, ἀποστῆρέωμαι, (2) ἀλῖταινω.

Ἀπλάκῆτδς, ου, δ, ἡ, aberrans: missing. Trach. 120. See above. Some read here Ἀμπλάκῆτδς. But see remarks above.

Ἀπλάκία, as, ἡ; Ἀπλάκιδν, ου; Ἀπλάκῆμᾶ, αἶτος, τὸ, error: an error, fault. Πρὸς αὐτῶφρων ἀπλάκῆμᾶτων Antig. 51. Pyth. 11. 41. Call. 4. 244. See Ἀπλάκῶ above. SYN. Ἀμαρτία, ἁμαρτημᾶ. Ep. Δειδὼν, στυγέρδν, βαρύπημδν.

Ἀπλαστὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, inaccessus, ferox: not to be approached, cruel (for Ἀπείλαστὸς). Ἀπλᾶστοι μῆγᾶλῃ δέ Hes. Op. 147.

Ἀπλᾶτδς, Ion. Ἀπλητὸς, et Ἀπλετὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) inaccessus: inaccessible, (2) immensus: immense. Ἰσχυς δ' ἀπλᾶτος Hes. Θ. 153. SYN. (1) Ἀεᾶτδς, ἀπροσπῆλαστὸς, ἀκίχῆτδς,

(2) Ἄπληστὸς, πέλωρός, ἀσπείτος, ἀπειρός, παμμέγεθς, ευμέγεθς, πόλυς.

Ἄπληκτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, non percussus: not struck. Rhcs. 814.

Ἄπληστία, ας, ἡ, insatiabilitas: an impossibility of being satisfied. Εἴτ' ἄπληστίαν λέχους Androm. 217.

Ἄπληστὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, inexplebilis: insatiable. Med. 151. SYN. Ακόρεστος, ἀπλήρωτος, ατός, κατὰκόρος.

Ἄπλοιά, ας, ἡ, impossibilitas navigandi: impossibility to sail. Δεινὴς τ' ἀπλοίας Iph. T. 15. Ep. Αντίπνου, ἐχένης, χρῶνία, κέναγγής.

Ἄπλῆς, ἴδός, ἡ, simplex: plain or single. Δωδέκα δ' ἀπλοῖδας χλαίνας ω. 275. SYN. Ἄπλοῦ.

Ἄπλῶς, η, ὄν, Ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, simplex, ingenuus; stultus: simple, candid; foolish. Phoen. 479. SYN. Ἀκάος, ἀκέραιος, εὐήθης, ἀπέριτος, ἀφελής; (2) μῶρὺς, κοῦφός.

Ἄπλῶς, ὄου, contr. οὐς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, navigatione carens: unable to sail, detained by want of or by contrary winds, not navigable. Καὶ ἀπλῶν ἐσσεταὶ ὕδωρ Musae. 204.

Ἄπλω, explicio: to spread out, unfold. Anacr. 39, 22. SYN. Ἀναπτύσσω, ἐξάπλω, ἀναπέταζω, εκτείνω.

Ἄπλῦτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, illotus: unwashed. Οσμὴν Λαμίας ὀρχεῖς ἀπλύτους Pax 758. SYN. Ἄλυντός, ἀνιπτός, ῥυπάρους.

Ἄπνευστός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui respirare non potest: breathless. Theoc. 25. 271.

Ἄπνῶς, ὄου, contr. οὐς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, flatu seu respiratione carens; inodorus: breathless; fetid. Εἰμὶ γὰρ ἀπνους Call. Ep. 31. SYN. Ἀπνευστός, ἀπνῶς.

Ἀπῶ, α, ab: from (governing a genitive). Hec. 684. See below.

Ἀπθάννυμαι, pro Ἀπαινῦμαι, aufero: to take away, deprive of. Τὰ κτᾶμένων ἀπθάννυμαι N. 262.

Ἀπθαίρω, Ἀπθαίρεμαι, antiq. et poet. pro Ἀφαίρω et Ἀφαίρεμαι, q. v.

Ἀπθαίνω, ἐθῶμαι, descendo, discedo; evenio: to descend, dismount, depart; turn out. E. 227. SYN. Εκθαίνω, κατᾶβαίνω, κάτειμί, κατέρχομαι, συμβαίνω.

Ἀπθᾶλλω, ἄλῶ, abjicio, rejicio: to cast away, reject, refuse. Vesp. 1312. SYN. Εκθάλλω, κατᾶβάλλω, ἀπθέρμω, ἀποστελλῶ, ἀπὸτρῆπτομαι, ἀπὸθῆμαι, ἀθῆρίζω, ἀπὸλῶ, ἀπθύνωσκω, πάρωθῶ, ἀπορρίπτω.

Ἀπθίσάζω, descendere in terram facio: to cause to descend: set down on the ground. Vesp. 1164. See Βισάζω.

Ἀπθίσαιπω, lædo; privo: to hurt; to deprive of. Τοιοῦδ' ἀποσλαφθεῖσάν Aj. 954. SYN. Βλάπτω, δηλέδμαι, λωσᾶμαι, ἀφαιρέω, ἀποστῆρέω, ἀμείρω.

Ἀπθίσαστάνω, στήσω, germino: to spring from. CE. C. 533. See Βλαστάνω.

Ἀπθῆλεπτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, conspicuus: looked up to, distinguished, conspicuous. Παρθένους τ' ἀπθῆλεπτος μέτα Hec. 354. SYN. Περὶθῆλεπτός, ἀρίζηλός, ἐνδοξός, περὶθῆπτός, περὶφάνης, κατὰφάνης, κλεινός.

Ἀπθῆλω, ψω, respicio: rationem habeo: to regard, respect, value. Ἰν' ἀπθῆλωμαι καὶ λέγωσι Eccles. 726. SYN. Ἐπιθῆλω, ἐμβῆλω, ἀναβῆλω, προσλεύσσω, δέδομαι, ἐπιθῶρῶ, δαυμάζω, παπταίνω.

Ἀπθῆλητός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, abjiciendus, abjectus:

must be thrown away, rejected. Οὔτοί' ἀπθῆλητ' ἐστὶ θεῶν Γ. 65. SYN. Ἀδοκίμῶς, ἀτιμῶς, ἀτίμαστος, ἀποθῆλεπτός, ἀναρίθμῶς, πρῶθῆλτος, ἐκβῆλμῶς, ἐκδοκίματός, κατὰπυστός, φαυλός.

Ἀπθῆλίσσω, ἴσω, aufero exsugendo aut exprimendo: to take away by squeezing (properly of those who obtain honey or milk by pressing the honeycomb or teats). Ὁ δ' ἀπέσλίσε δουμάτων μου Av. 498. SYN. Βλίσσω, ἐκπῆζω, ἀπὸπῆζω ἀπὸδῆλίσω, ἀφαιρέδμαι.

Ἀπθῆλύω, σω, vomo, ex ore ejicio: to stream out, pour forth. Ἀποθλύζων ἐν νηπιῇ ἄλεγυνη I. 487. SYN. Ἀναθλύζω, ἀπέμῶ, ἐκβάλλω.

Ἀποθᾶσσω, discedo: to depart, retire. Apoll. 3. 1143. SYN. Ἀπθχωρῶ, ἀπαλλάσσομαι, ἀφίσταμαι, ἀπέρχομαι.

Ἀπθῆλῖμαῖος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, liberent rejiciens: apt to throw away. Pax 677. SYN. see Ἀπθῆλῆτος.

Ἀπθῆσκόμαι, depasco: to feed off, eat down. Av. 1066. SYN. Κατᾶθῆσκόμαι, κατᾶθῶρσσω, νέμωμαι, ἐκκαρπίζομαι, καρπῶμαι, ἐκκαρπῶμαι.

Ἀπθῆρίζω, crapulam edormio; dormio: to sleep off any excess in food; to sleep. Ἐνθα δ' ἀποθῆριζαντες μ. 7. SYN. Βρίζω, ἀφύπνω, καθύειδω.

Ἀπθῆμῶς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ab aris amovendus, impius: to be excluded from approaching the altar, impious. Cycl. 365. SYN. Ἀνθῶς, ἀθῆς.

Ἀπθῆγόνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nepos, et qui longius distat: a grandson, descendant. CE. C. 220. SYN. Ἐπθῆγόνος, ἀπῆγῶνός.

Ἀπθῆγνῶ, membra debilito: to destroy the strength of the limbs, weaken. Μῆ μ' ἀπθῆγνῶς Z. 265. SYN. Κατᾶγνῶ, ἐξασθενίζω, ἐκνευρίζω, ἀπθνευρῶ, ἐκλῶ, ἐκθῆλνω.

Ἀπθῆγνᾶζω, exerceo: to exercise. Sept. Th. 437. SYN. Γυμνάζω, ἀθλείω.

Ἀπθῆγνῶ, nudo: to strip off, strip naked. κ. 301. SYN. Γυμνῶ, πᾶρᾶγνῶ, ἀποψιδῶ, ἀπθῶ.

Ἀπθᾶιδῶ, δᾶσσω, δᾶσσωμαι, divido: to portion out, bestow, allot. P. 231. SYN. Δαίω, διαίρω, ἀπθῆμίζω, ἀνᾶιδωμί.

Ἀπθᾶκρῶ, ilachrymo: to weep for. Vesp. 983. See Δᾶκρῶ.

Ἀπθᾶιδιδῶ, deterreo: to terrify, frighten from. M. 52. SYN. Ἀπείργω, ἀνείργω, ἀπὸτρῶ, κατὰπλήττω.

Ἀπθᾶιδευνῶ, δείζω, ostendo: to show, prove. Ion 878. SYN. Ἀνᾶιδευνῶ, ἐπιδείκνυμι, δηλῶ, ἐκδηλῶ, διασάφω, μνησῶ, διασάφηνίζω, σάφηνίζω, ἀνᾶφᾶνῶ, ὑπὸφᾶνῶ, ἐμφᾶνῶ, τραυῶ, διασημαίνω, ἐπισσημαίνω, ἐπιμαρτύρομαι.

Ἀπθᾶιδεῖς, ἔως, ἡ, demonstratio: demonstration, proof. Hipp. 196. SYN. Ἐνδεῖς, δῆλωσις, ἐπιδειγμᾶ, σημειῶν, βάσανός, πιστίς.

Ἀπθᾶιδεῖρῶ, cervicem abscindo, obtrunco: to behead. Ψ. 22. SYN. Δειρῶ, ἀπθῶ, τράχηλίζω, ἀπθῆφᾶλίζω, κάραπθῶ, ἀπθῆνίζω.

Ἀπθῆρω, ἔρῶ, excorio: to strip off the skin, flay. Theoc. 25. 278. SYN. Δέρω, ἐκδέρω, ἐκδερματίζω, ἀπθῆρω, ἐκθῆζω.

Ἀπθῆρχομαι, ἔδομαι, recipio, probro: to receive, accept, approve. Eccl. 707. SYN. Δέχομαι, προδῆρχομαι, παρᾶδῆρχομαι, ὑπὸδῆρχομαι, ἀνᾶλαμβάνω, ἀπὸλαμβάνω, ἀπῆρχω, ἐπαινῶ, δοκιμάζω, ἐπαγγέλλω, ὁμολόγῶ.

Ἀπθῆρῶ, peregre proficiscor: to be absent from one's own country, go abroad. Nub. 370. SYN. Εκθῆρῶ, ἀποξενῶμαι, ἐπιξενῶμαι.

Ἀπθῆρῶς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, peregre agens: being

abroad. Pyth. 4, 8. SYN. Ἐκδημός, ξένος, ἀποικὸς, ἀφειστὸς, θύραϊς.

Ἀποδιδράσκω, ἀπέδρα, aufugio: to run away from, to escape. Lysist. 719. See Διδράσκω.

Ἀποδιδωμί, δώσω, reddo, attribuo, explico: to give back, to assign, to explain, sell off. Iph. T. 476. SYN. Ἀναδιδωμί, ἐκδιδωμί, προστίθωμι, ἀποκάλισθαιμι, ἀπεμυλάω.

Ἀποδίκω, rejicio: to throw aside. Herc. F. 1204. See Δίκω. SYN. Δίκω, βάλλω, ἀποβάλλω.

Ἀποδιώκω, ξω, abigo: to chase away. Ουκ ἀποδιώξεις σταντὸν Nub. 1299. SYN. Διώκω, ἀπελαύνω, ἄλέξω.

Ἀποδόχμω, obliquo: to bend, incline obliquely. Κεῖτ' ἀποδόχμωσας ι. 372. SYN. Δόχμω, λοξέω, λοξῶ, στρέβλω, ἐπικάμπω, κατὰ κάμπω.

Ἀποδρέπω, ψω, decerpo: to pluck off, gather. Τὸτ' ἐ πάντας ἀποδρέπε Hes. Op. 609. SYN. Δρέπω, ἀπώλεω, ἀνυλῶμαι, ἐκλεῶμαι, ἀποτρήγω.

Ἀποδρύπτω, ψω, dilacero: to tear, rend. Χειρὸς ἀποδρύψωσι δὲ ρ. 480. SYN. Δρύπτω, ἀποσύρω, ἀπώδερω, διασπῶ.

Ἀποδρύφω, dilacero: to tear, to rend. Μή μιν ἀποδρύφωι ἐλκυστάζων Ψ. 187. But this is perhaps only the a. 2. of the above word.

Ἀποδύρῃμαι, lamentor: to bewail, lament over. Καποδύρῃμαι σποδῶ Soph. El. 1128. SYN. Ὀδύρῃμαι, δύρῃμαι, ἀποκυρίζω, ἀποκτερίζω.

Ἀποδύω, ύω, exuo: to divest, strip, deprive of. Ἀπὸ τευχῆ δύσαι N. 182. SYN. Εκδύωμαι, ἀποδυνάω, ἀποδυνάω, ἀποστρέφω, ἀφαιρέω.

Ἀποείπω. See Ἀείπω. T. 35. See Clarke's note on the quantity of the second syllable in ἀποειπῶν. SYN. Ἀείπω, ἀνάνεύω, ἀπαγδρεύω, ἀπαρνέωμαι.

Ἀπεργάθω, Ἀπεργῶ, poet. pro Ἀπειργῶ vel Ἀπέρῶ, avertō, prohibeo, separo: to keep off, prevent, separate. Δὼλ' ἀπεργάθῃ λαοῦ Φ. 599. SYN. Ἀφώριζω, ἀπώχωρίζω, ἀπώχωρίζω, διαίρῶ, διακρίνω, διίστημι, νοσφίζω, ἀποζεύγνυμι.

Ἀπερῶ, έρω, perdo, abripio, corrumpto abreptum: to destroy, carry off. Φ. 329. SYN. Ἀναρπάζω, διαφθείρω, ἀφαιρέω.

Ἀποζεύγνυμι, disjungo: to separate. Ορφάνος τ' ἀποζεύγεις Phoen. 1005. SYN. Διαζεύγνυμι, ἀναζεύγνυμι, ἀπώεργω, ἀπώλυνω, ἀπώτασσω, ἀπώχωρίζω, ἀφίστημι, νοσφίζω, διίστημι.

Ἀπὸθαυμάζω, demiror: to admire. ζ. 49. SYN. Θαυμάζω, υπεράγαμαι, ἀπώσελπω.

Ἀποθέρίζω, ἀποθέρισα, ἀποθέρισα, demeto: to mow off, cut off. Orest. 128. SYN. Ἀποκόπτω, ἀποκείρω.

Ἀποθεστὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, contemptus: despised, rejected. ρ. 296. SYN. Ἀποσλητὸς, q. v.

Ἀποθλίβω, ψω, exprimo: to press out. Ἀπεθλίβειν ὑγρὸν ὕδωρ Anacr. SYN. Εκθλίβω, ἀποθλάω, ἀποκναίω, ἀποπλήττω, ἀπορρήγνυμι, ἀποτίνασσω.

Ἀποθνήσκω, θανούμι, morior: to die. Pax 188. SYN. Θνήσκω, ἀποίχουμαι, καποίχουμαι, ἀπέρχουμαι, ἀπαλλάσσομαι, ἀπογίνουμαι, τέλευταω.

Ἀποθραύω, confringo: to break off. Pers. 416. SYN. Διαθραύω, συνθραύω, κατὰγνυμι, κατὰθλάω, συνθάρσσω, συγκρούω, συγκλάω, συντρίβω, διαρρήγνυμι.

Ἀποθρίζω. See Ἀπώθερίζω.

Ἀποθράσσω, θορούμι, desilio: to leap out, spring from. Καπνὸν ἀποθράσκοντ' α. 58. SYN.

Ἀποθρήδω, κατὰθρήδω, ἀναλλάμμαι, ἀφάλλωμαι, καθάλλωμαι, εκθρόσκω.

Ἀποθύμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ingratus animo, invitus: disagreeable to the feelings, unpleasant. Ἀποθύμι' έρδοι Ξ. 261. SYN. Ἀηδής, ἀτερπής, ἀχάριστος, δυσάρεστος, εχθρὸς, δυσχέρης, λυπηρὸς.

Ἀποίητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sine arte factus: not done skilfully, clumsy. Ἀποίητὸν οὐδ' ἂν Olymp. 2. 31. SYN. Ἀπρακτὸς, ἀτέλεστος, ἀγένητος.

Ἀποικέω, aliunde habitatum venio; procul habito: to migrate, to dwell at a distance from. Theoc. 15. 7. SYN. Ἀποναίω, μεθίσταμαι.

Ἀποικία, as, ἡ, colonia: a colony. See Ἀποικτίσις. Isth. 7. 18. SYN. Κάτοικία, μετοικησις.

Ἀποικίζω, in coloniam deduco: to send away from one's native country as a colonist. μ. 135. SYN. Ἀποξενῶ, ἀποπέμπω, εξώριζω, φύγαδεύω, ἀποκρήνισσω.

Ἀποικὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, domo absens, domo emissus, incola: an absentee, colonist, inhabitant. Sept. Th. 725. SYN. Ξένος, ἀποδημὸς, έποικὸς, οικήτωρ.

Ἀποιμῶζω, ξω, lamentor: to bewail. Med. 31. SYN. Οιμῶζω, ἀνδύρῃμαι, ἀνέκλαιω, ἀνέκλυνω, αἰδῶ, γόω, ἀποικτιζέμαι.

Ἀποινᾶμαι, præmium reporto: to obtain a recompense. Rhcs. 177.

Ἀποινητὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impunitus: unpunished. Soph. El. 1065. SYN. Ἀθῶς, χαίρων.

Ἀποινδικὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ultor, ultrix: avenging. Herc. F. 884. See Δίκη. SYN. Ἐδικὸς, ἀμύντωρ, ἀμυντήριος, τιμαρὸς, τιμήδης.

Ἀποινὸν, ου, τό; Ἀποινά, ων, τὰ, pretium quod loco poenæ debita offertur: a ransom. Pers. 813. SYN. Λύτρον, πωνή, δάρων. Ερ. Ἀγλᾶν, ἀπειρεσίον, ἀξίον, ἀεικὲς.

Ἀποινῶ, præmio condigno adficio, ulciscor: to repay adequately, revenge. Nem. 5. 29. SYN. Ἀντάδικέω, ἀντάμυνδαι, τιμαρέω, ἀμύνω.

Ἀποίχουμαι, χήσουμαι, abeo: to go away, die: Heracl. 818. SYN. Ἀπέρχουμαι, ἀπειμι, ἀποδέλω, ἀπαλλάσσομαι, ἀποθνήσκω.

Ἀποκάθαίρω, abstergo: to wipe off, rub, cleanse. Pax 1193. SYN. Κάθαίρω, εκκάθαίρω, ἀπομάσσω.

Ἀποκαίνυμαι, supero: to surpass, be superior to. Ἀπέκαινιτό πάντας ἄριστους Ξ. 127. SYN. Καίνυμαι, ἐπικράτῃω, πείρειμι, νικῶ, υπεράλλωμαι, υπερβαίω, υπέρχω, πρῆχω, περίγινυμαι.

Ἀποκαίριος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intempestivus: unseasonable. Philoct. 155. SYN. Ἀκαίρος, ἀτόπος.

Ἀποκάω, καθω, aduro: to burn up. Φ. 336. SYN. Καίω, κατὰκαίω, αιθάλω, ἀνῶφλέγω.

Ἀποκάλῃω, per opprobrium et invidiam appello; sevoco; veto: to call insultingly; to call aside; to forbid. Iph. A. 1354. SYN. Ἀνῶκαλῃω, ἐπικάλῃω, εκκάλῃω, ἀποκικλήσκω, ἀποσπεύδα, ἀπαγδρεύω, μετᾰπέμποιμαι, ἀπῶγω, ἀποτρέπω, ἀφίστημι.

Ἀποκάμνω, κάμνουμαι, fatisco: to be weary. Ion 134. SYN. Κάμνω, εκκάμνω, τάλαιπαρέμαι, ἀπαγδρεύω, ἀποτρήβουμαι, κατὰπνέωμαι, εκλύδωμαι.

Ἀποκάπνω, efflo: to breathe out. Ἀπὸ δὲ ψυχὴν ἐκάπνυσσε X. 467. SYN. Ἀποπνέω, ἀνᾰπνέω, ἀποψύχω.

Ἀποκατάτιθῃμι, θήσω, depono: to lay aside or down; to leave as a deposit. Apoll. 3. 1287.

Ἀποκαυλίζω, decutio, decurto: to strike or lop off. Eur. Sup. 716.

Ἀποκείρω, έρω ἐτρω, tondeo, abscindo: to shear, clip, cut off. Hec. 898. SYN. Ἀποκορ-

σῶω, ἀποκόπτω, ἀποτέμνω, ἀποκόμῃω, ἀποστέρω.

Ἀποκερδαίνω, lucrificacio : to derive gain from. Cycl. 431.

Ἀποκηδέω, ἡσσω, negligo : to neglect. Ψ. 413. SYN. Ἀμελέω, ἀφροντίζω, ἀποφροντίζω, ἀκηδέω.

Ἀποκίδνυμι, dissipio : to scatter. Apoll. 4. 133. SYN. Κάτασκηδάννυμι, διασκορπίζω, διασκηδάννυμι, ἐκτρέπῃμι.

Ἀπὸκινδυνεύω, periculum facio : to make a trial, endeavour. Ran. 1108. See Κινδυνός. SYN. Ἀπτολομῷω, πείρων λαμβάνω, ποιῶμαι.

Ἀποκινέω, ἡσσω, amoveo : to remove from. Μή μ' ἀποκινήσωσι χ. 107. SYN. Εκκινέω, μέτακινω, ἀπαθεύω, πάρωθεύω, ἐκτρέπω, διάκρυνω, ἀποσεύω, ἀπέλαινω, ἀφίστημι, ἀπατάσσω.

Ἀποκινός, ου, ὁ, recessus, fuga : a retreat, flight (a species of dance, Suidas). Αλλ' εὐρέ τιν' ἀποκινὸν ἀπὸ τοῦ δεσπότην Equit. 20. SYN. Φύγη, ἀποχώρησις, ἀναχώρησις, ἀποδράσις.

Ἀποκίω, abscendo : to depart. Ἀπὸ σταθμοῦ κίων π. 156.

Ἀποκλάζω, ἀγέω, vociferor : to cry aloud. Μεγάλους ἀγάβοις ἀπέκλαζεν Agam. 151.

Ἀποκλαίω, Att. αῶ, κλαύσμαι, deploro : to lament. CE. R. 1467. SYN. Κατάκλαίω, ἀνάκλαίω, ἀποδόκρυνω, ἀποδύρομαι, ὀλοδύρομαι, κατ-δύρομαι, ἐπιθρηνέω.

Ἀποκλάω, αῶω, defringo : to break off. Νῆα μέλαιναν ἀπέκλασέ Musæ 298. SYN. Κλάω, ἀπορρήγνυμι, ἀποσπῶω, κατὰκόπτω, κατὰτέμνω.

Ἀποκλείω, εἰσω, excludo, includo : to shut from, to shut in. Καπέκλεισε δωμάτων P. V. 691. SYN. Κλείω, εγκλείω, ἐνἀποκλείω, συγκλείω, κατὰκλείω, πακτῶω, ἀπείργω, καθείργω.

Ἀποκλέπτω, surripio : to steal from. Μή πῦτ' ἀποκλέψειν H. in Mer. 522.

Ἀποκλήρως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, exors : having no share in, free from. Pyth. 5. 71. SYN. Ἀκληρὸς, ἀμοιρὸς.

Ἀποκλίνω, ἰνώω, declino, inclino : to decline, fall away. Καὶ δόξαντ' ἀποκλίνει CE. R. 1192. SYN. Εκκλίνω, εγκλίνω, εντρέπω, ἀποτρέπω, εκτρέπῃμι, κατὰκάμπτω.

Ἀποκλύω, eluo : to wash out, off, or away. Ἀποέκλυσεν ἄλμη Apoll. 1. 366. SYN. Εκκλύω, ἐκκινῶω, ἐκλουάω, ἀπολούω.

Ἀποκναίω, affligo : to afflict, vex. Οὐκ ἀποκναίω ἀποκναίεις Vesp. 681. SYN. Λυπέω, ὀδυνῶω, ἀποθλίβω, ἐνὸχλέω, ἀπόλλυμι, πάρεκτείνω.

Ἀποκνισμῷ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, frustum alicujus rei, proprie, ungue abscissum : a paring, scrap. Νανυφίβεις σφιδάων ἀποκνισμῶτα Pax 790.

Ἀποκοιμάωμαι, seorsum dormio : to sleep apart, sleep from home. Vesp. 213. SYN. Ἀποκοιτέω, ἀποκάθευδω.

Ἀποκομῷ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, frustum : a fragment. Theoc. 10. 7. SYN. Κόμῃ, ἀγμῷ, δραῦσμῷ, κλάσμῷ, τεμάχος.

Ἀποκομπάζω, insolentius ago vel loquor : to act or speak boastingly. Herc. F. 981.

Ἀποκόπη, ἡς, ἡ, abscisio : a cutting off. Æsch. Sup. 843. SYN. Ἀποτόμη.

Ἀποκόπτω, ψω, abscindo : to cut off. Λ. 261. SYN. Εκκόπτω, ἐκτέμνω, ἀποτέμνω, ἀπάρασσω, διαίρω, ἀποσχίζω, ἀπαῖωω, ἀποτμήγω.

Ἀποκοσμῶω, ordine collocata aufero : to remove in a regular order. η. 232.

Ἀποκουφίζω, levo, sublevo : to lift, lighten.

Hec. 105. SYN. Κουφίζω, ἀνακουφίζω, ἐπικούφίζω, ἐπαίρω, ἐλαφύνω.

Ἀποκρέμάννυμι, μᾶσω, suspendo : to hang up. Ψ. 879. SYN. Κρέμάννυμι, ἀνακρέμάννυμι.

Ἀποκρίνω, (1) secerno, semoveo : to separate, distinguish. Ἀποκρίνεται, med. (2) respondeo : to answer. Τῷ οἱ ἀποκρινθέντ' E. 12. SYN. (1) Εκκρίνω, διακρίνω, ἀποβάλλω, ἀφύριζω, ἀποχωρίζω, ἐκλέγω, διατάσσω, ἀπαθεύω ; (2) ἀπαίεσθαι, ἐπιλέγειν.

Ἀποκρίσις, ἔως, ἡ, actio excernendi ; responsio : the act of selecting or distinguishing ; an answer. Εσθλή μὲν ἀποκρίσις Theogn. 1169.

Ἀποκρούω, repello, tundo : to repel, bruise. Ach. 459. SYN. Εκκρούω, ἀνακρούω, ἐκβάλλω, ἀποσεύω, ἀπαθεύω.

Ἀποκρύπτω, abscondo : to hide. Ἀπέκρυψεν δὲ μοί ἵππους A. 717. SYN. Κρύπτω, ἐπικρύπτω, κἀλύπτω, κεύθω, λανθάνω, κατὰδύνω.

Ἀποκρύψος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, occultus : concealed. Herc. F. 1069. See Κρύψις. SYN. Κρύψις, λᾶθριος.

Ἀποκτείνω, ἐνώω, occido : to kill. ὦ Φοῖβε ἀποκτενοῦσ' Orest. 254. SYN. Κτείνω, κατὰκτείνω, ἀποκινῶω, καίνω, ἀφάνιζω, πέφνω, κατὰπέφνω, δανύτωω, ἀποσφάττω, ἀποσφάζω, διαχειρίζομαι, διεργάζομαι, κατεργάζομαι, ἐναίρω, ἐνᾶριζω, ἀνθρωποκτονέω, διαφθείρω, φονεύω, ὀλλυμι.

Ἀποκτίσις, ἔως, ἡ, colonia : a colony. Θηραίην ἐς ἀποκτίσιν Call. 2. 75. SYN. Κτίσις, κτίσμά, ἀποικία.

Ἀποκωκῶω, lugeo : to lament. Agam. 1522. See Κωκῶω. SYN. Ἀποδύρομαι, ἀπομώζω.

Ἀποκωλύω, prohibeo : to prevent. Med. 1408. See Κωλύω. SYN. Ἀπείργω, εἰργω.

Ἀπολαγχάνω, obtineo, spe excido : to obtain, to be disappointed. Herc. F. 331. SYN. Ἀποτυχᾶνω.

Ἀπολάζομαι, recipio : to receive. Helen. 917. Ἀπολάμβανω, ἀποδέχομαι, ἀναδέχομαι.

Ἀπολακτίζω, calce ferio, sperno : to kick, spurn. P. V. 652.

Ἀπολακτισμός, οὔ, ὁ, calcitratio, jactura : a kicking against, rejection. Æsch. Sup. 949. SYN. Βλάσθῃ, ἐκδύλλῃ.

Ἀπολαμβάνω, λήψομαι, recipio : to take back, receive. Helen. 911.

Ἀπολάμπω, effulgeo : to blaze forth. T. 381. Ἀπολάττω, lambendo absorbeo : to lick up.

Nub. 809. SYN. Κατάπινω, ἐκπίνω.

Ἀπολαυσις, ἔως, ἡ, fructus quem ex aliqua re percipimus : gain, enjoyment. Herc. F. 1370. SYN. Καρπός, τέρψις, ἐπιτύχια, τύχη.

Ἀπολαύω, fruor : to reap the fruits of, suffer the effects of. Iph. T. 455. SYN. Ὀνίνωμαι, ἐπαυρέω, ἐπαυρίσκωμαι, ἐπιτυγχάνω, καρπίζομαι, καρτίζω, καρποῦμαι, κατῶμαι, ωφέλομαι.

Ἀπολείψω, ψω, distillo : to drop from. η. 107. SYN. Λείβω, κατὰλείδωμαι, ἀποχέω, ἀποστάζω, καταστάζω.

Ἀπολείπω, relinquo : to leave. Med. 35. SYN. Ελλείπω, κατὰλείπω, ἐγκάταλείπω, παρᾶλείπω, ὑπολείπω, ἀφίημι, προδίδωμι.

Ἀπολέμω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, imbellis : unwarlike, cowardly. Herc. F. 1124. SYN. Ἀμάχος, ἀσθενής.

Ἀπολέγω, decortico : to strip off the bark. Nub. 809. SYN. Λέπω, περὶλέπω, ἀποδέρω, περίφλοβίζω.

Ἀπολήγω, ψω, desino : to cease, fail, decay.

Z. 149. SYN. Λήγω, κατ'ἀλήγω, ἀφίσταμαι, παύομαι, ἀποπαύομαι, διαλείπω, ἐπιλείπω.

Ἀπολισάδω, ξω, recedo : to retire, run away. Οὐκ ἀπολισάδεις ὦ κάκιστ' ἀπολούμενός Aves 1467. SYN. Ἀνάχωρεω, ἀπολιταργίζω, ἀπέρρω.

Ἀπολγαίνω, strepitum facio : to make a noise. 'Hν δ' ἀπολγαίνῃ τοὺς ἀγροάνους κἀλῶ Acharn. 967. SYN. Θυρβέω.

Ἀπολῖς, ἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, extorris : banished. Troad. 1176. SYN. Ἀποπτῶλῖς, λιπτοπῶλῖς, ἀνοικὺς, ἐκδημῶς, φύγας. PHER. Στέρεσθαι πατρίδος μέγιστον κῆκόν.

Ἀπολιταργίζω, celeriter me abripio : to run away hastily. Τί θάρπτον ἀπολιταργίεις Nub. 1255. SYN. Ἀποτρέχω, ἀποσκιρτάω.

Ἀπολίχμαμαι, delambo : to lick off. Αἰμ' ἀπολίχμῃσιν Φ. 123. SYN. Ἀπολείχω, ἐκλείχω, κατἀλείχω, λίχμα, λίχμαξ.

Ἀπόλλυμι, Ἀπόλλυμαι, perdo ; intereo : to ruin ; to be ruined, to perish. Med. 1205. SYN. Ὀλλυμι, ὀλέω, φθείρω, ἀντρέπω, ἀποβάλλω, ἀποκτείνω, καταφθίνω, φθίνω, φθίνωθω, ἀποθνήσκω, ἐφρώ, οἰζύμαι, συντήκομαι.

Ἀπόλλων, ὠνός, ὁ, Apollo : the son of Jupiter and Latona. Φοῖβος Ἀπόλλων A. 57. The A is sometimes long by Arsis, as in Ἑκθεσίου Ἀπόλλωνος A. 14. SYN. Φοῖβος, Ἄγνιενός, Ἑκάτης, Δοξίας, Παιών, Βύθρομαιός, Σμυνθεός, Ἑτέρων, Παιάν. EP. Ἄγνιατίς, ἀργύροτοξός, κλυτότοξός, χρυσότοξός, χρυσότοξός, τοξόφθορος, ἀκείρμιερός, ἄλθης, ἀγῶνός, ἀγρευτής, ἀθανάτος, Ἀκτίος, ἀπτορόπαιος, Βύθρομαιός, δεινός, δάφνηφόρος, ἐκάτηβέλετης, ἐκάτησθός, χρυσάροός, ἀναξ, ἐκάεργός, λαοσσός, Ἀπτοτόξος, ἀτάσθαλός, χρυσάωρ, Δυκηνένης, ἐνυκτός, εὐσκόποις, ευχαίτης, ευλύρης, ευφόρμιγξ, ἐφός, Ἑλικώνιός, ἥϊός, ἦς, Θυμεραῖός, ἱμερόφανός, Κύνθιος, κέρασφόρος, κορυπτόφθορος, Δυκίος, λυκοκτόνός, λίγυφώνος, μαντιπῶλός, μαντήϊός, οἰσπῶλός, Πάτερός, νομίος, πόλισσος, λυκείος, Παιών, προστάτηριός, Πάγασαός, σεμνός, πύλινος. PHER. Θεῶν χυρόποιοι ἀναξ, ὁ ἀγῆτωρ μέλεων, ὃς Χρῆσσην ἀμφιέβηκε, Δήλου δ'εὐδομήτας σκόπος, ὃν ἦν κῆμος τέκε Δητώ. See Pyth. 5. 86. Hom. H. Apoll.

Ἀπολλωνός, α, ὄν, Apollineus : belonging to Apollo. Orest. 1386. See above.

Ἀπολγέομαι, defencio me sermone : to speak in one's own defence, plead one's own cause. Bacch. 41. SYN. Ἀντιλγέομαι, παραιτέομαι, ἐπῶμαι, πρὸφάσιζομαι, σύννηγέομαι.

Ἀπόλουω, σω, abluo : to wash off, cleanse. Ψ. 41. SYN. Ἀπὸνιπτα, πλύνω, ἐκπλύνω, ἀπὸπλύνω, κλύω, ἐκκλύω, ἀποκλύω, ἀποκάθαίρω.

Ἀπολυμαίνωμαι, (1) purgo, lustror : to be cleansed, purified ; (2) corrumpo : to spoil. Λαὸς Ἀτρείδης ἀπολυμαίνεσθαι A. 313. SYN. (1) Ἀγνίζω, καθαγνίζω, καθαίρω, ἀγνέω ; (2) λυμαίνωμαι.

Ἀπολυμαντήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, corruptor, turbator ; perniciēs : a spoiler ; destruction. Δαιτῶν ἀπολυμαντήρ p. 220. SYN. Λυμῶν, ἀπέρωός, λωστήρ, λωστήρ, φθορός, ὀλέθρος.

Ἀπόλυω, ὥσω, solvo, dimitto : to loose, let go. Οὐδ' ἀπέλυσε δ'υγατρά A. 95. SYN. Εκλύω, πᾶρᾶλυω, κατᾶλυω, ἀπολύτρω, ἀνίμῃ, ἐλευθερῶ, ἀπαλλάσσω, πέρισώζω, ἀπογινώσκω, ἀποψηφίζομαι.

Ἀπόλωσάω, ἡσσω, contumelia facesso : to goad on by insults, commit acts of violence. Aj. 217.

Ἀπολωτίζω, ῥῶ, detraho, evello, more eorum qui lorum carpunt : to pluck or tear off. Iph.

A. 793. SYN. Ἀπανθίζω.

Ἀπομαγδάλια, ας, ἡ, pulpa mollis e pane ad detergendas manus : soft bread on which the Athenians used to wipe their hands at meals, and which then was thrown to the dogs. Ἀπομαγδάλια σιτούμενος Equit. 414.

Ἀπομάττωμαι, veneficiis devotum libero ; expri-mo, imitor ; vescor : to deliver from sorcery ; to imitate ; to eat. Ran. 1040.

Ἀπομείρομαι, distribuo : to distribute, portion out. Hes. Op. 578. SYN. Λαγχᾶνω, ἀπολαγχᾶνω, νέμω, διανέμω, διαμερίζω, διαμοιράομαι, διαίρεω, κληρῶ, ἀποκληρῶ, ἀνάδιωμι.

Ἀπομέμφομαι, reprehendo : to find fault with. Rhes. 900. SYN. Μέμφομαι, κατᾰμέμφομαι, αἰτιάομαι, μωρᾶομαι, ἐπισήπτομαι, ψέγω.

Ἀπομερμηρίζω, σω, ξω, depositis curis dormio : to forget anxiety by sleep. Vesp. 5. SYN. Εἶδω, ὑπνώσσω, ὑπνώω.

Ἀπομηνίω, irascor, iram foveo : to be angry, feel a lasting resentment against. Ἐμεῦ ἀπομηνίσαντος I. 426. SYN. Μηνιάω, μηνίω, οργίζομαι, ἀποργίζομαι, ασχάλλω, ασχάλλω, θυμιαίω, θυμέομαι, κότεω, εγκότεω, χᾰλέπαίω, χᾰλᾶω, χᾰλᾶομαι, εἰς οργὴν πίπτα, λῆμ' ἔχω τέθηγμένον.

Ἀπομνάομαι, recordor : to recollect. Τῷ οἱ ἀπεμνήσαντο Ω. 428. SYN. Ἀπομνήσκω, μνημόνευω, ἀναμνήσκω, διαμνημόνευω, ἐπιμνάομαι.

Ἀπομνυῖ, ὁμομαι, ὠμῶσά, jurejurando confirmo aut nego : to confirm or deny by an oath. Nub. 1232. SYN. Διόμνυμι, ἐξόμνυμι.

Ἀπομόρυνμι, μόρξω, abstergo, exprimo : to wipe off, press or squeeze out. Acharn. 695. SYN. Ἀπομάσσω, ἀπὸνιπτα, ἐπισμήχω and -σμάω, ἀποψάω.

Ἀπομουνός, ον, ὁ, ἡ, musis alienus, indoctus : illiterate. Med. 1089. SYN. Ἀμουνός, ἀμᾰθής.

Ἀπομούσος, indoctus : illiterately, roughly. Agam. 774.

Ἀπομυθεῖμαι, dissuadeo, prohibeo : to dissuade, prevent. Πόλλ' ἀπεμυθέομαι I. 109. SYN. Ἀπᾰγορεύω, ἀποκᾰλέω, ἀποσπένδω, ἀποτρέπω, πᾰρᾰπέλω, κωλύω, ἀποδᾰργίζομαι.

Ἀπομυκτέος, emungendus : to be wiped off. Cycl. 558.

Ἀπόμῶσσω, ξω, (1) emungo : to wipe off ; (2) decipio : to deceive. Equit. 910. SYN. (2) Ἀπάτᾰω, ἐξᾰπάτᾰω.

Ἀπὸνιμῇ, ἀπὸνήσω, utilitatem ex aliqua re capio : to receive benefit from. Τῶνδ' ἀπὸναὶ καὶ ἐλθοῖς Ω. 556. SYN. Ἀπόλαυω.

Ἀπὸνάω, migrare facio ; med. migro : to make to remove ; Ἀπὸνάομαι, to migrate, depart. Med. 167. SYN. Ἀποικέω, ἀποικίζω, μετοικέω, ἀποκάθιστάμαι.

Ἀπὸνέμω, νέμῶ, νέμῶσω, tribuo : to bestow, allot. Av. 1289. SYN. Διᾰνέμω, ἀποδίδωμι, ἀναγινώσκω.

Ἀπὸνέομαι, abeo, revertor : to depart, return. Ἰλῖον ἀπὸνέοντο Γ. 313. The first syllable of this word is long in the eighteen instances which occur in Homer. SYN. Ἀνάχωρέω, ὑπὸχωρέω, ἀνέρχομαι, ἀπαλλάσσομαι, ἀπελαύνω.

Ἀπὸνίξω, Ἀπὸνιπτα, abstergo, abluo : to wipe away, wash off. ΑΛΛ' ὕδατι νίζοντες ἀπὸ βροτὸν H. 425. σ. 171. SYN. Ἀπομάσσω, ἀπόλῶω, ἀπόπλυνω.

Ἀπὸνιπτρὼν, ον, τὸ, aqua ad lavandum : water

for washing hands or feet. Acharn. 616. SYN. Χέρνυψ.

Ἀπόνως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, labore carens: free from labour, exertion, or trouble. Pers. 868. SYN. Ἀμοχθός, ῥόδιος, ἀταλαίπωρος.

Ἀπόνυστέω, redeo: to return. Iph. T. 732. SYN. Ἀπνένομαι, ἐπ'ανέρχομαι, ἐπ'ανειμί.

Ἀπόνοςφι, procul, seorsum: far from, apart. Αἰθ' ἀπὸνόςφι Δῶν Apoll. 3. 9.

Ἀπόνυχιώ, unguis rescio: to pare the nails, snatch away with the claws. Ἀπόνυχιώ σου τὰν Πρὶτ' ἀνελφ' σιτία Equit. 706. SYN. Ὀνυχίζω, εἰσφαιρῶ, διασπάρασσω.

Ἀπόνυτιώ, in fugam conjicio: to put to flight. Bacch. 752.

Ἀποξενῶμαι, extra patriam dego: to be estranged from. Γῆς ἀπεξενώμενοις Hec. 1203. SYN. Ἀποδημέω, ἀποικίζω.

Ἀποξένος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inhospitalis: inhospitable. Εἴτ' ἐς τὸν ἀποξένον ὄρμον C. R. 196. SYN. Ἀξένος, δυσχείμερος.

Ἀποξέω, ἔσω, Ἀποξύνω, abrado, abscindo: to scrape off, cut off. Ἀπὸ δ' ἐξέσ' χειρὰ E. 81. SYN. Ἀπικόπτω, κατάξω.

Ἀποξύνω, exacuo: to sharpen. Ἀποξύναι δ' ἐκέλευσα ι. 326. SYN. Πάροξύνω, πᾶράθηνω, πᾶράκονάω, ἀναστύμω.

Ἀποξυρῶ, Ion. Ἀποξυρέω, novacula rado: to shave with a razor. Thesm. 1052. See Ξυράω. SYN. Ἀπτόλλω, ἀποκείρω.

Ἀπὸπάττω, a via recedo; ventrem exonero: to walk aside. Πλὴν ἀπὸπάττωσ' ὁμοῖοι γὰρ πλείν ἢ μυρίοι Plut. 1185. SYN. Ἀφῶδεύω, ἀποσκευάζομαι.

Ἀπὸπάτος, ου, ὁ, secessus, ventri levando necessarius: a convenience, necessary. Acharn. 81. See above. SYN. Ἀφῶδος, κόπρων.

Ἀπὸπαύω, sisto, cohibeo: to stop or interrupt; med. desisto: to cease from. Φ. 340. SYN. Ἐπέχω, κατέχω, ἀνείργω, καταστέλλω.

Ἀπὸπειράω, Ἀπὸπειράομαι, experior, periculum facio: to make trial of. See Πειράω. Ran. 648. SYN. Διάπειράω, διάπειράζω, εκπειράζω, δοκιμάζω, κινδυνεύω.

Ἀπὸπέλεκκάω, securi dolo: to render level by an axe. Av. 1156.

Ἀπὸπέμπω, dimitto: to send away. Φ. 452. SYN. Εκπέμνω, πᾶράπέμνω, ἀποβάλλω, ἀπολύω, ἀφίημι, ἐξάγνιμι, ἐξελάνω, ῥίπτω.

Ἀπὸπέτομαι, avolo: to fly away. Pax 719. SYN. Ἀν'ἀπέτομαι, ἀφίπταμαι.

Ἀπὸπήγνυμι, πήξω, condescere facio: to stiffen. Eubds γὰρ ἀπὸπήγνυσ' ταντίκνήμια Ran. 126. SYN. Πήγνυμι, κατὰπήγνυμι, καταψύχω.

Ἀπὸπίπτω, πέσομαι, decido: to fall from or down. E. 350. SYN. Ἀν'ἀπίπτω, εκπίπτω, κατὰπίπτω, κατὰπέρωμαι.

Ἀπὸπλάζω, πλάζω, aberrare facio: to lead astray; med. aberro: to wander from the right path, go wrong. Νήσοι ἀποπλαγχθέντας μ. 285. SYN. Πάρεκβαίνω.

Ἀπὸπλέω and -πλείω, πλεῦσθαι, navi discedo, solvo: to sail from or away. Βάντες ἀπέπλειον δ. 501. SYN. Εκπλέω, διὰπλέω, ἀφορμέω, ναυτίλλωμαι.

Ἀπὸπληκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, attonitus, amens: astonished, thunder-struck, mad. Ἀπὸπληκτὸς ἐξαίφνης ἐγένετό τὰς γνάθος Vesp. 948. SYN. Πᾶρ'ἀπλήξ, πᾶρ'ἀπληκτὸς, πᾶρ'ἄφρων, ἄφρων, φρέν' ὀβλήθης, ἐμφρόντητος, τάφον, ἀναίσθητος.

Ἀπὸπλήσσω, ἔω, percutio, terrefacio: to strike,

dismay. Antig. 1188. SYN. Εκπλήσσω, κατὰπλήσσω.

Ἀπὸπλίσσεται, ἔξωμαι, saltu me proripio: to leap away from. Acharn. 217. SYN. Ἀπὸπληδᾶμαι, ἀποδύωμαι.

Ἀπὸπνέω, Ion. εἰώ, εἴσω, exhalo, expiro: to breathe out; expire, die. Πικρὸν ἀποπνεύουσαι ἄλως δ. 406. SYN. Εκπνέω, ἀποθυμῶ, ἀποθνήσκω.

Ἀπὸπνίγω, πνιζομαι, suffoco; vexo: to choke; trouble. Εν λίμνῃ δ' ἀπὸπνιξέ Batrom. 230. SYN. Πνίγω, κατὰπνίγω, αἰχχονᾶω, ἀποκτείνω, ἐπισφάττω, αἰνάζω.

Ἀπὸπνέω, laborem perduco ad finem: to finish labour. Thesm. 245. SYN. Εκπνέω, κατεργάζομαι.

Ἀπὸπρίμαι, emo: to buy. Ὡ δαίμυν' ἀνδρῶν ἀποπρίω τὴν λήκνυον Ran. 1227.

Ἀπὸπρῶβάλλω, procul abjicio: to throw far from. Ευρύ δ' ἀποπρῶβᾶλῶν Apoll. 3. 1310. SYN. Ἀπὸβάλλω.

Ἀπὸπρῶθεν, Ἀπὸπρῶθι, procul, e longinquo: far off, from a distance. Πολλὰ μάλ' ἰχθυσὶν ἀπὸπρῶθεν P. 66. SYN. Πόρρωθεν, ἀποσταδῶν, ἐκās.

Ἀπὸπρῶθιμι, emitto: to send forward from. Ἴδ' ἀποπρῶθις χ. 82. SYN. Ἀποστέλλω, ἀφίημι, ἀποπέμνω.

Ἀποπτήσσω, metu percellor: to be struck with alarm. ΑΛΛ' ἀποπτήξας σὺν πῇ κατ' ἄνω δειλὸν τὸδε Orest. 768.

Ἀπόπτῦλις, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, peregre profectus: far from one's city. Κεῖθεν ἦσθ' ἀπόπτῦλις C. R. 1000. SYN. Ἀπόλις, φύγας, ἐρημός.

Ἀποπτὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod conspicitur eminus; quod non conspicitur: visible at a distance; out of sight. C. R. 762.

Ἀπόπτυστός, aspernandus: detestable. Οἷας ἔορτης ἔστ' ἀπόπτυστοι Δεοῖς Eumen. 186. (Sch.) SYN. Ἐκπτυστός, ἀνεκπυστός.

Ἀποπτύω, ὦω, expuo; aversor: to spit out; turn from with disgust. Ὀνθ' ἀποπτύων Ψ. 781. SYN. Εκπτύω, κατὰπτύω, διαπτύω, ἀπορρίπτω, ἀποστρέφωμαι, ἀποβάλλω, μισῶ.

Ἀποπυδᾶρίζω, salto nates calce feriendo: to dance in a ridiculous manner. Ἀπεπυδᾶρῖσά μὲθεν ἀπὸ πῆκκῖσ' Equit. 694. SYN. Πυδᾶρίζω, λακτίζω.

Ἀποπνιζώ, spuendo ejicio vel eructo: to spit out. Θαῖμά καπνιζέει κἄλως Lysistr. 205. SYN. Αποπνύω, ἀνερύνωμαι.

Ἀπορῶ, dubito, destitutus sum: to be at a loss, in difficulties. Iph. A. 537. SYN. Διάπορῶ, ἀμφοισθητῶ, ἀμφιγνῶω, ἐνδοιάζω, ἀμφισάλλω, δίζημι, διατάζω, ἐνδέομαι, σπᾶνίζω.

Ἀπόρητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et η, ὄν, inexpugnabilis: unsacked, impregnable. Pers. 354. SYN. Ἀνάλωτος, ἀήτητος, ἀδῆωτος, ἀβραστός.

Ἀπορία, as, ἡ, consilii inopia: difficulty in judging, difficulty. Κάματος βροτῶσιν ἀπορία τέ γίγνεται Orest. 309. SYN. Ἐνδεῖα, πτωχεῖα, σπᾶνις, πένια, ἄσουλια, ἀμηχανία, ἐλπίσις, χρεία, διαπόρησις.

Ἀπορύνμι, ὄρωω, excito; moveo me; proficiscor: to urge on; to move from, set out. Τίς ἀπορύνειν Ἀντίκῃθεν E. 105. SYN. Ἀπέρχομαι, ἀφορμῶ.

Ἀπορῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, invius, non pervius; difficultatis impeditus: impassable; difficult. P. V. 939. SYN. Ἀσάτος, δυσπᾶρευτος, ἐνδεής, ὑπόδεής, ἀμηχανός, ἀμφισβόλος, ἀμφιδιήριτος, πᾶλιντροπός.

Ἀπορούω, desilio, erumpo : to leap or spring forward. Ιθαῖος δ' ἀπορούσέ Ε. 20. SYN. Ἀνδρούω, εκπήδω, ἀπορύνμαι.

Απορβαίω, destruo, privo : to destroy, deprive of. Καὶ ἀπορβαίσει φίλον ἦτορ π. 428. SYN. Ραίω, ἀποσυλάω.

Απορραντήριον, ου, τὸ, lavacrum lustrale : the basin in the temple in which lustral water was kept. Ελθὼν εἰς ἀπορραντήρια Ion 434.

Απορρῆω, ρεύσθαι, effluo : to flow or drop off from. Φαρμάκων ἀπέρρεον Med. 1198. SYN. Εκρῶω, κатарρῶω, κατὰκρουρίζω, ἀποπίπτω, κατὰπίπτω, κατείδυμαι, ἀπορρῶω.

Απορρήγνυμι, ρήξω, abrumbo : to break off. Ἦκε δ' ἀπορρήξας ι. 481. SYN. Διάρρήγνυμι, ἀναρρήγνυμι, ἀποκόπτω, διάλωω.

Απορρήγνυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ineffabilis, arcanus, prohibitus : not to be told, secret, forbidden. Ὡς ἀπορρήγνυν φλόγα Iph. T. 1331. SYN. Ἀρήγτος, ἀποκρύφους, κρύφαῖος.

Απορρίγγω, exhorreo, extimesco : to shudder, to be terrified. Ἀπερρίγασιν νέεσθαι β. 52. SYN. Εκφροσέυμαι, ἀποπλήσσομαι, εκπητήσω.

Απορρίπτω, abjicio : to throw away. Οὔτοι σ' ἀπέρριψ' εἰς δόμους Choëph. 901. SYN. Ρίπτω, ἀποβάλλω, προβάλλω, εκβάλλω, ἀποκρούω, ἀπαθῶω.

Αποροιδεῶ, cum sonitu eructo : to make a loud noise. Ἀποροιδεῖ βόας Antig. 1021. SYN. Ἀπρηῶω, ἀφίημι φωνήν.

Απορρῶω, ἡς, ἡ, profluvium : a stream, a flowing from. Helen. 1603. SYN. Ἐπρῶω, βεύω, ἀπορρῶω, ἀποσταγμα.

Απορρύττω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, effluens : flowing out or from. Κρήνης τ' αἰνᾶον καὶ ἀπορρύτου Hes. Op. 595.

Απορρῶω, ὠγός, ὁ, ἡ, abruptus, præruptus : precipitous, craggy ; subst. eruptio, latex : eruption, a spring. Ἐστὶν ἀπορρῶς ι. 359. SYN. (1) Καταρρῶω, διαρρῶω, (2) αἰγῶς, ἀπορρῶω, νάμω.

Απορρᾶνίζω, orbo : to bereave of a near relation. Τὸς δ' ἀπορρᾶνισμένους Choëph. 243. SYN. Ορρᾶνίζω, ἀφαιρῶω, ἀποστερῶω.

Ἀπορως, difficulter : with difficulty. Iph. A. 55.

Ἀπὸς, ἔος, τὸ, labor, lassitudo : labor, fatigue from travelling. Ἀπὸς εκβάλλων ὁδοῦ Phoen. 865. SYN. Πόνος, καμάτος.

Ἀποσθέννυμι, σθέσω, extinguo : to extinguish. Ἀποσθέσαντες τοὺς λυχρὺς Vesp. 255. SYN. Σθέννυμι, εξαλείφω.

Ἀποστέω, excutio : to shake off. Nub. 287. SYN. Κάτωσειω, εκβάλλω, ἀπυβάλλω, εκδύω, εκκρούω, εκτίνασσω, ἀποσπῶω, ἀναιρῶω.

Ἀποσεμνύνωμαι, jacto me : to give oneself airs, to be haughty. Ran. 833. SYN. Ἀλαζονεύωμαι, μεγάλαυχεύωμαι, ὑπερφρόνῶω.

Αποσκεδάννυμι, σκεδᾶσω, Ἀποσκιδνῶμι, dis-sipo : to disperse, scatter. Ψυχὰς μὲν ἀποσκεδᾶσ' λ. 384. Ψ. 4. SYN. Σκεδάννυμι, σκεδάω, κατασκεδάννυμι, διὰδιδωμί, διασκιδνῶμι, κατὰμέριζω.

Αποσκίπτω, infigo ad firmandum id a quo pendo : to make fast. Olymp. 6. 170. SYN. Ἐπερείδωμαι.

Ἀποσκληῖμι, exaresco ; morior : to wither ; die. Ἀποσκληῖται τότε Vesp. 160. SYN. Ἀποξηραίνωμαι, οἰχῶμαι, θνήσκω.

Αποσκοπέω, ex alto despicio : to look down upon, pay attention to. Πόλιν τ' ἀποσκοποῦσ' ἐπεί Illec. 927. SYN. Ἀποθεᾶδωμαι, διασκοπέτωμαι, καθόρωω, ἐπισκέπτωμαι.

Ἀποσκυδᾶναι, irascor : to be enraged at or with. Πάμπαν ἀποσκυδᾶναι δέοισιν Ω. 65. SYN. Ἀποργίζομαι, νυμῆσαι, ἀγανακτῶω, μνηῖω, ἀπομνηῖω. Ρην. Δι' οργῆς ἔχω, δυσχεραίνω ἐπὶ τινός, κατὰ τινός.

Ἀποσκυθίζομαι, Scythico more tondeor : to be shorn in the Scythian fashion. Κρᾶτ' ἀποσκυθισμένην Troad. 1026.

Αποσकुलῶ, Ἀποσकुलᾶω, spolio : to plunder, strip off. Ὅπλιν ἀποσकुλευσέ πῶόντος Theoc. 24. 5. SYN. Συλάω, ἀποσυλάω, ἐξενάριζω.

Ἀποσδῶω, abigo ; abeo : to drive away ; to get off, to be gone. Av. 1033. SYN. Ἀπέλαυνω, ἀποσῶω, ἀναστῆλλω, ἀποδιώκω, εξορᾶω.

Ἀποσπάρασσω, lacerando avello : to tear off. Ἀποσπάρῶντες ὦμιν Bacch. 1125. SYN. Σπάρασσω, διασπάρασσω, ἀποσπᾶω.

Αποσπᾶω, ἄσω, abstraho : to tear from. Τῶν ἑμῶν ἀποσπᾶσας Iph. A. 1152. SYN. Ἀνασπᾶω, εκσπᾶω, εξορᾶω, καθέλκω, ἀφαιρῶω, εκτίλλω, ἀποχαρίζω, ἀτέρνω.

Αποσπένδω, σπείσω, libo : to pour out a libation. Εὐχέτ' ἀποσπένδων γ. 394. SYN. Σπένδω, κατασπένδω, λείβω, ἀπαρχύωμαι.

Αποσπῶδῶω, proprie, cinerem detergo ; decutio : to sweep away the ashes ; to rub off, pare. Ἀποσπῶδησαι τοὺς θυῖκας τῶν δακτύλων Aves 8. SYN. Προσπῶδῶω, ἀποκρούω, ἀναίρω, ἀφάνίζω.

Ἀποσπῶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, satus ab aliquo : sprung from. Κύπρις ἀποσπῶρος ἐστὶ Musæ. 249. SYN. Ἀπογόνυς, ἐκγόνος, ἐκγενέτης.

Αποσταδᾶ, Ἀποσταδῶν, eminus : at a distance. Ἐπέεσσιν ἀποσταδᾶ ζ. 143. SYN. Ἐκᾶς, ἀπὸπρῶθι, διασταδῶν, πόρρωθεν.

Αποστάζω, ξω, destillo : to trickle down. Φλεῖδς ἀπέσταξεν φόνου Ion 1011. SYN. Εκστάζω, ὑπυλείδωμαι, ἀποσταλάζω, λείβω.

Ἀποστάσις, ἔως, ἡ, abscessio : a departure from. Εἰς ἀπόστασιν βίου Hipp. 277. SYN. Ἀποστάσια, ἐπ'ἀνάστασις, ἀπολειψίς, ἐκλειψίς, ἀποχώρησις, ἀναχώρησις, ἀπάλλαξις, διάλυσις, ἐλάττωσις.

Ἀποστατέω, deficio, desero : to stand aloof from, desert. Agam. 1073. SYN. Ἀπολείπω, διλείπω, ἀπυχωρῶω, ἀφίσταμαι, προδίδωμι, μέθιμι.

Αποστείλω, Ἀποστείχω, abeo : to go from or away. Οἰκᾶδ' ἀποστείλῃ ψ. 279. A. 522. SYN. Ἀπέρχῶμαι, ἀποβάω, ἀπυχωρῶω, ἀναχωρῶω.

Αποστέλλω, ἔλω, amando : to send from. Δωμάτων ἀποσταλῇ Androm. 801. SYN. Ἀποπέμω, εκπέμω, μέθιστιμι.

Αποστέρω, ejicio amorem ex animo : to banish love from the heart. Κεῖ μὲν ἀποστέρηται Theoc. 14. 50. SYN. Ἀποστῆγῶω, κατὰφρόνῶω, ἀπεχθαίρω.

Αποστέρῶω, Ἀποστέρλσκω, privo : to deprive. Συζυγὸν μ' ἀποστέρει Alcest. 394. CE. C. 389. SYN. Στέρῶω, ἀπὸνοσφίζω, ἐξάπατᾶω, ἀφαιρῶω, παρὰκόπτω, παρὰκρούω, συλάω, σκυλεύω.

Αποστέρητρίς, ἰδὼς, ἡ, fraudatrix : fraudulent, deceptive, a deceiver. Γνώμην ἀποστέρητρίδα Nub. 728.

Αποστίλῶω, splendo : to shine. Ἀποστίλῶντες ἐν ὤμοις Batrom. 287. SYN. Στίλῶω, ἀποστιλῶωμαι, ἀπολάμπω, λαμπρύνωμαι, καλλύνωμαι, καλλωπίζομαι, ἀμάρυσσω, λάμπω.

Αποστειγγίζω, strigili detergeo, destringo : to scrape off from the body with an instrument used in bathing. Μηδ' ἀποστειγγισμένοις Equit. 580. SYN. Ἀποσμάω, ἀποσμήχω, ἀποξύνω.

Ἀποστέλλω, ἦς, ἡ, dimissio : a sending away, a mission. Phoen. 1058. SYN. Ἀπομπή, ἀποπεμψίς, ἀποδύσις, ἀφείσις, ἀνείσις.

Ἀποστρέφω, ψω, averto : to turn back or away. Ἀποστρέφωμαι, aversor : to dislike, hate. Πάλιν ἔδρας ἀπεστράφη Iph. T. 1166. SYN. (1) Ἀποτρέπω, ἀποχωρέω, ἀφίσταμαι, ἀπέρχομαι ; (2) ἀποπέμπωμαι, ἀποστύγω, μισέω, δυσχεραίνωμαι, ἀποτρέπωμαι.

Ἀποστρέφω, ἦς, ἡ, aversio, perfrugium : a turning away from, an escape. Αἰτίας ἀποστρέφην Hipp. 1039. SYN. Ἀποτρέφω, ἀποφύγω, ἀλυξίς, ἀναχώρησις, πᾶραλτησις.

Ἀποστρέφω, ου, ὅ, ἡ, aversus, abhorrens : turned away from, distorted, detesting. Ομῶς ἀποστρέφους Aj. 69. SYN. Διδαστρέφω, ἀποτρέφω.

Ἀποστύγω, abhorreo : to hate. Κουριδίᾳς μὲν ἀπεστύγον Apoll. I. 804. SYN. Ἀποστέρω, ἀποστρέφωμαι, q. v. μισάστωμαι.

Ἀποστύφελιξ, ξω, depello : to drive from. Αὐτὸν ἀπεστύφελιξεν Ἀπόλλων Π. 703. SYN. Ἀπέλαινω, ἀποδείω, ἀποκινέω, ἀπειργώ, ἀποκρούωμαι, κατὰβάλλω, ἐκβάλλω.

Ἀποσυνάφω, explorare more eorum qui ficos carpunt : to examine, search out. Equit. 259. See Σῶκον. SYN. Ἀποθλίβω.

Ἀποσύνω, spolio : to take away by plundering, deprive of. Κατέσυνωλεν παῖτρας C. C. 1330. SYN. Συναίω, ἀφαρπάξω, ἀναρπάξω, ἐξαίρωμαι, ἀποστέρω, ἀπώδω, ἀποκλέπτω.

Ἀποσύδωμαι, exsilio, diffugio : to hurry from, rush. Ἡμεῖς δὲ δέισαντες ἀπεσύμμεθ' ι. 236. SYN. Ἀποσέδωμαι, ἀνυρούω, ἀνᾶρηδάω, ἀπαλλάσσωμαι, ἀπερχώμαι.

Ἀποσυρίζω, ξω, sibilo : to hiss. Μάκρ' ἀποσυρίζων H. in Merc. 280. SYN. Συρίζω, συρίττω, κατὰσυρίττω, ἐπισυρίττω.

Ἀπόσυρω, avello : to tear away. Πᾶν δ' ἀπὲς σὺρὲ μὲτωπὸν Theoc. 22. 105. SYN. Ἀνασύρω, διάσύρω, ἀπερύω, ἀποτίλλω, ἀφαιρέω, ψιλώω.

Ἀποσφάζω, Ἀποσφάττω, ξω, mactō, interficio : to sacrifice, slay. Obs ἀποσφάζω λάβων Acharn. 326. SYN. Σφάττω, ἀναιρέω, τράχηλίζω, ἀποκτείνω.

Ἀποσφάλλω, subverto, a recta via abduco, fallo : to lead astray, disappoint. Ελπίδος δ' ἀποσφάλλην Iph. A. 742. SYN. Σφάλλω, πᾶράτρεπω, πλανᾶω, ἐξάπατάω.

Ἀποσφραγίζω, obsigno : to seal up. Orest. 1106. See Σφραγίζω. SYN. Σφραγίζω, κατασφραγίζω, ἐπισφραγίζομαι, ἐπισημαίνωμαι.

Ἀποσχέω, inusit. in præs. Idem quod Ἀπέχω, q. v.

Ἀποσχίζω, abscindo : to cut off, separate. Πτόρθων ἀποσχίζουσα Alcest. 173. SYN. Κατασχίζω, ἀποκόπτω, ἀπότημνω, δρύπτω, διάτμηγώ, ἀποθέρω.

Ἀποσώζω, σώσω, servo, sanitati restituo : to save, restore to health. Philoct. 1379. SYN. Διάσώζω, ἁκέδωμαι, ἰάωμαι, ἐξᾰκέδωμαι.

Ἀποτάμνω. See Ἀπότημνω.

Ἀποταυρῶμαι, taurinas iras concipio : to be furious as a bull. Med. 190. SYN. Ταυρῶμαι.

Ἀποτειχίζω, muro arceo : to wall out. Av. 1575. SYN. Ἀπειργώ, ἐπικλείω.

Ἀπότημαιρῶμαι, judico, argumentando colligo : to form a conjecture from, infer, guess. Πόρον τ' ἀπότημαιρῶντο Apoll. 4. 1538.

Ἀπότημνω, ἀπότημνω, abscindo : to cut off. Θ. 87. Eustath. ad Il. B. 87. says that in the

Iliad τάμνειν and not τέμνειν is the proper reading. SYN. see in Ἀποσχίζω.

Ἀποτῆλω, Ἀποτῆλλω, procul, longe : at a distance, far from. Apoll. 4. 1092. SYN. Ἀποτῆλῃ, τῆλῳ, τῆλῳθι, ἐκᾰς.

Ἀποτίβατος, Dor. pro Ἀπρόσβατος, ου, ὅ, ἡ, qui adiri nequit : inaccessible. Trach. 1031. SYN. Ἀβάτος, ἀπροσέλαστος.

Ἀποτίθημι, θήσω, depono, repono : to lay down, set aside. Iph. T. 377. SYN. Κατάτιθημι, καθίβω, ταμίεω.

Ἀποτίλλω, ἰλῶ, ἰλᾶ, avello : to pull or pluck from, tear off the hair. Av. 806. SYN. Κατάτιλλω, περίτιλλω, ἀποκόπτω, ἀποκνίζω.

Ἀποτιμάω, ἄτος, τὸ, id quod avulsum est : a stripping, rending or tearing off. Theoc. 15. 19. SYN. Ἀπόσπασμα, ἀποκομᾶ, ἀγμᾶ.

Ἀποτιμάω, non honoro : not to honor. Οὐδ' ἀποτιμήσω H. in Merc. 35. SYN. Ἀτιμάω, ἀτίζω, ἀτιμάζω.

Ἀποτιμάω, ου, ὅ, ἡ, inhonoratus : unhonored. C. R. 215. See above. SYN. Ἀτιμάω.

Ἀποτινάσσω, ξω, excutio : to shake off, cast away. Οὐκ ἀποτινάξεις κισσὸν Bacch. 253. SYN. Ἀπόδεω, ἀποβάλλω, ἐκτινάσσω, ἀναρρίπτω.

Ἀποτινύμαι, solvi mihi debitum curo, exigo : to exact from, demand one's due. Πόλεων δ' ἀπετινύτο ποιήν Π. 398. SYN. Ἀποτίδωμαι, τιμωρέωμαι, ποινᾶ, κολάζω, μετέρχωμαι.

Ἀποτινύμι, Ἀποτίνω, Ἀποτίω, solvo seu reddo debitum : to repay. Πόλλ' ἀποτίνεω β. 132. 1352. "Τίνω, φθάνω, and φθλῶν with their compounds, have the penult. long in Ionic, and short in Attic Greek." Maltb. SYN. Εκτινύμι, ἐκτίνω, ἀποδίδωμι, ἀντᾰποδίδωμι, ἀντᾰμείβωμαι, ἀντᾰλλάσσωμαι, ἀπόδω, ἐκλῶ.

Ἀποτμήγω, ξω, poet. pro ἀπότημνω, abscindo : to cut off, sever. Λαμῶν ἀποτμήξει σιδήρῳ Σ. 34. SYN. Ἀποκόπτω, ἀποσχίζω, q. v. ἀπάμω, χωρίζω.

Ἀποτμήξω, ἡγός, ὅ, ἡ, abruptus, præceps : rugged, craggy, steep. Κυρτὸν ἀποτμήγι σκούτῃ Apoll. 2. 583. SYN. Ἀπότημός, ἀπορρώξ, κατάρρώξ.

Ἀπότημός, ου, ὅ, ἡ, miser : unhappy. Οἷδ' ἀπότημον Ω. 388. SYN. Κάκοπότημός, ἀθλῖός, δυσδαίμων, κακότηχης, δειλαῖός, ἀτιχῆς, δυσότηχης, δυσότημός.

Ἀπότημός, ου, ὅ, ἡ, abscissus, præruptus, asper : broken off, rough, harsh ; and ἡ, fastigium abruptum : a crag. Alcest. 1003. C. R. 876.

Ἀπότης, ου, ὅ, ἡ, qui sine potu vivit : who lives without drinking. Aj. 324.

Ἀποτρέπω, averto : to turn away. Μάκᾰρων τίς ἀποτρέπει Apoll. I. 681. SYN. Ἀποστρέφω, ἀποτρυνάω, ἐκκλίνω, ἀπκλίνω, ἀπαγῶμαι.

Ἀποτρέχω, δράμωμαι, currendo abeo : to run away. Διέβαλέ μ' ὦ γρᾰὺς ἀποτρέχ' ὡς τᾰχιστᾰ συ Thesm. 1214. SYN. Ἀντρέχω, ἀναχωρέω.

Ἀποτρίβω, ψω, detero : to wear away. Πλευραί ἀποτρίψουσιν ρ. 232. SYN. Κατᾰτρίβω, πᾰτρατρίβω, ἀποτρίνω, ἀποξέω.

Ἀποτρώπαις, ου, ὅ, ἡ, depulsor malorum, averuncus : an averter of evils, protector. Ἄπολλων ἀποτρώπαιε καὶ θεοὶ φίλοι Plut. 854.

Ἀποτρώπη, Ἀποτρώπια, as, poet. ἡ, depulsio : a driving away, escape from. Helen. 359. Apoll. 4. 1504. SYN. Εκτρέπη, ἀποστρέφω, ἀπολείψω.

Ἀποτρώπῳ, ου, ὅ, ἡ, (1) aversus, semotus : turned from, removed ; (2) averuncus : avert-

ing. Βωμῷ παρέστην ἀποτροποῖσι δαίμοσι Pers. 208. SYN. (1) Ἀποφθόρος, παρὰ τρώπος, ἀνεκτός, φευκτός, (2) ἀποτρόπαιος, ἀλεξικάκος, ἀλεξιμῶρος, ἀλεξητήρ, ἀποπομπαῖος.

Ἀποτρύνω, ὕσω, (1) detero, defatigo: to wear away, fatigue; (2) abjicio: to cast away. Trach. 126. See Τρύνω. SYN. (1) Τρύχω, κατὰ τρύχω, διὰ τρύχω, ἀποκάμνω, κοτῖα, κατὰ πόνεω, κατὰ δαπάναν, (2) ἀποβάλλω, ἀποδοκιμάζω.

Ἀποτρώγω, τρώζωμαι, avello morsu: to tear off with the teeth, devour. Εἰτ' ἀποτρώγει Ran. 365. SYN. Τρώγω, κατὰ τρώγω, κατεσθίω, ἀποφάγω, κατὰ φάγω, κατὰ βρώσκω, ἀποβρώσκω, ἀποκνίω, ἀποκείρω.

Ἀποτρωπάω, poet. Ion. pro ἀποτρέπω, avertō: to turn away. Δηρὸν ἀποτρωπάσθῃ φ. 112. SYN. Ἀποτρέπω, q. v.

Ἀποτρυγᾶν, τεύξωμαι, aberro ex voto, non succedo: to miss, to be disappointed. Ἀποτρυγᾶναι ἔρῳ τῃ Anacr. SYN. Εξἄμαρτάνω, ἀφἄμαρτάνω, διαψευδῶμαι, σφαλῶμαι, ἀποσφάλωμαι, παρέκτρεπῶμαι, ἀποβάλλω.

Ἀπουρίζω, pro ἀφορίζω, q. v. X. 489.

Ἀπουρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, longe a terminis: far removed from the frontiers. CE. R. 194.

Ἄπους, ὄδς, ὁ, ἡ, pedibus carens: not having a leg or legs, having lost the use of legs, lame. Philoct. 632. SYN. Χωλός.

Ἀπουσία, ας, ἡ, (1) absentia: absence; (2) detrimentum: want, damage. Ἀπουσία μὲν εἰπᾶς Agam. 924. SYN. Ζημία, βλάβη.

Ἀποφάγω, comedo: to devour. Equit. 497. See Φάγω. SYN. see Ἀποτρώγω.

Ἀποφαίνω, ostendo, probō: to show, exhibit, prove. Pers. 865. SYN. Ἀναφαίνω, εκφαίνω, εκφανίζω, ἀπαγγέλλω, ἀποσημαίνω, δείκνυμι, ἐξελέγχομαι, κατὰ μνηνύω.

Ἀποφέρω, οἶσω, aufero, refero: to carry off, bring back, deliver. K. 337. SYN. Ἀφαιρέω, ἀπάγω, ἀποκίμνυμαι, εκφέρω, κατὰ φέρω.

Ἀποφεύγω, ξίμαι, effugio: to escape. Vesp. 579. SYN. Εκφεύγω, διαφεύγω, διεκφεύγω, ἀναχάζομαι, ἐξάλλωμαι, ἐξάλλω, εκδιδράσκω, ἐξέρχομαι, ἀπολλύομαι.

Ἀποφευξίς, ἑως, ἡ, Ἀποφυξίς, ἑως, ἡ, effugium; solutio: escape, acquittal. Vesp. 562. SYN. Ἀποφύγη, ἀλυξίς.

Ἀποφημί, φήσω, (1) profiteor: to declare; (2) nego, contra dico: to deny, contradict. H. 362. SYN. (1) Ἀπολέγω, ἀποστυμᾶνίζω, ἀποφάσκω, (2) ἀπειπα, ἀντὶ λέγω, ἀποφθεγγόμεναι.

Ἀποφθεγκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indignus quem alloquamur: who ought not to be spoken to. Iph. T. 951. SYN. Ἀπρόσφθεγκτός, ἀνάξιος, ἀποτρόπος.

Ἀποφθείρω, ἔρω, Ἀποφθίνω, perdo: to destroy, ruin. Οὐτ' αἰτοῦ γένεθ' ἀποφθείρας πάλιν Choëph. 252. See also π. 539. SYN. Δίαφθείρω, ἀπόλλυμι, κάτακτεινω.

Ἀποφθίω, ἀποφθίω, ἴσω, intereo: to perish. Καποφθίνει τὰ χρηστὰ χά δειλὸς κράτει Philoct. 457. ε. 110. See remark at Ἀποτίνω. SYN. Φθίνω, διαφθείρομαι, ἀπόλλυμαι, ἀποφθείρομαι, ἀποθνήσκω.

Ἀποφθόρα, ας, ἡ, exitium: destruction. Σπέρματός τ' ἀποφθόρα Eumen. 187. SYN. Φθόρα. Ἀπ' φλαυρίζω, flocci facio: to disparage. Pyth. 3. 23. SYN. Φλαυρίζω, φανίζω, ἀποφανίζω, εκφανίζω, ευτέλλω, ἐξευτέλλω.

Ἀποφλύξω, efflo, ebullio: to shoot or burst forth. Ἐγερὶν ἀποφλύξωσιν Apoll. 3. 584.

Ἀποφθόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, with φθόνος, &c., abominandus: unnatural, horrible. Orest. 189.

Ἀποφράγγνυμι, communio velut septo: to hedge round, fence about. Καποφράγγνυσαι κύκλω Antig. 247. SYN. Ἀποφράσσω.

Ἀποφυσᾶω, ἡσω, efflo: to blow, breathe out. Κάπειτ' ἀνέλων μ' ἀποφυσήσας Vesp. 330. SYN. Εκφυσᾶω, εκπνέω, ἀναπτύω.

Ἀποφώλιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) vanus, irritus: trifling, vain; (2) monstrosus: strange, wonderful; (3) inductus: ignorant. Ἀποφωλιόι ευναι λ. 248. SYN. (1) Μᾶταιος, ἀνέμωλός, (2) ξένος, τεράστιος, (3) ἀπειρός, ἀπαίδευτος.

Ἀποχάζομαι, secedo, recedo: to retire, depart from. Ἀλλ' ἀποχάζεθ' βόθρου λ. 94. SYN. Ἀνᾶχωρᾶω, ἀνέρχομαι, ἀπέρχομαι.

Ἀποχάλα, ἄσω, relaxo, resolvo: to let loose. Ἀλλ' ἀπᾶλα τὴν φροντίδ' ἐς τὸν αἶρα Nub. 762. SYN. Ἀνίμῃ, ἀπάμνω, ἀνάλω.

Ἀποχειρῶω, ὥσω, ex manu aliena capio: to snatch away. Ἀποχειρόμαι, destitutor: to be deserted by. Pax 1013. SYN. (2) Χειρῶμαι, ἀποτρυγᾶν, ἀποστερέωμαι.

Ἀποχειρῶτόννεω, suffragio meo improbo: to vote against. Pax 666. SYN. Ἀποψηφίζομαι, διαλύω.

Ἀποχέω, Ἀποχεύω, εὔσω, effundo: to pour out, cast away. χ. 20. Ion 146. SYN. Εκχέω, ἀποχέω, εκβλύζω.

Ἀποχρᾶω, sufficio: to supply, to be sufficient. ἔμοι μὲν ἀποχρη ταῦτ' ἀ κα ψηφίζομαι Aves 1602. SYN. Εξαρκέω, ἐπαρκέω.

Ἀποχωρέω, abscedo: to go from, retire. Aves 1646. SYN. Ἀπέρχομαι, ἀπειμῖ, ἀνέρχομαι, ἐξέρχομαι, ἀπαλλάσσομαι.

Ἀποψᾶω, ἡσω, abstergo: to wipe off, wipe, rub. Ἀφρόν τ' ἀπέψα Iph. T. 312. SYN. Ἀπομάσσω, κατὰ μάσσω, ἀπὸ νίπτω, ἀπομόργνυμι.

Ἀποψιλῶω, denudo: to strip bare. Ταῦτ' ἀποψιλῶσμεν Thesm. 538. See Blomf. ad Choëph. 683. SYN. Ἀποτίλλω, ἀποθέρνιζω, ἀπογυμνῶω, ἀφαιρέω.

Ἀποψύχω, ξω, expiro, frige facio, refrigero, exsiccō: to breathe out, expire, cool, drain out, dry. Ἰδρῶ ἀποψυχθεῖς φ. 561. SYN. Ἀποθνήσκω, ψύχω, ἀποξηραίνω, ἀναινύομαι.

Ἀποψωλέω, præputium detraho: to circumcise. Ἐπεσθ' ἀποψωλημῖνοι Plut. 295.

Ἀπραγμῶσυνη, ης, ἡ, vacatio a negotio; negligentia: freedom from business; negligence. Nub. 1005. SYN. Ἀπραξία, σχῶλη, ἀνεοῖς, ἀμελεῖα, κατὰ φρόνησιν.

Ἀπραγμαν, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, (1) negotiis vacuus: taking no trouble, quiet; (2) incuriosus: careless. Πλάνάμεθα (ητοῦντες τὸ πᾶν ἀπραγμῶνα Aves. 44. SYN. (1) Ἀπὸνός, ἀργός, ἡσύχος, (2) ἀμελής, ἀφρόντιστος.

Ἀπρακτός, Ion. Ἀπρηκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infectus, irritus; intentatus: not done, ineffectual, unsuccessful; unattempted. Ἀπρηκτόν γ' ἐνέσθαι Ξ. 221. SYN. Ἀνήνυτός, ἀδυνάτος, ἀτέλεστος, ματαῖος.

Ἀπραξία, ας, ἡ, cessatio a rebus agendis: a cessation from business. Ἀπραξία λέγω Orest. 420. SYN. see Ἀπραγμῶσυνη.

Ἀπρέπης, ἑός, ὁ, ἡ, indecorus: unbecoming, improper. Φθνυρόν τὸ καὶ ἀπρέπης Theoc. 5. 40. SYN. Ἀποικῶς, ἀπείκῶς, ἀεικέλιος, αίσχρῶς.

Ἀπρίατος, ης, ὄν, inemptus: unpurchased. Ἀπρί-

ἄτην ἀναποιὸν Α. 99. Απρίατην is used adverbially, §. 316. SYN. Ἀμισθός, ἀπομισθός, ἐκμισθός.

Ἀπριγδόπληκτος, ου, ό, ή, indesinenter percussus, vel percussions: incessantly struck, or striking. Ἀπριγδόπληκτᾶ πόλυπλᾶντᾶ δ' ἦν ἰδεῖν Choëph. 419.

Ἀπριγδᾶ, tenaciter: clinging to tightly. Pers. 1064. See above.

Ἀπρίξ, arcte: firmly, closely. Κύμην ἀπρίξ οὐνοῖ Αj. 310.

Ἀπρόβούλως, improvide: inconsiderately. Choëph. 610.

Ἀπρόξενός, ου, ό, ή, non habens πρόξενόν: not received or entertained. Gallicè, sans l'hôte public. For Πρόξενός denotes a person who is entitled to be hospitably entertained by a foreign state. Ἀπρόξενοί τῷ νόσφιν Æsch. Sup. 247. SYN. Αλλοδαπός.

Ἀπρόοπτός, ου, ό, ή, improvisus: unlooked for. Ὡς Ζεὺς ὑμᾶς εἰς ἀπρόοπτον P. V. 1111. SYN. Ἀσκόπτος.

Ἀπρόδεκτός, ου, ό, ή, inhospitalis: inhospitable. Æsch. Sup. 797. SYN. Ἀδελός.

Ἀπρόσδοκητός, ου, ό, ή, inexpectatus: unexpected, sudden. Lysistr. 352. SYN. Εξᾶπναιός, ἀδόκητός, ἀπρόοπτός, ἀδεύκῃς.

Ἀπρόσηγός, ου, ό, ή, non affabilis: difficult to be spoken with, morose. Trach. 1095. SYN. Ἀπρόσοιστός, ἀπρόσμιλός.

Ἀπρόσικτός, ου, ό, ή, inaccessus, non adsequendus: not to be approached, unattainable. Nem. 11. 63. SYN. Ἀπροσπelaστός, δυσπρόσδός, ἀβάτος, ἀμῃχάνος.

Ἀπρόμαχός, ου, ό, ή, inexpugnabilis: unconquerable, invincible. Ἀπρόμαχον τέρας Trach. 1100. SYN. Ἀμάχός, ἀήττητός, ἀνίκητός.

Ἀπρόσοιστός, ου, ό, ή, qui sustineri haud potest: intolerable. Pers. 94. SYN. Ἄτλητός, δόσφορός.

Ἀπρόσμιλός, ου, ό, ή, abhorrens a familiaritate consuetudinis: difficult of access. (See Ἀπρόσηγός.) E. C. 1236. See Ὀμιλός.

Ἀπρόσφορός, ου, ό, ή, incommodus: inconvenient, not suiting. Ναυβάταις ἀπρόσφορους Iph. A. 287. SYN. Ἀνεπίτῃδεός, ἀπρόσικτός, βλάξερός.

Ἀπρότίμαστος, ου, ό, ή, intactus, incontaminatus: untouched, unpolluted. ΑΛΛ' ἐμὲν ἀπρότίμαστος T. 263. SYN. Ἀνυέριστός, ἀλώσητός, αἰμάντος.

Ἀπρόφασιστός, ου, ό, ή, non prætextibus utens: not using subterfuges. Bacch. 1000. See Πρόφασίζουαι. Sed lectio est vexata.

Ἀπρόφάτος, ου, ό, ή, ex improvise accidens: unexpected. Apoll. 2. 269. See below. SYN. Ἀπροσδοκητός, ἀδόκητός, ἀπαράιτητός.

Ἀπρόφᾶτος, ex improvise: suddenly, unexpectedly. Καὶ σφίσιν ἀπρόφᾶτος Apoll. 2. 580. SYN. Αιφνιδίως, ἐξαπίνης, ἐξαφίνης, ἀπρόδράτως, ἀπρόδπως.

Ἀπτρέός, ου, ό, ή, non alatus: not having wings, not adapted to flying. Iph. T. 1096.

Απτήν, ἡνός, ό, ή, implumis: unfledged. I. 323.

Ἀπτόεπῃς, εὖς, ό, ή, in dicendo intrepidus: bold in speaking. Ἥρη ἀπτόεπῃς Θ. 209. SYN. Θράσους, ὑέριστός, λοιδορός, δύσφημός, θρασύλογός, κἀκόλογός.

Ἀπτόλέμους, ου, ό, ή, poet. pro ἀπύλεμους, im-

bellis: unwarlike. Απτόλέμον καὶ ἀνδλκίδᾶ I. 35. SYN. Ἀπύλεμός, ἀναλκίς, δειλός, δηλύφρων.

Ἄπτω, (1) necto: to fasten; (2) accendo: to set on fire; (3) med. tango, hæreo: to touch. Hipp. 1030. SYN. (1) Πλέω, περίαπτω, (2) αἶθα, κατάιθα, ἀνάκαίω, (3) ἀφάπτωμαι, συνάπτωμαι, ἐχθόμαι, ἐφάπτωμαι, ἐπilaμβάνω, δίγω, διγγᾶνω, ψάω, ἐπιψάω, προσψάω.

Ἀπτώς, ᾠτός, ό, ή, stabilis: not liable to fall, steady. Olymp. 9. 138. SYN. Βέβαιός.

Ἀπύλωτός, ου, ό, ή, (1) quod obstrui nequit, patens: which cannot be stopped, open; (2) effrenus: unrestrained. Ἐχοντ' ἀχάλινον ἀκράτες ἀπύλωτον στόμα Ran. 839. SYN. (2) Ἀδόλεσχος, ἀθύρστόμους, ἀθύρόγλωττός.

Ἀπύργατός, ου, ό, ή, turre non habens: undefended by towers. λ. 263. SYN. Ἀφρούρητός.

Ἀπύρός, Ἀπύρωτός, ου, ό, ή, ignis experts, ignem non expetitus: exempt from fire, never having been exposed to fire. Τῷ τρίτῳ ἀπύρον κατέθηκε Ψ. 267. 270.

Ἄπυστός, ου, ό, ή, fando inauditus; inscius: unheard of; unacquainted with. Χρῶν ἦεν ἄπυστος. SYN. Ἀνήκουστός, ἀνήκούς, ἀπειυθής, ἀδοξός.

Ἀπῶ, ὥσω, Dor. pro ηπῶ, sono, dico: to utter, cry aloud, speak. Orest. 1251. SYN. Ηχέω, προσκἀλέω, κραυγάζω, λέγω, φάσκα, κηρύσσω, ἐπικηρύσσω.

Ἀφῶς, ὕς, ό, Dor. pro πάτηρ, pater: a father. Οὐ λέγῶ ἀφῶν Theoc. 15. 13. SYN. Πάτηρ, γονεύς.

Ἀπωδός, οὔ, ό, ή, absonus, dissonus: out of tune, inharmonious. Cycl. 487.

Ἄπωθεν, i. q. ἀπὸθεν, procul, eminus: far from, at a distance. Κἂν ἀπωθεν ἦ Iph. A. 983. SYN. Ἐκᾶς, ἀπὸπρόθεν, πόρρωθεν.

Ἀπωθέω, ὥσω, ωθήσω, detrudo, to drive back, to reject. Heracl. 47. SYN. Εξᾶθεω, εκβάλλω, ἀποβάλλω, ἀπῆλαινω, ἀπορίπτω, ἀπὸκρούω, ἀπὸσδέω.

Ἀπώμωτός, ου, ό, ή, (1) abjurandus, lege interdicendus: to be abjured, sworn against, declined under the sanction of an oath; (2) abjurans: abjuring, forswearing. Antig. 388. 394. SYN. Ἀπεικτός.

Ἀπωστῆός, repellendus: must be rejected or refused. Ἀνδρός οὐκ ἀπωστῆον Herc. F. 294.

Ἀπωστός, ή, ὢν, expulsus: expelled. Τέλος δ' ἀπωστός γῆς Αj. 1019. SYN. Ἀπὸτρώπος.

Ἀπωτέρω, remotius: at a greater distance off. Nub. 771.

Ἄρ, poet. pro ἄρᾳ, utique, tandem, igitur: in fact, then, therefore, also; et ἄρᾳ, interrog. igiturne? utrum? num? an? Μῆτ' ἄρ τις νῦν κτήμει' H. 400. Ὡ φίλτατ' ἄρᾳ κᾶμ' Hec. 509. SYN. (1) Ἄρᾳ γέ, δῆ, γοῦν, δῆτᾶ, ῥᾶ, (2) Ἄρ' οὖν, ἄρᾳ μὴ, μῶν.

Ἀρά, ἄς, ή, (1) preces: a prayer good or bad; (2) diræ: a curse; (3) infortunium, noxa: a dreadful misfortune. Ἀράς ἀράται πασίν Phœn. 65. The first syllable of ἄρᾳ seems to be always long in Homer in the arsis; in the thesis it is frequently short. SYN. (1) Ευχή, (2) κἀπᾶρα, ἐπᾶρα, κἀτευγμᾶ, ἀνᾰθέμᾶ, βδελυγμᾶ, (3) ἀτή, βλάβη, λοιγός. Ep. (2) Δύσφημός, κρύερα, δεινὴ, τάλανα, δύστηνος, σάφῃς, πατράδος, πόλυστώνος, πικρόγλωσσός.

Ἀράξω, fragorem edo: to rattle, clash. Πέσων ἀράσῃσ' δὲ Δ. 504. SYN. Ηχέω, κρύττω, ψύφω.

Ἀράβια, as, ή, Arabia. Ἀράβιας τ' ἀρείων ἀνὸς

P. V. 428., when Ἀράβιας answers to Κολχίδος in the strophe.

Ἀράβος, οὐ, δ, strepitus, stridor dentium: a crash, gnashing of the teeth. Βαμβαίνων Ἀράβος δὲ κ. 375. Ἀράβος, a P. N. occurs Pers. 323. SYN. Βρυγμός, βοῖζος, βοῖδεός, ἡχός.

Ἀραγμός, οὐ, δ, Ἀραγμαῖ, ἄτος, τὸ, pulsatio, collisio, strepitus: a knocking, collision, blow, pelting, crash. Στέρνων ἀραγμούς Ε. C. 1609. Cycl. 204. SYN. Ἀράβος, κἀνάχη, κτύπος, δόρυεός, κινᾶσις, πᾶτάγνμα, πᾶτάγος, ψόφος, πληγή.

Ἀραῖος, α, ον, diris devotus: accursed. Εἰθ' ἦν ἀραίον δαῖμον Hipp. 1413. SYN. Ἀπεικτός, ὑποκείμενός ἄρᾳ.

Ἀραιός, ἄ, ον, (1) tenuis, rarus: slight, unfrequent; (2) imbecillis: feeble. Δάφοντες γλώσσησιν ἀραιήσιν Π. 161. SYN. (1) Σπᾶνός, κᾶτάδεῖς, λεπτός, ἄμυδρός, ισχνός, ἀφέλης, ψιλός, λεπτάλεις, (3) ἀσθενής, ἀσκληχρός, ἀδρανής.

Ἀράξης, ον, Ἔολ. ἔω, δ, Araxes: the name of several rivers. Πῶτάμου κέλαδοντος Ἀράξεω Apoll. 4. 133. Ερ. Κελάδων, Ἀρμένιος, Σικυθικός.

Ἀράῳμαι, (1) precor: to pray; (2) imprecor: to imprecate. Στυγερὰς ἀρήσ' Ἐρινός β. 135. See remark on Ἀρά. SYN. (1) Εὐχόμαι, δέομαι, κᾶτάδεομαι, ἀντίδωλ' ἔω, ἱκέτεω, (2) κᾶτάρῳμαι, ἐπαράῳμαι, κᾶτενχόμαι.

Ἀράρισκω, i. q. ἄρω, apto: to fit to or on, adapt. Ἑὸς ἀράρισκ' ἐπιδία ξ. 23. SYN. see ἄρω.

Ἀράσσω, ξω, pulso: to strike against, beat. Βάλλων ἀράσσων Hec. 1157. SYN. Κρούω, προσκρούω, παίω, πᾶτάσσω, κόπτω, τύπτω, δέινω, βάλλω, πλήσσω, κολάπτω.

Αρατός, ἡ, ον, execrandus: accursed. Antig. 973. See Κᾶτάρατος. SYN. Κᾶτάρατος, ἀπεικτός, ἀραιός.

Ἀρατός, ον, δ, Aratus: a Greek poet of Cilicia, about 270 years B. C. Επὶ πρῶθ' οὐροσίν Ἄρατε Theoc. 7. 122.

Ἀράχνης, Ἀράχνης, οὐ, δ, (2) Ἀράχνη, ἡς, ἡ, (1) araneus, aranea, a spider; (2) araneæ tela vel textum: a spider's web, cobweb. Æsch. Sp. 888. Agam. 1494. See Ἀράχνην. Ερ. Σόφος, δολίος, Βαθύλῳνιός.

Ἀράχναῖος, α, ον, Arachnæus: Arachnæan, or of Ἀράχνη, a promontory in Argolis. Ἀράχναῖον αἰπὸς αὐτῷ γειτόνας σκόπας Agam. 300.

Ἀράχνην, ον, τὸ, araneæ tela: a spider's web, cobweb. Hüt' ἀράχνην λεπτὰ Θ. 280.

Ἀρβύλη, ἡς, Ἀρβυλῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, genus calceamenti cavi et profundi: a kind of boot. Αὐταῖσιν ἀρβυλαῖσιν Hipp. 1184. Theoc. 7. 26. SYN. Κρηπῖς, ἐμῆς, ὑπόδημα, ἀρπῖς.

Ἀργαδεῖς, ἔων, δ, tribus inter Athenienses: one of the ten tribes among the Athenians. Ὀπλητὲς Ἀργαδεῖς τ' ἔμῃς τ' ἀπ' Ἀγίδος Ion 1580.

Ἀργάλεος, α, ον, molestus: troublesome, difficult. Ἀργαλέος γὰρ Ὀλύμπιος A. 589. SYN. Χάλεπός, δεινός, σκληρός, δύσκολός, δύσᾱρεστός, δυσχερής, πικρός, λυγρός, λευγάλεός, λυπηρός, ἀμείλιχός, στυφελός.

Αργαῖδης, ον, δ, filius Argææ: the son of Argææ. Καὶ Αργαῖδην Πύλῳ μηλον Π. 417.

Αργαῖος, εἰα, εἶον, Argivus: Argive, (2) Grecian. Orest. 119. In plur. Αργεῖοι. Ερ. Ἀρηθῖος, ἐρίθμιοι, ἰώωριοι, κράτερ' οὐρόν' ἔς, μὲν' ἡχάρμαι, μὲν' ἐπ' ὅλ' ἔμιοι, ἐνκαρδίοι.

Αργεῖφοντης, ον, δ, oecisor Argûs, epith. Mercurii: a name of Mercury. κ. 302.

Αργεῖλοι, ον, οἱ, extremæ et inutiles rei partes: the refuse. Vesp. 670.

Αργεννός, ἡ, ον, Αργῆς, ἡτός et ἔτος, albus: white. Iph. A. 574. Θ. 133. Φ. 127. SYN. Αργινεύς, ἀργυφός, ἀργυφέος, ἀργέστης, λευκός, λαμπρός, ὀφθαλμός.

Αργέστης, ον, δ, ἡ, (1) albus: white, fair; (2) celer: rapid. Φ. 334. SYN. (1) Αργεννός, ἀργέστης, (2) δῶδός, τάχυσ, ὤκως.

Ἀργῆς, ον, δ, Arges: one of the Cyclops. Theog. 140. Αργῆς. See in Αργεννός.

Αργηστής, οὐ, δ, ἡ, albus: white. Eumen. 181.

Αργία, ας, ἡ, otium: freedom from work, indolence. See Ἀεργία. Ἡς ἔχουσιν ἀργίας Med. 298. SYN. Παυμία, ἀπραγμοσύνη, ἀδρανεία, ὀκνός, ὀκνηρία.

Αργικέρανός, ον, δ, ἡ, albicans seu velox fulmen mittens: hurling a white or rapid thunderbolt. Ζεὺ πάτερ ἀργικέραυν' T. 121.

Αργινεύς, εσσα, ἔν, albus, splendidus: bright, splendid. Αργινεύς ἐντὰ Λύκαστον B. 647.

Αργιδούς, ὀδοντός, δ, ἡ, albos dentes habens: having white teeth. Ἐὼν ἐνέκ' ἀργιδόντων ξ. 416.

Αργίπους, ὀδός, δ, ἡ, celer; albis pedibus: fleet-footed; having white feet. Αργίπους Κυνός Ω. 211. SYN. Αργός, ἀργέστης, τάχypous, ἀελλόπους, ἀερίπους, ὠκύπους, τάχyδρόμος.

Ἀργυά, ἄτος, τὸ, primitiæ: the first fruits offered to the gods. ξ. 446. SYN. Ἀκρόθινιά, ἀπαρχή, ἀπαργμᾶ.

Αργολῖς, ἰδὸς, Argolicus: of Argos. Here. F. 1016.

Ἀργός, ἔος, τὸ, et gen. antiq. Αργόθεν, Argos: the principal city in Argolis. B. 559. Ερ. Ἀχαικόν, ἱπποδρότον, κλυτόν, Πέλασγικόν, πόλιν διφύον, διφύον, ἱερὸν, ἱππῖον, κοῖλον, πάλαιον, πόλυπυρον.

Ἀργός, ον, δ, Argus: the name of a hound, belonging to Ulysses. ρ. 326.

Αργός, ἡ, ον, et ον, δ, ἡ, (1) strenuus, velox: active, swift; (2) albus: white; (3) iners: inactive. Philoct. 98. SYN. (1) Αργίπους, τάχyς, (2) αργεννός, ἀργέστης, (3) ἀεργός, βᾶθυμός, ἀπαργμῶν, ὀκνηρός, ἀδρανής.

Αργυράμοιβός, οὐ, δ, argentarius: a money-changer. Ἐτήτυμόν ἀργυράμοιβός Theoc. 12. 37. SYN. Κολυβιστής, τραπεζίτης, χρυσάμοιβός.

Αργυρέος, ἔα, εἶον, contr. οὐς, ἄ, οὐν, argenteus: made of silver, silvery. Αργυρεὸν ποίησᾶν Hes. Op. 127.

Αργυρήλατός, ον, δ, ἡ, ex argento factus: made of silver. Μόχθος ἀργυρήλατος Ion 1181.

Αργυρίδιον, ον, τὸ, pecunia minuta: a paltry sum of money. Ἐγώ γ' εἰ τοι διὰ μικρὸν ἀργυρίδιον Plut. 147.

Αργυρίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, argentea phiala: a silver cup. Ἀμφ' ἀργυρίδεσσι Olymp. 9. 136.

Αργυροδίνης, ον, δ, ἡ, argenteos seu limpidos habens vortices: flowing in torrents like silver, silvery, clear. Συμμισγέται ἀργυροδίνῃ B. 753. SYN. Λαμπρός.

Αργυροειδής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, argenti speciem habens, argenteus: like silver, silvery. Δίνας ἀργυροειδής Iph. A. 752. SYN. Αργυροφειγής.

Αργυροήλός, ον, δ, ἡ, argenteis clavis distinctus: studded with silver. Φασγάνου ἀργυροήλου Ξ. 405.

Αργυρόλλυτός, ον, δ, ἡ, qui pecuniam colligit:

raising or collecting money. Equit. 1068. See above.

Αργυροπόδες, ἡ, argenteis pedibus praeditus: silver-footed. Θέτιν αργυροπόδας Π. 574.

Αργυρορρύτης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, argentifluus: silver-flowing. Herc. F. 386. See Χρυσόρρυτος. SYN. Αργυρόδινος, λαμπρός.

Αργυρός, οὐ, ὁ, argentum; pecunia: silver; money. Πλήμναι δ' αργυροῦ εἰσι Ε. 726. SYN. Αργυρίων. Ε. Αιγλήεις, ἡρώεις, καλῆτος.

Αργυροστής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, furax; spoliatus: depriving of money; deprived of money. Ξένων ἀπαίδηνμα καργυροστήῃ Choëph. 989. SYN. Ακτέαυός, ἀνολέος.

Αργυροτοίχος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, parietes argento ornatos habens: having walls decorated with silver. Agam. 1546. See below.

Αργυροτόξος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, argenteum arcum gerens: having a silver bow. Κλυθί μεν Αργυροτόξ' Α. 37.

Αργυρώνητος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, argento emtus, v. gr. servus: purchased with money, a slave. Αργυρώνητους θ' ὑφάς Agam. 922.

Αργυφός, α, ὄν, Αργυφός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, albam habens texturam: of white texture, white, brilliant. Αργυφὸν φάρος ε. 230. κ. 85. SYN. Αργεννός, λευκός, λαμπρός.

Αργώ, ὄδς, οὐς, ἡ, Argo: the name of the ship in which Jason sailed in quest of the golden fleece. Apoll. 1. 4. Ε. Ἰησύνις, Πηλιάς, εὐδαλός, εὐπλόος, ποντοπόρος, γλαφυρὰ, κοίλη, καλὸν, λιπρωρός, διό. ΠΗ. Πασῶν πρόφεροστάτη νηὺς.

Αργός, η, ὄν, Argous: belonging to the ship Argo, of Argo. Med. 477.

Αρδεύω, ἄρδω, ἄρσω, irrigo, ad aqua: to water, moisten. P. V. 877. Theoc. 15. 30. Pers. 806. SYN. Ἐπαρδεύω, διαίναω, βρέχω, ὑπόσρῃχω, κατὰσρῃχω, ὀχετήγηω, ὀχετεύω, ραίνω, πύτιζω.

Ἄρδην, Ἄερδην, alte, funditus, omnino: high, entirely. Hec. 875.

Αρδύς, οὐ, ὁ, irrigatio: irrigation, a watering-place. ν. 247. SYN. Διᾶσρῃχῃ, πότισμός.

Ἄρδω. See Αρδεύω.

Ἀρέθουσα, ἡ, Arethusa: the name of a fountain in Ithaca, (ν. 408.) in Smyrna, and at Syracuse; the last is the most celebrated. Χαῖρ' Ἀρεθούσα Theoc. 1. 117. Ε. Εὐειδής, καλλή, εὐρβόος, Σῆρακοςίη.

Ἀρεία, ἡς, ἡ, minae: a threat. Πολλὰ δ' ἄρειῃ P. 431. SYN. et Ε. see Ἀπειλή.

Ἀρείος, Ἀρήιος, α, ὄν, Martius, bellicosus: of or belonging to Mars, warlike. Πάγοισιν ἐν Ἀρείοισιν εὐσεβειστάτην Orest. 1667.

Ἀρείφάτος, Ion. Αρηφάτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, in bello interfectus; bellicus: slain in war; belonging to war. Εκ κῶπων ἀρείφάτων Rhcs. 124. T. 31.

Ἀρείων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, potior, fortior: better, braver. Αμφότεροισιν ἀρείων T. 56.

Ἀρείων, ὄνός, Ἀρίων, ὁ, Arion: Μῆτοπισθὲν Ἀρείονά διδον F. 346.

Ἄρεκτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, poët. pro Ἀρρεκτός, infectus: not performed. Μεγά ἐργὸν ἀρεκτον T. 150. SYN. Ἄπρακτος, ἀποίητος.

Ἀρεσκόντως, grate: satisfactorily. Πρᾶγμ' ἀρεσκόντως ἔχει Iph. T. 581.

Ἀρέσσω, ἄρῃσω, (2) Ἀρέω, (1) placo, concilio mihi: to appease, win over; (2) placeo: to please. Οὐ γάρ μ' ἄρῃσκει γλώσσα Α. 584. SYN. (1) Ἰλάσσω, εὐμένιζω, πρᾶννα, (2) ἀρέσκωμαι, ἀπαρέσκημαι, ἰλάδωμαι, ἰλάσκημαι, ἀνδᾶνω.

Ἀρεστός, ἡ, ὄν, gratus: agreeable, satisfac-

Pros. Let.

tory. C. R. 1097. See above. SYN. Εὐἄρεστος, ἀσμένος, ἡδύς, ἐπαινέος.

Ἀρετᾶν, virtutis felicitatem adsequor; prospere ago: to receive the happy effects of virtue; to thrive, prosper. Εξ ευηγεσίας ἀρετᾶσι δέ τ. 114. See Schol. at θ. 329. SYN. Εὐτυχῶ.

Ἀρετᾶν, ὄνός, ὁ, Aretaon. Τεύκρος δ' Ἀρετᾶνᾶ διον Z. 31.

Ἀρετή, ἡς, ἡ, vis, virtus, virtus bellica: superiority, virtue; valor. Οὐκ ἐστὶν ἀρετῆς κτήμα τιμωτέρον Eur. Fr. inc. 4. SYN. Ανδρία, ευδοξία, σπουδῇ, τὸ καλόν. Ε. Θεία, ζᾶθεα, ευσετέφάνος, δαιμόνεια, διδακτῇ, πῶλυμοχθός, γνησία, φιλόφρων, ἀκινδυνός, καθάρᾳ, φάεινῃ, ὕψηλῃ, σάφῃς, ἐξῆχος, κλεινῇ, ξυνῇ. PHK. see Nem. 8. 59.

Ἀρήγων, ξω, opitulator, proprie in bello: to aid (in battle). Καὶ χερσὶν ἀρήγειν Α. 77. SYN. Ἀλέξω, ἀπαρήγω, βύθηξω, αἰνύνω, παρίσταμαι, συλλαμβάνω, συμπράσσω, συμμάχουμαι, συμπόλεμῳ, ἐπικουρῶ.

Ἀρηγών, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, auxiliator: a defender, supporter. Μενελάω ἀρηγόνες εἰσι Δ. 7. SYN. Ἀλεξητήρ, σύμμαχος, βύθηδός, παραστάτης, παρ-ασπιστής.

Ἀρηθός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, agilis in praelio, bellicosus: active in battle, warlike. Ὅτε κέν τις ἀρηθῶν αἰγῶν T. 167.

Ἀρηιλύκος, οὐ, ὁ, Areilycus. Στρεφθέντὺς Ἀρηιλύκου βάλῃ Π. 308. Ε. Ἀρεϊμᾶνης, ανδρείος, ἀσπιστής, εγχεσίμωρος, δῆϊός, διᾶφρων, πολέμοις, μένιπτόλεμος, μάχιμός, φιλοπτόλεμος, σάκεσπάλος, πλήξιππος.

Ἀρημί, and Ἀρημαι, i. q. Ἀρῶμαι. Πολλὰκί που μέλλεις ἀρημέναι χ. 322. See Damm. C. 155.

Ἀρηξίς, ἔως, ἡ, auxilium: assistance. P. V. 549. See Ἀρηγῶ. SYN. Ἀλέξοις, βύθηϊά, ἀρωγῇ, ἀλκᾷ.

Ἀρηρῶτως, apte; firmiter: fitly; tightly. Στεφάνον ἀλλ' ἀρηρῶτως Med. 1189. SYN. Στερεῶς, βέβαιως.

Ἄρης, ἔδος, ὁ, Mars: the god of war. Ἄρες Ἄρες βροτῶλοισι Ε. 31. Maltby rightly supposes that the penult. of the first Ἄρες is long by the influence of the metrical iustus. SYN. Εὐνᾶλῖος. Ε. Ανδρῶφόνος, ανδρειφόντης, αργαλέος, ἀνικητός, αλλοπρόσαλλός, ἀλεγενός, ἀτερπής, αἰδῆλος, ἀμαμακῆτος, ἀπειρής, ἀκαμάτος, ἀτάρπητος, ἀμειλίχος, ἀγρίος, Ἀχαιῶς, αὐνομᾶνης, ἀλκίπυτος, βάρεβᾶρος, βάρυς, βαρῶμηνις, δεινός, διός, δῆϊός, δριμύς, δάφονός, δρυνοσσός, δολδαίς, εγχεσπάλος, ευθωρῆς, ζαμῆνης, δοῦρος, δρᾶσῶς, Θρηϊκίος, θερμός, δῶός, ἱππίος, κόρυθαῖός, καρχαρῶδαν, κράτερός, λαοσσός, λοίγιός, λῦγρός, λαοδάμας, μείστωρ, μένιχαρμός, οἶζος, οὐλός, ὀθριμός, πολὺδοκρύς, πῶλυμοχθός, πῆκρος, στῦγερός, σιδήρεός, σχῆτλῖος, τᾶμεσί-χρος, τοξοδαμῶς, ὑπέρειός, χαλκεός, χρυσήνῖος, φοίνιξ, φιλαίπατος, φθισιμέρτος, παγκράτης, χάλκασπις, ὠκός, ὠμόφρων, ἄτος πόλεμος, ἀκρηγῶς αὐτῆς, χρυσὴπλήξ. See Hymn. of Hom.

Ἀρήτη, ἡς, ἡ, Arete: the wife of Alcinoüs. Ἀρήτη δὴγᾶτηρ Ῥηξήνυρος η. 146. Ε. Λευκῶ-λένός, ῥόδοπηχῶς, ἀγάκλειτῇ, βασίλειᾳ.

Ἀρητήρ, ἡρός, ὁ, Ἀρήτειρά, ας, ἡ, sacerdos: a priest or priestess. Οὐνέκα τὸν Χρῆσση ητήμησ' αρητήρα Α. 11. SYN. Ἱέρεις, δῶεπρόπος, δῶτηρ, δῶτηδός, δῶοσκῶς.

Ἀρητός, οὐ, ὁ, Aratus. Χρῶμιος τὲ καὶ Ἀρητος δῶεειδής P. 494.

- Ἀρητὸς, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. pro Ἀρατὸς, (1) precibus expetitus: prayed for; (2) detestabilis: to be deprecated. Ἀρητὸν δὲ τοῦκοῦσι γῶον P. 37. SYN. (1) Εὐκτὸς, εὐκατὸς, (2) ἀπεικτὸς, βλά-
ξερὸς, ἐπαράτος.

Ἀρθμέω, amicitiae vinculo jungor cum aliquo: to be joined in friendship. H. 302. SYN. Φιλ-
λῶμαι, ὁμνῶ, ὁμνῶ, ὁμνῶ, ὁμνῶ, συμ-
φωνέω.

Ἀρθμῖος, οὐ, ὁ, amicus: friendly. Ἀρθμῖοι
ἦσαν π. 427.

Ἀρθμὸς, οὐ, ὁ, amicitia: friendship. Hom.
Merc. 521. SYN. Φιλία, φίλδης, ὁμνῶ, ὁμ-
νῶ, ὁμνῶ, ὁμνῶ, ὁμνῶ, ὁμνῶ.

Ἀρθρὸν, οὐ, τὸ, artus: a joint, limb. Trach.
792. SYN. Μέλῶς, δεσμός τῶν νεύρων, ἄρμος.

Ἀριάδνη, ἡς, ἡ, Ariadne: daughter of Minos.
Καλλιπλοκάμω Ἀριάδνη Λ. 320. Ep. Δυσέως,
ἔπλοκάμω, καλλιπλοκάμω, ξανθῇ, Μινωίς, τη-
λεεικέλιος.

Ἀρίγνως, et Ἀρίγνωτος, ἡ, ὄν, valde notus:
well known. Ῥεῖα δ' ἀρίγνωτῇ πέλεται ζ. 108.
Nem. 5. 21. SYN. Ἀμφίσητος, περίσητος,
ἐκδηλος, αἰνιγμένος, φανερὸς.

Ἀρίγνωτος, οὐ, ὁ, Arignotus. Nῦν δ' Ἀρί-
γνωτων γὰρ οὐδὲς ὅστις οὐκ ἐπίσταται Equit.
1278.

Ἀριδάκρῦς, ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, propensus ad lacryman-
dum: inclined to shed tears, weeping. Pers.
941. See below and Δάκρυ. SYN. Πλόστῶνος,
γῶερὸς.

Ἀριδείκετος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, valde inclytus: very
distinguished. Πάντων ἀριδείκετον ἀνδρῶν Ξ.
320.

Ἀριδῆλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, i. q. Ἀριδείκετος, q. v.
Apoll. 3. 615.

Ἀρίζηλος, ἡ, ὄν; Ἀρίζηλωτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, multum
aemulandus, conspicuus: very enviable, highly
distinguished. Ὡς δ' ὅτ' ἀρίζηλον φωνῇ Σ. 219.
Equit. 1329.

Ἀρίηκῶς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, exaudiens, dicto audiens:
listening to, propitious. Ῥίμφα Μελαντίους ἀρίη-
κῶς Apoll. 4. 1707. SYN. Ἐπήκῶς, ὑπήκῶς,
κάτηκῶς, εἰκων, εὐπειθής, πιδῶνός, εὐμένης.

Ἀριθμῶς, numero: to count. Ἐμοίγ' ἀριθ-
μήσει τέκνων Bacch. 1307. SYN. Ἀπαριθμέω,
καταριθμέω, ἐκλογίζομαι, κατάλογίζομαι, κατά-
λέγω.

Ἀριθμῶ, ἄτος, τὸ, id quod numeratum est,
numerus: that which is counted up, a number.
Eumen. 756. See above. SYN. Ἀριθμὸς.

Ἀριθμητὸς, ἡ, ὄν, numerabilis; paucus: which
may or deserves to be counted; few. Ἀλδοισὶν
ἀριθματοῖς ἀπὸ πολλῶν Theoc. 16. 87. SYN.
Εὐδοκίμῶς.

Ἀριθμὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, numerus: number, estimation.
Ξένιας τ' ἀριθμῶ πρώτῳ ὧν ἐμῶν φίλων Hec. 782.
SYN. Ἀριθμητῶ.

Ἀριμασποί, ὧν, οἱ, Arimaspi: a people of Eu-
ropean Scythia. Ἀριμασπὸν ἱπποδάμων' οἱ χρυ-
σορρύτον P. V. 830. See Blomf. Ep. Ξανθῶι,
μουνῶπες.

Ἀρίπρεπής, ἔς, valde decorus vel illustris:
very distinguished. Δημόν ἀριπρέπες βασιλῆες
S. 390.

Ἀρίσθη, ἡς, ἡ, Arisbe: a city of Troas. Εὐκτι-
μένη ἐν Ἀρίσθῃ Z. 13. SYN. Διῶ.

Ἀρίσμως, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, clarus: conspicuous. Ἐς
τὴ φῶς ἀγαγεν ἀρίσμηά τῇ Hymn. in Merc. 12.
SYN. Ἐνδοξός, ἐκπρέπής, ἐκδηλός, ἐπίσημός,
δαυμάσιος, περίκλυτος, φανερὸς, ἀρίφραδής.

Ἀρισθάρματός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, victor certamine curuli:
victorious in the chariot race. Pyth. 5. 39. See
Ἀριστὸς.

Ἀρισταῖος, οὐ, ὁ, Aristæus. Κούρη Ἀρισταῖοι
Apoll. 4. 1132. Ep. Βάθυχαίτης, ἀγρεῖς, νόμιος,
πείριστοῦδος. PRR. Ὁπάνων μήλων, ἀνδράσι χάριμά
φίλοις ἀγχιστόν.

Ἀριστῶ, prandeo: to dine. Πέδας παχείαις
οὐδὲν ἀριστήσετε Vesp. 435. SYN. Γεύομαι, ἀρι-
στον ποιοῦμαι.

Ἀριστείδης, οὐ, ὁ, Aristides: a distinguished
Athenian. Equit. 1325. See Ἀριστὸς.

Ἀριστεῖον, οὐ, τὸ, pramium proprie fortitudinis
ergo datum: a prize for valor. Bacch. 1228.
See Ἀριστὸς. SYN. Τὰ βράσειά, λάφυρά, πρώτῳ-
λεῖα, γέρως, στεφάνος, εὐκλείας μέγας.

Ἀριστερός, ἀ, ὄν, sinister; infaustus; stultus:
left, on the left hand; ill-omened; awkward,
foolish. Ὡμοῖς ἀριστεροῖσι Orest. 1477. SYN.
Εὐνόμιος, λαῖος, σκαιοῖς.

Ἀριστεύς, ἔως, ὁ, princeps; pl. optimates:
the chief; pl. the chief men. Ἀλλὰ δ' ἀρι-
στῆσοι I. 334. SYN. Ὁ ἀριστὸς, ἀρχὸς, ἀρχων,
ἡγεμόνιος, κράντωρ. PRR. Ἀρέτη πρώτος, ἐκ-
κριθεῖς.

Ἀριστεύω, fortissime me gero, excello: to be-
have most gallantly, excel. Αἰὲν ἀριστεύει Λ.
783. SYN. Κράτῶ, ὑπέρῶ.

Ἀριστιζῶ, prandio excipio: to entertain at
dinner. Ὡς ἀπὸ συμκράς δαπάνης ἡμᾶς ἀριστιζῶν
ἀπέπεμπε Equit. 535.

Ἀριστογείτων, ὄντος, ὁ, Aristogiton: who de-
livered Athens from the Pisistratidae. Ἐξῆς
Ἀριστογείτῳ Lysistr. 632.

Ἀριστογόνος, et Ἀριστοτόκος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, parens
optimæ prolis; proles optima: producing a noble
offspring; a noble offspring. This difference in
sense is caused by the difference in position of
the accent; the former apply to the case where
the words are proparoxylon, and the latter, where
they are proparoxylon. Pyth. 11. 5. Rhes. 909.
See Ἀριστὸς.

Ἀριστοκράτῶμαι, ab optimatibus gubernor: to
be governed by an aristocracy. Ἀριστοκράτεισθαι
δὴλός ἐι ζητῶν ἐγὼ Av. 125.

Ἀριστομάχη, ἡς, ἡ, Aristomache. Thesm. 806.
See Ἀριστὸς, μάχη.

Ἀριστομάχος, οὐ, ὁ, Aristomachus: one of the
descendants of Hercules, whose sons, Cres-
phontes, Temenus and Aristodemus, divided the
Peloponnesus amongst themselves. Pyth. 10. 4.
See Ἀριστὸς, μάχη.

Ἀριστόν, οὐ, τὸ, prandium: dinner. Εὐσῶ-
μένως ἐπένοντο καὶ ἐντύνοντ' ἀριστόν Ω. 124.
Others read ἐντύνοντ' ἀριστόν, and prefix the
digamma to ἀριστόν. The antepenult of ἀριστόν
is always long in writers subsequent to Homer;
and the two passages in which ἀριστόν occurs in
Homer may not interfere with the usual metre
by reading ἐντύνοντ'. See however Heyne's note
at Ω. 124. and Clarke.

Ἀριστὸνδός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, benevolus: excellently
intentioned, kind-hearted. Mus. 273. SYN.
Εὐνδός, εὐμένης, πρῶφρων.

Ἀριστόπῳδος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, optime laborans: suc-
cessfully working. Olymp. 7. 94. SYN. Πόλυ-
πῳδος, φιλόπῳδος.

Ἀριστὸς, ἡ, ὄν, optimus, proprie Marte: the
most brave, most excellent, best. Σκυτοδῶμον
ὄχ' ἀριστὸς H. 221. SYN. Κράτιστος, ἄριστος,
ἀμύμων. See Ἀγαθός.

Ἀριστοτῆκος. See Ἀριστογῶνος.

Ἀριστόχειρ, εἰρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, manu strenuus : valiant. Aj. 935.

Ἀρισφάλης, εὖς, valde lubricus : very slippery. Σκιρίπτεισθ' ἐπειὴ φάτ' ἀρισφάλε' ἐμμέναι οὐδὲν p. 196. SYN. Σφάλῃρος, γλισχρός.

Ἀριφράδης, valde perspicue : very expressly or clearly. Σήματ' ἀριφράδews κατέλεξας ψ. 225. Ἀριφράδης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, valde manifestus : very clear or manifest. Σήμα δὲ τοι ἔρω μάλ' ἀριφράδης ψ. 326.

Ἀριφράδης, εὖς, ὁ, Aripbrates : a man attacked by Aristophanes. Ἀριφράδης πόνηρος Eq. 1281.

Ἀρκάδες, ον, οἱ, Arcades : the occupiers of one district of the Peloponnesus. Ἀρκάδες Ἀπιδάνης Apoll. 4. 263. SYN. Ἀπιδανῆες. Ep. Εγχεσίμωροι.

Ἀρκάδι, as, ἡ, Arcadia. Οἱ δ' ἔχον Ἀρκάδιον B. 603.

Ἀρκάς, ἄδως, ὁ, ἡ, Arcas : Arcadian. 'Ὁ δ' Ἀρκὰς οὐκ Ἀργεῖος Phoen. 1160.

Ἀρκεσίλαος, ου, ὁ, Arcesilaüs. Ἀρκεσίλαός τε Πρῶθῆνωρ τέ B. 495.

Ἀρκεῖσις, ἔως, ἡ, auxilium, utilitas : assistance, defence. CE. C. 74. SYN. Ἀλεξητήριον, βόη-θειά, ὄνησις, ωφέλειά, ωφέλιμα.

Ἀρκευθός, ου, ἡ, juniperus : the juniper. Theoc. 1. 133.

Ἀρκέω, ἔσω, (1) arceo, propulso : to repel ; (2) opitutor : to assist ; (3) sufficio : to be sufficient. Alceste. 32. SYN. (1) Ἀκύνω ; (2) βόηθω ; (3) ἐπαρκέω, αρκούντως ἔχω.

Ἀρκίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sufficiens : sufficient. Χάριν ἀρκίος εἰμι Apoll. 2. 801. SYN. Ἐπαρκής, ἐφαρκής, αὐτάρκης, ἀξίος, δυνάτος, ωφέλιμος.

Ἀρκοῦντως, sufficienter : sufficiently, enough. Hec. 322.

Ἀρκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ursus et ursæ : (1) a bear ; (2) the Bear, one of the constellations. Anacr. 3. Ep. (1) Ἀλέγεινός, ἀναιδής, ἀργίος, ἀμαμάκτος, ἀπαρής, θαρσάλεις, κρύερός, λυσσᾶς, λασιάχυνος, ὀρεστιάς, συγγέρους, ωμβρόδρος, χαιτήεις ; (2) Ἀρκᾶς, βέρειδός, ξηρά. SYN. (2) Ἄμαξά, κύνουσις, Ἐλίκη.

Ἀρκευθός, ου, ὁ, Arcturus, stella post Ursæ Majoris caudam : Arcturus. Hes. Op. 564. SYN. Βώωτης. Ep. Δυσᾶης.

Ἀρκύς, υῖος, ἡ, rete : a net. Lysistr. 791. SYN. Ἀμφίεληστρόν, ἀμφίβδολῃ, δίκτυον.

Ἀρκυστάτος, η, ὄν, inextricabilis : inextricable. En μέσοις αρκυστάτοις Soph. El. 1504.

Ἀρμά, ἄτος, τὸ, currus ; item vicus in agro Theban dictus e curru Amphiarai (Vid. B. 499.) : a car, chariot. P. V. 465. SYN. Ἄμαξά, ὄχος, ὄχημα, δίφρος. Ep. Ἀγκυλόν, αἰψηρόν, δαιδάλεον, εὐζυγόν, εὐζόον, εὐτρόχον, εὐ πέπικασμένον, καλλιζυγές, χρυσότευκτόν, καμπύλον, κολλητόν, τετράροον, τέθριππον, σέλασφόρον, ποικίλον. PHR. Ἀρμάτων ὄχος.

Ἀρμαλία, ἄς, ἡ, demensum alimentum : a portion or allowance of food. Ἀρμαλιᾶν ἐμμηνον Theoc. 16. 35. SYN. Τρόφή, ἐδωδή, σιτίον, σίτος.

Ἀρμαμάξα, ης, ἡ, carruca, rheda : a litter, palanquin. Ἐφ' ἀρμαμάξων μαλθακῶς Acharn. 70.

Ἀρμάτειος, α, ὄν, ad currum pertinens : belonging to a chariot. Orest. 1380. See Ἀρμά, ἄτος. The dirge which the Trojans uttered when they saw the body of Hector dragged round the walls behind the chariot of Achilles, is called in

1. ἀρμάτειον μέλος. Plutarch, Op. Mor. pp. 596. 2077., calls a certain kind of harmony ἀρμάτειος νόμος. See Steph. Th. tom. 1. c. 585. H.

Ἀρμάτειον, αυργο : to drive a chariot. Orest. 989. See Ἀρμά. SYN. Ἠνιόχεω, ἡνιόχευος, δίφρηλάτew, ἰθύνω. PHR. Πτανὸν διαγμά πάλων τέθριππὸς ἐμὸν στόλα διφρεύνει.

Ἀρμάτηλάτης, ου, ὁ, auriga : the driver of a chariot, charioteer. Ἀρμάτηλάτων μετὰ Soph. El. 700. SYN. Δίφρηλάτης, ἡνιόχος, ἡνιόχευς, ὑφηνιόχος, τρόχηλάτης.

Ἀρμάτοκτύπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, edens strepitum e motu curruum : sounding from the motion of carriages. Sept. Theb. 188. See Κτύπος.

Ἀρμάτοπνηγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, curruum fabricator : a carriage-maker. Δ. 485. SYN. Τέκτων.

Ἀρματρόχια, as, ἡ, poet. Ἀρματρόχη, ης, orbita : the track of a carriage. Ἀρματρόχη κατόπισθεν ψ. 505.

Ἀρμένος, η, ὄν, adaptatus, commodus : fitted, suitable. E. 234. SYN. Ἑρμοσμένος, ἁρμοδῖος, πρόσχηκω, ἐπιτήδεως, ἐρίηρος, ἱκάνος, σύμφερος, οικεῖος, σὺνωδός.

Ἀρμόδιος, ου, ὁ, Harmodius. Equit. 786.

Ἀρμός, ου, adapto, convenio : to adapt, suit, fit. Καὶ στω' ἀρμόσον Med. 76. Συναρμοῦται, πρόσχηκω, συγγινόμεναι, ἅπτω, συνάπτω, ἀρτίζω, ἀρτύνω, συντίθημι, συνάγω, πρόσάπτω.

Ἀρμῶι, et Ἀρμῶι, modo, nuper : lately, just now. P. V. 636. SYN. Ἀρτί, ἀρτίως, νέωστι, ἐξαίφνης.

Ἀρμονία, as, ἡ, Harmonia : the mother of the nine Muses. Med. 830. Ep. Ἀπὸνός, ἀφενστὺς, βδωπῖς, λιποπάτρῖς, παμμήτωρ, ξανθή.

Ἀρμονία, as, ἡ, compages, concentus : arrangement, harmony. Hipp. 161. SYN. Σύστασις, σὺνωδία, ἁρμός. Ep. Ἐνθεὺς, διὰ, ἐράτη, σόφῃ, ὁμόφωνος.

Ἀρμός, οὐ, ὁ ; Ἀρμοσμα, ἄτος, τὸ, compages, aptus ordo : a fastening, harmonious order. Med. 1312. Helen. 410.

Ἀρμωστῶρ, ὄρος, ὁ, gubernator : a director, commander. Eumen. 450. SYN. Διάκτωρ, ἀρχός, ἀρχων, βασιλεύς.

Ἀρνακίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, pellis agnina : a lamb's skin. Ἥ μὲν ἀρνακίδας τέ Theoc. 5. 50.

Ἀρνεῖος, οὐ, ὁ, agnus adultus : a full-grown lamb. i. 550. Ep. Δασυμαλλός, πηγχοῖμαλλός, μέλανδ' ὀχρός. SYN. Κρίος, κτίλος, αμνός. PHR. Μῆλων ὄχ' ἀριστὸς πάντων.

Ἀρνεύμαι, nego : to deny, refuse. Hec. 303. SYN. Ἀπαρνεύμαι, ἐφαρνεύμαι, ἀποφάσκω, ἐφαρνός εἰμι.

Ἀρνευτήρ, ἦρὸς, ὁ, urinator : a diver. M. 385. SYN. Κυβισστητήρ, κόλυμητήρ.

Ἄρνη, ης, ἡ, Arne : a town in Boeotia. B. 507. Ep. Βοτρυδέσσα, πλυστάφυλός.

Ἀρνήσιμος, η, ὄν, inficiandus : which must be denied. Philoct. 74.

Ἄρνησις, ἔως, ἡ, negatio : denial. CE. R. 578.

Ἄρρυναι, in me suscipio, conor vindicare vel adipisci : to take upon oneself, attempt to obtain, claim. Ἀρρύνεος πατρός τε Z. 446. SYN. Ἀπαίτω, λαμβάνω, ἀπολαύμαι, ἐπιτύγχανω.

Ἄρρῶσις, ἔως, ἡ, aratio ; arum : a ploughing ; a ploughed field. En δ' ἄρρῶσις λείη i. 134. SYN. Ἀρρῶσις, ἄρρῶσις. Ep. Πόλλυλῆος, λιπαρά.

Ἀρρῶτηρ, ἦρὸς, Ἀρρῶτης, ου, ὁ, agricola : a ploughman. Ποιμὴν οὐδ' ἀρρῶτηρ ψ. 836. Ep. Ἀκάματος, τάλαεργός, κρατέρος, οἰζυρός.

Ἄροτος, ου, ὁ, aratio; tempus arandi; seges; annus: ploughing; the time of ploughing; the result of ploughing; a crop; a year. Μήτ' ἄροτον αὐτοῖς γῆν ἀνίεναι τίνα Ε. R. 278. SYN. Ἄροσις, ἐνιαντός.

Ἀροτρία, Ἀρόω, αρο : to plough. Τῇ πῶτ' ἀροτρίωντι Call. 3. 161. ι. 108. SYN. Ἀλόκίζω, πόλλω. PHR. Χθονά τάρασσω.

Ἀροτρον, ου, τὸ, aratrum: a plough. Οἶνον πεπηκτόν ἀροτρον ν. 32. ΕΡ. Ἀδάμαντινόν, μὲν γάρ, ευκαμπές, ἱμερόεν, πεκτόν.

Ἄρουρά, ας, ἡ, (1) arvum: ploughed land; (2) terra: land, earth. Ὀλίγη δ' ἦν ἀμφοῖς ἀρουρά Γ. 115. SYN. (1) Λήϊον, ἄγρος, (2) γαῖα, γῆ, αἶα, χθών, πέδον. ΕΡ. Ανθοφόρος, ἄφνειος, βάθυλῆος, βάθειά, διψάς, ἐρίσωλός, ξειδωρός, καρποφόρος, δαλέθουσα, μάλακη, οικεία, πυροφόρος, πλείρα, πλοκτεάνος, ὕγρα, φέρεσβιος, χιωνώδης, ψιμάθωδης.

Ἀρουραῖος, Dor. Ἀρωραῖος, α, ὁν, ruralis: rural. Τῆς ἀρουραίας θεῶ Ran. 840. Acharn. 762. SYN. Ἄγροικος.

Ἀρώ, ὠσω, ὠσω, αρο : to plough, sow. Eur. Sthenob. fr. 1. 3. See Ἄρουρά.

Ἀρπάγη, raptim: rapidly. Apoll. 1. 1017.

Ἀρπάγη, ἡς, ἡ, raptus: a rape; carrying off. Θερσίον ἀρπάγην πρόδωκε Eur. El. 896.

Ἀρπάγιμος, η, ὁν, rapto quæsitus: obtained by violence. Ἀρπάγιμος δὲ ἀπυστά Call. 6. 9.

Ἀρπάζω, ξω, σω, rapio, prædor: to carry off, plunder. ε. 416. SYN. Ἀπαίρω, ἄγρεύω, ληίζω, κλέπτω.

Ἀρπακτήρ, ἡρός, Ἀρπαξ, ἄγος, ὁ, raptor: a plunderer. Ε. 262. Hes. Op. 354.

Ἀρπαλέως, avidæ: rapaciously. Ἀρπαλέως ἄκεων ξ. 110. SYN. Ἀρπάγη, τᾶχεως.

Ἀρπαλίω, avide excipio: to receive greedily. Κωκυτοῖσιν ἀρπαλίῃ Sept. Th. 229. SYN. Ἀφαίρω, ἐπιδιώκω, ασμένως δέχομαι.

Ἀρπη, ἡς, ἡ, falk: a pruning-hook, a sickle. Hes. Theog. 178. SYN. Δρέπανον, δρέπανη, ζαγκλόν. ΕΡ. Αγκυλῶδους, γαμψάνυξ, καρχαρόδους, μάκρὰ, οξύτομος, χαλκήλατος.

Ἀρπη, ἡς, ἡ, avis quædam rapax: a kind of kite. T. 350.

Ἀρπυῖα, ας, ἡ, Harpyia: a Harpy. ξ. 371. SYN. Τᾶχεῖα, δση, κῆπετος, πιδάργη, ἡκιδωμός.

Ἀρραβίος, Ἀρραβικός, ἡ, ὁν, Arabicus: Arabian. Ἀρραβικοῦ κόλποιο Dionys. P.

Ἀρρηκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non fractus, insolubilis: unbroken, not to be broken. P. V. 6. SYN. Ἀρρωξ, στερῆος, βέβαιος, ισχυρός, ἀλύτος, δύσολυτος.

Ἀρρην, Att. Ἀρσην, ἔνος, ὁ, ἡ, mas, virilis: male, masculine. Hec. 875. SYN. Ἀρρῆνο-γένης, μέγας, κράτερός.

Ἀρρήνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ferus: savage, fierce. Theoc. 25. 83. SYN. Χάλεπος, ἀγρίος, δυσχέρης.

Ἀρρήτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non dictus, nefandus: not spoken, not to be spoken, shocking. Hec. 705. SYN. Ἀπάτος, ἀφραστός, ἀθέμιτος, ἀνυσίος, ἀφθεγκτός, ἀφθογγός.

Ἀρρίχους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, copinus: a basket. Ἰδὺν τὰς ἀρρίχους Av. 1309. SYN. Σπύρις, κούφινος.

Ἀρρυθμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immoderatus: immoderate, disorderly. Hipp. 531. SYN. Ἀμέτρητος, ἀτακτός, ἀμυστός, παρὰ πλῆξ.

Ἀρρυσιαστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui pignoris loco captus non est: not taken as a pledge. Κάρρυσιά-στος ξιν τ' Æsch. Sup. 613.

Ἀρρωξ, ὠγός, ὁ, ἡ, non fractus: unbroken. Antig. 251. SYN. see Ἀρρηκτός.

Ἀρς, ἀρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, agnus: a lamb. Orest. 803. SYN. Ἀρνεῖος, ἀμνός. ΕΡ. Ἀπάλοχρος, μηκᾶς, νέογνός, λευκός.

Ἀρσένόγενής, ἔος, masculus: male, manly. Æsch. Sup. 820. SYN. see Ἀρρην.

Ἀρσένοπληθής, ἔος, maribus confertus: crowded with males. Πνευμάτ' χάρας ἀρσένοπληθῆ Æsch. Sup. 30.

Ἀρσινόη, ἡς, ἡ, Arsinoë, the name of two wives of Ptolemy Philadelphus, one of them the daughter of Berenice. Ἀρσινόα πάντεσσι Theoc. 15. 111.

Ἀρτάκία, ας, ἡ, Artacia: a fountain in the country of the Læstrygonians. Ἀρτάκιον ἐνθεν γάρ κ. 108.

Ἀρτάμειω, trucidō: to butcher, cut in pieces. Ἀλλ' ἀνδρᾶς ἀρτάμουσι Alcest. 510. SYN. Κάτασχίζω, κατὰκόπτω, ἀποσφάττω.

Ἀρτάνη, ἡς, ἡ, laqueus, suspensum: a halter, suspension. Ἀρτάνας ἐμῆς δέρης Agam. 848. SYN. Αγχόνη, ἑώρα, πλεκτάνη, ἱμάς, βρόχος.

Ἀρτᾶν, suspensio: to hang, suspend. Hipp. 1217. SYN. Ἀπαρτᾶν, ἀναρτᾶν, ἐπικρέμαται.

Ἀρτέλης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, integer, sanus: unhurt, entire, sound. N. 43. SYN. Ἀσλάδης, ἀτρωτός, ἀρτίος, ὁσός, ὑγίης.

Ἀρτέμις, ἰδός, acc. ἰδᾶ et ἰν, ἡ, Diana. Ἀρτέμίδι σέ ἔγωγ' εἰδος ζ. 151. ΕΡ. Πόντᾶ, πόντιᾶ, κελᾶδεινῇ, χρυσηλάκτοος, ἐλάφηςβύλος, ἰχθέαιρα, αἰδοία, ἀγνή, ἀγρότερα, εὐπλοκάμους, χρυσήνιός, χρυσόθρονός, ἀπειρῆς, ἀδμητός, ἀγκυλοτόξος, γαήροχός, ευστεφάνος, ξανθή, ὀρεῖσάτης, χρυσέ-βόστροχός, λόχελαι. See Hymn to Diana.

Ἀρτεμισία, ας, ἡ, Artemisia: queen of Halicarnassus, who assisted Xerxes against Greece. Ἡμᾶς ὥσπερ Ἀρτεμισία Lysist. 675.

Ἀρτηρία, ας, ἡ, vocis iter, vena vitalis: the windpipe, an artery. Πλεῦμόνός τ' ἀρτηρίας Trach. 1056. SYN. Φλέψ, πνευμάτιος et αἱματός διαρρόη.

Ἀρτί, recenter, jam, nunc: recently, just now, lately, now. Ξεῖν' ἡ ἀρτί σέ μάλλον v. 166.

Ἀρτιάζω, ludo par impar, computo: to play at odd and even, calculate. Plut. 817. SYN. Παίζω.

Ἀρτίστροφής, ἔος, ab infante editus: uttered by a newly-born child. Sept. Th. 342. See below.

Ἀρτιάκρυσ, ὕδς, ὁ, ἡ, recens lachrymans: recently weeping. Ὡς ἀρτιάκρυσ ἐμὶ Med. 899.

Ἀρτίεπής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ap. Hom. in sensu minus bono, apta ad fraudem loquens: speaking with an intention to impose; (2) ap. Hes. et Pind. veridicus: speaking truly; (3) garrulus: ready in speech, i. l. kative. Πολλὰ μὲν ἀρτίεπής Isth. 5. 58. SYN. Λέγειν δεινός or ἱκάνος, ἀδόλεσχος.

Ἀρτιζυγία, ας, ἡ, recens conjunctio: a recent union. Πόθεν οὐσαῖ ἰδεῖν ἀρτιζυγίαν Pers. 548.

Ἀρτίζω, ἀρτίζομαι, compono, paro: to arrange, prepare. Χόρον ἀρτίζοντο Theoc. 13. 43. SYN. Ἀπαρτίζω, κατὰρτίζω, ἀρτῶ, ἐξαρτῶ, ἀρμόζω, συναρμόζω, δῖακοσμεῶ, ἐτοιμάζω, εὐτρέ-φω, συντάσσω.

Ἀρτίθνής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, recens mortuus: recently dead. Δωμάσιν ἀρτίθνήν Alc. 616.

Ἀρτίκολλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recens, i. e. accurate glutinatus: recently or closely glued or attached. Πλευραῖσιν ἀρτίκολλός Trach. 770.

Ἀρτίμαθής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, recens doctus: but recently become acquainted with. Hec. 685. See above. SYN. Ἀρτίδαής.

Ἀρτίος, α, ὄν, par, integer: even, suitable to, entire. Φρέσιν ἀρτίᾳ ῥήει E. 326. SYN. Ἀρτέμης, ἴσος, σύμφωνος, ἀρμόδιος, ἀτάλαντος, ἀκέραιος, ὕγιος, τέλειος.

Ἀρτίπλουτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recens ditatus: recently acquired. Ἀρτίπλουτὰ χρήματα Æsch. Sup. 742.

Ἀρτίπους, ποῖετ. Ἀρτίπους, πῶδος, ὁ, ἡ, pedibus integer et valens: active in the feet, nimble. Ἐγγὺς δ' ὅδ' αὐτὸς ἀρτίπους Trach. 58. I. 501.

Ἀρτίτομος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, modo amputatus: lately cut. Γοργόνος ἀρτίτομον Apoll. 4. 1515.

Ἀρτίτροπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, puerilem ætatem vix egressus: just past boyhood. Κλαυτὸν δ' ἀρτίτροπος Sept. Th. 323. See Blomf.

Ἀρτίφρων, ὄντος, integra mente præditus: sensible, prudent. Οὐτί μάλ' ἀρτίφρων ἔπει ου α. 260. SYN. Σόφος, εἰδήμων, ασκηθής, ευκάριδός.

Ἀρτίχριστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recens unctus: recently anointed. Ἔως ἂν ἀρτίχριστὸν Trach. 700.

Ἀρτίως, integre, perfecte; modo, nuper, tandem: entirely, completely, justly; now, lately, at length. Τὴν τ' ἀρτίως δανούσαν Hec. 941. SYN. Τέλειως, ὕγιως, ἀρτί, νέωστί, πάλιν, αὐτίκᾳ, νῦν.

Ἀρτόπῳλῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, quæ panem vendit: a female vender of bread. Ὡσπερ ἀρτόπῳλῖδας Ran. 857.

Ἀρτός, ου, ὁ, panis; cibus quivis: a loaf, bread; any food. σ. 119. EP. Ἀγέλαιος, γλυκύς, δεσποεύς, μένδευκός.

Ἀρτυμά, ἄτος, τὸ, condimentum: seasoning. Κοσμοῦντες χύτρας ἀρτυμάσι Batrom. 41. SYN. Ἀρωμά, ὀψών.

Ἀρτύνα, Ἀρτύω, apto, instruo: to arrange, adapt, prepare. M. 43. SYN. Εξαρτύω, ἀρτίζω, ἐντύω, ἐντύω, πορσύνω, πάρασκεινάζω.

Ἀρῦβαλλός, ου, ὁ, marsupium, crumena; balnearum instrumentum: a scrip, purse; bottle or vessel used in baths. Κατὰ τῆς κεφαλῆς ἀρῦβάλλω Eq. 1094. See Brunck.

Ἀρῦστιχος, ου, ὁ, vas quiddam: a vessel for drawing liquids. Τούσδε τοὺς ἀρῦστιχους Vesp. 855.

Ἀρῦταῖνᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, vas quiddam: a vessel for pouring oil, &c. Τοῦ δήμου κατέχειν ἀρῦταῖνῃ Eq. 1091.

Ἀρῦω, which is the more Attic form (see R. P. Phœn. 463.) than Ἀρῖω, haurio, e profundo traho: to draw water, exhaust. Καθάρων ὑδάτων πῶμ' ἀρῦσαίμην Hipp. 209. SYN. Ἀντλέω, ἀπαντλέω, ἐκφέρω, ἐκκένω.

Ἀρχαγός, Dor. pro Ἀρχηγός, q. v. Ἀρχαῖκος, ἡ, ὄν, antiquam rusticitatem præ se ferens; stultus: old-fashioned, silly. Καὶ φρονεῖς τὰρχαῖκᾳ Nub. 821.

Ἀρχαῖγονός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, priscus: of ancient descent. Antig. 981. SYN. Πάλαιγενής, πάλαιγόνος, πρόγόνος, πάλαιος.

Ἀρχαῖον, ου, τὸ (sc. δανειὸν), sors, caput: the principal. Nub. 1156. SYN. Τὸ κεφαλαῖον.

Ἀρχαῖοπλουτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a majoribus dives: receiving wealth from ancestors. Ἀρχαῖοπλούτων δεσποτῶν Agam. 1010. SYN. Ἀρχέπλουτος.

Ἀρχαῖοπρῆπής, ἔδος, antiquitatem referens: to be revered for its antiquity, venerable. P. V. 416.

Ἀρχαῖος, α, ὄν, (1) priscus; (2) ineptus: ancient, former, old-fashioned; foolish. Τρίποδός αρχαῖον νόμον Ion. 1321. SYN. (1) Πάλαιος, χρονίος, γηραιός, Ωγύγιος, πάλαιγενής, αρχαῖοπρῆπής, (2) ἐνήθης, ἄπλους, μᾶρος, λήρως.

Ἀρχεῖδους, ου, ὁ, justus et legitimus princeps: a legal and just governor. Pyth. 4. 196. See Δίκη.

Ἀρχεῖος, α, ὄν, quod ad imperium spectat: imperial. Olymp. 132.

Ἀρχεῖκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auctor malorum: causing evils. Ἀρχεῖκος αὖ πᾶσι E. 63.

Ἀρχέλαος, ου, Ἀρχέλας, ὁ, populi rector: a ruler of the people. Equit. 164. Pers. 302. SYN. Ἀρχελέως, ἀρχεπύλῖς, ἀρχων, ἀρχηγός, βασιλεύς.

Ἀρχέπλουτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, avitas opes possidens: possessing hereditary property. Ἀλλ' ἀρχέπλουτον Soph. El. 71.

Ἀρχεπύλῖς, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, civitati imperans. Pyth. 9. 92. SYN. see in Ἀρχέλας.

Ἀρχεπτόλεμος, ου, ὁ, Ἀρχεπτολέμους: the charioteer of Hector. Ἰφίτιδην Ἀρχεπτόλεμον Θ. 128. SYN. Ἐκτόρος ἡνίοχέως.

Ἀρχέτης, ου, ὁ, princeps: a prince, leader. Eur. El. 1149. SYN. see in Ἀρχηγός.

Ἀρχεῖω, impero: to command. See Ἀρχω.

Ἀρχέχορος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui chorum ducit: leading the dance. Troad. 151.

Ἀρχή, ἡς, ἡ, (1) initium: a beginning; (2) imperium: government, dominion. Phœn. 73. SYN. (1) Προοίμιον, προοίμιον, εἰσοδός, (2) δύνασται, ισχύς, δύναμις, εξουσία, κύριος, κράτος, τύραννος. EP. Αἰώνιος, δύσπατος, Ωγύγιος, βασιλῆς.

Ἀρχηγένής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, auctor: the cause, promoter. Agam. 1618.

Ἀρχηγέτω, auspicio, incipio: to begin, take the lead. Soph. El. 84.

Ἀρχηγέτης, ου, ὁ; fem. Ἀρχηγέτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ; Ἀρχηγός, οὔ, ὁ, princeps, auctor: a chief, leader, author or proposer. Orest. 548. Lysistr. 645. Hipp. 885. SYN. Ἀρχός, ἀρχων, ἀριστεὺς, δυνάστης, προστάτης, ἐπιστάτης, ἡγήτωρ, ἄγωγος, ἡγέμων, ἑξαρχός.

Ἀρχήθεν, ab initio, primitus: from the beginning, originally. Isth. 4. 11. SYN. Πάλαι, ἀνωθεν.

Ἀρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, gubernandi capax: competent to govern, magisterial. Τί δητὰ θάκοις ἀρχικοῖς Eur. fr. Phil. 6. 1. SYN. see Ἀρχηγέτης.

Ἀρχιλόχος, ου, ὁ, Archilochus: a poet of Paros, who first invented Iambic verses. Pyth. 2. 98. See below.

Ἀρχιτεκτόνέω, fabrico, struo: to act as a master-builder, to plan. Φράζε κἀρχιτεκτόνει Pax 305.

Ἀρχιτέκτων, ὄντος, ὁ, architectus, fabricator: an architect, builder. Cycl. 477. See above.

Ἀρχός, οὔ, ὁ, princeps: a captain, leader. B. 234. SYN. see Ἀρχηγέτης. EP. Ἀρηιφίλῖς, πῶλῆλῖς, κράτερὸς, θράσους.

Ἀρχω, ξω, med. Ἀρχῶμαι, incipio; principatum obtineo: to begin; take the lead, govern. Iph. A. 375. SYN. Ἀρχεῖω, βασιλεύω, ἡγεύμαι, αἰσυνᾶω, ἀνάσσω, δεσπόζω, κράτω, προστάτῶ, κυρίεω.

Ἀρῶ, ἀρσω, apto, alligo: to fix, fasten. Ἀραρὲν ἥδε γ' ὠλένη P. V. 60. SYN. Ἀραρίσκα, ἀρτύνω, ἀρμόζω, στέλλα, λαμβάνω, κόμίζω.

Ἀρωγή, ἡς, ἡ, auxilium : assistance. Ἡθροιστ' ἄρωγῃ δ' οὐτίς Pers. 420. SYN. Ἀλεξητήριον, ἁμυνά, μύνη, ἀρηξίς, βόήθειά. EP. Ἀλεξικάκος, δόλοσσά, ὑψαύχην, δεσπέσιός, φάξιμυρτός.

Ἀρωγός, οὗ, ὁ, auxiliator : an assistant, supporter. Οὐδείς ἄρωγός ἐν κακοῖς (E. R. 127. SYN. Ἀλεξητήρ, ἐπαμύντωρ, ἐπιτάρβόθος, τιμωρός, ωφέλιμος.

Ἀρωραῖος, Dor. pro Ἀρουραῖος, q. v.

Ἀρωμά, ἁτός, τὸ, arvum : ploughed land. Pax 1158. See Ἀρουρά.

Ἀρώσιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, arabilis : arable, fit for ploughing. Ἀρώσιμοι γὰρ χάτερων Antig. 575.

Ἀσάλαμινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rei nauticae imperitus : not having fought at Salamis, not a good sailor. Ἀπειρός ἀσάλαμινός ἀσάλαμινός Ran. 206.

Ἀσάλευτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inconcussus : unshaken, steady. Bacch. 390. See Σάλεω. SYN. Αστυφέλικτος, βέβαιος.

Ἀσάμινθος, ου, ἡ, labrum in quo veteres se lavabant : a warm bath or bathing-tub. See Damm. c. 926. Εξ ἀσάμινθου βῆ δέμας ἀθῶνα-τοιμοῖς γ. 468. SYN. Λουτήριον, λῶετρον, βόλανειν.

Ἀσαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non mulcendus : not to be flattered, implacable. Choëph. 416. SYN. Ἀμείλιχος.

Ἀσάδμαι, nauseo ; irascor : to be affected with nausea, to be sick ; to be angry. Ὅταν τοι θυμὸν ἀσθῆς Theogn. 983. SYN. Ἀηδέμαι, λυπέμαι.

Ἀσάφης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, incertus, obscurus : uncertain, dark, mysterious. Αἰνικτὰ κἀσάφῃ λέγεις (E. R. 447. SYN. Ἀσηλός, ἄμαυρος.

Ἀσσεστός, η, ὅν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod extingui nequit : unquenchable, immense. A. 599. SYN. Ἀπανστός, μέγας.

Ἀσεύλως, ου, ἡ, fuligo : soot, ashes. Thesm. 245. SYN. Αἰθάλη, αἰθάλως, ληγνύς, ψόλως, σπό-δος.

Ἀσέθειά, as, ἡ, impietas : impiety. Τὸ δ' αὖ κἀκουργεῖν ἀσέθειά μανύλλις Orest. 814. SYN. Δυσσέθειά, ἀδικία.

Ἀσέθης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, impius : impious. (E. R. 1395. SYN. Ἀθέος, ἀδικός, ἀσεπτός.

Ἀσείρωτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intractabilis : unhar- nessed, ungovernable. Ion 1150.

Ἀσελγῶς, proterve ; libidinosus ; immodice : wantonly ; lustfully ; immoderately. Εἰσὺν ἀσελ-γῶς Plut. 560. SYN. Ἀκολάστως, πρὸςπέτως, ἀναιδώς, μέγαλως.

Ἀσεληνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, illunis : moonless. Anacr. 3. 12. SYN. Σκοτεινός.

Ἀσεπτῶ, impius sum : to be impious. Antig. 1350. SYN. Ἀσεβέω, δυσσεβέω.

Ἀσεπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impius : unholy, impious. Bacch. 886. SYN. Ἀσέθης, ἀδικός.

Ἀσήμαντος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) non signatus : un- marked ; (2) inconstitutus : unguarded. K. 485. SYN. (1) Ἀσημός ; (2) ἀφύλακτος, ἀφρακτός, ἀφρόντιστος.

Ἀσημός, ου, Ἀσήμων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, non signatus : unmarked, unstamped, modest, obscure. Alcest. 532. SYN. Ἀσημαντός, ἀγνωστός, ἀηλός, ἀδοξός.

Ἀσημῶς, obscure : indistinctly, ambiguously. P. V. 683. SYN. Ἀγνώστως, ἀήλως, σκό-τεινῶς.

Ἀσθενεῖα, as, ἡ, infirmitas : weakness. Here. F. 269. SYN. Νόσος, νόσημά, τάλαιπωρία.

Ἀσθενέω, infirmus sum : to be weak. Pax 635. SYN. Ἀπὸρῶ, δυστυχέω, νόσῶ.

Ἀσθενής, ἔδος, invalidus : weak. Pyth. 1. 107. SYN. Ἀεληχρὸς, ἄδρανής, ἄμενηνός, ἀφαιρός, νωχέλης, βληχρὸς.

Ἀσθμά, ἁτός, τὸ, anhelitus : hard breathing, panting, asthma. Nem. 10. 139. SYN. Δύσ-πνοιά, φύσημά, στέναγμός, πνὸή, πνεύμα, ἀημά. EP. Ἀργαλέον, δεινόν, δυσκελᾶδόν, θερμὸν, λαδρόν, ἄδρανές, δλίγῳδράνες, διψαλέον, δύσσημένον, ξέοσ-σύν, λογιών, κυματῶν.

Ἀσθμαίνω, anheho : to breathe hard, gasp. E. 585.

Ἀσία, as, ἡ, Asia. Hec. 479. See below.

PHR. Ἀσιήτης χθὼν et γῆ.

Ἀσιατῆς, ἰδὺς, Ἀσιᾶς, ἁδὸς, ἡ, Asiatica : Asiatic. Ἀσιάτιδος γῆς σχῆμα Androm. 1. Orest. 1392.

Ἀσιατογένης, ἔδος, Asiaticus : belonging to Asia. Πᾶσά γὰρ ισχύς Ἀσιατογένης Pers. 12.

Ἀσιγήτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non tacens : not silent, sounding, noisy. Ἀσιγήτοις λέσχητος Call. 4. 286.

Ἀσιδῆρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non armatus ferro : un- armed. Μόσχους ἐπὶ ληθον χειρὸς ἀσιδήρου μετὰ Bacch. 735.

Ἀσίνης, ἔδος, illæsus ; damnum avertens : un- hurt ; averting harm. Sept. Th. 826. Τῆς αὖν οὐκ εὐξαντὸ βροτῶν ἄσινεῖ (anapestic dimeter). Agam. 1344. SYN. Ἀελαδῆς, ἀζημῖος.

Ἀσίος, ου, ὁ, Asius : an ally of the Trojans ; also used as an adjective. Ἀσίον ἀμφὶ ἄνακτὰ M. 139. EP. Ἐρτάκιδης, υἱὸς Ἐρτάκου, μέγας, ἥρας, ὀρχαῖδος ἀνδρῶν.

Ἀσίς, ἔως, ἡ, limus : mud, scum, slime. Αλ- λέξαι τόσσην οἱ ἄσιν καθύπερθε Φ. 321. SYN. Λύμα, πῖνός, πηλός, ἰλός.

Ἀσίς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, i. q. Ἀσιατῆς, q. v. Ἐπ' Ἀσιδὸς ηπεῖροιο Apoll. I. 444.

Ἀσιτέω, abstinere a cibo : to abstain from food. Θανέιν αἰτεῖτε δ' εἰς ἀπὸσπᾶσιν βίου Hipp. 277. SYN. Νηστεύω. PHR. Οὐ σιτὰ διὰ δέρης δέχομαι.

Ἀσιτία, as, ἡ, inedia : want of food, abstin- ence. Ἐνθ' αἰσιτίας ἔμον Eur. Sup. 1115. SYN. Ἀπαστία, νηστεία, πείνη.

Ἀσιτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impastus : unfed, without food. Κεῖται δ' αἰσιτός σώμ' Med. 24. SYN. Ἀπαστός, ἀγευστός, ἀκηνητός, νήστις.

Ἀσκάλασώτης, ου, ὁ, stellio : an evet, a lizard. Ἐπ' ασκάλασώτου τινὰ τρόπον κατεπέ μοι Nub. 170.

Ἀσκάλως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sarculo haud purgatus : unwedged, undressed. Ἀσκάλα πάντα Theoc. 10. 14. SYN. Ἀκάθατος.

Ἀσκάνα, as, ἡ, Ascania : a city and district of Phrygia ; another in Mysia. Τῇλ' ἐξ Ἀσκανίης B. 863. EP. Ἐπίεσάλας.

Ἀσκανίος, ου, ὁ, Ascanius, called from his country Ascania. Ἀσκανίος Δεδοειδής B. 862.

Ἀσκαντής, ου, ὁ, grabatus : a pallet bed. Nub. 633. SYN. Σκίμπος, βάθρον, θρανός.

Ἀσκαδάμικτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non nictans : not winking. Equit. 292. See Σκαδάμυσσω. SYN. Ἀτνήνης.

Ἀσκήθης, ἔδος, incolumis : safe, un- hurt. ε. 144. ξ. 255. SYN. Ἀελαδῆς, ὑγίης, ἀλώγητος, ἀρτίος, σῶς.

Ἀσκέλης, ἔδος, imbecillis ; item prædurus ; continuus : weak ; hard ; uninterrupted, inces- sant. κ. 463. SYN. Ἀτέραμνός, σκληρός, σπου- δαῖος, ξυνέχης.

Ἀσκέπαρνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non exasciatus: untouched by the axe. *CE. C. 101. SYN. Ἀξεστός.*

Ἀσκεπτὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non circumspectus: unexplored, unconsidered, inconsiderate. *Eccles. 258. SYN. Ἀσκόπος, ἄφρων, ἄβουλος, ἀνόητος, πρόπητής.*

Ἀσκευός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non instructus: unfinished. *CE. C. 1029. SYN. Ἄτευχής.*

Ἀσκέω, exercere: to practise, train. *Hipp. 1083. SYN. Εργάζομαι, μελετᾶω, ἐπιτηδεύω, δερᾶπνέω.*

Ἀσκηθής. See Ἀσκέθης.

Ἀσκητικός, ἡ, ὄν, ad exercitationem comparatus: fitted for exercise. *Lysistr. 1087.*

Ἀσκητός, ἡ, ὄν, arte elaboratus: curiously wrought. *ψ. 189. SYN. Τυκτός, εὐτυκτός, πόλυκμητός, εξησκημένος, εντρίβής.*

Ἀσκιδίων, ου, τὸ, parvus uter: a small leathern bottle. *ΑΛΛ' ἦκεν ἑκαστὸς ἐν ασκιδίῳ φέρων Eccles. 306.*

Ἀσκίος, α, ὄν, (1) umbrosus: having much shade, shady; (2) umbra carens: having no shade. *Nem. 6.73. See Σκιά. SYN. Κἀτάσκιος, βάθυσκιός, σκιέρως.*

Ἀσκληπίος, οὔ, ὁ, Ἄesculapius: a famous physician and disciple of Chiron. *Ἐγὼ κατὰκλί- νειν αὐτὸν εἰς Ἀσκληπιού Plut. 411. Ἀσκληπιού δ' οὗ παῖδε B. 731. See Heyne. EP. Ηπιδωρός, ἡπίος, εὔπαις. PHR. Τέκτων ἀνωδυνίας ἡμέρος ἡγιαρεκὺς, ἥρως, παντὸςδᾶπων αλκτὴρ νοῦσων, παῖς ὁ Φοῖβος, βάσιλεύς μεγὰς.*

Ἀσκόπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inconsideratus; ignotus; improvisus: inconsiderate; unknown; unexpected. *Agam. 447. SYN. Ἀσκεπτὺς, ἄπροσδοκητός, παράδοξος.*

Ἀσκός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, uter: a leathern bag, skin for wine. *ε. 265. SYN. Δέρμα, δέρως, δόρυς. EP. Ευώδης.*

Ἀσκη, ης, ἡ, Ion., Ascrea: a town in Boeotia, where Hesiod lived. *Hes. Op. 638.*

Ἀσκολιάζω, super utrem salio: to leap on the leathern bag. *Plut. 1130. Ἀσκολιά was the name of a festival at Athens in honour of Bacchus, where it was customary to leap on swelled leathern bags. See Schol. on this passage. SYN. Ἀλλῶμαι.*

Ἀσκαμά, ἄτος, τὸ, pellis muniens remos, qua parte scalmo incumbunt: the leathern lining of the holes, through which the oars are put. *Ach. 97.*

Ἀσμά, ἄτος, τὸ, cantilena: a song, ballad. *Lysistr. 398. SYN. Ἄοιδή. EP. Ἀμερότον, ἡδυρότον, δειῶν, μελίχων, μελίδης.*

Ἀσματόκάμπτης, ου, cantuum tortor: a distorter of songs. *Κύκλιον τέ χόρων σματόκάμ- πτας Nub. 333.*

Ἀσμένος, η, ὄν, gaudens, libens: glad, willing. *Here. F. 725. SYN. Ἐκὼν, ἐθέλων, πρόθυμος, ἡδὺς.*

Ἀσμένως, libenter: gladly, willingly. *Helen. 397.*

Ἀσδφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insipiens: foolish. *Eur. El. 1300. SYN. Ἄφρων, ἀδᾶς, ἀδάμων, ἁμάθης.*

Ἀσπάδωμαι, amplexor: to embrace, salute. *Troad. 1267. SYN. Ἀγάμαι, ἀγαπάω, ἀμφιβάλλω, προσπύσσομαι, δεξιῶμαι.*

Ἀσπαίρω, palpiro: to breathe hard, pant. *Iph. A. 1586. SYN. Ἀσπασπαίρω, κινέω, ψυχορ- ράγνω.*

Ἀσπᾶλᾶθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aspalathus: the white

thorn, or thorn of Jerusalem. *Καὶ ἀσπᾶλᾶθοι κομώντι Theoc. 4. 57.*

Ἀσπαρτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non seminatus: not sown. *ι. 123.*

Ἀσπάσιος, Ἀσπαστός, ἡ, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, desideratus: desirable, welcome. *Τῷ δ' ἀσπασίῳ γένειτ' ἐλθὼν K. 35. Rhcs. 344. SYN. Αἰρέτος, ἡδὺς, ευκταῖος, χαρίεις, ἀσμένος, δέοειδής.*

Ἀσπασμά, ἄτος, τὸ, amplexus: an embrace. *Eur. El. 596. SYN. Ἀσπασμός, περικύβλη.*

Ἀσπερμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sine semine et prole: without offspring. *T. 303. SYN. Ἄτεκνος, ἀγόνος, ἄπαις.*

Ἀσπερχές, indesinenter: incessantly. *Δ. 32. SYN. Ἀζηχές, συνέχως, ισχυρὼς.*

Ἀσπέτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ineffabilis; immensus: beyond description; vast, widely extended. *χ. 407. SYN. Ἀμέγαρτος, ἀθέσφατος, ἀπειρέσιος, ἀφθόνος, ἀπλήτος.*

Ἀσπιδᾶποσλής, ἡτός, ὁ, ἡ, qui scutum in fuga abjicit: one who throws away his shield, a deserter. *Κολακωνύμους ἀσπιδᾶποσλής Vesp. 590.*

Ἀσπιδηστρόφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, clypeum rotans: turning the shield round, armed with a shield. *Ἀσπιδηστρόφος λέως Agam. 798.*

Ἀσπιδηφόρος, Ἀσπιδούχος, Ἀσπιδιώτης, ου, ὁ, clypeo armatus: armed with a shield, shield-bearing. *Πάντας ἀσπιδηφόρους Bacch. 770. Eur. Suppl. 1154. B. 554.*

Ἀσπιδιώτης. See above.

Ἀσπιδούχος. See above.

Ἀσπιδόφερμα, ὄνος, qui bello se alit; bellicosus: maintained by the shield; warlike. *Phoen. 809.*

Ἀσπίς, ἰδός, ἡ, clypeus: a shield. *Ἀσπίδ' ἐκτείνων χερί Androm. 1120. SYN. Θυρέως, σάκος, ιτέα. EP. Ἀμφιερύτος, ἀκάματος, δόριπτός, εὐκύκλος, εὐτυκτός, κράτερ, πολυδαίδαλός, πάναλός, ομφαλδέσας, ταυρεία, φαινή, χρυσεία.*

Ἀσπιστήρ, ἡρὺς, Ἀσπιστής, οὔ, Ἀσπίστωρ, ὄρως, ὁ, clypeatus miles: a shield-bearer. *Heracl. 278. Ion 196. Agam. 394. SYN. Ἀσπιδηφόρος, ἀσπιδιώτης, σάκεσφόρος, σάκεσπάλος. EP. Δογχήρης, ἀρηίος.*

Ἀσπλαγχνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non habens cor; timidus: having no heart; cowardly. *Aj. 472. SYN. Ἀσθένης, ἀπολύος, δειλός.*

Ἀσπονδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, libamenti vel induciarum expers; implacabilis: one with whom no treaty can be made; implacable. *Alcest. 429. SYN. Ἀμελίχος, ἀπαράλτητος, ὑπερφιάλδος.*

Ἀσπουδάστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, neglectus; non expectendus: neglected; not desirable. *Bacch. 901. SYN. Ἀνάειος, ἀμελής.*

Ἀσπουδελ, Ἀσπουδλ, Ἀσπουδῆ, ignave: without exertion, indolently. *O. 476. X. 304. SYN. Ἀμύγητ', ἡσύχη, ἄτερ σπουδῆς.*

Ἀσπὺν, comp. ἀσπύτερω, superl. ἀσπύτατω, prope: near. *Equit. 1306. τ. 506. SYN. Εγγὺς, ἐγγύθεν, ἐγγύθι, πλησίον, ἀγγί, πέλας, ἀγγύθι. Compar. ἐγγύτερω. Superl. ἐγγύτατω.*

Ἀσσυρίος, α, ὄν, Assyrius: Assyrian. *Ἥδε καὶ Ἀσσυρίης Apoll. 2. 966.*

Ἀσπᾶθμητός, Ἀσπᾶτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, instabilis: unstable, uncertain. *Orest. 971. Phoc. 25. See Σπᾶθμη and Σπᾶτός. SYN. Σφαλέρως, οὐκ ἐμπεδός.*

Ἀστακτῖ, Ἀστακτεῖ, copiose: not drop by drop, copiously. *Ἀστακτῖ λείβων δακρύον ᾧδ' ὀδοιπύρεϊ CE. C. 1251. And CE. C. 1646. has an instance*

city. Χαίρετ' αστυκὸς λέως Eumen. 1000. SYN. Αστέως, αστικός, ευφύης, κομψός.

Αστυνικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, victor, victrix (epith. urbis). Τήνδ' αστυνικὸν ἐν βροτοῖς Eumen. 918.

Αστυνόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, urbem administrans: regulating a city. Antig. 355. See above. SYN. Αστέως, αστικός.

Αστυοχία, as, ἡ, Astyochia: the mother of Tlepolemus. *Οὐ τέκεν Αστυοχία Βίη B. 659.

Αστυόχη, ης, ἡ, Astyoche. Οὐς τέκεν Αστυόχη B. 513. SYN. Αστυοχία.

Αστυπάλεια, et αιᾶ, as, ἡ, Astypalæa. Πάρ' ὕδασιν Αστυπάλεια Apoll. 2. 868.

Ἀσύλητος, Ἀσύλωτος, Ἀσυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non spoliatus; non violandus: not plundered; inviolable. Ναυαγὸς ἦκα ξένος ἀσύλητον γένος Helen. 456. Med. 762. SYN. Ἀλώσητος, ἀελά-
θης, βέβαιος, ἱερὸς.

Ἀσυλία, as, ἡ, sanctitas loci: inviolability, sanctity. Ζὺν τ' ἀσυλία βροτῶν Æsch. Sup. 618.

Ἀσύμελητος, Ἀξύμελ., ου, ὁ, ἡ, non comparandus, non adsequendus: not to be compared, not to be comprehended. Trach. 717.

Ἀσύμφορος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inutilis, damnosus: inexpedient, hurtful. Hes. Op. 780. SYN. Ἀκαιρός, ἀχρηστός, βλαβερὸς, ἀπρέπης, ἀτόπος.

Ἀσύνετος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insipiens: unwise, imprudent. Οὐ γὰρ τῶσοῦτον ἀσύνετος πέφυκ' ἐγώ Phœn. 1640. SYN. Ἀφρων, ἀνότης, ἀσουλός.

Ἀσυνέτεια, as, ἡ, inscitia: ignorance, folly. Phœn. 1756. See above. SYN. Ἀνοία, ἀμάθεια, ἀσουλία.

Ἀσύνημων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, i. q. Ἀσυνέτος Agam. 1068.

Ἀσύστατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod consistere nequit; quod non secum congruit: inconsistent; strange. Αἰσύστατον ἄλγος ἐπραξεν Agam. 1443.

Ἀσύφηλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vilis: mean. Ἐπὸς οὐδ' ἀσύφηλον Ω. 767. SYN. Ἀτιμός, ἀνάρθιμος, ἀπόκλητος, ἀνότης, ἀδίκιμος.

Ἀσάδαστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quietus: inconvulsive, quiet. Ζὺν ασάδαστε καὶ τάχει Aj. 844.

Ἀσφακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non mactatus: not sacrificed. Ion 229. SYN. Ἀθύτος.

Ἀσφάλεια, as, ἡ, securitas: security. Εὐρωμὲν ασφάλεια δ' ἡ Æsch. Sup. 498. SYN. Ἀελαβία, ἀδεΐα, ευλαβεία.

Ἀσφάλειος, Ασφάλις, ου, ὁ, securitatem præbens: affording safety. Epith. of Neptune. Acharn. 682. See Ασφάλης.

Ασφαλῆως, Ασφαλῶς, firme, tuto: firmly, in safety. Ασφαλῆως δεῖε ἐμπεδὼν N. 141. Hec. 877.

Ασφάλης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, stabilis, tutus: not liable to fall, firm. Ὀντὰς ασφαλῆστερους Hipp. 972. SYN. Ἀκινδυνός, ἐχϋρός, ἐρυμνός, ευλᾶθης, βέβαιος.

Ασφαλίων, ὠνός, ὁ, Asphalion: the attendant of Menelaus. *Ὡς ἐφάρ' Ασφαλίων δ' ἄρ' ὕδαρ δ. 216. PHR. Οτρηρὸς δερᾶπων Μενέλαου κυδάλλιμος.

Ἀσφαλτός, ου, ἡ, bitumen: a kind of pitch. Theoc. 16. 101.

Ασφαλῶς. See Ασφαλῆως.

Ασφάργεω, strepo: to make a rattling noise in the throat, rattle. Σῆσαγμαῖνοι ασφάργεντι Theoc. 17. 94. For ασφάργεντι, a word not found elsewhere, Brunck on Ms. authority reads ἀμφάργενται, a reading approved of by Harles and Kiessler.

Ασφάργος, ου, ὁ, guttur: the throat. Οὐδ'

ἄρ' ἂπ' ασφάργον μελίη X. 328. Others read ἀπὸ σφάργον. SYN. Σφάργος, βρόχθος, βρόγ-
χος, λαίμωος, τράχηλος, λάρυγξ, φάρυγξ.

Ασφῶδελός, ου, ὁ, (1) asphodelus species plantæ: asphodel; (2) fereus asphodelum: producing asphodel. Κάτ' ασφῶδελον λειμῶνα λ. 538. SYN. Ανθερίκος. Ερ. Διανθής.

Ασχάλαω, Ασχάλλω, tristor, indignor: to be sorry, indignant. Κτήσιος ασχάλαων τ. 534. SYN. Δυσφῶρέω, ἀδημύνεω, λυπεῖμαι, οδύρεμαι, χολεπαίνω.

Ἀσχετός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intolerabilis: intolerable, irresistible. β. 85. SYN. Ἄτλητος, ἀδᾶμαστος, δύσφορος, ἐπαχθής, ου τλητός, ου φερτός.

Ασχημῶνεω, indecore ago, vel tractor: to act or be treated ignominiously. Hec. 406.

Ασχημῶν, ὄνός, inhonestus: unseemly. Helen. 298. SYN. Ἀεικέλιος, ἀέκηλιος, αἰσχυρός, ἀκοσμός, ἄμορφος.

Ασχολία, as, ἡ, occupatio, molestia: occupation, trouble. Isth. 1. 2. SYN. Ἐργόν, σπουδῇ, πράγος.

Ἀσχόλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui otium non est: having no leisure, occupied. Orest. 93. SYN. Πόλυ-
πράγμων.

Ἀσῶδης, εὖς, palustris: marshy, muddy. Æsch. Sup. 32. "From Ἀσίς." H. Steph. Εξρ. Πη-
λώδης, αμώδης.

Ἀσώπιος, α, ὄν, Boeotus: Boeotian. Εξέλων Ἀσωπίας Eur. Sup. 571.

Ἀσωπός, οὐ, ὁ, Asopus: (1) a son of Neptune, who gave his name to a river in Boeotia; (2) a name of several rivers. Αἰγινὰ δὴγάτηρ ἐγένετ' Ἀσωποῦ πατρός Iph. A. 697. λ. 259. SYN. (2) Βᾶθοςχυνός, λεχέποιος, βάρλγδουπος.

Ἀσωπῖς, vel Ἀσωπιᾶς, ἡ, patronym. ab Ἀσωπός, q. v. Herc. F. 787.

Ἀσωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) perditus: abandoned; (2) perniciosus: pernicious. Agam. 1587. Comp. of σῶζω. SYN. (1) Ἀκόλαστος, ἀσύφη-
λός, ἐπίτριπτός, κάκοιργός, μῖαρος, γαστρίμαργός, (2) ἐξώλης, πάνωλης, ἀχρεΐος, νύσερος.

Ἀτακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inordinatus: irregular. Eur. fr. Sisyph. 1. 1. SYN. Ἀνόμος, ἀκόσμητος, ἀθέμιτος.

Ἀτάλαντη, ης, ἡ, Arcadica virgo et venatrix: a famous Arcadian huntress. *Ὅδ' ἐστὶ Παρθε-
νῶπαῖος Ἀτάλαντης γόνος Phœn. 150. See Pyth. 9. 33.

Ἀτάλαντος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, paris ponderis: equal in weight, equal. Μέγης ἀτάλαντος Ἄρηι B. 627. SYN. Ἀλίγκιος, ἐναλίγκιος, ἴσος, ἱσορρόπος, πᾶρ-
αλήσιος, πᾶσιν ὁμοῖος, ἀντὶρρόπος.

Ἀτάλλω, præ gaudio exulto; delicate nutrio: to frisk with joy; to cherish. Ψυχὴν ἀτάλλων Aj. 560. SYN. Ἀγάλλομαι, χαίρω, τρέφω, αὐξάνομαι.

Ἀτάλαφρων, ὄνός, tenello animo præditus: of infantine understanding. Κόλπῳν ἔχονσ' ἀτάλα-
φρόνᾳ Z. 400.

Ἀτάλός, ἡ, ὄν, tener: delicate, youthful. Ηῖ-
θεοὶ ἀτάλα φρόνέοντες Σ. 567. SYN. Ἀπάλός, ἄερος, νήπιος.

Ἀτάρ, sed, verum: but. Μὰψ ἀτάρ ου κατὰ κόσμον B. 214. SYN. Ἀλλά, ἀντάρ, δέ, μέντοι.

Ἀταρβής, εὖς, Ἀταρβήτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intrepidus: undismayed. Κράτερὸς καὶ Ἀταρβής N. 299. Γ. 63. SYN. Ἀδέης, ἀφῶσός, ἀφῶσητος, ἀφῶσό-
σπλαγχνός.

Ἀταρπίτος, Ἀταρπός, οὐ, ἡ, Ion. pro Ἀτραπίτος, Ἀτράπος, via trita, semita: a path much fre-

quented; a road, way. Ουδὲ μὴν ἐκτὺς ἀταρπίτου
p. 234. X. 331. SYN. et Ep. see Ἀτράπις.

Ἀταρτηρός, ἄ, ὄν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, noxious: harmful.
Μέντωρ ἀταρτηρὲ φρένας ηλῆξέ β. 243. SYN.
Ατηρός, ατήριος, βλαδέριος, χάλεπος.

Ἀτασθάλια, ας, ἡ, vesanía, improbitas: infatu-
ation, injustice, rapine. Σφέτερησιν ἀτασθάλιησιν
α. 7. SYN. Ἀνοία, ἀφρόσυνη, φανυλότης, ἀδικία,
ἁμαρτία, μοχθηρία. Ep. Ἀλέγειν, δεινὴ, ἰθύ-
ουσα, λυγρὰ, κἀκομήχανος, οὐλομένη, πτόλιπορθός,
στύγερὰ.

Ἀτασθάλλω, proterve me gero: to act wan-
tonly. Λήθει ἀτασθάλλουσ' τ. 88. SYN. Πάρ-
βαίνω.

Ἀτάσθαλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, injuriosus: insolent, un-
just. Τοῦτ' ὃν ἀτάσθαλόν X. 418. SYN. Ἀδι-
κός, ἀταρτηρός, αίσυλός, μοχθηρός, πόνηρος,
φάυλός.

Ἀταύρωτος, η, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, expers conjugii,
castus: unmarried, chaste. Agam. 236. SYN.
Ἀδμής, ἀδμητός, ἀζύς, ἀζύγος, ἄγνος, παρθένος,
ἀνύμεναιός, ἀγάμος, ἀγευστός γάμων.

Ἀτάρως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insepultus: unburied. Eur.
Sup. 292. See Τάφως. SYN. Ἀθαπτός. PHR.
Ἀμοιρός, ἀκτέριστός, ἀνύσιός, νέκυσ.

Ατάω, damnum infero: to injure. See Ἀάσκω.
Οἰκόθεν γ' ατάμενος Eur. Suppl. 182. See
'Ατη.

Ἀτεγκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non emolliendus: un-
melted by tears, unrelenting. Herc. F. 829.
SYN. Σκληρός, ἀμειλίχης, ἀτέρμανός, ἀδάμαστος,
ἀδιάντος, ἀζαλέος.

Ἀτειρός, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, indomitus: not worn out,
invincible. Χαλκός ἀτειρός E. 292. SYN. Ἄρτυ-
τός, ἀνικητός, ἀδάμαστος, σκληρός, ἀτεγκτός.

Ἀτέκματός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, de quo nulla conjectura
feri potest: not affording just grounds for con-
jecture. Τῇσδε κρήσας ἀτέκμαρτότατης. Pers.
907. SYN. Ἀδηλός, ἀσημύς.

Ἀτέκνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, prole carens: childless.
Orest. 200. SYN. Ἄπαις, ἀγόνος.

Ἀτέλειά, ας, ἡ, immunitas: exemption from
tribute, freedom. Ἀτέλειαν ἐμαῖσι λίταις ἐπι-
κραίνει Eumen. 364.

Ἀτέλεστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) infectus: incomplete;
(2) non initiatus: uninitiated. Bacch. 40. SYN.
Ἀπληρώτος, ἄλιός, Βέηλός.

Ἀτέλευτός, Ἀτέλειότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad finem
non perductus: not finished. Agam. 1426.
Δ. 175. SYN. Ἀτέρμων, αἰδιδός, αἰώνιος.

Ἀτέλλης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, imperfectus: incomplete.
Ion 1080. SYN. Ἀτέλεστος.

Ἀτέμω, privo; contristo; queror: to de-
prive; distress; complain. Εξ οὗ ἀτέμψει θυ-
μὸν ἐνὶ στήθεσσίην Ἀχαιῶν β. 90. SYN. Ἀνία,
λυπεύω, ἐνόχλω, ἀποστέρω, στέριζω, δυσχε-
ραίνω.

Ἀτένης, ἔος, intentus: intent, earnest, in-
flexible. Antig. 837.

Ἀτέρ, Ἀτερθέ, sine, absque, extra: without,
asunder, apart from. Τοῦδε τιμωρεῖν ἀτερ Hec.
737. SYN. Ἄνευ, ἐκτός, χωρίς.

Ἀτέραμνός, ου, Ἀτέράμων, ὄνός, præfractus:
stubborn, implacable, harsh, grating. Κῆρ ἀτέ-
ραμνὸν ἐθγκάν ψ. 167. Acharn. 180. SYN. Ἀνία,
Ἀτένης, ἀτερής, αὐθάδης, ἀτεγκτός, σκληρός,
στερρός, χάλεπος.

Ἀτερβή. See Ἄτερ.

Ἀτέρμων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, interminatus; rotundus:
boundless; round. Hec. 925.

Ἀτερπής, ἔος, Ἀτερπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insuavis:

bitter, disagreeable, joyless. T. 354. See Z. 285.
SYN. Ἀηδής, ἀδευκής, ἀχάρις.

Ἀτευχής, ἔος, armis destitutus: unarmed.
Androm. 1118. SYN. Ἀσκευός, ἀνὸπλός.

Ἀτέχνως, sine arte, certe, prorsus: without
art, plainly, certainly, by all means. Nub. 408.
See Τέχνη.

Ἀτη, ης, ἡ, (1) Ate dea: the goddess Ate;
(2) damnum, noxa: a curse, guilt. Πρέσβᾶ
Διὸς διγγάτηρ Ἀτὴ ἡ πάντας αἵται T. 91. Θ. 237.
Ep. (1) Ἀρτίπους, ἀνδρὸλετερά, δορίμαργός,
σθενάρα, λυγρὰ, θανάτηφόρος, χάλεπῃ, (2) ἀνί-
ρός (see Ἀνιάρος), ἀγριός, ἀδευκής, ἀχθρευτός,
ἀμύχανός, βάρεϊά, δακθυμύς, διάλγης, γυῖρα,
δυσφόρμιγξ, λευγάλεα, πολυτήμων, στύγερὰ,
κρυῖρα, θυμοφόθρος, φθισήνωρ, χάλεπῃ, ῥίψοπλός.
SYN. (2) Βλάση, ζημία, ακία, λώση, πημά,
πημὸνῃ, πταισμά, οἴζυς.

Ἀτημέλης, ἔος, negligens; neglectus: negli-
gent; neglected. Αμπτόλιεθρόν ατημέλεές ἀλ-
λυντο Apoll. 1. 811.

Ἀτημέλητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, neglectus; frustratus:
neglected; disappointed. Ἀτημέλητος αἰὲν
Agam. 864. See below. SYN. Ἀτημέλης, ἀμέ-
λης, ἀκχεστός.

Ἀτημέλια, ας, ἡ, negligentia: negligence. Αἱ
οἱ ατημέλῃ κατέαμμέναί Apoll. 3. 829. SYN.
Ἀμελεία, ἀμελία.

Ἀτήριός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Ατηρός, ἄ, ὄν, damnosus:
guilty, destructive, grievous. Eumen. 1010.
Γυναικὲς εορμὲν ατηρόν κᾶκόν Androm. 353.
SYN. Ἀταρτηρός, βλαδέριος, πτόλιπορός, σκληρός.

Ἀτθίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Attica. Iph. A. 247.

Ἀτίετός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inhonoratus, insultus: un-
honoured, unrevenged. Ἀτίετος φίλων Ion
702. answering to -σας ὑμωφιδίαν: but the critics
suspect ἀτίετος of error. SYN. Ἀτίτος, ἀτίμη-
τός.

Ἀτίζω, Ἀτιμάζω, Ἀτιμάω, Ἀτιμώω, contumelia
adicio: to insult, treat with contempt. Οὔτοι
σ' ἀτίζω Alcest. 1056. Heracl. 228. π. 307.
Helen. 454. SYN. Ἀθερίζω, ἀπατίζω, κατὰφρο-
νέω, ὑβρίζω, ψέγω, κερτύμω, ὀνειδίζω, ἐπὶνει-
δίζω, κηλίδω.

Ἀτιμάγελω, gregem sperno; seorsim pascor
a grege; separo a grege: to despise the flock;
feed apart from the flock; quit the flock. Μηδὲν
ατιμάγελούντες Theoc. 9. 5.

Ἀτιμάγελος, ου, ὁ, qui spernit gregem: one
who neglects his flock. Οἱ καὶ ατιμάγελαι βόσ-
κοντ' Theoc. 25. 132.

Ἀτιμαστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, contemptor: one who
dishonours another. Ἡ ζώντ' ατιμαστήρᾳ Sept.
Th. 634.

Ἀτιμητός, Ἀτιμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inhonoratus: un-
honoured, dishonoured. Τίτ' ατιμητον μετὰνά-
στην Π. 59. Phoen. 637. SYN. Ἀπτότητος,
ἐκτιμός, ατημέλητός, ἀτίτος, ἀγέραστος, οὐτιδά-
νός, ἀπόσλητός.

Ἀτιμία, Ion. Ἀτιμῖν, et Ἀτιμωσίς, ἡ, ignominia:
disgrace, degradation. Καὶ δῶαν ατιμία Heracl.
72. v. 142. Choeph. 429. SYN. Ἀδοξία, αισχύνη,
ὀνειδός, ακία, ὑβρίς, αἰσχός.

Ἀτιμυπνεθής, ἔος, contumeliam lugens: mourn-
ing for dishonour. Eumen. 813. See below.

Ἀτίμως, ignominiose: ignominiously. Τίς σ'
ᾧδ' ατίμως Med. 1205.

Ἀτίτάλλω, λώ, delicate nutrio: to bring up
with tenderness. Εὐ ἐτρέφεν ἡδ' ἀτίταλλεν
Π. 191. SYN. Ἀτάλλω, λιπαίνω, παιδοτρέφω,
τρέφω, ἐκτρέφω.

Ἀτίτος, Ἀτίτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inhonoratus, inultus : unhonoured, unrevenged. Ἡμεῖς δ' αἵτια σαρκὶ πάλαιᾳ Agam. 71. Eumen. 257. On the quantity of the penult. of Ἀτίτος see Clarke's note at N. 414. SYN. Ἀτίτης, ἀτιμός, ἀζήμιος.

Ἀτάντειος, α, ὄν, Atlanti incumbens : resting on Atlas. Τὸν Ἀτάντειον τηροῦσι πόλον Eur. Pirith. fr. 3.

Ἀτλαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, Atlanticus : of or belonging to Atlas, Atlantic. Τερμῶναν τ' Ἀτλαντικὴν Hipp. 3.

Ἄτλας, αντός, ὁ, Atlas : one of the Titans ; the name of a very high mountain in Africa. Ἄτλας ὁ νότιος χαλκεῖσιν οὐρανόν Ion 1. Ep. Ὀλοφρων, ἀλλῖος, κρατέροφρων, Τιτάνιος, Ἰάπετιώδης.

Ἀτλητέω, tolerare non possum : not to endure, not to brook an insult. Πάρεμ' ἀτλητῶν E. R. 515. SYN. Χάλεπαίνα.

Ἀτλητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intolerabilis : unsufferable. Ἄτλατὰ τλάσᾳ Agam. 398.

Ἀτμή, ἡς, ἡ, Ἀτμός, οὔ, ὁ, vapor : vapour, steam, smoke. Ἀτμός is properly the steam arising from boiling water. See Blomfield's Glossary, Agam. 1282. Ἀτμὸν κατισχυαίνουσα γηδὺς πύρι Eumen. 133. SYN. Κάπνός, Ἀγνός, αἰθαλή. Ep. Αἰθαλδεῖς, βάρυς, θερμός, σέλασφορός, φλόγιός.

Ἀτμητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intonsus : uncut, unclipped. Ἄναξ ἀτμητοῖ ἐθειραῖ Apoll. 2. 710. SYN. Ἀκερσεκόμης, ἀτόμος.

Ἀτοιχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, parietem non habens : unwallled. Ion 1133.

Ἀτόκος, ἡ, quæ nunquam peperit : who never bore a child. Eur. El. 1127.

Ἀτόλυτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non audendus : not to be addressed, that ought not to be attempted. Agam. 366.

Ἄτολμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non audens : not daring, cowardly. P. V. 14. SYN. Ἀνανδρός, ἀψυχός, δειλός, κᾰκός, ὄκνηρός, ταρσεῶδες, φύβερός, ἀσπλαγχνός, δειδίμων, δειλαῖός, δειλάκρως, δειλάκριν.

Ἄτομος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sectus non est : uncut, unpolluted. Trach. 203. SYN. Ἀτμητός, ἀπόρθητός.

Ἀτομία, ας, ἡ, insolita novitas ; insolentia : strangeness, absurdity, inconvenience : perverse, insolence. Διὰ τὴν ἀτομίαν τῶν δημότων Acharn. 349. SYN. Ἀθήειά, ἀκοσμία, ἀκαιρία, ἀμορφία.

Ἀτόπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insolens, novus ; importunus ; absurdus : unusual, strange ; troublesome ; absurd. Ion 691. SYN. Ἀμάθης, ἀλόγιστός, ἀήθης, ἀσύμφωτός, ἀκαιρός, ἀνόητός, ἀλλόκοτός, ἀπειροκάλος, ἀτασθαλός, κένος, κᾰκός, ἀπώδως, μοχθηρός.

Ἄτος. See Ἄατος.

Ἀτρακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) fusus : a spindle, distaff ; (2) sagitta : a reed, arrow. Πολλοί τ' ἀτράκτων τοξοῖται Rhes. 308. SYN. (1) Ηλᾰκᾰτης κλωστήρ, (2) βέλός, ἄκων, ἀκόντιόν, ἰός, ἰστός, βέλεμνόν.

Ἀτρακτυλλίς, ἰδός, ἡ, spinæ genus : a species of thorn. Ταὶ τρακτυλλίδες ἐντὶ Theoc. 4. 52.

Ἀτράπος, Ἀτράπιτός, οὔ, ἡ, via trita, semita : a beaten path. Μῖαν εὖρον ἀτράπον δαιμονίας ὑπερφύᾳ Nub. 76. v. 195. SYN. Ἀταρπός, ἀταρπιτός, δδός, οἰμός, οἴμη, κέλευθος. Ep. Ευρύχορος, τηλεπρόρος, τραχεῖά, σκόλιά.

Ἀτρείδης, ου ; Ἀτρείων, ωνός, ὁ, Atrides : son

of Atreus. Ἀτρεῖδα δὲ μάλιστα A. 16. The first syllable is always long in Homer, and some imagine Ἀτρείδης to form a quadrisyllable. See Dawes. Misc. Crit. p. 172.

Ἀτρεκέως, vere : truly. Πάντᾳ μάλ' ἀτρεκέως B. 10.

Ἀτρεκής, ἔος, verus, certus : true, certain, sincere, accurate. Βιότου δ' ἀτρεκέως ἐπιτήδεύσεις Hipp. 261. SYN. Ἀληθής, ἀκριβής, βέλαιος, δῆλός, ἀφενδής.

Ἀτρεμάς, α, ὄν, quietus : without trembling, quiet, gentle. Herc. F. 1047. See below. SYN. Λεπτός, ἡσύχος, ἐκηλός, ἐπικεύς, μέτριος.

Ἀτρεμάς, Ἀτρεμά, sine motu et tremore : without moving or trembling, steadily. Ἀτρεμάς ὄφρ' εὐδρῶσι E. 524. Hipp. 1355. SYN. Ἐκηλά, ηρέμᾳ, ἡσυχᾶ, ἡσυχως, ἡσυχῇ, ἄκην, ἀτρέστως.

Ἀτρεμέω, Ἀτρεμέω, immotus sum : not to tremble, to be unmoved. Τρίχες ἀτρεμέωσι Hes. Op. 537. Theog. 972. SYN. Ἡσυχάζω.

Ἀτρεία, ας, ἡ, quies animi a timore, audacia : intrepidity, boldness. Nem. 11. 15. See above. SYN. Εὐτολμία, ἡσύχια.

Ἀτρεπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immotus : unmoved, unalterable. Πρώτᾳ μὲν ἀτρέπτοι Apoll. 4. 704. SYN. Ἀτρώπος, ἀκίνητος, ἀστεμφής, ὀρθός.

Ἀτρεστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intrepidus : intrepid. Ἐγὼ δ' ἀτρέστον καρδίᾳ Agam. 1373. SYN. Ἀτρώμος, ἀδείμαντός.

Ἀτρέστως, intrepide : intrepidly. Ἐπλητ' ἀτρέστως Æsch. Sup. 243. SYN. Ἀφόςως, ἀδώς, ἀτρώμως, ευθαρώς.

Ἀτρέως, ἔος, ὁ, Atreus : the son of Pelops and Hippodamia, king of Mycenæ. Δείσας Ἀτρέως νιόν Γ. 37. Ep. Δαΐφρων, ἱπποδάμους.

Ἀτριάκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non vincendus : invincible. Choëph. 337. See Τριακτῆρ. SYN. Ἀνίκητός, ἀδάμαστός.

Ἀτριπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non tritus aut exercitatus ; invius ; indomitus : untrodden, unpractised ; impervius ; unsubdued. Τοιοῦτός ἐν ἀτρίπτοις ἀκανόαις Theoc. 13. 64. SYN. Ἀπειρός, ἀχρηστός, ἀήθης, ἀδάμαστός.

Ἀτρίχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, poet. pro Ἄθριξ, capillis carens : bald, bare. Τὸ δ' ἀτρίχον εἰσέτι καὶ νῦν Call. Dian. 77.

Ἀτρώμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intrepidus : intrepid. Ἀτρώμῳ οἶον ἔχσεκ E. 126. SYN. Ἀτρεπτός, ἀδής, ἀφώδως, ἀδείμαντός.

Ἀτρώπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, durus, gravis : unalterable, perverse. Ὁ τὸν ἀτρώπον ἵπνον ἰαῶν Theoc. 3. 49. SYN. Αἰώνιος, ἀτρεπτός, κᾰκός.

Ἀτρώφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impastus ; not alens : unfed, lean ; not nutritious. Καὶ ἀτρώφός οἷά θ' ἀλιπλής Call. Del. 11.

Ἀτρυγέτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infructuosus : fruitless, barren. Πέμψας ἐπ' ἀτρυγέτον πόντον O. 27. SYN. Ἀκαρπός, στείρως.

Ἀτρωμός, ὄνός, Ἀτρωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indomitus, non cessans : not to be worn down by exertion, incessant. Καὶ κᾰκῶν ἀτρωμόνες Sept. Th. 874. Aj. 788. SYN. Ακαμάτος, ἀδάμαστός.

Ἀτρωτώνη, ἡς, ἡ, indomita : invincible, an epithet of Minerva. Δίδς τέκος Ἀτρωτώνη Φ. 420.

Ἄτρωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, invulneratus, indomitus : unwounded, untamed. Καὶ πῶς ἀτρωτὸν οὐθάρ Choëph. 525. SYN. Ἀέλῃς, ἀελήτος, ἀπάθῃς, ἀδάμαστός.

Ἀττᾶ, Ἰdem fere notans quod πάππας, sic tamen ut et frater junior sic blande appellēt

fratrem majorem natu; imo et in genere junioris ad seniore est προσφώνσις τιμητική." Damm.: father, sir, a term of respect addressed to elders. Φωνίξ ἀττά γέραί 1. 603.

Ἀττά, Ἀσσά pro Ἀτινά; et Ἀττά, Ἀσσά, pro Τινά. Ἀττ' εστίν ὀρθῶς Nub. 251. A. 554. Nub. 630. K. 208.

Αττάγας, ὁ, avis picto dorso, attagen: a hazel hen or quail. Νάσας κολοῖς αττάγας φάλαριδας Acharn. 875.

Αττάρᾱς, Αττάρᾱχς, ου, ὁ, minutum fragmentum pani cocto derasum, mica: a very small scrap or fragment. Οὐδ' ὅσυν αττάρᾱγόν τῷ δεδολκίμεις Call. Ep. 48.

Αττάται, heu: alas! Ἦν μὴ σίωπᾱς αττάται ἀταττάται Thesm. 223.

Αττίκιον, ωνός, Αττίκωνικός, οὔ, ὁ, diminutiv. ab Αττικός, a little Athenian. Ναί τῷ σῶ νῦν Αττίκιον δώσει δίκην Pax 213, 214. But some say that Αττίκιον is Laconic or Spart. for ὁ Ἀθηναῖος, and Αττικωνικός is Lacon. for Αττικός, ἡ, ὄν.

Αττικός, ἡ, ὄν, Atticus: Athenian. Ὅψει τοι σφῶδρ' ἀνὰς Αττικός Lysistr. 56.

Αττυήλῶς, ἡ, ὄν, terrificus: alarming, terrific. Τηλοῦ ἀτυηλῶ ὑπὸ δειμάτῃ Apoll. 2. 1059. SYN. Βλοσυρός, δειμαλέος, δεινός, συγγέρως, σμερδαλέος, σμερδνός, φθέρως, φρικώδης.

Ἀτύζω, metu percello: to terrify. Ἄλλοι ἄτυζόμενοι φθέοντο Z. 41. SYN. Δειδισσόμεναι, εκπλήσσω, πάρασσω, εκτάρασσω, εκφθεῖω, κάταπτήσσω, μορμολύττω.

Ἀτυμνιάδης, ου, ὁ, Atymnio satus: the son of Atymnius, Mydon. Εσθλὺν Ἀτυμνιάδην E. 581.

Ἀτύχῳ, ἡσω, miser sum, frustror: to be disappointed, unfortunate. Οὐκ ἀτύχῃσεις Nub. 427. See Τύχη. SYN. Δυστύχῳ, δυσπραγῳ, τύλαιπρῳ, δυστύχῳς ἔχω.

Ἄτω, ἄσω, lædo: to injure. Ἄσέ μὲ δαίμωνος αἰσά λ. 61. SYN. Ἀτάω, βλάπτω, σίνόμαι, ἀδικῶ, ἄσσω, ἄατω.

Ἀῦ, Ἀυτέ, Ἀῦθις, Αῦτις, rursum, retro, contra: again, also, on the other hand, in turn. Ἀῦθις αὖ πάλιν Philoct. 948. Aves 896. A. 206.

Ἀναίνω, ἄνω, exsiccō: to wither, dry up. Ἀφίλως ἀνῶν βίον Soph. El. 821. SYN. Ἀνω, ξηραίνω, διαφθείρω.

Αὐλέος, α, ὄν, aridus: dry, parched, squalid. Αὐλέος δὲ τέ χρώς Hes. Op. 586. SYN. Ἀδός, αζαλέος.

Αυγάω, (1) illustro: to illuminate; (2) fulgeo: to beam on; (3) video: to see clearly. Ἰππους αυγάζομαι Ψ. 458. SYN. (3) Ἀπαναγάζομαι, βλέπω, θεωρῶ.

Αυγείας, ου, ὁ, Augæas: a prince of the Eleans whose stables were cleansed by Hercules. A. 738. Ep. Ἀναξ ἀνδρῶν, αρχὸς Ἐπειῶν.

Αυγή, ἡς, ἡ, splendor: light; poet. the eye. B. 455. SYN. Αίγλη, φῶς, φέγγος, οφθαλμός. Ep. Ἀρίζηλῶς, λευκή, πυρφόρος, φάεσιμρότος, οξεία, τηλέσκηπτος, μαρμαίρουσα, ηλεκτροφάης.

Αὐδᾶ, loquor: to speak, talk, address. Αὐδᾶ ὅ, τι φρονέεις Ξ. 195. SYN. Πρόσαυδᾶ, ἀγῶρειῶ, πρόσᾶνδρεῶν, φωνῶ, προσφωνῶ, γηρύω, φράζω, βῶω.

Αὐδῆ, ἡς, ἡ, vox, nuntius: a voice, word, news. Ξ. 419. SYN. Ἀὐτῆ, βῶη, βάσις, γῆρυς, δρῶς, φθέγμα, φθόγγος, φωνή. Ep. Ἀκάματος, ἀπειρίτος, ἀμειρότος, βάρηχης, γλυκίερα, γερῆρα, θεία, θέσκελός, λίγυρα, λασσός, ὁμόθροος, πύλοστώνος, σωτήριος, γλυκίων μελίτης.

Αὐδήεις, εσσᾶ, ἔν, vocalis: vocal, civilised, eloquent. T. 407. SYN. Φωνήεις, εὔφωνος, ἡδύφωνος, εὐήχης.

Αὐθάδης, ἔος; Αὐθαδικός, ἡ, ὄν, sibi placens, pervicax: self-willed, stubborn, unruly, cruel. Στυγερὰν τέ ψῶν φρένους αυθαδούς Med. 104. Lysistr. 1118. SYN. Ἀλάζων, ἀναιδής, ἀήθης, ἄσεκλῆς, ἀτέραμνος, δρᾶσις.

Αὐθαδία, ας, ἡ; Αὐθαδισμῆ, ἄτος, τὸ, arrogantia, superbia: self-sufficiency, perverseness. Αὐθαδία τοι σκαυτήτῃ ὄφλισκάνει Antig. 1040. P. V. 963. SYN. Ἀλαζονεία, ἄβουλῖα.

Αὐθαδιστόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, contumaci ore: foul-mouthed. Ἀγρίστοιὺν αυθαδιστόμον Ran. 861. SYN. Ἀθύρδοτος, ἀθύρογλασσός.

Αὐθαδῶς, contumaciter: insolently. Αισχυλῆ λέξον μὴδ' αυθαδῶς Ran. 1020.

Αὐθαμίῳν, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, qui ejusdem est sanguinis; frater: one of the same blood; a brother. Trach. 1041. SYN. Ὀμαιμός, ἀδελφός.

Αὐθέντης, i. q. Αυτόντης, ου, ὁ, qui perimit sua manu; sua ipsius manu peractus: one who is armed against himself, a self-murderer; one who murders a near relation; also pass., self-inflicted. Iph. A. 1200. SYN. Αυτοφόντης, αυτοσφάγης, αυτοκτόνος, αυτοδᾶκτύς, αὐτόχειρ, φόνεὺς, φόνεὺς.

Αὐθιμέρον, Αυτήμαρ, eo vel hoc ipso die: on this or that very day. Acharn. 522. Ξ. 454.

Αὐθί, "fere semper pro Αυτοθί, hic, ibi, illic. Frequentatur ab Homero, sed ne semel quidem reperi in Poësis Dramaticis." Maltb.: here, there. Αὐθί μένων πρόθεσκε A. 492. SYN. Κάτ' αὐθί, κάταυτοθί, πάραυθί, αντιθί, αὐτοῦ, ἐκεί.

Αὐθιγένης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, indigena: born in the same place, native, genuine. Οἷς αυθιγῆς τημεθιῶ δόκος Eur. fr. Cret. 2. 6. SYN. Εγ-γένης, ἰθαγῆνης, εγχαρίως.

Αὐθίς. See Αῦ.

Αὐλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, sulcus: a furrow. Αιθέρως αὐλάκᾱ τέμνων Aves 1400. SYN. Ἄλος, ἄλξ. Ep. Ορθῇ, βάθειᾳ, εὐκαρπῶς, λευρῶς, πυρφόρῶς, στάχυφόρῶς, φέρεσιός.

Αὐλείος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad aulam pertinens: of a hall or court. Helen. 437. See Αὐλή. Αὐλεία in the fem., θύρα being understood, signifies a porch or hall-door.

Αὐλείτης, ου, ὁ, villicus: a bailiff, steward. Apoll. 4. 1487. SYN. Ἀγροικός.

Αὐλέω, tibia cano: to play on a pipe or flute. Thesm. 1186. SYN. Κάταυλέω.

Αὐλή, ἡς, ἡ, (1) area subdialis ad domum: a court-yard; (2) septum intra quod pernoctant pecudes: a sheep-fold; (3) vestibulum: a hall. Hec. 169. SYN. (2) Στάθμος, σηκός, ἐπαυλῖς, ἐπαυλίον; (3) Βασίλειον, μελᾶθρον, ἀνάκτορον. Ep. Βασίλῃδος, περὶκαλλῆς, ολβία, θύωδης, βάθειᾳ, λαμπρᾷ, κἀλή, ὑψηλή, χαλκιδέτης, ἡρόειδης, ευκίαν, ευερκής. PRR. Τύραννον δωμᾶ, τύραννικοί δόμοι.

Αὐλημά, ἄτος, τὸ, cantus tibiarum: piping, music produced by a wind-instrument. Ran. 1302.

Αὐλητήρ, ἥρος, Αὐλητής, οὔ, ὁ; Αὐλητρίς, ἰδὼς, ἡ, tibia, tibia: a flute-player, minstrel. Hes. Clyp. 283. Vesp. 579. Acharn. 550. SYN. Σουρικτής.

Αὐλιζομαι, stabulor; pernocto: to be folded; abide for the night. Ξ. 412. SYN. Ἐναυλιζομαι.

Αὐλίον, ου, τὸ, stabulum: a stall, fold. Σύν-ελασσόν ἐς αὐλίον H. Merc. 106.

Αὐλαῖς, ἰδὸς, Ion. ἰδός, ἡ, aula, cubile : a place of abode for the night, tent, fold. Κένεαι δ' ἐμὶν αὐλαῖς ἦδη Call. 6. 106. SYN. Αὐλή, ἐναυλός.

Αὐλαῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Aulis : a town and port in Boeotia, situated on the Euripus. Καὶ Αὐλιᾷ πετρήεσαν B. 496. EP. Ἐνάλια.

Αὐλός, οὐ, ὁ, (1) fistula : a pipe ; (2) foramen : a socket. P. 297. SYN. Σύριγξ, δόναξ. EP. Λίξυς, Μυγδώνιος, ἡλύκτος, ἡδύμελης, ευκελάδης, νήδυμος, λίγυρος, ἱμερόεις.

Αὐλὼν, ὠνός, ὁ, vallis : a narrow passage, valley. H. Merc. 95. SYN. Ἀγκός, φάραγξ. EP. Τηλέφανης.

Αὐλωπίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, procera, oblonga : high-coned, oblong, conical. E. 182.

Αὐξανόμεαι, Αὐξόμεαι, cresco : to increase, grow. Εἰ καλὸς αὐξανόμεναι γένεσι πολυφάγοις Aves 1065. Acharn. 226. SYN. Ἀδρύνόμεαι, αλδαίνω, ἀναλδήσκω.

Αὐνὴ, ἡς, ἡ, (1) ariditas : drought ; (2) clamor : clamour. Simon. 20. SYN. (1) Αὐχμός ; (2) Βόη, αὐτή, κραυγή.

Αὐός, α, ὄν, siccus : dry, withered, parched. Ψ. 327. SYN. Ἀλᾶλός, ξηρός, ἀσπάλᾶτος.

Ἀϋπνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insomnis : sleepless. Iph. T. 424. See Ἰπνός. SYN. Ἀγρυπνός, παννύχιος.

Αὔρα, ας, ἡ, aura : a gentle breeze, air, breath. Αὔρα τίς εἰσέπλευσέ Ran. 317. SYN. Πνὴθ, ζεφύρος. EP. Ἀστατός, ἀθλωτός, ἀκίμαντος, δῦσάδης, ἐνώδης, εὐκλήτος, ἐπικυρτός, ζάχρητης, ἡδεῖα, ἡδύπνους, ὀρησός, κραιπνός, λεπτή, λευγάλη, λαίλαψ, λιάρα, μέσημεριάς, νήδυμος, δρειδρόμους, φοισάς, φυσίζους.

Αὐταλᾶτος, α, ὄν, siccus ; squalidus : dried ; squalid. Εἰ κέν αὐσπάλᾶτος τ. 327. SYN. Αὔδς, αὐχμάδης, πινώδης.

Αὐταδελφός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, frater germanus : born of the same mother. Ὡ κοινὸν αὐταδελφὸν Antig. 1. B. 706. SYN. Κάσιγγνός, ὁμαιός, ὁμπατρίος.

Αὐτανδρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cum ipsis hominibus : with the men themselves. Apoll. 3. 582.

Αὐτάρκης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, sufficiens ; contentus : self-sufficient, complete, content, adequate. Choëph. 745.

Αὐτέ. See Αὐ.

Ἀὐτέω, ἥσω ; ἄωω, αὔσω, clamor : to cry out, shout. Καὶ αὐτεῖ πάντας ἀρίστους A. 258. SYN. Αὔω, ἐπικάλῃω, κηρύσσω.

Ἀὐτή, ἡς, ἡ, clamor : clamour, shout in battle. Τί χρέμ' αὐτῆς πᾶν τὸδ' ἐπλήσθη στῆγος Heracl. 646. SYN. Βόη, ἐνόπη, ἰάχη, ἰωή, κελᾶδός. EP. Ἀναίδης, αὐτοφελικτός, δεινὴ, δερμὴ, οἰεῖα, σμερδᾶλᾶ, στίνυεσσα, στυγέρα.

Αὐτήμαρ. See Αὐθήμερον.

Αὐτικά, μοx ; exempli gratia : immediately ; for example. Ὅψει νῦν αὐτικ' ὄντα Hec. 1032. SYN. Αἰνᾶ, ἀφᾶρ, πᾶραντικά, εἰσαυτίς, ευθέως, πᾶραχρήμα.

Αὐτίς. See Αὐ.

Ἀὐτμή, ἡς, ἡ ; ἄτμην, ἐνός, ὁ, spiritus, vapor : breath, odour, exhalation. Ἀνέμων ἀμέγατον αὐτμήν A. 399. Ψ. 765. SYN. Ἄτμος, ἄτμη, ἀνᾶπνὴ, πνεῦμα, κάπνους. EP. Ἐχπευκίης, λίγεια, λευγάλᾶ, μάλακῃ, ὀλὴ, πυρρῶεσσα, σμερδᾶλᾶ, στίνυεσσα.

Ἀὐτέω. See above.

Αὐτοβουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, contumax : self-willed, obstinate. Sept. Th. 1055. SYN. Αὐθάδης, αὐτογνωτός, ἀτρεαμνός, αυθαίρετός.

Αὐτογέννητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, incestus : incestuous. Antig. 864.

Αὐτογνωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pervicax : obstinate. Σε δ' αὐτογνωτός ὥλεσ' Antig. 887. SYN. see Αὐτοβουλός.

Αὐτοδάς, εὖς, Αὐτοδιδάκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a seipso doctus : self-taught. Aj. 699., where αὐτοδάῃ is answered by εὐνομία.

Αὐτοδαικτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a se caesus : self-murdered. Αὐτοδαικτοὶ θάνωσι Sept. Th. 732., answered by παρβασίαν ἀκῦποιόν SYN. see Αὐθέντης.

Αὐτοδάς, mordicus : with the very teeth, biting, fiercely. Lysist. 687.

Αὐτοδηλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, per se manifestus : self-evident. Sept. Th. 848.

Αὐτοδιδάκτος, i. q. Αὐτοδάς. χ. 347. See Διδάκτος.

Αὐτοδῖον, statim : immediately. See Αὐτικά. Αὐτοδῖον δ' ἄρα μιν τάμην S. 449.

Αὐθέντης, ου, ὁ, i. q. Αὐθέντης, q. v. Soph. El. 272.

Αὐτέτες, intra annum : within the space of a year. γ. 322.

Αὐτόθεν, inde, illinc : from thence. T. 120. SYN. Ἐκεῖθεν, ἐνθεν, ενευθεν.

Αὐτοῖ, poet. pro Αὐτοῦ, hic, ibi : here, there. Equit. 119. See Αὐτοῖ. SYN. Ἐκεῖ, ενταυτοῖ, τῇδε, τῇδ' αὐτοῦ, ἐν αὐτῷ τῷ τόπῳ.

Αὐτοκάνη, ἡς, ἡ, Autocane : a mountain in Æolia. Καὶ Αὐτοκάνης ὄρος αἰπύ Hom. Apoll. 35.

Αὐτοκάσιγγνός, ου, ὁ ; (2) Αὐτοκάσιγγνητης, ἡς, ἡ, (1) frater germanus : an own brother ; (2) soror germana : an own sister. Αὐτοκάσιγγνητον A. 427. κ. 137. SYN. Ἀδελφός, ὁμαιός.

Αὐτοκλητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a seipso vocatus, ultro : one who invites himself, of his own accord. Αλλ' αὐτοκλητὸς εκ δόμων Trach. 396. SYN. Αὐτόσσυτός.

Αὐτοκόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sua sponte comatus : wearing his own hair, hairy. Ran. 822.

Αὐτοκράτωρ, ὄρος, Αὐτοκράτης, ου, ὁ, qui plenam auctoritatem habet : vested with full powers, independent. Αὐτοκράτορας πρέσβεις ἀπόμενιν ενθαδὶ Lysist. 1010. Andr. 482.

Αὐτοκτίτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sponte natus, natus : self-formed, natural. Αὐτοκτίτ' ἀντρά P. V. 309.

Αὐτοκτόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ. See Αὐθέντης. Sept. Th. 678.

Αὐτοκτόνων, οὐντός, ὁ, se invicem interficiens : killing one another. Antig. 56.

Αὐτοκτόνωσ, sua vel mutua caede : with mutual slaughter. Agam. 1625. SYN. Αὐτοφώωσ.

Αὐτοκωπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cum ipso manubrio : with the very hilt, up to the hilt. Choëph. 157.

Αὐτολύκος, ου, ὁ, Autolycus : the grandfather of Ulysses, and whose character for ingenious roguery was so great, that clever robbers were called by his name. See Hygin. fab. 200. Εξελετ' Αὐτολύκος K. 267.

Αὐτομαρτός, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, ipse sibi testis : one who bears witness for himself. Agam. 961.

Αὐτομάτος, η, ὄν, a se ipso aliquid faciens : self-moved, spontaneous. Ελθοῦσά φησιν αὐτομάτη μετὰ τὰν Πύλῳ Pax 665. SYN. Αυθαίρετός, αὐτοκλητός, αὐτόσσυτός.

Αὐτόμεδων, οὐντός, ὁ, Automedon : the charioteer of Achilles. Αὐτόμεδοντᾶ θῶος II. 145. PHR. Ἄρῃ ἀτάλαντός, ἥρως, Διῶρεὺς υἱός, Διῶρεὺς ἀλκίμους υἱός.

Αυτοδύλῳ, meo solum jussu abeo, ad hostes deficio : to desert to the enemy. Equit. 26.

Αυτοδύμῳ, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui suis legibus vivit, liber : independent. Antig. 821.

Αυτοδύχει, ea ipsa nocte : on that very night. Αυτοδύχει νηῶν ἐπίσησμέν Θ. 197.

Αυτοξύλῳ, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex ligno rudi confectus : made of mere wood. Αυτοξύλῳ γ' ἐκπαυῖα Philoct. 35.

Αυτοπαις, αἰδὼς, ὁ, filius genuinus : the real son. Trach. 839.

Αυτοποιός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, sponte enatus : self-made. Αυτοποιῶν, C. C. 698., is answered by εὐθαλασσόν.

Αυτοπρεμνός, et Αυτορρίζος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quæ cum radicibus ipsis evellitur : from the very roots, root and branch. Ἐνείμαν αυτοπρεμνόν Eumen. 395. Rhes. 284. SYN. Πρόρρίζος.

Αυτορρίζος. See above.

Αυτορύτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sponte fluens : spontaneously flowing. Αυτορύτου, Pyth. 12. 29., is answered by καὶ δὴν ἄκων.

Αυτός, αὐτῇ, αὐτῷ, sup. Αυτοτάτος, η, ὄν, ipse, sup. ipissimus : himself, sup. his very self. Plut. 83.

Αυτὸςέ, illuc, huc : to the same place, hither, thither. Lysist. 873. SYN. Ἐκεῖ, ἐκεῖσε, κείσε, ἐνθα.

Αυτὸσιδηρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ferreus : the very iron. Helen. 360. See Σιδηρὸς.

Αυτὸσσύτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sponte excitus : self-moved, not urged by another. Eumen. 169. See Ἐπίσσύτος. SYN. Αυτομάτος.

Αυτοσταδία, as, Ion. η, ης, ἡ, pugna stataria : a standing fight. Ἐν γ' αυτοσταδίῃ N. 325. PHR. Σταδίῃ ὕμνην.

Αυτὸσταλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ipse navi advectus : having sailed here himself, in his own ship. Phil. 503.

Αυτὸστύνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, proprio dolore gemens : groaning on his own account. Sept. Th. 911.

Αυτοσφάγης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, a se ipse jugulatus : self-slaughtered. See Αυθέντης. Αυτοσφάγῃ πίπτοντᾷ Aj. 840.

Αυτοσχεδᾶ, Αυτοσχεδόν, cominus, proxime : at hand, closely. Μᾶρις δ' αυτοσχεδᾶ δουρι Π. 319. N. 496. SYN. Εγγύς, σύνεγγυς, εγγυθεν.

Αυτοσχεδῖος, ἄ, ὄν, promptus, spontaneous : made on the spur of the occasion, extempore, spontaneous. Εξ αυτοσχεδῖος Hymn. Merc. 55.

Αυτοτόκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cum ipso partu : together with its offspring. Agam. 134.

Αυτοουργῖα, as, ἡ, quicquid sua quis manu facit : a man's own labour. Eum. 332. EP. Μᾶταιος.

Αυτοουργός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, qui per se operatur : one who works with his own hand. Orest. 918. SYN. Αυτοχειρ, δημιουργός.

Αυτόφλοιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ipsum corticem adhuc habens : together with its bark. Ευπᾶγες αὐτόφλοιον Theoc. 25. 208.

Αυτόφοντης, ου, Αυτόφονός, ὁ, ἡ (see Αυθέντης), qui seipsum vel alium manu sua occidit : murdering oneself or another, suicide, murderer. Soph. El. 274. See Δ. 395.

Αυτόφονος, propria sua manu cæsus : by self-murder. Æsch. Sup. 65.

Αυτόφορτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cum ipso onere : with its freight. Choëph. 663.

Αυτόφῳς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, sponte natus, natus :

sprung up of itself, native. Αυτόφῳ τὰν οὐδ' ἂν ἴσως Theoc. 9. 24.

Αυτόφῳτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sponte natus : springing up of itself, self-grown. Μῶλον αὐτόφῳτων Pyth. 3. 83., answered by σόφια δεδέται.

Αυτόφωρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in ipso furto deprehensus, manifestus : caught in the very act of stealing. Ion 1213.

Αυτόχειρ, εἰρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, qui sua manu aliquid facit : using his own hand, an assassin : et αὐτοχειρῖ, adv. Orest. 1039. Aves 1135. SYN. Αυτοουργός.

Αυτόχθων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, indigena : a native, indigenously. Ion 29. SYN. see in Αυθιγής.

Αυτόχθωνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sponte sua fusus : self-fused. Ψ. 826.

Αυτόχρημά, re ipsa, plane, omnino : confestim : in reality ; immediately. Εστὶν αὐτόχρημ' ἐν Χαδών Equit. 78. SYN. Ἀληθῶς, ἀψευδῶς, παντὲλῶς.

Αυχέλιζω, cervicem incido : to cut the throat, strangle. Aj. 298. SYN. Λαμβδόμεω, δειρότομῳ.

Αυχένιος, α, ὄν, ad cervicem pertinens : belonging to the neck. Αυχένιους λῦσεν δέ γ. 450.

Αυχῶ, glorior : to lift up the neck, to boast, to be proud. Bacch. 306. SYN. Μεγάλαυχῶ, ἐπαυχῶ, ἄσρνύμαι, ἀγαλλόμαι, ἀλαζονεύομαι, γαυριᾶ, ἀποσεμνύνομαι, καυχᾶμαι, ἐκλαμπρύνομαι, εὐχόμαι, κομπάζω, μεγαλύνομαι, μέγαφρόνῳ, θάρρῳ, σγκόδομαι, ἐπαῖρομαι.

Αυχῇ, ἡς, ἡ ; Αύχημά, ἄτος, τὸ, gloriatio : boasting. Nem. 11. 38. Phœn. 1153. SYN. Καύχη, καύχημά, ἀλαζονεία.

Αυχῆν, ἐνός, ὁ, cervix : the neck. E. 147. SYN. Τράχηλός, δέρη, δειρή. EP. Ἀπᾶλός, μάλακός, πᾶχος, στίβαρος, μέσος, ἀγέρωχός, θράσους, θεσπεσίως, λοξός, λευκός, ῥόδοχρόος.

Αυχμέω, areo præ æstu ; squaléo : to be dried up through heat ; to be squalid. Nub. 920. SYN. Ξηραίνομαι, σκελλόμαι.

Αυχμηρός, ἄ, ὄν ; Αυχμηίς, εσσα, ἐν ; Αυχμώδης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, squalidus : squalid. Alcest. 968. Hom. in Pan. 6. Orest. 217. SYN. Λᾶσις, δᾶσις, ῥυπαρός, πῖνᾶρος, αἰδός, ἀνάλῆος, ξηρός, στυγνός.

Αυχμός, οὔ, ὁ, siccitas, squalor : drought, squalidness. Nub. 1120. SYN. Αὐδνή.

Αῦα, i. q. Αὐτέω, q. v. Τῷ δ' ἐπὶ μακρὸν αὔσε E. 101.

Αὔα, Att. Αῦω, siceo ; accendo : to dry, parch with heat ; kindle. ε. 490.

Ἀψάγιστεῷ, Ἀψάγνίζω, expio ; consecro : to perform holy rites for the dead, purify ; consecrate. Κόιν πάλυνας κἀψάγιστεῦσας ἄ χρῇ. Antig. 253. See Alcest. 1165. SYN. Ἀγιστεῶν, ἀγνένω, ἀγνίζω, ἀγίζω, σιλάω.

Ἀφαγνίζω. See above.

Ἀφαιρέω, aufero : to take away. A. 182. SYN. Αἰρέω, ἀναιρέω, ἀπαλνύμαι, ἀφέλκω.

Ἀφάλλομαι, desilio : to spring from or down. Nub. 147. SYN. Ἀποθρώσκω, ἀνάλλομαι.

Ἀφᾶλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sine cono aut crista : without cone or crest. Ταυρεῖν ἀφᾶλόν τε K. 258.

Ἀφάμαρτᾶν, τήσῳ, (1) aberro : to miss, to be disappointed ; (2) privor : to be deprived of. Καὶ βάλῃν οὐδ' ἀφάμαρτε Λ. 350. SYN. (1) Ἀμαρτᾶν, ἀποτρυχάνω ; (2) στερῶμαι, κἀτάλειπόμαι.

Ἀφάμαρτῶνός, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, verbis errans : in-

appropriate in speech, tedious, trifling. Οὐδ' ἀφάρμαρτὸς ἔπης Γ. 215.

Ἀφανδῶν, ἀφάδῃω, displiceo: to displease. Τάμ' ἀφανδάνοντ' ἔφν. Antig. 501. SYN. Ἀπαρέσκω, δυσἀρέσκω.

Ἀφάνειά, as, ἡ, obscuritas: obscurity, indistinctness, uncertainty. Agam. 375. See Ἀφάνισω.

Ἀφάνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, occultus, obscurus: invisible, vanished, obscure, uncertain. CE. R. 657. See below. SYN. Ἀφαντός, ἀδηλός, κρυφαῖος, σκοτεινός, ἀκλῆς, ἐξητηλός.

Ἀφάνισω, ἴσω, e conspectu aufero: to cause to disappear, steal, bury. Τοῦτ' ἠφανίσται Trach. 678. SYN. Ἀφαιρέω, ἄκυρῶ, ἀπολλυμί, ἀπαλλάσσω, διαφείρω, λῦω, κατὰλῶ, ἐξάλλω, ἐξελάνω, ἐκμῆραίνω.

Ἀφάνσις, ἔως, ἡ, abolitio: extinction. Εὐρηκ' ἀφάνισιν τῆς δίκης σφωτάτην Nub. 764.

Ἀφαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a conspectu remotus: vanished, extinct. CE. R. 560. SYN. Ἀφάνης, ἀνώνυμος, ἀπροσδύκητος.

Ἀφάρ, statim: immediately, swiftly. From this adv. is derived the compar. Ἀφάρτερός, more swift. Ἐτάρων ἀφάρ ἕξετο A. 349. Ψ. 311. SYN. Ευθέως, τάχως.

Ἀφαρπάξω, ξω et σω, abripio: to snatch from, seize greedily. Ὦν ἀφαρπάξω φίλει Trach. 548. SYN. Αναρπάξω, ἀποσπῶ.

Ἀφασία, as, ἡ, stupor, præ quo loqui non possumus: inability to speak, through sudden alarm. Τοῦτ' τί ἐστὶν ἀφασία τίς τοι μ' ἔχει Thesm. 911. SYN. Σιγή.

Ἀφάσσω, Ἀφᾶω, contracto: to touch, feel, handle. Ἐνὶ χερσὶν ἀφάσσει Apoll. 2. 710. Z. 322. SYN. Ψηλάφω, ἀπτόμαι, ἐγχειρίζομαι.

Ἀφάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non dicendus: unutterable. Ion 783. See Φάτος. SYN. Ἀφαντός, ἀδοξός, ἀδηλός, ἀρήρητος, μέγας.

Ἀφαναίνω, Ἀφαύω, torreo, uro: to dry up, exhaust. Eccles. 13. 146. SYN. Αναίνα, αὐώ, ξηραίνω, καίω.

Ἀφαιρός, ἂ, ὄν, imbecillis: weak. Παύετ' ἀφαιρότατ' ὃ ἔτετυκτο v. 110. SYN. Ασθενής, ἀσληχρὸς, ἀμαυρός, ἀδράνης, κοῦφος.

Ἀφᾶω, See Ἀφάσσω.

Ἀφεγγής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, lumine carens: invisibilis: dark, obscure; invisible. P. V. 115. SYN. Σκυτεινός, ἀδηλός, τυφλός, ἀθεώρητος.

Ἀφειδείως, large: unsparingly. Apoll. 3. 897.

Ἀφειδέω, non parco; contemno: not to spare, to lavish, expose to danger; despise, decline, shrink from. Antiq. 414. SYN. Ἀθερίζω, ἀμελέω.

Ἀφειδής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, profusus: unsparing, lavish. Call. Cer. Calath. 126. SYN. Δαπάνηρος, πολυδωρός.

Ἀφέλκω, detraho: to drag away from. Hec. 141. SYN. Ἀπερῶω, ἀφαιρέω.

Ἀφένος, ου, ὁ, et ἔος, τὸ, divitiæ: abundance, wealth. Εὐθαδ' ἀτιμὸς ἐὼν ἀφένος A. 171. SYN. Πλουτὸς, κέρδος, χρημᾶτά, ὄλβος, κτήμᾶτά, κτεάνον.

Ἀφερκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, exclusus: shut out from. Choëph. 440.

Ἀφέρπω, abeo: to creep back, depart. Theoc. 27. 64. SYN. Ἀπερχόμεναι, ἀπειμί, ἀνέρχομαι.

Ἀφερτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non ferendus: intolerable. Choëph. 436. SYN. Οὐ φερτός, ου, τλητός, ἀτλητός, ἀνοιστός.

Ἀφῆσις, ἔως, ἡ, dimissio: dimissio equorum

a carcere; carcer: a sending off from; a starting-place. Soph. El. 686.

Ἀφέτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dimissus, liber: dismissed, free, unprotected. P. V. 687. SYN. Ἀφειμένος, ἀνειμένος, πάριμένος, ἀπολύτος, ἐλεύθερος, μόνος. 215. SYN. Ἀπτω, αὐώ, καίω, φλογίζω.

Ἀφέψω, ψήσω, decoquo: to boil away, evaporate by boiling. Equit. 1321. SYN. Κατάπεπτα, πέπτα, πέσσα.

Ἀφήτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, (1) jaculator (ep. Apollinis): a shooter; (2) vaticinator. I. 404. SYN. Ἀκοντιστής, ἀκοντιστήρ.

Ἀφθεγκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non dicendus; mutus: unutterable; mute. Eumen. 240. SYN. see Ἀρήτης.

Ἀφθίτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui non corrumpitur: imperishable. Ἀθανάτων ἀφθίτων τέ ποιήσω θεόν Androm. 1245. SYN. Αγήρατος, ἀγήραος, ἀκήρατος.

Ἀφθογγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mutus: silent, dumb. Pers. 211. SYN. Ἀναυδός, ἀφωνός, ἀκέων, σιγηλός.

Ἀφθύνητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, invidiæ non obnoxius: not liable to be envied. Agam. 912.

Ἀφθονία, as, ἡ, abundantia: abundance. Nem. 3. 14. SYN. Ευπρία, ευθηνία, περίουσία, πληθός.

Ἀφθύνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nulli invidens, copiosus: unenvious, plentiful. Med. 612. SYN. Ἀνέπιφθύνος, ἀμειγρτός, ἀνᾶριθμος.

Ἀφίδρυνος, colloco procul a: to place far from. Ἐπειτὰ πάτριδος θεοί (monosyll.) μ' ἀφιδρύναντο γῆς Helen. 280. SYN. Ἀποικίζω.

Ἀφίερῶς, consecro: to consecrate. Πάλαι πρὸς ἄλλοις ταῦτ' ἀφιερώμεθα Eumen. 445. SYN. Ἀφᾶριστεύω, ἀφᾶγνίζω, δῶω.

Ἀφίημι, Ἀφίω, or Ἀφίεω, l. a. ἀφήκᾶ, and in Hom. ἀφέκηᾶ, dimitto: to send away. Ἀφίημι ομιμάτων ἐλευθέρον Hec. 368. The antepenult. of Ἀφίημι is common in Homer, and long in the Attic poets. SYN. Ἀποπέμπω, ἐκβάλλω, ἀπαλλάσσω, μεθίημι, ἔωω.

Ἀφίκανω, Ἀφικνέομαι, fut. ἰξέομαι, advenio: to come from, arrive at. Ἐπειγόμενην ἀφίκαται Z. 388. CE. R. 265. SYN. Ἐπέρχομαι, προσέρχομαι, ἀνίηκω, προσήκω, προσῆλυνω, προσπῶρεῦμαι, προσβαίνω, παρειμί, ἰκάνω, πῶτινίσσῶμαι, ἐπίσῆλυνω, κίω, κίχᾶνω, μύλω, ἐπιτυγχάνω.

Ἀφίκτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, (1) supplicum patronus: defender of the suppliant; (2) supplex: a suppliant. Æsch. Suppl. 244. SYN. (1) Ἰκεῖσις; (2) ἰκέτης.

Ἀφίλητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inamatus: unbeloved. CE. C. 1702. See Φίλειω. SYN. Ἀνέραστος.

Ἀφίλδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, amicis carens: friendless, unfriended. Sept. Th. 518. See Φίλδος.

Ἀφίλος, parum amice: unkindly. Agam. 778. See Φίλδος.

Ἀφιεῖς, ἔως, ἡ, adventus: arrival. Æsch. Sup. 486. SYN. Ἠλύσις, εἰσοδός.

Ἀφίπταμαι, avolo: to fly away from. Iph. A. 1607. SYN. Ἀποπέτομαι, ἐξίπταμαι.

Ἀφίστημι, ἀποστήσω, sejungo: to separate, withdraw, cause to revolt. Choëph. 859.

Ἀφλαστόν, ου, τὸ, aplustre: the extremity of the stern. Ἀφλαστον μετὰ χερσὶν ἔχων O. 717. SYN. Πρυμνήσιον.

Ἀφλεκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non ustus: not burnt. Helen. 1354.

Ἀφλοισμός, οὔ, ὁ, spuma: foam. Αφλοισμός δὲ περὶ στόμα O. 607. SYN. Ἀφρός, ἄχρη.

Ἀφνῆς, ἂ, ὄν; Ἀφνειός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, opulentus: rich, munificent. Pers. 3. T. 220. SYN. Ευκτῆμων, πλούσιος, πόλῦλῆδός, πόλῦμῆλός.

Ἀφνω, Ἀφνωσ, subito: suddenly. Med. 1202. SYN. Εξαίφνης, αἰφνωσ, αιφνιδίον, αιφνιδίως, εξαπνίης, εξαπνίαιως, ἄδοκῆτως.

Ἀφρόστυς, Ἀφρόστος, Ἀφρόσπλαγχνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, timore carens: fearless. CE. R. 885. Aj. 336. Ran. 495. SYN. Ἀδῆς, Ἀτρώδης, τολμῆρως.

Ἀφρόσπλαγχνός. See above.

Ἀφρόδος, ου, ἡ, secessio ad exonerandam alvum; latrina: a retiring to ease the bowels; privy. Eccles. 1059. SYN. Ἀπόπατος.

Ἀφοίσαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immundus: impure. Οὐδ' ἀφοίσαντον χέρα Eumen. 237. SYN. Ἀκάθαρτος, ἀναγνός.

Ἀφοπλίζωμαι, arma exuo: to strip off the armour of a foe. 'Εντ' ἀφοπλίζοντ' ἕκαστος V. 26. SYN. Εξοπλίζω, ἐνάριζω, ἐξενάριζω, ἀποδύω.

Ἀφρίζω, Ἀφρίζομαι, separo; aufero: to separate; to take away. Alcest. 31. SYN. Ὀρίζω, καθρίζω, ἀπόκρινω, ἀπόνεω, διαίρω, διαστέλλω, χωρίζω.

Ἀφορμαῶ, proficiscor: to hasten away, march off. Rhes. 98. SYN. Ἀποχωρέω, ἀνάλυω.

Ἀφορμή, ἡς, ἡ, materia, occasio: opportunity, occasion, pretext, motive. Phoen. 209. SYN. Πρόφασις, λᾶσῃ, καιρὸς, ευκαιρία, ἄλεωρῃ, ἔλεγχος, τέκμηρὸν, αἰτία, πράγμα.

Ἀφορμίζω, e porta deduco: to steer out or from. Iph. T. 18. SYN. Εκπλέω.

Ἀφόρμηκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cithara carens: sung without a lyre, harsh. Eumen. 333.

Ἀφορμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, profugus: one who sails away, fugitive. CE. C. 238.

Ἀφρόδεω, Ἀφραίνω, Ἀφρόνέω, inconsulte ago: to be inconsiderate, foolish, indecorous. Μάχη-σώμαϊ ἀφρόδεοντι I. 32. v. 360. O. 104. SYN. Αλλοφρόνέω, παράφρόνέω, ἀλόγέω, παρὰνέω, μωραίνω, μάτᾶζω, ληρέω.

Ἀφράδῃς, inconsiderate: inconsiderately, rashly. Ἀφράδῃς διὰ τὰφρον M. 62. SYN. Ἀσούλως, ἀπειρώς.

Ἀφράδης, εὖς, Ἀφράδμων, s. Ἀφράσμων, ὄνδς, ὁ, ἡ, inconsultus: rash, giddy. Ἀφράδῃς ναίουσι λ. 475. Agam. 1410. SYN. Ἀσούλδς, ἄγλωσσός.

Ἀφραδμώνς, Ἀφρασμώνς, inconsiderate: ill-advisedly. Οὐκ ἀφραδμώνς Pers. 423.

Ἀφράδμων. See Ἀφράδης.

Ἀφραίνω. See Ἀφράδῃς.

Ἀφρακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non septus: unfenced, unprotected, unawares. 'Ορκοῖς θεῶν [monosyll.] ἀφρακτὸς εὐρέθην Hipp. 653. SYN. Ἀφύλακτος, ἀτειχιστός.

Ἀφραστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ineffabilis, non perceptus: indescribable, imperceptible, unperceived. Μέ-ριμ' ἀφραστός εστιν Pers. 170. SYN. Ἀρήρτος, ἀδελός, ἀδοκῆτος.

Ἀφράστω, ex improviso: unexpectedly. Soph. El. 1262. See above.

Ἀφρέω, Ἀφρίζω, spumo: to foam. Ἀφρεον δὲ στήθεα A. 282; where ἀφρεον and στήθεα are dissyllables. Soph. El. 719. SYN. Ἴδρω.

Ἀφρήτωρ, ὄρδς, ὁ, ἡ, qui est extra tribum: not belonging to a tribe, having no connexion with society, unsocial. Αφρήτωρ ἀθέμιστος I. 63. SYN. Ἀπόλις, ἀπόπτῆλις, ἀφίλος.

Ἀφρικτὶ, sine horrore: without horror, without shuddering. Οὐδέποτ' αφρικτὶ μακάρων Call. 3. 65.

Ἀφροδίτη, ἡς, ἡ, Venus: the goddess of beauty; grace, charm, elegance, violent passion. Φίλομειδὴς Ἀφροδίτη Γ. 424. Bacch. 232. SYN. Κύπρις, Κυθέρεια, Πάφια. Ep. Αἰδοία, διὰ, θυγάτηρ Διὸς, φίλομειδὴς, καλή, χρυσεή, χρυσοστῆφάνος, εὐστῆφάνος, πόλῦχρυ-σός, ἀριστηνός, ἀπάλλῃ, ἀναγκαία, ἀδάκρυτος, ἀργυροπέζᾳ, ἀμάχως, ἀνίκητος, βᾶρεϊα, γέλαουσα, γλυκεῖα, γλαυκώπις, δολίος, ἐλίκωπις, ἐωαλία, εὐλεκτρος, λευκή, μάλακῃ, ὀλὴ, πολλή, πόντια, ποικιλόθρονος, χάλεπῃ, χρυσήνιος. PHER. Ἀπό-σπῆρος δαλάσσης, Χαρίτων βασιλεία, Λυκίων βασίλης, ὑμναίοις κροτοῦσα. See Hom. Hymn. 2.

Ἀφροκῆμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, spumantes capillos habens: having dripping locks. Ἀφροκῆμος βᾶθα-μιγγᾶς Mus. 262.

Ἀφρόνέω. See Ἀφράδῃς. O. 104.

Ἀφρόντιστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, incogitatus: unthought of, without premeditation. Οὐκ ἀφρόντιστος πάλα Agam. 1347.

Ἀφρόντιστος, negligenter: carelessly. Οὐκ ἀφρόντιστος πάτηρ Med. 910. SYN. Ἀμέλως, ἀκηδέστας.

Ἀφρόνως, insipienter: senselessly. Aj. 773. SYN. Ἀσούλως, ἀνήτῳ, ἀσινέντως.

Ἀφρός, οὐ, ὁ, spuma: foam, froth. Ἀφρόν κατέστατ' ευτρίχου γένειάδος Herc. F. 929. SYN. Ἀφλοισμός, ἄχνη. Ep. Θρομβώδης, αἰμά-τῳεῖς, θερμός, λευκός, πόλιος, χλωρός, πόντιος.

Ἀφρόσυνη, ἡς, ἡ, insipientia: folly, madness. Ωδίων τ' καὶ ἀφρόσυνας Bacch. 382. SYN. Ἄνοια, ἀσούλως, ἀμαθία. Ep. Ἀχάλινος, ἄνομος.

Ἀφράδης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, spumous: foamy, covered with foam. Orest. 220. See Ἀφρός.

Ἀφρων, ὄνδς, ὁ, ἡ, insipiens: silly, mad. Ἐγὼ δ' ἀφρων Med. 881. SYN. Ἀσούλδς, ἀφράδης, ἀφράσμων, παράφρων, ἄνους, ἄγροικός, αυθάδης, λᾶλδς, φρένῳλᾶδης, φρένῳλῆς.

Ἀφιδραίνω, abluo: to wash out, wash clean. Ἀφιδραίνόμενοι στεῖχετ' ναούς Ion. 97. SYN. Ἴδραίνω, ἀπὸνίπτω, λούω.

Ἀψή, ἡς, ἡ, species quædam piscium: anchovy. Ἰνὰ τὰς ἀψῶς ὠνοῦντ' ὀλλὰς τ' ὠδολοῦ Equit. 649.

Ἀψῆς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, natura inhabilis: not adapted by nature. Philoct. 1014. See Φυή. SYN. Ἀμάθῳς, ἀπειρός, σκαῖδς.

Ἀφυκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non evitandus: inevitable, unerring. P. V. 938. SYN. Ἀνίκητος, ἀναγ-καῖδς.

Ἀφύλακτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, incustoditus: unguarded. Ἀφύλακτος ἡ τήρησις Eur. fr. Antig. 6. 2.

Ἀφύλλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, foliis carens: devoid of leaves. Orest. 377. SYN. Ξηρός, ἄκαρπός.

Ἀφύπνιζω, e somno excito: to waken from sleep. Rhes. 25. See Ἰπνός. SYN. Εξύπνιζω, ἀνέγειρω, ἀνίστημι.

Ἀφύστω, ὕψω, haurio, hauriendo promo: to draw out, drain, quaff. Ἀφένος καὶ πλοῦτον ἀφύσειν A. 171. Π. 230. SYN. Ἀπαντῶ, ἄρῳ, ἄρῳμαι.

Ἀφώνητος, Ἀφωνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, voce destitutus: having no voice, silent, dumb. CE. C. 865. 1283. SYN. Ἀγλωσσός, ἀναυδός, ἀφθογγός, κωφός, ἀκέων.

Ἀφώνως, mute: dumbly, silently. CE. C. 131.

Ἀχαία, as, ἡ, Ion. Ἀχαιή, ἡ, Achæa. Acharn. 709. See below.

Ἀχαιαί, Ἀχαιίδες, Ἀχαιῶδες, ὡν, αἱ, Achivæ:

Achaian or Grecian women. Κάκ' ἐλέγχ' Ἀχαιῖδες B. 235. T. 542. Apoll. 1. 284.

SYN. Ἐπιδόκαμίδες, εὐπέπλοι.

Ἀχαιῖς¹, ἰδὸς (γαῖα), ἡ, Achaia; Achaica: Achaia; adj. belonging to Greece. Ἀχαιῖδος δρᾶσαντες ἦκετε σκάφος Helen. 1543. EP. Ηγάθεα, πολυτέθειρά, καλλίγυναιξ. SYN. Ἀχαιῖς, Ἀχαική.

Ἀχαιοί, ὦν, οἱ, "est quidem generale nomen omnium Græcorum; sapius tamen in specie nobiles et principes Græcorum sic vocantur." Damm. c. 1945.: the Greeks. See Note¹. Οἱ πείθονται Ἀχαιοί A. 79. EP. Ἀκὀρητοι μάχης, ἀνάκιδες, διοί, εὐκνήμιδες, ἐλικοπῆς, ἥρωες, κάρηκοῦδωντῆς, μεγᾶθυμοι, χαλκοκνήμιδες, μένεα πνείοντῆς, Ἀρηίφιλοι, αἰχμηταί, ἀκμήτῆς, δικαστοί, δοῖοι, πόλυπνοιοι, ἱπποδάμοι, κλυτῶπιοι.

Ἀχαιῖς, Ἀχαιῖδος, ἡ, ὅν, Achivus, Achaicus: Achæan, Grecian. Acharn. 709. See above. Ἀχαιῖδος, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, effrenatus: unbridled. Bacch. 381. See Χάλινος.

Ἀχάκευτος, Ἀχάκευς, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, non ære fabricatus, non æthereus: not formed of brass, not brazen. Eur. fr. Pirith. 4. CE. T. 200., where ἀχάκευτος ἀσπίδων denotes 'unarmed with shields of brass.'

Ἀχάνη, ης, ἡ, mensura Persica frumentaria: a Persian corn measure. Οὐκ ἀλλ' ἀχάνας ὀδὶ γ' ἐχρυσίον λέγει Acharn. 108.

Ἀχάρης, ἰτός, acc. ἰν, et Ἀχάριστος, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, ingratus: ungrateful, ungracious, disagreeable. Ἀχάριν κελᾶδον μουσιζόμενος Cycl. 486. Hec. 137. SYN. Ἀπὸθύμιος, ἀηδής, οὐκ ἀσπεῖος, κάκος, λυπηρὸς, χυλῆπιος.

Ἀχαρνέως, ἔως, ὁ, Acharnensis: Acharnian, an inhabitant of Acharnæ, one of the δήμοι of Attica. Εκφύγειν Ἀχαρνέας Acharn. 177. SYN. Ἀχαρνικός (Acharn. 666.), Ἀχαρνητῆς (Acharn. 322.).

Ἀχειμάτος, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, nullis tempestatibus agitur: untossed by storms. Ἀχειμάτων μ' ἐπεμψέ Æsch. Sup. 142. SYN. Ἀκύμαντος.

Ἀχειρῆς, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, manibus carens: devoid of hands. Batr. 289.

Ἀχειρώτος, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, manu non factus; insuperabilis: not made by the hand; invincible, not to be extirpated. CE. C. 698.

Ἀχελώϊος, Ἀχελῶς, οὐ, ὁ, Achelous: a river which separates Acarnania from Ætolia. Κρεῖων Ἀχελῶϊος ἰσοφάρει Φ. 194. Androm. 167. EP. Αργυρόδινος, Κάλυδόνιος. PHR. See Trach. 9.

Ἀχέρδης, οὐ, ἡ, prunus sylvestris: a species of thorn, the sloe tree. Κόλλης τ' ἀχέρδου καπὸ CE. C. 1596. SYN. Ἀχράς.

Ἀχέρωντιος, Ἀχέρουσιος, α, ὅν, Acheronticus, Acherusius: belonging to Acheron. Κράτει λιμένα λίαν γ' ἐπὶ τὸν Ἀχέρωντιον Herc. F. 766. 834. Ἀχέρουσιᾶς, ἄδος, is used in Apoll. 2. 354.

Ἀχέρως, ἰδὸς, ἡ, populus alba: the white poplar. Δρύς ἥριπεν ἡ ἀχέρως N. 389.

Ἀχέρων, οὐτός, ὁ, Acheron: (1) a river of Thesprotia in Epirus, (2) fabulously applied to a river in Orcus or Hell. Εὐειδὴς Ἀχέρωντᾶ πόλυστον Θεοκ. 17. 47. EP. Αἰνᾶς, βάθυσ,

(1) It still remains a disputed point among the learned, what nation was designated by the term Ἀχαιῖς, in Homer, and its inhabitants Ἀχαιοί. Heyne has a learned note on this subject at B. 684., which, though not fully conclusive, contains much useful matter for future examination.

Pros. Lex.

δινηίς, κῦανῆς, στυγνός, στῆγερὸς, ψυχρός, οὐδὲ πλεῖς.

Ἀχέω, Ἀχέω, doleo: to grieve, groan, be indignant. Θυμὸν ἀχέω E. 869. o. 360. SYN. Λυπεῖσθαι, αλγέω, ἀχνύμαι, ἀγανακτέω.

Ἀχῆν, ἐνός, ὁ, ἡ, pauper: poor, a beggar. Ἀχῆν ἐκ πᾶντων πένιαν Theoc. 16. 33. Others read δεινῆν, and indeed see quantity of ἀχηνία. SYN. Πένης, πτωχός.

Ἀχηνία, ας, ἡ, egestas, vacuitas: gaping for a thing, want. Ἐν ἀχηνίαις in Agam. 408. is answered by σπῶδος εἰς ἑκάστ (του). SYN. Ἀπορία, ἐνδεία, σπάνις.

Ἀχθεινός, ἡ, ὅν, molestus: grievous, odious. Hec. 1222. SYN. Βάρυς, μοχθηρὸς, τάλαιπαρὸς, ἀλγέωνος, λυπηρὸς, ἀλεθρίος.

Ἀχθηδών, ὄνός, ἡ, tristitia: sorrow, distress. P. V. 26. SYN. Ἀχθός, ἀλγός, αλγηδών.

Ἀχθῆμαι, ἀχθῆσθαι et ἀχθῆσθαι, gravor, moleste fero: to be laden with sorrow, grieved, indignant. Alcest. 831. SYN. Δυσφόρεω, ἀχέω, ἀγανακτέω, ἀδημονέω, ἀνῆω, λυπεῖσθαι.

Ἀχθος, ἔος, τὸ, (1) onus: a load; (2) molestia: distress, trouble. T. 247. SYN. (1) Βάρυς, μόχθος, (2) λύπη, ἀνία, στυγνότης, κατήφεια. EP. Ἀτλητὸν, ἀλίσττον, ὀβριμὸν, ἐτώσιον, στῆγερὸν.

Ἀχιλεὺς, Ἀχιλλεύς, ἔως et ἦς, ὁ, Achilles: the son of Peleus. Πῶδας ὠκὺς Ἀχιλλεύς T. 419. SYN. Αἰακίδης, Πηλείων, Πηλείδης. EP. Ἀμύμων, δεῖος ἐπιεικέλους, μεγὰ φέρτατος Ἀχαιῶν, ὀβριμὸς, ὀλέϊος, νίδος Πηλεὺς, δαῖφρων, δουρικλῆτος, κλυτὸς, παῖς Θητιδῶς, πῶδας ὠκὺς, ὀρχάμος ἀνδρῶν, πέλωρὸς, πῶδας τᾶχὺς, πτόλιπορὸς, τᾶχὺς, ἀναξ, ὀλδὸς, ποιμὴν λαῶν, ἀγαλὸν, κράτερὸς, κυδάλιμος, δευκεῖλος, φαίδιμος, φίλος Διὶ, Ἀρήϊος, Διωγένης, εσθλός, μεγᾶθυμος, πῶδαρκης, πῶδαρης, δῖος, θυμολέων, ῥηξήνωρ.

Ἀχλαυνία, ας, ἡ, defectus vestium: tattered clothes. Αντί τῆς ἀχλαυνίας Helen. 128. SYN. Δυσχλαυνία.

Ἀχλὺς, οὐ, contr. Ἀχλούς, ὁ, ἡ, ubertate destitutus: destitute of verdure, barren. Helen. 1343.

Ἀχλὺς, ὕς, ἡ, caligo: mist, darkness. Τοῖσι δ' ἂν σφαλλομένων νεφὸς ἀχλὺς O. 668. SYN. Ζοφός, σκοτὸς, δύσφως, ὀμίχλη. EP. Αἰνῆ, δύσφωρα, ἐρεμνῆ, δανάτηφόρος, δεσπεῖσια, κελαινῆ.

Ἀχλὺς, ὕς, obscuror: to grow dark. Ἠχλυσέ δ' ἐπὶ πόντος ὑπ' αὐτῆς μ. 405. SYN. Σκιδούμαι.

Ἀχρη, ης, ἡ, "res non coherens, sed minutatim sparsa;" Damm.: chaff, foam. Κύλινδεταῖ ὑψόσε δ' ἀχρη Δ. 307. SYN. Ἀφρός, ἀχλὺς, κᾶπνός, ἀχρῖος.

Ἀχνύμαι, Ἀχόμεαι, doleo: to grieve, mourn. Ἀχνύμαι ὁππότε τις ξ. 170.

Ἀχλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, felle carens: devoid of gall. Νηπενθές τ' ἀχλός τ' ε. 221.

Ἀχόρευτος, Ἀχόρως, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, chorearon expers: joyless. Troad. 121. CE. C. 1223. SYN. Πᾶρᾶμουσός, ἀναυτός.

Ἀχός, ἔος, τὸ, moeror: mourning. Πηλείωνι δ' ἄχος γένετ' A. 188. SYN. Ἀνία, ἀλγός, ἀχθος, λύπη. EP. Αἰνός, ἀλαστόν, ἀτλητὸν, οὐδ', πύκινον, ἀλγέωνον, ἀμειγάρτον, ἐλῆεινον, στῆγερὸν.

Ἀχραντός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, impollutus: unpolluted, pure. Ἀχραντὸν αἶμα Iph. A. 1573. SYN. Ἀκραφνῆς, ἀναυτός, ἀδικτός, ἀκρήπατος, ἀγνός.

Ἀχράς, ἄδος, ἡ, prunus sylvestris: the sloe-tree. See Ἀχερόδης. Ἀχράς τις ἐγκλείσας ἔχει τὰ σιτία Eccles. 352.

Ἀχρεῖος, α, ὅν, et ὁ, ἡ, inutilis, ineptus: use-

less, sluggish, foolish. Οὐδ' ὡς ἀχρεῖον τὰς Eur. Sup. 299. SYN. Ἀχρηστὸς, ἀπεικῶς, ἀπρέπης, κοῦφος, φαῦλός.

Ἀχρημάτος, ου, Ἀχρημων, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, carens pecunia: poor. Ἀχρημάτοισι ζημίαις Choëph. 269. And see Solon. SYN. Ἀνὰργυρός, ἀεῖος, ἀπύρος, αἰρός, ἀκληρός.

Ἀχρηστὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, inutilis, incommodus: useless, ineffectual, disadvantageous. Κοῦδέν γ' ἀχρηστὸν Iph. A. 521. SYN. Ἀχρεῖος, ἀνοφελής, βλάβερός, κακός, πόνηρός, ἀσυμφόρος, ἀνὸνητός.

Ἀχρί, Ἀχρίς, usque ad: as far as, until. Οστὲν ἀχρίς ἀραξε Π. 324. SYN. Ἔως, μέχρι, κάθολου.

Ἀχρωστὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, coloris expers: uncoloured, colourless. Ὡς οὐκ ἀχρωστὰ γόνυτ' ἔμῳν Helen. 838.

Ἀχυρίαι, ἀς, ἡ, Ἀχῦρῶν, ὠνός, δ, acervus palearum: a heap of chaff. Αἱ δ' ἀπὸ λευκαίνονταί ἀχυρίαι E. 502. Vesp. 1310.

Ἀχῦρὸν, ου, τδ, palea: chaff, straw. Εκ καλᾶμας ἀχῦρον τέλεθει Theoc. 10. 49. SYN. Ἀθήρ, κάρφη, ἄχνη.

Ἀχῦρῶν. See Ἀχῦρὸν.

Ἀψάλακτος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui tactus non est: untouched, unpunished. Ἀπῆλθεν ἀψάλακτος Lysistr. 275.

Ἀψανστὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, qui non est tactus; qui non tetigit: untouched; not having touched. Ἀψανστὸς ἐγγχους εἰ τῷ C. R. 969. SYN. Ἀπάθης, ἀθικτός, ἀκίνητος, ἀψάλακτος.

Ἀψέγγως, sine reprehensione: without censure. Apoll. 2. 1019.

Ἀψέγγης, ἔος, Ἀφεκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, irreprehensus: irreproachable, harmless. Ἀψέγγες πέλαγν τέρας Soph. El. 497. Theog. 797. SYN. Ἄμωμος, ἀμειπτός, ἀμόμων.

Ἀψευδῆς, non mentior: not to lie, to be sincere. Πρὸς δ' ἐμ' ἀψευδεῖν αἶε Trach. 475.

Ἀψευδής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, mentiri nescius: free from lying, true, infallible. Γλαυκὸς ἀψευδής Διὸς Orest. 358. SYN. Ἀληθινός, ἀληθής.

Ἀψηκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, non rarus, durus: unshaved, rough, hard. Lysistr. 658. See above. SYN. Ἀκαμάτος, σκληρός, ακτινιστός.

Ἀψηφιστός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui non suffragia tulit: one who has not given his vote, unvoted. Vesp. 750.

Ἀψις, ἰδός, Ion. Ἀψις, ἡ, vinculum; arcus; testudo; rotæ circulus: a fastening; bow; shell; the felly of a wheel, a wheel. Ἀψιδᾶ πέτρῳ προσβάλλων Hipp. 1228. SYN. Δεσμός, χέλυς, χελώνη.

Ἀψόρρδός, Ἀψορρδός, ου, δ, ἡ, refluus: flowing back, ebbing, back. Ἀψορρδοῦ Ὠκεῖνοιο v. 65. P. V. 1020. SYN. Πάλλρρδός.

Ἀψός, ἔος, τδ, compages membrorum, artus: a joint. δ. 794. SYN. Ἀψις, ζευγμά, μέλός, γυῖον, κώλον.

Ἀψόφητος, Ἀψόφος, ου, δ, ἡ, nullum edens sonum: noiseless. Ἀλλ' ἀψόφητος οἰέων Aj. 321. Call. 2. 12.

Ἀψυχός, ου, δ, ἡ, vitæ expers; timidus: lifeless; cowardly. Οἷον δ' ἀψύχοισιν εὐκίτῃς Apoll. 4. 1280. SYN. Ἄθυμός, ἀτολμός, δειλός.

Ἄω. See Ἀάσκω, or Ἀἷμι.

Ἄωρι, intempestive: unseasonably. Νυκτὸς ἄωρι τρέφω δὲ τοῖ Theoc. 11. 40. SYN. Ἀκαίρως, πᾶρά καιρόν.

Ἄωρία, ἀς, ἡ, intempestivitas: an unseasonable time. Acharn. 23. SYN. Ἀκαίρια.

Ἄωριος. See Ἄωρος.

Ἄωρωνυκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, intempesta nocte veniens: coming at an unseasonable part of the night. Choëph. 31. SYN. Μεσθύνυκτός.

Ἄωρος, Ἀώριος, ου, δ, ἡ, intempestivus, indecorus, negligens: unseasonable, improper, negligent. Ὡ τῆς ἄωρου θυγάτηρ Hec. 423. See also Arat. Phæn. 1076. SYN. Ἀκαιρός, ἀεκής, ἀπρέπης, ἀχαρίς.

Ἄωτῶν, (1) flores decerpo: to pluck flowers; (2) carpo ut somnum: to enjoy, as sleep. Τῇ πάννυχον ὑπνόν ἄωτεις K. 159. SYN. (1) Ἀπαριθίω, ἀπὸ λαύς; (2) κάθευδα.

Ἄωτὸν, τό; Ἄωτος, δ, flos; præstantissimum cuiusque rei: a flower; the most excellent of its kind. Nem. 3. 50. See Ἄωτῶν. SYN. Ἀνθός; ἐρίον, στέφανός, ἀγαλμά.

B.

Βάβαλ, Βάβαιαξ, παρὰ! bravo! Τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν ἀρὰ τρώγονται βάβαλ Acharn. 806. Ran. 63.

Βάβυλῶν, ὠνός, ἡ, Babylon: the capital of Assyria. Καὶ ἀκοντισταί Μυσοὶ Βάβυλῶν δ' Pers. 52. Ep. Πόλυχρυσός, κρᾶνᾷ, ὑπερφιάλδς. PHER. Ἦν ἀσφάλτω ἔδωκε Σέμιράμης Theoc. 17. 94.

Βάγμᾶ, ἄτῶς, τδ, sermo: talk, rumour. Pers. 642. SYN. Αὐδῆ, θρύος, φήμη.

Βάδην, pedetentim: step by step, slowly. Τοῦ δὲ βάδην ἀπὸ νῶτος K. 159. SYN. Εμσάδων, ηρεμᾶ.

Βάδιζω, f. βαδίζουμαι, gradior: to walk, proceed along. Ἰσον βαδίζειν τὸν ἐνιάνσιον κύκλον Phœn. 554. SYN. Βαίνω, βάσσω, κίω, πορεύομαι, περὶπάτω, ὁδεύω, στείλω. PHER. Διώκω πομπίμους χυλὰς πῶδων.

Βάδις, ἔως, ἡ, ingressus: walk, gait. Ἀκὴ κῶν τῇ τῇ βαδίζει καὶ τῷ τάχει Plut. 334. SYN. Πάρρδός, ἡλύσις, πόρελα, βάδδς.

Βάδιστέος, gradiendus: must go. Βάδιστέον γ' ἄρ' ἐστίν Ran. 656.

Βάδιστής, οὔ, δ, tolutarius, cursor: a walker, runner. Τάχως βάδιστής τερμῶνων Med. 1179.

Βάδιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, qui veloces habet pedes: nimble. Ὀντος γὰρ μὴ βάδιστικού Ran. 128. SYN. Τάχῦπος, πῶδάρκης, πῶδς ἀκός.

Βάδδς, ου, δ, gressus: a walk. Τὸν βάδων βαδίζομεν Av. 42. SYN. Βάδισίς.

Βάζω, σω et ξω, dico: to speak. Ἀνέμῳλῳ βάσεις Δ. 355. SYN. see Αὐδάω.

Βάθις, ἰδὸς et ἰδός, ἡ; Βάθμς, οὔ, δ, gradus, limen, basis: a step, entrance, threshold, the base of a statue. Αἰῶνός ἀκρὸν βαθμίδων Pyth. 5. 8., answered by οφθαλμὸς αὐδιστάτων. See also Apoll. 3. 1334. SYN. Βάσις, βήμᾶ, βάθρον, κλίμαξ.

Βάθδς, ἔος, τδ, profunditas: depth, breadth. Αμφὶ ταρτάρον βάθρ P. 1065. SYN. Βένθος, βύθος, βυσσός.

Βάθρελα, ἀς, ἡ, sedes, asylum: a seat, place of refuge. Æsch. Sup. 861. See below. SYN. Βάθρον.

Βάθρον, ου, τδ, gradus, fundamentum, basis: a step, the base of a statue, foundation, seat. Πάτρεδν ἑστίας βάθρον Aj. 860. SYN. Βάθμς, δέμελιν, ἀγαλμά.

Βάθροβουλός, ου, δ, ἡ, profundus consilii: deeply

wise. Φροντιδὰ κεδνὴν καὶ βάθυβουλون Pers. 147. SYN. Βάθυμῆτης, βάθυφρων, βάθινους.

Βάθυγειός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pinguis soli: having a deep soil, fertile. Φοῖτος καὶ βάθυγειὸν Call. 2. 65. SYN. Βάθυλῆϊός, εὔγειός.

Βάθυδίνης, ου; Βάθυδινήεις, εντός, profundos vortices habens: abounding with deep eddies, deeply flowing. Πτόμαδος βάθυδίνης Υ. 73. Φ. 15.

Βάθυδοξός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celeberrimus: very glorious. Pyth. 1. 128. See above.

Βάθυζωνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, profundum i. e. demissum sinum habens: deep-girdled, long-waisted.

Ω βάθυζώνων ἀνασσα Περισίδων ὑπερτάτῃ Pers. 155. -See Blomf. Sept. Th. 862. SYN. Βάθυστερνός, βάθυκολπός.

Βάθυοριξ, τριχός, ὁ, ἡ, bene lanatus, villosus: thick-haired, shaggy. Μηλὰ βάθυτριχὰ βόσκειται αἰεί Hom. Apoll. 412.

Βάθυκλης, ἡός, ὁ, Bathycles. Ετραπέτ' ἔκτεινεν δὲ Βάθυκληα μεγάρθυμον Π. 594.

Βάθυκολπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, demissum sinum habens: deep-bosomed, long-waisted. Οἰμαί σφ' ἑρπῶν εκ βάθυκόλπων Sept. Th. 862. SYN. see Βάθυζωνός.

Βάθυκρημνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altas et profundas ripas habens: having banks steep and rugged. Nem. 9. 95. See below.

Βάθυκρήπις, ιδός, ὁ, ἡ, alta fundamenta habens: having deep foundations, strongly built. Πλωεῖ βάθυκρήπιδός ἐπ' ευρεῖα Musæ. 229.

Βάθυλειμός, ου, Βάθυλείμων, ωνός, ὁ, ἡ, ampla pascua habens: having fertile meads. Ἀνθειαν βάθυλειμον I. 293. See also Pyth. 10. 23.

Βάθυλῆϊός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ferax: having deep corn, fruitful. Εν δ' ἐτίθει τεμένους βάθυλῆϊόν Σ. 550. SYN. Βάθυγειός, εὔγειός, εύκαρπός, ἑγκαρπός.

Βάθυμαλλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, villosus: thick-woolled, fine-fleeced. Pyth. 4. 266. See above. SYN. Βάθυοριξ, πάλυοριξ, λαχνῆεις, δασυμαλλός.

Βάθυμήτης, Αἰολ. Βάθυμητὰ, ου, ὁ, ἡ, profundum ingenii: possessing great talent. See above. SYN. Βάθυβουλός.

Βάθύνω, excavo: to hollow, deepen, dig deep. Εξέρρηξεν ὕδοιο βάθυνε δὲ Ψ. 421.

Βάθυξύλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, densus arboribus: thickly wooded. Εν βάθυξύλῳ φύει Βακχ. 1136. SYN. Βάθυσκιδός, ἀνήλῆς.

Βάθυπεδιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, latam planitiem habens: having a wide plain. Nem. 3. 31. See Βάθυλῆϊός.

Βάθυπλόκαμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, comam densis cincin- nis nexam habens: deep-curled. Ἦσκητὸ βά- θυπλόκαμος Κύθεραία Apoll. 1. 742.

Βάθυπλουτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, prædives: having great wealth, rich. Αἶsch. Suppl. 557. See above.

Βάθυρρύδός. See Βάθυρρείτης.

Βάθυρρείτης, ου, Βάθυρρέων, οντός, Βάθυρρύδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, profunde fluens: deeply flowing, very deep. Ουδὲ βάθυρρείταὸ μέγα σθένος Φ. 195. Apoll. 2. 797. H. 422.

Βάθυρρίζος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altas habens radices: deeply rooted. Πεδῶθεν δὲ βάθυρρίζον πέρ εὔσαν Apoll. 1. 1199.

Βάθυσ, εἰῶ, ὅ, profundus: deep, full, large. Phœn. 742. See above. SYN. Πόλυθενθῆς, ἀβυσσός, τανάος, ὑπερμεγέθης.

Βάθυσκάφης, ἑός, ὁ, ἡ, alte effossus: deeply dug. Ἡ βάθυσκάφει κώνει Soph. El. 435.

Βάθυσκιδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altam umbram edens: shady. Eis κευθμῶνὰ βάθυσκιδόν H. in Merc. 229.

Βάθυσπῆρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod alte seritur: deeply sown, deeply furrowed. Καὶ βάθυσπῆρους Phœn. 657.

Βάθυσχοινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, juncosus: thickly set with rushes. Ἰκοντὸ βάθυσχοινον λῆχεποίην Δ. 383.

Βάθυφρων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, mentis profundæ: deep-minded, inscrutable. Nem. 7. 1. See Βάθυφρων.

SYN. Βάθυβουλός, βάθυμήτης, βάθινους. Βάθυφυλλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, frondosus: broad-leaved.

Ἰπὸ πλάτανῳ βάθυφύλλῳ Mosch. Id. 5. SYN. Ἐρίφυλλός, εἰνδοῖφυλλός, κύμητης, ευθαλής.

Βάθυχαίτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui densam habet cæsa- riem: having thick or long hair. Ἀρισταίος βάθυχαίτης Hes. Theog. 977. SYN. Βάθυπλο- κάμος.

Βάθυχθων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, altam habens tellurem, fertilis: deep-soiled, fertile. Τὰν βάθυχθόν' αἶαν Sept. Th. 294., answering to ζωπύρουσσι τάρβους. SYN. see Βάθυλῆϊός.

Βαίνω, f. βήσσωμαι, ire facio; gradior: to cause to go, lead, move; go. In the 2d aor. the in- transitive meaning of "to go" is always used. Eur. Sup. 739. SYN. Εμβαίνω, ἐπίβαίνω, βαδίζω, περίπατῶ, πείρω, στείχω, ἀμυλλᾶμαι ποδί.

Βαῖος, ἄ, ὄν, parvus, modicus: slight, mode- rate, slightly attended. Πότερόν ἐχῶρει βαῖος Ε. R. 750. SYN. Μικρός, σμικρός, τυτθός, βράχυσ, ησαῖος.

Βαίτα, as, Dor., et Βαίτη, ης, Ion., ἡ, læna con- suta ex corio seu pellibus: a coarse covering. Τὰν Βαίταν ἀπόδύς Theoc. 3. 25. SYN. Δι- φθέρα.

Βακτηρία, as, ἡ; Βακτηρίων, ου, Βάκτρευμὰ, ἄτος, τό; Βάκτρον, ου, τό, baculus, scipio: a stick, staff, support. Εστὶν ἡ βακτηρία Acham. 447. 682. Phœn. 1555. Troad. 278. SYN. Σκίμπων, σκήπων, σκίπων, ῥάδδός, ῥυπάλός. Ερ. Αμπελδεῖς, αὐτοφλοιός, κισσίνός, ἡδεῖα.

Βακχᾶ, bacchor: to be inspired by Bacchus, to revel, rage. Sept. Th. 494.

Βακχέσβακχός, ου, ὁ, acclamatio in sacrificiis quæ fiebat in honorem Dionysi: a sacrificial shout in honour of Bacchus. Equit. 407.

Βακχεῖα, as, ἡ, bacchatio: a festival of Bac- chus, a revel. Choëph. 686.

Βάκχειός, α, ὄν; Βακχειώτης, ου, ὁ, Baccheus: Bacchean, belonging to Bacchus. Bacch. 608. Ε. C. 678. SYN. Βάκχιός, Βακχῆϊός.

Βάκχευμὰ, ἄτος, τό, furor Bacchicus; plur. Bacchanalia: Bacchanalian fury; the orgies of Bacchus. Troad. 369.

Βακχεύσιμῶν, ου, τό; Βάκχευσις, ἑως, ἡ, bac- chatio: bacchanalian frenzy, revelling. Bacch. 294. 353. SYN. Βακχεῖα.

Βακχεύω, Βακχιάζω, bacchor: to be inspired by Bacchus, to revel, rage. Orest. 405. Cycl. 204. SYN. Βακχᾶ, ἀνάβακχεύω, μαινῶμαι.

Βάκχη, ης, Βακχίς, ιδός, ἡ, Bacchi sacerdos; quovis furore bacchanali percita: a priestess of Bacchus; a devotee to Bacchus, a frantic woman. Phœn. 1503. Antig. 1129. SYN. Μαινᾶς. See Theoc. 26. Ερ. Ἀσιᾶς, Καθμεῖα, θυροσφύρος, ἐκφρων, πᾶρᾶπλήξ, νυκτιπόλός, χάρ- ρυπῇ, λυσσᾶς, ὀρεσσιεᾶτος, δέδοσσυτός, μανίας, μανιώδης, λάφυστία, κέραςφύρος.

Βακχιάδης, ων, οἱ, Corinthii: the Corinthians. Εισοτὲ Βακχιάδαι γένεθ' Apoll. 4. 1212.

Βάκχιός, Βάκχειός, α, ὄν, Bacchicus: of or belonging to Bacchus. Bacch. 995. See Βάκ- χός.

βάρυθι δὲ μοι Π. 519. SYN. Βάρυνθμαι, βρίζομαι.

Βάρυκομπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gravem strepitum edens: loudly roaring. Pyth. 5. 76. See below.

Βάρυκότης, Βάρυμήνιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gravem iram gerens: very indignant. Ἐγὼ δ' αἰμὸς ἡ τάλαινὰ βάρυκότης Eumen. 783. Theoc. 15. 138.

Βάρυκτύπος, i. q. Βάρυερόμυς. Βουλῆσι βάρυκτύπου Hes. Op. 77.

Βάρυλγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, maledicus: uttering bitter things, reproachful. Pyth. 2. 100. See Βάρυκότης.

Βάρυμήνιος. See Βάρυκότης.

Βάρύνω, τῶν, gravo, premo; molestia afficio: to make heavy, load; annoy, exasperate. Ὅμαρ μου βάρυνται Alcest. 395. SYN. Βάρῶ, φορτίω, αχθῶ, πῖέζω, λυπῶ.

Βάρυπτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gravisonus: deep-toned, deep-sounding. Pyth. 6. 23. SYN. Βάρυκτύπος, βάρυερόμυς, βάρυερόμετης, ἐρίγδουπος, βάρυγδουπος, Βάρυκομπός.

Βάρυπάλαιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, graves et fortes habens manus: heavy-handed. Pyth. 11. 37. See Πάλαμ.

Βάρυπτοής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, graviter cadens: falling heavily. Eumen. 375.

Βάρυπνέω, graviter flo: to blow violently. Βάρυπνεοντάς ἀήτας Musæ. 216.

Βάρυπότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infelix: ill-fated, unhappy. Phœn. 1364. See Πότης. SYN. see Βάρυδαίμων.

Βάρυς, εἰς, ὅ, gravis: heavy, strong; infirm; troublesome, dangerous. Ὡς μοι βάρεῖα καὶ δόμοι Hipp. 821. SYN. Αἰνός, αλγεινός, βληχρὸς, ἐπαχθὸς, χυλῆπός.

Βάρυστάθμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ponderosus: heavy, massive. Τῶν βάρυστάθμων Ran. 1397.

Βάρυστένᾳχ, graviter fmo: to groan deeply. Τῇν δὲ βάρυστένᾳχον A. 364.

Βάρυστῶνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, graviter suspirans: flebilis: deeply groaning; lamentable. C. R. 1233. See below.

Βάρυστῶνως, gravi luctu: with deep groaning. Μὴ βάρυστῶνως φέρειν Eumen. 797.

Βάρυσφάραγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui gravem edit strepitum: deep clashing, loudly thundering. Isth. 8. 47. See Σφάραγος. SYN. Βάρυσμαράγος.

Βάρυτιμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pretiosus; puniendo severus: very costly; severe in punishment. Ὅπαστοί τ' ἐδὸν καὶ βάρυτιμοί Aesch. Sup. 25.

Βάρυφρων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, æger animo; gravia meditans: heavy minded; meditating destructive things. Βάρυφρόνός Αἰήταο Apoll. 4. 731. SYN. Βάρυθυμός.

Βάρυψυχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui abjecto vel graviter sauciato est animo: heavy minded, cowardly. Καὶ βάρυψυχου γόους Aj. 319. SYN. Δειλός, βάρυθυμός.

Βασάνιζω, torqueo ad eruendam veritatem, exploro: to assay, put to the torture, explore. Πῶς οὖν βασάνιεις νῶ δικαίως ῥαδίως Ran. 642. SYN. Εξετάζω, δοκίμαζω, ἐλέγχω, στρέλλω, ἀνῶω.

Βασάνιστέος, α, ὄν, torquendo explorandus, probandus: to be tried or examined. Lysist. 479. See above and below.

Βασάνιστρίᾳ, ας, ἡ, exploratrix, tortrix: a female examiner or tormentor. Ἐπὼν βασάνιστρίᾳ λίστη Ran. 826.

Βασάνος, ου, ἡ, (1) lapis Lydius quo aurum probatur: the Lydian stone used in trying gold,

a touch-stone; (2) tormentum, indicium: trial, proof or evidence. C. R. 492. See above.

SYN. (2) Κρίσις, τιμωρία.

Βασίλειᾶ, ας, ἡ, regina: a queen, princess. Βασίλειᾶ γυναιχθόνος Eur. El. 988. SYN. Ἀνασσα. Ep. Αἰδοία, ιφθίμη, περίφρων, πολυμήνη, ἀπόδελεπτός, ἀθανάτη, ἀγάκλειτη, αἰδοίμυς, ἀμαϊκῆτη.

Βασίλειος, Βασίλῆιός, Βασίλικός, ἡ, ὄν, regius: belonging to a king, regal, royal. Δωμῷ βασίλειον πέπλον Med. 956. π. 401. Phœn. 1346. The fem. form Βασίλῆις, ἰδός, ἡ, occurs in Hom. Z. 193. and Hipp. 1276.

Βασίλειος, εὖς, ὁ, rex, dominus: a king, ruler, commander. Πῶς νῦν λέξειν βασίλειούσι δόκεις Heracl. 295. SYN. Ἀναξ, ἀγός, κοίρανος, κοσμήτωρ, σημάντωρ, τύραννος. Ep. Ἀγάθος, ἀγανός, αἰδοίος, ἀμύμων, ἀμαϊκάκετός, ἀρίπρεπής, ἀρίζηλος, ἀγάκλειτος, ἀντιθεός, ἀγῆνωρ, ἀγέρωχος, ἀγάνος, δημόδορος, ἡπίος, κρείσσαν, περίφρων, πρόφρων, σκηπτουχός, σκῆπτρον ἔχων, φρέσιν αἰσμία εἰδώς, χυλῆπός, Διότηρέτης, κλειτός, γέραρος, βάθυπλουτός, ἰφθίμυς, κεδνός, ὑπέρθυμος, βουληφόρος, ποικιλομήτης, εὐθυμός, κύδιος, κράτερός, εἰδός, μέγαθυμός, κυδαλίμυς, λαοσσός, λαμπρός, μένεπτολέμος, μέγακλῆς, ὑπερφιάλος, ἀπηνής, κάλός, ἀλκίμος, μάχητης, παντοσεμνός.

Βασίλειυτέρος, ὄν; Βασίλειυτάτος, ἡ, ὄν, augustior; augustissimus: more and most kingly or like a king. Ὅσσαν βασίλειυτέρος εἰμι I. 160. 169.

Βασίλειυς, rex sum, regno: to be a king, to exercise kingly power. Ελπίζει βασίλειυσειν Ion 1087. SYN. Ἀνάσω, αἰσυννάω, ἀρχω, ἐμβασίλειυς, ἀρχός, εἰμὶ, κράτῶ, θρόνῳ ἐγκάθιζω, εὐθύνω λαοὺς δικας.

Βασίλῆις. See Βασίλειος.

Βασίλις, ἰδός, Βασίλισσά, ἡς, ἡ, regina: a queen. Βασίλις οὖσ' αἰσχύνονται Hec. 556. Theoc. 15. 24.

Βασίς, εὖς, ἡ, (1) gressus: a going, pace; (2) pes: a foot; (3) fundamentum: a foundation. Ἐλκω πόδός βασιν Phœn. 311. SYN. (1) Βασίσις; (2) πούς; (3) βάθος, ἔδρα, πύθμην.

Βασκαίνω, ἀνῶ, fascino; invidio; accuso: to fascinate; envy; accuse. Theoc. 5. 13. SYN. Φαρμάκεω, φθόνῶ, λυπῶμαι, μέμφομαι.

Βασκάνια, ας, ἡ, fascinatio; invidia; obtrectatio: fascination; envy; detraction. Κρείσσονά βασκάνιης Call. Ep. 22. SYN. Φθόνος.

Βασκάνος, ου, ὁ, fascinator: an enchanter; a deceitful, malignant, or envious person. Δημιόπρατ' ὁ βασκάνος. Equit. 103. SYN. Φθονέρος, ὑβριστής, βλάθερός.

Βάσκας, ου, ὁ, querquedula: a kind of teal. Aves 886.

Βάσκα, Ion. pro Βαίνα, eo: to go. B. 8.

Βάσταγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, gestamen, onus: a thing carried, load, burthen. Eur. Sup. 777. SYN. Βάρος.

Βαστάζω, ἄσω, gesto: to bear, carry. Ταῦτά βαστάζειν ἐμοί Alcest. 40. SYN. Φέρω, φέρῶ, ἀνακουφίζω, αἶρω, κόμιζω, ἐκκόμιζω.

Βατεῖα, Βατεῖᾶ, ας, ἡ, tumulus Myrines cujusdam Amazonis ita dictus: a rising ground said to be the tomb of a certain Amazon called Myrinne. Ἀνδρες Βατεῖαν κυκλήσκουσιν B. 813.

Βατέω, Βατεύω, coëo: to mount. Τὰς μακάδας οἶα βάτευνται Theoc. 1. 87. Eur. Sup. 1013. SYN. Βινέω, μισθόμαι.

Βάρια, *as*, ἡ, rubetum : a bramble, thicket. Olymp. 6. 90. See **Βάρως**.

Βατίδοσκόπος, *ou*, ὁ, helluo : fond of thorn-back, a glutton. Pax 811. See below.

Βάτις, *ιδὸς*, ἡ, herbæ nomen ; piscis quidam ; avis quædam : the name of a herb ; a thornback ; name of a bird. Οὐδὲ χαιρὸν Βάτισιν οὐδ' ἐγχε- λῶσιν ἀλλ' ἡδὺν ἂν Vesp. 510.

Βατόδωρπος, *ou*, ὁ, ἡ, rubos decerpens : crop- ping the shrubs. Οἰκηστοῖο βάτοδωρπέ Hom. in Merc. 190.

Βάτος, *ou*, ἡ, rubus : a thorn-bush, bramble. Νῦν ἴα μὲν φάρεοιτ' Βάτοι Theoc. 1. 132.

Βατράχειον, *ou*, τὸ, ranunculus, genus herbæ, cuius succo inficiebant faciem ante inventas personas (vid. Suid. in v.) : a ranunculus ; the juice of a flower with which the actors besmeared their faces before the invention of masks. Βαπ- τόμενος Βατράχειοις Eq. 520.

Βατράχις, *ιδὸς*, ἡ, vestis, a ranunculi colore dicta : a frog-coloured garment. Δάδων τὴν Βατράχιδα Eq. 1406.

Βατράχως, *ou*, ὁ, rana : a frog. Κὰκ τῶν σί- δων Βατράχους ἐποίει πᾶς δοκεῖς Nub. 881. See Ran. 240. and the following verses.

Βαττίδαί, *ων*, οἱ, Battiaides : descendants of Battus. Φασὶν Βαττίδων Pyth. 5. 37.

Βάττος, *ou*, ὁ, Battus : the founder of Cyrene in Africa. Plut. 925.

Βαύζω, *f*, Βαύζω, baubor, latro : to bark, howl over, lament. Ὁρχοῖκ' ἔνῃν δ' ἀνδρὰ Βαύζει Pers. 13. SYN. Ἰλακτέω, ωρύμαι.

Βάφη, *ης*, ἡ, (1) immersio : immersion ; (2) tinctura : a dye ; (3) color : colour. Βάφη σιδη- ρὸς ὡς ἐθελήσθην στόμα Aj. 660. SYN. (2) Βάμψα ; (3) χρώμα.

Βδέλλα, *as*, ἡ, hirudo : a leech. Εκ Βδέλλα πέπκοις Theoc. 2. 56.

Βδελύκτροπος, *ou*, ὁ, ἡ, abominandus : abo- minable. Ες τὸ πᾶν βδελύκτροποι Eumen. 52.

Βδελύρως, *α*, ὁ, ὅν, flagitiosus : abominable, im- pure, impudent. Αλλ' οὐχὶ νυνὶ γ' ὁ βδελύρως τὸν νοῦν ἔχει Plut. 993. SYN. Ἀνδσίως, ἀσεπ- τὸς, ἀπεικτὸς, ἀποτρόπος, ἀσελγής, ἀκόλαστος, μῖαρος, μοχθηρὸς.

Βδελύττωμαι, detestor, proprie ob foetorem : to nauseate, abhor. Plut. 700. SYN. Ἀπεύχο- μαι, μισῶ, μισάττωμαι, πρὸβάλλω, ἀποστρέφο- μαι.

Βδῶω, pedo, foeteo : to break wind, stink. Plut. 703.

Βδύλλω, *i*, q. Βδῶω, tremo ; abominor : to tremble at ; be disgusted with. Equit. 224.

Βεβαίως, *α*, ὁ, ὅν, et *ou*, ὁ, ἡ, firmus, stabilis, con- stans : firm, fixed, constant. Βεβαίῳν οὐδὲν Helen. 714. Βεβαίῳν is used adverbially. Trach. 620. SYN. Ἀρρηκτὸς, ἀσφαλής, ἑδραῖος, ἐμπέδως, κύριος, μόνιμος, στέρεὺς, πιστός.

Βεβαίως, certo : certainly, decidedly. Καί σ' εἰ βεβαίως Herc. F. 1112.

Βεβήλως, *ou*, ὁ, ἡ, profanus : profane, not initiated. Æsch. Sup. 512. SYN. Ἀκάθαρτος, μῖαρος, ἀνδσίως.

Βεβρυκία, *as*, ἡ, Bebrycia : an ancient name of Bithynia. Εἰς αὐτὴν Βεβρυκίης Apoll. 2. 136.

Βεβρώθω, comedo, voro : to eat, devour. Ωμὸν βεβρώθεις Πριάμον Δ. 35. See Βεβρώσκω.

Βεκεσέληνρος, *ou*, ὁ, ἡ, lunaticus : one who asks bread from the moon, an old dotard. Nub. 398. SYN. Ἀρχαῖος, κρῶνικός, κρῶνις.

Βέλεμνον, *ou*, τὸ, telum : a dart, shaft. Androm. 1125.

Βελλερόφοντης, *ou*, ὁ, Bellerophon : son of Glaucus king of Ephrya. Z. 190. Ep. Δαίφρων, εσθλὸς, κράταιος. P.H. Αἰολίδας βασιλείς.

Βέλων, *ης*, ἡ, acus ; piscis quidam : a needle, bodkin ; a kind of fish. Batrach. 129. SYN. Ῥάφισ, πέρων.

Βέλως, *εὺς*, τὸ, telum : an arrow, shaft. Phoen. 896. SYN. Ἄκων, ἀκόντιον, ἀτρακτὸς, ἰὸς, διστὸς, βέλων. Ep. Ἄλιον, ἀφαιρὺν, ἐχέπευκὲς, δῶδον, κᾶκον, κατὰκαίριον, κράτερον, κωφόν, οὐν, περίπευκὲς, ὠκὺ, ἐπιλογχόν, κίσσινον, λογχωτὸν, οὐβήτηκον, σιδηρῆν, πτηνὸν, ἀντίπρωρον, ἀλέγει- νον, ἀργαλέον, αἰνὸν, ἀγρίον, βριθὺ, ἐκπῶλον, ηνέμῶν, δερμὸν, μῖαφῶδον, λαψήρῶν, οἰζυρὸν, ὀκρύδον, ὀλῶδον, πτέρῶν, πίκρον, φιδέρον, χάλε- πον. P.H. Πτανὸν ὄπλον, πτηνὸς ὄφισ.

Βεμικίζω, *Βεμικιῶω*, in gyrum ago velut turbineum : to whirl round like a top. Βεμικί- ζωσιν ἑαυτοὺς Vesp. 1517. Aves 1465.

Βεμβίναιοι, *ων*, οἱ, Bembinaei : a people in Ar- golis. Μάλιστα δὲ Βεμβίναίους Theoc. 25. 201.

Βέμβις, *ικὸς*, ἡ, turbo : a whipping-top. Θῶας βέμβις ἐχόντες Call. Ep. 1. 9.

Βένθος, *εὺς*, τὸ, poet. pro Βάθος, profunditas : depth, profundity. α. 53. Ep. Ἀλμύρον, ἄλ- μυρές, ευρύ.

Βεῖρθρον, *ou*, τὸ, Ion., *i*, q. Βαῖρθρον. Χθόνος ἐστὶ Βεῖρθρον Θ. 14. SYN. Βάθος, σκότης, ὀλε- θρὸς. Ep. Δεινὸν, αἰνὸν, ἀφεργές, κοῖλον, γλα- φύρον, δεινὸν, ηἱερόν, σκότην, στύγνον, χθονίον. P.H. Βένθος αἰης, νέκρων κευθμῶν, σκῆτου πύλα.

Βερένικη, seu **Βερόνικη**, *ης*, ἡ, Berenice : the name of several women, particularly of the wife of Ptolemy Lagus, and mother of Ptolemy Philadelphus. Ἐποίησας Βερένικαν Theoc. 15. 107. Ep. Περικλειτὴ, ἀρίζηλος, ευειδής.

Βήλος, *ou*, ὁ, Belus : king of Assyria, father of Ninus ; father of Ægyptus and Danaüs. Æsch. Sup. 314.

Βηλὸς, *οὐ*, ὁ, limen domus vel templi : an en- trance to a house or temple. Ψ. 202. SYN. Βάμδος, οὐδὸς. Ep. Λιθῆς, δεσπέσις.

Βῆμα, *ατὸς*, τὸ, gressus ; suggestus : a step, pace ; throne, tribunal. Troad. 344. SYN. Βαδιμα, βάσις. Ep. Κοῦφον, κλωπικόν.

Βῆσά, *ης*, ἡ, saltus : a thicket, copse, wood- lands. C. C. 673. SYN. Ἀλσὺς, ἀγκὸς. Ep. Εὐνέμους, ευθαλὺς, ἱερὰ, κάλη, παιπαλδεοσά, σκίερα, χλωῖερα, ἐρημαία, ἀργεννή, κολή, τρηχεῖα. Βησσηεὺς, ἥεσσά, ἐν, saltuosus : abounding with thickets, woody. Hes. Op. 390.

Βῆτᾶ, indecl., the name of the second letter in the alphabet. Eccles. 684.

Βηταρμός, *οὐ*, ὁ, saltatio pyrrhica, apta et con- cinna : the pyrrhic dance. Apoll. 1. 1136.

Βήττω, ξω, tussio : to cough. Eccles. 56.

Βία, *as*, ἡ, vis, robur : strength, force, vio- lence, opposition to. Alcest. 69. See below. SYN. Ἰς, ισχύς, δυνάμεις, ἀλκή. Ep. Ἀσχετὸς, ἀτρεστὸς, ἀσεμφής, ἀρρηκτὸς, μεγάλωφρων, μέγαλιν, δεσπέσις, ἀφθιτὸς, λευγάλεα, νικηφόρος, ἐμπέδως, νηπία, ὑπέρθμος, ἑτεοκλήειν, Ἠρά- κληείν, Ἰφίκληείν.

Βιάζωμαι, vim adfero : to force, use violence, overwhelm, attack. Ἀναξ βιάζει μ' Alcest. 1135. SYN. Βιάω, βιάδωμαι, ἐπείγω, κατὰβάλλω, παρὰν- μέω, ὑβρίζω, λωσάδωμαι, διαφθείρω.

Βίαιος, α, ὄν, et ov, δ, ἡ, violentus: violent. Δίκας βιαίων δώσῃτ' Ion. 448. SYN. Ἰταμός, ὀβριμός, δεινός, θοοῦρος, ισχυρός, λαῖσρος.

Βιάλος, violent: by main force. "Ελκει βιάως Ζηνὸς Heracl. 80. SYN. Βία, ὑπερβίως, δεινός, ἰταμός, σφοδρὰ.

Βιάζωμαι, i. q. βιάζομαι, q. v. Τόν γέ βιάζω Apoll. 4. 1235.

Βίας, αντός, δ, Bias: the son of Amythaon. Κρέοντα Βιαντὰ τέ Δ. 296.

Βιαστῆς, α, ὄν, cui resisti debet: must struggle against. Ου τυχὴν βιαστῆον Rhes. 583.

Βιάτης, fortis: vehemens: brave, vigorous, violent. Pyth. 1. 18. A long, as in Ἰατήρ.

Βιάσθω, Βιάω, Βίσημι, eo: to go. Μακρὰ βιάσθων N. 809. λ. 538. H. 213. Blomfield wishes Βιάσσω Pers. 668. SYN. see Βαίω.

Βιβλίος, η, ὄν, Biblinus: of Biblos, a river or city in Thrace. Βιβλίνου τέ πόματος Ion. 1195.

Βιβλίον, ου, τὸ, libellus: scheda: a book, parchment, letter. Φαῖλον βιβλίον Av. 1024. SYN. Δέλτος, λόγος, τευχός, σύγγραμμα.

Βιβλός, ου, ἡ, liber arboris: liber: the bark of a tree; a parchment, book. Οὐδ' ἐν πύχαις βιάων Aesch. Sup. 943. SYN. Φλοιός, λέπις. Ep. Ζάθεός, δέια, δέσιπς, ἐμφρων, σόφη.

Βιήνωρ, ὄρος, δ, Biano: a Trojan warrior. "Ελε δ' ἀνδρὰ Βιήνωρὰ A. 92.

Βινέω, Βινέσκω, coëo: to commit fornication. "Ἰνὰ κῆ βινώσ' ἐτ' ἐκείνας Aves 560. SYN. Βάτω.

Βινητῖα, coire cupio: to desire concubinage. Lysistr. 717. See above.

Βιδορός, ου, Βιδορέμιων, ὄνος, δ, ἡ, victum largiens, vitam alens: food-yielding, life supporting. Philoct. 1162. Nub. 570. See Βιός.

Βιδορέμιων. See Βιδορός.

Βιός, οὐ, δ, (1) οξυτόνως, nervus, arcus: a bow-string, bow, (2) παρουστόνως, vita, victus: life, means of living. (1) Δίδου βίον ἠδὲ φάρετρον K. 260. (2) Hec. 166. SYN. (1) Νεύρον, τόξον, (2) Βιότη, βιότης, ζωὴ, ψυχὴ, τρόφή. Ep. (1) Γναπτὸς, κρατέρος. (2) Ἀσίνης, ἀμεμπτός, ἀβλάβης, ἀπὸνός, ἀλυπτός, ἀνάρκης, ἀγῆρος, ἀφθιτός, γλυκύς, γλυκέρως, ἡδύς, ευπρέπης, εὐπύρος, ἡσυχός, ἡμέροισι, κλεινός, μελίφρων, νηπεν-θής, νήπουνός, τερπνός, χρυσέος, ἀξίος, ἀξιώτος, ἀθλίος, ἀργαλέος, ἀγνίνδεις, ἀπαίδευτός, ἀπιστός, ἀσημὸς, βάρυς, δυσδαίμων, δύστηνός, ἐμπέδος, ἐφημερίος, ἐφημερός, κρυερός, λυπρός, λυπηρός, λευγαλέος, πύρος, λοιπός, μύρονης, οἰζυρός, πό-λυταῖρος, ἀκίρος, πέρθεις, στυγέρος, σκίους, στύνδεις, σκληρός, τάλαιπωρός, τυφλός.

Βιοστέρης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, cui victus non suppetit: deprived of food, destitute. C. C. 747. See below. SYN. Ενδής, πένης, πτωχός.

Βιοτεύω, Βιόω, Βιώμι, vīvo: to live, flourish. Alcest. 249. 800. K. 174. See below. SYN. Ζάω, βλέπω.

Βιοτή, ἡς, Βιότης, ητός, Βιότης. Vid. Βιός. Βιόταν στυγέραν πρόλιποισα Med. 147. Hom. Mart. 10. Orest. 197. SYN. see Βιός.

Βιότησις, ου, δ, ἡ, ad vitam sustentandam pertinens: fit for supporting life. Ἄνὼν ἀμει-βοντα βιότησιον Apoll. 2. 1007.

Βιότιον, ου, τὸ, parvus victus: a slender subsistence. Οὗτος γὰρ ἐξεύρηκεν αὐτῷ βιότιον Plut. 1165.

Βιότης. See Βιός.

Βιστόνεις, ων, οἱ, Bistones: a nation in Thrace. Alcest. 1011.

Βίον, αντός, δ, Bion. Τὸν ἡμέροεντὰ Βίωνα Mosch. 3. 2. PHER. Δωρίος Ορφεύς, ἀγέλαιον ἐράμιος.

Βιώσιμος, ου, δ, ἡ; Βιώτος, ἡ, ὄν, vitalis: worth living for. Τῇσδ' ἀτερ βιώσιμον Antig. 572. Plut. 197.

Βλάβερός, α, ὄν, noxius: hurtful. Βλάβερὸν τὸ δὴρρῳφιν H. in Merc. 36. SYN. Πόλυπῳμον, ἐπικίνδυνός, ἐπικλήμιος, δηλήμων.

Βλάβη, ἡς, ἡ; Βλάβος, εὖς, τὸ, noxa, injuria: hurt, detriment, injury. Οὐτ' ἐπὶ βλάβῃ φρένων Hipp. 518. Ion 998. SYN. Ἄτη, ζημία, ζη-μῖωμα, συμφορὰ, ἐπῆρεϊα, ποιὴν, λώση. Ep. Στυγῆν.

Βλάβω, Att. Βλάβτω, pedes capto et impedio currentem; ludo: to impede, supplant; injure. Βλάβεται δὲ τέ γούνατ' v. 34.

Βλαισός, η, ὄν, distorta habens crura: having crooked legs. Batrach. 288.

Βλακίκως, socorditer: lazily. ὧς βλακίκως διακονέεις Av. 1323.

Βλάπτω, Ion. Βλάβω, q. v. Heracl. 265. SYN. Ἀντάω, κῆκός, λυμάλινμαι, ζημιώω.

Βλαστάνω, στήσω, germino: to shoot, bud, spring from. Βλαστάνει δ' ἄπιστια C. C. 638. Choeph. 287. SYN. Ἀποβλαστάνω, εκβλαστάνω, αλδανύμαι, εκφύω, δάλλω, ἀναθάλλω, δάλλω, θηλέω, βρύω, ἀντέλλω, φύλλοις δάλλω.

Βλαστή, ἡς, ἡ; Βλαστήμα, ἄτος, τό; Βλαστή- μος, Βλαστής, οὐ, δ, germen: a shoot, twig, scion, offspring. C. R. 717. Med. 1095. Aesch. Sup. 322. C. C. 697. SYN. Γέννημα, δάλλος, ἐρνός, φίτυμα, φυτόν, αἰθήσις. Ep. Γεν- ναίος, πέτραϊα, πολλή, Διπτερής.

Βλασφημία, as, ἡ, maledicentia: slander, re- proach. Βλασφημίαν τίς οὐκ ἐτάν Ion 1208. SYN. Δυσφημία.

Βλαντίον, ου, τὸ, genus calceamenti quo fere utebantur domi; solea: a kind of slipper or shoe used in the house. Τοῖς σοῖσιν ὥσπερ βλαντίοισι Equit. 885. SYN. Ἰπποδήμα, αρ- εῦλη.

Βλαψίφρων, ὄνος, δ, ἡ, cui mens est læsa: hurt in mind, infatuated, wretched. Sept. Th. 722. SYN. Φρένομάνης, φρένοπληγῆς, φρένο- πληκτός, φρένώλης.

Βλέμειναι, trucidis oculis circumspicio: to look furiously. M. 42.

Βλέμμα, ἄτος, Βλέπος, εὖς, τὸ, adspectus: a sight, look. Plut. 1022. Nub. 1178. SYN. Αποβλεψίς, δέργμα, ὀψίς, ὄψ, πρόσωπον.

Βλεμύεις, Βλεμύνεις, ων, οἱ, gens Æthiopica: a nation in Æthiopia. Πέτρα ὑπὸ Βλεμύν Theoc. 7. 113.

Βλεπτός, η, ὄν, videndus: to be seen or looked upon. C. R. 1337. SYN. Ὀρατός.

Βλέπω, ψω, video: to see. Med. 470. SYN. Αποβλέπω, δέркоω, δέркоμαι, ὄραω, εἶδω, δᾶδμαι, λένσω, ὀπτεώω.

Βλεφάρις, ἰδός, ἡ, cilium, pili palpebrarum: the hair of the eye-lids. Ὃς αὐτός αὐτῷ βλεφά- ριδ' οὐκ ἐσώσάτο Eccles. 402.

Βλεφάρων, ου, τὸ, palpebra: an eye-lid. Ἰπ- νός ἐπὶ βλεφάροις K. 26. Ep. Φίλὼν, ἀκοίμη- τὼν, εὐκύκλον, κῆνεν, ὑπερφάλλον.

Βλήμα, ἄτος, τό, jactus, vulnus: a shot, wound, throw at dice. Eur. Sup. 330. SYN. Βόλη, πληγή, τραῦμα.

Βλήομαι, i. q. Βάλλομαι. See in Βάλλω.

Βλήεται ἡ περὶ βουστὶν ρ. 472. Others account for βλήεται differently.

Βλητός, ἡ, ὄν, ictus, attonitus: struck, wounded, astonished. Call. 3. 127. SYN. Βέβλημένος.

Βλητήρην, ου, τὸ, clavis ferreus: an iron clasp or hoop. O. 678. SYN. Γόμφος, βάλανος, μοχλός.

Βληχᾶμαι, Βληχῶμαι, balo ut ovis; vagio ut infans: to bleat; to cry as an infant. Vesp. 570. Theoc. 16. 92., where, however, for βληχοῖτο Schæf. wishes βληχοῖτο from βληχῶμαι. SYN. Μηκᾶμαι.

Βληχή, ἡς, ἡ, balatus: the bleating of lambs or sheep. Sept. Th. 340.

Βληχρὸς, ἁ, ὄν, imbecillus, lenis: feeble, gentle. Apoll. 4. 152. SYN. Ἀέληχρὸς, ασθένης.

Βληχῶ, ὄος, ἡ, contr. οὖς, pulegium: penny-royal. Lysistr. 89.

Βληχωνίας, ου, ὁ, cui pulegium admistum est: a compound of penny-royal. Επίτιοις Βληχωνίαν Pax 711.

Βλιμάζω, contracto: to handle, feel the breast of a bird. Οἱ δ' ἀνοῦνται βλιμάζοντας Aves 530. SYN. Ψηλάφα, διᾶθλίω, κῆκω, ἀπτῶμαι, ἐφάπτωμαι.

Βλιτῶμας, ου, ὁ, vapidus, stupidus: an insipid, stupid person. Τοῖς Ἰππυκράτους νύειν εἰς εἰς καὶ σὲ κἀλοῦσιν βλιτῶμας Nub. 1001.

Βλιτῶ, exprimendo aufero: to squeeze honey out of the comb. Lysistr. 476. SYN. Εκπίεζω, κινῶ, ἐρεθίζω.

Βλοσῦρος, ἁ, ὄν, truculentus: stern, dreadful. Eumen. 163. SYN. Φθέρους, σεμνός, δεινός. See Βλοσῦρῶπις.

Βλοσῦρῶφρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, sæva mente insignis: fierce-minded. Æsch. Sup. 835. See below. SYN. Ἀγρίθυμὸς, ἀπνηής.

Βλοσῦρῶπις, ἰδός, ἡ, habens truculentos oculos: fierce-eyed. Γοργῶ βλοσῦρῶπις εστέφανωτο Α. 36. By a poetic license Homer here makes the i in βλοσῦρῶπις long, though in the thesis. See Herm. Elem. Doct. Metr. p. 41.

Βλωθρός, ἁ, ὄν, procerus; viridis: tall; verdant. O. 233. SYN. Ευμήκης, ευμύγεθης, μακρός, αἰπεινός, ἄερος, δαλέρους.

Βωγῖον, ου, τὸ, scutum: a buckler covered with a bull's hide. Καὶ δοῖα βωγῖα π. 296. SYN. see Βόεια.

Βωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, Dor. for Βωμά, q. v. Nub. 967.

Βωυλόν, ου, τὸ, bubile: a cowhouse. Ἐσκεῖ βωυλα Apoll. 3. 1290. SYN. Βουστάμνος, βουστάμνον, αἰλῖον, βδοστάσις.

Βῶω, ἥω, vociferor: to shout, call to. Olymp. 8. 52. SYN. Ἀνάβῶω, ἰάχω, αὔτω, ἀνυμῶω.

Βόεια, as, ἡ, corium bubulum; scutum: an ox's hide; a shield. Α. 842. SYN. Βύρσα, δέρμα βόος, ασπίς, βωγῖον. Ερ. Αὔα, στέρεα, δαμεία, ἀκάματος, ἀρᾶγης, ἐρίγδουπος, εὐνικτός, ἀδέφητος, μέθυσοις ἀλοιφή.

Βόειός, Βόεός, α, ὄν, bubulus: of or belonging to an ox, large. Δ. 122. P. 492.

Βέους, ἔως, ὁ, lorum e corio bubulo: a leathern thong. β. 426. SYN. Δεσμός, ἱμάς.

Βόή, ἡς, ἡ, clamor; pugna: a cry, shout; shout in battle, battle. Phœn. 690. SYN. Ἠχός, ἔρῃνη, βωμά, βήτης, ἀλάληγῃ, ἀλάλητος, μάχη, ἀλική, ἀλάλη, βόηθεῖα. Ερ. Ἀσθεστός, ἀσπότης, διεσπεία, κῆκῶλασος, ἀτρεμαία, ὑπόρροφος,

εὐζύνετος, εὐφρων, χάρα ξυναυλός, δυσεαυκτός, ἀχόρος, δόρικτύπος, ὑπερμηχης.

Βὀηδρῶεω, currens vociferor, auxilior: to run with a shout, assist. Orest. 1351.

Βὀηδρῶμῖος, Βὀηδρῶμός, Βὀηθῶος, Βὀηθός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, auxiliaris: running with shouts, auxiliary. Call. 2. 69. Orest. 1283. Nem. 7. 48. Call. 3. 153. SYN. Ἀρωγός, ἐπαρωγός, ἀλεξητήρ, προστατής.

Βὀηθεῶ, ἥω, succurro: to assist. Pax 926. Βὀηθῶος, Βὀηθός. See Βὀηδρῶμῖος.

Βὀηλάσῖα, as, ἡ, boum abactio; præda: the driving away of cattle; plunder. Ἀμφὶ βὀηλάσῃ Α. 671. SYN. Ἄγρευμά, ἄγρα.

Βὀηλάτης, ου, Βὀηνῶμός, ὁ, boum abactor, bubulcus: a driver away of cattle, herdsman. Olymp. 13. 35. Theoc. 20. 41. The first of these words has two acceptations, in the good and bad sense; the second only one, viz. a herdsman. SYN. Βότηρ, νόμευς, βοικῶλος.

Βὀημά, ἄτος, τό; Βὀητός, ὄος, ὁ, clamor: a shout. See Βόή. Agam. 893. α. 369.

Βὀηνῶμός. See Βὀηλάτης.

Βόθρος, ου, ὁ, fovea: a pit, ditch, well. Βόθρου τ' ἐξέστρεψέ P. 58. SYN. Κάπητος, τάφρος. Ερ. Γλάφυρος, ευρύς, πήχυιός, φθισήνωρ.

Βωῖδάρῖον, Βωῖδῖον, ου, τὸ, bucula: a young heifer. Μὴ πρὶν γ' ἂν ἐγὼ τῷ βωῖδάρῳ τῷ μᾶ πρώτιστ' ἀποδῶμαι Aves 586. Acharn. 1035.

Βοιωτία, as, ἡ, Bœotia: a district of Greece. Lysistr. 85. See below.

Βοιωτῖδιον, ου, τὸ, Bœotulus: a little Bœotian. Ὡ χαίρε κολλικυφάγε Βοιωτῖδιον Acharn. 872.

Βοιωτῖος, α, ὄν, Bœotus: a Bœotian. Πηνελῆος Βοιωτῖος P. 596.

Βοιωτοί, ὦν, οἱ, Bœoti: the Bœotians. Βοιωτῶν μὲν Πηνελῆος Β. 494. Ερ. Χαλκὸς χιτῶνες, πλεξίμπτοι, ὑπὲρ σάκεων πνείοντες.

Βόλση, ἡς, ἡ, Bolbe: a marsh near Mygdonia. Pers. 500.

Βολῆός, οὐ, ὁ, bulbus: a bulb, onion, leak. Nub. 188.

Βόλη, ἡς, ἡ; Βόλός, ου, ὁ, jactus: a cast, shot, draught. Pers. 430. ρ. 283. SYN. Εκθλή, βλήμα, ἀφροίς. Ερ. Κράτερὰ, δροῦέρα, εὐστοχός, μαντίπυλός, κεραινῖος, οὐρανῖος.

Βόλιτός, ου, ὁ, Att. pro Βολεῖτός, stercus: dung. Εν πασί βόλιτός ἐστὶ νυνὶ τοῦ δέει Acharn. 1025. SYN. Σπείλεθος, κοπρός, νηδύος χειλάματά.

Βόλιτινός, ἡ, ὄν, stercoreus: of dung. Νῆ τὸν Πόσειδον καὶ βόλιτινον δάπερον Ran. 297.

Βόλῶμαι, i. q. Βούλῶμαι. Ἀλλὰ βόλεσθὲ π. 387.

Βομεῶλδομεῶς, Βομεῶς, adverbium irrisionis: hurly-burly. Μὴ λυέσθων βομεῶλδομεῶς Thesm. 45. 48.

Βομεαῖλῖος, ου, ὁ, tibia: a pipe, buzzing musician. Χαυρίδεις βομεαῖλῖοι Acharn. 866.

Βομεῦλῖος, ου, ὁ, genus apis strepitantis: a kind of noisy bee, gnat. "Ὡσπερ μέλιττ' ἡ βομεῦλῖος εἰσέρχεται Vesp. 107.

Βομεῖω, bombum edo: to buzz, whizz, ring. Plut. 538. SYN. Ηχῶ, ἀρᾶεω.

Βομηῆδον, edendo bombum: with a hum or buzz. Apoll. 2. 134.

Βόμβος, ου, ὁ, bombus: a buzz or hum of bees. Mus. 242. SYN. Ἠχός, ψόφος, δοῦπος.

Βόοκτάσῖα, as, ἡ, boum occisio: the killing of oxen. Βόοκτάσῖας ὀρώσαι Apoll. 4. 1724.

Βόστώσις, ἔως, ἡ, boum stabulum: a cow-

δευτής (Hipp. 11.): a senator. Androm. 446. SYN. Βουλευίδιον, δικαστήριον, πρυτάνειον, ὑμῆγυρίς, ἀγῶρα, σύνδδος, ἐρύμᾳ χώρας, πόλεως σωτήριον.

Βουλευτής, οὐ, ὁ, consiliarius: a senator. Thesm. 808. SYN. Βουλευφόρος.

Βουλευτικόν, οὐ, τὸ, locus in theatro senatoribus sepositus: the seats in the theatre appropriated to the senators. Γυναῖκος ἐν βουλευτικῷ Av. 794.

Βουλευτός, ἡ, ὅν, decretus: decreed. Call. 5. 38.

Βουλεύω, (1) senator sum, delibero: to act as a senator, to deliberate; (2) molior: to contrive. Med. 37. SYN. (1) Πρυτάνεω, συμβουλεύω; (2) ἐπιβουλεύω, μηχανάμαι.

Βουλή, ἡς, ἡ, voluntas, consilium; council: will, counsel, deliberation; a senate, council. Plut. 949. SYN. Συμβουλή, γνώμη, μῆδος, μήτις, ἀγῶρα, σύνδδος. EP. Ἀρίστη, κάκη, ἐπίφρων, αστεμφής, εσθλή, νηκερδής, νημερτής, πικίνῃ, πικνύφρων, ἡ νικῶσά, καιρία, πικρά, δόλια, ἀδικός, ἀλεξικάκος, εὐφρων, κρυπτάδια, πόλυτρυπός, ὀλὴ, στιγγέρα, σάφρων, τρηχεῖα.

Βουλήσις, ἔως, ἡ, voluntas: will, wish, design. Herc. F. 1296. SYN. Γνώμη, ἐέλδωρ, δέλημα, δέλησις, λήμᾳ, σκόπος.

Βουληφόρος, ου, ὁ, consiliarius: a counsellor. E. 180. SYN. Βουλευτής. EP. Εσθλός. P.H. Ου χρή παννύχιον εἶδεν βουληφόρον ἄνδρα.

Βουλιμία, fame ingenti premor: to be excessively hungry. Δῆλον ὅτι βουλιμῖα Plut. 874. SYN. Λιμώττω, πεινάω.

Βούλιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad consilium pertinens: deliberating. Choëph. 670.

Βούλδμαι, f. βουλήσδμαι, volo: to wish, prefer. Phœn. 913. SYN. Βύλδμαι (Hom.), δέλω, εἶθελω, πρὸνμῆδμαι, μένεαίνω, χρήζω.

Βουλδμάχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pugnandi avidus: wishing to fight. Pax 1291.

Βουλυτός, οὐ, ὁ, vespera: the time for unyoking oxen; evening, the setting sun. Μῆτενίσ-σῆτο βουλυτόνδε ι. 58.

Βοῦνις, βοῦνίτις, ἰδός, ἡ, terra collibus frequens: hilly land. Occurs in Æsch. Sup. 116. Schütz reads βοῦνις for βοῦνίτις in 779.; and adds, "Vulgo ἰδὲ γὰρ βοῦνίτι, invito metro. Βοῦνις Pauwius commendavit probante Heathio."

Βουνδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bobus depascendis aptus: grazing herds. Œ. R. 26.

Βούπαις, αἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, qui jam grandi est pueritia; ep. apicularum qui e bobus nasci putabantur, sicut vespæ ex equis (vid. Virg. Georg. lib. 4. sub fin.): a great boy, lubber; a sort of bee supposed to come out of oxen. Vesp. 1206. SYN. Νεός, ἡλιξ.

Βούπαλος, ου, ὁ, Bupalus: a man whom Hipponax has abused in his poems. (Vid. Horat. Epod. 6. 14.) Ἐκοψέν ὥσπερ Βουπάλου Ly-sistr. 360.

Βουπέλατης, ου, ὁ, bubulcus: a herdsman. See Βουκόλος. Βουπέλαται τὲ βῶν Apoll. 4. 1342.

Βουπλήξ, ἡγός, ἡ, bovis stimulus: an ox-goad. Z. 135. SYN. Μάστιξ, κέντρον.

Βουπρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, boves trajiciens: ox-piercing. Androm. 1135.

Βουπράσιον, ου, τὸ, Buprasium: a city in Elis. Ὀφρ' ἐπὶ Βουπράσιον Δ. 755. EP. Πό-λυδτρύ.

Βούπρωός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod bovem vel caput

bovinum in prora habet: having the figure of an ox on the prow. Trach. 13. ♀

Βούς, βῶς, ὁ, ἡ, bos, taurus, vacca; bovina pellis; flagellum e corio bubulo; scutum; piscis quidam; numisma Atticæ bovis imagine signatum; repetundæ: an ox, bull, cow; a bullock's skin; a scourge of neat's leather; a shield; a sort of fish; an Attic coin with the impress of an ox; a bribe. Agam. 36. EP. Ἀγέλαϊός, ἀδμητός, ευρύμεταπός, ἡνίς, μέγας, πεντάετηρός, πίων, πίων δημῷ, στεῖρα, εἰλίπους, ἐλιξ; ἐριμυκός, ἡκεστός, ὑπόερύχιος, ἀγρυνλός, εὐκραϊρός, ορθό-κραϊρός, ευποῖτός, ευθελός, ἀγνός, κερύφορος, ἀργός, κέραός, ὑλόφορος, γῆς ἐργάτης, ἀρότηρ.

Βούσταθμῶν, ου, τό; Βούσταθμός, ου, ὁ, bubile: a station for oxen, stable, cow-house. Ἐλῆνην πρὸς Ἰδῆς Βούσταθμῷ ἐκδημον λάβων Iph. T. 76. Hel. 359.

Βουσφάγω, boves macto: to sacrifice oxen. Βουσφάγειν ἁπλῆτο Euro. El. 627.

Βούτης, ου, et as, a, Dor., ὁ, bubulcus: a herdsman, cowherd. Βούτης is also used adjectively. P. V. 569.

Βούτρυδον, ου, τὸ, genus plantæ palustris: a bur-reed. Theoc. 13. 35.

Βουτύπος, ου, ὁ, qui boves mactat: a slayer of oxen. Τὸν δ' ὄρε βουτύπος ὥστ' Ἄπολλ. 4. 468.

Βουδῶνέω, boves macto: to sacrifice oxen. H. 466. SYN. Βουσφάγέω, βουθυτέω.

Βουδῶνιά, ων, τὰ, festus dies apud Athenienses: a festival at Athens, where an ox was sacrificed. Nub. 985.

Βουφόνος, ου, ὁ, qui boves mactat: a slayer of oxen. H. in Merc. 436. SYN. Βουτύπος.

Βουφορβέω, boves pascō: to feed or tend oxen. Alcest. 8.

Βουφόρβια, ων, τὰ, armenta: herds. Iph. T. 302.

Βουφορβός, οὐ, ὁ, bubulcus: a herdsman. Iph. T. 264.

Βῶπις, ἰδός, ἡ, magnos vel pulchros oculos habens: full-eyed, fine-eyed. A. 551.

Βῶντέω, boves ago, aro: to drive oxen, plough. Hes. Op. 389.

Βῶντης, ου, ὁ, bubulcus; nomen sideris: a herdsman; the name of a constellation. Anacr. 3. 3. SYN. Ἀρκτοφύλαξ.

Βράεῖα, as, ἡ, dijudicatio: decision, terms of reconciliation. Κοινὰς βράεῖας αἶς Phœn. 460.

Βράεβς, ἔως, ὁ, judex certaminis; arbiter: an umpire, judge. Ὡς ἐγὼ βράεβς λόγου Med. 276. SYN. Ἐπιστάτης, ἀγωνάρχης, ραβδοῦχος.

Βράβένω, præmium do certaminis; certaminis sum arbiter; modero, gubernō, dijudico; tribuo: to give a prize; to be an umpire; to preside, direct, decide; to dispense. Εν σοὶ βράβένειν Helen. 1002. SYN. Ἀγωνοθέτῳ, διάνεμω, ἰθύνω.

Βράβυλόν, ου, τὸ, prunum Damascenum: a damson. Ὅρπακες βράβυλοις Theoc. 7. 146.

Βράγχια, ων, τὰ, branchiæ: the gills of a fish. Ἄ μάτηρ βράγχι' ἔχοντα Theoc. 11. 54.

Βράβυνω, eunctor: to delay. Σὺ τοι βράβυνεις κοῦκ ἐγὼ Heracl. 733. SYN. Δηθύνω, μέλλω, διατρίβω, ὀκνέω.

Βράβυπος, ὀδός, ὁ, ἡ, tardigradus: slow-footed. Διτρίδωμένα σπείσω βράβυπον Hec. 62.

Βράβυς, εἶα, ὅ, tardus: slow, sluggish. Κὰν βράβυς τις ἢ λέγειν Herc. F. 237. SYN. Με-ληγής, νωχέλης, σχόλας, χρόνιος.

Βράβυτης, ἡτός, ἡ, tarditas: slowness, delay.

Βραδύτητος ὑπερ κλαίμαθ' ὑπάρξει Antig. 932.
SYN. Αργία, ναχέλια.

Βράκεά, ων, τὰ, genus tenuis vestitus muliebris: a thin female dress. Πολλὰ δ' οἷα γυναικες φέρεισ' ὑδάτινὰ βράκη (choriambic pentam.) Theoc. 28. 11.

Βράσσω, ferreo, bullio: to boil, bubble violently. Apoll. 2. 323.

Βράσσαν, segnior: slower. K. 226.

Βραυρῶν, ὠνός, ἦ, Brauron: a town in Attica, famous for a temple of Diana (whence the goddess is called Βραυρωνία Iph. T. 1464.). Pax 874.

Βράχιον, ὄνός, ὁ, brachium, lacertus: the arm from the shoulder to the elbow. Θώρακ' αὐτὸ καὶ βράχιονα Herc. F. 1086. SYN. Ωλένη. ΕΡ. Αταρτηρός, ἀνικητός, ἀτειρής, κράτερός, σθέν' ἀρός.

Βράχυσ, εἶς, ὅ, brevis: short, few. Nub. 482. SYN. Βαυός, ἀλίγος, τυτθός, συντόμος.

Βράχυστιγερός, ου, ὁ, ἦ, brevi ferro armatus: having a short iron weapon, lightly armed. Nem. 3. 79. See below, and Σιγερός.

Βράχυσυλλαβία, ας, ἡ, brevis orationis: conciseness of speech. Ἡ βράχυσυλλαβίη Call. Ep. 13.

Βράχω, gravem sonitum edo, gemo: to roar, rattle, ring, groan. Μεγά δ' ἐβράχως φήγινός δέων E. 838. SYN. Δουπέω, ἀράξω, βρέμω, ηπτῶ.

Βρέγμ'α, ἄτος, τό, βρέχμ'ος, οὔ, ὁ, sinciput: the fore part of the head. Batr. 225. E. 586.

Βρέμω, fremo: to roar, rage. Phoen. 111. SYN. Βρύμ'ω, ηχέω, κτύπ'ω, βράχω, βριμάδ'ωμαι, βρύχω.

Βρενθύδ'ωμαι, superbio: to be proud, overbearing, consequential. Ὅτι βρενθύνει τ' ἐν ταῖσιν ὁδοῖς καὶ τῷ 'φθαλμῷ παρ' ἀβάλλει Nub. 362. SYN. Κανχύδ'ωμαι, ἐπαύρ'ωμαι.

Βρέτ'ας, εὖς, τὸ, statua: an image, statue. See Ἄγαλμα. Androm. 311. ΕΡ. Σεμνόν, ἀγνόν, εὐτυκτόν, ευποίητόν.

Βρέφ'ος, εὖς, τὸ, infans, puer: an infant, babe, boy. Troad. 1155. SYN. Παῖς, παιδίον, νήπιός, νηπιόχ'ος. ΕΡ. Ἀπάλων, φίλιον, νέον, νέονγον, νέονγον, νήπιον, ἐπίμαστιδίον.

Βρέχμ'ος. See Βρέγμ'α.

Βρέχω, ξω, mafeacio, pluo: to wet, moisten, cause to rain, pour rain. Anacr. 3. 12. SYN. Ἀρδῶ, νυτίξω, διαλνω, διάπ'εργω, ὕω, ομ'ερέω.

Βριάρεως, ω, ὁ, Briareus. See Αἰγαιών. *Ον Βριάρεων (trisyll.) κάλεουσ' Ἰεοὶ A. 403. ΕΡ. Ἐκιάτ'ογγ'ερός, ηῦς, ἄατος πόλεμοι, ευπάλ'αμ'ος, μέγαθυμ'ος.

Βριάρος, ἄ, ὄν, validus, gravis: strong, heavy. Καὶ κόρυθα βριάρον A. 375. SYN. Στίξ'αρός, ισχυρός, κράτερός, σθέν'αρός, βάρ'ος, στερ'εὖς, βριθ'ος.

Βριάω, robustum reddo, extollo: to render strong, raise up. Ῥέα δὲ βριάοντ'α χάλ'επτει Hes. Op. 5. Ἀναίρω, αυξάνα.

Βρίζω, ξω, post cibum dormio: to sleep after eating, to be indolent. Ἐνθ' ουκ ἂν βρίζοντ'α ἰδοῖς Δ. 223. SYN. Ηρέμ'ω, ευθηνέω, ὕπνωσ'ω, κοιμάδ'ωμαι.

Βρίήπ'ος, ου, ὁ, ἦ, vehementer clamans: loudly shouting. Π'επυστὸ βρίήπ'ος N. 521. SYN. Κελάδ'εω'ος.

Βριθ'ος, εὖς, τό, βριθ'οσύνη, ης, ἡ, pondus, gravitas: weight, heaviness. Troad. 1050. E. 839. SYN. Ἀχ'θ'ος, βάρ'ος, δειυ'της, ὄγκ'ος.

Βριθ'ος, εἶς, ὅ, gravis: heavy. Βριθ'ὸ μέγα στίξ'αρὸν E. 746. SYN. Βάρ'ος, δειυ'ός, στερ'ος.

Βρίθω, aor. ἔβρισά, gravis sum, praevalere: to be heavy, to be laden, to prevail, excel. Ὀλέω δὲ βρίθειν Troad. 218. SYN. Βάρ'ων, δυσχ'εραίνω, χάλ'επαίνω.

Βριμάδ'ωμαι, frendeo, irascor: to gnash the teeth with rage, to be enraged. Ὡστ' εἰ σὺ βριμήσαιῷ Equit. 851. SYN. Βρέμ'ω, ἀπειλέω, οργίζ'ωμαι, βρενθ'ύδ'ωμαι, θυμ'όδ'ωμαι.

Βρίμη, ης, ἡ, robur, potentia: terrific power, such as is exhibited by magic. Μηδείης βρίμη πόλ'υφ'αρμ'ακού Apoll. 4. 1677. SYN. Αλκή, ισχ'ύς.

Βριμ'ός, ὄδ'ος, ἡ, Hecate. See Περοσέφ'ωνη. Βριμ'ὸν νυκτιπόλον χθονίνην Apoll. 3. 862.

Βρισάρμ'ατός, ου, ὁ, ἦ, currum onerans: loading a carriage, epith. of Mars. Βρισάρμ'ατέ χρυσ'εὐπ'ληξ Hom. 7. 1.

Βρισίης, ἰδός, ἡ, Briseis: the daughter of Briseus. Ἄγω Βρισιιδ'α καλλιπάρ'ων A. 184. ΕΡ. Ηύκ'όμ'ος, ευπλόκ'όμ'ος, κόυρη, ἰκέλη Ἀφροδίτη, καλλιπάρ'ός, εικν'ια δ'εῖσιον.

Βριτόμαρτις, ἰδός, ἡ, Britomartis: the name of a nymph. Ἐλλ'όδ'ονον Βριτόμαρτιν εὖσκοπ'ον Call. 3. 190.

Βρύμ'ω, fremo: to roar, hum, buzz. Π. 642. SYN. Βρέμ'ω, βριμάδ'ωμαι, ηχέω.

Βρύμ'ος, ου, ὁ, cognomen Bacchi: a name of Bacchus. See Βάκ'χ'ος. Phoen. 797.

Βρύμ'ος, ου, ὁ, fremitus: a roar, crash, bellowing. Hipp. 1197. SYN. Βρυχ'ή, βρύχ'ημ'α, ἡχ'ος, ὄρμ'αγ'όδ'ος.

Βροντ'άω, tono: to thunder. Acharn. 531.

Βροντ'ή, ης, ἡ; Βρόντ'ημ'α, ἄτος, τὸ, tonitru: thunder. P. V. 959. 1027. ΕΡ. Αμφιπύρος, βάρ'υδ'ουπ'ός, στ'όν'υεσσ'α, δειν'ή, θεία, πτέρωτ'ος. ΡΗΡ. Βάρ'υδ'ερόμ'ος ηχ'ά, διάπ'ρυσ'ός ὁτ'όδ'ος, βρύχ'ια δ' ηχ'ά παρ'αμ'υκάται βροντ'ή. (See P. V. 1118.)

Βροντ'ησ'ικέραν'ος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tonans et fulminans: shooting forth thunder and lightning. Νεφέλ'αι βροντ'ησ'ικέραν'οι Nub. 264.

Βρότ'εος, Βρότ'εὖς, Βρότ'ήσιος, α, ὄν, mortalis: mortal. Androm. 1244. I. 545. Iph. A. 1084.

Βρότ'εος, εσσ'α, ἔν, cruore respersus: blood-stained. Ξ. 509. SYN. Αἰμ'όδ'άφ'ης, ἡμαγμ'έν'ος, αἰμ'ατ'όεις, αἰμ'όρ'φαντ'ος.

Βρότοκτ'όν'εω, hominem interficio: to slay a mortal, murder. Βρότοκτ'όν'ουντ'ας εκ δόμ'ων Eumen. 424.

Βρότ'όλοιγ'ος, οὔ, ὁ, homicida: man-destroying, a homicide. E. 31.

Βρότ'ος (Βρότος), ου, ὁ, cruor: blood, gore. H. 425. SYN. Αἱμ'α, λυθ'ρόν, ιχ'άρ. ΕΡ. Μελ'ας.

Βρότ'ος, οὔ, ὁ, mortalis: mortal, a mortal. Alcest. 798. SYN. Θνητ'ός, ἄνηρ, ἀνθρωπ'ός. ΕΡ. Ἀν'ημέρος, ασθ'εν'ής, ἀδ'ραν'ής, ἀλ'αδ'ός, δόλ'όφ'ων, δι'ερός, δειλ'ός, δυσμ'έν'ης, κ'ακούργ'ος, δυστ'υχ'ής, σκαῖος, ἀθ'λιός, πόλ'υπ'όν'ος, τ'αλαίπωρος, φίλ'όζ'ωτος, δύστ'ηγ'ος, πόν'ηρος, τ'άλας, ἐπιχθ'ον'ίος, ποικιλ'ομ'ητις. See Ἀνθρωπ'ός.

Βρότ'οσκόπ'ος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, homines observans: men-observing, vigilant. Οὐτ'ε γάρ βρότ'οσκόπ'ων Eumen. 503.

Βρότ'οστυγ'ής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, invisus hominibus: men-hating, hostile to men. Γοργ'όνες βρότ'οστυγ'ής P. V. 824.

Βρότ'οσθ'ορ'ός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, homines perdens: man-destroying. Βρότ'οσθ'ορους κηλ'ιδ'ας Eumen. 808.

Βρότ'άω, cruento: to stain with blood. A. 41. SYN. Αἱμάσ'σω.

Bróχθς, ου, δ, guttur; lagena: a throat, gullet; flagon. Theoc. 3. 54. SYN. Brόγ-χός.

Brόχθς, ου, δ, laqueus: a cord, noose, rope, snare. Androm. 718. SYN. Αγχόνη, σχοινός, αρτάνη. EP. Κρέμαστς, ουράνιος, αγχόνειδς, σπειράτις, ακίνητος, ξιφηφόρος, κρυφίος, δολυ-τός.

Brύάζω, exsulto, floreo: to spout forth from the ground, spring up, flourish. Πέριχρμπτά βρύάζει Aesch. Sup. 880. SYN. Βλαστάνω, ανθώ, δάλλω, αγάλλομαι.

Brυγολί, αν, οί, Illyrici incolae: the inhabitants of Illyria. Αρτέμιδι Brυγολί περίναίεταί Apoll. 4. 469.

Brύκω, ξω, mordeo: to bite, tear with the teeth, devour greedily. Brύκειν κρέκοπείν μέλη ξένων Cycl. 359. SYN. Δάκνω, εσθίω, άπό-τρώγω.

Brύλλω, sorbillo, potō: to tipple, sip. Equit. 1123. SYN. Τρόπινω, μέθω, φίλοπότης.

Brύον, ου, τό, muscus; alga: moss; sea-weed. Στραωσάμενοι Brύον αών Theoc. 21. 7. EP. Έλάφρον, λευκόν, δάλασσιν.

Brυχάμαι, rugio, ejulo: to roar, growl, groan deeply. Δεινά Brυχηθείς τάλας (E. R. 1265. SYN. Αλάλάζω, μυκάομαι, ωρύομαι.

Brυχη, ης, η, rugitus, stridor: a growl, gnashing of the tooth, deep groan. Καί γένυες κτύπεον Brυχη δ' Apoll. 2. 83. SYN. Μυκηθμός, Brύ-χημά, Brύθς.

Brύχιος, α, όν, et ου, δ, η, fremens: roaring. Brύχια δ' ηχά παράμυκαται P. V. 1118. SYN. Brύχων.

Brύω, scateo, pullulo: to spring up, gush forth, blossom. Καί τε Brύεί άνθεί λευκά P. 56. SYN. Brύάζω, άπορρέω, άνεσλεύω, γέμω, ανθώ, άνίημι.

Brωμάομαι, rudo, rugio: to bray like an ass, roar. Vesp. 616. SYN. Ογκάομαι.

Brάμη, ης, Brάσις, έως, Brωτός, ύός, η, cibus: food, meat. κ. 176, 177. c. 406. SYN. Σίτης. EP. Ανθήμεσοσά, εύρυσός.

Brάμι, Brάσκω, Bίβρώσκω, comedo: to eat. χ. 403. SYN. Βεβρώθω, εσθίω, δαίνυμαι, έδω, τρώγω, φάγω.

Brάσιμός, ου, δ, η, esculentus: fit for eating. Ουδέ Brάσιμον P. V. 488., where see Blomfield's illustration of this word. SYN. Έδώδιμός, τρώξιμός.

Brάσις. See Brάμη.

Brωτήρ, ήρος, ό, qui comedit: an eater, devourer. Eumen. 806.

Brωτός, ή, όν, edulis: fit for eating; and τά Brωτά, food. Batrach. 30.

Brωτός. See Brάμη.

Bυβλίος, ή, όν, (1) Byblinus: of Byblus, a city of Egypt; (2) e cortice papyri factus: made from the bark of the papyrus. Bυβλίων όρων άπο P. V. 836., where see Blomfield. (2) See φ. 391.

Bύβλος, ου, η, papyrus Aegyptia: an Egyptian plant, whose bark was wrought into a kind of paper, and the stalk and root of which served as food for the peok. Είναι Bύβλου δε καρπός Aesch. Sup. 764.

Bύζρης, ων, οί, Byzeres: a nation of Pontus between Cappadocia and Colchis. Bύζρηας τ' έπί τοισίν Apoll. 2. 1248.

Bύζω, refrecio: to cram, stop up close. δ. 134. SYN. Ανάπλήθω.

Bύθς, ού, δ, profunditas: deep sea, depth. Κάκ Bύθου θνρώμενοι Eq. 607. SYN. Bάθς, δίνη. EP. Μιαφόνον, ακάματόν, άγρον, αργά-λθεν.

Bύκτης, ου, δ, η, sonans: swelling, sounding. κ. 20. SYN. Αελλής, ηχήεις, βάρυερέμ-της.

Bυνέω, idem fere q. Bύζω, refrecio: to fill. Τών ταύτα ποιούντων έξούνουν τό στόμα Pax 645. SYN. See Bύζω.

Bύρσά, ης, η, corium: a hide. 'Η Bύρσά σου θρανεύεταί Equit. 369. SYN. Σκυτός, δέρμα, δερás, κάδιον. EP. Λάσισαίχην.

Bυραλίετός, ου, δ, ab Aristophane dicitur Cleon: the tanner eagle, a ravenous eagle: Cleon was so called, because he was a tanner. Eq. 197.

Bύρσινός, η, όν, coriaceus: made of hide or leather. Τών Bυρσίης της 'Ιππίου Eq. 449.

Bυρσόδεψέω, corium subigo: to dress leather, to be a tanner. Plut. 167.

Bυρσόδεψής, Bυρσόπάλής, ου, δ, coriarius: a currier, leather-seller. Nub. 581. Pax 269. SYN. Σκυντός, σκυτοτόμος.

Bυρσόπφάλαγών, όνός, δ, coriarius Paphlagon: a Paphlagonian tanner. 'Ο Bυρσόπφάλαγών υπόπείσων τόν δεσπότην Eq. 47.

Bυρστένης, έός, Bυρστόνός, ου, δ, η, corio obductus: made of stretched or tightened skins. Helen. 1363. Bacch. 123.

Bυρστόπάλής. See Bυρστένης.

Bυρστόνός. See Bυρστένης.

Bύσσινός, η, όν, byssinus: of fine linen. Χρωτί Bύσσίνους πέπλους Bacch. 819.

Bυσοδδμεω, animo volvo: to form deep designs, meditate secretly. v. 184. SYN. Μηχά-νάομαι, έπίβουλεω, καλχαίνω.

Bυσοδθεν, ex imo: from the deep. Antig. 597. SYN. 'Αρδην, κατάκρας, πρέμυθεν.

Bυσσός, ού, δ, profunditas: a bottom, the deep. See Bάθς. Ω. 80.

Bύσσος, ου, η, byssus: flax of the finest sort raised in Egypt, cotton. Theoc. 2. 73.

Bυσοδφωρ, όνός, δ, η, alta mente consilia agitans: deeply planning. Choeph. 640.

Bώκός, Dor. pro Bούκός, i. q. Bούτης. See Bότηρ. Theoc. 10. 38. SYN. Bουκαϊός, Bου-κόλος.

Bώλαξ, άκός, Bώλος, ου, η, gleba: glebe, sod. Bώλακά δαιμόνιαν Pyth. 4. 66. Aj. 1286. Bάλος is also used for a solid mass, as the sun. Orest. 975. See R. P. and below at the word Μύδρος. SYN. 'Αρουρά, άγρός, όγκός. EP. Bάθειά, δυφέρα, δεια, δυψά, έλάφρά.

Bώμιός, ου, ό, η, et à, όν, ad aram pertinens: of or belonging to the altar, at the altar. 'Ηδε Bωμία περίξ Antig. 1301.

Bωμολόχευαί, άτός, τό, scurrile factum vel dictum: buffoonery, scurrility. Pax 747.

Bωμολόχεύω, scurram ago: to act the buffoon, be scurrilous. Nub. 966.

Bωμιός, ού, δ, altare, basis: an altar, base of a statue. A. 440. SYN. Θύμηλη. EP. 'Ιέρς, εύδητης, περίκαλλής, Δέφειός, δύηεις, δύωδης, Δεύδομητός, άγρός, δύύεις, μηλόδύτης, άκηράτός, άγάκκλεις, ανδροφόνός, έπάκτιός, 'Ερκειός, έμψύ-ρός, μαντείός, φλόγέρός. PHH. Νέκτιστον λίθων Bωμοίο δένάρ, δεξιτύροι δέων δύμέλαι, δέων δεξιμηλή άγάματά, άτης φύγαδί ρύμα.

Bωστρέω, clamo: to call to, bawl. μ. 124. SYN. Έπικάλω, Bάω.

Βώτης, ου, Βώτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ. See Βώτήρ. Theoc. 1. 80. §. 102.

Βωτιάεινρά, ὅς, alens homines: men-feeding, populous. Ἐρῖβώλακί βωτιάεινρη A. 155.

Γ.

Γάγγαμιν, ου, τὸ, rete piscatorium: a fisherman's net, a net. Γάγγαμιν ἀτης πᾶνᾶλόντου (parcom.) Agam. 352. SYN. Σάγγην, ἀμφι-ελαστρον, δικτυόν.

Γαδεира, ων, τᾶ, Gades: the straits of Gibraltar. Γαδείρων τὸ πρὸς ζῶδιν ου πέ-ρατόν Pind. Nem. 4. 112., where Heyne says, "Iterum in capite spondeus pro trochæo. Inclinat Schmi- dius in emendationem Γαδέρων; sed Pauw con- fugit ad metr. antispast."

Γαῖα, as, ἡ, terra, regio, patria: the earth, a tract of land, country. Πλήσει τέ πᾶσαν γαῖαν Hipp. 689. SYN. Γεᾶ, γῆ, αἶα, πατρίς, χθὼν, πέδον. EP. Ἀπείρων, ἀπειρέσια, ἀπεί- ριτος, ἀνοῦσα, ἀνθήμεσσα, ἀπτελδεσσα, ἀπεινή, ἀπηνής, ἀλπίπλαγκτος, βῆθυκολπος, βωτιάεινρά, δνδφερά, διφᾶς, ἐρῖβωλός, ἐρῖβωλαξ, ἐρατενή, ἐπὶράτος, ευρύχորός, εύκαρπος, δᾶλέρᾶ, κλεινή, κυνᾶεα, ζῶεα, μέλαμφυλλός, μέσομφαλός, ξηρά, ξείνη, πόλυμοχθός, πόλυθρέμων, πόλυκαρπος, παμμίτηρᾶ, πῶν, πυρόφωρος, στύφελῃ, φυσίξος, χλόηφωρος, ψάμᾶβώδης, συγγείτων, σεμνή, ἄνολ- θός, πατρία, ἀγχίτέρμων, ἐλευθέρα, κρᾶταίλωσ.

Γαίηός, α, ὄν, terrenus: of the earth, earthy. Τίττον γαίηόν υἱόν η. 324. SYN. Ἐπιχθονίος, χθονοστίθης, ἐγγεῖός.

Γαίήχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, terram cingens et continens: holding, surrounding or protecting the earth. CE. R. 160. This is an epithet applied both to Diana and Neptune, but more frequently to the latter, in Homer always.

Γαίω, gloriōr: to boast, exult. A. 405. SYN. Αυχέω, γήθω, γαυρίω, ἀγάζομαι, ἄσρύνομαι, χαίρω.

Γαῖα, ακτός, τὸ, lac: milk. Cycl. 327. See below. SYN. Γαῖός. EP. Αμρόσιν, ἀμεγα- μένιν, γλυκέρων, λευκόν, δεσπέσιν, κάλόν, νεκ- τάρειν, πῶν.

Γαῖαθινός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, lacteus, tener: suckling, young, tender. Νῆργενεας γαῖαθινούς ρ. 127.

Γαλακτοπότης, ου, ὁ, qui lac bibit: a person who drinks or is fed on milk, a countryman. Eur. Electr. 169. See above.

Γαλατεῖα, as, ἡ, Galatea: one of the sea- nymphs. Καὶ ἀγακλειτὴ Γαλατεία Σ. 45. EP. Εὐαλία, ευειδής, κάλῃ, λευκή.

Γαλέη, Γαλή, ἡς, ἡ, mustela: a weasel, cat. Μῶς ποτέ δαφάλεος γαλέης Batrach. 9. Vesp. 1177. SYN. Ικτίς, αἰλουρός. EP. Παμφάγος.

Γαλέωτης, ου, ὁ, stellio: a lizard, evet, newt. Ὁσθιν γαλέωτῃ κατὰχέσαντι Σωκράτους Nub. 174. SYN. Ασκάλάσας.

Γαλήνη, ποῖτ. Γαλήναιη, ἡς, Γαλήνεια, as, ἡ, tranquillitas maris: a calm, serenity. Κρείσων γαλήνης ναυτιλοσίν εισδρᾶν Orest. 719. Apoll. 1. 1154. Iph. A. 546. EP. Λαμπρά, ἀκύμαντός, ἀνήμερος, γέλωσα, λευκή, ηνέμια, ἔχενής, μει- λίχια, εὐδός.

Γαλήνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tranquillus: calm, tranquil. Εκ κυμάτων γάρ αὐθις αὐ γαλήν ὄρω Orest. 273. SYN. Εὐδός, αἰθρός,

Γάλως, ω, Att. Γᾶλος, ω, ἡ, soror mariti, glos; uxor fratris: a husband's sister; a brother's wife. Ἐπὶ ἡ γάλων Z. 378.

Γαμῆρός, οὔ, ὁ, gener, socer, frater uxoris, sponsus: a son-in-law, father-in-law, wife's brother, husband. Androm. 360. SYN. Κηδεστής, ἐκῆρός, πνεθρός. EP. Ἀριστόπνός, ἀμῶν.

Γαμέτῃ, ἡς, ἡ, uxor: a wife. Æsch. Sup. 176. See Γάμεω. SYN. Ἀκοιτίς, παρᾶκοιτίς, δᾶμαρ, σύνευνός, σύζυγός, γυνή.

Γάμετῃς, ου, ὁ, maritus: a husband. Troad. 311. See below.

Γάμεω, ἔσω ἐτῶ, 1. a. ἐγῆμα, uxorem duco: to marry. Ἐλένης γάμει με δυστυχέστερον γάμον Troad. 359. Γάμεῖν is generally said of a man, and γάμεισθαί of a woman. See R. P. Med. 264. SYN. Νυμφεῖομαι. PHR. Δέκτροιό δεσμὸν ἱκνέομαι, πρόσσω ἀκοῖται.

Γαμήλευμα, ἄτος, τὸ, nuptiarum contractio: marriage. Choëph. 614. See above.

Γαμήλιος, Γαμίος, Γαμικός, ἡ, ὄν, nuptialis: belonging to marriage, nuptial. Eumen. 825. Mosch. 2. 120. Aves 1692. See Γάμεω. SYN. Ἐπιθᾶλμῖος.

Γαμῶρος, Dor. pro Γημῶρος, ου, ὁ, agricola: a land-holder, native citizen. Βοθήσαντά τῶνδὲ γαμῶρων Æsch. Sup. 616.

Γάμος, ου, ὁ, nuptiae: marriage, marriage-feast. Οὐ μεμπτός ἡμῖν ὁ γάμος εἰς τὸδ' ἡμέρας Phœn. 436. Γάμος is very frequently used in the plural to denote marriage. SYN. Νυμφεῖα, νυμφήα, γάμῃλευμα. EP. Νεὺς, ψευδής, ἀδικτός, αἰμᾶτη- ρός, δυστυχής, δύστηνός, ἀγάμος, δανᾶσιμος, ἀν- σίος, πλούσιος, ἀμορφός, γυναικεῖος, δεδγόνος, δαλῖος, δισγάμος, βασιλικός, πικρός, λυγρός, αλ- λοῖος, νεύδμης, ευναῖος, βάρεδρος, ἐξαίρετός, εσθλός, ὕβρισθεις, ευδοκίμος, ἀδικός, αισχρός, ἀνὸνητός, βιαῖος, ἀθμίτος, κρυπτός, γλυκέρός, δαλέρός, ἱμέρδεις, ἱέρος, δαδός, τιμήεις, ὠραῖος, κεδνός, ἀχρευτός, ὀλέϊος. The above epithets, except the last ten, are all used by Euripides, and many of them will justify his right to the appellation of μισόγυνος.

Γάμοστῶλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nuptias parans: marriage- preparing. Νυκτιγάμοι γάμοστῶλόν Mus. 7.

Γαμφηλή, ἡς, ἡ, maxilla: the jaw, mouth, cheek. P. V. 363. SYN. Γνάθος, σιᾶγών, πά- ρειᾶ, κόρρη.

Γαμφώνης, ὕχός, ὁ, ἡ, aduncos habens unguēs: having crooked talons. Av. 359.

Γάνω, Γάνωω, Γάνωμι, lætitia adficio: to render joyful, gladden, exhilarate. Æsch. Sup. 1020. T. 359. Iph. T. 1240. Cycl. 501. See below. SYN. Λαμπρύνω, στίλω, ἀγλαῖζω, ἄσρύνομαι (in med. voc.), χαίρω, γηθεώ, ἡδόμεναι, ευφραίνομαι.

Γάνος, εὖς, τὸ, splendor; lætitia; quod est in quaque re venustum: joy, gladness, delight. Ανθήμερόρτου γάνος Iph. T. 634. SYN. Γη- θύσσην, ευφρόσσην, ἡδόνῃ, τέρψις, χάρμα, ἀγλαία.

Γάνωω. See Γάνωω.

Γανυμήδης, εὖς, ὁ, Ganymedes: the son of Tros, taken up into heaven to supply Hebe's place as Jupiter's cup-bearer. Ποινην Γανῦ- μήδεος E. 266. EP. Φρύγιος, Δαρδανίδης, ἀγᾶ- κλύτος, ἱμέρδεις, οἰνὸχόος, ξανθός. PHR. Δῖος ευνέτης, οἰνὸχος παῖς, κάλλιπτος θνητῶν ἀν- θρώπων, ἐφέστιος ἀθανάτοισι.

Γάπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. pro Γήπτός, a terra absorptus: drunk up by the earth. Δαρεῖδν ἀνάκαλσεσθὲ γάπτος δ' ἐγώ Pers. 627. "Hu-

jusmodi composita a γῆ Dorice efferuntur." Blomf.

Γάρ, nam: for, because, wherefore. Τῇ γάρ ἐμελλέ Ζ. 93.

Γαργάλιζω, titillo: to tickle. Πτερόισι γαργάλιζων Julian. Ægypt.

Γαργάλλος, ου, ὁ, titillatio: a tickling. Αὐτὴν ὑπῆλθε γαργάλλος Thesm. 140.

Γαργάρον, ου, τὸ, et pl. Γαργάρων, ὡν, τὰ, montis Idæ cacumen; oppidum sub eo positum; multitudo immensa: the top of mount Ida; a town built at its base; a multitude, heap. Ἐγὼ 'κ τοῦ Γαργάρου Cycl. 586.

Γαργητιῦθεν, a Gargetto, pago Attico, unde Epicurus Gargettius appellatur: from or of Gargettus. Thesm. 898.

Γαστήρ, τέρος et πύος, ἡ, venter: the belly, appetite. Eur. Sup. 875. SYN. Κενέων, κοιλία, λαΐαρα, νηδύς, νείαρα. EP. Μέση, ὑπτία, μέγιστη, ἄκρα, λαΐα, ἀναλτός, κἀκεργυός, λυγρὰ, στυγερὰ, μάργη, ἀπειρής, ἀργή, οὐλομένη, μόγερὰ, πόλια.

Γάστρη, ης, ἡ, cavitas vasis aut navis: the belly of a vessel. Σ. 437. SYN. Κῦτος.

Γαστριδίον, ου, τὸ, dimin. à præced. : dimin. of the preceding. Σκέψαι τοίνυν γ' ἀπὸ γαστριδίου Nub. 391.

Γαστρίω, ventrem ferio, vel expleo: to strike or beat on the belly; fill the belly. Equit. 273. SYN. Κατάκωπτα, εὐαχέω.

Γαστρίμαργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gulosus, cibi avidus: eager for the belly, gluttonous. Olymp. 1. 82.

Γάστρις, ἰδς et ἰδός; Γάστρων, ὧνός, ὁ; Γαστράδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, gulosus: a big-bellied man, a glutton. Καὶ πρὸς τούτοις γάστριδῶς ἡμῶν Thesm. 816. Ran. 201. Plut. 560.

Γαυλός, ου, ὁ, mulctra: a milk-pail. ι. 223.

Γαυλός, ου, ὁ, navicula: a small Phœnician vessel. Av. 599.

Γαυρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, superbus: proud, insolent. Eur. Sup. 228. SYN. Αυθαδής, ἀγερῶχος, ὑπερήφανός, στερῆς, μέγας.

Γαυρὼ, superbum reddo: to render proud. Hipp. 504. SYN. Ἀγάλλα, θρασύνω.

Γαύρωμα, ἄτος, τὸ, arrogans gloriatio: pride, exultation. Troad. 1239.

Γέγωνέω, Γέγωνᾶ, Γέγωνῶ, Γέγωνίσκω, vociferor: to cry out, exclaim, invoke. Rhes. 266. Ξ. 469. Eur. El. 809. SYN. Βῶα, αὐδᾶω.

Γείνδομαι, nascor; active, pario, procreo: to be born; to bear, bring forth. Orest. 29. SYN. Γενᾶω, λδχεύω, φιτῶ, φῖτεύω, τίκτω, γίγνδομαι.

Γειδμρός, ου, ὁ, agricola; plur. qui agrum inter se divisum colunt: a countryman; one who has a portion of the land. Apoll. 4. 1453.

Γειδύμως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, terram scindens: cleaving or ploughing the ground. Apoll. 1. 687.

Γεῖσον, ου, τὸ, suggrunda: the eaves of a roof, coping, battlement. Phœn. 1196.

Γεῖτνῶω, Γεῖτνέω, vicinus sum: to be near, to be a neighbour. Eccles. 327. Pers. 316. SYN. Αστυγεῖνέω.

Γεῖταν, ὄνός, ὁ, vicinus: a neighbour, neighbouring. Sept. Th. 482. SYN. Αστυγεῖταν, ἑμδρός, περικεῖταν, πρόσκοιός, σύνκοιός, ὁ εγγυός, ὁ πλησίον.

Γέλανθς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, serenus: cheerful, glad-some. Θυμῷ γέλανει δᾶσσαν Pyth. 4. 322.

Γέλασμα, ἄτος, τό; Γέλαστος, ὕος, Γέλως, ὡτός, ὁ, risus: a smile, laughter. P. V. 90.

υ. 8. σ. 99. Call. 4. 324. EP. Ἀσθεστών, πόλῳ, ἀκαίρως, ἀρρόδιστον, γλυκῷ.

Γέλασθης, ου, ὁ, irrisor: a derider. CE. R. 1422.

Γέλασθς, ἡ, ὅν, risu dignus: laughable. Σ. 307. Γέλαστος. See Γέλασμα.

Γέλαω, ὅσω et ἄσσομαι, Dor. ἄξω, et Γέλοιᾶω, rideo: to smile, laugh. Δακρύδεν γέλασασά Ζ. 484. Hom. Ven. 49. SYN. Μειδῖαω, σαίρω, ἀνὰ γέλωα. PHR. Γέλωτᾶ ἄγω, πέμπα.

Γέλοιος, Γελοῖός, α, ὅν, ridiculus: ridiculous, humorous, contemptible. Ran. 541. SYN. Γέλασθς, αστειός.

Γέλως. See Γέλασμα.

Γεμίζω, onero: to freight, load, fill. Agam. 452.

Γέμος, ἔος, τὸ, impletio, ferculum: a mess, dish, feast. Agam. 1192. SYN. Ἑδεσμά.

Γέμω, onustus sum: to be laden. CE. R. 4.

SYN. Γεμίζω, πλήθω, ἐμπλήθω.

Γενᾶ, Ion. Γενῆ, ἡς, ἡ, natales, generatio, stirps: birth, origin, generation, age. Γ. 146. SYN. Πρόγονοι, ἐκγόνοι, φυλή, ευγενεῖα. EP. Θάληρα, πάλαφάτος, κοινή, νώνυμος.

Γενῆθλ, ης, ἡ, progenies, origo: birth, origin, breed. Μεγάροισι γενῆθλς E. 270. SYN. Γένος, γενεῖς, ἐνέτη, γέννημα, γόνος, τέκος. EP. Αἰγᾶδπαις, ἐρίκωδης, ἐμπέδς, εὔπαις, κῆνῃ, κλειτή, οψίγόνος, πόλιτέκνς, δύσπότης, τέλεσσιγόνος, σκῶτια.

Γενῆθλς, α, ὅν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, natalis: belonging to birth, kindred. Εξ οὐπὲρ αἱμᾶ γενῆθλῖον κατήνυσεν Orest. 89. SYN. Μητρώδς, πατρώδς.

Γενῆθλν, ου, τὸ, filius vel filia: a child, offspring. Εγὼ μὲν ὦ γενεθλν Οἰταίου πατρός Philoct. 453. SYN. Γένος, γενῆ, τέκνν, τέκος, παῖς.

Γενεῖάζω, Γενεῖᾶω, pubesco: to begin to have a beard, to grow to manhood. Ἀπὶ γενεῖασδων Theoc. 11. 9. SYN. Ἡῆᾶω, ἡῆασκω.

Γενεῖας, ἄδς, ἡ, lanugo, barba: down, beard. Πρὸς γενεῖας Med. 707. SYN. Γένος, ἀνθερεῶν, πάγων, ἰουλός.

Γενεήτης, ου, ὁ, barbatus: bearded. Call. 3. 90.

Γενεῖον, ου, τὸ, mentum, barba: beard, chin. Iph. T. 363. EP. Ἀπᾶλν, ἀγλᾶδν, δρῶσέρν, ευρῷ, λαχνην, λασίον, σμενν, ἱκέσιον, πόλιον, τρυφέρν, μάλακν.

Γενεῖς, ἔος, ἡ, ortus: origin, generation. Ξ. 201. SYN. Γενῆτη, γενῆ.

Γενῆτη, ης, ἡ, nativitas: birth. σ. 6.

Γενῆτης, ου; Γεννητής, ου; Γενῆτωρ et Γεννήτωρ, ὀρς, ὁ, genitor; filius: a parent: a son. CE. R. 470. 1034. Ion 135. Hipp. 681. EP. Αρχεγόνος, ἀμύμων, πολυκετᾶνός, φιλότεκνός.

Γενῆτυλλίς, ἰδός, ἡ, generationis antistes Dea: the goddess of birth. Nub. 52.

Γενῆς, ἡδός, ἡδός, et Γένος, ὕος, ἡ, securis: a pick-axe. Antig. 255. SYN. Αἰγῆν, πέλεις. EP. Χαλκοπληκτός, ἀμφήκης, φόνια.

Γέννᾶ, ας, ἡ, generatio: a race, progeny. Πέμπτη δ' ἀπ' αὐτοῦ γέννᾶ πεντηκοντᾶ παῖς P. V. 878. SYN. see Γένος.

Γεννᾶδς, ου, ὁ, generosus, ingenuus: generous, ingenuous. Χρηστὸς εἰ καὶ γεννᾶδς Ran. 179.

Γενναῖοπρέπᾶς, generose: generously. Γενναῖοπρέπᾶς τοῖσιν ἐρασταῖς Pax 988.

Γενναῖός, α, ὅν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, ingenuus, generosus: generous, noble, brave. Troad. 1006.

ΣΥΝ. Ευγένης, Διόγνης, γνήσιος, ἔλευθεριός, ἐπικτής, ἀνδρείος, βάθυχαίρος.

Γενναϊότης, ηὗς, η, generositas: noble-mindedness. Γενναϊότητ' ἡς γάρ Hipp. 1296. ΣΥΝ. Ευγένειά, τὸ ευγές, τὸ γενναῖον.

Γενναίως, generose: generously, nobly, manfully. Iph. A. 1402.

Γεννάω, gigno: to produce, beget. Iph. T. 361.

Γεννημιά, ἄτος, τὸ, quod natum est: offspring, race. C. R. 1167.

Γεννητής, οὗ, Γεννήτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, parens, proavus: a parent, ancestor. C. R. 1015. Ion 735.

Γένος, ἔος, τὸ, genus: offspring, race, kind, nation, sex. Orest. 548. ΣΥΝ. Γένεα, γένεθλον, ἔθνος, φθλόν. ΕΡ. Θηλύ, ἀρσέν, λοχούφθρον, Ἄρεϊ κατόχον, βάρεθρον, ἐπίσημον, δοῦλον, παῖδρον, φίλιον, βροτειόν, δυσάνιμον, ἰσοθέον, Κενταύρειον, πολυμοχθόν, χθονίον, Τυρρήνικόν, δριμύ, ἀσύλητον, Ταυτάλειον, φιλοτέκνον, ἀμφήριστον, ἀντοπρεμνόν, θείον, λαμπρόν, ζαθέον, μίαιφονόν, ὁδριμόθυμον, πάλαιφάτον, δειλόν, ἀνέμωλιον, μούγερον.

Γένυς, ὕος, ἡ, gena, barba; securis: a cheek, jaw; a hatchet. Hec. 241. ΣΥΝ. Γενεῖον, γαμφηλαί, πᾶρηις. See Γένης. ΕΡ. Οἰνωπός, ἄγρια, λίχμωσά, ἀπλόχρωσ, πυρρά, πόλις, ζουθή, ξανθή, λάβρος.

Γεραίος, ἄ, ὄν, (1) senilis: old; (2) senex: an old man; (3) anus: an old woman. Γεραίως χειρὸς προσλαζύμενα Hec. 64. The penult. of γεραίος as in the instance quoted above is short, as also that of δελιαῖος, and some others ending in αἰος. See R. P. Hec. 64. ΣΥΝ. (1) Γεράρος; (2) γέρον, πρέσβυς, πρεσβύτης; (3) γραῖα, γραιῖς, γραιῖς, πρεσβυτίς.

Γεραίω, muneror honoris causa: to bestow upon, to honour. Eur. Sup. 563. ΣΥΝ. Κοσμέω, τιμάω, δοξάζω, ἀγαλίζω, τίω.

Γεραίστιος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, et α, ὄν, Geræsticus: of or belonging to Geræstus. Orest. 986.

Γεραιστός, οὗ, ἡ, Geræstus: a city and harbour in Eubœa. γ. 177.

Γεράνδρον, οὗ, τὸ, stipes vetustus: an aged stock of a tree. Πρόνχῳ γεράνδρον τὸ μὲν ἐκταμὸν Apoll. 1. 1118.

Γεράνως, οὗ, ἡ, grus: a crane. Χηνῶν ἡ γεράνων B. 460. ΕΡ. Ηερόφωνος, ηερόφοιτος, κρατινή, πῶτανός, δολιχαύχην, σύννομος νεφέων δρόμου.

Γεράρος, ἄ, ὄν, Γεράσιμος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, augustus, venerabilis: venerable, majestic, honourable. Γεράσιμωτος ἦεν Ὀδυσσεύς Γ. 211. See Eur. Suppl. 106. ΣΥΝ. Γεραίος, ἐντιμός, σέσασμιός, ἀξίος τιμῆς.

Γεράς, ἄτος, τὸ, præmium: a reward, honour. Ὁ μοι γεράς ἐρχέται ἄλλη A. 120. ΣΥΝ. Ἀθλόν, δᾶρῶν, τιμῆ, τιμίον. ΕΡ. Κᾶλδον, σμικρόν, ἀγάκλειτον, εσθλόν, ἰσόν, ὀλίγον, τέλειον, φίλον, ἀφθιτόν, ἀγλᾶν, ἐπίηρόν, λαμπρόν, τιμῆν, ἀρισθάρματόν.

Γεράσιμος. See Γεράρος.

Γερασφόρος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, præmium ferens: winning the prize of honour. Pyth. 2. 80.

Γερήνιος, οὗ, ὁ, ep. Nestoris: epithet of Nestor. Γερήνιος ἱππότης B. 336.

Γεροντάγωγέω, senem circumduco: to lead an old man about, to instruct anew. Γεροντάγωγέω κανάπαυειν πάλιν Equit. 1099.

Γεροντικός, ἡ, ὄν, senilis: belonging or adapted

to an old man. Γεροντικόν ὄπλον Call. Ep. 1. 7.

Γερόντιον, οὗ, τὸ, vetulus: a little old fellow. Σκαυδάτων γερόντιον Nub. 790.

Γερονσία, as, ἡ, Dor. Γερωσία, senatus: a senate. Lysistr. 979. ΣΥΝ. Βουλή, ἀγὼρά, ἐκκλησία, λέσχη, ξυνόδος.

Γέρον, οντός, ὁ, senex: an old man; aged. Bacch. 189. ΣΥΝ. Πρέσβυς, γεράρος, γεραίος, γηραιός, γηράλῆς. ΕΡ. Ἀμειννός, πολυπενθής, ἄλιος, ασχάλλδον, κάκου κέκακωμένος, ἀριστεύς, πολυϊοκράτης, πολυπλητὺς, ὄνειρόπολος, πάλαιος, μέγαθυμὸς, βουληφόρος, πῶλιος, ἐντιμός. ΡΗΗ. Χυδάων ἀρτί λευκανθὲς κάρα, κάκῳ ἐπὶ γήραος οὐδῶ, πολλῶν ἐτῶν κληρούχως, τυμευόγερων, πᾶλεμον εὐ εἰδὼς, ὀλοφῶν εἰδὼς.

Γερωσία. See Γερονσία.

Γεῦμα, ἄτος, τὸ, gustatio, cibus: a taste, food. Acharn. 186.

Γεῦω, gustare vel experiri facio: to give a taste, make to experience. Cycl. 149. ΣΥΝ. Ἀπογεῦω.

Γέφυρά, as, ἡ, pons; interstitium inter ordines pugnantium; campus in quo concurrunt; moles: a bridge; space between two contending armies; a field of battle; dam or mound. Πτολέμοιο γέφυρας O. 378.

Γέφυρος, ponte jungo: to throw a bridge or mound over. Es μέσσον κατέβαλλε γέφυρῳσεν δε O. 357.

Γεώλόφον, οὗ, τὸ, tumulus: a hill. Theoc. 5. 101. ΣΥΝ. Δόφος, κόλλαν, βουνός, πρῶν, ὄρος.

Γεωμέτρεω, terram metior; geometriam disco: to measure land; learn geometry. Γεωμέτρησαι βούλδομαι τὸν αέρα Av. 996.

Γεωμέτρια, as, ἡ, geometria: geometry. Γεωμέτρια τούτ' οὖν τί Nub. 202.

Γεωμόρος, Γεωργικός, ὁ, agricola, rusticus: a countryman, agricultural. Pax 589. Apoll. 1. 1214. ΣΥΝ. Ἀγρόνομός, ἀγροικός, ἀγροαλός.

Γεωργέω, terram colo: to cultivate the ground. Eccl. 588. ΣΥΝ. Γηπόνεω, γητόμεω.

Γεωργικός. See Γεωμόρος.

Γεωργός, οὗ, agricola: a ploughman, countryman. Pax 1549.

Γῆ, ἡς, ἡ, Att. pro Γαῖα, q. v. Hec. 14.

Γηγένετης, οὗ; Γηγένης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, terra genitus: earth-born. Ion 1467. Herc. F. 4.

Γῆθεν, e terra, funditus: from the ground or foundation, utterly. Ion 272.

Γῆθεω, gaudeo: to rejoice, exult. A. 255. ΣΥΝ. Γάνυμαι, χαίρω, ἡδύμαι.

Γηθούνη, ης, ἡ, gaudium: joy. Γηθούνη ὁ οἱ υἱὸν ἔφην λ. 539. ΣΥΝ. Χάρα, γάνθος, χάρμη, χάρμη.

Γηθούνης, ἡ, ὄν, lætus, lætabundus: rejoicing, joyful. Γηθούνης δ' οὐρα πέτασ' ε. 269. ΣΥΝ. Ἄσρος, εὐφρων, ἱλᾶρος, εὐθυμὸς, λαμπρός, ὁμαῖσι, φαιδρός, περὶχαρής, χαίρων.

Γηλέχης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, humi cubans: lying on the ground. Call. 4. 286. ΣΥΝ. Χάμαιεόντης.

Γηπέτης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, in terram delapsus: dropped on the ground. Phœn. 682.

Γηπόνεω, terram colo: to cultivate the ground. Rhes. 75. ΣΥΝ. see Γεωργέω.

Γηπόνος, οὗ, agricola: one who cultivates the ground, laborious. Eur. Sup. 430.

Γηραίνω, Γηράσκω, Γηράω, senesco: to grow old. C. C. 870. C. T. 872. C. C. 727.

Γηραίος, Γηράλῆς, α, ὄν, grandævus: aged. Καὶ μὴν ὁρῶ τὸν πάτερ' ἀ γηραῖ' πόδι Alcest. 627.

Pers. 176. For the quantity of the penult. of γηραῖος, see Γέραϊος.

Γήρας, ἄτος, Ion. ἄος, ως, τὸ, senectus: old age. Τὸ γήρας οὐκ αἰσχύνεται Bacch. 200. Ep. Δεῖλαιόν, οὐ σόφον, πένθειμόν, βάρυ, ἀναιδέας πλέων, πόλιν, δυσπάλαιστον, αὔπνυν, δύσκολον, βάρυτέρων Αἰτνας σκόπελον, λυγρόν, φόνιν, πικρόν, δυσάνυμόν, λιπαρόν, στυγέρον, ὁμοῖον, ὁλοῖον, χαλέπον, ὠμόν. PHER. Λευκανθὲς κάρα, γήρας ἀφίλον, ἵνα πάντα κάκᾳ κῆκων κύρει.

Γηράσκω, Γηράω. See Γηραίνω.

Γηροδόσκω, Γηροκύμω, ἥσω, in senectute alo: to maintain when old. Alcest. 679. Call. Ep. 43.

Γηροδοσκός, Γηροκύμω, Γηροτρύφω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui aliquem in senectute alit: one who supports another in old age. Eur. Sup. 933. Hes. Theog. 606. Alcest. 684.

Γηροκύμω. See Γηροδοσκώ.

Γηροκύμω. See Γηροδοσκός.

Γηροτρύφω. See Γηροδοσκός.

Γήρυμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, sonus: a sound. Ἰπέρ-
τονον γήρυμᾶ Eumen. 566.

Γηρύονεύς, ἔως, Γηρύονης, ου, Γηρύων, ὄνως, ὁ, Geryon. Τρίκαρνον Γηρύονῃα Hes. Theog. 287. Acharn. 1081. Agam. 843. Ep. Ακάματς, ἀγήνωρ, τρισώματς.

Γήρως, ὄς, ἡ, vox: a voice, sound, speech. Γήρυν ἀφθογγον σχάσας Phoen. 974. SYN. Αὐδῆ, φωνή, γήρυμᾶ, φθόγγος. Ep. Ορφέα, πόλιχορδὸς, πικρά, σφῆ, δακρύεσσα, κραιπνή, αλγύνεσσα.

Γηρύω, ὡς, Γηρύμαι, sono, loquor: to speak loud, speak. Φεῦ φεῦ δεῦν τὸδ' ἐγηρύσω E. El. 1325. SYN. Αὐδάω, ἤξω, αἶδω.

Γηρύων. See Γηρύονεύς.

Γήτειον, ου, τὸ, genus caepe: a kind of leek. Equit. 674. See Brunck. Ran. 622. SYN. Κρόμμον.

Γήτης, ου, contr. pro Γήτης, ὁ, rusticus: a rustic. See Γεωμῶρος. Trach. 32.

Γίγαντόφονος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui gigantes interficit: giant-killing. Herc. F. 1185. See below.

Γίγαρτον, ου, τὸ, granum acini: the stone or refuse of the grape. Ἄνευ γιγάρτων καὶ φίλων τὰς ἰσχάδας Pax 633.

Γίγας, αὐτός, ὁ, gigas: earth-born, a giant. Ἀγρίᾳ φιλᾷ γίγαντον η. 205. Ep. Γηγένης, γηγένετης, φόνις, ὑπέρθυμος, ἀτασθαλὸς, ἀπειρὴς, ἀδικός, ἀπελεθρὸς, κράτερός, ηλίστατος, ὑφαύχην, ὑβριστής, ἄγριος. See Apoll. l. 942. Theoc. 22. 44. Hes. Theog. 185.

Γιγνώμαι, Γινώμαι, gignor, nascor, fio, sum: to be produced, be born, become, be. Androm. 682. Στόμαχ' γινέτ' ὀδόνταν K. 375. SYN. Γεῖνωμαι, γεννώμαι, φῶ, εἰμὶ, τίκτωμαι, τηλέθω, τέλεθω, κάθιστάμαι, πέλωμαι, ὑπάρχω.

Γιγνώσκω, Γινώσκω, γνώσκω, εἴνωσκᾶ, nosco: to know, perceive, learn, decree. Hipp. 382. See Διᾱγινώσκω. SYN. Διᾱγινώσκω, ἐπιγινώσκω, κρίνω, αἰσθάνομαι, συνίημι.

Γινώμαι, Γινώσκω. See Γιγνώμαι, Γινώσκω.

Γιᾱγός, ἔδς, τὸ, lac: milk. Ὅτε τε γιᾱγός ἀγγεῖα δέυει Π. 643.

Γλακτοφάγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, laete vescens: living on milk, simple. Γλακτοφάγων ἀσίων τέ N. 6.

Γλάμων, ὄνως, ὁ, ἡ, lippus: blear-eyed. Κά-
χδεημός ὁ γλάμων Ran. 586.

Γλαύνη, ης, ἡ, Glaucus: a sea-nymph. Σ. 39. Γλαυκία, glaucis oculis terribiliter intueor: to look fiercely. Γλαυκίων δ' ἰθὺς T. 172.

Γλαυκός, ἡ, ὄν, caeruleus, caesus: grey, sea-green. Helen. 1500. SYN. Κυνᾱός, χαρπός.

Γλαῦκος, ου, ὁ, Glaucus: (1) a sea-god; (2) also a leader of the Lycians. M. 310. Orest. 364. Ep. (2) Αντίθεός, ἔμμελιν, κράτερός, μεγᾱλήτωρ. PHER. Ἰππύλοχοιὸ φαίδιμος νίος.

Γλαυκῶψ, ὠπός, ὁ; Γλαυκῶπις, ἰδὼς, ἡ, glaucos oculus habens: having cerulean, bright piercing eyes. Olymp. 6. 76. See B. 166.

Γλαῦξ, αὐκός, ἡ, ulula, noctua: an owl. Av. 1106. Ep. Νυκτέρια.

Γλάφυ, ἔδς, τὸ, antrum; a den. Καὶ γλάφυ πετρῆεν Hes. Op. 531. SYN. Ἀντρὸν, σπέος, σπέος.

Γλάφυρος, ἂ, ὄν, cavus; laevis; scitus, elegans: hollow; smooth; elegant, clever. Πέτρης ἐκ γλάφυρης B. 88. SYN. Κοίλος, βάθως, ἡδύς, σφός, ἀκριθς, εκπρέπης, ἐπιδέξιος.

Γλάφα, ψα, cavo; sculpo: to hollow out; engrave. Οὐρρ' μαστιζὼν ποσὶ γλάφει Hes. Scut. 431. SYN. Γλύφω, βάθύνω, ὄρσσω, σκάπτω.

Γλήνη, ης, ἡ, pupilla oculi: the pupil of the eye. ι. 390. SYN. Κόρη, οφθαλμός, δέμα, βλέμμα.

Γλήηρος, ἔδς, τὸ, delicia: any thing charming or delightful. N. 192.

Γλήχων, ὠνός, ἡ, pulegium: penny-royal. Theoc. 5. 56.

Γλισχραντίλογεῖ ἐπιτρίπτως, ου, ὁ, qui odiosus est quod ob res nauci pertinaciter obloquitur: hateful for maintaining paltry disputes, litigious. Οὐδ' ἐλκόμενος περὶ πραγματίου γλισχραντί-
λογεῖ ἐπιτρίπτου Nub. 1004.

Γλίσχρος, α, ὄν, viscosus; jejunos; sordidus: viscus; hungry; mean, sordid. Ach. 452.

Γλίσχρων, ὄνως, ὁ, ἡ, qui aliquid discupit, infelix: a wretched beggar. Pax 192.

Γλοιός, ἂ, ὄν, lubricus, sordidus, malignus: smooth, sordid, malicious. Γλοιὸς ἀλάζων Nub. 448.

Γλουτός, οὔ, ὁ, nates, clunes: a buttock. Θ. 340.

Γλυκέρως, ἂ, ὄν; Γλυκὺς, εἶᾶ, ὅ, dulcis: sweet, balmy, refreshing. Γλυκέρων βλάστημ' ἐσθρᾶ
μέλετ' Med. 1095. Cycl. 556. SYN. Ἠδύς, μελίηδης, ἡδύμω.

Γλυκῦθυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, placidi ac mitis animi: sweet-minded, placid. Nub. 706. See below, and Θυμός.

Γλυκύκαρπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dulces fructus ferens: bearing sweet fruit. Theoc. 11. 46. See below.

Γλυκύμελιχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dulciter mitis: sweetly soothing. Βλέφαρε γλυκύμελιχέ Hom. V. 19.

Γλυκύμηλον, ου, τὸ, malum praedule: a sweet apple. Εὐ δὲ κάλᾳ γλυκύμαλᾳ Call. Cer. 19.

Γλυκὺς. See Γλυκέρως.

Γλυκύφανεός, dulce loquor: to speak sweetly. Ὡς γλυκύφανεῖ Theoc. 15. 145.

Γλυκῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, simplex, fatuus: stupid, foolish. Ταῦτ' ἦν ὦ γλυκῶν Eccles. 985.

Γλυφᾶν, ου, τὸ, scalprum, caelum: a graver. Ἐπὶ γλυφάνοις πτόσδον Theoc. 1. 28.

Γλύφω, ἰδὼς, ἡ, crena; sagitta: the notch in an arrow, by which it is fitted to the bow-string; an arrow. Τόξων πτέρωτὰς γλύφιδας ἐφορμω-
μένας Orest. 268.

Γλύφω, ψα, scalpo, sculpo: to scratch, engrave. Ἐπακτῆν ἐνδὸν οἰκίας ναῦς τ' ἐγλύφε
Nub. 879. SYN. Ξέω, ξύω, γλάφα, χαράσσω, ἐγκάπτω.

Γλωσσά, Att. Γλωττά, ης, ἡ, lingua : a tongue, language. Γλωσσάν αισχίστην νόσον Orest. 10. Ep. Ἀθάπεντος, ἀγγέλως λόγων, σφῆ, διπτύχος, εὐτόχος, ἰδία, κῆκη, μέση, πρυμνή, ἀχάλινος, εὐφρῆμος, ευκλειᾶδος, ἐλευθερόστομος, ἡδύλογος, δόη, ἀλός, λίγεια, μωιδιός, μάργη, μῖαρά, μάτια, μέγαλαυχής, ουλόμην, πύλοδαῖαλός, κερτόμιος.

Γλωσσαλγία, ας, ἡ, linguae prurigo : vexatiousness of tongue. Ὡ γυναι γλωσσαλγίαν Med. 525.

Γλωττοποῖω, verba nova et inusitata profero : to utter strange words ; or, according to Sanxay, to make the tongues of musical instruments. Brunck renders the word by "patro lingua." Γλωττοποῖειν εἰς τὰ πορνεῖ εἰσιόνθ' ἐκάστοτε Vesp. 1283.

Γλωττοστρέβω, versute dicere : to speak craftily, to be a pettifogger. Μὴ μάθων γλωττοστρέφειν Nub. 790. SYN. Λᾶρροστῶμω, στωμύλλω, φλύαρέω, ληρέω.

Γλωχιν, ἰνός, ἡ, cuspis teli ; extremum lorum : the thong or point of an arrow or spear ; the extremity of the thong with which animals are yoked together. Γλωχινὰ δ' ἐκαμψαν Ω. 274. SYN. Ἀκωκή. Ep. Ἀρράτης, μαρυῖαρέα.

Γνάμδος, οὐ, ὁ ; Γνάθος, ου, ἡ, maxilla : a jaw, jaw-bone, cheek. Τὸν βάλ' ὑπὸ γναμοῖς N. 671. Τὸ μαργὸν σῆς γνάθος Cycl. 310. SYN. Γένος, σιάγων, γαμφηλαί, πάρεϊα. Ep. Ἀργιδου, δεξιτέρως, λαψήρα, ανδρόδρως.

Γναμπτός, ἡ, ὁ, incurvus, tortilis : bent, crooked, curved. Σ. 401. SYN. Αγκυλός, στρεπτός, εὐστρεπτός, ευκαμπής.

Γνάμπτω, flecto : to bend. Ψ. 731. SYN. Κάμπτω, ἐπικάμπτω, κυρτῶ, ἀναστρέφω.

Γνάφεις, ἔως, ὁ, fullo : a fuller. Τῇ γνάφει τριῶσδον Vesp. 1123. SYN. Κνάφεις, πλυνεύς.

Γνήσιος, α, ὁ, ὁ, legitime genitus, legitimus, genuinus : lawfully born, legitimate, genuine. Καὶ γνήσιον ἀμφω Δ. 102. SYN. Νόμιμος, ὁμοπατριός, ὁμογένης.

Γνησίως, vere : really, truly. Γνησίως ἐλευθέρου Alcest. 680.

Γνόφωδης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, caliginosus : darksome. Πέμψει γνόφωδῃ τ' Troad. 79.

Γνώμᾶ, ἄτος, τό ; Γνώμη, ης, ἡ, consilium, ratio, sententia, mens : counsel, reason, sentiment, opinion. Trach. 593. Hec. 124. SYN. Βουλή, διάνοια, νοῦς, νῆμα, νῆσις, ἔλεγμα, φρόνημα. Ep. Ἀτάρβητον, ευσεβῆς, ἐμπεδόν, ἰθὺ, δυσφρόν. PRR. Γνώμης ὁδός, φροντίδος πλάναι.

Γνωμιδίον, ου, τὸ, sententiola, a little sentiment or conceit. Καὶ γνωμιδίῳ γνώμην νύξας Nub. 320.

Γνωμῶτ' ἔπειω, sententias acutas cudo : to frame or coin maxims. Καὶ γνωμῶτ' ἔπειε κἀντὸν ὁμᾶζει Thesm. 60.

Γνωμῶτ' ἔπικος, ἡ, ὁ, acutas sententias effingens : a coiner of maxims. Καὶ γνωμῶτ' ἔπικος καὶ σάφης καὶ κρουστικός Eq. 1376.

Γνωμῶτ' ἔπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sententias procudit : hammering out fine sentences. Nub. 950. See above.

Γνωρίζω, noscito : to know, ascertain. CE. R. 538. SYN. Γινώσκω, δοκιμάζω, ἀνακρίνω, ἰσθόρῶ.

Γνώριμος, (2) Γνωστός, (3) Γνωτός, ἡ, ὁ, notus, (3) consanguineus, frater : known, acquainted, allied to ; a brother. Ἡ καὶ γνώριμος ἄλλος π. 8. CE. R. 391. 396. Elmsley, on CE. Prus. Lex.

R. 361., thinks the Attic was γνωτός, from the proper names Diognotus, Polygnotus. SYN. Οικεῖος, ἐνδοξός, φίλος, φάνερὸς, συγγενής, δαίμους, ἀδελφός.

Γνωσιμάχως, fluctuo animo : to be doubtful in mind. Χρὴ γνωσιμάχῃ σὴν ἡλικίαν Heracl. 706.

Γνωστός, Γνωτός. See Γνώριμος.

Γῶα, γόησω, α. 1. ἐγῶσα, inf. poët. γῶῆμῃ, α. 2. ἐγῶν, lugeo : to express wo, to lament. Γῶῆμῃ ἐν μέγαροις Z. 500. E. 502. CE. R. 1249. SYN. Θρηνῶ, ὀδύρῃμαι, πένθῃ, ἀνάκκων, κλαίω, θρῶω, κινύρῃμαι, μύρῃμαι, αἰδῶ, οἰμᾶζῶ, ὀτῶζῶ, ἀχεύω, ἐλελίζῶ, τήκῃμαι γόοις, ἀχέω, κωκυτοῖς ἐπαυθίζῶ.

Γογγύλην, ἡς, ἡ, rapum rotundum ; maza rotunda : a turnip ; a round cake. Γογγύλην μέμαγμένην Pax 28.

Γῶδνός, ἡ, ὁ, Γῶερὸς, ἂ, ὁ, lugubris : woful, mournful. Γῶδνὰ δ' ἀνθήμεῖσθαι AE. Sup. 71. Hec. 84. SYN. Δύστηνός, πύλοδακρύς, λυπηρός, πέριλυτος, ἀλέγεινός, θρηνώδης, αἰδοθηνός, πένθιμος, πενθήρης, βάρυπενθής, πύλοστονός, αἰνάρος, οἰκτρός.

Γῶερὸς. See Γῶδνός.

Γῶης, ητός, ὁ, præstigiator : an enchanter, deceiver. Hipp. 1038. SYN. Ἀγύρτης, κύλας, πλάνος.

Γῶμός, ου, ὁ, onus navis, merces : freight of a ship. Aesch. Sup. 439.

Γόμφιος, ου, ὁ, dens molaris : a jaw-tooth, grinder. Γόμφιον μόνον φέρει Plut. 1060.

Γομφιδέτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, clavis firmatus : firmly bound, wedged. Aesch. Sup. 853.

Γομφόπαγης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, clavis firmatus ; accuratus, exquisitus : firmly wedged ; accurate. ῥήματ' ἄ γομφόπαγῃ Ran. 823. SYN. Πηκτός, εὐπηκτός.

Γόμφος, ου, ὁ, clavus ; cuneus : a nail ; wedge. e. 248. SYN. Σφήν, ἡλός, δεσμός, ἀρθρόν. Ep. Κροτέρως, δῶος.

Γομφῶ, clavis compingo : to fasten with nails. Eq. 463. SYN. Σφηνῶ, πήγνυμι, συμπήγνυμι, σὺνάπτα, σὺναρμῶζω, πρόσαρμῶττω, κάταρτιζῶ.

Γόνεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, parens : a parent. Eur. Electr. 257. SYN. Γενήτωρ, γένετης, τῶκεὺς, πᾶτήρ, φῑτός.

Γόνῃ, ης, ἡ ; Γόνος, ου, ὁ, partus, genitura, soboles : parturition, birth, offspring. Theoc. 17. 44. N. 449. SYN. Γενέσις, σπύρος, βλάστημα. Ep. Θάλερᾶ, ης, ἡ, ἡμερῶσα, γλυκίερᾶ, τηλυγέτη, διπτύχος, αιθέρως, χρωστῆ, πικρά.

Γόνος, ου, ὁ. See Γόνῃ.

Γόνῃ, g. γόνᾶτος et γουνός, τὸ, pl. γουῖνᾶ, γουῖνᾶτᾶ, γόνᾶτᾶ, genu : a knee. α. 267. Ep. Ἀκαμπός, ἀγκυλόν, δοῦλον, δῶδον, ἐλάφρον, ἱκέτῃσιον, λαψήρον, σφάλερον, χλωρόν, ψυχρόν.

Γόνῶπτης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, ad genua cadens : knee-bending, kneeling. Phoen. 302. See above.

Γῶς, ου, ὁ, lamentatio : lamentation, wo. Med. 58. SYN. Θρήνός, κωκυτός, πένθος, ὀδυρμός, ὀδύλυγμός, ὀδύλυγῃ, ὀδύφυρσις. Ep. Ἄτλητός, ἀδινός, ἄλιαστος, δαχέτος, ἀλχητός, ἀμείριτος, ἀρρητός, δακρύδεις, θάλερος, ἡμερῶεις, κρῆρος, οἰζύρος, οἰζύνος, οἰζύς, πύλοδακρύτος, λευγαλέως, χῶλῆπος. PRR. Γῶαν πικρὸν νῆφος, οἰζύνων ἀδὲς θρήνοι, χειρόπληκτοι δοῦποι, ἀμύνηματ' ἁλῆτης.

Γόργειος, α, ὁ, Gorgoneus : of or belonging to the Gorgon. Γοργεῖη κέφαλή E. 741.

Γοργόλοφα, ης, ἡ, caput Gorgonis in cono

galeæ gestans, epith. Minervæ: Gorgon-crested. Η Γοργυλλόφα σ' ἐκέλευε τουτουὶ φάγειν Equit. 1181.

Γοργωνωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, caput Gorgonis in tergo pictum habens: having a Gorgon's head on the back. Acharn. 1124.

Γοργόφυνη, ης, ἡ, Gorgonis interfectrix: the murderess of the Gorgon. Ion 1478.

Γοργυθίων, ωνός, ὁ, Gorgythion: one of the sons of Priam. Ἀμύμνῃ Γοργυθίωνα Θ. 302.

Γοργῶ, δὸς, οὖς, Γοργῶν, ὀνός, ἡ, una filiarum Phorci et Cetus; Medusa, vel Stheno, vel Euryale: a Gorgon. A. 36. Ερ. Ἀναιδὴς, ἀνδρῶ-φόνος, κάρατόμυς, θράσειά, Περιοῆς, δράκοντῶ-μαλλός, βρότοστύγης, κατὰπτερός, λυγρὰ πᾶ-θοῦσά.

Γοργῶπις, ἰδὸς, ἡ; Γοργῶψ, ὠπός, Γοργωπός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, aspectu horrenda: Gorgon-eyed, terrible-looking. Γοργῶπις ἀδάμαστος δεῖα Aj. 450. P. V. 356. Orest. 255.

Γόρτυν, υνός, ἡ, urbs clarissima Cretæ: a famous city in Crete. Γόρτυνὰ τέ τειχιόεσσαν B. 646.

Γουναῖομαι, Γουνοῖμαι, genera amplexens oro: to embrace the knees, supplicate. A. 427. A. 29. SYN. Προσπίπτω, προσπίπνῃω, ἱκέτεῦω, πᾶράκᾶ-λῶ, γούναν ἁπτόμαι, γούνα δάσειν.

Γουνός, οὐ, ὁ, solum fertile: a fertile spot, rich soil. L. 192. SYN. Γαῖα, πῆδον. Ερ. Εὐ-καρπός.

Γῶα, unde γῶδον Z. 500. i. q. Γῶαω.

Γραῖα, as; Γρῆδιον, ου; Γραῖς, Γρηῖς, Γραῦς, Γρηῦς, anus, vetula: an old woman, hag. Hec. 168. Plut. 688. τ. 353. ψ. 33. Alceest. 56. SYN. Γεραία, πρεσβυτὶς νεκροῦ μορφῇ, νεκῶν ἀμνηστὸν ἀγαλμᾶ.

Γράμμα, ἄτος, τὸ, littera scripta: a letter. Nub. 772. SYN. Σύγγραμμα, γράφῃ, βίβλος, (pl.) λόγοι. PHR. Τὰ τῆς γῆς λήθης φάρμακ' ἄφωνα καὶ φωνοῦντά. See Eur. fr. Palamed.

Γραμματεῖον, ου, τὸ, tabellæ, libellus: a register, book of accounts, record. Κῆκφερέ τῷ γραμματεῖον Nub. 19. SYN. Βίβλος, πινάκις.

Γραμματεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, scriba; nomen magistratus: a writer, clerk, secretary; the name of an officer. Τὴν δίκην ὁ γραμματεὺς Nub. 768.

Γραμματεύω, scriba sum: to be or officiate as a scribe. Διόσιλλ' ἐγραμμάτευεν Thesm. 374.

Γραμμῇ, ης, ἡ, linea; carceres: a line or mark; the lists, the goal. Eur. El. 956. SYN. Βαλεῖς, πέρας.

Γραῖσθης, ου, ὁ, qui vetulas abigit: one who drives away old women. Γραῖσθαι μῖαροι Pax 812.

Γραπτός, ἡ, ὄν, scriptus, pius: written, painted. Theoc. 10. 28. SYN. Ἐγγραπτός, ἐγ-γραφός.

Γραπτὺς, ὕς, ἡ, laniatio cutis genarum: a scratch, tearing of the cheek. Γραπτὺς ἀλέειν ω. 228. SYN. Ἀμυγμᾶ.

Γραῦς, αὐς, ἡ. See Γραῖα.

Γράφειν, ἑως, ὁ, scriptor, pictor: a writer, a painter. Ὡς γράφεις τ' ἀποσταθεῖς Hec. 806. SYN. Γραμματεὺς, ζωγράφος.

Γράφῃ, ης, ἡ, pictura, scriptura: a picture, painting, writing. Phœn. 129. See below. Ερ. Αἰμυηστός, δεῖπνευστός, ψευδής.

Γράφω, scribo, insculpo, pingo: to write, engrave, paint. See Wolf's Proleg. to Homer. Ὅν ἐξάλειφει βῶδον ἢ γράφει Eur. Melan. Fr. 3. 1. SYN. Ἐπιγράφω, ζωγράφω, εγχαράσσω, εγγράφω.

Γρηγορέω, or Ἐγρηγορέω; pf. mid. ἐγρήγορά, vigilo: to keep awake, watch, be vigilant. Lysist. 306. The pres. γρηγορέω occurs only in the New Testament.

Γρηῖς. See Γραῖα.

Γρήνικος, ου, ὁ, Granicus: name of a river in Asia Minor. Γρήνικος τε καὶ Αἰσηπος M. 21.

Γρηῦς. See Γραῖα.

Γριπεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, piscator: a fisherman. See Ἄλιεὺς. Τοῖς δὲ μετὰ γριπεὺς τέ γέρων Theoc. 1. 39.

Γρίφος, ου, ὁ, rete: a net. Οὐδὲν ἄρ' ἀ γρίφου διάφειρι Κλεώνυμος Vesp. 20. SYN. Ἀρκὺς, γαργάρι, δικτυῶν.

Γρῦ, s. Γρὺν, indecl. minimum: vox porci: anything very small; a grunt, a syllable. Τὸ παρᾶπάν οὐδὲ γρῦ Plut. 17.

Γρύζω, ξω, et Γρυλλίζω, grunnio, musso: to grunt, mutter. Plut. 307. 598. SYN. Ἀνὰ γρύζω, μύζω, φωνέω, φθέγγομαι.

Γρυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, mutiendus: must mutter. Lys. 657.

Γρυλλίζω. See Γρύζω.

Γρύπαιετός, ου, ὁ, avis fabulosa mixta ex aquilum et gryphorum genere: a griffin having beak and talons like an eagle. Γρύπαιετος χαλκηλάτους καὶ βῆμαθ' ἱπποκρημνά Ran. 928.

Γρύψ, ὕσος, ὁ, gryps s. gryphus: a griffin. Γρύπας φύλαξαι τὸν τέ μουνῶπα στρατόν P. V. 829. Ερ. Τέτρασκελῆς.

Γῦα, poet. Γυῖα, as, ἡ, arum: land, field, region. Νῶτις ἐπὲρ χεῖται γῦας Phœn. 655. P. V. 714. SYN. Ἄρουρά, πλεθρόν, πελῆθρον. Ερ. Βάθος πόρος, εὐκαρπός, πύλυχρυσός, πίων, ἀνή-ρῶτος.

Γυᾶλον, ου, τὸ, cavitas; vola; vallis; poculum: a cavity, recess; hollow of the hand; cave, valley; capacious goblet. Ῥῆξ δὲ δώρη-κος γυᾶλον N. 507. SYN. Κόλωμα, ἀγκὺς, πύχῃ, πύξ.

Γυγαίη, sc. λίμνη, Gygæa: a lake of Mæonia in Asia Minor. Τὴν Γυγαίην τέκε λίμνη B. 865.

Γῦς, ου, ὁ, bura, pars aratri: the coulter of a plough. Φέρειν δὲ γῦν ὅτ' ἂν εὖρης Hes. Op. 425.

Γυιακῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, membris valens: able-bodied. Pyth. 3. 12. See below. SYN. Ἀκ-μάζων, ισχύων.

Γυιδῆαρις, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, membra gravans: crushing the limbs. Πολλὰ πάλαισμάτ' αὖ γυιδῆαρή Agam. 63.

Γυιδῆρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, membra exedens: consuming the limbs. See Γυιδῆρός.

Γυιδῆμας, ου, ὁ, qui membra domat: a limb-subduer, victorious pugilist. Isth. 5. 75. See above.

Γυιδῆκός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, membra satians, i. e. fatigans: wearing out the limbs. Καὶ γυιδῆκους μελέδωνας Hes. Op. 66. Schneid. reads γυιδῆ-κός.

Γυῖον, ου, τὸ, membrum: a member, limb. Ἐλα-βῆ γυῖα G. 34. SYN. Μῆλος, γόνυ. Ερ. Ἀμαρῆκῆτον, ἀθαπές, ἐλαφρόν, ἐμπεδόν, δόον, ὀρεῖμον, πᾶναλόν, τέλεσφόρον, παιδισμόν, ωκῦ.

Γυιδῆτη, ης, ἡ, pedica: fetters. Pyth. 2. 75. See above.

Γυῖω, membra frango: to lame. Γυῖω μὲν σφῶιν Θ. 402. SYN. Χωλῶ, βλάπτω.

Γυλῖαυχον, ἑνός, cervicem prælongam et gracilem habens: taper-necked. Pax 789. The first syllable short, as in γυλῖος below.

Γυλῖος, οὐ, δ, vasculum militare in quo cibus adversatur: a wicker vessel used by soldiers to carry their provisions. Παῖ παῖ φέρ' ἐξω δευρὺ τὸν γυλῖον ἐμοί Ach. 1096.

Γυμνάζω, in palæstra exerceo, exerceo: to practise, discipline, harass. Γέγυμνασάσιν οὐδ' ἔχω P. V. 606. SYN. Ἀπὸ γυμνάζω, ασκῶ.

Γυμνός, ἄδός, δ, ἡ, exercitatus: injured, trained. Πῶδ' ἡ γυμνάδός ἵππους Hipp. 1134.

Γυμνός, ἡτὸς, Γυμνήτης, οὐ, δ, veles: a light-armed soldier. Phœn. 1163. Rhœs. 31. SYN. Σφευδρόντης, τοξότης.

Γυμνικός, ἡ, ὄν, gymnicus: of or belonging to exercise or activity. Μουσικούς καὶ γυμνικούς Plut. 1164.

Γυμνός, ἡ, ὄν, nudus: naked, destitute. Γυμνὸν μ' ἔθηκάν Hec. 1138. SYN. Ἀχίτων, ἀπέπλως, ἀνέμω.

Γυμνῶ, nudo: to render naked, to strip. Λευκὰς ἐγύμνου σάρκας Eur. El. 823. SYN. Ἀπὸ γυμνῶ, ἐκδύω, ἀνὰ δερῶ, ψιλῶ.

Γυναικείος, α, ὄν, muliebris: of or belonging to woman. Ἦχθηρὲ γυναικείας διὰ βουλὰς λ. 436.

Γυναικίω, fœminam ago: to act the woman. Thesm. 268. See below.

Γυναικίσις, ἔως, ἡ, imitatio muliebris: a representation of a woman. Πρὶν τῆς ἑτέρας δοῦναι γυναικίσις δίκην Thesm. 863.

Γυναικὸβουλός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, a muliere excogitatus: contrived by woman. Choëph. 624. See above.

Γυναικὸκήρυκτος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, a mulieribus decantatus: proclaimed by women, originating in a woman's praise. Agam. 486. See above.

Γυναικὸμᾶνēs, amore mulierum insanio: to be woman-mad. Γυναικὸμᾶν γὰρ προξένω θ' ὡμῶν ἅμα Thesm. 583.

Γυναικὸμίμος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, mulieres imitans: imitating a woman, timid. Γυναικὸμίμοις ὑπὲρ τῶν μᾶσιν χερῶν P. V. 1013.

Γυναικὸμορφός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, formam mulieris induens: woman-like, in the form of a woman. Bacch. 853. See above.

Γυναικὸπληθής, ἔός, δ, ἡ, muliebribus plenus: full of women. Alc. 955. See above.

Γυναικὸποινός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, mulierem ulciscens: undertaking to avenge a woman. Agam. 234. See above.

Γυναικὸφίλης, οὐ, δ, ἡ, mulierum amans: a lover of women. Καὶ τὴ γυναικὸφίλῃς Theoc. 8. 60. SYN. Γυναιμᾶνής.

Γυναικὸφωνός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, muliebri voce præditus: having a woman's voice. Thesm. 199. See above.

Γυναικωνίτις, ἰδός, ἡ, gynæceum: the women's apartment. Ταῖς γυναικωνίτισιν Thesm. 420. SYN. Παρθένων.

Γυναιμᾶνής, ἔός, mulierosus: woman-mad. Ἄριστ' ἡ γυναιμᾶνὴς ἡπέρδουσα Γ. 39.

Γυνή, ἀκός, ἡ, (1) mulier: a woman; (2) uxor: a wife. Τοῖσι γυνὴ κῆν A. 348. SYN. (1) Θῆλις, θήλειά; (2) ἀκοίτις, παρὰκοίτις. Ερ. Ἀνακίς, ἀμύμων, ἀκηδής, ἀστοργός, κᾶκῃ, φίλοστοργός, φίλοφυχός, δυστύχης, ἀθλία, ὁμολεκτρὸς, ἀνδρόφρων, οξέθυμος, βασίλις, εσθλή, ἀμύχανός, κῆνῃ, ἀρίστη, θυραῖος, δούλη, δόρικτηγός, αἰμύλωτις, χρηστή, ἀγᾶθῃ, βάρβαρος, ἀτέκνός, οὐκῆτις, ἀνδρικός, νέα, δυσμάχότατος, γραῖα, ἀμύσητενός, ἀκρόκτονός, ἀκρόκτύχης, δύστηνός, γερᾶία, τᾶλαινα, βασίλειαι, εὐτέκνωτῃ, Εὐδός, δεινή, τιμῶτῃ, δρᾶστέμους, φιλάτῃ, τλήμων, πρόσ-

πῶλός, κλεινή, ἀκρίτῳμυθός, διὰ, δὴ δὲ σῶσά, δὴ δὲ φρονέουσα, βάρθυμους, εὐζωνός, ευειδής, ἡκρόμους, ὀλόη, ὁμολεκτρὸς, περὶ καλλῆς, πῶλὸς τῶνός.

Γυπᾶριον, οὐ, τὸ, nidus vulturis: a hole in a rock where vultures nestle, a nest. Καὶ γυπᾶριος καὶ πυργιδίος Eq. 790. SYN. Φωλεῖος, κᾶλῃα.

Γυρὸς, ἂ, ὄν, curvus: circular, round, curved. Γυρὸς ἐν ὁμοίῳ τ. 246.

Γυρτάν, ὦνός, Γυρτῶν, ἡς, ἡ, Gyrtone: a city in Thessaly. Apoll. 1. 57. B. 737.

Γυψ, ὑπός, ὁ, vultur: a vulture. Καὶ γυπὲς ἐδονται X. 42.

Γωνία, ας, ἡ, angulus: a nook or corner. Εἰς τὴν γωνίαν Vesp. 905.

Γωνίασμός, οὐ, δ, flexus verborum: the rounding of words. Ran. 956. See above.

Γαρυτός, οὐ, δ, thecæ arcus: a case for a bow. Αὐτὸ γαρυτὸς ὅς οἱ περικεῖται Φ. 54. SYN. Ἰδδὸκη, φάρετρα, τοξόθηκη.

Δ.

Δαγός, ὀδός, ἡ, pupa cerea: a wax doll. See Ruhnk. Timæ. p. 165. ΑΛΛ' ἐπαγὴν δαγῶδι κᾶλδν Theoc. 2. 110. EXP. Στέφανος περὶ σφίγγων τὴν κέφαλήν. PHR. Κόσμος ἐγκάρδιος γυναικῶν.

Δαδῖον, οὐ, τὸ, a little torch. Φέρ' δὴ τὸ δαδῖον τὸδ' Pax 959. SYN. Λαμπάδιον.

Δαδουχός, facem præfero: to bear the torch. Ἦφαστ' ἐδουχέις μὲν Troad. 343. SYN. Λαμπάδουχός, πυρσεύω, φωτίζω, λάμπω.

Δάεω, δάεω, disco: to learn. Ὅφρα δάεω K. 425. See also Z. 150. SYN. Διδάσκωμαι, μανθάνω.

Δάζωμαι, σῶμαι, divido: to divide. Πάντ' ἀσῶμαι μὲθ' β. 335.

Δάημων, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, peritus: skilful, learned. Ἰσταντὸ δάημῶνēs Δ. 263. SYN. Ἐμπερὸς, ἰδμων, εἰδός, εὐ εἰδός, σὺνέτῳ, εὐσυνέτῳ, ἴστωρ, φράδμων.

Δαῖρ, ἐρός, δ, levir: a husband's brother. Δαῖρ ἐμεῖο κύνος Z. 344. Δαέρων, αὐτὸ 762. and 769., is only a dissyllable.

Δαιδάλῆος, Δαιδάλός, Δαιδάλειος, α, ὄν, affabre factus, varius: curiously wrought, variegated, polished. Καλὴ δαιδάλῃ I. 187. E. 179. Eur. fr. Eurysth. 9. SYN. Ποδὺ δαιδάλός, αὐλός, ποικίλος.

Δαιδᾶλλω, Δαιδᾶλλω, artificiose facio s. exorno, variego: to work with art, carve, polish. Σ. 479. Olymp. 1. 169. SYN. Ποικίλλω, κοσμεῶ, αἰδᾶλλω.

Δαιδᾶλός, οὐ, δ, Dædalus: an Athenian distinguished as an architect and statuary. Ἦ Δαιδᾶλῳ τέχνησιν Hec. 826.

Δαιδᾶλλω. See Δαιδᾶλλω.

Δαῖζω, ξω, divido: to divide, rend, mangle. Ἦλθ' ἐδᾶζον H. 247. The first syllable of this word is long, A. 497., and common in Æschylus. See Supp. 688. Choëph. 390. SYN. Δαῖω, δαζῶμαι, διατμήσσω, διαίρω, δατέδωμαι, ἀναρτάζω, διασπᾶω, σχίζω, πορθέω.

Δαῖκτηρ, ἥρως, Δαῖκτηρ, ὄρως, Δαῖκτης, οὐ, dividends, crucians: tearing, piercing, heart-rending. Sept. Th. 910. Æsch. Sup. 795. Anacr. 42. 10. See above. SYN. Δήϊδς.

Δαϊκτός, ἡ, ὄν, laceratus: torn. Orph. A. 919. See above.

Δαιμονῶνα, malo numine teneor: to be influenced by a daemon, to be mad. Sept. Th. 1003. SYN. Κακοδαίμονῶνα.

Δαιμονῖον, ον, τὸ, numen: a deity, daemon, genius. Τὸ δαιμονῖον κατέκωμάσε Phoen. 363.

Δαιμονῖος, α, ὄν, divinus, admiratione dignus; miser: divine, happy, noble; wretched, infatuated. B. 190. SYN. Θεῖος, γενναῖος, μακάριος, ἀντιθεός, δαυμαστός, ἀγαστός, ευδαίμων, κακὸ-δαίμων, δυσδαίμων, ἀθλιός, μόρσιμος.

Δαιμονίως, divinitus, mire: in a providential manner, wonderfully. Theoc. Ep. 12. 4. SYN. Θαυμασίως, δαυμαστάς.

Δαίμων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, Deus, dea; heros; genius; sors, fatum; animus humanus: a god, goddess; divinity; deified hero; daemon; lot, fate; life. Phoen. 1667. SYN. Θεός, ἀλδστωρ, τὸ δαιμονῖον, μοῖρα, μόρος, τύχη. Ερ. Ἄγανός, κακός, στυγέρος, χάλεπος, πόμπιμος, σεμνός, ευτυχής, μακάρ, στερρός, ἐνάλιος, πόντιος, μέγας, ἐμφάνης, πόλυ-στονός, εσθλός, ἀφθίτος, δίκαιος, ἀφθύνος, δεξιός, ἐπὶ ῥόθος, σκληρός, ἐπιχθονῖος, ἡγάθεός, πλουτὸ-δότης, πόλισσοῦχος.

Δαῖνυμι, δαΐσω, Δαινύω; (2) Δαίνυμαι, (1) epulas do: to give a feast; (2) epulor: to feast. Δαῖνυ τάφον Ἀργείοισιν γ. 309. Ψ. 29. Troad. 777. SYN. (1) Ἑστίαω, ευωχέω, δαίω; (2) Δοῖναι, εσθίω, εὐλαπνίζω, τρέφωμαι.

Δαῖς, ἄ, ὄν, et ον, ὁ, ἡ (ap. Tragicos), miser; hostilis: wretched; hostile. Ὡ δαῖα Τέκμησσά δισμόρον γένος Αἴ. 784. SYN. Δήϊος, δάημων, δυσμένης, σεμνός, φθέρω.

Δαῖρα, contr. Ὀ Δαιρά, as, ἡ, Daíra: a name of Proserpine. Apoll. 3. 846.

Δαῖς, αἰτός, Δαίτη, ης, Δαιτῦς, ὕς, ἡ, epulæ: a feast, banquet. Ion 806. K. 217. X. 496. SYN. Ευωχία, εὐλαπνῆ, δειπνόν, ἐρανός, δοῖναι. Ερ. Φόνια, ἀνήμερος (Hec.), πικρά, ὀρεσκόδς, ἀνδοῖς, κοινῇ, εὐδειπνός, ωμὸφάγος (Eur.), ἀγάθῃ, ἐρατεινῇ, ἀτερπής, ἐρικυδής, δα-λειᾷ, μὲνδεικής, ἔσιον, πειρᾷ, ἐπηράτος, εσθλῇ, στυγερᾷ (Hom.), ἀμειρότος, ἐτοίμη, πᾶχεῖα. P.H.N. see Pyth. 4. 226.

Δαῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (1) fax: a torch; (2) prælum: battle. Ἐπὶν δαῖδας παράθειτο β. 105. SYN. (1) Δᾶς; (2) μάχη.

Δαιτάλευς, ἔως, ὁ, hospes: a feaster, guest. Δαιτάλευς πᾶνήμερος P. V. 1060. SYN. see Δαιτῦμῶν.

Δαῖτη, ης, ἡ. See Δαῖς.

Δαιτρέω, divido eultro; coquum ago: to carve; cook, prepare a feast. o. 322. SYN. Δαΐζω.

Δαιτρός, οὐ, ὁ, qui carnes dividit: a carver. p. 331. SYN. Ἀρτάμος, μάγειρος.

Δαιτρόςση, ης, ἡ, scientia carnem dividendi: the art of the carver at table. Δαιτρόςσηνάν π. 253.

Δαιτῦμῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, conviva; coquus: a guest; a cook, carver. Μέσσω δαιτῦμῶν ἄ. 66. SYN. Δαιτάλευς, μάγειρος.

Δαιτῦς, ὕς, ἡ. See Δαῖς. X. 496.

Δαῖφρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (1) bellicosus: warlike; (2) prudens: a prudent. Τίε δαῖφρῶνος B. 23. SYN. (1) Αἰθων, δαῖος; (2) ἐμφρων, ἔχφρων, ἔχθουμος, συνέτος.

Δαῖω, (1) distribu: to distribute; (2) epulum præbeo: to give a feast; (3) uro: to burn. Iph.

A. 123. SYN. (1) Δαῖκόπτω; (2) δαῖνυμι; (3) ἀνάκαλω, ἀνάπτω.

Δακέθωμος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, animus mordens: heart-rending. Philoct. 715. See Θυμὸδακῆς. SYN. Ἀνιάρος (see Ἀνιάρος), αἰνός, δηξίθυμος.

Δακνάζω, poet., et Δάκνω, mordeo: to bite, sting, annoy. Pers. 577. Ἦπτον δάκνουσιν ἀλλὰ Eur. fr. Œnom. SYN. Κεντέω, ἐνόχλω, καθάπτωμαι.

Δάκος, ἔς, τὸ, fera: a creature that bites, ravenous animal. Πόλεμῳ δίκας πᾶράνῳμ δάκει Troad. 284. (double dochmiac.) SYN. Δακέτον, ἐχιδνᾷ, θηρίον. Ερ. Θήρειον, δούστοκον, ἀφθογ-γόν, βλαδέρων, βλδούρον, φοῖνιον, ὀλδόν.

Δάκρυ, ὕς, poet. Δάκρυμα, ἄτος, et Δάκρυον, ον, τὸ, lacryma: a tear. Οὐκ ἂν ἐκδάλοι δάκρυ Hec. 298. Androm. 92. Herc. F. 1201. SYN. Λίξος, ἱκμάς. Ερ. Χλωρόν, πεύκινον, οὐκτρὸν, δαλέρων, ἀρρόν, ἀνοικτρὸν, πόλιον, πένθιμον, πόθεινον, ἐλξείνον, τέρην, θερμόν, πίκρον, αἰνόν, ἀλέγεινον, ἀνάλειν, γλίχι, πόλυστονόν, κρῦερν. P.H.N. Οφθαλμότεγκτος πλημυρίς.

Δάκρυγγόνος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, lacrymas ciens: tear-producing. Æsch. Sup. 685. See above.

Δάκρυδεις, εσσά, ἔν, lacrymabundus: shedding tears, weeping. Δακρύδεν γέλασσα Z. 484. SYN. Ἀριδάκρυς, πόλυστονός. P.H.N. Δάκρυσί μυ-δάλεος, ὁμὰ δακρύοις πεφυρμένός.

Δάκρυδπητής, ἔς, ὁ, ἡ, ad lacrymas proclivis; febilis: inclined to weeping; lamentable. Æsch. Sup. 112. See above.

Δάκρυπλῶ, lacrymis exundo: to swim in tears. Φῇ δὲ δάκρυπλῶειν βεβῆρητᾷ τ. 122.

Δάκρυρρῶε, lacrymis fluo: to shed tears. Μη δάκρυρρῶε Eur. Sup. 299. SYN. Δάκρυπλῶ, δάκρυν, θρηνέω, κλαίω, ὀδύρμαι. P.H.N. Νᾶμ' ἐκχέω δάκρυρρῶδον, δι' ὅσων νᾶμ' ἔχω δάκρυρ-ρῶδον, οφθαλμότεγκτον δεύμαι πλημυριδί.

Δάκρυρρῶδς, ον, ὁ, ἡ, lacrymas fundens: shedding tears, mournful. Καὶ δάκρυρρῶδς τέκνων Herc. F. 98.

Δάκρυρρῶστακτός, ον, ὁ, ἡ, lacrymis stillans: shedding tears. Δάκρυρρῶστακτόν ἀπ' P. V. 406. is answered by μέγαλοσχήμενᾷ.

Δάκρυτός, ἡ, ὄν, defletus, deflendus: wept over, cherished with tears, deplorable. Δάκρυτ' ἄγαν ὦ ξύγγον' Eur. El. 1181. SYN. Αἰξίθρηνός, δυσδάκρυτός, αιακτός.

Δάκρυχέω, lacrymas fundo: to shed tears. Ὡς φᾶτὸ δακρυχέων A. 357.

Δάκρυον (1), lacrymor: to weep. See Κάτελ-εῖμαι. Καὶ δάκρυνεσθαι πάρα Sept. Th. 720. SYN. Δάκρυρρῶε, θρηνέω, κλαίω, ὀδύρμαι, ὀλ-λύζω. P.H.N. Δάκρυνον ῥῆξαι θερμὰ νάματᾷ, θερμὰ τέγγειν δάκρυνᾷ στυνᾷχαῖς.

Δακτύλιδιον, ον, τὸ, pedis digitulus: a little toe. Τὸ δακτύλιδιον πῖξεί το ξύγον Lysistr. 418.

Δακτύλιος, ον, ὁ, annulus: a ring. Καὶ νῦν ἀπόδος τὸν δακτύλιον ὥς οὐκ ἔτι Equit. 947. SYN. Σφραγίς, σημεῖον.

Δακτύλδευκτός, ον, ὁ, ἡ, qui digito monstratur: pointed at, conspicuous. Πᾶσι βρότοιςιν δακτύ-λδευκτον δ' Agam. 1303.

Δακτύλος, ον, ὁ, plur. δακτύλοι, οἱ, et δάκ-τυλά, τὰ, digitus: a finger or toe. Ἄκροισι δακτύλοισι Iph. T. 267. (On tiptoe.) Ερ.

(1) The young scholar will do well to recollect that the penult of the verb δάκνω is long, and of the substantive δάκρυον is short. Thus δάκρυνον is a tear, δά-κρυον, the neuter part. ciple from δάκνω.

Ἄπαλδς, ἀπαλδῶχρδδς, ἐκηθδλδς, ἐντρῶχδς, δδδς. PHIL. Χερῶν ἄκροι κτενές.

Δάλιδς, et Δάλδς, Dor. pro. Δήλιδς et Δήλδς, q. v.

Δαλδς, οὐ, δ, titio, torris: a torch, firebrand. Δούπηγρον δέ πέσσον δαλδς δέ οἱ O. 421. SYN. Δὰς, λαμπὰς. EP. Αἰθμμένδς, αἰθού, ευφεγγής, φέρωνγης, τηλαυγής, σέλασφῶδς.

Δάμῳδω, Δάμῳλῳδω, Δάμῳω, Δαμνῳω, Δάμνημῳ, domo: to subdue, overpower. Μένοντιτῳδῳ δάμῳσσω E. 746. Π. 438. X. 271. λ. 220. Pyth. 11. 38. SYN. Ἀτύζω, βιάζω, κάτῳτῳρύχω, τίθασσέω, ὑπὸτάσσω, ἀναιρέω, ἀποκτείνω.

Δάμῳλῳς, ἔωσ et ἴδς, Δάμῳλῳ, ης, ἡ, juvenca, vitula: a heifer, calf. Πολλὰ δ' αὐ δάμῳλαι Theoc. 1. 75. Æsch. Sup. 355. EP. Λευκῳ, μυκωμένη.

Δάμῳρ, ἀρτδς, ἡ, υκογ: a wife. Προγῳνοῖς δάμῳρτες δυσμῳνεῖς Ion 1328. SYN. Ἄκοιτῳς, πῳράλεκτῳδς, κοινῳδλεκτῳδς.

Δάμῳσιμῳρῳτῳδς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, homines domans: man-subduing. Δάμῳσιμῳρῳτῳ αἰχμῳς Olymp. 9. 115.

Δαμῳτῳρ, Dor. pro Δημήτῳρ, q. v.

Δάμῳη, ης, ἡ, Danaë: the daughter of Acrisius and mother of Perseus. Οἰῳ δέ καὶ Δάμῳη πόντῳρ Apoll. 4. 1091. EP. Καλλίσφῳρδς, Ἄκρισίωμῳη, ηῳκῳδῳς.

Δάμῳιδῳς, οὐ, αἰ, Danaï filiae: the daughters of Danaus. Νῳδῳ ἄρ' ἐκέλῳη Δάμῳιδῳων Phœn. 1689.

Δάμῳοἱ, et Δάμῳιδῳαι, οὐ, οἱ, Danaï: the Greeks. Τῳῳῳς δ' ἐκλῳνον Δάμῳοἱ E. 37. Iph. A. 337. Δανῳοἱ are properly the subjects of king Danaus in Argos, i. q. Αργεῳοἱ or Ἀχαιοἱ. Δανῳιδῳαι are properly the sons of Danaus, or his immediate descendants. SYN. see Ἀχαιοἱ. EP. Αἰχμητῳαι, ἥρωῳς, δΊῳρποντῳς Ἄρηδς, τῳχῳπῳλω, φίλοπῳτῳλέμῳοι, ἀσπιστῳαι, ἰφθιμῳοι, ολλῳμῳενοἱ, ἄκροι, χαλκεῳπῳλοἱ, καρτεῳρῳθυμῳοι.

Δάμῳδς, οὐ, δ, Danaus: son of Belus, king of Lydia, and brother of Ægyptus. Δάμῳδς ἀδελφῳς δ' ἐστῳ Ἄsch. Sup. 325. EP. Αρχέκῳκῳδς, λῳπῳδῳπῳτῳρ. See Eur. fr. Arch. 2.

Δάμῳνέξω, τῳω, mutuum do; med. mutuum peto aut accipio: to lend money at interest; mid. to borrow at interest. Νῳν δάμῳεσον τῳεῖς δῳάχμῳῳς Pax 374. SYN. Οῳδῳλοστῳτῳῳ, μετῳδῳδῳμῳ.

Δάμῳεσμῳδς, οὐ, δ, fœneratio: the lending out of money upon interest, usury. Πῳκῳδς δάμῳεσμῳδς ἡλῳθῳ Eur. El. 858. SYN. Τῳκῳδς.

Δάμῳδς, ἡ, ὕν, aridus: parched, dry. Ξῳλῳ δανῳ κῳάσσαι ο. 321. Some read πολλῳ for δανῳ: δανῳτῳτῳτῳ is used Pax 1134.

Δάμῳδς, ἔδς, τῳδ, donum; mutuum fœnus: a present; loan. Εῳξῳφῳγγεν δάμῳων Call. Ep. 50.

Δάμῳδς, ἔδς, τῳδ, lumen, fax: a light, torch, lamp. Εκ μεγῳροῖδ δάος δ. 300. SYN. Δὰς, φῳδς, φλῳξ, φέγγγδς, αὐγῳη, λαμπῳς, δαλδς, φανῳδς, πῳρ.

Δάμῳἄνω, impendo, erogo, sumptus facio: to spend, waste, defray the expense. Τῳτῳτον μῳδῳν δάμῳἄνῳσῳαι Plut. 588. SYN. Ἀνῳλίσκω, κάτῳφθεῳίρω.

Δάμῳἄνω, ης, ἡ, impendium, sumptus: expense, cost, wastefulness. Δάμῳἄνωῖδ φῳουδῳ δῳῳφῳγγόνῳ? ὑπ' ἀργῳῳς Herc. F. 591. SYN. Ἀνῳλῳμῳ.

ΔάμῳΊδῳν, οὐ, τῳδ, pavementum, solum: pavement, ground. Εἰθῳ γῳνοῖμῳον ἐν σοῖς δάμῳΊδοῖς Hipp. 230. In Homer α is short, but Porson ad Eur. Orest. 324. asserts, that in the Attic

writers it is frequently long. SYN. Οῳδῳδς, ἐδῳφῳδς, πεδῳΊον, γῳη.

Δάμῳπῳς, ἴδδς, ἡ, tapes: a carpet. Οῳτ' ἐν δάμῳπῳν τῳς γῳρ ὑφαῖνῳν Plut. 528.

Δάμῳτῳω, Δαρδῳάμῳτῳω, dilanio: to tear with the teeth, devour. Med. 1186. π. 315. SYN. ΒῳΊῳσκα, εὐθῳῳ, κάτεσῳῳω, διασπῳράσσω.

Δαρδῳάνῳδῳς, οὐ (Æol. αῳδ), δ; Δαρδῳάνῳς, ἴδδς, ἡ, Dardani proles: a descendant of Dardanus. Τῳοῖδ δέ Δαρδῳἄνῳδῳς Γ. 303. Σ. 339.

Δάρδῳἄνδς, οὐ, δ, Dardanus: the founder of the Trojan empire. Δάρδῳἄνδῳν αὐ πῳῳτων Γ. 215.

Δάρδῳἄνδς, Δαρδῳἄνῳδς, οὐ, Δαρδῳἄνῳων, ὠνδς, δ, nomen gentile: Trojan. Τῳῳῳς καὶ Δάρδῳἄνῳοἱ B. 819. Γ. 456. Θ. 154. SYN. Αγγῳχῳμῳχοἱ, μῳνεπῳτῳλέμῳοι.

Δαρῳεῳκῳδς, οὐ, δ, nummus Persicus aureus: a darique, a coin worth 20 Attic drachms, or about 12s. 6d. of our money. Καὶ Δαρῳεῳκοῖς ἀφῳνῳη πῳουτῳν Eccles. 602.

Δαρῳεῳγῳνῳης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, Dario satus: sprung from Darius. ΞΊΊῳης βῳσίλῳεῳς Δαρῳεῳγῳνῳης Pers. 6.

Δαρῳεῳδς, οὐ, δ, Darius: the name of two kings among the Persians. Πάντῳν Δαρῳεῳῳ καὶ ΜΊγάσῳδῳν Aves 484.

Δῳρης, ητῳδς, δ, Dares: a Phrygian who was said to have written the history of the Trojan war. Ἰδῳν νῳῳ δῳρητῳς E. 27. EP. Ἀμῳμῳων, ἀφῳνεῳδς, ἰΊΊῳδς Ἠφαῳστῳοῖδ.

Δαρῳθῳἄνω, δαρῳθῳῳσαι, 2. a. ἔδῳρθῳν, ἔδῳρθῳν, dormio: to sleep. Ἐδῳρθῳν ἐν πῳδῳδῳμῳ ν. 143. SYN. Εῳδῳω, κάθεῳῳω, ὑπῳνῳω, βῳρίζω.

ΔαρῳΊῳδς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, Dor. et Att. pro ΔηρῳΊῳδς, diuturnus, long-lived. ΔαρῳΊῳοῖσῳ δΊοῖσῳν Sept. Th. 520. See Pors. on Orest. 26.

Δαρῳδς, pro Δηρῳδς, q. v.

Δὰς, δῳδδς, ἡ, fax: a torch. Στεφῳἄνῳν γΊ τοῖ καὶ δῳδ' ἔχων Plut. 1042. SYN. see Δαλδς. EP. ΑἰθῳλῳΊῳῳσῳ, φλῳγγΊΊῳ.

Δάσῳκῳδς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, umbrosus: thickly shaded. Καὶ δάσῳκῳδῳν ἔλῳν ε. 470.

Δάσῳμῳδς, οὐ, δ, divisio, tributum: division, tribute. A. 166. SYN. ΤΊΊΊΊΊΊΊΊ, τέλῳδς, φῳρῳδς.

ΔάσῳμῳδῳΊΊΊΊΊ, tributum solvo: to pay tribute. Οῳδ' ἐτῳ δάσῳμῳδῳΊΊΊΊΊ Pers. 592.

Δάσῳπῳητῳς, ἴδδς, ἡ, terrorem incutiens: terrible, furious. Theoc. 2. 14. For an excellent illustration of the meaning of this word, see Ruhnck. Epist. Crit. p. 242. SYN. Αἰνῳη, χῳλέπῳη.

ΔάσῳυθΊΊΊ, τΊΊΊΊΊδς, δ, ἡ, villosus: having thick hair, very shaggy. ΔάσῳΊοῖδ δάσῳτΊΊΊΊΊ Theoc. 7. 15.

ΔάσῳυκεΊκῳδς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, villosus caudam habens: having a bushy tail. Τῳς δάσῳυκεΊκῳδς ἁλῳπέκῳς Theoc. 5. 112.

Δάσῳυμῳαλλῳδς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, lanosus: having thick wool. ΕῳτΊΊΊΊΊΊ δάσῳυμῳαλλοἱ ι. 425.

Δάσῳύνω, denso, pilosum reddo: to thicken, render hairy. Eccles. 66. See above.

Δάσῳυπῳῳῳγῳν, αἰνδς, δ, ἡ, densam barbam habens: thick bearded. Thesm. 33. See Δάσῳυμῳαλλῳδς.

Δάσῳυς, εῳἄ, ὕ, densus, hirsutus: thick, hairy, thickly set. ὙπΊΊΊΊΊ δάσῳεΊας ξ. 49. SYN. Πῳκῳδς, λῳσῳΊδς, τΊαχῳδς.

ΔάσῳυστεΊνῳδς, οὐ, δ, ἡ, hirsutum pectus habens: having a hairy chest. Δῳῳῳῳῳ δάσῳυστεΊνῳων πΊρ ἔδῳντῳν Hes. Op. 512.

ΔάτΊΊΊΊΊ, divido, lacerō, absumo: to divide,

tear, mangle. Ἐπισώτροις δάτεοντο γ. 394. SYN. Ενδάτεσμαι, δάξω, δάξομαι, μερίξω.

Δατήριος, α, ὄν, dividers: dividing. Χρημάτων δατήριος Sept. Th. 708.

Δατήρης, οὔ, ὅ, divisor: a divider, distributor. Sept. Th. 942. See above.

Δαυλία, ας, Δαυλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, Daulis: a city in Phocis. Κάπο Δαυλίας ἀγει C. R. 734. B. 520.

Δαυλός, οὔ, ὅ, ἡ, densus, obscurus: thick, obscure. Aesch. Sup. 92. SYN. Κάτηρέφης.

Δάφνη, ης, ἡ, laurus: the laurel or bay tree. (1) Πτόρθοισι δάφνης Ion 103. Ep. Ευερνής, δεσπέσιος, ἱέρα, Δελφίς, Πυθική, ευθαλής.

Δάφνηφόρος, ου, ὅ, ἡ, laurum gerens: bearing or crowned with laurel. Aesch. Sup. 709. See above.

Δάφνινός, η, ὄν; Δάφνῶδης, εὖς, ὅ, ἡ, laureus: made of laurel. Δάφνινός ὀρηξ Call. 2. 1. Ion 76.

Δάφνις, ἰδός, ὅ, Daphnis: a bucolic name. Δάφνιδι τῷ χάριεντι Theoc. 8. 1. Ep. Τάλας, δισέρως, λευκόχρως.

Δάφουινός, Δάφουινός, οὔ, ὅ, ἡ, valde cruentus, caedis avidus: stained with blood, greedy of slaughter. Ὡμοισι δάφουινόν Σ. 538. Alcest. 598.

Δέ, sed, et: but, moreover, and, also. SYN. Ἄτάρ, ἐπειτά, τε, καί.

Δέδικσμαι, Δειδίσκωμαι, dextra data excipio aliquid: to shake hands with and welcome. γ. 41. ο. 150.

Δέελός, pro Δήλός, manifestus. K. 466.

Δεήμᾶ, ἀτός, τδ, precatio: a want, request. Aves 1058. SYN. Ευχή, πρόσευχή, ευχολή, ἀρά.

Δεῖ, f. δέησει, oportet: it behoves, it ought. Phoen. 480. On the different governments of δεῖ and χρή, see Porson. Orest. 660. SYN. Χρή, πρόσηκει, πρέπει.

Δεῖγμα, ἀτός, τδ, exhibitum: an exhibition, proof, pledge. Eur. El. 1174.

Δειδήμων, ὄνός, ὅ, ἡ, meticulosus: timid. Γ. 56.

Δειδισσώμαι, ξώμαι, terreo; metuo: to terrify; fear. N. 810. SYN. Ἀπώτρεπω, φόβω.

Δεῖδω, timeo, to fear. δ. 825. ε. 473. SYN. Δεμαινῶ, φόβεσμαι, δειλιάω, ὀκνέω, ὀρρώδεω, τάρβω, τρέμω. See Τάράσσωμαι.

Δεῖλιᾶω, moror usque ad vesperam: to tarry until evening, stay to supper. Σὺ δ' ἐρχέου δειλιήσας ρ. 599. SYN. Ενδιᾶω.

Δεῖλινός, η, ὄν, Δεῖελός, ου, ὅ, ἡ, vespertinus: setting in the evening, evening, late. Δεῖλινὸν κλινόντος Apoll. 1. 452. Φ. 232.

Δεῖκάνασμαι, Ion. Δεῖκάνασκω, benigne excipio (Hom.); porrigo (Theoc.): to receive, entertain. Δεῖκάνωντ' ἐπέεσσιν σ. 110. Theoc. 24. 56. SYN. Δεξιάσμαι, γέραίρω, πρόσανδᾶω.

Δεῖκνύω, Δείκνυμι, ξω, ostendo: to show, discover, prove. Δείκνυι δὲ δμώεσσι Hes. Op. 500. Ion 1340. SYN. Ἀναφαίνω, φανέρωω, σημαίνω.

Δεῖλαιός, Δεῖλακρός, α, ὄν; Δεῖλακρίων, ὄνός, ὅ, timidus, miser: timid, cowardly, wretched. Ὡς ἀπόλαλᾶ δειλαῖος Plut. 850. 974. Pax 192. And see obs. on γεραίος. SYN. Δειδήμων, δειλός, ἐλέεινός, ἀθλιός, τάλαιπαρός, ματαῖος.

(1) See Martyn's Virg. The fabulous story of Apollo and Daphne does not appear to be alluded to by any Greek poet anterior to the time of Ptolemy Philadelphus.

Δεῖλη, ης, ἡ, tempus pomeridianum vel ante meridianum: evening, twilight in the evening or morning. In Homer it means crepusculum.

Ἡ πῶς ἡ δεῖλη ἡ μέσον ἡμαρ Φ. 112. SYN. Δεῖλινόν, βούλυντός, ἑσπέρα, κνέφας.

Δεῖλια, ας, ἡ, timiditas: timidity. Τὸν δειλίᾳ πρὸδόντᾳ Aj. 1033. SYN. Ἀτολμία, φόβος.

Δειλός, η, ὄν, timidus, miser: cowardly, wretched. A. 293. SYN. Δεῖλαιός, ευλαβής, ασθένής, κῆκός, τάλας, πόνηρος.

Δεῖμᾶ, ἀτός, τδ, metus: fear. Med. 286. SYN. Φόβος, δέος, δειλία. Ep. Χλόερὸν, ἀλγεινὸν, ἀμείλιχόν, ἀργάλεον, ἀναιδές, λευγάλεον, δαμνόν, δεινόν, νυκτίπλαγκτόν, πέλωρόν, ῥιγηλόν, στύγερὸν, τρῶμῆρόν, χλωρόν.

Δεμαίνω, ἄνω, timeo: to fear. Apoll. 4. 796. SYN. Δεῖδω, φέβεσμαι, ἐκφόβεσμαι.

Δεμᾶλλός, α, ὄν, terribilis: terrible. Δεμᾶλλεὸν Δῖος ὄπλον Batrach. 278. SYN. Ἀτυχηλός.

Δεμᾶτσω, perterrefacio: to terrify. Δεμᾶτομένη δ' ἐνὶ Androm. 42.

Δειμὸς, οὔ, ὅ, terror: terror. O. 119.

Δειουθέτης, ου, ὅ, ἡ, maleficus: mischievous. Mosch. Ep. 8.

Δειουπτός, πδδός, ὅ, ἡ, cujus adventus gravis est: moving with terrible steps. C. R. 417.

Δεινός, η, ὄν, (1) dirus, horribilis: fearful, formidable, commanding; (2) solers: clever; (3) validus: strong; (4) improbus: cruel. E. 739. SYN. (1) Φόβερός, χυλῆπός, παλαμναῖός, βίαιός, αινός; (2) δάήμων, σδφός, ἐμπειρός, ἐπιτήδειός, ἰκανός; (3) ισχυρός, μέγας; (4) ἀκηλητός, ἀτασθαλός, ἀλαστός, δυσχερής, πάνουργός.

Δεινωπός, οὔ, ὅ, ἡ; Δεινώφ, ὤπτος, aspectu terribilis: fierce-looking. Hesc. Scut. 250. C. C. 85. SYN. Γοργωπός, γοργῶφ, δεμᾶτῶδης, φόβερός.

Δεινώς, terribili modo, solleter: terribly, cleverly. Av. 1442.

Δεῖνός. See Δεῖνός.

Δειπνέω, cenare: to sup, feast. Eccles. 988. SYN. Βιβρώσκω, εσθία, δορπέω, δαίνυμαι, δειπνὸν αἰρέω.

Δειπνηστὸς, οὔ, ὅ, tempus cenandi: supper-time. ρ. 170.

Δειπνητικῶς, laute: elegantly, sumptuously. Acham. 1015.

Δειπνίξω, cenam præbeo: to prepare a supper, entertain. λ. 410. SYN. see Δαίνυμι.

Δειπνολόχος, η, ὄν, qui captat convivia: who lies in wait for banquets, a parasite. Hes. Op. 702. Compare Βωμολόχος.

Δεῖπνόν, ου, τδ, cena, cibus, convivium: supper, food, a repast. Phoen. 740. SYN. Δόρπον, δόρπός, βρώσις, γάμος. Ep. Ἄερόν, ἀμειρόσιον, γάμηλόν, εντρέπες, λαμπρόν, λιπάρν.

Δειρᾶς, ἀδός, ἡ, jugum montis: a cliff, ridge of a mountain. Δειρᾶδος Κάροστιας Iph. T. 1452. Philoct. 491. SYN. Κόλῶνη, κόρυφή, λόφος.

Δειρή, Δέρη, ης, ἡ, collum: the neck. Hec. 151. Mosch. 2. 94. SYN. Αυχήν, τραχηλός. Ep. Ἀπάλη, περίκαλλης, ἱέρα, χρυσόφορος, λευκή.

Δειροτόμῶε, jugulo: to cut the throat, murder. Φ. 555. SYN. Καρατόμῶε, εκτραχηλίζω.

Δεινήνω, ὄρός, ὅ, ἡ, virum metuens: man-fearing. Agam. 148.

Δέκα, indecl. decem: ten. Πολλὰς σέληνας δέκα διελοούσας ἐπὶ Helen. 114.

Δεκάδωρος, ου, ὅ, ἡ, decem palmos habens: ten palms long. Τάμνειν δεκάδωρᾶ ἄμαξη Hes. Op. 424.

Δεκάκις, decies : ten times. Οὐδ' εἰ μοι δεκάκις τέ 1. 378.

Δεκάμηνος, ου, δ, ἡ, decem menses natus : ten months old. Ἡρακλέα (trisyll.) δεκάμηνον εἶοντ'α Theoc. 24. 1.

Δεκάμινος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui decem minarum est : worth ten minæ. Τί δαὶ δεκάμινον τῷδε θάρσος κῦτε Pax 1224.

Δεκάμφορος, ου, δ, ἡ, decem amphoras capiens : containing ten barrels. Ὡς δεκάμφορον Cycl. 387.

Δεκάπους, πῶδος, qui decem pedum est : having ten feet. Eccles. 648. See Δεκάμηνος.

Δεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, numerus denarius, decuria : the number ten, ten. Ἡμεῖς δ' ἐς δεκάδας B. 126.

Δεκάσπορος, ου, δ, ἡ, in quo decem sementes factæ sunt : in which there have been ten sowings. Ὡς δεκάσπορον χρῶν' Troad. 20.

Δεκάτεμνα, ἄτος, τὸ, decima pars : the tithe or tenth part. Εἰσάτ'ο τῶν κερδῶν (dissyll.) δεκάτεμνάτ'α Call. Ep. 40.

Δεκάτος, η, ὄν, decimus : the tenth. Ion 1487. See above.

Δεκάχιλοι, decies mille : ten thousand. Ἡ δεκάχιλοις Ξ. 148.

Δεκέτης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ; Δεκέτις, ἰδός, ἡ, decennialis : ten years old or long. Androm. 306. Lysistr. 643.

Δέκτης, ου, Δέκτωρ, ὄρος, δ, mendiculus : one who receives, a beggar. δ. 248. Eumen. 204.

Δελέαρ, ἄτος, τὸ, esca, illecebræ : a bait, allurement. Δελέαρ ἀνδρὶ σὼν τρώπων Troad. 702. SYN. Θέλητ'τρὸν, θέλκτ'τρὸν, θελκτ'ήριον, ἀπάτ'η, δόλος, ὠγξ. Ερ. Ἡδύ.

Δελεῖν, ὄρος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui aliquid in pugillares refert : recording. Eumen. 275. See Γράφ'η.

Δελεῖν, ου, δ, ἡ, in memoria quasi in tabula inscribo : to remember distinctly. Æs. Sup. 177.

Δελέως, ου, ἡ, pugillares : a tablet, record. Hipp. 859.

Δελφάκιον, ου, τὸ, porcellus lactens : a sucking pig. Οἱμοὶ κακὸδαίμων δελφάκιον γέν'ησ'μαι Thesm. 244. SYN. Χοιριδίον.

Δελφάκωμαι, sucresco in porcum : to grow up into a sow. Ἀλλὰ δελφάκουμένα Acharn. 786.

Δελφικός, ἡ, ὄν; Δελφίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Delphicus : belonging to Delphi. Δελφικὸν ξίφει Orest. 1672. 1096.

Δελφινίως, ου, δ, cognomen Apollinis; et Δελφινίον, ου, τὸ, templum ejusdem Dei : a surname of Apollo; a temple of Apollo. Ὡς ἔμοι εὐχεσθαι Δελφινίῳ H. Apoll. 495.

Δελφιν, Δελφίς, ἰδός, δ, delphin : a dolphin. Δελφινάς τέ κύνας μ. 96. Ερ. Μεγάλητης, φίλαυλός, ἀλτ'εφέης, ἁλῖός, δαλάσσιός, ποντοπόρος, δαλασσοπλαγκτός.

Δελφίς, ἰδός. See Δελφικός.

Δελφοί, ὦν, οἱ, Delphi : a city in Phocis. Av. 618.

Δεμάς, τὸ, corpus : a body, structure, form. Δεμάς ουχ ἔ τίς ἐτλη Apoll. 1. 204. SYN. Σώμ'α, χρώς, μορφή. Ερ. Γεραίον, ἀγρόν, ἀλλόχρ'ον, ἀκελίον, κάλλιτον, κεραυνίον, ὑπόπτερον, ἀποκρύβον, ξηρόν (Eur.), ἀπαλον, αἰδλόν, ἀμυρότον, ἄβρον, ἀλλόπρ'οσ'αλλόν, λυγρόν, καρτέρον, πόλιν, τέρ'ον, τάλαιπ'ρων, περίκαλλ'ες.

Δεμνίον, ου, τὸ, stratum, lectus : a bedstead, bed, couch. Καὶ δεμνί'α νύμφης Apoll. 1. 978. SYN. Κόιτ'η, στρωμν'η, στρωμ'ή, λέκτρον, λ'εχός.

Δεμνιότητης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, custos lecti : confined to the bed. Agam. 52. See above.

Δεῦμα, ædifico : to build, construct. I. 349. SYN. Δομέω, οἰκοδόμ'ω, κτίζω.

Δενδύλλω, oculos huc illuc verto; oculis nuo : to roll or turn the eyes upon; to beckon. I. 180.

Δένδρεον, Δένδρον, ου, Δένδρος, ἔδος, τὸ, Ion., arbor : a tree. N. 437. Aves 1. 1066. SYN. Δρύς, φύτ'ον, δάμνος. Ερ. Ἀγλαόν, ἀγλαόκαρπον, ανθ'μ'ον, αντοπρεμ'ον, εὐκαρπ'ον, ευθαλ'ες, μακρόν, ἡκόδον, σκί'ερ'ον, στί'ε'αρ'ον, τάν'φυλλόν, τηλ'ε'θ'ον, ὑφ'ιτ'ένες, ὑφ'ι'ε'αρ'ον.

Δενδρῆεις, ε'σ'α, ἔν; Δενδρ'οκύμ'ος, ου, δ, ἡ, nemorosus : woody. ι. 200. Hel. 1113.

Δενδρ'οκύμ'ος. See above.

Δενδρ'οπήμων, ὄν'ος, δ, ἡ, arboribus nocens : hurtful to trees. Eumen. 926.

Δένδρος, ἔδος, τό. See Δένδρεον.

Δενδρ'οτ'μ'ω, arbores excindo : to fell wood, mow, shear. Pax 746.

Δενδρ'οτίς, ἰδός, ἡ, nemorosa : woody. Herc. F. 790.

Δεννάω, probris incesso : to utter reproaches. Antig. 759. SYN. Ονειδίζω, λυπέω, ὑβρίζω, λοιδορέω.

Δεξιᾶδης, ου, δ, Dexiades. Δεξιᾶδην ἵππων H. 15.

Δεξιᾶδ'μαι, Ion. -δ'μαι, dextra prehendo; humaniter excipio : to receive with the right hand, salute courteously. Χερσὶ τ' ἐδεξιῶντ'ο H. Ven. 16. SYN. Ασπάζ'μαι, φίλ'οφρ'ονέω, ενδεξιῶδ'μαι.

ΡΗΗ. Χερσὶ οἱ χερ'ι' αντ'ερείσας, εν τ' ἄρ'α οἱ φύ χερ'ι'.

Δεξιμλός, ου, δ, ἡ, oves excipiens : receiving sheep for victims, opulent by means of victims.

Δεξιμλόν ε'σχ'αραν Androm. 1127.

Δεξιγύγιος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui agilia membra habet : alert in limb. Olymp. 9. 164.

Δεξιός, Δεξιτέρος, ἂ, ὄν, dexter : right, clever, auspicious. Ὡς δεξιός ὄρνις N. 821. Q. 284. SYN. Ἐπιδεξιός, αἰσ'ιός, ἀγ'αθός, ἐπιτ'ηδε'ιός.

Δεξιόσειρις, ου, δ, ἡ, jugali equo ad dexterum latus alligatus : the shaft-horse on the right side. Antig. 144.

Δεξιότης, ητος, ἡ, dexteritas : dexterity. Ran. 1009.

Δεξιπύρος, ου, δ, ἡ, ignem suscipiens : receiving fire. Δεξιπύρους δ'ῶν (crasis) Eur. Sup. 63., answering to λέκτ'ρά τ'οσις ε'σ'.

Δέξις, ἔως, ἡ, modus alicujus excipiendi : reception. Iph. A. 1182.

Δεξιώμα, ἄτος, τὸ, quod comiter accipimus et dextra prehendimus : an object of salutation and welcome. Eur. fr. Bell. 15.

Δεξιωνύμος, ου, δ, ἡ, faustus, dexter : auspicious, right. Χερσὶ δεξιωνύμοις Æsch. Sup. 615.

Δέωμαι, δ'ε'σ'ομαι, (1) indigeo : to want; (2) precor : to beseech. Ion 337. SYN. (1) Ἀπ'ορέω, ενδ'ε'ωμαι, ενδ'ῶ, χρε'ι'αν ἔχω, (2) αντ'ιδ'ε'ω, προσδε'ε'μαι, αιτ'ῶ, γουνά'ζ'μαι, λισσ'ομαι.

Δεῶς, πο'ε'τ. Δεῖός, ους, τὸ, metus : fear. Apoll. 1. 639. SYN. Δελί'α, φόβ'ος, δέμ'α, ορ'ωδία. Ερ. Ἀν'ι'αρ'ον, ἀτλητ'όν, αν'όν, αργ'αλ'όν, κρ'ατ'έρ'ον, στυγ'έρ'ον, δλ'όν, ὀκνηρόν, χλωρόν.

Δεπ'ός, ἄδος, τὸ, poculum : a cup. Δεπ'ός ἡδ'ε'ος οἶνου γ. 51. SYN. Πότ'ηριον, ἐκ'πωμ'α. Ερ. Αμ'φικύπελλον, ἄσρον, περίκαλλ'ες, χρύσ'ε'ον, ἱμ'ε'ρόν, Κνύσσιον, χρυσόκολλητ'όν, ἐμπλε'ον οἶνου.

Δεραῖον, ου, τὸ, torques : a necklace, collar. Ion 1431.

Δεράς, et Δέρμ'α, ἄτος, δ, Δερός, ἔδος, τὸ, co-

rium : a hide, skin. Med. 480. δ. 440. Apoll. 2. 119. SYN. see Βύρρα. EP. Δάφουνον, βδεῖον, κελαινόν, μέγα, νῆδαρτον, πύθνηκέες, λαχρηῆν, πύκινον, ωμῶν, βάθμυλλον, λάσιον.

Δέργμα, ἄτος, τό, aspectus : a look, aspect, gaze. Med. 190. SYN. Βλέμμα, ὅψις, οφθαλμός.

Δέρη. See Δερίη.

Δερκιδῶμαι, Δερκῶμαι, Δέρκω, Ion. Δερκεσκῶμαι, video : to see, behold, look. Οφρῶσι δερκιδῶνται Hes. Theog. 910, 911. Od. ε. 158. Apoll. 2. 911. SYN. Ὀράω, βλέπω, ὀπτῶμαι, ὁσσομαι, εἶδω, λεύσσω, προσλεύσσω, προσβλέπω, ἐπίβλεπω, κατόπτωμαι.

Δέρμα, ἄτος, τό. See Δέρās.

Δερματίνος, η, ὄν, coriaceus : made of skin, leathern. Τρόποις ἐν δερματίνουσιν δ. 53.

Δέρω, Ion. ut vult Etym. pro Δέρās.

Δέρτρον, ου, τό, omentum : the coat of fat investing the bowels, the caul. λ. 578. SYN. Λάπτρα, διφθῆρα.

Δέρω, δερῶ, pellem detraho : to take off the skin, flay. A. 459. SYN. Ἀποδέρω, εκδέρω, δέφω, τύπτω.

Δέσμι et Δέσμων, ἄτος, τό; Δεσμὸς, οὔ, ὁ, pl. Δεσμοί et Δεσμά, vinculum : a fastening, impediment, chain. δ. 278. Pers. 751. Iph. T. 457. SYN. Σύνδεσμος, ἑμμά, ἀλυσίς, πέθη, ἡλός, σειρά. EP. Ἀμύχανον, καρτέρων, σιδήρεον, σιγαλῶν, ἀπειρόν, ἀργαλῶν, ἀρρήκτων, χρυσῶν, χαλκῶν, ἀλυσίων, θυμαλγῆς, νηλεῆς, ὀλῶν, δυσέξηνυστον, ἀδεσμὸν, ἀφικτόν, διδυμὸν, ἱππικόν, πικρόν, ἀναγκαῖον, ἀπειρές, ἀπνηές, ἀνχενῖον, αἰμυ-εἰσφῆς, γλυκὺ, βάρυ, λυφῶν, μάλᾶκον, φίλιον, αἰκελίον.

Δεσμεῖω, ligo : to bind, chain. Hom. H. 6. 17. SYN. Δέω. PHR. Δεσμοῖς κράτεροῖσι πιέζειν.

Δεσμῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Δεσμώτης, ου, ὁ; Δεσμώτης, ἰδός, ἡ, vinctus : bound, chained. Μηκέτ' ὥσι δέσμοιο. Iph. T. 470. Aj. 105. 234. SYN. Δέβελς, πέπεδημένους, ἰλλομένους.

Δεσπόω, Δεσποτέω, dominor : to rule, domineer. Δεσπόειν θρόνον Trach. 367. Heracl. 884. SYN. Κοιρανέω, τυραννεύω, ἰθύνω, κράτέω, ἀρχω, αἰσυνῶω, κυριεύω, βασιλεύω, ἀνάσσω, προστάττω.

Δεσποινᾶ, ης, Δεσποτῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, hera, regina : a mistress, queen, lady. Δέσποιναν εἰς τέκν' Ion 569. Alcest. 969. SYN. Ἄνασσα, κυρία.

Δεσποτῖς, Δεσποτῶν, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Δεσποτικός, ἡ, ὄν, herilis : of or belonging to a master. Aesch. Sup. 852. Iph. T. 440. Call. 6. 62.

Δεσποτής, ου, ὁ, herus, rex : a master, lord, king. Baech. 1063. SYN. Κύριος, κοίρανός, βασιλεὺς, ἀναξ, δεσπότην δέμας.

Δεσποτῖς. See Δέσποινᾶ.

Δεσποτικός, ου, ὁ, dimin. à præced. Cycl. 265.

Δέτη, ης, ἡ, fasciculus : a bundle, faggot. A. 553. SYN. Λαμπάς, δέξ.

Δευκάλων, ανός, ὁ, Deucalion : the son of Minos. Μέγαθύμου Δευκαλίωνος τ. 180. EP. Μέγαθυμους.

Δεῦρό, huc : hither, to this time. Alcest. 1040.

Δεῦτάτος. See Δεῦτέρως.

Δεῦτέ, huc festinate : come, hasten. Med. 890.

Δευτερίως, secundas partes ago : to act the second part, to be second. Eccles. 630.

Δεῦτέρως, α, ὄν; Δεῦτάτος, η, ὄν, (1) secundus :

second, inferior : (2) ultimus : the last, lowest. Hipp. 438. ψ. 342. (1) Ὀπιστέρως, ἄλλος, (2) νεώτερος, νεώτερος, ἐσχάτος, πύματός, τελευταῖος, ὑστατός, πάνυστατός.

Δεῦω, Ion. Δευέσκω, madefacio : to moisten, water, bathe. Alcest. 185. SYN. Βρέχω, φυράω, μάλασσω.

Δεῦω, δεύσω ; Δέω, δέησω, egeo : to want, need. Δ. 48. N. 786. Phœn. 482. SYN.

Εὐδέξωμαι, χρήξω, χρεῖα ἐστί, ἐργὸν ἐστί.

Δέφω, i. q. Δεψέω, q. v. Eq. 24.

Δέχουμαι, accipio : to take, receive. Helen. 866. SYN. Ἀποδέχουμαι, λαμβάνω, αἰρέω.

Δεψέω, depso : to steep hides, to soften by handling or rubbing. μ. 48. SYN. Ἐψέω, μάλασσω, ἀπάλυνω.

Δέω, δέησω, quasi à Δέξω. See Δεῦω.

Δέω, δήσω, ligo : to tie, bind, confine. Hipp. 1232. SYN. Δεσμεῖω, συνάπτω, ἀνάδεω.

Δῆ, sane, profecto : indeed, assuredly. A. 6. For the meaning of this particle, see Hoogeveen and Viger.

Δῆγμα, ἄτος, τό, morsus : a bite. Plut. 885.

Δηθᾶ, Δῆρῶν, Dor. Δαρῶν, diu : long, long ago. Δηθᾶ φίλων ἀπὸ η. 152.

Δῆθεν, Δῆθε, scilicet : forsooth, then, namely. Orest. 1314. Δῆθε twice in Euripides. El. 268. 274.

Δηθύνω, moror : to delay, tarry. Δηθύνειν δ' ἄρ' αἰὲν Apoll. 2. 75. SYN. Βραδύνω, διαμέλλω, χροῖνίζω, περὶμένω.

Δηῶλωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bello captus : taken by an enemy, plundered. Πύρι δηῶλτων Androm. 105. SYN. see Αἰχμῶλωτός.

Δηῶνειρᾶ, as, ἡ, Deianira : the wife of Hercules. Trach. 105. Quantity as in Latin : Impia quid dubitas Deianira mori? PHR. Ἡ δολῶπις Οινέως κόρη.

Δηῶπιτης, ου, ὁ, Deiopites : Ἀμύνῶ Δηῶπιτην A. 420.

Δῆϊός, α, ὄν, hostilis : hostile, raging. Πύρδς δηῶϊδ' (trisyll.) Δύρετρα B. 415. SYN. Εχθρόδός, εχθρός, πολέμιος, δυσμένης.

Δηῶτης, ἡ, ὄν, pugna, bellum : a fight, war. Ἐν αὐτῇ δηῶτῇτι Γ. 20. SYN. Μάχη, βόη, ὕμνη, φιλότις, χάρις, ἄρης, αὐτή, κλόνος. EP. Λευγαλέα, κελᾶδενῇ, ὀλδή.

Δηῶω, igne et ferro vasto, cædo : to ravage with hostile fire, desolate, slay. Χαλκῷ δηῶων P. 566. SYN. Δηῶω, διάκω, φόνεω, εκτέρω.

Δηῶφός, ου, ὁ, Deiphobus : one of the sons of Priam. Δηῶφός εικυῖα X. 227. EP. Ὑπέρηνδρος, ἥρως, λεύκασπις, δεῖοειδής, δεῖοεικλός, μέγα φρόνενω, Πριάμειδης.

Δηκτῆριος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mordax : keen, reproachful. Hec. 234.

Δηλέωμαι, lædo, deleo : to injure, wound, destroy. E. 102. SYN. Βλάπτω, φθείρω.

Δῆλμα, ἄτος, τό, exitium : injury, destruction. μ. 286. SYN. Βλάδω, λύμη, ὀλεθρὸς, ἐξώλειά, οργή, λώθησις, φθορά.

Δηλῶμων, ὄνός, nocivus ; deleor : injurious to ; a destroyer. σ. 64. SYN. Βλαδέρως, ἀλῆτρος, ὀλεθριός, λυμῶν.

Δηλιάς, ἄδός, ἡ, Delias : belonging to Delos. Λίμνας ἐπὶ τὰς Δηλιάδας. Ion 165.

Δηλῖος, α, ὄν, qui est ex insula Delo : of or belonging to Delos. Troad. 89.

Δηλόμαι, Dor. pro Βοῦλόμαι. Theoc. 5. 27.

Δῆλός, η, ὄν, manifestus : clear, manifest, distinct. Orest. 344. SYN. Ἀριδής, εμφανής,

ἐκδηλός, ἐνδηλός, φανέρως, ἐναργής, γνωστός, σάφης, ὁρατός.

Δήλος, ου, ἡ, Delos: an island in the Ægean sea, the birth-place of Apollo and Diana. ζ. 162. ΕΡ. Αμφίριτος, ηνέμεσσεά, ηγάθη, θυέσσεά, ἱέρα, κρῆνῃ, ἀλπιλαγκτός, πλαγκτή.

Δηλώω, manifestum reddo: to make manifest, show, declare. Orest. 725. ΣΥΝ. Ἀποδείκνυμι, εμφαίνω, φανέρω.

Δημᾱγωγένω, populi gratiam capto: to lead or flatter the people. Ran. 422. See below.

Δημᾱγωγία, as, ἡ, populi regimen: government by the people. Ἡ δημᾱγωγία γὰρ ου πρὸς μουσικοῦ Equit. 191.

Δημᾱγωγικός, ἡ, ὅν, popularis: popular. Equit. 217. See above.

Δημακιδίον, ου, τὸ, carus popellus: dear little people. Ὡ δημακιδίον καὶ πλείστα πάνουργά δεδρακώς Equit. 823.

Δήμαρχος, ου, ὁ, magistratus plebis: a tribune of the people. Nub. 37.

Δημεύω, publico: to confiscate, to vest in the people. Cycl. 119.

Δημηγύρεω, concionor: to harangue, address the people. Eccles. 111.

Δημηγύρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, popularis: popular. Hec. 254. ΣΥΝ. Ἀγύρητης, δημᾱχάριστης, κόπης, ἡδύλῳς, ῥήτωρ.

Δημηλασίος, α, ὅν; Δημήλατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, plebis cito in exilium actus: exiled by the people. Οὐτὶν' ἐφ' αἵματι δημηλασίᾳ Æsch. Sup. 7. 609. ΣΥΝ. Δημόσιος, δῆμιος.

Δημήτηρ, τέρος, τρός, ἡ, Ceres: the goddess of corn, and mother of Proserpine. Eur. Sup. 1. Δηά. ΕΡ. Ἐυπλόκαμος, ηύκομος, ξανθή, σεμνή δέος, πυρφόρος, καρπῷποιός, ἀγλαόπαις, ἀγλαόκαρπός, πολυκαρπός, πύτνιᾷ, παμμήτωρ, πυρφόρος, καλλιπλόκαμος, ἐσσεφάνος, παμμήτειρά, ευεάνος, διὰ δέανω.

Δημιδίον, ου, τὸ, plebecula: dear little people. Ἐξελεθὲ δῆτᾱ Δημιδίον ὦ φίλτατον Equit. 726.

Δημιζέω, populo sum addictus: to court or be devoted to the people. Vesp. 697. ΕΡ. Τῶν τὸν δῆμον ἀπάτωντων. ΣΥΝ. Δημᾱγωγέω.

Δημιόεργός, Δημιουργός, ου, ὁ, opifex; magistratus: a mechanic; a magistrate. Οἱ δημιόεργοι ἔασιν τ. 135. Pax 286. ΣΥΝ. Εργάτης.

Δημιόπληθης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, opibus publicis abundans: supplying public wealth. Κτήνη πρόσθε τᾱ δημιόπληθῃ Agam. 127. See Blomf.

Δημιόπρατός, η, ὅν, quod publicatur: confiscated. Μισθοὺς καὶ δημιόπρατα Vesp. 657.

Δήμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adj., et (2) Δήμιος, ου, ὁ, subst., (1) publicus: of the people, public, common; (2) carnifex: an executioner. Δήμιος ὃ κατ' ἀγῶνάς ζ. 259. ΣΥΝ. (1) Δημιόσιος, ἐνδημιός, κοινός; (2) δημᾱκοινός, ῥαβδοῦχος, ὑπηρετής.

Δημιουργικῶς, affabre: in a workmanlike manner, cleverly. Φράζε δημιουργικῶς Pax 429.

Δημιουργός. See Δημιόεργός.

Δημιόδρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui bona populi devorat: people-devouring. A. 231. ΣΥΝ. Δημόφάγος.

Δημιόγερον, ουτός, ὁ, populi senior: a senator. Γ. 149. ΣΥΝ. Βουλευτής, γέρον, βουλευδρόος.

Δημιόδοκος, ου, ὁ, Demodocus. ζ. 43. ΕΡ. Θεῖος, ὁιδός.

Δημιόδρος, contr. -ους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vulgatus, popularis: common, popular, notorious. Φήμη γέ μέντοι δημιόδρους Agam. 911.

Δημιόκων, ουτός, ὁ, Democoon. Δ. 499.

Δημόκραντος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a populo ratus: ratified by the people. Agam. 444. See below.

Δημοκράτεσμαι, populi imperio servio: to live under a popular government. Δείξας ὡς δημοκράτουται Acharn. 640. ΡΗΡ. Λέως κραίνει ἄνευ κλητῆρός, δεδήμευται κράτος.

Δημοκρατία, as, ἡ, imperium popolare: a republic, democracy. Ὡ δημοκρατία ταῦτᾱ δῆτ' ἀνάσχεται Acharn. 618. ΣΥΝ. Τᾱ δημοσίᾳ, τὰ κοινᾷ, δῆμος.

Δημοκρατικός, ἡ, ὅν, ad democratiam pertinens: democratical, like a friend to the people. Ran. 952. See above.

Δημιόλευστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, à populo lapidatus: stoned by the people, effected by being publicly stoned. Antig. 36. ΣΥΝ. Δημορρίφης.

Δημιόλεων, ουτός, ὁ, Demoleon, the son of Antenor. Γ. 395.

Δημιόπιθήκος, ου, ὁ, qui simiam se exhibet erga populum: ape of the people. Καὶ βομβόλῳν δημιόπιθήκων Ran. 1085.

Δημιόπρακτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, à populo factus vel decretus: made or decreed by the people. Τοῖδ᾽ ἐδημιόπρακτός ἐκ Æsch. Sup. 939.

Δημορρίφης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, à populo jactatus: scattered by the people. Δημορρίφεις σάφ' ἰσθί Agam. 1606.

Δῆμος, ου, ὁ, populus: the people, community, common people. B. 198. ΣΥΝ. Λαός, λέως, ὄχλος, πλῆθος, οἱ πολλοί. ΕΡ. Ἐτέραλκῆς, κενεόφρων, ευρύς, ευμένης, ευθυντής, χθύνος, προστατῆς τοῦ βίου.

Δημός, ου, ὁ, pinguedo: fat. Φ. 204. ΣΥΝ. Ἄλοιφῃ, πιμέλῃ, λίπος, στεᾶρ. ΕΡ. Αργῆς, πίων, δίπλαξ.

Δημοσιεύω, publico; rem publicam tracto: to confiscate; to meddle with public affairs. Αλλ' ὦ πύνηρ' ου δημοσιεύων τυγχάνω Acharn. 1029. ΣΥΝ. Δημεύω.

Δημοσίος, α, ὅν, publicus: public. Ἄκραν πρόσσοις δημοσίος ὦν κλαυσέται Lysist. 436. ΣΥΝ. Δήμιος.

Δημιότέρος. See Δημιότικός.

Δημιότης, ου, ὁ; Δημιότης, ιδός, ἡ, plebeius: one of the people, a plebeian. Iph. A. 340. Theoc. 28. 22.

Δημιότικός, ἡ, ὅν; Δημιότέρος, α, ὅν, plebeius, popularis, popularis status amans: plebeian, patriotic, republican. Δὺ μυριάδες τῶν δημιότικῶν Vesp. 709.

Δημιούχος, ου, ὁ, princeps, populo præsiciens: a president or guardian of the people. CE. C. 458.

Δημόφάγος, ου, ὁ, qui populum devorat: devouring the people. Δημόφάγον δὲ τύραννον Theoc. 1183. ΣΥΝ. Δημιόδρος.

Δημοχάριστος, ου, ὁ, qui populo gratificatur: a flattering artful demagogue. Κύπρις ἡδύλογος δημοχάριστης Hec. 132.

Δημιώματα, ὦν, τὰ, Dor. Δαμιώματα, carmina quæ publice cantantur: patriotic songs, ballads. Pax 798.

Δῆν, diu: long. Ζ. 131. ΣΥΝ. Δῆρὸν, πόλιν χρόνον.

Δηναῖος, ἄ, ὅν, longævus: long-lived, permanent. Ὅττι μάλ' ου δηναῖος ὡς E. 407. ΣΥΝ. Δηρός, διηνέκης, ἀθανάτος.

Δῆνός, εὖς, τὸ, consilium: design, art, device. κ. 289. ΣΥΝ. Βουλῇ, βουλευμά. ΕΡ. Ἡπίον, ὀλεθρίον, παναῖδλον, πολυμήχανον, πολυτρόπον, σχέτλιον.

Δηξιθυμὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, animum mordens: heart-piercing. Δηξιθυμὸν ἐρωτῶς Agam. 720., answered by βλαστάνειν ἀκρεστών. SYN. Δάκθυμὸς, ἀνιάρως, αὐτός.

Δῆῶν, ἂ δηῖω, hostiliter popular: to ravage with hostile fire. Ὅπως δῆῶσας Heracl. 995.

SYN. Ἀναίρεω, δαίω, κᾶκῶν, τέμνω.

Δηριᾶδμαι, δόσμαι, Δηριᾶμαι, ἰσῶμαι, contendo: to contend, fight. Αυτοὶ δηριᾶσθων Φ. 467. See also Π. 756. P. 734. Olymp. 13. 63.

SYN. Μάχουμαι, φιλονεικέω, ἐρίζω, ἀμιλλᾶσθαι, ἀγωνίζουμαι.

Δῆρις, ἔως, Ion. ἰὸς, ἡ, pugna: contention, conflict. Περὶ δῆριν ἐχουσιν ω. 514. SYN. Δᾶις, μάχη, ἀγὼν, ἐρίς, νεῖκος. Ερ. Ἀπειρεσία, ἀσχετός, αἰματώσεσά, ἀναιδής, ἀμείλιχος, ἀνήνυτος, ἀπεχθής, ἐχθρά, κράτερὰ, οἰζύρα, σουλόμεν, σθενερά.

Δαρῶσις, longævus. See Δαρῶσις.

Δαρὸς, ἂ, ὄν, Att. Δαρὸς, diuturnus: long, lasting; et Δαρὸν, Att. Δαρὸν, diu: a long time. B. 298. See Pors. on Orest. 26.

Δῆτᾶ, quidem, tandem: indeed, I pray. Hec. 816.

Δῆω, inveniam: I will find out. I. 418.

Δῆω, οὐς, ἡ. See Δημήτηρ. Helen. 1342.

Δία, as, ἡ, Dia: ancient name of Naxos. Διῇ ἐν ἀμφίρῳ λ. 324.

Διά, cum gen. et acc., per, propter: through, by means of, on account of. Ἐλένην ἰδοίμὶ διὰ κάλων Hec. 442.

Διάβαινω, ἐήσομαι, 2. a. ἔξην, et Διάβάσσω, trajicio, incedo: to go through, go across, pass over, to stalk along. Alcest. 927. Aves 487. SYN. Διάπερᾶω, ὑπερβαίνω, μετὰχωρῶ, διεμὶ, διέξειμι.

Διάβάλλω, Διάβάλλουμαι, trajicio; calumniator: to pierce through; calumniate. Heracl. 423. SYN. Διάβαινω, διάσῶρω, αἰτιάουμαι, λοιδορῶ, ὑβρίζω, συγκοφαντῶ.

Διάβάσσω. See Διάβαινω.

Διάδητης, ου, ὁ, circinus: a pair of compasses. Aves 1003.

Διάδιᾶζουμαι, per vim compello: to force, urge strenuously. Iph. T. 1365. See Βία. SYN. Βιάζουμαι, ἐξαγκαλίζουμαι.

Διάδῶω, ἥσω, divulgo: to proclaim. Pers. 644. SYN. Περὶδῶω, κηρύσσω, κληρίζω.

Διάδῶλλ, ἡς, Διάδῶλῖα, as, ἡ, crimination: accusation, calumny. Eur. Sup. 417. See also Pyth. 2. 140. SYN. Λοιδόρῖα, αἰτιάμᾶ.

Διάδωρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, absumtus; act. peredens: consumed; devouring. Phil. 7.

Διάδωρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, madidus: drenched, bathed. Αφρῶ διάδωρὸς γυνεῖδας Phoen. 1396. SYN. Ἰγρὸς, νυτῆρὸς.

Διάγᾶλνιζω, sereno: to make serene. See Γάληνη. Equit. 643. SYN. see Γάληνιᾶω.

Διαγγέλλω, ἔλω, annuncio: to proclaim, pronounce. Helen. 435. SYN. Εξαγγέλλω, ἀπαγγέλλω, διαδῶω.

Διάγέλω, ἄσω, derideo: to deride. Bacch. 272. See Γέλω. SYN. Κατάγέλω, χλευάζω, γέφυρίζω.

Διάγνώσκω, διαγνώσθαι, et Διγνώμι, per-nosco, dignosco: to know thoroughly, discern, determine. Εὐ διαγνώσκοντες Ψ. 240. Eumen. 699. SYN. Γινώσκω, διακρίνω.

Διαγλαύσσω, mico: to shine. Εκ πέρᾶτης ἀνιούσᾶ διαγλαύσσουσι δ' ἀταρποί Apoll. 1. 1280. SYN. Διάλαμπω, φωτίζω.

Διάγνομῖ. See Διάγνώσκω.

Διάγνῶσις, ἔως, ἡ, dijudicatio: decision, dis-cernment. Τὴν διαγνῶσιν κράτει Hipp. 693.

Διάγραψω, describo: to describe, delineate, set down. Ὅτι πεντέταλαντος διαγέγραπται μοι δίκη Nub. 774.

Διάγρυπνῶ, insomnem noctem transigo: to pass a sleepless night. Ran. 931. See Ἀγρυπνῶ. SYN. Ἀγρυπνῶ, διαγρυπνῶ.

Διάγω, ζῶ, trajicio; vitam dego: to lead through, conduct; live. Eur. fr. Antiop. 39. 4. See Ἄγω. SYN. Διάβαινω, διατρέψω, διασίδω.

Διάγωνίζουμαι, certo ad extremam dimicationem, decerto: to contend to the end, combat. Ran. 794. See Ἀγωνίζουμαι. SYN. Ἀγωνίζουμαι, ἀμιλλᾶσθαι.

Διάδᾶσκω, σῶμαι, distribuo: to distribute, divide. Hes. Theog. 881. SYN. see Δάζουμαι.

Διάδᾶπτα, dilacero: to pierce through, tear. Φ. 398. SYN. Δάπτα, διακόπτα, τέμνω.

Διάδᾶτέουμαι, despertior: to divide for oneself, appropriate. Διὰ κτήσιν δατέοντο E. 158.

Διάδέκτω, ὄρως, ὁ, hæreditate acceptus: hereditary. Ion 481. SYN. Πατρώδης, ἐγκληρὸς.

Διάδέρκω, Διάδέρκωμαι, aor. διέδρακόν, perspicio: to see through, discern. Ξ. 344. SYN. see Θεᾶσθαι et Δέρκωμαι.

Διάδεῦος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vinctus: bound. Sept. Th. 115. SYN. Δετός, δέσμιος.

Διάδεῖχμα, excipio: to succeed to another. Trach. 30. SYN. Εκδέχουμαι, πῶρᾶδέχουμαι.

Διάδηλέουμαι, valde lædo: to injure greatly, tear asunder. Theoc. 24. 83. SYN. Δηλέουμαι, λυμαινόμεν, σίνουμαι, βλάπτω.

Διάδιδράσκω, διαδιδράσθαι, aufugio: to escape. Νέανιās δ' οἶος σὺ διαδεδρακώτας Acharn. 601. SYN. Εκφεύγω, ἀποφεύγω, διαδύω.

Διάδιδομῖ, διαδῶσω, trado per manus, distribu; doceo: to disseminate, distribute; teach. Troad. 117. See Διδωμῖ. SYN. Ἀνὰδιδομῖ, διασπείρω.

Διάδιφρένω, currum ago per: to drive the chariot across. Orest. 984. See Διφρένω.

Διάδοχη, ἡς, ἡ, quicquid fit per vices: succession. Hec. 1141.

Διάδοχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, successor, vicarius; auxiliarius: successor, substitute; alleviating. P. V. 473. SYN. Διαδέξαμένους.

Διαδρασιπύλιται, ὧν, οἱ, qui reipublicæ munia subterfugiunt: those who decline to perform the offices of the state. Καὶ μὴ διαδρασιπύλιτας Ran. 1014.

Διάδρομῖ, ἡς, ἡ, discursus: a running about, consternation. Διαδρομῖν ὁμαίμονες Sept. Th. 344.

Διάδῶω, Διάδῶω, subeo per medium, elabor: to pass through, escape. Vesp. 352. See Δῶω. SYN. Διαφείγω, διαβαίνω, ἀποφεύγω.

Διάειδῶμαι, εἰσῶμαι, perspicior, exhibeo me; cognosco: to show oneself distinctly; put to trial, ascertain. Θ. 535.

Διάειδω, εἰσω, εἰσῶμαι, cantando decerto: to contend with in singing. Ἀλλὰ γέ τοι διαείσῶμαι Theoc. 5. 22.

Διαζᾶω, Διάζῶω, Ion. Διαζῶέσκω, omnem vitam transigo: to live by means of, continue to the end of life. Ορθῶς διαζῆν τὸν βίον Iph. A. 924. Apoll. 1. 1074. SYN. Ζᾶω, βίωω, διαγῶ.

Διαζεύγνυμι, ζεύξω, disjungo: to separate. Ὅτ' ἂν διαζεύγῃ Troad. 671.

Διαζήτω, excogito: to examine thoroughly.

Εὐ διεζητημένους Thesm. 438. SYN. Ἀναζητῶ, ἀνακρίνω, ἐξετάζω.

Διάθυμι, perflo: to blow through. Ἀπαλό-
χρῶς οὐ διάθωσιν Hes. Op. 517. SYN. Διάω.
Διάθειω, sulphure perfumo: to purify or
fumigate with sulphur. χ. 494. SYN. Θυμῶω,
ἐπιθυμῶω, κάθαζίζω.

Διάθῃκη, ης, ἡ, fœdus: an agreement, cove-
nant, will. Vesp. 582. SYN. Σπονδῇ, συν-
θήκη.

Διάθλιβω, premo: to oppress, afflict. Φῶτα
διαθλίβουσιν ἄνιαι Call. Ep. 10. SYN. Ἐπιθλίβω,
πίεζω.

Διάθρῶω, perspicio: to see through, investigate,
observe. Καὶ τοὺς ἄνεμους διάθρῆσαι Equit. 543.
SYN. Ἀθρῶω.

Διάθρῦπω, diffringo; deliciis frango: to break
to pieces, bruise; to corrupt or render effemi-
nate. Τριχθὰ τε καὶ τετραχθὰ διατρύφην Γ.
363. SYN. Διάρρηγνυμι, κατάρρηγνυμι, διατρίβω,
ἀλοῶω, συγκόπτω.

Διαίθυσσω, irruo: to rush, to drive as a gale.
Olymp. 7. ult. SYN. Αἰθυσσω, ἐπισκῆπτω.

Διαίμας, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguinolentus: soaked in
blood, bloody. Hec. 654. SYN. Δάφουος.

Δαίλω, ἄνω, humecto: to moisten, sprinkle,
bathe. Διαίνεσθῃ Πέρσαι Pers. 263., answered
by γέραιοις ἄκουεν. SYN. Βρέχω, ὑγραίνω,
πλύω.

Διαίρεσις, ἔως, ἡ, divisio: division, distinguish-
ing, reckoning. Eumen. 752. SYN. Νόμη,
μέρισμός, δασμός.

Διαίρετός, η, ὄν, quod dividi potest; divisus:
divisible; divided, distinct. Trach. 166.

Διαίρεω, divido: to separate, distinguish. Eur.
El. 839. SYN. Διακόπτω, διαρρήγνυμι, δια-
μερίζω.

Διαῖστω, memoriam alicujus aboleo: to
erase, obliterate. Αὐτὴν διήϊστωσέ Trach. 883.
SYN. Αἰστώ, ἀφάνίζω.

Διαίτω, ης, ἡ, vitæ ratio; victus: mode of
living; living, livelihood. Pyth. 1. 182. See
below. SYN. Βίος, βιωτός, βιοτή.

Διαίτω, arbiter sum, adjudico; med. vitam
dego: to adjudge, award; spend one's life.
Φίλημάτῃ κενὰ διαίτῃ Theoc. 12. 34. SYN.
Βράδυνω, κρίνω, διαζῶω, διαζω, διατρίβω.

Διακάνάζω, ξω, cum murmure infundo; to
pour in with a noise. Μῶν τὸν λάρυγγά διέκα-
ναξέ σοι κάλῳς Cycl. 157.

Διακαυνιάζω, sortior: to draw lots. Ἡ δια-
καυνιάσαι πότῃ Pax 1081.

Διακέάζω, ἄσω, diffindo: to cleave asunder.
o. 321. SYN. Διασχίζω, κιάζω, διατέμνω.

Διακείμαι, κείσθαι, dispositus sum: to be
disposed, behave, be situated. Troad. 113. SYN.
Πάσχω, ἔχω.

Διακείρω, κερῶ et κέρσω, detondeo: to shear,
crop off, frustrate. Θ. 8. SYN. Ἀποκείρω, κείρω,
αναίρεω, ἀνατρίπτω.

Διακείνης, frustra: in vain. Troad. 753. SYN.
Αἰνώς, ἄλλως, μάτην.

Διακερματίζω, in minutas partes seco; moneta
permuto: to cut into small pieces, mince; get
change for. Ελθὼν διέκερματίζεν ἐν τοῖς ἰχθύσι
Vesp. 789. SYN. Κερματίζω, διαθρίπτω.

Διακινέω, permovo: to stir up, agitate. Nub.
477. See Κινέω. SYN. Κινέω, εξορμάω.

Διακλάω, ἄσω, frango: to break to pieces, cut
through, snap asunder. Χερσὶ διακλάσας E.
214. SYN. Θραύω, ἀποθραύω, διαθρίπτω.

Διακκληρῶ, sorte distribuo: to distribute or
appoint by lot. Ὡς ἐφ' ἐκαστῇ διέκκληρῶσεν
Æsch. Sup. 975. SYN. Ἀποκκληρῶ, διακαυνιάζω,
λαγχάνω.

Διακλύζω, alluo: to wash. Νῶτιδι διακλύζει
μέλας Iph. T. 107.

Διακναῶ, contero, corrumpto: to gnaw
through, goad, annoy, corrupt. Ψυχὴν ἤλθεν
διακναῖσαι (paræmiac) Heracl. 297. SYN. Δια-
φθείρω, κᾶκνῶω, λωβῶμαι, μίαινω, τήκω, ἁμαρῶω.

Διακοιράνῶ, regis more obo: to give orders,
to marshal. Πόλεως διακοιράνουντα Δ. 230.
SYN. Κοιράνῶ, διατάσσω, διέπω, διέρχῶμαι, δια-
κοσμέω.

Διακονέω, famulor: to minister, wait upon.
Διακονεῖσθαι γαστρί Phil. 287. SYN. Αμφιπό-
λεύω, δουλεύω, θέραιπεύω, ὑπουργέω, ὑπηρετέω-
μαι.

Διακονικός, η, ὄν, promptus ad exsequendum
ministerium: prompt to supply, serviceable.
Ἴν' εὐθέως διακονικός εἶναι δέκῃς Plut. 1171.

Διάκονός, ου, ὁ, famulus; inprimis, qui cibos
ministrat: an attendant, minister. Ὅρνιν ἴν'
ἄκόλουθον διάκονόν τ' ἔχει Av. 73. SYN. Αμ-
φιπόλός, διάκτωρ, παῖς, ὑπηρετής.

Διακόπτω, discindo: to cut asunder, separate.
Anacr. 28. 15. SYN. Κόπτω, ἀνασχίζω, διαρρήγ-
νυμι.

Διακόρεύω, stupro: to deflower, violate. Thesm.
487. SYN. Διαφθείρω, καταισχύνω.

Διακορκοῦργέω, strepitum edere cogo: to cause
to rumble, to shake with a rumbling noise. Αυ-
τὴν διέκορκοῦργησε Nub. 386. SYN. Κορκοῦρ-
γέω, ηχέω.

Διακοσμέω, divido, dispono, rego: to divide,
arrange, marshal. B. 126.

Διακράζω, clamo: to cry out. Πόρνοισὶ καὶ
βαλάνευσὶ διακέκραγεναι Equit. 1403. SYN.
Κράζω, διαδῶω, ἀνακλάω.

Διακρύνω, e fonte refundo: to pour forth
from a pipe, pour fresh. Πῶμα διεκρυνώσῃτε
Νύμφαι Theoc. 7. 154.

Διακριδύν, præcipue; discrete, distincte:
chiefly; preferably, decidedly. Σθένει τέ δια-
κριδύν εἶναι O. 108.

Διακρίνω, discerno: to separate, distinguish,
discern. Ζεῦν διακρίνει τὸ σῆμα Θ. 195. SYN.
Διόρίζω, διαίρεω, ἀφορίζω, ἀνακρίνω.

Διακρίσις, ἔως, ἡ, discretio, adjudicatio: deci-
sion, determination. Τέλεοιτὶ διακρίσις Ἀλκι-
νόοιο Apoll. 4. 1169. SYN. Γνώμη, ψήφος.

Διακρῶτέω, subagito: to commit fornication
with. Ἀπαντὲς αὐτὴν διέκρῶτήσῃεν ἐν μέρει
Cycl. 179.

Διακτῆρία, ας, ἡ, ministerium: the office of a
herald, ministry. Musæ. 6. SYN. Αγγεῖλια,
δούλειμα.

Διακτῆρός, ου, ὁ, minister; internuncius,
epith. Mercurii: a servant; messenger, inter-
preter. B. 103. SYN. Διάκονός, ἀγγελός.

Διάκωλῶ, impedio: to hinder, prevent. Al-
cest. 33. See Κωλύω. SYN. Κωλύω, ἐπέχω.

Διάλαγχάνω, 2. a. ἐλάχων, sortito divido: to
decide by lot. Θηκτῷ σιδήρεϊ δῶμα διἀλάχεῖν
τοῦδε Phœn. 66. SYN. Διακκληρῶω, διαμερίζωμαι.

Διάλακῶω, ἥσω, cum sonitu dissilio: to burst
asunder with a noise, explode. Διαλακῆσασά
πρὸς αὐτὰ (paræmiac) Nub. 409. SYN. Διαρ-
ρήγνυμι.

Διάλαλέω, colloquor: to converse with. Cycl.
174. See Δάλέω.

Διάλαμβάνω, λήψομαι, divido: to separate, distinguish. Eur. El. 373.

Διάλαμπω, illucesco: to shine through or abroad. Plut. 744. SYN. Εκλάμπω, ἐπιδάμπω, διαφαίνομαι.

Διαλγής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, qui perdolet, luctificus: sorrowful, grievous. Choëph. 62. SYN. Γυῖρός, βάρυπενθής, βάρυαλγής.

Διάλεγμαι, loquor, dissero: to speak, converse with, reason. A. 407. SYN. Ἀγορεύω, ἀκριβοῶ, ἀπολογέομαι.

Διάλεγω, deligo: to choose, distinguish, ascertain. Lysist. 720. SYN. Διάκρινω, διόρίζω.

Διάλειχω, lingo: to lick clean. Vesp. 899.

Διάλειξις, ἔως, ἡ, sermocinatio: elocution, converse. Nub. 316. SYN. Διατρίβη, ὁμιλία, ῥησις, λέσχη, ὁριστός.

Διαλεκτῶδῶς, argue dissero: to argue with subtlety. Nub. 1498. SYN. Διαλέγῶμαι.

Διάλεπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pertenuis: very slender. Nub. 16. SYN. Λεπτός.

Διαλλάγη, ἡς, ἡ; Διέλλαγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, reconciliation: reconciliation, mediation. Τὰς διαλλάγας Phœn. 386. Helen. 585. SYN. Εἰρήνη, συναλλάγη, φίλια, μετ' ἀδελφ.

Διαλλακτήης, οὔ, Διαλλακτήηρ, ἡρὸς, ὁ, reconciliator: a reconciler. Phœn. 478. Sept. Th. 909.

Διαλλάσσω, ξω, muto; reconcilio: to exchange; reconcile. Alcest. 14. SYN. Αλλάσσω, συναλλάσσω, μεταλλάσσω.

Διάλυμαίνομαι, noceo; dilanio: to injure, dishonour; mangle. Χρησμοῖς ἀδίκους διέλυσάνθην Hipp. 1346. SYN. Βλάπτω, δάπτω.

Διάλυσις, ἔως, ἡ, dissolutio: dissolution, the putting an end to, termination. Τῶνδ' ἐπὶ διαλύσις κῆκων Phœn. 448. SYN. Διαλύγη, ἐκλύσις.

Διάλυω, ὥσω, dissolvo: to dissolve, unfasten, dismiss. Orest. 1696. See Λύω. SYN. Λύω, ἐκλύω, κατὰ λύνω, διαλλάσσω.

Διαλφίτω, farina oppleo: to fill entirely with meal. Διαλφίτωσα σου κύκλω Nub. 669.

Διαμάθυνα, in cinerem redigo: to reduce to ashes. Πόλιν διμάθουνεν Agam. 797. SYN. Ἀμάθυνα, q. v.

Διαμάττω, ξω, subigo, pinso: to knead, bake. Av. 463. SYN. Ἀνμάττω, διαπλάττω.

Διαμάχομαι, μάχομαι vel μάχομαι, depugno: to fight against. Plut. 448. See Μάχομαι. SYN. Μάχομαι, ἀνθίσταμαι, ἀντιφέρομαι, ἀντιμάχομαι, ἀντέχω, διαγωνίζομαι, ἀντάγωνίζομαι, ἐναντιόομαι, ισχυρίζομαι.

Διαμάω, demeto: to cut asunder with a sickle, tear off or asunder. Λαπαρὴν διάμησέ χιτῶνα G. 359. SYN. Ἀμάω (q. v.), ἀποτέμνω, διασχίζω, ἀποθερίζω.

Διαμήθιμι, dimitto e manibus: to dismiss, leave to, throw aside, neglect. Eur. El. 978. See Ἀφίμι, ἱμί.

Διαμείβω, ψω, commuto: to change one place for another, pass through. Iph. T. 400. See Ἀμείβω. SYN. Μετάσβαλλω, ἐπαλλάττω.

Διαμελεῖστί, membratim: limb by limb, in pieces. Τοὺς δὲ διαμελεῖστί τῶν ἰ. 291.

Διαμέτρεω, dimetior: to measure out. Χῶρον μὲν πρώτον διέμετρεῖν G. 315. SYN. Ἀνμέτρεω, διαίρεω, διατάττω.

Διαμέτρητός, ἡ, ὄν, dimensus: measured. Διαμετρητῶ ἐνὶ χώρῳ G. 344.

Διαμέτρος, ου, ἡ (sc. γραμμῇ), diameter: a

measure across, a diameter. Καὶ διάμετρος καὶ σφῆνός Ran. 799.

Διαμηρίω, femora diduco s. divarico: to divide or part the thighs. Aves 669.

Διαμυχανόομαι, fabricor: to contrive, discover.

Διαμυχανήσομαι δ' ὅπως Equit. 917.

Διαμινύρομαι, exili voce cantillo: to sing with a lamenting or whining voice. Thesm. 100. See Μινύρίζω. SYN. Μινύρίζω, δρηνέω.

Διαμοίρω, divido: to tear to pieces, deal out. Hipp. 1373. SYN. Διαδιδάττομαι, διαίρεω, μερίζω.

Διαμπαξ, penitus; semper; utrinque: right through, entirely; always; on both sides. Bacch. 982. See below. SYN. Διαπαντός, πάντως, διηνέκως.

Διαμπερές, penitus; perpetuo: quite through, entirely; ever. Εἰθέ σου διαμπερές Philoct. 791. SYN. Πάντη, παντέλως, τέλειως.

Διαμυθλόγῶ, enarro: to relate, record. P. V. 915. See Μυθός. SYN. Διαλέγῶμαι, διέξειμι.

Διαμυλλαίνω, labra distorqueo: to turn the mouth awry, to distort. Vesp. 1315.

Διαμφιδίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, seorsum positus, discrepans: very different. Τὸ διαμφιδίον P. V. 570., answering to τὸς ἐφαμείων.

Διάνδιχα, bifariam, ex duobus alter: in two ways, one of two things only. Λαοίοισι διάνδιχα μεμύηριεν A. 189.

Διανέμω, divido: to divide, distribute. Plut. 510. SYN. Ἀπομείρομαι, διάδωμαι.

Διανευμά, ἄτος, τὸ, nutatio: a beckoning. Thesm. 122.

Διάνισσῶμαι, transeo: to pass through. Pyth. 12. 44.

Διανόεωμαι, mente agito, paro: to turn over in the mind, design, intend. Eccles. 769. SYN. Αισθάνομαι, διαγινώσκω.

Διανοῖα, as, ἡ, mens: mind, thought, sense. Ἀγαθὴ διανοῖα πόλιταις Eumen. 1011. SYN. Νῆμα, ἐπινόια, γνώμη, λόγισμός, αἰσθησις, θυμός, φρήν, νόος, πράπιδες.

Διανταῖος, α, ὄν, ex adverso penetrans: penetrating through, fatal. Ion 766.

Διαντλέω, exhaurio velut sentinam, perfero: to endure, sustain. Herc. F. 1365. SYN. Ἀπαντλέω, ἀνὰ τλημί, ἀνέμνω.

Διάντω, διάντω, perficio: to finish, bring to an end. Ἰππίους διήνυσε Eur. El. 825. SYN. Ἀνῶ, ἀπεργάζομαι, τέλειω, κάτεργάζομαι.

Διαζαίνω, carmino, distraho: to card, tear asunder, distract. Ταῖς ἀρχαῖσι διαζήναι Lysist. 578. SYN. Διαλύω, ξαίνω, θλίβω, ἀναίρεω, διακόπτω.

Διαξίφίζομαι, digladiator: to attack with the sword. *Ὅς Μήδοισι διεξίφισω Equit. 781. SYN. Πόλεμῶ, διαμάχομαι.

Διαπάλαω, collector: to struggle, contend. Equit. 572. See Πάλαω.

Διαπάλλω, sortior: to fix by lot, allot. Sept. Th. 738. SYN. Πάλλω, διακλήρω.

Διαπάλυνω, in partes minutas dissecō: to cut to pieces. Ξανθὸν δὲ κράτ' ἀεπάλυνε καὶ ῥαφάς Phœn. 1176.

Διαπαττάλειω, distendo clavis affixum: to stretch on stakes fixed in the ground, peg down. Διαπαττάλευθῆσαι χαμαὶ Equit. 371. SYN. Εκτείνω.

Διαπεινώ, valde esurio: to be very hungry, starve. Acharn. 751. See Πεινάω.

Διαπειρά, as, ἡ, experientia: a trial, experience.

Δῖαπειρά τοι βρότων ἐλεγχοῖς Olymp. 4. 29. answering to χάριτων ἑκατὶ τὸνδὲ κῶμον. SYN. Εμπείρια, πείρα, βάσανος, κίνδυνος.

Δῖαπείρω, transadio: to pierce through. Phoen. 26. SYN. Πείρω, ἀναπείρω, ἐμπερόνω.

Δῖαπείρω, ad finem perduco: to bring to an end. Androm. 333. SYN. Τέλειωθω, ἀπεργάζομαι.

Δῖαπείρω, Δῖαπέρω, ἄσω, trajicio; e vagina stringo: to convey across; unsheath. Κόλῳν ἐρυστὰ διέπαιρῶθι ξίφει Aj. 730. Andr. 1248. SYN. Διάσαινω, διάγω, διέρχομαι, ἐκπέρω.

Δῖαπέρω, Δῖαπορθέω, devasto: to plunder, demolish. H. 32. Helen. 111. SYN. Ἀνατρέπειω, αἰστώ, δηῖω.

Δῖαπέρτάζω, Δῖαπῆτάννυμι, ἄσω, pando: to expand, open. Lysist. 732.

Δῖαπεύδω, perscrutor: to ask or inquire thoroughly. Agam. 808. SYN. Ἀναζητέω, ἀνακρίνω, διαπυνθάνομαι.

Δῖαπαινω, pinguefacio: to fatten thoroughly. Βότῳ ἀναις διαπαινεῖσαι Theoc. 16. 91. SYN. Παινω, λίπαινω.

Δῖαπίπτω, elabor: to fall asunder, fall away, escape. Equit. 692. SYN. Διῶλισθαίνω, ὑπεκφύγω, ἀποτῆγχανω.

Δῖαπλέκω, ἔω, intertexto; finio: to entwine; end. Aves 755. See Περὶπλέκω. SYN. Εμπλέκω, συμπλέκω.

Δῖαπλήσσω, ἔω, ictu perfringo: to dash to pieces. Ἐπειτὰ διαπλήσσοντες Ἀχαιοί Ψ. 120.

Δῖαπλόος, ου, ὁ, (1) huc et illuc delatus: sailing about; (2) subst. trajectus, transmissio: sailing across, passage. Καὶ πάννυχτοι δὲ διαπλύν Pers. 382.

Δῖαπλόω, pernavigo: to sail across, navigate. Κεῖθεν δὲ διαπλάουσιν Ἀέαντων Call. 4. 288. SYN. Δῖαπλέω, διάσαινω, διέρχομαι.

Δῖαπόντιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, transmarinus: across the sea. Theoc. 14. 55.

Δῖαπορθέω. See Δῖαπέρω.

Δῖαπράττω, conficio; transigo cum aliquo: to finish, execute, kill; treat with. Πλουτοῦσι διαπράττουσι νικῶσιν δικας Equit. 93. SYN. Ἀπεργάζομαι, κατεργάζομαι.

Δῖαπρέπης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, eximius: distinguished, conspicuous. Iph. A. 1487. See below. SYN. Ἐξόχος, ἐπιερόχος, εξαίρετος, ἐκκριτός, ἐκδηλός, ἐπίσημος.

Δῖαπρέπω, conspicuus sum: to be distinguished, excel. Ἦτ' ἀρὰ πάντων διαπρέπεις αψυχία Alcest. 658. SYN. Μετὰπρέπω, διάφω, πρῶχω, ὑπέρχω, υπερβαίνω, υπερβάλλω, ὑπερνήρῶ.

Δῖαπρίω, serra dissecō: to saw asunder. Πόσον διδως δῆτ' εἰ διαπριθεῖεν δίχα Pax 1262. SYN. Εμπρίω, διατέμνω.

Δῖαπρύσιος, α, ὄν, late porrectus; late sonans, clarus: far extended; loud, clear. Ἡῡσεν δὲ διαπρύσιον P. 247. SYN. Αὐδήεις, διατῶρος.

Δῖαπτῶ, poet. Διαπτοιῶ, perterrefacio: to alarm. Ἐπέεσσι διεπτοιῶσε γυναικας σ. 339. SYN. Πτῶω, ἐκδειμάτῶ, ἐκπλήττω, κατὰπλήττω.

Δῖαπτύσω, ἔω, evolvo: to unfold, explain. Οὔτοι διαπτυχθέντες Antig. 709. SYN. Ἀναπτύσω, διοίγω, διασάφω, φανέρω, ἐξάπλω.

Δῖαπτύχη, ἡς, ἡ, volumen: a fold. Γραμμάτων διαπτύχας Iph. T. 794.

Δῖαπύρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, igne excandefactus: ignited, fiery. Δῖαπύρος δ' ἐστὶν κἄλως Cycl. 626. SYN. Ἐμπύρος, θερμός.

Δῖαπύρω, accendo: to kindle, reduce to ashes. Τροίαν γὰρ διέπύρωσάμην Cycl. 690. SYN. Δῖακαίω, κατὰίω.

Δῖαράνω, διαρραίνω, respergo: to shed: sprinkle all over. Κρουνοὶ διερραίνοντο Trach. 14.

Δῖαρίθμω, dinumero: to enumerate. Ψήφους διηρίθμωσέ Iph. T. 967. SYN. Κατὰρίθμω, κατὰλέγω, διαλόγιζομαι.

Δῖαρκῶ, ἔω, sufficio: to be sufficient or equal to, resist, prevail. Sept. Th. 842. SYN. Ἀρκῶ, ἐαρκῶ, ἐπαρκῶ, βῶθῶ.

Δῖαρμόζω, disjuncto: to tear asunder. Orest. 1452. SYN. Ἀποσείννυμι, ἀποσπάω, χωρίζω.

Δῖαρπάω, ἄσω et ἄξω, discerpo: to snatch away by force, plunder, tear. Π. 355. SYN. Συναρπάω, διάσπαω, διασπάρασσω, ἀναρπάζω.

Δῖαρραίνω. See Δῖαράνω.

Δῖαρραῖω, vasto: to break to pieces, shatter. Νῆα διαρραίνουσι μ. 290. SYN. Δῖαπέρω, διαῖστω, διαφθείρω.

Δῖαρρέω, ρεῖδω, perfluo: to flow through, vanish. Aj. 1266. SYN. Καταρρέω, διάλυμαι, διαφθείρομαι, ἔρρω.

Δῖαρρήγνυμι, diffringo: to tear asunder; burst. Aj. 834. SYN. Ἀναρρήγνυμι, συντρίβω, σχίζω.

Δῖαρρίπτω, Διαρριπτῶ, Διαρριπτάσκω, disjicio: to toss about, scatter, hurl. Thesm. 773. Vesp. 59. I. 575. SYN. Διασκηδάννυμι, ἀπορρίπτω, κατὰβάλλω, ἐκτίνασσω.

Δῖαρρόη, ἡς, ἡ, meatus; canalis animæ: a passage through, channel; windpipe. Hec. 565.

Δῖαρρόθῶ, cum strepitu excito: to cause to spread like the noise of a torrent. Sept. Th. 176.

Δῖαρρόιζω, cum stridore ruo s. transfigo: to rush or pierce with a whizzing noise. Trach. 568.

Δῖαρρῦδην, ita ut diffluet seu diluatur: in streams. Πεπηγὲν οὐ διαρρῦδαν Choeph. 61.

Δῖαρρῦω (usit. in perf.), diffluo: to flow away, waste away. Πρὶν διερρῦκεναι Vesp. 1156. SYN. Διαρρέω.

Δῖαρρώξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, disruptus: broken asunder, rifted. Iph. T. 262. SYN. Ἀπορρώξ.

Δῖαρτάμω, in frusta concido: to cut into small pieces, devour. Δῖαρτάμῃσει σώματος P. V. 1059.

Δῖασάλλωνκίω, lascivum ago: to move lasciviously. Ὡδὶ πρόσθας τρυφείον τι διασάλλωνκίον Vesp. 1169. SYN. Ἀερνύνομαι, διαθρύπτω.

Δῖασάφω, clare explico: to explain distinctly, prove. Phoen. 409. See Σάφης. SYN. Φάνερῶ, δηλῶ.

Δῖασημῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, illustris: distinguished. Philoct. 212. SYN. Ἐπίσημος, λαμπρός, φανερός. Δῖασίω, αν, τὰ, festum in honorem Jovis Milichii Athenis: a festival in honour of Zeus Meilichios. Τοῦτ' ἐστὶν Δῖασίωσιν Nub. 408.

Δῖασιγαῖομαι, γήσθω, reticeo: to pass over in silence. Ol. 13. 130. See Σιγή.

Δῖασίωπάω, conticesco: to keep silent or secret. Ἐμελλέ δ' αὐτὰ διασίωπήσας ἀναξ Ion 1566.

Δῖασκαίρω, persulto: to bound along. Κέλευθα δῖασκαίροντες ἔποντο Apoll. I. 574.

Δῖασκανδικίζω, olitores imitor, deinde Euripidem σκανδικοπώλιδός filium (vox Aristoph.): to

imitate Euripides whose mother sold herbs called σκάνδικες. *Μη διασκανδικίσῃς* Equit. 19.

Διασκεδάννυμι, σκέδασω, poet. *Διασκίδνυμι*, dissipio: to scatter, efface. *Διεσκεδᾶσ' ἀλλυδὶς ἄλλη* ε. 369. *Æ. C. 1340. E. 529. SYN. Ἀποσκεδάννυμι*, διασπείρω, ἀπορρίπτω.

Διασκέπτωμαι, *Διασκοπέω*, *Διασκοπιᾶμαι*, dispicio: to consider thoroughly, espy. *Φέρε διασκέψομεθα* Cycl. 559. *Vesp. 246. K. 388. SYN. Σικέπτωμαι*, δέωρεω, φροντίζω.

Διασκοπέω, &c. See above.

Διασμήχω, extergendo perpurgo: to cleanse by rubbing. *Ἄσιν διασμηχθεὶς ὄναι* ἂν οὐτόςι Nub. 1237. *SYN. Σμήχω*.

Διάσφίζομαι, sophisticate ago: to deceive by cunning language. *Aves 1619.*

Διασπάρκτος, ἡ, ὄν, dilaniatus: torn to pieces. *Bacch. 1218. See below.*

Διασπάρσσω, et *Διασπάω*, ἄσω, distraho: to tear asunder. *Διασπάρττει καὶ ξυναρτᾶζει βίᾳ* Pers. 195. *Eur. Sup. 840. SYN. Ἀποσπάω*, δάπτω, συντρίβω, διαίρει.

Διασπάω. See above.

Διασπείρω, dissipio: to scatter asunder. *Τὰ δὲ διασπείρει μάτην. Soph. El. 1292. SYN. Διασκεδάννυμι*, διάφθρεω.

Διάσσω, cum impetu transeo: to hasten across, traverse. *Æ. C. 209. SYN. Διάτρεχω*, διήκω.

Διαστάδων, eminus: at a distance. *Ἐνθά καὶ ἐνθά διαστάδων* Apoll. 4. 942.

Διασταθμάδωμαι, libro, dispono: to weigh, measure, adjust. *Θεῶν διασταθμήσατο* Eur. *Sup. 213. SYN. Διάτάττω*, διαμέτρεω.

Διαστρίχω, pervado, abeo: to go through or away. *Διέστιχέ μάλα νόμειν* Theoc. 27. 68. *SYN. Βάδιζω*, διαβαίνω, διέρχομαι, διήκω.

Διαστρίλω, mico: to glitter, reflect lustre. *Διαστρίλουσι πρὸς τὸν ἥλιον* Pax 566. *SYN. Διαφαιρῶμαι*, διαλάμπω, διανύζω.

Διαστοιχίζομαι, ordine colloco, stabilio: to arrange, settle. *Καὶ διεστοιχίζετο* P. V. 238. *SYN. Διάτάσσω*.

Διαστρέφω, distorqueo: to bend aside, distort, pervert. *Εἰ διαστρέφῃσθαι* Equit. 175. *SYN. Πάργω*, παρᾶσώρω, διαφθείρω, λωθεῖσθαι.

Διαστρόφός, ου, ὅ, ἡ, distortus: distorted. *Καὶ διαστρόφους* Bacch. 1121.

Διασφαίριζω, in pilæ morem disjicio: to scatter like balls. *Χείρας διεσφαίριζε* Bacch. 1125.

Διασφικῶ, in vespan convertio: to form like a wasp. *Vesp. 1072. See above.*

Διασχίζω, disceindo: to cleave asunder. *Νείρᾳ διεσχίσθη* Π. 316. *SYN. Διαρρήγνυμι*, ἀποσχίζω, διατέμνω.

Διάσῶ, conservo: to render safe, rescue. *Helen. 65. SYN. Ἀνάσωζω*, διατηρέω, διαφυλάττω.

Διάτάττω, ξω, dispono: to arrange, station. *Vesp. 360. SYN. Διατίθωμι*, κἀταρτύω, διέτω, διασταθμάδωμαι, τάσσω.

Διάτέγγω, humecto: to moisten, soak. *Iph. T. 405. SYN. Τέγγω*, βρέχω.

Διατείχιζω, muro interjecto distermio: to separate, fortify by a wall. *Eq. 815. EXP. Συστέλλων τὰ τείχη.*

Διατέκμαιρόμαι, certis notis ostendo; conjicio: to prove by clear signs; conjecture. *Ἐκὰς διέτεκμήραντο* Apoll. 4. 284. *SYN. Τεκμαιρόμαι*, ἀνὰδεικνύμι, δηλώω.

Διατέλευτώ, *Διάτέλλω*, ad finem perduco: to

bring to an end, finish. *T. 90. Heracl. 435. SYN. Ἀνῶ*, ἀπεργάζομαι, διαίγω, διαμένω.

Διάτελλης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, perpetuus, efficax: continual, effectual. *Æ. C. 1514. SYN. Ασκέλλης*, συνέχης.

Διάτέμνω, τέμω, disseco: to cut through or asunder. *Hec. 770. SYN. Συντέμνω*, διασχίζω, διατμήγω, διακόπτω.

Διάτétrνω, vel *Διάτίτétrνω*, perforo: to bore through, penetrate. *Ἡτὰ διέτétrηντο* Thesm. 18. *SYN. Διαπείρω*, διακόπτω, διαρρήγνυμι.

Διάτῆχω, liquo, mollio: to melt thoroughly, soften. *Nub. 149. SYN. Εκτήχω*, συντήχω, μάλάττω, μαρίνω.

Διάτιθῆμι, θήσω, compono, dispono: to settle, compose. *H. Apoll. 254. See Τίθῆμι. SYN. Διάτάττω*, συντάττω, ἀποδίδωμι, καθίστημι.

Διάτίνδασω, ξω, quæssatione labefacto: to shake to pieces. *Bacch. 578. See Τινάσσω. SYN. Διάλῶ*.

Διάτινθᾶλέος, α, ὄν, ignitus: red hot. *Διάτινθᾶλέω σπυδίσον τάχως* Vesp. 328. *SYN. Διαπύρρος*, θερμός.

Διάτιτétrνω. See *Διάτétrνω*.

Διάτμήγω, *Διάτμήσσω*, disceindo: to cut asunder, separate. *Βουλεύσαντ' ἐδιέτμάγην* A. 531. *SYN. Διατέμνω*, διασχίζω, ἀφάνιζω.

Διάτμήῃ, ἥς, ἡ, incisio, compositio: a cutting, decision. *Sept. Th. 931.*

Διάτρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, penetrans; perforatus: penetrating, loud, acute; perforated. *Æ. R. 1034.*

Διάτρεχω, θρέζομαι, percurro: to run through. *γ. 177. See Διατρώγω*.

Διάτρεω, ἔσω, perterrefactus diffugio: to run away in alarm. *P. 729. See above. SYN. Τρέω*, ἐλελίζομαι, ἀποδιδράσκω.

Διάτρίβῃ, ἥς, ἡ, mora: delay. *Ἵονῶ δ' ἐκάστον διατρίβῃ πολλῇ λέγειν* Phœn. 768.

Διάτρίσω, attero; remoror: to wear out; retard. *Μῆτ' ἐκ διατρίβην* Δ. 42. *SYN. Δηθύνω*, βράδυνω, ἀναλίσκω, ἀνᾶβάλλομαι, διαίγω.

Διάτριπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, atterendi vim habens: wearing away. *Εἰ μὴ διατριπτικόν γε* Lysist. 943.

Διάτρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perversus, diversus: altered, different. *Iph. A. 559. See above. SYN. Διαφρός*, διάστρός, ἀλλόπρῶσαλλός.

Διάτρίγυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, frumento constitus inter vitum ordines: having corn planted between the vine rows. *Πεντήκοντ' ἀδιατρίγιος δὲ* ω. 341. *SYN. Καρπύφρος*, πυρρόφρος.

Διάτρώγω, τρώζωμαι, perodo: to eat through, gnaw, corrode. *Διατρώξεται τοῖνον* Vesp. 164. *SYN. Κάτεσθω*.

Διαυλόδρμος, ου, ὁ; *Διαυλόδρμος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui dialium currit: one who runs the double course. *Pyth. 10. 14. See above.*

Διαυλός, ου, ὁ, dialulus; mensura duorum stadiorum; cursus reciprocus: a double course; two stadia; reciprocation. *Πολλοὶς διαύλοις* Hec. 29.

Διαφαίνωμαι, conspicuus sum: to be distinctly seen, appear clearly. *Θ. 491. SYN. Φαίνομαι*, εμφανίζομαι, πᾶριστάμαι.

Διαφάνης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, pellucidus: quite clear. *Τῶδ' ἦν διαφανῇ* (Æ. R. 754. *SYN. Ἐκδηλός*, δηλός, εμφανής, λαμπρός, ἐπίσημός.

Διαφέρω, διόίσω, a. l. ἡνεγκά, in diversas partes fero, &c.: to carry different ways, distract, differ, cause the difference; excel. *Hec.*

597. SYN. Διῖστημι, διαλλάσσω, διαφύρω, πρῶχω, ὑπέρεχω, υπερβάλλομαι, υπερβαίνω, ἀριστεύω.

Διαφύγω, εὐδῶμαι, effugio : to escape from. Iph. T. 1327. SYN. Ἀποφύγω, εκφεύγω.

Διαφθείρω, ἔρω et ἔρσω, corrumpo : to corrupt thoroughly, spoil. Δαιμόναν διεφθάρη Eur. Suppl. 573. SYN. Διαπορθέω, ἀπόλλυμι, διακναίω, ἀναιρέω, φθείρω, λυμαινόμεναι.

Διαφθόρα, ἄς, ἡ, corruptela : corruption, destruction. Δεργμάτων διαφθοραί Phoen. 884. SYN. Φθόρα, ἐξάλειψι, δῆλημα, λύμη, ἔχθρα.

Διαφοιδέσθαι, furorē corrūpio : to be seized with frenzy. Aj. 332. SYN. Εκμανόμεναι.

Διαφθόρα, ἄς, ἡ, differentia, dissensio : difference, dissension. Med. 75.

Διαφύρω, différo, distraho : to scatter, dissipate, spread extensively. Herc. F. 570. SYN. Ἀναφέρω, ἀναβάλλομαι, διασπάρασσω.

Διαφθόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, diversus ; præstans : different, discordant ; excellent. Eur. Sup. 622. SYN. Αλλοῖος, ἀμφιλεκτός.

Διαφράζω, indico et narro clare : to show plainly, explain. Μήτηρ διεπέρφαδεν Σ. 9. SYN. Φράζω.

Διαφρέω, φρήσσομαι, pro Διᾶφρέω, transmitto : to convey. Κνίσσαν ου διαφρήσετε Aves 193.

Διαφύλασσω, custodio : to guard thoroughly, defend. Κάθμου διεφύλασσαν ἱππικόν Eur. Sup. 682. SYN. Διάσωζω, αἰνύνω, διατηρέω.

Διαφύσσω, ζω, prorsus transfundo : to pour through, exhaust. Διᾶ δ' ἐντέρᾳ χαλκὸς ἀφυσσε Σ. 317. SYN. Διάκοπτα, ἀπαντλέω, χωρίζω.

Διαχάλαω, ἄσω, laxo, dissolvo : to loosen, relax, open. Διαχάλατ' ἐμοὶ μέλαθρα Iph. A. 1340. SYN. Ἀναμύχλευω, διοίγω, διαλύω, διασκεδάννυμι.

Διαχάσκω, hisco : to gape. Eq. 530. SYN. Χάσσω, ἀναχαίνω.

Διαχέω, εὐσω, diffundo, dissipo ; disseco : to pour, spread, dissipate, destroy ; dissect. H. 316. SYN. Διασκεδάννυμι, δαίω.

Διαχράσσομαι, utor ; interficio ; mutuo sumo : to use ; kill ; borrow. Διαχρησέται τὸν ἄγοντα Theoc. 15. 54. SYN. Χράσσομαι, ἀναιρέω, διαφθείρω.

Διαχωρίζω, secerno : to separate. Thesm. 14. Δίαψαίρω, perpurgo, perflo : to sweep, waft through. Αἶραι διαψαίρουσι Aves 1714. SYN. Κάθαιρω, διαήμι.

Διάω. See Διᾶημι. Δίσαμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bipes : two-footed. Δίσαμος ἐμὶ τῇδε Rhes. 215. SYN. Δίπους.

Διῖδολος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, anceps : having two edges or points. Διῖδολόν τ' ἀκουτὰ πάλλων Rhes. 374. SYN. Διστόμος, ἀμφιδόλος.

Διγόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, geminus : twin, two kindred. See above. Eur. El. 1179. SYN. Διδύμος, δοῖος, δισσός.

Διδαγμαῖ, ἄτος, τὸ, institutio : instruction. Τοῦ διδαγματὸς μόνου Nub. 668. SYN. Εἰξίς, πεῖρα, ἐπιδειγμὰ, διδάχη, μάθημα.

Διδακτός, ἡ, ὅν, qui docere vel doceri potest : capable of teaching or being taught. Εἰ διδακτὰ μοι Trach. 64.

Διδαξίς, ἔως, Διδασκάλια, ας, Διᾶχῃ, ἡς, ἡ, doctrina, docendi actus : instruction, discipline, doctrine. Διδαξίν ἐσθλοῦ Hec. 599. Phoc. 84. SYN. Μάθησις, παιδεία, παραινέσις, διδαγμαῖ, νουθῆτημα.

Διδάσκαλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, magister : a teacher,

master. Τὸν δὲ νοῦν διδάσκαλον Troad. 654. SYN. Ἐπιστάτης, προστάτης.

Διδάσκω, διδάξω et διδάσκῃω, doceo : to teach, inform. Πολλὰ διδάσκει μὴ ὁ πῶλος βίβτος Hipp. 252. SYN. Παιδεύω, φρένω.

Διᾶχῃ. See Διᾶξίς. Διδημί, verbum vetus ap. Hom., ligo : to bind. Τῆς ἐν κνημοῖσι διδῃ Α. 105.

Διδύμων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ ; Διδύμος, ἡ, ὅν, geminus : twin, twofold. Εἰ δὲ Διοκλῆος διδυμῶνός Ε. 548. Herc. F. 657. SYN. Διγόνος, ὁμοπαῖς, δοῖος, διδυμῶγένης.

Διδύματαδός, ου, ἡ, Dor. pro Διδύμητδός, gemellipara : bringing forth two at a time. Δωσὼ διδυμῶτακόν Theoc. 1. 25.

Διδυμῶγένης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, eodem partu editus : twin-born, twin. Hel. 207. See above.

Διδύμος. See Διδύμων.

Διδωμί, δάσω, do : to give. Κρείσσω διδωσὶ τῆς Hipp. 1024. SYN. Δωρεῶμαι, χαρίζομαι, ἐπιτρέπω, ὁπάω, προσφέρω.

Διῖδῃμι, Διείδω, perspicue cognosco, perspicio : to see through or clearly, distinguish, recognise. Med. 518. See also Apoll. 1. 546. SYN. Διαδέρκομαι.

Διελύνω, evolvo : to unroll ; pass. elabor : to slip through. Διελυσθεῖσά δῶμοιο Apoll. 4. 35. SYN. Ἀποδιδιράσσω, ἀφέρπω, φεύγω.

Διείμι, Ep. fut. διείσομαι, permeo : to go through, penetrate, continue. Aves 1392. SYN. Διῖπω, διέξειμι, διέρχομαι, διώκω.

Διῖπειν, ἢ Διῖπω, distincte loquor.

Διείργω, ζω, et Διέργω, distineo : to separate by an enclosure, intersect, distinguish. Ὡς ἀρὰ τοῦς διείργον M. 424. SYN. Ἀποέργω, ἐξείργω, διαχωρίζω, διιστήμι.

Διείρῳμαι, poët. pro Διέρῳμαι, inquirō acce- rate : to inquire diligently, ask minutely. A. 550. SYN. Ἀνρωτᾶω, διερυνᾶω, ἐξερευνᾶω.

Διερωνόξενος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, simulato hospitio fal- lens : fraudulent to strangers or guests. Pax 623. Διεκπέρῳ, ἄσω, to pass through. Plut. 283.

Διῖλαύνω, διῖλασω, peragro, perequito, tra- jicio : to journey, ride, force through. Πέραν δὲ διῖλᾶσαντες ἀλλήλων ὄχους Eur. Sup. 686. SYN. Διαβαίνω, ἀναπείρω.

Διῖλκῳ, Διῖλκω, traho per : to draw through, drag out. Ἐμὲ γ' ἂν διεκλύσας Plut. 1036. φ. 299. SYN. Διᾶγω, ἐφέλκω.

Διῖμαι, (1) fugo : to put to flight ; (2) fugo : to be put to flight. Πεδιόσθι διενται Ψ. 475.

Διῖμολᾶω, divendo : to sell, betray. Philoct. 579. SYN. Διᾶπράττω.

Διεντέρεμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, investigatio de intesti- norum natura : an investigation of the intestines. Nub. 166.

Διῖεξιμί, et Διῖερχομαι, ἐλεύσομαι, egredior ; mente persequor : to go out through, pass ; in- vestigate. Διῖεξίναλ πεδιόνδε Z. 393. Phoen. 1030. SYN. Διαβαίνω, διαπέρῳ, διῖμι, ἀνα- πτύσσω.

Διῖερίργω, dirimo ; prohibeo : to separate, ex- clude, prevent. Hom. Apoll. 432. SYN. Διῖερίργω, κωλύω.

Διῖερέῳμαι, percontor : to ask, seek earnestly. K. 432. SYN. Διῖερόμαι, ἀνέρομαι, ἀνᾶκρινω.

Διῖερχομαι. See Διῖεξιμί.

Διῖπω, ab ἔπω, distincte loquor ; colloquor : to speak distinctly ; converse. K. 424.

Διῖπω, ab ἔπω, exsequor studiose ; abigo ; administro, dirigo : to follow through or up ;

drive away; manage. B. 207. SYN. Δι᾿τάσσω, ἀπειθῖναι, ἀμφέπω, διὰτίθμῃ, διοικέω, καθίσταμαι, διώκω, κύθερῶ.

Διεργάζομαι, conficio: to work through, despatch, kill. Hec. 373. SYN. Κατεργάζομαι, διαχράζομαι, ἀναίρεω, διαφθείρω.

Διέργω. See Διείργω.

Διέρειδωμαι, innitor: to kneel or rest upon, to be propped or supported. Troad. 151. SYN. Ἐρείδωμαι, στήριζομαι.

Διέρεσσω, f. διέρεσσω, remigo per: to row, wave. Troad. 1249.

Διέρως, ἄ, ὄν, humidus: wet, pliant, quick. Οὐτός ἄνῃρ διέρως βρότός ζ. 201. SYN. Μυδάλλεως, νύττις, νέοχμος, χλωρός.

Διέρπω, penetro reptando: to creep and pass through. Antig. 265.

Διέρχομαι, διελέυσομαι, transeo: to go through, reach, survey. Γ. 198. SYN. Διεξέρχομαι, διεξεμί, διδάσκαλος, παρήρχομαι.

Διεύναζω, consopio: to lull to sleep. Hipp. 1377. SYN. Ευνάζω.

Διέχω, έξω, distraho; cedo; disto; intervenio: to divide; give way; be distant; to intervene. Γ. 416. SYN. Διέρχομαι, διαρρήγνυμι, κάταρβήγνυμι, διίστημι.

Δίζωμαι, Δίζω, Δίζομαι, quæro, dubito: to seek, look for, doubt. Αντίθεον διζήμενός Ε. 168. SYN. Ζητέω, ἀνερυνάω, ἀμφισβάλλω, διαστάζω, ἀμφινύδω.

Δίζυς, ὕψος, ὁ, ἡ, bijugis; duplex: a couple; double. Διζυγές ἵπποι K. 473. SYN. Διπτύχος, δίπλοδος.

Διηγέομαι, narro: to relate, declare. Aves 198. SYN. Εξηγέομαι, εξιστορέω, διαμνημόνεω, ἀπαγγέλλω, μνηύω, διέξεμι, φράζω.

Διηέρπας, α, ὄν, per aërem: through the air. Apoll. 2. 225.

Διήκω, pervenio: to go, stretch through, penetrate through. Iph. A. 426. SYN. Διέμι, διαστέχω.

Διήλθοις, έως, ἡ, transitus: a passage across, ferry. Πόντιοι διήλθοις ένθα Apoll. 4. 1573.

Διηνέκεις, Διηνέκες, jugi et continuo tenore: continuously, in a continued series. δ. 836. Hom. Ap. 255. SYN. Συνέχως, αεί.

Διηνέκης, έως, ὁ, ἡ, continuus, perpetuus: continued, uninterrupted, unbroken. Ατράπιτοί τε διηνέκες ν. 195. SYN. Μακρός, συνέχης.

Διηνέμω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vento expositus: exposed to the wind. Trach. 326. SYN. Ίψηλός, έρημος.

Διήρως, έως, τὸ, summa pars ædificii: an elevated part, the top of the house. Es διήρως έσχάτον Phœn. 88. "Διήρως, Αττικῶς, τὸ ὑπερώπον· τὸ δὲ κατ'ὡγειον ξυνοικία λέγεται": Steph. Thes. tom. 11. p. 1218. A.

Διθηκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, anceps: double-edged. Διθηκτὸν εν σφάγασί P. V. 888. SYN. Διέθλος, ἀμφιδόλος.

Διθρόνως, et Δίστακτρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, duas sedes, et duo sceptras habens: having two thrones, two sceptres. Διθρόνον Διθρον και δισκήτρον Ag. 42.

Διθύραμβος διδάσκαλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dithyrambicus poëta: a dithyrambic poet. Ψυχὰς δὲ ἡ τρεῖς διθύραμβος διδάσκαλον Pax 827.

Διθύραμβος, ου, ὁ, (1) nomen Bacchi (vid. Βάκχος): a name of Bacchus; (2) dithyrambus, carmen Baccho sacrum: a dithyramb, or song dedicated to Bacchus. Τῶν διθύραμβων γὰρ τὰ Aves 1388.

Διῖανω, dormio: to sleep. Herc. F. 1048. See Ιᾶνω. SYN. Ιᾶνω, καθεύδω.

Διίημι, transmitto: to send or drive through. Phœn. 1108. See Ίημι.

Διῖνεύομαι, διῖζεμαι, pervenio, oratione percurre: to go through, penetrate, explain, relate. Διῖκέο καὶ κατέλεξας T. 186. SYN. Διέξειμι, διέρχομαι, καθίνεύομαι, καθήκω, διηγέομαι.

Διιπέτης, έως, ὁ, ἡ, a Jove delapsus: fallen from Jupiter, pure, liquid. Σπερχειοῦ Διιπέτεος Π. 174. SYN. Πρανής, διάφανής, διανυγής.

Διῖπολιᾶ, Διῖπολιᾶ, αν, τὰ, dies festi Athenis in honorem Jovis: a festival at Athens in honour of Jupiter Πολλίεος, as protector of the city. Μυστήρι Ήρμῃ Διῖπολιᾶ Ἀδωνία Pax. 419. See next word.

Διῖπολιώδης, έως, ὁ, ἡ, prisceus, obsoletus: coeval with the festival Διῖπολιᾶ, antiquated, obsolete, fabulous. Αρχαῖα γέ καὶ Διῖπολιώδης καὶ τεττίγων ἀνάμεσα Nub. 984. Here read, on account of the metre, Διπολιώδης, and in the preceding word Διπολιᾶ, though not for the same reason. Brunn remarks at Nub. 984, "Διπολιώδης. Sic A. B. Vulgo Διπολιώδης, ut sit proceleusmaticus pro dactylo. Placet forma contracta, Διπολία, διθύραμβος, διδασία, quorum prima itidem produceretur." "Sic etiam dixere Attici Δίφιλος, non Διφίλως." R. P. Suppl. liv. Porson denies that the proceleusmatic is admissible in Aristophanic anapaestic tetrameters.

Διστάνω, disjungo: to separate, set at variance. Βούλεται διστάνειν Vesp. 41.

Δίστημι, seorsim statuo, dissidium facio, disjungo: to set apart, set at variance, divide. A. 6. SYN. Διίστάνω, διχοστατέω, διαχωρίζω.

Δισχάνω, perumpo: to burst through or forth. Οὐκ άστρα διίσχάνεν Apoll. 4. 1698. SYN. see Διέχω.

Διτρέφής, έως, ὁ, Διitrephes. Διινώς γ' έμοῦ τὸ μερᾶκιόν δ' Διιτρέφής Av. 1442.

Δικάω, άσω, judico: to judge, decide. Δανούσι δικάζτω Θ. 431. SYN. Κρίνω, διαγινώσκω, δέμωστεύω, ἀμφισθετέω, εγκάλεω.

Δικαιοπόλις, έως, ὁ, ἡ, justitiam in urbis colens: observing justice in the cities. Pyth. 8. 31. See below.

Δίκαιος, α, ὄν, justus: just, equitable, right. Ανδρὶ δίκαιω γ. 52. SYN. Ένδίκος, έπίευκός, χρηστός, άγαθός, ίσος.

Δικαίω, justum censeo, vindico: to think a person or thing just or right, do justice to, defend, claim as a right. Φεύγει δικαίου τ' ύστis Heracl. 191.

Δικαίως, juste, jure: justly, rightly. Heracl. 188. See above.

Δικάρηνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, biceps: two-headed. Οκτάπῳδες δικάρηνοί Batrach. 289. SYN. Αμφικάρης, ἀμφικάρηνος.

Δικασπόλος, Δικαστής, ου, ὁ, judex: a minister of justice, magistrate. "As έπίοικε δικασπόλιν Α. 185. SYN. Κρίτης, δικης βράβεύς.

Δικαστήριον, (2) dimin. Δικαστηρίδιον, ου, τὸ, forum judiciale: a court of justice; (2) a petty tribunal. Eq. 307. Αὐτὸς δικαστηριδιόν μικρόν πάνν Vesp. 803. SYN. Βήμα, δικη.

Δικαστής. See Δικασπόλος.

Δικεῖλλα, ης, ἡ, ligo, bidens: a spade, mattock, pitchfork. Πῶρ καὶ δικεῖλλας Phœn. 1171. SYN. Άμν, μάκελη, μάκελλον, σκάπανον.

Δικη, ης, ἡ, jus, lis: justice, equity, a cause,

law-suit, trial. Τῆς δίκης ἡσσώμενον Ion 1117. Δίκη is frequently personified by the Greek poets. SYN. Κρίσις, ποιηή, τιμωρία, ἐγκλημα, δέμις. EP. Ἰθεῖα, σκόλια, ὅσια, λευσίμους, ξίφη-φορὸς, νικηφόρος, τιμωρός, χρυδαῖος.

Δικηλόν, or Δείκηλόν, ου, τὸ, effigies: image, representation. Χαλκείη δικηλόν ἐν ασπίδι Apoll. 1. 746.

Δικην, instar: like to. Παῖδας αἱ δὲ πᾶλεμίων δικην Hec. 1144.

Δίκηφορός, ου, δ, juris defensor, vindex: a supporter of justice, avenger. Choëph. 114. SYN. Τιμωρός. See Δίκη.

Δικιδίον, ου, τὸ, lis parvula: a petty suit. Οἷαν δικιδίους τὴν δ' ἑτέραν αὐτοῦ γνάθον Nub. 1108.

Δικλῖς, ἴδως, ἡ, quæ duplici clave obseratur: doubly barred, folding. Δικλιδες ἐν δὲ γυνή β. 345.

Δικροράφεω, lites consuo, to patch up law-suits, to be litigious. Οὐκ ἔων δικροράφειν Nub. 1485. SYN. Αμφοσητέω, φίλδνεικέω.

Δικροῦφος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui duplicem verticem habet: having two tops. Phœn. 234. See Διπύλος and Κύρρη. SYN. Διλόφος, διακρήνως.

Δικράτης, ἔως, δ, ἡ, divisum habens imperium: possessing a twofold authority. Δικράτεις Ἀτρεΐ-δαι Aj. 251., answering to περίφαντος ἀνὴρ. SYN. Διθρόνος, δισκηπτρός.

Δίκροδς, Δίκροδς, bifidus: having two prongs, forked. Δίκροδς ἑώθουν τὴν θέν Pax 636. SYN. Δικάρηνός.

Δικροτός, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) utrimque pulsans: beating on both sides; (2) duabus orbitis sectus, tritus: marked by two wheels, rutted. Ἥμην δικροτόν εἰς ἀμαξίτον Eur. El. 775.

Δικτυνᾶ, ης, ἡ, nomen. nymphæ; item Dianæ: a nymph; Diana. See Ἀρτεμις. Iph. T. 127.

Δικτυόκλωστος, ου, δ, ἡ, in retia plexus: net-like. Antig. 353. See above.

Δικτύον, ου, τὸ, rete: a net. Δικτύων βρόχους Orest. 1308. SYN. Ἀρκύς, γάγγαμον.

Δίκω; jacio: to throw. Ξίφος δίκων ἐς γαῖαν Phœn. 1432. SYN. Βάλλω, ρίπτω, κατὰβάλλω.

Δικωτός, ου, δ, ἡ, duos remos habens: two-oared. Alcest. 253. See Διπύλος.

Διλογχᾶς, ου, δ, ἡ, duas gestans lanceas: doubly-armed, two-fold. Agam. 626. See Διπύλος.

Διλόφος, ου, δ, ἡ, duas cristas seu duplicem verticem habens: having two crests or cliffs. Antig. 1139. See Διπύλος. SYN. Δικάρηνός.

Διμοῖρος, ου, δ, ἡ, duas habens partes: having a double portion. Æsch. Sup. 1078. See Διπύλος.

Δινδυμία, ης, ἡ, Dindymia: a name of Cybele. Μητέρα Δινδυμῖν Apoll. 1. 1125.

Δινεύω, Δινέω, Ion. Δινευέσκω, gyro verso: to whirl or roll round. Δινέων ὥς δ' ὅτε τις ι. 384. Σ. 543. Ω. 12. SYN. Ἀνακύκλω, εἰλέω, κυλινδῶ, στρέφω.

Δίνη, ης, ἡ; Δίνος, ου, δ, vortex, turbo: a whirlpool, whirlwind. Ζωὸς δ' ἐν δίνησι φ. 132. Vesp. 616. SYN. Ἄελλα. EP. Αργύρεα, αργυρόειδης, ἐκλήντος, ἀνεύκκης, δόη, λευκή.

Δινῆεις, εσσᾶ, ἐν, vorticosus: whirling round, eddying. Ξάνθου ἀπὸ δινῆεντος B. 877.

Δίνος. See Δίνη.

Δινωτός, ἡ, ὅν, tornatus: rounded, inlaid all round. Ἡσὺ δὲ μω δινωτὸν Apoll. 3. 44.

Pros. Lex.

Διδεῖδλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, a Jove missus: hurled by Jupiter. Alcest. 129. See Διδεῖδ. SYN. Διδεῖδλδς.

Διδεῖδλδς, ὅρος, δ, Jovis genitor: father of Jove. Bacch. 122. See Διδεῖδ.

Διδεῖδλδς, ἔως, Διδεῖδλδς, Διδεῖδλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, e Jove natus: Jove-sprung, noble. Ὡ δέσποινα Διδεῖδλδς Δεῖδ Cycl. 350. Hes. Scut. 340. Hipp. 560. SYN. Διδεῖδ, εὐεῖδλδς, γενναῖος.

Διδεῖδλδς, ου, ἡ, transitus: a way through, passage, passport. P. V. 1086. SYN. Ὅδος, πάροδος, πορθμεῖον.

Διδεῖδλδς, à Jove: from Jove. Τοῖδ' ἐπ' ἐμὸν βίπῃ Διδεῖδλδς P. V. 1090. SYN. Οὐρανὸς ἐν.

Διδεῖδλδς, Διδεῖδλδς, ξω, aperio: to open widely, gape, expand. Τὰς γνάθους διδοῖγυτε Eccles. 852. SYN. Ἀνοῖγω, ἀναπέταζω, διαπτύσσω.

Διδεῖδλδς, α, ὅν, differendus: must be carried through or round. Phœn. 272.

Διδεῖδλδς, sagitta trajicio: to shoot through. Νευρὴν τ' ἐντάνυται διδοῖγυτε τὴ τ. 587. SYN. Ἀκουτίζω, κατὰβάλλω.

Διδεῖδλδς, permeo: to pass through. Eumen. 316. SYN. Διδεῖδλδς, διαμένω.

Διδεῖδλδς, abivi, perii: to be departed, undone. Eur. Sup. 540. The perfect (διόχχῃ or διόχκω) has often the meaning of the present.

Διδεῖδλδς, ὅλος, δ, Diocles. Ἐτικτέ Διδεῖδλδς μέγαθμον E. 547.

Διδεῖδλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, Jovis fulmine ictus: struck with lightning. Ἡ Διδεῖδλδς γένος Æsch. Sup. 161. SYN. Διδεῖδλδς.

Διδεῖδλδς, διδοῖγυτε, ἡσω, elabor e mani-bus: to slip through, escape. Anacr. 44. 9. Nub. 434. SYN. ὀλισθαίνω, ἐκφεύγω.

Διδεῖδλδς, ὀλέσω, disperdo; obliviscor: to destroy, ruin, lose; forget. Hipp. 1388. SYN. Φθείρω, διαφθείρω, ἀπὸλλυμι, με λανθάνει.

Διδεῖδλδς, ἔως, δ, Diomedes: Diomed, the son of Tydeus. Βῶν ἀγαθὸς Διδεῖδλδς B. 567. EP. Τυδείδης, δῖος, ὑπέρθυμος, ἱπποδάμους, ἀγαθός, δουρικλῆτος, κράτερός, ἐχέσπαλδς, μένεπτόλε-μδς, ἐρικυδῆς, σθενάρδς, ἰφθιμδς.

Δίνω, ου, τὸ, urbs Eubææ, περὶ τὸ Κήναιον, Strab.: a city in Eubææ. Κήνινδον τ' ἐφάλλον Δίου τ' B. 538.

Διδεῖδλδς, αν, τὰ, Dionysia: festivals in honour of Bacchus. Εἰσιῶν Διδεῖδλδς Acharn. 202.

Διδεῖδλδς, ἄδδς, ἡ, Bacchica: of Bacchus. Herc. F. 891. See above.

Διδεῖδλδς, ου, δ. See Βακχδς. Διδεῖδλδς ουκ ἔφασκδν Bacch. 27.

Διδεῖδλδς, ἔως, δ, ἡ, de cælo delapsus: fallen from heaven. Δεῖδλδς Διδεῖδλδς λᾶσειν Iph. T. 977. SYN. Διδεῖδλδς.

Διδεῖδλδς, ου, Διδεῖδλδς, ἡρδς, Διδεῖδλδς, ου, δ, in-spector, administrator: a commander, inspector. Rhes. 234. 738. K. 562. SYN. Κατόπτης, ἐποπτήρ, ἐπόπτης, ἐπισκοπδς, κατὰσκοπδς, Δεω-ρδς, ἐφδρδς, κηδεμδν, ἡγέμδν, βασιλεῖς.

Διδεῖδλδς, in-picio, specular: to look through, survey. K. 451. SYN. Εἰσδράω, ἐποπτεύω, ἐφδράω.

Διδεῖδλδς, Διδεῖδλδς. See Διδεῖδλδς.

Διδεῖδλδς, Διδεῖδλδς, recte quidquam facio: to correct, adjust, state rightly. Eur. Sup. 427. Helen. 1158. SYN. Ἀνορθώ, διευθύνω, διατάττω, ἀνατίθμῃ.

Διδεῖδλδς, distermio, definio, distinguo, statuo; I

to fix limits, mark out, distinguish, settle. *Æ. R.* 723. *SYN.* Ἀφθρίζω, διαστέλλω, διατάσσω, διαχωρίζω.

Διόρυνμαι, propero per: to hasten through. *Παμφύλων τε διορυνόμενα* *Æsch. Sup.* 561.

Διόρύττω, ξω, perfodio, scrutor: to dig through, break open, scrutinise. *Vesp.* 350. *SYN.* Διαρρήγνυμι, διαπείρω.

Διορχέσμαι, persulto, decerto saltando: to continue to dance, contend in dancing. *Vesp.* 1499. *SYN.* Ορχέσμαι, διάλλυμαι.

Διός, ἄ, ὄν, a Jove genitus, divinus, purus, inclytus: sprung from Jove, divine, incorruptible, pure, serene, mighty, noble. Διὸμῆδ᾽ ἔα διον *E.* 46. Διᾶ γυναικῶν ο. 106. *SYN.* Αντιθέος, ἰσθθεός, ἐνδοξός, δαυμαστός.

Διόσδοτος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, a Jove donatus: Jove-iven. *Pyth.* 8. 37. See Διόσκουροι.

Διόσημία, ας, ἥ, signum a Jove missum: a sign from Jove, portentous storm. Διόσημία ὅστι καὶ βάνις *Acharn.* 171. *SYN.* Τέρπας, τὸ ἐναίσιοδον.

Διόσκουροι, Διόσκουροι, οἱ; Διόσκωρ, τῶ, Jovis filii gemini: Castor and Pollux. Ουδὲν ἢ Διόσκωρ *Orest.* 459. *Eur. El.* 1237. *Iph. A.* 769. *SYN.* see Κάστωρ, and Πόλυδεύκης.

Διότρεφής, ἔος, ὁ, ἥ, Jovis alumnus: Jove-nourished, noble. Δήεις δὲ Διότρεφέας βάσιλῆας *η.* 49.

Δίπαις, αἰδός, ὁ, ἥ, duorum liberorum parens; his puer: a parent of two children; twice a child. *Choëph.* 332. See Διπύλδος.

Διπαλτός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, qui utrimque vibrari potest: hurled with two hands; *act.* bina tela tenens: holding two weapons. Ὡς δ' εἰδόμεν διπαλτᾶ *Iph. T.* 324. *SYN.* Αμφιδέξιός, αμφιέδός.

Διπλάζω, geminus sum; gemitio: to be doubled, augmented doubly; to double. *Eur. Sup.* 791. *SYN.* Ἀνὰ διπλάζω, διπλῶ, ἀνὰ διπλῶ, διπλῶς εἰμι.

Δίπλαξ, ἄκός, ἥ, duplex læna; duplex: a doublet; double. Καὶ δίπλακά δᾶκα *τ.* 241. *Ψ.* 253.

Διπλάσιος, α, ὄν, Διπλῶς, η, ὄν, Διπλοῦς, ἥ, οὖν, duplex: double, twofold. Ἴν' ἥ διπλάσιος δ' ὕψος *Aves* 55. The α is always short. See Brunck *ad loc.* *Iph. T.* 689. *SYN.* Δίπλαξ, δίπτωξ, δίπτωχος, δίστωλός, διχθαδῖός, δισός, διδυμός.

Διπλάσιως, dupliciter: doubly, in a twofold portion. Πρέσβεις διπλάσιως μάλ' ὄν *Av.* 1577.

Δίπλοισι, duplico: to double, render double. Ἀχθος διπλοῖσι *Agam.* 808. *SYN.* Δίπλάζω. Διπλῶς. See Διπλάσιος.

Διπδιδάζω, salto κατὰ διποδίαν more *Laconum*: to dance with both feet. Ἴν' ἐγὼ διπδιδάξω γέ *Lysist.* 1243. *Exp.* Τοῖς δὴ πῶς χόρεῖται.

Διπδιδάδης. See Διπδιδάδης.

Διπρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἥ, bimaris: between two seas. Ἡ διπρὸν κόρυφάν *Troad.* 1087.

Διπρῶτός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, qui a duobus fluviis aluitur: between two rivers. Διπρῶτόν ἰν' ὄν *Eur. Sup.* 621.

Δίπους, πῶδός, ὁ, ἥ, duos pedes habens: two-footed. Μαῖα πέλας δίπους ὄφει *Æsch. Sup.* 896.

Διπύχός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, duplex, geminus: double, twin. Διπύχᾳ ποιήσαντες *γ.* 458. *SYN.* See Διπλάσιος.

Διπύλός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, duas portas habens: having

two gates or doors. Ὡς σχῆμα πέτρας διπύλῳ αὐθῖς αὐ πάλιν *Philoct.* 975.

Διπύρδος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, duplici flamma splendidus; bis coctus: having double lights; twice baked. Σὺ δ' ὦ Διὸς διπύρους ἀνέχουσα λαμπάδας *Ran.* 1361.

Δίρκα. See Δίρκη.

Δίρκαῖος, α, ὄν, Dircaeus: of Dirce. *Phœn.* 742.

Δίρκη, ης, Dor. Δίρκα, ἥ, Dirce: a nymph; a fountain near Thebes. *Sept. Th.* 259. *SYN.* Εὐπάρθενός, μάκαιρα, καλλιρέεθρός, καλλιρόδς. Πηρ. Δίρκας ἄγνων ὕδωρ, ἐνέματ' α σεμνὰ Δίρκας. Ἰρρυμός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, duos temones habens: having two shafts. Δίρρυμ' α τε καὶ τριρρυμ' α τέλη *Pers.* 47. *Anap.* dim.

Δίρφυς, ὄος, ἥ, Dirphys: a mountain in Bœotia. *Herc. F.* 183.

Δίς, bis: twice. Νέους δίς εἶναι *E. Supp.* 1091.

Δισθάνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἥ, bis mortuus: twice dead. Δισθάnees ὅτε τ' ἄλλοι *μ.* 22.

Δισκεῖν, Δισκέω, discum projicio: to throw the quoit, hurl. *Ion* 1267. *Isthm.* 2. 51. *SYN.* Ῥιπτάζω, πρὸς ἄλλω, περὶ δινέω, ἰάπτω.

Δισκημῶ, ἄτος, τὸ, projectio ut disci: the throwing of a quoit, a hurling. *Troad.* 1111.

Δισκηπητρός. See Διθρόνός.

Δίσκος, ου, ὁ, discus: a quoit. *δ.* 626. *Ep.* Διθίνος, κάτωμαδῖος.

Δισσαρχαί, ὄν, οἱ, duo regnantes vel regii: two royal. *Aj.* 390.

Δισσός, Διττός, ἥ, ὄν, geminus, duplex: twin, double. See Διπλάσιός. *Helen.* 505.

Δισσῶς, dupliciter, iterum: doubly, again. *Phœn.* 1347. *SYN.* Διπλάσιως, αὐθῖς.

Δίστωλός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, geminus: twin. *Æ. C.* 1055. *SYN.* see Διπλάσιός.

Δίστωμός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, geminum os habens, aniceps: having two mouths, two-edged, two-angled, where roads intersect each other. *Æ. C.* 900. *SYN.* Αμφιστόμος.

Διττός. See Δισσός.

Διῦγρός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, humidus, lacrymis madens: wet, moistened with tears. *Sept. Th.* 993. See Ἰγρός. *SYN.* Διέρρος, αἰμάτοστεγης.

Διψᾶω, quæro: to seek by feeling, catch. Ὅδε τήθεά διψᾶν *Π.* 747. *SYN.* Ζητέω, ἐρευνᾶω, ἐξετάζω, μαστεύω, ματεύω.

Διφθέρα, ας, ἥ, pellis; vestis coriacea: a skin, hide; shepherd's cloak. *Vesp.* 444. *SYN.* Δέρμα, βαίτη.

Διφρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἥ, bifer: producing two or twice a year. *Eccles.* 707. See Διπύλδος.

Διφρευτής, Διφρηλάτης, ου, ὁ, auriga: a charioteer. Καὶ τὸν διφρευτὴν Ἥλιον *Aj.* 868.

Iph. A. 216. *SYN.* Ἀρμάτηλάτης, ἡνιόχος, ὑφηνιόχος, τρῶχηλάτης, ἐλάτηρ.

Διφρεῖν, Διφρηλάτῃ, aurigo: to drive a chariot, glide in a chariot. Εἰλικύσε διφρεῖν *Androm.* 108. *Rhes.* 777. *SYN.* see Ἀρμάτεω.

Διφρηλάσις, ας, ἥ, aurigatio: driving, skill in driving the chariot. *Olymp.* 3. 66. See Ἐλάσιππος.

Διφρηλάτῃ. See Διφρεῖν.

Διφρηλάτης. See Διφρευτής.

Διφρίσκός, ου, ὁ, currus sedes: a coach-box. Τρεῖς μναὶ διφρίσκου *Nub.* 31.

Διφροντίς, ἰδός, ὁ, ἥ, animi dubius: irresolute. Ὅπως διφροντίς οὐσά *Choëph.* 194.

Δίφρως, ου, ὁ, pl. δίφροι et δίφρα, (1) locus in

curru, in quo parabates et auriga sedebant: a coach-seat, chariot-box; (2) currus: a chariot. Εμβέβας δίφρον Phœn. 2. SYN. Ἄρμα, ζεύγος, ἄμαξά, ὄχος, ὄχημα, ἄντυξ. ΕΡ. Κάλος, νεύτευχής, πρωτόπαγής, παμφάνουν, ποικιλός, ἀεικέλιος, εὐεστός, εὐδός, περίκαλλής, κολλητός, ευεργής, ξεστός, εὐπλεκτός, εὐπλέκης, (Hom.) ἵππειος, ἄρματιεύς, ἐλεφάντινός, καμπύλος, πολυδαίδαλός, πεισίχαιλινός.

Δίφροφόρεω, sellam porto: to carry a litter or chair. Καλὸν τὸν δίφρον γὰρ δίφροφόρει Av. 1552.

Δίφροφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sella portat: a chairman. Eccl. 734. See above.

Διχᾶ, (1) bifariam: in two ways; (2) sine: apart from, without. Δόξά δ' ἐχώρει διχ' ἄν Ἑλλάνων Hec. 116. SYN. Διττῶς, διπτύχᾳ, χωρίς, ἄνευ.

Διχῆλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ungulam habens bisulcam: cloven-footed. Ἡ διχῆλὸν ἐμβάσιν Baech. 729.

Διχῆρης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, divi-or: a divider, bisector. Μηδὸς διχῆρης Ion 1156.

Διχῆδιός, α, ὄν, duplex: double. Διχῆδιᾶς Κῆρας I. 411. SYN. Δοιός, διπλός, διπλάσιος.

Διχῆθουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, discors: quarrelling with. Μοίρα Νεμέσιν διχῆθουλον Olymp. 8. 114. SYN. Διχῆφρων.

Διχῆθεν, a duabus partibus: from two sides. Καλὶ ταῦτ' ἀδιχῆθεν μισθοφόρουντ' ἀλφίτα Pax. 477.

Διχοίνικόν, ου, τὸ, mensura continens duas chœnices: a measure consisting of two chœnices. Πᾶρεκόπην διχοίνικον Nub. 640.

Διχόμενις, ἰδός, ἡ, ad lunam plenam pertinens: of the full moon. Πρὸς γὰρ οἱ διχόμενις ἄπ' Apoll. 1. 1231. SYN. Πανσέληνος.

Διχόμενός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ambiguus: ambiguous, prevaricating. Διχόμενθ' ἀπατέρα μὲν σὸν Orest. 888.

Διχορράγης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, dupliciter ruptus: split in two. Διχορράγης ἔκειτο Herc. F. 1008.

Διχορρόπως, cum inclinatione in duas partes, ambigue: with divided impulse, partially, ambiguously. Μὴ διχορρόπως ἰδεῖν Agam. 367.

Διχοστάσια, ας, ἡ, dissensio, seditio: schism, sedition. Αργᾶλησὶ διχοστασίῃς κεδῶνται Apoll. 4. 501. SYN. Διᾶφύρά.

Διχοστατέω, dissideo: to disagree, separate from. Μὴ διχοστατῇ Med. 15.

Διχόφρων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, discors: discordant. Sept. Th. 902. See above. SYN. Διχῆθουλός.

Διψά, ης, ἡ; Διψός, εὖς, τὸ, sitis; cupido: thirst, drought; desire. Eccl. 146. Cycl. 97. SYN. Ἐλδωρ, ἐπιθυμία. ΕΡ. Αργᾶλεα, ἀνάλεα. ξηρά, θυμοφθόρος, κέλαινη, λυσιμέλης, μάλερά. ΡΗΗ. Διψᾶλεα ἀνάγκη.

Διψάλεός, Διψίός, α, ὄν; Διψός, ἄδός, ἡ, siticulosus, aridus: thirsty, parched, scanty. Μὲς ποτὲ διψάλεός Batrach. 9. Alcest. 576. Apoll. 1. 1146. SYN. Ξηρός, αζᾶλεός, πολυδιψίός.

Διψός. See Διψάλεός.

Διψάω, inf. διψῶν, sitio; cupio: to thirst; long for. Nub. 441. SYN. Ἰμείρω, ἐπιθυμέω.

Διψίός. See Διψάλεός.

Διψός. See Διψά.

Δίω, (1) persequor fugientem: to pursue; (2) fugio, timeo: to fear, flee. Περὶ γὰρ διέ νηυσὶν I. 433. SYN. (1) Εκφύεω, ἀπέλαυνω, διώκω, (2) φεύγω, διδράσκω, εκφεύγω.

Διώμα, ἄτος, τὸ, persequendi actio; id quod persequitur; id quod persequimur, praeda: pursuit; that which pursues; which is pursued, prey. Orest. 990. See below.

Διώμας, οὐ, ὁ; Διώκτης, ὄς, ἡ, persecutio: pursuit, rout, chase. Οἶμαι διωγμῶν Orest. 412. Call. 3. 194. SYN. Ιωχμός, κάκωσις.

Διῶδύνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gravem dolore affers: agonizing. Ἦκουσ' ἐκ διῶδύνος Trach. 779.

Διῶθῆμαι, ὠσύμαι, transjicio, detrudo: to push or pierce through, reject, force asunder. Androm. 861.

Διῶκαθω. See Διῶκα.

Διῶκτέος, α, ὄν, persequendus: to be pursued. Acharn. 219. See below.

Διῶκτός. See Διώμας.

Διῶκω, ξω, Att. Διῶκαθω, persequor: to go swiftly through, pursue, hasten. Φιλάτῃ διῶκμαι Soph. El. 871. SYN. Ἐπιδιῶκω, κατὰ διῶκω, μετὰ διῶκω.

Διῶλυνγίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, late patens, magnus: vast, extensive. Πέξ' ἀδιῶλυνγίος Apoll. 4. 1258. Σκότεινῃ, ἡ ἐπιπλὺ δῆκουσά, says the Schol. It does not, however, signify the former. See Ruhnk. ad Tim., p. 88. The explanation of the Schol. is erroneous. SYN. Μέγας, μακρός.

Διῶμότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, juratus; perjurus: bound by an oath; perjured. Philoct. 593. SYN. Ἐνώμότης, ὀρκίος, ἐνὸχος.

Διῶνῃ, ης, ἡ, Dione: mother of Venus. Κούρη Διῶνῃς Κύπρι Helen. 1097. ΕΡ. Ἐράτῃ, εὐπλόκαμος, κάλῃ, ξανθῇ, σεμνῇ.

Διῶνυμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, binominis; inclutus: having two names; honourable. Ἄ διῶνυμοὶ δεῖα Phœn. 694. SYN. Οὐκ ἀνώνυμος.

Διῶνυσός, poet. pro Διόνυσός, q. v. Ἡ δὲ Διῶνυσον Σέμελῃ E. 325.

Διῶρης, εὖς, ὁ, Diores: Ἦρχε κρατὲρὸς Διῶρης B. 622.

Δμῆσις, εὖς, ἡ, domatio: a subduing. P. 476.

Δμητήρ, ἥρως, ὁ; Δμητείρα, ας, ἡ, domitor, domitrix: a tamer, subduer. Hom. H. Nept. 5. E. 259. SYN. Ἰπποδάμους, ἄρχων.

Δμωή, ης, Δμωίς, ἰδός, ἡ, ancilla, serva: a female enslaved by conquest, handmaid. Iph. T. 143. Baech. 506. SYN. Δούλη, δερᾶπανα, παιδίσκη, ἀμφίπολος; on which word see the remark. ΕΡ. Λευκώλενος, εὐπλόκαμος, μὲνέρα.

Δμὸς, ὠδός, ὁ, servus: a slave, man-servant. Eur. El. 631. SYN. Δούλος, δῖς, δερᾶπαν, παῖς, ὄπηδός, πρόποδός. ΕΡ. Πάλαιος τάλᾶσιφρων, πιστός, κενός, ὄτηρδός. ΡΗΗ. Πάλαιον οἶκον κατῆμα.

Δνὸπάλιζω, motu vehementi dejicio, circumjicio: to shake and strike, throw round. Τὰ σὰ βάκεια δνὸπάλιζεις E. 512. SYN. Ἀποπλήττω, ἀναίρω, φονεύω, ἀμπεχω.

Δνὸφέρος, ἄ, ὄν, tenebrosus: dark, gloomy. Νύκτ' ἀδιῶν φέρῃν ο. 50. SYN. Μέλας, μέλαγχρος, κελανός, ζφθεῖς, ὀρφναῖος, σκότεινός, ἄσέληνός.

Δνὸφός, ου, ὁ, tenebræ: darkness, gloom, sorrow. Choeph. 47. SYN. Ἀχλὺς, σκότος.

Δοθῆν, ἥνός, ὁ, furunculus: a felon. Ὅτω δοθῆνι σκρόδδον ημφίεσμένω Vesp. 1172.

Δοιή, ης, ἡ, dubitatio: doubt. Εν δοιῇ δὲ σώσωμέν I. 230.

Δοῖδυς, υκός, ὁ, pistillum: a pestle. Δοῖδυνά καὶ κισῳτίον Plut. 711.

Δοιός, ἄ, ὄν, duplex: twofold; pl. δοιοί, αἱ, ἄ, duo: two. Ἀμφὶ δ' ἄρ' Αἰάντας δοιοὺς N. 126. SYN. see Διπλάσιος.

Δοκάζω, f. med. δοκᾶσθαι et δόδασθαι, Ion. Δοιαζέσκω, videor mihi, arbitror: it seems, to

think, conjecture. Ψ. 339. Apoll. 3. 818. SYN. see Δοκέω. PRR. Διπλῆς μέριμνης διπτύχους ὡν δοῦς.

Δοκέω, observo, insidior: to observe, lie in wait for. Θ. 340. SYN. Ἐπιτηρέω, παρᾶτηρέω, ἐφ᾽ ὁρᾶω.

Δοκέω, ξω et ἦσω, videor; censeo, arbitror: to seem, appear; to think, determine, decree. Eur. Suppl. 229. SYN. Δοξάζω, εἶδμαι, εὐοκᾶ, δοκίμαζω, κρίνω, οἶμαι, ἐλπίζω, νομίζω.

Δοκῆμᾶ, ἄτος, τό; Δόκησις, ἔως, ἡ, opinio: opinion, surmise. Troad. 411. Herc. F. 288. SYN. Προσδοκία, ὑποψία, ὑπόνοια, γνώμη, δόξα, δοκά.

Δόκησις. See above.

Δόκησιςδῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sibi videtur sapiens esse: conceited. Νεανίας δόκησιςδῶς τῶδε πράγμα τι Pax 44.

Δοκίμαζω, ἄσω, exploro: to examine, try, ascertain. Vesp. 578. See below.

Δοκίμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, probus, probatus: tried, approved, estimable. Ω φίλος ὦ δοκίμωτάτος Ἑλλάδι Eur. Sup. 288. SYN. Εὐδοκίμος, δίκαιος, χρηστὸς, ἀγᾶθος, χρησίμος, τέλειος.

Δοκίμως, vere: faithfully. Pers. 553. See above.

Δοκός, οὔ, ἡ, trabs, tignum: a beam or rafter. Eur. fr. Cretens. 2. 6. Et Δοκός, opinio: opinion. Callim. 1. 464.

Δοκῶ, ὄς, ἡ, opinio: suspicio: opinion, suspicion, notion. Eur. El. 747. SYN. see Δοκῆμα.

Δολερὸς, Δολίος, α, ὄν; Δόλδεις, εσσᾶ, ἐν, dolosus: crafty, deceitful, treacherous. Τοῦτ' εἰς γυναικας δολίον εστί καὶ σᾶθρόν Bacch. 479. Av. 451. Iph. A. 1526.

Δολιόνες, ων, οἱ, gens Propontidis: a nation near the Propontis. Δολιόνες ἀμφένεοντο Apoll. 1. 947. Ep. Εὐζένοι.

Δολιόπους, πῶδός, ὁ, ἡ, insidiosus s. furtivo pede: cunning-footed, clandestine. Soph. El. 1392. See Δολίος.

Δολίος. See Δολερὸς.

Δολιόφρων, Δολόφρων, ὄνός; Δόλδμητις, ἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, fraudulentus: cunning-minded, crafty, treacherous. Iph. A. 1305. Aesch. Sup. 746. Od. γ. 250. See Δολίος.

Δολίχωνυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, longas tibus habens: fixed in long sockets, long. Αἰγανέας δολίχωνυς ι. 156.

Δολίχονυχην, ἐνός, ὁ, ἡ, longam cervicem habens: long-necked. Iph. A. 794. See above.

Δολίχεγχης, ἔς, ὁ, ἡ, longa hasta armatus: armed with a long spear. Ἀνδρᾶς ἀγων δολίχεγχῆς Φ. 155.

Δολίχῆρετος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, longis remis utens: having long oars, skilful in rowing. Φαίηκες δολίχῆρετοι Σ. 191.

Δολίχος, ἡ, ὄν, longus, diuturnus: long, of long duration, tedious. Ἡ δολίχῃ νοσὸς λ. 170. SYN. Διηνείκης, μακρὸς, ευμήκης, τάνυος.

Δολίχόσκιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, longam projiciens umbram: projecting a long shade. Δολίχόσκιον ἐγγος Γ. 346.

Δόλδεις. See Δολερὸς.

Δόλοκτᾶσία, ας, ἡ, caedes dolosa: murder insidiously perpetrated. Δόλοκτᾶσίας ἱλάσθαι Apoll. 4. 480.

Δόλομητις. See Δολιόφρων.

Δόλομυθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dolose loquens: treacherously speaking. Trach. 841. See Μῦθος.

Δόλοπῆιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Dolopeius: of the hero Dolops. Ακτὴ καὶ τύμβος Δόλοπῆιός Apoll. 1. 585.

Δόλοπλοκία, ας, Δόλοφρόσῃνη, ης, ἡ, doli meditatio: craft, cunning. Τῷ δὲ δόλοπλοκίαι Theog. 226. Trach. 834. SYN. Δόλδς.

Δόλοποιός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, dolos nectens: treacherous. Δόλοποιός ἀνάγκα Trach. 834. SYN. see Δόλερδς.

Δόλδς, ου, ὁ, dolus: deceit, stratagem. Iph. T. 372. SYN. Ἀπάτη, δόλωμα. Ep. Ἀμυχᾶνός, κρύφαῖος, δῦραῖος, αἰνός, αἰνός, ἀτλητὸς, κρύφιος, κάκδς, κρυπτάδιος, δανᾶτηφῶρδς, πύκινδς, στῦγερδς. PRR. Ποικίλᾶ βουλευμάτᾶ.

Δόλοφῶνδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sicarius: treacherously murdering. Agam. 1128.

Δόλοφῶνδς, dolos animo agito: to plan artfully, plot, dissemble. Τοῖς δὲ δόλοφῶνδς σ. 51.

Δόλοφῶσῃνη. See Δόλοπλοκία.

Δόλοφρων. See Δολιόφρων.

Δόλδω, dolose ago, decipio: to decoy, deceive. Alcest. 12. SYN. Ἀπάτω.

Δόλωμα, ἄτος, τό, fraus: deceit, guile. Choëph. 990. SYN. et Ep. see Δόλδς.

Δόλων, αἰνός, ὁ, Dolon: the name of a Trojan spy. K. 314. Ep. Πόλυχαλκός, πόλυχρυσός, λαίψηρδς.

Δόλωπις, ἰδός, ἡ, callida: treacherous. Δόλωπις Οὐνέας κόρη Trach. 1067. SYN. Ἀπάτηλδς, πανόργγος.

Δόμη, ἡς, ἡ, structura: structure. Apoll. 3. 1394.

Δόμος, ου, ὁ, domus: a house. Hec. 27. SYN. Δῶ, δῶμα, δόμη, οἶκός, ἐστία, στῆγος, ὄρητῆς. Ep. Αθᾶνᾶτος, ἱερδς, μέγας, πύκᾶ ποιητδς, ποιητδς, ὠηλδς, αστῆρδεις, ἀφθιτδς, Δείδς, κοίλδς, μετᾶπρῆτις, πῆρικαλλῆς, χάλκεδς, χαλκῆδς, ἡμίτλης, ευναιετῶν, (Hom.) αἰπδς, ἀφνειδς, εὐδμητδς, ευδαίμων, βασίλῆδς, γλυκερδς, κηῶεις, πῶν, πολυδνειδς, σεμνδς, δῆτητδς, χρύσεδς, ουρανδμῆκης, σκίεις.

Δόμοσφᾶλῆς, ἔς, ὁ, ἡ, domum labefactans: ruinous to a house or family. Κτῦπον δόμοσφᾶλῇ Agam. 1511.

Δονᾶκεῦς, ἔως, Ion. ἡδς, α, arundinetum: a reed-plot. Πᾶρᾶ ῥδδᾶνδν δονᾶκῇ Z. 576.

Δονᾶκείος, εντδς; Δονᾶκδτῶφδς, Δονᾶκῶχλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, arundinosus: abounding with reeds, rushy. Helen. 209. Theog. 783. Iph. T. 400. See above.

Δονᾶκδτῶφδς, Δονᾶκῶχλδς. See above.

Δονᾶξ, ἄκδς, α, arundo: a reed, pipe, bridge of a lyre. Ran. 233. See Δονᾶκεῦς. SYN. Κᾶλῆμδς, κλᾶδδς, αὐλδς. Ep. Δολίχδς, λεπτδς, λίγυρδς, σκίερδς, ἑλιδς.

Δόνῶ, agito: to whirl about, shake, agitate. Pyth. 1. 85. SYN. Κινῶ, διάσειω, πάλλω, στρέβῶ, σείω, σάλευω, τᾶρᾶσω.

Δόξᾶ, ης, ἡ, opinio, fama, existimatio, gloria, expectatio: opinion, report, esteem, glory, expectation. Δόξᾶ μοι πᾶρεστᾶθη Ae. R. 911. SYN. Δόκησις, φήμη, τιμῇ, κλέδς, ἐπαινός, πανδοξία, ὑπόνοια. Ep. Αθᾶνᾶτος, ἐρικυδῆς, πόβεινῇ.

Δοξάζω, ἄσω, arbitror; expecto; laudo: to think; expect; praise. Troad. 349. SYN. Οἶμαι, δοκέω, ὑπὸνδῶ, κυδαίνω.

Δόξασμά, ἄτος, τό, opinio, ostentatio: opinion, ostentation. Eur. El. 383.

Δόρᾶ, ἄς, ἡ, pellis detracta: a skin. Baech.

686. **ΣΥΝ.** Διφθέρα, δέρμα, χρώς. **ΕΡ.** Δυκεῖς.

Δοράτιον, ου, τὸ, hostile: a little shaft or javelin. **Ἄνευ** δοράτιου καὶ ξίφους κάκοντιον Pax 552.

Δοριᾶλωτος, Ion. Δουριᾶλωτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bello capius: captured in war. **Δεγ'** ἐπεί σέ λέχος δουριᾶλωτον Aj. 211. **ΣΥΝ.** Δοριθήρατος, δοριληπτός, δορικτητός, αιχμάλωτος, ανδραπῶδον.

Δορίγαμβρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quam sponsi armis petunt: sought in marriage by the spear. **Agam.** 669. See below.

Δοριλήρατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hasta captus: captured in war. Δοριθηράτοις (monom. anapæst.) Troad. 576.

Δορικάνης. See Δορυκάνης.

Δορικμής, ἡτός, ὁ, ἡ, hasta cæsus: slain by the spear, or in war. **Choëph.** 359. See above. **ΣΥΝ.** Δοριτμητός, σιδηροκμής.

Δορικητός, Ion. Δουρικητός, η, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, hasta quæsitus: obtained by the spear. Καὶ δορικητος γυνή Androm. 155. I. 343.

Δορικτύπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hasta sonans: sounding with the spear. **Nem.** 3. 104. See Κτύπος, and below.

Δοριλήπτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hasta captus: captured in war. **Ἦπερ** δοριλήπτος ἐτ' ἦν λοιπή Aj. 146.

Δοριμάνης, ἔος; Δοριμαργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bellandi cupidissimus: spear-mad, courting war. **Ἑλλάς** δοριμάνης ἀπάλετο Eur. Sup. 485. Sept. Th. 684. **ΣΥΝ.** Ἰδρίς αιχμής, μέμας μάχεσθαι.

Δοριμαργός. See above.

Δοριμήστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, belli peritus: a skilful spearsman. **Androm.** 1007. See above.

Δοριπαλτός. See Δορύπαλτός. (1)

Δοριπέτης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, bellicosus: warlike. **Ἦν** δὲ δοριπέτης ἀγωνία Troad. 1003.

Δοριπόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sub hasta laborans: pressed by the spear. **Sept. Th.** 155. See above.

Δοριτμητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hasta transfixus: pierced by a spear. **Agam.** 341. See Δοριπέτης. But **Blomf.** would read δορικμητός.

Δορκᾶς, ἄδος, Δορκή, ης, Δορξ, ορκός, Δορκᾶ-λῖς, ἰδός, η, caprea: a wild goat. Δορκᾶδ' ἡ σκύμους λυκῶν Bacch. 698. **Herc. F.** 377. **Call.** 3. 97. **Call. Ep.** 11. **ΣΥΝ.** Αἰξ, χίμαιρα. See Αἰξ.

Δόρξ. See Δορκᾶς.

Δόρως, οὔ, ὁ, uter: a skin, leathern bag. See Ασκός. β. 354.

Δορπέω, cæno: to take a meal, sup. **Σ.** 539. **ΣΥΝ.** see Δειπνέω.

Δορπιστός, οὔ, ὁ, tempus cœnandi: supper hour. **Vesp.** 103.

Δορπός, ου, ὁ; Δόρπον, ου, τὸ, cœna: a meal, supper. **δ.** 213. **ΣΥΝ.** Δειπνόν, βόρα, σίτος, ὄνειαρ, τρώφῃ, ἀριστὺν.

Δορῦ, g. δοράτος, Ion. δούρατος, contr. δουρός, dat. δουρί et δορί, τὸ, hasta; trabs, navis: a spear, dart; a bark, vessel. **Εὐ μέν τις** δορῦ δηξάσθω B. 382. **ΣΥΝ.** Δόρχη, ἄκων, ἀκόντιον, ἐγγυός, αιχμή, βέλός. **ΕΡ.** Δόλῃχον, ἀλκίμων, ἀρήκτηον, ἀτειρές, ἀμείλιχον, ἀμαυμάκτον, αἰμά-τόν, ἐξέδον, χαλκὸἄρες, στίδαρον, χάλκεον,

(1) "Hujusmodi adjectiva, quæ ex dativo δαῖς vel douchi composita esse videntur, retinebant, ut opinor, iota in compositione, ut δορίκτητος, δουριάλωτος, δοριληπτός, δουριμάνης, δοριμάνης, δοριβήρατος, δοριμαργός. Ea vero quæ ex quarto casu confata sunt, retinent υ, ut δουριφῶρος, δουριστός, δοριμαργός." **Blomf.** **Agam.** 115.

παιμνόν, οξὺ, μείλινον, νήϊον, μέγα, χαλκῷ κέκκο-
ρυθμένον, φάεινον, στὸνδέν, ὀδριμὸν λευγάλεον,
λοιγίον, κελαινόν, κοῦφόν, κοιλόν, δῶδον.

Δορυκάνης, or (as **Blomf.** remarks) Δορικάνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, hasta interfectus: killed by the spear. Καὶ μήτ' ἀέπτως δορυκάνει μῶρε δᾶνων **Æsch.** Sup. 984.

Δορυκρανός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cuspidatus: pointed. **Ἦ** δορυκράνον (monom. anapæst.) **Pers.** 153.

Δορυξένος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex hoste factus hospes: one who is received as a friend after having been an enemy; a foreign friend. **Ἦν** δορυξένων ἔμων Androm. 991. **ΣΥΝ.** Ξένος.

Δορυξόος, ου, ὁ, hastarum politor vel faber: a polisher or maker of spears. **Pax** 446. See above.

Δορυπάγῃς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, e ligno constructus: wooden, made of wood. **Æsch.** Sup. 751. See below, and Πρωτοπάγῃς.

Δορύπαλτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hastam quatens: shaking a javelin. **Agam.** 115. See below.

Δορυπέτης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, hasta interfectus: slain by the spear. Ποιούσα δορυπέτῃ φῶνον **Cycl.** 304.

Δορυσθένης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, hasta valens: powerful in war. **Choëph.** 154.

Δορυστός, contr. ους, δου, ὁ, hastam quatens, acer bello: brandishing the spear, brave in war. **Orph.** 322.

Δορύσσω, ξω, hasta pugno: to fight with the spear. **Heracl.** 774.

Δορυτνακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hastis concussus: agitated by spears. **Sept. Th.** 143. See below, and Τινάσσω.

Δορυφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hastatus, satelles: spear-bearing, attendant. **Δεξιάς** τε δορυφόρων **Eur.** El. 616. **ΣΥΝ.** Δορυσθένης, δοριμήστωρ, δοριπόνος, αιχμητής, φύλαξ, εγγεσίμωρος.

Δοτῖς, ἔως, η, donatio: a giving, gift. **Phoen.** 771. **ΣΥΝ.** Δωρόν.

Δοτειρά. See Δοτήρ.

Δοτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ; Δοτειρά, as, ἡ, dator, dispensator: a giver, bestower. **T.** 44. **Hesiod.** **Ε.** 1. 354.

Δουλαρίον, ου, τὸ, servulus: a little slave. Αυταί γάρ καὶ τὰ δουλαρίᾳ τέφραν πῶθεν **Thesm.** 537. **ΣΥΝ.** Παιδαρίον.

Δουλεία, et Δουλῖα, as, ἡ; Δούλευμα, ἄτος, τό; Δουλοσύνη, ης, ἡ, servitus: slavery. **Hec.** 155. **Pyth.** 1. 147. **Orest.** 215. **Phoen.** 199. **ΣΥΝ.** Θερᾶπεία, λατρεία. **ΕΡ.** Δειλαία, ου φερτή, ου τλητή, βῆρεϊα, ἐμπεδός.

Δουλείος, Δούλιος, α, ὄν; Δουλικός, ἡ, ὄν, servilis: servile, mean. **Hec.** 56. **Z.** 463. **Ran.** 743.

Δούλευμα. See Δουλεία.

Δουλεύω, servio: to be a slave, serve. **Hec.** 415. **ΣΥΝ.** Θερᾶπείω, ὑπηρετέω, διακονέω.

Δούλη, ης, ἡ, ancilla, serva: a female slave, handmaid. **Hec.** 559. **ΣΥΝ.** Δμωή, οικέτις, δερᾶπνη, δῆσσά, ἀμφίπολος. **Phn.** see **Hec.** 359. 444. **Troad.** 489. &c.

Δουλῖα, as, ἡ. See Δουλεία.

Δουλικός. See Δουλείος.

Δούλδς, η, ὄν. See Δουλείος.

Δούλδς, ου, ὁ, servus: a slave, servant. **Hec.** 864. **ΣΥΝ.** Δμῶς, δερᾶφ, δερᾶπων, οικέτης, λατρεὺς, ἀμφίπολος, πρόσπολος.

Δουλοσύνη. See Δουλεία.

Δουλοσύνης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, servilis: servile, a slave. Τῷ δουλοσύνης πρὸς οἴκῳ **Hec.** 446., answered

by δάφνα δ' ἱερὸς ἀνέσχε. SYN. see Δούλειος.

Δουλῶω, in servitutem redigo: to reduce to slavery. Eur. Sup. 503.

Δουπέω, sonitum edo; cado sub armis sonitum edens: to sound; fall in battle with a crashing sound. Δ. 504. SYN. Απύω, κτύπέω, κονάξω, πλατάγω, οττόξω, ψόφω.

Δουπός, ου, ό, sonitus: a sound, clash. Aj. 871. SYN. Βρόμς, γχη, κτύπος, ύμάδος, πάταγός, κονάξος, φθόγγος.

Δουράτεός, Δουρίος, Δούρειός, α, όν, ligneus: wooden. Δουράτεον τόν Έπειός Δ. 493. Av. 1128. Troad. 14. SYN. Ευλινός, δδρүπάγης.

Δούρειός. See Δουράτεός.

Δουρηνέκης, εός, ό, ή, quod intra hastæ ictum est: within a spear's throw. K. 357. PHR. 'Όσον τ' επί δουρός έρωή γίγνεται O. 358.

Δουριάλωτός. See Δοριάλωτός.

Δουρίκλειτός, et Δουρίκλυτός, ου, ό, ή, hasta inelutus: renowned in arms. Δουρικλειτός Μέγλεας o. 52. K. 230.

Δουρίκλυτός. See above.

Δουρίκτητός. See Δορίκτητός.

Δουρίληπτός. See Δορίληπτός.

Δουρίος. See Δουράτεός.

Δουρδδκτη, ης, ή, hastarum receptaculum: a cavity in a pillar to receive javelins. α. 128.

Δόχη, ης, ή, receptaculum; convivium: a receptacle; feast. Eur. El. 828.

Δόχη, ης, ή, palmus: a measure equal to the palm or breadth of four fingers. Μειζόν ήν δύοιν δόχηαίν Equit. 318.

Δόχηιός, Δόχημός, ή, όν, obliquus, transversus: oblique, transverse. Alcest. 1019. M. 148. See below. SYN. Δοξός, λεχρίός, σκδλίδς.

Δόχημδφός, ου, ό, ή, obliquam habens cristam: cross-crested. Δοχημδφων ανδρών Sept. Th. 109.

Δόχημός. See Δόχηιός.

Δόχημα, curvo: to bend, render crooked. Δοχημαίς μεγάραιοι Hom. Merc. 146.

Δράγμα, άτός, τό, manipulus: a handful. A. 69. SYN. Σωρός, άπαρχή. Ep. Έπήτριμν.

Δραγμαέω, manipulos colligo: to gather corn in handfuls, bind in sheaves. Σ. 555.

Δραγμός, ου, ό, prehensio: a grasping. Cycl. 169.

Δραίνω, facturio: to project. K. 96. SYN. Δρασειώ, επίπδω, άνω, ισχύω.

Δράκαινα. See Δράκων.

Δράκάνος, ου, ό, mons ubi Jupiter Bacehum e femore natum edidit: the name of a promontory and city in Samos. Εν Δράκάνω νύδδεντι Theoc. 26. 33.

Δράκόντειός, ου, Δράκοντώδης, εός, ό, ή, anguinus: of or like a dragon. Εκ δράκοντειών έλών Phoen. 1337. Orest. 250.

Δράκοντμαλλός, ου, ό, ή, anguicomus; anguibus comas implicitus: having dragon's hair; having snakes entwined in the hair. P. V. 824. See below.

Δράκοντώδης. See Δράκοντειός.

Δράκων, οντός, ό; Δράκαινα, ης, ή, draco, draconia: a dragon. Πρόσθε λέων όπιθεν δε δράκων Z. 181. Iph. T. 287. SYN. Όφίς. Ep. Πελωρός, φοινήεις, κνάνέος, επί νούτα δάφινός, ήρέστέρς, σμερδάλυός, (Hom.) φάνιός, δηρό-τρφός, φοινικδλφός, γηγένής, χρύσεός, ποικίλδνωτός, οινωπός, πδλκρανός, πυρσδνωτός,

πυρίγένης, δεινός, (Eur.) άδεινής, άμαιμάκετός, άγριός, βρότδλοηγός, δηλήμων, κρυέρς.

Δράμα, άτός, τό, actus, rei representatio, fabula: an action, theatrical representation, drama. Φροσδά μοι τά δράματα Acharn. 470. SYN. Πράγμα.

Δράμημα, άτός, τό, cursus, festinatio: running, speed. Πάλίσσuton δράμημα E. R. 193. SYN.

Δρόμς, δρόμημα, φύγη.

Δράξ, άκός, ό, pugillus, manipulus: a grasp, handful. Πηλοδ δράκά βίβην έπ' αυτόν Batrach. 234. SYN. Δράγμα.

Δραπετης, δραπέτιδης, ου, ό, fugitivus: a fugitive, runaway. Κτάνοιεν αυτήν δραπέται δ' Iph. T. 1342. Mosch. 1. 3. SYN. Φύγας.

Δραπέτις, fem. of Δραπέτης, q. v. Jacobs. Anthol. 6. 71.

Δρασειώ, facere paro: to intend to do. Τοισδ' ως τί δρασειουσάν Med. 92.

Δράσιμός, ου, ό, ή; Δραστήριός, α, όν, et ου, ό, ή, efficax: active, efficacious. Χείρ δ' όρξά τό δράσιμον Sept. Th. 550. Helen. 991. SYN. Δεξίός, δεινός, άγήνωρ, σπονδαίός, αχγίνους, πρδθυμός.

Δρασμός, ου, ό, fuga: flight. Herc. F. 1004. SYN. see Φύγη.

Δράσσομαι, ξόμαι, prehendō: to grasp. Antig. 235. SYN. Αίρέω, αντίλαμξανόμαι.

Δράστειρά. See Δραστήρ.

Δραστιός, α, όν, agendus: to be done. Eur. El. 252.

Δραστήρ, ήρός, ό; Δράστειρά, as, ή, Ion. et Hom. Δρηστήρ, Δρήστειρά, famulus; famula: a servant, assistant. Apoll. 3. 700. π. 248. SYN. see Δμάς.

Δραστήριός. See Δράσιμός.

Δραστδσυνη, ης, ή, Ion. Δρησδσυνη, strenuitas in agendo: vigour in acting. Δρησδσυνη ουκ άν μοι o. 320.

Δράτς, ή, όν, excoriatus: flayed. Pro Δαρτός. Πέρι δε δράτά σώματά νηει Ψ. 169.

Δράχη, ης, ή, drachma, Romanum denarium aequans: a drachma, six Attic oboli, about 7½d. of our money. Ου έλαττόν ή δράχημν Nub. 612.

Δράω, άσω, ago, facio, ministro; fugio: to act, do, perform; to run away. Μητρός τί χωρίς δράσέθ' Iph. A. 728. Δράω, fugio, gives some tenses to δίδρασκω, but is never in use itself. SYN. Άνω, ύπηρετέω, ποίεω, βέζω, τεύχω, πράττω, δραίνω.

Δρέπών, ης, ή; Δρέπώνν, ου, τό, falx: a sickle, scythe, falchion. Δρέπανας εν χειρίν έχοντες Σ. 551. See also Ran. 583. SYN. see Άρπη.

Δρέπανουργός, ου, ό, falcarius: a scythe or sickle maker. Pax 547. See above.

Δρέπω, Δρέπδμαι, carpo, decerpo: to pluck, reap, crop, cull, mow. Eur. El. 778. SYN.

Απόδρέπω, Δέριζω, άπανθίζω, άπδτέμνω.

Δρηστήρ, Δρήστειρά. See Δραστήρ.

Δρηστis, ίδός, ή, fugitiva: a runaway. Callim. Ep. 43.

Δρησδσυνη. See Δραστδσυνη.

Δριμδλός, ύν, ό, ή, subasper: a little sharp. Mosch. 1. 9. See Δριμύς.

Δριμύς, εία, ύ, acer, acerbus, asper: sharp, acid, bitter, sour. Οιδ' άνδρά κρύτάλον δριμύ Σισύφον γένος Cycl. 104. SYN. Οξύς, δεινός, χάλεπός, βλδσүρός, αμδς.

Δριών, ου, τό; Δριός, ου, ό, pl. τά δριά, locus arboribus consitus: a shrubbery, a plantation. Πέτρινα κατά δριά Helen. 1325., answered by

κρῶτάλα δὲ βρομίᾳ. SYN. Ἄλσος, δρυμὸς, ὕλη. EP. Ἐρσηῆν.

Δροίτη, ης, ἡ, vas balnearium : a bathing-vessel. Choëph. 986. For the meaning of this word see Blomf. Gloss. Agam. 1518.

Δρῶμαῖς, α, ὄν; Δρῶμας, ἄδς, ὁ, ἡ, velox : running, rapid, fleet. Helen. 542. Hipp. 550. SYN. Ἀελλόπους, τὰχὺς, θῶς, κοῦδρῶμος.

Δρῶμενς, ἔως, ὁ, cursor : a runner. Eur. El. 824. SYN. Βᾶδιστής.

Δρῶμημᾶ, ἄτς, τὸ, cursus, festinatio, tumultus : running, speed, confusion or tumult, incursion. Troad. 695.

Δρῶμς, ον, ὁ, cursus : speed, course, race-course. Iph. T. 81. SYN. Δρασμὸς, φύγῃ. EP. Ευρύς, πῶματός, παντοῖος, δεινός, ἐκπλεῖρος, σύν-νυμς, οὐρύς, καλλιστάδιος, ἀνιδρυτός, λαμπά-δοῦχος, πολὺπλαγκτός, ακὺς, δόλιχος.

Δρῶσέρος, ἂ, ὄν; Δρῶσσεις, εντός; Δρῶσῶδης, ἔς, ὁ, ἡ, rosicidus : dewy, cool, limpid. Hipp. 226. Troad. 830. Bacch. 704. SYN. Ἐρσηεις, ὕδρηλος.

Δρῶσίζομαι, irroto : to sprinkle with dew. Ran. 1311.

Δρῶσεις. See Δρῶσέρος.

Δρῶσς, ον, ἡ, ros : dew, dew-drop, juice. Olymp. 7. 4. SYN. Ἐρση, ἑέρση, ψέκας. EP. Πῶταμία, ὑπαθρία, ἐνάλια, αἰμάτηρᾶ, θάλασσία, κρηναία, κάθαρᾶ, μαλθακή, χλοῦερά.

Δρῶσῶδης. See Δρῶσέρος.

Δρύας, αντός, ὁ, Dryas. Πειρήθῶν τὲ Δρύαντᾶ τὲ Α. 263.

Δρυῖνος, ἡ, ὄν, quernus : oaken, of oak. Τέλος δὲ δρυῖνος συγκέρανουσαι κλάδους Bacch. 1092.

Δρυκόλαπτης, ον, ὁ, picus arborarius : a wood-pecker. Οὐδ' αἰετὸς ον δρυκόλαπτης Aves 979.

Δρῦμος, οὐ, ὁ, nemus : a wood. "The masculine has the first syllable long, but the neut. plur. short, in Hom. : long, however, in Dion. Perieg. and Oppian." Donnegan. Διὰ δρῦμᾶ πυκνὰ καὶ ὕλην κ. 150. SYN. Ἄλσος, ὕλη. EP. Ὅρειον, εὐθηρὸν, λάσιον, οὐπῶδον.

Δρυῶγγος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, nemorosus : oak-bearing. Thesm. 114. See Δρύς, gen. δρύς.

Δρύχοι, ων, οἱ, (1) ligna infixā carinæ navis, et erecta ad latus, ut iis deinde affigantur tabulæ : beams which hold together the timber of a ship, they being fixed in the keel, and raised so as to form the ribs on which the planks are fastened ; (2) Πάσσάλοι, continentes alia ligna (Damm. c. 2703.) : certain pegs ; (3) sylvæ : woods. Δρύ-χους τίθεναι δράματὸς ἀρχάς Thesm. 52.

Δρύπεπς, ἔς, ὁ, ἡ, sole coctus : ripened on the tree by the sun. Καὶ τὰς δρύπεπεις κατέπινε Lysist. 561.

Δρύπτω, lacero : to rend, tear. Hec. 650. SYN. Σπάρσσω, ἀμύσσω, ἀποξέω.

Δρύς, ὄς, ἡ, quercus : an oak. Ὅποιᾶ κισσὸς δρύος ὅπως τήσδ' ἐξῶμαι Hec. 398. EP. Ὑψηλή, ἀξάλα, βάθρυρις, ἱέρα, τηλεθῶσα, ὕψικαρηνός.

Δρύτμος, ον, ὁ, qui quercus cædit : a wood-cutter. Δρύτμος μέγ' ἀμείνων Ψ. 315. SYN. Ὑλοτόμος.

Δρύφακτὸς, ον, ὁ, janua fori judicialis ; plur. cancelli : the door of a court of justice ; the rails which encompassed the court. Τοὺς δρύφακτους παντᾶχοῦ Equit. 672.

Δύω, in calamitates conjicio : to involve in calamity. Ἀλλὰ θεοὶ δύωσί ν. 195. SYN. Ἀνιάω, πῖξω.

Δύη, ης, ἡ, miseria : distress of mind, calamity. Καὶ δύας ἐκφυγᾶν P. V. 534. SYN. Ἄτῃ.

χημᾶ, λύμη, ἄντα, δυσπραξία, ἀλγος, πόνος, δύη-πάθια. EP. Ἀνὴρ, λύγρᾶ, θυμῷδὲρος, βάρεια, πικρὰ, θεζέθιμος.

Δυηπάθης, ἔς; Δυηπάθος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, ærum- narum patiens : miserable, distressing. Φύλα δύηπάθων ἀνθρώπων Apoll. 4. 1165. H. in Merc. 486. SYN. Δεῖλαιός, ἄθλιος, βάρυπότης.

Δυηπάθια, ας, ἡ, ærumnarum perpessio : the enduring of affliction, affliction. Διψὰ δύηπάθια τὲ Apoll. 4. 1395. SYN. Δυη, πάθημα, πάθος.

Δυμί, Δύω, Δύομαι, subeo : to go under, sink, enter. Φάτῳ δύνειναι ἀνδρῶν Z. 185. SYN. Ὑπόδω, εισδω, κατὰδύνω, ὑπὸδύνω, ὑποδύομαι.

Δυνάμαι, νήσομαι, imperf. ἐδύναιμην, Att. ηδύν- αμην, possum, valeo : to be able, have the power, avail. Οὐκ ἂν δύναίμην Hec. 588. SYN. Ισχύω, σθένω, ἔχω.

Δυνάμεις, poet. Δυνάσις, ἔως, ἡ, vis, facultas : power, ability, capacity. Ὅ δ' ὡς ἐβρίχῃ δυνάμιν εἰς χεῖρας λαδῶν Eur. Sup. 246. Androm. 483. SYN. Ἀλκή, βία, ἰς, ισχύς, ἐξουσία. EP. Ἀμφιλάφης, ἀσπετὸς, ἀχρεία, Διόσδοτος, ἀδάμα- στός.

Δυναστέα, ας, ἡ, potentia : supreme power. Καὶ δυναστεία ἐφυ CE. R. 600. SYN. Ἀρχή, ισχύς, τυραννίς.

Δυνάστης, Δυνάτης, ον, Δυνάστωρ, ὄρς, ὁ, dominus : a sovereign, lord. Λαμποῖς δυνάστας Agam. 6. Pers. 682. (where some read δυνάστη for δυνάτη), and Iph. A. 280. SYN. Ἀρχὸς, ἀρ- χηγός, ἡγέμων, βάσιλευς.

Δυνάτς, ἡ, ὄν, potens : able, powerful, ade- quate. Οὐκὼν ἀπανδρῶν δυνάτῳ ἐστὶ μοι πόνους Eur. Sup. 352. SYN. Ἰκάνος, ὁ κρᾶτῶν.

Δύνω, ἰ. q. δύμι. Δέρτρων ἔσω δύνωντες λ. 578. Δύδ, Δύω (poët.), gen. δύοιν et δύειν, duo : two. Δύοιν δὲ παῖδων δύδ νεκρῶ Hec. 45.

Δύδκαίδεκά, indecl., duodecim : twelve. Δύδ- καίδεκά βοῦς ἐνὶ νηφ Z. 274.

Δύδκαδέκαμηνος, ον, ὁ, qui duodecim mensium est : of twelve months. Trach. 659. See above.

Δύπτω, mergo : to dip. Apoll. 1. 1008. SYN. Βυθίζω, κατὰποντίζω.

Δύρομαι, poet. pro Ὀδύρομαι (v. Pors. ad Hec. 728.), lamentor : to lament. P. V. 271. See Ὀδύρομαι. SYN. Αἰδίζω, ὀδυτύζω, μύρομαι, γάω, αλγέω, πενθεῶ.

Δύσαγκρόμιστος, pro Δυσανᾶκρόμιστος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, non recuperandus : irrecoverable. Eumen. 262. See below.

Δύσαγκρίτος, pro Δυσανᾶγκρίτος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, judi- catu difficilis : difficult to be decided. Ἰὼ δύσαγ- κρίτοι πῶνοι Æsch. Sup. 132. See Ἀγκρίτος.

Δύσᾶγνός, ον, ὁ, ἡ, impurus : impure, un- holy. Æsch. Sup. 759. See below.

Δυσᾶδελφός, ον, ὁ, ἡ, infelix in fratribus ; in- felix frater : unfortunate in a brother or sister ; unfortunate brother or sister. Δυσᾶδελφὸτάται πασῶν ὀδῶσι Sept. Th. 868.

Δύσαςῃς, ἔς, ὁ, ἡ, gravior spirans : hard- blowing. Εἰς ἀνέμοις δύσαεὺς E. 865. SYN. Δύσπνός.

Δύσαιανῃς, ἔς, ὁ, ἡ, lugubris : mournful. Δύσ- αϊανῇ, in Pers. 286., is answered by μέμνησθαί τοι.

Δύσαιθρίος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, caliginosus : darksome. Εἰς δύσαιθρίον νέων Heracl. 857.

Δύσαλον, ὠνός, ὁ, ἡ, et Δυσᾶθλιός, α, ὄν, miser : wretched. Eur. Sup. 970. CE. C. 328. See above.

Δυσσάλλως. See Δυσάλων.

Δυσάλητος, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, gravem adferens s. peripetens dolorem: very painful; very distressed. Agam. 1135. See below.

Δυσάλητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui dolore alterius vix addicitur: unfeeling, hard-hearted. Πάν δυσάλητος γάρ ἄν Ε. R. 12. SYN. Σκληρὸς, ἀνηλέης, ἀνάλητος.

Δυσάλωτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, difficilis captu s. occupatu: difficult to be captured or held. Τὴν δυσάλωτον P. V. 173., answered by ἀπαράμυθον.

Δυσαμερίδις, α, ὄν, Dor. pro Δυσημερίδις, tristifcus: ill-boding. Σφίγγα δυσαμερίαν Ran. 1287.

Δυσάμυρτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, miserimus: dreadfully miserable. Καὶ σὺ δυσάμυρ T. 315. SYN. Ἄμυρτος, δυσμύρτος, δυστυχής, ἀτυχής.

Δυσάνωρ, ὄρτος, ὁ, ἡ, infelicitur maritatus: ill contracted. Aesch. Sup. 1071. See above. A long as η in Ἀγῆνωρ.

Δυσάπλλακτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui difficulter abjici potest: difficult to be shaken off. Trach. 976. See below.

Δυσάρεστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, difficilis, morosus: difficult to be pleased, morose, fastidious. Χάλεπόν μὲν οὖν ἄνδρας δυσάρεστους νουθετεῖν Eccles. 180. SYN. Δυστρήπιος, δυσχερής, χάλεπος.

Δυσάριστότοκειά, ας, ἡ, quæ optimum filium, sed malo fato, peperit: unhappy in giving birth to the noblest of sons. Ω μοι δυσάριστότοκεια Σ. 54.

Δυσαρκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, contumax: ill regulated, contumacious. Choëph. 1011. See above. SYN. Δυσπειθής, ἀνῆκδός.

Δυσάσχετος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intolerabilis: intolerable. Οδμή δὲ δυσάσχετος Apoll. 2. 272. SYN. Δυσφῆρτος, δύσασχης.

Δυσουλία, ας, ἡ, graves excubiæ: an inconvenient abode. Λέγοιμὶ καὶ δυσουλίας Agam. 558.

Δυσουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad diversandum parum commodus: hard to lodge in, inconvenient. Antig. 363. See above.

Δυσουχής, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, odiose glorians: vainly boasting. Οἷός τὲ δυσουχέες Apoll. 3. 976.

Δύσασχης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, onerosus, non tolerandus: burdensome, intolerable. Eumen. 145. See above. SYN. Δυσάσχετος, δυσφῆρτος, δυσφῆρτος.

Δυσβαῦκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lacrymabilis: ill-boding. Τεῖν δὲ δυσβαῦκτον Pers. 580., answered by δυσρῦμένοι γέροντες.

Δυσβουλία, ας, ἡ, stultitia consilii: absurd design. Εξ ἐμοῦ δυσβουλίαν Antig. 95. SYN. Ἀβουλία, ἀνοιά.

Δυσβωλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, parum fertilis: barren. Hom. Epigr. 8. 3. SYN. Ἀκαρπός.

Δυσγάμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, improbi s. infelicitis matrimonii: of a bad or unhappy marriage, horrid. Δυσγάμων αἰσχὺς ἔλδοις Trond. 1114.

Δυσγένεια, ας, ἡ, generis obscuritas: low birth. E. R. 1098.

Δυσγένις, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, ignobilis: low-born. Helen. 1275.

Δυσγνωία, et Δυσγνωσία, ας, ἡ, ignorantia: ignorance. Δυσγνωίαν ὅστις Herc. F. 1107. Eur. El. 767. SYN. Ἀβουλία, δυσβουλία, ἀνοιά, ἄγγνωσία.

Δυσδαίμονία, ας, ἡ, infelicitas: misfortune. Iph. T. 1120. SYN. Δυστυχία, δυσπραγία.

Δυσδαίμων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, infelix: unfortunate. E. R. 1312. SYN. Δύσποτος, ἀθλιός.

Δυσδάκρυτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lacrymabilis: sadly to be lamented. Ψηγά δυσδάκρυτον Agam. 428., answered by τὴν πόλυκτον γάρ. SYN. Αἰζίοβρητος, δάκρυος πόθεινός.

Δυσδάμαρτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in conjugio infelix: unhappy in marriage. Ἄνῆρ τὲ δυσδάμαρτον Agam. 1290. SYN. Δυσγάμος, δύσνυμφος.

Δυσέδρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, malam sedem habens: ill seated, a bad neighbour. Agam. 723. See below, and Ἔδρα. SYN. Κάκογείτων.

Δυσείματος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, male vestitus: meanly dressed. Σὺ δ' ὦδ' ἄλυντος καὶ δυσείματος χρῶσα Eur. El. 1107.

Δυσεκλύτως, ita ut solvi non possit: inextricably. Ωλένη δυσεκλύτως P. V. 60.

Δυσεκπέρτος, Δυσεήνυστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vix explicabilis; difficilis ad transeundum: unutterable; difficult to pass through. Hipp. 887. 1232. See above, and Δυσπεράτος.

Δυσέληνη, ης, ἡ, infelix Helena: unhappy or infamous Helen. Iph. A. 1316. See Δύσεκλύτως. E. R. Ἑλένας. See Agam. 699.

Δυσελπίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, desperans: hopeless, desperate. Choëph. 406. See Δύσεκλύτως. SYN. Ἀνελπίστος.

Δυσεήνυστος. See Δύσεκπέρτος.

Δυσεργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, piger ad opus faciendum: inconvenient for working. Ἡ καὶ χεῖμά δύσεργον Bion. 6. 5.

Δυσέρπς, ἴδος, pertinax in certando: bitter in contention, quarrelsome. Olymp. 6. 33. See above. SYN. Φίλδνευκος.

Δυσέριστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, litem malam gignens; valde litigious: causing dreadful strife; quarrelsome. Soph. El. 1385. See above.

Δυσέρως, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, perditæ amans: unfortunately or desperately loving. Hipp. 193. See above.

Δυσευνήτωρ, ὄρτος, ὁ, infastus tori socius: a dreadful bedfellow. Sept. Th. 280. See above.

Δυσερέπτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inventu difficilis: difficult to be found or explored. Κείμενον δυσερέτω Bacch. 1210.

Δύσζηλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in malam partem æmulator, suspicax, iracundus, acerbus: very envious or jealous, angry, morose. Apoll. 4. 1089. SYN. Φθονέρτος, φίλδνευκος.

Δύσηπλῆς, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, propter molestam parans dormitionem; gravis: producing a sad drowsiness; painful. χ. 325. See below.

Δύσηλτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad quem sol ægre pervenit, sole carens: cold, dreary. Καὶ δύσάλιον κνέφας Eumen. 399. SYN. Ἀνῆλτός.

Δύσημερίδις. See Δύσαμερίδις.

Δύσηνέμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ventis vexatus: harassed by the wind. Antig. 591. See below.

Δύσηρπτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aratu difficilis: difficult to be ploughed. Αυτὴ ἐγὼ τοίηδὲ δύσηρπτος Call. 4. 268.

Δύσηρης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, horrissonus: ill or harsh sounding, hoarse. H. 376. See above. SYN. Δυσκαλῶδός, βάρυρηχός, βάρυερμῶδός.

Δυσθαλής, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, calefactu difficilis, frigidus: hard to warm, cold. P. 549. SYN. Ψυχρός, ῥιγηλός.

Δυσθάνατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, difficilem mortem inferens: causing a painful death. Ion 1056. See Θανάτος. SYN. Θανάτηφῶρος.

Δυσθέατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infelix aspectu, invisus, dirus: painful or odious to look at, shocking.

Δυσθεάτων ὁμῶσιν P. V. 69. SYN. Δυσπρόσποτος, δεινός, φθέρους.

Δυσθεός, ου, ὁ, ἡ. Diis odiosus; impius: hated by the gods; impious. Agam. 1580. SYN. Ἀποτιμὸς ἐν θεοῖς, ἀσέσης.

Δυσθεράπευτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ægre sanabilis: difficult to be cured, past remedy. Aj. 614. See Θέρᾶ-πείω. SYN. Ἀνήκεστος, δύσκηλος, δύσιαιτος.

Δυσθνήσκω, difficulter vel male morior: to die hard. Rhcs. 791.

Δυσθρήντος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lamentabilis: very doleful. Antig. 1211. SYN. Δύσαιανής, πᾶλῦ-δάκρυτος, δυσθαύκτος, γέρος, γοεδνός.

Δυσθρύδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, asperum reddens sonitum; fiebilis: harshly sounding; lamentable. Pyth. 4. 111.

Δυσθυμέω, Δυσθυμαίνω, animum despondeo: to be depressed in mind, despond. Ion 258. H. Hom. Cer. 363. See below. SYN. Λυπεῖσθαι, δυσκόλαινω, ἄθυμέω, δυσφρόνέω.

Δυσθυμία, as, ἡ, animi mœror: sadness. Σὰς φῆσιν δυσθυμίας Med. 689. SYN. Ἄθυμία, λύπη.

Δύθυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gravior animo adfectus: heavy in mind, dejected. Soph. El. 550. See above. SYN. Ἄθυμος, βάρθυμος, ἀρῶστος, σκληρὸς, δύσφρων, κἀκόθουλος.

Δύσιαιτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanatu difficilis, insana- bilis: difficult to be cured, incurable. Καὶ δύσιαιτος πέλει Med. 520. SYN. Δυσθεράπευτος, ἀνήκεστος.

Δύσιμερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ingratus: disagreeable. Πημὰ δύσιμερόν Apoll. 4. 4. SYN. Δύσερος.

Δύσις, ἑως, ἡ, occasus; the setting of the sun, west. Τὰς τὲ δύσκριτους δύσεις P. V. 467. SYN. Δυσμή.

Δυσκάθατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, purgatu difficilis, inex- piabilis, implacabilis: difficult to be purified or expiated, implacable. Ὡ δύσκαθατὲ δαῖμόν Pax 1250. SYN. Ἀκάθατος.

Δύσκαπνός, ου, male fumosus: infested with smoke. Agam. 747. See Κάπνίζω.

Δυσκάταυστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non sedandus: diffi- cult to be stopped, implacable, restless, incessant. Choëph. 463. SYN. Ἄπαυστος.

Δυσκέλαδός, i. q. Δύσηχης, q. v. Ion 1098. See Κελάδω.

Δύσκηλος, i. q. Δυσθεράπευτος, q. v. Eumen. 828.

Δυσκηδής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, plenus laborum et cura- rum: laborious, anxious, distressing. e. 466.

Δυσκλῆς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, inglorius, indignus: in- famous, inglorious. Antig. 50. SYN. Ἀκλῆς, ἀτιμὸς, ἀδοξὸς, ἀπρέπης.

Δύσκληιά, as, ἡ, ignominia: disgrace, igno- miny, infamy. Δύσκληιάν ἐκτήσαντο Med. 220. SYN. see Ἀδοξία.

Δυσκλῶς, turpiter: infamously, ignomini- ously. Helen. 992.

Δυσκόλαινω, indigne fero, morosus s. difficilis sum: to be indignant, to be peevish. Lysist. 887. SYN. Δυσχεραίνω, δυσφρόνέω.

Δυσκόλια, as, ἡ, acerbitas, severitas: harsh- ness, moroseness. Ἵπὸ δυσκόλιας δ' ἅπασι Vesp. 106.

Δυσκόλυκαμπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, difficilis flexu: dif- ficult to be modulated. Nub. 971.

Δυσκόλοικτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, difficilem somnum efficiens: rendering sleep difficult, wakeful. Nub. 419.

Δύσκολός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, difficilis, morosus: nice in

feeding, hard to please, morose. Bacch. 1240. SYN. Αργαλῆς, δύσφρόνς, δύσηλῆς, ἀγρίος, δύσἄρεστος, ἀηδής, δυσχέρης.

Δυσκόμιστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intolerabilis: hard to be borne. Antig. 1347. See Δύσφρόνς.

Δύσκριτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, judicatu difficilis: hard to be distinguished or interpreted. See below.

Δυσκρίτως, indistincte: indistinctly. Δυσκρί- τως τ' εἰρημένους P. V. 683.

Δυσκρύμαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, procellosus: stormy. Εν νυκτὶ δυσκρύμαντᾶ Agam. 636.

Δύσλεκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infandus: difficult to be related. Pers. 704. SYN. Ἀρρήτος, δύσφάτος.

Δυσλόγηστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ratiocinatu s. judicatu difficilis: difficult to be computed or apprehended. Aj. 40.

Δύσλοφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cervici onerosus, gravis: not fit for the yoke, unsupportable. P. V. 939.

Δυσλόφως, difficulter: with difficulty, heavily. Troad. 303.

Δύσλυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, solutu difficilis: difficult to be loosened or disentangled. Καὶ δύσλυτους ἔχουσα Phœn. 388.

Δυσμάθew, vix agnosco: to recognise with dif- ficulty. Δυσμάθεις ἐμέ Choëph. 223. SYN. Ἀπιστέw, ἀγνώew.

Δυσμάθης, εὖς, indocilis, difficilis doctu: diffi- cult to teach. Δυσμάθης ἰδεῖν Med. 1193.

Δυσμάχew, ægre resisto: to resist with diffi- culty. Θεοῖσι δυσμάχοιντες Trach. 499.

Δυσμάχητός, α, ὄν, ægre resistendus: diffi- cult to resist. Antig. 1106. See above.

Δύσμάχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inexpugnabilis: not to be conquered, impregnable. Ἐν δολφ τὲ δύσμαχον Hec. 883. SYN. Δύσεριστός, δυσπάλαιστος, δυσπόλεμος, φίλονεικός.

Δυσμεναίνω. See Δυσμένew.

Δυσμενεία, as, ἡ, malevolentia: ill-will. Δυσ- μενεῖα καὶ τὰ σά Soph. El. 621. SYN. Δύσ- νοιά, ἔχθρα, μῖσος.

Δυσμένew, Δυσμεναίνω, infensus sum, animo sum male affecto: to act as an enemy, to be hos- tility disposed to. v. 314. Med. 870. SYN. Δυσχεραίνω, πόλεμew, εχθαίρω.

Δυσμενής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, malevolus: ill-disposed, hostile. K. 100. SYN. Εχθρός, πόλεμῖος, ἀπεχ- θής, ἀμειλικτός, στῆγερός.

Δυσμή, ἡς, ἡ, i. q. Δύσις. Isthm. 4. 113.

Δυσμήτηρ, ἐρός, ἡ, mala s. infesta mater: a cruel or unnatural mother. Ψ. 97.

Δυσμήτωρ, ὀρός, ὁ, ἡ, qui infaustæ matris est: of a cruel mother. Æsch. Suppl. 68.

Δυσμηχάνew, difficultate laboro: to be hardly able, find great difficulty. Εἰμ' ἐπεὶ δυσμηχάνw Agam. 1331. SYN. Οὐ δυνάμαι.

Δύμορφός, Δύσμορός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infelix: having a sad fate, wretched. C. C. 327. C. R. 665. SYN. Δυστυχής, ἀθλιός.

Δύμορφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, deformis: ill-shapen, horrid. Helen. 1203.

Δύνατιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui ægre deleri potest: indelible. Trach. 685.

Δύσνοιά, as, ἡ, malevolentia: ill-will, reluc- tance. Δύσνοιά μὴ πρόσεστιν Soph. El. 654.

Δύσνόος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, contr. δύσνοος, malevolus: ill-disposed, malevolent. Iph. T. 351. SYN. Δυσμένής, εχθρός.

Δύσνοστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cum reditu infortunato, infaustus: hard to return, ill-omened. Troad. 75.

Δύσνυμφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infeliciter sponsus: un-

happily married. Troad. 145. *ΣΥΝ. Δυσγάμδος, κἀκόνυμφος, ἀνδγάμδος, ἀνδλεκτρὸς.*

Δυσθύβελητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perobscurus: very obscure or mysterious. Eur. Dan. 10. ΣΥΝ. Δυστέκμαρτος.

Δυσζυνέτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, difficilis intellectu: abstruse. Δυσζυνέτον ζυνέτος μέλος Phœn. 1520. ΣΥΝ. Ἀσυνέτος, ἀσάφης.

Δυσόδοπαίπαλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, salebrosus: difficult to pass, as being craggy. Eum. 390. See Παίπαλεις. ΣΥΝ. Τραχύς.

Δυσοίζω, metuo, timeo: to hesitate, to be suspicious. Οὐ τοι δυσοίζω θάμνον Agam. 1287. ΣΥΝ. Δυσφῶρεω, δυσχεραίνω, υποπτεύω, φθέεμαι.

Δύσοιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lamentabilis: lamentable. Choeph. 932. See above. ΣΥΝ. Δύσθρῶος, δυσθαύκτος, δυσκέλαδός.

Δύσοιστος, i. q. Δύσφῶρος, q. v. P. V. 714. See above.

Δύσοιμερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pluviosus: raining heavily, showering. Antig. 365. See above.

Δύσμιλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, morosus: unsociable. Agam. 723. See above, and Ὀμιλός.

Δύσμομάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, oculis haud integer: dim-sighted. Eumen. 391. See above, and Ὀμμα.

Δύσσοργος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui graviter irascitur: irritable. Καίπερ ου δύσσοργος ὦν Philoct. 377. ΣΥΝ. Βάρυθυμός, οξύχολός.

Δύσσορμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, importuosus, incommodus: inconvenient, dangerous. Pers. 454. See above.

Δύσσορνίς, ιθός, ὁ, ἡ, quod sinistris avibus fit: inauspicious, led by an evil omen, fatal. Hipp. 756. See above, and Ὀρνίς.

Δύσσορφαίος, ας, ὁ, ὄν, caliginosus: dusky, gloomy. Phœn. 337. See below.

Δύσσομία, ας, ἡ, malus odor: a stench. Καὶ δύσσομίας γέμων Philoct. 876.

Δύσσορίστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod adverso vento advehitur, infelix: driven by an unfavourable wind, unfortunate. Cæ. R. 1313. See above.

Δυσπαθέων, οντὸς, ὁ, ærumnarum patiens: suffering misfortune. Μητέρι δυσπαθέοντος Mosch. 4. 84. ΣΥΝ. Δύσποτμος, δύσάμμορος, ἀθλίος.

Δυσπαλαιστός, ου; Δυσπάλης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, vix eluctabilis, difficilis: hard to contend with, unavoidable, arduous. Alcest. 910. Pyth. 4, 484. See Πάλαίω. ΣΥΝ. Δύσμάχος, ἀργαλέος, δυσχερής, δύσκόλος, σκληρός, δυστύχης.

Δυσπαλάμδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui ægre repugnari potest: hard to struggle against. Eumen. 849. See Πάλαμη.

Δυσπαλάμωος, sine remedio: without remedy. Æ. Sup. 874. See above.

Δυσπάλης. See Δυσπαλαιστός.

Δυσπαράβουλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, male consulens: ill-judging, ill-advising. Æsch. Sup. 113. ΣΥΝ. Δύσβουλος, ἀβουλος.

Δυσπαράβελεκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vix placabilis: implacable. Æ. Sup. 391.

Δυσπαραίτητος, Δυσπάρηγγρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inexorabilis: hard to be supplicated, unrelenting. Δυσπαραίτητοι φρένες P. V. 34. Eumen. 387. ΣΥΝ. Ἀπαραίτητος, ἀμειλίχδος, χάλεπός, βάρις.

Δυσπάρεινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in quo vel quocum non bene dormitur: hard to lie on or with, cruel, unfortunate. Trach. 793.

Δυσπάρηγγρός. See Δυσπαραίτητος.

Δύσπαρις, ιθός, ὁ, infelix Paris: wretched Paris. Δύσπαρι εἶδος ἄριστέ Γ. 39.

Δύσπεμπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ægre submovendus: hard to be removed. Agam. 1161.

Δυσπέμφελός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infelicitate demissus; difficilis transitu; difficilis: unfortunately sent; dangerous to pass; difficult. Hes. Op. 720. ΣΥΝ. Δυσᾶρεστος, χάλεπός, δύσκολός.

Δυσπενθής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, luctuosus: causing bitter grief, mournful. Pyth. 12. 18. ΣΥΝ. Πόλυπενθής, πόλυθρηνός.

Δυσπεράτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tractatu difficilis; tempestuosus; non tolerandus; difficult to pass through, tempestuous; intolerable. Δυσπεράτων αἰών Med. 646., answered by φέκτισεν παθοῦσαν.

Δυσπέτης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, male cadens, adversus: turning out ill, unfortunate, troublesome. Aj. 1065. ΣΥΝ. Δυσχερής, δύσπῦτμος.

Δυσπέτως, ægre: painfully, with difficulty. P. V. 777.

Δυσπίνης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, squalidus: squalid. Cæ. C. 1597. See Πινός. ΣΥΝ. Ανχηρής, ῥυτάρδος, πινάρδος.

Δύσπλανός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, misere errans: wretchedly wandering. P. V. 933. See Πλάνη. ΣΥΝ. Ἀλήτης.

Δύσπνός, contr. Δύσπνους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vehementer vel male spirans: violently blowing, panting. Antig. 223. ΣΥΝ. Δύσαής.

Δυσπόλεμητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non oppugnandus: hard to wage war with. Æ. Sup. 656. ΣΥΝ. Δύσμάχος.

Δυσπόνης, ἔδος; Δύσπνός, Δυσπόνητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, laboriosus, ærumnosus: toilsome, mournful. ε. 493. Antig. 1277. Cæ. C. 1614. ΣΥΝ. Πόλυπνός, πόλυκμητός, αλγεινός.

Δύσποτμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infelix: ill-fated. P. V. 119. See Πότμος. ΣΥΝ. Δυστύχης, δύσάμμορος, ἀθλίος, κἀκότηχης, ἀτύχης, δύστηνός.

Δυσπότμος, infelicitate: unhappily. Pers. 277. See above. ΣΥΝ. Ἀτύχως, ἀθλίως, τάλαιπώρως.

Δύσποτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non potabilis: unfit to drink. Eumen. 266.

Δυσπραγέω, adversa fortuna utor: to prove unfortunate. Τῷ δυσπραγοῦντι δ' ἐπιστεῖν ἄχειν Agam. 763. ΣΥΝ. Δυστύχέω.

Δυσπραξία, ας, ἡ, infelicitas: misfortune. Πρὸς δέων δυσπραξίας Aj. 759. ΣΥΝ. Δυστύχια, ἀτύχια, λῶση, ἀτύχημά.

Δυσπρέπης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, indecens: disgraceful. Helen. 299. ΣΥΝ. Ἀπρέπης, αἰσχρος.

Δυσπρόσιτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui difficulter adiri potest: difficult of access. Δυσπρόσιτός ἐσω τέ κλείδων σπᾶνιός ἀνδρά δ' ου χρεών Iph. A. 345. ΣΥΝ. Δύσμιλος, ἀπρόσιτός.

Δυσπρόσιστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intractabilis: to which one cannot easily bring things near, unmanageable. Cæ. C. 1277. ΣΥΝ. Δυσπρόσιτός.

Δυσπρόσοπτός, Δυσπρόσωπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui ad spectum infasti est: of forbidding mien, hideous. Soph. El. 460. Cæ. C. 286.

Δυσσεβεία, ας, ἡ, impietas: impiety. Helen. 1020. See Ἀσεβεία. Ep. Ἐπεροῦπλός.

Δυσσεβέω, impius sum: to commit impiety. Eumen. 913.

Δυσσεβής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, impius: impious. Helen. 1028. ΣΥΝ. see Ἀθεός.

Δύσσθός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui vix servari potest: diffi-

cult to be saved, abandoned. Theoc. 4. 45. *Επερ. Κάκοδαίμων, δυσχερῶς σωζομένους.*

Δυσστομέω, or Δυστόμω, objurgo : to upbraid. CE. C. 986. See Brunck. SYN. see Δυσφημέω.

Δυστάλας, ανᾶ, ἄν, Δύστηρως, ου ; Δυστλήμων, ὄνως, ὁ, ἡ, valde miser : very unhappy. Ω δυστάλαινα πρὸς CE. R. 790. 1236. H. in Apoll. 532. SYN. Δυστύχης, δύσμυρός, ἄθλιος.

Δυστέκμαρτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, difficilis ad conjiciendum : hard to be conjectured, inscrutable. Δυστέκμαρτον εἰς τέχνην P. V. 506.

Δυστέκνους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infelix liberis : unfortunate in children. Δυστέκνον παιδουργίαν CE. R. 1248. Επερ. Παῖδας δύσπαιδας.

Δυστερπής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, acerbus : unpleasant. Choëph. 271. SYN. Δυσφίλης, ἀήδης.

Δύστηνως. See Δυστάλας.

Δυστλήμων. See Δυστάλας.

Δύστηλτος, ὄν, difficilis ad tolerandum : hard to endure, difficult. Phœn. 1452.

Δυστόκω, difficulter pario : to bring forth with difficulty. Ran. 1423.

Δυστόκεια, ας, ἡ, difficultas pariendi : difficulty in bringing forth. Δυστόκεις μῶγεουσιν Call. 4. 242.

Δυστόμω. See Δυστόμω.

Δυστόπαστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, difficilis conjectu : inscrutable. Eur. Sup. 149. SYN. Δυστέκμαρτος.

Δυστράπεζος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nefandis cibus utens : feasting at an evil table or on impious flesh. Herc. F. 385. See Τράπεζα.

Δυστράπελος, Δυστροπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cujus animus ægre flecti potest : obstinate. Κεῖται ὁ δυστράπελος Aj. 912. SYN. Δύσκολος, δυσχερής, δύσπεστος.

Δυστροπός. See above.

Δυστύχω, adversa uttor fortuna : to be unfortunate. P. V. 345. See Τύχη. SYN. Δυσπραγέω, κακῶς πράσσω, κακῶς ἔχω.

Δυστύχης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, infelix : unfortunate. Eumen. 795. See above. SYN. Ἀτύχης, ἄθλιος, δύστηνος.

Δυστύχια, ας, ἡ, infortunium : misfortune. Bacch. 389. See above. SYN. Δυσπραγξία, οὐδὺς, ὄλως, θλίψις, κακωσίς, ἀνάγκη.

Δυστύχως, infelicitur : unfortunately. Androm. 576. See above. PHR. Αἰσιᾶν ου κατ' ὀρνίχων ὀδῶν Nem. 9.

Δυσφάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infaustus : ill-boding. Agam. 1121. See Φάτος.

Δυσφημέω, convicia in aliquem jacto ; male ominor : to reproach ; address ill-omened words. Hec. 183. SYN. Λοιδώρω, βλασφημέω, διαβάλλω, δυσστομέω.

Δυσφημία, ας, ἡ, maledicentia ; verba male ominata : evil report : ill-boding cries. Philoct. 10. SYN. Βλασφημία, κατᾶρα, ἄρα, λοιδωρία.

Δύσφημος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mali ominis ; infamis : ill-boding ; infamous, shocking. Hec. 193.

Δυσφίλης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, inamabilis : unfriendly. Τοιαῦτε τῆς ὁ δυσφίλης CE. C. 1258. SYN. Δυστερπής, ἀνέραστός.

Δυσφρόνω, ægre fero : to be indignant. Sept. Th. 779. SYN. Ἀλυκτέω, ἄλαστέω, ἀγανάκτεω, βάρυνμαι.

Δυσφρόνητος, Δύσφροτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, difficilis toleratu, gravis : difficult to be borne, heavy, difficult. Cycl. 343. Eumen. 378. SYN.

Ἄφερτος, δύσοιστος, δυσκόμστος, δύσκλητος, ἀκλητος, ανὸς, Βάρυς, χαλεπός.

Δυσφόρμιγξ, ιγγός, flebilis : ill sounding on the harp, doleful. Iph. T. 225. SYN. Γόερδος, δυσφρόνητος.

Δύσφροτος. See Δυσφρόνητος.

Δυσφρόνας, ægre : grievously. CE. R. 770.

Δυσφρόνέω, animum abjicio, ægre fero : to grieve, to be aggrieved. Androm. 1223. SYN. Λυπεῖμαι, δυσθυμέω, βάρυνμαι.

Δυσφρόνος, ægro animo ; imprudenter : with a troubled mind ; imprudently. Pers. 553.

Δυσφρόσυνη, Δυσφρόνη, ης, ἡ, anxietas, ægritudo : anxiety, illness. Δυσφρόσυναισι δέων Troad. 599. Hes. Theog. 102. SYN. Λύπη, ἀνία, δυσθυμία.

Δύσφρων, ὄνως, ὁ, ἡ, æger animo ; infensus ; insanus : uneasy in mind ; evil-minded ; imprudent. Sept. Th. 873. SYN. Δύσθυμος, αλγεινός.

Δυσφύλακτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui caveri nequit : difficult to be guarded against. Androm. 726. See Φύλασσω. SYN. Ἄφυκτος, ἀπαράιτητος.

Δυσχείμερος, Δύσχειμδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ ; Δυσχείμων, ὄνως, ὁ, ἡ, hybernis tempestatibus obnoxius : exposed to storms, wintry. Π. 234. Eur. Sup. 972. Apoll. 4. 635.

Δύσχειμδος ετ μιν. See above.

Δυσχείρωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, res ægre superabilis : a dangerous conflict. Antig. 128.

Δυσχέρινω, ægre fero ; pertasus sum ; molestiam addere : to dislike ; reject ; irritate. CE. C. 1282. SYN. Ἀνῖω, πρόσιστάμαι, βάρυνμαι, ἀγανάκτεω, δεινὸν πᾶθεω, μισέω, ἀπειθέω.

Δυσχέρις, ας, ἡ, molestia : unpleasantness, awkwardness, annoyance, difficulty. Δυσχέρις τοῦ νόσῆματος Philoct. 900.

Δυσχέρης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, manibus ægre tractabilis : awkward, rough, unpleasant. P. V. 827. SYN. Ἀλγεινός, δεινός, δύσφροτος, ἀχθινός, ἀργαλέος.

Δύσχιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, noxius : noxious. Ως δράκοντα δύσχιμον Sept. Th. 499.

Δυσχλαίνα, ας, ἡ, detrita læna : tattered or shabby clothing. Hec. 239.

Δύσχορτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non commode habitandus : hardly fit for habitation. Iph. T. 219. SYN. Ἀήδης.

Δύσωδης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, foetidus : having a bad odour. Χωλὸς δύσωδης πῶς θεοῖς Philoct. 1032.

Δύσωνυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui infaustum est nomen : ill-boding. CE. C. 528. See above and Εὐώνυμος. SYN. Κάκωνυμος, δύσποτος, χαλεπός.

Δυσωρέμια, ægre custodio : to watch with difficulty. Μηλὰ δύσωρήσονται ἐν αὐλῇ K. 183.

Δύω, duo : two. See Δύο.

Δύω, δύομαι. See Δύνω.

Δύωδέκα, Δώδεκα, indecl., duodecim : twelve. Νῆες μὲν μοι ἔποντο δύωδέκα ι. 159. Iph. A. 293. "Attici valentur usurpavisse non δύωδέκα, sed δώδεκα." Malb.

Δύωδέκαβοις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, duodecim boum pretium æquans : worth twelve oxen. Τὸν δὲ δύωδέκαβοιον Ψ. 703.

Δύωδέκαδρόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui duodecim curricula absolvit : running twelve times round the course. Olymp. 2. 92. See above.

Δύωδέκαμηνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui duodecim mensium est : of twelve months' duration. Μηδὲ δύωδέκαμηνον Hes. Op. 752.

Δύωκαιεικοσήμετρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, duo et viginti

mensuras capiens: containing twenty-two measures. *Πάσαντα δὴν καιεὶκοῦσι μετρον* Ψ. 264.

Δύω καιεὶκοῦσι πηχὺς, ἔς, qui duorum et viginti cubitorum est: two-and-twenty cubits long. *Βλήτρουσι δὴν καιεὶκοῦσι πηχυν* O. 676.

Δῶ. See Δῶμα.

Δωδέκᾱ. See Δωδέκᾱ.

Δωδέκᾱ γναμπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, duodecim flexus habens: turning round the goal twelve times. *Olymp.* 3. 59. See Ἄγναμπτός.

Δωδέκάκις, duodecies: twelve times. *Καὶ δωδέκακις καὶ μυριάκις τοῦ τοῦ* Plut. 853.

Δωδέκακῆ χᾶνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, duodecim machinis instructus: furnished with twelve contrivances or tricks. *Ran.* 1327. See Μηχᾶνή.

Δωδέκατος, η, ὄν, duodecimus: twelfth. *Trach.* 826. See Δέκατος.

Δωδέκῆτης, ἔς, ὁ, ἡ, qui duodecim annorum est: twelve years old. *Call.* Ep. 20.

Δωδωναῖος, α, ὄν; Δωδωνίς, ἴδως, ἡ, qui est e Dodona: of Dodona. *Π.* 233. *Apoll.* 1. 526.

Δωδών, ὠνός, Δωδώνη, ης, ἡ, Dodona: a town of Epirus, celebrated for an oracle of Jupiter. *Trach.* 175. *Phoen.* 996. *Ερ.* Δυσχειμέρος, αιπυνωτός. *PHR.* Σεμᾶ Δωδώνης βᾶθρα.

Δωδών. See above.

Δωδωνίς. See Δωδωναῖος.

Δῶμα, ἄτος, poet. Δῶ, τό. *Hec.* 7. *H.* 363. *SYN.* see Δόμος and Μελάθρον. *Ερ.* Ἄφνειον, ἐνίπλειον, κνισσῆν, κουριδιῶν, μᾶλ᾽ ἀκλόν, μέγ᾽, εὐτυκτόν, μητρώϊον, πάτρώϊον, περὶ καλλές, σμερδάλειν, φίλον, ὑπέρεφες, ἀγακλιτόν, (*Hom.*) νυμφικόν, βάσιλειον, ἀλῆϊον, λαμπρόν, πλούσιον, ἀκλυστόν, ἀδουλόν, ἄχρυστόν, ἐρυμνόν, καθάρων, πληρὲς χρυσοῦ, τυραννικόν, ἀγλᾶδον, ὑψηλόν, πολύχρυσόν, χρυσῆδον.

Δωμάτιον, ου, τὸ, conclave: a chamber. *Κὰν τοῖσι δωμάτιοισιν Ἀφροδίτης τρώπων* *Eccles.* 8.

Δωμάτις, ἴδως, ἡ, domestica: domestic. *Δωμάτιν ἐστὶν* *Agam.* 941.

Δωμάτω, domum incolo: to inhabit a house. *Æ.* *Sup.* 965. See above.

Δῶναξ, Dor. pro Δόναξ, q. v.

Δωρεᾶ. See Δώρημα.

Δωρῶ, Δωρεῖσθαι, dono: to give, present with gifts, honour. *Olymp.* 6. 131. *SYN.* Δεξιῶσθαι, δίδωμι, χαρίζεσθαι, βράβευν, γέλαρον.

Δώρημα, ἄτος, Δῶρδον, ου, τό; Δωρεᾶ, ἄς, Δωτίνη, ης, ἡ, donum: a gift, favour. *Nub.* 305. *Ion* 1010. *Aj.* 1032. 1. 155. *SYN.* Δόσις, γέρας, κάρπωμα, χάρις, κειμήλιον, δάνος. *Ερ.* Ἀγλᾶδον, ἀμειρότον, ἐράτον, ἐρικυδέες, περὶ κλιτόν, χαρίεν, ἀλῆϊον, ἀσπετόν, ἐναίσιμον, εσθλόν, ἐπασθόν, εχθρόν, κάλλιμον, μελίχρον, ξεινήϊον, περὶ καλλές, χρυσῆδον, φίλον, ἀγαθόν, μέγ᾽, τιμῆν, (*Hom.*) οὐκ αἰσχροῦ, νικηφόρον, κάλλιστον, δίπτυχον, γαμήλιον, δητην, μένσευκές, ὀλέϊον, δεσπεσίον, πόθητον, φίλιον, χρυσόφαές.

Δωρητός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, (1) donis placabilis; to be conciliated by gifts; (2) donatus: given as a gift. *Æ.* *R.* 393. *Ερ.* (1) Τοῖς δώροις πευθόμενος, ὁ δῶρα λαμβάνων, (2) τὸ ὡς δῶρδον διδόμενον.

Δωριεύς, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, Doriensis: a Dorian, one who speaks the Doric dialect. For authority see Δωρίζω.

Δωρίζω, more Dorum loquor: to speak the Doric dialect. *Δωρίζεν δ' ἐξέστι δόκῳ τοῖς Δωριέεσσιν* *Theoc.* 15. 93.

Δωρικὸς, ἡ, ὄν; Δωρίος, α, ὄν; Δωρίς, ἴδως, ἡ,

Doricus: Doric. *Φθιάδ' ἀντὶ Δωρικῆς* *Eur.* *El.* 836. *Ion* 1590. *Hec.* 450.

Δωρίς, ἴδως, ἡ, Doris: the Dorian land. *Δωρίς ὑμνηθήσεται* *Ion* 1590.

Δωριστί, Dorice: after the Doric fashion. *Τὴν Δωριστὶ μὲν* *Eq.* 987.

Δωροδδῶκε, donis inbio; munibus corruptor: to be anxious after gifts; accept money as a bribe, betray. *Eq.* 802.

Δωροδοκῆσι, by way of bribes, a play on the word δωριστί, q. v. *Ἦν μὴ Δωροδοκῆσι* *Eq.* 996.

Δωροδδῶκος, Δωροφάγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, donis inbians: receiving bribes, corrupt. *Eq.* 402. *Hes.* *Op.* 39.

Δῶρδον. See Δώρημα.

Δῶρος, ου, ὁ, Dorus: the son of Xuthus. *Ion* 1590.

Δωροφάγος. See Δωροδδῶκος.

Δωροφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui dona fert: one who brings a gift or reward. *Pyth.* 5. 116.

Δῶς, ἡ, indecl., donum: a gift. *Hes.* *Op.* 356.

Δωτήρ, ἡρός, Δώτωρ, ὄρος, Δώτης, ου, ὁ, dator: a giver. *Æ.* 325. 335. *Hes.* *Op.* 355.

Δωτίνη. See Δώρημα.

Δώτωρ. See Δωτήρ.

E.

Ἐάν, si: if. *ΑΛΛ' εὐρέθει μὲν μάλιστα' εἰν δέ τοι* *Ant.* 327. "Si indicibus credendum, τὸ εἰν nunquam alias in Sophocle occurrit; et nunquam ab Euripide usurpatur, nisi proxime sequente περ, εἰν περ. *Med.* 727. *Hel.* 1077." *Beck.*

Ἐάνος, ἡ, ὄν, tenuis: fine, delicate. *Θέντῆς ἑαφ' λιτὶ κάλυψαν* Ψ. 254. *SYN.* Ἰσχυρός, τρυφῆρος, ἄερόχιτων, λεπτός, λεπτάλῆς, ἀπαλός.

Ἐάνος, Εἰάνος, peplum: a robe, garment. *Ἀμειροσίου ἑάνον ἐσάθ'* *Ξ.* 178. *SYN.* Πέπλον, ἀμειρόνη, εσθῆς, ἱματίον, ἐνδυμᾶ. *Ερ.* Ἀργῆς, φαεινός, λεπτάλῆς, εὐδῶης.

Ἐάρ, ἑάρος, contr. Ἐρ, ἡρός, τὸ, Εἰάρ, τὸ, ver: spring. *Τηλεθῶσα φῦει ἑάρος* *Z.* 148. *Ερ.* Ἀνθεμέν, αὐλόν, ἡδύ, ἐρσην, δροσέρων, γλυκέρον, λευκόν, πολυένδρον, πύλιον, στέφανηφόρον, φοινικάνθημον, φερανθές. *PHR.* see Bion 6.

Ἐαρινός, Εἰαρινός, Ηρινός, ἡ, ὄν, vernus: vernal. *Ἀνθεσὶν εἰαρινόισιν* *B.* 89.

Ἐαροτρέφης, ἔς, ὁ, ἡ, vere nutritus: nursed by the spring. *Λειμώνων ἑαροτρέφῶν* *Mosch.* 2. 66.

Ἐατέος, α, ὄν, omittendus: must be forsaken. *Εἰπᾶς οὐκ ἑατέον* *Phoen.* 1225.

Ἐαυτοῦ, ἡς, οὐ, sui ipsius; dicitur et de prima et secunda persona: of himself, herself, itself. *Plut.* 589. "Hoc compositum, cum casibus ejus, Homero fuit ignotum. Attici poetæ, in primis Tragicæ, libentius usurpare videntur αὐτοῦ, αὐτῷ, &c." *Maltb.*

Ἐάω, *Ion.* Ἐάσωκ, f. ἑάσω, sino, omitto: to allow, suffer to leave, abandon. *Plut.* 589. *SYN.* Συγχαρῶ, ἀφίημι, παρίημι, ἐπίτρεπω, ἀποτάσσομαι.

Ἐεδομαγῆνης, ἔς, ὁ, ἡ, septimo die natus:

born on the seventh day, an epithet of Apollo. *Σεμνὸς ἑβδομαγενής* Sept. Th. 801.

Ἑβδομάκις, septies: seven times. Ἑβδομάκις περὶ Δῆλόν Call. 4. 251.

Ἑβδομάτος, Ἑβδομός, η, ὄν, septimus: the seventh. Ἑβδομάτῃ δ' ἰκομένη κ. 81. Sept. Th. 801.

Ἑβένος, ου, ἡ, ebenus: ebony. Theoc. 15. 123.

Ἑβρός, ου, ὁ, Hebrus: a river in Thrace, now called Maritz. Ὁχθῶ ἐφεζόμενοι παρ' Ἑβρον Av. 774. Ep. Οθηκίος, ἀρῦρορρύτης.

Εγγαῖος, α, ὄν, quod in terra est: in the earth. Pers. 919.

Εγγεῖνδμαι, Εγγίνδμαι, innascor; genero in-tus: to rise among, spring up; to generate within. T. 26. Ran. 701.

Εγγελαστής, ου, ὁ, irrisor: a derider. Hipp. 1004. SYN. see Γελαστής.

Εγγέλᾶω, ᾄσω, irrideo: to laugh at. Alcest. 740. SYN. Ἐπιγέλᾶω, κατὰγέλᾶω.

Εγγενέτης, ου, ὁ, subst., et Εγγενής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, adj., indigena, natus: a native, innate, indigenous. Apoll. 4. 1549. Ion 63. SYN. Αυθιγένης, συγγενής, ὁμαιμός.

Εγγενῶς, genuine, vere: genuinely, really, truly. C. R. 1225. SYN. Γυνσιῶς, ἀληθῶς.

Εγγινῶμαι. See Εγγεῖνδμαι and Γινῶμαι.

Εγγλωττῶγάστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, qui lingua victum quatit: an informer. Aves 1694.

Εγγλωττῶτῆπῶ, in ore semper habeo, jacto: to boast. Εγγλωττῶτῆπῆν παρέδωκας (parce-miac.), Eq. 779. SYN. Σεμνυλόγῶ, μεγάλῃ γόρῳ, αυχέω.

Εγγνάμπτω, incurvo: to bend upon or to. Ψ. 731. SYN. Ἀνᾱγνάμπτω, ἐπίγνάμπτω, εγ-κάμπτω.

Εγγραῖω, ψω, inscribo: to write upon, to record. Iph. A. 113. See Γράφω. SYN. Πρόσ-εγγραῖω, ἐπιγγραῖω, γράφω.

Εγγυᾶλίζω, ξω, in manus trado: to give to. Ὀλμπῆτος ἐγγυᾶλίζει A. 353. SYN. Εγχειρίζω, δίδωμι, παρέχω, χαρίζομαι.

Εγγυᾶω, ἦσω, despondeo alicui aliquid: to give a pledge or promise. Iph. A. 703. See below. SYN. Πάρεγγυᾶω, ἀνὰδεχόμεναι, ἐκδιδωμί, μυστεύομαι.

Εγγυῆ, ης, ἡ, sponsio: a promise, pledge, security. Εγγυᾶι ἐγγυᾶσθαι θ. 351.

Εγγυήτης, ου, ὁ, sponsor: a bail, sponsor. Eccles. 1064. See above. SYN. Τῆγγυός.

Εγγυθεν, Εγγυθί, Εγγυς, adv. et saepe prae-, prope, cominus: nigh, near, at hand. Σοί μὲν ἐγγυθεν πόδος Ion 614. H. 341. Phoen. 605. SYN. Πάρεγγυς, πλησίον, ὁμυ, ὁμῶς, πέλας, ἀρχί, ἀρχοῦθι.

Εγείρω, excito: to raise up, awake, quicken, attune. Vesp. 101. SYN. Ἀνέγειρω, ἐπείγειρω, διασπείδω, ἐπισπέρχω, παροξύνω, ἐπὶτρύνω, παρ-ορμάω, παρὰκτελεύδομαι, ὄρινω, ὀρνυμί, ὄρω, ἀνίστημι.

Εγέρσιμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex quo quis potest exci-tari: from which one can awake. Εγέρσιμόν Ξνον Theoc. 24. 7.

Εγερτέος, α, ου, excitandus: must be raised. Rhcs. 686.

Εγερτί, vigilant; certatim: vigilantly; with contention. Εγερτί κινῶν ἀνδρ' ἀνὴρ ἐπιρρόθοις Antig. 413. SYN. Ἐρηγηορτί.

Εγκαθαρμόζω, ὅσω, accommodo: to fit in, adapt. Lysist. 681. SYN. Ἀρμόζω, καθαρμόζω.

Εγκάθεζομαι, Εγκάθημαι, Εγκάθίζομαι, insideo: to sit down or upon. Εγκάθεζόμενος λάθρα Thesm. 184. 615. Eccles. 98. SYN. Ἐπικά-θημαι, ἐφέζομαι, ἐφημαι, ενθακέω, ἐφίζανω.

Εγκαθεῖδω, indormio: to sleep in. Lysist. 614. SYN. Εγκοιμάομαι, ευνάζομαι, κατὰδαρθᾶνω, ἐνειδῶ.

Εγκάθησᾶω, pubesco ia: to spend one's youth in. Hipp. 1096.

Εγκάθημαι. See Εγκάθεζομαι.

Εγκάθιδρῶω, colloco: to place in. Εγκάθιδρῶ-σαι χθονί Iph. T. 979.

Εγκάθίζομαι. See Εγκάθεζομαι.

Εγκάθιστημί, impono, colloco: to place in, appoint, settle. Iph. T. 983. SYN. Κάθιστημί, εγκαθιδρέω.

Εγκαθῶρᾶω, respicio: to look on, favour. Anacr. 59.

Εγκάθυερίζω, luxurio: to riot in. Εγκάθυερί-ζειν τρύφαις Troad. 990.

Εγκάθυω, posco, defero nomen; increpo: to call in, summon; to accuse, complain of. Heracl. 252. See Κάλῶ. SYN. Δικάζομαι, ἐπικάλῶ, αἰτιάομαι, ἐπαιτιάομαι, κατηγορέω.

Εγκάλυπτο, obtego: to conceal in, cover over. Nub. 735. See Κάλυπτο. SYN. Ἐπικά-λύπτο, κατὰκάλυπτο, εγκρύπτο, ἐμπύκάζω.

Εγκάνασσω, cum sonitu infundo: to pour in with a gurgling. Εγκάναζόν μοι πόλυν Equit. 105. SYN. Εγχεῶ.

Εγκανάχαδμαι, insono: to rustle among, sound. Ὅ δ' ἐγκανάχῃσάτ' ὀ κόχλῳ Theoc. 9. 27. SYN. Ἐπηχεῶ, κάττηχεῶ.

Εγκάπτο, devoro: to devour. Cycl. 625. SYN. Δαρδᾶπτο, κατὰτρῶγω.

Ἐγκαρπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, foecundus: fruit-bearing, productive. Trach. 242. SYN. Εύκαρπός, πό-λυκαρπός.

Εγκαρτέρῶ, forti animo fero: to endure firmly. Herc. F. 1343. SYN. Διάκαρτέρῶ, καρ-τέρῶ, ἐμμένω, ἀνᾱμένω.

Ἐγκατά, ων, τὰ, viscera: entrails. Μιχθή-μεναι ἐγκατὶ φωτός A. 438. SYN. Ἐντερᾶ, σπλάγχνα.

Εγκατάδαινω, descendo in: to descend into. Nem. 1. 57.

Εγκάταεύννυμι, ζεύω, adjungo: to adjoin, associate. Εγκάταεύνεας τρόποις Aj. 747. SYN. Συναρμόζω, συντίθημι.

Εγκάτακειμαι, incubo: to recline upon. Theog. 1191. SYN. Ἀνᾱκειμαι, εγκαθημαι, πρόσ-ιζανω.

Εγκάτακλειστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inclusus: shut in. Εγκάτακλειστον δόμοις Eur. Dan. 39.

Εγκάτακλίνω, accumbō: to lie down. Εγ-κάτακλινούντ' ἄγωμεν Plut. 621. SYN. Κατά-κλίνω, εγκλίνω.

Εγκάτακρούω, pulso, salto: to beat on, stamp, dance. Ran. 334.

Εγκάταλείπω, derelinquo: to leave behind, abandon. Hes. Op. 376. SYN. Ἀπολείπω.

Εγκάταμίγνυμι, immisceo: to blend with. Lysist. 581. See Μίγνυμι. SYN. Ἀνάμιγνυμι, ἐντίθημι, ἐγκράννυμι.

Εγκάτανᾶω, habitatum deduco: to place as an inhabitant. Ουρανῶ εγκατένασεν Apoll. 3. 116. SYN. Κάτοικίζω.

Εγκάταπήγνυμι, infigo: to fix or thrust in. λ. 97. SYN. Κατάπήγνυμι, ἐντίθημι.

Εγκάταπίπτω, superincido: to fall on. Apoll. 3. 655.

Εγκατασκήπτω, vi projicio : to hurl violently. Εγκατάσκηψον βέλους Trach. 1089. SYN. Εν-σκήπτω, εισβάλλω, ληρλάττω.

Εγκατατίθημι, depono, recondo : to set down, fix, hide. Ξ. 219.

Εγκατιλλάπτω, irrideo cum quodam oculorum motu : to deride with scornful looks. Eum. 113. SYN. Χλευάζω.

Εγκατοικέω, inhabito : to dwell in. Eur. fr. Antio. 33.

Εγκειμαι, inhæreo, addictus sum : to lie on, lean on, be devoted to. Theoc. 3. 33. SYN. Ἐπικειμαι, ἐφίστάμαι, παρίσταμαι, ἐπέρχομαι.

Εγκείρω, rado : to shave, shear. Eur. El. 107.

Εγκεῶδός, ου, ὁ, Enceladus : one of the giants. Ion 207. The ἄσιν κεῶδός.

Εγκελεύω, hortor : to exhort, command. P. V. 72. SYN. Κελεύω, παρὰκελεύω, προστάσσω, παρὰκἀλέω.

Εγκεντρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, aculeus : a sting. Τῆς εγκεντρίδος Vesp. 1073. SYN. Κέντρον, ὀγκός.

Εγκεράννυμι, Εγκίρνημι, immisceo : to mix, blend with. Θ. 189. Nem. 9. 119. SYN. Εγκύκω, εγχέω.

Εγκερτόμειω, convicia ingero : to reproach, abuse. Iph. A. 1006. SYN. Κερτόμειω, εμπαίζω.

Εγκεφάλός, ου, ὁ, cerebrum : the brain. Αλγῆσας δ' ἀνέπαλτὸ βέλος δ' eis εγκεφάλον δὲ Θ. 85.

Εγκιθάρίζω, cithara cano : to play on the lyre. Μῆσφ' ἡμαῖτ' εγκιθάριζεν Hom. H. Merc. 17. SYN. Κιθάρίζω, φορμίζω.

Εγκίρνημι. See Εγκεράννυμι.

Εγκλείω, ποῖτ. Ἐνκλείω, includo : to shut in. Hec. 1266. Apoll. 2. 1031. SYN. Ἀποκλείω, εἰρῶ, συγκλείω.

Ἐγκλημά, ἀτός, τὸ, accusatio : accusation, complaint. Orest. 757. SYN. Αἰτιαμά, μέμψις, πταίσμα.

Ἐγκληρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, particeps, dives : sharing in, hereditary, rich. Herc. F. 466. SYN. Μέρ-οχος, κοινός, ὁμοῖος, διαδόχος.

Εγκλιδόν, inclinando : in an inclining posture. Εγκλιδὸν ἐξομένη Hom. 22. 3.

Εγκλίνω, κλινῶ, 1. a. ἐκλινᾶ, inclino : to incline, turn aside, give way. Hec. 727. SYN. Ἐπικλίνω, παρὰκλίνω, ἐπείρειδῶμαι, εγκύπτω, νεύω.

Εγκοισυράδμαι, luxuriose vivo : to imitate Coesura, a rich and luxurious Athenian woman, i. e. to be proud and extravagant. Τρύφωσάν εγκόικαισυρμένην Nub. 48. SYN. Ἀερόνυμαι, πέρισσῶς κοσμεῖμαι.

Εγκυλῆσάζω, pædico. See Brunck. in l. e. Eq. 265.

Εγκυνέω, urgeo opus, propero : to hasten, ply. P. V. 998. SYN. Κάτεγκυνέω, σπεύδω, ἐπείγῶμαι, τάχυνω.

Εγκυνήτι, laboriose : after a struggle. Εγκυνήτι Λαβέδοντά Nem. 3. 61., answering to Αἰακάφ σέ φαμί γένει τέ. SYN. Μογέρως, ἐπιπῶνας, μοχθηρῶς, τάχως.

Εγκυρόβλη, involvo : to involve, infold. Σίσυράις εγκέκορβυλλήμενος Nub. 10. SYN. Εγκρύπτω, εντύλισσω, ἐνειλέω.

Εγκοσμέω, ordine colloco : to range in order, prepare. o. 218. SYN. Διάκοσμέω, διατάττω, εντρέπίζω.

Εγκότῶ, æstuo ira : to be enraged at. Choëph. 37. SYN. Ἀγανακτέω, οργίζομαι, μηνίω.

Ἐγκότος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pertinaciter infestus : per-severingly hostile. Choëph. 387. SYN. Ἐπικότος, ἐχθρὸς, τρηχὺς, χυλῆπος, πάλιγκότος.

Εγκράζω, ξόμαι, inclamo in : to cry out against. Plut. 428. SYN. See Ἀνακράζω.

Εγκράτειά, as, ἡ, continentia : continence, forbearance. Ἰπὲρ εγκράτειας τοῖς νύσοῦσιν Philem. 11. SYN. Ἐπικράτειά, σωφρόσυνη.

Εγκράτῶς, valide : forcibly, with strength. Ἦγchon δ' εγκράτῶς Theoc. 25. 266. SYN. Ἰφί, κρᾶτερῶς, σωφρόνως.

Εκράτης, ἔος, qui in potestate habet aliquid, continens sui, validus : being master of, temperate, robust. Χερσὶν εγκράτει σθένει P. V. 55. SYN. Ἐπικράτης, κράταιος, ἐπόχος, ἐπήβολος.

Εγκρότῶ, cum strepitu pulso : to beat time. Theoc. 18. 7.

Εγκρούω, ad numeros incedo : to trip along in time. Ran. 374. EXP. Βαλῶν ευρύθμως.

Εγκρύπτω, oculo : to hide. Aves 841. SYN. Εγκάλυπτα, ἐπικάλυπτα, ἀποκρύπτω.

Εγκρυφιάζω, clam abscondo, aufero : to conceal, pilfer. Ἐλελήθης εγκρυφιάζων Equit. 822.

Εγκτερείζω, justa facio : to perform the last solemn offices. Apoll. 1. 1060.

Εγκυκάδμαι. See Εγκεράννυμι. Acharn. 939. See Κύκω.

Εγκυκλῶ, involvo, cingo : to involve, roll round, surround. Αλλ' εγκυκλῶντ' οφθαλμὸν Iph. T. 76. SYN. Ἀναστρέφω, μετὰβάλλω.

Εγκυκλῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, certis orbibus vel temporibus reidens : circular, periodical. Iph. T. 430. See above.

Ἐγκυκλόν, ου, τὸ, vestis muliebris exterior : a female garment. Φερ' ἐγκυκλον τουτί λαδ' Thesm. 261.

Εγκυκλῶ, circulo includo, cingo : to inclose in a circle, surround. Vesp. 395. See above. SYN. Κύκλω, περίκλειω.

Εγκύμων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, prægnans ; onustus : pregnant ; laden, full. Εγκυμόν' ἵππον τευχέων Troad. 12.

Εγκύπτω, pronus incumbo : to bend down. Ran. 804. SYN. Ἐπικύπτω, κατὰκύντω, εγκλίνω.

Εγκυρέω, κύρσω, incurro in : to fall in with, encounter. N. 145. See Κύρέω. SYN. Εντυγ-χάνω, ἐμπίπτω, κύρεω.

Εγκάμιδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, laudatorius : panegyric. Nem. 1. 9.

Ἐγρέμαχος, ου, ὁ ; Ἐγρέμαχος, η, ὄν, incitans ad pugnam : exciting to battle. CE. C. 1054. Hym. in Cer. 424. See below, and Μάχη. SYN. Ἀρήϊος, μένεπτολέμους.

Ἐγρηγόρεω, Ἐγρηγύρῶ, Ἐγρήσσω, vigilo : to watch, be vigilant. Κεῖτ' ἐγρηγύρων v. 6. 33. SYN. Γρηγόρεω, ἀγρυπνέω, διαγρυπνέω, νήφω.

Ἐγρηγορτί, vigilanter : watchfully. Αλλ' ἐγρηγορτί σὺν τευχέσιν K. 182.

Ἐγρήσσω. See Ἐγρηγόρεω.

Ἐγρόμαι, surgo : to rise. Πρὶν γ' Ὀδυσῆ' ἐγρῶσθαι v. 124. SYN. Εξέγρόμαι, ἀνίσταμαι, ἀνέγειρόμαι, ἐξανίσταμαι. PHR. "Τπνὸν ἀπ' οφθαλμῶν βάλλω, Ἐμὲ δὲ γλυκὺς ὕπνός ἀνῆκε.

Εγχαίνω, Εγχάσκω, hio ; irrideo : to gape ; mock. Eq. 1313. Vesp. 721. SYN. Κατάγελᾶω, ἀμφίχλω.

Εγχεύω, ἔσω et ἔσοῦμαι, perf. εγχεχῶδα, caco in : to daub with filth. Vesp. 624. See Χέζω.

Εγχεία, as, Ion. Εγχείη, ης, ἡ, hasta : a spear. H. 261. SYN., &c. see Εγχῶς.

Εγχειρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hasta fremens : spear-raging, warlike. Olymp. 7. 79.

Εγχειράωνος, ου, ὁ, fulmina ad hastarum modum jaciens : thunder-brandishing. Ol. 13. 110.

Εγχειρέω, adgredior rem s. ad rem : to undertake, attempt, attack. Med. 378. SYN. Ἐπιχειρέω, ἐπέρχομαι, μετὰχειρίζω, τολμᾶω.

Εγχειρήμα, ἄτος, τό, conatus : an attempt. C. R. 540. SYN. Ἐπιχειρήμα, εἰσβολή, θρημιά, μήχαρ, μηχανήμα, τόλμημα, πείρα.

Εγχειρήτης, ου, ὁ, qui aliquid adgreditur, auctor : a person who attempts or undertakes. Aves 258. SYN. Αἰτίως.

Εγχειριδῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui in manibus gestatur : held in the hand. Σὺν τοῖσδ' ἱκετῶν εγχειριδίοις A. Sup. 22.

Εγχελεῖον. See Έγχελῦς.
Έγχελῦς, ὕς, ἡ, pl. Εγχελεῖς et ὕς : dimin. Εγχελεῖον, ου, τό, anguilla : an eel, a little eel. Lysist. 702. Acharn. 1042.

Εγχεσίμωρος, et (2) Εγχεσπᾶλδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) hasta pugnans : smiting with ; (2) hastam vibrans : brandishing the spear ; valiant. B. 692. E. 449. SYN. Ἀρήϊος, δουρικλύτης, αγχεμάχος.

Εγχεσπᾶλδος. See Εγχεσίμωρος.
Εγχεσφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hastatus : spear-bearing. Nem. 3. 107.

Εγχεῶ, χεύσω, infundo : to pour in. Cyel. 552. SYN. Εισχεῶ, κατὰχεῶ, εμβάλλω, ἐπικίρυνμι, ἐπάρχομαι.

Εγχλίω, luxurior in ; illudo : to revel in ; insult. A. Sup. 921. See Χάλιω.

Έγχῶς, ἔδς, τό, hasta, ensis : a spear, sword, metaph. instrument. Alcest. 76. SYN. Εγχεία, δόρος, ξιφός. Ep. Ἀκαχμένον, ἀλκίμων, ἀνέμοτρεφές, βριθῶ, μεγά, στειθάρων, δολίχων, μακρόν, οξύδεν, χάλκηρος, αμφιγύον, δολιχόσκιον, ἐνδὲ-κάπηχυν, μελινών, χάλκεον, ὀβριμόν, παγρώϊον, πέλωριον, καλλίνικον, πρόχειρον, πτέρωδεν, ἀμαιομακτόν, Ἀρήϊον, ἐκησδόν, δοῦριον.

Εγχριπτω, admoveo ; accedo : to bring near, draw near. P. 413. On the orthography of this word, see Monk's note, Hipp. 218. SYN. Χρίπτω, προσπᾶλάω, ἀφικνεύομαι.

Εγχριστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui illinitur : fit for anointing, unctuous. Theoc. 11. 2.

Εγχύτριζω, in olla pono ; occido : to put in a pot, to dish ; kill. Vesp. 289. See Χύτρα. SYN. Φόνεω, κτείνω, βλάπτω.

Εγχώριος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, indigena : indigenous. Iph. T. 304. SYN. Ἐπιχώριος, οἰκεῖος, πατριός, ἐντόπος, ἰθαγενής.

Έγω, μου, μοι, με, emphatica ἐμοῦ, ἐμοί, ἐμέ, ego : I. Bacch. 1375. SYN. Έγωγέ.

Έγωνε, ego certe : I for my part. P. 400.

Έδανος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suavis : sweet, pleasant. Αμειρόσιω ἑδάνω E. 172. SYN. 'Hδus, q. v.

Έδαφος, ἔδς, ἑδεθλίον, ἑδεθλόν, ου, τό, fundus, fundamentum, pavimentum : ground, foundation, pavement. 'Οσσον τίς τ' ἑδάφος νηὶς ε. 249. Callim. 4. 228. 2. 72. SYN. Δαπέδον, οὐδᾶς, πύθμην, βάθρον, δέμεθλόν, δέμελιόν, πρέμνον.

Έδεθλίον, ἑδεθλόν. See above.

Έδεσμά, ἄτος, τό ; ἔδητος, ὕς, ἡ ; ἑδᾶρ, ἄτος, τό ; ἑδωδή, ἡς, ἡ, edulium, caro : eatables, meat. Batrach. 31. B. 432. A. 121. O. 504. SYN. Βρώμα, βρώσις, βόρᾶ, τρόφῃ.

Έδεστος, ἡ, ὄν, edax ; edibilis : eating ; to be eaten. Antig. 206. SYN. Βρωτός, βρώσιμος.

Έδητος. See Έδεσμά.

Έδνάομαι, Ep. Έδνῶμαι, et Έδνῶ, despondeo, doto : to settle in marriage, portion. Έδνάσσομαι τὲ θυγάτηρ' Helen. 939. B. 63. Theoc. 22. 147. SYN. Μηστεύω, κατεγγυᾶω.

Έδνον, Ion. Έδνον, ου, τό, donum sponsale, dos : a marriage present or portion. 'Οθεν πῶθ' ἔδνον ξὺν Androm. 2. π. 391. SYN. Φερνή, μνηστειᾶ, χάρισμά. Ep. pl. Ἀπειροσῖα, μυρία, δεσπεσῖα.

Έδδς, ἔδς, τό ; Έδρα, as, ἡ ; Έδράνον, ου, et Έδρασμά, ἄτος, τό, (1) sedes ; a seat, place, abode ; (2) concilium : a sitting, assembly. Δ. 406. Orest. 1285. Aj. 194. Soph. El. 1393. SYN. Έδάφος, τέμενός, δῶκος, βάθρον. Ep. Ασφάλῆς, αὐτῶ, θεῖον, κάλδον, κλυτὸν, ὑψιπέδον, (2) αὐπνός, γόνυπέτης, βάμιος, νήνέμιος, χρυσήλατος.

Έδρα. See Έδδς.

Έδραῖος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, sedentarius ; stabilis : seated ; sedentary, firm. Τῶποις ἑδραιῶς ἄλλος Thesm. 664. SYN. Βᾶνασός.

Έδράνον. See Έδδς.

Έδρασμά. See Έδδς.

Έδριάω, sedeo : to sit. Έδριάει Πέρσαισι Theoc. 17. 19. SYN. see Έζῶμαι.

Έδροστρόφος, ου, ὁ, qui podicem versat, velut luctatores inter luctandum : a wrestler. 'Οσά δ' ἀπὸ σκέλεον ἑδροστρόφοι Theoc. 24. 109.

Έδω, f. med. εδοῦμαι, perf. ἐδήδωκα, edo : to eat, feed on. Z. 142. SYN. Βίβρωσκα, εσθῶ, φάγω, σιτέομαι.

Έδωδή. See Έδεσμά.

Έδωλίον, ου, τό, sedile : transtrum : a seat, bench for rowers. Έδωλίον ὑπερκόπῳ Sept. Th. 451. SYN. Σέλμα, ζῆγρον.

Έδνον. See Έδνον.

Έδνῶμαι. See Έδνάομαι.

Έδνωτης, ου, ὁ, Ion. pro Έδνωτης, qui filiam despondet, socer : one who portions a daughter, father-in-law. N. 382. SYN. Ἐκῶρος, κηδέστης, πένθερος.

Έικκός. See Εἰκός.

Έικκοσάβοις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, viginti boves valens : worth twenty oxen. Έικκοσάβοια δ' ἔδωκεν α. 431.

Έικκοσῶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod viginti remis impellitur : twenty-oared. ι. 322.

Έικοστός. See Εἰκοστός.

Έέλδωμαι. See Έλδωμαι.

Έέλδωρ, τό, Ep. pro Έλδωρ, desiderium : desire. A. 41.

Έέρση. See Έρση.

Έζομαι, 'εδοῦμαι, sedeo : to sit. Ἄνῃρ παρ' ἀνδρ' ἔζονθ' ὑφ' Hel. 1573. SYN. Έδριάω, καθέζομαι, ἱζάνω, ἡμαι, δακῶ.

Έθειρά, as, Έθειράς, ἄδς, ἡ, coma ; juba : hair ; mane. O. 42. π. 176. SYN. Κόμη, φύκη, βόστρυχος, θρίξ. Ep. Ἀπάλλῃ, δῦδεσσά, ξανθῇ, πυρσῇ, πόλια, χρυσέα, τρηχεῖα.

Έθειράς, comam alo : to be hairy, have curled hair. Theoc. 1. 34. SYN. Κῶμα.

Έθειράς. See Έθειρά.

Έθελήμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, voluntarius : voluntary. Hes. Op. 118.

Έθελωντής, ου, Έθελοντήρ, ἥρς, ὁ, voluntarius : voluntary. Καγὰν θέλωντής τφδ' Aj. 24. B. 292.

Έθελω, ἡσω, (1) volo : to wish ; (2) possum : to be able. A. 116. SYN. (1) Θέλω, βούλομαι, (2) δύνᾶμαι, οἶός τ' εἰμί.

ἔθιζομαι, assuesco: to be accustomed to. Iph. A. 726.

ἔθνος, ἔθς, τὸ, gens; multitudo: a race, nation; crowd. Pyth. 4. 449. SYN. Γένεα, γένος, φύλον, πλῆθος, λαός. EP. Αλλοδαπὸν, ἄφνειον, ἀπαρτῶλον, μῖαρόν, μέγα, τὰ χυπτόμυον, ὁμόσπορον.

ἔθος, ἔθς, τὸ, ritus, mos: institution, custom. Eur. Sup. 350.

ἔθω, consuesco: to be accustomed. I. 536. SYN. ἔθιζομαι, νομίζομαι.

Εἰ, si; utinam; num; etsi; quod: if; I wish; whether; although; that. Hec. 831. SYN. Ἐάν, ἦν.

Εἴα, eja: well, come. Αλλ' εἴα φείδου μηδὲν Med. 402.

Εἰαμένη, ἦς, ἡ, locus irriguus: a well-watered grassy spot. "Ἡ ῥά τ' ἐν εἰαμένῃ ἑλῶς Δ. 483.

Εἰάνος. See the second Ἐάνος.

Εἴαρ. See Ἐάρ.

Εἰαρίδος. See Ἐαρίδος.

Εἶω, Εἰσῶμαι, effundo: to shed, drop. Σ. 531. SYN. Λεῖω, στάζω, τήκωμαι.

Εἰδάλιμος, ἡ, ὅν, formosus: fair, specious. Τέσσοῦρας εἰδάλιμος ω. 278. SYN. Ευειδής, ευπρέπης, κάλός.

Εἰδάρ, ἄτος, τό. See Ἐδεσμά.

Εἰδεα, poet. from Ἰδεα, as, ἡ, species, genus: a species, kind. Thesm. 436.

Εἰδεώ, δῆσω, et Εἰδῶμαι, video; scio, cognosco: "idem fere quod εἶδω, nisi quod εἰδεώ magis de visu mentis et cognitione ejus certa ponitur." Damm.: to see; perceive, know, understand. A. 546. SYN. Μανθάνω, γιγνώσκω, ἴσχυμι, ἐπιστάμαι, οἶδᾶ.

Εἰδοθή, ἦς, ἡ, Idothea: the daughter of Proteus. Σ. 366.

Εἰδός, ἔος, τὸ, species: form, species, appearance. Ion 587. SYN. Εἰδεα, σχῆμα, μορφή, προσωπὸν. EP. Ἀγῆτὸν, ἀπρεπές, ἀγλαόν, ἀγαυόν, εκπρέπες, θυγῆτὸν, ἀριστὸν, δούλειον, ὑπερρόχον, ἐπὶ ῥάτῶν, κάλῶν, χρυσεῶν, θηγῆτὸν, ποδὺδαῖα δᾶδον.

Εἶδω, εἰσω, video, scio. See Εἰδεώ. Εἰδῶμαι, med. nunc active, nunc passive, notat praesens fere passive; videor, adsimulor: imperf. εἰδομην, activo sensu occurrit, II. π. 278. Fut. εἰσῶμαι active, Aor. 1. εἰσάμην passive significat, visus sum: sumitur item active, pro νομίζω; pro eo dicitur et εἰσαμην. Aor. 2. ἰδομην, et p. m. οἶδᾶ active sumuntur: to see, behold, perceive, know. Eur. Sup. 528. SYN. Βλέπω, θεῶμαι, γιγνώσκω.

Εἰδωλόν, ου, τὸ, simulacrum: an image, idol. Helen. 34. SYN. Ἀγαλμά, βρετᾶς, εἰκὼν, εἰκασμά, φάσμα, φαντασμα. EP. Ἀμυρόν, ἀμυδρόν, ἀδράνεις, ἀλυχόν, ξυλίνον.

Εἰθάρ, statim: immediately. "Ἡπᾶρ ὑπὸ πᾶ- πίδων εἰθάρ δ' Α. 578. SYN. Ευθές, αὐτίκᾶ, παρᾶχρήμᾶ.

Εἰκάζω, adsimilo, conjicio: to liken, compare. Iph. A. 845. SYN. Ἀπεικάζω, ἐπεικάζω, συμ- εἶλλω, τέκμαιρόμαι.

Εἰκάθω, Εἰκώ, cedo: to yield, obey. Τοῖς κρᾶ- τοῦσι δ' εἰκάθειν Soph. El. 398. SYN. Ἐπείκω, ὑποχωρέω, ὑποτάσσομαι, πειθαρχέω, ὑφείμαι, ὑπακούω, παρᾶχωρέω.

Εἰκαῖος, α, ὅν, temerarius: rash. See Jacobs. Anthol. 7. 388.

Εἰκάς, ἄδός, ἡ, dies vicesimus: the twentieth day in a month. Εἰκάδι δ' ἐν μεγάλῃ Hes. Op. 790.

Εἰκασμά, ἄτος, τό; Εἰκὼν, ὅνς, Εἰκώ, ὄς, ἡ, simulacrum: an image, likeness, representation. Sept. Th. 519. Herc. F. 997. Med. 1159. SYN. see Εἰδωλόν.

Εἰκαστός, ἡ, ὅν, adsimulandus, similis: to be likened to, resembling. Trach. 702.

Εἰκάτι. See Εἰκόσι.

Εἰκἐλθνεῖρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, somnio similis: like to a dream. Av. 684.

Εἰκῆλός, ἡ, ὅν, similis: like. N. 330. SYN.

Ἴκῆλός, ἀλγικῶς, ὁμοῖς, πρόσμοιός.

Εἰκή, temere, rashly, in vain. Eur. El. 379.

SYN. Ἄλλως, αὐτως, μᾶτην, ἀφραδέως.

Εἰκός. See Εἰκώ, similis sum.

Εἰκοσάκις, vices: twenty times. Εἰκοσάκις τὸσά δολί I. 379.

Εἰκόσι, poet. Εἰκόσι, Dor. Εἰκάτι, indecl. viginti: twenty. Καὶ εἰκόσι βαῖνον B. 510.

Εἰκοσίνήριτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, de quo viginti contendunt: for which twenty contend. Εἰκοσίνήριτ' ἄποινα X. 349.

Εἰκοστολόγος, ου, ὁ, vicesimarum exactor: a collector of the twentieth part. Ran. 362.

Εἰκοστός, ἡ, ὅν, Ion. Ἐεκοστός, vicesimus: the twentieth. ε. 34. τ. 222.

Εἰκότως, probabiliter, jure: probably, reasonably, fitly, justly. Hec. 403. SYN. Δικαίως, ἐνδίκως, αξίως, σὺν δίκῃ, πρέποντως.

Εἰκώ, similem facio; convenio, sufficio: Εἰκό- μαι, similis sum, fut. εἴω, praet. εἰκά, Ionic εἰκά, part. εἰκώς et εἰκάς, similis, probabilis; εἰκός, æquum: to make like; to suit; mid. to be or seem like. Orest. 759. SYN. Εἰκάς, ἐξμοιόδ- μαι, ἴσχω, εἴκω.

Εἰκώ. See Εἰκάθω.

Εἰκὼν et Εἰκώ. See Εἰκασμά.

Εἰκώς, νῖα, ὄς. See Εἰκώ, similem facio.

Εἰλαπινάζω, σω, epulor: to banquet. ρ. 536. See below. SYN. see Δαινύμαι.

Εἰλαπιναστής, ου, ὁ, conviva: a guest. Φῖλός εἰλαπιναστής P. 577. SYN. see Δαειτύων.

Εἰλαπίνη, ἡς, ἡ, convivium: a banquet. Εἰλα- πίνη τεθάλυη λ. 414. SYN. see Δαῖς, and Ἔορτή.

Εἰλάρ, τὸ, munimen: a defence, bulwark. Αυτὸν εἰλάρ ἐσεσθαι Ε. 56. SYN. Ἀλέξημά, πρόσδολι, ἐπαλξίς, ἐπιτείχιμα, φρούριον, φύλακῃ, ασφάλειά.

Εἰλατίνος, ἡ, ὅν, abiegnus: made of pine or fir-tree. Εἰλατῖναι τέ δοκοὶ τ. 38.

Εἰλεῖθιᾶ, Εἰλήθιᾶ, as, ἡ, Lucina: Diana or Juno, who presided over child-birth. τ. 188. Call. 4. 132. SYN. Ἀρτέμις. EP. Λύχεια, Εἰ- νάτι, μητροπόλδος, πρᾶμῃτις. PHR. see Nem. 7.

Εἰλέω, Εἰλῶ, volvo; in angustum cogo: to roll; pen up. Φ. 8. E. 782. SYN. Ἰλλω, σὺνελείω, σὺνάγω, σὺνάβροῖζω, στένυχωρέω, συγκλείω, σινέιργω, ἑλίσσω.

Εἴλη, ἡς, ἡ, calor et splendor solis: sun-shine, warmth of the sun, day-light. Vesp. 771.

Εἰλήθιᾶ. See Εἰλεῖθιᾶ.

Εἰλίγγος, ου, ὁ, vertigo, vortex: a rolling, curling, eddy. Apoll. 4. 142. SYN. Δῖνη, δῖ- νος.

Εἰλικτός, ἡ, ὅν, involutus, tortilis: wrapped up, that may be twisted. Ion 40. SYN. see Ἐλικτός.

Εἰλίπους, πόδος, ὁ, ἡ, pedes curvans: winding. Καὶ εἰλίπους ἐλικας βούς I. 462.

Εἰλίσσω. See Ἐλίσσω.

Εἰλῖτένης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, tentus in lineæ spiralis

modum: curled. Καὶ εἰλιπνὴς ἀγρωστis Theoc. 13. 42. EXP. EN τοῖς ἐλεσὶ γιγνόμενῃ.

Εἰλυμά, ἀτός, τὸ, involucreum: a covering. Εἰ τί πού εἰλυμα σπείρων ἔχες ζ. 179.

Εἰλὺς, οὐ, ὁ, latibulum: a hole, den, lair. Θῆρες δ' εἰλυοὺς τῇ Apoll. 1. 1144. SYN. Σπήλαιον, σπῆς, κευθμῶν, φωλεός, ἰλὺς.

Εἰλυφάζω, et Εἰλυφᾶω, verso: to whirl about. Δαῖδων σέλας εἰλυφάσε Hes. Scut. 275. Πάντη τ' εἰλυφᾶται A. 156. Heyne (A. 156.) objects to the variation of quantity in the antepenult. of these words. See his note. SYN. Εἰλέω, ἐλίσσω, εἰλῶ, δινῶ, τινάσσω.

Εἰλῶ, ὤσω, involvo, verso: to roll about, wrap round. Εἰλῶσα ψάμβοισιν φ. 319. SYN. Εἰλέω, ἐλίσσω, κάλυπτα.

Εἰλῶ. See Εἰλέω.

Εἰλωτῆς, Εἰλωται. See Ἐλός.

Εἰνάλις. See Ἐνάλις.

Εἰμά, ἀτός, τὸ, vestimentum: a garment, covering. ψ. 132. SYN. Ἀμπεχόνῃ, ἱμάτιον, ἐνδυμά. EP. Ἀμπερόν, βάσιλῆϊον, κάλιν, λυγρόν, καθάρων, πόλυδαῖδάλιν, σιγάδην, τηλαγυῆς, τιμῆν, ὑφαντόν, φωνικόν, χαρίεν, κρόκεον.

Εἰμαρμένος, η, ὄν: fato decretus: decreed by fate. Trach. 172. Εἰμαρμένην and Πέπωρμένην are used as substantives signifying fate or destiny, μοῖρα being understood. SYN. Πέπωρμένος.

Εἰμί, f. ἐσθμαι, poet. ἐσσθμαι, sum: to be. Εἰμ' Ὀδυσσεύς ι. 19. SYN. Ἰπάρχω, πέλω, πέλομαι, γίγνομαι, τέλεω, τυγχάνω, (with an adv.) ἔχω.

Εἰμὶ, ibo: I shall or will go. Νῦν δ' εἰμὶ φθίηνδ' A. 169. SYN. Βήσθμαι, πόρεύσθμαι, νείσθμαι.

Εἰν, poet. pro ἐν, q. v.

Εἰνᾶτες, per novem annos: during nine years.

Εἰνᾶτες γὰρ σφιν καὶ κ. γ. 118.

Εἰνᾶτης. See Εὐνᾶτηρς.

Εἰνᾶτιζομαι, novem annos natus sum: to be nine years old. Εἰνᾶτιζόμενα κερᾶελκέες Call. Dian. 179.

Εἰνᾶκίς, novies: nine times. Εἰνᾶκίς ἀνδράσιν ἦρξά ξ. 230.

Εἰνάλις, α, ὄν, poet. pro Ἐνάλις, q. v. Εἰνάλια τῇσιν τῇ θάλασσᾳ ε. 67.

Εἰνᾶνυχες, per novem noctes: during nine nights. Εἰνᾶνυχες δὲ μοι I. 470.

Εἰνᾶς, ἄδός, ἡ, poet. pro Εὐνᾶς, nona mensis dies: the ninth day of the month. Hes. Op. 308.

Εἰνᾶτηρ, ἑρὸς, ἡ, uxor fratris: a brother's wife. Καὶ εἰνᾶτερὲς ἄλῃς ἔσταν X. 473.

Εἰνᾶτος, et Ἐνᾶτος, η, ὄν, nonus: ninth. Τεῦκρος δ' εἰνᾶτος ἦλθε Θ. 266. B. 313.

Εἰνέκᾳ, poet. pro Ἐνέκᾳ, propter: on account of. Ἐνέκᾳ εἰνέκᾳ τῇσδε A. 214. SYN. see Ἐνέκᾳ.

Εἰνέτης. See Εὐνᾶτηρς.

Εἰνί. See Ἐν.

Εἰνόδια. See Εὐνόδια.

Εἰνόδιος, poet. pro Ἐννόδιος, α, ὄν, trivial: by the way-side; fem. Trivia: an epithet of Proserpine. Εἰνόδιος οὐς παῖδες Π. 260.

Εἰνόσιφυλλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, frondosus: shaking with leaves, leafy. Νήριτον εἰνόσιφυλλον ι. 22. SYN. Βάθυφυλλός.

Εἰργῶ, ξω, ἔεργω, ἔεργᾶθω, Εἰργῶ, Εἰργᾶθω, excludo, prohibeo, includo: to exclude, keep out or off, prevent, inclose. ψ. 72. λ. 502. Soph. El. 1271. Some writers contend that Pros. Lex.

εἰργῶ denotes 'to include,' and εἰργῶ, 'to exclude;' but there does not seem to be much ground for making the distinction, though most lexicographers observe it. SYN. Ἀπείργω, ἀποκλείω, ἀπείργᾶθω, ἀπαθῶ, χωρίζω, καλῶ, παύω, κατέχω, εγκλείω, καθείργω, φύλαττω.

Εἰρέα, ας, ἡ, concio: an assembly. Εἰρέας (spondee) ἀθανάτων Hes. Theog. 804. SYN. Ἀγὼρά, θμιλία.

Εἰρέρῶς, ου, ὁ, captivitas: bondage. ζ. 529. SYN. Δουλεία, δουλοσύνη.

Εἰρέσια, ας, ἡ, remigatio: rowing. Ἦπ' εἰρέσις ἀλεγεινῆς κ. 78.

Εἰρεσίωνη, ης, ἡ, ramus oleæ lana velatus: an olive or laurel branch bound with wool, crowned with all kinds of first fruits, and used in the festival called Πυανέψια. Ταῖς εἰρεσίωνας Vesp. 399. EXP. (see Schol. Plut. 1054.)

Εἰρηναῖος, α, ὄν; Εἰρηνικός, ἡ, ὄν, pacificus: peaceable. Eq. 802. SYN. Ἠσύχος, ἡσύχιος, ἀχείμαντος δόρος.

Εἰρήνη, ης, ἡ, pax: peace, quiet. ω. 485. SYN. Ασπράτεια, ἡσύχια, διαλλάγη, ὁμνοῖα. EP. Ἀγάθῃ, ἡ καλλίστῃ θεῷς, βάθυπλουτός, οἰκιστήρ, ἑράτῃ, χάριεσσά. PHN. see Theoc. 16. 89. Grot. Floril. p. 208. Olymp. 13. 6.

Εἰρηνικός. See Εἰρηναῖος.

Εἰρίων, ου, Εἰρός, ἔος, Ἐρίων, ου, τὸ, lana: wool. Εἰρίᾳ πείκετέ χερσιν ζ. 315. ι. 426. 124. SYN. Πόκος, πέκος, μαλλός, κῶας. EP. Ἰδνέφες, πῖνωδες, ῥόδεν.

Εἰρκτηός, α, ὄν, cohibendus: must be restrained. Aj. 1250.

Εἰρκτη, ἡς, ἡ, carcer: a prison. Bacch. 489. SYN. Δεσμὸς, δεσμοτήριον, οἰκημά, φυλάκη.

Εἰρκόμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lanam carpens: dressing wool. Γ. 387.

Εἰρπόκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, laniger: fleecy. ι. 443. SYN. Δασύθηρς, δασύμαλλος.

Εἰρός. See Εἰρίων.

Εἰρῶ, necto: to connect, entwine. σ. 294. SYN. Ἀνείρω, ἐνείρω, πλέκω, ἐμπλέκω, σὺν-άπτω.

Εἰρῶ, f. ἑρῶ, poet. ἑρέω, unde Ἑρέω, præter. Εἰρηκά, usitatus Εἰρῶμαι, dico, interrogo: to speak, ask, inquire about. A. 76. Z. 239. SYN. Λέγω, ἀγγέλλω, ἑρῶμαι, κεύω, πυθᾶνθαι.

Εἰρων, ὠνός, ὁ, simulator: a dissembler, banterer. Nub. 449.

Εἰρωνεύομαι, dissimulatione utor: to dissemble. Av. 1211. SYN. Ἰπτοκρινύμαι, ὑποστέλλομαι, χλευάζω.

Εἰρωνικῶς, fcte: with dissimulation. Ὡς εἰρωνικῶς Vesp. 174.

Εἷς (poet. Ἑἷς), μῖα, ἓν, unus: one, single. B. 204.

Εἷς, et Ἑς, cum accus. in, contra, erga: in, unto, for, until, against. A. 141, 142.

Εἰσαγγέλλω, ἐλῶ, renuncio; accuso: to announce; inform against. Thesm. 597. SYN. Ἀγγέλλω, ἐνδείκνυμι, μηνῶ, ἀποφαίνω, διάσάλλω, συκοφάντω.

Εἰσάγω, ἔσάγω, introduco: to bring in, introduce. Eumen. 583. Choëph. 70. See Ἄγω. SYN. Ἀνάγω, ἐπάγω, ἐπιανάγω.

Εἰσαῖ, ἔσαῖ, et ἔσαιεν, in perpetuum for ever, always. Καὶ νέρθεν ὦν ἀραιὸς εἰσαῖ βαρύς Trach. 1204. CE. C. 704. For the quantity of the penult. of εἰσαῖ, see Ael. Blomf. P. V. 757. and 775. reads εἰσαιε and εἰσαῖ in two words, εἰς αἰε, εἰς ἅπαξ.

Εισαίρω, intro fero: to bring into, bear in. Ran. 517. SYN. Εισφέρω, προστίθημι, ἐπάγω.

Εισαίσσω, Att. Εισαίττω, irumpo: to rush in. Nub. 543. 1096. See Αίσσω. SYN. Επαίσσω, ἐπιφέρωμαι, ἐπέρχωμαι, ἐφορῶμαι, εισπαίω. Εισαίσσω is generally a trisyllable: εισαίσσω. See R. P. Hec. 31.

Εισαῖω, Εισακούω, Ἑσακούω, exaudio, ausculto: to hear, listen to. Φωνῆς εισαίων Theoc. 7. 88. Hec. 555. Θ. 97. SYN. Ἐπακούω, ἀκούω, ὑπακούω.

Εισακούω. See Εισαῖω.

Εισακτέω, α, ὄν, deferendus: must be informed against or summoned. Vesp. 839.

Εισάλλομαι, Ἑσάλλομαι, insilio: to spring upon. Antig. 1347. SYN. Ἐνάλλομαι, εισθῶρέω, ἐπιθῶρσκα, εισπηδάω, ἐμπίπτω.

Εισάμειβω, ingredior: to pass in, enter. Sept. Th. 554. See Ἀμειβω. SYN. Εισέρχωμαι, εισ-ἀποβαίνω.

Εισανῶσαινω, βήσσομαι, adscendo: to go up into, land on, march. Σ. 68. SYN. Ἐπίσαινω, ἀνάσαινω.

Εισάνειδω, suspicio: to look up to. Ω. 307. SYN. Ἀναβλέπω, ἀνακύντω, ἀποβλέπω.

Εισάνειμι, ingredior, adscendo: to go up into, mount. Τὸδ' ἱερὸν εισάινοντα Apoll. 1. 1092. SYN. Ἄνειμι, ἀνάσαινω, εισανῶσαινω.

Εισανέχω, exsurgo: to rise up to, jut out into. Apoll. 4. 1578.

Εισάπαξ, semel: once for all, once. Οὐ γὰρ εισάπαξ ἔρω Androm. 935. See Ἄπαξ, and at Εισαίει.

Εισαποβαίνω, ingredior: to land on. Apoll. 4. 650.

Εισάπτω. See Εισαίσσω.

Εισαυτίς, Ἑσαυτίς, in posterum: hereafter, again. Εισαυτίς ἔσλαψ' εἰτὰ διὰδουλαῖς νέαις Eur. Sup. 425. Eccles. 975. SYN. Εισὸπίσω, μετὰ ταυτὰ, ἐς ὑστέρων, ἅπαρτί.

Εισάφικανω, Εισάφικνέομαι, pervenio, ingredior: to arrive at, reach, enter into. Πάτερ' εισάφικανεν X. 99. T. 336.

Εισάφω, σω; Εισάφύσσω, ξω, infundo, haurio: to pour in, draw. "Τδωρ τ' εισάφυσαντο Apoll. 4. 1692.

Εισθαίνω, Εσθαίνω, βήσσομαι, ingredior, in-scendo: to go into, embark. Iph. T. 1080. M. 59. SYN. Ἀναθαίνω, βαίνω ἔσω, εισέρχωμαι.

Εισθάλλω, injicio; invado: to throw or drive in; invade, enter. Bacch. 1034. SYN. Εμβάλλω, ἐπιτίθεμαι, εισέρχωμαι, πρόσθλαύνω, εισ-ἐλαύνω.

Εισθᾶσις, ἔως, ἡ, ingressus: an entrance. Iph. T. 101. See Βασίς.

Εισθιάζομαι, vi ingredior: to force oneself in. Αστὺς εισθιάζεται Av. 32.

Εισθλέπω. See Εισδέρκομαι.

Εισθῶλη, Εσθῶλη, ἡς, ἡ, irruptio, ingressus, aditus, initium: irruption, introduction, entrance, beginning. Med. 1260. Ran. 1134. SYN. Εμβόλη, προσβόλη.

Εισγράφω, inseribo: to write in, into, or on. Trach. 1169. See Γράφω. SYN. Γράφω, συγ-γράφω.

Εισδέρκομαι, Εσδέρκομαι, Εισθλέπω, Εσθλέπω, Εισείδω, Ερείδω, inspicio, aspicio: to look on, see. Hipp. 912. Ω. 223. λ. 581. Orest. 105. Theoc. 6. 35. and 8. 12. SYN. Δέρκομαι, ἐπιδέρκομαι, εισδράω, ἐπιθλέπω, εισλεισσω.

Εισδέχομαι, recipio: to receive into, admit,

accept. Phœn. 267. SYN. Ἀναδέχομαι, ἐνδέ-χομαι.

Εισδόχη, ἡς, ἡ, receptio: a harbouring, reception. Eur. El. 396. SYN. Ἀποδόχη, ὑπο-δόχη.

Εισδρόμη, ἡς, ἡ, incursus: an incursion. Rhcs. 603. SYN. Ἐπιδρόμη, εισβόλη.

Εισδύω, Εισδύμι, subeo: to steal into, enter, penetrate. Οὐ γῆς εισδύ Iph. A. 1582. See Δύω. SYN. Δύω, ὑπειέρχωμαι, εισέρχωμαι, παρδύομαι.

Εισείδω. See Εισδέρκομαι.

Εισείμι. See Εισέρχωμαι.

Εισελαίνω, ἔλασω, invehō, appello: to drive into, sail into. "Ιππους δ' εισέλασαντες O. 385. SYN. Ἰπδοχωρέω, εισέρχωμαι, ὑποτείνωμαι, ἐπαγῶμαι, εισπίπτω.

Εισελκύνω, traho in: to drag into. Εισελκυσας γάρ μ' εἰς Acharn. 379. SYN. Ἐφέλκω, ἐφέλκω, εισέρνω.

Εισέπειτᾶ, Ἑσέπειτᾶ, deinde: after that, afterwards, hereafter. Aj. 35. SYN. Ἐπειτᾶ, μετ-ἔπειτᾶ, μετόπισθεν, εἰς τοῦτιον.

Εισεπῶμαι, insequor: to follow into, accompany. ο. 540. SYN. Ἐφεπῶμαι, ἀνακόλουθε, ἐπιδιώκω.

Εισέρρω, f, ἐρρήσω, aor. ἡρρήσα, cite vel cum aliqua vi intro: to enter quickly or violently. Eq. 4. SYN. Εισεθιάζομαι, εισπηδάω, εισέρχωμαι, εισθαίνω.

Εισέρνω, subduco: to draw in. Κοῖλον σπῆδς εισέρδωντες μ. 317. SYN. Εισελκύνω, εισάγω, ἐπισύρω.

Εισέρχωμαι, Ἑσέρχωμαι, f. ἐλεούσμαι, ingredior: to go into, enter. Iph. A. 522. SYN. Ἐπεισέρχωμαι, ἔπέρχωμαι, μετέρχωμαι, εἰσειμι, εμβαίνω, εισθαίνω, εισιχνέω.

Εισηγῶμαι, introduco, auctor sum et causa alicujus rei: to introduce, cause. Ran. 972. SYN. Εισάγω, συμφουλεύω, νοουτέτω, παραινέω, ἡγῶμαι, ὑφηγῶμαι, παρὰκᾶλω.

Εισίθη, ἡς, ἡ, introitus: an entrance. Λεπτή δ' εισίθη νῆς δ' ὁδὸν ζ. 263. SYN. Εισὸδος. Εισιπτάμαι, involo: to fly, escape to. Φ. 494.

Εισκέλλω, κέλσω, appello: to approach by sea, arrive at. Them. 877. SYN. Ἐπέρχωμαι, καθορμίζω, πρόσγειζω.

Εισκηρύττω, ξω, voce præconis evoco: to summon by a proclamation, proclaim. Acharn. 135. SYN. Κηρύττω, ἀνακηρύττω, προσκᾶλω.

Εισκόμιζω, Εσκόμιζω, ἰσω, infero: to bring in. Herc. F. 1415. Hes. Op. 604. SYN. Προσκόμιζω, παρὰκρόμιζω, εισάγω, ἐπάγω, εισφέρω.

Εισκυκλέω, invehō quasi machina rotatili: to roll in. Δαίμων τις εισκέκυκληκέν εἰς τὴν οικίαν Vesp. 1474. Some read εισκέκληκέν. See Brunck's note. SYN. Εισάγω, εισφέρω.

Εισκυλλάω, involvo, immitto in: to roll or tumble into. Καὶ εισέκυλισέ θάλασσαν Call. 4. 33. SYN. Εισκυκλέω, ἐνελεῖω, ἐντὸλῖτω.

Εἶτωκα, adsimulo, conicio: to think like, conjecture. δ. 148. SYN. see Εικάζω.

Ειανδῶω, animadverto, video: to perceive, see. λ. 600. SYN. Αισθάνομαι, ἐφῶρᾶω, εισᾶρῶω.

Εἰσὸδός, ου, ἡ, ingressus: an entrance. Ion 34. SYN. Εισίθη, ἀφίεις, πρόσδοδος, ἡλύσις.

Εἰσολκήσις, ἔως, ἡ, habitatio: a habitation. Philoct. 534. SYN. Οἰκήσις, ἐστία, δῶμος, δαμά.

Εἰσοικίζω, Ἑσοικίζω, domum recipio, deduco colonum: to admit to a house or home, settle. Pax 259. SYN. Ἐνοικίζω, κατοικίζω.

Εισοιχνέω, i. q. Εισέρχμαι. ι. 120.

Εισοῦκῃ, poet. Εισοῦκῃν, donec: until. Εισοῦκῃ τέκμαρ H. 30. 71. Εισόκει in Homer precedes the indicative, the subjunctive, and optative moods: εισόκειν, the subjunctive and optative. SYN. 'Εως ἂν, ἔσπ' ἂν, ὅφρα, ἄχρις, ἄχρις ἂν, ἄχρις οὐ, μέχρι, μέχρις ἂν.

Εισοπίσω, postea: afterwards. Ποίει δ' εισοπίσω δαλέρον H. in Ven. 104. SYN. see Εισαυτίς.

Εισοπτῶμαι, ἔσοπτῶμαι, ὀφθαίμαι; Εισοῦρῶ, et ἔσοῦρῶ, intueor: to look upon, behold. Hec. 206. E. 212. Eur. Sup. 622. Theoc. 5. 3. SYN. 'Οῦρα, βλέπω, ἐπίβλεπω, εισιδέσθαι, θεᾶσθαι, εἰδῶ, ἐνδῶ, ἐπισκοπέω.

Εισοῦρῶ. See Εισοπτῶμαι.

Εισορᾶω, et Εισπαίω, irrumpe: to burst in upon. Trach. 914. CE. R. 1252. SYN. ἔσφορμα, ἐπαύσω, εισοῦρῶ, εισάλλομαι, εισέρχμαι.

ἔσος, poet. pro ἴσος, ι, ὄν, æqualis: equal, even. Δαιτὸς ἔσος A. 468.

Εισπαίω. See Εισορᾶω.

Εισπέμπω, immitto: to send into. Herc. F. 846. SYN. Ἀφίημι, ὑποπέμπω, εισφέρω.

Εισπεῖρῶ, ἄσω, transeo, trajicio: to pass into, pass over. Hes. Op. 653. SYN. Διᾶπερῶ, πέριον, διάβαινω, πᾶρερχομαι.

Εισπηδῶ, ἥσω, insilio: to spring into or upon. Equit. 599. SYN. see Εισορᾶω.

Εισπίπτω, πέσσομαι, Εισπίννῶ, incido, irrumpe: to fall into or under, rush upon. Androm. 99. Troad. 753. SYN. Εμπίπτω, ἐπίπίπτω, ἐμβάλλω, εισβάλλω, εισπαίω, εισορᾶω.

Εισπίννῶ. See Εισπίπτω.

Εισπλέω, πλεύσομαι, adnavigo: to sail into. CE. R. 431. SYN. Προσπλέω, ἐπίπλέω.

Εισπνήξω, Εισπνήλη, ι, ὄ, pro ἔραστῆς (vid. Valek. ad Theoc. 12. 12.), et Meurs. Miscell. Laconic. iii. 9. p. 223.), amator: a lover. Theoc. 12. 12. Call. fr. 169.

Εισπορέω, introduceo: to conduct into. Eur. El. 1283.

Εισπράσσω, committo: to perform. Iph. T. 560. SYN. Πράσσω, ἐργάζομαι, ἄνω.

Εισρέω, influo: to flow into. Iph. T. 261.

Ειστίθημι, impono: to place into or on. Helen. 1565.

Ειστρέχω, δρᾶμομαι; 2. α. ἐδράμῳ, incurro: to run or sail into. Βάθιν δ' εισέδραμῃ φᾶσιν Theoc. 13. 23. SYN. ἔπιτρέχω, ἐγκύρῶ, ἐμπήτω, ἐμβάλλω.

Εισφέρω, Εσφέρω, infero: to bring in, introduce. Nub. 547. A. 495. SYN. Ἐπιφέρω, προσφέρω, ἐπάγω, εισάγω, ἀναλαμβάνω, εισβάλλω, εισκύμνω.

Εισφοιτᾶω, frequento: to go frequently in. Androm. 947. SYN. see Εισέρχμαι.

Εισφρέω, ἥσω, Είσφρημι, admitto: to let in. Vesp. 887.

Εισχειρίζω, in manus trado: to entrust to. CE. R. 392. SYN. Εγχειρίζω, ἐνδιδῶμι.

Είσω, ἔσω, adv. et præp. intus: within. Orest. 274. Hec. 614. SYN. Ἐνδοθί, ἐνδοθέν, ἐνδόν, ἐντός.

Εισωπός, οὐ, ὄ, ante conspectum habens: in front of. O. 653.

Εἴτᾳ, deinde; itane? itane vero? then, next; is it so? Κῆτᾳ πῶς φέρων Iph. A. 894. SYN. Ἄρᾳ, μή, ἔπειτᾳ, ὁμως, δέ.

Εἰωθῶς, more solito: usually. Soph. El. 1456.

Ἐκ, et ante vocal. Εξ, cum gen. e, ex: of, from, out of, in consequence of, after. Ἦτις ἐκ τυραννικῶν Hec. 55.

Ἐκάδῃ, ης, ῆ, Hecuba: the wife of Priam. Πόλυδωρὸς Ἐκάδης παῖς γέγως τῆς Κισσέως Hec. 3. EP. Τλήμαν, πᾶνᾶθλια, μόγερᾳ, Κισσηίς, δόστηνός. PRR. Ἄνασσά τῶν πόλυχρυσῶν Φρύγῳ, εὐτέκνωτᾷ τῶν γυναικῶν δυστοχέστᾳ τῇ.

Ἐκάερῶς, ου, ὄ, longe jaculans: far-darting; epith. of Apollo. Χαῖρ' ὦ Ἐκάεργε Thesm. 972. SYN. see Ἐκάτησεῖλης.

Ἐκάθεν, et Ἐκάς, compar. ἑκαστέρω, superl. ἑκαστάτῳ, proc. far, from afar. Νῦν δ' ἐκάθεν πόλιος E. 791. See also N. 163. Herc. F. 1041. K. 113. SYN. Ἀπωθέν, ἀποπρῶ, ἀποσταδόν, μακράν, μακρόθεν, πόρῳ, πόρῳθεν, πορῶτέρῳ, πορῳτάτῳ, τῇλῃ.

Ἐκάς. See above.

Ἐκάστωθι, singulativim: each. Ἐκάστωθι ἐννέα ταύρους γ. 8.

Ἐκάστῳ, ης, ὄν, singulus, quisque: each, each individually. Plut. 225.

Ἐκάστωτέ, ubique, semper: in every place, always. Ran. 15. SYN. Ἄε, ὅμινα, ὡσαύτως.

Ἐκάταιον, ου, τὸ, Hecates fanum: the shrine or image of Hecate. Ἡ κατὰ τὴν τῶν Ἐκαταίων Ran. 366.

Ἐκάτερθε, Ἐκάτερωθι, Ἐκάτερθεν, adv. et præp. utrimque: on either side, on both sides. Κεδνῇ ἐκάτερθε πᾶρῆσται α. 335. Γ. 340. Olymp. 2. 124.

Ἐκάτέρως, α, ὄν, alteruter, uterque: one or other, each, both. See above.

Ἐκάτερωθι. See Ἐκάτερθε.

Ἐκάτῃ, ης, ῆ, Hecate: a name of Diana. Νῇ τὴν Ἐκάτην τὴν φωσφόρον Thesm. 858. SYN. Ἀρτέμις, Σέληνη, Βριμῶ. EP. Δασπληγίς, νύχια, Φωραία, Περωσίς, ἑνὸδία, ἑνὸδία, ἑνὸδία, νυκτιπόλος, ἐνέροισιν ἄνασσα, δέσποινᾳ, δευνῇ δέος. PRR. see Hes. Theog. 411. 430.

Ἐκάτησεῖλης, Ἐκάτησεῖλος, Ἐκάτῳ, Ἐκῆσεῖλος, ου, ὄ, longe jaculans: far-darting. Μῆνιν Ἀπόλλωνος ἐκάτησεῖλετ' ἄνακτος A. 75. P. 333. H. 83. A. 96. SYN. Εὐστόχος.

Ἐκατί, Dor. pro Ἐκητί, adv. et præp. cum genit., ultro, causa, quoad: voluntarily, for the sake, on account of. Σάφ' ἴσθ' ἐκατί βαρβαροῦς Pers. 343. o. 318.

Ἐκάτογκᾶρανός, and ηνός. See below.

Ἐκάτογκεφάλος, Dor. Ἐκάτογκεφάλας, Ἐκάτογκᾶρανός, Ἐκάτογκρανός, Ἐκάτοντάκᾶρηνός, ου, ὄ, ῆ, centiceps: hundred-headed. Νυκτός Γοργῶν ἐκάτογκεφάλους Herc. F. 878. Pyth. 8. 20. P. V. 361. where see Blomfield's note.

Ἐκάτόγκρανός. See above.

Ἐκάτόγκρεπός, ου, ὄ, ῆ, centimanus: hundred-handed. Ὀχ' ἐκάτόγκρειον κἄλεσας' A. 402.

Ἐκάτόμβῃ, ης, ῆ, sacrificium centum boum: a sacrifice of a hundred oxen, hecatomb. Εἰσῆλθ' ἐκάτόμβας B. 321. EP. Ἀγᾶκλειτῇ, ξείνῳ, τέρᾳ, κλειτῇ, τέλεσσᾳ.

Ἐκάτόμβους, ου, ὄ, ῆ, centum boum pretio æstimabilis: worth a hundred oxen. Ἐκάτόμβοιοι δὲ τοῖ ἡλφον Φ. 79.

Ἐκάτόμπυδος, Ἐκάτόμπυδός, ου, ὄ, ῆ, centum pedes æquans; amplus: a hundred feet square; spacious, immense. Πύρην ἐκάτόμπυδόν Ψ. 164. Isthm. 6. 32.

Ἐκάτομπυλῖεθρός. See below.

Ἐκάτομπύλις, ἑως, Ἐκάτομπυλῖεθρός, ου, ὄ, ῆ, K 2

centum urbibus insignis: famed for its hundred cities. Κρήτην ἐκατόμυδον B. 649. Eur. fr. Creten. 2. 4.

Ἐκατόμυδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, centum portas habens: having a hundred or many gates. Αἰθ' ἐκατόμυδοι εἰσὶ I. 383.

Ἐκάτον, indecl. pentum: a hundred. Τῆς ἐκάτον Δυσάνοι B. 448.

Ἐκάτονζυγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, centum transtris instructus: having a hundred banks of oars. Νηὺς ἐκάτονζυγός T. 247.

Ἐκατονταετής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, qui centum annorum est: a hundred years old. Pyth. 4. 501. See Ἐκατοντάλαντος.

Ἐκατοντάς, ἄδός, ἡ, centuria: the number one hundred. Ἐκατοντάδες ἐνδεδμηται Theoc. 17. 82.

Ἐκατοντάλαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, centum talenta pondere æquans: of a hundred talents. Φεύγει γράφας ἐκατοντάτ' ἄλάντους τέτταρας Equit. 442. Ἐκατοντόργυνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, centum ulnarum: a hundred ells long. Ἐκατοντόργυνόν ὦ Πύσειδον τοῦ μακροῦς Aves 1131.

Ἐκάτος. See Ἐκατηξέλης.

Ἐκατόστομος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, centum ostia habens: having a hundred mouths. Bacch. 404. See above.

Ἐκατοστός, ἡ, ὄν, centesimus; hundredth. Τὰς πολλὰς ἐκατοστάς Vesp. 658.

Εκβάζω, ξω, eloquor: to explain. Agam. 481.

Εκβαίω, θήσομαι, egredior, evado, cedo: to go out, result, turn out, prove. Κάκιστος ἀνδρῶν ἐκβέτηχ' Med. 231. SYN. Εξέρχομαι.

Εκβακεύω, in furorem Bacchicum impello: to render frantic. Troad. 408. SYN. Ἀνάβακχεύω, βακχεύω, εκβαίω.

Εκβάλλω, ἐβάλω, ejicio: to throw out, eject, produce. Bacch. 739. SYN. Ἀναρρίπτω, ἀφίημι, ἐκδιώκω, ἐξελαύνω, ἀπωθέω, φύλλαδεύω.

Εκβάσιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, escensum juvenis, epith. Apollinis: the god of landing. Ἐνθ' οὔγ' ἐκβάσιον βαμόν Apoll. 1. 966.

Ἐκβάσις, εὖς, ἡ, egressus: egress, departure from, escape from. Εὐνρόσιος τὸς ἐκβάσις Med. 281. SYN. Ἐξέδως, τέλος.

Εκβάσις, ὦν, τὰ, Ecbatana: the metropolis of Media. Οὐδὲν τίς ἑμῶν τὰ ἐκβάσις ἢ τοὺς Χαῖνας Acharn. 588.

Εκβιάζω, vi exturbo: to wrest from. Philoct. 1128. See Βιάζω. SYN. Εξαίρω, εξάθεω.

Εκβιάζω, educo: to lead or bring out. Κατάλειψ' ἡμῖν δεῦρ' ἐκβιάσας Aves 660. SYN. Εξάγω, εξαίτω, εκκάλω.

Ἐκβλητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ejectus: thrown out. Hec. 697. SYN. Εκβέλημενός.

Εκβλύω, emano: to spring up from. Ἰέρων ἐκβλύοντά Apoll. 4. 1416. SYN. Ἀναβλύζω.

Εκβολίζω, detraho: to strip off. Pax 1123.

Εκβόλλω, ἦς, ἡ, ejectio, jactura: a casting up, casting overboard. Iph. T. 1424. SYN. Ἀποβόλλω, ἐξόδος, ἐκπεμφίς, ἀφεσίς.

Ἐκβόλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ejectus: thrown or cast out. Phoen. 817. SYN. Ἀποβλητός, ἐκβλητός. Εκβροντάω, ἦσω, tonitru conficio: to strike or drive out with thunder. P. V. 370.

Εκβρυχάμαι, vociferor: to cry out. Iph. T. 1390. See Βρυχάμαι. SYN. Βρυχάμαι, ἐξέρεγγυμαι.

Ἐκβρωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, scobs: saw-dust. Trach. 700. SYN. Βρώμα, τὸ τρώξιμόν.

Εκγανρῶμαι, insolesco, jacto: to be proud, boast of. Iph. A. 101.

Εκγέλλω, ἄσωμαι ἐτ' ἄσω, effuse rideo: to laugh outright. Εκ δ' ἐγέλασσε πᾶτήρ Z. 471. SYN. Γέλλω.

Εκγένης, Ἐκγόνος, ου, ὁ, ortus, oriundus: sprung from, a descendant. Bacch. 1144. Orest. 476. SYN. Παῖς, υἱός, ἴνις, ἀπογόνος, κέλωρ.

Εκγινόμεαι, enascor: to spring or be derived from. E. 637. See Γινόμεαι.

Ἐκγόνος. See Εκγένης.

Εκγράβωμαι, exseribo: to write out. Aves 982. See Γράφω. SYN. Ἀπογράφω, μνημονεύω.

Εκγρηγῶρέω, expergefacio; excitator: to awaken; to be roused. Aves 1413. SYN. Εξεγείρωμαι, γρηγῶρέω.

Εκδάκρῶ, illacrymor: to shed tears. Ποῦ ἐκδάκρυσται ποῦ Philoct. 281. SYN. Θρηγνέω, δλοφύρωμαι.

Εκδείκνυμι, ostendo: to point out. Philoct. 426. See R. P. Phoen. 538.

Εκδέρκεμαι, prospicio ex aliqua re: to look at. Ψ. 477. SYN. Δέρκομαι, εκθεῶμαι, ἐπίβλεπω.

Εκδέρω, pellem detraho: to strip off the skin, flay. Eur. El. 824. SYN. Δέρω, ἀποδέρω.

Εκδέχομαι, ξῶμαι, excipio: to receive from, expect, entertain. Philoct. 123. SYN. Ἀνὰδέχομαι, διὰδέχομαι, ἀνὰλαμβάνω, προσδικῶ, παρέμηνω.

Εκδέω, δῆσω, adligo, religo: to tie, fasten. Androm. 554. SYN. Ἀνὰδέω, εξαρτῶ.

Εκδηλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus: conspicuous. E. 2. SYN. Διάδηλος, φάνερὸς, δηλός, ἀποβλεπτός, ὑπερήχους.

Εκδημῶ, peregre sum vel proficiscor: to be from home, go abroad. CE. R. 114. SYN. Ἀποδημῶ, ἀναχωρεῶ.

Ἐκδημὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, peregre agens: from home, abroad, foreign. Hipp. 281. SYN. Ἀποδημὸς, ἄπών.

Εκδιᾶβαινω, transeo: to cross, pass over. K. 198. SYN. see Διάβαινω.

Εκδιδαγμαῖ, ἄτος, τὸ, tirocinium: rudiments. Εκδιδαγμαῖ κερκίδος Ion 1418. SYN. Παίδευμα.

Εκδιδάσκω, ξω, edoceo: to teach thoroughly. Εκδιδάσκεσθαι σφόδρως Med. 297. SYN. Ἀνὰ διδάσκω, εκπαιδεύω.

Εκδιδράσκω, εκδράσσομαι, elabor: to escape, flee from. Ὅ δ' ἐξεδιδράσκε διὰ τὴν τῶν ὑδρορρόδων Vesp. 126. SYN. see Ἀποφείγω.

Εκδιδωμί, edo, reddo, in matrimonium colloco: to give out, produce, deliver up, settle in marriage. Eur. Sup. 144. See Διδωμί. SYN. Ἀποδιδωμί, ἀναδιδωμί, πρόφέρω, προδιδωμί.

Εκδικάζω, ἄσω, litem judicio: to decide a law-suit. Εκδσιν γὰρ εκδικάζομεν Eccles. 984. SYN. Δικάζω, εκδίκη, τιμωρέω.

Εκδικαστής, οὗ, ὁ, ultor: an avenger. Eur. Sup. 1162. See above. SYN. see Ἀμύντωρ.

Ἐκδικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) vindex: avenging; (2) injustus: unjust. Οὐδὲν ἐκδικον πᾶθων Alcest. 730. SYN. (2) Ἄδικός, εκνομίος, ἀνομός.

Εκδικώς, injuste: unjustly. Antig. 928. See above. SYN. Ἄδικως, πᾶρᾶνῶμως.

Ἐκδοτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, editus; deditus: given out; given up, betrayed. Ion 1250.

Εκδοχῇ, ἦς, ἡ, expectatio: a looking for, expectation. Hipp. 869.

Εκδράκοντοδμαι, a viro in serpentem vertor : to be transformed into a dragon. Εκδράκοντο-θεῖς δ' ἐγὼ Choëph. 542.

Εκδύνω, Εκδύνω, Εκδύδμαι, exeo, aufugio; exuo: to come out of, emerge, escape from; take off. Μάλακόν δ' ἐκδυνε χιτῶνα α. 437. H. Ven. 167. Vesp. 140. See Δύω. SYN. Ἀπδύνω, ἀπδύδμαι, διαφεύγω, ἐξεμί, ἐξέρχομαι.

Ἐκεῖ, Ἐκεῖθι, illic: there, thither. Hec. 997. p. 10. SYN. Αυτοῦ, αὐτόθι, τῇδε, ἐκείνη.

Ἐκεῖθεν, illinc: from thence. Sept. Th. 40. SYN. Ενθενδε, τηνῶθε.

Ἐκεῖθι. See Ἐκεῖ.
Εκείνος, η, ο, Att. Ἐκεινωσί, iste, ille, &c.: he, she, it. Εκεινωθὶ γὰρ τὸν Pax 545. SYN. Αυτὸς, κείνους.

Ἐκχειρία, as, ἡ, induciae: a truce. Τη-
ἐχοντά την ἐκχειρίαν Pax 908. SYN. Διάλυ-
σις, σπονδή, συνθήκη, ἀνείσις, φίλια.

Εκζέω, ἐσω, ebullio: to burst out or forth.
Εξέζεεν γὰρ Οιδίπῳ κατεύγματα Sept. Th.
706. SYN. Ἀναζέω, βράσσωμαι.

Εκζωπύρῳ, exsuscito sopitum ignem: to blow
up into a flame. Pax 309. See Ζωπύρῳ. SYN.
Ἀναζωπύρῳ, ἀνάπτω, ἐξέγειρω, ἀνέγειρω.

Ἐκησθλία, as, ἡ, peritia longe jaculandi: far-
shooting, skill in shooting. Ουδὲ ἐκησθλία
E. 54.

Ἐκησθλός. See Ἐκάτησελέτης.
Ἐκηλός, ου, ο, ἡ, quietus: quiet, tranquil.
Sept. Th. 224. SYN. Εύκηλός, ἡσυχός, ἡσυχίος,
ἄθρουσός, ἡρέμος.

Ἐκητί. See Ἐκατί.

Εκθαμνίζω, extirpo: to extirpate. Sept. Th. 72.
Εκθαύμαι, ἀσθμαι, perscipo: to see clearly.
Εκθάσασθαι κῆκόν OE. R. 1253. SYN. see
Εκδέρκομαι and Ἀποθλέπω.

Εκθέρίζω, demeto: to cut off or out. Anacr.
12. 7. SYN. Ἀποθέρίζω, ἐξαμαῶ.

Ἐκθεοῖς, εως, ἡ, expositio: the exposing.
Ion 956.

Ἐκθετός, ου, ο, ἡ, expositus: put out, ex-
posed. Androm. 70.

Εκθέω, θεύσμαι, excurro, procuro: to run
out, sally forth, rush upon. Lysist. 456. SYN.
see Εκθόρῳ.

Εκθηριόμαι, ferinam formam induo: to put
on the form of a monster, become a beast in
nature. Εκθηριώθεισ' ὀφέως Bacch. 1329.
Ἀποθηριόμαι, ἐξαγριόμαι.

Εκθνήσκω, θανούμαι, emorior; pro mortuo
jaceo: to die outright; to lie as if dead. Ἐκ-
θάνων αὐτὰρ σ. 99.

Εκθινάδμαι, epulor, depascor: to banquet,
feast upon. P. V. 1061. SYN. Θινάδμαι, δαι-
νύμαι.

Εκθρόῳ, exsilio: to spring from. Ψ. 353.
SYN. Εκπηδάω, ἐξάλλομαι, κατέφάλλομαι, εκθῶ,
εκθρώσκω, ἀναπηδάω, εκτρέχω.

Εκθρόῳ, enuntio: to speak out, announce.
OE. C. 1424. SYN. Εξαγγέλλω, εκφαίνω, ἀπο-
φαίνω, σημαίνω.

Εκθρώσκω, θροῦμαι, exsilio: to spring out.
K. 95. SYN. see Εκθρόῳ.

Εκθυμιάω, adoleo: to offer, burn incense.
Νίπτρα καξέθυμία Ion 1174.

Ἐκθυμός, ου, ο, ἡ, animo promptus: prompt.
Ἐκθυμίου φρένός Pers. 378. SYN. Ἐνθυμός,
ἱπέρθυμός, πρόθυμός, πρόφρων.

Εκθύω, ὕσω, sacrifico: to make an offering
of, sacrifice. Orest. 188. See Θύω.

Εκκάθαίρω, expurgo: to clear out, cleanse.
Ουρούς τ' ἐξέκάθαυρον B. 153. SYN. Κάθαίρω,
ἀποκάθαίρω, ἀπομάττω, κατὰπλύνω.

Ἐκκαίδεκά, indecl. sedecim: sixteen. Ran.
551. See Δέκα.

Ἐκκαίδεκάδωρός, ου, ο, ἡ, sedecim palms
aequans: sixteen palms long. Ἐκκαίδεκάδωρὰ
πέφυκει Δ. 109.

Εκκαίω, καύσω, exuro: to burn forth or out.
Cycl. 626. SYN. Εκφλέγω, εκπύρῳμαι, ἀπο-
καίω, ανθράκίζω.

Εκκαλάμδμαι, extraho: to draw out with a
reed, extract. Ζητήτόν μ' εκκαλάμσσαι Vesp.
381. SYN. Εξάγω, ἐφέκω, ἐπισύρμαι, ὑποσπῶ.

Εκκάλεω, evoco: to call out, recal. Καὶ τὸτ' ἔ
μ' εκκαλέσαντες κ. 471. SYN. Ἀνακάλεω, πρό-
κάλεω, ἐπάγω, πάρομαι.

Εκκαλύπτω, deorgo: to uncover, reveal. Iph.
A. 872. See Κάλυπτω. SYN. Ἀποκαλύπτω,
ἀνακαλύπτω, ἀναφαίνω.

Εκκαρπδμαι, fructum decerpo: to pluck the
fruit from, enjoy. Ion 814.

Εκκατεῖδα, despicio: to look down from.
Δ. 508. SYN. Ἀποσκοπέω, ἀποβλέπω, κατεῖδα.

Εκκατέφάλλομαι, desilio ab: to leap down
from. T. 351. SYN. Κάθάλλομαι, κατὰπηδάω,
ἀποθρώσκω.

Εκκαυχδμαι, glorior: to boast, vaunt. Bacch.
31. SYN. Καυχδμαι, αυχέω, μεγάληγδρεω.

Ἐκκειμαι, expositus sum: to lie out, be ex-
posed. Antig. 1011.

Εκκένω, exinano: to empty. Sept. Th. 319.
SYN. Ἀλάπαζω, ἐξάλάπαζω, ἐξάρω.

Εκκεράϊζω, diripio: to plunder, ravage. Τὰς
ἱερὸν εκκεράϊζεις Call. 6. 50. SYN. Ἀναρπάζω,
εκπορῶ, εκθαμνίζω.

Εκκηραίνω, debilito, corrumpo: to weaken,
corrupt. Eumen. 128. SYN. Πάραιρέδμαι,
ἀφαιρέω.

Εκκινέω, exagito: to move out, start. Εξ-
έκινησας τὸδε OE. R. 362. SYN. Εκφέρω, εκ-
δίδωκω, εκκάλεω, ἐξέγειρω.

Εκκίω, exeo: to go out. Ὡς ἐφ' αὐτ' εκ δ' νῖδος
Δδλίῳ κίεν ω. 491. SYN. see Εξέρχομαι.

Εκκλάζω, κλάζω, cum clangore edo: to utter
loudly. Ion 1204.

Εκκλείω, Εκκλήζω, excludo: to shut out.
Herc. F. 330. Orest. 1126. SYN. Ἀποκλείω.

Εκκλέπτω, suffuro: to steal, convey away
clandestinely. Iph. T. 28. SYN. Ἀπάγω, ὑπάγω,
ὑπεκπέμπω, εκκδμίζω.

Εκκληζήω. See Εκκλείω.

Εκκλησία, as, ἡ, cœtus civium convocatus:
an assembly of citizens. Ζητούντας εν τῇ 'εκκλη-
σίᾳ Eccles. 188. SYN. Ἀγδρὰ, δμῆγυρίς, συνδδδς.

Εκκλησιάζω, in concione delibero: to delibe-
rate or harangue in an assembly. Εκκλησιάζουσ'
ου Eccles. 161. SYN. Δημηγυρέω, αγυρέω.

Ἐκκλητδς, ου, ο, ἡ, evocatus, convocatus:
summoned, convened. Ἐκκλητδν Αργείων δχλον
Orest. 605. OE ἐκκλητοῖ idem denotat quod
ἐκκλητδς Αργείων δχλδς; et a Xenoph. discimus
Lacedæmoniorum concionem fuisse appellatam,
τοὺς εκκλητούς. SYN. Σύγκλητδς.

Εκκναίσεω, odiose strido: to make a grating
noise. Theoc. 15. 88. See Kiessling's note on
this passage.

Εκκοθαλκεύδμαι, astute furor: to cheat out of.
Γεροντάς ἡμῶς κῆκκῶθαλκεύεται Eq. 270. SYN.
Ληστεύω, ἀπάτῳ, πᾶρῶλγίζδμαι.

Εκκοκκίζω, cortice ablati granum evello, era-

dico, luxo : to shake or pick out grains, root out, dislocate. Acharn. 1179. SYN. Ἐρημάω, ἐκτίνασσω, πέρθω, ἐκτίλλω, ἀνασπάω.

Εκκόλυμαι, enato : to swim out. "Οστ' ἐκκόλυμαι ναὸς Helen. 1625. SYN. Ἐκνήχουμαι, ἀποκόλυμαι.

Εκκόμιζω, ἰσω, eveho, effero; patior : to carry out, convey away; bear through, endure. Androm. 1268. SYN. Ἐκφέρω, φέρω, ἀφαιρέω.

Εκκομπάζω, glorior : to boast of. Soph. El. 569.

Εκκομψεύδω, argutus et disertus sum in sermone : to be witty and eloquent in talking. Iph. A. 333. SYN. Στωμύλλω.

Εκκόπτω, excindo : to cut off or down, demolish. Acharn. 92. SYN. Κατάκοπτω, ἐκκρούω, ἐκθλίβω, ἀποθλίβω, ἀναιρώ, ἐκπορθέω, διαφθείρω. Ἐκκόρεω, evero : to sweep away, ruin. Pax 59.

Εκκόρυφω, summam s. paucis dico : to tell in a summary way. Δόγ' ὃν ἐκκόρυφώσω Hes. Op. 106. SYN. Ἀναπτύσσω, συνέλων εἰπὼν, κέφαλαῖα.

Εκκρέμάννυμι, ἄσω, Ἐκκρημνάω, dependeo; suspendo : to hang from or upon; hang up. Ἐκκρέμασας ἵππερόλον Equit. 1363. Ion 1613. SYN. Εξαρτᾶω.

Εκκρημνάω. See above.

Εκκρίνω, secerno : to separate from, select. Philoct. 1425.

Ἐκκρίτ'ος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, selectus : select, distinguished, choice. Aj. 1302. See Κρίτ'ος.

Ἐκκρουστ'ος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, caelatus : embossed. Sept. Th. 538. See Blomf. Glossar.

Εκκύβιστάω, praeceps in caput desilio : to fall down headlong. Ἐκκύβιστάντων βία Eur. Sup. 692. SYN. Κύβιστάω, κατὰκρημνίζουμαι.

Εκκύκλ'ω, conversioe machinae in scena ostendo quod intus agitur, exhibeo : to turn round and display, exhibit. ΑΛΛ' ἐκκύκλ'ηθ' Acharn. 408. SYN. Εκκύκλύτω, ἐκκύκλω.

Εκκύκλιν'ω, et Εκκύκλω, evolvo : to roll out, disengage. Ἐνθὺς ἐκκύκλιν'εται C. R. 812. P. V. 87. SYN. Ἀποκύκλω, ἀποκύκλινδ'ω.

Εκκύννηγ'έω, venatione persequor : to hunt out. Εκκύννηγ'ετὶ πτόμος Ion 1422. SYN. Κύννηγ'ω, θηρεύω, θηράδουμαι, ἐξέρου'ω.

Εκκομᾶζω, procax excedo : to run out revealing. Androm. 604.

Εκκοφᾶω, Εκκοφᾶω, surdum facio, obtundo : to render deaf, render blunt. Εκκέκώφεται ξίφος. Orest. 1280. On the orthography of this word, see Pors. Orest. 1280. SYN. Κωφὸν ποί'ω, διαμάλ'ασσω.

Εκλαγχάνω, λήξουμαι, sortior : to receive by lot, obtain. Τύμεδ' ἑκλάχοι χθόνος Soph. El. 760. SYN. Εκμείρουμαι, λαγχάνω, εντυγχάνω.

Εκλακτιζ'ω, ἰσω, calces in sublime jacto : to throw up the heels, kick out. Vesp. 1492.

Εκλάλ'ω, eloquor : to speak out. Τδ' ἐκλάλουν οὐθ' Eur. fr. Antiop. 10. SYN. Εξάγ'ορεύω, ἐκφέρω, φλύαρεύω.

Εκλαμᾶν'ω, λήψουμαι, excipio : to take out, accept, undertake. Μὴ σὺ γ' ἐπ' ἡμῶν δ' ἐκλά' Ion 1334. SYN. see Ἀπολαμᾶν'ω.

Εκλάμπω, eluceo : to shine out, be brilliant. Aves 1713. SYN. Ἀνάλαμπω, λάμπω.

Εκλανθάνω, λήσω, 2. a. ἐλαθὼν, poet. ἐκλέλαθον, oblivisci facio, et med. obliviscor : to cause to forget; to forget. Καὶ ἐκλέλαθον κιδάριστ'ον B. 594.

Εκλάπ'ω, ξω, expello diruo : to expel from, destroy. Sept. Th. 752. See Δάπ'ω. SYN. Δάπ'ω, ἐξάλλ'ω, ἐξαρπάζω, ἐκπορθέω.

Εκλάπτω, lambendo edibo : to lick, swallow. Acharn. 1229. SYN. Δάπτω, ἐκπίνω, ἐκρόφ'ω, ἐξαντλ'ω.

Εκλάχαινω, effodio : to dig up or out, excavate. Χθ' ἀλλ' αὐτ' ὅν ἐξέλαχαινον Apoll. 1. 374. SYN. Εξόρυττω, κατασκάπτω.

Εκλείπω, Εκλιμπάνω, relinquo : to leave off, fail. Ion 1305. Eur. El. 909. SYN. Ἀπολείπω, ἐλλείπω.

Εκλήγω, ξω, cesso : to cease. Soph. El. 1312. Ἐκλήγ'ος, ἔως, ἡ, oblivio : forgetfulness. ω. 484. SYN. see Ἀμνηστούω.

Εκλιμπάνω. See Εκλείπω, and Λιμπάνω.

Εκλόγιζ'ουμαι, ἰσθ'ουμαι, reputo, perpendo : to reason on, consider, infer. Iph. A. 1409. SYN. Ἱπ' δ' ἀλαμᾶν'ω, λογιζ'ουμαι.

Εκλόχεύω, partu edo : to put or bring forth. Ion 1458. SYN. Τίκτω, ἐκτίκτω, ὠδίνω.

Ἐκλύ'ος, ἔως, ἡ, solutio : a release, deliverance. Ἐκλύ'ον ζητεῖ τινά P. V. 270. SYN. Ἀπαλλάγ'η, ῥύσις, σωτηρία.

Εκλύτ'ηριον, οὐ, γὰρ, liberandi vis : ability to deliver. Αστοῖσιν ἐκλύτ'ηριον C. R. 391.

Ἐκλύ'ος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, dissolutio : loose, relaxed. Ἐκλύ'τοι δ' ἀμφώδ'ολοι Androm. 1122. SYN. Ἀνέτ'ος, ἀνεμειν'ος.

Εκλύω, ὠσω, exsolvo, libero : to loosen, to release, alleviate. Εκλύ'θ' ἀρ' ὡς ὡς Med. 1312. In Euripides the only two instances, which can determine the quantity of Εκλύ'ω, have the penult. long; one instance in Sophocles confirms that quantity. Aristoph. Pax 1282. makes the penult. short. SYN. Ἀπολύ'ω, ἀπαλλάττω, ἐλευθερώ'ω.

Εκλυδᾶ'ουμαι, injuria adficior : to be ignominiously treated. Philoct. 330. SYN. Ἀδικέ'ουμαι, ζημιό'ουμαι.

Εκλυπ'ίζω, veste exuo : to take off a robe, expose. Trach. 927. SYN. Γυμνᾶω, ἐκδύ'ω, ἐκδέρ'ω.

Ἐκμαγιά, ἄτ'ος, Ἐκμακτ'ρὸν, οὐ, τὸ, massa subacta; expressum rei alicujus simulacrum; what remains after extraction of juice; an express image, print. Thesm. 514. Soph. El. 535.

Εκμαίνω, in furorem ago : to drive mad. Bacch. 36. SYN. Εκβακχεύ'ω, ἀναχ'ορεύ'ω (τινά) ἔρυνσ'ιν.

Ἐκμακτ'ρὸν. See Ἐκμαγιά.

Εκμανθάνω, μάθ'ουμαι, edisco : to learn thoroughly, ascertain. Εκμάθω παιδὸς περὶ Ion 77. SYN. see Μανθάνω.

Εκμαρίνω, marcescere facio : to cause to pine away. Πδ' ἰ παχ'εῖ ἐξέμαρ'ονη Theoc. 3. 30.

Εκμαργᾶ'ουμαι, furiose ago : to commit acts of outrage. Troad. 985. SYN. see Εκμαίνω.

Εκμαρτυρέ'ω, testor : to bear testimony to. Εκμαρτυρήσων προύμ'ος Agam. 1167. SYN. see Μαρτυρέ'ω.

Εκμάσσω, ξω, abstergo, exprimo : to wipe off, efface, press out. Herc. F. 1393.

Εκμαστ'εύω, indagō : to trace. Eumen. 247. SYN. Μαστεύ'ω, μάτε'ω, ἐρευνᾶω, ἐξερευνᾶω.

Εκμείρουμαι, particeps fio : to share, enjoy. Θῶ'ω ἐξέμυρ'ε τιμῆς ε. 335.

Εκμέτ'ρω, emetior : to measure out. Εκμέτ'ρούμενος χθ'ονα C. R. 794. SYN. see Μέτ'ρω.

Εκμιμᾶ'ουμαι, imitando exprimo : to imitate suc-

cessfully. Δεσμοῖσιν εκμυήσῃμαι Herc. F. 1289. SYN. Μυῖσθμαι, εκμύσθμαι.

Εκμύλῳ, prodeō : to go or march forth. Λ. 603. SYN. see Εξέρχῃμαι.

Εκμουσῶ, carmine complector : to dictate or inform by song. Bacch. 823. SYN. Εκδιδάσκω.

Εκμοχθέω, cum labore perfero, exantlo : to struggle through. Eur. Sup. 461. SYN. see Εξαντλέω.

Εκμύχλευω, vectibus ovello : to force out by bars. Μηδὲν εκμύχλευσέτε Lysist. 430. SYN. Μόχλευω, εκρίδω.

Εκμυζῶ, exsugo : to suck out, drink up. Αἶμ' εκμυζήσας ἐπ' ἄρ' ἤπια Δ. 218.

Εκνέμῃμαι, depascor ; educor vel exeo pastum, abeo : to feed ; go to pasture, retire. Aj. 369. SYN. Εκπνέρεῖμαι.

Εκνεύω, nutu significo ; nutu declino : to signify by a nod ; nod dissent. Phœn. 1283. SYN. (1) Νεύω, πρόκλιπτα ; (2) ἀπνεύω, μεταστρέφῃμαι, εξανῶς εἰμι.

Εκνέω, εὐσθῃμαι, enato ; evito, elabor : to swim out ; escape, come out. Iph. T. 1187. SYN. Εκκῶλυμδῶω, ἀνδύδῃμαι, εκφεύγω, εκτρέπῃμαι.

Εκνικῶω, evinco : to come off conqueror. Χρυσὸς εκνικῶ τᾷδε Ion 631. SYN. Νικῶω, κρᾷτῶω.

Εκνίπτω, eluo : to wash out, wipe away. Iph. T. 1225.

Εκνυμῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, exlex, insolens, nefandus : lawless, insolent, wicked. Nem. 1. 86. SYN. Ἄνυμῖος, πᾶρᾶνυμῖος, αυθαδής, ἀήθης, πυνηρὸς.

Εκνυμῖος, Εκνυμῖος, enormiter : exorbitantly, extravagantly. Plut. 982. Agam. 1449. SYN. Μεγᾶλως, ὑπερβαλλόντως.

Εκνοστῶω, revertor : to return from. P. 207. SYN. see Νοστῶω.

Ἐκουσῖος, α, ὄν, εν ου, ὁ, ἡ, spontaneus : voluntary. Ζῶν εκουσίῳ τρόπῳ Med. 751. SYN. Ἐκῶν, ἐθελούσιος, ἐθελοντής, αυθαίρετός.

Ἐκπᾶλᾶ, Εκπᾶλως, stupendum in modum, vehementer : in a terrible manner, greatly. Ὁς νῦν εκπαλ' ἐφίλησα Γ. 415. SYN. Θαυμαστώσ, θαυμάσιος, φεδέρως, ισχυρώς, ἐξοχᾶ, πέριττά, θαυμάσιος.

Εκπᾶλῆδῃμαι, admiratione percellor : to be astonished at, admire exceedingly. Εἰδὸς εκπᾶλῳνυμῆ Τroad. 922. SYN. Εκπλήττῃμαι, θαυμάζῃμαι, αἰδεῖσθαι.

Ἐκπᾶλῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, terribilis ; admirabilis : terrific ; admirable. Εκπᾶλῳς ἐπέεσσιν O. 198. SYN. Ατυζηλῶς, δρυμῖς, ἐξοχῶς, θαυμαστός, φεδέρῶς.

Εκπᾶλως. See Ἐκπᾶλᾶ.
Εκπαίδευμᾶ, ἄτῶς, τὸ, quod instituitur vel nutritur : a pupil or nursling. Cycl. 597. SYN. Ὁμολητής, παιδευμᾶ.

Εκπαίδεω, edoceo : to educate thoroughly. Eur. fr. Inus. 14. 5. SYN. see Παιδεῶω.

Εκπαῖω, ξῶμαι, eludo : to baffle. Herc. F. 457.

Εκπαιφῶσσω, more insanorum excurro s. ruo : to run on like a madman, brag, bluster. E. 803. SYN. Ενθουσιῶω, ενθουσιάζω, εκμαίνῃμαι.

Εκπάλλω, exsilire facio : to force out. T. 483.

Εκπάτασσω, ξω, percello : to cause to shake, astound. Herc. F. 884. See Πάτασσω. SYN. Ἀτύζω, εκπλήττω, πᾶτάσσω.

Εκπάτις, α, ὄν, ingens : out of the way, ex-

traordinary. Τρόπον αργυπίων οἷτ' εκπάτιος Agam. 48.

Εκπαύω, cessare facio : to cause to cease, put an end to. Ion 144. SYN. see Παύω.

Εκπείθω, persuadeo : to succeed in advising. Phœn. 437. SYN. see Πείθω.

Εκπειράζω, Εκπειράω, tento, experior : to tempt, make trial of. Πρώτῳν εκπειράσῃμαι Equit. 1234. SYN. see Πειράζω.

Εκπέλει, licet : it is lawful or proper. Antig. 478. SYN. Ἐξεστί, εστί, πρέπει.

Εκπέμπω, emitto : to send out or away. Φ. 598. SYN. Ἀποπέμπω, ἐξελαίνω.

Εκπεράζω, ad finem perduco : to accomplish. Cycl. 692.

Εκπεράμᾶ, ἄτῶς, τὸ, exitus : a passage or passing from. Τρίτον τὸδ' εκπεράμᾶ Choëph. 643.

Εκπεράω, ἄσω, transeo, trajicio : to pass through or over. Iph. A. 18. SYN. Διάβαίνω, διάπλῶω, εκπλῶω, περάω.

Εκπερδικίζω, more perdisis effugio ; decipio : to escape like a partridge ; deceive, pigeon. Αισχρόν εστίν εκπερδικίσαι Aves 768.

Εκπέρθω, σω, depopulo, everto : to sack, destroy. Androm. 1084. SYN. Εκπορθῶω, ἀνὰ τρέτω, πέρθω.

Εκπέτάννυμι, Εκπέτάζω, ἄσω, extendo : to stretch or spread out. Τᾶ δ' ὦτᾶ γάρ σου νῆ Δι' ἐξέπétάννυτο Equit. 1347. See also Iph. T. 1137. SYN. Πétάννυμι, ἀνὰπέτάννυμι, ἀναπτύσσω, εκτάνῳ, εκτείνω.

Εκπέτῃσιμῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui jam volare potest : able to fly. Πέλαργὸς εκπέτῃσιμῶς Aves 1355.

Εκπέτῃμαι, evolo : to fly away. Av. 788.

Εκπηδάω, exsilio : to jump out, spring away from, gush out. Bacch. 694. SYN. Εξάλλῳμαι, ἐξέρούω, εκθῶρῶω, ἀνὰπηδάω, ἀνὰκηκίω.

Εκπήδῳ, ἄτῶς, τὸ, saltus : a leap or bound out of. Agam. 1347. SYN. see Πήδημᾶ.

Εκπηνίζῃμαι, extrico : to spin out, elicit. Ran. 577. SYN. Εκμηρύδῃμαι.

Εκπλήμπλημι, εκπλήσω, impleo : to fill up, fill. Ῥῥθῖα τ' ἐξέπλήμπλητο Helen. 1574.

Εκπίνω, πῖμαι, ebibo : to drink up, drain. Καὶ τὴν ψυχὴν εκπίνουσιν Nub. 712. SYN. Κατὰπίνω, εκρῶφῶω, ἀπορῶφῶω.

Εκπίπτω, Εκπίτνῶω, excido ; excido patria : to fall from, drop off ; be banished. Phœn. 1209. P. V. 948. SYN. Αποπίπτω, ἀποτυγχᾶνω, εκβαλλῳμαι, εξωθῶω, φεύγω.

Ἐκπλήθρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sex stadiorum : of six stadii. Κῶλῳν εκπλήθρῳ δρόμῳ Med. 1190.

Ἐκπλῆς, α, ὄν, poet. Εκπλήεις, Att. Ἐκπλῆως, ων, refertus, plenus : brim full, abundant. H. in Mere. 246. Cycl. 415. SYN. see Πλήρης.

Εκπλέω, εὐσθῃμαι, Dor. ευσθῃμαι, poet. Εκπλώω, enavigo : to sail out or away. Ουκ αυτὸς ἐξέπλευσεν Aj. 1099. Apoll. 2. 644. SYN. Αποπλέω, ἐξοκέλλω, ἐξανάγω.

Εκπλήθω, σω, et Εκπληρώω, impleo : to fill up, fill. Eur. El. 1288. Orest. 54. SYN. Εκπλήμπλημι, ἀνὰπλήθω, πλήθω, ἀνὰπληρῶω, εκτέλέω.

Ἐκπληξίς, ἑως, ἡ, consternatio : terror, astonishment. Ἐκπληξὶν ὑμῖν ἀφᾷσῖαν τέ προστίθης Helen. 548. SYN. Τάραχῃ, φέβῳ.

Εκπληρώω. See Εκπλήθω.

Εκπλήσσω, ξω, percello : to strike with terror, astound. Iph. T. 241. SYN. Αποπλήσσω, εκπτῶω, ατύζω, εκφῶδῶω, εκτάρᾶσσω, εμβροντάω, πλήσσω.

Ἑκπλῶς, contr. Ἑκπλως, ου, ὁ, eruptio navium e portu: the sailing of a vessel from port. Pers. 391.

Ἑκπλύνω, ὑνῶ, eluo: to wash out or away. Εἰ δ' ἐκπλυνεῖται τοῦτ' ὅ Plut. 1064. SYN. see Ἐκνίπτω.

Ἑκπλῦτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, elutus: washed out. Μίασμα δ' ἐκπλῦτον πέλει Eumen. 281. SYN. Ἐκλέλουμένος, ἐκκέκθαρμένός.

Ἐκπνέω, ἐσσω, exspiro: to breathe out, respire. Orest. 490. SYN. Ἐκφυσῶ, ἀπὸπνέω, ἀποπνύχω, ἀπὸπνύσκο.

Ἐκπνύῃ, ἥς, ἡ, exspiratio: a breathing out, gasping. Hipp. 1436. SYN. Ἀπὸπνοιά, ἀνάπνύῃ.

Ἐκπῶδαν, adv., e medio, e conspectu: away, out of the way, afar off. Γέραϊά δ' ἐκπῶδαν χωρήσονται Hec. 52. Ἐκπῶδαν takes after it a dative of the person. See Thomas Magister. It sometimes in Euripides has a genitive of the crime, country, or report avoided. In Sophocles and Aeschylus it occurs, but without any noun after it. SYN. Ἑκάς, ἐκάθεν, ἀποθεν, πόρρωθεν.

Ἐκποιῶμαι, officio: to make out, effect. Ἐκποιοῦ σαυτῷ Βύτρου Pax 708.

Ἐκποκίζω, vellus adimo: to pluck off the hair, strip. Thesm. 567. SYN. see Ἐκτίλλω.

Ἐκπῶνέω, elaboro: to labour at excessively, train up in hard labour. Ion 378. SYN. Ἐξεργάζομαι, ἐκπράσσω, ἐπασκέω, σπουδάζω.

Ἐκπῶρεω, exire facio; med. exeo: to cause to come out, to bring out; midd. voice, to go out of. Herc. F. 722. SYN. Ἐξάγω.

Ἐκπορθέω, devasto: to lay waste. Iph. A. 1398.

Ἐκπορθήτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, vastator: a plunderer. Eur. Sup. 1223. SYN. Πορθητής, πορθήτωρ, λυμαντήρ, κερᾷσθης, ἀλάστωρ.

Ἐκπορθμεύομαι, nave aveho: to convey away in a ship, carry off. Helen. 1533. SYN. Ἐξάγω, ἐκφύρῶ, ἐκκρίζω.

Ἐκπορίζω, supposito: to supply. Ion 1114.

Ἐκπῶτάομαι, Ἐκπῶτέομαι, evolo: to fly away. Theoc. 2. 19. τ. 357. SYN. Ἐκπέτομαι, ἀφίπταμαι.

Ἐκπράσσω, ξω, (1) perficio: to effect, despatch; (2) interficio: to kill. Hec. 513. SYN. (1) Ἐκπῶνέω, ἐξεργάζομαι, ἐκποιέω, (2) ἀναιρέω, κτείνω.

Ἐκπρέπης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, eximius: distinguished, conspicuous. Phoen. 170. SYN. Εὐπρέπης, μέγαλόπρεπης, διαπρέπης, εξαίρετός, κάλος, κραιῖος, ἐκδηλός.

Ἐκπρίσμαι, redimo; pecunia corrumpo: to buy of; to bribe. Τὸ τευχθὲν ἐκπρίσμαι Anacr. 10. 5. SYN. Πρίσμαι, δωροδοκέω.

Ἐκπρόθυμῶμαι, valde cupio: to desire exceedingly. Τί δ' ἐκπρόθυμεί τῶνδ' Phoen. 1692. SYN. Πρόθυμῶμαι, ἐπιθυμῶ.

Ἐκπρόϊμι, emitto: to send forth. Ion 119. See Πρόϊμι. SYN. Εξάνιμι, ἀφίμι, ἐκπέμψω.

Ἐκπρόκἀλῶ, ἐσω, evoco: to call forth from, call out. B. 400. SYN. Ἐκκἀλῶ, πρόκἀλῶ.

Ἐκπρόκρινω, ἰνῶ, seligo: to choose out. Phoen. 222. See Πρόκρινω. SYN. see Ἐκκρίνω.

Ἐκπρόλείπω, desero, destituo: to desert, abandon. S. 515. SYN. see Ἐκλείπω, πρόλειπω.

Ἐκπρόμδῶ, egredior: to go out or forth. Apoll. 4. 1539. SYN. Ἐκβαίνω, ἐξέρχομαι, ἐξέρχομαι.

Ἐκπρότιμάω, pluris facio, praefero: to honour

before others, to prefer. Antig. 913. See Τιμάω.

Ἐκπρήσσω, ξω, expavefacio: to frighten out. Θάμβει τῷδ' ἐξέπταξας Hel. 178.

Ἐκπῶδω, obstupescio: to astonish. Cycl. 185. SYN. see Ἐκπλήσσω and Πτῶδω.

Ἐκπῶω, ὕσω, exspuo: to spit out. Στόματος δ' ἐξέπτυσεν ἄλμην ε. 322. SYN. Ἀποπτῶω.

Ἐκπυνθάνομαι, πεύσσομαι, 2. a. ἐπύθσομαι, sciscitor, audio: to inquire, learn from. Καὶ χᾶλεψῶς ἐκπυνθάνει Plut. 60. SYN. Πυνθάνομαι, ἐξέρεινῶ, ἐρωτῶ, ἀνιστῶ, ἐπέρδομαι.

Ἐκπύρῶ, incendio: to destroy by fire. Ὅς ἐκπύροῦται λαμπάσιν Bacch. 240. SYN. Πύρῶ, ἀνθράκιζω.

Ἐκπωμά, ἀτος, τὸ, poculum: a cup, goblet. Ion 1175. SYN. Πότηριον, κύαθος, φιάλη, κισσύδιον.

Ἐκραδίζω, virgis expello: to flog out, drive out by flogging. Lysistr. 576.

Ἐκραίνω, exspingo: to scatter or dash out. Trach. 783. SYN. Ἐκδύζω, ἐκχέω, ἀπορραίνω.

Ἐκρέω, ρεύσσομαι, effluo: to flow out, gush out. N. 655. SYN. Ἀπορρέω, ἐκρίπτομαι, ἐκφέρωμαι, ἐξόχτεται.

Ἐκρήγνυμι, ἤσω, erumpo: to break out. Aj. 775. SYN. Ἀναρρήγνυμι, κἀταρρήγνυμι, διδρύττω.

Ἐκρῶφω, exsorbeo: to sip up. Eq. 359. SYN. see Ἐκνίνω.

Ἐκρύβομαι, libero: to deliver from, rescue. Πόλιν ἐξέρύετο Bacch. 254.

Ἐκσάλευω, excutio: to shake off, shake. Lysistr. 1028. See Σάλευω.

Ἐκσῶζω, Ἐκσῶω, servo: to preserve, save. Καὶ νῦν ἐξέσωσέν Δ. 12. Iph. T. 1026. SYN. Ἐκρύβομαι, ἀνῶσζω, διασῶζω, σῶζω.

Ἐκσεύω, excutio: to shake off. Acharn. 344. SYN. Ἀποσεύω, ἐκτινάσσω, ἐκκινέω, ἐκσάλευω.

Ἐκσεύομαι, erumpo: to hasten or move out or from. I. 80. SYN. Ἐξέρχομαι, ἐξορῶμαι.

Ἐκσημαίνω, ἀνῶ, declaro: to declare. Soph. El. 1197. SYN. Ἀποσημαίνω, ἀποδείκνυμι, σημαίνω.

Ἐκεκῆδάννυμι, ἄσω, dissipo: to scatter, disperse. Τὴν ἐρηγὴν ἐξεσκεῖδσας Eq. 795. SYN. see Σκεῖδάννυμι.

Ἐκοπῶ, ἄσω, evello: to tear out. Ἦν ἐκοπῶμαι γ' ὅν Eur. El. 582. SYN. Ἀποσπῶ, ἀνασπῶ, ἀφέλλω, ἀπωθῶ, ἐξαιρέωμαι.

Ἐκοπῶνδω, στείλω, libamina fundo: to pour out libations. SYN. see Σπένδω.

Ἐκοπεύω, festino: to hasten, hurry. Thesm. 227. See Σπεύδω.

Ἐκοτέλλω, ἐλῶ, exorno: to adorn, dress. C. R. 1268. SYN. Ἐπικοσμέω, στέφω, ἐξασκῶ.

Ἐκοτέφω, ψω, corona exorno: to crown. C. R. 3. SYN. Στέφω, κοσμέω, ἐκοτέλλω.

Ἐκοτρέφω, ψω, evertō, immuto: to overturn, turn out or aside, change. Plut. 721. SYN. Ἀναστρέφω, ἐπιστρέφω, μετᾱβάλλω, μετᾱλλάττω.

Ἐκσφραγίζω, exsigno; excludo: to seal up; exclude. Herc. F. 53. See Σφραγίζω.

Ἐκοῶζω. See Ἐκοῶωζω.

Ἐκσωρεῶ, acervatim adgero: to heap up. Phoen. 1212.

Ἐκτάδην, porrecte: in a stretched-out position, at length. Τῷδ' ἐκτάδην σοι κείσθην Phoen. 1712.

Ἐκτάδιος, α, ὄν, extensus, amplius: extended,

ample. Διπλὴν ἐκτάδην K. 134. SYN. Εκ-
τετάμενός, ευρύς, πλατύς, μέγας, τανυός.

Εκτάμνω, Ion. pro Εκτέμνω, 2. a. ἐτάμνω, ex-
scindo: to cut out or off. M. 149. SYN. see
Εκτέμνω.

Εκτάνυω, Εκτείνω, extendo: to stretch out,
extend, lengthen, strain. Ὅδ' ὑπὶ τῶς ἐξετάνυσθη
H. 271. Vesp. 1207. SYN. Ἀνατείνω, προτείνω,
διατείνω, ἐκπέταννυμι, ἀναπλάω.

Εκτείνω. See Εκτάνω.

Εκτειρίζω, muris cingo; murum communio:
to secure by a wall; fortify a wall. Av. 1165.
SYN. Τειρίζω.

Εκτέκνυμαι, liberos suscipio: to bring forth
children. Εκτέκνούμενος λάθρα Ion 438. SYN.
see Τεκνύω.

Εκτέλευτᾶω, Εκτέλῶ, perficio: to bring to
an end, accomplish. Pyth. 12. 51. 4. 184.
SYN. Εκπεραίνω, ἐπιτέλῶ, τέλειω, τέλλω, πλη-
ρῶω, ἀνύω.

Εκτέλῃς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, perfectus: brought to an
end, complete, entire, ripe. Ion 780. SYN.
Παντέλῃς, τέλειος, εντέλῃς.

Εκτέμνω, 2. a. ἐξέτέμνω, excindo: to cut out
or off. Iph. A. 1437. SYN. Εκτάμνω, τέμνω,
ἀποτέμνω, ἀποκόπτω, ἀποσχίζω, ἀποκείρω.

Ἐκτέος, ὄν, habendus: must have. Acharn.
259.

Ἐκτεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, sextarius: a measure con-
taining about three half-pints. Eccles. 547.

Εκτίκω, ἔω, eliquo, emacero: to cause to
melt away, waste away. Helen. 1418. SYN.
Τήκω, ισχναίνω, ἀποτρίνω.

Εκτίθημι, expono: to lay out, expose. Philoct.
5. See Τίθημι. SYN. Ἀποτίθημι, ἐκβάλλω.

Εκτίλλω, evello: to pluck up or out. Anacr.
91. 17. SYN. Ἀποτίλλω, παρτίλλω, ἐκπικίζω,
ἀποσπάω.

Εκτιμᾶω, valde honoro: to honour greatly.
Soph. El. 64. See Τιμᾶω.

Εκτιμός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, expers honoris: unhonoured,
degraded. Soph. El. 244. See Τιμή. SYN.
Ἄτιμός.

Εκτινάσσω, excutio: to shake off, strike
out. Εκ δὲ τίνασθεν ὀδυντὲς π. 348. SYN.
Ἀποτινάσσω, εκσεύω, ἀνατινάσσω, εκκινῶ, ἀπο-
κινῶ.

Εκτίνω, Εκτίω, f. τίσω, exsolvo, rependo: to
pay, requite. Εκτίναν κάλὰς τρόφας Sept. Th. 544.
"Τίω apud Homerum priorem ancipitem
habet; apud Æschylum brevem: futurum autem
τίσω primam ubique producit." Blomf. Sept.
Th. 77. SYN. Εκλύω, ἀποδίδωμι, τίνω.

Ἐκτόθεν, Ἐκτόθι, Εκτός, Ἐκτοσθεῖ, Ἐκτοσθεν,
Ἐκτόσσε, extra, seorsum: without, on the out-
side, apart from. Sept. Th. 626. X. 439.
Hipp. 1068. X. 385. H. 341. ξ. 274. SYN.
Ἄποθεν, ἔξω, ἐξωθεν, παρὲκ, παρῆξ.

Ἐκτόθι. See above.

Εκτόλυπέω, glomero; perficio: to wind into
balls; complete. Πότε καίριον ἐκτόλυπέουσιν
Agam. 1000., where see Blomf. Gloss. SYN.
Εκτέλῶ, διατέλῶ, ἐξεργάζομαι, εκπράττω, εκ-
πληρῶω.

Εκτοξέω, ejaculor; exhaurio: to shoot out
arrows; exhaust. Androm. 365. SYN. Εκ-
πίπτω, εκκινῶ, ἀπαντλέω, ἀπεργάζομαι.

Εκτόπιος, α, ὄν; Ἐκτόπος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, remotus,
peregrinus: out of the way, foreign. Ηνύσατ'
ἐκτόπιαν C. R. 174. See also Bacch. 69. SYN.
Αλλοκότος, ξένος.

Ἐκτόρεός, α, ὄν; Ἐκτόρειος, α, ὄν, Hectoreus:
of Hector. K. 46.

Εκτόρεω, exterebro, perforando consumo: to
bore through, to destroy by perforation. Hom.
Merc. 42.

Ἐκτόριδης, οὐ, ὁ, Hectoris filius, sc. Astyanax:
the son of Hector. Ἐκτόριδην ἀγάπητον Z. 40.
PHER. Φίλος Αστυάναξ, Ἐκτόρος ὡς Eur.

Εκτός. See Ἐκτόθεν.

Ἐκτός, η, ὄν, sextus: the sixth. Orest. 39.

Ἐκτόσσε. See Ἐκτόθεν.

Ἐκτοσθεῖ, -θεν. See Ἐκτόθεν.

Εκτραπέλως, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, aversandus, invenustus:
odious, uncouth. Εκτραπέλοις νόμος Theog.
289. SYN. Κάκος, πονηρός, ἀποτρόπος, σκληρός,
ἀμυστός, θριαύδης, αισχρός.

Εκτραχηλίζω, ἴσω, præcipitem dejicio;
ceruicem frango: to throw head foremost; to break
the neck. Τὶς ἐκτραχηλίσῃ φέρων Lysistr. 705.
SYN. Ἀποτραχηλίζω.

Εκτρέπω, averto: to turn aside, divert. Bacch.
788. SYN. Ἀποτρέπω, παρὰ κλίνω, μετὰ βάλλω.

Εκτρέφω, θρέψω, enutrio: to bring or rear up
to maturity, educate. Ion 822. SYN. Ἀνατρέφω,
τρέφω, παιδεύω, εκπαιδεύω.

Εκτρέχω, θρέζομαι et δρᾶμοῦμαι, 2. a. ἐδράμω,
excurro: to run out, sally forth. Av. 991.

Εκτρίσω, ψω, extero: to wear away or out,
rub upon. Philoct. 296. See Τρίσω. SYN.
Ἀποτρίσω, ἐπίτρίσω, φθείρω.

Εκτρόπη, ἦς, ἡ, flexus a tramite; flexus tra-
mitis: a turning from the road; a winding. Ran.
113. SYN. Πάροδος, ἀτραπιτός.

Εκτρόφη, ἦς, ἡ, educatio: education, main-
tenance. Eur. fr. Dan. 6.

Εκτρυνᾶω, terebrando erumpo: to bore
through, escape by boring. Αλλ' ἐκτέτρυνήκεν
λάβουσα μ' ἐνδύθεν Eccles. 337. SYN. Εκτόρεω,
διάτρυνᾶω, διόρυντω.

Εκτρώγω, τρώζομαι, erodo: to gnaw or eat
out. Vesp. 156. SYN. Εξέδω, κατέδω, κατᾶ-
τρώγω.

Εκτύφλω, excæco: to make entirely blind.
Rhes. 921. See Τύφλω.

Ἐκτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, Hector: the son of Priam
and Hecuba. Z. 429. Ερ. Βῆνι ἀγαθός, ἀλασ-
τός, εἶδος ἄριστός, υἱὸς Πριάμοιο, πέλαρίτος, ἀτά-
λαντός Ἀρηί, διός, θρασύς, θρασύς ἡνιόχους, ἱκέδης
φλόγῃ, κεφάλῃς ὑλῆτηρ, κράτερὸς μήστωρ φθοῖος,
μέμᾶως, ποιμὴν λαῶν, Πριάμιδης, χαλκοκέρυσσος,
κάκᾳ μητιῶν, πρῶτιστός, ἀνδρόφονος, εἶδος ἀγῆ-
τός, ἡνιόχους, Διὶ φίλος, θνητός, κοῦρυθαίολος,
καρτερὸς, μέγας, λυσσώδης, μεγάρθυμος, ὀσρίμδος,
φαίδιμος, μύθου ἀκρότητος. PHER. Τροίας ἀμαχὸν
αστραβὴ κλινά Pind.

Ἐκῆρη. See below.

Ἐκῆρος, οὐ, ὁ; Ἐκῆρη, ἦς, ἡ, socer; socrus:
a father-in-law; a mother-in-law. Ἡ ἐκῆρη
ἐκῆρος δὲ O. 770. SYN. Γαμῆρος, κηδεστής,
πενθερός, ἀνδρὸς πάτηρ.

Εκφαιδρύνω, ὠνά, nitidum reddo: to cause to
appear bright, cheerful, gay. Εξεφαιδρυ-
νον χρυὸς Bacch. 766. SYN. Φαιδρύνω, εκκα-
θαίρω.

Εκφαίνω, in lucem edo: to show, display,
exhibit. C. R. 243. SYN. Ἀποφαίνω, δηλόω,
φαίνω.

Εκφανής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, conspicuus, manifestus:
apparent, conspicuous, manifest. Ἡσαν εκφα-
νεὶς ἰδεῖν Pers. 404. Blomf. reads ἐμφανείς.

Εκφάτως, supra modum ut dici nequeat: in-

expressibly. Μέλδς εκφάτως Agam. 686., answering to ἔλεναν ἐπέι.

Εκφέρω, effero: to bring out, carry forth. Ψ. 259. SYN. Εκφῶρῶ, ἐκκόμίζω, ἐξάγω, πρόσφῶρ, πρόστεινω, εκφαίνω, εκφῶρῶ.

Εκφεύγω, ἔξμαι, Dor. ξοῦμαι, effugio: to escape. Heracl. 429. SYN. Εκφυγγάνω, ὑπεκφεύγω, ἀποφεύγω.

Ἐκφημί, eloquor: to speak out, declare distinctly. ν. 308. SYN. Εξεῖπὼν, εκφαίνω, ἐξανδῶ, εκφῶρῶ, εκφράζω.

Εκφθείρω, Εκφθίω, perdo, corrumpo: to cause to waste, corrupt, destroy utterly. Hec. 663. ι. 163. See Φθίω. SYN. see Ἀποφθίω.

Εκφθίω. See above.

Εκφλέγω, ξω, exuro: to blaze out. Pax 608. SYN. see Εκκαίω.

Εκφλύζω, ξω, ebullio, effundo: to bubble out, pour out. Apoll. 1. 275.

Εκφθῶ, exterreo: to terrify. Orest. 264. SYN. see Εκπλήσσω.

Εκφοίνισσω, ξω, rubefacio, cruento: to stain with blood. Iph. T. 260.

Εκφοιτᾶω, exeo: to go out of, come out. Eur. Electr. 320.

Εκφῶρᾶ, ἄς, ἡ, elatio; funus; divulgatio: a carrying out; a funeral; dissemination. Alcest. 434. SYN. Τάφη.

Εκφῶρῶ, Εκφῶρῶ, exporto, emitto foras: to carry out, convey away. T. 360. SYN. see Εκφῶρῶ.

Ἐκφῶρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod exportari vel divulgari potest: which may be brought forth or divulged. Hipp. 295.

Εκφορτίζομαι, trador tanquam merces navi transportanda; prodor: to be exported as on board ship; to be betrayed. Antig. 1036. Exp. Πρόδεδῶμαι, φῶρτδς γέγεννημαι, ἐποίησαντὸ μὲ φῶρτδν.

Εκφράζω, ἄσω, eloquor, expono: to speak out, to explain. Εκφράσασμὲν ἂν Herc. F. 1110. SYN. Εξαυδάω, ἐκφημί, ἐξεῖπὼν, εκφαίνω.

Εκφῶρῶ. See Εκφῶρῶ.

Εκφροντίζω, ἴσω, excogito, meditor: to devise, consider, deliberate on. Iph. T. 1324. SYN. Ἐπινύθεω, ἐπισκέπτομαι, βουλευῶμαι, φροντίζω.

Εκφυγγάνω, Att., effugio: to escape. Καὶ δῦας εκφυγγάνω P. V. 534. On Attic verbs ending in ἄνω, see a valuable note by Monk, Hipp. 1442. SYN. see Εκφεύγω.

Εκφύλασσω, custodio: to guard, save. Εκφύλασσο' ὅπου τίθης Ion 741. SYN. Διάφύλασσω, διατῆρῶ, φύλασσω.

Εκφυσᾶω, poet. Εκφυσῶμαι, efflo, effundo: to breathe out, pour out. Pax 610. Agam. 1360. See Φυσᾶω. SYN. Εκπνέω, φυσᾶω, τῆράσσω, εκκινέω.

Εκφῶω, ὕσω, gigno; enaseor: to produce; to spring from. Εξεφῶσε καὶ ἐθερεψέ με Œ. R. 827. SYN. Φύω, τίκτω, ἐκγίνεσθαι, ἐκπλαστάνω, ἐκγεννάομαι.

Εκχαννῶ, tumidum reddo: to inflate. Eur. Sup. 422. SYN. Χαννῶ.

Εκχέω, χέουσιν, effundo: to pour out or from. Eur. Sup. 783. τ. 504. SYN. Εκπρόχέω, πρόσχέω, σπένδω.

Εκχῶρεῖσθαι, e choro ejicio: to expel from the chorus, exclude. Helen. 380.

Εκχῶρᾶω, ἴσω, oraculum edo: to give out an oracle, predict. "Ὅτ' ἐξεχρη κακὰ Œ. C. 87. SYN. Χρᾶω, εκφωνέω, μαντεύομαι, χρησμοφῶ.

Εκχωρῶ, cedo, discedo: to withdraw, give way. Iph. A. 367. SYN. Ἀπόχωρῶ, ἀπέρχομαι, ἐξέρχομαι, οἰχόμαι.

Ἐκῶν, οὐσά, ὄν, voluntarius: willing, voluntary. Helen. 395. SYN. Θέλων, ἐκούσιδς, αὐθαίρετδς.

Ἐλαά, Att. Ἐλαία, as, Ἐλαῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, oliva, olea: the olive-tree; olive fruit. Δένδρον ἐλαὰς ὁ νέδς ἐσται Δν. 617. Troad. 803. Acharn. 997. SYN. Τηλέθωσά, τανύφυλλδς, ἱέρα, γλαυκή, ἀκηράτδς, ἄβρά, δαλέρα, κἀλλη, καρπύφδρδς, παρθένική. PHR. Γλαυκάς παιδδτρόφου φύλλδν ἐλαίης, φύτευμ' ἀχείρωτδν, αὐτῶποιδν Soph. Παλλᾶδδς ἄγγον ἄγαλμᾶ, γλαυκή χλῆη Eur. Γλαυκῶχρως κόσμδς ἐλαίης, φύλλᾶ ἐλαίᾶν χρύσεᾶ Pind. Σιτᾶρον φύτευμᾶ, ξυνδν ανθρωποις, στέφανδς ἀρετᾶς Œsch.

Ἐλαία. See above.

Ἐλαῖνῆς, α, on; Ἐλαῖνδς, ἡ, ὄν, oleaginus: made of the olive-tree, of olive. Ἐλαῖνῶ περί μοχλῶ ι. 394. 378.

Ἐλαιδῶγδς, ου, ὁ, olivarium collector: an olive-gatherer. Vesp. 710. See below.

Ἐλαῖδν, ου, τὸ, oleum: olive oil, oil. Ἀλείφατδ δὲ λίπ' ἐλαίῳ Ξ. 171. SYN. Ἄλειφάρ. Ep. Ἀμειρότδν, αὐγλήν, ῥδδδεν, ἡδῶ, εὐδῶδς, κηῶδς, λίπαρδν, αμειρότδν, ἐδᾶνδν.

Ἐλαιδφῶρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, olivarium ferax: productive of olives. Herc. F. 1178. See above.

Ἐλαιδφῦλς, ἐδς, Ἐλαιδφῦτδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, olivis consitus: planted with olives. Ὅλα Λέσθδς ἐλαιδφῦτδς τῇ Pers. 885. The former occurs in Ion 1481., and has the quantity of φύη.

Ἐλαῖς. See Ἐλαά. Καὶ περί τὸ χωρίον ἐλαῖδς ἄπᾶν εν κύκλῳ Acharn. 962.

Ἐλανδρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, viros capiens vel perdens: man-taking or destroying. Agam. 671.

Ἐλαῶσιεροντδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tonitrum agitans: thunder-driving. Ὅ δ' ἄρ' ἐνδν ἐλαῶσιεροντ' ἀναρῆγγνδς ἐπη Eq. 623.

Ἐλαῶσιπῶδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, equos agens: horse-driving. Pyth. 5. 113. See above. SYN. Ἰππότης, φίλιπῶδς, ἱππῶδχάρμης, πλήξιπῶδς.

Ἐλάσσω. See Μικρδς.

Ἐλαστρέω, Ion. pro Ἐλαίνω, agito, vexo: to drive hard, persecute, harass. Iph. T. 972. SYN. Ἐλαίνω, κινέω, βιάζομαι, δεινῶπάθεω.

Ἐλάτη, ἡς, ἡ, pinus, abies: a pine-tree, fir-tree; ship. Ἐγχεῖσιν ἡδ' ἐλάτης Hes. A. 190. Ep. Ὑψαύχην, δίκωπδς, πομπαία, ὕψικῶμδς, ὕψηλῃ, χιλιῶναυς, χλωρᾶ, περίμήκετδς, οὐρανῶ-μήκης.

Ἐλάτηρ, ἡρδς, ὁ, (1) plantae genus: a sort of thin cake; (2) agiator, auriga: a driver, charioteer. (1) Ἐλάτηρδς ἰνὰ τὰς ναῦς ἐλαίνω-μεν καλῶς Eq. 1182. SYN. (1) Πεμμά, μάτᾶ, πλάκωδς, (2) Ἠνῶχδς, ἡνῶχεδς, ἱππηλάτης, ἀρμᾶτηλάτης.

Ἐλάτηρίδν, ου, τὸ, medicamentum purgatorium: a purgative medicine. Choëph. 955. See above.

Ἐλατῖνδς, ἡ, ὄν, abiegnus: of fir or pine. Ἐλατῖνδν ὥσιν ἐπὶ Bacch. 1059.

Ἐλαίνω, Ἐλᾶω, ἄσω, agito: to drive, urge on. Ἥλασθ' εἰς οργὴν πῶσιν E. El. 1110. SYN. Ἐλᾶω, ἐλαστρέω, ἐξελαίνω, ἄγω, διφρηλάτῶ, ἐπισπέρχω.

Ἐλάφηθῶλια, as, ἡ, cervorum venatio: stag-hunting, chase. Call. 3. 262. See below.

Ἐλάφηθῶδς, Ἐλάφοκτῶνδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui cervos figit vel occidit: stag-shooting, stag-killing.

Ἐλάφθεός ἀρπάζῃ ἀνὴρ. Σ. 319. Iph. T. 1114.

Ἐλάφοκτύνος. See above.

Ἐλάφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cervus: a stag, hart. Εἶδον γὰρ βάλαν ἔλαφον Hec. 88. SYN. Νέσρος. ΕΡ. Τάχεϊά, κειά, κέρως, μέγας, ὀψίκερος, δόη, φυλάκινῃ, κραπνῇ, ἀγρότερα, δαιδάλεα, Μαινάλια.

Ἐλαφρίζω, levo; levis sive celer sum: to render light, buoy up; to be light or rapid. Μοιρὸν ἐλαφρίζουσιν Call. 4. 114. SYN. Κουφίζω, ἐπαίρω.

Ἐλαφρός, ἂ, ὄν, levis, celer: light as a stag, nimble. Γυῖα δ' ἔθηκέν ἐλαφρὰ E. 122. SYN. Κούφος, κώς, τὰχως.

Ἐλαφρῶς, leviter, celeriter: lightly, rapidly. Τὰ οἱ πλώϊον ἐλαφρῶς ε. 240. SYN. Κούφος.

Ἐλαχιστός. See Μικρός.

Ἐλαχυπτέρως, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, breves alas habens: having short wings. Pyth. 4. 29. See Ἐλαχὺς.

Ἐλαχὺς, εἴα, ὁ, parvus: small. Νῆσος ἐπειτ' ἐλαχέα ι. 116.

Ἐλαῶ. See Ἐλαύνω.

Ἐλδομαι, ποῦ. Ἐέλδομαι, cupio, desidero: to wish for, desire. Ψ. 122. H. 4. SYN. Ἐπιθυμῶ, ἰμείρω, γλιχόμαι, ἐράμαι, λίλαίδομαι.

Ἐλεάω, Ἐλεῶ, misereor: to pity. B. 27. SYN. Οικτιρῶ, οικτίζω, οἰκτὸν ἔχω.

Ἐλέγος, ου, ὁ, cantus lugubris, elegia: a funeral lamentation, dirge, elegy. Iph. T. 146. SYN. Θρήνος, ωδή.

Ἐλεγχείη, ης, ἡ, Ἐλεγχός, ἔδος, τὸ, increpatio, probrum, dedecus: abuse, reproach, disgrace. Χ. 100. Φ. 333. SYN. Ὀνειδός, ἐνίκη, ὁμοκλή, αἰσχύνη. ΕΡ. Ἀλέγεινῃ, πίκρα, στύγερὰ, ἀλκίτδος.

Ἐλεγχός, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, vituperabilis: deserving reproach, base, cowardly. Δ. 242. SYN. Κάκος, φαῦλος, ἐπὶνειδιστός.

Ἐλεγχός, ἔδος, τό. See Ἐλεγχείη.

Ἐλεγχός, ου, ὁ, argumentum, indicium; criminatio: proof, test; accusation. Hipp. 1333. SYN. Διάπειρά, δίκη.

Ἐλέγγω, ἔω, deprehendo, arguo, refuto, aspernor, dedecoro: to detect, prove, refute, reject, dishonour. Soph. El. 1353. SYN. Εξ-ἔλεγχω, ἀτιμάζω, κατὰγινώσκω, βάσανίζω, κατὰ-φορῶ.

Ἐλεῖνός, Att. Ἐλεινός, ἡ, ὄν (see Pors. Præf. in Hec. p. vii.), miserabilis: pitiable, wretched. Θεῶν ἐλεῖνόν ὑπέστη φ. 273. P. V. 254. SYN. Οικτρός, ὀλοφυνδός, σχετλίος, τάλαιπαυρός.

Ἐλεῶ. See Ἐλεάω.

Ἐλέμωσύνη, ης, ἡ, commiseratio: pity. Αντ' ἐλέμωσύνης Call. Del. 151. SYN. Ἐλεός, ἐλε-ητός, οἰκτός, οικτιρμός.

Ἐλέμων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, misericors: compassionate, merciful. Pak 425. SYN. Οικτίρμων, φίλοι-κτίρμων.

Ἐλεπτός, ὤς, ἡ, commiseratio: compassion. Ἐν φρέσιν οὐδ' ἐλεπτόν ξ. 82. SYN. Ἐλεός, οἰκτός.

Ἐλεινός, ἡ, ὄν. See Ἐλεῖνός.

Ἐλεινός, miserabiliter: piteously, wretchedly. Thesm. 1063. SYN. Οικτρός, ἀθλίως, δυστυχώς, κακώς.

Ἐλειθάτης, Ἐλειθνός, ου, ὁ, qui per paludes graditur: an inhabitant of the marshes. Καὶ ἐλειθάται ναῶν ἐρέται Pers. 39. Apoll. 3. 1218. SYN. Ἐλεῶθρεπτός.

Ἐλειθνός. See Ἐλειθάτης.

Ἐλειός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, paluster: marshy. Aves 243. SYN. Λιμναῖος.

Ἐλέεῦ, Ἐλέελεῦ, eheu: an exclamation of joy or sorrow. P. V. 902. Av. 363. SYN. Φεῦ.

Ἐλεῖζέῦ. See above.

Ἐλελίζω, ἔω, exclamo Ἐλεῖλεῦ, ploro: to utter the cry ἐλεῖλεῦ, to lament. Phoen. 1529. SYN. Αἰδάω, ὁτότός, οἰμός, ἀρηνέα.

Ἐλελίζω, ἔω, circumvolvo, commoveo celeriter, quatio: to turn round, move quickly, brandish, shake. A. 530. SYN. Κινῶ, σείω, τινάσσω, ἐκ-τίνάσσω, συστρέφω, περιδίνεω.

Ἐλελίχθων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, qui terram rapido metu quatit: earthshaking. Pyth. 2. 8. SYN. see Ἐνδοσίχθων.

Ἐλέναυς, naves capiens s. perdens: ship-taking or destroying. A pun on the word Ἐλένη or Ἐλένα, in Agam. 671.

Ἐλένη, ης, ἡ, Helena: the daughter of Leda and wife of Menelaus. Hec. 265. ΕΡ. Αργεία, διὰ γυναικῶν, Διὸς ἐκγέγαυια et κόρη, καλλιπάρης, τὰν ὑπέπλως, εὐπάτερεια, λευκώλενός, ἡκυμὸς, καλλικύμους, πόλῳρράτος, βίγῃδανῃ, (Hom.) πῶλυκτόνός, Λάκαινὰ, Τυνδαρίς, Δεοστύγης, Ζηνός παῖς, εὐναία, μέλεα, δῶλῳμης, εὐειδής, ῥόδοχρος, κακὴμήχανός, ὀκρίδεσσά. PRR. Ἡ Τυνδαρίς γὰρ εἶδος ἐντρέπεσάτη, Διὰ τὸ τὰς ορνιθόγων ὁμῶ, Κυκνοπτέρου καλλῶσυνας Λήδας σκύμνου δύσ-ἐλένας, Ἐλένας ἐπὶ λέκτρα, τὰν καλλίσταν ὃ χρυσόφαῖς ἄλιος ἀναγεί.

Ἐλένός, ου, ὁ, Helenus: a son of Priam, a celebrated prophet. Androm. 1234. ΕΡ. Πρι-αμίδης, οἰωνόπῳλων ὄχ' ἀριστός, ἀναξ. PRR. Θεία Ἐλένον ψυχή.

Ἐλεῶθρεπτός, ου, ὁ, nutritus in paludibus: growing in a marsh. Ἐλεῶθρεπτόν τε σέλινον B. 776. SYN. Ἐλεῶνός.

Ἐλεός, οὗ, ὁ, Ἐλεόν, οὗ, τὸ, mensa coquinnaria: a kitchen table or dresser. I. 215.

Ἐλεός, ου, ὁ, et ἔδος, ους, τὸ (but this latter not in the poets and authors of the good time, but in the LXX.), commiseratio: pity. Orest. 561. SYN. Ἐλεπτός, οἰκτός, οικτιρμός.

Ἐλεπτόλις, ἔως, urbes capiens vel perdens: city-destroying. Agam. 671.

Ἐλεσπίς, ἰδός, ἡ, locus paluster: a marshy place. Προλῖπὸν καὶ ἐλεσπιδᾶς Apoll. 1. 1266.

Ἐλέτος, ἡ, ὄν, qui prehendi potest: liable to be taken. I. 408. SYN. Ληπτός, αἰρέτός.

Ἐλευθέρια, as, ἡ, libertas: liberty. Δι' ἐλευ-θέριας μόλις ἐξῆλθες Soph. El. 1509.

Ἐλευθερίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) liberalis: free, liberal, ingenuous; (2) liberator: a deliverer. Rhes. 354. See above. SYN. (1) Γενναῖός, (2) σωτήρ. Ἐλευθερίς, ἡ, Eleutheris: the name of a rock at Cithæron near the city Eleutheræ, where there was an altar dedicated to Jupiter Eleutherius. Eur. Sup. 769.

Ἐλευθέρως, α, ὄν, liber: free, independent. Trach. 63. SYN. Αντὺνός, ἐλευθερίως, ἀντάρκης.

Ἐλευθέρως, libere: freely, without restraint. Nub. 518. SYN. Ἀδέως, ἀφῆτως, γενναίως, ευ-γέως.

Ἐλευθεροστομέω, libere loquor: to speak with freedom. P. V. 180. SYN. Ἀθύροστομέω, παρ-ρησιάζομαι.

Ἐλευθερόστομος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui loquitur libere: free-spoken. Aesch. Sup. 945. SYN. Ἀθύρ-στόμος, ἀθύρογλωσσός, ἀδύλεσχος.

Ἐλευθερόω, libero: to make free, liberate. CE. R. 706.

Ἐλευσινία, as, ἡ, terra Eleusina: the land of Eleusis. Antig. 1118. See below.

Ἐλευσις, ἡ, Eleusis: a town in Attica. 'Εστίουχ' Ἐλευσίνος χθονός Eur. Sup. 1.

Ἐλέφαίρου, decipio, noco: to disappoint, deceive, hurt. Ψ. 388. SYN. Ἀπάτῳ, βλάπτω, πλάνῳ, ἀδικέω.

Ἐλεφάντινος, η, ὄν, eburneus: of ivory, made of ivory. Ἐλεφάντινον φχέτῳ δίφρον Theoc. 24. 99.

Ἐλεφαντόδετος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ebove vinctus: bound with ivory. Iph. A. 582. PRR. Ἐλεφαντί δινωτός, ἔλεφαντί κέκαμμένος.

Ἐλέφας, αντός, ὁ, ebur: ivory. Nem. 7. 115. EP. Εὐκτεῖνος, τιμῆις, νεόπριστος, πριστός.

Ἐλεφάνωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, Elephenor. Δ. 463. SYN. Χαλκωδοντιᾶδος, μέγαθύμων αρχὸς Ἀδάντων, ὁζὸς Ἀρηός.

Ἐλη. See Εἰλη.

Ἐλίγδην, volubiliter: in a whirl, rapidly. P. V. 907.

Ἐλίκαι, ὦν, Helice: a town in the Troad. Εἶχε κρείων Ἐλίκαν Γ. 123.

Ἐλίκη, ης, ἡ, Ursa Major in cælo, quam spectantes navigabant Græci prisci; sed Phœnices postea observant Ursam Minorem, Κύνδοσαν dictam: the constellation called the Great Bear; also the name of a place in the Peloponnesus, where Neptune was worshipped. Ναῦται εἰς Ἐλίην τέ Apoll. 3. 744. B. 574. EP. (2) Ευρεία, αγγιᾶλός.

Ἐλικοῦδ' ἔφαρ' ὄς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui palpebræ sunt volubiles: having rolling eyes. Hom. H. 5. 16. The ι as in Ἐλίκη.

Ἐλικτός, ἡ, ὄν, tortuosus: curled, twisted, distorted. Phœn. 661. SYN. Στρεπτός, στρέλως, ἐλιξ.

Ἐλίκων, ὦνός, ὁ, Helicon: a mountain of Phocis, sacred to Apollo and the Muses. Ἀγ' εἰ μὲν Ἐλίκῳ οἱ δὲ Herc. F. 240. EP. Ζᾱθεὺς, ευρύχρῳς, ὑψηλός, Βοιωτός.

Ἐλικωνιάς, ἄδός, ἡ, Heliconia: of Helicon. See Μούσαι. Herc. F. 787. See below. On fem. double forms, as ἰās, ἰᾱδός, and ἰς, ἰδός (as in Ἐλικωνιάς, ἰᾱδός, and ἰς, ἰδός) see Blomf. Pers. 956.

Ἐλικωνίος, ὁ, an epithet of Neptune. Ἐλίκωνίον ἀμφὶ ἀνακτα Γ. 404.

Ἐλικωνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Heliconia: of Helicon. Ἐλικωνίδι καλὰ ῥέοισι Call. 5. 71.

Ἐλικώπις, ἰδός, ἡ; Ἐλίκωψ, ωπός, ὁ, ἡ, cui oculi sunt volubiles: full-eyed. Δομεῖναι ἔλικωπιδᾱ κούρην A. 98. Γ. 190. SYN. Ἐλικοῦδ' ἔφαρ' ὄς.

Ἐλίκωψ. See Ἐλίκωπις.

Ἐλινύω, quiesco, cesso: to stop, delay, rest. Ὅς μὴ σ' ἐλινύοντᾱ προσερχθῆ πάτηρ P. V. 53. SYN. Σχολάζω, ὕκνω, δηνύνω, βραδύνω, αργέω.

Ἐλιξ, ἰκός, ἡ, adj. et subst., (1) tortuosa, circumvoluta: curling, forked, twisted; (2) armilla; flexus hederæ, aut fulguris: a ringlet; winding of ivy; forked lightning. Βοσκὰς ευφύλλων ἔλικον Helen. 1330. SYN. Δίνος.

Ἐλίσσων, οὐντός, ὁ, Elisson, seu Elissa: a river in Elis, not far from Olympia. Ἐπ' ὄχθαις ἀμφ' Ἐλίσσοντος Theoc. 25. 9. See Hemsterh. Aristoph. Plut. p. 181.

Ἐλίσσω, Εἰλίσσω, ξω, volvo, complico: to roll, wrap up, turn round, twist. Troad. 334. Phœn. 2. SYN. Ἀναστρέφω, κάμπτω, πλέκω, συμπλέκω.

Ἐλίτροχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rotas circumvolvens: re-

volving. Αἱ σῦριγγες ἐκλαγξάν ἑλίτροχοι Sept. Th. 189.

Ἐλίχρυσός, ου, ὁ, aurelia, flos agrestis aurei coloris: helichryse, supposed to be the same with the English orpiment. Κισσὸς ἐλιχρύσῳ κέκονισμένός Theoc. 1. 30.

Ἐλκαίνω, ἄνῳ, ulcerosus sum: to be full of sores, to fester. Choëph. 830.

Ἐλκεσίπελός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, et Ἐλκεχίτων, ὠνός, ὁ, veste longa indutus: long-robed. Τρωᾶδ' ἐλκεσίπελός Ζ. 442. ν. 685.

Ἐλκεχίτων. See above.

Ἐλκῆ. See Ἐλκω.

Ἐλκηδόν, tractim, luctando: by dragging or wrestling. Hes. Scut. 302.

Ἐλκηθμός, οὐ, ὁ, abductio, vis: a dragging away, abduction, force. Z. 465.

Ἐλκημά, ἄτός, τὸ, præda: a thing dragged, prey. Herc. F. 567. SYN. Ἐλωρ, ἐλῳρίων, ἄγρα.

Ἐλκοποιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vulnificus: wound-causing. Οὐδ' ἐλκοποιᾱ γίγνεται Sept. Theb. 394.

Ἐλκος, ἔος, τὸ, ulcer, vulnus: a sore, ulcer, wound. Δ. 217. SYN. Τραυμά, τρωμά, ἀπέλός. EP. Κράτερων, λευγάλεον, ἀνίρρον, αργάλεον, κᾱκὸν, λῦγρον, ἄγριον, ἀμείλιχον, οὐλόμενον, ὀλδόν, φοίνιον, λοίγιον, πῶτικαρδίον, ὀδυνήρον, ἐχθιστόν, μέλιν.

Ἐλκῶ, ulcero: to cause an ulcer, to wound. Hec. 405. SYN. Τίτρώσκω, τραυμάτιζω, ἐλκαίνω.

Ἐλκυδρίον, ου, τὸ, ulcusculum: a slight wound. Τᾶν τοῖσιν ἀντίκημίοις ἐλκυδρία Eq. 907.

Ἐλκυστάζω, Ἐλκω, ὕσω, Ἐλκῶ, ἡσω, Ἐλκω, ξω, traho, lacerō, carpo, vituperō: to drag, draw, tear, revile. Q. 21. Phœn. 994. P. 395. Helen. 1442. SYN. Ἀνέλκω, ἐρίω, σπᾱράσσω, ἀποσπᾱω, βιάδμαι.

Ἐλκῶ. See Ἐλκυστάζω.

Ἐλκώδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ulcerosus: ulcerous. Hipp. 1355.

Ἐλλάς, ἄδός, ἡ, (1) Græcia: Greece; (2) Græcus: Grecian. Ἐλλάς was properly the name of a city in Thessaly founded by Hellen, the son of Phthius, and then denoted the country occupied by the Myrmidons, and subsequently was the name of Greece without the Peloponnesus. In a similar manner, Ἀργός denotes the whole of the Peloponnesus. Δι' Ἐλλάδός ευρύχοροιο I. 474. See also Hec. 310. SYN. (1) Ἀχαῖς. EP. (1) Καλλίγυναιξ, ἀνίκητος, ολβία, εὐπύτος, μέγαλη, κορυδοτόφος, κλεινὴ, σόφῃ.

Ἐλλέβορος, ου, ὁ, veratrum: hellebore. Vesp. 1489.

Ἐλλεδάνος, οὐ, ὁ, vinculum: a sheaf-band. Ἐν ἐλλεδάνοις δέοντο Σ. 553. SYN. Δεσμός, σχοίνων δέσμων, ἄλδός.

Ἐλλέπω, reliquum facio, prætermitto, deficio: to leave behind, let be, forsake, want, be short of, fail. P. V. 349. SYN. Εκλείπω, ἐπίλειπω, ἀπόλειπω, πᾱράλειπω, ἐκκάνω, ἀπειμῖ.

Ἐλλη, ης, ἡ, Helle: the sister of Phrixus and daughter of Athamas and Nephele. Pers. 728.

Ἐλληρ, ηνός, ὁ; Ἐλληρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, civis civitatis, vel incolæ regionis quæ Ἐλλάς est appellata: Grecian, a Grecian. Hec. 1183. Helen. 561.

Ἐλληγνῖα, usurpatur ab Euripide eodem more

quo 'Ελλάς, nunc (1) adjective, nunc (2) substantive. Hipp. 1120.

'Ελληνικός, ἡ, ὄν, Græcus: Grecian. 'Ελληνικὸν νόμισμα Sept. Th. 255. SYN. 'Ελλην, 'Ελληνίος, Ἀχαιοί.

'Ελληνικός, more Græco: after the Greek fashion. Νεανὺς ὡς 'Ελληνικός Iph. T. 660.

'Ελληνίος, i. q. -ικός. Nonnus.

'Ελληνίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ. See 'Ελλην.

'Ελληνόδικος, οὐ, ὅ, inter Graios arbiter: he who presided over the Olympic games, a Grecian umpire. Olymp. 3. 21. See Δίκη.

'Ελλησποντός, οὐ, ὅ, Hellespontus: the Hellespont. O. 233. Ep. Ἀγάρρδος, ἰχθυοίς, πᾶτις, ευρύς, ἀπείρων, δίνη πορφύρων. PHER. Πορθυὸς Ἀθάμαντιδὸς 'Ελλάς.

'Ελληπίεω, piscor: to fish. Σθένος ἐλλοπίεω Theoc. 1. 42. SYN. 'Ἀλιεύω, γριπεύω, ἰχθυῶ.

Ελλάς, ἡ, ὄν, or 'Ελλάς, or 'Ελλάς, mutus: mute. Aj. 1271. SYN. Ἀφώνος.

'Ελλάς, οὐ, ὅ, hinnulus: a fawn. τ. 228. SYN. Νέσρος, ἑλάφος, κέμας.

'Ελλοφόνος, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, cervorum intersector: a stag-killer. Callim. 3. 190.

Ελλάρχω, insidias pono: to lay snares, place an ambuscade. Bacch. 711. SYN. Λόχῳ, ἐφεδρεύω, ἐνέδρευω.

'Ελός, ἐός, τὸ, (1) palus: a marsh; also (2) a city in Laconia, the inhabitants of which were called Ἐλωτες and Ἐλωταί. ξ. 474. B. 594. SYN. (1) Λίμνη, τίφος.

Ελπήνωρ, ὄρος, ὅ, Elpenor. μ. 10.

Ελπίζω, ἴσω, exspecto, spero, metuo, existimo: to expect, hope, think. Ion 351. SYN. Ἐλπύμαι, προσδοκῶ, κἀραδοκῶ, ἐπελπίζω, νόμιζω. PHER. Ελπιδὼν εἰσω βέβηκα, ἐν ἐλπίδι εἰμί, ἐλπιδῶ ἔχω, θυμὸν ἀλδαίνω ευφροσύνας, ἐλπιδῶ δέχομαι.

Ελπίς, ἰδὸς; Ελπωρή, ἡς, ἡ, exspectatio, spes: expectation, hope. Αἶ δ' ἐλπίδες βόσκονσι Phœn. 407. ζ. 314. Ep. Ψυχρά, φίλη, δέια, μέγαν, τάλανᾶ, ἐμπεδός, κενὴ, κάλῃ, ἀγάθῃ, φροῦδι, ἀλόγος, πτηνῇ, συμκρά, ἀλληκτός, γλυκείᾳ, θαλάσσει, ἡδεῖᾳ, κοφῇ, κυδιανειρᾶ, μαφιδία, πλόμπλαγκτός, λεπτῇ, κενῇ, ἀπληστός. PHER. Ελπίδος φίλον θράσος, κενεᾶν ἐλπίδων χαῖνον τέλδος, Βακχείας κάλλος ἱατρός.

'Ελπω, in spem adducor: to raise the hopes; mid. to hope. Πάντας μὲν ῥ' ἐλπει β. 91.

Ελπωρή, ἡς, ἡ. See Ελπίς.

'Ελυμά, ἄντις, τὸ, dentale, buris: tail or handle of a plough. Ἐν ἐλυμάτῃ πῆξας ζ. 179.

'Ελύτρον, οὐ, τὸ, involucre: a wrapper, covering. Ἀφελκῶσμαι τοῦλύτρον Acharn. 1120. SYN. Εἰλυμά, κάλυμμα, εἰμά, ἐπικάλυμμα.

'Ελωρ, ὠρός, Ἐλώριον, Ἐλωρον, οὐ, τὸ, præda: a thing taken, spoil, prey. P. 151. A. 4. Æsch. Sup. 807. SYN. Ἀγρα, ἀγρευμά, ἀρπάγη, ἑλκημά, δοίγη.

'Ελωρός, οὐ, ὅ, Helorus: a river of Sicily near the promontory of Pachynus. Nem. 9. 95.

Εμάντοῦ, ἡς, οὐ, mei ipsius: of me myself. Phœn. 275.

Εμᾶδων, οὐ, τό; Εμᾶς, ἄδός, ἡ, calceus, solea, cothurnus: a shoe, sandal, buskin. Τᾶ δ' ἐμᾶδιᾷ καὶ ταῦτ' Plut. 847. Eccles. 629. SYN. Ἀρδύλη, ευμαῖς, πεδιλὼν, κόθορνός.

Εμᾶδων, pedestri itinere: on foot, by land. Εμᾶδων ἵεσθαι O. 505. Exp. Πεζῇ βαίνω.

Εμβαίνω, θήσθαι, ingredior, conscendo: to

go upon, embark. κ. 164. SYN. Εισέρχουμαι, ὑπθαίνω, ἀνάβαινω, ἐπισβαίνω, ἐπέρχουμαι.

Εμβάλλω, ἀλῶ, immitto, injicio: to cast or throw into, dash into, inspire. Phœn. 59. SYN. Ἐπισβάλλω, ἐπεμβάλλω, εἰσβάλλω, προσβάλλω, ἐντίθημι.

Εμβάπτω, intingo: to dip in. Nub. 150. SYN. Κατάδύνω, κατὰβάπτω.

Εμβᾶς, ἄδός, ἡ. See Εμᾶδων.

Εμβασίλευω, regno, guberno: to reign amongst, govern. Ἐμός ἐμβασίλευεν o. 412. SYN. see Βασίλευω and Ἀρχω.

Εμβασίς, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, epith. Apollinis, qui colabatur in litore a consensuris navem: epithet of Apollo, who gives happy voyages. Ἐπάκτιον Εμβασίσιο Apoll. 1. 359.

Εμβασίς, ἔως, ἡ, ingressus; calceus: the going or stepping into, entrance; a shoe. See above. SYN. Βασίσις, εἰσόδός.

Εμβάτεω, pedem infero, ingredior, frequento: to set foot upon, walk upon, frequent. Πὰν ἐμβάτεω ποντίας Pers. 455. SYN. Ἐπισβαίνω, ἐπεμβαίνω, εἰσέρχουμαι.

Εμβέλω, intueor, to look upon, behold. Soph. El. 995. SYN. Ἐπιβέλω, ἐσαθρέω, ἐνδράω, σκύπτω, θεῶδωμαι.

Εμβόλη, ἡς, ἡ, impactio sc. rostri navis: the striking or attack with the beak of a ship. Androm. 1131. SYN. Εἰσβολή, ὀρημή.

Εμβόλον, οὐ, τό; et Εμβόλος, οὐ, ὅ, (1) rostrum navis: the beak of a ship; (2) vectis: a bolt or bar. Phœn. 113. SYN. (2) Μόχλος. Εμβόλον is also the name of a district in Lycia. Olymp. 7. 33.

Εμβράχῳ, summam: summarily, at once, in short. Ὅπου περ ἐμβράχῳ Thesm. 390. SYN. Συντόμως, ὅλως, ἀπλῶς, καθόπαξ.

Εμβερέζομαι, fremo in: to roar, thunder against. O. 627. SYN. Εμβριμάομαι.

Εμβριθής, ἔδός, ὅ, ἡ, onerosus: ponderous, weighty. Pers. 699. See Ἐπιβριθής.

Εμβριμάομαι, fremo, ferocio: to storm, rage, snort at furiously. Sept. Th. 457. See Βριμάομαι. SYN. Εμβερέζομαι, ἐπάπειλέω.

Εμβρόντητός, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, attonitus, amens: thunder-struck, mad. Eccl. 788. SYN. Ἀφρων, μαινόμενος.

Εμερῶν, οὐ, τὸ, infans recens natus: the young, a suckling. Ἐν δὲ πλοῦσιν ἐμερῶσι Eumen. 948. SYN. Νεῶγόνος.

Εμῶν, obturo, obstruo: to stuff, stop up. Ἐνέβυσσάμεν ῥάκιοισι Vesp. 128. SYN. Βῶν, πληρῶν, κάλυπτα.

Εμᾶνής, ἔδός, ὅ, ἡ, furibundus: maddened. Εμᾶνέϊ σκυρτήματι P. V. 696. SYN. Μανιώδης, ἀπὸ θυμῶς, οργιλός.

Εμᾶπῆως, dicto citius: instantly, at the moment. Εμᾶπῆως ὑπάκουσεν ξ. 485. SYN. Εὐθέως, τὰχῶς, πρόθυμος, σπουδαίως.

Εμᾶσσομαι, ξύμαι, cum impetu immitto, impingo: to drive, force into or against. Call. 3. 124. SYN. Εμβάλλω, προσμίσσω, ἐνέριδω.

Εμᾶμελῆς, as, ἡ, modulatio: harmony, symmetry. Ran. 895. a short, as in Εὐμῆνεϊα.

Εμᾶεῶς, Εμᾶεῶς, canore; apte, concinne: tunelessly; gracefully, correctly. Apoll. 1. 539. SYN. Εὐπρέπῶς, σύνεπῶς, πρόθυμος.

Εμᾶεῆς, ἔδός, ὅ, ἡ, canorus; aptus, concinnus: tuneful; fitted, correct. Eccles. 802. SYN. Ἀκριβής, τέλειος, κομψός, ευφύης, σύνεπός, κόσμῆς, σάφρων.

Εμμελῶς. See Εμμελέως.

Εμμελῶς, *vā, ōs*, concitatus; valde cupiens: instigated by keen desire; very eager. Εμμελῶς δὲ E. 838. SYN. Μελῶς, πρῶτος, πρῶτος.

Εμμενῆς, Εμμενῶς, constanter, alacriter: steadfastly, resolutely. ι. 386. Hes. Theog. 712. SYN. Σινεχῶς, βέλαιος, πρῶτος.

Εμμενῶ, permaneo, maneo in: to remain, stay in, be firm. CE. R. 351. SYN. Ἐπιμένω, διαμένω, παρμένω.

Ἐμμηνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, menstruus: monthly. Soph. El. 281.

Εμμίγνυμι, Εμμίγνυω, ἵξω, immisceo: to mix in, engage. CE. C. 1057. SYN. Ἀνάμιγνυμι.

Ἐμμότος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inhærens: adhering to. Choëph. 464. See the explanation of this word in Blomfield's Glossary.

Εμμοχθῶ, laborum plenus sum: to labour in, be full of troubles. Eur. Dictys. fr. 14. 5.

Ἐμμοχθός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ærumnōsus: wretched, full of trouble. Eur. Sup. 1014. SYN. Ἐπιμοχθός, πολυπόνος, μοχθηρός, ἀθλιός, ἐπιπόνος.

Ἐμπα, Ἐμπας, Ἐμπης, tamen: altogether, yet, nevertheless. Ἐπὸς ἐμπα δὲ λέξον Call. Ep. 52. Aj. 122. A. 562. SYN. Ὅμως, πάντως, ἀλλ' οὖν.

Εμπαζόμεναι, rationem habeo, euro: to set one's mind upon, heed. Π. 50. SYN. Ἐπιστρέφόμεναι, ἐπιμελόμεναι, ἐντρέπόμεναι, μὴδομαι, φροντίζω.

Εμπαίζω, ξόμαι, ξούμαι, illudo: to make a sport of, sport with. Antig. 799. SYN. Προσπαίζω, ἐπιχλευάζω, ἐπισκώπτω, διδάσχω, ὑβρίζω, ἐξοπάτω, φένακιζω.

Ἐμπαῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, peritus, expertus: skilled, experienced. Ἐμπαῖον οὐδὲ βίης υ. 379. In Agam. 180. ἐμπαῖος τύχαιοι, Blomf. explains ἐμπαῖος qui inecutus. SYN. Ἐμπεῖρος, εἰδὼς, ἐπιστήμιαν, αἶμα, πρόσπαιος, δάημων.

Εμπαίω, παίησω, incudo, imprimo; suggeror: to strike upon; to be suggested. Εἰδὼν ἐμπαίει τί μοι Soph. El. 902. SYN. Εμβάλλω, ἐπέρχόμεναι.

Ἐμπαλῖν, contra, rursus, e diverso, retro: in return, back, the contrary way. Καὶ πρόσωπόν ἐμπαλῖν Hec. 343. SYN. Ἀψ, εἰς τοῦμπαλῖν, ὀπίσω, ἐναντίον, κατ'ὀπισθεν.

Ἐμπας. See Ἐμπα.

Εμπάσσω, ἄσω, inspergo, intexo: to sprinkle upon, represent in embroidery. Γ. 126. SYN. Ποικίλλω, ἐπιρραῖνω, ἐμποιῶ, ἐπισκεδάννυμι, ἐμβάλλω.

Εμπατέω, ingredior: to walk in or upon, enter. Μελαθρόν ἐλπίς ἐμπατέειν Agam. 1409. SYN. Εισέρχόμεναι.

Εμπεδύμοχθός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ærumnōsus: lastingly wretched. Olymp. 1. 95. SYN. see Ἐμμοχθός.

Ἐμπεδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, firmus, stabilis: firm, steady, robust, vigorous. Δ. 314. SYN. Βέλαιος, ἑδραῖος, ἀσφάλης, ισχυρός, ἀληθής, ἀκίνητος.

Εμπεδοσθένης, ἑδός, ὁ, ἡ, firmum robur habens: lastingly firm or vigorous. Nem. 7. 144. SYN. Ἀγασθένης, βέλαιος.

Εμπεδῶ, stabilio, firmo: to render firm, confirm. Iph. T. 791. SYN. Βέλαιω, στηρίζω, πιστώ.

Εμπεδῶς, firme, certo: firmly, decidedly. Trach. 487. SYN. Ἀληθῶς, ἀκριβῶς, βέλαιως.

Εμπειρία, ας, ἡ, peritia, experientia: skill, experience. Phœn. 539. SYN. Διάπειρα.

Ἐμπεῖρος, et Εμπεράμδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, peritus:

skilled, acquainted with, wise. CE. C. 752. Call. 1. 71. SYN. see Ἐμπαῖος and Δάημων.

Εμπεῖρω, πέρω, infigo: to pierce, fix on a spit, impale. Acharn. 796. SYN. Ἀναπεῖρω, διαπεῖρω, ἀναπήγνυμι.

Εμπελάδων, prope, juxta: near. Ἐστίη ἐμπελάδων παρὰφαινόμεν Hes. Op. 732. SYN. see Εγγύς.

Εμπελάζω, ἄσω, appropinquo: to draw near, approach. Trach. 17. SYN. Πελάζω, πρόσγγιζω, πλησιάζω, ἐντυγχάνω, ἐφικνέομαι.

Εμπεράμδος. See Ἐμπεῖρος.

Εμπεράμως, perite: skilfully. Αστέρες ἐμπεράμως Call. 5. 25.

Εμπερόννημα, ἄντος, τὸ, vestis fibulis connexa: a robe or upper garment with clasps. Theoc. 15. 34. SYN. Διπλόος.

Εμπήγνυμι, ἥξω, infigo: to stick into, fix in. Acharn. 1226. SYN. Εμπεῖρω, ἐνέριδω, κατὰπήγνυμι.

Ἐμπης. See Ἐμπα.

Εμπίπρημι, πρήσω, et Εμπίπρημι, incendio: to set on fire. Εμπίπρημαι χρὴ τὰς θύρας Lysist. 311. Blomfield, Gloss. Pers. 815. doubts, and properly, whether the first μ in πίπρημι and ἔμπρημι is not the addition of later writers. SYN. see Εμπρήσω.

Εμπίνω, ἐμπίομαι, imbibō: to drink in, swallow, imbibe. Pax 1143. SYN. Κατάπινω, εἰσδέχομαι.

Εμπίπλημι, ἐμπλήσω, impleo: to fill, glut. Σὺν βλέπων ἐμπίπλημαι Ion 925. SYN. see Εμπλήσω.

Εμπίπτω, πέσσομαι, ineido, incumbo, irruo: to fall or drop in or upon, fall into, encounter. Iph. A. 443. SYN. Εἰσπίπτω, προσπίπτω, ἐπίπτα, ἐπίτυγχάνω, ἐγκύρω, εἰσβάλλω, ἐγγίζω.

Εμπίς, ἰδός, ἡ, culicis genus: a bloodsucker, gnat. Av. 244. Ὅπότερὰ τὴν γνώμην ἔχει τὰς ἐμπίδας Nub. 157. SYN. Κανάψ.

Ἐμπελῖος. See Ἐμπελῖος.

Εμπελέω, ἐνίπλεω, implico, involvo: to entangle, enfold, entwine. Hipp. 1231. Call. 429. SYN. Ἐπιπλέω, περίπλεω, περίβαλλω, ἐνδῶ, ἐνυφαίνω, ἐνείρω, ἐμμίγνυμι.

Ἐμπελῖος, Ἐμπελῖος, ἐνίπλεος, ἐνίπλεος, α, ὄν, Att. Εμπελῖος, plenus: full, replete. Trach. 1022. v. 26. τ. 580. Apoll. 3. 119. SYN. Μεστός, γέμων, πλέος.

Εμπλήθω, ἐνίπληθω, impleo, exsaturō: to fill up, glut. Hec. 1055. SYN. Ἀναπλήθω, ἐμπίπλημι, ἀναπίπλημι, γέμω, κορέννυμι, γέμιζω.

Ἐμπληκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, attonitus: astounded, inatuated. Troad. 1596. SYN. Ἐκπληκτός, παρὰπληξ, ἀναισθητός, κοῦφός, ἄφρων, μαινόμενος.

Ἐμπλην, præp. et adv. prope: near, close to. B. 526. SYN. Εμπελάδων, πλησίον, ἐγγύς, ἐμπης, πλην.

Εμπνέω, ποῖε. Εμπνέω, εὔσω, inspiro: to inhale, breathe upon. Androm. 553. SYN. Ἐπιπνέω, εἰσπνέω, πνέω, ζῶω, φυσᾶω.

Ἐμπνους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, spirans, vivus: breathing, alive. Phœn. 1456. SYN. Ἐμψυχός, ζῶος.

Εμπόδιζω, pedes implico, impedimento sum: to impede, entangle, stop. Philoct. 437. SYN. Κωλύω, διακωλύω, κατὰβάλλω.

Εμπόδιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui est impedimento: entangling the feet, in the way. Ἀλλ' εἰ τοῦτ' ἐμπόδιόν σοι Lysist. 531.

Εμπόδων, ante pedes, in promptu, impedi-

mento : before the feet, before, handily ; in the way of. *Æ. R.* 127. *SYN.* Πὰρὰ πόδας, ἐμπόδιον.

Εμποῖω, inserto, immitto : to make in, insert, produce. *Ἐνέποιεον εἰ ἀράνας* *H.* 438. *SYN.* *Ἐνεργάζομαι*, ἐντίθημι, ἐμβάλλω, πράττω, ποῖω. *Εμπόλαιος*, α, ὄν, negotiator, epith. *Merc.* : one who presides over trade. *Plut.* 1155. *SYN.* *Ἀγοραῖος*, ἐμπόρος.

Εμπόλαια, *Εμπόλειω*, emo, vendo, negotior : to buy and sell, traffic. *o.* 455. *Pax* 562. *SYN.* *Ἀπεμπόλαια*, ἐξεμπόλαια, ἀγοράζω, πρῖμαι, ὠνέμαι, πωλεῖν, κερδαίνω, κἀνεργάζομαι.

Εμπόλη, ἥς ; *Εμπόλημα*, ἄτος, τὸ, merces, lucrum : an article of trade, the act of trading, gain. *Acharn.* 930. *Cycl.* 137. *SYN.* *Εμπόρια*, ὠνίων, κέρδος.

Εμπόλητος, ἡ, ὄν, emtus, divenditus : bought or sold. *Philoct.* 417. *SYN.* *Ὠνητός*, πραθεῖς.

Ἐμπόλις, ἔως, ὁ, civis, concivis : a fellow-citizen. *Σολ μὲν ἐμπόλιον* *Æ. C.* 1156. *SYN.* *Εμφύλιος*.

Εμπόρεῦμαι, ingredior, proficiscor : to go into, travel into. *Æ. R.* 455. *SYN.* *Πόρεῦμαι*.

Εμπόρευτός, α, ὄν, eundus : must go. *Acharn.* 480.

Εμπορία, ας, ἡ, mercatura : merchandize, commerce. *Πρός τ' ἐμπορίαν καὶ πρὸς βίον* *Av.* 718. *SYN.* *Εμπόλη*, *εμπόλημα*.

Εμπορικός, ἡ, ὄν, mercatorius : commercial. *Acharn.* 973.

Ἐμπόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mercator, vector, viator : a merchant, traveller. *Hipp.* 968. *SYN.* *Ὀδοιπóρος*, ὀδίτης. *ΡΗΓ.* *Ὅς δ' ἄμ' αὖ νηὶ πόλυκλῆϊ δὶ δαμίχῳ, ἀρχὸς ναντάων, οἷτ' ἐρηκτῆρ' ἑσάν, φόρτου τε μνήμων, καὶ ἐπὶ σκόπῳ ἥσιν ὁδαίων, κερδένων δ' ἀρπάλεων* *S.* 161.

Ἐμποροῦς, ης, ἡ, Empusa, spectrum : a hobgoblin, spectre. *Ἄλλ' Ἐμποροῦσα τις* *Eccles.* 1056. *SYN.* *Μορμυλῶκεϊον*, μορμῶ, μορμών, φάντασμα.

Ἐμπρακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, efficax : efficacious. *Pyth.* 3. 109.

Εμπρέπω, præstans et conspicuus sum inter : to shine or be distinguished amongst. *Soph.* *El.* 1193. *SYN.* *Ἐπὶπρέπω*, μετὰπρέπω, ἐξέχω.

Εμπρήθω, *Ἐνίπρήθω*, σω, incendo : to set on fire, burn. *Acharn.* 918. *M.* 198. *SYN.* *Εμπύρηθω*, ἀνὰπρήθω, ἀνάκαια, πρήθω, ἐμπύρεῖν.

Ἐμπρόθεν, Dor. pro *Ἐμπροσθεν*, antea : before. *Ἐμπρόθεν ἄλλωθεν δὲ* *Theoc.* 9. 7. *Vesp.* 866. The reading of the passage in Theocritus has exercised the ingenuity of critics. *Ἐμπρόθεν* is the reading quoted by Morrell ; Brunck and Valckenauer read *ἐμπρόθεν*. *SYN.* see *Πρόσθε*.

Ἐμπροσθεν. See above.

Εμπύκάζω, ἄσω, intego : to cover over, wrap up, veil. *Νῆος δὲ οἱ ἐμπέπυκασται* *Mosch.* 1. 15. *SYN.* *Εγκάλυπτω*, κάλυπτω, σκέπαζω, πύκάζω.

Ἐπύος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in quo pus est : ulcerated, virulent. *Τήνδ' ἑμπύον βάσιν* *Philoct.* 1378.

Εμπύρεῖν, inflammo : to kindle into a flame, inflame, set on fire. *Pax* 1137. See below. *SYN.* *Εμπρήθω*, ἐμπύρημι, ῥυπύρεω, ἀνὰπρήθω.

Εμπυρίστης, ου, ὁ, qui supra ignem graditur : going or placed upon the fire. *Τρίπυδ' ἐμπυρίστην* *Ψ.* 702.

Ἐμπύρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) qui igni admovetur, crematur, igne paratur : put to the fire ; (2) ἐμ-

πύρα, τὰ, sacrificia igne accendenda vel accensa (*Soph.* *El.* 407.) : burning, obtained by fire. *Εμπύρους τ' ὀρθοστάτας* *Helen.* 546. *SYN.* *Διάπύρος*, πύρρεϊς, *Θερμός*, (2) *Διμάτα*, *ἱερεῖα*, *θυμιάματα*.

Εμφάνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus, evidens : manifest, evident, clear, in sight. *Εμφάνης ἐνυπνίων* *Pers.* 524. *SYN.* *Κατάφανής*, δηλός, ἐκδηλός, φάνερός, *ἐναργής*, *σάφης*.

Εμφάνως, palam : openly, clearly. *Φοῖβός ἐμφάνως ἀναξ* *Æ. R.* 96. *SYN.* *Σάφας*, φάνερως, *ἐναργῶς*.

Εμφέρης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, similis : like, resembling. *Choëph.* 200. *SYN.* see *Ἀλγικίος*.

Εμφέρω, ἐνοίσω, objicio, objurgo : to bring against, object, reproach. *Æ. C.* 989. *SYN.* *Ἐπίφέρω*, προφέρω, *ὀνειδίζω*, *προσὀνειδίζω*.

Ἐμφόβος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, formidolosus : alarmed ; terrible, awful. *Æ. C.* 39. *SYN.* *Περίφόβος*, *φόβερός*.

Εμφορβίω, capistrum injicio : to put on a mouth-piece, used by flute-players to render the tones softer ; to muzzle. *Aves* 862.

Εμφόρῳ, importo ; infercio : to convey into, carry on ; to fill. *μ.* 419. *SYN.* *Εμφέρω*, *εισφέρω*, *εμπλήττω*.

Ἐμφρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, mentis compos : endued with or restored to reason. *Orest.* 44. *SYN.* *Ἐννους*, φρόνιμος, δαίφρων, *ευκάρδιος*.

Εμφύης, ἔος, *Ἐμφύτης*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, innatus, natus : implanted, natural, native. *Εμφύες οὐτ' αἶθον* *Olymp.* 11.20. *SYN.* *Εμφύς*, *σύμφυτός*, *εγγενής*, *γενήσις*.

Εμφυλῖος, *Ἐμφυλός*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tribulis, intestinus, civilis : of the same tribe, intestine, native. *Εμφυλίον τέ καὶ πρὸς Eumen.* 866. See also *Ion* 1581. *SYN.* *Ὀμόφυλός*, *δημῶτης*, *ἐμφύλις*, *ἐπιδήμιος*.

Εμφυσῶ, inflo ; to breathe into. *Ἀυλητρίς ἐνέφυσήσεν οἱ δὲ συμπόται* *Vesp.* 1219. *SYN.* *Ἀνάφυσα*.

Ἐμφύτης. See *Εμφύης*.

Εμφύω, ὄσω, inserto, ingenero ; adhæreo : to implant, ingraft ; cling to. *Παντοίας ἐνέφυσεν ἑοικα* *χ.* 348. *SYN.* *Ἐντίκτα*, *εγγίνυμαι*.

Ἐμψυχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, animatus ; vehemens : living, animated. *Helen.* 971. See *Ψυχή*.

Ἐν, cum dat., in, inter, per : in, into, amongst, through, by, with. *Æ. R.* 98. *SYN.* *Ἐν*, *ἐνί*, *εις*.

Ἐνάγειρω, congreco : to assemble. *Τῇδ' ἐνάγειράμενος* *Apoll.* 3. 347.

Ἐνάγης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, sacer : execrable, polluted, under the influence of a curse. *Τὸν ἐνάγῃ φίλον μήπτω' ἐν αὐτῇ* *Æ. R.* 656. (Double dochmiac.) "In loco citato videtur denotare σεσάμους, ἄγνος. *Schol.* interpr. καθάρων." Morrell.

Ἐναγχός, nuper : lately. *Eccles.* 823. See *R. P. Phœn.* 206. *SYN.* *Ἀρτί*, *αρτίως*, *νέωστί*, *πρώην*.

Ἐνάγωνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui in certaminibus versatur : engaged in contests, presiding over the games. *Ἐνάγωνίος τοῖνον ἔσθμαι καὶ τί ἔτ' ἔρεῖς* *Plut.* 1161. *SYN.* *Ἀγώνιος*, *ἀγωνόετης*, *ἀγωνάρχης*.

Ἐναίρω, poet. *Ενναίρω*, occido, spolio jacentem : to slay, despatch, plunder. *Sept. Th.* 811. *Ran.* 266. *SYN.* *Κατέναίρω*, *ἀποκτείνω*, *φυνεύω*, *διαφθείρω*, *ἐνάρκω*, *ἀποδυναύω*.

Ἐναίσμιος, *Ἐναίσσιος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) fatalis : indicating fate, ominous ; (2) faustus : auspicious ;

(3) æquus: just. Ἐναλοῖμα ἡμᾶτα φαίνων B. 353. OE. C. 1482. SYN. (1) Μαντικός, αἰσῖος, (2) ἡδύς, καλός, (3) ἀληθής, συμφέρων, ἀγαθός, ἐμπρέπης, δίκαιος.

Ἐναισίμως, fataliter; juste, opportune, apte: fatally; properly, opportunely, in a becoming manner. ΑΛΛ' ἐναισίμως Agam. 889. SYN. Πρέποντως, δικάως, ευκαίρως, ἐναλοῖμον.

Ἐναίστιος. See Ἐναλοῖμος.

Ἐναυρεῖσθαι, in sublime feror: to be carried aloft, be tossed. Χρὸν ἐναυροῦμενον Cycl. 694.

Ἐνάκουω. See Ἀνάκουω.

Ἐνάλγικος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, similis: like, resembling. Αστὲρ ὅπαριν ἑνάλγικον E. 5. SYN. see Ἀλγικίος.

Ἐνάλιος, α, ὄν. See Ἐνάλιος.

Ἐναλλάξ, mutuo, vicissim: alternately, by turns. Nub. 983. SYN. Ἀμοιβᾶδς, ἀμοιβᾶδόν, ἀμοιβηδῖς, ἀμοιβηδῶν, ἐναμοιβᾶδς.

Ἐναλλάσσω, ξω, permuto, vario: to change, exchange. Androm. 1027. SYN. Πάραλλάττω, μετὰλλάττω, διαμειβῶμαι.

Ἐνάλλομαι, αλοῦμαι, insilio: to leap upon: bounce. Pers. 522. SYN. Ἐφάλλομαι, ἐπιπηδάω, ἑλλομαι.

Ἐναλλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, contrarius: changed, contrary. Theoc. 1. 134. SYN. Ἐναντίος, ἀνταῖος, πάλιντρόπος.

Ἐνάλλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Ἐνάλλος, Εἰνάλλος, α, ὄν, maritimus: living in the sea, marine. Σώσοντέ νῆδον πύρας ἐνάλλος Eur. El. 1344. Androm. 252. and Troad. 1085. SYN. Ἄλιος, πᾶράλιος, ἀρχιᾶλος.

Ἐνάμελγω, immulgeo: to milk into. Τοῖς ἐνάμελγεν ι. 223. SYN. Ἀμέλγω.

Ἐναμοιβᾶδς, alternis vicibus, vicissim: by turns, alternately. Τῶν δ' ἐναμοιβᾶδς ἀντοῖ Apoll. 1. 380. SYN. see Ἐναλλάξ.

Ἐναντά, Ἐναντίως, contra: in opposition to, against. Ἐναντά Πόσειδάωνος ἀνακτος T. 67. Eumen. 645. SYN. Ἀντά, ἐναντίον, ἀπέναντι, ἀντίκρυ, ἐμπροσθεν, ἐναντιῖον.

Ἐναντιῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adversus: opposing, against. Ἐναντιῖος πολέμιον K. 451. SYN. Ἀντιῖος, ἀντιπᾶλος, ἐναντίος, ὑπέναντιος, ἀντικείμενος.

Ἐναντιῶμαι, adversor: to be opposed to, resist. Οὐκ ἐναντιώσομαι P. V. 811. SYN. Ἀντιφέρωμαι, ἀντικαθίσταμαι, ἀντεπίσαινω.

Ἐναντίος, α, ὄν, adversus: contrary, in front, opposed to. Ἐναντία ἀλλήλησιν κ. 89. SYN. see Ἐναντιῖος.

Ἐναντίος. See Ἐναντά.

Ἐνάποπᾶτεω, ventrem exonero in: to ease oneself in. Ἐνάποπᾶτεν γὰρ εστ' ἐπιτήδειος πάνυ Pax 1227.

Ἐνάποτιω, ἰσω, solvo alicubi: to pay, restore. Καὶ πᾶσι κοινὴν ἐνάποτῖσαι χρήματα Aves 38.

Ἐνάποψύχω, ξω, ι. q. Ἐνάποπᾶτεω. Μηδ' ἐνάποψύχειν τὸ γὰρ Hes. Op. 757.

Ἐνάπτω, alligo; incendo: to fasten upon; to kindle. Ion 1492. SYN. Ἀνάπτω, ἐφάπτω, ἀνάκαίω, ἐνδύδωμαι.

Ἐνάρᾳ, ὦν, τὰ, spolia: spoils taken from a slaughtered foe. Μῆτις νῦν ἐνάρων Z. 68. SYN. Σκυλά, λάφυρά. Ep. Βρόθεντά.

Ἐναργής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, evidens, manifestus: in the light, visible, manifest. OE. R. 535. SYN. Φάνερος, ἐμφάνης, δηλός, ἀρίδης, σάφης.

Ἐναργώς, evidenter; strenue: distinctly; vi-

gorously. Soph. El. 878. SYN. Εμφάνως, τρανός, φανέρως, σάφως.

Ἐνάρξω, spolia detraho, interficio: to slay in battle, to strip, plunder, slay. Οὐκ αὐτὸς ἠνάρξες Agam. 1634. SYN. Εξενάρξω, ἐναίρω, ἀποσυλάω, σκυλεύω, φθνεύω.

Ἐνάρθιμος, numero, æstimo: to count, class with, deem. Εἰ τοῦμόν ἐχθὸς ἐνάρθιμει κηδὸς τ' ἐμόν Orest. 616.

Ἐνάρθιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adnumerandus, æstimatus: to be counted, esteemed, valued. Ἐνάρθιμός οὐτ' ἐνὶ Βουλῇ B. 202.

Ἐνάρθιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, homicida: man-destroying. 1sth. 8. 114. See Ἐνάρᾳ. SYN. Φθισιμοβρότος, βροθόλοιγος, ἀνδρόφονος, μίαιφονος.

Ἐναρμόζω, Ἐναρμόττω, ὄσω, concinno, adapto: to fit or fix in, suit. Herc. F. 178. SYN. Ἀρμόζω, συναρμόζω, συνάπτω, ῥυθμίζω.

Ἐναρφόρος, ι. q. Ἐνάρηφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, spolia gestans: bearing spoils. Hes. Scut. 192.

Ἐνάρχουμαι, εἶμαι, auspicio, inpr. sacra: to begin the sacrifice; to commence. Iph. A. 955.

Ἐνασπίδω, clypeo armo: to arm with a shield. Acharn. 368. See Ασπίς. SYN. Ἵπασπις.

Ἐνάτος, η, ὄν, nonus: the ninth. See Εἰνάτος.

Ἐναυλίω, ἰσω, diversor: to dwell in. Philoct. 33. SYN. Ἐπαυλίζομαι, αυλίζομαι, ἐνίαυω, ναυλόχω, ἐνοικίζω.

Ἐναυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adj. et (2) ὁ, subst., (1) inhabitans; tibiis personans; dwelling in; ringing in, sounding; (2) stabulum, recessus; fossa, torrens: a stall, fold, or retreat; a ditch, torrent. Phoen. 1589. SYN. (1) Σῦνοικος, ἐνοικός, ἐνεδρός; (2) αὐλή, σπῆος, μύχος, διαρῦχη. Ep. (2) Δενδρόκομος, σύγχορτος, ἀεατός.

Ἐνδαῖς, αἰδός, ἡ, tædam habens: with torches, nightly. Eumen. 1047. Exp. Μετὰ λαμπάδων.

Ἐνδάκνω, δῆξομαι, mordeo: to put the teeth in, to bite. Æsch. Sup. 904. See Δάκνω.

Ἐνδάκρυν, ὄσω, illacrymo: to weep. Ὅστ' ἐνδάκρυν γ' ὁμᾶσιν χάρας ὑπο Agam. 524. SYN. see Δάκρυν.

Ἐνδάπιος, α, ὄν, indigena: native. Ἐνδάπῃ καὶ μᾶλλον Mosch. 2. 10. SYN. Αὐθιγενής, ἐγχώριος, ἐνοικός.

Ἐνδάτῃμαι, divido, distribuo; conviciis incesso: to divide among, distribute; reproach. Ἐνδάτῃσθαι τὰς ἐμας εὐπαιδίας Æsch. Fragm. Psychost. See Gloss. Sept. Th. 575. SYN. Δατέωμαι, διαδιδωμί, μερίζομαι, λιδύρεω, μέμφομαι.

Ἐνδεής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, indigus, defectivus: destitute, deficient. Heracl. 171. SYN. Ἐπίδεής, ἐλλίπης.

Ἐνδείκνυμι, δείξω, demonstro: to show, display. Πηλεῖδῃ μὲν ἐγὼ ἐνδείξομαι T. 83. where Clarke explains, orationem dirigam. SYN. Δείκνυμι, σημαίνω, ἐντέλω.

Ἐνδεκά, indecl., undecim: eleven. Αὐκάδωνς ἐνδεκά διφροι E. 193.

Ἐνδεκάπηχϋς, ὅ, undecim cubitorum: eleven cubits long. Ἐγγὺς ἐχ' ἐνδεκάπηχϋ Θ. 494.

Ἐνδεκάταιος, α, ὄν, qui undecimum diem agit: for eleven days. Σχεδὸν ἐνδεκάταιος Theoc. 10. 12.

Ἐνδεκάτος, η, ὄν, undecimus: the eleventh. Ἐνδεκάτω ἐνιάντφ γ. 391.

Ἐνδεκίδωμαι, dextra prehendo vel amplector: to take hold with the right-hand, receive, embrace. Iph. A. 1472. SYN. Δεξιδώμαι, ἐναγκάλίζομαι.

Ἐνδεξιός, α, ὄν, qui est in dextra aut ad de x tram; faustus: in the right-hand, on the right; auspicious. Hipp. 1357. SYN. Ἐπιδεξιός, αἰσιός, καλός.

Ἐνδέχομαι, ἔξομαι, accipio, admitto, probo: to take in hand, admit, approve. Eq. 632. SYN. Ἀποδέχομαι, εισδέχομαι, πείθομαι.

Ἐνδεώ, (1) illigo: to tie, bind with; (2) opus habeo, deficio: to need; fail. B. 111. SYN. (1) Ἀνάδεω, ἐμπέλω, ἐμβάλλω, (2) δεύμαι, ἐλλείπω.

Ἐνδεώς, parce: sparingly, insufficiently. Iph. A. 978.

Ἐνδηλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus, clarus: manifest, clear, discovered. Equit. 1277. SYN. see Δήλός.

Ἐνδημύς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, popularis: of the same country. Choeph. 562.

Ἐνδιαάσκω, dormio in meridie, sub dio dego: to rest during noon, live in the open air. Ἐνήμενός ἐνδιαάσκειν Theoc. 22. 44.

Ἐνδιαθρύπτω, per delicias illudo: to scorn, sport with insultingly. Ἐπεὶ τῷ μοὶ ἐνδιαθρύπτει Theoc. 3. 36.

Ἐνδιατρίβω, ψω, tempus tero in: to remain in. Tois ἀρχαίοις ἐνδιατρίβειν Eccles. 586. SYN.

Ἐνδιαγω, διατρίβω, ἐπιμένω, ἐμμένω, ἐνιάνω.

Ἐνδιδωμί, ὥσω, in manus trado, cedo, remitto: to give, allow, yield, relax. Lysist. 672. See Διδωμί. SYN. Εκδιδωμί, παρέχω, εἰκω, ἀνίμι.

Ἐνδιημί, sector; impello: to pursue, impel. Αἰῶνα ἐνδιέσαι τάχους Σ. 584. SYN. see Δίημι.

Ἐνδικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, justus, verus: just, true. Τάνδιχ' ἐρμηνευμάτων Phoen. 480. SYN. Δίκαιός, ἐπίεικός, ἐνυμνός.

Ἐνδικός, juste, jure: justly, with justice. Philoct. 372. See above. SYN. Δικαίως, καλῶς, εὐκρίτως, ἀξίως, ἀληθῶς.

Ἐνδινά, ων, τὰ, intestina: the intestines. Ψαύση δ' ἐνδίνων διὰ τ' Ψ. 806. SYN. Ἐγκάτᾳ.

Ἐνδινέω, instar turbinis circumago: to turn, whirl about. Κάις ἔτυμ' ἐνδινεύντι Theoc. 15. 82. SYN. see Δυνέω.

Ἐνδιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, meridianus; sub divo: at mid-day, in the open air. Ἐνδιοὶ ἰκόμεσθ' ἱέρων Α. 725. The penult. of ἐνδιός is long in Homer, and common in the other poets. SYN. Μέσημερινός, ὑπαιθρινός, λαμπρός.

Ἐνδοθεν, Ἐνδοθί, Ἐνδόν, Ενδοί, adv. ex interiore loco, intus: within, at home, on the inside. δ. 74. A. 243. K. 378. Theoc. 15. 77. SYN. Εντός, ἔσω, εἰσω.

Ἐνδομάχης, ου, ὁ, domi pugnans: fighting only at home, or on his own dunghill. Ενδομάχας αὐτ' ἀλέκτωρ Olymp. 12. 20.

Ἐνδομύχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, abditus: concealed, sheltered. Κράτ' ἐνδομύχον πληγῆσι νότα Philoct. 1457.

Ἐνδόν. See Ἐνδοθεν.

Ἐνδοξός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nobilis, gloriosus: noble, illustrious. Theog. 194. SYN. Ἀγάκλυτός.

Ἐνδουπέω, insono: to resound in. o. 478. SYN. Δουπέω, ἐπικτυπέω.

Ἐνδρόμιδες, ων, αἱ, caligae venatoribus usitatae: boots used in hunting. Αἴτ' ἐμοὶ ἐνδρόμιδας τέ Call. 3. 16. SYN. Ἰποδήμιατά.

Ἐνδρόσος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, roscidus, humidus: dewy, exposed to the night damp. Agam. 12.

Ἐνδρόν, ου, τὸ, paxillus qui temoni inest: a wooden nail or peg which goes through the temo. Ἐνδρόν ἐλκόντων μέσσαν Hes. Op. 467. SYN. Ἐλυμιά, ἀποτρύν.

Pros, Lex.

Ἐνδύκῃως, Ενδύκῃς, sedulo, humaniter: zealously, carefully, very kindly. Ἐτρεφέ τ' ἐνδύκῃως Ψ. 90. Apoll. 1. 883. SYN. Ἐπιμέλῃως, σπουδαίως, ἀξίως, φιλότιμος, φιλόφρονως.

Ἐνδυμά, ἄτος, τὸ, indumentum: clothing, raiment. Ἐνδυμ' ἔχοντας τοὺς τοῦ μεγάλου Herc. F. 443. SYN. Εσθῆς, ἱμάτιον, χλαῖνᾳ.

Ἐνδυμίαν, ωνός, ὁ, Endymion. Ἐνδυμίαν ζαλω δὲ φίλα Theoc. 3. 50.

Ἐνδυναστεύω, dominor inter: to rule in or among. Ὅμως δ' ἔκειναις ἐνδυναστεύσας ἐγώ Pers. 693. SYN. Δυναστεύω, ἀρχω.

Ἐνδύνω, Ενδύω, induo: to put on. Μάλακν δ' ἐνδύνε χιτῶνα B. 42. ω. 495. E. 736. SYN. see Δύνω.

Ἐνδυστύχῃως, infelix sum in: to be unfortunate in. Ενδυστύχῃσαι δεινόν Phoen. 739. SYN. see Δυστύχῃως.

Ἐνδυτήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, quo quis indui potest: investing, infolding. Trach. 676. See below.

Ἐνδυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indutus: put on. Ενδυτοῖς εσθήμασι Eumen. 1026.

Ἐνδύω. See Ενδύνω.

Ἐνέδρος, ου, ὁ, inquilinus, incola: an inhabitant. Philoct. 154. See Ἐδρα. SYN. Ἐνανλός, ἐνοικός.

Ἐνέζομαι, insideo: to sit in, occupy. Αλλ' ἄγε Πέρσαι τὸδ' ἐνεζόμενοι Pers. 140. See Εγκάθεζομαι.

Ἐνεῖδω (inus.), a. 2. ἐνεῖδν, animadverto: to view, observe, notice. Philoct. 854. SYN. Εμβλέπω, ἐνοράω, εἰσδράω.

Ἐνεῖμι, insum: to be in, exist. Orest. 694. SYN. Πρόσειμι, ὑπάρχω.

Ἐνέκᾳ, Ion. et Ep. Ἐνέκῃν, poet. et Att. Εἰνέκᾳ et Οὐνέκᾳ, prap. cum gen., propter, causa: on account of, for the sake of. Androm. 105. Med. 995. Androm. 408. Iph. A. 102. SYN. Ἐκατί, χῶρῃ, ἀμφί, διὰ.

Ἐνένηκοντά, indecl. nonaginta: ninety. Τῷ δ' ἐνένηκοντα γλαφύραι B. 602.

Ἐνένισπω. See Εἰνισπῶ.

Ἐνέοστασία, as, ἡ, stupor: astonishment. Ἐνέοστασίῃ λαθεῖ μύθων Apoll. 3. 76. Cf. Ruhnken. Ep. Crit. 2. p. 212.

Ἐνέπω, Εννέπω, dico, cano: to speak, say, describe, sing. Heracl. 96. SYN. Εἰπὼν, λέγω, ἀπαγγέλλω.

Ἐνεργέω, operor in: to work in, work. Theoc. 4. 61. SYN. Ἀπεργάζομαι.

Ἐνερπείδω, σω, impingo, infigo: to drive or fix in. ι. 383. SYN. Εμπήγνυμι, ἐπερπείδω, ἐμβάλλω, ἐνίμι.

Ἐνερρεύω, cum acc. ructo in: to belch upon. Αρτίως ἐνερῆγεν Vesp. 913. SYN. Ἀνερρεύω.

Ἐνερθε, Ἐνερθεν, adv. subter, inferne: below, from below. Alcest. 1007. N. 75. SYN. Νερθε, νερθεν, ὑπενερθε, κάτωθεν.

Ἐνέροι, ων, οἱ, et (2) compar. Ἐνέρτερός, α, ὄν, inferi, mortui, manes: those below, the dead, the manes. Alcest. 30. E. 898. SYN. (1) Νέκροι, οἱ ὑπὸ γῆν, οἱ νέρτεροι, χθονῖοι, (2) νέρτερός, κατώτερός.

Ἐνέρτερός. See above.

Ἐνέται, ὦν, οἱ, gens Paphlagoniae, the Heneti. Hipp. 231.

Ἐνέτη, ἥς, ἡ, fibula: a clasp. Ξ. 180. SYN. Περὸν, πόρπη.

Ἐνεύδω, indormio: to sleep in. Theoc. 5. 10. SYN. see Εγκάθευδω.

Ἐνεύναϊς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui ad lectum pertinet; L

vestis stragula: belonging to the bed; bed-clothes. *Χήτει ἐνευναίον* π. 34.

Ἐνέχυράζομαι, pignora capio, pignoribus cogo: to take or give in pawn. Nub. 35. See below. SYN. Ψυδίζω.

Ἐνέχυρῶν, ου, τὸ, pignus, arrhobo: a pledge, surety, earnest. *Αὐτ' ἡ φέρεῖς ἐνέχυρὰ δῆσων οὐδ' αὖτως* Eccles. 755.

Ἐνέχω, ξω; (2) Ἐνέχομαι, (1) immineo, insto: to hang over, press upon; (2) teneo, implicor, hæreo: to cling to. Plut. 1021. SYN. (2) Πρόσέχομαι, ἀνέχομαι.

Ἐνζεύγνυμι, poet. Ἐνιζεύγνυμι, innecto: to yoke, tie together. CE. R. 718. Apoll. 1. 686. SYN. Ζεύγνυμι, σὺνάπτω.

Ἐνν, Ἐνν, Ἐννη, ης, ἡ, tertia mensis dies: the third day of a month. *Πρώτων ἔνν τετράς τε καὶ ἑξῶς* ἡ ἱερὸν ἡμῶν Hes. Op. 768.

Ἐνν καὶ νέα, vetus et nova, ita sc. ab Atticis dicebatur tricesima et ultima mensis dies apud Atticos, quod confinium sit deficientis lunæ et renascentis: the last day of the month. *Ἐστ' ἔνν τε καὶ νέα* Nub. 1134.

Ἐνηεῖα, as, ἡ, mansuetudo: meekness, gentleness. Nub. τίς ἐνηεῖης P. 670. SYN. Πραΐτης, ἀγανόφροσυνη.

Ἐνηής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, mitis: mild, gentle. P. 204. SYN. Πρᾶός, πρὸσηγής, ἀγανόφρων, ἀγάνος, ἡδύς, ευμείνης, σώφρων.

Ἐνήλατ'α, ων, τὰ, (1) ligna in quæ defiguntur gradus scalæ: the sides of a ladder; (2) clavi rotam in axe continentes: the linch-pins. Κλιμακκων ἐνήλατ'α Eur. Sup. 740. See Monk and Valckenaer at Hipp. 1229.

Ἐνήμαι, insideo: to sit in or on. Eur. fr. Philoct. 6. 1.

Ἐνθά, hic, illic, ubi: here, there, where. *Ἄγ' ἐνθά χρήσκει* Iph. T. 1199. SYN. *Ἐνθάδε, ενθαδῖ, ενταυθα, ἐκεῖσε, ὅπου.*

Ἐνθάδ', Att. *Ἐνθαδῖ*, hic, huc: here, hither. *Φοῖβ' μ' ἐπεμψάν ενθαδ' ακρὸβλητιὸν* Phœn. 289. Plut. 54. SYN. *Ἐνθά, δευρὸ, αὐτῶς, ὧδε, ἐκεῖσε, ἐκεῖ.*

Ἐνθακέω, insideo: to sit on, occupy. Soph. El. 267. See *Θακὺς*. SYN. see *Ἐγκάθεζομαι*.

Ἐνθακίσις, εὖς, ἡ, sedes: a sitting, seat. Philoct. 18. See above. SYN. *Ἐδρα, δῶκός.*

Ἐνθεν, Ἐνθένδε, hinc, illinc, unde: from hence, from thence, from whence. P. V. 375. Θ. 527. SYN. *Ἐκείθεν, αὐτῶθεν, εντευθεν.*

Ἐνθεός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fanaticus: divinely inspired. Sept. Th. 493. SYN. *Θεῶμάνης, Φοῖσδληπτὸς, εμμάνης, κάτ' ὀχός.*

Ἐνθεμαίνω, ἀνω, calefacio: to place in the heat, warm. Trach. 368. SYN. *Ἐκθεμαίνω, εκκαίω.*

Ἐνθεσίς, εὖς, ἡ, frustum, bolus, buccella: a piece, a mouthful. Eg. 404. SYN. *Ψωμός, τροφή.*

Ἐνθηρὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, feris abundans; a serpente ictus; hispidus: full of wild beasts; stung by a viper; wild, neglected. Agam. 545. SYN. *Θηριώδης, θήριυς.*

Ἐνθηήσκω, immorior: to die in, die. Hec. 246. SYN. see *Θνήσκω*.

Ἐνθουσιᾶω, lymphor, insanio: to act under a divine impulse, rave. *Ἐνθουσιᾶς δόσ' ἤν' Ἐρ* Troad. 1175. SYN. *Ἐμμανόμαι.*

Ἐνθηιδόμαι, involvor, propr. ficulis foliis: to be wrapped in, propr. with fig-leaves. *Οὐκ εν-τῆριωσθαι πρέπει* Lysist. 963.

Ἐνθυλλίζω, immurmuro, insusurro: to murmur or whisper in. Thesm. 348.

Ἐνθυρόσκω, θιρόμαι; aor. *ἐνέθυρὼν*, Ep. *ἐν-θυρὼν*, insilio: to leap or spring upon. p. 233. SYN. *Ἐισθιρέω, ενθυρέω, ἐπενθυρέω, ἐνάλλομαι, ἐφάλλομαι, εἰσπηδῶ, ἐπιθρόσκω, ἐνορμῶ.*

Ἐνθυμῶμαι, mente agito: to turn in the mind. Eumen. 222. See *Θυμός*. SYN. *Ἐπισκέπτομαι, λογιζόμαι, διανόω, ἐξευρίσκω, ἀνιστῶρεω.*

Ἐνθύμητ'α, ἄτος, τὸ, cogitatio, commentum: thought, contrivance. CE. C. 296. See *Θυμός*. SYN. *Ἐνθύμησις, ἐλεγχός, σκηψίς, μῦθος, σφισμά, ἐπινοῖα, διάνοια.*

Ἐνθύμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod alicui curæ est, exoptatus, molestus: held in the mind, longed for, annoying. CE. R. 739. See *Θυμός*. SYN. *Ἄπ' ὁρός.*

Ἐνι. See *Ἐν*; et *Ἐνι* usurpatur pro *Ἐνεστί*.

Ἐνιαύσιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, annuus: yearly, a year old. *Ἴσον βαδίζειν τὸν ἐνιαύσιον κύκλον* Phœn. 554. SYN. *Ἐτήσιος, ἔτειος, αὐτῆτης.*

Ἐνιαυτός, οὐ, ὁ, annus: a year. *Διὸς μέγ' αὖλον ἐνιαυτοῖ.* B. 134. SYN. *Ἐτάς, λυκάσας.* Ep. *Τέλεσφόρος, περίτροπος, περίτελλόμενος, περίπλημνός.* Phr. *Δωδεκάμηνος χρόνός, δωδεκά-τὸς ἄρ' ὅτος, ἐνιαυτοῦ κύκλός.*

Ἐνιαύω, immoror nocte; habito: to spend the night in; inhabit. *Ἐνθα δ' ἀνὴρ ἐνιαύει* ι. 187. *Ἐναυλίζω, ἐμμενω, διατρίβω.*

Ἐνίσλαπτο, poet. pro *Ἐμσλάπτο*, impedio: to entangle. *Ὅζ' ἐνίσλαφέντ' ε* Z. 39. SYN. *Ἀπ'σλάπτο, ἐμπόδιζομαι.*

Ἐνιδρύω, Ἐνιδρύνω, ἴσω, colloco in, sedem figo: to fix, settle in. Theoc. Epigr. 17. 5. See *Ἴδρύω*. SYN. *Ἐνίστημι.*

Ἐνιζεύγνυμι. See *Ἐνζεύγνυμι*. *Ἐνίζω, ἥσω*, insideo: to sit in, occupy. Helen. 1107. See *Ἴζω*. SYN. see *Ἐγκάθεζομαι*.

Ἐνίημι, ἥσω, injicio, affligo: to cast upon, afflict. K. 89. SYN. *Ἐμσάλλω, ἐμπήγνυμι.*

Ἐνίηνες, ων, οἱ, in prosa scribuntur *Ανιᾶνες*, Ænienses: the Ænians, inhabitants of Ænum, a Thessalian city. *Τῷ δ' Ἐνίηνες ἔποντο* B. 749.

Ἐνικάτ'ασάλλω, ἀλώ, penitus immitto: to throw down in. Apoll. 1. 1239. SYN. *Ἐγκάτ'ασάλλω, κατ'ασάλλω, ἐμσάλλω.*

Ἐνικάτ'απίπτο, superincido: to fall upon. Apoll. 3. 655.

Ἐνικεὺς, εὖς, ὁ, Eniceus: an excellent archer, celebrated by Pindar. *Μάκος δ' Ἐνικεὺς Olymp.* 10. 86., answered by *οἰωνὸς ἤκεν*. Pauw wishes *Ἐνιπεύς*.

Ἐνικλάω, ἄσω, poet. pro *Ἐγκλάω*, infringo, impedio: to break, warp, bend in, thwart. *Αἰεὶ γάρ μοι ἔωθεν ἐνικλᾶν* Θ. 422. SYN. *Ἐπιθράω, ἐμπόδιζω.*

Ἐνικλείω. See *Ἐγκλείω*.

Ἐνικνώσσω, poet. pro *Ἐγκνώσσω*, indormio: to sleep in. *Ἐνικνώσσοσ' αὖ δόμοισι* Mosch. 2. 6. SYN. see *Ἐγκάθεδω*.

Ἐνίκρινω, ἰνώ, poet. pro *Ἐγκρίνω*, adnumero: to number amongst. *Κῆδος ἐνικρινθηναὶ ὀμλῳ* Apoll. 1. 48. SYN. *Ἐισδέχομαι, προσλαμβάνω, ἐπαριθμῶ.*

Ἐνίοι, αι, ᾶ, quidam: some. *Πόλ' ἄλλ' ἐνίοις ἐστὶν ἐξολωλέκως* Plut. 867.

Ἐνιότης, interduo: sometimes. *Κάκίους ἐνιότη' εντὶ χεστέρῳ* Helen. 1229.

Ἐνιπάλλομαι, cum vi immittor, insilio: to be sent with violence, dance upon. *Δόμοις ἐνι-πάλλεται ἀγλή* Apoll. 3. 756.

Ἐνipeύς, ἔως et ἡὺς, δ, Enipeus : a river in the Peloponnesus. Καί ῥ' ἐπ' Ἐνipeύς λ. 239.

Ἐνipeύ, ἡς, ἤ, increpatio : reproach. Κάθικεῶ θυμὸν ἐνipeύ ἤ. 104. SYN. Μέμψις, ἔλεγχεύ, δμῶκλῃ, λοιδορία.

Ἐνipeύς. See Ἐμπελεύς.

Ἐνipeύκω. See Ἐμπελέκω.

Ἐνipeύς. See Ἐμπελεύς.

Ἐνipeύθω. See Ἐμπελήθω.

Ἐνipeύθω. See Ἐμπερήθω.

Ἐνipeύω, Ἐνipeύω, Ἐνipeύω, objurgo, præcipio, hortor, adloquor : to rebuke, enjoin, encourage, accost, reveal. Χωρεῖ ἐνipeύων πρότερος Apoll. 1. 492. H. 447. X. 497. SYN. Κάτηγυρέω, μέμφομαι, διαδάλλω, εγκάλεω, ἐπιπλήττω, ἐπιτιμάω, λοιδορέω, ψέγω, δνειδίζω, λέγω, σημαίνα.

Ἐνipeύω, incumbo : to recline or lean upon. Οὐδεὶς ἐνipeύσαντε P. 437. SYN. Ἀνασκήπτω, πρόσκειμαι, ἐνipeύω.

Ἐνipeύω, infigo : to fix, thrust into. Οὐδεὶς ἐνipeύω Π. 612.

Ἐνipeύω, inserto : to sow in, plant. Καί ῥ' ὁ μὲν Ἀδνίουσιν ἐνipeύσας Apoll. 3. 1185. SYN. Ἐπισπεύω, κατασπεύω, ἐμβάλλω.

Ἐνipeύω, Ἐνipeύω, ἐνipeύω, enarro ; increpo : to tell, announce, reveal ; chide. Eur. Sup. 435. B. 80. O. 546. SYN. Λέγω, εἶπὼν, ἀποκρίνομαι, ἐνipeύω, ἐνipeύω.

Ἐνipeύω. See Ἐνipeύω.

Ἐνipeύω, στήσω, colloco, instituo : to place or fix in or on, establish. Lysist. 268. SYN. Προσπαρέδω, ἐνipeύω.

Ἐνipeύω, θρέψω, innutrio : to nourish or bring up in. Ἐνipeύεται φίλος υἱός T. 326. SYN. Ἀνατρέφω.

Ἐνipeύω, pascor in : to feed in. Οὐχ οἶος σταθμοῖς ἐνipeύεσθαι Mosch. 2. 80. SYN. Ἀποφέρω, ἐπίδοσκω.

Ἐνipeύ, as, ἡ, Enna : a town in Sicily. "Ὅσον δὲ κκοῦσιν Ἐνipeύ Call. 6. 31.

Ἐνipeύ, ἡρὸς, δ, incola : an inhabitant. Βάθυρρόω ἐνipeύης Mosch. 2. 119. SYN. Οικήτωρ.

Ἐνipeύ, ἡρὸς, δ, novennis : nine years old. Βῆε δ' ἐνipeύ Hes. Op. 434. Theog. 800. Σ. 400. Call. 3. 14.

Ἐνipeύ. See Ἐνipeύ.

Ἐνipeύ, inhabito : to dwell in. CE. C. 788.

See Ναιώ SYN. Ἐνοικέω, κατοικέω, ἐναυλιζέω.

Ἐνipeύ, indecl., novem : nine. See below.

Ἐνipeύ, ου, δ, ἡ, novem boum pretium æquans : worth nine oxen. Ἐκατόμβοι ἐνipeύ-θοιον Z. 236.

Ἐνipeύ, indecl., undeviginti : nineteen. Ἐνipeύκαίδεκά μὲν μοι Ω. 496.

Ἐνipeύ, ὅ, novem cubitos æquans : nine cubits long. Ἐνipeύω (molossus) γάρ τοι γέ καὶ ἐνipeύχες ἦσαν λ. 310.

Ἐνipeύ, See below.

Ἐνipeύ, ὅ, novem sonos s. voces reddens : having nine sounds. Κάλαν ἐγὼ ἐνipeύων Theoc. 8. 18. See Eur. fr. Beller. 7.

Ἐνipeύ, pro Ἐνipeύ, indecl., novies mille : nine thousand. "Ὅσον δ' ἐνipeύοι E. 860.

Ἐνipeύ, ου, δ, ἡ, novem ulnas longus : nine ells long. Μήκος γέ γενέσθην ἐνipeύοι (dispondæus) λ. 311.

Ἐνipeύ, nidifico in : to build a nest in. Av. 1108.

Ἐνipeύ, pro Ἐνipeύ, q. v. Freq. ap. Homerum et poetas tragicos.

Ἐνipeύ, as, ἡ, cohortatio, consilium : exhortation, counsel. Τὰδ' ἐπ' ἄσχευ ἐνipeύσιν E. 894. SYN. Βουλή, συμβουλή, ἐνipeύ.

Ἐνipeύ, ου, δ, ἡ, novennis : for nine years. See the line on Ἐνipeύχης. SYN. Ἐνipeύχης, ἐνipeύχης, ἐνipeύχης.

Ἐνipeύ. See Ἐνipeύ.

Ἐνipeύ, indecl., nonaginta : ninety. Ἐνipeύ-κοντὰ πόλῃς T. 174.

Ἐνipeύ, per novem dies : for or during nine days. A. 53.

Ἐνipeύ, mente concipio : to consider, suspect. Eur. El. 639. SYN. Διδάσκω, ἐπιδάσκω, ἐνipeύ-μεναι, ληθίζομαι, σκέπτομαι, αἰσθάνομαι, πρόσ-εχω.

Ἐνipeύ, as, ἡ, cogitatio, consilium : thought, reflection, design. Sept. Th. 398. See Ἐνipeύ.

Ἐνipeύ, ου, δ, (1) Ennomus : Ennomus ; (2) incola : an inhabitant ; (3) legitimus, justus : legitimate. P. 218. SYN. (2) Ἐνοικέω, οικήτωρ, (3) νόμιμος, δικαίος.

Ἐνipeύ, contr. ους, ου, δ, ἡ, mentis compos, prudens : sensible, prudent. Bacch. 1260. SYN. Ἐμφρων, σύνετος, σφῶς, δαίφρων.

Ἐνipeύ, ου, Dor. Ἐνipeύ, as, ὁ, epith. Neptuni, qui terram concutit : a shaker of the earth. Γαυροῦ Ἐνipeύ I. 183. Pyth. 4. 58. SYN. Ἐνipeύ, σεισίχθων, ἐλἐλ-χθων.

Ἐνipeύ, as, ὁ, humidus : dripping, moist. Αὔραις ἐνipeύ Iph. T. 434. SYN. Νετῖς, διετῖς, διτῖς, ὑγρὸς.

Ἐνipeύ, ἔσω, induo : to put on, clothe. Ἰπὲρ ἔνipeύ κνάμας Theoc. 24. 138. SYN. Ἀμφιέν-νυμι, ἐπιέννυμι, ἐνipeύ, ἀμπεύω.

Ἐνipeύ, pernocio, incubo : to spend the night, lodge. Antig. 796. See Νυχεύω. SYN. Πάραυλιζω, συνδιὰτρίσω.

Ἐνipeύ, as, ὁ, et ου, δ, ἡ ; Ἐνipeύ, ου, δ, ἡ, nocturnus : nightly, in the night, by night. Δάκρυσι τ' ἐνipeύ ἄγχιος Orest. 199. Helen. 1189.

Ἐνipeύ, as, ἡ, Trivia : epith. of Proserpine, Hecate, or Diana. Προπόλιν Ἐνipeύ μ' ὄρεσ Helen. 569. See Ἐκάτη and Περε-φύνη.

Ἐνipeύ, incolo : to inhabit. Alcest. 1070. SYN. Κατοικέω, ἐποικέω, ἐναυλιζέω, ἐνipeύ, ἐνipeύ.

Ἐνipeύ, ου, δ, ἡ, domesticus : domestic, of the family. Ἐνοικίου δ' ὀρνίθος Eumen. 869.

Ἐνipeύ, ου, δ, ἡ, incola : inhabitant. Androm. 446. SYN. Σίνουκός, ἐγχαρίος, ἐνipeύ, ἐν-τοπῖος, ἐντοπῖος, οικήος, σύνεστιος, ἐφέστιος, ὀμφυλός.

Ἐνipeύ, vinum infundo : to pour wine into. γ. 472. SYN. See Οινώδω.

Ἐνipeύ, ἡς, ἡ, Enope : the name of a town of Messenia. I. 292.

Ἐνipeύ, ἡς, ἡ, vox, clamor : a shout, war-cry. Bacch. 159. SYN. Ἀντμή, βόη, φωνή, ἀλάλητος. Ep. Θεοπέδῃ, ἀσφῶς, νύχτιος.

Ἐνipeύ, ὅ, ἡ, armatus : clad in arms, armed. Εὐθύς ἐνipeύ Olymp. 13. 123. Phœn. 266. SYN. Πάνοπλος, εὐπλός.

Ἐνipeύ, ου, τὸ, speculum : a mirror. Troad. 1096. SYN. See Ἐσοπτρὸν.

Ἐνδρᾶω, inspicio, conspicio: to look upon, discover. Av. 163. SYN. Ἐφδρᾶω, εμελεῖω.

Ἐνδρκῖδς, Ἐνδρκῖδς, ον, ὁ, ἡ, qui jurejurando fit, jurejurando sanctus: done or sanctioned by an oath. Olymp. 2. 166. Philoct. 72. SYN. see Διδωμῖδς.

Ἐδρῶνυι, ὄρωω, incito: to urge on. Eur. Sup. 723. SYN. Ἄδρῶνυι, ἐξδρῶνυι, διεγείρω.

Ἐνδρούω, irruo: to rush upon. Π. 783. SYN. Ὀρούω, ἐπρούω, ἀνορμᾶμαι, ὀρμᾶμαι, ἐπδρῶμαι.

Ἐνδρχης, ον, Ἐνδρχῶς, ον, ὁ, qui testiculos habet: not emasculated, male. Lysist. 661. Ψ. 147. SYN. Ἀρσην.

Ἐνδρῖς, ἔως, ἡ, motus, motio: motion, concussion. Ἐνδρῖς ἀπαρᾶν ἐνδρῖς Troad. 1318. SYN. Σεισμῶς, κίνησις.

Ἐνδρῖχων, ὄνδς, ὁ, epith. Neptuni, qui terram quatit: earth-shaking. T. 13. SYN. see Ενδρῖγαιδς.

Ἐνδχλέω, turbo: to disturb, annoy. Νυνὶ δ' ἐνδχλοῦσ' ἄγαν ἀλλ' οὐχὶ Μῦρωνίδης Eccles. 303. SYN. Διῶχλέω, ὄχλέω, κᾶκῶ, ἐπιτάρπτω, ἐκτάρπτω.

Ἐνδράτω, insuo: to sew in, wrap up in a bag. Ὡς ἐνερᾶθῃ Διὸς Bacch. 282.

Ἐνσεῖω, incutio, impingo: to shake in, drive in. Soph. El. 739. SYN. Ἐπίσεῖω, ἐμβάλλω, σεῖω.

Ἐνσκελλῶ, induresco: to grow hard. Ἐνσκληκεὶ πάλᾳμῃσιν Apoll. 3. 1251. SYN. Κάτασκελλῶ, σκέλλω.

Ἐνσκενάζω, ἄσω, instruo, orno: to arrange, prepare, serve up. Acharn. 1096. SYN. Σκενάζω, κάτασκενάζω, ἐντρῆπιζω, διακοσμεῶ, καθ-ὀπλίζω.

Ἐνσπονδῶς, ον, ὁ, ἡ, foedere junctus: confederated under a truce. Bacch. 912. EXP. Σπονδαῖς ἡσφάλισμένῶς. SYN. Ὁμόσπονδῶς, ὑπόσπονδῶς, σύμμάχῶς.

Ἐνστάζω, ξω, Ενσταλάζω, instillo: to drop into, instill. Ενστάζουσιν κατὰ μικρὸν αἶε Vesp. 702. Acharn. 1034. SYN. Ἐπιστάζω, ἐπιστάλάζω, ἐντίθημι.

Ἐνσταλάζω. See Ενστάζω.

Ἐνστάτης, ον, ὁ, æmulus: one who stands in the way, a rival. Τὸν σὺν ἐνστάτην λέγω Aj. 103. SYN. Αντιστάτης, ἀνταγωνιστής.

Ἐνστηρίζω, ξω, infigo: to fix in or upon. Γαίῃ ἐνστήρικτὸ Φ. 168. SYN. Εμπήγνυμι, ἐνέριδω, ἐπέριδω, διέριδω.

Ἐνστρέφω, ψω, intorqueo: to turn in, enter. Ion. 303.

Ἐνσχῆρῶ, in ordine, deinceps: in a row, in regular order one after another. Ενσχῆρῶ ἐξομένοι Apoll. 1. 912. SYN. Ἐφεξῆς, ἐντάκτως.

Ἐντάνω, ὕσω, intendo: to bend in, stretch out. Ἐξέδδν ἐντάνῳσειν Φ. 286. SYN. see Εντῆνω.

Ἐνταῦθᾶ, Att. Ενταυθί, et Ενταυθοί, hic, illic, huc, eo: to here, there, hither, thither. Orest. 1009. Iph. T. 1011. Ενταῦθα is sometimes used with a genitive, as ἐνταῦθ' ἐλπίδος προσήκομεν, to this point or situation of hope are we come. The Latin ubi similarly governs a genitive. SYN. Ἐκείῳ.

Ἐνταῦθᾶ, ὡν, τὰ, inferiæ; vestes quæ induuntur cadaveri: offerings to the dead; graveclothes. Αὐτὴν μολοῦσάν ἐνταῦθᾶ δοῦναι νεκρῷ Helen. 1403. SYN. Ἐνάγλισμάτᾶ, κτέρῆ, κτέρισμάτᾶ, χδαί.

Ἐντᾶ, ὡν, τὰ, arma: arms, instruments. K. 298. SYN. Ὅπλα, τεύχεᾶ, σκευή. EP. Αἰμᾶ-τῶντᾶ, Ἀρμή, μαρμαίροντᾶ, παμφάνωντᾶ, ποικιλᾶ, χάλκεᾶ, κιλᾶ, δαυδᾶλᾶ, ἱππεῖᾶ.

Ἐντείνω, intendo, adstringo: to stretch on, draw tight, entangle. Androm. 718. SYN. Ἀπῶτείνω, διατείνω, ἐντάνῳ.

Ἐντέλης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, perfectus: complete, full. Trach. 762. SYN. Τέλειδς, βέβαιδς, ἐν-τιμῶς.

Ἐντέλλω, mando, jubeo: to enjoin, command. Phoen. 1662. Vid. R. P. SYN. see Ἐπιτέλλω.

Ἐντέμνω, incido, herbas concido, medicamenta paro: to cut in, cut herbs, try to remedy. Agam. 16.

Ἐντένῃς, celeriter, vehementer: quickly, rapidly. Apoll. 2. 935. SYN. Εντόνως, τάχῃς, συντόνως.

Ἐντέρῶν, ον, τὸ, frequentius in plur.; intestinum: the entrails. φ. 408. SYN. see Ἐγκάτᾶ.

Ἐντέρῶνείᾶ, as, ἡ, interiora navis ligna: the planking on the ribs of a ship. Eq. 1182.

Ἐντέστῆρῶς, ον, ὁ, ἡ, qui armis quibusdam instructus opus facit: working in harness. Ω. 277. SYN. Ἵποσυγῖδς.

Ἐντεῦθεν, Att. Εντευθενί, hinc, ex eo: hence, from this place or point. Orest. 34. Νῶν ἐντευθενί ποίτητον Pax 922. SYN. see Ἐνθεν.

Ἐντευτλᾶνῶω, cum betis concoquo: to dress with beet. Εἴην ἐντέυτλᾶνωμένης Acharn. 894.

Ἐντήκω, ξω, illiquefacio; injicio in animo: to melt in; infuse into. Soph. El. 1311. SYN. Προστήκω, κατᾶτήκω, ἐμπήγνυμι.

Ἐντίθημι, θήσω, indo: to put in or on, pour in, inspire. Hec. 1028. See Τίθημι. SYN. Ἐπιτίθημι, προστίθημι, ἐπιβάλλω, ἐνδίδωμι.

Ἐντίκτω, τέξω, τέξθῃμαι, ingenero: to breed, engender in. Androm. 24.

Ἐντιλάω, stercore inquino: to defile, cover with dirt. Ὅλαρκῶς ἐντίλῃσεν ὥσπερ σηπία Acharn. 351.

Ἐντιμῶς, ον, ὁ, ἡ, honorabilis, honoratus: honourable, honoured. Orest. 1705. See Τιμή. SYN. Τίμῶς, ευρίτιμῶς, πόλετιμῶς, ἐνδοξῶς, ἐρί-τιμῶς, πόλυζηλωτῶς.

Ἐντόλῃ, ἡς, ἡ, mandatum: a command. P. V. 12. SYN. Τὸ ἐντέταλμένον, κέλευσμά, ἐφημῶ-συνῃ.

Ἐντόμα, ὡν, τὰ, sacra mortuorum causa facta: victims offered in honour of the dead. Apoll. 1. 587. See Schol. et Gesn. Orph. in v.

Ἐντόνῶς, ον, ὁ, ἡ, intentus, acer: intent, vigorous, strenuous, firm. Acharn. 666. SYN. Ισχυρῶς, δεινῶς, δριμύς, ἀνιτόνῶς, σπερχνύς, οξύς.

Ἐντόνως, acriter, enixe: firmly, strenuously. Cyel. 609.

Ἐντόπῶς, ον, ὁ, ἡ, loci incolæ: an inhabitant of a place. GE. C. 841. SYN. see Ἐνοικῶς.

Ἐντός, Ἐντοσθῇ, Ἐντοσθενί, adv. et præp., intus, intra: within, on the inside. Εντὸς τῆσδε τερμῶν χθονῶς Med. 354. β. 424. α. 128. SYN. Ενδθενί, ἔσω.

Ἐντρέπω, (1) pudore afficio; facio ut quis pudore faciem avertat: to cover with shame; (2) med., pudore suffundor, revereor, curam habeo: to feel shame, diffidence, respect, care for. Ὡν ἐντρέπου σὺ μηδὲν GE. R. 724. SYN.

- (1) Ἐπιτρέπω, ἐπιστρέφω, ἐγκλίνω, κάμπτω,
(2) ἄζομαι, αἰδέομαι, φροντίζω.

Εντρέφω. See Ἐντρέφω.

Εντρέχω, θρέζομαι et δρᾶμομαι, 2. a. ἐδράμων, curro in, facile me moveo in: to run or move easily in. T. 385. SYN. Ἐπιτρέχω, ἐναρμόζω.

Εντρίδης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, diligenter versatus in: practised or hacknied in. Antig. 183. The ἦ, as in τρίδων. SYN. Σύνθηθης, εὐθᾶς, τρίδων.

Εντρίδω, intero, ungo; impingo: to rub on, inlay, anoint; bruise. Eccles. 904. See Τρίδω. SYN. Τρίδω, ἐπισμύχω, κατὰτρίδω, καλλωπίζω.

Εντρίτανιζω, tres imensuras vini ferre vel bibere facio (see Schol. in l. c.): to cause to bear a treble quantity of wine. Ἡ Τριτόγενής γὰρ αὐτὸν ἐντρίτανίσει Eq. 1189.

Εντροπάλιζομαι, converter, respecto-inter eundem: to turn back, look back in going. Εντροπάλιζομένη δαλέρων Z. 496. SYN. Ἐπιστρέφωμαι, ὑφώραω.

Εντροπή, ἡς, ἡ, pudor, reverentia: respect, regard. CE. C. 303. SYN. Ευλάσειᾶ, αἰσχύνη, αἰδώς.

Εντροπία, as, ἡ, versutia: craftiness, trick. Εἰλυμένον ἐντροπήρῃσιν Hom. Merc. 245. SYN. Δόλος.

Ἐντρόφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, innutritus, adsuefactus: nurtured in, brought up, inured to. Iph. A. 288. SYN. Σύντρόφος, ἐντέθραμμένος.

Εντρώγω, ξῶμαι, comedo: to eat. Eq. 51.

Εντυγχάνω; τεύζομαι; occurro alicui, colloquor: to meet with, encounter, converse with. Εντυχόντες ὡς λέγει Helen. 1216. SYN. Ἐπιτυγχάνω, περίπιπτω; ἐγκυρῶ, συνὸμιλέω.

Εντύλισσω, involvo: to roll in, fold up. Εντύλισας ᾗσιχῇ Plut. 692. SYN. Εγκυλίωδew, ἐνειλέω, ἐμπλέκω, περίσβαλλω.

Εντύω, Εντύω, apparo, instruo: to prepare, furnish, harness, equip. Εντύονθ' ἵππους Hipp. 1178. Olymp. 3. 51. SYN. Ἐπεντύω, ἐτοιμάζω, συντάσσω, πάρασκευάζω, ἐντρέπιζω, εξαρτύω, ὑπλίζω, πορτύω.

Εντύπας, impresse: expressly. Εντύπας εν χλαίρῃ N. 163.

Εντύφω, ἐνθύψω, incendo, fumare facio: to cause smoke within, to cause to smoke. Ἐντυφέ τον Σέλαρτιον Vesp. 457. SYN. Ἀνάκαίω, τύφω, ἀνθάλλω.

Εντύω. See Εντύω.

Ενυάλις, ου, ὁ, Mars; Υἱὸν Ἐνυαλίω N. 519. SYN. Ἄρης.

Ενυβρίζω, ἴσω; contumelia adificio: to insult, deride, violate. Οὐκ ἐνυβρίσας κάκοις Eur. El. 68. SYN. Εφυβρίζω, καθυβρίζω, ὑβρίζω, αικίζω, ἐκπλήσσω.

Ἐνυδρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aquis abundans; in aquis degens: abounding in water; living in water. Λιμνὴ ἐνυδρον Τριτανιάδος Ion 871.

Ενυεύς, εὖς, Ion. ἡδς, ὁ, Enyeus: the governor of Scyros. Ἐνυῆς πτόλιεθρον I. 664.

Ενυπνίον, ου, τὸ, somnium: a dream. Hec. 696. See Ἰνυός. SYN. see Ὀνειρός.

Ἐνυφαντός, ου; ὁ, ἡ, intextus: interwoven. Ἐμψυχ' οὐκ ἐνυφαντὰ σόφον Theoc. 15. 83.

Ἐνώ, οὖς, οὖς, ἡ, Bellona: the goddess of war. Οὐτε πτόλιπορθὸς Ἐνώ E. 333. Ερ. Θούρις, καρτέρουθις, κρατέρᾶ, λυγρὰ, πτόλιπορθός, στόνδεσσα, νύχια, χαλκὸχίτων, εὐδπλός, παννύχια.

Ἐνώωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, jurejurando obstrictus:

bound by an oath, sworn. Aj. 1113. SYN Διὼμότης, ἐνὸρκιός, ἐνορκός.

Ἐνωπάδης, Ἐνωπῆ, Ἐνωπιδίως, coram, palam: in front, in full view, openly. Ἐνωπάδης ἐκφᾶτο μύθον Apoll. 4. 354. E. 374. Ψ. 94. SYN. Ἐνώπιον, ἐναντίον, ἐμπροσθεν, φάνερως, κατ'ὄψιν, ἐν ὄψει.

Ἐνωπῆ. See Ἐνωπάδης.

Ἐνώπια, αν, τὰ, parietes in atrio domus, quos introiens habet in conspectu ad dextram et sinistram: the inner walls next the chamber door.

Πρὸς ἐνώπια παμφάνωντα O. 435.

Ἐνωπιδίως. See Ἐνωπάδης.

Ἐνώπιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui est in adpectu: one who is in front, full in view. Ἐνώπιός ἀμφότεροις Theoc. 22. 152.

Εξ, prap. See Ek.

Ἐξ, indecl., sex: six. Nub. 1238.

Ἐξαγγέλλω, ἐλῶ, enuncio, indico: to give out news, issue orders, declare, describe. Med. 1004. SYN. Ἀπαγγέλλω, ἐρμηνεύω, πᾶράκἀ-λεῶμαι, ἐξαγγυρέω.

Ἐξαγίζω, ἴσω, impurum declaro; consecro morti ut piacularem victimam: to declare impure; to devote as a piacular sacrifice. Ἐξαγισθέντας δῶμων Agam. 624.

Ἐξαγιστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, execrabilis; arcanus, sacer: execrable; not to be revealed, sacred. Ἄ δ' ἐξαγιστὰ μηδέ CE. C. 1526. SYN. Ἐνάγης, ἐπάρατος, πυνηρός.

Ἐξαγκανίζω, ἰῶ, cubitis aliquem summoveo: to keep off with the elbows. Eccles. 259.

Ἐξαγγυρέω, enarro: to speak out, divulge, declare. Ὅν γόνυν ἐξαγγυρεῖν λ. 233. SYN. Εἰσιπτόρῶ, ἐξηγέομαι, εξαγγέλλω, δηλώω.

Ἐξαγρίτω, exaspero: to render fierce, exasperate. Εξαγρίωσαν εκ δ' Phoen. 890. SYN. Ἀπαγρίω, ἐκθηρίω, ἐκτραχύνω.

Ἐξαγω, a. 2. ἐξήγαγόν, educo: to lead or bring out. Ἐξαγει χάρις γῶν Eur. Sup. 90. T. 332. SYN. Εκφέρω, ἐκκυμίζω, ἐπεξαγω, προάγω, ἐξωθέω, ἐκβάλλω.

Ἐξαγωνίζομαι, certo: to contend with, succeed in a contest. Τοῖσδ' ἐξαγωνίσεσθαι Herc. F. 154.

Ἐξᾶδω, σω, cano, recenseo: to sing out, count up. Troad. 474.

Ἐξᾶίρω, extollo, elevo: to take up or away. Εκ δὲ κτήματ' αἰράν ν. 120. SYN. Εξαίρω.

Ἐξᾶέτης, per sex annos: for six years. Καὶ ἐξᾶέτες πᾶράμηνον γ. 115.

Ἐξᾶέτις, ἴος, ἡ, sexennis: six years old. Παρθένος ἐξᾶέτις Theoc. 14. 33.

Ἐξαθροίζομαι, congrego: to assemble, collect. Phoen. 1185. See Ἀθροίζω. SYN. Σύνᾶθροίζω, συνάγω, συλλέγω, ἄθροίζω.

Ἐξαιάδω, deploro: to lament loudly. Τὰν σὰν λύμαν ἐξαιάσεις Troad. 201. SYN. see Αιάζω.

Ἐξαινύμαι; aufero: to take away, convey, destroy. Εξαινύτὸ κάλλιμα δᾶρα o. 206. SYN. Ἀποαινύμαι, ἀφαίρω, εξαίρω, ἀπαλλάττω.

Ἐξαίρετός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, eximius: selected, choice. δ. 643. SYN. Ἐκκρίτός, ἐξᾶχός, διάπρεπής, ὑπέραλλος, ἐξαιτός.

Ἐξαιρέω; eximo: to take out or away, expel, select, destroy. Iph. T. 1358: SYN. Εξαινύμαι, ἐκλέγω, ἐκκρίνω, ἐξωθέω, ἀποκυμίζω, ἐξαφαίρω, εξαίρω.

Ἐξαίρω, ᾄρῶ, tollo, aufero, accipio, fruor, damno: to raise or take out; receive, enjoy, con-

demn. Med. 105. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, ὑψόω, ἐξείρω, ἐκκύμιζω, ἀντρέπω, ἐκβάλλω, εἰσάγω.

Εἰσαίσις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inauspicatus; inauspicious; impious; unnatural. Εἰσαίσιον οὐτὲ τί εἰπών δ. 690. SYN. Ἐκδικός, ἀπρέπης.

Εἰσαίσσω, cum impetu prodeō: to rush out. Εἰ δὲ τῷ αἰζαντὲ M. 145. SYN. Ἀντίσσω, ἐξορᾶμαι, ἐκθῠρῶ, αἶσσω.

Εἰσαίσσω, evanidum reddo: to destroy utterly. Εἰσαίστωσι γένος P. V. 689. SYN. Διάιστω, αἰστώ, ἐκπορθῶ, ἀφάνιζω.

Εἰσιτῶ, depono: to demand, supplicate, obtain by supplication. Troad. 973. SYN. Αἰσιτῶ, προσδεύμαι, αἰτῶ, αἰζῶ, ἀντίσθλω, γονάζομαι, λίσσεται.

Ἐσιτὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, eximius: choice, select. β. 307. SYN. See Εἰσιρέτῶς.

Εἰσιφνης, repente: suddenly, quickly. (C. C. 1610. SYN. Εἰσιφνης, αἰφνης, αἰφνιδίον, ἀδοκήτως, πᾶραχρήμα.

Εἰσκέδμαι, medeor: to heal or cure completely. Χθλὼν ἐξάκείται γ. 145. SYN. Ιάμαι, θέρπεινω, ἐπαλθῶ, κάταρτιζω.

Εἰσκέσις, ἑως, ἡ, sanatio: a healing. Εἰσκέσεις τὴν νόσον Ran. 1033. SYN. Ἄκημα, ἄκος, ἱασίς, ἰατρία.

Ἐξάκῃς, sexies: six times. Ἐξάκῃς ἐν Μενέλοισιν Olymp. 7. 156.

Εἰσάκοντιζω, ἰσω, ejaculor: to pour out arrows, throw out. Εἰσάκοντιζω πῖνους Troad. 446. SYN. Ἀκοντίζω, τοξεύω, ἐκτοξεύω, ἀπαγγέλλω.

Ἐξάκσῳι, αι, ἄ, sexcenti: six hundred. Πλεῖν ἐξάκσῳιους τὸν ἀριθμὸν καὶ δὴ πότε Aves 1251.

Εἰσάκουω, κοῦσμαι, exaudio: to hear out, listen patiently. Οὐ γὰρ ἐξηκούμεν Heracl. 677. SYN. Εἰσακούω, ὑπάκουω, ἀκούω, ἀκροῶμαι.

Εἰσκριβῶ, diligenter aliquid facio: to perform accurately, discuss with accuracy. Κἀξκριβῶσαι λόγον Trach. 426. SYN. Ἀκριβῶ, ἐρευνᾶω, ἐξίχνυνω.

Εἰσκριζω, in sublime evolo: to fly up high. Μέλλειτ' ἐξαιρίζετ' αὐθέρα Orest. 269.

Εἰσλάω, excæco: to put out the eyes, blind. Πτολίπορθὸν ἐσλάωσαι ι. 504.

Εἰσλάπαζω, diripio: to exhaust by plundering, sack. Τρώων πόλιν ἐσλάπαζας E. 251. SYN. Ἀλάπαζω, ἐκπέρθω, ἐκκένω, ἀφάνιζω.

Εἰσλειπτῶν, ου, τὸ, vas unguentarium; sponge; a box of ointment; towel or sponge. Τοῦ εἰσλειπτῶν ὦ γυναι Acharn. 1062.

Εἰσλείφω, unguentum abstergo; deleo: to wipe off; efface. Εἰσλείφθῃ πῶτ' ἂν Iph. T. 699. SYN. Ἀπάλειφω, ἐξάφνιζω.

Εἰσλέμαι. See Εἰσλεύομαι.

Εἰσλεύομαι, Εἰλάω, Εἰσάλυσκω, Εἰσάλεμαι, devito, effugio: to avoid, escape. Εἰσάλευσμαι δῆας Aj. 655. Hom. H. in Bacch. 51. Hipp. 673. Apoll. 1. 490. SYN. Εκφύγω, διαφύγω, ἀλέμαι.

Εἰσάλλω, ἰσω, provolvo, evolvere; emungo; equum ad lacum cogo: to roll along or out of; cheat out of; drive or wash a horse in a pond. Ἀπ᾽ ἡ γὰρ τὸν ἵππον ἐσάλλισας οἰκάδε Nub. 32. SYN. Εκκύλιω, ἐξέλισσω, ἐκκύμιζω.

Εἰσάλλω, ξω, immuto: to exchange, use by way of exchange. Troad. 203. SYN. Ἀπαλλάττω, ἐναλλάττω, μεταλλάττω, μεταβάλλω, διαφέρω, ἐξάμειβω.

Εἰσάλλομαι, exsilio: to leap from or down, spring forward. O. 571. SYN. Καθάλλομαι, ἐισάλλομαι, ἐκπηδᾶω.

Εἰσάλυσκω, Εἰσάλλω. See Εἰσάλεῖσθαι.

Εἰσάρπάζω, τήσεται, 2. a. ἡμαρτὸν, aberro, pecco: to err widely, act wrong. Med. 309. See Ἄμαρτάνω. SYN. Ἄμαρτάνω, πλημμελέω, ἀποτυγχάνω, παρὰλάττω.

Εἰσάρπια, as, ἡ, frustratio: mistake, disappointment. Antig. 564. See Ἄμαρτία. SYN. Ἄμαρτια, ἀμάρτημα.

Εἰσάμω, meto, abscindo: to reap, cut off, extirpate. Εἰσμήσασθαι βίη Cycl. 236. SYN. Ἀπάμω, ἀποκόπτω, ἐκκαρπίζομαι, ἐξάνω, ἀφαιρέω. See obs. on v. Ἀμάω.

Εἰσάμβλω, abortum facio; obtundo: to render abortive; to blunt, weaken. Androm. 356. SYN. Αμβλύνω, εξωθεύω, διαφθείρω.

Εἰσαμρῶσαι, in Eumen. 928., e textu vox est ejicienda.

Εἰσάμειβω, immuto; trajicio; rependo: to exchange one place for another, depart from; to pass; to repay. Pers. 135. See Ἀμείβω. SYN. Διαμείβομαι, ἐπάμειβομαι, ἐξαλλάσσω, ἀφίστημι, ἀντάμειβομαι, διαδέχομαι.

Εἰσάμελγω, ξω, emulgeo: to milk out, milk. Οὐλοῖσιν ἐξήμελξας Choeph. 885. SYN. Ἀμέλγω, ἐκθλίβω, ἀπομάττωμαι, ἀποθλίβω.

Εἰσάμηχάνεω, excogito: to contrive, to extricate. Τούτων ἐξάμηχάνησεν Heracl. 436.

Εἰσάμιλλᾶμαι, per contentionem exigo: to outstrip a rival, rival in harassing. Εἰσάμιλλωνταί σέ γῆς Orest. 425. SYN. Εἰσάμυνω, ἐκβάλλω, ἐπιδιώκω.

Εἰσαμπρένω, extraho: to draw out. Lysist. 289. SYN. Αμπρένω, ἔλκω.

Εἰσάμυνομαι, defendo, libero: to ward off, deliver from. Εἰσάμυνσθαι δεῦο Eur. Sup. 219. SYN. Ἀπάμυνομαι, ἀμύνω.

Εἰσάναγκάζω, ἄσω, cogo: to force out, expel. Εἰσάναγκάζει σκόπει (C. C. 1179. SYN. see Ἀναγκάζω.

Εἰσάναγγω, educo: to bring up out of. Εἰσάναγγω μύχων Heracl. 219.

Εἰσάναδυμι and -δω, f. ὕσω, emergo: to emerge or be extricated from. Κύματός ἐξανάδυσ' ε. 438. SYN. Ἀνάδω, ἀνέρχομαι, ἐπιφάνομαι.

Εἰσάναεω, ebullio: to boil up. Εἰσάναεσσει χθλὼν P. V. 378. SYN. Ἀναεω, ἀναδιδωμί.

Εἰσάναίρω, aufero, educo: to raise up, rear from. Ion 269.

Εἰσάναλισκω, λώσω, exhaurio, consumo: to consume, extirpate. Εἰσάναλῶσαι γένος Agam. 661. SYN. Κατάναλισκω, ἐκριζῶ, ἐκπορθῶ, ἐξάλαπαζω, ἐξάπαλλυμι.

Εἰσάναλῶ, ὕσω, eripio, libero: to rescue or deliver from. Δισσηχῆος ἐξανάλῶσαι Π. 442. SYN. Ἀνάλῶ, ἐλευθερῶ, ἐξάνημι.

Εἰσάνάπτω, suspendo ad vel ex: to hang out from. Iph. T. 1352. SYN. Ἀνάπτω, ἐξάπτω, ἐξάρτω.

Εἰσάναρπάζω, ἄσω et ἄξω, abripio: to carry off. Iph. A. 75. SYN. Ἀναρπάζω, ἀφαρπάζω.

Εἰσάνασπᾶ, σπᾶσω, demolior: to tear up, destroy. Phœn. 1150. See Σπᾶω. SYN. Ἀνασπᾶω, ἐκριζῶ, ἀπωθεύω.

Εἰσάναστρέφω, coronō: to crown, adorn. Bacch. 1052. SYN. Ἀναστρέφω.

Εἰσάναστρέφω, evertō: to overturn. Pers. 817. SYN. Ἀναστρέφω, ἀντρέπω, ἀποσκευάζομαι.

Εἰσάνατέλλω, exorior: to spring, grow up. Mosch. 2. 5. SYN. Ἀνατέλλω, ἐπανάτέλλω, φύομαι, ἐξανίσταμαι.

Εξάνφανδον, aperte, palam : openly, plainly. v. 48. SYN. see Ἀνάφανδον.

Εξανδρόσμαι, vir fio : to grow out into man. Phoen. 32.

Εξάνειμι, exeo : to go out or proceed from. Καὶ οὐράνῳ εξάνιοντα Theoc. 22. 8. SYN. Ἔειμι, ἐξέρχουμι, ἐξῶδαινω.

Εξανέμω, irritum facio : to render vain. Εξηνέμωσέ τ' αὖ Hellen. 32. SYN. Ξηραίνουμι.

Εξανέρχουμαι, prodeo alicunde : to come up from. Troad. 755. SYN. Ἀνέρχουμαι.

Εξανευρίσκω, deprehendo, invenio : to find out, invent. Philoct. 991. SYN. Ἀνευρίσκω, εξευρίσκω.

Εξανέχουμι, sustineo : to endure, put up with. Androm. 200. SYN. Φέρω, ἀνέχουμαι, ἔδω.

Εξανέχω, ξω, emineo, exsto : to stand out from the ground, be conspicuous. Theoc. 22. 207. SYN. Εξέχω, ἀναφαίνουμαι, ἀνέχω.

Εξανθέω, effloresco : to put forth blossoms, bloom, burst forth. Pers. 826.

Εξανθίζω, vestes diversicolore induo : to dress in flowers or flower-coloured garments. Lysist. 42.

Εξανήμι, emitto : to send forth, produce, throw away. Εξάνεισαι χερῶν Bacch. 751. Παντοίην ἔπιρηστον αὐτμὴν εξάνεισαι Σ. 471. The first syllable of ἤμι, whether simple or in composition, is common in Homer ; but generally, if not always, long in the Attic poets. SYN. Ἀφίμι, ἀνάπεμψω, ἐκπέμψω, ἀνίμι, ἀναδιδωμί.

Εξαίστημι, excito, subverto ; med. excito me, surgo : to rouse, raise up, overturn ; to rise up. Hec. 1147. SYN. Ἀνίστημι, ἀνέγειρω, μετεξ-ανίστημι.

Εξάνοιγω, aperio : to open, lay open. Acharn. 391. SYN. Ἀνοίγω, δίοιγω, ἐκφέρω, δηλώω.

Εξαντλέω, exhaurio, exantlo : to pump out, draw out, exhaust. Eur. Sup. 843. SYN. Εξ-αῖρω, εκμοχθέω.

Εξάνυω, et Εξάνυω, ὕσω, perficio, conficio : to carry into effect, despatch, mark out, cause. Τέρματ' οὐκ εξήνυτον Bacch. 1094. Troad. 234. SYN. Διάνυω, κᾶτάνυω, τέλλω, πληρῶω, εκπληρῶω, κατεργάζομαι, φένομαι.

Εξαπαλλάττω, libero : to set free from, save. Soph. El. 1008. SYN. Εξαλλάττω, ἀπὸλῶω, εξαπαύλλω, εξαπάτω, εξαπάφισκα.

Εξαπάτω, Εξαπατάλλω, decipio : to deceive. Εξηπατήθη δαίμονος Hipp. 1404. Acharn. 657. SYN. Ἀπάτω, διάκρουω, χλευάζω, φένακίζω, εκ-κόσθαλικεύομαι, πᾶράλογίζομαι.

Εξαπάτη, ης, ἡ, fallacia : deceit. Μειδιμάτ' εἰπάτας τε Hes. Theog. 205. SYN. see Ἀπάτη.

Εξαπαύλλω. See Εξαπάτω. Εξαπάφω, et Εξαπάφισκα, i. q. Εξαπάτω. Καλλιρρόδος εξαπάφησε Hom. in Apoll. 376. Hes. Θ. 537.

Εξαπίδω, in conspectu non amplius video : to lose sight of. C. C. 1648.

Εξαπναιός, α, ὄν, repentinus : sudden, unexpected. Γέντ' γάρ εξαπναιά Call. l. 50. SYN. Αιφνιδίος, ἀπροσδοκητός.

Εξαπνής, derепente : suddenly. Plut. 536. See above. SYN. see Εξαίφνης.

Εξαπῶω, expando : to spread out. "Τπτίος εξήλωτο Batrach. 105. SYN. Εκτείνω, εκτάνυω, εκπέτάννυμι, διαπτύσσω.

Εξαπῶβαινω, descendo : to dismount from, disembark. μ. 306. SYN. Ἀπῶβαινω, κᾶτῶβαινω, εκβαίνω, εξάνειμι.

Εξαπῶδδῶμαι, abigo : to drive away out of. Μάχης εξαπῶδδῶμαι E. 764. The second syllable is here made long because the metrical ictus falls upon it. SYN. Ἀπῶδιω, ἀπῶδιώκω, εξωθέω, εξ-ελαύνω.

Εξαπῶδῶνω, exuo : to put off, strip off. Εἰμᾶτ' δ' εξαπῶδῶνέ ε. 372. SYN. Ἀπῶδῶω, εκδῶω.

Εξαπόλλυμι, funditus perdo : utterly to destroy. Choëph. 824. See Ὀλλυμι, ἀπόλλυμι, εξαποφθείρω, ἀποφθείρω.

Εξαπὸνέμωμαι, revertor : to return from. Μάχης εξαπὸνέσθαι T. 212.

Εξαπὸνίζω, ψω, abluo : to wash off. Τῷ πῶδας εξαπένιζεν T. 387. SYN. Ἀπὸνίζω, εκνίπτω, κατάνιπτω.

Εξαποζύνω, ὕνω, exacuo : to sharpen. Εξ-αποζύνας ἄκρον Cycl. 455. SYN. Οζύνω, επ-οζύνω.

Εξαπῶτινω, punio, luo : to avenge, punish, appease. Ερινύας εξαπῶτινοισ Φ. 412. SYN. Ἀπῶτινω, εκτίνω, q. v.

Εξαποφθείρω, ἐρῶ, interimo : utterly to destroy. Δύστηνός εξαποφθερῶ Trach. 715. SYN. see Εξαπόλλυμι.

Εξαπτω, adnecto, suspendo : to fasten to, suspend from. Iph. A. 1216. SYN. Ἀνάπτω, ἐφάπτω, εξαρτάω, ἀποκρέμννυμι.

Εξαπωθέω, abigo : to drive away. Rhcs. 807. SYN. Ἀπωθέω, ἀπέλαύνω, εξελαύνω, εξωθέω.

Εξαράττω, ξω, effringo, excutio, vitupero : to strike out, revile. Equit. 641. See Ἀράσσω. SYN. Διαρρήγνυμι, κᾶτᾶσάλλω, εκθάλλω, εκ-κρούω, εκπλήσσω, λοιδορέω.

Εξαργέω, otiosus sum ; per negligentiam omitto : to be idle or inactive ; to be passed by through negligence. Philoct. 555.

Εξαργματά, ων, τὰ, primitiæ, in l. e. membra exteriora : the first-fruits or offerings to the dead, i. e. the limbs of a person slain, and offered up as the means of appeasing his manes. Apoll. 4. 478. SYN. Ἀπαργματά, ἀκρωτήριᾶ.

Εξαρκέω, ἔσω, sufficio : to suffice, satisfy. C. C. 1116. SYN. Αρκέω, ἐπαρκέω, ἀρεσκύμαι, πληροφύρεω.

Εξαρκής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, sufficiens : sufficient. Trach. 338. SYN. Ἀρκύς.

Εξαρκύντας, sufficienter : sufficiently. Ran. 377. SYN. Αρκύντας, ἱκάνως.

Εξαρνέομαι, denego : to deny. Androm. 436. SYN. Αρνέομαι, εξαρνός εimi.

Εξαρηντικός, ἡ, ὄν, negativus : disposed to dispute. Nub. 1172.

Ἐξαρνός, ον, ὁ, ἡ, qui denegat : one who positively denies. Nub. 1230.

Εξαρπάζω, ἄω et ἄσω, eripio : to snatch from or away. Iph. A. 315. SYN. Ἀφαρπάζω, ἀφαι-ρέωμαι.

Εξαρτῶμαι, dependeo : to hang down from. Hipp. 325. SYN. Ἀπαρτῶμαι, εξαπτῶμαι, εκ-κρέμῶμαι.

Εξαρτυώ, apparo : to arrange, prepare. Καὶ τᾶνδ' ὃν εξάρτυε Eur. El. 422. SYN. Καταρτυώ, εξαρτίζω, κατάρτιζω.

Εξαρχός, ον, ὁ, qui aliquid incipit, auctor : a leader, beginner. Bacch. 141. SYN. Αρχός, ἡγέμων, ἐπιστάτης, αρχηγός.

Εξαρχω, ξω, incipio, auspicor : to begin, take the lead in, move, propose. B. 273.

Εξασκέω, exerceo, ordo : to exercise, arrange, adorn. Eur. El. 1071.

Εξατιμάζω, ἄσω, infamia noto : to dishonour

greatly. Καὶ μὴ ῥατιμάζῃτον. C. C. 1378. SYN. Ατιμάζω, κατὰφρονέω.

Εξαυγής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, splendens : blazing forth, dazzling. Rhcs. 303. SYN. Λαμπρὸς, λευκός.

Εξαυδᾶς, eloquor : to speak out. A. 363. SYN. Εξεῖπον, ἐξένω, ἐξέρεω, εκφωνέω, λέγω.

Εξαυθίς. See below.

Εξαυτίς, Εξαυθίς, statim : immediately. Πηλείδης δ' εξαυτίς ἀπαρτηροῖς A. 223. SYN. Πάρᾳχρημά, ευθεως, παραντὶκά.

Εξαυτομόλεω, transfugio : to be a runaway, desert. Nub. 1102. SYN. Αυτομόλεω, διαφύγω.

Εξαυχέω, glorior ; exspecto : to boast of, avow ; expect. Philoct. 869.

Εξάφαιρεμαι, aufero : to take away. Soph. El. 1163. SYN. Αφαίρω, εξαιρέμαι.

Εξάφρημι, dimitto, libero : to send away from, free. ΑΛΛ' ἐξαφείται τοῦδε γ' Trach. 72. SYN. Αφίημι, ἀπαλλάττω.

Εξάφρις, desumpo : to foam out. Εξάφριζεσθαι μένος Agam. 1034. SYN. Απάφριζω.

Εξάφρω, σρω, exhauro : to pour out. Ἵπέρειον ἐξάφροντες ξ. 95. SYN. Εξάρω, εξαντλω.

Εξέγεραι, med. Εξέγερῶμαι, Εξέγρῶμαι, excito ; surgo : to raise up ; to awake. Eur. El. 41. Orest. 1545. Theoc. 24. 21.

Εξέδρα, as, ἡ, exedra : a seat at the outside of a portico, a piazza. Τὸν δ' ἐν ἐξεδραῖσι τοὺς δ' Orest. 1451.

Ἐξέδρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a sede et domicilio absens : from one's seat, from home, out. Hipp. 939. See Ἐδρα. SYN. Ἀναστάτος, εκτόπιος, τηλωπός.

Εξέδω, f. ἐδῶμαι, exedo : to eat up. Eq. 1029. SYN. Εξέσθιω, ἐδῶμαι, κατὰσίερωσκα.

Εξειδῶμι, pf. ἐξοιδά, particip. ειδῶς, plup. ἤδειν, perspicio : to see plainly, understand fully. Helen. 921. SYN. Εξέπιστάμαι, ἀκριβῶς γινώσκω, ἐπιγινώσκω.

Ἐξεῖς, deinceps : in regular order. Z. 241. SYN. see Ἐξῆς and Ενσχερώ.

Εξεικάζω, adsimulo : to assimilate, make like. Phoen. 164. SYN. Εικάζω, ἐξομοῖω, εκμάττω.

Εξεῖλω, envolvo : to roll out, unfold. Theoc. 24. 17. See Εἰλω. SYN. Εκπτύσω.

Ἐξεῖμι, egrediar : will go out. Ἐξεῖμι γαῖας Med. 791. Εκ δ' ἦϊον ψ. 370., exierunt : they went out. SYN. see Εξέρχῶμαι.

Εξείργω, ξω, excludo : to exclude, expel. Androm. 176. SYN. Απείργω, κωλύω, ἀφαίρεθ-μαι, ἀνὰτρέπω.

Εξεῖρω. See Εξέρῶ.

Εξείρω, exsero, eximo : to put-or pull out. Eq. 378. SYN. Εξέλκω, ἀνασπᾶω, εξωθέω.

Εξέλαύνω, Εξέλαῶ, ἐλάσω, Att. ἐλῶ, expello : to drive out, banish. Med. 393. SYN. Απ-ελαύνω, εξείργω, εξορίζω, φύγαδεύω, ἀπωθέω, ἀπώτρεπω.

Εξέλαῶ. See above.

Εξέλέγχω, ξω, redarguo : to detect clearly, reprove, disclose. Nem. 10. 85. SYN. Ἐλέγχω, κατέλέγχω, κατὰλαμβάνω, εκνικάω, ἀντιλέγω.

Εξέλευθεροστώμεω, libere vel procaciter loquor : to give licence to the tongue. Aj. 1275. SYN. see Ἐλευθεροστώμεω.

Εξέλίσσω, ξω, (1) evolvo, explico : to unfold, explain ; (2) subduco e pugna : to order a counter-march, move. Troad. 3. SYN. Ἀνέλίσσω, εξείλω, εξωθέω, κινέω.

Εξεκτεύς, α, ὁν, extrahendus : must be dragged up. Eur. El. 491.

Εξεκλύω, Εξέλκω, extraho, eripio : to draw out, extract, seduce. Ἐπιθυμεῖτ' ἤνδ' ἐξεκλύσαι Pax 508. Hec. 542. SYN. Αφέλκω, εξαίρω, εξέρῶ, εξείρω.

Εξέλκω. See above.

Εξέμεω, ἐσω, evomo : to vomit forth. μ. 237. SYN. Απέμεω, εκκένδυμαι.

Εξεμπόλῶ, ἥσω, divendo : to sell off, dispose of, betray. Antig. 1036. SYN. see Εμπόλῶ.

Εξέναιρω, interficio : to kill. Hes. Sc. 329. SYN. see Ἐναίρω.

Εξενάριζω, ξω, occisum armis spolio ; occido : to strip the dead of their arms ; to kill. Ἰσὸν τ' ἐ καὶ Ἀντίφῶν ἐξενάριζον A. 101. SYN. see Ἐνάρίζω.

Εξενέπω, eloquor : to proclaim. Nem. 4. 53. SYN. see Εννέπω.

Εξέπῳ, incantationibus permulceo : to soften by charms. C. C. 1194. SYN. Κατὰπραυνω, εκπραυνω.

Εξέπαιρω, ἄρῶ, excito : to instigate. Lysist. 624. SYN. Ἐπάειρω, παροξύνω, ἐπισπέρχω, πρό-τρῆπω, πείθω.

Εξεπέυχῶμαι, glorior palam : to boast publicly. Philoct. 667. SYN. see Ἐπέυχῶμαι.

Εξεπίπλησσω, percello : to alarm. Es θαῦμ' ἐσθ' ἐ καὶ ἐπίπληκται σάφας Dan. 36.

Εξεπίστάμαι, probe novi : to know thoroughly. Alcest. 800. SYN. Ἐπίστάμαι, εὖ γινώσκω, εμπείρω, ἐχω, ἐξοιδά.

Εξεπίτηδες, ex industria : on purpose, expressly. Ουκοῦν δικαστὰς ἐξεπίτηδ' ἡ πόλις Plut. 917. SYN. Ἐπιτηδ'.

Εξέπω, enuncio : to speak out, declare. Ω. 654. SYN. see Εξαυδᾶς.

Εξέρῶ, ἄσω, humi effundo : to pour out. Χάμας ἐ πρώτων ἐξέρσάτε Acharn. 340. SYN. Εκβάλλω, ἀπορρίπτω, εκκένδω.

Εξεργάζῶμαι, perficio, conficio : to work out, despatch. Eur. Sup. 130. SYN. Απεργάζῶμαι, κατεργάζῶμαι, ἐπιτέλῶ, διαπράττωμαι, εκπένω, τολύπειω, εξασκῶ.

Εξερέεινω, perquiro : to ask of, seek out or after. ψ. 86. SYN. Εξέρεω, ἀνέρωτάω, εξέρεινώω, εξέρωτάω.

Εξερεθίζω, irrito : to irritate greatly. Pyth. 8. 15. SYN. see Ἐρεθίζω.

Εξέρειπω, evertō ; item procido : to overturn ; to fall off. P. 440. SYN. Εκπίπτω, ἐρείπω.

Εξέρεινώω, pervestigo : to search out, examine. C. R. 258. SYN. Ἀνέρεινώω, διέρεινώω, εξ-ετάζω, εξέρεινω.

Εξέρῶ, Εξέρῶμαι, edico, percontor : to speak out, declare, ask of. A. 212. T. 15. SYN. Εξαυδᾶς, εξεννέπω, εξέρεινω.

Εξέρημῶ, desolo : to abandon, bring desolation upon. Herc. F. 253. SYN. see Ἐρη-μῶς.

Εξέρνιζῶ, maturum et aptum rebus agendis reddo : to train up. Εξέρνιζεις λόγῳ Soph. fr. Helen.

Εξέρητης, οὔ, ὁ, litigator : a litigious person. Eur. Sup. 904. SYN. Ἐριστής, φίλωνικός, ἀντι-λόγος, ἀντιδικός.

Εξέρῶμαι. See Εξέρῶ.

Εξέρπω, proro, tarde protraho : to creep out, drag along slowly. Nub. 710. SYN. Ἀν-έρπω, ἀφέρπω, εξέρχῶμαι, βαδίζω.

Εξέρρω, discedo : to go, to vanish ; imperative, begone. Hipp. 973.

Εξέρνικω, avertō, prohibeo : to draw away,

to prevent. *Κείνων καὶ ἐξήρκε* Philoct. 428. SYN. see *ἔρνω*.

Ἐξέρω, Ἐξείρω, extraho : to extract, pull out. *Ῥυμοῦ ἐξέρω* K. 503. Ψ. 870. SYN. *Ἐέλκω, ἐξάρω, ἀφάνίζω*.

Ἐξέρχομαι, ἐλεύσομαι, egredior, advenio : to go out, proceed to. Hec. 226. SYN. *Ἐξείμι, ἐκμύλλω, ἐκπύρουμαι, ἐκβαίνω, ἐπέρχομαι*.

Ἐξέρωω, decedo : to slip out or aside, withdraw. Theoc. 25. 189. SYN. *Ἀπέρωω, ἀπέρχομαι* (q. v.), *ἐξήκω*.

Ἐξέρωτάω, percontor : to ask of or from. Phoen. 396.

Ἐξέσθω, exedo : to eat out, devour. Choeph. 275. SYN. *Ἀνεσθία, ἐξέδομαι, κατέδω*.

Ἐξέστια, as, ἡ, legatio publica : a delegation, embassy. *Τῶν ἐνέκ' ἐξέστην* Φ. 20. SYN. *Προεστία*.

Ἐξεστὶ, licet : it is allowable. *Ἐξεστὶν αἰ γάρ* Troad. 51.

Ἐξετάζω, examino, evinco : to inquire, examine, prove. Alcest. 1030. SYN. *Δοκίμαζω, ἐξερυνάω, ἐπισζητέω, ἐξευρίσκω*.

Ἐξετάσις, ἔως, ἡ, exquisitio, examen : investigation, review, proof. *Ἐξετάσιν τοῦ Φωκέως ἀτὶς ἐλέγχει* Call. Ep. 62.

Ἐξετίας, ἔως, sexennis : six years old, of six years. Nub. 860.

Ἐξετὶ τοῦ, ex illo tempore : ever since. *Ἐξετὶ τοῦ δτ' Διὸς γένεσ' I. 106*.

Ἐξευλάδεσθαι, vereor, caveo : to be cautious of, to fear. *Ἐξευλάδονται μὴ φίλοις* Androm. 643.

Ἐξευμάρizω, rem facilem vel levem reddo : to render easy, alleviate. *Ἐξευμάρizει πρέσβυ* Herc. F. 81. SYN. *Ευμάρizω, ἐξημέρω, ἐκπραύνω*.

Ἐξεύρημα, ἄτος, τὸ, solers inventum : a clever discovery. C. R. 386.

Ἐξευρίσκω, invenio, excogito : to find out, invent, discover. Alcest. 224. SYN. *Ευρίσκω, ἀνευρίσκω, κατὰλαμβάνω*.

Ἐξευτρέπιζω, apparo : to manage well. Eur. El. 75. SYN. *Ευτρέπιζω*.

Ἐξεύχομαι, glorior : to boast openly, relate exultingly. Olymp. 13. 85.

Ἐξεφίεμαι, mando : to enjoin. *Τευκρὸς ἐξ-εφίεται* Aj. 806.

Ἐξέχω, emineo, exsto : to rise, overtop, excel. Vesp. 771. SYN. *Ἀνέχω, ἀνάτέλλω, ἀναφαίνω-μαι*.

Ἐξησθς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui pubertatem excessit : one who has passed the age of young men. Sept. Th. 12. SYN. *Πάρησθς*.

Ἐξηγέομαι, praeo, impero, duco, explico : to preside over, lead, command, conduct, explain, interpret. Iph. A. 529. SYN. *Ἡγέομαι, ἀρχω, ἐξάγω, ἐκδηλόω*.

Ἐξηκεστίδης, ου, ὁ, Execestides : a sycophant and vagabond, satirised by Aristophanes. *Εντεῦ-θεν Ἐξηκεστίδης* Aves 11. See Brunck's note, Aves 1527.

Ἐξήκοντά, indecl., sexaginta : sixty. Iph. A. 248. A, as in *πεντήκοντά*.

Ἐξήκω, ξω, pervenio : to arrive at, travel through. Soph. El. 1318. SYN. *Πόρευμαι, ἐέρχομαι, πάρερχομαι, ἐξάντω*.

Ἐξήλατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ductus malleo, lamina in- ductus : beaten out, embossed, plated. *Καλὴν χαλκείην ἐξήλατον* M. 295.

Ἐξημάρ, per sex dies : for six days. κ. 80.

Ἐξημέρω, mansuefacio : to render completely tame. Herc. F. 848. SYN. see *Ἡμέρω*.

Ἐξημοισός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mutatorius : fitted for exchange. S. 249.

Ἐξηπέρωπύω, circumvenio : to circumvent, cheat. Lysist. 840. SYN. see *Ἡπέρωπύω*.

Ἐξης, deinceps : next, in order. Iph. A. 627. SYN. *Ἐξείης, ἐφεξῆς, καθεξῆς, μετὰ ταῦτα, ἐκ τούτου*.

Ἐξιδίω, exsudo, liquidum stercus emitto : to sweat through, &c. *Οὐκ ἂν ἐξιδίσεν εἰς δοιμά-τιον ἀλλ' ἀνέπτετο* Aves 792. SYN. *Εκτιλάω, ἀπὸπάττω*.

Ἐξιδρύω, ύσω, depono, colloco : to set down, station. *Στήσόν μὲ καξιδρύσόν* C. C. 11. SYN. *Ενιδρύω*.

Ἐξίμῃ, emitto, dimitto : to send out or away or forth, remove. *Αργείων ἐξίμῃ καλῶς* Troad. 94. On the quantity of the antepenult of *Ἐξίμῃ* see *Ἰήμῃ*. SYN. *Ἐπεξίμῃ, ἀποτίμῃ, ἐκβάλλω*.

Ἐξιδύνω, ύνῶ, dirigo : to make out straight, to rule. *Δορυ νήϊον ἐξιδύνει* O. 410. SYN. see *Ἰδύνω*.

Ἐξικέτεύω, supplico : to obtain a request ; to petition. *Ἐξικέτευσέ τῆς ἐμῆς* C. R. 760. SYN. *Κάθικέτεύω, ἐξαίτεῦμαι, κατὰδεδέμαι, κατὰ-πέιθω*.

Ἐξικμάζω, "proprie exsicco, hic valet, prae-sentibus insistere, considerare, commemorare." Brunck : to consider. *Οὐκ ἐξικμάζω καὶ λογι-ζομαι κακὰ* Androm. 405.

Ἐξικνέομαι, 2. a. ἱκνῶν, pervenio, evenio : to come out, arrive at. *Οὐκ ἐξικνέομαι Μαινάδων ὅποι μῶθον* Bacch. 1049. SYN. *Ἀφικνέομαι*.

Ἐξιονθίζω, evello, e. g. crinem : to pluck out by the roots. *Ἐξιονθίζω τρίχα* Soph. fr. Crisis. 5.

Ἐξίπω, comprimo, opprimo : to oppress, bruise. Lysist. 291. See *Ἰπῶν*.

Ἐξίπτῃμῃ, πτήσῃμῃ, 2. a. ἑπτο, avolo : to fly away from. *Ἐξέπτ' οἶκον* Eur. El. 944.

Ἐξίσῶ, aequo : to make equal with. *Ἐξ-ίσσας τοὺς πόλιτας καφέλειν τὰ δέματά* Ran. 688. SYN. *Ἀνίσῶ, ἴσῶ*.

Ἐξίστημι, εκστήσω, de loco demoveo ; mente alieno : to remove, turn aside ; to alarm, confound. *Πρῶτὰ δ' ἐκστησον φρένων* Bacch. 838. SYN. (med. v.) *Ἀφίστάμαι, μέλιστάμαι, εκπλήτ-τῶμαι, διαφθείρομαι, ἀμαυρόμαι, μαινόμεαι*.

Ἐξιστῶρέω, exquiro : to search out, trace. *Οrest. 283. SYN. Ἀνιστῶρέω, ἀναζητέω, ἐρωτάω, μανθάνω*.

Ἐξίσωτέος, α, ύν, adaequandus : must be equally granted. *Ἐξίσωτέον τὸ γούν* C. R. 408.

Ἐξίχνεω, Ἐξίχνοσκόπῶ, investigo : to trace out. *Ἀλλ' ἐξίχνεύουσίν σέ* Bacch. 805. Aj. 997. SYN. *Ἰχνοσκόπῶ, ἴχνεω, ἐξερυνάω, ἀναζητέω*.

Ἐμεδιμνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sex medimnos capiens : containing six medimni, about twelve bushels. Pax 631.

Ἐζογκῶ, tumidum reddo ; tumulum extruo : to swell out, extol ; to pile up a tumulus or grave, bury. Eur. Sup. 874. SYN. *Ογκῶ, κατὰχώννυμῃ, καλύπτω, θάπτω, ύψῶ*.

Ἐζόγκμα, ἄτος, τὸ, tumor ; tumulus : a swelling ; tomb. Herc. F. 1332. SYN. *Χῶμα, τύμβος*.

Ἐζοδάω, viatico instruo ; venumdo : to supply provisions for a journey ; to sell. Cycl. 267. SYN. *Ἐξεμπόλαω, ἐκπύρουμαι*.

Εξῶδοιπρῶ, exeo foras : to go out from, travel abroad. Soph. El. 20. SYN. Εξέρχμαι.

Εξόδος, ου, ἡ, egressio, finis, mors : a departure, outlet, end, death. Herc. F. 622. SYN. Ἐκβάσις, τέλος, θάνατος.

Εξοδύνῶμαι, dolore irritor : to be tormented with pain. Cycl. 655. See Ὀδύνη.

Εξόζω, oleo : to give out a strong smell. Καὶ κῆλον ἐξόζει Theoc. 20. 10. See Ὄζω.

Εξοιδέω, extumesco : to swell out. Cycl. 227. SYN. Οιδέω, εξοικδύμαι.

Εξοικήσιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, habitabilis : habitable. C. C. 27. SYN. Ἐνοικήσιμος, οικήσιμος.

Εξοικήζω, domo ejicio : to eject from home, clear off. Hec. 875. SYN. Εξορίζω, εκβάλλω, φύγαδένω, μέτοικήζομαι.

Εξοικδύμεω, inceptum ædificium perficio : to finish a building. Av. 1124.

Εξοιμάζω, ejulo : to utter doleful cries. Aj. 317. SYN. see Οιμάζω.

Εξοινδύμαι, vino lymphor : to be intoxicated with wine. Bacch. 802. SYN. see Οινδύ.

Εξοιχνέω, Εξοιχόμεναι, egredior : to go out. I. 384. Z. 379.

Εξοκέλλω, impingo : to drive out, precipitate into. Menand.

Εξολισθαίνω, 2. α. ὠλισθόν et ὠλισθάνων, elab-or : to slip out, escape from. Phœn. 1398. SYN. Εκπίπτω, ἀπολισθαίνω, ὠλισθαίνω.

Εξόλλυμι, ὀλέσσω, Att. ὀλλω, penitus perdo : to destroy utterly. "Ἡπὲρ ἐξόλλυσι με Hipp. 722. SYN. see Ἀπόλλυμι.

Εξόλλυζω, exululo : to utter a loud cry. Δεινὸν δ' ἐξόλλυζέ Batrach. 100. SYN. see Ὀλλύζω.

Εξομιλέω, consuetudinem habeo : to associate with, crowd around. Εξομιλείσθαι στρατοῦ Iph. A. 735. SYN. see Ὀμιλέω.

Εξομιλῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, abhorrens a consuetudine : unusual. Ξένων γὰρ ἐξομιλῶς Trach. 966. SYN. Δισομιλῶς, ἀποτρήσιμος, ξένος.

Εξομιᾶτῶ, oculos effodio ; oculatum reddo : to take out or open the eyes ; to render quick-sighted. Plut. 635. SYN. Ομιᾶτῶ, εκτύ-φλω.

Εξομνυμί, εξομῶμαι, abjuro : to deny on oath. Antig. 541. See Ὀμνυμί. SYN. Ἀπαγόρευω, αρνέομαι.

Εξομῶθεν, ex eodem loco : from the same place. e. 477. SYN. see Ὀμῶθεν.

Εξομοῖω, similem efficio : to make like, assimilate. Εξομοιοῦσθαι φύσιν Androm. 354. SYN. Ὀμοῖω.

Εξομώργνυμι, ὀμώρξω, abstergo : to wipe off. Bacch. 340. SYN. Ὀμώργνυμι, ἀπομώργνυμι, ἀπομάττω, εκμάττωμαι.

Εξονειδίζω, ἰσω, Att. ἰω, probris incesso : to reproach. Iph. A. 305. SYN. see Ονειδίζω.

Εξονόμαζω, Εξονόμαινω, nomine voco : to name, accost by name. 'Εκ τ' ὀνόμαζεν H. 108. f. 66. SYN. see Ὀνόμαζω.

Εξονόμακλήδην, nominatim : expressly, by name. Εξονόμακλήδην ὀνόμαζων X. 415. SYN. see Ὀνόμακλήδην.

Εξοπίθεν, Εξοπισθεῖ, Εξόπισω, a tergo, retror-sum : backward, behind. Τὸ δ' ἐξοπίθεν δὲρὺ μακρόν Π. 611. Equit. 22. f. 35. SYN. see Ὀπίθεν.

Εξοπισθῶπρωκτίζω, partes posteriores impingo : to attack the posteriors. Τῇ σπινθότρησας ἐξ-

οπισθῶπρωκτίσων Thesm. 1124. Sed Bekker. edidit, τῇ σπινθό τρησας ἐξοπιστο πρῶκτίσων.

Εξόπισω. See Εξοπίθεν.

Εξοπλίζω, armis penitus instruo : to arm completely. Αυτὸς ἐξοπλίζετο Herc. F. 464. SYN. Ὀπλίζω.

Εξοπτῶ, asso : to roast. Cycl. 402. SYN. see Οπτῶ.

Εξοράω, perspicio : to see distinctly. Helen. 1268.

Εξοργίζω, ad iram incito : to exasperate. Batrach. 184. SYN. Οργίζω.

Εξορθιάζω, alta voce excito : to stir up by a loud voice. Κάξορθιάζων πολλὰ Choëph. 265. SYN. Ἐπορθιάζω, ορθιάζω, ἐξαυδαῶ, εκδύω, ἀνορ-θιάζω.

Εξορθῶ, erigo, instauro : to raise up, set right, direct, regulate. Eur. Sup. 1093. SYN. Ἀνορθῶ, ἐπανορθῶ, διορθῶ, ορθῶ.

Εξορίζω, extermino : to exterminate, banish. Heracl. 16. SYN. Ἀφείριζω, ἐξελάνω, εκδιώκω, φύγαδένω, εξοικίζω.

Εξορίνω, incito : to excite. Σὺ δ' ἐξορίνας ἡπίους Agam. 1621. SYN. Εξέρειθίζω, ὀρίνω.

Ἐφορκῶς, ου, ὁ, jusjurandum : an oath. Olymp. 13. 139.

Εφορᾶω, impello ; erumpo : to excite, exhort ; to rush out, hasten. Orest. 268. SYN. Ὀρᾶω, παροξύνω, ἐπαύγω, ἐπειγώ.

Εφορῶ, enavigo ; sede moveo : to set sail ; withdraw. Helen. 1246.

Ἐφορῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui e statione solvit : one who sails from. Hipp. 156.

Εξορῶν, exsilio : to spring forth, jump out, escape. Ἄνεμοι δ' εκ πάντες ὄρουσαν κ. 47. SYN. Εκπηδάω, εκθῶρεω, ἀνύρουω, ἐπύρουω.

Εξορῶ, excito : to stir up. Apoll. 1. 306.

Εξοτρύνω, ὠνῶ, extimulo : to urge on. "Ὅς μ' ἐξοτρύνει παῖδ' ἑμὸν Eur. Sup. 24. SYN. Ὀτρύνω, εκπείθω.

Εξουσία, as, ἡ, facultas, potentia : ability, power. Τῶν κῶκων ἐξουσία Eur. Temen. fr. 14. SYN. Δυνάμεις, ἀδεία, αξιωμα.

Εξοφέλλω, adaugeo : to increase, advance. o. 19. SYN. Ἐποφέλλω, ὑφέλλω, αὐξω.

Ἐξοχᾶ, eminenter : eminently. Ξ. 257.

Ἐξοχῶς, η, ὢν, eminens : surpassing others, eminent. B. 480. SYN. Εξαίρετῶς, ὑπερόχῶς, ὑπέρεχων, πρῶτερον, ὑπερφύης, πρῶφερης, ἐνδοξῶς, εκπρέπης, κράτιστος.

Εξοχῶς, excellenter, supra modum : eminently, in a particular manner. Bacch. 1224.

Εξοφρίζω, ἰσω, injuriam facio per insolentiam : to act with overbearing insolence. Τὰδ' ἐξοφρί-ζει Soph. El. 295. SYN. Ἐφρίζω, γανυῖαω.

Εξοπάνιστημι, sine mora erigo ; in 2. a., sine mora surgo : to raise up quickly ; to rise immediately. B. 267. SYN. Εξάνιστημι, ὑπ-άνιστημι.

Εξοπέπω, moneo, jubeo : to advise, order. Bacch. 1255. SYN. Ἐπίτω, ἐπιτέλλω, ὑπὸτι-θημι.

Εξοπερθεῖ, supra, superne : above. Τὸδ' ἐξ-οπερθεῖ Philoct. 29. SYN. Ἐπερθεῖ, ἀνωθεν.

Εξοπηρέτῶ, ministro, servo : to serve, minister to, obey. Trach. 1158. SYN. see Ἐπη-ρέτῶ.

Εξοπιτιάω, resupino : to lay on the back, turn up. Sept. Th. 574.

Εξοφάλλω, texendo absolvo : to finish weaving, compose. Nem. 4. 72. See Ἐφάλλω.

Εξύφασμα, ἄτδς, τδ, tela : a web. Eur. El. 539. See Ὑφασμα. SYN. Ὑφασμα, ἰστδς.

Εξύφηγέμαι, praeo : to go first, lead the way. C. C. 1025. SYN. Ὑφηγέμαι.

Ἐξω, Ἐξωθεν, adv. et prap., foras, foris, extra, praeter, absque : without, out of doors, beyond. κ. 95. Med. 1309.

Εξωθεω, ὠθησω et ὥσω, extrudo : to thrust or drive out from. Hipp. 1090. SYN. Εξδρίζω, ἄπωθεω, ἐξέλαινω, ἐκβάλλω, ἀπέλαινω.

Ἐξωθεν. See Ἐξω.

Εξώλης, ἔδς, δ, ἥ, deperditus : utterly ruined. Aesch. Sup. 749. SYN. Πανώλης, πανώλεθρος, ὀλδδς, δύστηνδς.

Εξωμίζω, humero tenus nudo : to make bare up to the shoulder. Eccles. 267.

Εξωμῖς, ἰδδς, ἥ, tunica servilis non tegens brachia : a jacket used by menials, which, being short and without sleeves, left the arm and body free for labour. Διφθεράν καζωμίδων Vesp. 442.

Εξωμῖσία, as, ἥ, abjuratio : a denial on oath. Εξωμῖσία δ' οὐκ ἐστὶν Eccles. 1026. SYN. Ἀωμῖσία, ἀρνησίς (μεθ' ὅρου).

Εξόπιος, ου, δ, ἥ, extra conspectum positus : out of sight. Δωμάτων εξωπίους Alcest. 562.

Ἐξωρδς, ου, δ, ἥ, intempestivus : out of season. Soph. El. 121. SYN. Ἀωρδς, ἄκαιρδς, πάλαιδς, ἐξίτηλδς.

Εξώστης, ου, δ, expulsor : a driver out, expeller. Rhcs. 322. SYN. Ἐλάτηρ, ὀερίμδς.

Ἐορτάζω, festum diem celebro : to celebrate a feast. Ὅταν εορτάζῃ λεώς Iph. T. 1459. SYN. Ἐορτήν ἄγω.

Ἐορτή, ἥς, ἥ, festus dies, feriae : a festival, feast, holiday. Phoen. 797. SYN. Τελέτη, πάν- ἡγυρίς, εἰλαπίνη. SYN. Σεμνή, ἄγνή, λυσίπνδς, ἱερά, ἐνκελάδδς, μυστιπύλδς, θεοφίλης, πεντάετη- ρίς.

Ἐδς, ἐή, ἐδν; Ἐϋς, ἔηδς, suus, meus, tuus. (Ἐδς, vel Ἐδς, etiam apud Hom. bonus significat, unde genitiv. plur. Ἐάων vel Ἐάων, δδσεων vel simili voce subaudita) : his own, my, thy; good. Εν στήθεσσιν ἐοῖσι A. 83. 393. Ἐτέρος δέ ἔδων Ω. 528. SYN. Ὅς, ἐμδς, σὺς, ἰδῖδς, φίλδς, σφεῦς, σφετέρδς.

Ἐπαγαίωμα, Ἐπαγάλλομαι, exulto, superbo : to rejoice, be proud. Κάκη Ἐπαγαίωμαί ὄτη Apoll. 3. 170. Π. 91. SYN. Ἀγάλλομαι, ἀγαίω- μαι, τέρπομαι, ἐπιχαίρω, ἐπαγλαΐζομαι.

Ἐπαγάλλομαι. See Ἐπιγαίωμα. Ἐπαγγέλλω, ἐλῶ, annuntio, promitto : to tell, announce, profess, promise. Herc. F. 1176. SYN. Ἀπαγγέλλω, κέλευω, διαγόρεω, ὁμολόγω, πάραγγέλλω, ἀνεγγύω.

Ἐπαγείρω, ἐρῶ, congrogro : to gather together. Ταυτ' ἐπαγείρειν A. 126. SYN. Ἀγείρω, συν- ἀγείρω, ἐπαθροίζω, συνάθροίζω.

Ἐπαγλαΐζομαι, exulto ob : to be proud of, exult. Ἀδρὼν ἐπαγλαΐεσθαί Σ. 133. SYN. Γαυριάζομαι, ἐπαγαίωμα, ἐπαγάλλομαι.

Ἐπάγω, ἐω, induco, infero : to induce, draw, lead. Ἐπήγαγ' ἀνθρωποσφάγειν Hec. 260. SYN. Εἰσάγω, εἰσφέρω, ἐπισπέρω, παράπειθω, ἐπάερω.

Ἐπάδω, Ἐπάειδω, accino, incanto : to sing to, charm by singing. Πείθειν ἐπάδων Iph. A. 1212. Eur. El. 864. SYN. Προσάδω, κατάδω.

Ἐπάειδω. See above.

Ἐπαίρω, ἀερώ, contr. ἀρῶ, adlevo; incito : extollo : to lift up, place upon; impel; extol.

See Ἀείρω. Olymp. 9. 31. SYN. Ἀνἄειρω, ἐξάειρω, ἐπαίρω, ἐπώγω, ἀνἄκουφίζω, ἐπαινώ.

Ἐπάεζω, adaugeo, promoveo : to increase, cause to prosper. Ἐπὶ ἐργὼν ἄεζῃ ξ. 65. SYN. Ἀέζω, αὔω, ἐπαύζω.

Ἐπαθλὼν, ου, τδ, præmium certaminis : a prize, reward. Κάπαθλᾷ δεινᾷ Phoen. 1277. SYN. Ἄεθλὼν, ἀθλὼν, νικητήριδν.

Ἐπαίδω, insuper lamentor : to bewail besides. Ἐπαίδουσιν ἐρωτες Bion l. 6. SYN. Ἐπομώζω, ἐπιδάκρυω, ἐπιδόλδω.

Ἐπαυγίζω, ἴω, impetuose spiro, aut irruo : to blow vehemently upon, rush forward with impetuosity. B. 148. SYN. Ἐπαύσσω, μέγα et σφοδρῶς πνέω.

Ἐπαυδέομαι, revereor : to feel awe, blush. Iph. A. 900. SYN. Αἰδέομαι, ἐπαισχύνομαι, ἐν- τρέπομαι, φθξέομαι.

Ἐπαινέσις, ἐως, ἥ; Ἐπαινδς, ου, δ, laus : praise. Troad. 420. 385. SYN. see Αἰνδς.

Ἐπαινέω, Ἐπαινίζω, laudo; adsentior : to ap- plaud, praise; assent to, approve. P. V. 348. Lysist. 198. SYN. Σύνεπαινώ, καταινώ, ἐπεν- φημέω, ἀπδδέχομαι, καυχᾶμαι.

Ἐπαινὺς, ἥ, ὄν, laudabilis; horrendus : de- serving of praise; terrible. I. 457. SYN. Δῖα- σμηδς, ἐνδοξδς, ἐπιδοξδς, φθξέρδς.

Ἐπαινδς, ου. See Ἐπαινέσις.

Ἐπαίρω, ἀρῶ, attollo, incito : to lift, raise up, urge to. Androm. 703. SYN. Ἐπάειρω, ἐξ- ἐπαίρω, ὠλύω, ἀνίσχω, ἀνἄκουφίζω, ἀπορῶ.

Ἐπαισθάνομαι, 2. a. ἠσθῶμην, sentio, audio : to perceive, understand, hear. Τὶ χρῆος τί νῦν τί δ' ἐπαισθῶμένη Agam. 84. SYN. Αἰσθάνομαι, ἐπινύεω, ἐπαῖω, ἐπακούω.

Ἐπάισσω, irruo : to rush on. Πᾶ πῶδ' ἐπάξας σαρκῶν οστέων (spondee) Hec. 1054. SYN. Κατάισσω, εἰσβάλλω, ἐπίπιπτο, ἐπύρουω, ἀπό- πληττω.

Ἐπαισχύνομαι, ὕνομαι, pudet me; erubesco : to be ashamed, blush at. Agam. 1344. SYN. Αἰσχύνομαι, ἐπαιδέομαι, φθξέομαι.

Ἐπαίτω, mendico; insuper peto : to beg; ask over and above. Soph. El. 1134. SYN. Απαι- τέω, πρόσαιτέω, αἰτέω.

Ἐπαῖτιάομαι, crimino : to accuse, criminate. Heracl. 462. SYN. see Αἰτιάομαι.

Ἐπαίτιδς, ου, δ, ἥ, qui est in culpa : blame- able, in fault. Hipp. 1380. SYN. Ὑπαίτιδς, ἐπύθυνδς, αἰτίδς, ἐπίμεπτδς.

Ἐπαῖω, audio, intelligo : to hear, understand. Γλώσσων οὐκ ἐπαῖω Aj. 1263. SYN. Αῖω, ἐπαισθάνομαι, ἐπακούω, ἀκούω.

Ἐπακλόλουθεω, subsequor : to follow closely. Vesp. 1328. See Ἀκλόλουθεω. SYN. Ἀκλόλουθεω, ἐξἄκλόλουθεω, ἵπνομαι, σὺνέπομαι, μέτερχομαι.

Ἐπάκομαι, κοῦσῶμαι, exaudio : to hear dis- tinctly. Νῦν ἐπακούσων νῦν ἐπαρξεν Choëph. 713. SYN. Ἐπαῖω, ἐξἄκοῦα, ὑπάκοῦα.

Ἐπάκουδς, ου, δ, auditor : a hearer, a judge. Ἀγόρης ἐπακούων ἐόντα Hes. Op. 29. SYN. Ἀκράτης, ἐπήκδδς.

Ἐπάκριζω, ad summum perduco : to bring to an end. Αἰμάτων ἐπήκρισεν Choëph. 919. See Blomf. Gloss. SYN. Εξἄνω, ἐπ' ἀκρόν ἐρ- χομαι.

Ἐπακτήρ, ἥρδς, δ, venator : a huntsman. τ. 435. SYN. Κύναγδς, κύνγηγς.

Ἐπάκτιδς, α, ὄν, et ου, δ, ἥ, littoralis : on the shore. Ὡ πάτερ μ' ἐπακτίαν Androm. 845. SYN. Πάράκτιδς, παράθλάσσιδς, αργυῖαλδς.

Ἑπακτός, ου, δ, ἡ, adscititius, peregrinus, mercenarius: brought to, adventitious, foreign, hired. Hipp. 318. SYN. Ξένος, αλλοτριός, ξέμμαχος.

Ἐπαλάλαζω, ἀξω, conclamo: to cry aloud. P. V. 493. See Ἀλάλαζω.

Ἐπάλλομαι, pervagor: to wander, rove about. Πάθη καὶ πόλλ' ἐπάληθῃ ο. 400. SYN. Ἀλάομαι, ἀποπλάσσομαι, περίφερμαι.

Ἐπάλαστέω, indignor: to be indignant at. Τὸν δ' ἐπάλαστήσαα α. 252. SYN. see Ἀλαστέω.

Ἐπαλγέω, doleo: to grieve for. Eur. Sup. 63.

Ἐπαλείφω, ψω, inungo: to anoint. Ἐπὶ δ' οὐδ' ἀλείφαι μ. 47. SYN. Κατάλείφω, ἀλείφω, ἐπίχρω.

Ἐπάλέξω, ἥσω, auxilior, propulso: to succour, ward off. Τῷ δ' ἐπάλεξῃσιν Δ. 428. SYN. Ἐπικουρέω, βύθθω, ἀλέξω, ἐπαμύνω.

Ἐπάλετρεύνω, molo: to grind upon, grind. Πέλανους ἐπάλετρεύουσιν Apoll. 1. 1077. SYN. Ἄλλω, ἀλλθω, ἀλέτρευνω.

Ἐπάλλνδω, obvolvō: to wrap or roll in. Apoll. 4. 1463. See Ἀλνδθήρα. SYN. Εκκάλυπτω.

Ἐπαλλάσσω, ἔω, alterno, vario: to alternate, exchange, alter. Heracl. 836. SYN. Πάραλλάσσω, ἐναλλάττω.

Ἐπάλλομαι. See Ἐφάλλομαι.

Ἑπαλξίς, ἔως, ἡ, pinna muri: a buttress, bulwark. Phoen. 1023. SYN. Πτέρωμα, εἰλάρ. Ep. Κἄλῃ, χρυσεῖη.

Ἑπαλπνός, ου, δ, ἡ, suavis: delightful, welcome. Pyth. 8. 120. SYN. see Ἡδύς.

Ἐπάμαξένω, tero plaustris: to mark with carriage wheels. Antig. 257. See Ἄμαξά.

Ἐπάμᾶμαι, coacervo: to heap up. Ἐπάμῃσάτ' ἡροσὶ φίλῃσιν ε. 482. SYN. Ἐπίσωρεύω, ἐπιβάλλω, ἀνακινέω.

Ἐπαμᾶτῃρ, ἥρως, δ, qui insidet vel conscendit: one who lights upon, an invader, devourer. Σαρκῶν ἐπαμᾶτῆράς Choëph. 274. SYN. Ἐπιβάτης.

Ἐπαμείβω, permuto: to exchange. Ἀλλήλοις ἐπαμείψομεν Z. 230. SYN. Διαμείβω, ἀμείβομαι, κατάλλασσω, ἀντιδιδώμι.

Ἐπαμοισάδεις, per vices: in turn, alternately. Ἀλλήλοισιν ἐφυν ἐπαμοισάδεις οὐς ὕτ' Ὀδυσσεύς ε. 482. SYN. Ἐναλλάξ, ἀμοισάδων, παράλλαξ.

Ἐπαμοισίος, Ἐπαμοισός, ου, δ, ἡ, alternans: alternate, mutual, corresponding. Hom. H. Merc. 513. See above. See also Apoll. 2. 1077. SYN. Ἀμοισός, ἀμοισαῖος.

Ἐπαμπέχω, superinduo: to clothe, place upon. Troad. 1147.

Ἐπαμύντωρ, δρὺς, δ, auxiliator, vindex: a protector, avenger. Εσθλὸς τοῦ τούτου γ' ἐπαμύντορ π. 263. SYN. Ἀμύντωρ, ἀλεξήτῃρ.

Ἐπαμύνω, ὑνῶ, defendo ab injuria, succurro: to defend, succour, avenge. Πόσειδῶν ἐπαμύναι Ε. 357. SYN. Ἀμύνω, εξαρκέω, ἐπαρκέω, ἐπίσθῃθω, ἐπαρήγω.

Ἐπαμφέρω, i. q. Ἐπανάφέρω. Solon ap. Diog. L. p. 19., ed. Steph.

Ἐπᾶν. See Ἐπῆν. Jacobs. Anthol. 9. 120.

Ἐπανάβαλλω, differo; med. induo: to put off; to throw over or on. Eccl. 276. SYN. Ἐπιβάλλω, περίβαλλω.

Ἐπανάβωω, acclamo: to shout aloud. Plut. 292. SYN. Ἀνάβωω, ἐπιβόω, ἐπιφεγγόμαι.

Ἐπανάγκάζω, ἄσω, cogo: to force upon, compel. P. V. 692. See Ἀνάγκη. SYN. Ἐξαναγκάζω, ἀναγκάζω.

Ἐπανάγρεύομαι, præconis voce pronuntio: to proclaim over and above. Μάλιστα ἐπανάγρεύεται Av. 1072. SYN. Ἀνάγρεύω, ἀνακηρύττω.

Ἐπανάδιπλάζω, ἄσω, duplico: to repeat. Ἐπανάδιπλαζέ καὶ σάφως P. V. 842. SYN. Ἀνάδιπλῶ, ἐπανάφερω, ἀνάλαβάνω.

Ἐπανάιρῶμαι, attollo; occido: to raise up, to kill. Ec. C. 421. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, ἐπιλαμβάνω, ἀναιρέω.

Ἐπανάιρῶμαι, elevo meipsum: to rise up. Eq. 784. SYN. Ἐπεγείρῶμαι, ἐγείρῶμαι, ἐπανίσταμαι.

Ἐπανάκρουω, repello, inhibeo: to beat back. Ἀτὰρ τὸ δεινὰ δευρ' ἐπανάκρουσαι πάλιν Av. 648. SYN. Ἀνᾶκρουω, ὑποστρέφω, ἐπανάβαινω.

Ἐπανάμεινω, μένω, expecto: to wait for. Nub. 801. SYN. Ἀνᾶμεινω, ἐμμενω.

Ἐπανάπηδάω, insilio: to spring upon. Nub. 1378. SYN. see Ἐπίπηδάω.

Ἐπανάστασις, ἔως, ἡ, subversio: subversion. Antig. 533. See Ἀνάστασις. SYN. Ἀνάστασις, ἐξανάστασις.

Ἐπανάτιθημι, superimpono: to lay upon. Vesp. 148. See Τίθημι. SYN. Ἐπιτίθημι.

Ἐπανάφέρω, transfero, refero: to refer to, lay the blame upon. Nub. 1079.

Ἐπανάφυσάω, tibiam inflo: to blow or play on the flute. Thesm. 1175. See Φυσάω. SYN. Ἀναφυσάω, ἀναπνέω, αἰέδω.

Ἐπανάχωρέω, recedo: to go back, retreat. Eccles. 28.

Ἐπανδρῶω, maribus impleo: to populate with males. Apoll. 1. 874.

Ἐπᾶνεμι, Ἐπᾶνήκω, Ἐπᾶνέρχομαι, redeo: to return. Trach. 643. Iph. A. 1627. Iph. T. 257. SYN. Ἀνέρχομαι, ἐπανάχωρέω, ἐπᾶνεμι, ἐπᾶνήκω, ἐπέρχομαι.

Ἐπᾶνέρομαι, rursum interrogo: to question again. Pers. 965. SYN. Ἀνέρομαι, ἀνέρωτάω, ἀναγρόμεν.

Ἐπᾶνέρχομαι. See Ἐπᾶνεμι.

Ἐπᾶνήκω. See Ἐπᾶνεμι.

Ἐπανθῶ, poet. Ἐπανθῖω, effloresco: to flourish upon, blossom, prosper. Nub. 1174. Apoll. 3. 519. SYN. Εξανθῶ, ἀπανθῶ.

Ἐπανθρακίδεις, ων, αἱ, pisciculi super carbonibus assati: broiled fish. Καὶ γὰρ πρὸτέρῳ ἐπανθρακίδων ἐμπλήμενος Vesp. 1127.

Ἐπανθράκιζω, super carbonibus asso: to broil. Δῖα σ' ἐπανθράκιζομεν Av. 1546.

Ἐπᾶνίστημι, excito, erigo; in a. 2. et perf. med. assurgo: to raise up; to rise up. Av. 1583. SYN. Ἀνίστημι, ἐξανίστημι.

Ἐπᾶνορθῶω, in integrum restituo: to set right again, re-establish. Lysist. 528. SYN. Ἀνορθῶω, κάτορθῶω, ἐξορθῶω.

Ἐπαντέλλω, ἐλῶ, tollo; exorior: to raise up; to rise up. Phoen. 105. SYN. Ἀντέλλω, ὑπερτέλλω, ἐξανδύομαι, ἀνίστημι.

Ἐπαντίωω, ἄσω, adversor: to oppose. Ὅς πὺτ' ἐπαντίσσει δὲ Hom. H. Apoll. 152. Sed hæc lectio est Martinii correctio, et dubitata.

Ἐπάνω, Ἐπάνωθεν, desuper, supra: over, above, upon. Ὅσσ' ἂν ἐπάνω μὲν Προξενίδης Av. 1126. Alcest. 476.

Ἐπάξιός, ου, δ, ἡ, dignus: worthy, preferable. Τὸ στρατεῦν' ἐπάξιον Troad. 385. SYN. Ἀξίος.

Ἐπαξίως, pro dignitate : in a becoming manner, justly. *CE. R. 133.* See above. *SYN.* Αξίως, ενδίκως, κατ' ἀξίαν.

Ἐπαξιῶ, censeo, postulo : to deem fit, request. Ἐπαξιῶ σέ δαίμυν' *Soph. El. 660.* *SYN.* Αξιῶ, ἐπιχρῶ, παράκαλῶ.

Ἐπαξύνιος, ου, ὅ, ἡ, qui circa axem volvitur : rolling round an axis, voluble. Ἐπαξύνια κύκλα δίφρω *Theoc. 25. 249.*

Ἐπαῖδι, ἡς, ἡ, incantatio : a charm, incantation. Ἐπαῖδοισιν δέλξει στέρεας τ' *P. V. 180.* *SYN.* Ἐπαῖδη. *EP.* Μελίγλωσσος, μάλακή.

Ἐπάπειλῶ, insuper minor : minor : to super-add threats : to threaten. Βῆ δ' ἐπάπειλῃσας *N. 582.* *SYN.* Ἀπειλῶ, κατὰπειλῶ, εμεριμῶμαι.

Ἐπαπδύμαι, accingor rei gerendæ : to prepare for action. Αλλ' ἐπαπδύομαι' ἄνδρες τουτοῖ τῷ πράγματι *Lysist. 615.* *SYN.* Εγχειρίζω, εγχειρῶ, πάρασκευάζομαι.

Ἐπαπῶ, Dor., et Ἐπηπῶ, acclamo : to shout at, clamour for. Ἐπηπῶν ἀμφὶ ἄρωγοί *Σ. 502.* *SYN.* Ἐπαῦτω, ἐπιστάω, βῶδω.

Ἐπάρᾱ, ἄς, ἡ, imprecatio : a curse. Θεοὶ δ' ἐτέλεσσάν ἐπάρᾱς *I. 456.* *SYN.* see Ἀρά.

Ἐπάρᾱμαι, imprecor : to imprecate, curse. Κατὰράσασθαι τᾷδε *Iph. A. 60.* *SYN.* see Κατὰράδμαι.

Ἐπάρᾱσιμος, ου, ὅ, ἡ, execrabilis : liable to a curse, execrable. Ἐπάρᾱσιμος θοτὶς ἀρεῖται *Phocyl. 16.* *SYN.* Ἀπάρατος, ἐπάρατος, ὁραῖος, ἀπενεκτός.

Ἐπάρᾱγιμος, ου, ὅ, ἡ, caligine obductus : dark, obscure. *Agam. 1082.* *SYN.* Σκῶτεινός, ἄσημος, τυφλός.

Ἐπάρῃγω, adjuvo : to assist, support. Πάρ-ιστάται ἡδ' ἐπάρῃγει *Ψ. 783.* *SYN.* Ἐπᾱλέξω, ἐπᾱμύνω, ἀρῃγω.

Ἐπάρῃγων, ὄνός, ὁ, auxiliator : an assistant, supporter. Πόλει δ' ἐπάρῃγόνες ἄλλοι *Apoll. 1. 1039.* *SYN.* see Ἐπαρωγός.

Ἐπάρῃσις, ἔως, ἡ, auxilium : assistance, aid. Καὶ γένους ἐπάρῃσιν *CE. C. 447.* *SYN.* Βοήθειά, ἐπικουρία, ἀλκάρ, ἀρωγή.

Ἐπαρκῶ, ἔσω, propulso, opem fero : to avert, ward off, succour. *Orest. 794.* *SYN.* Ἀπείργω, ἀπᾱλάνω, ἐπᾱμύνω, διαρκῶ.

Ἐπαρκούντως, sufficienter : in a sufficient manner, adequately. Οὐδ' ἐπαρκούντως δ' ἐμοί *Soph. El. 356.* *SYN.* see Εξαρκούντως.

Ἐπαρουρός, ου, ὁ, agricola : a husbandman. Βουλοίμην κ' ἐπαρουρός *λ. 488.* *SYN.* Ἀγρότης, ἀῆς.

Ἐπαρτῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, qui est in promptu : ready, prompt. *τ. 289.* *SYN.* Ἐποῖμος, εντρέπης, πρόχειρος, εξηρητισμένός.

Ἐπαρτίζω, Ἐπαρτῶ, paro, adapto, perficio : to prepare for, make ready, fit to. *Apoll. 1. 877.* Αυτίκ' ἐπήρτυε πᾶμᾱ *Δ. 447.* *SYN.* Ἀπαρτίζω, κατὰρτίζω, ἐπαρτῶ, ἀρμύζω.

Ἐπαρχομαι, auspicor : to begin with. σ. 417. *SYN.* Ἀπάρχομαι, κατὰρχομαι, ἀρχομαι.

Ἐπαρχός, ου, ὁ, dux, ductor : a leader, commander. *Agam. 1198.* *SYN.* Αρχός.

Ἐπάρω, ᾱῶ, Ἄωλ. ἄρω, adapto : to fit in, fasten. *Ε. 338.* See Ἄρω. *SYN.* Ἐπαρτῶ, ᾱῶ, ἀρμύζω, ἐφαρμύζω, ἐναρμύζω.

Ἐπαρωγή, ἡς, ἡ, auxilium : assistance, succour. Ἀριστήν ἐπαρωγῇ *Apoll. 1. 302.* *SYN.* Ἀρωγή, ἐπικουρία.

Ἐπαρωγός, ου, ὁ, auxiliator : an assistant, ally.

Ου γάρ ἐγὼν ἐπαρωγός *λ. 497.* *SYN.* Ἀρωγός, ἐπαρωγὼν, ἀλεξητήρ, βῶθός, ἐπικουρός, ἐπιτάρ-βόθος, ἐπὶρρόθος.

Ἐπασκῶ, exerceo, exorno : to exercise, work, embellish, extol. *p. 266.* *SYN.* Εξασκῶ, διάκοσμεῶ, κατὰκοσμεῶ.

Ἐπασσύντερός, α, ὄν, creber, alter post alterum : frequent, one upon another. Ὡς τὸτ' ἐπασσύντεροι *Δ. 427.* *SYN.* Σύνεχής, πικνός.

Ἐπασσύντερότριψ, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, frequenter inflicto : frequently inflicted. Ἐπασσύντερότριψ τὰ χερὸς ὀρέγματα *Choëph. 420.*

Ἐπαυλῖς, ἔως, ἡ, villa, casa, domus, stabulum, ovile : a farm-house, cottage, house, fold or stall. *Apoll. 1. 800.* *SYN.* Κάλυβη, στῆγος, ἐπαυλός, μὲνῃ.

Ἐπαυλός, ου, ὁ, stabulum : a stall, fold. *Ψ. 357.* *SYN.* Αυλή, ἐναυλός.

Ἐπαυρέω, Ἐπαύρομαι, Ἐπαυρίσκω, fruor, gusto : to reap the advantage of, taste, enjoy. *A. 410. λ. 572. N. 733.* *SYN.* Ἀπῶλαυ.

Ἐπαῦτῶ, Ἐπᾱύω, acclamo : to cry aloud, shriek, announce aloud. Ἐπηύθησέ δὲ λαός *Call. 2. 101.* *SYN.* Ἀνάκράζω, ἐπιστάω, ἐπηπῶ, ἐπιθωύσσω.

Ἐπαυχένιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui cervici imponitur : placed on the neck. *Pyth. 2. 171.*

Ἐπαυχέω, glorior ob : to rejoice at, glory in. *Antig. 483.* *SYN.* Εξαυχέω, ὑπέραυχέω, αυχέω, μέγᾱ φρόνέω, ἐπειχόμεναι.

Ἐπᾱύω. See Ἐπαῦτῶ.

Ἐπαφαναίω, ἀνώ, arefacio : to dry up, parch, destroy. *Ran. 1089.* *SYN.* Ἐπιξηραίνω, ἀφάνίζω.

Ἐπάφᾱ, conrecto : to feel, handle, grope, touch. Ἐπάφῶν ἀταρσεῖ χειρὶ *P. V. 874.* *SYN.* Αμφάφᾱ, ἐράπτωμαι, ἐπιψάω, ψηλάφᾱω.

Ἐπάφῃ, ἡς, ἡ, conrectatio : a touch, patting. Βόδς ἐξ ἐπάφῃς καὶ ἐπὶπνοίας *Æsch. Sup. 18.*

Ἐπάφός, ου, ὁ, Epaphus : the son of Jove and Io. *Phœn. 689.* α est eodem metro atque ἐπάφῃ. *EP.* Κελαίνος.

Ἐπαφρίζω, spumam ago, despumo : to foam at. Κύρτον ἐπαφρίζῃ *Mosch. 6.* *SYN.* Ἀφρίζω, ἐξαφρίζω.

Ἐπαφύσσω, ὕσω, super effundo : to pour upon. Ἐπήφυσεν αὐτᾱρ Ὀδυσσεύς *τ. 388.* *SYN.* Ἐπιχέω.

Ἐπαχθής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, gravis, molestus : odious, vexatious, burdensome. *Ran. 940.* *SYN.* Βάρυς, αλγεινός, ἀηδής, ἐπιφθόνος, ἐπιπόνος.

Ἐπαχθῶμαι, indignor : to be indignant at. *Hipp. 1255.*

Ἐπαχλῶ, ὕσω, obnubilatum esse : to be darkened. Ἐπαχλύουσάν ἰδέσθαι *Apoll. 4. 1479.*

Ἐπεγγέλλω, illudo, irrideo, insulto : to laugh at, deride, insult over. *Aj. 454.* *SYN.* Κατάγέλλω, εγγέλλω.

Ἐπεγείρω, excito : to stir up, awaken. *Herec. F. 1074.* *SYN.* Ἀνέγείρω, ἐγείρω, ἐγείρω, ἀνδκινέω.

Ἐπεγκάπτω, devoro : to devour. *Eq. 491.* *SYN.* Κατάφᾱγω, κάτσειθῶ, ἐπιφᾱγω.

Ἐπεγκελεύω, jubeo : to order. *Cycl. 648.* *SYN.* Εγκελεύω.

Ἐπεγρύω, expergeo : to awake. Καὶ ἐπέ-γρετό πράτα *Theoc. 24. 34.* *SYN.* see Ἐγρύομαι.

Ἐπεγχέω, χέωσω, infundo, admisceo : to pour in or into, mix, mingle. *Cycl. 422.* *SYN.* Εγχεώ, ἐπιχέω.

Ἐπει, Ἐπεῖ, Ἐπειδῇ, Ἐπειδὴν, postquam, quoniam : when, after, since. C. R. 390. Δ. 307. A. 235. N. 285. SYN. Ἐπᾶν, ἐπεῖ ἄν, ὁπνήικᾶ, ὅτῃ, ὅτᾶν, ὅπῳτᾶν.

Ἐπέγω, urgeo; med. festino: to urge, force; mid. to hasten. Z. 85. SYN. Κἀτέπειγω, ἐπιτέρχω, διωθέω, ἐλαύνω, σπεύδω, ἐρεθίζω.

Ἐπειδάν. See Ἐπεῖ.

Ἐπειδῇ. See Ἐπεῖ.

Ἐπειδω, inspicio: to look upon, behold. Hee. 148. SYN. Πρόσειδω, κἀτείδω, ἐφῶρῶ, δεῖδμαι.

Ἐπεῖ. See Ἐπεῖ.

Ἐπεικάζω, conjicio: to conjecture. Trach. 1222. SYN. Εὐκάζω.

Ἐπειμι, succedo, advenio, oboeo: to come upon, arrive, attack. A. 29. SYN. Ἐπέρχομαι, κατὰλαμβάνω.

Ἐπειμί, sum super aut post: to be upon, over, or after. B. 259. SYN. Ἐπιγίγνομαι, ἐπιμένω, ἐπικειμαι.

Ἐπειοί, ὧν, οἱ, Επεῖ: the inhabitants of Elis. Iph. A. 281. SYN. see Ηλείοι.

Ἐπειός, οὗ, ὁ, Επεῖος: the builder of the Grecian horse, which caused the destruction of Troy. J. 493. Ερ. Θεῖος, διός, μέγαθυμῖος, νῖος Πάνοπῆος, εὐμελῖος, ἀρηϊφίλδος, ἀγαδῶμητις.

Ἐπειπὼν, insuper dicere: to say further. Æsch. Sup. 979. SYN. Κἀτεῖπὼν, ἐπαυδάω.

Ἐπειρῶ. See Ἐπέρω.

Ἐπεισκατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adscititius: brought in, introduced, foreign. Ion 592. SYN. Αλλότριος, ἐπηλὺς, ἀλλόφυλδος.

Ἐπεισβάλλω, superinfundo: to pour in upon, pour down. Eur. El. 498. SYN. Ἐπιβάλλω, εισβάλλω, κέρδαννμι.

Ἐπεισβάτης, ου, ὁ, vectus: a passenger in a ship, sailor. Τῶν ἐπεισβάτων Helen. 1549.

Ἐπεισέρχομαι, ingredior: to enter into. Ion 812. SYN. see Εισέρχομαι.

Ἐπεισῶδός, ου, ἡ, ingressio: an entrance. C. C. 30. SYN. see Εἰσῶδός.

Ἐπεισπαίω, violenter irruo: to strike or rush against. Plut. 806. SYN. see Εισπαίω.

Ἐπεισηδᾶω, insilio: to spring upon. Eq. 362. SYN. see Εισσηδᾶω and Ἐπισηδᾶω.

Ἐπεισπίπτω, irruo: to rush or fall upon. C. C. 915. SYN. see Εισπίπτω.

Ἐπεισφέρω, Ἐπεισφρέω, intromitto: to bring in, introduce, set upon. Phœn. 207. Eur. El. 1033.

Ἐπειτᾶ, deinde, postea, in posterum: then, after that, afterwards. A. 35. See Εἴτᾶ. SYN. Εἴτᾶ, μετὰ ταῦτᾶ, τὸ ἐντεῦθεν, τότε, ἐπεῖ τοι.

Ἐπέκεινᾶ, adv., illic, ultra, ante: in those parts, beyond, opposite. Æsch. Sup. 265. SYN. Αὐτῷ, ὑπὲράνω, ἄνωτέρω, ἄπεναντί, πέραν.

Ἐπεικίνω, insuper bibo: to drink up besides. Cycl. 327. SYN. see Εκκίνω.

Ἐπέλαυνω, ἐλάσω, impingo, admoveo: to drive upon, lead against. Ἐπ' αὐτῷ χαλκὸν ἐλασσαν Ω. 421. SYN. Ἐπιτίθημι, ἐπάγω, ἐπίπέμω.

Ἐπελπίζω, ἴσω, cum accus., in spem adduco; cum dativ., spem pono in aliquo; bene de aliquo spero; spero: to raise hopes; to place one's hopes upon; to hope well of; to hope. Hipp. 1015.

Ἐπελπῶμαι, spero: to hope in, to hope. Agam. 1000. SYN. see Ελπίζω.

Ἐπεμβαίνω, ingredior; insulto: to enter; leap

upon. Hipp. 664. SYN. Ἐμβαίνω, εὐβαίνω, ἀνῶβαίνω.

Ἐμεβάλλω, ἀλῶ, injicio, intersero: to put upon, insert. Iph. T. 936. SYN. Εμβάλλω, ἐντίθημι, ἐπὲλαύνω, ἐπάγω.

Ἐμεβάτης, ου, ὁ, vector equi aut currus aut navis: one who mounts a horse or carriage; a mariner. Ἀρμάτων τ' ἐμεβάτην Eur. Sup. 595. SYN. Εμεβάτης, ἐπεισβάτης, ἐπὶχός.

Ἐμεμπήτω, superincido: to fall upon, assault. Aj. 42. SYN. Ἐπεισπίπτω, ἐμεβάλλω, ἐφορμῶ, ἐπίπιπτω, ἐνδρούω.

Ἐμενδιδῶμι, δόσω, insuper addo: to add besides. Τρίτην ἐμενδιδῶμι τοῦ Agam. 1357.

Ἐμενθῶρῶ, Ἐμενθῶρσκα, insilio, irruo: to leap or spring upon. Trach. 919. C. R. 477. SYN. Ενθῶρῶ, ἐπὶθῶρσκα, ἐμεμπήτω, ἐπεισπίπτω, ἐμπίπτω, ἐπιπηδᾶω, ἐμβάλλω.

Ἐμεντάνω, Ἐμεντείνω, insuper intendo: to stretch upon or out, to strain. Ὑψὺς ἐμεντάνωσας χ. 465. Antig. 1249. SYN. Ἐπιτείνω, ἐντείνω, πρῶτείνω.

Ἐμεντέλλω, insuper jubeo: to order besides. Antig. 218. SYN. Εντέλλω, ἐπιτέλλω, κέλευω, προστάσσω.

Ἐμεντύνω, Ἐμεντῶω, apparo: to prepare for, arm for, put on harness. Ἐμεντύνονταῖ ἄεθλα ω. 89. Ἐμέντυε μώνυχας ἵππους Θ. 374.

Ἐμέξεμι, egredior, aggredior: to go out against, attempt. Ran. 1117. SYN. Ἐπεξέρχομαι, διέξεμι.

Ἐμεξεργάζομαι, effectum opus polio; insuper ago; occido; to polish a completed work; do in addition; kill. Antig. 1288. SYN. Εξεργάζομαι, ἐπισφάττω.

Ἐμεζέρχομαι, obviam eo hostibus; insuper enaro: to march out against; to tell besides. P. V. 895. SYN. Ἐπέξεμι, ἐπέρχομαι.

Ἐμεζικακῶ, laeta voce acclamo: to shout out joyfully. Ἀλώσιμον παῖν' ἐμεζικακῶσας Sept. Th. 632. SYN. Εκσῶω, ἐπὶἀλάζω.

Ἐμεργάζομαι, conficio: to perform additionally. Bacch. 1188. SYN. Εργάζομαι.

Ἐμείδω, impingo; fulcio: to press upon, thrust; to support by leaning. Hee. 111. SYN. Ἀμείδω, ἐνείδω, σὺνείδω, στηρίζω, βεβαῖω, ἐμπήγνυμι.

Ἐμείρνω, evomo, ut fluvius in mare defluens: to disemboque. Apoll. 4. 631.

Ἐμῆρέφω, superne contego: to cover over, crown. A. 89. SYN. Ἐρέφω, στέφανῶω, ἐπικοσμέω.

Ἐμῆρῶμαι, ἡσῶμαι, sciscitor: to question, consult. Plut. 32. SYN. Ἐρῶμαι.

Ἐμῆρῶ, poet. Ἐμειρῶ, atrahro: to draw to, close. Θύρην δ' ἐμῆρσε κῶρῳ α. 441. Apoll. 3. 148. SYN. Ἐμᾶγω, ἐφελκῶ, ἐπίσῶρα, ἐπισπᾶω.

Ἐμῆρχομαι, accedo; in animum venio; impetum facio; edissero, explico: to come on or upon, approach; to come into the mind; to attack or surprise; to detail, explain. Bacch. 725. SYN. Πρόσέρχομαι, ἐπειμι, ἐπισαίνω, ἐφίκνυμαι, εισβάλλομαι, ἐπιστεύδω, ἐφορμῶ, ἐπὶχειρῶ, διεξίημι.

Ἐμῆρωτᾶω, insuper interrogo: to ask further, consult, question. Plut. 902. SYN. see Ἐρωτᾶω.

Ἐμῆσδῶλια, as, ἡ, convicium: babbling, reproach. δ. 159. SYN. Λοιδόρια, φλύαριᾶ.

Ἐμῆσῶλός, ου, ὁ, conviciator: a slanderer. B. 275. SYN. Λοιδόρος, κἀκόγλωσσός.

Ἐπέσθω, insuper edo : to eat besides or with. Call. Ep. 50.

Ἐπέτειος, α, ὄν, Ἐπετήσιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, annuus : annual, perennial. Agam. 985. η. 118. SYN. Ἐτειος, ἐτήσιος, ἐνιαυτίος, ἐπηεταῖος.

Ἐπότης, ου, ὁ ; Ἐπετής, ιδός, ἡ, famulus : an attendant. Pyth. 5. 1. Apoll. 3. 664. SYN. Ἀκόλουθος, ἀμφιπόλος, δερῶπων.

Ἐπετησίος. See Ἐπετειός.

Ἐπετής. See Ἐπότης.

Ἐπευκλείω, nobilito : to render illustrious, ennoble. Simon. fr. 71.

Ἐπευφημέω, fausta acclamo : to applaud, shout at with joy. Iph. A. 1467. SYN. see Ευφημέω.

Ἐπυῶμαι, precor, voveo ; glorior : to pray to, vow ; to boast. Sept. Th. 265. SYN. Εὐχῶμαι, μέγαλαuxέω, αυχέω, εξεὐχῶμαι.

Ἐπέχω, ἐφέξω or ἐπισχίσω, inhibeo, adhibeo, obtineo, collineo, desisto, invado : to detain, prevent, apply, possess, aim at, forbear, attack. Lysit. 490. SYN. Κάτρωα, κωλύω, κρατέω, ἀνὰβάλλωμαι, πρόσεχω, πρόσάγω, ἐπιθύνω, τυγχάνω, κἀτάλαμναι, ἔχω.

Ἐπίβλητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui scopum ferit, compos : one who hits the mark, successful, possessed of. Antig. 492. SYN. Εγκράτης, μετόχος, ἐπιστάτης.

Ἐπηγκένιδες, ων, αἱ, tabulae navium : the long planks on the sides of a ship, or forming the deck. Ἐπηγκένιδεσσι τέλυντα ε. 253.

Ἐπηεταῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, toto anno durans ; copiosus : lasting all the year ; abundant. Ἐπηεταῖοι πόλιν δ' ὕδωρ ζ. 86. SYN. Ἐπετήσιος, ἐπετειός, εὐπρόος, σὺνέχης.

Ἐπήκοος, Dor. Ἐπάκοος, ου, ὁ, auditor, arbiter : a hearer, umpire, witness. Agam. 1393. SYN. Ἐπακούος, ἀκροατής.

Ἐπῆλυξ, ὕδος, obscurus : shaded, dark. Τὴν πέτραν ἐπῆλυγα Cycl. 674. SYN. Λυγαῖος, ορφανός, σκότεινός, σκιδεύς.

Ἐπῆλυς, ὕδος, advena, extraneus : a stranger, foreigner. Τοῖς ἐπῆλυσι Ion 422. SYN. Ξένος, ἀποκός.

Ἐπηλύσια, as, ἡ, adventus ; incantatio : arrival, occurrence ; sorcery. Ἡ γὰρ ἐπηλύσις H. in Merc. 37.

Ἐπημάτιος, α, ὄν, qui interdiu facit aliquid : who does anything by day, diurnal. Ἐπημάτιαι ἀγέροντο Apoll. 3. 894.

Ἐπημοῖδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alternus, mutuus : alternate, exchanging, alternately worn. ξ. 513. SYN. Ἐπαμοῖδης.

Ἐπῆν, Ion. pro Ἐπᾶν, postquam, ut primum : after, as soon as. ξ. 130.

Ἐπῆρρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sublimis : hanging in the air, aloft. Apoll. 4. 142. SYN. see Μετέωρος.

Ἐπῆρατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde amabilis : very lovely, enviable. Isth. 6. 17. See Πόλυπράτος. SYN. Ἐράτος, ἔραυνός, ἐράτεινός, καλός, ἡδύς.

Ἐπῆρετμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad remigationem adcinctus : at the oar, furnished with oars. Ἐπῆρετμοι καὶ ἑταῖροι δ. 559. SYN. Ἐπικώπος, ἑτοίμοι ἐρέσειν.

Ἐπῆρεφής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, coopertus : roofed over, over-arched, projecting. ν. 349. SYN. Κατῆρεφής, σὺνῆρεφής, ὑψηλός, πρόσληξ.

Ἐπῆρίτης, ου, ὁ, Eperitus. Ἐπῆρίτης ἀλλὰ με δαίμων ο. 305.

Ἐπῆρτειά, as, Ἐπῆρτός, ὕδος, ἡ, facundia, laus : eloquence, praise. Apoll. 3. 1006. φ. 306.

Ἐπητής, ου, ὁ, facundus : eloquent. σ. 127. SYN. Ἡδύλογός, ἀγορητής. Πηρ. Τοῦ καὶ ἀπὸ γλώσσης μέλιτος γαλκίαν ῥέον αὐδή.

Ἐπήτριμτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, densus : frequent, numerous, crowded. Ἐπήτριμοὶ ὑψόσε δ' αὐγή ζ. 211. SYN. Ἐπάλληλος, πύκνός.

Ἐπητύς. See Ἐπῆρτειά.

Ἐπηχέω, obstrepo : to sound, re-echo. Cycl. 425. SYN. Εξηχέω, κάττηχέω, ἀντίφωνέω, ἀντηχέω, ἐπιβρέμω, ἐπιψόφω.

Ἐπί, gen., in, super, apud ; dat., super, in ; acc., ad : gen., upon, above, at ; dat., against, in, over ; acc., to, on. A. 437. Ἐπὶ γούνασιν ἠικόμοιο Z. 303. Ἐπί is frequently put for πέσσι.

Ἐπιδάλλω, ἀλῶ, immitto, injicio, efficio : to bring upon, lay upon, occasion. Οὗτος γὰρ ἐπῆλθεν ταδὲ ἔργα χ. 49. The antepenult of ἐπῆλθεν is here, long on account of the augment. SYN. Ἐφῆμι, ἐπιδάλλω, ἐμδάλλω, ἐπιτίθημι.

Ἐπιανδάνω, complaceo : to please, prove pleasing. Τοῖσιν δ' ἐπῆνδανέ μῦθος π. 406. SYN. Ἀρέσκω, ἀνδάνω.

Ἐπιάχω, acclamo : to shout, shriek at. Ἐπιάχον ἡ δεικάχιλοι E. 860. Thei is long here by Arsis. SYN. Ἐπισῶα, ἐπᾶω, ἐπαῦτέω, ἀνὰκράζω, ἀνὰσῶα, κηρύσσω.

Ἐπισθάρων, ου, τὸ, naulum : passage-money, fare. Καὶ δὲ κέν ἀλλ' ἐπισθάρων ἐγών ο. 448. SYN. see Ναύλον.

Ἐπισβαίνω, θήσδω, conscendo, adeo, evenio ; a. 1. pono, sublevo : to ascend, embark, go to, turn out or prove ; a. 1. to raise. Orest. 530. SYN. Ἀναβαίνω, ἐμβαίνω, ἐπεμβαίνω, εἰσβαίνω, ἐπέρχομαι, ἐπισᾶνέω.

Ἐπισβάλλω, ἀλῶ, injicio, infigo : to put or throw upon, inflict. Choëph. 398. SYN. Εἰσβάλλω, προσβάλλω, πρόσμεβάλλω, ἐπιτίθημι, ἐπιρρίπτω, ἐπάγω.

Ἐπισάσκω, induco : to bring in or upon. B. 234. SYN. Ἐπάγω, ἐνάγω, ἐπισαίνω.

Ἐπίσαστάζω, fero in : to bear or carry in. Cycl. 378. SYN. Διάσαστάζω, βαστάζω, ἀνὰκουφίζω, φέρω.

Ἐπίσδᾶ, Ἐπίσδα, ης, ἡ, “ proprie, dies festus additus ; deinde in genere, dies sequens ; sequens tempus : uti in hoc Pindari loco. V. Schol. et Heyne in l. et Damm. in v. item Ruhken. ad Timæum, v. Ἐπίσδᾶ.” Maltb. : a day immediately after the feast, when the common people were allowed to eat the remnant of the festival ; generally, any succeeding day ; the following time. Τραχεῖαν ἐρπόνταν πρὸς ἐπίσδαν ὕμῳ Pyth. 4. 249., answered by Τιμᾶν δάσασθαι μάλᾳ τὲ γὰρ τοι ἐγώ. EXP. Ἡ μεθεορτός ἡμέρα.

Ἐπίσήτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, qui navem vel equum conscendit : one who mounts, a mariner, rider. σ. 262. SYN. see Ἐπεμῆτης.

Ἐπίσλεπω, inspicio, considero, curo : to look upon or to, regard. Καὶ τύχαις ἐπισλέπων C. R. 1526. SYN. Εμσλέπω, ἐπιδέρκομαι, ἐπισκοπέω, ἐφύρᾶω, ἐπιλέυσσω, ἐποπτεύω, ἀπὸ-βλέπω.

Ἐπίσληξ, ἡτός, ὁ, obex, pessulus : a bolt, bar. Ἐχέ μόνος ἐπίσληξ Ω. 453. SYN. Μόχλος, ὄχλεις, δόκος, κλειθρὸν.

Ἐπίσδᾶω, Ἐπίσωστρέω, inclamo, vocifero : to shout at or cry over, bark at, call aloud upon. Aves 898. Theoc. 12. 35. SYN. Ἀνὰσῶα, ἐμ-εῶα, ἀνὰκράζω, ἐπικάλῶ, ἐπιᾶχω, κέλεᾶω.

Ἐπίσδλη, ἡς, ἡ, muleta: a fine. Vesp. 766. SYN. Ζημία.

Ἐπίσουλκός, ου, ὁ, bubulcus: a cowherd. v. 235. SYN. see Βουκόλος.

Ἐπίσουλευτής, ου, ὁ; Ἐπίσουλός, ου, ὁ, insidiator, insidiosus: one who has designs against another; one who plots against; insidious. Aj. 726. Æsch. Sup. 595.

Ἐπίσουλεύω, insidiare molior: to plot against, take by a snare. Thesm. 82. SYN. Ἐφ᾽εδρεύω, ἐν᾽εδρεύω, λοχίζω, λυχάω.

Ἐπίσουλία, ας, ἡ, insidiæ: a design against another, plot. Nem. 4. 58. SYN. Λοχός, ἐπίσδλη, εγχερήμια.

Ἐπίσουλός. See Ἐπίσουλευτής.

Ἐπίσέρω, admurmuro: to roar, murmur. Δεινὸν ἐπισερέμεται Ran. 680. SYN. Εμ᾽ερέμω, βρέμω, ψόφω, ἔπηχew.

Ἐπίσριθς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, prægravis, confirmans: pressing with great weight upon, giving weight or sanction to. Παντὶ χρόνῳ δ' ἐπίσριθς Eumen. 968. SYN. Εμ᾽εριθς, βάρυς, δεινός, χάλεπός.

Ἐπίσριθω, ingravesco, magno pondere irruo: to press heavily upon. Pyth. 3. 190. See Βρίθω. SYN. Κατάσριθω, εμ᾽ερίθω, Βάρεω, βάρυνω, κατάθάρηνω.

Ἐπίσριμάμαι, infrendeo, minitor: to roar at, threaten. Δεινὸν ἐπεσριμάτῳ Call. 4. 56. SYN. Ἐπίσρέμω, εμ᾽ερέμω.

Ἐπίσρόντης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, attonitus, amens: thunder-struck, mad. Οὐπίσρόντης μολών Aj. 1386.

Ἐπίσω, ὥσω, obturo: to stop up, fill up. Τὸ στόμ' ἐπίσους κέρμασιν τῶν ῥητόρων Plut. 379. SYN. Βύω, ἐμπλήθω, γέμιζω, σκέπάζω.

Ἐπίσώμιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altari impositus, ad altare cantari solitus: placed on the altar, at the altar. Eur. El. 715.

Ἐπίσωστρεώ. See Ἐπίσδω.

Ἐπίσώτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, pastor: a feeder of cattle, shepherd. v. 222. SYN. see Βώτηρ.

Ἐπίγάμew, conjugem superinduco: to marry again, add one husband to another. Οὐ γάρ ἐπεγάμει πόσιν πόσει Orest. 588. SYN. see Γάμew.

Ἐπίγάμws, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nubilus: marriageable. Θυγάτηρ ἐπιγάμws κὰν ὅλως μὴδὲν λάλῃ Menand.

Ἐπίγεινύμαι, Ἐπίγίγνυμαι, adnascor, succedo, contingo post: to spring up, succeed, happen thereupon or after. Z. 148. K. 70. SYN. Γίγνυμαι, γεννᾶμαι, ἀνίσχω, αὐξέμαι, ἐπιδιδωμί.

Ἐπίγέλᾳω, arrideo, irrideo: to smile upon, laugh at. Thesm. 979. See Γέλᾳω. SYN. Εγ-γέλᾳω, κατὰγέλᾳω, ἐπισκώπτω, διαπαίζω.

Ἐπίγίγνυμαι. See Ἐπίγεινύμαι.

Ἐπίγινγώσκω, agnosco: to discover, understand, recognise. ω. 216. SYN. Γινγώσκω, ἀνὰγινγώσκω, αἰσθάνομαι, ἐξεπίστάμαι, μαρθάνω.

Ἐπίγλωσσάμαι, effutio in alioquem: to use the tongue against, threaten. Ταυτ' ἐπιγλωσσᾷ Διός P. V. 964. SYN. Κατάσδω, κατηγόρεω, φλύαρεω.

Ἐπίγνάμπτω, inflecto: to bend back, prevail on, bend. Κάθῃσθ' ἐπιγναμψασά φίλον κῆρ A. 569. SYN. Γνάμπτω, κατάκάμπτω, πραινῶ.

Ἐπίγνώμων, υνός, ὁ, ἡ, judex; venia facilis: a judge; considerate, indulgent. Ἐπιγνώμων δὲ τοῖ ἐμὶ Mosch. 4. 70. SYN. Συγγνώμων, κρίτης, ἐπόπτης.

Ἐπίγονοι, ων, οἱ, "posteri. Ita dicebantur κατ' ἐξῆρον Septem ducum filii, qui decem post anni, Thersandro duce, Thebas expugnauerunt; de quibus vid. Heyne ad Apollodor. iii. 7. 2. Num hos innuerit Æschylus, vix satis liquet." Blomf. ad Sept. Th. 896. Hos innuit Euripides, Suppl. 1234.: posterity, the Epigoni.

Ἐπίγονιδιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, genibus impositus: on the knee. Ταί δ' ἐπίγονιδίον Pyth. 9. 107.

Ἐπίγονις, ιδός, ἡ, os latum et rotundum, quo genuum commissura tegitur, femur: the kneepan, thigh. Ἐπίγονιδιά δεῖτο p. 225. SYN. Μηρός, μηρῖον, ισχίον. Ep. Λευκή.

Ἐπίγρᾶδην, stringendo leviter: with a scratch, lightly. Ἐπιγρᾶδην βάλε χεῖρός φ. 166. SYN. Αἰγδην, ἐλαφρῶς, κοῦφως.

Ἐπίγραμμα, ἄτδς, τὸ, inscriptio: an inscription, title. Τοῦπίγγραμ' ἐν Ἑλλάδι Troad. 1187.

Ἐπίγρᾳφω, inscribo; leviter perstringo: to make a mark upon, inscribe; to graze slightly. Οἷστος ἐπέγραψε χρῶα φωτός Δ. 139. SYN. Εγγραφέω, καθάπτωμαι, ἐπιζέω.

Ἐπιδάιωμα, divido, distribuo: to divide, distribute. H. Merc. 383.

Ἐπιδαισίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in hæreditatis partitione attributus: allotted for a share. Ἐχεν ἐπιδαισίον οἶκον Call. 1. 59.

Ἐπιδάκρυν, ὥσω, defleo; to weep over. Κάπι-δάκρυν ἀντίσθλούντων Vesp. 879. SYN. Κατά-δάκρυν, κατὰλῶφύρομαι, δάκρυν, ἐπίθρηνέω, ἐπικακῶ. See Κακῶ.

Ἐπιδαιρύος, α, ὄν, Epidaurius: of Epidaurus. Τοῦπιδαιρύον λάβων Eur. Sup. 724.

Ἐπιδάυρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et δθεν, (Nem. 3. ult.) ὁ, ἡ, Epidaurus: a city in Argolis. Καί ἀμπελῶεντ' ἐπιδάυρον B. 561.

Ἐπιδείελός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pomeridianus: in the afternoon. Ἐπιδείελᾳ λαῶν ἡμαρ Hes. Op. 810.

Ἐπιδείκνυμι, demonstro: to show, exhibit. Eur. El. 856. SYN. Ἀνὰδείκνυμι, ἐπιδείξιν vel σύμβολον εκφέρω vel πᾶρεχω, ἀποδείξιν vel πείραν δίδωμι.

Ἐπιδείξις, ἔως, ἡ, demonstratio: a display, demonstration. Phoen. 885.

Ἐπιδειπνέω, secundarium cœnam perago: to entertain with a second supper. Eq. 1137.

Ἐπιδέμνιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vestibus stratus: covered with bed-clothes. Hec. 921.

Ἐπιδέξιος, α, ὄν, dexter, scitus, lepidus, faustus: on the right, knowing, clever, auspicious. Πάντᾳ τὰπιδέξια Av. 1493. SYN. Ενδέξιος, δεξίος, αἰσίος, ευφύης, σφδός, ἐμπειρός.

Ἐπιδέρκωμα, insipio: to lock upon. λ. 16. SYN. Εισδέρκωμα, ἐπίσλεπω.

Ἐπιδεσμός, ου, ὁ, fascia: a bandage. Vesp. 1438. SYN. Δεσίς, δεσμός, τελᾳμών, σπάργανον.

Ἐπιδεσπόζω, dominor: to be master of. Pers. 246. See Δεσπόζω.

Ἐπιδεύς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, indigens: poor, in want. E. 481. SYN. Ενδής, ὑπόδής, ἀπόρος, ἐλλίπης, ἀτελής.

Ἐπιδεύωμαι, indigeo: to want in addition, desire more, be deficient in. B. 229. SYN. Ενδέωμαι, δέομαι, δεύωμαι, προσδέομαι, ἐλαττώμαι, λείπωμαι, ἀπορέω.

Ἐπιδέω, insuper ligo: to bind besides. Ran. 1038. SYN. see Δέω.

Ἐπιδηλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus: remarkable, manifest. Theogn. 442. SYN. see Δηλός.

Ἐπιδημεύω, Ἐπιδημέω, in populo vel urbe versor: to remain at home. *p.* 28. *Call.* 2. 12.

SYN. Εὐνδημέω, οικουρέω, μέτεμι.

Ἐπιδήμιος, Ἐπιδημῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, versans in populo, domesticus; advena: being among the people, at home, domestic; a foreigner. *A.* 233. *Call.* 3. 226. *SYN.* Δήμιος, δημοσίος, ἐμφύλιος, κοινοῦς.

Ἐπιδιάρρηγνυμι, disrumpo: to break or burst asunder. *Eq.* 698. *SYN.* Διάρρηγνυμι, δι-ἀράσσω.

Ἐπιδίδωμι, dono præterea, augeo: to give additionally, increase. *Med.* 189. See Δίδωμι.

Ἐπιδίζομαι, insuper quæro: to seek over and above. *Φίλας δ' ἐπιδίξ' ἑταίρας Mosch.* 2. 28. *SYN.* see Δίξημι.

Ἐπιδιώνω, in orbem ago, verso: to whirl, turn about. *Ἐνθ' ἐπιδινηθέντ' β.* 151. *SYN.* Συντρέφω, συσσεύω, δινέω.

Ἐπιδιπλοῖω, reduplico: to repeat. We have in *Eumen.* 1017., Χαίρέτ' χαίρέτ' δ' αὖθις ἐπιδιπλοῖω; but *Porson* includes this word in brackets as of doubtful authority. *Pierson.* *Moer.* *Att.* *p.* 167., justly thinks that it was derived from the scholium. As the line now stands, it does not metrically agree with the corresponding line in the strophe.

Ἐπιδιφριάς, ἄδός, ἡ, currus circumferentia: the front semicircle of a chariot, a ring in the box of the chariot to which the reins were suspended. *Εξ ἐπιδιφριάδος πυμάτων K.* 475.

Ἐπιδιφρύς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui super curru est aut sedet: sitting upon the box, on the chariot. *Φέρων ἐπιδιφριά δαίη ο.* 51.

Ἐπιδιόω, ἄσω, voluto; unde quaque recenset: to revolve, examine on all sides. *Πολλὰς δ' ἐπεδοιάσθ' βουλὰς Apoll.* 3. 19. *SYN.* Εὐδοιάω, ἀμφισθετέω, μεμνηρίω, σκέπτομαι.

Ἐπιδόξος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, illustris: illustrious. *Nem.* 9. 110. *SYN.* see Κλύτος.

Ἐπιδόρπιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad cœnam utilis: proper for supper. *Theoc.* 13. 36. *SYN.* Πότιδόρπιος.

Ἐπιδόρμῶ, curro ad; grassor: to run to for refuge; to assail. *Æsch.* *Sup.* 130. *SYN.* Ἐπιτρέχω, ἐπιδιδράσκω, ἐμπίπτω, ἐμβάλλω.

Ἐπιδόρμη, ἡς, ἡ, incurio, irruptio: an inroad, attack. *Αἰέονος τ' ἐπιδόρμῶς Helen.* 403. *Apoll.* 3. 593. *SYN.* Εισδόρμη, μεδολή, ἐπίεδολή.

Ἐπιδόρμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, accessu facilis, incurisionibus obnoxius: accessible, assailable. *Καὶ ἐπιδόρμον ἐπλετό τείχος A.* 434. *SYN.* Εὐπρόσ-δός, εὐπρόσοιστος, ἁλωτός.

Ἐπιδύνω, occido super: to set upon. *Μὴ πρὶν ἐπ' ἡέλιον δύναι B.* 413. *SYN.* see Δύνω and Δύομαι.

Ἐπιείκλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, similis: like. *Δ.* 394. *SYN.* Είκλός, ὁμοῖος, πρόσμοιός, ἀλγικῖός, ἐν-ἀλγικῖός.

Ἐπιείκης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, æquus, decens, moderatus, mediocris: fair, equitable, proper, moderate, meek. *Vesp.* 1027. *SYN.* Ἰσός, δίκαιός, μέτριός, πρέπων, πρόσῃκων, ἀγαθός, ἐπιεικτός.

Ἐπιεικτός, ἡ, ὄν, cedens: tolerabilis: yielding; to be endured. *Δ.* 307. *SYN.* Ἐπιείκης.

Ἐπιεικῶς, decenter, moderate, mediocriter: fairly, adequately, fitly. *Vesp.* 1249. *SYN.* Μέτριως, καλῶς, ἱκανῶς, κομίδῃ.

Ἐπιέλδομαι, cupio insuper: to desire besides. *Apoll.* 4. 783. *SYN.* Ἐλδομαι, ἐπιθυμέω.

Pros. Lex.

Ἐπιέλπυμαι, insuper spero: to hope for besides. *φ.* 126. *SYN.* see Ελπίζω.

Ἐπιέω. See Ἐφέω.

Ἐπιζᾶρέω, vox Arcadica, pro Ἐπιζᾶρῶ, præ-gravo: to oppress, ravage. *Δίδωσιν ὥς δ' ἐπεζᾶρει Phœn.* 45. *SYN.* Ἐπικείμει, κάκδ-πάθω.

Ἐπιζᾶφέλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vehemens, ardens: violent, raging. *Ἐπιζᾶφέλος χόλλος Ἰκοι I.* 521. *SYN.* Ζᾶφλέγης, θούριος, δεινός, σφοδρός, ισχυρός, χάλῆπος.

Ἐπιζᾶφέλως, vehementer: violently. *Ἐπιζᾶφέλως μένῃαιεν ζ.* 330. *SYN.* Σφοδρά, δεινῶς, χάλῆπος.

Ἐπιζευγνύω, Ἐπιζεύγνυμι, desuper innecto: to fasten besides. *Χειράς ἐπιζεύξαντά Theoc.* 22. 3. *SYN.* Συζευγνύω, ἐπιτίθημι, ἐπιδέω.

Ἐπιζεφύριοι, ων, οἱ, Epizephyrii: one of the four divisions of the Locrians. *Olymp.* 11. 14. See Ζεφύριος.

Ἐπιζέω, εῶω, fervesco: to boil over, rage against. *Δαιμόνων ἐπέζεσεν Iph.* T. 988. *SYN.* Ἀναζέω, ζέω, ἐπέρχομαι.

Ἐπίζηλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui beatus prædicatur: called happy, to be admired. *Οὐκ ἐπίζηλος πέλει Agam.* 912. *SYN.* Ἀρίζηλος, ζηλωτός, μακάρ, ἐρίζηλος.

Ἐπίτηρᾶνός, Ἐπίτηρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, jucundus, gratus: desirable, agreeable. *Πόδων ἐπίτηρᾶνὰ θυμῷ τ.* 343. "Ἄλλι ἐπίτηρ' ἂνὰ θυμῷ." *Seber.* The latter word occurs in *A.* 572. *SYN.* Ἐπήρατός, ἑρᾶνός, ἱμεῖρός, ἀγαπητός, πρῶσηνης, κέχαρισ-μένός, ἐράσμιός.

Ἐπιθαρσύνω, insuper fidentem reddo: to give additional confidence. *Τὸν δ' ἐπιθαρσύνων Δ.* 183. *SYN.* see Θαρσύνω.

Ἐπιθανυμάω, ἄσω, donis honoro: to honour with presents. *Nub.* 1146. *SYN.* Ἀποθανυμάω, ὑπερθανυμάω, δανυμάω, δεξιόδομαι.

Ἐπιθήκη, ἡς, ἡ, accessio: addition. *Hes.* *Op.* 380. *SYN.* Προσθήκη.

Ἐπιθημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, operculum, tegmen: a cover, lid. *Ω.* 228. *SYN.* Ἐπικάλυμᾶ, κάλυμ-μᾶ, πᾶμᾶ.

Ἐπιθόάζω, urgeo: perturbato animo sum: to press on; to be irritated. *Choëph.* 843. *SYN.* Θοάζω, τᾶχύνω, ἐπιστεύδομαι.

Ἐπιθόρῶ, Ἐπιθώρασκω, adsilio, insilio: to leap upon, insult. *O.* 582. *E.* 772. *SYN.* Εὐθόρῶ, ἐπίπηδάω, ἐπενθώρασκω, ἐφάλλομαι.

Ἐπιθυμέω, concupisco, desidero: to set the mind upon, desire. *Κεῖν' ἐπιθυμῶν δώματα valein Aleest.* 884. *SYN.* Ἐπυχόμεαι, πύθω, ἐπιπύθω, ἱμείρομαι, ὀρεγόμεαι, ἐλδόμεαι, ἐπιέλδομαι, πρῶθυ-μῶμαι, μέναινω, ἐράμαι.

Ἐπιθυμῆταιρά, as, ἡ, cupida: desirous or fond of. *Πόλῃ μου ἐπιθυμῆταιρά Call.* 3. 237.

Ἐπιθυμία, as, ἡ, cupiditas, conatus: a desire, attempt. *Δδλὺς ἡ' ἐπιθυμία Cycl.* 448. *SYN.* Πρόθυμία, ἱμεῖρός, ὀρεξίς, ἔρως, ὁρμή. *Ερ.* *Ασ-χίμων, αρχέκακός.*

Ἐπιθυμίαμα, ἄτος, τὸ, suffimentum: incense. *Λάβουσθ' κατ'ἐπιθυμιάματα C.* R. 913. *SYN.* Θυ-μίαμα.

Ἐπιθύνω, ὕνω, dirigo: to direct. *Forsan in Maneth.* 2. 340. See Ἰθύνω.

Ἐπιθύω, ὥω, irruo: to rush on. *Ἦς ἂν ἐπιθύ-σαντ' ἑλοίμ' ἄ π.* 297. *SYN.* Ἰθύνα, ἐπιφέρ-μαι, ἐπιστεύδομαι, ἐνδρῶω.

Ἐπιθύω, ὥω, insuper sacrifico: to sacrifice in addition, to sacrifice in revenge. *Ἐπὶ δ' ἔθυσ' ἄ*

μητέρα Orest. 555. See the simple verb. See also another sense above.

Ἐπιθωρήσσομαι, armor adversus aliquem : to arm oneself against. Apoll. 1. 42. SYN. Ἐφ-ὀπλίζω.

Ἐπιθούσσω, ξω, acclamo ; vociferando incito : to bawl at, to urge on. Πανὸς κόπαις ἐπιθούζει Iph. T. 1128. SYN. Θωύσσω, κραυγάζω, ἐπεμ-θριμάμαι, ἐπαύτω.

Ἐπίστωρ, ὄρς, ὁ, ἡ, peritus, sciens : skilful or experienced in. φ. 26. SYN. see Ἰδμων and Ἰστωρ.

Ἐπικάθεζομαι, Ἐπικάθηναι, Ἐπικάθίζω, insideo, inequo : to sit upon, to ride upon. Εφ' οἷς ἀν οὗτος ἐπικάθεζεται μῆνος Plut. 185. 1046. 179. SYN. Εγκάθεζομαι, ἐφέξομαι, ἐφίζανω.

Ἐπικάθηναι. See above.

Ἐπικάθίζω. See above.

Ἐπικαινῶ, innovo : to new-model. Eumen. 696., ex certissima Stephani emendatione.

Ἐπικαιρὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, opportunus : seasonable, suitable. Pyth. 4. 480. SYN. Καίριος, εὐκαιρὸς, ωφέλιμος.

Ἐπικάω, καύσω, inuro, uro : to burn upon, burn. Θέῳ δ' ἐπὶ μηρίᾳ καίον γ. 9. SYN. Ἀνά-καίω, καίω, φλέγω, ἐπιφλέγω, αὐθάλδω, κνισσάω.

Ἐπικάλῶ, Ἐπικέκλδμαι, voco, invoco : to call by an additional name, call for. Εἰέν γ' ἀκούω ταῦτ' ἐπικάλεις μανθᾶν Pax. 663. Aesch. Sup. 41. SYN. Εγκάλῶ, ἀνάκαλῶ, ἐπιδάω.

Ἐπικάλπτω, opperio : to cover, close. Herc. F. 642. See Κάλπτω.

Ἐπικαμπύλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, incurvus : crooked. Ἐπικαμπύλος ὤμους H. in Merc. 90. SYN. see Καμπύλος.

Ἐπικάρσιος, α, ὄν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, obliquus, præceps : headlong. Ἐπικάρσιαι ἰστιά δέ σφιν ι. 70. SYN. Εγκάρσιος, λέχριος.

Ἐπικάστη, ης, ἡ, Epicasta : another name for Jocasta. See Ἰκάστη. Ἴδον καλὴν Ἐπικάστην λ. 270.

Ἐπικάχλαξέσκω, strepito : to roar, laugh about. Πέτρας ἐπικάχλαξεν Apoll. 4. 944.

Ἐπικειμαι, impositus sum, jaceo super, insto : to be placed upon, be upon or near, urge. Eur. Sup. 726. SYN. Ἐγκειμαι, ἐπιτίθεμαι, ἐπιφέρω-μαι, ἐπέχω, ἀνέχω.

Ἐπικείρω, κέρσω, attondeo, præcido : to cut off, destroy. Π. 394. SYN. Ἀποκείρω, ἀπότημ-νω, ἀπάμᾶω, διαφθείρω, κατὰκόπτω.

Ἐπικέκλδμαι. See Ἐπικάλῶ.

Ἐπικέλαδῶ, inelamo : to shout at, applaud. Ἐπὶ δὲ Τρώες κέλαδσαν Θ. 542. SYN. Κέλα-δῶ, ἐπευφημέω, ἐπιδάω.

Ἐπικελεύω, hortor : to instigate. Orest. 1235. SYN. Εγκελεύω, διακέλεύομαι, παραινέω, προ-τρέπω.

Ἐπικέλλω, appello, pervenio : to approach to land, arrive. ι. 148. Κέλλω, ὀκέλλω, ἐπυκέλλω, ὀρμάω.

Ἐπικερτῶμῶ, probris lacesso : to reproach. χ. 194. SYN. Κερτῶμῶ, ἐπιχλευάζω, λοιδορέω, ἐπισκάπτω, διάσύρω, οιστρηλάττω.

Ἐπικεῖθω, σω, oculo : to hide. ο. 263. SYN. Ἐπικρύπτω, ἀποκρύπτω, κεύθωμαι.

Ἐπικήδειος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, funebris, lugubris : funereal, mournful. Troad. 516. SYN. Γόερὸς, θρηνηδὼς, πένθιμος.

Ἐπικήρδς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, fato lethifero obnoxius ; periculis : subject to death ; feeble, transient. Call. Ep. 61.

Ἐπικήρκευμᾶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, legatio de aliqua re : a deputation, embassy. Γένοι' ἀν καπικήρκευ-μᾶσι Med. 736. SYN. Πρεσβεία, πρέσβευμᾶ.

Ἐπικήρκευῶμαι, pacem offero per præconem : to offer terms of peace. Thesm. 1163. See above.

Ἐπικήρρῶσω, ξω, annuncio : to announce by a herald. Sept. Th. 631. SYN. Κηρῶσω, ἀνᾶκη-ρῶσω, ἀνὰγυρέω.

Ἐπικίδνημι, dispergo : to scatter upon or over. H. 458. SYN. Σκεδάννυμι, διασκεδάζω, ἐπι-κλύζω.

Ἐπικινδύνω, periculose : hazardously. Καπὶ-κινδύνως βρότοις Philoct. 503.

Ἐπίκλαυτς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, flebilis : mourned. Ran. 695. See above. SYN. Πύλκλαυτς, αιακτὸς, γόερὸς, πένθιμος.

Ἐπικλάω, fleo insuper : to weep besides or over. Κλάειν ἑλενωὺς σὺ δ' ἐπικλάειν ὑστέρον Thesm. 1063. SYN. Κλαίω, ἀνᾶκλαίω, θρηνέω, ἐπὸλδύζω, ἐπιδάκρῶω, ὀλοφύρομαι.

Ἐπικλείω, celebros, dico, invoco ; occludo : to celebrate, speak of, invoke ; to fold up. Καὶ τοὺς πρωκτοὺς ἐπικλείει Pax 101. SYN. Κλείω, περίσθῶω, εὐλόγῶ.

Ἐπικλήμᾶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, criminis obiectio : an accusation, charge. Ἐπικλήμ' ἐχούσαις ὁ τί τυχὼ Orest. 563. SYN. Ἐγκλημᾶ, αἰτίμᾶ, κατη-γούρια.

Ἐπικληρὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, hæres : an heir or heiress. Ἐπικληρὸν εἶναι τὴν Ἀθηναίαν δόκει Av. 1653. SYN. Κληρὸνμόδς.

Ἐπικληρῶ, sorte attribuo, sortior : to allot. Ἐπικληρῶσάν ἀρῆγειν Call. 3. 23. SYN. Διά-κληρῶ, κληρῶ, ἐπικλώθω.

Ἐπικλησις, ἑὸς, ἡ, cognomen ; invocatio ; ignominia : an appellation, surname ; imputation. Ἀμαζὴν ἐπικλησιν κάλειουσιν Σ. 487. SYN. Ἐπανύμια, ὀνύμᾶ.

Ἐπικλητὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, advocatus : invited, summoned. Οὐρησόμενᾶ τὰ τῶν ἐπικλήτων δεῦρ' ἵνα Pax 1265. SYN. Πρόσκλητὸς, παρᾶκλητὸς, σὺνήγυρὸς.

Ἐπικλινῆς, ἑὸς, ὁ, ἡ, declivis, deorsum ver-gens : sloping. Ἐπικλινὲς δὲ τάλαντον Call. fr. 312.

Ἐπικλιωτῶν, οὐ, τὸ, sella vel lectus : a couch. Eccles. 907. SYN. Κλίνη, κλισμός, λέκτρον.

Ἐπικλίνω, ἰνῶ, acclino, jaceo super : to incline to, verge upon, be contiguous to. Τὰς ἐπικεκλι-μένας ὀχθοῖς Troad. 803. SYN. Ἀποκλίνω, εγκλίνω, ἐπικειμαι, ἐπιπίπτω.

Ἐπικλῶπς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, furax, vafer : over-reach- ing, cunningly expert. Κερδάλῆς κ' εἴη καὶ ἐπικλῶπς ν. 291. SYN. Κλέπτης, δόλομητις, κερδάλῆς, ηγέρουπς, πανούργος.

Ἐπικλύζω, Ἐπικλυέσκω, proluo, inundo, submergo : to overflow, inundate, submerge. Ἐνὸ-σις ἀπασάν ἐνδοσίς ἐπικλύσει πῶλιν Troad. 1318. See also Ψ. 6. SYN. Κλύζω, κατὰκλύζω, κατὰ-βάλλω.

Ἐπικλύω, audio, ausculto : to hear, listen to, learn. Ζηνὸς ἐπέκλυεν ἀγγελίαν ε. 150. SYN. see Ἐπαῖω and Κλύω.

Ἐπικλώθω, σω, fatalia stamina duco, sortior : to spin the web of fate, to allot. Τοιοῦτον ἐπ-έκλωσαν θεοὶ ὄλθον γ. 208. SYN. Κλώθω, ἐπι-κληρῶω, κυρῶω, εἰμαρμένον ποιεῶ.

Ἐπικνώω, intero : to grate upon, scrape with a grater. Ἀλλ' ἐπικνώωσιν τυρὼν ἔλαιον Av. 533. SYN. Κνώω.

Ἐπίκοινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, communis, promiscuus : common, promiscuous. Androm. 124. SYN. Κοινωνός, μετόχος, κοινός, συκοινωνός.

Ἐπικοκκυστρία, ας, ἡ, more κόκκυξ accinens : cuckoo-like. Αντφός ἐπικοκκυστρία Thesm. 1068.

Ἐπικομπάζω, glorior : to vaunt, glory in. Herc. F. 976.

Ἐπικόπτω, incido, in cacumine cædo ; med. plango : to smite upon, fell ; midd. to strike oneself for, lament for. See Kuster de Med. Voc., and Remarks on the Middle Verb by Dr. Tate, in the 'Museum Criticum,' vol. i. p. 102. Troad. 629. SYN. Εγκόπτω, κατὰκόπτω, ἐπί-τέμνω, ἐπιπλήσσω, κατὰπαίω.

Ἐπικόττος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infensus : irritated, hostile. Sept. Th. 786. SYN. Ἐγκόττος, ζῆκόττος, πέρι-οργής, φύθερός, εχθρός.

Ἐπικότως, iracunde : angrily. P. V. 168. SYN. Οργίλως, πάλιγκότως, δυσκόλως, δυσθύ-μος.

Ἐπικουρέω, auxilior ; remedium adhibeo : to act as an ally, assist ; alleviate. Iph. A. 1452. SYN. Ἐπαμύνω, ἀμύνω, ἐπίδοηδω.

Ἐπικουρία, ας ; Ἐπικούρησις, ἔως, ἡ, auxilium, remedium : succour, alleviation, remedy. Ἐπικουρία γὰρ ἀδδὲ Orest. 294. Androm. 128. SYN. Αλκή, ἀλκὰρ, ἀλεξητήριον, βόήθειά, ἀρωγή.

Ἐπικουρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auxiliator ; allevans ; effica : an ally ; alleviating ; productive of. Orest. 300. SYN. Βῆθος, ἀλεξητήρ, σύμμαχος. Ερ. Μικρός, αγχέμαχος, εγχέσπαλός, κλειτός, τηλέκλιτός, σθενᾶρος, τηλέκλειτός, πολυκλειτός, ἀγᾶκλειτός, πολυκλητός, πέρικτιών, ὑπερμένης.

Ἐπικουφίζω, ἴσω et ἰώ, abbevo, sublevo : to lighten, buoy up. Eur. El. 72. SYN. Ἀνάκου-φίζω, ἐλαφύνω.

Ἐπικραίνω, Ἐπικραίνω, perficio, efficio : to fulfil, complete. Τὸδ' ἐπικρήνην ἔελδω A. 455. H. in Merc. 528. SYN. Ἐπιτέλω, κραίνω.

Ἐπικράδῶ, evibro, quatio super : to shake, brandish over, ply. Ἐπικράδαντάς ἔρετμά Apoll. 1. 552. SYN. Κράδαινω, ἀναστρέφω.

Ἐπικραίνω. See Ἐπικραίνω.

Ἐπικρανύω, ου, τὸ, quod super caput est : a head-dress, ornament for the head, chapter. Βᾶρ μοι κέφαλῆς ἐπικρανὺν ἔχειν Hipp. 201. SYN. Κρήδεμνόν, κέκρυφᾶλός, κράνός, κά-λυμμά.

Ἐπικράτew, prævaleo, potior, cohibeo : to gain power over, possess, control, stop. "Ἐως ἂν ὑμῶν ἐπικράτησω τοῦ κόδξ Ran. 268. SYN. Κράτew, κατέχω, ὑπερέχω, ἀρχω, ἐκνικάω.

Ἐπικράτew, potenter : with superior force. Ἐμπέω, ἐπικράτew Π. 81. SYN. Κράτew, ισχυράς, ἴφι.

Ἐπικράτης, ους, ὁ, Epicrates. Κάγωγ' Ἐπικρά-τους οὐκ ὀλίγη καλλίονα Eccles. 71.

Ἐπικράω, Ion. pro Ἐπικεράω, iterum infundo, superinfundo : to mix again or beside. Οἶνον ἐπικρᾶσαι ἰνᾷ η. 164. SYN. Εγκεράννυμι, συγ-κεράννυμι, εγχέω, ἐπιχέω.

Ἐπικρεάννυμι, pass. Ἐπικρεᾶμαι, suspendo super : to suspend over. Ἐπικρεᾶθ' ἡμῖν δλε-θρος Apoll. 3. 483. SYN. Ἐπαρτάω, ἀποκρεᾶ-μαι, κρεᾶμαι, ἐπικειμαι.

Ἐπικρίδω, cum delectu, diligenter : with choice. Ἐπικρίδων ἱρέσαντο Apoll. 2. 301. SYN. Ορθώς, λθγᾶδην.

Ἐπικρίων, ου, τὸ, antenna : the sail-yard. Καὶ ἐπικρίων ἐμπέσῃ πόντῳ ε. 318.

Ἐπικρούω, pulso, impello : to beat upon, strike. Agam. 196. SYN. Εγκρούω, προσκρούω, ἐμπήγνυμι, ἐμβάλλω.

Ἐπικρύπτω, celo : to conceal. Χρήστ' ἐπι-κρύπτειν φίλους Eur. Sup. 306. SYN. see Κρύπτω.

Ἐπικρύφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, occultus : hidden. Γλῶσ-σαν καὶ ἐπικρύφον οἶμον Olymp. 8. 92. SYN. see Κρυπτός.

Ἐπικρώω, crocito : to caw, croak. Ἐπικρώ-ζουσι κύρῳναι Eq. 1051. SYN. Κρώω, ἐπίδῶω, κράω.

Ἐπικτάδμαι, insuper adquireo : to acquire in addition. Antig. 846. See below. SYN. Προσ-κτάδμαι.

Ἐπικτείνω, iterum neco : to slay over again. Τὸν δανὸν' ἐπικτάνειν Antig. 1042.

Ἐπικτερίζω, Ἐπικτερίζω, justa facio : to per- form the rites due to the dead. Καὶ ἐπὶ κτέρεα κτέρισεαν Ω. 38. a. 291. SYN. see Κτέρεζω.

Ἐπικτησίς, ἔως, ἡ, accessio possessionum : ac- quisition. Κἀλλ' γὰρ ἡ' πικτησίς Philoct. 1344. SYN. Κτῆσις, κτῆμά, προσθήκη.

Ἐπικτύπεω, insono, strepitum excito : to rattle, ring. Ἐπεκτύπησ' Ὀλυμπόν Av. 781. SYN. Ἐπυχέω, ἀράβεω, ἐπιψόφεω, διαψόφεω.

Ἐπικύντω, pronus incumbo : to bend or lean forward. Thesm. 239. SYN. see Κύπτω.

Ἐπικύρνω, κόρσω, incido et nanciscor, sorte obtineo : to fall upon and find, gain by lot. Τὰς ἐπέκυσσάμεν Pers. 859. SYN. Κύρνω, εγ- κύρνω, ἐπίτυγχάνω.

Ἐπικυρώω, confirmo, ratum facio : to confirm, ratify. Κατέκυσσαν δανειν Orest. 851.

Ἐπικυρτώω, incurvo : to curve, bend into a curve. Hes. Clyp. 234. SYN. Κυρτώω, αγκυ- λώω, κατὰκύμπτω.

Ἐπικυρώω, lamentor : to moan over. Καπί- κωκῶ πάτρός Soph. El. 285. SYN. Ἀνάκωκῶ, ἐπιδάκρῶ, ἐπιθρηνέω.

Ἐπικωλύω, impedio : to hinder. 'Εσται μ' ὀπικωλύων τάδε Philoct. 1242. SYN. see Κωλύω.

Ἐπικωμάζω, ἄσω, commessor : to feast upon, revel in. Alcest. 847. SYN. Κωμάζω, ἀνάσκα- χεύομαι.

Ἐπικώμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, laudatorius : encomiastic. Nem. 8. 85.

Ἐπικώπτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, remigationi accinctus : sit- ting at the oar, ready for rowing. Acharn. 231. SYN. Κωπήρης, κωπήεις.

Ἐπιλάσῃ, ἡς, ἡ, prehensio : the laying hold. Æsch. Sup. 440. See Λάβῃ. SYN. Λήψις.

Ἐπιλαγχάνω, post alium sorte obtineo : to ob- tain by lot next or after. C. C. 1235. See Δαγχάνω. SYN. Μετάλαγχάνω, ἐπίτυγχάνω, ἐπικύρνω, ἐπικλυρᾶμαι.

Ἐπιλάζυμαι, comprimo : to stop, close. Καπί- λάζυμαι στόμα Androm. 249. SYN. Λάζυμαι, ἐπίσχω.

Ἐπιλαμβάνω, prehendo, occupo : to seize upon, get the start. Plut. 703. See Λαμβάνω. SYN. Κατάλαμβάνω, φθάνω, προκάταλαμβάνω, πᾶρα- λαμβάνω, κράτew, εἰρίσκω.

Ἐπιλάμπω, luceo super vel post : to shine upon or after. P. 650. SYN. Ἀπολάμπω, ἐλ- λάμπω, περιανγίζω, προστίλω.

Ἐπιλέγω, dictis addo ; eligo ; colligo ; no- mino : to add in words ; select ; collect ; name. Eq. 418. SYN. Λέγω, συλλέγω, προαιρέομαι, ἀνάλυγίζω.

Ἐπιλείδω, super aliqua re libo : to pour libations upon. γ. 341. SYN. see Λείδω.

Ἐπιλείπω, deficio : to fail, be deficient. η. 117. SYN. Ἀπδλείπω, ελλείπω, κατὰλείπω.

Ἐπιλέπω, decortico : to strip off the bark. H. in Merc. 109. SYN. Λέπω, ἀπδλέπω, ἀπδέρω.

Ἐπίλεσσω, prospecto : to desery, see. Γ. 12. SYN. Βλέπω, ἐπίβλεπω.

Ἐπιλήθω, 2. a. ἄθω, oblivionem affero ; med. obliviscor : to produce forgetfulness ; to forget, neglect. δ. 222. SYN. see Ληθάω.

Ἐπιληκέω, strepitum excito ad ; applaudo : to make a noise at ; applaud. θ. 379. SYN. Ἀπδληκέω, ληκέω, ἀνακρότῶ, ἐπικρότῶ.

Ἐπιλήνις, ου, δ, ἡ, torcularius : sung over the wine-press. Anacr. 52. 9.

Ἐπιληπτός, ου, δ, ἡ, deprehensus : detected. Antig. 412. SYN. Αυτῶφάρος, ὑπαίτιος.

Ἐπιλησις, ἔως, ἡ, obliquo : forgetfulness. Pyth. 1. 89. SYN. Λήθη, λησυστήνη.

Ἐπιλήσμων, ὄνως (antiq. Ἐπιλησμός, unde superl. Ἐπιλησμοτάτος), obliviosus : forgetful. Nub. 129. SYN. Αμνήμων.

Ἐπιλήσθην, strictum : grazingly, slightly. 'Ακρὸν ἐπιλήσθην γράψην P. 599.

Ἐπιλλάω, oculis innuo : to turn the eye towards, beckon. σ. 11.

Ἐπιλόγος, ου, δ, ἡ, describens : descriptive of. Eur. El. 719.

Ἐπιλογχός, ου, δ, ἡ, præacutus : sharp-pointed. Hipp. 222.

Ἐπιλοιπός, ου, δ, ἡ, reliquus : left over and above, remaining. Troad. 1114. SYN. Λοιπός.

Ἐπιλύσις, ἔως, ἡ, liberatio : release, deliverance. Sept. Th. 125. See Αὔσις. SYN. 'Εκλύσις, ἀπαλλάγη.

Ἐπιλύσεω, irrideo : to scoff at, taunt. β. 323. SYN. Ἐπισκώπτω, ὑβρίζω, ἐπὶγέλαω, ἐπιτιμάω.

Ἐπιμαίνωμαι, furo super aliqua re, in pr. amore : to be mad at, to be desperately in love with. Sept. Th. 143. SYN. Μαίνωμαι.

Ἐπιμαίνομαι, valde cupio ; instigo : to aim at ; urge on. Ἐπιμαίεω νόστον ε. 344. SYN. see Ἐπιθυμέω.

Ἐπιμανδάλωτον, ου, τὸ, quoddam genus osculi : a wanton kiss. Acharn. 1200. See Μανδάλωτον.

Ἐπιμαρτύρωμαι, obtestor, testificor : to call to witness. Ὀλίγον ἐπιμαρτύρωμαι Nub. 495. SYN. Μαρτύρωμαι, διάμαρτύρωμαι.

Ἐπιμαρτύρος, ου, δ, testis rei factæ : one who witnesses to. Θεοὶ δ' ἐπιμαρτύροί εἰσιν α. 273. SYN. see Μάρτυρ.

Ἐπιμάσσωμαι, tango, prehendo ; abstergo : to touch, take hold of ; to cleanse. Α. 190. SYN. Ἀπομάσσω, ἐφάπτωμαι, ἀπτόμαι, ψηλάφω.

Ἐπίμαστιδός, ου, δ, ἡ, mammæ admotus, lactens : at the breast, suckling. Τῶν ἐπίμαστιδῶν Sept. Th. 341.

Ἐπίμαστός, Ἐπίμαστιός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui quærit unde vivat ; mammæ admotus : beggar-like, a beggar ; at the breast. v. 377. Apoll. 4. 1734.

Ἐπιμεῖδω, ἡσω, subrideo : to smile upon. Θ. 38. SYN. Μειδιάω, γέλαω.

Ἐπιμελέωμαι, curam gero : to take care of, be occupied with. Phœn. 565.

Ἐπιμέλῃς, ἐός, δ, ἡ, attentus, sedulus : attentive, diligent. Nub. 501.

Ἐπιμελητής, οὔ, δ, curator ; procurator : a superintendent ; prefect. Plut. 908. SYN. Ἐπόπτης, ἐφόρος, ἐπιτρόπος, κηδεμών.

Ἐπιμέλω, accino : to add a song. Sept. Th. 867. SYN. Ἐπάδω, ἐπιληκέω, μέλω.

Ἐπιμέλως, diligenter : diligently. Menand. SYN. Λιπαρώς, ἀκριβώς, σπουδαίως.

Ἐπιμέμφομαι, reprehendo, punio : to arraign, find fault, resent, punish. Trach. 121. SYN. Μέμφομαι, κατὰμέμφομαι, μωμᾶμαι, ἐγκάλεω, αὐτιάδωμαι.

Ἐπιμένω, Ἐπιμύνω, permaneo ; cunctor : to remain, await ; stay, delay. C. C. 1717. SYN. Ἀναμένω, ἐμμένω, περὶμένω, ἐπέχω.

Ἐπιμεστός, ου, δ, ἡ, plenus : full. Call. 6. 134. SYN. Πέρισσός, πλήρης, ἀνάμεστός, μεστός.

Ἐπιμέτρῶμαι, metior ; supra mensuram partior : to measure out ; give more than the measure. Oud' ἐπιμετρήσω Hes. Op. 395.

Ἐπιμέτρον, ου, τὸ, quod supra mensuram additur : over measure. Ἐχον δ' ἐπιμέτρον ἀπῆλθον Theoc. 12. 26. SYN. Ἐπιθήκη.

Ἐπιμήδωμαι, excogito : to devise, plot against. δ. 437. SYN. Μήδωμαι, μηχανάωμαι, τέχνάωμαι, ἐξευρίσκω, ἐπινύεω.

Ἐπιμηθεύς, ἔως, δ, Epimetheus : one of the sons of Iapetus. Pyth. 5. 35. Ep. Ποικίλως, αὐδολμητῆς, ἀμαρτινός.

Ἐπιμηθής, ἐός, δ, ἡ, prudens : cunning, sagacious. Theoc. 25. 78. SYN. Περὶφράδης, σόφος, δεινός, δαίφρων.

Ἐπιμηνίω, 2. a. ἐμῆνιόν, irascor : to be enraged at. Πριάμω ἐπὶ ἐμῆνιῇ διφ N. 460. SYN. see Μηνίω.

Ἐπιμητιᾶω, cogito : to think, contrive, devise. Ἦστ' ἐπιμητιῶσα Apoll. 3. 668.

Ἐπιμίγνυμι, ἔω, commisceo : to mix with, have intercourse with. Pyth. 2. 59. SYN. Ἐπίμισγῶμαι, συμμίγνυμι, ὁμιλέω, κοινωνέω.

Ἐπιμικτός, ου, δ, ἡ, permixtus, promiscuus : mixed together, confused. Theog. 269. SYN. Προσμικτός, σύμμικτός.

Ἐπιμίμνω. See Ἐπιμένω.

Ἐπιμίξω, promiseo : to confuse. λ. 536. SYN. see Μίγδω.

Ἐπιμίξις, ἔως, ἡ, permistio, commercium : intercourse, commerce. Theog. 297. SYN. Κοινωνία, ὁμιλία.

Ἐπιμίσγῶμαι, commercium habeo ; accedo : to have intercourse with ; to approach. K. 548. SYN. see Ἐπιμίγνυμι.

Ἐπιμνᾶμαι, ἡσῶμαι, recordor ; mentionem facio : to remember ; to make mention of. Ἐπιμνησαίμεθα χάρις P. 103. SYN. Ἀπομνᾶμαι, μνᾶμαι.

Ἐπιμύδω, advenio : to come to, arrive. Trach. 857. SYN. see Ἐπέρχῶμαι.

Ἐπιμύδω, ου, δ, ἡ, adveniens : invading, an invader. Sept. Th. 625. SYN. Ἐπελθών.

Ἐπιμωφή, ἡς, ἡ, objurgatio : blame, chiding. Olymp. 10. 12. SYN. Μωμή, μέμψις, ψόγος, ὀνειδός, λοιδορία.

Ἐπιμωφός, ου, δ, ἡ, vituperans ; vituperandus : blaming ; to be blamed. Rhcs. 323. SYN. Φιλόψυχος, φίλδκέρτος, ἐπιμωμητός.

Ἐπιμύρῶμαι, resono : to murmur, to resound. Ἐπιμύρεται ἰσθμός Apoll. 1. 938.

Ἐπιμύσσω, ἔω, subsanno : to grumble or murmur at. Θ. 457.

Ἐπιμύω, conniveo : to wink at. Vesp. 932. See Μύω. SYN. Μύω, ἐπινεύω.

Ἐπιμωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, vituperandus : to be scorned. Hes. Op. 11. SYN. Ἐπίμεμπτός, μεμπτός, ἐπίψυχος, ὑπαίτιος.

Ἐπιβάσσω, ξω, oppleo: to overload. Eccles. 836. SYN. Νάσσω, εκπληρῶ, ἀνὰπλήθω.

Ἐπιβάστιος, ου, ὁ, exsul: a banished man. Ἐπιβάστιοι ἠπειροῖο Apoll. 1. 795. SYN. Φύγας, ἀπὸλῖς, μέτοικος.

Ἐπινέω, νέμω et νέμῃσω, distribuo; depasco: to distribute or divide into shares, appropriate; to lay hold of for feeding. Olymp. 9. 11. SYN. Διανέμω.

Ἐπινεύω, innuo, probō: to nod at, intimate, assent to, approve of. Orest. 278. SYN. Διανεύω, νέω, συναινέω.

Ἐπινέφριδιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod est super renibus: over the kidneys. Ἐπινέφριδιον κείροντες Φ. 204.

Ἐπινέω, ἥσω, neo (de Parcis dicitur): to spin, wind up, destine. Ω. 210. SYN. Νέω, ἐπικλώω.

Ἐπιννήω, accumulo: to heap or pile up. H. 428. SYN. Πάρανῆω, ἐπισωρεύω, συνᾱροῖζω.

Ἐπινήχῃμαι, in superficie aquae nato: to swim upon, float. Theoc. 23. 61. SYN. Ἰπερνήχῃμαι, ἐπιπλέω, ἐπιφέρῃμαι.

Ἐπινίκτιον, ου, τὸ, præmium victoriæ: the prize of victory. Πάντᾳ τὰπινίκτῃ Soph. El. 694.

Ἐπινίκτιος, Ἐπινικῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, victorialis: triumphal. C. C. 1088. Olymp. 8. 99. See above. SYN. Νικητήριος, καλλινικῶς.

Ἐπινίσσῃμαι, advenio, frequento: to go to, frequent. Apoll. 4. 817. SYN. Ἀφικνέῃμαι, ἐπερχῃμαι, εισέρχῃμαι, προσέρχῃμαι.

Ἐπινύεω, excogito, paro: to think upon, intend. Thesm. 338. SYN. Νύεω, ἐπιμήδῃμαι, διαζητῶ, μηχανάῃμαι, φράζῃμαι.

Ἐπινόα, ας, ἡ, mens, cogitatio: intention, thought. Ὡν ἐπινόαν σπεύδεις κατέχων Med. 759. SYN. Ἐννοιά, διανοιά, σκηψίς, ἐξευρημά, μηχανήμα, σόφισμα, γνώμη. Ερ. Ἀτάσθαλός, δαυμαστή, καινή.

Ἐπινόμῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consors: a consort, associate. Pyth. 11. 13. SYN. Συνάρορς, σύγκλητος.

Ἐπινυμφιδίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nuptialis: nuptial. Οὐτ' ἐπινυμφιδίος Antig. 825. SYN. Ἐπιθλαμίῶς, νυμῖμος εν γάμοις.

Ἐπινυμῶω, insuper distribuo; lusto, excogito: to dispense or distribute besides; to survey, reflect on. Eumen. 310. SYN. Ἐπινέμω, ἐξευρίσκω, ἐπιμήδῃμαι, ἐπισκοπέω.

Ἐπινωτίζω, dorsum contego, amicio: to cover the back, clothe. Herc. F. 362.

Ἐπινώτιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, super dorso impositus: on the shoulders. Ἐπινώτιον ἦγεν ἐς οἶκον Ba-trach. 79.

Ἐπιεινέω (poet.), et Ἐπιξενέω, hospitio accipio: to receive as a guest, entertain. Apoll. 2. 764. Agam. 1291. See above. SYN. Ξενέω.

Ἐπίξηνον, ου, τὸ, mensa coquinaria: a dresser, table to eat meat upon, chopping-block. Ἄντ' ἐπίξηνον μένει Agam. 1248.

Ἐπίξυνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, communis: common. Ἐχοντες ἐπίξυνον ἐν ἀρουρῇ M. 422. SYN. see Ξυνός.

Ἐπιξυνώω, communico: to communicate. Ἐπεξυνώσάτ' μύθους Apoll. 4. 435. SYN. Κοινώω.

Ἐπιόινιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et α, ὄν, in bibendo propositus: over wine. Ἐπιόινιον ἄλδον ἐλέσθαι Theoc. 965.

Ἐπιόμνυμι, ὀμῶσω, ὀμῶ, juro; jurejurando confirmo: to swear; confirm by swearing. Καὶ

ἐπὶ μέγαν ὄρκον ὀμῶμαι A. 233. SYN. Ὀμνυμι, κατόμνυμι.

Ἐπιόπτῃμαι, Ἐπιόσσομαι, intueor, prospicio: to look upon, have before the eyes. I. 167. P. 381. SYN. Κατόπτῃμαι, ἐτίδελπω, ἐφῶρῶ.

Ἐπιορκέω, juro sæpius; pejero: to swear often; to swear falsely. Eq. 1239.

Ἐπιορκῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perjurus: perjured.

Ἐπιόσσομαι. See Ἐπιόπτῃμαι.

Ἐπιούρα, ων, τὰ, interstitium: the distance by which a pair of mules surpass a yoke of oxen in making a furrow of the same extent in the same time. Ὅσον τ' ἐπιούρα πέλονται K. 351.

Ἐπιούρος, ου, ὁ, custos, rex: a keeper, ruler, king. N. 450. SYN. see Φύλαξ.

Ἐπιπάγχῃ, prorsus: altogether. Δίκων ἐπιπάγχῃ λάβεσθε Hes. Op. 262. SYN. see Πάνυ, Πάντως.

Ἐπιπάλλω, vibro: to brandish, shake. Choëph. 166. SYN. Ἀνάπαλλω, πάλλω, διάπαλλω.

Ἐπιπάλυνω. See Ἐπιπάσσω.

Ἐπιπαμφάλλω, attonitus insipio: to look with astonishment. Πόλλ' ἐπιπαμφάλλωντες ὁμοῦ Apoll. 2. 127.

Ἐπιπάσσω, Ἐπιπάλυνω, inspergo: to spread or sprinkle upon. E. 401. A. 639. SYN. Εμπάσσω, πάσσω, κατὰέρῃχω, ἐπιτίθημι, ἐπιδάλλω.

Ἐπιπαστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conspersus condimentis: sprinkled with seasonings. Eq. 1086.

Ἐπιπειθείη, ης, ἡ, fides: faith, confidence. Simon. fr. 231. 6. SYN. Θάρσος.

Ἐπιπέδω, (1) persuadeo: to persuade; (2) in pass. voc., obedio: to obey. E. 878. SYN. (1) Πεῖδω, ἀνᾱπέιθω, εκπείθω, παραινέω, (2) ὑπακούω, πιστεύω, ἐλπίζω.

Ἐπιπέλομαι, accedo, supervenio: to come to or upon. o. 407. SYN. Ἐπερχῃμαι, παρᾱγίγνῃμαι, ἐπιφέρῃμαι.

Ἐπιπέμω, insuper mitto: to send or bring upon. Phœn. 824. SYN. Ἀνᾱπέμω, ἐφίημι, ἐπιδάλλω, ἀνίημι, ἀναχάλαω.

Ἐπιπέτομαι, Ἐπιπότᾱμαι, advolo: to fly upon. Helen. 1485. Eumen. 381. SYN. Προσπέτῃμαι, ἐφίπταμαι, ἐφάπτομαι.

Ἐπιπιδᾱω, insilio, anteverto: to spring or leap upon, to surprise. Vesp. 704. SYN. Εισπηδᾱω, προσπηδᾱω, ἐνδρούω, ἐνδάλλῃμαι, ἐφάλλῃμαι, ἐπενδρούω, ἐπιπίπτω, ἐπιδάλλῃμαι.

Ἐπιπλνᾱμαι, appropinquo aliquo: to approach. Οὐτέ χιδν ἐπιπλνᾱταί ζ. 44.

Ἐπιπίνω, πῖθῃμαι, insuper bibo: to drink besides. Καὶ ἐπ' ἀκρητον γᾱλᾱ πίνων ι. 297. SYN. Εκπίνω, κατᾱπίνω.

Ἐπιπίπτω, πέσομαι, irruo; amplector: to fall upon, attack; embrace. Androm. 1021. SYN. Εισπίπτω, ἐμπίπτω, ἐπεμβαίνω, ἐνδρούω, ἐπιτυγχᾱω.

Ἐπιπλάζῃμαι, vago: to wander over. Πόντον ἐπιπαγχχῃς δ. 14. SYN. Εμπλάζῃμαι, περὶπλᾱνᾱμαι, περίνοστέω.

Ἐπιπλάτᾱγῃω, plaudo: to clap the hands at, applaud. Τοῖς μὲν ἐπεπλάτᾱγῃσᾱ Theoc. 9. 22. SYN. Ἐπικρότῃω, ἀνακρότῃω, πατάγῃω.

Ἐπίπλῃω, εὐσῃμαι, Ἐπίπλώω, Ἐπίπλωμι, innavigo: to sail upon or against. Ἐπιπλεῖν ἁλμυρὸν ὕδωρ ι. 227. Γ. 47. γ. 15. SYN. Εισπλέω, πλέω.

Ἐπιπλήθω, impleo: to fill. Χεῖρ' ἐπιπλήσῃαι Av. 975. SYN. see Πλήθω.

Ἐπιπλήσσω, ξω, incutio, castigo, increpo: to strike upon, beat, impute as a disgrace. P. V.

80. SYN. Ἀποπλήσσω, ὑβρίζω, ἐπιτιμάω, ἐνίπτω, κἀκίζω, λοιδορέω, κολάζω.

Ἐπιπλῶω, Ἐπιπλωμί. See Ἐπιπλέω.

Ἐπιπνεῖω, ποῖε, et Ἐπιπνεύω, νεύσω, inspiro: to breathe upon, inspire. Ζώγρει ἐπιπνεύουσα E. 698. Phœn. 801. SYN. Εμπνεύω, εμψυσάω.

Ἐπιπνοῖά, as, ἡ, adflatus, instinctusque divinus: breathing upon, inspiration. Βόδς ἐξ ἐπαφῆς καὶ ἐπιπνοίας Æsch. Sup. 18.

Ἐπιπόδιος, α, ον, pedem irretiens; ad pedes: entangling the feet; at the feet. C. R. 1350.

Ἐπίποιμην, ἐνός, ὁ, ἡ, propr., præfectus pastorum; pastor: a superintendent of shepherds; a shepherd. μ. 131. SYN. see Ποιμήν.

Ἐπιπόλῃς, adv. in superficie, in summitate, supra; palam: on the surface, on the top, above; manifestly. Plut. 1207. SYN. Ἄνω, ἐπάνω, λίγδην.

Ἐπιπόλῳς, ου, ὁ, qui nobiscum versatur: an attendant. C. R. 1321. SYN. Περὶπόλῳν, ἐπιμέλητης, ἐπιτροπός.

Ἐπιπόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, laboriosus, gravis: laborious, painful, wretched. Eur. Sup. 95. SYN. Κάματῆρος, κάματῶδης, ἀργαλέος, μὀγέρος, πόλυπνός.

Ἐπιπορτίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, fibula: a clasp or button. Call. 2. 31. SYN. see Πόρπη.

Ἐπιπντάμαι. See Ἐπιπνέδμαι.

Ἐπιπρέπω, decorus sum: to be becoming or graceful. Οἶόν τοι μεῖζα εἶδος ἐπιπρέπει Theoc. 25. 40. SYN. Εμπρέπω, μετὰπρέπω, διάπρέπω, πρέπω, ἐξέχω.

Ἐπιπρό, longo tractu: all along, to a great distance. Ἐπήτρημι ὡς δὲ ἐπιπρό Apoll. 1. 30. SYN. Ενδελχῶς, διηλεκῶς, μακρῶς.

Ἐπιπρόθω, longe procuro: to run forward to a distance. Αἰὲν ἐπιπρόθεντ' Apoll. 1. 582. SYN. Πρόπρόρῳμαι, ὀδοποιέμαι, ἐπιπρόμύλλω.

Ἐπιπρόιδάλλω, ἄλῳ, protendo, adpono: to spread before, to place before. Πρῶτον μὲν ἐπιπρόιλλε τράπεζαν Δ. 627. SYN. Πρῶτεινω, πᾶράτιθμι, πρόιδάλλω.

Ἐπιπρόιμι, insuper mitto, mitto in aut procul: to send or hurl at. Ἐπιπρόιηκ' ἐν ἀρίστοις I. 516. SYN. Προίμι, ἐπίεμπω.

Ἐπιπρόμύλλω, Ἐπιπρόνῳμαι, progredior, anteverto: to come forward to, surprise. Ἐπιπρόμύλου' ἐνόησεν Apoll. 3. 655. 4. 1586. SYN. Ἐπιπρόβαίνω, ἐπιπρόθω.

Ἐπιπρόνῳμαι. See Ἐπιπρόμύλλω.

Ἐπιπρόπνιτω, superincumbo: to lean upon. Ἐπιπρόπνισ' ἐκδρέσθη Apoll. 4. 1449. SYN. Πρόπνιτω, ἐπίπνιτω.

Ἐπιπροσβάλλω, proficiscor versus: to proceed towards. Ἐπιπροσέβαλλ' Ἄεδωρ Apoll. 1. 931.

Ἐπιπροσθέ, Ἐπιπροσθέν, ante: before. Καὶ μὴ 'π'προσθέ τῶν ἐμῶν Eur. Sup. 524. Orest. 462. SYN. Ἐμπροσθέν, ἀπέναντί, πρόσθε.

Ἐπιπρόφαίνωμαι, appareo: to appear. Ἐπιπρόφάνε' ἐνόησεν Apoll. 3. 917. SYN. Ἐπιφαίνωμαι, πρόφαίνωμαι.

Ἐπιπρόφρω, insuper promoveo: to move forward besides, to advance. Apoll. 4. 1519. See below.

Ἐπιπρόχέω, effundo: to pour forth. Θρήν' ἐπιπρόχέουσ' H. in Pan. 19. SYN. Εκχέω, πρὸχέω.

Ἐπιπταίρω, adsternuo: to sneeze at, to forebode. Σιμῖχιδά μ' ἐρωτῆς ἐπέπταρον Theoc. 7. 96. SYN. Πταίρω.

Ἐπιπάλῳμαι, obeundo lustro: to go about. Δ. 231.

Ἐπιπρέζεσκω, sacrifico: to sacrifice upon.

Ἐπιπρέζεσκ' ὀδῖται p. 211. SYN. Ἐπιθῶω, ῥέζω.

Ἐπιπρέτω, inclino; contingere facio; supereminco: to incline; to cause to happen; to hang over. Τῇδ' ἐπιπρέτοις πόλει Eum. 891.

SYN. Ῥέτω, ἐπιφέρῳμαι, κατὰφέρῳμαι, προκύπτω.

Ἐπιπρέω, ῥεύσῳμαι, supernato, infuso, inundo; largior: to flow upon the surface, flow to, pour in; to bestow. Ἐπιπρέει ἡτ' ἔλαιον B. 754.

Ἐπιπρήγγνυμι, ῥήξω, Ἐπιπρήσσω, Ἐπιπρήσεσκω, cum impetu et fragore claudio fores: to fasten violently, close, bar. Εἰσῆλθ' ἐπιπρήξας' ἔσω C. R. 1244. SYN. Κλείω, ἐπιβάλλω, ἐπικρούω, ἀναρρήγγνυμι.

Ἐπιπρήδην, expresse, nominatim: in express terms, distinctly. Ἐπιπρήδην μετέειπεν Apoll. 2. 640. SYN. Διαπρήδην, σάφως, ἀναφανδόν, ἀναφανδῶ.

Ἐπιπρήσσω, Ἐπιπρήσεσκω. See Ἐπιπρήγγνυμι.

Ἐπιπρίπτω, superiujicio: to throw upon, hurl, inflict. Τάσδ' ἐπερρίψεν πλάνας P. V. 763. SYN. Ἐπισβάλλω, ἐπιφέρω.

Ἐπιπρόδῃ, ἡς, ἡ, adfluxus; abundantia: an influx, torrent; abundance. Ἐπιπρόδαισιν αἱμάτων Agam. 1487. SYN. Νασμός.

Ἐπιπρόθω, strepitum edo super, acclamo: to make an obstreperous noise, applaud loudly. Πάντες δ' ἐπερρόθησαν Phœn. 1253. SYN. Ἐπυσθημέω, ἐπηχέω, ἐπιθῶω, ἐπαινέω.

Ἐπιπρόθῳς, ου, ὁ, auxiliator clamorosus: clamorous in defence of another. Ἄνδρ' ἀνὴρ ἐπιπρόθους Antig. 419. Schol. λοιδοροῖς, ὑβριστικοῖς. SYN. Βῆθῳς, ἐπιτάρρῳθῳς, σύμμαχῳς, ἐπασσύ-τέρῳς.

Ἐπιπρόιδην, rapido cum impetu et stridore: with a whiz, with a sounding speed. Herc. F. 856. See below.

Ἐπιπρόιξω, acclamo; cum strepitu incito ad: to call to with a loud noise; to excite to. Τῷδ' ἐπιπρόιξεις φύγας Eumen. 427.

Ἐπιπρόιξις, ἐντός, adfluens: flowing to or on. Ὀλβον δ' ἐπιπρόιξεν Med. 1226.

Ἐπιπρόιξω, ξω, acuto stridore urgeo, immitto: to instigate with a violent noise. Ἐπὶ τῶν ἐχθρῶν τὴν ἐπιπρόιξας Vesp. 705. SYN. Ἐπισίξω, ἐφορμάω.

Ἐπιπρόῳμαι, protego: to protect, defend. Sept. Th. 151. See Ῥῳμαι. SYN. Ῥῳμαι, βύθητω, ἐπάμνω.

Ἐπιρρύτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui influit; irriguus: flowing upon; well watered. Καὶ βροτῶν ἐπιρρύτον Eumen. 910. SYN. Κατάρρῳτος, εὐπόρος, ἐλκκητός.

Ἐπιρῳῳμαι, ῥῳῳμαι, moveo me apud aliquem: to move, shake. Ἐπερῳῳσαντὸ ἀνακτος A. 529. SYN. Ἐπισείδωμαι, κινέδωμαι.

Ἐπισαγμά, ἄτος, τὸ, quod superinductum est, accessio: an additional load or burthen. Phil. 755. SYN. Προσθήκη, αὐξήσις.

Ἐπισέω, Ἐπισέλω, vibro, incutio, impello: to brandish, move against, impel. Orest. 255. O. 230. SYN. Εντείνω, ἀνατινάσσω, ἀνάσειω, ἐπιφέρω.

Ἐπισέω, Ἐπισσέω, Ἐπισῶω, concito: to drive upon, urge, move. Υ. 325. ε. 421. ν. 19. SYN. Ἐφορμάω, ὀρμάω, διώκω, σπέρχω, ἐπέλω, ἐπδρῶω.

Ἐπίσημά, ἄτος, τὸ, signum: a device. Phœn. 1123. SYN. see Σήμα.

Ἐπίσημάλνυμαι, signo vel acclamatione testor : to witness or prove by a sign or noise. Ion 1593. SYN. Σημεῖω, ἐπισφραγίζω, βέβαιω.

Ἐπίσημος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insignis : distinguished. Med. 544. SYN. Διάσημος, διάδηλος, ἐκδηλός, περίφανος, ἐνδοξός.

Ἐπίσιζω, instigo, immitto : to instigate, send on. Κἄθ' ὅταν οὗτος γ' ἐπίσιζῃ (paræmiac) Vesp. 704. SYN. Ἐπιρρύζω.

Ἐπισκάζω, ἄσω, claudico : to halt upon. Ἐπισκάζουσα πόδεςσιν Apoll. 1. 669. SYN. see Σκάζω.

Ἐπισκέπτομαι, contemplor : to examine, inspect, regard. Τὰμ' ἐπεσκέψα κακά Heracl. 869. SYN. Ἐπισκοπέω, ἐφορᾶω, καθορᾶω, ἐπιβλέπω, δεῶμαι, ἀναλόγίζομαι, ενθυμέομαι, σκέπτομαι.

Ἐπισκέπω, superne tego : to cover over, hide. Φάρει πολλάκι λύχνον ἐπέσκέπεν Musæus, 258. SYN. Ἐπικάλυπτο, ἐπερέφω, σκέπω, σκέπάζω.

Ἐπισκευάζω, apparo : to arrange, prepare. Εστ' ἐπεσκευασμένον Eccles. 1149. SYN. Πάρασκευάζω, ἀνασκευάζω, εντρέφίζω.

Ἐπισκήνυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in tentorio degens : at the tents, in public. Μηδ' ἐπισκήνους γῶνος Aj. 579. See Suidas, who explains ἐπισκήνους by μετὰς, quoting this passage.

Ἐπισκήπτω, Ἐπισκήπτομαι, innitor, irruo ; mando ; obtestor : to lean on, assail ; to intrust ; to conjure. Αὐταῖς γάρ μ' ἐπισκήψω κέδροις Alcest. 375. SYN. Σκήπτω, εντέλλομαι, προστάττω, παραινέω.

Ἐπισκῆδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, umbrosus : shady. Ομμάτων ἐπισκῆον E. C. 1650.

Ἐπισκοπέω, inviso, inspicio, considero : to survey, see, consider. Ὡς ἀνὴρ ἐπισκοπεῖ Eumen. 296. SYN. Ἐπισκέπτομαι, κατὰνῶω, ἀποβλέπω, τηρῶ.

Ἐπισκόπος, ου, ὁ, inspector, explorator : an inspector, scout. Av. 1022. See below. SYN. Ἐπόπτης, ἐποπτήρ, ἐφόρος, φύλας, ἐπιμελητής.

Ἐπίσκοπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad scopum tendens : aiming at. Τῇσδ' ἐπίσκοπον μέλος Aj. 976. SYN. Εὐστόχος.

Ἐπισκόζομαι, irascor : to be indignant. Ἐπισκίζονται Ἀχαιοί I. 370. SYN. Οργαίνω, οργίζομαι, σκυδμάλω.

Ἐπισκύνιον, ου, τὸ, supercilium : the eyebrows. Πᾶν δὲ τ' ἐπισκύνιον P. 136. SYN. Ὀφρύς.

Ἐπίσκυρος, ου, ὁ, ductor : a leader. Ἐπισκύρων πόλεμοιο Call. fr. 231. SYN. Αρχός, ἄρχων, βροθός.

Ἐπισμᾶω, abstergo : to wipe off upon. Οὐκ ἐπιρῇ τῶν κακῶν Thesm. 389. SYN. Ἐπιρβαίνω, κατὰπλύνω, ἐπιτρίβω.

Ἐπισμυγέρως, ἄ, ὄν, ærumnosus, tristificus : woful, dismal. Ἐπισμυγερή τέ καί ανή Hes. Scut. 264. SYN. Σμυγέρως, ἐπιπόνως, πάλυπνός, διγυρός.

Ἐπισμυγέρως, graviter, miserabiliter : heavily, bitterly. Ὡς ἂν ἐπισμυγέρως δ. 672. SYN. Ἐπιπόνως, ἐλείνω, οἰκτῶς, ἀθλίως, δυστυχῶς.

Ἐπίσπαστός, η, ὄν, quod quis sibi ipse attrahit : brought upon one's self, self-sought. Ἐπίσπαστον κακὸν ἐξεῖ σ. 72. SYN. Ἐκουσῖός, αυθαίρετός.

Ἐπισπᾶω, attraho, consequor : to draw, allure, reach. Τῶνδ' ἐπισπᾶσας κύμης Androm. 708. SYN. Ἐφελκύνω, ἐπισύρω, ἐπάγω, εντυγχάνω, ἐπικτάδομαι.

Ἐπισπένδω, σπείλω, libo, to pour upon, shed. Ἐπισπείσας δὲ τὸ δάκρυ Theoc. 23. 38. SYN. see Σπένδω.

Ἐπισπέρχω, urgeo : to hasten, urge. Ἐπισπέρχουσι δ' ἄελλαι ε. 304. SYN. Ἐπισπένδω, ἀναγκάζω, παρὰθήγω, ἐπείγω, ἐπιτάχυνω.

Ἐπισπείρω, accelero, incito, exhortor : to hasten, incite, exhort. Πούς ἐπισπενσον μύλιν Troad. 1266. SYN. Σπένδω, ἐπισπέρχω, παρ-οξύνω, ἐρεθίζω, ἐπικιλεύομαι.

Ἐπισπύροια, as, ἡ, satio iterata ; insitio : a second or after sowing, or among different grain. Καὶ ἐπισπύρῃν ἁλᾶσθαι Hes. Op. 444.

Ἐπισπύροι, ων, οἱ, posterī : those who are propagated by the present race, posterity. Τῶνδὲ τοὺς ἐπισπύρους Eumen. 676. SYN. Ἀπογόνιοι, ἐκγόνοι.

Ἐπίστω, obsoletum in præs., attingo : to attain, meet with. Καὶ πότμον ἐπισπείν H. 52. SYN. Ἐπιδιώκω, ἐπάκολουθέω, κατὰλαμβάνω, ἐφῆπιμαι.

Ἐπισσεῖω. See Ἐπίσειω.

Ἐπισσεύω. See Ἐπίσειν.

Ἐπίσσυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, impetuose incumbens : rushing violently upon. Hipp. 573. σὺ short, as in δέσσυτός, q. v. SYN. Βιάω.

Ἐπίσωτρών, ου, τὸ, ferrum curruum : the tire of the wheels. Ἐπισώτροις δατέοντο T. 394.

Ἐπιστάδων, constanter ; perite : firmly ; skilfully. Ἐπιστάδων ὠπλίζοντο π. 453. SYN. Ἐπιστημόνως, ἐπιστάμενως, βεβαίως.

Ἐπιστάθιδόμαι, ad amussim expendo : to weigh. Πάντ' ἐπιστάθωμένους Agam. 159. SYN. Σταθμάδομαι, ἐρευνᾶω, ἐξετάζω.

Ἐπίσταθμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, stationarius ; mansionum curator : placed in the vestibule ; who provides quarters for troops. Ἐπίσταθμός Αμφιπόλιτεω (εω being one long) Call. Ep. 25.

Ἐπίσταμαι, scio, peritus sum : to know, to be acquainted with, to understand. Πάντ' ἠπιστάτο Helen. 14. SYN. Εξεπίσταμαι, μαυθᾶν, γιγνώσκω, ἐμπίρως ἔχω.

Ἐπισταμένως, scienter, gnave : knowingly, skilfully. Εὐ καὶ ἐπισταμένως K. 265. SYN. Ἐπιστάδων, ἐμπεράως, ευμάθως, ἐμπίρως, περίφραδώς, σύνετός, δυνάτως.

Ἐπιστάσις, εως, ἡ, retardatio : stoppage, hesitation. Φροντίζων ἐπιστάσεις Antig. 231. SYN. Ἐπινοιά, λυγισμός.

Ἐπιστάτω, impero : to preside over, to superintend. Ποιμνίος ἐπεστάτου E. R. 1028. SYN. Προστάτew, προϊστάμαι, ἐξηγεῖμαι, ἐπαρχω.

Ἐπιστάτης, ου, ὁ, qui præfectus est alicui rei : a president, umpire, præfect. Θύματος δ' ἐπιστάτης Hec. 223. SYN. Προστάτης, ἐπαρχός, ὑπαρχός, ἡγέμων, διδάσκαλός.

Ἐπιστάθυσκα, augeor in modum plantatarum spicarum : to grow in ear, to grow up to maturity. Ἐπιστάθυσκὸν ἱούλοι Apoll. 1. 972.

Ἐπιστείλω, calco : to tread upon. Ἐπιστείβουσιν Ἄρρος Call. 4. 277. SYN. see Στείβω.

Ἐπιστείχω, supergredior, procedo : to go upon, proceed. Ἐπιστείχειν χθῶνα Eumen. 909. SYN. see Ἐπέρχομαι.

Ἐπιστέλλω, ἐλῶ, mitto ad ; mando, præcipio ; attraho, adduco : to send to ; send orders ; bring to. Τόνδ' ἐπιστέλλουσ' ἄγειν Heracl. 938. SYN. Ἀποστέλλω, ἐπιτέλλω, εντέλλομαι, πρό-ἄγω.

Ἐπιστενᾶχω, Ἐπιστυνᾶχω, Ἐπιστυνᾶχίζω, Ἐπι-

στὸν ἄχω, ἔπιστὲν ἄχιζω, ἔπιστὲν ἄζω, ἔπιστὲν ἄω, ingemo: to groan at, or in consequence. Ἐπὶ δὲ στὲν ἄχοντὸ γυναικὲς Ω. 722. 79. Batrach. 72. C. R. 186. Hes. Theog. 841. Iph. T. 284. Med. 925. SYN. Ἀναστὲν ἄζω, στὲν ἄζω, στὲν ἄω.

Ἐπιστὲφάνω, ἔπιστῆφω, coronō: to put a crown upon; to fill to the brim. Olymp. 9. 168. Soph. El. 441. See Στῆφάνος. SYN. Στῆφω, ἀναστῆφμαι, ἐπικοσμεῖω, πληρῶ.

Ἐπιστῆφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, corona redimitus, plenus: crowned, brim-full. Ἐπιστῆφῆας οἶνιο Θ. 232.

Ἐπιστῆφω. See Ἐπιστὲφάνω.

Ἐπιστήμη, ἡς, ὁ, ἡ, cognitio, peritia: knowledge, skill. Πάντ' ἐπιστήμης πλέων Antig. 721.

Ἐπιστήμων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, scientia praeclitus, peritus: scientific, experienced. Ἐπιστήμων γὰρ εἴ Eur. Sup. 853. SYN. Εὐ εἰδὼς, εἰδήμων, εἰδὼς, ἐπιστάμενος, νόημων, δάημων, σφῶς.

Ἐπιστίον, ου, τὸ, aedificium sub quo stat navis contacta: a place for ships or naval stores. Πᾶσιν γὰρ ἐπιστίον ἐστὶν ζ. 265. SYN. Νεώριον.

Ἐπιστίος, ου, ἡ, genus calicis, qui dictus etiam ἄνισων. Vid. Athen. p. 447. Barnes interpret. "poculum Vestae sacrum:" a kind of sacred cup. Πίνουσά τὴν ἐπιστίον Anac. 76.

Ἐπιστῶδεω, irrideo, convicior: to deride, reproach. Ἐπιστῶδεωσὶ γυναικὲς Apoll. 3. 663. SYN. Λοιδῶρεω, χλευάζω, υβρίζω.

Ἐπιστῶλᾶδην, orate, succincte: elegantly, concisely. Ἐπιστῶλᾶδην δὲ χιτῶνας Hes. Scut. 287. SYN. Εὐκόσμως, κάλᾳς, λαμπρῶς.

Ἐπιστῶλῃ, ἡς, ἡ, quod cuius injungitur, mandatum: a commission, order. Τὰς ἐμὰς ἐπιστῶλὰς Pers. 788. SYN. Εντῶλῃ, ἐπιτᾶγῃ, ἐπισκηψίς.

Ἐπιστῶμιζω, os obturo, refutando cessare facio: to shut another's mouth, silence by refuting. Eq. 841. See above. SYN. Ἐλέγχω, ἐξελέγχω.

Ἐπιστὸν ἄχῳ, et -χίζω, et -χω. See Ἐπιστὲν ἄχω.

Ἐπιστράτεω, bello contra: to make war against, besiege, infest. Ὡς ἐπιστράτευσόμεν Bacch. 773. SYN. Εἰσβάλλω, ἐμβάλλω, ἐξορμᾶω, πόλεμῳ.

Ἐπιστρεπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in quem aliquis convertitur, spectabilis: distinguished, conspicuous. Choëph. 344. See below. SYN. Ἐπιστρεφός, ζηλωτὸς.

Ἐπιστρέφω, converto; med. curam facio: to turn towards, draw back; midd. to regard. Δεῦρ' ἐπιστρέφον κάρα Heracl. 942. SYN. Ἀντιστρέφω, μετastreφῶ, ὑποστρέφω, ἐπ' ἀνερχόμεναι, ἐπάω, ἐπιστροφάδμηναι.

Ἐπιστροφάδην, huc illuc se convertendo; studiose: turning here and there; zealously. Τύπτον ἐπιστροφάδην χ. 308.

Ἐπιστροφῇ, ἡς, ἡ, cura: attention, regard. Τὴνδ' ἔθεσθ' ἐπιστροφῇν C. C. 134. SYN. Σπουδῇ, μελέτῃ, δίνῃ.

Ἐπιστροφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui conversatur cum aliis, spectabilis: having an extensive acquaintance, admired. Ἐπιστροφὸς ἦν ἀνθρώπων α. 177. SYN. see Ἐπιστρεπτός.

Ἐπιστροφῶν, versor in, oberro, oboeo: to turn about, traverse. Τὴσδ' ἐπιστροφῶν πέδον Med. 666. SYN. Ἐπιστρεφόμεναι, ἐνδιὰτρίβω, ἐπέρχόμεναι.

Ἐπίσω. See Ἐπίσειν.

Ἐπισφάττω, ξω, insuper macto: to sacrifice besides or upon. Κάμ' ἐπισφάξαι τὰφῳ Hec. 503. SYN. see Σφάττω.

Ἐπισφύριον, ου, τὸ, fibula ocreae: a clasp for the boot or greave. Ἐπισφύριοις ἄρῆνιαις Γ. 331.

Ἐπισχεδόν, propemodum: near. Ἐπισχεδὼν ἐρχόμενιο Hom. Apoll. 3. SYN. see Σχεδόν.

Ἐπισχερῶν, deinceps, ordine: in succession, regularly. Ἐπισχερῶ ἐνόθ' ἀμειβαί Σ. 68. SYN. Σύνεχῶς, ἐξέλης, ἐφεξῆς.

Ἐπισχεσία, as, ἡ, praetextus; mora: a pretext, pretence; delay. Ἐπισχεσίην ἐδύνασθε φ. 71. SYN. Πρόφασις, ἀνέσδολῃ.

Ἐπισχεσίς, ἔως, ἡ, retentio; parsimonia: restraint; parsimony. Ἐπισχεσίς οὐδ' ἐλέητὺς ρ. 451. SYN. Ἐπόχῃ, φειδώ.

Ἐπίσωτρων. See Ἐπίσωτρων.

Ἐπίτακτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, jussus, praescriptus: ordered, prescribed. Eur. fr. Beller. 18.

Ἐπιτάνω, intendo; augeo: to stretch upon; to superadd. Ὅδε οἱ ἐπὶ νεύρᾳ τάνυσθεις Theoc. 25. 148. SYN. see Ἐπιτείνω.

Ἐπιτάρβῳδός, ου, ὁ, auxiliary: a helper, avenger. Μάχης ἐπιτάρβῳδόν εἶναι P. 339. SYN. see Ἐπιρρόβος.

Ἐπιτάσσω, injungo, impero: to enjoin, order. Eur. Sup. 531. SYN. Ἀνάτάσσω, διατάσσω, ἐπισκέπτω, ἐπιτέλλω.

Ἐπιτέγω, intingo: to tinge with, shed upon. Anacr. 53. 40. SYN. see Τέγω.

Ἐπιτείνω, vehementius intendo: to stretch over with vehemence, menace, assail. λ. 19. SYN. Εντείνω, ἐκτείνω, ἐπιτάνω, τείνω.

Ἐπιτέλλω, ἐλῶ, jubeo; orior, appareo: to enjoin; to arise, appear. "Ἐπιτέλλω. Appareo: significatu rariore. Επιτέλλας ἀνατείλας Suid. quorum posterior in hoc sensu frequens est." Blomf. P. V. 100. SYN. Εντέλλω, προστάσσω, ἐπιτάσσω, παραγγέλλω, ἀνατέλλω.

Ἐπιτέμνω, ἐμῶ, amputo, brevis reddo: to amputate, abridge. Theoc. 10. 55. SYN. Κατὰτέμνω, διατέμνω, συντέμνω, σχίζω, ἐπικόπτω, βράχυνω, ἐμπίρω.

Ἐπιτερπής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, jucundus: pleasant. H. in Apoll. 412. SYN. Τερπνός, εὐτερπής, ἡδύς.

Ἐπιτέρπῳμαι, oblector: to be delighted at, take pleasure in. ζ. 228. SYN. see Τέρπῳμαι.

Ἐπιτήδεως, α, ου; Ἐπιτήδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, idoneus: fit for, suitable. Bacch. 500. Iph. A. 476. SYN. Χρήσιμός, πρόσηκων, ἱεάνος, πρόσφῳδός, ἐτοιμός, οὐκείος, φίλδος, εὖνους, συνήθης.

Ἐπιτήδευσις, ἔως, ἡ, studium accuratum, disciplina: application, discipline, morals. Hipp. 261. SYN. Σπουδῇ, ἐπιμέλειᾳ, μελέτῃ, προθυμία, μάθησις.

Ἐπιτήδεω, do operam: to endeavour, pursue, cultivate. Soph. El. 311. SYN. Σπουδάζω, ἐπιχειρῶ, μηχανάομαι, προθυμεῖμαι.

Ἐπιτήδης. See Ἐπιτήδεως.

Ἐπιτίθημι, impono: to put or lay upon, impose. Cycl. 243. See Τίθημι. SYN. Ἀνὰτίθημι, προστίθημι, ἐπιβάλλω, προσφέρω, προσδίδωμι, ἐπ' ἀνίστημι.

Ἐπιτιμητής, ου, Ἐπιτιμήτωρ, ὁρὸς, ὁ, censor, reprehensor, vindex: a censor, reprover, avenger. Καπιτωμητήν ἀναξ Eur. Sup. 266. ι. 270. SYN. Παιδευτής, βύθιος, τιμαρὸς, ἀμύντωρ.

Ἐπιτιμὼν, frequentius plur. Ἐπιτιμῶς, ου, τὰ, merces: a fine, reward, return. Δεινὰ τὰτι-

τιμία Hec. 1069. SYN. Γέρας, τιμή, τιμωρία, δίκη, ποινή.

Ἐπιτίμωδς, ου, ό, ή, valde honoratus; opulentus: highly honoured; wealthy. Ran. 701. See above. SYN. Ἐντίμωδς, αξιότιμωδς, τιμήεις, τίμιωδς, πλοούσιωδς.

Ἐπιτίτιθιωδς, ου, ό, ή, subrimus: at the breast. Ἐπιτίτιθιδν Ἡρακλήα Theoc. 24. 53. SYN. see Ἐπιμαστιδιωδς.

Ἐπιτλημί, perpetior: to endure. Τῷ τοί επιτλήτω κράδιη Ψ. 591. SYN. Ἀνάτλημί, διάτλᾶω, τλᾶω, ὑπόμεινω.

Ἐπιτόλλή, ής, ή, exortus: the rising. Phoen. 1132. SYN. see Ἀνάτολή.

Ἐπιτολμάω, audeo: to dare, make an attack upon. p. 238. SYN. Τολμάω, επιτλημί.

Ἐπιτόνωδς, ου, ό, lorum quo antenna ad malum attrahitur: a rope by which the sail-yard is lashed to the mast. Ἐπιτόνωδς βέσλητῷ βόωδς μ. 423.

Ἐπιτοζάδωμαι, arcum in aliquem tendo: to aim at with an arrow. Γ. 79. SYN. Τοξεύω, στόχάζωμαι, ἐφορμάω, κατάτλῃω.

Ἐπιτόσσω, supervenio celeriter ex improbo: to come suddenly upon. Pyth. 4. 43., where see Heyne. SYN. Ἐπικύρῶ, κατάλαμψάνω, ἐπιτυγχάνω, ἐπιπίπτω, ἐπέρχωμαι.

Ἐπιτρέπω, Ἐπιτρωπάω, trado, sino, jubeo: to entrust to, permit, command. Ἐπιτρέφειάς ἕκαστα ο. 24. Apoll. 1. 351. SYN. Ἀνᾱτίθην, ἀφήνι, ἐφίην, παράδιδωμι, εντέλλωμαι, πιστεύω, ὑπόχωρῶ.

Ἐπιτρέχω, Ἐπιτρώχᾶω, percurro; incursionem facio: to run on; to attack. Οκῦπῶδεσσιν ἐπιτρέχων Ψ. 504. Apoll. 4. 1604. SYN. Ἐπιθέω, ἐπισάλλω, εισάλλω, προσπίπτω, ἐπέρχωμαι.

Ἐπιτρίσω, attero; crucio; instigo: to rub upon, wear; torment; urge. Νῆσος μ' ἐπέτριψεν ἱππική Nub. 242. SYN. Κάτᾱτρίσω, ἀποτρίσω, εντείνω, ἐπιφέρω, ἀνιάω, δίδω.

Ἐπιτριπτός, ου, ό, ή, contritus; sceleratus: hacknied; rascally. Ἡ τοῦπιτριπτον κινᾶδδς ἐξήρου μ' ὅπου Aj. 103. SYN. Εξάλλω, πάνουργός, πόνηρός.

Ἐπιτρόπῆω, procuro, administro: to superintend, rule. Eq. 426. See below. SYN. Ἐπιστάτης, ἐφιστημί, διοικῶ, ἐπιμέλειωμαι.

Ἐπιτρόπος, ου, ό, ή, curator: a guardian, prefect. Ταῦταις ἐπιτρόποις καὶ ταῖμιαισὶ χρώμεθα Eccles. 212. SYN. Κηδέμων, προστάτης, ἐπιστάτης.

Ἐπιτρόχᾶδην, festinanter; succincte: rapidly; concisely. Ἐπιτρόχᾶδην ἀγῶρεύει σ. 26. SYN. Τάχεω, συντόμως.

Ἐπιτρώχᾶω. See Ἐπιτρέχω.

Ἐπιτρωπάω. See Ἐπιτρέπω.

Ἐπιτυγχάνω, τεύξωμαι, offendo, convenio: to fall in with, meet with. The participle ἐπιτύχων signifies, ordinary, common. Herc. F. 1239. See Τυγχάνω. SYN. Εντυγχάνω, περίτυγχάνω, λαγχάνω.

Ἐπιτυμειδιωδς, Ἐπιτύμειδιωδς, ου, ό, ή, sepulchralis, super sepulcro positus: sepulchral, placed on a tomb. Choëph. 328. Agam. 1525.

Ἐπιτύφω, θήψω, 2. a. ὑφόν, incendo: to kindle. Ὅπως ἂν ἀνὴρ ἐπιτύφῃ μάλιστα μου Lysist. 221. SYN. Ἐπιύκω, ἐκπύρῶ.

Ἐπιτύχης, ἔδς, ό, ή, secundus: prosperous, fortunate. Aesch. Sup. 752. See Εντύχης.

Ἐπιφαιδρύνω, ὑνῶ, splendidum reddo, lavo: to

render splendid, wash. Κάρη ἐπιφαιδρύνουσαν Apoll. 4. 662. SYN. see Φαιδρύνω.

Ἐπιφαίνω, ostendo; med. appareo: to show; midd. to appear. Hes. Scut. 167. SYN. (2) Διάφαίνωμαι, εμφαίνωμαι, φαίνωμαι.

Ἐπιφαντός, ου, ό, ή, conspicuus, præsens: conspicuous, present. Antig. 841. SYN. Ἐπιφανής.

Ἐπιφέρω, ἐποίω, infero: to bring upon, assail, charge with. Orest. 757. SYN. Προσφέρω, ἐπάγω, ἐπιφῶρῶ, ἐπισάλλω, κατηγορῶ.

Ἐπιφήμιζω, nomine alterius appello: to call by the name of another. Iph. A. 130.

Ἐπιφθάνω, prævenio: to be beforehand, anticipate. Τρῶσεν ἐπιφθᾶς Batrach. 212. SYN. Προφθάνω, φθᾶνω.

Ἐπιφθέγγωμαι, adsono, respondeo: to utter at, answer. Choëph. 450. See above. SYN. Προσφθέγγωμαι, προσφωνῶ, ἐπιφωνῶ, ἐπισῶᾶω.

Ἐπιφθῶνδς, invideo ob: to bear malice to. Ὡ δὲ κ' ἐπιφθῶνέοις λ. 148. SYN. see Φθῶνδς.

Ἐπιφθῶνδς, ου, ό, ή, odio expositus; reprehensione dignus: exposed to envy; censurable. Ουδ' ἐπιφθῶν οὐδ' ὄρν Τroad. 735. SYN. Ζηλωτός, φθῶνούμενδς, νέμεισθῶς, ἐπιμεμφής.

Ἐπιφύζω, inspuo veneficarum more: to sputter upon, mutter. Καὶ λέγ' ἐπιφύζουσιᾶ Theoc. 2. 62. SYN. Προσπύζω, εμπτύζω.

Ἐπιφλέγω, incendo: to set on fire. Ἐπιφλέγῃ ἀκάματον πῦρ Ψ. 52. SYN. Ἐπικάω, φλέγω.

Ἐπιφλύω, convicia jactito: to bespatter, abuse. Πρὶν ἐπιφλύειν μακάρεσσιν Apoll. 1. 481. SYN. Φλύω, φλύαρέω, λοιδορῶ.

Ἐπιφῶδς, ου, ό, ή, formidolosus: terrible. Agam. 1121. SYN. see Φῶδέρῶς.

Ἐπιφορῶ, depasco: to supply fodder for. H. in Merc. 105. SYN. Φέρω, βόσκω, ἐπίδοσκῶμαι.

Ἐπιφῶρῶ, desuper injicio: to bring or throw upon. Pax 224. SYN. Συμφῶρῶ, ἐπισάλλω, ἐπιφέρω.

Ἐπιφῶρός, ου, ό, ή, ferens, secundus: conducive, favourable. Choëph. 799. SYN. Ευμένής.

Ἐπιφράζω, Ἐπιφράζομαι, ἄσδωμαι, indico, admonere, excogito: to signify, admonish, consider, deliberate. Ἐπιφρασσαιμέθᾶ βουλὴν N. 741. SYN. Πάραγγέλλω, ἐπαγγέλλω, δηλῶ, διασάφῶ, ἐπιδῶ, ἐπιγινώσκω, ενθυμῶμαι, ἐπισκεπτόμαι, διανῶ, μηχανῶμαι.

Ἐπιφρόνῶ, prudens sum: to be prudent or discerning. Ἐπιφρόνῃσιν ἀγῶρεύεισ τ. 385. SYN. Ευφρόνῶ, φρόνῶ, νοῦν ἔχω.

Ἐπιφρόσῡνη, ης, ή, prudentia: prudence, discernment. Ἐπιφρόσῡνας ἀνέλοιο τ. 22. SYN. Πῶλύφρόσῡνη, σωφρόσῡνη, φρόνησις, ευσουλία, μήτις, πρῆμῃθεία, σύνεσις, πύκναι φρένεις.

Ἐπιφρούρος, ου, ό, ή, custodiens: guarding. Ζῖφος δ' ἐμῆς δῦγατρός ἐπιφρούρον δέρη Orest. 1591.

Ἐπιφρων, ὄνδς, ό, ή, mentis compos, prudens: wise, sagacious. Καὶ ἐπιφρόνι βουλῇ γ. 128. SYN. Ἐμφρων, σῶφρων, πῶλύφρων, φρόνιμδς, σύνετδς.

Ἐπιφύλιδς, ου, ό, ή, in tribus distributus: in tribes. Κάπιφύλιου χθῶνδς Ion 1577.

Ἐπιφύλλις, ἰδῶς, ή, parvus racemus post vindemiam relictus: a small bunch of grapes left after a vintage. Ἐπιφύλλιδς ταῦτ' ἐστί Ran. 92.

Ἐπιφύσῶω, inflo: to inflate. Plut. 699. See

Φυσᾶω. SYN. Ἀναφυσᾶω, εμφυσᾶω, φυσᾶω, ἐξογκῶμαι, χαννῶμαι, ἐξοιδῶ, ἐπαρῶμαι.

Ἐπίφτενω, insuper sero : to graft upon, plant in. Pax 161. See Φτενέω.

Ἐπὶχαίρω, gaudeo, gratulor : to rejoice at. Pax 1015. SYN. Περὶχαίρω, ὑπερχαίρω, ἐφ- ἥδωμαι.

Ἐπὶχάλαω, laxo, deprimō, cedo : to relax, loosen, submit. P. V. 186. See Χάλαω. SYN. Ενδιδωμί, ἀναχάλαω, ἐπικάμπτομαι.

Ἐπὶχάκυνω, cudo super, expolio : to overlay with brass. Nub. 421.

Ἐπὶχάρης, ἔος; Ἐπὶχάρις, ἴτος, gratus, jucundus, laetus : agreeable, delightful. Ἐπὶχάρῃ, in P. V. 166., is answered by ἐπὶχάλας. See also Sept. Th. 904. SYN. Εὐχάρις, εὐαρεστὺς, χάρις, ἀγαπητὸς, ἥδus, ἐπιτερπής.

Ἐπὶχάριττά, pro Ἐπὶχάριζον, insuper gratificare : do thou moreover oblige. Τῷδὲ κῆπιχάριττά τῷ ἔθῳ Acharn. 884. "In hac citatione Boeotum loqui fingit Comicus." Maltb.

Ἐπὶχάριτος, gratiose, venuste : agreeably, in an ingratiating manner. Acharn. 367. See Χάρις. SYN. Χάριεντος, αστείας, στωμύλιος.

Ἐπὶχαρμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, res lætabilis; ludibrium : a joyous thing; a laughing-stock. Herc. F. 459.

Ἐπὶχαρμὺς, ου, ὁ, Epicharmus : the Syracusan, the inventor of Comedy. Theoc. Ep. 17.

Ἐπὶχαρτὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lætitiā adferens : giving gratification to. P. V. 164.

Ἐπὶχέζω, incaco : to befoul. Ἰδού γ' ἐπὶχέσει ποῦ στίγν Lysist. 442. See Εγχεζέω.

Ἐπὶχειλῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, non plenus : not full. Eq. 814. See Brunck's note on this line for the meaning of ἐπὶχειλῆς. SYN. Ενδῆς, ἄμιρὸς.

Ἐπὶχειρᾶ, ὧν, τὰ, merces, præmium; pœna : pay, salary, reward; punishment. P. V. 327.

Ἐπὶχειρέω, manum admoveo, aggredior : to lay hands upon, attempt, attack. Hipp. 704. SYN. Εγχειρέω, ἐτοιμάζω, ἐπισάλλομαι, ἐπέρχομαι, σπουδάξω, ἐπιτῆρῶ, τολμᾶω.

Ἐπὶχευμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, affusio : a pouring out or upon. Herc. F. 890.

Ἐπὶχέω, Ἐπὶχύνω, infundo : to pour upon. Ω. 303. O. 654. SYN. Επεγχεῶ, εγχεῶ.

Ἐπὶχθονίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, terrestis; indigena : on the earth; of the earth, native. Ἐπὶχθονίοισιν αἰδοί. Δ. 479. SYN. Χθονίος, χθονοστῆς, πῆδοστῆς.

Ἐπὶχθῶω, sum obsitus lanugine, pubesco : to be covered with down, to grow into manhood. Ἐπὶχθῶωσαι θέλεις Apoll. 1. 671. SYN. see Χνῶάζω.

Ἐπὶχρᾶω, invado, urgeo; cupio; med. utor : to seize, press upon; covet, court; midd. to use. Ἐπὶχρᾶν οὐκ ἐθέλωσθ β. 50. SYN. Ἐφορᾶω, ἐπιπίπτω.

Ἐπὶχρέμῶ, adhiñnio : to neigh at, snort. Σκαρθμῷ ἐπὶχρέμῶν Apoll. 3. 1259. SYN. see Χρέμῶ.

Ἐπὶχρίμπτω, admoveo : to bring near. Δέχρις ἐπὶχριμφθεῖς Apoll. 1. 1234. SYN. see Χρίμπτω.

Ἐπὶχρίω, inungo : to put ointment upon. Ἐπὶχρίοντες ἀλοιφή. φ. 179. SYN. Κατάχρίω, εγ- χρίω, χρίω, ἐπαλείφω.

Ἐπὶχύνω. See Ἐπὶχέω.

Ἐπὶχωρέω, concedo, cedo : to give place to, yield. Antig. 219. SYN. Συγχωρέω, ἐπιτρέπω, ἐφίμῃ.

Ἐπὶχωρίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, indigena : peculiar to a place, indigenous. Pyth. 3. 38. SYN. Εγχωρίος, αὐθιγῆς, ὁμόγλωσσος.

Ἐπιψάω, attingo : to touch upon, reach, to be superficially informed. Isth. 4. 17. See below. SYN. Ἐφάπτομαι, ψηλάφω.

Ἐπιψέκᾶω, irro, instillo : to drop upon, besprinkle. Ἐπιψέκᾶειν καὶ τὴν Pax 1141. SYN. Ἐπὶσπέρχω, κατέλιδμαι.

Ἐπιψόφῶ, insono : to rattle. Ἐπιψόφῶν δὲ φάρετρα Call. 3. 247. SYN. Ἐπηχέω, ψόφῶ.

Ἐπιώγαί, ὧν, αἱ, loca in quibus naves a ventorum injuria tutæ esse possunt : a bay sheltered from the wind. Οὐδ' ἐπιώγαί ε. 404.

Ἐποικέω, incolo : to dwell in. Ion 1583. SYN. Ἐνοικέω, οἰκίζομαι.

Ἐποικὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, colonus, advena : one who dwells in a country not his own, an inhabitant. Av. 1307. SYN. Ἐνοικὸς, μέτοικος, ἐπὶχωρίος.

Ἐποικτέρω, misereor : to pity. Hec. 341. SYN. see Οὐκτέρω.

Ἐποικτίζω, misereor; miserabiliter queror : to have pity on; to complain sadly. C. R. 1295. SYN. see Οὐκτίζω.

Ἐποίχθαι, invado, incurro : to go to, frequent, ply, visit, invade. Olymp. 3. 72. SYN. Ἐπειμῆ, ἐπέρχομαι, εισέρχομαι, ἐπιπιδρεύομαι, ἐπιτέλω.

Ἐπόδῶ, miserabiliter lamentor; item, exultō : to shout at, shriek aloud; to cry out for joy. Ὡς δ' ἐπωδύλῳ Agam. 1207. SYN. Ὀδύλῳ, ἐπιθρηνέω, ἐπικωκῶ, ἐποιμῶ, ευφημέω.

Ἐπόμαι, poet. Ἐσπόμαι, comitor, sequor : to accompany, follow, attend. Herc. F. 1417. M. 398. SYN. Σὺνἐπόμαι, ἀκόλουθέω, σὺνἀκόλουθέω, ἐπακόλουθέω, μετὰίσσω.

Ἐπομβρία, as, ἡ, imbris copia : a heavy rain. Μῆτ' ἄγαν ἐπομβρίαν Nub. 1118. SYN. Ὀμβρός, ὑέτος.

Ἐπομνυῖ, Ἐπομνύω, ὁμῶμαι, deiero, jurando confirmo : to swear in addition, to confirm by an oath. Ἴν' ἐπομνύμενον σὲ πᾶσιν τῆς ἐκκλησίας Plut. 725. SYN. Ὀρκῶ, κατόμνυμι, ὁμνυῖ.

Ἐπομφάλιν, ου, τὸ, quod supra umbilicum esset; umbo clypei : that is on the middle; the boss of the shield. Μέσθον ἐπομφάλιον H. 267.

Ἐπὸνειδιστὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, culpatus; reprehensione dignus; maledicus; rebuked; reprehensible; insulting. Iph. T. 690. SYN. Ὀνειδιστὺς, ἐπιμεμπτὺς, ἐπίεδῃτὺς.

Ἐπὸνδμάς, cognomino : to give an additional name, to call. Herc. E. 1320. SYN. Πρόσδνδμάζω, ὀνδμάζω.

Ἐπὸπίζομαι, revereor, caveo : to respect, beware of. ε. 146. SYN. Εντρέπομαι, ἐπιστρέφωμαι, φύλαττομαι, ὀπίζομαι.

Ἐποπτάω, asso insuper : to roast upon. μ. 363. SYN. see Οπτάω.

Ἐποπτεύω, Ἐποπτεύσκω, Ἐπόπτομαι, inspicio, viso : to look upon, inspect, visit. Agam. 1241. π. 140. τ. 260. SYN. Ἐπίσπεω.

Ἐποπτήρ, ἥρως, Ἐπόπτης, ου, ὁ, inspector, curator : a spectator, eye-witness, spy, superintendant. Sept. Th. 640. P. V. 307. SYN. Δῖπὸς, δίοπτηρ, κατόπτης, ἐπισκόπος, ἐφδρός, δεατῆς.

Ἐπόπτομαι. See Ἐποπτεύω.

Ἐποργιάζω, mysteria celeberrō : to celebrate orgies. Ἐρως ἐποργιάζει Anacr. 32. 23. SYN. Οργιάζω, τέλειω.

Ἐπορῶ, exporrecta manu premo; irruo :

to stretch out the hand and seize; to rush upon. E. 335. SYN. *Πρότεινω*, *ἐπιλαμβάνω*.

Ἐπορθιάζω, *altum clamorem tollo*: to raise a loud cry or shout. Agam. 28. SYN. see *Ἐγορθιάζω*.

Ἐπορθέω, *clara voce edo*: to utter with a loud voice, proclaim. Eur. El. 142.

Ἐπόρνημι, *Ἐπόρουα*, *Ἐπόρω*, *concito et paro adversus*; *hostiliter assilio, obruo*: to instigate; to rush upon, overwhelm. Aesch. Sup. 195. Δ. 472. μ. 313. SYN. *Ἐνόρουα*, *ἐφορᾶω*, *ἐπέρχουμαι*, *ἐπιπλάτω*, *ἐφορᾶω*, *ἐπαΐσσω*.

Ἐπός, *ἔος*, *τὸ, verbum*; *versus*; *oraculum*: a word; verse; oracle. Troad. 55. SYN. *Δόγος*, *μῦθος*, *ῥήμα*, *ῥήσις*, *αἰδιή*, *μέτρων*, *μέλος*, *χρησμός*, *χρηστήριον*, *φήμη*, *μαντεύειν*, *μάντευμα*. *Ἐρ*. *Νέων*, *κάλων*, *καινών*, *δυστύχες*, *παράφρον*, *λντρον*, *στυγνών*, *φίλων*, *μῶρων*, *ἀληθές*, *σφόν*, *δεινόν*, *κομψόν* (Eur.), *ἀκοσμὸν*, *ἀκράαντον*, *ιμερόεν*, *πρόκλητον*, *πτερόεν*, *μελιχχιδόν*, *ἀγᾶνόν*, *αισχρον*, *αντιείδον*, *δόλιον*, *κερτομῖον*, *μάλᾶχον*, *ὀνειδείον*, *σπέρειον*, *χάλεπόν*, *ἀταρτηρόν*, *ἐκπᾶλλον*, *κᾶκόν*, *λευγάλεον*, *στυγέρων*, *χόλων*, *τέρων*, *δεσπεσίον*, *υπερφιάλλον*, *πικρόν*, *πυκνόν*, *κούφον*, *ἀπύσθητον*, *νυμερτές*. PHER. *Ἐπᾶ νύφαιδεσσὶν εὐκοιτὰ χειμερίσιν*.

Ἐπὸττύζω, *deploro*: to moan over. Phoen. 1055. SYN. see *Ὀττύζω*.

Ἐπὸτρήνω, *ἴνω*, *instigo*: to quicken, incite. *Ἐποτρήνητον* *ἀπάσας* E. 83. SYN. *Ὀτρήνω*, *πάρδοτρήνω*, *πάρουζίνω*, *πάρουμῶω*, *ἐπὶρω*.

Ἐπουράνιος, *α, ὄν*, *coelestis*: heavenly. *Ἐπουράνιοισι μάχοιμην* Z. 129. SYN. see *Ουράνιος*.

Ἐπουρίζω, *vento secundo impello*; *dirigo*; *efficio*, *perficio*: to drive before the wind, blow prosperously upon; effect, complete. Thesm. 1226.

Ἐπουρός, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *vento secundo impellens*: breathing favourably upon, prosperous. Trach. 956. SYN. *Ουρίος*.

Ἐπόχεομαι, *vehor*: to be carried, ride upon. P. 449. SYN. *Ἐπίσαινω*.

Ἐπόχῳς, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *curru vectus*; *proclivis ad*: riding upon; tending to. Lysist. 682.

Ἐποψ, *ὀψς*, *δ*, *upupa*: a hoopoe, pewet or lapwing. Av. 72.

Ἐπόψιμος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *visu facilis, adspectabilis*: capable of being inspected, discernible. *Ἀκουστών οὐδ' ἐπόψιμον* E. R. 1312. SYN. *Ὀρατός*, *ἐπόψις*, *περίελεπτος*, *φανέρως*.

Ἐπόψιός, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, (1) *idem ac præc.*; *item* (2) *inspector*: (1) the same as above; (2) superintending, protecting. *Ἐγὼ θεός τ' ἐπόψιοι* Philoct. 1040. SYN. (2) see *Ἐποπτήρ*.

Ἐπτά, *indecl. septem*: seven. Phoen. 161. See below.

Ἐπτάσδευς, *ἐπτάσδευς*, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *e septem bubulis pellibus factus*: composed of or covered with seven skins, impenetrable. *Καὶ θυμοὺς ἐπτάσδευς* Ran. 1017. Aj. 577.

Ἐπτάγλωσσοις, *Ἐπτάκτύπος*, *Ἐπτάφθογγος*, *Ἐπτάτῆνος*, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *septem sonos edens, e septem chordis sonans*: with seven notes or strings. Nem. 5. 43. Pyth. 2. 129. Ion 821. Alcest. 447. See above.

Ἐπτάετης, *Ἐπτέτης*, *ἔος, ὁ, ἡ*, *Ἐπτέτις*, *ἰδὸς, ἡ*, *septennis*: for seven years. *Ἐνθά μὲν ἐπτάετες* η. 259. Ran. 421. Thesm. 487.

Ἐπτάκι, *Ἐπτάκις*, *septies*: seven times. *Ἐπτάκις σὺν ψηφίσῃ* Lysist. 698. As *Ἐξάκις*.

Ἐπτάκτύπος. See *Ἐπτάγλωσσοις*.

Ἐπτάλογχος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *septem cuspides s. duces habens*: having seven armed chiefs. E. C. 1305. See below.

Ἐπτάμυχος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *septem habens recessus*: having seven recesses or caverns. *Ἐπτάμυχον* Béræd Call. 4. 65.

Ἐπτάπδης, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *septempedalis*: seven feet long. *Ἀξύνᾳ δ' ἐπτάπδην* Hes. Op. 422.

Ἐπτάπυρρος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, (1) *Heptaporus*: a river of the Troad, which rises in Mount Ida; (2) *septem habens vias*: having seven ways or directions. *Ῥῆσός δ' Ἐπτάπυρρός τε* M. 20.

Ἐπτάπυλός, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *septem habens portas*: having seven gates. *Στάσει τὸ Κάδμου γ' ἐπτάπυλὸν ἔχει κράτος* Herc. F. 542.

Ἐπτάπυργος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *qui septem habet turres*: having seven towers. *Τὴν ἐπτάπυργον τὴνδε* Herc. F. 28.

Ἐπτάστομος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *septem ora vel ostia habens*: having seven mouths. *Ἐπτάστομον πύργωμα* Eur. Sup. 1231.

Ἐπτάτειχης, *ἔος, ὁ, ἡ*, *septem locis munitus*: fortified in seven places. *Eis ἐπτάτειχεῖς ἐξόδους* Sept. Th. 269. "*Ἐπατειχεῖς ἐξόδους dicitur pro ἐπτά ἐξόδους τειχέων*, ut *ἐπτάπυργα κλειθρα pro ἐπτά κλειθρα πύργων* Phoen. 1073." Blomf.

Ἐπτάτῆνος. See *Ἐπτάγλωσσοις*.

Ἐπτάφθογγος. See *Ἐπτάγλωσσοις*.

Ἐπτάχᾳ, *septifariam*: in seven ways. *Καὶ τὰ μὲν ἐπτάχᾳ πάντα* ξ. 434.

Ἐπτέτης, *et Ἐπτέτις*. See *Ἐπτάετης*.

Ἐπύλλιον, *ου, τὸ*, *versiculus*: a little verse. *Συλλέγων ἐπύλλια* Acharn. 398. SYN. *Ῥημάτιον*.

Ἐπω, *ago, curo, gubernare*: to be busy about, mind, direct, attend. Z. 321. SYN. *Ἐνεργέω*, *εὐτρεπίω*, *ἐπιμελέομαι*, *ἐπώμαι*.

Ἐπω, *a. 2. εἶπον*, *dico*: I say, tell. A. 46.

Ἐπωδή, *ἡς, ἡ*, *incantamentum, carmen*: an enchantment, charm, song. Hipp. 480. SYN. see *Ἐπαιοιδή*.

Ἐπᾶδός, *οὐ, ὁ, ἡ*, (1) *consonans*: harmonising with; (2) *incantator*; *cantus*: an enchanter; a song. Hipp. 1041. SYN. *Ἐπώνυμος*, *ἐπᾶοιδός*.

Ἐπᾶς, *ovis incubo*; *clamo in modum gallinae incubantis*: to sit upon eggs as a bird; to cluck. Av. 265. SYN. *Ἐπικάθευδα*, *ἐπεινάζομαι*, *ἐπικεμαι*, *θάλλω*.

Ἐπωλένιος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *qui in vel sub ulnis fertur*: in or under the arms. *Ἐπωλένιον κίθαρίζων* Hom. Merc. 432.

Ἐπωμάδιος, *α, ὄν*, *humis superimpositus*: placed upon the shoulders. Theoc. 29. 29.

Ἐπωμάδων, *in humis*: on the shoulders. See below. *Ἐπωμάδων ἡέρταξεν* Apoll. 1. 738.

Ἐπωμῆς, *ἰδὸς, ἡ*, *summa pars humeri*; *nomen vestis muliebris*: the top of the shoulder; a female garment worn over the shoulders, a mantle. *Ἐκ χερῶν ἐπωμίδας* Iph. T. 1405. SYN. *Ἦμος*, *ἐνδυμᾶ*.

Ἐπώμδός, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *qui juravit*; *obstrictus jurejurando*: swearing by a deity; bound by an oath. Trach. 427.

Ἐπωνύμια, *as, ἡ*, *cognomen, nomen*: a surname, appellation, name. *Ἐπωνύμην ἀπὸ νύμφης* Call. 3. 205. SYN. *Ὀμωνύμια*, *ἐπικλησίς*, *ὀνόμα*.

Ἐπώνυμος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *qui ab aliquo traxit nomen*: deriving a name from. *Ἐπώνυμᾶ δειπνᾷ* Θύεστοι Orest. 1005.

Ἐπωπάω, *inspicio*: to keep an eye upon, look at, watch. Choëph. 681. SYN. see *Ἐπίελεπω*.

Ἐπωπῇ, ἡς, ἡ, prospectus; campus: a view; a plain. Aesch. Sup. 548. SYN. see ᾠψ.

Ἐπωπῆς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, epotis: a piece of wood jutting on each side of the prow, to guard the ship from the beaks of the enemies' ships, and to which the anchor was sometimes appended. Εἰχὼν οἱ δ' ἔπωπιδων Iph. T. 1351.

Ἐπωφέλω, insuper adjuvo; prosum: to give additional relief, to succour. Antig. 552. SYN. Πρὸσσωφέλω, ωφέλω, ὀνημί.

Ἐπωφελημά, ἄτος, τὸ, adjuncta utilitas, beneficium: additional assistance, benefit, service. Philoct. 275.

Ἐραζε, in vel ad terram: to the earth, on the ground. Πολλὰ δ' ἔραζε Mosch. 2. 66. SYN. Χαῖμαι, πειδονδε, χαμάδις, χαμάζε, ἐπὶ γῆς.

Ἐράμαι. See Ἐράω.

Ἐρανὸς, ἡ, ὄν. See Ἐράτος.

Ἐράνους, οὐ, ὁ, coena collatitia: contribution; an entertainment where each contributes his share. Κάλλιστον ἔρανὸν δοῦς γὰρ ἀντιλάττειται. Eur. Sup. 373. SYN. Εἰσφορὰ, δαῖς, εὐδαίμων, χάρις, μισθός. Ερ. Πόλυθιτος, εὐνομώτατος.

Ἐρασίνοισ, οὐ, ὁ, Erasinides. Εἰ κάστρατήγησέν γε μὲτ' Ἐρασίνου Ran. 1196.

Ἐράσμιος. See Ἐράτος.

Ἐράσιπλοκάμους, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, comarum studiosus: delighting in fine hair, proud and comely. Τυροῦς ἔρασιπλοκάμου Pyth. 4. 242., answered by Ζήταν Κάλαιν τέ πάτηρ.

Ἐράσινος, οὐ, ὁ, Erasinus: a river of Argolis in the Peloponnesus. Οἱ χεῦμ' Ἐράσινου Aesch. Sup. 1027.

Ἐραστής, οὐ, ὁ, amator: a lover. Troad. 1044. SYN. Φιλήτωρ, φίλος. Ερ. Πόλυχρυσός, πόθω ἀψυχός.

Ἐράτεινός. See Ἐράτος.

Ἐράτιζω, amo, cupio: to love, wish for. Ὁ δὲ κρείων ἐράτιζων P. 660. SYN. Ἐράω, ἐράμαι, ἐπιθυμῶ, ἐφίεμαι.

Ἐράτος, Ἐρανός, Ἐράσμιος, Ἐράτεινός, ἡ, ὄν, amabilis, amoenus: lovely, amiable, delightful, charming. Ἡύξοντ' ἐράται, in Eur. El. 722., corresponds to ἀγρών ταμίαν. See also I. 573. Agam. 588. T. 347. SYN. Ἀγάπητος, ἐπήρατος, κάλως, ἡδύς, πόθεινός, προσφίλης, ζηλωτός, φίλως, ἐρσεῖς.

Ἐράτω, οὐς, ἡ, Erato: one of the nine Muses, who invented dancing. Εἰ δ' ἀγέ νῦν Ἐράτῳ Apoll. 3. 1. (1)

Ἐράτωπις, πιδός, ἡ, pulchros oculos aut faciem habens: lovely-eyed, lovely-faced. Ἐράτωπιδός Ηρης Hom. 33. 2. SYN. Ἀγλῶπις, εὐώψ.

Ἐράω, Ἐράμαι, amo, cupio: to love, to be in love with, to desire. Hec. 359. Γ. 446. SYN. Ἐράτιζω, φίλω, ἐφίεμαι, ἐπιθυμῶ, ἀγάπῳ, τινί φλέγω, τίς με φλέγει. PRR. Θερμός ἐρως μὲ κατάθει, ἐκπέπληγμα κέντρος ἐρωτός, δάκνυμαι κέντρον Κύπριδός. See Apoll. 3. 1015.

Εργάζομαι, operor: to work, cultivate, plough. Med. 1118. SYN. Κάτεργάζομαι, ἀπεργάζομαι, ἐνεργῶ, μδγῶ, τεύχω, διαπράττωμαι, ἐπιτέλω.

Εργασία, as, ἡ, elaboratio, cultus; quaestus, lucrum: working, labor, employment; gain, profit. Εργασίην φεύγουσά Hom. Mere. 487. SYN. Ἐργόν, μόχος, πόνος, σπουδή, ἐπιμέλειά, κέρδος. Ερ. Πόλυμοχος.

(1) The individual names of the nine Muses very rarely occur in the earlier Greek poets: not once in Homer (except Hymn. 30. 2.), Sophocles, Aeschylus, or Euripides; though they are all given, Hes. Theog. 77.

Εργαστήριον, οὐ, τὸ, officina: a workshop, workshop. Eq. 744.

Εργάτης, Εργάτις, οὐ, ὁ; Εργάτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, opifex: a workman, workwoman, performer. Androm. 476. Apoll. 2. 374. Χεῖρά δ' εἰχὼν ἐργάτιν Philoct. 97. SYN. Γηπόνος, δημιουργός.

Ἐργμά, ἄτος, τὸ, claustrum, septum: an inclosure, hedge, place of confinement. Antig. 860.

Ἐργμά, ἄτος, Ἐργόν, οὐ, τὸ, opus, facinus, factum: a deed, work, achievement. Καὶ ἐν ἐργμασί λεύσσω Hipp. 1108. Hec. 780. SYN. Πρῶγμά, πρᾶξις, ἐπιχείρημα, τόλμη, τόλμημα. Ερ. Ἀγλῶν, ἀεικὲς, αἰσίων, λογιών, σχετλίων, ἀεκήλιον, ἀήσολον, ἀμήχανόν, ἀμφάδιον, ἀνάσχετον, ἀντίον, ἀρίστην, βίαν, γέλαστον, ἐνδέδιον, ἐπαμοιβίον, θάλασσον, θέσκελόν, ἱμερῶν, κῆκον, κράτερον, κῆκον, κλῆτον, λεπτόν, μεμῆρον, πάλντιον, πατρώιον, περικαλλές, περικλῆτον, πῶν, πόλεμῆτον, πύνηρον, φιλότῆσιον, χαρίεν, ἀκράντων, ἀργάλεον, ἀρεκτόν, μέγα, φίλον, πόλεμοκλῶν, ἀνήνυστον, ἀτελεύτητον, ἀθέμιστον, ἀπηνός, ἀνδρίον, αἰσχρόν, δεινόν, θνητόν, δυσσεβές, γενναῖον, πάντολμον, ἡσυχάδιον, ἀδίκον, φανερῶν, φόνιον, μισῶρον, ἐμφανές (Eur.), ἀμείλιχόν, ἀφθιτόν, ἀναψυστόν, εὐσεβές, θεοστῆγες, ἐνοδοῖν, βρῶτειον, μουσπόλδον, μέγαλαυχες, δεῖον.

Ἐργόν. See above.

Ἐρδω. See Ἐρέω.

Ἐρέεινός, ἡ, ὄν, furvus, obscurus: dark, gloomy. N. 425. SYN. Σκότεινός, ἐρεμνός.

Ἐρέεινθος, οὐ, ὁ, cicer: a kind of pulse, chick-pease. Eccl. 607.

Ἐρέσδιφῶ, orci tenebris abscondita scrutor: to explore Erebus. Nub. 192. See Διφῶ.

Ἐρέσις, εὖς et ὅθεν, τὸ, Erebus, orci tenebrae: Hell. Aj. 395. SYN. Σκότος, ζόφος, νύξ, ἄδης. Ερ. Κυανέον, μετὰμάλλιν, μέλαμφᾶς. PRR. Νέκρων κευθῶν, μέλαντευχῆς δῆμος Περσεφόνης. See Ἄδης.

Ἐρέεινω, interrogo: to ask, interrogate. λ. 233. SYN. Ἐρόμαι, ἀνέρωτάω, ἐρωτάω, ἐπέρωτάω, πυνθανόμαι, ἐλέγχω.

Ἐρέθιζω, Ἐρέθω, laccio, irrito: to irritate, stir up, awake, alarm. P. V. 188. A. 519. SYN. Ἐρδιόμαι, λυτῶ, παροξύνω, κινῶ, παρὰ θῆγω, παροργίζω, πρὸτρεπω, μηρύομαι.

Ἐρέθισμά, ἄτος, τὸ, irritamentum: provocation, irritation, excitement. Nub. 312.

Ἐρέθω. See Ἐρέθιζω.

Ἐρέιδω, Ἐρεῖδω, figo, firmo, fulcio, nitor: to fix, apply, direct, support, prop, embrace, press against, lean on. Eccles. 616. SYN. Ἐπέρειδω, διέρειδω, ἐμπεδῶ, ἀντιλαμβάνομαι, ἐπικειμαι, σκληρίπτομαι, στηρίζω, βαστάζω.

Ἐρείκη, ἡς, ἡ, erica: heath or broom. Theoc. 5. 64.

Ἐρείκω, frango, aro; frangor: to cause to break, split, rend, plough; to be broken. Hes. Scut. 287. SYN. Κάτερείκω, ἀγνυμί, δάω, κατάρθω, βήγνυμι, σχίζω.

Ἐρείος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, contentiosus: contentious. Theoc. 15. 50. SYN. Δυσερίς, φίλδνεκός.

Ἐρέπιον, οὐ, τὸ, rudera, ruina: a fragment, heap, ruins. Aj. 308.

Ἐρέπω, evertō, demolior: to overturn, demolish, destroy. O. 361. SYN. Εξέρεπω, κατ-ερείπω, κατὰβάλλω, κατὰσκάπτω, κατὰστρέφω, διασφείρω.

Ἐρειμῶ, ἄτος, τὸ, firmamentum, fulcimen-

tum: a prop, support. Olymp. 2. 12. SYN. Βαθρόν, κλων. EP. Αστυφέλικτον.

Ἐρεψίτοιχοις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, muros dejiciens: demolishing walls, a subverter. Ἐρεψίτοιχοι, in Sept. Th. 880., answers to φίλων ἀπιστοι. SYN. Ἀναστυτήρ.

Ἐρεμνός, ἡ, ὄν, tenebricosus; terribilis: black, lowering; terrible. Heracl. 219. SYN. Ἐρέβεννός, σκότεινός, κελαινός, ορφναῖος, φθέρους.

Ἐρέπτα, Ἐρέπτομαι, (1) tego, orno: to cover, crown; (2) edo: to eat, crop. Pyth. 4. 427. B. 776. SYN. Ἐρέφω, (2) εσθίω, ἐδδομαι, βίβρωσκω.

Ἐρέσσω, remigo, impello: to row, urge with oars, ply. Perv. 1047. SYN. Κωπηλατέω, ἐλαύνω. PRR. Κώπησιν ἁλὸς ῥηγμινὰ δαλάσσης τύπτα, ἐμβάλλω κώπησιν, ῥόθιος ἐλατίνιος δι-κροτοισί κώπας πλέω ἐπὶ ποντίᾳ κύματά.

Ἐρέτης, ου, ὁ, remex: a rower. Vesp. 1097. Ἐρέτμος, οὐ, ὁ, et Ἐρέτμα, ὦν, τὰ, plur., remus: an oar. Κάρετμων ἐπιστάτας Helen. 1266. SYN. Ἐλάτη, κώπη, πλάτη. EP. Ἀμέτρητος, ἀντίτιπτος, δῶδς, εὐξυστός, ἐλατίνος. PRR. Νηὸς πτέρων.

Ἐρέτω, remigare cogo, remigio applico: to force to row, ply with oars. Μηδ' ἐρετωσάι χέρας Med. 4. See R. P.

Ἐρεύγω, Ἐρεύγμαι, Ἐρυγγάνω, eructo; emitto: to belch; to send forth. Pyth. 1. 40. Cycl. 521. SYN. Ἀνερεύγω, ἐκβάλλω, βρύχμαι.

Ἐρευθαλίω, ὠνός, ὁ, Ereuthalion: killed by Nestor. Δωκέ δ' Ἐρευθαλίωϊ H. 149. EP. Δῶδς, πρῶμος, ἰσθθῶς φῶς.

Ἐρευθηεις. See Ἐρυθρός.

Ἐρευθός, ἔδς, rubor, pudor: redness, a blush. Mosch. 4. 2. SYN. Ἐρυθρῶ, αἰδώς, EP. Γλυκῆρῶν, δερμῶν.

Ἐρεύθω, rubefacio: to cause to become red, to colour, stain with blood. A. 394. SYN. Φοινίσσω, ἐκφοινίσσω, ἐρυθθαίνω.

Ἐρευνά, as, ἡ, inquisitio, investigatio: a search, scrutiny, investigation. Οὐδ' ἦξας εἰς ἔρευναν ἐξευρεῖν γόνάς Ion 331. SYN. Ζήτησις, πείρα, ἐξετάσις, μάτη, βάσανός.

Ἐρευνάω, indagor, scrutor; conor: to trace out, search for, investigate; to attempt. Med. 1080. SYN. Ἀνερευνάω, ἐξετάζω, ἐξερευνάω, διφάω, ἀναζητέω, ἰχνεύω, μαστεύω, μεταλλάω, κύνηγέτω.

Ἐρέφω, ψω, tego: to cover, crown. Olymp. 13. 45. SYN. Ἐπέρεφω, κατέρεφω, στεγάζω, σκεπάζω, σκιάζω, πύκάζω, κάλυπτα, στέφω, κοσμέω.

Ἐρεχθεῖδαι, ὦν, οἱ, Erecthei posteri, Athenienses: the posterity of Erectheus, the Athenians. Eur. Sup. 397.

Ἐρεχθεύς, ἦδς, ἔως, qui et dicitur Ἐριχθύνος, ὁ, Erectheus: a king of Athens and priest of Minerva. η. 81. EP. Ποικιλόμητις, τὰχὺ-βουλός, πληξίτιπτος, μεγάλῃτηρ, ωκός.

Ἐρέχθω, scindo, macero, agito: to break, cleave, shatter, distress. ε. 157. SYN. Διά-κόπτα, βάρυνω, σάλεύω, τάρασσω, ἐλαύνω, ὀχλέω.

Ἐρέψιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui inservit contignationi: fit for roofs or covering. Πάν δ' ἐρέψιμον στέγος Iph. T. 48. Blomfield wishes to retain the old reading ἐρέψιμῶν. Sept. Th. Gloss. 880. But see the notes on this passage in Priestley's new edition.

Ἐρέω, dico, nuntio, quæro: to speak, tell, an-

nounce, ask, consult. A. 76. SYN. Ἐξέρω, λέγω, ἀπαγγέλλω, ἐπέρωτῶ.

Ἐρημαζέσκω, in solitudine vagor: to wander in solitude. Theoc. 22. 35.

Ἐρημαῖος, α, ὄν, solitarius; privatus, orbatus: solitary, lone; deprived of, bereft. Mosch. 3. 21. SYN. Ἐρημός.

Ἐρημία, as, ἡ, desertum: a desert, desolation. Τὴν ἐμὴν ἐρημίαν Androm. 567. EP. Ὀρεῖας, αὐστράλῃ, ποιήσασά, δολίχῃ, ἀγραιλός.

Ἐρημόνδιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, deserta incolens: dwelling in solitude. Apoll. 4. 1333.

Ἐρημόπλις, ἔως, ἡ, civitate orbata: bereft of citizenship. Troad. 605.

Ἐρημός, η, ὄν, desertus, incultus, vacuus: deserted, uncultivated, empty. K. 520. SYN. Ἐρημαῖος, χήρως, ορφανός.

Ἐρημῶν, vasto, destituo, derelinquo: to render desolate, leave exposed, withdraw from. Med. 89. SYN. Εκπορθέω, ἀφανίζω, μὲνῶ, χηρῶν, κατὰλείπω.

Ἐρητῶν, inhibeo, reprimo: to withhold, restrain. Ἄλλος ἐρητύνει ἐπέεσσιν B. 75. In C. C. 164. the metre requires ἐρατύνει with υ short. SYN. Κάτέχω, ἐπίσχω, κωλύω, πρᾶννω.

Ἐρῖαυχην, ἑνός, ὁ, ἡ, cervicem elatam habens: high-necked, spirited. Ἐρῖαυχένᾱς ἵππους K. 305. SYN. Γαυρός.

Ἐρῖσοῖα, as, ἡ, Eriboea: the mother of Ajax. Μητρί τ' Ἐρῖσοῖα λέγω Aj. 570.

Ἐρίερέμετης, et Ἐρίερόμος, ου, ὁ, gravior fremens: loudly roaring, raging. Ζηνὸς ἔριερέ-μετew (εω, one long syll.) χάλεπῃν N. 624. Hom. 6. 56. SYN. Ὑψίερέμετης, βαρὺερόμος, ἐρίκτυπός, ἐρίγδοντός, ἐρίκλαγκτης, ἐρισμάρᾱγός, ἐρισφάρᾱγός.

Ἐρίερόνης, ου, valde mugiens: loudly bellowing. Ταυρὸν ἐρίερόνῃω (εω, one long syll.) μένως Theog. 832. SYN. see Ἐρίμυκός.

Ἐρίεῶλαξ, ἁκός, ὁ, ἡ, glebosus, fertilis: having a rich or deep soil, fertile. Τάρνης ἐρίεῶλάκός E. 44. Φ. 154. SYN. Εὐκαρπός, λιπαρός.

Ἐρίγδοντός, et Ἐρίδοντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde sonans: loud-sounding. Ἐρίγδοντοὶ πῶδες ἵππων A. 152. E. 323. SYN. Ἐρίερόμος, ἐρίερέμετης, ηχῆεις, ἐρίκτυπός, ὑψίερέμετης.

Ἐρίδαινω, Ἐρίδαινώ, Ἐρίδῶμαι, certo: to contend. Ἐρίδαινέτων ὦδε A. 574. II. 260. Ψ. 792. SYN. see Ἐρίζω.

Ἐρίδητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perquam noxius: very dangerous to. Agam. 1437. Alii autem h. l. habent ἐρίδητος pro genitivo, ab ἐρίδητης. Blomf. Ἐρίδοντός. See Ἐρίγδοντός.

Ἐρίζω, Ἐρίζομαι, contendo; exaspero: to dispute, contend, rival; to exasperate. Ἐνὶ χάρῳ ἐρίζοντο περὶ ἰσῆς M. 423. SYN. Ἀντέρίζω, ἐρίδαινω, ἐρίδαινώ, ἐρίδῶμαι, νεικέω, διαφέρομαι, ἀμυλλᾶδομαι, ἐναντιόδομαι, λοιδορέω, ἐπιμέμφομαι, ἀμφισητέω.

Ἐρίρη, πρὸς, Ἐρίρηός, α, ὄν, valde congruus; amabilis: well fitted and attached to; to be loved. Ἐρίρηας ἑταίρους ι. 100. δ. 471. SYN. Ἐπίτῆδεός, σπουδαῖός, θυμῆρης, πρόθυμός, ἐράτεινός, ἐπείραστός, ἀγάθός.

Ἐρίθηλῆς, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, valde virens: very green, luxuriant, or blooming. Ἄνηρ ἐρίθηλῆς ἑλαῖης P. 53. SYN. Εὐθᾱλῆς, δαλέρός, τηλέθᾱων, χλοδέρους.

Ἐρίθός, ου, ὁ, opifex; agricola: a worker in wool; a labourer. Δείπνῶν ἐρίθουσιν Σ. 560. SYN. Εἰροκόμος, δῆσος, ἐργάτης, μισθωτός.

Ἐρικλάγκτης, Ἐρικτύπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde strepens: loud-sounding. Pyth. 12. 38. Hes. O. 441. SYN. see Ἐριθρέμετης.

Ἐρικτύπος. See above.

Ἐρικυδής, ἔος, admodum gloriosus: very glorious. Ἐρικυδεὺς ἱκέτῳ μέτρον Λ. 225. SYN. Κούμιος, ἐνδοξός, ἀγαλός, ἀγαυός, ἀγέρωχος, ἀρίπρεπής, σεμνός, ἀγαλκνύτος, ἐρίτιμος, φαίδιμος, εὐδοκίμιος.

Ἐρικυμάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad magnum numerum in utero conceptus: very prolific. Ἐरिकύματᾶ φέρματᾶ Agam. 117.

Ἐρινκύος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde mugiens: loud-lowing. See Μυκάωμα. SYN. Ἐριέρυχης, ἐρύγμηλος, ἐρίγδουπος.

Ἐρινός, οὐ, ὁ, caprificus: a wild fig tree. Τῷ δ' ἐν ἐρινός ἐστὶ μ. 103. EP. Ηνέμεις, εὐκῆπτος, μάκρος.

Ἐρινός, ὅς, ἡ, Erinny, furia: Erinny; pl. the three Furies. Οὐκ ἂν μὲ μισῶν ἀνέχρεν' Ἐρινύν Orest. 575. The names of the three furies are contained in one hexameter line: Orph. Argon. 966: Τισίφῳνι τῇ καὶ Αλεκτῷ καὶ δᾶ Μῆγαιρα. Blomfield, P. V. Gloss. 53, has satisfactorily shown that Ἐρινός, and not Ἐριννός, is the correct mode of writing this word. SYN. pl. Εὐμενίδες, ἁλδαστόρες, δαίμονες, ποιναί. EP. Στιγῆρά, ηερύφοιτις, φωνία, τάλαια, πλύστυνός, ἀτάσθαλός, βλῆσῦρῳπίς, παυδάματῳρ, θουρίς, ποίλινος, στόνδεσσά, νηλῆς, οξείᾶ, καμπίπου, κράτερᾶ, ὀδριμόθυμός, σμερδᾶλεᾶ, μνημῶν, ἀργᾶλεᾶ, ὀλῆτεϊρά, κύνῳπίς, πῶλῦπου, πῶλῦχειρ, χαλκῶπου, σεμνή, τάνῦπου, ἀει παρθένος, δεινή, ἀπὴνῳς, μέγαλαυχός, θαρσίγεινῳς. PHR. Ἄ δεινός κρυπτόμενα λῶχοις; σεμνὰ δῆλῳ παῖδες; ἀει ὥρῳσαι πάντα τῶν βρῦτοῖς πάθῃ; αἰμάτων καὶ δράκοντάδεις κόραι; Γοργῳπῆς, ἐνέρων ἱέραι, δεινὰ δῆλῳ.

Ἐρίων. See Εἰρίων.

Ἐρίῳπῳλίκῳς, more lanam vendentium: like a wool-seller. Ὅτι εἰσῆθηκῇ πῦτᾶμῳν ἐρίῳπῳλίκῳς Ran. 1386.

Ἐρίῳνης, Ἐρίῳνίος, ου, ὁ, valde utilis, epith. Mercurii: very useful. Ἥλθ' ἐρίῳνης Δ. 322. T. 72. SYN. Πάγρηστός, ὀνήσιμος, ἀγᾶθος.

Ἐρίπλευρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, robustus: having strong sides, robust. Pyth. 4. 419.

Ἐρίπυν, ης, ἡ, cacumen: a summit, cliff. Πᾶρ-εξήμεισον ἐρίπυν Apoll. 1. 581. SYN. Ἀπορῳῳξ, κόρυφή, κρημνός, ὄρος. EP. Ηλίσᾶτος, πρόξελῳς.

Ἐρίς, ἐρίδος, ἡ; Ἐρισμᾶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, lis: strife; and (2) personified, the goddess of contention. Πολλῆς ἐρίδος ξυνέπαισε κλύδων Hec. 115. Δ. 38. SYN. Ἀγών, δῆρις, διάφῳρά, δίκη. EP. Αργᾶλεᾶ, βέβριθυᾶ, λαοσσός, φίλη, θυμὸςῳρός, κάκῳμῳχᾶνός, ἀπρηκτός, κράτερᾶ, ἀμφιλεκτός, δυσδαιμων, στιγῆρά, γυναικεία, δυσφῳρᾶν, ἀνῳ, ἀλέγεινῳ, βᾶρεῳ, οὐλόμεινῳ, λευγάλεᾶ, ὀλόᾶ, πῳρά, χᾶλεπῳ, λυσσόςᾶ, πῳλῳστῳνός, σῳχῳτῳλῳα, φοιτᾶλεᾶ. PHR. (2) Νυκτός θυγάτηρ ἐρέβεννῳς; δεινῳ, κύρῳσουσᾶ κλύδων ἀνδῳν; ἀλγῳνῳ-εσσᾶ δ' Ἐρις μέγᾶ μοιμῳωσᾶ; Ἀρεῳς ἀνδῳρῳφῳνοῳδός κᾶσιγνῳτῳ, ἐτᾶρη δῆ; Ἡ τ' ὀλίγῳ μὲν πῳτᾶ κύρῳσσῳται, ἀντᾶρ ἔπειτα οὐρᾶνῳ εῳτήριξῆ κᾶρη, καὶ ἐπὶ χῳνῳνί βαίνει; πῳλέμιῳδός τῳρας ἐπὶ χεῳρῳν ἔχουσᾶ; Δεινᾶ τίς Εῳρις Δῆδός.

Ἐρισθῳνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, valde potens: very powerful. Ἐρισθῳνῳς πῳκῳνὸν δῳ T. 355. SYN. Κράτερῳς, μέγᾶσθῳνης, ὑπερμῳνης, κῳλῳων.

Ἐρισμᾶ, ἀτὸς, τό. See Ἐρίς.

Ἐρισμᾶργός, ου, ὁ, valde tonans: loud thun-

dering. Αὐτῳρ ἐρισμᾶργός Hes. Theog. 815. SYN. see Ἐριθρέμετης.

Ἐριστᾶφῳλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, magnas ferens uvae: bearing large grapes, rich, luscious. Οἶνῳν ἐριστᾶφῳλον ι. 358.

Ἐριστός, οὐ, de quo contenditur: to be contended for. Soph. El. 220.

Ἐρισφᾶργός, ου, ὁ, valde sonans: having a deep throat, loud-sounding. Ἀγῳνῳν ἐρισφᾶργῳν Hom. Merc. 187. SYN. see Ἐριθρέμετης.

Ἐρίτιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pretiosus: very valuable, precious. Τρίπῳδων ἐρίτιμῳν Eq. 1016. SYN.

Ἐντιμός, τίμιός, βαρίτιμός, ἐνδοξός.

Ἐρίφος, ου, ὁ, hædus: a kid. Οῳδῳν ἐρίφους τῇ καὶ ᾶνας ι. 226. SYN. Αἰγῳδιῳν.

Ἐρίφῳλη, ης, ἡ, Eriphyle: the wife of Amphiaras. Στῳγῆρῳν τ' Ἐρίφῳλην λ. 325.

Ἐριχθῳνός, ου, ὁ, (1) aliter dictus Ἐρεχθεός: another name for Erechtheus; (2) rex Dardaniae: a king of Dardania. Ion 21.

Ἐρίῳλη, ης, ἡ, (1) vehemens procella s. turbo: a hurricane; (2) apud Aristoph. jocose ἐρίῳλη dicitur vestis lanosa, quasi ἐρίῳν ὀπῳλεῳ, lanæ perniciēs: the loss of the nap of cloth. Οὐκοῳν ἐρίῳλην δῆτ' ἐχῳρην ταῳτην κᾶλεῳν Vesp. 1148. SYN. Κᾶταγῳς, ἄελλᾶ, τυφᾶν, πῳνῳη.

Ἐρίῳπίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Eriopis: the wife of Ajax Oileus. Γῳωτῳν μῳτηρῳης Ἐρίῳπίδός Ν. 697.

Ἐρκεῳός, Ἐρκεῳός, α, ὃν, septum vel aulam vel aram vel larem defendens; Jovis epitheton, quasi tutelarīs, qui tutatur septa: defending the halls or enclosures, halls, altars, or families. Χ. 334. Antig. 487.

Ἐρκῳῳν, ου, Ἐρκός, ἔος, τὸ, septum, vallum, tectum: a hedge, enclosure, fortification, rampart, covering. Ἐρκῳῳν αὐλῳς I. 472. H. 211. SYN. Φῳργῳμός, τεῳχός, θῳρικτός, ὀρκᾶνῳ. EP. Αἰπεινῳν, Αῳρήῳν, κᾶτηρεφῳός, καρτέρῳν, στίδᾶρῳν, ὀδριμῳν, πῳθῳνηκῆς, δῳλιῳν. PHR. Ἐχῳρο῏ς ἐρκεῳῳν ἐίργειν ᾶμᾶχῳν κῳμᾶ δᾶλᾶσῳς.

Ἐρκεῳός. See Ἐρκεῳός.

Ἐρκός, ἔος. See Ἐρκῳῳν.

Ἐρμᾶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, fulcrum; confidentia; monile: a prop, support; confidence; a necklace. Δ. 118. SYN. Ἐρῳμᾶ, ἐρῳσμᾶ.

Ἐρμαῳός, α, ὃν, Mercurialis: of Mercury. π. 471.

Ἐρμῳας. See Ἐρμῳς.

Ἐρμείας. See Ἐρμῳς.

Ἐρμῳνευμᾶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, interpretatio, monumentum: an interpretation, sign, token. Τᾶνδῳχ' ἐρμῳνευμᾶτων Phœn. 480. SYN. Τῳκῳμῳρίῳν, μῳημᾶ.

Ἐρμῳνεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, interpreter: an interpreter, mediator. Iph. T. 1303. SYN. Ἐφῳηγητῳς, ὑπῳφῳητῳς.

Ἐρμῳνεῳω, interpreter, demonstro: to interpret, explain. Ε. C. 398. SYN. Δῳῳσᾶφέω, ἐξηγῳῳμαι, ὑπῳλαμῳῳω, φῳτίζω.

Ἐρμῳς, Ἐρμῳας, Ἐρμείας, ου, ὁ, Mercurius: Mercury, the fabled son of Jupiter and Maia, and the messenger of the gods. Ion 1599. Ω. 333. EP. Δῳῳκτόρῳς, Αῳργεῳφόντῳς, ἐρίῳνῳνός, εῳσκῳπός, ἐρίῳνῳν, χῳνῳνός, ἀγῳλᾶός, Δῳδός νῳός, ποικῳλῳδῳμῳτης, δῳδῳμητῳς, ἀγῳραῳός, δῳδός, κῳδῳμός, λαοσσός, ἐμῳλᾶῳός, δῳλῳός, πομῳπᾶῳός, εῳνῳδῳός, Κυλλῳηῳνός. PHR. Τῳνῳδῳ τῳν Δῳδός τῳρῳχῳν, τῳν τῳῳ τῳρᾶνῳνου τῳῳ νῳῳν δῳῳκῳνῳν P. V. 977., τῳν κῳπῳτων Μαιᾶδός γῳνῳν Helen. 243.

Ἐρμῳδιῳν, ου, τὸ, dimin. ab Ἐρμῳς, q. d. Mercuriolus. (Ab Ἐρμῳς effingi putes Ἐρμᾶῳν, inde

Ερμυῖδον, contr. 'Ερμυδῖον): dear little Mercury. Λίσσόμεαι σ' ὦ 'ρμυδῖον Pax 382.

'Ερμιν, 'Ερμῖς, ἰνός, ὅ, fulcrum tori: a bed-post. 'Ερμῖν' ασκήσας ψ. 198.

'Ερμῖονη, ης, ἡ, Hermione: the daughter of Menelaus and Helen. Μένελαος ἀγαγὼν 'Ερμῖονην Σπάρτης ἀπο Orest. 65. Ερ. Δάκαινα, ἐράτειή. ΡΗΗ. Εἰδὸς ἔχε χρυσεῖς Ἀφροδίτης δ. 16.

'Ερμῖς. See 'Ερμῖν.

'Ερμῖων, ἰνός, ἡ, Hermion: a city in the Peloponnesus. 'Ερμῖων τ' ἔχει πόλις Herc. F. 614.

'Ερμυκόπιδης, ου, ὁ, qui statuas Mercurii mutilat: a mutilator of the statues of Mercury. Τῶν 'Ερμυκόπιδων μήτις ὑμᾶς ὀψέται Lysist. 1096.

'Ερμῖς, ου, ὁ, Hermus: a river of Mysia. T. 392.

'Ερως, ἔως, τὸ, planta, ramus: a young plant, branch, offspring. P. 53. SYN. Φυτόν, θάλλος, βλάστημά, κλάδος. Ερ. 'Ασπετόν, χλοηφόρον, ἐπρήρατον, ἐρίθηλές, γνήσιον, περίκαλλές, πορφύρεον, ἱερὸν, ἀλόφαιον, τέρεν, χλοερόν, καλλιπέτηλον, τηλεθάον.

'Ερῶεις, εἰσά, ἔν, amabilis, venustus: lovely, beautiful. Hom. Merc. 31. SYN. see Ἐρῶτος.

'Ερῶμαι, interrogo, inquirō: to ask, inquire. Herc. F. 182. SYN. see Ἐρωτάω.

'Ερῶς, ου, ὁ; 'Ερῶς, ἔως, τὸ, Æol. pro 'Ἐρως, amor, desiderium: love, desire. Eur. Elec. 297. Sapph. ap. Athen. p. 687. SYN. see 'Ἐρως.

'Ερῶτις, vox Æolica pro 'Ἐορτή. Νύμφαις ἐπόρουν' ἐρῶτιν ὡς εδοξε μοι Eur. El. 625.

'Ερπετόν, οὐ, τὸ, reptile: a creeping thing, reptile. Androm. 268.

'Ερπύζω. See 'Ερπω.

'Ερπυλλον, ου, τὸ, serpyllum: wild thyme. Pax 161. Ερ. Νόμαιον.

'Ερπω, 'Ερπύζω, serpo; ποῦτέ. vado; lente propagor: to creep; to walk, proceed, attack; to creep upon. Med. 1240. Ψ. 225. SYN. Ἐφέρπω, τείνω, βαδίζω.

'Ερρῶ, 'Ερρῶμαι, infelici auspicio eo; imper. abi in malam rem: to fail, disappear, go to a bad end, perish. Phœn. 633. SYN. Ἀπόλλυμαι, διαφθείρομαι, ἐξόλλυμαι, ἀπέρχομαι.

'Ερση, Ἐρση, ης, ἡ, (1) ros: dew; (2) metaph. agnus tener, quasi humidus adhuc a matre: a young lamb. v. 245. A. 53. SYN. (1) Δρόσος, νότις, ὑμίχλη, (2) ἀμνός. Ερ. Ἀμυροτόν, νότια, χλωρά, ἀνθεμόεσσα, ἀφνειός, εἰρήνη, ἀμπελοεσσα, ζείδωρος.

'Ερσηεις, εντός, roscidus; tener: dewy; tender. E. 757.

Ἐρυγάνω. See Ἐρεῖγω. Cycl. 521.

Ἐρύμηνος, ου, ὁ, gravior boans: loudly roaring. Σ. 580. SYN. Ἐρίμυκος, q. v.

Ἐρῦθαίνα, i. q. Ἐρεύθα, q. v. Ἐρῦθαίνετό δ' αἵματι ὕδωρ φ. 21.

Ἐρῦθειά, as, ἡ, Erythia: the name of an island. Περίρρητον ἐν Ἐρῦθειῇ Hes. Theog. 290.

Ἐρῦθης, ἰδός, ἡ, Erytheis: one of the Hesperides. Πτέλεξ δ' Ἐρῦθης ἔγεντο Apoll. 4. 1427.

Ἐρῦθημά, ἄτος, τὸ, i. q. 'Ἐρευθός. Φοῖνικ' ἔρῦθημά πρόσωπον Phœn. 1502.

Ἐρῦθιάω, erubescō: to blush. Αἰδοῖ ἔρῦθιάωσαν Musæ. 161. SYN. see Ἐρεθίζω.

Ἐρύθρῃπους, πύδός, ὁ, avis quædam: a red-

shank, or pool-snipe. Νέρτος ἱέραξ φάττα κόκκις ἐρύθρῃπους κέκληται Av. 304.

Ἐρύθρος, ἂ, ὄν; Ἐρευθείης, εἰσά, ἔν, ruber: red. Παρὰ τὴν Ἐρύθραν θάλατταν οἰμοι μηδαιῶς Av. 145. Apoll. 1. 724. SYN. Πυρρός, ξανθός, φοινικῆς, δαφνοῖδος.

Ἐρύκα, Ἐρυκαῖω, Ἐρυκάνω, coërceo: to keep off, restrain. Μή τοί μ' ἐρυκε δρῶν Heracl. 691. E. 263. κ. 429. SYN. Εἰργω, ἀπείργω, κωλύω, κἀτέχω.

Ἐρύμα, ἄτος, τὸ, tutamen, propugnaculum: a protection, barrier, bulwark. Δίδωσιν ἡμῖν ἔρύμα πόλεως χερός Med. 1319. SYN. Φυλακή, ασφάλεια, τεῖχος, φρούριον, ἐχθρομά.

Ἐρύμανθιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Erymanthus: of Erymanthus. Ἐρύμανθιον τὲ θῆρα Trach. 1099.

Ἐρύμανθος, ου, ὁ, Erymanthus: the name of a mountain and river in Arcadia. Περίμνηκτον ἡ Ἐρύμανθον ζ. 103.

Ἐρύμας, αντός, ὁ, Erymas: the name of two noble Trojans. Αὐτὰρ ἔπειτ' Ἐρύμαντά Π. 415.

Ἐρυμνός, ἡ, ὄν, munitis; acclivis: fortified; steep, inaccessible. Helen. 68. SYN. Ισχυρός, ὑψηλός, ἀεάτος.

Ἐρυξ, ὕκός, ὁ, Eryx: the name of a city and mountain of Sicily, on which there was a temple dedicated to Venus Erycina. Αἰπεινόν τ' Ἐρύκα χρυσῷ Theoc. 15. 101.

Ἐρυσάρματός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, currum trahens: carriage-drawing. Ἐρυσάρματός ἵππους O. 354.

Ἐρυσίπτολις, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, custos urbis: guardian of the city. Ἐρυσίπτολὶ διὰ δέδων Z. 305. SYN. Πόλισσός, πόλιούχος, ρυσίπολις, πυργόφυλαξ, σωσίπολις, φίλοπόλις. ΡΗΗ. Αὐτήριος ἀμφίβας πόλιν.

Ἐρυσίχθων, ὄνός, ὁ, Erysichthon. Ἐρυσίχθονι τεύχε πόνηρά Call. 6. 82.

Ἐρυστός, ἡ, ὄν, tractus: drawn. Aj. 730.

Ἐρύτλος, ου, ὁ, Erytus. Δόλους Ἐρύτος καὶ ἔχλιον Apoll. 1.53.

Ἐρύω, Ερυώ, traho, distraho; custodio; med. obedio, servo, frustro, vito: to draw, pull, tear, distract; to guard, cover; to draw back; mid. to obey, observe, defend, rescue, frustrate, repress, avoid. Νεκρόν ὑπ' Αἰάντος ἔρυεν Γ. 235. A. 216. SYN. Ἐλκω, ἀνελκῶ, σύρω, φύλασσω, σώζω, ἀμύνω, τηρέω, κωλύω, ἐλευθερώω, κἀτέχω, κράτεω.

Ἐρχάτω, obseprio, ocludo: to enclose, contain. Χάμαιεννάδες ἐρχάτδωντο ξ. 15. SYN. Εμφράττω, κἀθείργω, κἀτακλείω.

Ἐρχόμαι, 2. a. ἡλύθον ἐτ ἡλύθον, venio, eo: to come, go. Iph. A. 1474. SYN. Βῆμι, πῦρεύομαι, πότινισσόμεαι, παρὰ γίγνομαι, βαίνω, βαδίζω, στείχω.

Ἐρωδῖος, οὐ, ὁ, ardea: a heron. Δεξῖον ἦκεν ἔρωδῖον K. 274.

Ἐρωέω, fluo; cesso; inhibeo: to flow, flock; to cease; to stop from. P. 432. SYN. Ἰπέρωεω, ὑπὸ χρωεῶ, παύω, ἀμῆλω, μένω, ἡσυχάζω, ἀπείργω.

Ἐρωή, ης, ἡ, impetus; cessatio: attack, force; cessation. Δ. 542. SYN. Ὀρμή, ἀνάπανσις, ἀνάκωχή. Ερ. Ἀδάμαστος, ἀφυκτός, ἀγρίος, δριμύς, κρύσεσά, ἱμερῶεσά, πύρεσά.

Ἐρως, ωτός, ὁ, (1) amor: love, affection; (2) personified, Cupid, the god of love. Med. 8. SYN. (1) Ἐπιθυμία, πόθος, ἱμερός, εὐνοία, φίλότης, φιλία. Ερ. Ἀφυκτός, αἰθόμενός, ἀκάματός, ἀγάνος, αλγίνουσις, ἀμῆχανός, ἀργάλεός, ἀνίηρός, ανός, ατηρῆς, ἀερόκομός, ἀερός, ἀερό-

χίτων, βάθυσ, βρόττολοιγός, βάρμηνις, γλυκύς, δεινός, δριμύς, θερμός, δοῦρος, δραστός, ἀκρηγής, ἀφουλακτός, ἀκίχρητος, μιλιάκος, μάργος, κοῦφος, κουφόνους, κρυφίος, ἰμερῆς, ἀπαρηγόρητος, οὐλός, παρθένικός, ἀκοιμητός, σῶφος, τέλεισφόρος, σχετλῆς, ἀλεγείνους, δεῖος, λαβρός, νυμφόκομος, κλέπτης, μειδίων, δελεΐφρων, πίκρος, πτηνός, τάνυπτερός, τοξόφορος, τοξότης, ηἱρόφοιτος, ἀδμαστός. ΡΗΗ. Πνθαῖ Ἀφρόδιτης γλυκεῖαι Iph. A. 69. — Μουσικόν δ' ἄρα ἔρωσ διδάσκει, κἄν ἄμουσος ἦν τὸ πρὶν Eur. fr. Sthen. 8. 1. — Ζέχελι ἔρωσ, μέγα πῆμα, μέγα στῦγος ἀνθρώποισιν, ἐκ σέθεν ουλόμεναι τ' ἐρίδες στὸν ἀχαι τῆ, γδοι τε, ἀλγῆα τ' ἀλλ' ἐπὶ τοῖσιν ἀπειρόντα τετρήχασι Apoll. 4. 446. Τοῖος γὰρ φίλοτητος ἔρωσ ὑπὸ καρδίῃν ἔλυσθει, πολλήν κατ' ἀχλὺν ομμάτων ἔχενε, κλέψας ἐκ στήθεων ἀπάλας φρένας Archil. 24. — (See also Eur. fr. incert. 165. Hipp. 520. 1269. Antig. 781. Av. 1737. Mosch. Idyll. 1.)

Ἐρωτῶ, interrogo: to ask, interrogate. Orest. 1593. SYN. Ἀνρωτῶ, ἐπερωτῶ, ἐρῶμαι, δεῶμαι, ἐλέγχω.

Ἐρωτῆς, ἔως, ὁ, tenellus amor: a young Cupid or Love. Ἐρωτιδεῖς δὲ μικρούς Anacr. 33.

Ἐρωτικός, et Ἐρωτύλος, ἡ, ὅν, amatorius: of Cupid, amatory. Theoc. 30. 36. Bion. 3. 10.

Ἐρωτίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, amicula, scortillum: a mistress, harlot. Κυνοφῶν ἔρωτιδα Theoc. 4. 59.

Ἐρωτύλος. See Ἐρωτικός.

Ἐς, præp. See Eis.

Ἐσάγειρω, colligo, recupero: to gather in, collect, recover. Νεὸν δ' ἐσάγειράτῳ θυμόν O. 240. SYN. Αθροίζομαι, ἀγείρω, συλλέγω, σὺνᾶγω, ἀνακτάομαι.

Ἐσᾶγω. See Εισᾶγω.

Ἐσάει, ἔσαιεν. See Εισάει.

Ἐσάκοντιζω, jaculor in: to shoot into. Eis οἶδ' ἐσηκοντιζὸν Helen. 1587. SYN. Ἐπᾶκοντιζω, εισάλλομαι.

Ἐσάκομαι. See Εισαῖω.

Ἐσάλλομαι. See Εισάλλομαι.

Ἐσάναγκάζω, ἄσω, impello: to compel, force in. Ἐσάναγκάζει χάρις τε γένους P. V. 298. SYN. Αναγκάζω, εισκύκλω.

Ἐσαῖθις. See Εισαῖθις.

Ἐσβαίνω. See Εισβαίνω.

Ἐσβλέπω. See Εισδέρκομαι.

Ἐσβδλή. See Εισεβδλή.

Ἐσδέρκομαι. See Εισδέρκομαι.

Ἐσεῖδω. See Εισεδέρκομαι.

Ἐσπεῖται. See Εισπεῖται.

Ἐσέρχομαι. See Εισέρχομαι.

Ἐσθεώ, irrumpo: to run or burst in. Av. 1169. SYN. see Ειστρέχω.

Ἐσθημά, ἄτος, Ἐσθός, ἔος, τό; Ἐσθής, ἦτος, ἡ, vestis, vestimentum: a garment, clothing, robe. Soph. El. 268. Ω. 94. Alcest. 1069. SYN. Πῆλός, χλαῖνᾶ, φάρος, χίτων, ἱμάτιον, ἀμπεχόνη. Ερ. Ἰφάντων, φαείνων, μάλᾶκον, κἄλδον, λεπτογυγῆς, μέλᾶν, δυσόρφαυον, φοινικέσπυτον, δύσμορφον, ναύθρονον, ἀργυφές, πολυχρυσόν, πορφύρεον, δεσπεσίον, πλῆντιμυτον, πένθιμον. ΡΗΗ. Στολμός χρωτός Androm. 148. Ψυχράν ευδιδαν φάρμακόν ανράν Olymp. 9. 146. See also Pyth. 4. 140.

Ἐσθής. See Ἐσθημά.

Ἐσθίω, poet. Ἐσθω, comedo; consumo: to eat; consume. Ουκ ἔωντος ἥσιον Cycl. 233. ε. 197. SYN. Κάτεσθίω, ἐδομαι, ἐπισιτίζομαι, δαίνυμαι,

βιβρώσκω. ΡΗΗ. Σίτον πασάμην Ω. 641. Δημήτερος ακτήν πασάμην Φ. 76. Δάματρος ακτὺς δέμας ἄγων ἰσχειν Hipp. 137.

Ἐσθλός, ἡ, ὅν, bonus; utilis; fortis; peritus; dives; celeber: good, desirable; useful; brave; clever; wealthy; distinguished. Helen. 1212. SYN. Ἀγάπητος, ἀγάθος, ωφέλιμος, ἀνδρείος, κράτερός, πλούσιος.

Ἐσθῶρε, insilio: to leap upon, assault. Sept. Th. 450. SYN. Εισπηδάω.

Ἐσθός. See Ἐσθημά.

Ἐσθω. See Εσθίω.

Ἐσίω, insidere facio: to invest, place in (as an ambuscade). Πρωτὸν ἐσίγηται λόχον ανδρῶν N. 284. SYN. Κάθλιζω, καθίστημι.

Ἐσκάλω, intro voco: to call in or within. Εσκάλεσάσᾶν τῶν Theoc. 2. 132.

Ἐσκόμιζω, importo: to bring in. Χόρτον δ' ἐσκόμισαι Hes. Op. 605. SYN. Εισάγω, ἐπάγω, εισφέρω.

Ἐσλεύσσω, adspicio: to look upon. Aj. 265.

SYN. Απόβλεπω, ἐπίβλεπω, εισδέρκομαι, δεῶμαι.

Ἐσμός, οὗ, ὁ, apum examen; copia quævis, multitudo: a swarm of bees; a swarm, crowd, abundance. Bacch. 699. SYN. Σμήνός, πλήθος, ευπρία. Ερ. Δύσμάχος, ἔχεφρων, δήϊος, δραστός.

Ἐσοικέω, incolo: to dwell within or in. Call.

Ep. 3. SYN. Ἐνοικέω, κατοικέω, ενναίω.

Ἐσοικίζω. See Εισοικίζω.

Ἐσόπτωμα. See Εισόπτωμα.

Ἐσόρα. See Εισόπτωμα.

Ἐσόπτρον, ον, τὸ, speculum: a mirror. Anacr. 11. 3. SYN. Ἐνοπτρον, κατοπτρον. Ερ. Χρυσέον, διαναγές.

Ἐσπέρη, ἡ, ἡ, Hespera: one of the Hesperides. Apoll. 4. 1427.

Ἐσπείριδες, αν, αἱ, Hesperides: the daughters of Hesperus, the brother of Atlas. Ἐσπείριδων ἐπὶ Hipp. 739, answering to ἀλίστατοις ὑπὸ. Ερ. Λιγύφωνοι. See Hes. Theog. 215.

Ἐσπείριος, Ἐσπέρως, α, ὅν, vespertinus: of the evening, evening, western. Ἡ Ἐσπείριων ανθρωπων Δ. 29. ρ. 191. Ἐσπέρως is always an adjective; and wherever it seems to be a substantive, a substantive is always understood.

Ἐσπείριτης, ον, ὁ, incola Hesperidis, oppidi Libyæ, postea Berenices dicti: an inhabitant of Hesperis. Callim. Ep. 38. 3. i long, as in ὀδίτης.

Ἐσπέρως, ον, ὁ, Hesperus, stella Veneris: the evening star. Ion 1149. Ερ. Μέλᾶς, χρυσέος, ἔωσφόρος, φωσφόρος. ΡΗΗ. see Apoll. 4. 1629.

Ἐσπῶμαι. See Ἐπῶμαι.

Ἐσῶν, (1) ἦνός, ὁ, rex: a king, sovereign. Call. 1. 66. SYN. Βασίλειος, sc. τῶν μελίσσων; ἡγεμῶν.

Ἐσσύμηνως, cum impetu; confestim; studioso: with impetuosity, rapidly, eagerly. Ἐσσύμηνως Ἐκτωρ δὲ Γ. 85. SYN. Σπουδαίως, τάχως, πρῶθύμως, ἐπιστρόφᾶδην.

Ἐσθήκω, ξω, sto: to stand. Lysist. 634. SYN. Ἰσθᾶμαι, διαμένω, εμμένω.

Ἐστία, Ἄολ. Ἰστίη, ἡ, ἡ, focus; domus: a hearth; home. Ἐστία κάτεσκάφη Hec. 23.

(1) "Ἐσῶν ex iis vocabulis est, quæ Eustathius, II. Γ. μονήεις λέγεις vocat: quæ semel tantum ab aliquo auctore usurpatæ sunt. Ita Ἀεσχυλος βαλῆνας, τὸν βασιλέα. Unde et apud Plutarchum in τῷ περὶ ποταμῶν, ἔως βαλιναιον, τὸν τῆς βασιλείας. Ita Ἰνδικᾷ lingua διῶνον regem significat." Vulcan. in l.

ξ. 159. SYN. Εσχάρα, οικία. EP. Πάνουϊς, μάκαιρά, πύθειν, Πυθμάντις.

Ἑστία, αἶος, τὸ, epulum: a feast, entertainment. Θεοῖσιν ἑστίαματα Iph. T. 388. SYN. Δαίτη, δειπνόν, εὐλαπίνη.

Ἑστίαω, agito convivia; domo excipio; celebrō: to give an entertainment; entertain; celebrate. Ἑστία γάμουσ δδε Herc. F. 481. SYN. Εὐνοχέω, δαίνυμι, τρέφω, ευφραίνω.

Ἑστιούχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tutularis: tutelary, domestic. Androm. 282. See above.

Ἑστιώτις, ιδὸς, ἡ, adj., domestica: domestic. Trach. 955. See above.

Ἑστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, clavus temonis: an iron bar or peg fixed through the extremity of the pole of a chariot, which by means of a ring inserted on each side fastened it to the yoke; a ring-bolt. Ω. 272.

Εσφέρω. See Εισφέρω.

Εσφέρειω, infero, intromitto: to bring in, introduce. ζ. 91. SYN. see Εισφέρω.

Εσχάρα, ας, ἡ; Εσχάρειον, ἄνωδ, ὁ, focus, ara: a hearth, altar. Δεξιμῶν εσχάραν Androm. 1127. Theoc. 24. 48. SYN. Ἑστία. EP. Πυθική, βροτεία, πλατεῖα, βάμιδ, ἀγνή, σεμνή, παντέλης, λιπαρόθρονος.

Εσχάτια, ἄς, ἡ, finis, extremitas; solitudo: an end, extremity; solitude. Νῦν μὲν ἴσως γὰρ τὸν εσχάτιας Philoct. 144. SYN. Ἄκρον, πέρας, τὸ εσχάτων, ἐρημία.

Εσχάτω, in extrema parte sum: to be at the extremity or to be last. Ἐλοῖ εσχάτωντα K. 206. SYN. Ἰπὸλείπεται, πλανάμαι.

Ἑσχάτος, η, ὁ, ultimus: the last, extreme. Γυναικεῖς αὖ τὸδ' εσχάτον Hipp. 375. SYN. Τετάρτος, πάνστας, πμῆατος, νεῖατος, τέλευταιός.

Ἑσω, Ἑσθῆ, Ἑσθῆν, adv. et prap., intra: within. Phoen. 270. Heracl. 42. Cycl. 514. SYN. Εἰσω, ἐνδον, ἐνδῶδι.

Ἑταίρα, ας, Ion. Ἑταίρη, ης, comes, amica: a companion, mistress, courtesan. Δ. 99.

Ἑταιρεία, Ἑταιρία, ας, ἡ, societas, amicitia: company, fellowship, confederacy. Σῆς ἑταιρείας ἄτερ Orest. 1071. Aj. 692. Porson seems inclined to reject the reading Ἑταιρία. See his note on Orest. 1071. SYN. Κοινωνία, φίλια, θυνοῖα.

Ἑταιρεῖος, α, ὁ, sodalitus; meretricius: pertaining to companions; to mistresses or harlots. Hom. Merc. 58.

Ἑταιρέω, prostituo me: to prostitute oneself. Pax. 11.

Ἑταιρία. See Ἑταιρεία.

Ἑταιρίζω, EP. Ἑταρίζομαι, sodalem reddo; sodalis fio: to adopt as a companion; to associate. Ω. 335. N. 456. SYN. Βοήθει, σύνεργω.

Ἑταῖρος, EP. Ἑταῖρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, comes, amicus: a companion, friend. Helen. 598. E. 165. SYN. Σύζυγος, σύμμαχος, κοινωνός, φίλος, ἑτης, σύνθεκος, συγκίναγος, ἐπιτήθειος, ἑραστής, ἐπῆτης, f. πόρνη. EP. Φίλος, ἑτήρως, εσθλός, εὐκνήμις, πατρώδης, πιστός, τέτιμένος, ἀμείτροχίτων, ἀπῆμων, ἐπαρτής, κάρηκόμων, ἀμύμων, ἀπιστός, ἐνηής, ἀρχεμάχος, ἀντιθέος, λυγρός, ὑπέρθυμος, πόλιφιλος, f. λιγυφάνος, θυμήρης, ευπατέρεια, μισθόφορος.

Ἑταρίζομαι. See Ἑταιρίζω.

Ἑταῖρος. See Ἑταῖρος.

Ἑτειός, α, ὁ, et Ἑτήσιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, annuus, anniversarius: yearly, from year to year, for a Pros. Lex.

year. Agam. 2. Apoll. 2. 525. SYN. Ἑπ-ετήσιος, ἐνιαυτός.

Ἑτεοκλήϊος, α, ὁ, ad Eteoclem pertinens: of Eteocles. Βῆς Ἑτεοκλήϊος Δ. 386.

Ἑτεόκλης, εὖς, ὁ, Eteocles: one of the two sons (1) of Œdipus. Ἑτεοκλῆα μὲν τόνδ' ἐπ' εὐνοία χθόνος Sept. Th. 1009.

Ἑτεόκλης, ου, ὁ, Eteocles: one of the seven commanders against Thebes. (2) Ἑτεοκλὸν ἄλλον χρηστότητ' ἡσκηκότα Eur. Sup. 874.

Ἑτεόκλητος, ων, οἱ, vere Cretenses: genuine Cretans. Εν δ' Ἑτεόκλητες μέγαλ' ἄνδρες T. 176.

Ἑτεόν, vere: truly. E. 104. SYN. see Ἑτῶ-μως.

Ἑτεραλκής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, qui alteri parti adest: dubius, anceps: preponderating on the other side; doubtful, dangerous. Θ. 171. SYN. Ἑτερορρέπης.

Ἑτερήμερος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alternis diebus: on alternate days. λ. 302.

Ἑτεροζήλως, alieno animo: with an estranged mind. Ἑτεροζήλως δι' ἐδάσασθ' μοῖραν Hes. Theog. 544.

Ἑτερόπνους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alternatim flans: alternately blowing. Ἑτεροπνοῖς ἐν αὐλοῖς Anacr. 49. 6.

Ἑτερόπορπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex altero humero fibulatus: having a robe fastened by a clasp from one of his shoulders. Call. fr. 225.

Ἑτερορρέπης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, in alteram partem inclinand: inclined to either side, equally inclined, impartial. Æsch. Sup. 408.

Ἑτέρως, α, ὁ, alter, alteruter, diversus: another, one another, opposite. Hec. 684. SYN. Ἀλλος, αλλοῖος, ὁ μὲν, ὁ δέ.

Ἑτεροτρόπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alius modi, diversus: of a different kind. Thesm. 724.

Ἑτερόφωνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aliam vel diversam edens vocem: using a different language, foreign. Sept. Th. 156. SYN. Ἀλλοθρόος, ἀλλόφυλος.

Ἑτέρωθεν, Ἑτέρωθι, Ἑτέρωσε, diversa ex parte: on the other or opposite side. A. 247. E. 351. Δ. 306. SYN. Ἀλλοσε, ἄλλη, ἐξ ἐναντίας.

Ἑτέρως, aliter, secus: otherwise, differently. α. 234.

Ἑτέρωσε. See Ἑτέρωθεν.

Ἑτης, ου, ὁ, socius; civis: a companion, friend; citizen. I. 460. SYN. Ἑταῖρος, πόλιτης.

Ἑτήσιος. See Ἑτειός.

Ἑτήτιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, verus, verax: true, very true. Ἥσθ' ἄρ' ἀλλ' ἑτήτιμος Orest. 1684. SYN. see Ἀληθής.

Ἑτητύμως, vere: truly, infallibly. Τήνδ' ἐμὴν ἑτητύμως Alcest. 1143.

Ἑτι, adhuc, amplius, quinetiam, jam nunc: still, moreover, besides, even now. Κἀτί μάλ-λιν ἡ λέγω Hec. 661.

(1) Sophocles Œ. C. 1296. makes Eteocles the younger. But it is more probable that he was the elder, as Euripides represents him, Phoen. 69; else there seems no sufficient reason why he should have held the kingdom before his brother Polynices.

(2) The seven commanders 'posted against the seven gates of Thebes in the war between Eteocles and Polynices were, Tydeus, Hippomedon, Parthenopæus, Eteocles, Polynices, Amphiaræus, and Capaneus.Adrastus is one of the seven pointed out by the Παιδαγωγός to Antigone on the walls of Thebes, as engaged in the war, and the name of Eteocles is omitted. But Euripides in the Supplices gives the names of the commanders as stated above, and agreeing with Sept. Theb. We may therefore conclude that Adrastus intrusted his share in the command to his subject Eteocles.

Ἐτνήρῳσις, ἔως, ἡ, trulla qua puls hauritur : a ladle. Δευρὸ τὴν ἔτνήρῳσιν Acharn. 245.

Ἐτνός, ἔδος, τὸ, puls e leguminibus elixis : pease porridge, broth. Χύτρας ἔτνους ἔψουσιν Eccles. 845.

Ἐτοιμάζω, ἄσω, paro : to prepare. Alcest. 374. SYN. Εὐτρεπίζω, κάτασκευάζω.

Ἐτοιμός, η, ὄν, promptus, paratus : ready, prepared. Σ. 96. SYN. Πρόχειρός, πρόθυμός, μεμιάως, τὰχως, ευχέρης.

Ἐτός, temere, sine causa, frustra : at random, without cause, in vain, to no purpose. Eccl. 244. SYN. Μάτην, ἄλλως, ἑτάσιᾶ, μαψίδιως, αὐτως.

Ἐτύμος, ου, δ, ἡ, et η, ὄν, verus : true, certain. Ω πᾶτέρ ἄρ' ἐτύμος γε Pax 114. SYN. see Ἀληθής.

Ἐτύμως, vere : truly, certainly. Orest. 1352. See above. SYN. Ἐτητύμως, ἐτέδν, ἀληθῶς, ἀτρέκῶς, νημερτῆς, ὄντως.

Ἐτωσίδεργος, ου, δ, ἡ, laboris fugitans : lazy, indolent. Ου γάρ ἐτωσίδεργός ἀνὴρ Hes. Op. 409. SYN. Ἀεργός, ἀδράνης.

Ἐτώσιος, ου, δ, ἡ, inanis, inutilis : ineffectual, fruitless. χ. 256. See above. SYN. Μᾶταιός, ἀχρηστός, ἀνήνυτός, ἀπρακτός.

Εὖ, bene : well, happily, prosperously. Iph. T. 560. SYN. Κᾶλως, ὀρθῶς, ισχυρῶς, χρησίμως.

Εὐαγγελίζομαι, ἰσδομαι, læta nuncio : to bring or tell good tidings. Equit. 640.

Εὐαγγελῖδν, ου, τὸ, lætus nunciatus : præmium quod ob lætum nuncium datur : good tidings ; reward given for good tidings. Εὐαγγελῖδν τὸδὲ τίσω ξ. 166. ΕΞΡ. Ἀγάθης ἀγγέλιος δῶρόν, κήρυγμα. PHR. Μῦθοι κάλλιστοι.

Εὐαγγέλιος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui fausta annunciat : bearing good news, of good news. Med. 1006.

Εὐάγεω, sanctus sum : to be holy or pure. Αυτός δ' εὐάγεοιμί Theoc. 26. 30. SYN. Εὐσεῖεω.

Εὐάγεως, sancte, pure : sacredly, purely. Εὐάγεως ἱερὸν ἄνα Apoll. 2. 701. SYN. Ἀγίως, ὁσίως, καθάρως, ἁγνῶς.

Εὐάγης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, sanctus : holy, pure, pious. Καὶ εὐάγεσσιν ἄδοιμι Theoc. 26. 30. SYN. Ἀγνός, καθάρός, ὁσίος, εὐσεῖδης, ἁγίος.

Εὐάγητος, ου, δ, ἡ, clarus, fulgidus ; alii, facile circumeirca ductus : clear, bright ; others say, easily carried about. "Fluit ab ant. ἡγεῖν, unde ἡγεῖσθαι, ἡγητός s. ἡγητός, &c." Toup. Δρῶσέρην φύσιν εὐάγητοι Nub. 276. SYN. Ευφώρητος, φώρητος.

Εὐαγκάλος, ου, δ, ἡ, ulnis facile gestandus : easy to be handled. Ἀχθος ουκ εὐαγκάλων P. V. 358.

Εὐαγκειᾶ, as, ἡ, convallis : a vale, valley. Πίνδου ἂν εὐαγκειᾶν ὃ δ' Call. 6. 82. SYN. see Ἀγκός.

Εὐαγκής, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, leniter declivis : forming a fine valley, gently sloping. Nem. 5. 84.

Εὐαγόρη, ης, ἡ, Evagore : one of the Nereids. Λειάδωρη τέ καὶ Εὐαγόρη Hes. Theog. 257.

Εὐαγόρεια, as, ἡ, fausta precatio : friendly address, congratulation. Σύν τ' εὐαγόρεια σύν τ' εὐγυμῶσι Call. 6. 139. SYN. Ἐπιχαρμᾶ, φίλοφρόδυνη.

Εὐαγρέσῃα, as, ἡ, felicitas in captura : success in capturing or hunting. Εὐαγρέσῃαν τέ καὶ ὄλεον Theoc. fr. Beren.

Εὐάγρδος, ου, δ, ἡ, felix in captura : fortunate in capturing. (E. C. 1089. See Ἄγρα. SYN. Ἀλώσιμος.

Εὐάγων, ὠνός, in certamine bene versans ; bene certatus : one who combats well ; well contested. Nem. 10. 71. See Ἀγών.

Εὐάδνη, ης, ἡ, Evadne : the wife of Capaneus. Eur. Sup. 995.

Εὐάζω, Εὐιάζω, Evoë clamo : to cry Evoë, celebrate the rites of Bacchus, revel. Ἀερόταν ἑπέων εὐαζόντων Antig. 1134. Cycl. 493. I in εὐιάζω brevis, ut in εἰδός.

Εὐαῖς, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, salubriter spirans ; qui bene a ventis perflatur : blowing favourably ; exposed to a favourable wind. Philoct. 828. The α, as in ἄκρασις. SYN. Ηνέμεις, εὐηνέμους.

Εὐαθλός, ου, δ, ἡ, bene certans : illustrious in combat, brave. Isthm. 6. 2. See Ἄθλος.

Εὐαί, Εὐοί, Εὐάν, Εὐοῖ, vox bacchantium : the bacchanalian cry. Εὐοί εὐοί εὐαί εὐαί Lysist. 1294.

Εὐαιμόνιδης, ου, δ, filius Evæmonis : the son of Evæmon. Εὐρύπυλος δ' Εὐαιμόνιδης E. 76.

Εὐαίμων, ὄνδς, δ, Evæmon : the father of Eurypylus. B. 736.

Εὐαινητός, ου, δ, ἡ, laude dignissimus : most deserving of praise, highly celebrated. Pyth. 4. 314.

Εὐαίων, ὠνός, δ, (1) Evæon : Evæon ; (2) item adj. felix : leading a happy life, happy. Μῆτ' αὐτῶν Εὐαίων ὁ θεῖός τ' αὐτός Eccles. 408. Iph. A. 550. SYN. (2) Εὐδαίμων, μακάρ.

Εὐαίως, feliciter : happily. Bruncat dat Εὐαίως ἐπὶ νίκῃ εὐαί εὐαί in Eccles. 1173 : at Bekker legit Εὐαί ὡς ἐπὶ νίκῃ εὐαί εὐαί. Et unde derivari potest εὐαίως ?

Εὐακῶεω, Dor. pro Εὐηκῶεω, cum benevolentia audio : to listen favourably. Æsch. Sup. 125. SYN. Εὐνῶεω, αἰσθάνομαι.

Εὐάλιος, ου, δ, ἡ, Dor. pro Εὐήλιος, a sole calefactus : warmed by the sun, sunny. Hipp. 128.

Εὐαμέρια, as, ἡ, Dor. pro Εὐημέρια, diei felicitas, successus : happy days, prosperity. Isthm. 1. 55. SYN. Εὐδία, αἰθρη, εὐδαιμόνια, ευπραξία.

Εὐαμέρος, ου, δ, ἡ, Dor. pro Εὐημέρος, prosper, felix, mansuetus : fortunate, happy, serene, gentle. Av. 1322. SYN. Εὐτυχής, γάληνος, ευμένης, ἡμέρος.

Εὐάν. See Εὐαί.

Εὐανδρία, as, ἡ, copia fortium virorum ; virilitas, virtus : abundance of brave men ; manly conduct, valour. Οὐδὲν εἰς εὐανδρίαν Eur. El. 367. SYN. Ηνῶρεα, ἀγηνῶρια, ανδρία, εὐανδρία.

Εὐανδρός, ου, δ, ἡ, fortes viros habens : full of brave men, brave. Nub. 300. SYN. Πόλυανδρός, εὐήνωρ, ἀγηνῶρ, ανδρεῖδς.

Εὐανέμος, Dor. pro Εὐηνέμος, q. v.

Εὐανθέμιος, ου, δ, ἡ ; Εὐανθής, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, (1) bene floridus : very florid, blooming ; (2) Evanthes : Evanthes. Olymp. 1. 109. Nub. 998. and (2) i. 197. SYN. Εὐβάλης, ανθέμοις, πόλυανθής.

Εὐανδρία, as, ἡ, fortitudo : superior manliness or courage. Herc. F. 407. The α, as in στῆ- γάνωρ. SYN. see Εὐανδρία.

Εὐαντῶω, ἡσω, facilem me præsto : to meet favourably, to second. Call. 3. 268. SYN. Ἰλημί, ἱλέως vel ευμῆνως ἔχω.

Εὐανθής, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, facilis accessu : easy to meet, affable, propitious. Apoll. 4. 148.

Εὐάνωρ, i. q. Εὐήνωρ, q. v. Nem. 10. 66. The α, as in στῆγάνωρ.

Εὐαρκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui facile regitur : manage-

able, tractable. Pers. 198. SYN. Ἰππὶ κῶδῳ, ευπειθής.

Εὐαρίματός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, curru agendo præstans : skilful in driving chariots, renowned for chariots. Pyth. 2. 9. See Ἀρμά, ἄτος.

Εὐάρμοστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aptus, commodus ; concinnus : well fitted, suitable to ; neat. Eur. Elec. 702. SYN. Εὐθέτος, ἀρμόδιος, ἐπιτήδειος.

Εὐαρότος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aratu facilis ; bene aratus : easily ploughed ; well ploughed. Εὐαρότου γῆρας Apoll. 2. 810.

Εὐασμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, vociferatio bacchantium : a bacchanalian shout. Bacch. 128. SYN. Θρίαμβος, ἀλάλαγμος, ὀλόλυγῆ.

Εὐαχῆτος, Dor. pro Εὐήχητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde sonans, canorus : loudly echoing, tuneful. Hipp. 1268.

Εὐεᾶτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pervius : easy to pass, passable. P. V. 743. Ba, as in Ἀεᾶτος. SYN. Εὐπόρος.

Εὐεοῖα, as, ἡ, Eubœa : an island, now called Negropont. Τὴν Εὐβοίαν διδῶσιν Vesp. 715. SYN. Ἀεαντίς. Ep. Ναυσικλείτη, ἱέρα, χαλκῶδης, κοιλὸς Εὐβοίας μυχός.

Εὐεῖς, Εὐεῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Euboica : of Eubœa. Eur. El. 442. Trach. 242.

Εὐεῶλος, prospero jactu : with a lucky throw. Choëph. 684.

Εὐέδους, Εὐέδους, ὁ, ἡ, abundans bobus : abounding in oxen. Hom. Apoll. 54.

Εὐέδωτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene pastus ; pascuis plenus : well fed ; abounding in pastures. o. 405. SYN. Εὐνέμωτος.

Εὐέδωτος, ὄς, Εὐέδωτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchros habens racemos : having fine clusters, rich in grapes. Philoct. 548. Anacr. 18. 18. SYN. Βοτρυῖς, βοτρυώδης.

Εὐουλία, as, ἡ, bonum consilium ; prudentia : a wise measure ; prudence. Ζηλῶ σὲ τῆς εὐουλίας Acharn. 1008. SYN. Ἐπιφροσύνη, φρονήσις, συνέσις.

Εὐούλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consultus, prudens : well-advised, prudent, cautious. Cæ. C. 947. SYN. Πολυούλος, δαίφρων, συνέτος, φρονίμος, πινυτός, πέπνυμένος.

Εὐγαθής, ἔος, Εὐγαθήτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. pro Ευγηθής, Ευγηθήτος, lætus, jucundus : joyful, pleasant, delightful. Herc. F. 792. Iph. T. 212. SYN. Τερπνός, ἡδύς, ἀγαστός.

Εὐγενεῖα, as, ἡ, nobilitas : noble birth, nobility. Ὡς δὲ λίπεῖν σὲ φέγγος ἡνυγενεῖα δέ Orest. 943. SYN. Γενναϊότης, ευδοξία, τὸ γενναῖον, τὸ ευγενές.

Εὐγενής, et Ion. Ηὔγενής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ ; et Ευγενής, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nobilis, præstans : nobly born, noble, illustrious. Helen. 1677. Hom. Ven. 94. Androm. 747. SYN. Γενναῖος, ευδοκίμος, ἑλευθέρως, ἀριστογόνως, ἀριστοτόκος, ἀνδρείως, ευπατριδής.

Εὐγυνός, generose, liberaliter : generously, liberally, nobly, bravely. Cycl. 201. SYN. Γενναῖος, ἀνδρείως, ἑλευθέρως.

Εὐγηθής, Ευγηθήτος. See Ευγαθής, Ευγαθήτος.

Εὐγηρῆς, ὄς, ὁ, ἡ, vocalis : melodious. Εὐγηρῆν ἐφοπλίῃτ' ἐς ἀγῶνα Opp. A. 5. 617. SYN. See Ευγλωσσός.

Εὐγήρας, ὁ, ἡ, cui beata senectus obtingit : of a happy old age. Call. Ep. 41.

Εὐγλωσσία, as, ἡ, recte loquendi facundia, suavitatis loquendi : sweetness or eloquence, or

sweetness in speaking. Ευγλωσσία δὲ πολλὰ κῆ Eur. fr. Alex. 3. 2.

Εὐγλωσσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, facundus : sweet-tongued, harmonious, eloquent. Æsch. Sup. 782. SYN. Εὐφθογγός, εὐφώνος, ευγηρῆς, εὐστομῶς, μέλιγερῆς, μέλιθογγός, καλλιφθογγός, ἡδύεπης, στρωμυλός.

Εὐγμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, votum, precatio ; gloriatio : a vow, prayer ; a boasting. Call. 6. 139. SYN. Ευχη, εὐχός, καὺχημᾶ.

Εὐγναμπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, flexibilis : flexible. Κληῖσιν εὐγναμπτοῖς ἀρβυναῖ σ. 293. SYN. See Ευκαμπτής.

Ευγναμῶνας, candide : justly, fairly. Eur. fr. Phryx. 5. SYN. Ἀρεσκόντως, ευβούλως.

Ευγνώμων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, æquus, candidus : just, fair. Theoc. 14. 61. SYN. Εὐφρων, εὐνός, εὐβουλός, ἐπείκελς, ἀπλός.

Εὐγνώστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui facilis est cognitu : easy to be known, remarkable. Orest. 1392. SYN. Φανερός, δηλός.

Εὐγόμφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene coagmentatus clavis : well nailed, Iph. T. 1286.

Εὐδαιμονέω, beatus sum, beate vivo : to be happy, to live happily. Eur. Sup. 281. SYN. Ευτυχέω, ευθενέω, ευημερέω, κἄλως, εὐ, ευτυχῶς πράττω.

Εὐδαιμονία, as, ἡ, felicitas : happiness, prosperity. Μεγάλοι μεγάλων ευδαιμονίαι Iph. A. 590. SYN. Ὀλβός, ευτυχία, ευπραγία, ευπραξία, ευπραξίς, ευεστον, ἀγῶνι τυχή.

Εὐδαιμονίζω, beatum existimo : to account as happy, to congratulate. Troad. 270. SYN. See Μακάριζω.

Εὐδαιμόνων, Ευδαιμονικός, fortunate, feliciter : fortunately, happily. Orest. 594. Pax 856. SYN. Ευτυχός, δεξιός, μακάριος.

Εὐδαίμων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, beatus : happy, fortunate. Med. 1225. SYN. Ὀλβίος, ευτυχής, ευπότημος, ευπραγής, ολβιόδαίμων, ευόλβιος, μακάριος, πλούσιος.

Εὐδακρυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, deplendus : to be wept for. Ουχ ἦσδεν ευδακρυτᾶ μοι λέγεις τᾶδε Choëph. 175. SYN. Ἀριδακρυτός, πολυδακρυτός, ἀξιοθρήνως.

Ευδείελος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene ad meridiem vel occasum solis situs : exposed to the south or west, sunny, conspicuous. Ἡ ποῦ τις νήσαν ευδείελος ν. 234. Exp. Εὐ πρὸς δέλην κειμένος, εὐδηλός. SYN. Αἰθριός, εὐδύς, ευδηλός, ἐπιφανής.

Εὐδειπνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bonis epulis instructus : well furnished with viands, sumptuous. Med. 203. SYN. Εὐθωινός.

Εὐδενδρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, arboribus bene consitus : abounding with large trees, well shaded. Iph. T. 134.

Εὐδηλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus : very evident. Pers. 1007. SYN. Ἀριδηλός, δηλός, κατὰφανής, ἐπιφανής, αἰθριός.

Εὐδία, as, ἡ, serenitas : serenity. Androm. 1134. See Ευδιᾶ. SYN. Αἰθρη, γάληνη, νημέμια.

Ευδιανός, ὁ, ὄν, serenus, tepidus : calm, genial, warm. Olymp. 9. 146. Et in Pyth. 5. 12. pro ευδιανός, recentiores legunt ευδιανός, cui respondet εὐχός ἡδη. SYN. Εὐδύς, ἀλεξάνεμος.

Ευδιᾶω, tranquillum sum, tranquillitate fruor : to be quiet, to enjoy tranquillity. Ἐλευσόμεθ' ευδιᾶντες Apoll. l. 424.

Ευδικία, as, ἡ, observantia juris et æqui et moris : the fair administration of justice, strict

justice. *Ευδίκιας ἀνέχῃσι* τ. 111. *ΣΥΝ. Δίκη, δέμης. ΕΡ. Ἐράτεινῃ.*

Εὐδῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, serenus, tranquillus: calm, tranquil. Πρὸς πλοῦν εὐδία πάντα Theoc. 22. 23. *ΣΥΝ. Αἰθρίος, ευδείελος, γάληνρος, ἀκύμαντος.*

Εὐδμητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene ædificatus: well built. Χερμαδίοισιν εὐδμητῶν ἀπὸ πύργων M. 154. *ΣΥΝ. Ευπολήτος, εὐτυκτός.*

Ευδοκίμew, bene audio, clarus sum: to be renowned or illustrious. Ἀλλ' ὁ μὲν ευδοκίμειν Theog. 587. *ΣΥΝ. Κλείμαι, ελλαμπρύνμαι, ευδοξew.*

Ευδοκίμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, probatus, laudatus: approved, distinguished. Heracl. 621. See above. ΣΥΝ. Ἐπαίνετός, ὑποδεκτός, γνώριμος, ευδοξός, γενναῖός.

Ευδοξew, celebror sermone hominum: to be signalled or celebrated. Rhcs. 496. ΣΥΝ. see Ευδοκίμew.

Ευδοξία, as, ἡ, celebritas: celebrity, glory. Τῆς τ' ευδοξίας Troad. 645. *ΣΥΝ. Εὐκλεία, ευφημία. PHR. see Nem. 4. 6. and Nem. 7. 16.*

Εὐδοξός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celebr, honorificus: celebrated, signal, honourable. Med. 593. ΣΥΝ. Ἐνδοξός, ευκλῆς, ευπρέπης, εξαίρετός, ἐρικυδής, ευδοκίμος.

Ευδράκης, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, in videndo promptus: quick in seeing, wakeful. Philoct. 847. The α, as in δράκων.

Εὐδρῶσος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchre roscidus: abounding with dew. Iph. A. 1516.

Εὐδω, εὐδῶσω, dormio: to sleep. B. 24. ΣΥΝ. Κάθευδω, κοιμᾶμαι, δαρθάνω, ηρέμew.

Ευεάνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, decenter vestitus: well robed. Καὶ ευεάνος Δημήτηρ Mosch. 4. 75. *ΣΥΝ. Ευείμων, εὐπέπλος, καλλιπέπλος, ἄσροχι- των, εὐζωνός.*

Ευεδρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, firmas præbens aut tenens sedes: giving or keeping a firm seat. ἴλας ευεδρὸν ἐς Αργά Theoc. 13. 21. *ΣΥΝ. Ἐδραῖος, βέβαιος, ἐχίρως.*

Ευεθειρά, as, ἡ, pulchras comas habens: beautiful-haired. Κλυθί μιν γέροντος ευεθειρά χρυσόπεπλε κούρη (ditroch. tetram. acatalect.) Anacr. 115. *ΣΥΝ. Ευπλοκάμος, ηἰκίμος.*

Ευειδής, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, speciosus: fair to behold, beautiful. Helen. 1539. ΣΥΝ. Εὐμορφός, ευσχήμων, ευπρέπης, κάλως, περικαλλής, ἀρίπρεπής, τέθαλνυα, εἶδος ἀρίστη, ἱκέλη χρυσῇ Ἀφροδίτῃ.

Ευεῖκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aprieus: sunny. Phoen. 685. ΣΥΝ. Πρόσήλιος, ευδιανός.

Ευείμων, ὄνως, ὁ, ἡ, bene vestitus: well-clothed. Pers. 186. ΣΥΝ. see Ευεάνος.

Ευείρως, Ευέρως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bonam habens lanam: of fine wool. Οἷος ευείρῳ πόκῳ Trach. 688. *Av. 121.*

Ευελπίς, ἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, bene sperans: hoping well, sanguine. Ευελπίς ἐμὶ τῶνδ' P. V. 518.

Ευεξία, as, ἡ, bona corporis habitudo: a good or healthy state of body. Σαρκός eis ευεξίαν Eur. fr. Antio. 7. *ΣΥΝ. Ἱγίειά.*

Ευεξόδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, facilem exitum habens: having an easy egress. Pers. 696.

Ευεπειά, as, ἡ, fausta compellatio: facundia: kind salutation; eloquence. (C. R. 932. A short, as in ευεπειά. ΣΥΝ. Ευγλωσσία. ΕΡ. Ἐράτῃ, φρένοεαλγής.

Ευεργεία, as, ἡ, beneficentia: obligation, kindness, an act of benevolence. Ευεργεστίας ἀποτίνειν χ. 235. *ΣΥΝ. Χάρις.*

Ευεργετew, benefacio: to do good, to be kind, assist. Helen. 1407. ΣΥΝ. Εὐ ποίew, εὐ δρᾶω, χαρίζομαι.

Ευεργέτης, ου, ὁ, fem. Ευεργέτις, ἰδός, ἡ, beneficus, benefica: a benefactor, benefactress. Herc. F. 1300. Iph. A. 1446. ΣΥΝ. Ευεργός, εὐ ποίων, φίλάνθρωπος.

Ευεργής, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, bene fabricatus; active, qui bene facit: well-wrought; active, beneficent. Ω. 396. ΣΥΝ. Εὐτυκτός, εὐδμητός, ευεργέτης.

Ευεργός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ap. Hom. active notat, et de feminis tantum usurpatur, idque in bono sensu: (1) officio suo bene fungens: one who does his duty well; (2) bene factus: well done. o. 421. ΣΥΝ. (1) Ευεργέτης, ἐπιδέξιός, σὴφρων, (2) ευεργής.

Ευερκής, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, bene septus aut munitus: well enclosed or fenced. φ. 389.

Ευερνήης, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, virens; dumosus: flourishing; bushy. Iph. T. 1101. ΣΥΝ. Ευθάλης, ευμήκης.

Ευέρως. See Ευείρως.

Ευεστῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bonam domum habens: having a fine seat or mansion. Ευεστίῃ χαίρῃ μὲν αὐτῇ Call. 4. 325.

Ευεστῶ, ὄς, ἡ, felicitas, animi tranquillitas: a happy state, tranquillity of mind. Agam. 938. ΣΥΝ. Ευδαιμόνία, ευτυχία.

Ευέτις, ὄς, ἡ, annuorum proventum fertilitas: a fruitful season, abundance. Ὅφρα τις ευέτι χαίρῃ Arat. Diosem. 5. 358.

Εὐζυγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene junctus; bona transtra habens: well bound; having good benches for rowers. Καὶ νῆες εὐζυγοὶ p. 288. *ΣΥΝ. Εὐσσελμός.*

Ευζωά, as, ἡ, bona et beata vita: a happy life, prosperity. Pyth. 4. 233.

Εὐζωνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene cinctus: well girt. I. 586. ΣΥΝ. Ευμίτρος.

Εὐζώρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene merus: very pure. Alcest. 767. ΣΥΝ. Ἄκρατος.

Ευηγνήης. See Ευγνήης.

Ευηγεία, as, ἡ, bonus ductus, bona administratio: a happy reign or government. Εξ ευηγείας ἀρετῶσι τ. 114. *ΣΥΝ. Ευδαιμόνία.*

Ευήθης, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, simplex, stultus: simple, foolish. Androm. 623. ΣΥΝ. Ἀπλόος, μαρός, ἀνόητος.

Ευηθία, as, ἡ, simplicitas, imperitia: simplicity, folly, stupidity. Ευηθία κατ' οἶκόν Hipp. 635.

ΣΥΝ. Ἀσουλία, μαρία, σκαιότης, ἄπλοτης.

Ευηθικῶς, simpliciter, fatue: simply, foolishly. Ὡς ευηθικῶς Eccl. 520. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀσούλως, ηλιθίως, ἀνόητως, ἄφροδῆως.*

Ευήκης, εὐς, ὁ, ἡ, valde acutus: well pointed, sharp. X. 319. ΣΥΝ. Οξυτάτος, ευθηκτός, θεκτός, ἐπιμήκης.

Ευηλάκᾶτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, colus tractandæ peritus: skilled in the management of the distaff. Theoc. 28. 22. See Ηλακάτῃ.

Ευηλῖως, claro sole: with a bright sun. Eumen. 909.

Ευημέρew, vitam felicem dego, vigeo: to live happily, to flourish. C. C. 616. ΣΥΝ. Ευθένew, ευτυχew, εὐ ζωω, ευδew, αυξάνω.

Ευημέρία. See Ευαμέρια.

Ευημέρως. See Ευαμέρως.

Ευημέμδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ventos habens prosperos, tranquillous: having favourable winds, quiet. Androm. 747. ΣΥΝ. Ευδιανός, ούριος, ευαής, κάλως.

Ευηνίη, ης, ἡ, Evenina. Καλλισφύρου Ευηνίης I. 553.

Ευηνόρεια, potius Ευανθρία, q. v.

Ευηνόριδος, ου, ὁ, Euenorides: the son of Euenor. Τηλέμαχος δ' Ευηνόριδην χ. 294.

Εύηνος, ου, ὁ, Euenus: a river in Ætolia; also the name of a man. Trach. 568. B. 693.

Εύηνωρ, ὁρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, virilis; viriles seu strenuos faciens: manly; strong. v. 19. SYN. see Εύανδρος.

Ευήρατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde amabilis: very lovely, well-beloved, sweet. Pyth. 9. 15. See Πόλυήρατος. SYN. Πόλυήρατος, ἐπήρατος, ἐπεραστός, ἐράτεινός.

Ευήρεμνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bonis remis instructus: furnished with good oars. Cf. C. 716. See Ἐρέμνος.

Εύηρης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ad remigandum aptus: adapted to rowing. λ. 124. SYN. Ευχέρης, εύνυκτος.

Ευήχης, ἔος, Ευήχης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene sonans, sonorus: sounding well, sonorous. Call. 4. 296. Hipp. 1272. SYN. Ευκῆλαδός, ηχῆεις, ἐρίδουπός, εὐφώνος, εὐφύμνος.

Ευῆλαστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, navibus gaudens vel præstans: rejoicing or excellent in ships. Cf. C. 710. See Θαλάσσια.

Ευῆλλης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, floridus: flowery, blooming. Anacr. 64. 19. See Θαλλός. SYN. Ευερνής, τέτθλως, τηλέθων, χλωρός, ἄερος.

Ευθάνατος. See Ευθνήσιμος and Θανάτος.

Ευθαρεσέω, bono sum animo: to be of good courage. S. Theb. 34.

Ευθαρετής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, fiducia præditus: of good courage, courageous. Hom. 7. 9. SYN. Εύτολμός, εὐνῶρ, ευκάρδιος, ἀδής, θράσους, πρόθυμός.

Ευθαρεώς, cum fiducia; audacter: with good confidence, confidently. Æsch. Sup. 257. SYN. Θαρσάλεως, θράσεως.

Ευθένῳ, prospero successu utor: to be successful. Eum. 906. SYN. Ευδαιμόνῳ, πλουτέῳ.

Ευθέτιζω, concinne dispono: to dispose well, set right. Hes. Theog. 539. SYN. Κοσμέω, διατάττω, συναρμώζω, συσκευάζω, συντίθημι, συμπλέκω.

Ευθέτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, appositus, aptus: well arranged, fit, orderly. Agam. 431. SYN. Ἀρμόδιος, ευποίητος, ευστάλης.

Ευθής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, elegans: elegant, beautiful. Pyth. 9. 128. SYN. Ἐριθήλης.

Εύθηλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mammosus, uber: full of milk, exuberant. Iph. A. 579.

Ευθημόσυνη, ης, ἡ, concinna rerum dispositio: just order or arrangement. Ευθημόσυνη γὰρ ἄριστη Hes. Op. 467. SYN. Τάξις, ευταξία, κόσμος, ἐμμελειά.

Ευθήμων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (1) qui recte disponit, vel (2) dispositur: arranging or arranged well. Choëph. 78. SYN. (1) Τηρητής, (2) ευποίητος, εὐθέτης, ευσχῆμων.

Ευθράτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, facilis venatu; felix in venando: easily hunted or gained; successful in hunting. Οὐκ ευθράτος ἐτύχθη Æsch. Sup. 90. SYN. Ευᾶξης, εὐκύλος.

Ευθνήσιμος, Ευθανάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, facilem mortem adferens: causing an easy death. Αἰμάτων ευθνήσιμον Agam. 1264. Menand. fr.

Ευθύνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, splendidis epulis instructus: of a splendid banquet. Choëph. 251. EXP. Κάλῃν ευωχίαν ἔχων. SYN. see Εὐδειπνός.

Εὐθρυγκός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pinnis conspicuus: strongly embattled. Helen. 70.

Εὐθρίξ, τριχός, bene comatus: long-maned.

Νεκρὸν εὐτρίχας ἡλάσιν ἵππους Ψ. 13. SYN. Εὐτρίχας, εὐκόμος, ευπλόκαμος, καλλίτριξ, κατὰδαστρίχός, χαίτης.

Εὐθρόνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchrum thronum habens: well enthroned. ζ. 48. SYN. Χρυσόθρόνός.

Ευθύ. See Ευθύς.

Ευθύγλωσσος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, veridicus, probus: one who speaks in a straightforward manner, ingenuous, true, honest. Pyth. 2. 157. See below. SYN. Ἀληθινός, ἀψευδής, ἄπλῶς, ἐπίεικός.

Ευθδικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui secundum rectos iustitiæ canones res administrat: impartial in judging. Οἰκὼν δ' ἄρ' ευθδικῶν, in Agam. 736., corresponds to πομπᾷ Διὸς ξένιου. SYN. Δίκαιος, ἐπίεικός.

Ευθύμαχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui recta in aciem prodat, fortis: brave, valiant. Olymp. 7. 27. See below and Μάχη. SYN. Ἀρήϊός, ἀγήνωρ, μένπιτόλεμός.

Ευθύμενης, ἔος, ὁ, Euthymenes. Ἐπ' Ευθύμενος Ἀρχόντος ὁμοί τῶν δράχμων Acharn. 65.

Ευθυμέω, bono vel propitio animo sum: to be kindly disposed, cheerful or merry. Cycl. 527. See below. SYN. Φιλόδρονέομαι, φίλικῶς ἔχω, ευφραίνομαι.

Ευθυμία, as, ἡ, lætitia, alacritas: joy, alacrity. Olymp. 2. 63. See below. SYN. Πρόθυμία, ευεστῶ, χάρᾳ.

Εὐθύμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui est bono et hilari animo: kind-hearted, cheerful, ready, pleasant. Εὐθυμόν ἐστίν ευτυχής Æsch. Sup. 966. SYN. Πρόθυμός, πρόφρων, φαιδρός, φίλδφρων, εὐνδός, ευγνώμων, εὐφρων, ευκάρδιος, ευμένης, ευθύφρων.

Ευθύμως, alacriter: cheerfully, readily. Agam. 1582. See above. SYN. Πρόθύμως, ἐτοιμῶς, φαιδρῶς.

Ευθύνη, ης, ἡ, disquisitio, accusatio, pœna: an examination into the accuracy of accounts, scrutiny, action brought against a magistrate for misconduct in his office, punishment. Τρέμων τῆς ευθύνης ἀπόλλυται Vesp. 571. SYN. Εξετάσις, ἐγκλημά, δίκη, τιμωρία.

Εὐθύνης, Ευθυντής, οὔ, Ευθυντήρ, ἥρὸς, ὁ, director, corrector: a ruler, director, corrector. Ἐστίν εὐθυνος βρότων Eumen. 273. Eur. Sup. 452. Theog. 40. I have not been able to meet with an instance decisive of the quantity of Εὐθυνος in the penult. The word occurs only twice in Æschylus, viz. in the passage quoted above, and in the Persæ 833. The quantity is here assumed to be long on the authority of various scholars. SYN. Δίκαστής, κύβερνήτης.

Ευθυντηρία, as, ἡ, locus in puppi, ubi foramina sive cava erant, in quibus ὁ ευθυντήρ versabatur, aut ipsi his cavis nomen illud fuit: the orifice through which the rudder passed. Iph. T. 1356.

Ευθυντής. See Εὐθύνης.

Ευθύνα, ὠνά, dirigo, gubernare, expedio: to direct, govern, pilot, expedite. Pyth. 1. 88. SYN. Ἀπευθύνα, ὠνά, κατέλεγχω, ορθῶς, ἐξέταός, ῥυθμίζω.

Ευθύπνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recta flans in eam regionem: blowing in a right direction, favourable. Nem. 7. 43. The υ, as in ὕπνός.

Ευθύπομπός, ου, δ, ἡ, recta ducens via: conducting in a straight line. Nem. 2. 9. See Ευθυδικός.

Ευθύπρῶεω, recta procedo: to proceed in a direct course. Olymp. 7. 166. See Ευθυδικός.

Εύθυρσός, ου, δ, ἡ, thyrsi frondibus ornatus: adorned with the thyrsus. Bacch. 1156.

Ευθύς, εἶα, ὅ, rectus: right, straight. Ευθειᾶν ἢ πέφικάμεν Med. 385. SYN. Ορθός, φάνερός, δικάως, ἀνευστός.

Ευθύς, Ευθύ, statim: immediately. Ευθύς ου πρὸς ἡδονάς Eur. Sup. 892. Batrach. 156. SYN. Πάραντικά, παρὰχρήμα.

Ευθύτμος, ου, δ, ἡ, in rectum sectus: cut straight, levelled. Pyth. 5. 120. See Ευθυδικός.

Ευθύτῶνός, ου, δ, ἡ, in rectitudinem extensus: straight or tight. Olymp. 10. 76. See Ευθυδικός.

Ευθύφρων, δνός, δ, ἡ, benevolus: kindly intentioned. Eumen. 1032. Τ, as A in ἄφρων. SYN. see Εύθυμς.

Ευίζω. See Ευάζω.

Ευῖος, α, ὄν, Evius: Bacchanalian. Καλ γυναιξίν Ευίασ Phoen. 666.

Ευπίτος, ου, δ, ἡ, præstantes habens equos; equitandi peritus: having excellent horses; skilled in riding. Cæ. C. 710. SYN. Ἰπποβότης.

Ευκαιρός, ου, δ, ἡ, peropportunus: very opportune, convenient. Cæ. C. 31. SYN. see Καίριος.

Ευκάματός, ου, δ, ἡ, facilem laborem habens: easily laboured or performed. Bacch. 66. See Κάματός.

Ευκαμπής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, bene flexus: well bent. φ. 6. SYN. Εύγναμπτός, γναμπτός, πουλυελεκτός, εὐστρεπτός.

Ευκαρδῖος, ου, δ, ἡ, magnanimus: noble-hearted, courageous. Τῇ περίσσο ευκαρδίῳ Hec. 577. SYN. Ευθαροῆς, θάρσους, κρατέρος, ἀγῆνωρ, εὐφυχός, πρόθυμς.

Ευκαρδίως, bono animo, fortiter: cheerfully, firmly. Hec. 547. See above. SYN. Πρόθυμς, ευψύχως.

Ευκαρπεία, ας, ἡ, frugum ubertas: a plentiful harvest. Troad. 219. Α, as in Ευμάρεια. SYN. see Θέρρος.

Ευκαρπός, ου, δ, ἡ, perquam fertilis: very fruitful. Aj. 680. SYN. Καρποφόρος, ἀγλαόκαρπος, πυρροφόρος, εἰσιωλός, ἡεῖωλός.

Ευκαῖτός, ου, δ, ἡ, bene fissus: well cleft. Κέδρου τ' ευκαῖτοιο ε. 60. SYN. Σχιστός.

Ευκαῖδός, ου, δ, ἡ, bene sonans; sonorus: sweetly sounding. Ευκαῖδων τε χόρων Nub. 312. SYN. Εύμουσός, ἡδύφωνός, ἡδύς.

Ευκέρως, ου; Εύκέρως, ω et ωτός, bene cornutus: having fine or long horns. Βότηρᾶς ευκέρων τ' ἄγρην Aj. 297. SYN. Εύκαραίρος.

Ευκηλητειρά, ας, ἡ, placatrix: an appeaser. Hes. Op. 462.

Εύκηλδός, ου, δ, ἡ, quietus, mitis: placid, quiet, silent. Iph. A. 644. SYN. Ἠσύχός, πρᾶνς.

Ευκήλως, quiete: quietly. Apoll. 2. 859. Ευκίων, δνός, δ, ἡ, pulchras habens columnas: having fine columns. Ion 184. See Κίων.

Ευκλής, poet. Ευκλειῆς, ἔος, δ, ἡ, gloriosus: glorious, illustrious. Alc. 959. K. 281. SYN. Ἀγκλής, ἐνδοξός, εὐδοξός.

Ευκλεία, ας, ἡ, splendor nominis, gloria:

glory, renown. Ευκλεία δ' οἷς μὲν εστ' ἀλήθειας ἀπὸ Androm. 321. SYN. Δόξα, κλέος, εὐδοξία. Ep. Ἐράτεινός, κудиᾶνερά.

Ευκλείζω, εἶσω et εἶζω, celebros: to celebrate, render illustrious. Pyth. 9. 162. SYN. Κλεῖζω, κλείω, καλλύνω.

Ευκλείης. See Ευκλής.

Ευκλείως, Ευκλεῶς, gloriose: gloriously. Εὐκλείως πρὸ πολλῆος X. 110. Alcest. 303. SYN. Εὐδόξως.

Ευκλής, ἡιδός, bene clausus: well bolted. Ανέρὸς αφνειοῖδ' εὐκλήης ἀρῶνία Ω. 319. SYN. Κλειστός, ασφάλῃς.

Εύκλωστός, ου, δ, ἡ, bene nendo ductus: well woven. Hom. Apoll. 203.

Εὐκνημῖς, ἰδός, bene ocreatus: well greaved, well booted. Ἄλλοι εὐκνημίδες Ἀχαιοί A. 17. SYN. Ἐνὸπλός.

Ευκοινμήτις, ἰδός, cum populo consilia communicans: provident, patriotic. Æsch. Sup. 708. See Μητίς.

Ευκόλδός, ου, δ, ἡ, qui non est stomacho fastidioso; facilis: easily satisfied, not fastidious; easy. Ran. 82. SYN. Ευπέτης, ευμάρῃς, ευχέρῃς, πρᾶός, ῥάδιός.

Εύκομπος, ου, δ, ἡ, valde sonans: high sounding. Troad. 153.

Ευκόσμητός. See Εύκοσμός.

Ευκοσμία, ας, ἡ, decentia: decorum. Θαῦμα ἰδεῖν ευκοσμίως Bacch. 692. Ευπρέπεια, κόσμς, κάλλος, τό πρῆπον.

Εύκοσμός, Ευκόσμητός, ου, δ, ἡ, bene ordinatus, concinnus: well arranged, orderly. Pers. 487. Hom. Merc. 384. SYN. Εὐθέτος, ευσχημῶν, εὐστόλδός, κομψός.

Ευκόσμως, concinne, recte: neatly, orderly, regularly. φ. 123. SYN. Κοσμίως, κατὰ κόσμον, κάλως.

Ευκραῆς, ἔος, δ, ἡ; Εύκρας, ἁτός, temperatus: well-tempered, moderate, gentle. Νῆα δ' εὐκραῆς ἀνέμς Apoll. 4. 891. Eur. fr. Antip. 41. Ἀκραφνῆς.

Ευκραίρος, α, ὄν, bene cornutus: large-horned. Βουσίην εὐκραίρῳσιν ὀπηδεῖ Hom. Merc. 209. SYN. Εύκέρως.

Εύκρας. See Ευκραῆς.

Ευκράτης, ου, δ, Eucrates. Equit. 254. See Κράτος.

Εύκρεκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, bene seu pulchre strepens: sweet-sounding. Apoll. 4. 1193. SYN. see Ευήχης.

Εύκριθός, ου, δ, ἡ, bonum habens hordeum: having fine barley, full of corn. Ἄ δαίμων εύκριθὸν Theoc. 7. 34.

Εύκρίτός, ου, δ, Eucritus. Καὶ Εύκρίτός εἰς τὸν Ἄλντα Theoc. 7. 1.

Εύκρίτός, ου, δ, ἡ, facilis judicatu: easy of decision. Οὐκ εύκρίτον τὸ κρίμα Æsch. Sup. 402.

Ευκρότητός, ου, δ, ἡ, malleo bene induratus: well hammered, finely wrought. Antig. 430.

Εύκρηστός, ου, δ, ἡ, celatu facilis: easy to be concealed. Agam. 606.

Ευκταῖός, α, ὄν; Ευκτός, ἡ, ὄν, qui prece vocatur, votivus, optatus, optabilis: invoked by prayers, votive, wished for, desirable. Πάτροβεν ευκαταία φάτις Sept. Th. 841. Heracl. 459. SYN. Ευχῆς ἀξίός, ἐπικτός, πόλιτμς.

Ευκτέανός, ου; Ευκτέμων, δνός, δ, ἡ, bene instructus possessionibus, dives: having fair possessions, opulent. Τὰς ευκτέανους κατὰ κλήρον

Pers. 895. Nem. 7. 135. SYN. Πλούσιος, ευδαίμων.

Ευκτήμων. See above.

Ευκτιμένης, η, ον; Εύκτιτός, ου, ό, ή, bene aedificatus: well built. Εύκτιμένης τε Κλέωνας B. 570. 592.

Εύκτιτός. See above.

Ευκτός. See Ευκτατός.

Ευκύκλος, ου, ό, ή, rotundus: well rounded, round. Αντίπηγός ευκύκλου Ion 1390. SYN. Εύτροχος.

Ευλάσειά, Ion. Ευλάσιη, ης, ή, cautio, circumspectio: caution, circumspection, fear, anxiety. 'Ηυλάσειά των ποιουμένων (Ed. C. 116. ΑΛΛ' ευλάσειαν οίδα' Herc. F. 165. Theogn. 118. SYN. 'Εννοιά, φύλακη, ευεσβεία, φόβος.

Ευλάξεσθαι, vereor, caveo: to be cautious, careful, afraid. Eur. Sup. 335. See Δάση. SYN. Φυλάσσομαι, εξάλυσσα, φεύγω, φθβεύμαι.

Ευλάξεστέρος, cautius: more cautiously. Iph. T. 1376. See above. SYN. Φρονίμως, ασφάλως, ευστόχως.

Ευλάσιη. See Ευλάσεια.

Ευλείμων, ωνός; Εύλειμος, ου, ό, ή, bona prata habens: abounding in fine pastures. δ. 607. Bacch. 1082.

Εύλεκτρος, ου, ό, ή, nuptiis idoneus: fit for the marriage-bed. Trach. 515.

Ευλή, ης, ή, vermis: a worm, maggot. X. 509. SYN. Σκόλη. Ep. Πουκίλη, εκκίνητος.

Εύληρά, ων, τὰ, habenæ, lora: reins. Ψ. 481. SYN. 'Ηνία.

Ευλίμενός, ου, ό, ή, bono instructus portu: having a good harbour, well fitted for landing. Helen. 1480. See Διμήν. SYN. Εύρομος.

Ευλόγω, ήσω, laudo, bene precor, benedico, gratias ago: to praise, implore blessings on, bless, thank. Eur. Sup. 937. SYN. Ευφημέω, έπαίνω, κλειώ, ύμνέω.

Ευλόγια, ας, ή, benedictio, laus: benediction, blessing, praise. Herc. F. 356. SYN. Ευφημία, αίνος, έπαινος. Ep. Άγγραντός, μελίχια.

Ευλόγος, ου, ό, ή, rationalis, probabilis: reasonable, probable, specious. Pers. 832. SYN. Σύνετός, φρονίμος.

Ευλόγως, cum ratione, merito, non temere: rationally, justly, speciously. Æsch. Sup. 260. SYN. Σύνετώς, κάλως, εκότως, πιθανώς.

Ευλόφος, ου, ό, ή, bene cristatus: well crested. Aj. 1286.

Ευλόχος, ου, ό, ή, parturientibus vel gravidis favens, epith. Dianæ: giving an easy birth. Hipp. 165. See Άρτέμις.

Ευλύρης, Εύλύρος, ου, ό, ή, bonam lyram habens; bene lyra canens: having a good lyre; playing well on the lyre. Alcest. 574. Ran. 229. See Δύρα. SYN. Ευφόρμιγξ, λιγύρος, μουσικός.

Εύλυτός, ου, ό, ή, qui facile solvi potest; paratus discedere: easy to be loosed, soon dissolved; ready to go. Εύλυτὰ δ' είναι στέργη-θρά φρένων Hipp. 256. SYN. Έκλυτός.

Ευμάθης, έός, ό, ή, docilis, ingeniosus; facilis intellectu: docile, ingenious; easy to be learnt. Σημ' ό κείνος ευμάθης Trach. 614. SYN. Ευθή-ρατος, εύληπτός, διδακτός, πιθανός.

Ευμάθια, ας, ή, docilitas, celeritas discendi: docility, quickness in learning. Ευμάθην ηγετώ Call. Ep. 51.

Ευμάρας, gen. Dor. Ευμάρα, ό, Eumaras. Ουδέ γάρ Ευμάρα τφ δεσπότη Theoc. 5. 10.

Ευμάρεια, ας, ή, facilitas; tranquillitas animi; latrina: ease; tranquillity of mind; a necessary. ΑΛΛ' ό θεός ευμάρειαν επέδειδον χερόν Bacch. 1117. See ευμάρως. SYN. Ευχερεία, ευπέτεια, ήσυχία.

Ευμάρως, facile: easily. Ευμάρως τοι χρήμα θεόι Theoc. 463. SYN. see Ευκόλως.

Ευμάρης, έός, ό, ή, facilis, commodus: easy, convenient. Soph. El. 180. See above. SYN. Ευχερής, ράδιος, εύκόλος, ελάφρος.

Ευμαρίς, ίδος, ή, calceamenti genus: a kind of slipper. Βαρβάρους ευμαρίσιν Orest. 1364.

Ευμεγέθης, έός, ό, ή, ingens, procerus: pretty large, tall. Plut. 542. SYN. Παμμεγέθης, πέλωρος, ευμήκης, περίμηκης.

Ευμειδής, έός, ό, ή, hilaris, benevolus: cheerful, kind, benevolent. Apoll. 4. 715. SYN. Ευπρόσωπος, λαμπρός όμματί, ήδύς, φαιδρός, εύθυμός.

Εύμελίας, ου, ό, ή, hastæ tractandæ peritus, bellator bonus: skilled in the use of the ashen spear, valiant. Τίς εύμέλεια φρόνουνσιν P. 23. SYN. Ανδρείδος.

Ευμένηα, Ευμενία, ας, ή, benevolentia, animus bene affectus: kindness, a kind disposition. Helen. 312. The α short in ευμένηα, as in ευμάρεια. Ευμενία is used in Pyth. 12. 8. SYN. Εύνοιά, πρευμένηα, φίλια.

Ευμένετης. See Ευμένης.

Ευμένω, benevolus vel propitius sum: to be kindly or propitiously disposed. Apoll. 2. 260. SYN. Ευνώω.

Ευμένως, Ευμένως, benevole, benigne: benevolently, kindly. Theoc. Ep. 4. Agam. 925. SYN. Φιλόφρονως, ηπίως, έπικώς, χρηστώς.

Ευμένης, έός, ό, ή; Ευμένετης, ου, ό, benevolus, amicus: kind, friendly, propitious. Androm. 55. ζ. 186. SYN. Ευνός, ευεργέτης, έλευθερίος, πρως, μελίχδος, αγαθός, χρηστός.

Ευμενία. See Ευμένηα.

Ευμενίδες (1), ων, αί, Eumenides, furia: the Furies. Ευμενίδας αί τόνδ' εξαμιλλώνται φόβω Orest. 38. SYN. Έρινύες, q. v. Ep. Πόντια, δεινωπές, σερναί, μέλαστέπλοι, μέγαλάνυμοι. PHR. 'Εμφόδοι γής τε καί σκότου κόραι (E. C. 39. Νυκτός αιανή τέκνα.

Ευμένως. See Ευμένεως.

Ευμέτρος, ου, ό, ή, modum servans, moderatus: well proportioned. Εύμετρον τώ μέν αυτός Theoc. 25. 209. SYN. Μετρίος, σύμμετρος.

Ευμήκης, έός, ό, ή, bene longus, decore procerus: pretty long, stately. Iph. A. 595. SYN. Ευμεγέθης, επίμηκης, υπερμήκης.

Ευμήλος, ου, ό, ή, ovibus abundans, pecorum ferax: abounding in or productive of sheep or cattle. Hom. H. in Apoll. 54. SYN. Πολύμη-λός, πολύθρέμων.

Ευμηχάνια, ας, ή, solertia, industria: good contrivance, ability, industry. Isthm. 4. 3. See below. SYN. Ευπύρεια, αγχίνοιά, έπινόια, έπιμέλεια.

Ευμηχάνος, ου, ό, ή, ad machinandum promptus, ingeniosus, industrius: good in contrivance, ingenious, industrious. Κακ των άμηχάνων πόρους ευμηχάνους Eq. 759. SYN. Αγχινός, ευσύνετός, δραστήριος.

(1) It is somewhat singular that the word Ευμενίδες does not occur in the works of Æschylus now remaining, though he has left a tragedy bearing that title. Except in four instances, in the Orestes, v. 38. 315. 827. and 1667., I have not been able to find the word at all. The more usual term for the Furies is Erinýes.

Εὐμίτῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, e bono stamine factus : consisting of fair or fine threads, finely woven. Iph. T. 817. See Μῖτῳς. SYN. Λεπτῳτάτῳς, εὐπῆνῳς.

Εὐμίτρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene mitra cinctus : well girt. Καὶ εὐμίτροιῷ χίτωνος Mosch. 4. 98. SYN. see Εὐζωνῳς.

Εὐμμελίῳς. See Εὐμμελίῳς.

Εὐμνηστῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cujus facile recordamur : well remembered. Trach. 109.

Εὐμοίρῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bona sorte utens, felix : having a happy lot, rich, noble. Call. 4. 295.

Ευμολπίδαι, ὧν, Eumolpi nepotes : the descendants of Eumolpus. Προσπύλων Ευμολπίδων C. C. 1053.

Ευμορφία, as, ἡ, pulchritudo : beauty. Troad. 929. SYN. Ευσχρημῳσύνη, ευπρέπειά, κάλλῳς, κομψότης.

Εὐμορφῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, speciosus, pulcher : fair-formed, beautiful. Agam. 406. SYN. see Κάλῳς.

Εὐμουσῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, venustus, eruditus : polished, learned. Thesm. 112. SYN. Εκπρέπῳς, ἐπιχαρίῳς.

Ευνάδῳ, Ευνάῳ, ἄσω, colloco in cubili : to place in a bed or on a couch, cause to rest. Rhes. 758. SYN. Κάτευνάδῳ, κατὰκοιμῳῷ, κοιμίζῳ.

Ευναία. See Ευνή.

Ευναῖῳς, α, ὄν, qui procumbere amat ; consors aut praes maritalis lecti : inclined to bed ; a partner or presider of the marriage-bed. Androm. 179.

Ευναστήριον, ου, τὸ, cubile : a bed, couch. Κοινὸν ευναστήριον Pers. 165. SYN. see Ευνή, cubile.

Ευνάῳ. See Ευνάδῳ.

Ευνέτης, Ευνητής, οὔ, Ευνητήρ, ἥρῳς, Ευνήτωρ, ὄρῳς, ὁ ; Ευνήτειρα, Ευνητρία, as, ἡ, consors lecti, maritus, uxor : a bed-fellow, consort, husband, wife. Eur. El. 803. Med. 160. Ion 911. Pers. 142. 162. Trach. 923. SYN. Σύζυγῳς, ἀκοίτης, ὁμεινέτης, ἀλόχῳς, ἀνήρ, παρὰκοίτης, ὁμολεκτήρῳς, ξυνάδῳς, πόσις, σύζυγῳς, (f.) ευνίς, ἀκοίτις, γυνή, δαμάρ, σύλλεκτήρῳς, ξυνέννη.

Ευνή, ἡς, Ευναία, as, ἡ, anchora : an anchor. A. 436. Apoll. 2. 1284. SYN. Ἀγκυρά.

Ευνή, ἡς, ἡ, cubile ; tentorium ; lustrum ferarum ; sepulcrum : a bed or couch ; tent ; den ; grave. Hec. 817. SYN. Κοίτη, κοιτῳς, κλίνη, λέκτρον, λέχῳς, ευναστήριον, κλισία, δαλάμῳς, σπεῳς, τάφῳς. Ep. Ἀσπρωτῳς, ἀβροχίτων, μάλακῳ, ευρεῖα, πολυῤῥατῳς, βράτεια, περίκαλλῳς, γαμήλιῳς, ἐγκληρῳς, χαμαιπέτης, δολίῳς, ἀδικτῳς, ἐπισημῳς, κρύφαία, ἀκουσμένητῳς, ἀπτόλεμῳς, νυμφιδίῳς, κένῳ, νυμφεῖῳς, σκιδία, ἐφέστιῳς, κρυπτή, νυμφική, γλυκερά, ἡδεῖα, εὐγάμῳς, ευπάρθενῳς, φιλότῳς, μινυνθάδιῳς. PHR. Λέκτρων δύῳ συγγενείῳς ευναί Herc. F. 795. Χλιδᾶνης ἡθης τέρψις Pers. 550. Νῳστέρας δέμνῳς κοίτας Hipp. 180.

Εύνῳ, ἄτῳς, τὸ, concubitus : cohabitation. Ion 304.

Ευνήτειρά. See Ευνέτης.

Ευνήτηρ, Ευνητής. See Ευνέτης.

Εύνῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene textus : well spun or wrought. Σ. 596. SYN. Ευψής, λεπτῳς.

Ευνήτρία. See Ευνέτης.

Ευνήτωρ. See Ευνέτης.

Ευνίς, ἰδῳς, ἡ, uxor : a wife. Ευνίδῳς τιμωρία Iph. A. 397. SYN. see Ευνέτης (f.).

Εὐνίς, ἰδῳς, ὁ, ἡ, orbus, viduus : deprived,

widowed, destitute Καὶ εσθλῳν εὐνὴν ἔθηκε X. 44. SYN. Χήρῳς, ενδής, ἔρημῳς.

Ευνῳ, bene adfectus sum animo : to be well disposed towards. Aj. 698. SYN. Ἰλαῳς, εὐνῳς, ευμῆνῳς εἰμί.

Εὐνοῖα, as, ἡ, benevolentia : good will. Εὐνοῖ ἀπέστη τῳν ἑμῳν Troad. 6. SYN. Ευμῆνειά, ἀγάπη, σπουδή, ἱλασμῳς, προθυμία, φίλια.

Ευνόμῳα, as, ἡ, bonae leges ; auctoritas et vis legum : a wise system of laws ; the influence of good laws. Ευνόμῳσι πόλιν Hom. 29. 11. Ep. Ἐράτεινῳ, ἀπτόλεμῳς, ἐρίθῳς, κουρότρόφῳς.

Εὐνόμῳς, et Dor. Εὐνόμας, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bonis legibus instructus ; pascuus : furnished with good laws, well regulated ; adequate to feed. Isthm. 5. 28. Aj. 604.

Εὐνῳς, contr. ους, gen. ὄν, οὔ, benevolus : well disposed towards, friendly, benevolent. Ion 732. SYN. Ευμῆνῳς, ευγνώμων, πρόφρων, φίλοφρον, ἱλαῳς, φίλῳς, γνήσιῳς.

Ευνοῤῥῳς, ου, ὁ, eunuchus : one who has the care of the bedchamber, chamberlain, eunuch. Acharn. 117.

Εὐξείνῳς, Εὐξῆνῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) hospitalis : hospitable ; (2) epith. Ponti : the Euxine or Black Sea. Hipp. 156. Choeph. 700. PHR. (2) Εὐξείνῳν πέλαγῳς, Εὐξείνῳν οἰδιὰ λίμνας Herc. F. 410. Πόντῳς Εὐξείνῳς.

Εὐξείνῳς, hospitaliter : hospitably. Apoll. 1. 963. SYN. Ξένῳς, φίλοξῆνῳς, φίλῳς.

Εὐξῆνῳς. See Εὐξείνῳς.

Εὐξῆστῳς, Εὐξῆς, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene rasmus, politus : well polished, finely made. Σ. 276. Κυάνῳπεδῳν εὐξῆδῳν B. 390. SYN. Ξεστῳς, ξεστῳς, γλαφύρῳς.

Εὐξῆς. See Εὐξῆστῳς.

Εὐξῆνέτῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene intelligibilis : easy to be understood. Εὐξῆνέτον ξῆνέτοισῳ βῳάν Iph. T. 1093.

Εὐογκῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, molis amplae et compactae, portatu facilis : of proper size, easily carried. Eur. fr. Syl. 3. 3.

Ευοδία, as, ἡ, expeditum iter : prosperitas : a good journey ; prosperity. Πρώτᾳ μεν ευοδίαν ἀγάθῳν Ran. 1575. SYN. (2) Ευτυχία.

Εὐδομῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suaviter olens : sweetly breathing. Ξανθᾳ σὺν ευδομοῖς Call. fr. 106. SYN. Ευῳδῳς, δῳδῳς, κῳδῳς, ἡδῳπνῳς, εὐπνῳς, εὐοσμῳς.

Ευδῳδῳ, prospere progredior : to have a prosperous journey. C. C. 1435. SYN. Ευδαμνῳς.

Ευοῖ, Evox, vox bacchantium : the bacchalian cry. See Ευαῖ.

Ευδαῖῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, felix, dives : happy, wealthy. Iph. T. 189. SYN. see Ευδαίμων.

Εὐδῳπῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene armatus ; felix in armis : well armed ; successful in arms. Phoen. 809. See Ὀπλῳν. SYN. Ἐνδῳπῳς.

Ευοργῳσία, as, ἡ, (1) promptitudo ad iracundiam : irascibility ; (2) lenitas morum : moderation in anger, gentleness. Πέποιθεν ευοργῳσίῳ Hipp. 1042.

Ευορκῳ, religiose juro : to observe an oath faithfully. Orest. 1532.

Ευορκία, as, ἡ ; Ευόρκῳμᾳ, ἄτῳς, τὸ, iurandum fideliter observatum, fides : an oath sacredly observed, faithfulness. Olymp. 2. 118. Choeph. 888.

Εὐορκῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, iurejurando stans : one who scrupulously abides by his oath, faithful. Hes.

Op. 190. SYN. Ἀληθής, ευσέβης, ευγνώμων, ἐπίεικός.

Ευόρκιμα. See Ευορκία.

Ευόρκως, fideliter: in a faithful manner. Choëph. 966.

Ευόρμος, ου, ό, ή, bene fidus carinis: having a good harbour, safe for ships. Troad. 126. SYN. Ευλίμενός, ἐπιτήδεις.

Ευοσμος, ου, ό, ή, fragrans: fragrant. Bacch. 231. SYN. see Ευόδμος.

Ευπαγής, εός, ό, ή, bene compactus: well fastened. Ευπάγες αυτοόφλοιον Theoc. 25. 208. SYN. Ευπηκτός.

Ευπαίδευτός, ου, ό, ή, bene eruditus: well instructed. Orest. 404.

Ευπαιδία, as, ή, felicitas in gignendis liberis; item soboles: happiness in children; offspring. Τέρπειτα τ' ευπαιδία Eur. Sup. 500. SYN. Ευτεκνία, τέκος.

Ευπαις, αιδός, bonos habens liberos: happy in children. Hec. 798.

Ευπαλάμους, ου, ό, ή, artibus probe instructus: well put together or composed. Agam. 1509. See Πάλαμη. SYN. Ἐπιδέξιός, σθένάρος.

Ευπαλέως, facile: easily. Ευπαλέως κούρης Apoll. 4. 193.

Ευπάλης, εός, ό, ή, luctam facilem habens; facile eluctabilis: easy to combat in; of easy conquest. Ευπάλεας τέλεσσαι Apoll. 2. 617.

Ευπαράγωγος, ου, ό, ή, cui verba dare facile est: easily imposed upon. Eq. 1112. See Ἀγωγός.

Ευπαρήγος, ου, ό, ή, pulchras habens genas: having fair cheeks, blooming. Pyth. 12. 28. See Πάρεϊα.

Ευπαρθένος, ου, ό, ή, felix virgo: happy as a virgin; pure. Bacch. 520.

Ευπατέριος, Ευπατρίδης, ου, ό; Ευπατρίς, ιδός, ό, ή, bono patre natus: a man nobly born, noble on the father's side. Z. 292. Εἰς ευπατρίδας πάλιν ἔλθῃ Theoc. 18. 53. Τίς ἄν ευπατρίς ᾧδὲ βλάστοι in Soph. El. 1087, answers to ἀχόρευτ' ἄ φέρονσ' ὕνειδῃ. SYN. Ὀρίμιόπατρη.

Ευπατρίδης. See above.

Ευπατρίς. See above.

Ευπατρω, ὄρος, claro patre genitus: nobly born. Ἡ Αἰλαῖος ευπατρω Pers. 961. SYN. see Ευγένης.

Ευπειθής. See below.

Ευπειστός, ου, Ευπειθής, Ευπίθης, εός, ό, ή, cui facile persuaderi potest: easily persuaded or believed, tractable. Aj. 152. Androm. 811. P. V. 34.

Ευπέμπελός, ου, ό, ή, felix, lætus: happily sent, happy, fortunate, joyful. Eumen. 479. SYN. Ευχέρης.

Ευπένθερος, ου, ό, ή, nobilem socerum habens: happy in a father-in-law. Theoc. 18. 49.

Ευπέπλος, ου, ό, ή, pulchrum habens peplum: finely dressed. Ἀχαιῶδων ευπέπλων E. 424.

Ευπέταλός, ου, ό, ή, bene foliatus: having large leaves, well clustered. Thesm. 1000. See Πετάλον. SYN. Καλλιφύλλος, εύφυλλός, εύστρότος.

Ευπέτειά, as, ή, facilitas, copia: ease, facility. Δ' ευπέτελας τειχέων Phoen. 272. The α short, as in Ευμάρεια.

Ευπέτης, εός, ό, ή, facilis: easy. Phoen. 701. SYN. see Ευκόλος.

Ευπέτως, facile, expedite: easily, readily. Choëph. 1034. SYN. Ευκόλας, ἀπόνως, ραδίως, ρεῖα.

Εύπηκτός, ου, ό, ή, bene compactus: well compacted, well built. Θάλαμων εὔπηκτων ψ. 41. SYN. see Εύδμητός.

Εύπηνός, ου, ό, ή, pulchre textus: beautifully woven. Iph. T. 313. SYN. Εύμῆτος, εύνητός, εύπηκτός.

Εύπηχūs, εως, ή, pulchra brachia habens, pulchra: having beautiful arms, beautiful. Hipp. 200. See Πήχūs. SYN. Καλλιπήχūs.

Ευπίθης. See Εύπιστός.

Ευπίστως, perquam fideliter: very faithfully. Thesm. 105. SYN. see Πιστός.

Εὔπλειός, α, ὄν, bene plenus: very full. Θῆκέν εὔπλεινν ρ. 467. SYN. Ἐμπλῆος, ἐκπλῆος, παμπλήθης, πλήρης.

Ευνλέκης, εός, Εύνλεκτός, ου, ό, ή, bene junctus; nexilis: well twisted or turned. Ανστρέφειαν εὔνλῆκας Ψ. 436. Bacch. 858. SYN. Εὐνήτος, εύστρεπτός.

Εύπλοιά, as, ή, felix navigatio: a prosperous voyage. Τί ποτ' εύπλοϊαν ἐπραξαν (choriamb. trim. catalect.) Æsch. Sup. 1053. SYN. Πλοὺς ούριός, πρεμμένης νόστός, ευδία. Ep. Ἀκύμαντός.

Εὔπλοκάμῖς, ιδός, ή, Εὔπλοκάμους, ου, ό, ή, pulchros cincinnos habens: fair-tressed. Εὔπλόκαμίδες Ἀχαιαί τ. 542. Iph. A. 791. SYN. Καλλιπλόκαμους, ἱπλοκάμους, ηἰκούμους, κατάβαστρούχος, ευχαίτης, εύθριξ, κάρηκόμων.

Εὔπλόος, ου, navigatu facilis: easy to sail in, safe. Theoc. 7. 62.

Εὔπλυνής, εός, ό, ή, bene lotus, mundus: well washed, clean. Πρώτων εὔπλυνες ηδὲ χιτῶνα π. 173.

Εὔπνός, ου, ό, ή, bene spirans: sweetly breathing, sweet-smelling. Mosch. 2. 32. SYN. see Εὔδμος.

Ευποίητός, ου, ό, ή, bene factus: well made or wrought. Ευποίητοισί τάπητας ν. 150. SYN. Εὐτυκτός, ευπάγης, εύηκτός, εύξεστός, εύξοός.

Εὔποκος, ου, ό, ή, bonum vellus habens: fleecy. Agam. 1389. SYN. Εύστός.

Ευπόλεμιά, as, ή, Eupolemia. Apoll. 1. 55.

Ευπόλεμός, ου, ό, ή, bellicosus: warlike. Hom. 7. 4. SYN. Μένεπτόλεμός, ευπάλαμός.

Ευπόλις, ιδός, ό, Eupolis: a comic poet who lived in the time of Aristophanes. Nub. 553.

Ευπομπός, ου, ό, ή, bonus dux: fair-conducting. Eumen. 93. Exp. Ἀγάθος οδηγός.

Εὔπορος, ου, ό, ή, facilis meatu; parabilis, abundans: easy to pass; easy to be provided, expeditious, ready, abundant. Eccles. 236. SYN. Οξὺς, ευχέρης, ἐπιδέξιός, ἀφθονός, ἄπλουτός, πέρισσός.

Εὔπορμος, ου, ό, ή, felix, fortunatus: happy, fortunate. Agam. 237. See Πόρμος. SYN. Ευδαίμων.

Εὔποτός, ου, ό, ή, potatu facilis et suavis: fit for drink, fresh, clear. Pers. 617. SYN. Ἡδύποτός.

Εὔπους, πόδος, bonis pedibus præditus; velox: having good feet; swift-footed. Call. fr. 48. SYN. Κράταιπους.

Ευπραγία, ευπραξία, as, Εύπραξις, εως, ή, res secundæ; bona actio: success, prosperity; a generous action. Σὺν θεοῖς ευπραγίας Olymp. 8. 18. Helen. 735. Agam. 246. SYN. Ευδαιμόνῖα, ευτυχία, ευεργέτημα.

Ευπρέπης, εός, Εὔπρεπτός, ου, ό, ή, decorus; bene ornatus: graceful, proper, becoming; well

adorned, elegant. Hec. 269. Æsch. Sup. 730. SYN. see *Εικπρέπης*.

Ευπρέπας, decore : becomingly, decently. Alcest. 156.

Εύπρηστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, facilis accensu ustaque ; bene flans : easy to burn ; full-blowing. Σ. 471.

Ευπρόσγγυρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, blande compellans, comis : easy of address, affable. Hipp. 94. SYN. *Φιλόφρων*, *φιλάνθρωπος*, *ευμένης*.

Ευπροσιστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altatu facilis, commodus : easy to be reached, attainable, convenient. Med. 279. SYN. *Ευπρόρος*, *εὐφύρος*, *ευαντής*.

Ευπροσωπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulcher aspectu, formosa facie : fair-faced, comely, beautiful. Phœn. 1356. SYN. *Ευπρόσγγυρος*, *εὐμειδής*, *εὐστόμος*, *εὐμορφός*, *ευειδής*, *ευπρέπης*, *ωραίος*.

Ευπρυμνής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, decorus : well-regulated or decorated. Æsch. Sup. 996. Sed vox est suspecta.

Εύπρυμνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchram puppim habens : having an ornamented stern. Iph. A. 723.

Εύπρωρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bonam seu pulchram proram habens : with a fair prow. Iph. A. 765.

Εύπτέρως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene alatus : well pinioned. CE. R. 176.

Εύπυργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchras turres habens : well fortified. Dan. I. SYN. *Καλλιπυργός*, *ευτειχής*.

Εύπωλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, producentes bonos equos : famed for horses. CE. C. 710. SYN. *Εὐππός*.

Ευράξ, ex obliquo : by the side, obliquely. Av. 1258.

Ευράφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, bene consutus : well sewed. Χεύσον *εὐράφῃ* ἐσὶ δόροισιν β. 354.

Ευρείτης, ου, et Dor. *Ευρείτας*, α, ὁ, pulchre s. bene fluens : fair-flowing. Troad. 815.

Εὐρέτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, inventrix : a discoverer. Παντός ἐστιν *εὐρέτις* Soph. Fr.

Εὐρέτως, ἡ, ὄν, inveniens : to be found. Soph. Fr. 60.

Εὐρημά, ἄτος, τὸ, inventum : lucrum, inpr. insperatum : an invention ; chance gain. Ion 1348. SYN. *Εξεύρημα*, *μηχανή*, *ἐπιτήδευμα*, *βοδυνεμα*.

Εύρην, ηνός, *Εύρηνος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alens pulchras agnas : famed for beautiful lambs. Ἀδμητὸς *εὐρήνεσσιν ἀνάσσω* Apoll. I. 49., and 3. 1085. SYN. *Πόλυμηλός*, *εὐμηλός*.

Εὐρησιέπης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, verborum inventor : an inventor of words. *Εὐρησιέπης* περὶ τριμμά δίκων Nub. 446. SYN. *Καινόλογός*, *εὐλογισσός*.

Εύρις, vel *Εύριν*, υνός, vel *Εύρινός*, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, cui bonus est nasus : quick-scented. Aj. 8. See 'Plu, 'Pis.

Ευριπίδης, ου, ὁ, Euripides : the famous tragic writer. "Οστίς οὐκ *Ευριπίδην* Nub. 1377. Ep. *Κατάχρυσός*, *σδφώτατος*, *γνωμώτερος*, *πάνοργρος*, *πρωχόποιος*, *χλωδοποιός*, *ράκιςυρραπτάδης*, *στωμυλίουσυνλεκτάδης*.

Ευριπίδιον, ου, τὸ, dimin. a præced. *Ευριπίδιον* ὦ γλυκύτατον καὶ φίλτατον Acharn. 475.

Εύριπός, ου, ὁ, (2) ὁ, ἡ, (1) Euripus : the strait which separates Eubœa from Bœotia ; (2) inconstans : inconstant. Τόνδ᾽ κατ' *Εύριπὸν* ἔχουσιν (parcemiac) Iph. A. 11. Ep. *Στεινός*, *κάναχρδὰ* βέων.

Εὐρίσκω, 2. α. *εὐρύν*, f. *εὐρήσω*, invenio : to find. Hipp. 447. SYN. *Ἀνευρίσκω*, *εξευρίσκω*, *κατάλαμψαν*.

Εύρύος. See *Ἐυρρέης*.

Εὐρύος, ου, ὁ, (2) ἔος, τὸ, (1) Eurys : the East wind ; (2) latitudo : latitude, breadth. B. 146. Cycl. 389. SYN. *Ἀπληϊώτης*, (2) *πλάτος*, *μεγέθως*, *ὑπερῶχῃ*. Ep. (1) *Δίγυς*, *κάκος*, *κραυνός*, *δυσσάης*.

Ευρρέης, ἔος, poet. *εἰός* ; *Εύρύος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchre fluens : fair-flowing. *Ἐυρρείος* πτόταμοιο Z. 508. *Πτόταμός* περ *εὐρρύος* φ. 130. SYN. *Ευρρῆεθρός*.

Ευρῶγυιᾶ, ας, ἡ, latas vias habens : having wide streets. *Ευρῶγυιᾶ* Μύκκηνη Δ. 52.

Ευρύαλη, ης, ἡ, Euryale : one of the Hesperides. Σθεινώ τ' *Ευρύαλη* τέ Hes. Theog. 276.

Ευρύαλος, ου, ὁ, Euryalus : the son of Meceïstes. Δρήσον δ' *Ευρύαλος* Z. 20. Ep. *Μένεχάρμης*, *βρυτόλογῳ* ἴσος Ἀρήϊ, ἴσθεός φάος.

Ευρύανασσᾶ, ης, ἡ, late regnans : widely ruling. Θέος *ευρύανασσα* Call. 6. 121. SYN. see *Ευρυκρείων*.

Ευρύδατης, ου, ὁ, Eurybates : the herald of Ulysses. *Ευρύδατην* πρόσεεπε A. 320. PRR. *Κήρυξ* ἰθακήσιος, *γυρός* ἐν ὠμοισιν, *μελάνοχρῶς*, *ουλόκαρπνός* τ. 246.

Ευρύεϊας, ου, ὁ, late potens, vires suas late exercens : having widely-extended power. Olymp. 6. 99. See below. SYN. *Ευρυκρείων*, *ευρυσθῆνης*.

Ευρύειη, ης, ἡ, Eurybia : the daughter of Pontus and Terra. *Ευρύειην* Ἀδάμαντὸς Hes. Theog. 239.

Ευρύδαμας, αντός, ὁ, Eurydamas : (1) the name of a prophet in Homer ; (2) one of the Argonauts. Τίεās *Ευρύδαμαντὸς* E. 149.

Ευρύδικη, ης, ἡ, Eurydice : (1) the wife of Nestor ; (2) the wife of Creon. *Νέστορος* *Ευρύδικη* γ, 453. PRR. *Νέστορος* αἰοίη *πάραικοις*.

Εύρύθυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, concinnus : neat, well proportioned. *Ευρύθυμοις* πρόσημασιν Plut. 759. SYN. *Εὐθέτος*, *ευμῆλξ*, *ἀρμυδιός*, *δμανλός*.

Ευρύθυμος, concinne : neatly. *Ευρύθυμος* κᾶτ' ἐκπίε Cycl. 560.

Ευρυκέρως, ω, et ωτός, ὁ, ἡ, late cornua habens : large-horned. *Ευρυκέρως* βοὺς Mosch. 2. 149. SYN. *Κεράος*, *κερέαλκῃς*.

Ευρυκλειᾶ, ας, ἡ, Euryclea. Πρὸς δ' *Ευρυκλειᾶν* ζειπεν υ. 128. Ep. Ὠπὸς *Ἐγῳ* ἄτηρ, *περίφρων*, *φίλη*, *τρόφος*.

Ευρυκολπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, spatiosum sinum habens : having a wide bosom. Nem. 7. 49. See *Ευρυκέρως*.

Ευρυκρείων, οντός, ὁ, late regnans : widely ruling. *Ευρυκρείων* Ἀγάμενων A. 102. SYN. *Ευρυσθενής*, *ευρύειης*.

Ευρυλείμαν, ανός, ὁ, ἡ, lata prata habens : having extensive meadows. Pyth. 9. 95. See below.

Ευρυλόχος, ου, ὁ, Eurylochus : one of Ulysses' companions. *Μεγάλητόρος* *Ευρυλόχοιο* κ. 207.

Ευρυμάχος, ου, ὁ, Eurymachus : one of the suitors of Penelope. Τὴν δ' αὐτ' *Ευρυμάχος* φ. 320.

Ευρυμέδουσα, ης, ἡ, Eurymedusa. Ὀαλάμη-πλόος *Ευρυμέδουσα* η. 8.

Ευρυμέδων, οντός, ὁ, Eurymedon ; adj. late imperans et curans : widely ruling. *Ευρυμέδων* υἱός Δ. 228. Pyth. 3. 6. Ep. Ἀγάπηνωρ.

Ευρυμέτωνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, latam frontem habens :

having a broad forehead. Βῶν γένος ευρυμέτω-
παν v. 212.

Ευρυμίδης, ου, ὁ, filius Eurymi: the son of
Eurymus. Τηλέμους Ευρυμίδης ι. 509.

Ευρυνόμη, ης, ἡ, Eurynome: a daughter of
Oceanus, and mother of the Graces (Hes. Theog.
358. and 906.); also, an attendant of Penelope.
σ. 168. See below.

Ευρυνόμος, ου, ὁ, Eurynomus: one of the
sutors of Penelope. Ευρυνόμος τέ καί Αμφιμέ-
δων χ. 242.

Ευρινῶ, ὠνῶ, dilato: to widen, dilate. Αύ-
λακὰς ευρινοντί Theoc. 13. 31. SYN. Πλατώνω,
μηκύνω, αυξανω.

Ευρινῶτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, latos habens humeros:
broad-shouldered, athletic. Ουδ' ευρινῶτοι
φῶτες Αj. 1250.

Ευρύδεις, α, ὄν, latas vias habens: having
wide streets or ways, broad. Χθόνος ευρύδεις
λ. 52. SYN. Πλάτῃς, μέγας.

Ευρύδης, ου; Ευρύσφ, ὄσφς, late sonans, vel
prospericus: widely sounding or seeing. Θρόνον
ευρύππα Ζεύς Θ. 206. 442. SYN. Ερίγδουπός,
βαρίγδουπός.

Ευρύπρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, amplus habens meatus:
wide-across. Θαλάσσης ευρύπροιο δ. 432.
SYN. Ευρύδεις.

Ευρύπρωκτία, ας, ἡ, amplitudo podicis: broad-
ness of bottom. Σχήμα κειρύπρωκτίαν Vesp.
1070.

Ευρύπρωκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui amplo podice est:
having a broad bottom. Nub. 1084. See
above.

Ευρύπυλη, ης, ἡ, Eurypyle: a woman beloved
by Anacreon. Anacr. 62. 1. See below.

Ευρύπυλῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, amplas portas habens:
wide-gated. Ευρύπυλῆς Ἄϊδος δῶ Ψ. 74.

Ευρύπυλός, ου, ὁ, Eurypylus: a Grecian
warrior. See above. Ερ. Ευαιμυνίδης, Ευαι-
μῶνός υἱός, πέπνυμένός, ἥρας Διδοτρεφής, ἀγαπή-
νωρ, ἀγλαός, μάχης ἀκόρητός, Δεοειδής, μέγαθυμός,
ἐρικυδής.

Ευρύρεθρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, late fluens: widely
flowing. Αἰῖος ευρύρεθρος Φ. 141. SYN. see
Ευρήρης.

Ευρύς, εἰᾶ, ὤ, latus: wide, extensive. Ἐπ'
ευρεᾶ νῶτᾶ Διάδοσης B. 159. SYN. Πλατῃς,
μέγας.

Ευρύσακς, ου, ὁ, Eurysaces: the son of Ajax
and Tecmessa. Ευρύσακς Ἰσχεῖ διὰ πῶλυρβᾶφου
στρέφων Αj. 576.

Ευρυσθενής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, potens: having extensive
power. Ευρυσθενῆς οἶον εἵπας v. 140. SYN.
Μεγάλοσθενής, ευρύκρειον, ευρύβις.

Ευρυσθεῖς, ἔως, ὁ, Eurystheus: the king of My-
cenæ. Alceste. 66. Ερ. Εσθλός, ἀναξ, Τυρὸνβίος.
P.H. Σθενέλειο πάϊς Περιοιδαῶ Τ. 123.

Ευρόστερνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, latum pectus habens:
broad-chested. Καί ευρόστερνον Ἀθᾶναν Theoc.
18. 36.

Ευρύτειος, α, ὄν, Euryteus: pertaining to
Eurytus. Τὴν Ευρύτειαν οἰσθᾶ Trach. 1221.

Ευρύτερος, latus, laxius: more widely, more
loosely. Ελθὼν χᾶλασσὸν ὅπως ἂν ευρύτερος ἔχη
Lysist. 418.

Ευρύτιδης. See Ἰφίτις.

Ευρύτιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, late honoratus: widely
honoured. Olymp. 1. 67. See Ευρύφῆς and
Τιμή. SYN. see Ευτιμός.

Ευρύτιον, ανός, ὁ, Eurytion. Κένταυρον
ἀγάκλυτόν Ευρύτιονα φ. 295.

Ευρύτιος, ου, ὁ, Eurytus: a prince of Œchalia
in Arcadia. Iph. A. 282. Ούτ' Ευρύτῳ Ουχάλῃῃ
δ. 224.

Ευρύτος, ι. q. Ἐυρήρης. q. v. Iph. A. 420.
Pv, as in χρυσόρυτός.

Ευρύφαισα, ας, ἡ, Euryphaëssa: the mother
of Sol, Aurora, and Luna. Γῆμ' γὰρ Ευρύφαισσαν
Hom. 30. 4.

Ευρύφαιεττης, ου, ὁ, latam s. amplam habens
pharetram: having a broad quiver. Pyth. 9. 45.
See above, and Φαρέτρα.

Ευρύφῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, late crescens: growing
wide. Ευρύφῆς κρὶ λευκόν δ. 604.

Ευρύχαιτης, ου, ὁ, comam alte gestans: wear-
ing the hair high. Isthm. 7. 4. See above.

Ευρύχῳρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ubi ampli chori duci
possunt, amplus: ample, spacious. Bacch. 87.
See Ευρύφῆς. SYN. Καλλιχῳρός.

Ευρώδης, ἔος, Ερῳάς, εσσᾶ, ἔν, (1) putris,
situ obsitus: filthy, squalid, putrid, gloomy;
(2) latus: broad. Αj. 1190. Hes. Theog. 731.

SYN. Σᾶπρός, σᾶθρός, σκότεινός.

Ευρώπη, Ερῳαπειῆ, ης, ἡ, Europa: (1) Eu-
ropa, (2) Europe. Eur. fr. Cretens. 2. 2. Mosch.
2. 41. Ερ. (1) Πέρικαλλῆς, ἀμύμων, κέρυεσσᾶ,
Τύρια.

Ευρώπιος, α, ὄν, Europæus: of Europe. Ευ-
ραπίας τέ τοῦδε Ion 1587.

Ευρώπος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, tenebricosus: gloomy.
Others understand, latus, spatiosus: broad, spa-
cious. Iph. T. 627.

Ευρώς, ὠτός, ὁ, situs, mucor, caries: filth,
mouldiness, rot. Theoc. 4. 28. SYN. Ἀζή.

Ευρώτας, ου, ὁ, Eurotas: a river in Laconia.
Hec. 647. Ερ. Δονᾶκτορῳφός, δινήεις, καλλιρ-
βός, Μεσσηνίος.

Ευρωτῆα, situ obsitus sum: to be covered
with filth. Nub. 45. SYN. Ἰδρῳμαι, σήπῳμαι.

Ἐῶς, g. ἔῳς εἰς ἔῳς, (unde εὔ, quod factum εὔ,
bene,) et Ion. Ηῦς, ἡῶς, bonus, fortis: good,
brave. M. 198. B. 653. SYN. Ἀγάθος, κάλός,
ισχυρός, γενναῖός, μέγας.

Ευσέειᾶ, Ευσέειᾶ, ας, ἡ, pietas: piety, af-
fection. Ευσέειᾶ καὶ πρόμηθια. Iph. T. 1203.
Hipp. 1094.

Ευσέεω, Deum colo, pius sum: to be pious.
Eur. fr. Erechth. 11. 8. SYN. Ευάγεω, εὔ σέεω
eis.

Ευσέεως, Ευσέεως, pie: piously. Olymp. 6.
133. CE. R. 1431.

Ευσέης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, pius: pious. Eur. El.
1193. SYN. Ὀσός, δίκαιός.

Ευσέεια. See Ευσέειᾶ.

Εὔσελμος, Εὔσελμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bonis in-
structus transtris: well benched, fast-sailing.
Iph. T. 1384. ξ. 345. SYN. Εύζῳγός, εὐκῳπός.

Εὔσεπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, venerabilis: venerable,
hallowed. CE. R. 863. SYN. Σεμνός, ἀπό-
ελεπτός.

Εὔσημδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, prospera signa dans, faus-
tus: auspicious. Iph. A. 252. SYN. Ἐπίσημος,
ἐκδηλός, φάνερός.

Ευσθενέω, viribus polleo: to have good
strength. Cycl. 2. SYN. Ισχύω, q. v.

Εύσκαρμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene saltans et currens,
agilis: leaping well, fleet. N. 31. SYN. Τάχῳς,
δός.

Ευσκενέω, bene instructus sum: to be well
prepared. Αj. 823. SYN. Ευστέλλῳμαι, ευστο-
λίζῳμαι, πάρασκενᾶζῳμαι.

Ευσκίαστός, Εύσκιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod bene adum-

bratur, opacus : well shaded, dark. *Æ. C. 1708.*
Theoc. 7. 8. See *Σκιά*.

Ευσκόπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aptus ad observandum, perspicax : well fitted for observation, quick-sighted. *Ἐυσκόπῳ Ἀργεῖφοντῇ η. 137. SYN. Ἐποπτήρ, εὐστόχῳς, πρόσκοπῳς.*

Ευσοιά, as, ἡ, incolumitas : perfect safety. *Ζῶντ' α' ευσοίας χάριν Æ. C. 390.*

Εὐσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene salvus : safe, well preserved. Theoc. 24. 8.

Ευσπλαγχία, as, ἡ, animi præstantia : courage. *Τῆς ἐμῆς ευσπλαγχνίας Rhés. 192. SYN. Ευτολία, ευθυμία.*

Εὐσπῶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene satus, fecundus : well sown, fertile. *Av. 231.*

Ἐϋσελμῶς. See *Εὐσελμῶς*.

Εὐσωτῶρος. See *Εὐσωτῶρος*.

Εὐστάθης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, stabilis : well established, firm. *Ἐντὺς εὐστάθεος υ. 258. SYN. Εὐποιητῶς, βεβαῖος, ἐμπεδῶς, ἐμειριθῶς.*

Ευστάλης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, commode instructus : well furnished. *Ἀλλ' ευστάλῃ καὶ λεπτῶν Pers. 800. SYN. Εὐστάλδς, ἐπίδεξιῶς.*

Ἐϋστεῖρος, η, ὅν, bonam carinam habens : well keeled. *Τίψιν εὐστεῖρης Apoll. 1. 402.*

Ευστέφανος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene coronatus : beautifully crowned. *Ἐϋστέφανου τ' Ἀφροδίτης Δ. 267. SYN. Πύλαστειφῆς, καλλικρήδεμνός, εὐκόσμητῶς.*

Ἐϋστιπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene calcatus, ideoque densus et bene textus : well trodden, closely woven. *Ἐϋστιπτον δέτ' ᾤαρος Apoll. 2. 30. SYN. Εὐστρεπτός.*

Ευστύλιζω, ἴσω, apparo, orno : to arrange well, furnish, adorn. *Iph. A. 255. SYN. Εὐστέλλω, πύρασκενάζω, καταστέλλω, ευτρεπίζω.*

Εὐστυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene instructus : well fitted or furnished. *Philoct. 516. SYN. Ευστάλης, εὐκόσμητῶς, εὐεῖμων.*

Ευστόμῳ, concinnum ore cantum modulari : to sing beautifully. *Æ. C. 18.*

Εὐστόμῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui pulchro ore est : having a fair mouth or tongue. *Εὐστόμῳ ἔχω, sileo : to be silent. Philoct. 201. SYN. Εὐφήμῶς.*

Ευστόχια, as, ἡ, dexteritas in jaculando : skill in shooting. *Καὶ χεῖρὸς ευστόχῃαν Troad. 813.*

Εὐστόχῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, felix in jaculando : skilful in aiming. *Phœn. 140. SYN. Ἐκάτη-βέλῃτης.*

Εὐστρα, as, ἡ, fossa in qua mactabantur sues : a pit to scald hogs in. *Eq. 1236. SYN. Βόθρος, βόθυνος.*

Εὐστρεπτός, *Ευστρέφης*, ἔος ; *Εὐστρόφῳς*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene tortus : well turned or twisted, well bound. *Ἐϋστρέπτοισι Βοείσιν β. 426. φ. 408. Iph. A. 293. SYN. Ευπλέκης, εὐπλεκτός.*

Εὐστυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchras columnas habens : decorated with fine columns. *Iph. T. 128. See Στύλος.*

Εὐσύνελητῶς, *Εὐσύνελλός*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quod per conjecturas facile cognosci potest : easy to be conjectured or comprehended. *"Ἡδ' οὐκ ἔρ' εὐσύνελητῶς P. V. 800. Choëph. 164. SYN. Εὐγνώστῶς, εὐσυνέτῶς, νῶητῶς.*

Εὐσύνελλός. See above.

Εὐσυνέτῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intellectui facilis : easily intelligible. *Εὐσυνέτον ἐννεοῖσι βόαν Iph. T. 1093. SYN. Ευπαιδευτός, εὐστόχῶς, σόφῶς, ξυνέτῶς.*

Εὐσφύρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, talum habens elegantem : having a beautiful ancle. *Helen. 1569. See Σφύρον. SYN. Καλλίσφύρος, ἀργύροπεςος.*

Ευσχημῶνως, *Ευσχημῶς*, decore, composite : gracefully, becomingly. *Vesp. 1210. Hec. 567. SYN. Πρεπόντως, ευπρέπῶς, δικάως, κἀλῶς, ευκόσμως.*

Ευσχημων, ὄνδς, decens, spectabilis : having a handsome form, elegant. *Med. 584. SYN. Ευπρέπης, διαπρέπης, κἀλός, κόσμιός, σεμνός, ἐντιμός, ἐπίσημός.*

Ευσχημῶς. See *Ευσχημῶνως*.

Εὐσωμάτῳ, bono sum corporis habitu : to be sound or plump in body, able-bodied. *Ἵοντ' εὐσωμάτειν Androm. 763. SYN. Ευεκτέω, ὑγαῖνω, εὐ ἔχω.*

Εὐσωτῶρος, ποῖτ. *Ἐϋσωτῶρος*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cuius rotæ bene ferro conglutinantur : well soldered or braced. *Τοὶ μὲν γάρ εὐσωτῶτρον ἐπ' ἀπῆνης Hes. Scut. 273.*

Εὐτακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene ordinatus : well arranged. *Vesp. 424. SYN. Ἐπίεικῆς, εὐσχημῶν, σύμμετῶς, κόσμιός.*

Εὐτάκτως, ordinate : orderly. *Nub. 964. SYN. Εὐσχημῶνως, εὐσχημῶς, ἐξῆς, ἐν τάξει, κατὰ τάξιν.*

Εὐτέ, quando ; sicut : when ; as. *Alcest. 966. SYN. Ὅτε, ὅπῳτ' ἄν, ὅτ' ἄν, ἡμῶς, εἰπέρ, ἐπειδὴ, ὥσπερ.*

Ευτειχῆς, ἔος ; *Ευτείχεός* ; *Ευτείχητός*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene munitus : well walled, strongly fortified. *Androm. 1002. A. 129. Hom. Ven. 112.*

Ευτεκνία, as, ἡ, felicitas sobolis : a fair offspring. *Γένος ευτεκνίας χρόνιου καθάροῖς Ion 473. SYN. Ευπαιδία, καλλιπαιδία.*

Ευτέκνῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, felix prole : fortunate in children. *Phœn. 1076. See above. SYN. Εύπαις, πόλινγόνος.*

Ευτελεῖα, as, ἡ, parva impensa : frugality, cheapness. *Av. 805. The a short, as in Εὐτέθειά. SYN. Φαυλότης, φειδώ.*

Ευτέλης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, facilem impensam præbens, vilis : cheap, frugal, paltry. *Sept. Th. 487. SYN. Ἀφέλης, φειδωλός, φαῖλός, ὁ τυχών.*

Ευτελίζω, vilipendo : to degrade, despise. *Anacr. 45. 10. SYN. Ἀτίζω, ἀθέτω.*

Ευτέρπη, ης, ἡ, Euterpe : one of the nine Muses, Hes. Theog. 77. *SYN. see Μοῦσαι.*

Ευτερπῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, valde jucundus : very delightful. *Olymp. 6.*

Εὐτμητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene sectus : well cut. *Ἐϋτμήτοισιν ἱμασί Φ. 30.*

Ευτολία, as, ἡ, audacia, confidentia : good courage, resolution. *Ἐστὶν οὐδ' ευτολία Med. 469. SYN. Θρασύτης, ευψυχία.*

Εὐτολμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, audax : courageous. *Agam. 1273. SYN. Θρασύς, ευψυχός, πρῶθυμός, ζαμένῆς.*

Εὐτόλμως, audacter : courageously. *Agam. 1269. SYN. Ευψύχως, πρῶθυμῶς.*

Εὐτόνδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, validus, firmus : strong, firm. *Achær. 673. SYN. Εὐρώστῶς, ευμείνης, γενναῖός.*

Εὐτόνως, acriter, magna contentione : actively, with all his might. *Plut. 1096. SYN. Ισχυρώς.*

Εὐτόρνῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tornatu facilis, pulchre tornatus : easily turned by a lathe, beautifully polished. *Troad. 1197.*

Ευτράπεζος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui multos in mensa excipit : who receives many at his table, hospitable. *Οὐκ ευτράπεζός ἀλλ' ἐπάκτιοι φάνηαι Eur. fr. Stenob. 3. 2.*

Ευτράπελός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lepidus, urbanus : face-

tious, witty. Οὐτ' ἐπὶς εὐτράπελον Pyth. 4. 186. SYN. Αστέως, χάριεις, καλλιπής, κοῦφος, ἀπαίδευτος.

Εὐτράφης, εὐτράφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, bene nutritus seu saginatus: well nourished or fattened. Εὐτράφεις ἦδης τέλος Med. 920. ξ. 530. SYN. Εὐδρεπτός, εὐ παιδευτός, πίων.

Εὐτράφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, paratus, facilis, faustus: ready, prepared, compliant, propitious. Herc. F. 495. SYN. Ἐτοιμός, πρόχειρος.

Εὐτρέπις, paro: to manage well, arrange, prepare. Iph. A. 1111. SYN. Ἐτοιμάζω, ἐξαρτῶ, κάτασκευάζω, εντύνω, ἐπικοσμέω.

Εὐτρέφης. See Εὐτράφης.

Εὐτρίανης, ου, ὁ, tridente insignis: distinguished by a trident. Olymp. 1. 117. See Τρίανᾶ.

Εὐτρίχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene comatus: having thick or long hair, bushy. Εὐτρίχου γένειᾶδος Herc. F. 929. SYN. see Εὐθριξ.

Εὐτροχᾶλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rotundus, planus: round, level. Εὐτροχάλω ἐν ἄλῳ T. 496. Some read Ἐντετιμένῃ. SYN. Εὐτρόχος, εὐκύκλος.

Εὐτρόχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene currens: easily running. Εὐτρόχον ἄρῃ τίταινω M. 58. SYN. Ἐλαφρός, εὐτροχᾶλος.

Εὐτύκῃς, quidam adducunt, et eodem s. quo Εὐτύκῃς. Vide Steph. Thes. ed. Valpy, col. 9309.

Εὐτύκῃς, i. quod Εὐτρέπῃς, q. v. Æsch. Sup. 970. See Τυκός.

Εὐτυχέω, prospera fortuna utor: to succeed, to be prosperous or happy. Iph. T. 350. See Τύχη. SYN. Εὐ πράττω, ευδαιμονέω, ευπραγέω, εὐ πάσχω, ευμενέω, κάλως πράττω. PHR. Εσθλοῦ κύρεω δαίμονος.

Εὐτυχία, ἄτος, τό; Εὐτυχία, as, ἡ, secunda fortuna: good fortune, success. Εὐτυχήματα χθονός Phœn. 1375. Orest. 301. Εὐτυχία and Εὐτυχία, though here classed together, differ in meaning; the former signifying one single instance of good fortune, the latter, good fortune generally. The same remark will apply to Ευεργέτημα and Ευεργεσία, and all words of similar form. SYN. Ευδαιμονία, ευπραγία, ευπραξία, ευεστῶ, ολβός, ἀγαθὴ τύχη.

Εὐτυχίς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, fortunatus: fortunate, successful. Ἐμοὶ δ' οὐκ ευτυχές Iph. A. 747. SYN. Ευδαίμων.

Εὐτυχία. See Εὐτυχία.

Εὐτυχίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Eutyichis. Ευνόᾳ Εὐτυχίδος Theoc. 15. 67.

Εὐτυχῶς, prospere: prosperously. Ἐφ' ὑμῶν ευτυχῶς. Iph. A. 624. SYN. Ευδαιμόνως, μακάριος.

Εὐνδρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aquosus: well watered. Iph. T. 400. See Ἐνδρός. SYN. Ἐνδρός, ὑδρηλός.

Εὐνύμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, laude dignus: well worthy of praise. Πάντως εὐνύμον ἔοντα Hom. Apoll. 207. SYN. Πόλυνύμος, ἀμφιβότης.

Εὐνύφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, bene textus: well woven. Trach. 611. See Ἐφᾶω. SYN. Εὐνήτης, λεπτός.

Εὐφάρεττης, ου, ὁ, pharetra insignis: distinguished by the quiver. Trach. 208. See Φάρετρα.

Εὐφειγής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, pulchre splendens: beautifully shining. Pers. 386. SYN. Καλλιφειγής, λαμπρός.

Εὐφημέω, faveo lingua, bona verba dico;

gratulor: to speak well, speak words of good omen; to congratulate. Hec. 659. SYN. Ἐευφημέω, ευλόγέω, ευστομέω, επαινέω, σεβίζω, σιωπάω.

Εὐφημία, as, ἡ, bonum omen, fausta precatio: a good omen, auspicious prayer. Εὐφημία ἀνέπε Iph. A. 1563. SYN. Ευλογία.

Εὐφημός, ου, ὁ, (1) Euphemus: Euphemus, one of the Argonauts, commander of the Ciconians; (2) boni ominis, faustus: well omened. Apoll. 1. 179. SYN. (2) Εὐνύμος, αἰσιός.

Εὐφήμως, auspicate, pie: auspiciously, piously. Eumen. 287. SYN. Ευσεβώς, εντίμως, κάλως.

Εὐφθογγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suavior sonans: sweetly sounding. Troad. 127. SYN. see Εὐήχης.

Εὐφίλης, ἔος; Εὐφίλητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dilectus, jucundus: well beloved, dear, pleasant. Agam. 34. 104. See Φίλος. SYN. Τρίποθητός, προσφίλης, φίλητός, ἀγαπητός.

Εὐφίλοπαις, παιδός, pueris amicissimus: very fond of children. Agam. 700. See above.

Εὐφορβός, ου, ὁ, Euphorbus: a noble Trojan. Π. 809. Ερ. Βουκόλιδης, Δηροτητήρ, δουρικλυτός, εὐπαδόκαμος, περικόκαλλης, Δάρδανός ἀνὴρ. PHR. Πάνθου νῖδος εὐμμελῆς, Τρώων ἀριστός, εἰδός ἀμώμητος.

Εὐφορητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, elatus; tolerabilis: borne up; easily tolerated. Choëph. 347. SYN. Φορητός, ευαγκάλος.

Εὐφορίδης, ου, ὁ, Euphorides. Τί δαὲ Δράκυλλος κ' Ευφορίδης ἢ Πρινίδης Acharn. 612.

Εὐφράδεως, prudenter, expresse: wisely, expressly, distinctly. Ὡς σὺ μάλ' ευφράδεως τ. 352. SYN. Ἐπιφράδεως, σάφως, κοσμίως, ευκόσμως.

Εὐφραίνω, ἀνῶ, exhilaro, oblecto: to exhilarate, delight. Alcest. 245. SYN. Φαιδρύνω, ἐπιτέρπω, θέλω, ψυχάγωγέω.

Εὐφρόνη, ης, ἡ, nox: night. Bacch. 233. SYN. see Νύξ.

Εὐφρόνως, benigne, læte: kindly, joyfully. Hipp. 793. SYN. Ἡδώς, τερπνῶς, ἀγᾶνως, ευθύμως.

Εὐφροσύνη, ης, ἡ, (1) lætitia: mirth; (2) Euphrosyne: one of the Graces. Ἡ δ' ἄν ευφροσύνη ι. 6. SYN. Γάνος, ευθυμία, ἀερόσυνη, ἀβροτήτης. Ερ. Ἐρᾶτή, γλυκέρᾳ, γλυκεῖᾳ.

Εὐφρούρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene munitus; vigil: well guarded; vigilant. Dan. 23.

Εὐφρων, ὄνός, hilaris, generosus; lætitiarum affers: glad, cheerful, generous; gladdening. Οὐδὲν εὐφρόνᾳ Γ. 246. SYN. Εὐθυμός, εὐ φρόνέων, ἐχέφρων, ἡδύς, ἱλαρός.

Εὐφύης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, habilis, ingeniosus; procerus, robustus: well fitted by nature, ingenious; tall, robust. Ευφύες κνήμαί τ' Δ. 147. SYN. Μεγάς, ισχυρός, κάλός, αγκινός, ἐπτεκῆς, δραστήριος, εὐστόχος.

Εὐφύλακτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene custoditus, tutus: well guarded, safe. Herc. F. 200. SYN. Ασφάλης, ευφρούρος.

Εὐφυλλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchra folia habens: having fair foliage. Helen. 1330. SYN. Ἐριφυλλός, βάθυφυλλος, τάνυφυλλός, ευπέταλός.

Εὐφώνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene sonans, sonorus: sweet-sounding, melodious. Isth. 1. 90. SYN. Μεγάλοφώνος, ἡδύφωνος, ευήχης.

Εὐχαλκός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, e pulchro ære factus: of fine brass. H. 12.

Εὐχάρις, ἴτος, facetus, graciosus: agreeable, acceptable. Epith. of Venus. Εὐχάρις οὕτω

Med. 631. SYN. Χάρεις, ἐπιχαρίς, ἀγαπητός, ἡδύς, ευτράπελός.

Εύχειρ, ειρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, manu præstans, fortis: brave, valiant. Olymp. 9. 165. SYN. Ανδρείος, ισχυρός.

Ευχείρωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, facile tractatus aut superabilis: easily handled, easily conquered. Pers. 458. SYN. Ασθενής.

Ευχερεῖα, ας, ἡ, facilitas: ease. Eumen. 498. See Ευμαρεῖα.

Ευχέρης, ἐὸς, ὁ, ἡ, facilis: easy. Philoct. 526. SYN. Ευκόλος, ευπέτης, ῥαδίος.

Ευχετᾶμαι. See Ευχόμεαι.

Ευχή, ἡς, ἡ, votum, preces: a vow, prayer, Ion. 648. SYN. Ευχολή, δέσις. Ep. Μᾶταις δεσποσύνος, τέλεσφόρος, ὅσια, μέλιχός, δεσπέσια.

Ευχλὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene virens, frugifer: verdant, fruitful. C. C. 1600. SYN. Σιτοφόρος, φέρεσβιος, χλωρός.

Ευχόμεαι, Ευχετᾶμαι, precor, glorior, profiteor: to pray, boast, profess. Hipp. 1453. θ. 467. SYN. Επέυχμαι, προσεύχμαι, δέμαι, ικέτεω, ἐπιθυμῶ, καυχᾶμαι, επαγγέλλομαι.

Εύχορός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchras chordas habens: beautifully stringed. Nem. 10. 39.

Εὐχός, ἐὸς, τὸ, gloria, decus: glory, honour: E. 654. SYN. Δόξα, κλέος, τιμή, ευχολή, καύχημά, νίκη. Ep. Έμπεδόν, ἀσπέτον, ἀφθίτον, ἀγήραν, ἀρίζηλον.

Εύχρὸς, ου; Εύχρως, ω, pulchro indutus colore: fair-coloured. Εύχρων γέ θαίμα Lysist. 205.

Εύχρυσος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auro abundans: abounding in gold. Philoct. 597. See χρυσός.

Εύχρως. See Εύχρὸς.

Ευχολή, ἡς, ἡ, votum, jactantia: a vow, boast. B. 160. SYN. Ευχή, εὐχός, καύχησις, εὖσις. Ep. Ἀγανόφρων.

Εὐψυχία, ας, ἡ, animi præstantia et fortitudo: nobleness of soul Οὐχὶ τόξ' ευψυχίας Herc. F. 161. SYN. Ευτολμία, ἀνδρία.

Εὐψυχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui generoso et alacri est animo: noble-hearted. Εὐψυχός ἦ Androm. 765. SYN. Ευτολμός, θαρσάλεος, τολμηρός, εὐθυμός, εὐφρων.

Εὖω, ustulo, uro: to singe, burn the hair off. Hes. Op. 703. SYN. Κάτω, φλόγιζω, σπταῶ.

Εὐωδής, ἐὸς, ὁ, ἡ, bene olens: sweet-smelling. Med. 837. SYN. see Εὐδωμός.

Εὐωλένδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchros habens lacertos: fair-armed. Pyth. 9. 31.

Εὐωνόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fausti nominis; sinister, per ευφημισμῶν, of auspicious name; left. Εὐωνόμοι τέ καὶ διαίταν ἡντινα P. V. 499. SYN. Εὐσημός, ουκ ἁνώνυμος, ἐπίσημος, ἀριστέρς, λαῖος, σκαῖος, ἐπαρίστερός.

Εὐωπίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ; Ευωπός, ἡ, ὅν; Ευώψ, ὀπός, pulchros habens oculos: fair-eyed. Ἴδου τ' ευωπίδα κούρην ζ. 113. Orest. 908. C. R. 199. SYN. Ευειδής, ευμορφός, φίλος.

Ευωριάζω, leviter euro, negligo: to think slightly of, neglect. Ευωριάζω γάρ P. V. 17.

Ευωχέω, convivio accipio: to entertain at a banquet. Cyel. 346. SYN. Δαίνυμι, ἐστίαω, ευφραίνομαι.

Ευωχία, ας, ἡ, convivium epulæ: a banquet, entertainment. Es μακάρων ευωχίαν Ran. 85. SYN. see Δαίς.

Εὐώψ. See Ευωπίς.

Ἐφάλλομαι, poet. Ἐπάλλομαι, insilio: to leap

upon. Ένθα οἱ νῆες ἐπάλτο N. 643. SYN. see Ἐπιπηδᾶω.

Ἐφάλλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, maritimus: on or near the sea. Κήρινθόν τ' ἐφάλον Δίου τ' B. 538. SYN. Αγχιάλος, παρᾶλιος.

Ἐφάνδαν, complaceo, gratus sum: to please, to be agreeable to. Εφῆνδανέ μητιῶσι H. 45. SYN. Ἀνδαν, ἀδew, ἀρέσκω.

Ἐπάπτω, (1) act. illico, alligo: to bind, attach or fasten to; (2) med. attingo, capesso: to touch, undertake. Olymp. 9. 91. SYN. (1) Ἐνάπτω, ἐξάπτω, καθάπτω, ἐπαρτᾶω; (2) Ἀπτόμαι, καθάπτομαι, ψηλάφω, εγχειρῶ, αντέχομαι.

Ἐπάπτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, qui aliquem contractat: one who feels or touches another. Æsch. Sup. 736.

Ἐφαρμόζω, ὅσω, accommodo: to adapt. Εἰ οἱ ἐφαρμόσειε T. 385. SYN. Ἀρμόζω, καθαρμόζω, συναρμόζω, συνάπτομαι.

Ἐφαψίς, ἔως, ἡ, contractatio: a touching or handling. Æsch. Sup. 46.

Ἐφέδρευν, insidior, insidias colloco: to lie in wait for, watch. Τῷδ' ἐφεδρεῖον κᾶρα. Eur. El. 55. SYN. Ἐνέδρευν, ἐπισουλεύω, ἐφέζομαι, ἐνέδρας τεκταίνομαι.

Ἐφέδρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui in sella sedet, assessor: sitting near or on, watching. Ion. 200. See Ἐδρα. SYN. Ἐπόχος, αντιπάλος.

Ἐφέζομαι, sedeo: to sit upon or at. Helen. 1491. SYN. Εγκάθεζομαι, ἐπικάθεζομαι, ἐφίζανω, ἐφέδρευν, ἐπικέμαι.

Ἐφέκω, Ἐφελκῶ, attraho: to draw or bring on. Med. 552. Theoc. Ep. 22. SYN. Ἐπισπᾶω, προσκᾶλῶ.

Ἐφέπομαι, Ἐφέσπομαι, insequor, sum comes: to follow, to be a companion. Orest. 1444. μ. 349. SYN. Ἐπάκολουθε, ἐπομαι, ὑποτάσσομαι.

Ἐφέπω, persequor: to follow closely, press upon. T. 357. SYN. Διώκω, ἐπιδιώκω, ἐπέρχομαι, διέπω.

Ἐφερπύς, ὅσω; Ἐφερπύζω, ὅσω; Ἐφέρπω, adrepo: to creep or steal upon, advance slowly. Νυκτὸς ἐφερπύσας Theoc. 22. 13. Plut. 675. Alcest. 279. SYN. Πρόσερπω, ἐρπύζω, παρειαδύομαι, παρειαίρχομαι, ἐπέρχομαι, παρᾶγίγνομαι.

Ἐφespέρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vespertinus, occidentalis: of the evening, western. C. C. 1060. SYN. see Έσπερίος.

Ἐφέσπομαι. See Ἐφέπομαι.

Ἐφέστιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad focum, domesticus, hospitalitatis præses: at the hearth, at home, an inmate, guardian of hospitality. Med. 711. SYN. Έποικός, σύνοικός, αντόχθων, πόλιτης.

Ἐφέτης, ου, ὁ, dux: a chief. Pers. 80. SYN. Ἠγέμων, τοῦτης, ἐφόρος, δικάστης.

Ἐφέτμη, ἡς, ἡ, mandatam: a command, injunction. Ἠκόμην ἐφετμαῖς ουκ Iph. A. 634. SYN. Εντόλη, ἐπιστολή, κέλευσμα, πρόσταξις, πρόσταγμά. Ep. Ἐράτη, κρυῖρα, σόφη, κεδνή.

Ἐφευρέτης, οὐ, ὁ, inventor: an inventor. Anaer. 41. 3. SYN. Αλφειστής.

Ἐφευρίσκω, invenio: to find out, discover. Alcest. 715. SYN. Άνευρίσκω, εξευρίσκω, κάταλαμβάνω, ἐκζητῶ.

Ἐφεψιάμαι, illudo: to taunt, make game of. Ἐφεψίδωντο γυναικες τ. 370. SYN. Εμπαίζω, ἐπισκαῖπτα.

Ἐφέω, Ἐπιῶω, induo: to put on, clothe. Ἄγαν ἐφήκας Androm. 946. Χλαῖναν δ' ἐπέεσάμην ἡμέσι ν. 143. SYN. Ἐπιβάλλω.

Ἐφηθάω, pubesco: to grow up to manhood. Sept. Th. 662. SYN. Ἠθάω.

- Ἐφηβικός, ἡ, ὄν, puerilis, puber: youthful, blooming. Πάντ' ἑμῖανεν ἐφαβικά Theoc. 23. 56.
- Ἐφηβός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ephēbus: a person grown to puberty, a youth. Κάκον δ' ἐκτείνεν ἐφάβον Theoc. 23. 60. SYN. Πρῶσηβος, πρῶθηβος, ἡβῆος.
- Ἐφήκω, pervenio, advenio: to come, arrive at. Antig. 1257. SYN. "Ηκω, πᾶρήκω, ἐφικνέσθαι.
- Ἐφῆλω, clavis infigo: to nail on or in. Æsch. Sup. 951. SYN. Σφίγγω.
- Ἐφημαι, insideo: to sit upon, at, or near. Eumen. 412. SYN. Ἐφέζομαι, ἐπικάθῃζομαι.
- Ἐφήμερος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ; Ἐφημέριος, α, ὄν, unum diem durans s. vivens: enduring for a day, mortal. Orest. 66. δ. 223. SYN. Μινυνθάδιος, θνητός.
- Ἐφημοσύνη, ἡ, ἡ, mandatum: a command, injunction. Πάσαν ἐφημοσύνην π. 340. SYN. Ἐφέμῃ.
- Ἐφθός, ἡ, ὄν, coctus: cooked, boiled. Cycl. 246.
- Ἐφιάλλω, ἄλω, immitto: to send to. Γῆρας μὲν ἐπὶ δηναίων ἱαλλεν Ap. 2. 183. SYN. Ἐπιπέμω, ἐφίμῃ, ἐπιβάλλω, ἐπιχειρέω.
- Ἐφιάλτης, οὐ, ὁ, Ephialtes: one of the Titans. Τηλεκλειτὸν τ' Ἐφιάλτην λ. 307.
- Ἐφίζαν, Ἐφίζω, insideo, praesto: to sit at, rest upon, preside. Δείπνῳ ἐφίζανέτην K. 578. γ. 411. SYN. Εγκαθίζομαι, ἐπικάθηναι, κατὰλαμβάνω.
- Ἐφίμῃ, ἡσω, (1) act. immitto, remitto: to send or hurl upon, visit upon; (2) med. desidero, permitto: to desire, enjoin, allow. Καὶ μὴν ἐφίμῃ Soph. El. 556. SYN. (1) Ἀφίμῃ, ἐπιπέμω, ἐπιβάλλω, πᾶριμῃ, αἰνίμῃ, χάλῳ; (2) ἐντέλλομαι, ἐπιτρέπω, ἐπιθυμέω, εἶω, ἐνδιδάμῃ.
- Ἐφικνέομαι, Ἐφικνέομαι, pervenio: to come upon, overtake, assail. Χάλεπν δ' ἐπὶ γῆρας ἰκάνει λ. 193. N. 613. SYN. Ἐφήκω, ἐπερχομαι, ἐξικνέομαι, κατὰλαμβάνω, καθικνέομαι, διατείνομαι.
- Ἐφίμερος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, amabilis: engaging, charming. Ἐρίμερον ὕμνον αἰσιος Theoc. 1. 61. SYN. Ἰμερτός, ἱμερρεῖς, ἐπὶράτος, πόθεινός.
- Ἐφιπτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui equo insidet, equestris: seated on a horse, equestrian. Soph. El. 735. SYN. Ἰππεῖος, ἱππικός, παλῆκος, ἱππότης.
- Ἐφίπτωμαι, involo, advolo: to fly or pounce upon. Ἐπείτῳ δὲ ξίῳς ὄρνις N. 821.
- Ἐφίσταμαι, praesum, adsto: to preside over, stand by. Soph. El. 192.
- Ἐφίστημι, into, supervenio: to press upon, come upon. C. R. 775.
- Ἐφῶδεω, vigilias circumeo: to go round, inspect, explore. Av. 1158. SYN. Κάτασκοπέω.
- Ἐφῶδιον, οὐ, τὸ, viaticum: provisions for a journey. Ἄλλ' ὦν ἀθανάτος ὦ νδρὲς ἐφῶδι' οὐκ ἔχω Acharn. 53. SYN. Ὀδαῖον, τροφή, στήθος.
- Ἐφῶδός, οὐ, ἡ, via, ratio: access, way. Eumen. 372. SYN. see Ἐνῶδια.
- Ἐφολκίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, navis parva; appendix: a small vessel; an appendage, incumbance. Αθλίαν ἐφολκίδα Androm. 199.
- Ἐφολκός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, alliciens; item prolixus: calculated to attract, falsely alluring; prolix. Μηδ' ἐφολκὸς ἐν λόγῳ Æsch. Sup. 199. SYN. Εκτένης, μακρός.
- Ἐφωμαρτέω, insequor: to follow after. O. 191. SYN. Σύνμαρτέω, ἀκλουθέω, ἐπακλουθέω, ἐπισπειδῶ, ἐπιδιώκω.
- Ἐφωπλίζω, armo, apparo: to arm, prepare. Γέρονσιν ἐφοπλιζομένῳ Ἀχαιοὶ Δ. 344. SYN. Πάρασκενάζω, καθόπλιζω, ἐτοιμάζω.
- Ἐφώραν, intueor, observo: to look upon, in-
- spect. Ἡἷλιος δὲ πάντ' ἐφώρας Γ. 277. SYN. Ἐπειδὸν, ἐπιέλεω, προσλεύσσω, καθόρῳ, ἐπισκῶπεω, ἀποβλέπω.
- Ἐφῶρευν, ephorum ago; inspector sum: to act as a magistrate; to superintend. Εἰλέτθ' χώρας ἐφῶρευν Pers. 7. SYN. Ἐπισκοπέω, ἐποπτεύω.
- Ἐφορμᾶω, Ἐφορμαῖνω, irruo; urgeo: to rush upon; urge, excite. Γ. 165. Pers. 213. SYN. Ἐφορμᾶω, πάρορμᾶω, ἐπὶτρύνω, ὀρῖνω, ἐνδρω.
- Ἐφορμεῖω, in statione me continens alteri imineo: to watch from a station. C. C. 812.
- Ἐφορμή, ἡς, ἡ, impulsus, accessus: an attack, way to attack, access. χ. 130. SYN. Ὀρμή, εὐδολή.
- Ἐφῶρδός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, inspector: a superintendent. C. C. 143. SYN. see Ἐποπτήρ.
- Ἐφουδιῶν, ἰνῶς, ὁ, Ephudion. Ἐφουδιῶν ἑμάχεσάν' Ἀσκάνδα κάλως. Vesp. 1383.
- Ἐφῶςριζω, ἰσω, contumelia adificio: to insult, speak insultingly. Τῇδ' ἐφῶςρίζω πόλει Phoen. 185. SYN. Εξῶςρίζω, καθῶςρίζω, ὑςρίζω, αικίζω.
- Ἐφῶδρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, aquaticus: aquatic, watery. Μεγὰς αἰὲν ἐφῶδρος ξ. 458. SYN. see Ἐνῶδρος.
- Ἐφωμνέω, decanto, celebro: to chaunt, celebrate, appeal to. Τῇδ' ἐφωμνῆσαι χθονί Eumen. 905. SYN. Ὑμνεῖω, ἀνυμνεῖω, ἐπάδω.
- Ἐφῶμνιον, οὐ, τὸ, post hymnum carmen: a song after a hymn. Ἐφῶμνιον ἐπλέτθ' οἶσεφ Apoll. 2. 713. EXP. Τὸ ἐπὶ τῷ ὕμνῳ ἄσμη.
- Ἐφῶπερθε, Ἐφῶπερθεν, desuper: from above, over. Ὅσῃ οὖτος ἐφῶπερθε τάνυσσε I. 213. SYN. Ἰπερθεῖν, καθῶπερθεῖν, ὑπεράνω.
- Ἐφῶρη, ἡς, ἡ, Ephrye: the ancient name of Corinth, also a city in Elis, afterwards called Cercyra, and its inhabitants were called Ἐφῶριοι. Ἔστι πόλις Ἐφῶρη μυχῷ Ἀργεῖος ἱπποῦδοιτο Ζ. 152.
- Ἐχέγγυός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, fide dignus, qui promissa servat: guarantied, trust-worthy. Τὴν δῶσω δ' ἐχέγγυον Phoen. 771. SYN. Φερέγγυός, ἀξιοχρῶς, ἀξιώπιστος, ἀσφάλης.
- Ἐχέθυμός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, potens animi: controlling the mind or passions. Ἀτὰρ οὐκ ἐχέθυμος θ. 320. SYN. Ἐννός, ἐχέφρων, σάφρων, ἐγκράτης.
- Ἐχένηϊς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, naves detinens. "Sic dicebatur piscis quidam exiguus, quem naves retardare veteres fabulati sunt." Blomf. in l. c.: ship-detaining. Δανάοις χρόνιος ἐχένηϊδας Agam. 145.
- Ἐχέπευκῆς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, amarus, mortifer: bitter, deadly. A. 51. SYN. Πικρός, δάνατῃφθός.
- Ἐχέστονός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, quod gemitus et suspiria adfert: woe-bearing, deadly. Theoc. 25. 211. SYN. Ἀγάστονός, βαρύστονός, ὀλεθρίος, ὀλός.
- Ἐχέτλη, ἡς, ἡ, stiva: the plough-handle. Ὅταν ἀκρὸν ἐχέτλης Hes. Op. 465. EXP. Τοῦ ἄρτρου τὸ κράτημα.
- Ἐχέφρων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, mentem habens: intelligent, sensible. Ἐχέφρὸνές οὐνέκῃ λαοῖς Hes. Theog. 88. SYN. Περιφρων, εὐφρων, ἐχέθυμός, πικμηνός, πόλιδουλός, σύνετός, ἐννός.
- Ἐχθαίρω, ἄρῳ, odio prosequor: to hate. Antig. 93. SYN. Ἀπεχθαίρω, μισέω, ἀποστύγῳ, ἐχθρῶς, ἀπεχθῶς, ἐγκῶτως, ἔχω, ἀάκειμαι.
- Ἐχθές, heri: yesterday. See Χθές.
- Ἐχθῶδῶπέω, altercor; in visus sum: to quarrel; to be hated. A. 518. SYN. Ἀπέχθῶμαι, ἐχθῶμαι, ἐχθαίρομαι, ἀπεχθάνομαι, στυγέομαι, διάφερόμαι, ἐρίζω.
- Ἐχθός, εὖς, τὸ; Ἐχθρα, ας, ἡ, odium, inimicitia: hatred, animosity. Phoen. 893.

Æsch. Sup. 336. SYN. Ἀπέχθημα, μῖσος, μίσσημα, ἀπέχθειά, δυσμενεία, πόνος. EP. Ἀπαυστὸν, ἀθέμιστὸν, ὀλοὸν, αἰκὲς, βέλαιον, μέγα, κόνιν.

Ἐχθρα. See above.

Ἐχθραῖνα, vel potius Ἐχθαίρω, q. v. Hoc semper, illud nunquam usurpaverunt Tragicæ. R. P. Orest. 555.

Ἐχθραντέος, α, ὄν, vel potius Ἐκθαρτέος. See R. P. ubi supra ad Ἐχθραῖνω: odio prosequendus: to be hated. Aj. 679.

Ἐχθροδαίμων, ὄν, δ, ἡ, invisus diis: hated by the gods. CE. R. 816. SYN. Θεῶμισής, θεοστύγης.

Ἐχθροξένος, ου, δ, ἡ, hospitibus inimicus: hostile to strangers. Ἐχθροξένος ναύταισι P. 752. SYN. Ἀξένος, κάκοξένος.

Ἐχθρός, compar. Ἐχθίων, superl. Ἐχθιστός, η, ὄν, odiosus, hostilis; subst. inimicus: hateful, hostile; an enemy. Hec. 837. SYN. (1) See ἀπεχθής. (2) Διήδης, δυσμενής, ἀντίπαλός, πῶλεμῖος, ἀντίσιός. EP. (2) Ἀτάσθαλός, βαρβαρόφρωνός, βάσκανός, κρύερός, πευκεδάνος, οὐλόμενός, πάλιγκτότος.

Ἐχθα, Ἐχθμαί, odiosum: to hate. Call. 4. 9. SYN. Ἐχθαίρω, ἐχθόδοπεω.

Ἐχιδναῖος, α, ὄν, viperinus: of a viper. Ξεῖνός ἐχιδναῖον Call. fr. 161.

Ἐχιδνη, ης, ἡ, vipera; a viper or serpent; Echidna: a female. Δειναῖς ἐχιδναῖς εἰς ἐμ' Iph. T. 288. SYN. Ὀφίς, δάκτος, δράκων. EP. Νέρτερός, δῶδ, ἀνδροφθόρος, ἐκατογκέφαλός, φονία, πικρά.

Ἐχῖναι, ὦν, αἱ, postea Ἐχινάδες, ὦν, insulae in Ionio mari: the Echinades. Δουλίχιοιό Ἐχινάων δ' ἱερῶν B. 625. Iph. A. 286.

Ἐχῖνος, ου, δ, echinus: a hedgehog. Σκᾶλοπᾶς ἔχινος αἰελοῦρας πικτιδᾶς Acharn. 879. SYN. ἴστροις. EP. Δειλός, οξύκομος, τρηχὺς.

Ἐχῖος, ου, δ, Echius. Μηκιστεὺς Ἐχιοῦ παῖς Θ. 333.

Ἐχῖων, ὄν, δ, Echion: one of the Sparti, and the father of Pentheus, king of Thebes. Ἐχῖονος παῖς φ' κράτος διδοῖμι γῆς Bacch. 209.

Ἐχμά, ἄτος, τδ, retinaculum, junctura, saxum; lapis navi suppositus: that which holds, fastens, or keeps off; a firm rock; a stone put under a ship when on shore to steady it. Ἐχμα βόλῳν Apoll. 4. 201. SYN. Ἐρεισμά, κάλυμα, στήριγμα, δεσμός.

Ἐχω, ἔχω, imp. εἶχον, 2. a. εσχόν, habeo, possum, porto, &c.: to have, possess, be able, occupy, keep, carry, remember, &c. Ἐχω also with an adverb denotes to be, and in translating into English, the adverb must be construed as an adjective; thus ὀρθῶς ἔχω signifies, I am right. See Viger. p. 203. Ἑμεῖς ἐχρηθ' ὁμοῖα Hec. 331. SYN. Κάτεχω, κράτεω, κωλύω, ἐπέχω, πρόσεχω, ἀνέχω, ἀντέχω, ναίω, φέρω, δυνάμει, μέμνημαι, ἐπίσταμαι.

Ἐψητός, ἡ, ὄν, elixus: boiled. Vesp. 679.

Ἐψιάδαι, ludo, lætor: to play at a certain game. Θύρησι καθήμενοῖ ἐψιάσθων p. 530. SYN. Συμπαίζω, παίζω, ευφραίνομαι, γέλω, χαίρω.

Ἐψω, ἐψήσω, coquo: to boil, bake. Olymp. 1. 133. SYN. Ἀψέψω, πέπτω, ωπτῶ.

Ἐωθεν. See Ἡώς.

Ἐωθινός, ἡ, ὄν; Ἐφός, α, ὄν, matutinus, eous: of the morning, eastern. Προσδύκων ἑωθινὴν Rhés. 771. Phœn. 171. SYN. Ὀρθίος, ηφός.

Ἐφός. See Ἐωθινός.

Ἐώρα, as, ἡ, suspensum: a suspended cord. Πλεκταῖς ἑώρας CE. R. 1264. SYN. Βρόχος, ἀρχὼν.

Ἐως. See Ἡώς.

Ἐως, i. q. ὥς, ut, dum, usque, interim: until, till, while, so long as. Orest. 232. SYN. Ἐως ἂν, ἐν φ', ἐν ὧρα, ἀχρις ὧ.

Ἐωσφόρος, ου, δ, Lucifer: the morning star. Ἥμος δ' Ἐωσφόρος (trisyll.) εἰσι Ψ. 226. SYN. Φωσφόρος.

Z.

Ζάγρεος, ἔως, δ, Bacchus. Ζαγρεᾶ γεννᾶμενην Call. fr. 171.

Ζαῆς, εὖς, δ, ἡ, vehementer flans: violently blowing. Ἄς τ' ἄνεμος ζαῆς M. 157. SYN. Μεγάλως πνέων, βίαιός, ισχυρός.

Ζαθέος, α, ὄν, valde divinus: hallowed. Κίλλαν τε ζαθέην A. 39. SYN. Θεῖος, ηγάθεός, ευάγης.

Ζακδότης, ου, δ, ἡ, valde iracundus: very angry. Φαίης κεν ζακδότην Γ. 220.

Ζάκυνθος, ου, δ, Zacynthus: an island in the Ionian sea, now called Zante. Καὶ ὕλην τ' Ἰάκυνθον α. 246. Here the final syllable of ὕλην τ' remains short before the double letter Ζ: on this subject Herman remarks: "Nusquam correpta vocalis invenitur ante ξ et ψ, raro ante ζ, nec nisi in fine præcedentis vocabuli, si ζ initialis est nominis proprii, sine correptione ista metro repugnaturi."

Ζάλη, ης, ἡ, procella: a storm. Φοινίας ὑπὸ ζάλης, Aj. 352., answered by ποιμένων ἐπαρκεσοντ'. SYN. Τάραχῃ, ἀελλᾷ, ἀνεμός, λάερός, χεῖμων. EP. Ομβροκτύπος, ἄπληστος, πύρπνός.

Ζαμένει, magna vi ago; valde irascor: to act with great violence; to be very angry. Γελνᾶτο καὶ ζαμένει Hes. Theog. 928.

Ζαμένης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, vehemens, validus: violent, strong. Δεινός τε ζαμένης τὲ Apoll. 1. 1029. SYN. Βίαιός, σφοδρός, οργίλος, δυσμενής.

Ζάπληθης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, admodum plenus: copiosus: very full. Πύρσων ζάπληθῃ δασκίον Pers. 321. SYN. Πδῶπληθης, παμπληθης, μυριόπληθης.

Ζάπλουτος, ου, δ, ἡ, prædives: exceedingly rich. Μηδ' εἰ ζαπλούτους οἰσέται Androm. 1282. SYN. Βαθύπλουτος, εὐπύρος.

Ζάπυρος, ου, δ, ἡ, valde igneus: very fiery. Στερόπης ζαπύρι στρόμοιο δὲ κύνιν P. V. 1120. SYN. Διάπυρος, ἀπύρος, κάπυρος, ζαφλέγης.

Ζατρέφης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, saginatus, pinguis: very fat. Ζατρέφας πάσας δ' ἀρ' δ. 451.

Ζαφλέγης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, valde urens; florens: strongly burning; flourishing. Ζαφλέγες τέλεθουσιν Φ. 466. SYN. Ζάπυρος.

Ζάχρης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, vehemens: violent. Ζαχρηὼν ἄνεμων E. 525. SYN. Βίαιός, μέγας, βάρις, ισχυρός.

Ζῶω, ποῖτ. ζῶω, vivo, vigeo: to live, flourish. Ζώσας ὀρᾷ μάλιστᾷ CE. R. 45. Π. 15. SYN. Βίῳ, βιότεω.

Ζεῖα, ἄς, ἡ, zen, far: spelt, rye. δ. 604.

Ζεῖδαρος, ου, δ, ἡ, fertilis: fertile. Θ. 486. SYN. Βιόδαρος, φέρεσιός, φυσίδους, κουρῶτρός, τρώδιος.

Ζέλειᾶ, *as, ἡ*, Zela: a city in Lycia Minor. Οἱ δὲ Ζελαῖαν ἐναῖον B. 824. On the short syllable remaining short before Ζέλειᾶ, see on the word Ζάκυνθος.

Ζευγάριον, *ov, τὸ*, parvum jugum: a little yoke. Οἱ δ' αὖ κοράκες τῶν ζευγαρίων Av. 582. Ζευγηῖτις, ἰδός, *ἡ*, jugalis: yoked. Ζευγητίδης ἐτρέφεν ἱππους Call. 2. 48.

Ζεύγλη, *ης, ἡ*, pars illa jugi, cui bos vel mulus inserit caput: the collar of the yoke. P. 440. Ζεύγληθεν, Apoll. 3. 1317., and Ζεύγλι, Call. 3. 161., are the obsolete genitive and dative from Ζεύγλη.

Ζευγμά, *ἄτδς, τὸ*, junctura, conjunctio: a bond, fetter. Iph. A. 443.

Ζεύγνυμι, Ζευγνύω, *f. ζεύω*, jungo: to join, yoke. Helen. 1653. SYN. Κάταζεύγνυμι, ὑποζεύγνυμι, συνάπτω, ὑπότάσσω.

Ζεύγος, *ἑὸς, τὸ*, jugum, par, vehiculum: a yoke, pair, carriage. Androm. 495. SYN. Ζεύγλη, ζύγος, σέλμα. Ep. Σύγκροτον, κἄλδν, φιλιόν, τριπάρθενον.

Ζευκτηρίον, *ov, τὸ*, jugum: yoke. Περὶ ἑἰλῶν ζευκτηρίον Agam. 512.

Ζεύς, *gen. Δῖος* et Ζηνός, Jupiter: the fabled king of the gods. Θάρσει πέφευγας τὸν ἑμὸν ἱκέσιον Δῖα Hec. 345. SYN. Κρόνιδης, Κρόνιος, *gen. ἰόνος*, et Κρόνιος, *gen. ἰωνός*. Ep. Ἀγλαός, ἀγαυός, ἀλεξίμυρος, ἀλεξίκακός, ἄγνος, αἰθριός, αἰγίχδός, αὐτός, ἀθάνατος, ἀργικέραυνός, ἀρίστηδός, ἀκαμάτος, ἀμειλίχδός, ἀστέρωπής, ἀργής, βάρυδης, βάρυθρέμετης, βάρυθρομύς, βάρυγδουπός, βάρυδουπός, ἐρισθένης, ἐρίθρεμής, ἐρίγδουπός, ἐρισμάραγος, εὐρύων, βάρυσφάραγος, εὐρύτιμος, ἐκτισθλός, κρέων, ἀναξ, βασιλεὺς, ἐπόψιός, ἱκέτης, ἰός, μύριός, ἐρκείος, μέγασθενής, μελίχδός, ἑλευθερίος, μέγαλοδρεμέτης, μέγας, νέφεληγέρετης, κατάχθονιός, μητίετης, παντόπτης, οὐρίος, πρόφρων, πάνταρχος, πελώριος, πρευμένης, παγκράτης, σχετλιάς, τελεσφόρος, τερπικέραυνός, στέρωπηγέρετης, ὑψίζυγός, ὑψίθρεμής, τάνυστι-πέρος, ὕψιστος, ἀριστός, Ὀλύμπιος, Δωδωναῖος, Πέλασγικός, Ἰδαῖος, σωτήρ, ἑταίριος, δίκασπός, ξεινός, ξένιος, ὀρκίος, Αἰναιτός, ἐφέστιός, μήστωρ, κιδιστός, κελαινεφής, ὑπάτος, πάντοπέρτατος. PHR. Ἰδὼθεν μεδῶν Γ. 276. αἰθερί ναίων B. 412. πᾶτηρ ἀνδρῶν τὴν δῶν τὴν Δ. 544. ἀγὰθόν τὴν κακόν τὴν δίδοι Δ. 237. ἀνδρὸς σὶ νόημάτᾳ πάντᾳ οὐ τελευτᾷ Σ. 328. ἀρετὴν ἀνδρὸς σὶν ὀφέλλει τὴν μινυθεῖ τὴν Γ. 242. νέμει δλεῶν ἀνθρώποις Γ. 188. ἐπιτιμῆτωρ ἱκέτας τὴν ξείνων τὴν ι. 270. ἐρίγδουπός πόσις "Ἡρῆς H. 411. οὐκ ἐπὶ ψεύδεσσιν ἄρωγός Δ. 235. ταμίης πολέμοιο ἀνθρώποις Δ. 84. Δώτωρ ἑἰων, δώτωρ ἀπημύνης Call. 1. 91. Βάρυπτης στέρω-πάν κέραυνῶν τὴν πρυτάνις Pyth. 6. 24. κύλασ-τής τῶν ἄγων ὑπερφύρων Eur. fr. incert. B. 7. See Callimachus's Hymn to Jupiter, and Hes. Op. 5. 9.

Ζεφυρίος, *α, ὄν*, zephyrius: of the Zephyr. Ζεφυρίη πνεύουσα η. 119. Here ζεφυρίη is rather a substantive, — Zephyrus, the Zephyr. Ze is long here by the Arsis.

Ζεφύρος, *ov, ὁ*, Zephyrus: Zephyr, the west wind. Ως ὑπὸ τε Ζεφύρος A. 305. Ep. Δύσαῖς, κελᾶδενός, κελᾶδων, αἰὲν ἐφύδρος, αἰθριός, ἐπαι-γίχδων, λάβρος, μέγας, πολὺληχής, κραίπνός, ἡδύς, μάλᾶκός, κῆρις, λίγυ πνέων, εὐθυπνός. PHR. Ζεφύρου μῆδός ὕγρον ἀντίος, Ζεφύρου πνῶαῖς ἱππεύσαντός ἐν οὐρανῷ κάλλιστον κελᾶδῆμᾳ.

Ζέω, ζέωω, ferveo, bullio: to boil, seethe, Pros. Lex.

simmer. Θυμῷ ζεοντί Θρηκί Hec. 1038. SYN. Ἀναξω, ἐπιζέω, βράζω, φλύω, εκμαίνομαι, ἄκμαζω.

Ζηθός, *ov, ὁ*, Zethus: the son of Jupiter and Antiope and brother of Amphion. Phœn. 145.

Ζηλήμων, *μόνος, et* Ζηλότυπος, *ov, ὁ, ἡ*, zelotypus, invidus: jealous, envious. Ζηλήμονες ἐξόχων ἄλλων ε. 118. Some read δηλήμονες. Ζηλότυπος occurs in Plut. 1016.: Οἷω σφῶδρα ζηλότυπος ὁ ἐνανίσκος ἦν. SYN. Φθόνερός, φίλωναίος, ἐφάμιλλός.

Ζήλος, *ov, ὁ*; Ζηλόσυνη, *ης, ἡ*; Ζήλωμα, *ἄτδς, τὸ*, æmulator, invidia: rivalry, emulation, jealousy, envy. Orest. 963. Hom. Apoll. 100. Iph. T. 380. SYN. Φιλόνεικία, φθόνος, εὐδαιμόνια. Ep. Βάρυς, δυσκελᾶδός, λυγρός, πικρός, δίκασπός, λευγαλῆς, δύσκαρπός.

Ζηλότυπος. See Ζηλήμων.

Ζηλῶ, æmulator, ambio, probro, invideo: to emulate, court, approve, admire, envy. Alcest. 903. SYN. Φιλόνεικω, μέγαίρα, ἐπαινέω, μακάριζω, φθόνω, ἐπιθυμέω.

Ζήλωμα. See Ζήλος.

Ζηλωτός, *ἡ, ὄν*, æmulandus: enviable, desirable. Androm. 5. SYN. Μακάριος.

Ζημία, *as, ἡ*, damnum, poena, multa: a loss, punishment, penalty, fine. Ζημίαν ημεῖσάπο Cycl. 312. SYN. Βλάση, ἀτη, ἐπίσδλη, ἐπιτίμιον, τιμωρία, ποινή, δίκη.

Ζημιῶω, damno afficio: to fine, punish. Ζημιούσιν οἱ θεοί Ion 444. SYN. Τιμωρέωμαι, βλάπτω, ακρίζωμαι, ἀναιρέω.

Ζητεύω, Ζητέω, quaero: to seek. Hom. Merc. 392. Orest. 672. SYN. Ἀναζητέω, ἐπιζητέω, δίχημαι, μαῖομαι, ματεύω, μεθέπω, μέταλλω, ἐρωτάω.

Ζήτημά, *ἄτδς, τό*; Ζήτησις, *ἑως, ἡ*, quaestio, investigatio: a question, search, investigation. Bacch. 1128. Cycl. 14. SYN. Ἐρώτημα, ἐρώτησις, βάσανός, μάτη, ἐξετάσις.

Ζητητέος, *α, ὄν*, quaerendus: must be sought. Thesm. 604.

Ζῆ, Ion. po. Zōh, q. v.

Ζῶς, Ion. et poët. po. Zōws, q. v.

Ζῶφρός, *α, ὄν*, tenebrius: darksome, gloomy. Hes. Theog. 814. SYN. Ἀνῶφρός, σκότεινός, ὀφρῶνός.

Ζῶφός, *ov, ὁ*, caligo, tenebrae: gloom, darkness. Hipp. 1414. SYN. Ἀχλὺς, ὀφρῶν, σκότος, δύσις, ὀμίχλη. Ep. Ἀργαλῆς, αὐτός, ἀμήχανός, ευρύς, κρυερός, ὀκρίδεις.

Ζῶω, poët. po. Zāw, q. v. See Jacobs. Anthol. 8. 318.

Ζύγαστρον, *ov, τὸ*, arca, capsula: a chest. Κόλφ ζυγάστρον δῶρον Trach. 715. SYN. Σῶρος, κιστώς.

Ζυγφόρος, Ζυγφόρος, *ov, ὁ, ἡ*, jugum ferens: bearing the yoke. Ἀρμάσι ζυγφόρους Hipp. 1183. Herc. F. 120.

Ζυγίος, *α, ὄν*, (1) jugalis: yoked; (2) epith. Junonis, connubii præsides: presiding over marriage. Ἡρῆ τε Ζυγίη Apoll. 4. 96. SYN. Ζευκτός, ζυγώτος, σὺζυγός.

Ζυγῶδεσμον, *ov, τὸ*, lorum quo equi ad temonem ejusque anteriorem partem sunt juncti: the traces of a carriage. Εκ δ' ἐφέρον ζυγῶδεσμον Ω. 270.

Ζυγός, *ov, ὁ*; Ζυγόν, *ov, τὸ*, colligatio; jugum; trutina; currus; transtrum; calceamenti corrigia; caput citharæ: a fastening; yoke; the transverse beam of the balance; a chariot; the bench or transom of a ship; the latchet of a shoe;

the transverse piece uniting the two crooked extremities of a lyre. *Αυχέν' ἐντίθεις ζυγῷ* Hec. 376. *ΣΥΝ.* Ζεύγλη, ζεύγος, σταθμός, καθέδρα, σέλιμα. *ΕΡ.* Ασπεμφής, δύσολφός, δούλιος, ἱππεύς, εὐθδός, ἀργύρεός, χρύσειός, κλεινός, παλίκος, ἱππικός, ποικίλος, ἑπανχένιος. *ΡΗΡ.* Πύξινον, ομφάλλον, εὐ οἰήκεσιν ἀρηρὸς Ω. 268.

Ζυγόφύρος. See Ζυγηφόρος.

Ζυγαθρίζω, perpendo; pessulo occludo: to weigh, balance; to bar. *Αὐτὸ καὶ ζυγαθρίσιν* Nub. 745. *ΣΥΝ.* Ἀνάκρινω, σταθμάδω, ἴσω, συναρμόττω.

Ζυγώτος, ἡ, ὄν, junctus: joined, yoked. *Δίβες ζυγωτῶν ἀρμάτων* Soph. El. 704. *ΣΥΝ.* see Ζυγίος.

Ζωαγρία, ὡν, τὰ, præmia quæ penduntur pro vitæ redemptione: the reward given for preserving the life of another. *Ζωαγρί' ὀφέλλεις* S. 462. *ΕΞΡ.* Τὰ τῆς ζωῆς χάριστηρία.

Ζωγραφέω, ad vivum pingo: to draw to the life, to paint. *Ζωγραφεῖ τὰς ληκύθους* Eccles. 996. *ΣΥΝ.* see Γράφω.

Ζωγραφεύς, οὐ, ὁ, pictor: a painter. *Ἄγέ ζωγράφων ἀριστὸν* Anacr. 28. 1. *ΣΥΝ.* see Γράφεύς.

Ζωγρέω, vivum capio; vivifico: to take alive, preserve the life of a captive; to restore to life. *Z. 46.* *ΣΥΝ.* Ζωπύρεω, εὐθαλῇ ποιεῶ, ἀνέγειρω, ἀνορθῶ, ἐγείρω.

Ζωή, ἡς, ἡ, et poet. Ζῶν, vita; victus: life; the means of living. *Eurip. El. 121.* *Med. 972.* *ΣΥΝ.* Βίος, βιώτος, ευπῶρία, οὐσία, κτήσις. *ΕΡ.* Ἄλεκτρος, στύγερὰ, ἀμερῶσια, αλγίνδεσσα, ἐλαφρά, λυγρὰ, λυπρὰ, ἐπιμοχθός, πάλινορσος, μένεικς, καθάρὰ, ἐμφύτος.

Ζωθάλμιος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, vividus, almus: lively, fostering. *Olymp. 7. 19.*

Ζωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, lorica; indusium; cingulum: a coat of mail; a sort of under garment; a girdle. *Δ. 216.* *ΣΥΝ.* Ζώνη, ταινία, ἐνδυμὰ, δάραξ. *ΕΡ.* Φαεινόν.

Ζώμευμὰ, ἄτος, τὸ, condimentum, jus, pulmentum: seasoning, broth, pottage. *Ταῖσι Πέλδοποννησίῳν τρήρεσι ζωμέυματα* Eq. 279. *Sed h. 1.* "per jocum posuit ζωμέυματὰ pro ὑποζώματὰ, quæ ad struendas naves usui sunt, ut ligna, cera, pix," *Steph.*: materials for building ships.

Ζωμιδιόν, οὐ, τὸ, (2) Ζωμός, οὐ, ὁ, (1) jusculum: broth, pottage; (2) jus: soup. *Χῶσπερ βροντῇ τὸ ζωμιδιόν* Nub. 389. 356.

Ζωμός. See Ζωμιδιόν.

Ζώνη, ἡς, ἡ, zona, cingulum; cinetura: a zone, girdle; the waist. *Hec. 750.* *ΣΥΝ.* Ζωστήρ, ζώμα, περίζωμα, τελαμών. *ΕΡ.* Δερματίνη, παρθένια, φοινικιόρκοος, κἀλή, χρυσή.

Ζώνιν, οὐ, τὸ, cingulum: a girdle. *Εν σκότῳ τὸ ζώνιον* Lysistr. 72.

Ζώννυμι, Ζωννύω, ζώσω, cingo; to gird, brace, put on. *Ἰδὲ ζώνυσθαί ἄνωγεν* Λ. 15. *ΣΥΝ.* Πέριζωννύω, ἐνδύομαι, καθοπλίζω, κύκλω, ἀρπίζω, στέφανω.

Ζῶς, et Ζοός, ἡ, ὄν, et Ζῶς, vivus: living. *B. 699.* *Theoc. 2. 5.* *E. 887.* *ΣΥΝ.* Ζῶν, ἐμπνύς, ἐμψυχός.

Ζωτόκος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, vivipara: producing a living creature, viviparous. *Theoc. 25. 125.*

Ζωπύρεω, ignem sopitum foveo, accendo: to renew a flame, kindle. *Ζωπυροῦσι τάρβος* Sept. Th. 276., is answered by τὰν βαθύχρδον αἰῶν. *ΣΥΝ.* Εγκαίω, ἀνάπτω, ἀνέγειρω, ἐξυπνίζω.

Ζωπύριον, ὠνός, ὁ, Zopyrion. *Θάσσει Ζωπύριον* Theoc. 15. 13.

Ζωρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, merus: mere, pure. *Apoll. 1. 477.* *ΣΥΝ.* Ἀκρατός.

Ζῶς. See Ζῶος.

Ζωστήρ, ἡρός, ὁ, cingulum, balteus: a girdle, belt. *E. 615.* *ΣΥΝ.* Ζώνη, τελαμών, δάραξ.

ΕΡ. Ἀρηρῶς, ἀναιδής, δαιδάλῆς, πᾶναιδῶς, φοινικί φάεινός.

Ζωστήρον, οὐ, τὸ, vestimentum quo cingimur: a girdle, wrapper. *ζ. 38.* *ΣΥΝ.* see Ζῶμα.

Ζώφυτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, fertilis plantarum: productive of plants, fertile. *Ζώφυτον αἶμα βροτοῖσι* Æsch. Sup. 864.

Ζῶω, poet. et *ΕΡ.* pro Ζῶω, q. v., et ζῶεσκύν *Hesiod. E. 1. 90.*

H.

Ἡά. See Ἡΐα.

Ἡβαῖος, ἂ, ὄν, parvus: little, small, short. *Φρένεις οὐδ' ἠεαῖαι* Ξ. 140. *ΣΥΝ.* Βαῖος, ὀλίγος, παῖρος, ὀλιγόχρονός.

Ἡῶω, poet. Ἡῶω, pubesco, juvenesco: to grow up to manhood, to be vigorous. *Eur. Sup. 1224.* *ε. 69.* *ΣΥΝ.* Ἐφηῶω, ἀτάλλω, νέάζω, δάλλω, ἀκμάζω.

Ἡῆν, ἡς, ἡ, (1) pubes, juvenus: puberty, youth; (2) Hebe: Hebe, the goddess of youth. *Helen. 12.* *ΣΥΝ.* Νέοτης, ἡλικία, ἀκμή. *ΕΡ.* (1) Ἀγλαός, ἀγλαδώνιος, ἀχάλινός, ἀλεξικάκος, ἐράτη, εὐδαίμων, δαλέρα, νεάρα, νεάνις, ἡλιε, πύλῃράτος, σάφρων, ἄφρων, ἐράτεινῃ, (2) καλίσφύρος, λευκόσφύρος, τιμήσσο, καλὸπιδίλος, χρυσόπιδίλος, ἀμερότος. *ΡΗΡ.* (1) Ἀκμή ἡῆς *Alcest. 326.*; ἡῆς δῶρα *Alcest. 300.*; δαλέρος ἡῆς χρόνός *Eur. El. 20.*; ἡῆς ἐρικυδέος μέτρων *Λ. 225.*; τέρει ἀνθός ἐρικυδέος ἡῆς *Hes. Theog. 988.*; τερπνὺς χρυσοστέφανός *καρπὸς ἡῆς Pyth. 4. 281.*

Ἡῆτης, οὐ, ὁ, puber: in the vigour of youth, youthful, vigorous. *Heracl. 859.* *ΣΥΝ.* Ἐφηῆος, αἰζήος, ἡλιε.

Ἡελλῶω, prae juventute petulans sum: to be wanton through youth. *Ἡελλῶσαι κάρτι* *Ran. 519.*

Ἡῶω. See Ἡῶω.

Ἡγᾶθῶς, α, ὄν, valde divinus: very divine. *Λημνὸν ἐς ἠγᾶθην* Φ. 58. *ΣΥΝ.* see Ζαῖθῶς.

Ἡγάνον, Ion. pro Τήγανον, οὐ, τὸ, sartago: a frying-pan. *Anacr. 130.* See Τήγανον.

Ἡγέμενευμὰ, ἄτος, τὸ, ductio; dux: a guidance; a conductor. *Phæn. 1506.*

Ἡγέμενέω, (2) Ἡγέομαι, (1) dux sum: to be a leader or general; (2) dux, existimo: to conduct, lead, consider, think. *B. 527.* *Hec. 329.* *ΣΥΝ.* (1) Ἀρχω, ὀδηγέω, ἡγηλάζω, (2) νόμιζω, λδγίζομαι, δοκίμαζω, ὑπολαμβάνω, τίθημι.

Ἡγέμωνη. See Ἡγέμων.

Ἡγέμωνός, οὐ, ὁ, conducens; ep. *Mercurii*: conducting. *Plut. 1159.*

Ἡγέμων, ὄντος, Ἡγῆτηρ, ἡρός, Ἡγῆτης, οὐ, Ἡγῆτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ; Ἡγέμωνη, ἡς, ἡ, dux, præsides: a leader, guide, commander, governor, mover. *Hec. 281.* *CE. C. 1520.* *Æsch. Sup. 247.* *B. 79.* *Call. 3. 228.* *ΣΥΝ.* Τῆγῆτης, ἄγος, ἄγωγός, ἀρχός, βασιλεὺς, στρατηγός. *ΕΡ.* Ἀγᾶκλῆτος, εοθλός, ἰφθιμός, φίλδς, δῆδεμπτός.

Ἡγέομαι. See Ἡγέμενέω.

Ἡγέρεδμαι, Ἡγέρεῖσθαι, poet. pro Ἀγέρεδμαι, q. v. *Ἐπὶ φράδων ἠγέρεσθαι* *K. 127.* *Γ. 231.*

Ἡγηλάω, duco, præeo: to lead, go before. *Kakōn ἡγηλάει* p. 217. SYN. Ἡγεῖμαι, ἄγω, φέρω, ἐλαύνω, ὀδηγῶ, ἄρχω, δεῖραπεικώ, ἐπιμέλειμαι.

Ἡγήτωρ, Ἡγήτωρ, Ἡγητής. See Ἡγεμών. Ἡδῶς, libenter: agreeably, readily, gladly. Antig. 436. SYN. Τερπνῶς, ἀλύπως, ευφρόνως, ευθύμως.

Ἡδη, jam, mox, protinus: now, already, presently, immediately. Hec. 140. SYN. Νῦν, πάλαι.

Ἡδῶμαι, delector: to be delighted. Hipp. 1071. SYN. Ἐφῆδῶμαι, ὑπέρῆδῶμαι, ευφραίνῶμαι, τέρπειμαι, χαίρω.

Ἡδονή, ἡς, ἡ, voluptas, jucunditas: pleasure, delight. Ion 1309. SYN. Γάνος, τέρψις, τρυφή, ἡδός, ἐπιθυμία.

Ἡδός, εὖς, τὸ, suavis: sweetness, charm, pleasure. A. 318. SYN. Ἄδός, ἡδονή, ωφέλειά.

Ἡδυσῶς, ου, ὁ, dulcisonus: sweet-sounding. Bacch. 127. See below. SYN. Ἡδυθρόδς, ἡδυμέλης, εὐήχης, ἡδυγλασσοῦς.

Ἡδυῖγλος, ωτός, dulce ridens: sweetly smiling. Πόλυκρότων ἡδυῖγλωτα Hom. Pan. 37. SYN. Φίλομειδής.

Ἡδυγλασσοῦς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suavem linguam habens: sweet-tongued. Olymp. 13.141. See above.

Ἡδῦεπής, εὖς, Ἡδυλόγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suaviloquus: sweetly speaking. Ἡδῦεπής ἀνδρουσέ A. 248. Hec. 131. SYN. Μελίγηρς, μελίθογγος, γλυκυφώνος, ἱμερῶφωτος, ἐπητήης, αὐδήεις, δυνάτος et δεινός εἰπεῖν, λέγειν.

Ἡδυθρόδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Ἡδυμέλης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, dulcisonus: sweet-sounding. Eur. El. 703. A. 659. See Ἡδυπτότης and Ἀδρῶς. SYN. Ἡδυσῶς, ἡδυπνῶδς.

Ἡδυλόγος. See Ἡδῦεπής.

Ἡδυμέλης. See Ἡδυθρόδς.

Ἡδυμῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suavis, jucundus: sweet, pleasant. Ἡδυμῶν ὕπνον Hom. Merc. 241. SYN. Νῆδυμῶς, ἡδύς.

Ἡδυπνῶδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suaviter spirans: sweetly breathing. Ἡδυπνῶδος αὔρας Med. 335., answers to κλεινοτάτατα σόφιαν.

Ἡδυπόλις, εὖς, gratus jucundusque civitati: dear to the city. C. R. 510. See below and Ἀπόλις.

Ἡδυπτότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cujus potus suavis est: sweetly flavoured. Οἶνον ἡδυπτοῦ γ. 391.

Ἡδύς, εἶα, ὅ, compar. Ἡδίων Attice, Ἡδίων Ion. et Dor. superl. Ἡδιστός, suavis: sweet, pleasant, delightful. Ὡς ἡδύς εν πόρκακι Troad. 1186. SYN. Γλυκύς, ἀγανός, μελίχρως, εὐήθης, ἐπιχαρίς.

Ἡδυσμῶ, αῖτος, τὸ, unguentum, condimentum: perfume, spice, sweetmeat, sauce. Vesp. 499. SYN. Ἀρτυμῶ.

Ἡδωνός, ἡ, ὅν, Edonus: Edonian, Thracian. Hec. 1135.

Ἡελίος. See Ἡλιός.

Ἡερέθῶμαι, sublimis volito, suspensor, inconstans sum: to be elevated, suspended, undecided. Ακριδὲς Ἡερέθονται Φ. 12. SYN. Αιωρεῖμαι, αἰετῶμαι, κρέμαμαι, ἐπαίρῶμαι, ἐρεθίζομαι.

Ἡερίσοια, ας, ἡ, Eriboea. Περικαλλὴς Ἡερίσοια E. 389.

Ἡερίος, α, ὅν, (1) aërius; obscurus: in the air; dark; (2) matutinus: in the morning. Ἡερίοι τότε δὴ ῥά ι. 52. SYN. (1) Αερίδς, (2) εωθινός.

Ἡερείδης, εὖς; Ἡερεῖς, εντός, obscure: gloomy, dark. Υ. 105. SYN. Ἡερίδς, σκδτείνος, δνόφερός, κελανέφης, σκότηεις, ορφναῖος.

Ἡερόφοιτις, ἰδός, ἡ, per aërem means: air-traversing. Ἡερόφοιτις Ἐρινός T. 87. SYN. Αερόβιατουσά, ἀερισίπτης, ἀερισίπτητος, ἀερισίπους.

Ἡερόφωνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, elatam seu altam vocem habens: having a loud voice. Σ. 505. SYN. Μεγάλοφώνος.

Ἡετίων, ανός, ὁ, Eëtion. Ἡετίων ὅς ἐναίεν E. 396. EP. Αντιθέδς, μεγάλῃτωρ, ἀμύμων, ὀβριμός.

Ἡήρ, ἐρός, ἡ, Ion. pro Ahr, q. v. (1) aër, (2) caligo. "In posteriori significatu semper ponitur femininum; in priori semper masculinum." Damm.

Ἡθῶς, ἀδός, consuetus, familiaris: accustomed, usual, familiar, intimate. Ἡθῶδων ὦ δέσποτα Cycl. 250. SYN. Ἐθῶς, ἐτης, συνήθης, οικείος, ἐφέστιός, κοινωνός, ἡμέρος.

Ἡθεῖος, α, ὅν, (1) venerandus: dear, respected, a term addressed by a younger to an elder brother; (2) subst., patruus: an uncle. Ἡεῖη κέφαλή Ψ. 94. EXP. Ἡθική προσφώνησις νεωτέρου πρὸς πρεσβυτέρων. SYN. Σεμνός, ἀγλαότιμος, δεῖος, ἡγάθεός, φίλος.

Ἡθῶς. See Ἡθεῖος.

Ἡθμός, οὔ, ὁ, cribrum: a sieve. Eur. fr. Eurysth. 1. 2. SYN. Κόσκινόν.

Ἡθός, εὖς, τὸ, mos; consuetus habitandi locus: manner, habit, custom; haunt. Med. 102. SYN. Ἐθός, τρῶπος, φύη, φύσις. EP. Ἀστοργόν, βάρβαρον, ευσέβες, αφευδός, φίλοτιμόν, δυσγενές, ἀκόλαστόν, καινόν, λογιόν, ἱμερῶν, κερδάλειν, κεδνόν, κισδηλόν, κυδαλίμόν, πιστόν, ποικίλόν, πατρώϊον, πολυτρόπον, ξυγγενές.

Ἡῶ, Ἡῶ, item Ἡῶ (dissyl.) ων, τὰ, (1) viatica: provisions for a journey; (2) commeat: provisions; (3) palea: chaff. Ἡῶ καὶ ἀγγεῖσιν ἀρσόν β. 289. SYN. Ἐφῶδιᾶ, (2) βρώματά, (3) ἀχιρά.

Ἡῶδός, Ἡῶδός, ου, ὁ, juvenis; cœlebs: a young man; an unmarried man, bachelor. Ἡῶδόν τ Ἀκάμαντ' A. 60. SYN. Κοῦρος, αἰζηός, ἀγάμος. EP. Ὀδάλειον, δαλέρος, ἀτάκα φρονέων. PHR. Φαιδρος ἐν ὁμασίῃ Apoll. 2. 44. Πύρσαις γένῳ ἐξανδρουμένος Phœn. 32.

Ἡῶεις, εντός, magnas habens ripas: having high and craggy shores, deeply embanked. Κάθ-εἰσέν ἐπ' ἠῶεντί E. 36.

Ἡῶς, ὅν, jaculandi peritus: skilled in shooting. Ἐνθῶ σέ ἡτέ φοῖξέ Hom. Apoll. 120. SYN. Εὐσκόπος, ἐκῆσῶλός, ἐκάτησελέτης.

Ἡῶν, Ἡῶν, ὅνός, ἡ, littus: a shore. Αὐτίς δ' ἠῶνα μεγάλην M. 31. Orest. 989. SYN. Ακτῇ, αιγιάλός, οχθῇ, θίς, ψάμμος. EP. Παράπληξ, προυχοῖσά, ἀκρά, βάθειᾶ, βαρῦδουπός, ἐνάλιᾶ, πόλῳφλοισθός, πορφυρέα, ψάφάρα.

Ἡκά, leniter, quiete: gently, mildly, quietly. Ἡκά κίοντας p. 255. SYN. Ἡρέμᾶ, ἡσύχως, πρῶως.

Ἡκεστός, ἡ, ὅν, scuticam nunquam expertus; jugum nullum passus: not having experienced the goad; unsubjected to the plough. Z. 275. SYN. Ἀκέντητός, ἀδάμαστος.

Ἡκιστά, minime: least, by no means. Ἡκιστά τοῦμόν Med. 349.

Ἡκιστός, ἡ, ὅν, minimus: least. Ψ. 531.

Ἡκα, ξω, veni: to be come, or arrived. Hec. 1. SYN. Κάθῳκω, ἐλλήθῳ, παράγινῳμαι.

Ἡλαῖνω, Ἡλασκάω, Ἡλάσκω, erro, vagor: to

roam, wander about, to be mad. Theoc. 7. 23.
Σ. 281. N. 104. SYN. Ἀλᾶδμαι, πλανᾶδμαι,
ἐλαύνδμαι.

Ἡλιάκῃτη, ἡς, ἡ, (2) Ἡλιάκῃτῃ, ὧν, τὰ, (1)
 colus : a distaff; (2) lanæ circumvolutæ colui :
 the thread wound round a distaff. Ἰστόν τ'
 ἡλιάκῃτην τὴ Ζ. 491. ἡ. 105. ΣΥΝ. Ἄτρακτῃς,
 δόναξ, βέλυσ. ΕΡ. Δινόκλωστὸς, χρυσέα, δόλιχη.
 Ηλιάσκῳ, Ηλάσκῳ. See Ηλαίνω.

Ἠλεῖται, *ων, οἱ*, Elidis incolæ, qui et Ἐπειοὶ
dicti: Eleans. Λ. 670.

Ηλέκτρα, as, ἤ, Electra : one of the daughters of Agamemnon and Clytæmnestra. Χρυσόθεμις Ἰφίγεια ἢ Ἡλέκτρα τ' ἐγὼ Orest, 23. Homer gives different names to the three daughters of Agamemnon : Χρυσόθεμις καὶ Λαοδίκη καὶ Ἰφιάνασσα I. 286. Ερ. Αρχηγόνος, δύστηνός, δειλά, βαθύπτελός, ῥόδοιτηχός, Ἄτλαντις.

Ἡλεκτραι πύλαι, ὦν, αἱ, Electræ Portæ: one of the seven gates of Thebes. Ἐπ' Ἡλέκτραις πύλαις Phœn. 1145.

Ηλέκτρινος, ὄν, ex electro factus: of amber, bright, pellucid. Αλέκτρινον ὕδωρ Callim. Cer. 19.

19. Ἡλεκτροῦς, οὐ, δ; Ἡλεκτρον, οὐ, τὸ, mixtura
ex auro et argento confata, electrum : a mixture
of gold and silver, burnished gold. δ. 73. ΕΡ.
Δείδης, χρυσαυγής.

Ηλεκτροφᾶς, ἔδς, electri splendorem habens: shining like electrum, glittering. Hipp. 738. See Φᾶς.

See *Phos.*
 Ηλεκτρυών, ὡνός, ὁ, Electryon: Electryon.
 Ἐγείναι τ' Ηλεκτρυόνος Ἀλκμήνη Δί' Alcest. 855.
 See below.

See below.
 Ηλεκτρῶνῃ, ης, ῆ, Electryone : Electryone.
 Σὺν ἔσφυρῶ Ἡλεκτρῶνῃ Hes. Clyp. 86. Maltby
 remarks, that the third and fourth syllables of
 Ἡλεκτρῶνῃ must be contracted, or considered
 as one long syllable, since a short vowel before
 any three consonants cannot remain short. See
 an excellent note on this subject by Monk, Al-
 cest. 855. Ῥω, though not a diphthong, is scanned
 as such in several passages. Alcest. 855. Phoen.
 1327. Iph. T. 977. Hes. Scut. 82.

Ηλέκτωρ, ὁρὸς, ὁ, Sol: the sun. T. 398.
 SYN. see Ἡλιός.

Ηλέματws, temere : rashly, at random, cursorily. Τῷ καὶ ὅτ' ηλέματws Apoll. 4. 1206. SYN. Μᾶτην, μάταίως, ἄλλως, αὐτws.

β. 243. O. 128. SYN. Ἀνθητός, μωρός, μάταιος, ηλιθίος.

Ἡλιάδες, *ων, αἱ*, Heliades : the Heliades, the daughters of the Sun. Ἡλιάδες τῶν Ἀπολλ. 4. 61. *ΣΥΝ.* Φᾶεθοντιάδες, Φᾶεθοντὸς ἀδελφαί.

Ἡλιαῖζω, ἔω et σω, (1) ad solem expando : to expand to the sun ; (2) in Heliaea judico : to be a judge in the court of Heliaea. Σχῆσω σ' ἐγὼ τῆς νῦν βοῆς ἀλλ' οὐκ ἔθ' ἡλιαδεῖς Lysist. 380. (hipponactic., ut in seq.) SYN. (2) Δικάζω.

Ἡλία, ας, ἡ, Heliæ: a place where certain judges held their meetings in the open air at Athens. Ἰν' εσθιοιτ' ωνούμενοι κάπειτ' ἐν Ἡλία Eq. 897.

Ἡλιάς. See Ἡλιάδης.
Ἡλιάστης, οὗ, ὁ, iudex in Heliæa: a judge
in the court of Heliæa. Μῶν Ἡλιάστὰ μᾶ Δῖᾶ
θατέρου τροφου Av. 109.

'Ηλιαστικός, ἡ, ον, Heliasticus, judicialis : of the court of Heliæa. Γέροντος 'Ηλιαστικού Vesp. 195.

Ἥλιϑᾶτος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, tam altus ut soli unī sit
pervius : accessible only to the sun, very high.
Ἥλιϑατος πέτρῃ O. 273. ΣΥΝ. Ὑψηλός, ᾧᾶτος,
ὕψερεφής, ὑψόρθος.

Ἡλιῶ, effuse, valde, copiose: abundantly, very, exceedingly. Δὴ ἔχει ἡλιῶ πολλή ξ. 215. SYN. Ἀθρόως, σφόδρᾶ, μάλᾶ, πάνυ, μᾶτην.

1121. See *Ηλιθιώω*. *ΣΥΝ.* Μωραίνω, ηλαίνω, ἄναισθητῶ.

872. See below. SYN. Ἀναίσθητος, μῶρος, ἄφρων, σκληρὸς, μάταιος.

Ηλιθιώω, attonitum reddo : to astonish, astound.
 Μὴ φρενὰς ὑμῶν ηλιθιώσῃ P. V. 1097. SYN.
 Ἀτύζω, εκπλήττω, παρὰπλήσσω.

Ἡλικία, as, ἡ, statura, ætas, adolescentia, vigor: stature, age, manhood, vigour. Χρῆ γινασσιμάχεῖν σὴν ἡλικίαν. *Heraclei* 706. SYN. Γενεά, νεότης, ἀκμή. EP. *Ἡμέρῃσσά, ἱμερτῇ, σθένάρᾳ, φαιδρᾷ, χλιδῆρά.*

Ἐλικιώτης, οὐ, ὁ; Ἡλεις, ἕκός, ὁ, ἡ, par ætate :
a youth of the same age, an equal in years. Ἐμὸς
ἑλικιώτας Theoc. 14. 54. Here. F. 511. SYN.
Ὀμήλεις, σὺνήλεις.

Ἡλικός, ἡ, ὄν, quantus, quali ætate: how great, of what age. Ἡλικοί πρόσῃμεθα (E. R. 15. SYN. Ὅσος, πῶσος, ὁπῶσος.

ἥλιξ. See Ἠλικιώτης.
Ἠλιόβλητος, ου, ό, ή, aprieus: smitten by the sun, sunny. Ἠλιοβλήτους πλάκας Bacch. 14.

'Ηλιοκαυστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sole perustus: burnt
up by the sun, sun-burnt. Ἰσχυαν ἄλιοκαυστον
Theoc. 10. 26.

'Ηλιῶμάνης, ἔος, sole gaudens: delighting in the sun. Θάλπεισ' ἡμέτεροις ἡλιῶμάνης βῶα
Ay. 1095.

ἥλιος, Ἡελίος, ου, ὁ, sol: the sun. Ἡαίε δ' αἰς
 ἵπποισιν Phoen. 2. 3. 480. ΣΥΝ. Ἡλέκτωρ,
 ἑπέρων, Φοῖβος, Φάεθων, Φώσφορος, Παίαν. ΕΡ.
 ἑπτελλομένους, κατὰδουμένους, οἷς, περιψιμρότος,
 φάσειμρότος, ἀκάμας, παμφάνων, αἰών, χρυ-
 σόφειγγης, αἰγλήεις, αἰθόμενος, ευρύπτης, ζείδωρος,
 λιπαρόζωνος, μαρμαίρων, μάλλερος, ζάμενης, τη-
 λέφάνης, σειριδής, χρυσόφλης, φλόγερös, φάειρος,
 φάεινός, φανσίβροτος. ΡΗΗ. Φέγγος ἡλίου Hec.
 250. ακτίς κύκλος τ' ἡλίου Hec. 412. ἡλίου
 βόλαι Orest. 57. ἡλίου ἄγων σέσας Med. 750.
 φάεινολ λαμπτήρης ἡλίου Rhcs. 59. καλλίφεγγες
 ἡλίου σέας Troad. 853. ὅς πάντ' ἐφόρᾳ καί
 πάντ' ἐπακούει μ. 323. πάντων δ' αἰώνος προ-
 μός ἡλίδος Ε. R. 660. οἷαν δ' γένεθλός ακτί-
 νων πατήρ, πύρ νείοντων αρχός ἵππων Olymp.
 7. 128. αστέρος οὐρανίου τηλαυγέστερον φάος
 Pyth. 3. 134. πᾶνότης κύκλος ἡλίου P. V. 91.
 τῶν αἰτῶν οὐρανῶν διφρηλάτων Aj. 845.

Ἡλιοστέρης, ἑὸς, sole privatus vel privans:
shaded or shading from the sun. Κρατὶ δ' ἡλιο-
στέρης C. C. 313.

'Ηλιοστίβης, ἑὸς, per quem sol incedit: traversed by the sun. Φλόγωπᾶς ἡλιοστίβεις P. V. 816.

ἥλιος, rutilo: to be red and flaming. Τῷ
δ' ἐς ἀκρὸν ἡλιώσας Anacr. 29. 6.
Ἠλῖς, ἰδὼς, ἡ, Elis: one of the divisions of the

ΕΡ. Ἰππῆλατὸς, διὰ, ευρυχῶρὸς, ἱπποβότῃς, εὐ-
διφρὸς, πόλυπάμων. ΡΗΡ. Εὐάνωρ Λύδου Πέλλοπος
ἀποικία Οὐμπ. 1. 37.

Ἡλίτδμνηνδς, δν, natus ante completos menses:
prematurely born. Καὶ ἡλίτδμνηνδν ἔδντα T. 118.

Ἡλιώτης, ἰδὸς, solaris : sunny. Ακτῶν ἔς ἡλιῶτων ὡς δ' ἐθάλπεται Trach. 699.

Ἡλὸς, ἡ, ὄν. See Ἡλῆδος. Illud autem Blomf. ἡλὸς scribit in Gloss. ad Agam. 357., forsan per merum errorem.

Ἡλὸς, οὐ, ὁ, clavus : a stud, nail. A. 59. SYN. Γομφός. Ερ. Χρυσεῖδς.

Ἡλύγη, ἡς, ἡ, tenebræ, umbra : shade, gloom, darkness. Τῆς διῆκς τὴν ἡλύγην Acharn. 684. SYN. Σκία, ζφός, σκοτός.

Ἡλύσιος, ἅ, ὄν, Elysian. Ἡλύσιον πεδῖον δ. 563. PHR. see the whole passage from which the quotation is taken, and Olymp. 2. 109. and 128.

Ἡλύσις, ἔως, ἡ, adventus, ingressus : an arrival, entrance. Πίκραν δῖον ἡλύσιον Herc. F. 1035. SYN. Πόρεϊά, βάσις, ἐλευσίς, ἀφίξις, ἐφόδος, ὁδός, συνόδος.

Ἡμάθια, ας, ἡ, Emathia seu Macedonia : Emathia or Macedonia. Καὶ Ἡμάθιην ἐράτεινην Z. 226. SYN. Πάλλυλος.

Ἡμάθιον, ὠνός, ὁ, Emathion : the son of Tithonus and Aurora. Καὶ Ἡμάθιον ἄνακτα Hes. Theog. 984.

Ἡμάθεις, εσσαῖ, ἔν, arenosus : sandy. Πάλλων ἡμάθεντα α. 93. SYN. Ψάμμοδος, τραχύς.

Ἡμαι, sedeo, infigor : to sit, to be placed in. Aleest. 620. SYN. Κάθημαι, ἐπικάθημαι, ἐξέμαι, ἰζάνω.

Ἡμέρ, ἄτος, τό ; Ἡμέρα, ας, ἡ, dies : a day. Καὶ μ' ἡμάρ ἡδὴ C. R. 73. Hec. 317. SYN. Φῶς, φάος, πᾶς. Ερ. Δουλιῶν, κύριον, εχθρόν, ἐλεῖθρον, λυπρόν, βράχῦ, πέπρωμένον, ἀεπτὸν, καλλιφεγγές, λευκόπῳλον, γλυκέρων, αἰσίμῳν, ἐράσιμῳν, νόστιμῳν, εὐδίον, ὀλεθριῶν, μόρσιμῳν, νηλεές, πύλυστον, φαῖσιμρότον, φάσφορον, ἀναγκαῖον, δεῖλῳν, ορφάνικον, αἰμᾶθεν. PHR. Ἡλίου ακτῖς, χρυσέας ἡμέρας βλεφάρων, ἡμέρας ἄγνων φάος, τρόχοι ἀμύλλητης ἡλίου, αἰλίου παῖς. Ἡματίος, α, ὄν, diurnus : daily. Ἐνθα κεν ἡματίῳ μὲν τ. 149. SYN. Ἡμερήσιος, ἐπ' ἡματί, ἐπ' ἡμάρ.

Ἡμεδᾶπος, ἡ, ὄν, nostras : of our country. Ἡμεδᾶπὴ στρατὶν Call. fr. 152.

Ἡμέρα. See Ἡμάρ.

Ἡμερένα, diem transigo, per diem aliquid facio : to pass the day, to do anything by day. Soph. El. 786. SYN. Διημερένα, δι' ἡμέρας κάμνω.

Ἡμερήσιος, ὄν, unius diei ; diurnus (See Blomf. in l. c.) : of one day, daily. Νυκτὺς ἡμερήσιον Agam. 21. SYN. Κάθημεριός, ἡματίος, πάνημεριός.

Ἡμερίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, "vitis hortensis et ab hominibus culta, ad differentiam sylvestris, τῆς ἀγριάδος." Damm. : a cultivated vine. Ἡμερίς ἡσάωσα ε. 69. SYN. Ἀμπέλως, ὀλην.

Ἡμερόκοιτος, οὐ, δ, qui die dormit : one who sleeps in the day. Hes. Op. 603.

Ἡμερόλεγδος, per singulos dies numeratim : counting day by day. Pers. 63.

Ἡμερός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, mansuetus, cieur : tame, gentle, kind. o. 162. SYN. Ηθᾶς, ὑπαχείριος, χειρὸνθης, τίθασσός, πρᾶδς.

Ἡμερόσκοπος, οὐ, ὁ, speculator diurnus : a spy by day. Antig. 253. SYN. Φροῦρός.

Ἡμερόφαντος, ὄν, interdiu conspicuus : seen by day. Agam. 81.

Ἡμερόω, mitem reddo : to render mild or fertile. Eumen. 14.

Ἡμετέρος, α, ὄν, noster : our. Z. 58. SYN. Νωτέρος, ἡμός.

Ἡμί, loquor : to speak, say. Ἡ ῥᾶ γυνή Z. 390

Ἡμῖγενεῖος, ὄν, semibarbatus : with half a beard. Ἡμῖγενεῖος ἐπὶ κράναι Theoc. 6. 3.

Ἡμιδᾶης, ἔδος, semiustus : half-burnt. Ἡμιδᾶης δ' ἀρ. Π. 294. SYN. Ἡμῖφλεκτός, ἡμίτομος.

Ἡμιδιπλοῖδον, οὐ, τὸ, dimidiata diplois : a bed-gown. Τούτῃ τὸ τῆς γυναικὸς ἡμιδιπλοῖδον Eccles. 318. SYN. Κρόκωτον.

Ἡμιδουλός, ὄν, semiservus : half a slave, meanly born. Ἡ δ' ἡμιδούλους τοῖς ἐμοῖς Androm. 942.

Ἡμῖεκτέον, οὐ, τὸ, dimidiatus sextarius : half a sextarius. Ἐγὼ μὲν οὐδὲν πρῶτερον ἡμῖεκτέου Nub. 643.

Ἡμιθέος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, semideus : a demi-god. Iph. A. 173. See below. SYN. Ἡρώς, δαίμων.

Ἡμιθῆλὺς, ὤος, semifemina : half-woman, effeminate. Τὸν ἡμιθῆλυν Ἀττιν Anacr. 13. 2.

Ἡμιθνής, ἡτός, semianimis : half dead. Οἱ μὲν ἀρ' ἡμιθνήτες Call. 6. 60.

Ἡμικάκως, non omnino bene : half well, very indifferently. Τῶς μὲν οὖν ἀλλ' ἡμικάκως ἐσοσκῶν Thesm. 449. SYN. Μετρίως.

Ἡμικραῖρά, ας, ἡ, dimidia capitis pars : half the head or skull. Τὴν ἡμικραῖραν τὴν ἐτέραν ψιλὴν ἔχων Thesm. 227.

Ἡμίλεπτός, ὄν, semidecorticatus : half stripped off or shelled. Ὁ δ' ἡμίλεπτός ἦδην Anacr. 33. 10.

Ἡμῖονεῖος, ἡ, ὄν, mularis : of mules, mulish. Ζῦγόν ἡρέον ἡμῖονεον Ω. 268.

Ἡμῖονός, οὐ, ὁ, mulus : a mule. Ἡμῖονων αἰ γάρ K. 352. PHR. see Ψ. 652.

Ἡμίτελεκκόν, οὐ, τὸ, securis : a hatchet. Οἰσέται ἡμίτελεκα Ψ. 858.

Ἡμιπλῆς, ἡγός, semipercussus : half-smitten, half-cut. Ὅθ' ἡμιπλῆγᾶ λίπόντες Apoll. 4. 1683.

Ἡμίπνυός, ὄν, -πνους, οὖν, semivivus : half dead. Ἐθ' ἡμίπνουν πρόπείοντα Batrach. 249. SYN. Ἡμίπνους.

Ἡμίσις, εἰᾶ, ὅ, dimidiatus : half. Πάλλων ἡμίσι παντός Hes. Op. 40.

Ἡμίταλαντόν, οὐ, τὸ, semitalentum : half a talent. Ἀλλὰ τοῖ ἡμίταλαντόν Ψ. 796.

Ἡμίτελής, ἔδος, semiperfectus : half finished. Καὶ δόμος ἡμίτελής B. 701.

Ἡμίτομος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, dimidiatus : cut in two, bisected, half. Ἀντίγυος ἡμίτομου Mosch. 2. 89. SYN. Ἡμιδᾶής.

Ἡμίτρεῖδον, οὐ, τὸ, pepulum, sudarium : a half-worn cloth, napkin. Ἡμίτρεῖδον λάβων Plut. 729.

Ἡμῖφλεκτός, ὄν, semiustus : half burnt. Αὖτως ἡμῖφλεκτόν Theoc. 2. 134.

Ἡμῖωδολιάδς, α, ὄν, semiobolaris, semiobolus pretio æquans : worth half an obolus. Ἄν' ἡμῖωδολιάδς δώσει τις δίκην Ran. 554.

Ἡμὺς, quando : when. Θ. 68. SYN. Ἡνικά, ὅτε, ὅταν, ὅποτάν.

Ἡμῶ, inclino, dimitto, nieto : to bow down, let sink, wink. Ὡς ἐτέρωσ' ἡμῶσ' ἐκάρη Θ. 308. Ἐπὶ δ' ἡμῶι αστάχουσιν B. 148. "Pe-nult. ancip. frequentius longa." Maltb. SYN. Ἐπὶκλίνω, κατὰκλίνω, πίπτω.

Ἡμῶν, ὄνός, ὁ, jaculator : a shooter, slinger. Ψ. 886. SYN. see Ἀκοντιστήρ.

Ἡν, idem quod Ἐάν, partic. cum conjunctivo conjungitur, si : if. A. 90. Ἡν is also used in the sense of En, ecce, behold ! Herc. F. 863.

Ἡνέμερος, εσσαῖ, ἔν, ventosus : exposed to the

wind, windy, high. X. 145. SYN. Ὕψηλος, πρόσρηνέμος, μετάρσιος, μετ'εωρός.

Ἡνία, as, ἥ, et apud Hom. Ἡνίον, ου, τὸ, habena: reins, harness. Ἡνίας ἀπ' ἀντύγος Hipp. 1183. P. 482. SYN. Χάλινος, ῥυτήρ. Ep. Λευκή, σιγᾶλδεσσά, φοινικέσσά.

Ἡνιδέ, ecce: lo! Ἡνιδέ τοι τὸ δέπας Theoc. 1. 149. SYN. Ἡν, ἰδού.

Ἡνικά, quando: when. Οἶσθ' ἥνικ' ἤλθες Hec. 239. SYN. see Ἡμός and Ὀπύταν.

Ἡνῖον. See Ἡνία.
Ἡνῖοπεύς, ἥς, Ion., ὁ, Eniopeus. Θησαίου Ἡνῖο-
πίος Θ. 120.

Ἡνῖοστρόφω, habenas flecto: to turn the reins, guide a chariot. Ἡνῖοστρόφει βέβας Phoen. 177. SYN. see Ἡνῖοχέων.

Ἡνῖοστρόφος, Ἡνῖοχος, ου, Ἡνῖοχέως, ἑως, ὁ, equorum agitator: a charioteer. Soph. El. 733. Σ. 225. P. 737. See above. SYN. Ἰφηνῖοχος, ἀρματήλατης. Ep. Θέρᾶπων, ἀμύμων, κάκος, δρᾶσος, ἀρισθάρματός, ἐλάσιππος, διώξιππος.

Ἡνῖοχέως. See above.
Ἡνῖοχέων, habenas teneo: to manage the reins, drive, guide, govern. Ἐμπεδον ἡνῖοχέων Ψ. 641. SYN. Ἡνῖοστρόφω, ἀρματεύω, ἰθύνω, ἐλαύνω.

Ἡνῖος. See Ἡνῖοστρόφος.
Ἡνῖς, ἰδς, et ἰδός, ἥ, annicula: one year old. Βοῖν ἦνιν ευρύμετωπον K. 292. "Αἱ. ἦνιν: nempe εν εκτάσει τῆς ληγουσῆς οἰδασῖν οἱ Πά-
λαιοι, notante Eustathio." Clarke. SYN. Ἰνῖανῖος, τέλειος, νέος.

Ἡνῖοπιδης, ου, ὁ, Enopides: the son of Enops. Ἡνῖοπιδην ὃν ἄρα νύμφη Ξ. 444.

Ἡνύρεα, as, ἥ, virilitas, fortitudo: manliness, strength, courage. A. 9. SYN. see Ἀνδρεία. Ep. Ἐράτεινῃ, κράτερᾳ, ὑπερφιάλδς.

Ἡνοψ, ὄπς, sonorus; perspicuus: sounding; polished, bright. Π. 408. SYN. Λαμπρός, διαυγής. Ἡνυστρὸν, ου, τὸ, una e ventriculis ani-
mantium: the stomach, entrails. Eq. 356.

Ἡωῖς, α, ὄν, orientalis: eastern. δ. 447. SYN. see Ἡώς.

Ἡπᾶρ, ἄτς, τὸ, jecur: the liver. Ἡπᾶρ ἐξᾰκοντίσας Herc. F. 1140.

Ἡπῆδᾰνός, ὄν, claudus; infirmus; stolidus: lame; weak; foolish. Ἡπῆδᾰνός γενόμενν δ. 311. SYN. Ασθενής, ἀνθητός, γλιθῖος, χωλός, ἀνασθητός.

Ἡπειρὸς γένης, ἑς, in continente natus: born on the continent. Pers. 42.

Ἡπειρός, ου, ἥ, continens: the main-land, continent. "Apud Homerum est civitas, in terra continenti Peloponnesi sita, subjecta Ulyssis imperio. Post Homerum terra satis ampla infra Illyricum, ad mare Adriaticum, sic vocabatur." Damm. ω. 376.

Ἡπειρώτις, ἰδός, ἥ, Epiroica: of Epirus. Ἡπειρώτις eis τὰ τοιαῦτα Androm. 159.

Ἡπέρροπεύς, ἑως, Ion. ἥς; Ἡπέρροπεντης, Ἡπέρ-
ρόπος, ου, δ, deceptor: a deceiver. λ. 363. N. 769. Naacr. 131. SYN. Ψεύστης, ἀγυρτής, ἀπατήλας, ὑπέρηφάνος.

Ἡπέρροπέω, decipio: to juggle, deceive. E. 349. SYN. Ἀπάτᾰω, ἐξᾰπάτᾰω.

Ἡπέρροπος. See Ἡπέρροπεύς.

Ἡπήτης, ου, ὁ, sartor: a mender, cobbler. Batrach. 183.

Ἡπῖᾰλέω, epiala febri laboro: to labour under a shivering cold, to shiver. Acharn. 1164. See below.

Ἡπῖᾰλδς, ου, ὁ, febris quotidianæ species: the cold shiver preceding or accompanying a fever. Κυρνε καὶ Ἡπῖᾰλον Theog. 174.

Ἡπῖδωρός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, lenis, qui mitia dat: mild in giving, benign. Ἐνθα οἱ Ἡπῖδωρός Z. 251.

Ἡπῖδς, ὄν, placidus, mitis: soothing, soft, mild, gentle. Ἡπῖᾰ φάρμάκᾰ πάσανν A. 515. SYN. Πρᾶδς, πρόσῃνης, πρόφρων, μειλίχῖδς, αἰμυλός.

Ἡπύτης, ου, ὁ, vociferator: a shouter, bawler. Ἡπύτᾰ κήρυξ H. 384.

Ἡπυτίδης, ου, ὁ, filius Epyti. Κήρυκ' Ἡπυτίδῃ P. 324.

Ἡπύω, ὄσω, sono, clamo: to shout, sing aloud. Οἱ ἐγὼ μελᾰ τί πὺτ' ἀπύσω Hec. 152. See Ἀπύω.

Ἡρ. See Ἐᾰρ.

Ἡρα, as, ἥ, Juno. Ἡρᾰ πρεσβᾰ δέᾰ E. 721. Ep. Ἀμειλικτός, ἀμήχανός, ἀλλοπρῶσαλλός, βάρυμηνς, γλαυκάπς, βάρυκτύπος, ἡερῶοις, ἡκυμῶς, λευκάλενός, κλυτή, κελᾰδεινῇ, χρυσῶ-
θρόνός, χρυσῶπτεῖλός, χρυσῇλάκτύς, φέρεσις, δᾰλάμηπῖλός, Ἀργείῃ, πανδᾰμάτειρᾰ, δᾰλόφρῶ-
νέουσα, δᾰλόμητις, ποικῖλᾰμητις, βᾰώπς, ποντίᾰ.

Ἡράκλειοξανθίας, ου, ὁ, Xanthias Hercules simulans, nomen ab Aristophane effictum: Herculean Xanthias. Eis τὸν Ἡράκλειοξανθίαν Ran. 499.

Ἡράκλῃς, ἥς, Ion. ὁ, Hercules. Φᾰῶτ' Ἡρα-
κλῃᾰ μεγᾰλον φ. 26. SYN. Ἀλκείδης, Ἀμφί-
τρωνῖαδός. Ep. Ἀριδελκῆτος, ἀταρβῆς, ἀλεξί-
κάκος, ἀτρεστός, δᾰίφρων, ἐρίκῖδης, ἑσκαπτός, θυμᾰλέων, δρᾶσῦς, θεῖος, ἥρως, μεγᾰλόφρων, κράτερός, ὀδρίμῶς, οἰξήρην, οἰνᾰθήρης, πολυπᾰνός, πέλωρός, πανδᾰμάτωρ, σύμμάχος, λαδσσοδς, μόρ-
σίμῶς, δωδεκάεθλός, Τίρυνθῖος, Μηριστός. PRR. Βῖῃ Ἡράκλειῃ, Δῖος ἀλκίμῶς υἱός, ἀκορητός
αὔτης, ευδοκίμῶς Δῖος υἱς, σεμνὸν δᾰλός Ἀλ-
κάδᾰν, μορφᾰν βράχῖς, ψύχαν δ' ἄκαμπτός.

Ἡράνός, ου, ὁ, rex, custos: a king, guardian. Θεῶν Ἡράνῶν ὄσος' ἐνέμοντο Apoll. 2. 513. SYN. Προστᾰτης, πάρασᾰτης, ἐπαρχός, ἄρχων, βασί-
λεὺς, διᾰπός, στρατήγῶς.

Ἡρέμᾰ, quiete, sensim, paululum: quietly, gradually, a little. Ἀλλ' ἥρεμα πτήξαντῃς Ran. 315. SYN. Πρᾶως, ἀτρεμᾰ, ἡκᾰ, ἡσύχῃ, ἡσύχᾰς, βράδῃς.

Ἡρί, mane; vere: in the morning; in the spring. Ἡρί λῶεσσαι τ. 320. SYN. Ἡᾰῶν.

Ἡρίγῆνης, ἑός, et Ἡρίγῆνῖᾰ, as, ἥ, aurora: the morning. Ἡρίγῆνης τὸν δ' ἀμφί Apoll. 2. 452. μ. 8. SYN. see Ἡώς.

Ἡρίδᾰνός, ου, ὁ, Eridanus, Padus: the river Po. Hipp. 734. Sic et Virgilius: Eridᾰnus quo non alius per pinguia culta, &c. Ep. Βᾰ-
θῖδῖνης, καλλιρᾰδός.

Ἡρίνός. See Ἐᾰρίνός.

Ἡρίων, ου, τὸ, monumentum, sepulcrum: a monument, tomb. Μεγᾰ Ἡρίων ἡδᾰ οἱ αὐτῷ Ψ. 126. SYN. Τάφος, μνήμᾰ, σῆμᾰ, τύμβος.

Ἡρός, α, ὄν, gratus: gratifying, agreeable. Θυμῷ ἥρᾰ φέροντες Ξ. 132. "Ἡρα est per apo-
copen pro ἡρανα." Damm.

Ἡρώινῃ, Ἡρῶσᾰ, ἡς, Ἡρώῖς, ἰδός, ἥ, heroina: a heroine. Ἱερὸν μύχον Ἡρώινῃς Call. 4. 161, See Apoll. 4. 1309. and 1. 1049.

Ἡρώῖς. See Ἡρώινῃ.

Ἡρῶν, ου, τὸ, monumentum heroi construc-
tum: a hero's monument. Vesp. 819.

Ἡρως, ὠός, ὁ, heros: a hero. H. 453. Ep. Ἀγλᾰός, ὀδρίμῶς, μεγᾰθυμῶς, λαδσσοδς, δυνᾰτός, ὀδῖος, κράτερός, δαρσᾰλέος, αἰχμήτης, ἀντιθέος,

αθανάτοις ἑκέλδς, φαίδιμδς, δερᾶπων Ἄρηδς, λαο-
δάμας. PRR. Ανδρῶν Ἡρώων θεῶν γένδς, οἱ
κἀλεῖνται ἡμίθεοι Hes. Op. 159.

Ἡρῶσσα. See Ἡρώινη.

Ἡσιόδδς, ον, ὁ, Hesiodus: Hesiod, a poet born
at Ascria in Boeotia. Αἰ νῦ πῶθ' Ἡσιόδδον Hes.
Theog. 22. PRR. Ἡσιόδδς κἀπέδειξε γῆς εργά-
σιας, κάρπων ὥρας, ἀρότους Ran. 1033.

Ἡσάδμαι, Ἡτᾶδμαι, quam formam tamen
nunquam adhibent Tragici. R. P. Hec. 8.:
minor sum, vincor, superior: to be inferior, sur-
passed, conquered. Ion 1117. SYN. Ἐλατ-
τοῦμαι, λείπομαι, ἥσσω εἰμὶ, νικῶμαι.

Ἡσσητέδς, ον, vincendus: to be overcome.
Antig. 667.

Ἡσσαν. See Μικρδς. Androm. 577.

Ἡσυχάω, quiesco, taceo: to rest, to be quiet or
silent. Med. 80. See below. SYN. Ἀποπαύομαι,
ἱάω, εἴδω, σιγᾶω, ἀρεσκόμαι, ἥσυχίαν ἄγω εἰ
ἐχω.

Ἡσυχάδς, Ἡσυχίδς, Ἡσυχδς, Ἡσυχίμδς, α, ὄν,
quietus: quiet, at rest. Μηδ' ἥσυχίαν ἀλλὰ
Med. 804. Φ. 598. Iph. T. 1435. Olymp.
2. 57. SYN. see Ἐκκληδς.

Ἡσυχῇ. See Ἡσυχίως.

Ἡσυχία, ας, ἡ, tranquillitas, otium: tranqui-
lity, quietness, ease, repose. Τί πῶθ' ἥσυχία
πρόσθε μέλαδρων Alcest 77. SYN. Ἐρωῇ, ευμα-
ρεῖᾶ, ἀνάπαντις, πρᾶδτης, ευθυμία, γαλήνη, σιγή.
EP. Ἐράτεινῃ, μέσημερίνῃ, εὐδπλδς, φίλδπλδς.
PRR. Τῆς ἀγανόφρονδς ἥσυχίας εὐήμερον πρδς-
απὸν Aves 1322. See also Pyth. 8.

Ἡσυχιδές, ων, οἱ, sacerdotes Eumenidum:
priests of the Furies. Ἐλλάδχον Ἡσυχιδές Call.
fr. 123. 3.

Ἡσυχίμδς, Ἡσυχίδς. See Ἡσυχάδς.

Ἡσυχίως, Ἡσυχῇ, Ἡσυχως, quiete, sensim:
quietly, gradually. Ἡσυχίω καὶ ἐπειτὰ Hom.
Merc. 438. Plut. 692. Eur. Sup. 315. SYN.
Ἡρέμᾶ, ἀτρεμᾶ, ευμένδς, πρᾶως, ἥκᾶ.

Ἡσυχδς. See Ἡσυχάδς.

Ἡσυχως. See Ἡσυχίως.

Ἡτῶρ, ὄρδς, τδ, cor, animus: the heart, breast,
mind. A. 188. SYN. Κῆαρ, καρδία, στῆθδς,
δυμδς, ψυχῇ. EP. Ἀλκίμδν, ἀμείλιχδν, βέβλαμ-
μένδν, δεδάγμένδν, ἐμπέδδν, ευμένές, νηλέές,
σιδῆρειδν, φίλδν, χάλκεδν, ἀπάλδν, ἀγρίδν, ἀλᾶ-
παδνδν, ἀγλάδν, ἀφθίτδν, γυναιμᾶνές, θαρσαλέδν,
μέλᾶν, μίαιφδνδν.

Ἡτριδν, ον, τδ, (1) stamen: thread; (2) tex-
tum: woof. Ion 1420. Et Suid. ex Epigr.,
Καὶ τὰν ἀτρία κρινδμενᾶν. SYN. (1) Ἰοτιδν,
στήμων, (2) ὕφασμᾶ.

Ἡτῶν, ον, τδ, imus venter: the bottom of the
belly, a bottom. Thesm. 509.

Ἡγένηδς, ον, maxillas habens terribiles:
having terrible jaws. Als ἡγένηειος O. 275.

Ἡγένης. See Ευγένης.

Ἡκῶμδς, ον, ὁ, ἡ, pulcras comas habens: fair-
haired. Ἡκῶμος τέκε Λητῶ γ. 317. SYN. see
Ευπλοκάμδς.

Ἡδς. See Ἐδς.

Ἡτῆ, pro Εὐτῆ, sicut: like as, just as. Ἡτῆ
μινᾶν B. 469.

Ἡφαιστδπδνδς, Ἡφαιστδτευκτδς, ὄν, a Vul-
cano elaboratus: wrought by Vulcan, ingeni-
ously made. Iph. A. 1072. Philoct. 986.

Ἡφαιστδς, ον, ὁ, Vulcanus: Vulcan, fire.
Troad. 345. SYN. Τίταν, Πρῶμθεδς. EP. Αμ-
φιγῶθεις, αἰῶν, αἰβάλδεις, βράδς, κλύτδς, πέρι-
κλύτδς, κλύτδτέχνης, πύλμητῆς, σέλασφδρδς,
χαλκεὺς, σθένει βλεμέαιων, βίκνδς πδδᾶς.

Ἡφαιστδτευκτδς. See Ἡφαιστδπδνδς.

Ἡχῶ, sono: to sound, roar, reverberate.
Hes. Theog. 39. SYN. Ἀνχηῶ, ἠπύω, βῶω,
φωνῶ, ψδφῶ.

Ἡχῇ, ἡς, ἡ, sonus, sonitus: sound, shout,
noise. B. 209. SYN. Κανᾶχῃ, κτύπδς, κρῶδς,
βρῶμδς, δοῦπδς, φωνῇ, κραυγῇ, ψδφδς, φθέγμᾶ,
βδῃ, φθόγγδς, φθγγῇ, ηχῶ. EP. Βάρεᾶρδς,
βάρυβρῶμδς, δεσπέσια, ἐπινικίως, λαδσσδδς, αλ-
λδθρδδς, ἀπείρειδς, ἀπλέτδς, ἀρτίφιλη, πῶλε-
μδκλῶνδς, φδσῆρᾶ, λίγείᾶ.

Ἡχῆις, εοσσᾶ, ἐν, resonans: sounding, re-
sounding. A. 157. SYN. Ἐριδουπδς.

Ἡχί, ubi: where. Κατὰ στίχᾶς ἥχῃ ἐκαστῶ
Γ. 326. SYN. see Ὀπη.

Ἡχῶ, ὄδς, οὄδς, ἡ, Echo: Echo, a sound.
Hipp. 791. SYN. Φωνῇ, βδῃ, αγγέλια. EP.
Ἀσιγῆτδς, ἀπάτῆλδς, λᾶλδς, ἐννύχδς, ὄρεσιδρῶ-
μδς, ὁμδγλωσσδς, πδτνίᾶς, πδλδστῶνδς, τρηχεῖᾶ,
αἰθρίδς, ὕπαρδφῆ. PRR. Ουχ ἥσυχδς πέτρας
ὄρειας παῖς, διδουσᾶ δῖρῶδδν Hec. 1099. Βάρεῖᾶ
δ' ἀθύρδστδμδς Ἡχῶ τηλεφᾶνης πίκρας οἰμωγῆς
Philoct. 188.

Ἡῶθεν, antiq. genitiv. ab Ἡῶς, q. v. H. 372.
SYN. Πρῶι, εἰς ἑῶ, πῆρι ὄρθρου, ἥρι.

Ἡων. See Ἡων.

Ἡῶδς, ὄν, eous, matutinus: of Aurora or the
morning. Call. Ep. 21. SYN. Ἡῶδς, ἐῶθίνδς,
ὄρθρίδς.

Ἡωσφδρδς. See Ἐωσφδρδς.

Ἡῶς, Ἐῶς, ὄδς, et antiq. genit. Ἡῶθεν et
Ἐῶθεν, ἡ, Aurora: the morning. Hippol. 457.
H. 433. SYN. Ἡρίγῆνδς, ηρίγῆνείᾶ, αυγῇ, ἀν-
τῶλῃ, δειλῇ, ὄρθρδς. EP. Αγγλῆεσσᾶ, ἀμῆρῶτδς,
ἀμῆρδστῆ, ἀμᾶμᾶκῆτῃ, βῶπῆς, γλαυκῇ, δνδφῆρᾶ,
εὐθρῶνδς, εὐπλοκάμδς, κᾶλῃ, δέσκελδς, ἐκηδῶλδς,
ἱῆρᾶ, κᾶδᾶρᾶ, λευκίπῶδς, μδνδπλωλδς, λευκαῖου-
σᾶ, πδτνίᾶ, ρδδδπηχῶς, ρδδδπῆπλδς, ρδδδδᾶκτύλδς,
φᾶεσίμερῶτδς, φᾶεινῇ, φλδγῆρᾶ, χρυσδθρῶνδς,
χρυσδπῆδῶλδς, δρδσῆρᾶ, κρῶκῶπῆπλδς, πδλδδερκῆς,
ρδδδσφῆρδς. PRR. Λευκδν πρδσωπδν ἡῶς Eur.
Electr. 730. αγγλῆεσσᾶ φᾶεινδς ὁμᾶσῖν ἡῶς
Apoll. 1. 520.

Θ.

Θᾶδσσω, ὀθσσω, ὀακῶ, sedeo; jaceo: to sit;
to lie. Δαίτῃ δᾶδσσεμέν γ. 336. Med. 69.
Heracl. 240. SYN. Θᾶδῶ, κᾶθέζομαι, ἐξδμαι,
διᾶτρίδω.

Θαητδς. See Θῆατδς.

Θαιρδς, οὗ, ὁ, cardo janua: the hinge of a door
or gate. M. 459. SYN. Στρῶφεδς [τῆς δῦρας],
στρῶφιγῆ.

Θακῶ. See Θᾶδσσω.

Θᾶκημᾶ, ἄτδς, τδ, sessio; sedile: the act of
sitting, a seat. ΑΛΛ' εἰ τῷ δᾶκημ' ἐξαναγκάζει
σκόπει OE. C. 1179.

Θᾶκδς, ον, ὁ, sedile: a seat, throne. Σεμνοί
τέ δᾶκοι δαίμυνδς τ' Agam. 502. SYN. Ὡκῶδς,
δρῶνδς, ἔδρα, κᾶθέδρα, δῶκῶδς.

Θᾶλάμαξ, ἄκδς, et Θᾶλάμῶδς, ον, ὁ, remex in-
fimi ordinis: a rower of the lowest tier. Es τδ
στομᾶ τῷ δᾶλάμακῃ (paræmiæ) Ran. 1074.
Acharn. 522. SYN. Ναύτης, ἔρετης.

Θᾶλάμενδ, ἄτδς, τδ, contubernium: a lodg-
ing. Bacch. 120. See below. SYN. Σῶνοικία.

Θᾶλᾶμη, ἡς, ἡ, cubile; latibulum ferarum:

a bed; den, cave. Δεῖ τόνδ' ἐδ' ἀλμαῖς οὐ δρῶ-
κων ὁ γηγενής Phoen. 945. Θάλαμαι, ζωικά
κατὰδισίους Eustath.

Θάλαμῆϊός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, genialis: genial. Θάλα-
μῆϊόν ἐντύον εὐνήν Apoll. 4. 1130.

Θάλαμῆπῶλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cubicularis: a fre-
quenter of the bed-chamber. ψ. 298. See above.

Θάλαμῆα, as, ἡ, remus; navis foramen: an
oar; a groove in the side of a ship through
which the oar passed. Τῇ δι' ἐλὲς τὴν χεῖρά διὰ
τῆς θάλαμῆας Pax 1198.

Θάλαμῆος. See Θάλαμαξ.

Θάλαμῶς, ου, ὁ, cubiculum: a bed-chamber.
Κάπετ' ἀλμαῖν εἰσπέσουσά καὶ λέχος Alcest.
176. SYN. Θάλαμῆ, λέκτρον, κοίτη, μῦχος,
οἶκος. EP. Πάτρ' ὄφ' ἡδύς, σκότιός, φίλτατός,
οικεῖός, λῶχίος, πολυδένδρης, χρυσέος, πατριός,
βασιλικός, πέρικιον, τέγεός, δώδης, νέος, ὑψι-
ρόφ' ὅς, πολύμηκτος, ὑψηρέφης, ευρύς, κεδρῖνος,
κηρώεις, πολυδαίδαλός, ὑψηλός, εὐστάθης, εὖ
πηκτός, πικὰ ποιητός, ἀγλᾶδς, αμυρόσιος, γάμη-
λῶς, ἐράτεινός, κουριδιός, νυμφιδιός, κλυτός, πό-
λυχρυσός.

Θάλασσά, ης, ἡ, mare: the sea. Πόλυφλοισ-
σοῖθ' ἀλάσσης A. 34. SYN. Ἄλς, πόντος, ἀμφί-
τριτῇ, Νηρεὺς, Ωκεῖανός, Τηθύς. EP. Αὐθαδής,
ἀλμυρὰ, ἀγρία, ἀγχιεῖσθ' ἡ, γλαυκῇ, ηγήσασα,
ὀρινόμενῃ, πολλῇ, πόλῃ, ἀθέσφατος, ἀπρυγέτος,
ευρύπυρος, πολυφλοισσός, ἀμαμάκετος, ἀκμάπτος,
ἀπειραν, ἀμειλίχος, διὰ, κόναν, ἰχθυόσασα,
πικρὰ, δλὸθ', τρηχεῖα, στερῆα, χυμῆρία, χάλειν,
ψάμβωδης. PHN. Ευρεῖα νῶτα, κύματα μακρὰ
ἀλάσσης, πύλης ἄλς ἀσπέτον ὕδωρ, ῥοῖα
πόλ' ἀλάσσης, μέγα λαῖτμα ἀλάσσης, πόντιον
ἀλσος ἀλάσσης, κύμ' ἀλκίτυπον ἄλμας.

Θάλασσιος, α, ὁ, ὅν, marinus: marine, of the sea.
Med. 28. See above. SYN. Ἄλιος, ἐνάλιος,
πόντιος, πελάγιος.

Θάλασσοπλαγκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, marivagus; wan-
dering on the sea Θάλασσοπλαγκτον νήσον
Αἰαντος πόλει Pers. 312.

Θάλαττοκόπῃ, remis aquam ferio; jacto de
marinis; vana loquor: to strike the sea; to
boast of superiority by sea; to boast vainly.
Τὶ θάλαττοκόπεις καὶ πλάτυγίσεις Eq. 830.

Θάλεω. See Θάλλω.

Θάλειά. See note on Ἑρᾶτώ. One of the
nine Muses; also the name of one of the Ne-
reids. Γλαυκῇ τέ Θάλειά τέ Σ. 39.

Θάλειός, et Θάλερός, ἂ, ὅν, virens, floridus;
blooming, flourishing, vigorous, fine. Ἡρακλεῖ
διεποντὶ θάλειαν Nem. 10. 99. Helen. 1329.
SYN. Ευθάλης, ἐριθήλης, τηλεθών, χλοῦρος,
νέος, ἀκμάς, ἄρτος, θερμός, θαλπνός, φυσίζος.
Θάλερός. See Θάλειος.

Θάλης, οὐτ' ἦτος, ὁ, Thales: one of the seven
wise men of Greece. Τὸν Θάλην θαυμάζομεν
Nub. 180. EP. Σόφος.

Θάλια, as, ἡ, convivium: a feast, banquet.
Bacch. 379. Χαίρει μὲν θάλῃαιαν Bacch. 418.
SYN. Ευωχία, εὐλαπίνη, ἑορτή, ευφροσύνη, πανή-
γυρις. EP. Φίλη, τερπνὴ, ζεῖδωρος.

Θαλλός, οὐ; Θάλος, ἔς, τὸ, germen, ramus:
a shoot, blossom, branch. Eur. Sup. 10. Eleetr.
15. SYN. Βλάστημά, ἐρνός, φυτόν, κλάδος,
ἀκρέμων, φύλλον. EP. Αμυρόσιον, ἀγλαῖον,
κράτερν.

Θαλλοφόρος, ου, ὁ, qui oleaginam frondem
gestit: a person who carried a branch of olive
at the Athenaia. Vesp. 54.

Θάλλω, et Θάλεω, vireo, flosco: to grow

green, to flourish, abound. Iph. A. 1225. Ἀκ-
μῆνός θάλεων ψ. 191. I. 446. SYN. Θηλέων
τηλεθών, χλοῦρος, χλοῦρος, χλοῦρος, ἀνθῶ,
ἀνθάλλω, βλαστᾶν, ἀνθῶν, κῶμα.

Θάλλος, ἔς, τὸ, germen: a shoot. See Θά-
λός. Λευσόντων τινόνδε θάλλος ζ. 157.

Θαλπῶα, calesco: to grow warm. Ὡς κ' εὖ
θαλπῶν τ. 319. SYN. Θάλπωμαι, θερμαίνω-
μαι, ἀλκαίνωμαι.

Θάλπιος, ου, ὁ, Thalpius: commander of the
Eleans. Ἀμφιμάχος καὶ Θάλπιος B. 620.

Θαλπνός, ἡ, ὅν, calidus: warm, hot. Olymp.
1. 7. SYN. Θερμός, λαμπρός.

Θάλπος, ἔς, τὸ, calor, aestus: warmth, heat.
Cycl. 539. SYN. Καῦμα, αἰθῶς, εἰλη, πῦρ.

Θάλπω, foveo: to warm, cherish. φ. 246.
SYN. Ἀνάθλωα, αἰθῶς, ἐκκαῖα, θερμαίνω.

Θαλπωρή, ἡς, ἡ, fomentum; spes; lætitia:
consolation; hope; joy. Z. 412. SYN. Χάρᾶ,
ἡδὼν, σωτηρία, ἐλπίς, ἀσφάλεια.

Θάλυσια, ὡν, τὰ, primitia frugum, vel quæ
post collectas fruges Diis offerebantur, et in
primis Cereri; festum in honorem Cereris; Ce-
realia: first-fruits; a festival in honour of
Ceres, consisting of the first-fruits. Χωσάμενη
ὁ οἱ οὐτὶ θάλυσια I. 530.

Θάμ', Θάμᾱκίς, crebro: frequently. Ἄς θάμ'
Εὐριπος πικναῖς Iph. T. 6. Nem. 10. 72. SYN.
Πικνός, πολλᾱκίς, συχνῶς, τὰ πλεῖστα, συνέχως.

Θαμῆς, obstupefacio; obstupefio: to strike
with awe, astonish; to be astonished. Ion 1205.
SYN. Εκθαμβέω, φθέβωμαι, εκπλήσσω.

Θάμσις, ἔς, τὸ, stupor: astonishment, awe,
alarm. Hec. 177. SYN. Ἐκπληξίς, δέμα,
θαῦμα. EP. Ἀργαλέον, ἀμήχανόν, δυσφόρον,
τερπνόν.

Θάμειός, ἂ, ὅν; Θάμης, ἔς; Θάμινός, ἡ, ὅν,
creber, frequens: crowded, frequent. Νέκτων
καλοντό θάμειαι A. 52. A. 551. Call. 6. 64.
SYN. Πικνός, πικνός, συχνός, συνέχης, ἄρτος,
ἀδινός.

Θάμιζω, frequento: to attend frequently, fre-
quent, visit often. Πάρος γέ μὲν οὐτὶ θάμιζεις
Σ. 386.

Θάμινός. See Θάμειός.

Θάμνός, ου, ὁ, dumetum: a thicket. Bacch.
722. EP. Ἀμφικύμῳ, ἀνάλῳ, ἀλῶς, λαῖσις,
ταῦφυλλον, σκίερός, χλοῦρος, θάλεων.

Θάμυρις, ἰδός, ὁ, Thamyris: (1) a prince of
Thrace, the son of Philammon; (2) a celebrated
poet. Vide Steph. Thes. ed. Valpy, col. cxxxv.
et 4190. Dicitur Latine et Thamyris et Thamy-
ras. Ovid, Art. Am. 3. 399. : Tu licet et Thāmy-
ran superes et Amœbea cantu.

Θανάσιμος, Θανάτηφόρος, ου; Θανάτεις, εοσά,
ἐν, lethalis: deadly, fatal, destructive. Εὖ ἰσθ'
ἐκείνων θανάσιμον βέβηκτοτα C. R. 955. 181.
Iph. A. 1288. SYN. Ὀλεθρῖος, μόρσιμος, πεν-
κῆδανός, ἐχέπευκός.

Θανάτηφόρος, Θανάτεις. See above.

Θάνατος, ου, ὁ, mors: death. Ψήφ' θάνα-
του κατὰκυρωσὶς Orest. 1012. SYN. Κῆρ,
μοῖρα, μῦρος, πῶτος, τέλευτῇ, διαφθόρᾳ, ἀπαλ-
λᾶγῃ, αἰδής. EP. Αυτοχειρ, κοινός, στυγερός,
δυστηνός, βάρυς, λυσίμῆλός, ἡδιστός, δυστυχῆς,
δεντός, μέλῳ, ἀπρόφαστος, ἄωρος, δύσυχος,
ταπλεγγής, δύσληγος, κῶς, μάλακός, ἀσληγός,
ἀτέλης, θυμωρῶσις, κατὰθύμους, πορφύρεός,
κάθωρος, λευγαλέος, οἰκτιστός, αὐτός, ἀτηλός,
ἄωρος, βροτῶς, κρυφῖος, οἰκτρῖος, ὁμοῖος, ὁκρίδης,
κῶνός, χάλκεός, ἀναιδής. PHN. Τέλος et τέ-

λευτὴ δ' αὐαῦτου, νύξ ἑρέβεννη, μέλαινα, κέλαινη, μαῦρα, ἀκραντὸς, δ' ἀνασίμος τύχη, χάλκεὺς ὕπνος, ἡ πάνυστάτη ὁδὸς, νηλεές, μόρσιμον ἡμῶν. See Nem. 7. 44. and Æsch. fr. Niobe.

Θάπτω, sepelio: to bury. Helen. 1242. SYN. Κἀτάθαιπτω, ἐνταφιάζω, τυμβεύω, κτερεῖζω, κηδεύω, κατὰκρύπτω γῇ, ἐξογκῶ τάφω.

Θαργηλία, ἡ, τὰ, Thargelia: a festival in honour of Apollo and Diana. Anacr. 135.

Θαρσάλεις, α, ὄν, fidens, audax: confident, bold, valiant. Ὡδὲ τὴν Θαρσάλειο Φ. 430. SYN. Θρασύς, θαρσύνω, θράσυσπλαγχνός, εὐθαρσός, εὐθυχός, πίσυνός, ἀνδρείος, τολμηρός, ῥάδιος, δαρσύνος.

Θαρσάλεως, audacter: confidently, boldly, valiantly. Θαρσάλεως ἀγῶρευεν υ. 269. SYN. Θράσους, εὐτόλμως, ἀνδρείως, ἀπηλέγεως.

Θαρσέω, bono animo sum: to be bold or courageous, to take confidence. Δαίμονας θαρσεῖν χρέων Ion 1620. Θαρσεῖν is the reading here adopted instead of θαρβέιν, on the authority of Porson, Hec. 8. SYN. Θράσυνόμαι, τολμαῖω, ἐπαίρῃμαι, κομπάζω, πείθῃμαι, πιστεύω, μὴ φοβέσθῃμαι.

Θάρσος, Θράσος, εὖς, τὸ, fiducia, audacia: confidence, boldness. Iph. T. 731. Hipp. 941. SYN. Εὐτολμία, τόλμα, ἀλκή, ἀνδρία. Ερ. Αἰνόν, ἀτρεπτὸν, δολέρον, δυσμάχον, ὀλόν, τολμήν, ὑπέρβιον, περίωσιδον.

Θάρσυνός, ὄν, confidens, in spem arrectus: bold, courageous, confident. Θάρσυνός οἰωνῶ N. 823. SYN. see Θαρσάλεος.

Θαρσύνω, Θράσυνω, ὕνω, fiduciam adfero: to give confidence, encourage. Πῶθεν οὐκ ανχῶ τί σὲ θαρσύνει Alcest. 95. Hec. 1165. SYN. Ἐπιθαρσύνω, πρῶτρεπω, (2) med. v. τολμαῖω, θαρβέω.

Θάσιος, α, ὄν, Thasius: of Thasus, an island in the Ægean sea. Τούτων πάντων τὰ θάσι' ἀμφυρεΐδια Eccles. 1119.

Θάσσαν, ὄντος, celerior: quicker. N. 819. SYN. Ὀκίω, ακιτέρως, ταχύτερος, ταχίω.

Θάσσω. See Θάσσω.

Θάτερός, α, ὄν, alter e duobus: one of the two. Ἡ θάτερον δεῖ δυστύχειν Ion 848. SYN. Ἐκ-τέρός.

Θαυμά, ἄτος, τὸ, res mira, miraculum: a wonderful thing, a wonder. Hec. 674. SYN. Τεράς. Ερ. Μέγα, ἀνέλπιστον, πέλωριον, πολυτρόπον, δεινόν.

Θαυμάζω, Θαυμάινω, miror, revereor: to admire, respect, wonder at. Alcest. 158. Hom. Ven. 84. SYN. Θεᾶμαι, εκπλήσσομαι, εκπλήξομαι, ἀγάζομαι, ἐπαινέω. ΡΗΗ. Θαυμ' ἔχει με, εἰς θαυμ' εἰσεῖμι, θαυμ' ἔχω, θαυμὰ μ' ὑπέρχεται.

Θαυμάινω. See above.

Θαυμάκία, ας, ἡ, Thaumacia: a city of Phthiotis. Θαυμάκιον ἐνέμοντο B. 716.

Θαύμας, αντός, ὁ, Thaumias: the father of Iris. Hes. Theog. 237.

Θαυμασιός, Θαυμαστός, ἡ, ὄν, admirabilis: wonderful. Οὐ θαυμασίον ἐστ' οὐδ' ἐπικεῖν τὴν χολήν Thesm. 468. Med. 510. SYN. Ἀγῆτος, παρὰδοξός, δέσκελός, φύξερός.

Θαυμαστής, admirandus: deserving of wonder. Helen. 84.

Θαυμαστός. See Θαυμασιός.

Θάψινός, η, ὄν, thapso similis: like buckthorn, pale, yellow. Γυναῖκί κλητεῖν εὐκίως θαψίνη Vesp. 1412. SYN. Ὀχρὸς, ξανθός.

Θάψος, ου, ἡ, thapsus: buckthorn, a herb used to dye yellow. Theoc. 2. 88.

Θάῤμαι, inspecio cum aliqua admiratione; lac sugo: to view with admiration; to suck. Γυναῖκα τέ θήσασθ' ἑμαῖον Ω. 58. SYN. see Θεᾶμαι and Θηλάζω.

Θέα, ἄς, Θεαῖνα, ης, Θεός, οὔ, ἡ, dea: a goddess. Μῆνιν αἰεῖδ' ἑδὰ A. 1. Θ. 5. α. 420. Ερ. Αἰδοία, καλλίταις, οὐκ ἀνώνυμος, πυρφόρος, φωσφόρος, δεινή, κύδρα, σεμνή, ἀγάθη, ἀργυρόπεζα, γλαυκῶπις, δασπλήτης, δία, ἐπὶ ῥόδοις.

Θέα, ας, ἡ; Θεαῖα, ἄτος, τὸ, spectaculum: a sight, spectacle. Θεὰ διδόντες ὁμμάτ' Androm. 1077. Phæn. 1155. SYN. Ὀψις, ὄραμα, δέργμα. Ερ. Πικρά, δεινή, κάλη, λυπρά, ἀθέσφατος.

Θεᾶγενής, εὖς, ὁ, Theagenes. Ἰνά μὴ γένηται Θεᾶγενούς ὑνία Pax 928.

Θεαῖνα. See Θεά.

Θεαῖα. See Θεά.

Θεανώ, ὄος, ἡ, Theano: the wife of Antenor, and sister of Hecuba. Δῖα Θεανώ E. 70. Ερ. Καλλιπάρης, ἐυκολπός.

Θεᾶδῃ, Θεᾶδῃ, spectro, contemplor: to gaze on, look at, contemplate. Hec. 1137. O. 682. SYN. Θεωρεῖω, ἀνασκέπτομαι.

Θεᾶριον, ου, τὸ, pro Θεωρίῳ, locus sacer Apollinis Pythii: a place in Ægina sacred to Apollo. Nem. 3. 122.

Θεατής, Θεητής, οὔ, ὁ, spectator: a spectator. Ἄζω θεατήν θηθέν Ion 658. φ. 397. SYN. Θεωρός, ἐσώτης, ἐσώτης.

Θεατός, Θεητός, et Dor. Θεητός, ἡ, ὄν, spectandus, visibilis: to be beheld or viewed. Οὐ τοι θεατός Aj. 915. Hes. Theog. 31. Theoc. 15. 84. SYN. Αἰσθητός, περίσπεκτος, ὄρατος.

Θεατρὸν, ου, τὸ, theatrum; spectaculum quodlibet; spectatores: a theatre; any theatrical exhibition; the spectators. Τὸ γὰρ θεατρον δεξιὸν Eq. 233.

Θεῖον, Θεῖον, Θήϊον, ου, τὸ, sulphur: sulphur. Θεῖον καὶ μένιοιο Θ. 135. Πῦρ καὶ θήϊον ἀντάρ χ. 493. For θεῖον Schæf. refers to Valck. Adonias. p. 286. SYN. Κεραυνίον πῦρ. Ερ. Κεραυνόν, φλογερόν, ἀπύρον.

Θεῖος. See Θεῖος.

Θεῖω, sulphure perfumo, vel lustrō: to fumigate or purify with sulphur. ψ. 50. SYN. Κάπνις, κάθαίρω, θυμιάω.

Θεέσκω. See Θεώ.

Θεήϊος. See Θεῖος.

Θήλατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a numine impulsus aut mandatus: impelled or enjoined by an oracle. Πράγμα μὴ θεήλατον Ε. R. 255. SYN. Θεορτός, δεσποδότης, δεσποσύτης, δεῖος.

Θεία, ας, ἡ, (1) amita, matertera: an aunt; (2) mater Solis, Lunæ et Auroræ: Theia, the mother of the sun, moon, and Aurora. Πόλυ-ἀνὸμ' ἑοῖα Isthm. 5. 1.

Θεῖκ' ἑλός, Laconicè pro Θεοῖκ' ἑλός. See in Θεοειδής.

Θεῖλοπ' ἑδόν, pro τὸ Εἰλοπ' ἑδόν, ου, τὸ, locus apricus: a place exposed to the sun. η. 123.

Θεῖνω. See Θεῖω.

Θεῖον. See Θεῖω.

Θεῖος, ου, ὁ, avunculus, patruus: a father's brother, uncle. Iph. T. 931. SYN. Πάτρα-δελφός, πατρίκ' ἀγνήτης, πατράδελφός, πατρός.

Θεῖος, α, ὄν, Θεός, Θεήϊος, divinus, mirabilis: divine, wonderful. B. 22. Mosch. 2. 50. Bion 6. 9. SYN. Ἀντιθέος, θεοεικ' ἑλός, θεοειδής, διός, θεήλατός, δεῖλοπ' ἑδόν, θαύμαστός.

Θεῖω. See Θεώ.

Θέλγητρον, Θελκτήριον, Θέλκτρον, ου, τὸ, delinimentum: a charm, allurement, soothing. Orest. 211. Eumen. 889. Trach. 586. SYN. Κήλημᾶ, δέλεαρ, φίλτρον, χάρα.

Θέλγω, ξω, mulceo, demulceo: to soothe, charm, bewitch, enfeeble. Hipp. 1269. SYN. Μειλίσσω, κηλέω, τέρω, δάλπω, ἀπάτω, ὑπάγωμαι, ἀμαυρόω.

Θελέμω. See below.

Θελεός, Θελέμω, ὅν; Θελήμων, ὄνδς, volens, spontaneus: willing, voluntary, quick, ready. Aesch. Sup. 869. 1034. Apoll. 2. 558. SYN. Θέλω, ἐκών, προθυμὸς, αυθαίρετός, οὐκτρος.

Θελήμων. See Θελεός.

Θελκτήρ, ἥρδς, ὁ, delinitor: a soother. Hom. 15. 4.

Θελκτήριον. See Θέλγητρον.

Θελκτήριος, α, ὅν, demulcendi vim habens: soothing. Eumen. 81.

Θέλκτρον. See Θέλγητρον.

Θελξίφρων, ὄνδς, animum delinens: heart-soothing. Bacch. 398. See Πρόφρων.

Θέλω, θέλωσω, volo, opto, possum: to be willing, to wish, to be able. Iph. A. 657. SYN. Ἐθέλω, βούλομαι, ἐράμαι, χρήζω, προθυμῶ, δύνάμαι. PHR. Θυμὸς ἐνὶ στήθεσσιν ἀνάγει.

Θεμέθλον, Θεμέλιον, ου, τὸ, fundamentum: a foundation. Στόμαχοιὸ δέμεθλα P. 47. Ψ. 255. SYN. Βάσις, βάθρον, ἔδρα. EP. Αἰθάλδεν, ευρῦ. Θεμέλιον. See above.

Θεμέλιος, ὅν, qui in fundamento ponitur: of a foundation. Γέρανοι δέμελιος κατάπεπκυνται λιθους Av. 1137.

Θεμέρωπις, ἰδὸς, verecunda: modest. Τὰν δέμερωπὶν αἰδῶ P. V. 137., answered by Ζεὺς ἀθέτως κράτυνει. EXP. Ἐραρμία.

Θεμίω, in jus et fas compono: to bring under the influence of justice, to adjust. Pyth. 4. 250. EXP. Μαστιγῶ, νόμοθέτω, δέμιστεύω.

Θεμίπλεκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a Themide contextus: woven by Themis, lawful. Nem. 9. 125. See Αμφίπλεκτος.

Θεμίς, ἰδὸς, ἰστὸς, ἐτ ἰδὸς, ἡ, (1) lex: law, justice; (2) Themis, justitiæ dea: the goddess of justice; (3) Θεμιστῆς, tributa: tribute, taxes. Med. 674. SYN. (1) Δίκη, νόμος, τὸ δίκαιον, δέμιτον, δοτῖν, δίκαιδσυνη, (2) φόρος, τέλεα. EP. (2) Αἰδολα, ἀλεξικάκος, καλλιπάρῃς, λιπαρὰ, κλύτη, ἱέρα, ευκταία, ὀρκία, σώτειρά. PHR. Διὸς ξένιον παρῆδρος.

Θεμισκῶπδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inspector juris: an inspector of justice, superintendent. Nem. 7. 68.

Θεμισκρῶν, οντὸς, juste imperans et regens: one who rules with justice. Pyth. 5. 35.

Θεμισκύρειος, α, ὅν, a Themiscyra, urbe maritima Cappadociæ, apud Thermodontem fluvium, ubi olim Amazones: of Themiscyra. Ένθα Θεμισκύρεια Ἀμάζονες Apoll. 2. 997.

Θεμιστεῖος, ὅν, legitimus: legitimate, lawful. Olym. 1. 18. SYN. Θεμίτος, δίκαιος, νόμιμος, ἐννόμος.

Θεμιστεύω, (1) do jura: to administer justice; (2) vaticinor: to dispense oracles, prophesy; (3) impero: to rule over. Ion 374. SYN. (1) Δικάζω, (2) μαντεύμαι, χρησμοδέω, χράω, (3) ἀρχω.

Θεμιστοκλῆς, ἔδς, ὁ, Themistocles: an illustrious Athenian. Ὁ Θεμιστοκλέους γὰρ θανάτος αἰρετώτερος Eq. 84.

Θέμιστοῦχος, ὅν, jus dicens: administering justice. Apoll. 4. 347.

Θεμίτος, ὅν, licitus: allowed, lawful. Σοὶ δ' οὐχὶ δέμιτον πρὸς φίλον Orest. 97.

Θέμω, admoveo, accedere cogo: to bring near, compel to approach. ι. 486. SYN. Θάμιζω, εγγίζω.

Θέναρ, ἄρδς, τὸ, vola manus et pedis; superficies: the hollow of the hand or foot; a surface. Πρυμὸν ὑπὲρ δέναρδς E. 339. SYN. Γυᾶλν, ἀγοστὸς.

Θένω, et Θείνω, pulso, tundo: to strike, beat, lash. Κάθεινέ κέντρφ δῆθεν ὡς δένων χερί Herc. F. 944. SYN. Πείρω, ἀπέρειδω, τύπτω, κόπτω.

Θέωδλάβεω, Deos injuriis laccio: to insult the gods. Λῆξαι θεοδλάβοῦνθ' ὑπερκόμπφ θράσει Pers. 836.

Θεόγενής, ἔδς; Θεόγυνδς, ὅν, a deo genitus: born of a god, heaven-born, divine. Antig. 845. Orest. 340. SYN. Δίος, δειεύς, δειδός, δεσπέσιδς.

Θεογνίς, ἰδὸς, ὁ, Theognis: (1) a poet of Megara who flourished 540 A.C.; (2) one of the thirty tyrants, a frigid candidate for the tragic prize. (2) Ὁ δ' αὖ Θεογνίς ψυχρὸς Thesm. 170.

Θεόγυνδς. See Θεόγενής.

Θεόδημτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, divinitus ædificatus: built by the gods, strongly built. Πρὸς θεόδημτφ πίτνει Hec. 23. SYN. Θεόπνητς, θεοκραντς.

Θεόδότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, divinitus datus, nobilis: given by a god, divinely endowed, noble. Isth. 5. 29. SYN. Θεορτς, δεύστὸς, δειδς, δεόσδοτς.

Θεόειδης, ἔδς; Θεοείκλδς, Θείκελδς, ὅν, deo similis: godlike. α. 113. γ. 416. Lysist. 1261. SYN. Θεσκελδς, δειδς, ισθέυς, ηγάθεύς, αντιθεύς, κάλδς.

Θεοείκελδς. See Θεόειδης.

Θεόθεν, antiq. genitiv. α Θεός, q. v. Hec. 591.

Θεοκλύμενδς, ου, ὁ, Theoclymenus: the son of Proteus and king of Egypt. Helen. 9. The quantity of the second and third, as in θεοκλύτω.

Θεοκλύτω, deos invoco: to invoke the gods. Ἐπεὶ δὲ πολλὰ θεοκλύτῶν ἐπαύσατο Pers. 506. SYN. Ἐπικάλεμαι.

Θεοκλύτδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Diis audiendus: to be heard by the gods, solemn. Sept. Th. 131. See above.

Θεοκραντς, ὅν, a deo perfectus: accomplished by a god. Agam. 1465. See below.

Θεοκρίτς, ου, ὁ, Theocritus: the famous Syracusan poet. Θεοκρίτς δς τὰδ' ἔγραφα Theoc. Ep. ult.

Θεομᾶνς, ἔδς, deorum instinctu furens, furiosus: enfirenzied by a god, outrageous. Θεομᾶνεί λύσση δάμεις Orest. 835. SYN. Ένθεύς, δεορτς.

Θεομάχew, cum deo pugno: to fight against God. Τὸ θεομάχεῖν γάρ Iph. A. 1409. SYN. Δυσσέεω.

Θεομήστωρ, ὀρδς, ὁ, par Diis consiliarius: equal to the gods in counsel, supremely wise. Pers. 661. SYN. Θεόφρων.

Θεομίσης, ἔδς, deorum osor: a hater of the gods. Av. 1547. See Μισέω. SYN. Θεοστύγης, δυσσεβής.

Θεομοίρδς. See below.

Θεομῶρδς, Θεόμοιρδς, Θευμῶρδς, Θευμῶρδς, ὅν, ὁ, ἡ, divinitus acceptus aut immissus aut do-

tatus : received or sent or endowed from heaven. Pyth. 5. 6. ex emend. Schmid. Isthm. 8. 84. Olymp. 13. 18. (ubi vulg. *θευμῆρ*). Apoll. 3. 676.

Θεῦμῆρ, ἔος, diis invisus, sceleratus, abominandus : detested by the gods, wicked, abominable. Ὅρω δ' ἐπ' ομφάλῳ μὲν ἀνδρᾷ Θεῦμῆρῃ Eumen. 40. SYN. Μισάρως, Δεῦμισῆς.

Θεόννη, ἡς, ἡ, Theonoë. Helen. 144.

Θεόπομπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, divinitus missus : sent from heaven, divine. Pyth. 4. 121.

Θεόπυνητός, ὄν, divinitus elaboratus : formed by a god. Helen. 583.

Θεόπροπέω, vaticinor : to prophesy. Θεόπροπέων ἀγρόρευς A. 109. SYN. see *Μαντεύομαι*.

Θεόπρόπια, as, ἡ; Θεόπρόπιόν, ου, τὸ, vaticinatio : prophecy, prediction, divination. Θεόπρόπια ἀνάφαινε A. 87. 85. SYN. Θεσπισμᾶ, μάντευμᾶ, μαντεῖᾶ, Δεσφάτων.

Θεόπρόπος, ὄν, fatidicus, adj. ; vates, subst. : prophetic : a soothsayer or prophet. Τοῦπος τὸ θεόπρόπον ἡμῶν Trach. 824. SYN. Θεῖος, μάντις, χρησμάδος.

Θεόπτυστός, ὄν, diis invisus, quem dii abominantur : detested by the gods. Ξὺν θεόπτυστῳ γένει Sept. Th. 600. SYN. see Θεοστύγης.

Θεόπυρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, coelitus accensus : kindled from heaven. Eur. El. 732. See Ἄπυρός.

Θεορτός, ὄν, a deo missus : divine. Olymp. 2. 67. SYN. Θεόδοτος, Δεόδοτος, Δεδοσύτος, Δεῖος.

Θεός, ου, ὁ, (1) Deus : God ; (2) deus : a god ; (3) dea (see Δεᾶ), a goddess. Med. 1415. EP. Αἰγληῖς, ἀλεξικάκος, ἀλεξητήρ, ἀμύντωρ, ἀρχικάουρος, ἀγκιλῶμητης, αἰώνιος, ἀφενδής, ζεῖδωρος, ἐλεῖμωρ, κρατέρως, μέγασθενής, μέγας, παγκράτης, παντοκράτωρ, πάνοπτης, οὐκίρμωρ, σύμμάχος, σκεπτοχῦς, ἐπικουρός, ὑπερμένης, ὑψίφρεμῆτης, ὑψίθρονός, ὑψιμέδων, μέγα κράτεων, κιδιστός, κελαινέφης, εὐμνός, ἀθανάτος, οὐρανίων, (2) Ὀλύμπιος, ἐνάλιος, χθονίος, οὐρανίος, μέλαγχλάτης, ταυρόκερως, πολὺμνός, νερέτης, δεσποτης, Δαλᾶσσιός, ἀρίγνωτός, ἀτειρής, εὐδαίμων, μικάρ, ἔπουράνιος, ἰφθιμός, λευκόπαλός, πδλίσσουχός, ρεῖᾶ ζῶν, αἰέν ἔων, Ὀλύμπια δώματ' ἔχων, δατήρ ἑάων, πάτρῳς, πατήρ, γένεθλός, ἐγγνής, ἑρκεῖος, ἱκεσίος. PHR. see Pyth. 2. 89.

Θεόδοτος, ὄν, divinitus datus : given by God. Hes. Op. 318. SYN. see Θεόδοτος.

Θεόσεβης, ἔος, Θεόσεπτωρ, ὄρος, Θεόσεπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, religious : religious, pious. Iph. T. 269. Hipp. 1364. Nub. 291. SYN. Εὐσεβής, δίκαιος, ἐννῶμος, ἀγαθός.

Θεόσεπτός, -πτωρ. See above.

Θεόσεχρῖα, as, ἡ, dei odium : hatred of the gods. Vesp. 416. SYN. see Δυσσεβεία.

Θεόσσυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, divinus : divine. Θεόσσυτον χειμᾶνᾶ καὶ διαφθόραν P. V. 643. SYN. see Θεορτός.

Θεοστύγης, ἔος, Θεοστύγητός, ὄν, Deo odiosus : hateful to God. Νῦν δέ σ' ἡ Θεοστύγης Troad. 1203. Choëph. 625. SYN. Θεῦμισῆς, Δεόπτυστός.

Θεόταυρός, ου, ὁ, deus taurus, epith. Jovis : a bull-god. Mosch. 2. 131.

Θεοτίμητος, ὄν, diis honoratus : honoured by the gods. Θεοτίμητος δ' οἰκάδ' ἱκάνει Agam. 1308. SYN. Θεοφίλης, Δεόσεβης, Δεόσεπτός.

Θεότρεπτός, ὄν, a diis conversus : turned or reversed by the gods. Νῦν δ' οὐκ ἀμφίσυλως θεότρεπτά τὰδ' Pers. 902.

Θεουδέη, ἡς, ἡ, pietas, religio : piety, religion. Apoll. 3. 586.

Θεουδής, ἔος, religiosus : pious, religious. τ. 364. SYN. see Θεόσεβης.

Θεοφίλης, ἔος, deo gratus : beloved by the gods, divinely favoured. Ran. 440. See Φίλεω. SYN. see Θεόσεβης et Θεόσεπτός.

Θεοφίν, divinitus : of or to the gods. H. 366. SYN. see Θεοσεπτίας.

Θεοφρόνητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, numine instinctus : carried on by a divine impulse. Agam. 1109. SYN. Θεορτός, Δεομάνης, ἐνθεός, Δεόσσυτός, Δεοφρων.

Θεοφρων, ὄνός, divina mente præditus : divinely gifted. Τίκτε Δεοφρόνᾶ κοῦρον Olymp. 6. 70. SYN. Θεόμηστορ, Δεόσεβης.

Θεράπεια, as, ἡ; Θεράπευμᾶ, ἄτῳ, τὸ, famulus, ministerium : attendance, care, attention. Φίλον δὲ Θεράπείαιον ἀνδρ' ενεργεῖων Iph. T. 315. Herc. F. 633.

Θεράπευμᾶ. See above.

Θεράπείω, famulus, servus : to be an attendant, to attend, minister. Orest. 216. See above. SYN. Ἱππρητέω, ὑπουργέω, δουλεύω, ἀκῆμαι, ἐπαλθεω.

Θεράπια, as, ἡ, ancilla, famula : a handmaid. Τὰν ἐχθίσταν Θεράπιαν Ἑλένας Troad. 213.

Θεράποντις, ἰδὺς, ἡ, famulus decens : befitting a female or handmaid. Δᾶναός Θεράποντιδᾶ φερνῇ Aesch. Sup. 976.

Θεράπων, οντός, Θεραψ, ἄπῳ, ὁ, minister, servus : a servant, attendant. Θεράπων εὖς ἰδομένης Ψ. 528. Ion 94. SYN. Ἑπῆτης, οἰκῆτης, ὑπηρετής, ἀκόλουθος, δοῦλος. EP. Ἀγαθός, ἀντιθέος, ἰφθιμός, ἀρχεμάχος, ἀγαυός, ἀρηθός, ὑτρηρός, Δεός, πιστός, φίλος, γηθυσύνος, ἡνιχός, ητῆδανός.

Θεραψ. See Θεράπων.

Θερέω. See Θέρω.

Θερίζω, demeto : to reap. Eur. Sup. 727. SYN. Ἀποθρίζω, ἀμάω.

Θερισμός, οὔ, ὁ, messis : reaping, harvest. Call. 6. 137. SYN. Θέρως.

Θερίστριον, ου, τὸ, vestis æstiva : a summer robe. Theoc. 15. 69.

Θερμαίνω, Θέρω, calefacio : to warm, heat. Aj. 478. Δ. 426. SYN. Διάθερμαίνω, αἰθίσσω, Δάλω.

Θερμαστρά, ἄς, ἡ, caminus : a chimney. Call. Del. 144. SYN. Κάμινός.

Θερμόβουλός, ὄν, præcipitibus consiliis utens : hot-headed. Acharn. 119.

Θερμόνους, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, mentem inflammatus : inflamed in mind. Agam. 1143.

Θέρμος, ἡ, ὄν, calidus ; audax, impudens : warm, hot, ardent, bold, impudent. Ran. 119. SYN. Διάπυρός, πυρρεῖς, ζαπυρός, μάλερός.

Θερμουργός, οὔ, ὁ, fervidus ingenio, temerarius, audax : warm in action, ardent, rash. Eumen. 557.

Θέρω. See Θερμαίνω.

Θέρως, ἔος, τὸ, calor, æstas, messis : heat, summer, harvest. Eq. 392. SYN. Θέρισμός, EP. Ἀγλαόκαρπός, ἀνχυμρόν, ζαθέον, ἐράπον, κάλον, πῶν, ξηρόν, εὐστάχῳ, φλογέρον, πυρῖ-λαμπεῖς, ἀζαλέον.

Θερσίλοχος, ου, ὁ, Thersilochus. Μέδοντᾶ τὲ Θερσίλοχόν τε P. 216.

Θερσίτης, ου, ὁ, Thersites. Θερσίτης δ' ἐτι μούνης B. 212. PHR. see B. 213. Philoct. 442.

Θέρω, f. ἐρῶ et ἐρώω ; Θέρεω, calefacio : to

heat, burn. τ. 64. ρ. 23. SYN. Θερμαίνω, καίω, πρήθω.

Θεσῖς, ἔως, ἥ, positio: deposit-money. Nub. 1189.

Θεσκελὸς, ἡ, ὄν, deo similis: godlike, divine. λ. 373. SYN. Θεβεκέλδος, δεῖδος, διδός, δεσπέσιδος, ἀμειρότος, δαυμαστός.

Θεσμίος, ὄν, legitimus: legal, binding. Θεσμίῳ ἀνθρώποις τάνιν Med. 494. SYN. Νόμιμος, ἐν-νόμος, δίκαιος.

Θεσμοθέτης, οὐ, ὁ, legislator; nomen magistratus Athenis: a lawgiver; a reviser of the laws. Vesp. 775. SYN. Νόμοθέτης, δεσμοφόρος, νόμοφύλαξ, ἀρχων.

Θεσμοποιέω, leges facio: to make laws, innovate. Τί θεσμοποιεῖς ἐπὶ τάλαιπῶρ νέκρῳ Phœn. 1659. SYN. Νόμοθέτῃ, νόμον τίθημι, γράφω.

Θεσμός, οὐ, ὁ, plur. Θεσμοὶ et Θεσμά (see R. P. Med. 494.), lex, institutum: a law, custom, institution. Helen. 865. SYN. Νόμος, τὸ θεσμίον, τὸ νόμιμον. Ερ. Ἀπῆμω, ἀγῖος, γὰμῆλῖος, ἡθεῖος.

Θεσμοφόριᾶ, ὡν, τὰ, Cerealia, sacra in Cereris legiferæ honorem: a festival in honour of Ceres. Thesm. 80. See below.

Θεσμοφόριον, οὐ, τὸ, templum, ubi Θεσμοφόριᾶ celebrantur: a temple where the festival called Thesmorphoria was celebrated. Σημεῖον ἐν τῷ Θεσμοφόρίῳ φαίνεται Thesm. 277.

Θεσμοφόρῳ, οἶν, αἶ, Ceres et Proserpina: Ceres and Proserpine. Thesm. 89.

Θεσπεσίος, οὐ, ὁ, ἥ, divinus, vastus: divine, sacred, extraordinary, vast, monstrous. Pyth. 12. 23. See below. SYN. Θεῖος, δαυμαστός, Δεσκέλδος, Δεσπίδος.

Θεσπεσίως, divine: divinely, strangely. Θεσπεσίως ἐφῶσθην O. 637. SYN. Θεῖως, δεῖσθην, δεῖφιν.

Θεσπείᾶ, ας, ἥ, oppidum Bœotiae, dictum alibi et αἶ Θεσπία. Thespiæ. B. 498.

Θεσπιδᾶς, ἔος, divinitus ardens: greatly blazing, raging. Καὶ θεσπιδᾶες πῦρ δ. 418. SYN. Θεῖος.

Θεσπίεπειᾶ, ας, ἥ, divino ore loquens: prophetic. C. R. 471. See above. SYN. Χρησμοφῶδης.

Θεσπίζω, ἴσω, vaticinor: to prophesy, give an oracle, foretell. Ion 7. SYN. Θεσπιώδew, χρησμολλόγω, μαντεύδωμαι, χράω.

Θεσπίος, α, ὄν, divinus: divine. Θεσπιε κοῦρῃ ποιῆς ταῦθ' ὥς ἐπιτέλλω Av. 977. SYN. see Θεσπέσιος.

Θεσπίς, ἰδὸς, ὁ, ἥ, (1) divinus: divinely inspired; (2) Thespis, primus poëta tragicus: Thespis. Ὡπᾶσέ δέσπιν αἰοδῶν Med. 425. SYN. (1) Θεσφάτος, δεσπιφῶδης, δεῖδος, ἡδὺς, ἀγαθὸς, δαυμαστός.

Θεσπισμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, responsum vatis, oraculum: the response of a prophet, an oracle. Eur. Sup. 152. SYN. Θεεφάτων, χρησμός, μαντεῖον, μάντευμα, ληγῖον.

Θεσπιδew, vaticinor: to prophesy, predict. Phœn. 976. See below. SYN. Θεσπιζω, χρησμολλόγω, μαντεύδωμαι.

Θεσπιφῶδης, οὐ, ὁ, ἥ, fatidicus: prophetic. Τῆς θεσπιφῶδὸς δευρὸ Hec. 671. SYN. Θεσπίς, μαντικός, ληγῖος, χρησμολλόγος, χρησμοφῶδης, μάντις.

Θεσπρωτός, ὄν, e Thesprotia, in extrema Thes-salia: of Thesprotia. Phœn. 996.

Θεσσαλία, ας, ἥ, Thessalia: Thessaly. Ἐμ-πύρος ἦκων ἐκ Θεττάλιας Plut. 521. Ερ. Εὐ-παλός, εὐιππός, μάκαιρα.

Θεσσαλῖκος, Θεσσαλός, ἡ, ὄν; Θεσσαλῖς, ἰδὸς, ἥ, Thessalus, Thessala: Thessalian. Θεσσαλῖκὲ Κλέωνικὲ τάλαν Call. Ep. 32. Alcest. 693. 341.

Θεστίας, ἀδὸς, ἥ, patronym. a patre Thestio: the daughter of Thestius, an epithet of Leda. Θεστίας δ' ἐστὶν κόρη Helen. 135.

Θεστῖος, οὐ, ὁ, Thestius: prince of the Curetes, and father of Leda. Θεστιῶν δὲ παρθένων Eur. fr. Meleag. 1. 5.

Θεστυρεῖς, Θεστυρίδης, patronym. a patre Thestore: the son of Thestor. Aj. 800. A. 69.

Θεστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, Thestor. Π. 401.

Θεσφατλήγδους, οὐ, ὁ, ἥ, vaticinia edens: one who utters oracles, prophetic. Τοῦδὲ δεσφάτη-λόγος Agam. 1416. SYN. see Θεσπιφῶδης.

Θεσφάτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἥ, (1) a deo dictus: dictated by a god, divinely appointed; (2) Θεσφάτᾶ, τὰ, oracula: oracles. Τῷδ' ἐπ' ἀνδρὶ δεσφάτος C. C. 1472. SYN. (1) Θεῖος, Δεσκέλδος, δεῖδοτός, αἰσίμος; (2) δεσπίσματα, χρησμοί.

Θετιδεῖον, οὐ, τὸ, Thetideum: a city in Thes-saly. Androm. 20. See below.

Θεῖς, ἰὸς, ἰδὸς, ἥ, Thetis: the goddess of the sea, and mother of Achilles. *Ὅς παῖδᾶ Θετιδὸς ὥλῃσεν Hec. 388. Ερ. Θάλασσιᾶ, αἰδοίῃ, τάνυ-πέπλως, φίλῃ, καλλίπλοκάμῳ, ἡκούμῳ, ἀργυ-ρῶπεζᾷ, ἁλίᾳ, βάθυκοπλὸς, πῶτινᾷ, σεμνῇ, φέρεσ-εῖος, ἀλδοσυνῇ, ἀγλάδοκαρπὸς, διὰ δέᾶων, Νηρηῖς, ἐνᾶλῖα, εὐπάρτις, Νηρῆως θυγάτηρ.

Θετός, ἡ, ὄν, positus; adoptivus: placed; adopted. Eur. fr. Erech. 7. 1.

Θευγένης, pro Θεόγένης, ἰδὸς, ἥ, Theogenis. Ὡς εὐαλκάατος Θευγένης ἐν δαμότιον πέλῃ (choriambic. pentam.) Theoc. 28. 22.

Θευδρία, ας, ἥ, fatum: fate. Call. Ep. 32. 4. SYN. Μῶρος, μοῖρᾶ, εἰμαρμένη.

Θευμύριος, Θεμύριος. See Θεῶμύριος.

Θευχάριλα, ας, ἥ, Theucharila. Καί μ' ἂ Θευ-χάριλα Θράῃσιν τρύφῃς Theoc. 2. 70.

Θέω, ποεῖ, Θεῖω et Θεέσκω, f. Θεύσω, curro: to run. Ion 1217. K. 437. T. 229.

Θεώρῃω, sacra spectatum eo; inspicio: to go to behold the sacred ceremonies; to observe, inspect. P. V. 210. SYN. Διάσκεπτόμαι, κάτα-σκῶπέω, ἀναθεωρῶ.

Θεωρία, ας, ἥ, legatio ad ludos; spectaculum: an embassy sent to the public games; a solemn procession, spectacle, show. Πομπὸς ἦν Δεωρίας Bacch. 1047. SYN. Θεᾶ, ὁψίς.

Θεωρίκος, ἡ, ὄν, ad spectationem ludorum per-tinens: connected with a sight of the public games. Πέπλωματ' οὐ Δεωρίκα Eur. Sup. 108.

Θεωρίς, ἰδὸς, ἥ, "navis: proprie navis quæ ex Athenis τοὺς Δεωρῶν Delum quotannis vehebat," Blomf.: a ship; properly, the sacred vessel sent every year from Athens to Delos. Μέλαγκρόκων νέκυισσὶ τὸλον Δεωρίδα Sept. Th. 856.

Θεωρός, οὐ, ὁ, legatus ad sacra solennia; qui ipse oracula consult; spectator: a delegate sent to offer sacrifice or consult an oracle; an in-quirer; a spectator. C. R. 114. SYN. Θεατής, δεῖδοπρός, ἐποπτής.

Θησαγένης, ἔδος, ὁ, Thebis genitus: sprung from Thebes. Τῷ Θησαγένῃ Eur. Sup. 147.

Θηβαῖος, α, ὄν, (1) Thebanus: a Theban; (2) nobilis Trojanus: the name of a noble Trojan. Bacch. 842. SYN. Σπαρτός, Κάδμειος, Καδμείων, Καδμυγένης, Θησαγένης. Phn. Σπέρ-μα τοῦ Σπαρτῶν γένους.

Θήβη, ἡς, ἥ; Θῆβαι, ὡν, αἶ, Thebe and Thebæ: Thebes; (1) in the Troad; (2) in Egypt; (3)

in Boeotia. Θήσῃ ὑπὸ Πλάκῃ Z. 396. EP. (2) Ἀφειλή, ζῶσθ, λίπαρά, εὐστέρωνος, ευτειχης, εὐπυργός, εὐπυρός, ευρύχρως, ἐρικύδης, κουρότροφός, ἱερά, πόλιν ῥατὸς, πόλιν ῥατὸς, φίλιν ῥατὸς, ὑψίπυλός, ἐπταπύλός, Καδμεία, ωγυγία, ἱπποτρόφός. PHR. Θήσθης ἔδος ἐπταπύλου, ἐπταπυργός γὰ, ἐπταπύλιν τείχην, Κάδμου χθών, Ἰσμηνοῦ πόλιν, ἐπταστόμιον πύργωμά Θησείας χθόνος, Βακχῶν μητροπόλιν, λευκίπποι Καδμείων ἀγνυαί.

Θηγάνη, ης, ἡ, cos: a whetstone. Σιδηροβρώτῃ δηγάνη Aj. 820. SYN. Ἀκόννη.

Θήγγω, ες, et Θηγάω, acu: to whet, sharpen. PHEN. 1395. AGAM. 1513. SYN. Ἀκονάω, οξύνω, παρόρθγω.

Θεῶμαι. See Θεᾶμαι.

Θηητής. See Θεατής.

Θηητός. See Θεατός.

Θήϊον. See Θεῖον.

Θήκη, ης, ἡ, (1) theca: a chest, repository; (2) sepulcrum: a grave, tomb. Hec. 1129. SYN. (2) Σῆρος, χῶμα, τύμβος, τάφος.

Θηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, acutus: whetted, sharp. Med. 40. SYN. Οξυθηκτός, ηκονημένος, οξύς.

Θηλάξω, ἔω, papillam sugendam præbeo: to suckle, give suck to. Theoc. 3. 16. SYN. Τίθηνέω, μαστοῖς ὑφίμει.

Θηλέω, germino, vireo: to blossom, flourish, bloom. ε. 73. SYN. see Θάλλω.

Θηλή, ἡς, ἡ, mamilla: a teat, udder, breast. Cycl. 56. SYN. see Μαζός.

Θηλυγένης, ἔδος, fœmina ortus, fœmineus: woman-born, female. Bacch. 1145. See Θηλύωνος. SYN. Γυναικεῖος, δηλυστόρος, δηλύς.

Θηλυδριώδης, ἔδος, effœminatus: woman-like, effeminate. Καὶ θηλυδριώδης καὶ κατεγλωττισμένος Thesm. 130. SYN. Θηλύωνος, δηλυφρων, γυναικομυδός, ἀνανδρός, γυναικεῖος.

Θηλυκράτης, ἔδος, fœminis imperans: ruling over females. Θηλυκράτης ἀπέρωτος ἔρω παρὰ νικᾷ Choeph. 591.

Θηλυκτόνους, ὄν, mulieres interficiens: woman-slaying. Δέξεται θηλυκτόν P. V. 885.

Θηλυμορφός, ὄν, fœminea forma indutus: femininely formed. Bacch. 349. See below.

Θηλύωνος, οὗ; Θηλυφρων, ὄνους, muliebri mente præditus: woman-hearted, timid, like a girl. Θηλύωνος γυναικομυδία P. V. 1039. Eccles. 110. SYN. Θηλυδριώδης, γυναικομυδός, ἀνανδρός, ἀλαπαδόνος, δηλύς, γυναικεῖος.

Θηλύων, ὄν, effœmino: to render effeminate, soften. Eur. fr. Erech. 1. 34. SYN. Κηλέω.

Θηλύπους, πόδος, ὁ, ἡ, fœmineo incessu: female-footed, delicate. Iph. A. 421. See Θηλύωνος.

Θηλύς, εἶα, ὅ, fœmineus, mollis: feminine, tender, soft. Ἡρὴ θηλύς εὐοῦσα T. 97.

Θηλυσπότης, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, a fœmina satus, fœmininus: female-sown, female. Θηλυσπότης φεύγουσα P. V. 853.

Θηλυτόκος, οὗ, ἡ, quæ fœminas peperit: producing females. Περίοσιθ δηλυτόκοι τε Theoc. 25. 125.

Θηλυφρων. See Θηλύωνος.

Θημῶν, ὄνους, ὁ, acervus frugum aut palearum: a heap of corn or of chaff. ε. 368. SYN. Σωρός, ὄγκος.

Θην, sane; diu: indeed, surely; in time. I. 394.

Θήγω, inus. 2. a, ἐθαφόν pro ἐθαπόν, præ. med. τέθηπᾷ, miror cum stupore: to gaze upon with

admiration, to be astonished at. Τέθηπᾷς ἡνέ νερούς Φ. 29.

Θήρ, et Ἄολ. Φήρ, ἡρὸς, ὁ, fera: a wild beast. Hec. 1155. A. 268. SYN. Θηρίον, ζῶν, κτήνους, δακός. EP. Τετραπύους, ὑρεστέρος, αμῆατης, πᾶνους, πάνουρος, δειοστύγης, ξενόδαίτης, δεινός, ὑρεῖος, ἀμαμακτέος, βαλίος, δαφονός, δῶς, λασίαυχην, κράτερος, κράταιος, ὑρεσκόος, ουλομένους, πέλαριος, σμερδαλέος, ὑπερβιάλος, αμώδουρος, ουρεσίφοιτος, ταρβαλέος.

Θήρα, as, ἡ, venatio: a hunting, the chase. Hipp. 52. SYN. Κυνηγεία, θήραμα, ἀγρῆσια. EP. Ασπᾶσια, ἀργάλεα, ἐρικυδής, κράτερ, ἐπικλύπος, μόγερά, μένδευς, ἡρίνη, χθονίη, εὐνάλιη, ἐρατεινή.

Θηράρετης, Θηρατής, Θηρευτής, οὗ, ὁ, venator: a huntsman. Bacch. 1018. See Ἄγρευτήρ. Nub. 357. The A long, as in Θήραμα. Hes. Op. 304. SYN. Θηρητήρ, θηρήτωρ, κύναγος, κύνηγέτης, ἀγρώστης.

Θήραμα, ἄτος, τὸ, venatio; captura: a hunt; prey, booty. Αγρίων θηράματα Ion 1162. SYN. Ἄγρευμα, ἄγρα, θηράγγρα, εὐρέμα.

Θηραμένους, ἔδος, ὁ, Theramenes. Κλειτοφῶν τε καὶ Θηραμένους Ran. 965.

Θηραμίους, ὄν, qui venatione capi potest: caught by hunting. Θηρεύσοντες οὐ θηρασίμους P. V. 883.

Θηρατέος, ὄν, venandus: to be hunted after or sought. Θηρατέ' οὐν γίγνεται ἄν Philoct. 117.

Θηρατής. See Θηράρετης.

Θηράω, venor, indago: to hunt, hunt after, pursue. Antig. 92. SYN. Θηρεύω, κύνηγέτω, ζητέω.

Θήρειος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, ferinus, belluinus: belonging to wild beasts. Οὐτὲ θήρειος βία Trach. 1060. SYN. Θηριώδης, θηριός.

Θηρευτής. See Θηράρετης.

Θηρευτικός, Θηρευτός, ἡ, ὄν, venaticus: of or for hunting. Ὅ δὲ κύνας θηρευτικός Plut. 157.

Θηρεύω, venor feras, insequor: to hunt wild beasts, hunt. Helen. 314. SYN. Θηράω, κύνηγέτω, ἀγρεύω, ἀγρώσω.

Θηρητήρ, ἡρὸς, Θηρήτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ; Θηρήτειρα, as, ἡ, venator, venatrix: a hunter, huntress. E. 50. I. 540. Call. 4. 228. SYN. Θηρατής, θηρευτής, θηράγρετης, κύναγος, κύνηγέτης, ἀγρώστης, f. κύνηγέτης. PHR. Θηροφῶνων δεδᾶημένους ἔργων.

Θηρίον, οὗ, τὸ, bestia, bellua: a wild beast, monster. Antig. 345. See below. SYN. Θήρ, ἀγρίον τι, δακός.

Θηριώδης, ἔδος, ferus, belluosus: wild, savage. Τὸ θηριώδες τοῦτο Orest. 525. SYN. Θήρειος, ἀγρίος, παρὰφύρος.

Θηροβόλεω, feras ferio: to shoot wild beasts. Philoct. 165.

Θηροκτόνος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, ferarum confector: a destroyer of wild beasts. Θηροκτόν' Ἀρτέμις Διός Iph. A. 1570.

Θηροσκοπός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, feris insidians: lying in wait for wild beasts. Hom. 26. 12.

Θηροτρόφος, ὄν, a feris nutritus: fed by wild beasts. Τὰν ἀπὸ θηροτρόφου PHEN. 834.

Θής, ἡτός, ὁ, mercenarius: a hired servant. δ. 644. SYN. Δμῶς, δοῦλος, μισθωτός, παρὰσιτός.

Θησαυρισμός, ἄτος, τὸ, quod in thesauro repositum est; thesaurus: that which is kept in a treasury; a treasure. Philoct. 37.

Θησαυρός, οὗ, ὁ, thesaurus : a treasure. Aj. 1175.

Θησεῖα, ὤν, τὰ, Thesei festum : a festival in honour of Theseus. Plut. 627.

Θησεῖδαι, ὧν, οἱ, Athenienses ita a Theseo nuncupati : the descendants of Theseus, the Athenians. C. C. 1066. SYN. Ἐρεχθεῖδαι, Ἀθηναῖοι, Κεκροπίδαι.

Θησεῖον, οὗ, τὸ, Thesei templum : the temple of Theseus. Eq. 1312.

Θησεύς, ἑὸς, ὁ, Theseus : the son of Ægeus king of Athens. C. C. 1055. Ep. Ἀγανός, ἀμύμων, ἀμελίχρος, ἀγρίος, ἐπικλῶπός, καλλινικός, ἡμέρεϊς.

Θῆσσά, ης, ἡ, ancilla mercenaria ; adj. servilis : a hired handmaid, servant ; servile. Alcest. 2. A short, as in νῆσσά. SYN. Δούλη.

Θητεία, ας, ἡ, servitus ; servitutis merces : service ; the wages of service, hire. Καπὶ Θητεία πλάνης C. R. 1029. SYN. Δουλεία, μισθός.

Θητεύω, mercede operam præsto : to serve for hire. Cycl. 77. SYN. Δουλεύω, ἐργάζομαι.

Θιάζω, (2) Θιάσεύμαι, initio ; (2) choros Bacchi duco : to initiate ; to celebrate Bacchanalian revels. Ἐθιάσαν σ' ἡ πᾶς τὰδ' αὐδᾶς μαινᾶσιν τὲ Βάκχιον Ion 552. Bacch. 75. SYN. Μύεω, ἐκθειάζω, ἀφροσύω, χόρειω, ἐξαρχύμαι.

Θιάσεύμαι. See above.

Θιάσος, ου, ὁ, chorus tripudiantium, Bacchicos choros agitant : a troop or train of Bacchanians. Orest. 313. See below. SYN. Χόρος, εὐωχία.

Θιάσωτης, ου, ὁ, sodalis bacchans : a bacchanalian companion. Δωμάτος ἥδη θιάσωταν (paræmiae) Bacch. 547. SYN. Χορεύτης.

Θιγγάνω, Θίγω, tango : to touch. Θίγγανω δῦοῖν ἑμοῦ C. C. 330. Orest. 212. SYN. Ἀπτόμαι, ἐφάπτομαι, ψάω, ἐγγίζω.

Θίγω. See above.

Θιν, Θις, ὁ, θινός, ὁ, acervus, ora : a heap, a shore. Βῆ δ' ἀκέρως παρὰ θινά. A. 34. SYN. Ὀγκος, Δήμων, σωρός.

Θισβη, ης, ἡ, Thisbe : a city of Boeotia, famous for doves. B. 502.

Θλάω, confundo, frango : to bruise, break. Θλάσσει δὲ οὐ κτύλην E. 307. SYN. Συνθραύω, θραύω, κλάω, ἀνγνυῖ, ἀράσσω, συντρίβω.

Θλίβω, premo : to press. ΑΛΛ' ἀστυκὰ χεῖλέα θλίβειν Theoc. 20. 4. SYN. Ἀποθλίβω, ἐκθλίβω, πῖέζω, ἐπιτρίβω, ἀνῖαω, κάκωω, σφίγγω, ἰπύω, συστέλλω.

Θνήσκω, f. θανοίμαι, 2. a. ἐθάνω, morior : to die. Ὡς ὑπ' ευκλείας θάνη Hippol. 1294. SYN. Ἀποθνήσκω, κατὰθνήσκω, ἐκπνέω, οἰχόμαι, τέλεω, θάω, οὐκέτ' εἰμί. PHN. Τὸν θῖον ἀποφύχω, κατὰστρέφω, τέλεω, μεταλλάττω, τοῦ βίου ἀναπαύομαι, ἀποδύομαι, μέλιστάμαι, ἐκ βίου ἀναχωρεῖν, ἐνθὲν δὲ ἀπειμῖ, ἐξεμῖ, μοῖραν δέχομαι, ἀναπληρῶ, ἐκπληρῶ, ἀναπληθῶ. Τὸν δὲ σκότης ὅσα κἀλύπτει, θυμοῦ δευόμενον τέλος θανάτοιο κἀλύπτει, ἀνάκωδς ἐν χθονὶ κοίλα εὐδω μάλ' ἀμακρὸν αἰετὶ μὲν νήγρετόν ὑπνόν, θανάτοιο κέλλω ποτὶ τέρμα δύστανόν, θανάσιμον βεβήκα.

Θνητὸς γένος, ἑὸς, a mortalibus genitus : born of mortals. Ἡμεῖς δὲ βροτοὶ καὶ θνητὸς γένος Antig. 835.

Θνητός, ἡ, ὅν, mortalis : mortal. ω. 64. SYN. see Βροτός and Ἀνθρωπός. PHN. see Nem. 6. 7. and 11. 16.

Θθάζω, celeriter urgeo aut moveo ; celeriter

sedeo : to urge or move rapidly or violently ; to sit down in haste. Orest. 329. SYN. Ἐπιθάζω, θάσσω, κάθεσθαι, τάχυνω, σπεύδω, τάρασσω, κινέω, σκιρτάω.

Θθας, ἀντός, ὁ, Thoas : a prince of Ætolia, O. 281 ; (2) a king of Lemnos, Ξ. 230 ; (3) a noble Trojan, Π. 311 ; (4) a king of the Tauric Chersonese, Iph. T. 31. Θθας ὃς ἀκὶν πύδ' ἀτῖθεις ἴσον πτέρωσι Iph. T. 31. SYN. Θεῖος, ἐρίθυμὸς, Αἰτωλὸς, Ἀνδρῶνιδης, ἐπιστάμενός ἀκοντί, εσθλὸς ἐν σταδίῳ.

Θουατήριον, ου. See Θοῖνη.

Θουάτωρ. See Θοινήτωρ.

Θουάω, epulor, vescor : to banquet, eat. Alcest. 558. SYN. Εὐωχέω, δαίνυμαι, εσθίω, κάτεσθίω.

Θοῖνη, ης, ἡ ; Θοῖνημᾶ, ἄτος, Θοινήτηριον, ου, τὸ, convivium : a feast, banquet. Batrach. 40. Orest. 812. Rhes. 515. SYN. Τρόφή, εὐωχία, τρώφη, δαῖς.

Θοινήτηριον. See Θοῖνη.

Θοινήτωρ, ὄρος ; Θουάτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, conviva, epulo : a guest. See Jacobs. Anth. 8. 96. Συλλάβαν θουάτορας Ion 1217. SYN. Δαιτάλεος, δαιτύμων, ἐδεστής.

Θολέρος, ἂ, ὄν, turbidus, obscurus : turbid, muddy, obscure. Theoc. 16. 62. SYN. Ἀκάμαρτος, τέταραγμένους, ἀδηλός.

Θόλια, ας, ἡ, pileus fastigiatus, umbella : a round shade, a parasol. Theoc. 15. 39. SYN. Πῖλος, κεφάλις, πέταλός.

Θόλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ædificium rotundum : a round building. χ. 442.

Θόλλω, ὥσω, turbidum reddo, turbo, nigro : to render turbid, trouble, darken. Alcest. 1086.

Θόος, ἂ, ὄν, velox ; acutus : swift ; sharp. Phœn. 3. SYN. Ωκύς, τάχυσ, οξύς, κραιπνός, δεινός, ισχυρός.

Θόωω, acuō : to sharpen. ι. 327. SYN. Ἀποξύω, θήγω, ἀκύνω.

Θόρῶω, 2. a. ἐθόρῶν, salio : to leap. ψ. 32. SYN. Ἀποθόρῶω, ἐπιπηδᾶω, κατὰπηδᾶω, ὀρᾶω, ἀφορῶω, προθόρῶω.

Θορικῖος, ὄν, Thoricius : so called from a district in Attica. Ἀφ' οὗ μέσος στὰς τοῦ τὲ Θορικίου πέτρου C. C. 1596.

Θορύβεω, tumultuor ; perturbo : to clamour against, disturb. Ἴπὸ τοιούτων ἀνδρῶν θορύβει Aj. 164. SYN. Ἀναθόρυβεω, ἐκκρούω, ἀποκρούω, κελᾶδέω, ὀτῶεω, ἀντηχέω, ἐνυχλέω, τάρασσω. PHN. Κεῶδδους ἐν δόμοις πίνει.

Θορύθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, pavores faciens : alarming. Equit. 1380. See below.

Θορύβος, ου, ὁ, tumultus : a tumult, commotion. Ἦν δ' ἐξ Ἀχαιῶν θορύβος ἡ πίκουρία Hec. 860. SYN. Τάραχ'η, κελᾶδός, ὀτῶδός, πᾶτάγος, μῶδός.

Θορύβαντις, ἑὸς, ὁ, vates ineptus : a foolish prophet. Nub. 332. See below.

Θοῦρις, Θοῦρός, α, ὄν ; Θοῦρις, ἡ, impetuosus : impetuous, violent. Θοῦριος μὲλ' Ἄρης Phœn. 247. E. 506. Θοῦριδός αλκῆς Δ. 234. H. 164. SYN. Βίαιός, ἀνδρείος, θράσους, ισχυρός, ὀδρῖμός, φοιτάλεός, μεμᾶός, κοῦφός, ῥοθίός, μέγας.

Θοῦρις, Θοῦρός. See Θοῦριός.

Θοῦφραστός, pro Θεόφραστός, ου, ὁ, Theophrastus. Vesp. 1302.

Θωκός, ποιητ. pro Θωκός, q. v.

Θωαν, ὠνός, ὁ, Thoon. E. 152.

Θῶς, celeriter : hastily, quickly. Γ. 325. SYN. Τάχως, ὠκείως, κοίφως, ἀσφάλως.

Θῶσα, ης, ἡ, Thoōsa : the mother of Polyphemus. Θῶσα δὲ μιν τέκε α. 71.

Θῶτης, ου, ὁ, Thoōtes. M. 342.

Θρακιστί, more Thracum : after the Thracian fashion. Οὐδὲ Θρακιστὶ κέκαρμαι Theoc. 14. 44.

Θράνιον. See Θράνως.

Θράνιτης, ου, ὁ, remex summi ordinis : a rower on the highest bench. Ἰπποστῆνοι μὲν τ' ἂν γ' ὁ θράνιτης λέως Acharn. 161.

Θράνως, ἔως, Θράνιον, ου, τὸ, sella : a seat. Αντί δὲ θράνους στάμον κεφαλὴν Plut. 545. Ran. 121. SYN. Ἰπποδιδίων, θρόνως, πάσσαλως.

Θράσέμαχος, ου, ὁ, audax in pugna : daring in fight. Nem. 4. 101. See Θράσος and Μάχη. Θράσος. See Θάρσος. Καὶ θράσους γένησεται Hipp. 941.

Θράσσω, ξω, turbo : to disturb, alarm. P. V. 649. SYN. Θόρυβος.

Θράσυβουλός, ου, ὁ, Thrasylulus. Ὑμεῖς γ' οἵπερ καὶ Θράσυβούλω Plut. 550.

Θράσυγιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, audax robore corporis : strong in limb. Pyth. 8. 51. See above and Γυῖον.

Θράσυκάρδιος, ὄν ; Θράσυμήδης, ἔως ; Θράσυμήχανός, ὄν, audaci animo aut consilio praeditus : bold-hearted, courageous in counsel. Μᾶλ' αὖ τις θράσυκάρδιος ἔσται K. 39. Nem. 9. 30. Olymp. 6. 114.

Θράσυμέμων, ὄνως, qui irruentem hostem viriliter sustinet : brave in resisting a foe. Θράσυμέμωνά θυμολέοντα E. 638. SYN. Θράσέμαχος, θράσος.

Θράσυμήδης, adj. See Θράσυκάρδιος.

Θράσυμήδης, ἔως, ὁ, Thrasymēdes : a son of Nestor. Αντίθεος Θράσυμήδης γ. 414. Ep. Ἀγακλῆς, ἀγακλειτὸς, ἱπποδάμους, διῶς, κράτερὸς, ἔμμεκλῆς, μένεπτολέμους, Νεστώριδης, Νεστώρος υἱός, ὑπέρθυμὸς, ποιμὴν λαῶν.

Θράσυμήχανός. See Θράσυκάρδιος and Μηχανή.

Θράσυμυθός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, verbis audax : daring in language, insolent. Olymp. 13. 12. See above, and Μυθός. SYN. see Θράσυστόμους.

Θράσινω. See Θαρσύνω. Μηδὲν θράσινου μηδὲν Hec. 1165.

Θράσιπυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in labore sustinendo fortis : hardy in labour. Olymp. 1. 156. See Θράσούμενος.

Θράσος, εἶα, ὅ, audax : bold, daring. Ἡ θράσος στρατηλάτης Phoen. 608. SYN. Θαρσάλεος, ἀγῆνωρ, εὐτολμός, γενναίος, πολυμυθός, θράσυκάρδιος, θράσυμέμων, θράσυσπλαγχνός, θράσιπυτός, καρτέρουμος, ἀδείης, αυθαδής, ὑβριστής, σκληρὸς. PHER. Ἰσχαν πῆρὶ θάρασύνων ἦτορ, πέπυργαμένους θράσει, σπλαγγχνὸν εὐτόνον φέρων, ἀλκί πέποιθώς.

Θράσυσπλαγχνός, ὄν, qui forti animo est : spirited, brave-hearted. Κάν θράσυσπλαγχνός τις ἡ Hipp. 424. SYN. Θράσυκάρδιος, θράσυμήδης.

Θράσυσπλάγχνως, fortiter : valiantly, spiritedly. *Ὁν θράσυσπλάγχνως σέ χρή P. V. 755.

Θράσυνόμενός, insolenter loquer : to speak audaciously or insolently. Philoct. 384. See above. SYN. Ἐλευθεροστούμενός, θράσύνουμαι, παρρησιάζομαι, πᾶν ἐλευθερῶ στόμα.

Θράσυστόμος, ὄν, ore audax : audacious in

language. Sept. Th. 608. See above. SYN. Θράσυσυμυθός, λοιδορὸς, ἔλευθεροστόμος, ἀθύροστόμος, ἀλῶς, ἀμειροπέης, ἀκριτύμυθός.

Θρασάντυξ, ὕγις, ὁ, ἡ, currum frangens : chariot-breaking. Ὡ τῷχαι θρασάντυγες Nub. 1264.

Θραυσμά, αὐτός, τὸ, fragmentum : a fragment. Pers. 431. SYN. Κάταγμα, πληγή, συντριβή, κλάσις.

Θραῶν, θραῖσω, frango, debilito : to break, weaken. Pers. 201. SYN. Ἀποθραῶν, συνθραῶν, δῶα, λεπτύνω, συντρίβω.

Θρέμμα, αὐτός, τὸ, omne quod alitur ; pecus : a nursing ; cattle. Sept. Th. 166. SYN. Βότρυ, βόσκημά, πρόσαιον, τέκνυν.

Θρεῦμαι, Θροῦμαι, sonum edo ; lugeo : to cry out ; lament. Med. 51. Sept. Th. 78. SYN. Θρηνέω, φθοῖμαι, θρέω, ὀλοφύρομαι.

Θρεπτήριον. See below.

Θρεπτήριον, Θρεπτήριον, ου, τὸ, educationis primum : a return for the care bestowed in education. P. 302. Choëph. 538. SYN. Τροφείον.

Θρεττᾶνέλδ, threttanelo : a musical note or interjection. Ἡμεῖς δὲ γ' αὐ ζήτησόμεν θρεττᾶνέλδ τὸν Plut. 296.

Θρέττε, vox barbara pro θαρβεῖν ; vid. Brunck. in l. c. : confidence, assurance. Eq. 17.

Θρηκίος, (2) Θρησός, η, ὄν, (3) Θρηξ, (4) Θρηξ, κύς, Thrax, Thracius : Thracian. Θρηκίης ἐνθεν γὰρ N. 13. Antig. 596. Ω. 234. Θρηκίης οἶδ' ἀπ' ἀνευθῆ K. 434. Ep. (3) Ἀρηίφιλός, ἀτάσθαλός, ἀάτηρρός, ἀπηνής, δεινός, φίλιππος, ὑβριστής, λογχόφορος, εὐόπλος, εὐόπτος, ἄρει κατόχον γένος, ἐσχάτος ἄλλων.

Θρηξ. See above.

Θρηξ, ης, ἡ, Thracia : Thrace. Alcest. 67. Ep. Χιῶνῶδης.

Θρηνέω, lugeo : to mourn, lament. Phoen. 1775. SYN. Κωκίω, ἐπιδάκρυω, κατὰκλαίω, κλαίω, ὀλοφύρομαι, ἐπάδω, γῶα, θρηνηφῶ, ἀνευφημέω, ἄλυν. PHER. Δακρυοῖ διάφερω πτόμυν ἀπτόμυν, θρήνον πύλοφον χέω, κατάρχημαι στέναγμα.

Θρηνημά, αὐτός, τό ; Θρηνός, ου, ὁ, carmen lugubre : a dirge, lamentation. Orest. 132. Ω. 720. SYN. Κλαυμός, ὄδυρος, οἰμωγή, ὀλοφυρμός, αἰαγμά, στέναγμα. Ep. Οὐλίον, στήγερν, πᾶν ὀδυρτόν, μέλυν.

Θρηνητήρ, ἥρως, Θρηνητής, οὐ, ὁ, qui luget : a mourner. Pers. 933. Agam. 1042.

Θρηνός. See Θρηνημά.

Θρήνυς, ὄν, ὁ, scabellum pedum : a foot-stool. Σ. 390. SYN. Θράνως.

Θρηνηφῶ, lugubre carmen cano : to sing a dirge or mournful song. Iph. A. 1173. SYN. see Θρηνέω.

Θρηξ, Θρηξ. See Θρηκίος.

Θρησός. See Θρηκίος.

Θριαί, ὦν, αἰ, lapilli seu calculi vaticinatorii : fortune-telling stones. Κεῖνον δὲ θριαί καὶ μάντιες Call. 2. 44.

Θριγκίον, ου, τὸ, fastigium aedium : the top or roof of a house. Μετὰ θριγκίον αὐλῆς π. 165.

Θριγκός, οὐ, δ, pinna seu corona murorum ; cacumen : the battlement, pinnacle, cope-stone ; a height. Orest. 1586. SYN. Τειχίον, περὶ-δόλως, κόρωνις, κόρυφῇ, στεφάνῃ.

Θριγκῶν, sepio : to fence round. ξ. 10. SYN. Φράττω.

Θρηθῆν, e Thria, Attico pago : of Thria.

Ευελπίδης Οριγῆθεν ἀλλὰ χαίρετον Av. 643. Ex quo tamen loco quantitas huj. vocis non est determinanda : melius fortasse ex θρία, q. v̄.

Θρινάκι, euphoniae pro Τρινάκρια, as, ἡ, Sicilia : Sicily. Θρινάκιη νήσω λ. 106.

Θρίναξ, ἄκος, ἡ, tridens furca ; vannus : a three-pronged fork ; a winnowing machine, fan. Αἱ τὲ θρινάκες διαστίλθουσι πρὸς τὸν ἥλιον Pax 567. SYN. Δικελλὰ, πτύον, τρίαυά.

Θρίξ, τρίχος, ἡ, capillus ; villus : hair ; bristles, fur. Κρατὸς ἀγνίστη τρίχα Alcest. 76. SYN. Πλόκαμος, χαίτη, κόμη, λάχνη, τρίχωμα.

Θρίοι, ων, οἱ, extremi rudentes : the extreme ropes of a sail, which are the first slackened after a storm. Ἀνὴρ ἂν ἡδέως λάβοι τοὺς δὴ θρίους Eq. 440.

Θρίον, ου, τὸ, folium ficulneum ; et simpl. folium ; genus edulii apud Athenienses ex lacte et adipe et semidalide quod in fici foliis coquebatur : a fig-leaf ; a leaf ; a kind of food which was cooked in fig-leaves. Δημοῦ βόειον θρίον εξωπτημένον Eq. 954. Theoc. 13. 40.

Θριπῆδεστὺς, ὄν, a tineis corrosus : moth-eaten. Ἐδιδαξέ θριπῆδεστ' ἔχειν σφραγίδι Thesm. 424.

Θρόεω, fremo ; turbo : to make a noise ; disturb. Αἶ. 67. SYN. Θρεῖμαι, θυρεῖω, ψόφεω, ηχέω, εκπλησσόμεαι.

Θρόμβος, ου, ὁ, grumus v. c. sanguinis concreti : a clot of blood, lump. Choëph. 526. SYN. Ὀγκός.

Θρομβώδης, ἔος, grumusus : clotted. Trach. 704.

Θρόνιον, ου, τὸ, Thronium : a town of the Locrians. Τάρφην τε Θρόνιον τε B. 533.

Θρόνιον, ου, τὸ, flos ; pharmacum ; pigmentum : a flower ; a drug ; paint. X. 441. SYN. Ἀνθος, ποικιλία, φάρμακον.

Θρόνος, ου, ὁ, thronus, solium, sedile : a throne, seat, pedestal. OE. R. 161. SYN. Ὠκός, ἔδρα, ἔδρος, ἔδρανόν. Ερ. Ἀγαῶς, ἀφθιτός, αἰγλήεις, ἀργυρόηλος, κἄλως, δαιδάλεος, βασίλῃς, ξεστός, ηλιεῖατος, λιπαρός, περὶκαλλής, ὑψηλός, χρυσόφας, χρυσεὺς, φάεινος, σιγάλλεις.

Θρόος, ου, ὁ, frenitus : a clamour, din, noise. Δ. 437. SYN. Ἠχός, ηχή, φωνή, φήμη, θυρεῖος, ψόφος, θρύλλος, ψιθύρισμα.

Θρύλλαις, ἰδὺς, ἡ, ellychnium : a wick. Nub. 59. Τὴν θρύλλαιδ' εἰς ἐμαυτὸν εὐθὺς ξυνελκύσας Nub. 576. SYN. Ἐλλυχνίον, λυχνός, σπυθήρ.

Θρυγᾶν, ων, frico ; leviter pulso : to rub ; beat gently. Τήνδ' ἐκκάλεσμαι θρυγᾶνῶσά τὴν θύραν Eccles. 32. Brunck legit θρυγᾶνῶσά. SYN. Κνίξω, κνάω, ἀνὰτριβω.

Θρύλω. See Θρυλλέω.

Θρυλλέω, Θρυλλίζω, ἴξω, Θρύλω, (1) susurro, murmuro : to whisper, murmur ; (2) frango : to break. Eq. 348. Ph. 396. Φίλα θρύλλοιμι Σέλανα Theoc. 2. 142. SYN. Ψιθύρίζω, βρενθύμαι, κῦκῶ, τάρασσω, ὕχλω, (2) θρύω, συντρίβω.

Θρυλλίζω. See above.

Θρύλλος, ου, ὁ, susurrus ; tumultus : a whisper ; a noise, tumult. Batrach. 134. SYN. Ψιθύρισμα, θρύος, θυρεῖος, βόή.

Θρύδεσσα, ἡ, Thyroessa, vel Thryum : a city of Elis. Ἑστὶ δὲ τις Θρύδεσσά πόλις Δ. 710.

Θρύον, i. quod θρύδεσσά, q. v. Καὶ Θρύον Αλφειοῦ B. 592.

Θρύπτω, ψω, frango ; deliciis frango : to break,

weaken ; render effeminate. Eq. 1163. SYN. Κόπτω, λεπτύνω, θρύω, (2) μάλασσω, μάλαιζω, θλακέω, χαυνόω.

Θρώσκω, salio : to leap, spring. Orest. 257. SYN. Ἀνὰθρώσκω, ἀποθρώσκω, σκιρτάω, θύρεω, πηδάω, ἀπὸπηδάω, ἀφάλλδμαι.

Θρωσμός, οὔ, ὁ, tumulus : an eminence. K. 160. SYN. Καλλικώλῳ, γήλοφος, βουνός, λήφος, χῶμα.

Θυγάτηρ, ἄτερὸς ἐτ' ἄτρως, ἡ, filia : a daughter. Θυγάτηρ ἀλιότι γέροντος A. 538. The first syllable of θυγάτηρ is always short except in heroic verse, where the nature of the metre requires the quadrisyllables θυγάτερως, &c. to have the first long, as κ. 106. Θυγάτερ' ἰφθίμη. SYN. Παῖς, τέκος, τέκνον. Ερ. Ἀμύμων, καλλιπάρῃς, καλλίγυνος, τηλυγέτος, δολύεσσα, κἄλη, κνύστη, ἰφθίμη.

Θυεῖα, as, ἡ, mortarium : a mortar. ΑΛΛ' ἐν θυεῖᾳ στρογγύλῃ γ' Nub. 676. SYN. see "Ολμός.

Θυεῖδιον, ου, τὸ, mortariolum : a small mortar. Plut. 710. See above.

Θυεῖα, ης, ἡ, vehemens procella : a violent storm. Ἀνέμοιό θυεῖα μ. 407. SYN. Ἄελλᾶ, ἀήτης, λαίλαψ, στρόμβος. Ερ. Ἀνέμοτρόπος, δεινή, ζήμενής, κἄκη, κρανὴν, στυνέεσσα, δνδφερά, σμερδαλέα, χἄλπη, πρόθυελλα, ἀργαλέα. PHR. see μ. 407.

Θυέστεις, ὄν, Thyesteus : of Thyestes. Τῶν Θυέστεων ῥάκων Acharn. 432.

Θυέστης, ου, ὁ, Thyestes. Τᾶ τ' ἐπ' ὠνύμα δειπνᾷ Θυέστου Orest. 1004. Ερ. Πόλυαρς.

Θυεστήδης, ου, ὁ, Thyeste natus : sprung from Thyestes, an epithet of Ægisthus. Ἐναῖε Θυεστήδης Αἰγισθος δ. 518.

Θύεις, εσῶς, ἐν, odorifer : fragrant, odoriferous. Βωμός τε θύεις δ. 363. SYN. Θυώδης, θυεῖς, ευκεῖατος, εὐδόμος, εὐώδης.

Θύηλη, ἡς, ἡ, libamentum : a libation, offering. Πύρι βάλλε θυήλῃς I. 220. SYN. Ἀπαρχή, θυσία, θυμιακά. Ερ. Εὐαγής.

Θύηπλόω, sacrifico : to sacrifice. Agam. 253. See below. SYN. see Θύω and Ἱερεῦν.

Θύηπλόια, as, ἡ, sacrificandi actio : the act of sacrificing, sacrifice. Παρὰ θυῖν θυηπλόιης τ' ἐμείλοντο Apoll. 1. 967. SYN. Θυσία, τέλετῃ. Ερ. Ἐράτεινῃ, σεμνῇ, ἱερᾷ.

Θύηπλός, ου, ὁ, qui circa sacra versatur : a person engaged in sacrifice, a priest. Iph. A. 746. See above. SYN. see Ἱερεῦς.

Θύηφάγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, victimam consumens : victim-consuming. Θύηφάγον κοιμῶντες ευώδη φλόγα Agam. 580. See Θύηπλόια.

Θυῖας, ἄδως, ἡ, Thyias, Baccha : a bacchanalian. Θυῖας ὡς φέρον βλέπων Sept. Th. 494. SYN. Βάκχη, μανίας. Ερ. Ὀμβρόρος, περίπυλος, λυσώσα.

Θυλάκιον, ου, τὸ, sacculus, capsula : a small sack or bag. Ran. 1201. See below.

Θυλάκος, ου, ὁ, saccus, uter, folliis, crumena ; vestimenta cruralia : a sack, skin, bag, bellows, purse ; breeches. Θυνάζοντες εἰς τοὺς θυλάκους Vesp. 1087. SYN. Βάλαντιον.

Θυλήματᾶ, ων, τὰ, molæ, liba ; farra ad sacrificium pertinentia ; sufficientia quæ in aris adolebantur : sacrificial cakes ; flour used in sacrifices ; incense. Ἐγὼ δ' ἐπὶ σπλάγχν' εἰμι καὶ θυλήματα Pax 1040. Neque hic tamen locus, nec alius quem scio, quantitate primæ syllabæ determinat.

Θυμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, victima : a victim, sacrifice. *Κάτηνρθάκωθ' ἑν' Ἑφαίστου φλόγι* Iph. A. 1601. *ΣΥΝ.* Θυσιᾶ, θύλη, ἀπαρχαί, χαλαί, ἱερὸν. *Ἐρ. Ἀναμὺν, μνελῶν, δέοπρῶτον.*

Θυμαίνω, ἄνω, irascor, excandesco : to be angry, enraged. *Μηδᾶμὸς θυμάνει μοι* Nub. 1478. *ΣΥΝ.* Θυμῶμαι, οργίζομαι, μηνίζω.

Θυμαλγής, ἔος, dolorem adferens animo : heart-rending. *Χόλον θυμαλγῆά πέσει* Δ. 513. *ΣΥΝ.* Θυμῶδρός, θυμῶδᾶκης, θυμῶρᾶιστής, θυμοφθόρος, λυπηρός.

Θυμᾶλῶψ, ὠπός, titio niger : a firebrand. *Κάγω σ' ἀπδοείξω θυμᾶλῶπᾶ τήμερον* Thesm. 729. *ΣΥΝ.* Σπινθηρ, ξυλὸν καῖν.

Θυμαρέω, placeo ; mihi indulgeo : to please, gratify ; to indulge. *Ὡς αὐτὸς θυμάρει Διδνυσος* Theoc. 26. 9.

Θυμαρής, Θυμηρής, ἔος ; Θυμαρμένος, ὄν, gratus, placens : agreeable, pleasing, delightful. *Ἄλδχον θυμαρεῖ* I. 336. *Call.* 4. 29., 3. 167. *ΣΥΝ.* Κἀτάθύμιος, εὐχαρίς, χαρίεις, ἥδους, γλυκύς, εὐαρεστός.

Θυμαρμένος. See Θυμαρής.

Θυμβραῖος, ὄν, epith. Apollinis, a Thymbrā, urbe Troadis. Δ. 320. Thymbræan, Thymbræus. *Rhes.* 224.

Θυμβρεπίθεινός, et Θυμβροφάγος, ὄν, qui thymbra vescitur, tenuis facilisque victu : living on herbs or vegetables, abstemious. *Nub.* 421. *Acharn.* 254. See Φάγω. *ΣΥΝ.* Ευτέλης, φειδωλός.

Θύμωρη, ἡς, ἡ, Thymbra : a city in the Troad. *K.* 430.

Θυμῆρις, ἰδὺς, ὁ, Thymbris. *Vid.* Valckenaër. in I. c. *Κἀτὰ Θυμβρίδους ὕδωρ* Theoc. I. 118.

Θυμβροφάγος. See Θυμβρεπίθεινός.

Θυμέλι, ἡς, ἡ, altare : an altar. *Ἐπὶ Κυκλάπων ἱεὺς θυμέλας* Iph. A. 152. *ΣΥΝ.* Βωμός, εσχάρα, βῆμά, ἐστία. *Ἐρ. Χρυσήλατος, ευρύχορος.*

Θυμῶμαι, (potius θυμῶμαι,) irascor : to be irritated, angry. *Εικὼτας θυμουμένους* Hec. 403. *ΣΥΝ.* Οργίζομαι, θυμάμαι, ἀγριῶμαι, ἀπομηνίω. *ΡΗΝ.* Θυμῶ ζῶ δυσμάχωτάτω.

Θυμηγέρω, animum recolligo aut suscito : to regain or recover spirit. *Ἐκ δ' ἐπέσον θυμηγέρων* η. 283. *ΣΥΝ.* Τὴν ψυχὴν συλλαμβάνω, σὺνάγω.

Θυμηδεύω, hilari sum animo : to be cheerful-hearted. *Μάλιστ' ἀθυμηδεῖν δοκῇ* Simon. 2. 103.

Θυμηδής, ἔος, animo gratus : cheerful-hearted. *Ἄλιν ἀθυμηδὲ ἔδωμεν* π. 389. *ΣΥΝ.* see Θυμαρής.

Θυμηρής. See Θυμαρής.

Θυμίαμα, ἄτος, τὸ, suffimentum : frankincense. *Πόλις δ' ὁμοῦ μὲν θυμιάματων γέμει* C. R. 4. *ΣΥΝ.* Θυός, θυόν.

Θυμιδίων, οὐ, τὸ, dimin. a θυμός, ira. *Sed* in I. c. *lusus est verborum.* *Vid.* Brunck. *Μέλιντος σμικρὸν τῷ θυμιδίῳ παρᾶμινος* Vesp. 878.

Θυμίτης, οὐ, thymo conditus : seasoned with thyme. *Ἄλας θυμίτας οἶσ' Ἀχάριν* 1064.

Θυμῶδρῶς, animum exedo : to fret the soul. *Ἀλγῆά θυμῶδρῶν* Hes. Op. 797. *ΣΥΝ.* Φρέν' ἀδοκῶ, θυμὸν κατέδω.

Θυμῶδρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, animum corrodens : fretting the soul. *Θυμῶδρον ἐρίδος* H. 210. *ΣΥΝ.* see Θυμαλγής.

Θυμῶδᾶκης, i. q. θυμῶδρός, q. v. *Θυμῶδᾶκης γὰρ μύθος* Δ. 185.

Pros. Lex.

Θυμοίτης, οὐ, ὁ, Thymætes : a noble Trojan. *Πάνθ' ὅδ' ἡδ' Ὀυμοίτην* Γ. 146.

Θυμοίτης, ἰδὺς, ἡ, orta a quodam pago Attico : of Thymus, a δήμος in Attica. *Ἐγὼ δὲ σίσυραν φύμην Ὀυμοίτιδα* Vesp. 1138. *Qui tamen locus primæ quantitatem syllabæ non determinat.*

Θυμῶλεων, οντός, (1) leonino animo præditus : lion-hearted ; (2) Thymoleon. *Θρασύμηνον δ' ἀθυμῶλεοντα* E. 638. *ΣΥΝ.* (1) Γενναῖος, κράτερός, ὑπέρθυμος.

Θυμῶμαντις, ἰος, animo præsagens : foreboding in mind. *Pers.* 229. See Θυμός and Μάντις.

Θυμῶν. See Θυμός.

Θυμῶπληθής, ἔος, iracundus : full of anger. *Sept. Th.* 683. See Θυμός. *ΣΥΝ.* Μαυρῶμένος.

Θυμῶρᾶιστής, οὐ ; Θυμῶφθόρος, ὄν, animum perdens : life-destroying, destructive. *Θανάτος χυτὸς θυμῶρᾶιστής* N. 544. *Z.* 169.

Θυμός, Θυμῶν, thymus : thyme. *Δεσπότη ταῦτον θυμον* Plut. 253.

Θυμός, οὐ, ὁ, mens ; indoles ; ira : the mind, understanding ; temper ; anger. *Ἐρωτὶ θυμὸν εκπᾶγείς* Med. 8. *ΣΥΝ.* Φρήν, νοῦς, ψυχὴ, ἦτορ, γνώμη, διανοία, μένος, ἐπιθυμία, οργή, λόγισμός. *Ἐρ. Ἀγήνωρ, ἀγρίος, ἀπηνής, αἰμίμων, ἀταρβής, ἀρήϊος, μάχητης, αλκίης, ἀναιδής, ἀμειλίχης, ἀναλκίς, ἀλληκτός, ἀπιστός, ἀρρηκτός, ἀμαυμάκετος, βάρυς, βάρυμηνις, γλυκύς, εὐφρων, ἐλάφρος, δελγίφρων, θαρσαλέος, κράτερόφρων, κράτερός, ἱλαός, μεγάλητωρ, νηλέης, ὁμόφρων, πόλντλημων, πτέρεις, περίλυπος, περίθαρσος, πρόφρων, κάκουργός, πέλωρις, στῶνδεις, σιδήρεός, τλητός, τλήμων, τολμήεις, ὑπερφιάλδς, ὑπέρειός, ὑπέρηνωρ, φρένηρης, φρικώδης, ὠμῶδᾶκης, ζάμενης, βάρυπμων, δριμύς, σιδηρόφρων, κοῦφος, κάκος, φίλος, νεῦπενθής, φοινῖς, ἐλέμων, ὀλίγος, τέτληος.*

Θυμῶσφικός, Θυμῶσφός, ὄν, ingenio solers : clever. *Ἐτ' Ἀριφράδην πᾶν τὶ θυμῶσφικώτατον* Vesp. 1280. *Nub.* 875. *ΣΥΝ.* Ευμάθης, ευφύης, αχχινδός.

Θυμοφθόρῶς, animum corrumpto : to be disheartened. *Ὡς δ' ἐγὼ θυμοφθῶρᾶ* Trach. 142. See above.

Θυμῶφθόρος. See Θυμῶρᾶιστής.

Θυμῶς, irrito : to irritate, enrage. *Θυμῶθ' ἄρ' αὖ κενὸς* Batrach. 236. *ΣΥΝ.* Οργαίνω, ἐρεθίζω.

Θύμωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, ira : irritation, anger. *Eumen.* 857. See Θυμός. *ΣΥΝ.* Οργή.

Θυνῶ, Θύνω, cum impetu feror : to rush, hurry on. *Ἐθύνων ἰχθυῶντες* Hes. Scut. 210. *E.* 87. *ΣΥΝ.* Ὀρῶω, διώκω, ἐπείσσειν, κατ' ἐπείγομαι, φέρῶμαι, κάτασπεύδω.

Θυνῖας, ἄδος ; Θυνῖς, Θυνίς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, Thynæa : of Thynæ, an island at the mouth of the Pontus. *Θυνιάδος νύμφης* Apoll. 2. 484. 548. 460.

Θυννάζω, pungo, ut piscator thynnus tridente : to pierce, to harpoon. *Vesp.* 1087.

Θυννεῖον, οὐ, τὸ, frustum thynni : a fragment of tunny-fish. *Eq.* 354.

Θυννός, οὐ, ὁ, thynnus : the tunny-fish. *Theoc.* 3. 26.

Θυννοσκοπέω, thynnos specular et capto : to spy out or catch the tunny. *Τοὺς πύρους θυννοσκοπῶν* Eq. 313.

Θυννοί, ἄν, οἱ, Thyni : the inhabitants of Thynæ. *Ξεινήϊά δ' ἀσπετὰ Θυννοί* Apoll. 2. 529.

Θύνω. See Θυνῶ.

Θυδῶδός, ὄν, sufficientia recipiens : incense-

receiving. Εξέβαλλον εκτὸς θυόδδκων ἀνακτόρων Androm. 1158.

Θύδεις, εσσά, ἐν, odor: fragrant. Αμφὶ δὲ μιν θυόδεν O. 153. SYN. see Θυήεις.

Θύδς, ἔδς, Θύδν, ου, τὸ, libum: incense. Αἰσ-σὺμ' ὑπὲρ θυέων ο. 261. ε. 60. SYN. Ἄρωμα, θυμίαμα, θυμά, ἱέρων. EP. Ἐπέτειδν.

Θύσσεκά, sacra facio: to offer sacrifice. Πει-θοὶ περίπεμπτὰ θυόσκεῖς Agam. 86. SYN. see Θύω.

Θύσσεκόδς, Θύσσεκόπς, ου, ὁ, aruspex: a sooth-sayer. Εἰσὶ θυόσσεκοὶ Ω. 221. Rhcs. 68. SYN. Ἱεροσκοπός, μαντίς, θυτήρ, σφάγευς.

Θύδω, rebus odoratis suffio: to perfume, sprinkle with odours. Τὸ βὰ οἱ τεθύωμεν ἦεν Ε. 172. SYN. Ἐπιθυμίαω, θειώω, κνισσώω.

Θύρα, as, ἥ, janua, ostium: a gate, entrance. Ἐπὶ τὴν θύραν ἐξάδιζεν αὐτὴν τὴν ἑμὴν Plut. 1007. SYN. Θυρεός, πύλη, εἰσόδος, ἐμεδύλη, θυρετρών. EP. Ἀρωδία, αὐλειός, εὐερκής, ὑψηλή, φάειν, χρυσία, πύκνιη, πύκνως ἀραρυία.

Θύραζε, foras: abroad, out. Τὰ τ' ἐνδὸν εἰσὶ τὰ τε θυραζε δυστύχεις Orest. 597. EK δ' ἀρὰ οἱ μνηστὸρ δόρυ μείλινον ὡς θυραζε E. 694. SYN. Ἐξω, εκτὸς, θυρηφί, θυραισί.

Θυραθεν, foris: extrinsecus: out of doors; externally. Αἱ θυραθεν εἰσδοὶ Androm. 953.

Θυραῖδς, α, ὄν, qui foris est, absens, externus: one who is abroad, absent, foreign. Δόλον θυραῖον εστὶ Eur. El. 832. SYN. Ξένος, ἀλλο-τρίος.

Θυρεός, οὐ, ὁ, janua; scutum, a forma et magnitudine januae: a gate; a shield. Αὐτὰρ ἔπειτ' ἐπέθηκε θυρεὸν (here scanned as an Iambus) μέγαν ι. 240. SYN. Θύρα.

Θυρετρών, ου, τὸ, janua, ostium: a gate, entrance. Αὐλὴς καλὰ θυρετρά χ. 137.

Θυρηφί, foris, extra: abroad, without. Λεῖπε θυρηφιν ι. 238. SYN. Θύραζε, θυραθεν, ἐξωθεν.

Θυρίον, ου, τὸ, ostium, fenestra: a small door, window. Thesm. 26. See Θύρα.

Θυρόκοπew, januam pulso: to knock at a door. Καὶ θυρόκοπήσαι καὶ πατάξαι καὶ βάλεῖν Vesp. 1254.

Θυρόκοπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ostia pulsans: knocking at the gate. Agam. 1166. See above.

Θυρώω, janua claudio: to shut with a door. Οὐδὲ θυρώσαι Aves 613.

Θυρσάω, thyrsu agito: to move the thyrsus. Θυρσαδδῶν κειαδδῶν Lysist. 1312. Lacon. for θυρσασουσῶν καὶ εὐασουσῶν.

Θυρσίς, ἰδός, ὁ, Thyrsis. Θυρσίς ὅδ' ὥς Αἴντας Theoc. 1. 65.

Θυρσῶμάνης, εὖς, thyrsu furens: raging with the thyrsus. Οὐ πδᾶ θυρσῶμάνῃ Phoen. 803.

Θυρσός, ου, ὁ, thyrsus: the thyrsus, a wand entwined with ivy or vine leaves, and borne by the Bacchanalians. Bacch. 172. EP. Ἀμύντωρ, ἀκοντιστήρ, ἀνδρὺφόνος, ἀπτόλεμος, δολιχόσκιος, ἐλάφιθῶλος, εὐίος, κισσώδης, μίαιφόνος, οἶνοψ, οἶξ, τᾶμῆσιχρος, φθισήνωρ.

Θυρσοφύρεω, thyrsu gero: to bear the thyrsus. Bacch. 556.

Θυρσοφύρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, thyrsiger: thyrsus-bearing. Cycl. 64. SYN. Θυρσῶμάνης.

Θυρών, ὄνός, ὁ, vestibulum: a vestibule, porch. Πρὸς θυρώνος ἐξδοῖς Soph. El. 328. SYN. Αὐλειόν, πύλων.

Θυρῶρος, οὐ, ὁ, janitor: a door-keeper. Καὶ δὴ θυρῶρῶν οὐτίς Choeph. 557. SYN. Πύλῶρος, πύλᾶρος.

Θυσάνδεις, εσσά, ἐν, fimbriatus: fringed. Αἰγιδᾶ θυσανόεσσαν E. 738.

Θυσάνδς, ου, ὁ, fimbria, limbus: a fringe, edge. Τῆς ἐκᾶτον θυσανοὶ παγχρυσέοι B. 448. SYN. Κύρμυς, κράσπεδον. EP. Γνάμπτος, φαεινός, παγχρυσέος.

Θυσθᾶ, ὦν, τὰ, (1) vitis folia seu rami cum fructu appenso: vine leaves or branches with their fruit; (2) virgæ Bacchicæ, thyrsi: bacchanalian wands. Z. 134. SYN. Κλάδος, δύρ-σος.

Θυσία, as, ἡ, hostia; feriæ: a sacrifice, victim; holiday. Θυσίαι με θυσίαν πρώτᾳ Iph. A. 673. SYN. Θύμα, θυός, ἱερείδων, σπονδή, ἐκά-τόμυη, ἑορτή. EP. Ἀπίρος, χυρόποῖδς, αἰμόρ-ραντός, βρότοκτόνός, αἰμάτῳεσσά, εὐστέφανός, μωστῖς, σωτήριός, παγκάρπιός, ἀθῦτός, ἀνεορτός, ἀπορρήτος, φρικᾶδης.

Θυσίμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sacrificari potest vel solet: fit to be sacrificed. Acharn. 784. Θυ brevis, ut in θυσία.

Θυστάς, ἄδός, ἡ, sacrificalis; Bacchica: sac- rificial; bacchanalian, frenzied. Sept. Th. 255.

Θυτήρ, ἡρός, ὁ, sacrificus: a sacrificer, priest. Οἷδ' ὡς θυτήρ γὰ πολλὰ Trach. 1194. SYN. Θυόσκήνός, θυόσσεκός, ἱερέως, σφάγευς, μαντίς.

Θυτήριον, ου, τὸ, ara: an altar, sacrifice. Iph. T. 244. See above. SYN. Βωμός, θυμά.

Θύω, furo, feror cum impetu: to rage, to move violently. Πορφυρέον μέγα θυέ ν. 85. SYN. Θυνέω, θύνω, μάλνυμαι, ὀρμάω, σείδωμαι.

Θύω, et Θύω (frequentius penult. producitur), sacrifico: to sacrifice. "Η τῶν ἑμῶν ἐκατὶ θύεσθαι γάμων Iph. A. 493. "Ω φίλ' ἐπεὶ δὲ θύοντᾶ ο. 260. SYN. Ἀπάρχουμαι, ἱερεύω, καθιερεύω, σφάττω, σφάγιζω, βοουθῆτω, ἐπίδωμᾶ ῥέζω. PHR. Ἐρδω ἱερὰς ἐκατόμβας, βούταν φόνον ἀέζω.

Θυώδης, εὖς, odor: smelling of frankin- cense, fragrant. Androm. 1016. See Θύδς. SYN. Θυείεις, θυήεις, εὐόδμος, ευκείατος.

Θυῶρος, οὐ, ἡ, mensa sacris libationibus di- cata: a table or desk appropriated to sacred libations. Ταὶ δὲ θυῶρον Call. 3. 134. SYN. Τράπεζα.

Θῶη, ἡς, ἡ, multa: a fine, penalty. β. 192. SYN. see Ζημία.

Θῶκος, et poet. Θδῶκος, ου, ὁ, sedile: a seat. β. 14. μ. 318. SYN. Θᾶκος, ἔδρα, θρόνός. EP. Ἐὐδμητός, βριάρός, λαϊνέος, δεσπεσίος, οἰσθόλος, πόλυδαῖδᾶλος, πόλυχρυσός, μαντεῖος, ἀληθής.

Θῶμυγ, ἱγρός, ἡ, funis, nervus: a rope, string. Pers. 467. SYN. Σχοινίον, δεσμός, χορδή. EP. Δδλίχη, κράτερᾶ, λῖνοστρόφος, χρυσήλατος.

Θῶμίζω, vincio; percutio: to bind; to strike, lash. Anacr. 62. 16. SYN. Δεσμεύω, δέω, τύπ-τω, πλήσσω, μαστίζω.

Θῶμός, οὐ, ὁ, cumulus; sella: a pile; a seat. Agam. 286. SYN. Σῶρος.

Θῶπεια, as, ἡ, adulatio: cringing, flattery. Orest. 663. SYN. Κόλακεια, δερᾶπεια.

Θῶπυνω, ἄδός, τὸ, blandimentum: a piece of flattery. Eur. Sup. 1113. SYN. Κόλακυνμά, δελκτήριον, πρόσσηνεία.

Θῶπυνμάτιον, ου, τὸ, adsentatiuncula: petty servility. Θῶπυνμάτιων γέγεννηται Equit. 788.

Θῶπυνω, et Θῶπυνω, adulor, adsentor: to flat- ter. Med. 369. P. V. 973. SYN. Ἱπθῶ- πυνω, κόλακυνω, σάλνω, χαριεντίζωμαι, μειλίσσω, ἀπάτω.

Θῶπικός, ἡ, ὄν, adsentatorius: given to flat- tery. Lysist. 1037. SYN. Θῶψ.

Θώπτω. See Θωπεύω.

Θωρακίζον, ου τὸ, propugnaculum ad altitudinem pectoris extructum: a breastwork. Sept. Th. 32. See below. SYN. Ἐπαλῖς, τεύχος.

Θώραξ, ακὸς, Ion. Θώρηξ, ὁ, thorax: the breast, a coat of mail. Θώρακ' ἐχίδνης περίεσθλοισ ἀλισμῆμον Ion 993. SYN. Στήθος, χιτῶν, δριγκὸς, πύργος. Ep. Δαιδάλῆος, πόλυδαιδάλος, πᾶναϊδᾶλος, πικίνος, χάλκεος, γυᾶλος, δίπλυος, ποικίλος, αστερδεις, λαμπρὸν γάνυον, φᾶεινυτέρος πύρος αυγῆς, κράτα γυᾶλος.

Θωρηκτής, οὔ, ὁ, thorace indutus: clad in mail, a warrior. Φ. 429.

Θώρηξ. See Θώραξ.

Θωρήσσω, ξω, lorica armo: to arm with a coat of mail, to arm. Θ. 530. SYN. Ὀπλιζέμαι, καθόπλιζέμαι. PHR. Φράττω ευχάλοισ δέμας ὀπλοισ.

Θωρυκίων, ανὸς, ὁ, Thorycion: a wicked Athenian, a traitor. Κἂν Θωρυκίων μὴ βούληται Ran. 383.

Θῶς, ᾧς, ὁ, animal lupo simile: an animal sprung from the wolf and fox, a lynx. Λ. 474. Ep. Ἀναιδῆς, σμερδάλῆος, ὑπερφίᾶλος, αμυφᾶγος.

Θαύσσω, clamor, vociferor: to bawl out, shout, speak aloud. Τὰδε θαύσσω (monom. anapæst.) Hec. 115. SYN. Ἀναδῶα, ὕλακτέω, κηρύσσω.

Θᾶψ, ᾧψος, ὁ, adulans: flattering. Eur. fr. Syl. 2.

I.

Ἰά, ᾱς, ἦ, et Ion. Ἰή, vox, clamor: a voice, cry. Σύριγγος ἰὰν κατὰκούη Rhes. 549. SYN. Φωνή, ηχη, ἦχος, βόη, ιακχή, ἰαχῆ.

Ἰάω, ἰᾶω, tepefacio: to warm, cheer. Χλῆροισίν ἰανόμενοι μελέεσσιν Theoc. 27. 66. SYN. Ευφραίνω, ἄσρυνω, γάνω, δερμαίνω.

Ἰακχέω, ululo ut Bacchantes: to utter shouts like votaries of Bacchus. Orest. 955. See Ἰακχὸς.

Ἰακχή, ἦς, ἦ, ululatus: a bacchanalian shout. Phœn. 1321. See below. SYN. see Ἰαχῆ.

Ἰακχὸς, ου, ὁ, Bacchus. Ran. 405. Prima syllaba est ejusdem quantitatis atque in Latinis, ut apud Ovid. Met. 4. 15.: Nycteliusque Eleleusque parens et Iacchus et Evan. SYN. see Βάκχος.

Ἰαλέμιζω, fleo, lugeo: to weep, lament. Ταῦρον ἰαλέμισαι Call. fr. 176. SYN. Ὀρηνέω, γόαω, δλδφύρμαι.

Ἰάλῆμος, ου, ὁ, cantilena lugubris: a mournful song. Phœn. 1047. See above. SYN. Ὀρήνδος, δρήνημα, ὀδυρμός.

Ἰάλλω, mitto, emitto: to send forth. Πρόκειμένᾳ χεῖράς ἰαλλον I. 91. SYN. Ἐπιάλλω, ἐκβάλλω, πέμπω, ἱμῖ, ἐκτείνω, ἰάπτω, ἐφίεμαι.

Ἰαλμῆνος, ου, ὁ, Ialmenus: the son of Mars. Ασκάλαφον καὶ Ἰαλμῆνον I. 82.

Ἰαλτὺς, ου, ὁ, ἦ, missus: sent. Choëph. 20. See Ἰάλλω.

Ἰαμά, ἄτῶς, τὸ, medela: a remedy. Ψυχῆς γὰρ οὗτος μῦθος ἔχει τ' ἰάματα Menand. 278.

"Hæc vox rarissimi apud poëtas usus; ancipitem forsan habens primam vocalem." Maltb. Vide tamen Ἰαοῖς. SYN. Ἰαοῖς, ἄκεσμα.

Ἰαμβέειον, ου, τό; Ἰαμβὸς, ου, ὁ, iambus; carmen iambicum: an iambus, consisting of a short

and long; iambic verse. En τοῖς ἰαμβεῖοις Ran. 1204. 673.

Ἰαμβὸς. See above.

Ἰάμενος, ου, ὁ, Iamenus. Ἰάμενον καὶ Ὀρέστην M. 139.

Ἰάνασσα, ἦς, ἦ, Janassa: Ianassa. Κλυμένη Ἰάνειρά τε καὶ Ἰάνασσα Σ. 47.

Ἰάνειρά, as, ἦ, Ianira: one of the three thousand daughters of Oceanus. See in Ἰάνασσα.

Ἰάνθη, ἦς, ἦ, Ianthe: one of the same family as the preceding. Πειθῷ τ' Ἀδμήτῃ τε Ἰάνθῃ τ' Ηλέκτρῃ τε Hes. Theog. 349.

Ἰᾶμαι, medeor, sano: to heal. Τήνδ' ἰωμένη νόσον Hipp. 593. "Οστὶς ἰᾶσθαι δέλει. Eur. fr. Dictys. 7. 7. SYN. Θεράπεύω, ἀκέδμαι.

Ἰάονες. See Ἰάων.

Ἰαόνιος, α, ὢν, Ionius: Ionian. Τὼς καὶ ἔγω φίλδουρτὸς Ἰαόνιοις νόμοισι Æsch. Sup. 66.

Ἰᾱπέτιονίδης, ου, ὁ; Ἰᾱπέτιονίς, ἰδὸς, ἦ, Iapeto satus: sprung from Iapetus. Ἰᾱπέτιονίῃ πάντων Hes. Theog. 543. Olymp. 9. 80.

Ἰᾱπέτος, ου, ὁ, Iapetus: the father of Prometheus and Epimetheus. "Ἰν' Ἰᾱπέτος τε Κρόνος τε Θ. 479. Ep. Ἀγήνωρ, ἀχλυδεις, ζφῶδεις.

Ἰάπτω, mitto, jacio: to send, throw, smite. Ἐς οὐτέν ἀρχὸς ἰάπτει Theoc. 3. 17. SYN. Ἰάλλω, βλάπτω, αικίζομαι, ὕβριζω, ἵπτω.

Ἰάρδανος, ου, ὁ, Jardanus: a river in Crete. Τεῖχεσσίον Ἰαρδάνου ἀμφὶ H. 135.

Ἰασίδης, ου, ὁ, Iaso satus: the son of Iasus. Διμήτορι Ἰασίδῃ ρ. 443.

Ἰασίμος, ου, ὁ, ἦ, sanabilis: that may be cured. Ἀλλ' ὅμως ἰασίμος Orest. 393. See Ἰᾶμαι. SYN. Ἰατὸς.

Ἰαοῖς, ἑως, ἦ, sanatio: means of cure, remedy. Εὐρισκὸν ἰαν μόνην CE. R. 68. A, as in ἰατήρ. SYN. Ἰαμά, ἄκεσμα.

Ἰασίων, ανὸς, ὁ, Iasion: a noble Cretan agriculturist. "Ὡς δ' ὅπῃτ' Ἰασίανι ε. 125.

Ἰασόνιος, et Ion. Ἰησόνιος, α, ὢν; Ἰασόνις, ἰδὸς, ἦ, Iasonius: of Jason. Ἐσανὼν Ἰησόνιης ἀπὸ νηὸς Theoc. 22. 31. Arat. Phœn. 342.

Ἰασὸς, ου, ὁ, Iasus: (1) a noble Greek, (2) a king of the Peloponnesus, the son of Io, from whom the Peloponnesus was called Ἰασον Ἀργος. (2) Ἄν' Ἰασὸν Ἀργὸς Ἀχαιοί σ. 245.

Ἰάσων, et Ion. Ἰήσων, ονός, ὁ, Jason: the leader of the Argonautic expedition. Εκπᾶλγειὸ Ἰάσωνος Med. 8. Ep. Ἀρήϊος, αἰχμητής, δῖος, ξενιπάτης, ψεύδορκος, Αἰσωνίδης, Θεσσαλός, ποιμὴν λαῶν, ξείνους ἰάλλου, ἀγλαός. PHR. Ταύρων πυρπνῶαν ἐπιστάτης, ὃν ἐν λέξει προδότης κἀκόνυμφος.

Ἰατήρ, et Ion. Ἰήτηρ, ἦρὸς; Ἰατρός, et Ion. Ἰητρός, οὔ, ὁ, medicus: a physician. "Ελκος δ' ἰήτηρ ἐπιμᾶσσεταί Δ. 190. Ἄλλων ἰατρός αὐτὸς Eurip. Fragm. SYN. Ἀκεστήρ, ἀκέστωρ, δερᾶπεντής. Ep. Ἀμύμων, χειροτέχνης ἰατρίας, ἐπιστήμων κᾶκῶν, περὶφρων, ἰατροτέχνης, πόλυμῆχανός, πολυφάρμακός. PHR. Pyth. 3. 83. and 4. 480.

Ἰατρορία, as, ἦ, ars medica: the art of medicine. Trach. 1003. See below.

Ἰατὸς, ὢν, sanabilis: curable. Isth. 8. 30. Quantity, as in Ἰαοῖς.

Ἰατρώμαντις, ἰδὸς, ὁ, medicus vates: one who is both a prophet and physician. Ἰατρώμαντις παῖς Æsch. Sup. 271.

Ἰατρός. See Ἰατήρ.

Ἰατροτέχνης, ου, ὁ, medicinæ artifex, a prac-

tioner of medicine. Θουριόμανταις ιατροτέχνας Nub. 332. SYN. Ιατήρ.

Ίαυω, commoror; dormio: to spend the night, lodge; to sleep. Τέρψιν ἱαυεν Αἴ. 1204. SYN. Διάτρωθω, διάγω, αὐλιζομαι, παννυχίζω, κοιμῶμαι, κάτευνάζομαι, ἀναστρέφωμαι, ἀναπαύομαι.

Ίαχαιὸς, ὄν, vehementer plorans: loudly howling. CE. R. 1219. See below.

Ίαχέω, clamo, vociferor: to shout, resound. Μελὸς ἐς Τροίαν ἱαχῶσα (parcemiac) Troad. 518. Helen. 1502. SYN. ἱαχέω, ηχέω, βῶω, θρηνέω.

Ίαχῆς, ἦς, ἡ, ἱαχῶς, οὐ, ὁ; ἱαχημῶ, αὐτός, τὸ, vociferatio: a shout, hissing. Βάρβαρον ἱαχὰν ἐξανόασω Iph. T. 180. Troad. 1220. Here. F. 879. SYN. Κραυγῇ, βόῃ, φωνῇ, θρηνῶς, ἡχῶς. EP. Κάλαιδεσσά, αἰδὼν, δεινῇ, ἱμέρεσσά, δεσπεῖν.

Ίαωλκός. See ἱωλκός.

Ίάων, ὄνος, (1) Ionius: Ionian or Grecian, contrasted with and opposed to barbarian; (2) the name of a river in Arcadia. ἱάωνν γῆν οἰχέται πέριαι δέλων Pers. 183.

Ίεῖς, ἰδὸς ἡ, Ibis, avis Egyptiacus serpentes devorans: the ibis, a small bird worshipped by the Egyptians for destroying the crocodiles and serpents. Ίεῖς Λυκούργω Χαῖρεφῶντι νυκτέρῖς Av. 1296.

Ίευκός, οὐ, ὁ, Ibycus: a poet of Rhegium. Ίευκὸς ἐκεῖνος κἀνὰ κρῶν ὁ Τηΐος Thesm. 168.

Ἰγνύα, as, Ἰγνύς, ὕδς, ἡ, posterior genu pars, poples: the hind part of the knee, the ham. Πᾶθ' ἐκὰτ' ἰγνύνην βεβλημένους N. 212. Πᾶρ' ἰγνύσσι λαΐφους ἄθωρον Hom. Merc. 152.

Ίδα, ἦς, ἐτ' Ion. Ίδῃ, Ida: a mountain in the Troad, the top of which was Gargarus. Καὶ τὴν ἐν Ίδῃ γραμμῶν Hipp. 1248. EP. Δάσκεῖς, ζάθεα, μαῖκρα, πόλιν δένδρως, ὑψηλὸς, ηνέκισσά, Κόρυθαντίς, πόλιν ἰδαξ, μήτηρ θρῶν, πόλιν πυχὸς, πιδήσασά, ἄλγισσά, λάσια, ὑψικόμους. PHH. Χιονόθρεμνον Ἰδαῖν νυμφῶν σκόπια.

Ἰδαῖος, α, ὄν, Ἰδαῖος (1) Idæan, of Ida; (2) a proper name, Idæus. Σώματ' Ἰδαία κύνις Hec. 325. Ταλθύσιος τὲ καὶ Ἰδαῖος H. 276. EP. (2) Δαΐφρων, κήρυξ, πεπνυμένῃ μήδεα εἰδῶς, μάχης εὐ εἰδῶς.

Ἰδαλίμους, ὄν, æstuosus; humidus; speciosus: raging; damp; beautiful. Καυμάτους ἰδαλίμους Hes. Op. 413.

Ἰδαλῖος, οὐ, ἡ, Idalius: a city of Cyprus. Καὶ Ἰδαλίον ἐφίλασας Theoc. 15. 100.

Ἰδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, formosus: beautiful. Τὰς ἰδάνας χαρίτας Call. fr. 467.

Ίδας, οὐ, ὁ, Idas: father of Cleopatra, wife of Meleager. Καρτέρους Ίδας Theoc. 22. 140. Ἰδε, et, atque: and. Οἱ δ' ἐπεὶ οὖν φχοντὸ ἰδε πρὸ ὁδοῦ ἐγένοντο Δ. 382.

Ίδεα, as, ἡ, species, modus et ratio rei: form, figure, face. Τί δ' αὖ σὺ δράσων τις ἰδεα βουλήματος Av. 993. SYN. Εἰδεα, εἰδὸς, σχήμα, πρόσχημα, θεωρία, μορφή, κάλλος. EP. Πόλυμορφος, καινή.

Ίδη. See Ίδα.

Ίδιος, α, ὄν, peculiaris, suus, privatus: proper, own, private, domestic. Οἷοι τὰ χρήματ' ἰδία κέκνηνται βροτοί Phœn. 565. SYN. Οικεῖος, σφετέρους, κύριος.

Ίδω, sudo; humidus fio: to perspire; to be moist. Ίδιδν ὥς ἐνόησά δεδάκρυνται δὲ μοι ὅσσε v. 204. Πρὶν ἂν ἰδῃς καὶ διὰ λύσας Pax 85. SYN. Ίδρω.

Ίδίωτης, οὐ, ὁ, plebeius; rei alicujus imperitus: plebeian; unskilled. Ἰδί νῦν πρόσευχον τοῖσιν ἰδίωταις θεοῖς Ran. 891. SYN. Ἀμάθης, ἀπειρός, ἀγέλαος, ἰδὸς, ἐνέδρως.

Ίδνῶν, incurro, intorqueo: to twist, wreath. ΠΛῆξεν ὁ δ' ἰδνῶθη B. 266. SYN. Συστρέφω, κάμπτω, συγκάμπτω, δινέω, τάνυω.

Ίδωμένους, ἔως, ὁ, item ἦδς, ὁ, Idomeneus: king of Crete. Ἰδωμένους Τρώεσσιν N. 362. EP. Ἀγᾶκλντος, ἀρήτιος, μέγας, ἀγάπηνωρ, ἐρίθυμος, δαΐφρων, δουρικλντος ἐγγχεῖ μακρῶ, σὺ εἰκέλος αλκίην, ἀγαυός, Κρητὴν βουλευφόρος, Δευκάλιδης, φλόγι εἰκέλος αλκίην.

Ίδως, ἔδς, τὸ, sudor: sweat. Ίδεῖ ἐν αὐδ-τάτῳ Hes. Scut. 397. SYN. Ίδρως, θέρως.

Ίδρεῖα, ἰδρία, as, ἡ, peritia: skill, knowledge. Ίετ' ἀκόντισσαι ὁ δὲ ἰδρεῖη πόλεμοιο Π. 359. ΑΛΛ' ἰδρεῖη μέγαν ἀνδρᾶ. SYN. Ἐπινοῖα, ἐμπερία, σόφια.

Ίδρις, ἰδς, peritus: skilled. Καὶ κᾶκων πολ-λῶν ἰδρις Med. 285. SYN. Ἐμπερὸς, συνέτος, πύκνος, σόφους, ἐχέφρων, πέπνυμένους.

Ίδρώς, ποῖτ. Ίδρῶς, sudo: to sweat. Ίδρώσει δὲ τεῦ ἱππὸς B. 390. Θ. 543. SYN. Ἰδῶα, ὑγραίνωμαι. PHH. Μοὶ κατὰ μὲν χροῖν ῥέεν ἀσπέτους ἰδρῶς Theoc.

Ίδρυμᾶ, αὐτός, τὸ, opus constructum, ara, fundamentum: a thing founded, an altar, foundation. Θεῶν δ' ἰδρυμᾶτα Agam. 330. See below. SYN. Ναός, εἰρσιμᾶ, ἔδρα.

Ίδρυω, ἰδρυμῖ, sedere facio, colloco: to place in a seat, station. Πενθέα (dissyll.) δ' ἰδρύσας ἐλάτριν ὥς ἐπὶ Bacch. 1070. Hipp. 33. SYN. Ίζω, καθίζω, καθίσδω.

Ίδρως, αὐτός, acc. ἰδρώτῃ, vel ἰδρῶ, ὁ, sudor: sweat, perspiration. Πλέων δὲ τοῖς ὕδρῳιν ἐστάλασσε ἰδρῶς Phœn. 1403. SYN. Ίδως. EP. Αἰματῶντες, νύτῳς, πόλως, ἀτέλεστος, θερμὸς, μυδάλεος, αἰνός.

Ίδρώς. See Ίδρω.

Ίέμαι, (1) mitto me, eo cum impetu: to send one's self, go eagerly; (2) cupio, desidero: to desire. Ίέμενος καὶ καπνὸν α. 58. SYN. (1) Ὁρμᾶς, θόρως, ἐπειμὶ, (2) ἐφίεμαι, ἐπιθυμέω, προθύμευμαι.

Ίερακίσκος, οὐ, ὁ, parvus accipiter: a little hawk. Av. 1111. See Ίεραξ, ακός.

Ίεραξ, ακός, Ion. Ίρηξ, ἡκός, ὁ, accipiter: a bird sacred to Apollo, a hawk. Ὡς περ Δεράπων ἱέρακα Av. 516. O. 237. SYN. Κίρκος, αστέριος. EP. Οὐδὲρδως, ἀκνπτερός, τάνυσιπτερός, κνκιστος πέτεηνων, τᾶχως ἀγγέλως Ἀπόλλωνος, ἀκνπτερός.

Ίερεῖα, ἱέρια, as, ἡ, sacerdos, fem.: a priestess. Ἀθηνᾶν ἱέρειαν Z. 300. Ναοῖσι δ' ἐν τοῖσδ' ἱέρειαν τίθησιν με Iph. T. 34. SYN. Οὔτρία, ἀρήτειρα, κληδουχός.

Ίερίδν, ἱερῆῖδν, ἱερὸν, ἱρὸν, οὐ, τὸ, victima: a victim. Ἐθυσεν ἱερίδν τί σὼθεις ὁ δὲ τίς ἂν Plut. 1180. X. 159. ε. 102. E. 10. SYN. Θῦμα, σφάγιον, ἐπιθώμιον, ευχολῆ.

Ίερεὺς, ἱεὺς, ἔως, Ion. ἦδς, ὁ, sacerdos: a priest. Χρύσης δ' αὐθ' ἱερεὺς A. 370. Ίεὺς Ἡραλστοῦ E. 10. SYN. Ἀρητήρ, διηπόλδς. Ίερεύω, ἱερεύω, sacrifico, consecro: to sacrifice, consecrate. Ἦνις ηἰεστὰς ἱερεύσμεν Z. 275. Καὶ βοὺς ἱερεύσασθαι τ. 198. SYN. Θῶω, σφάττω, ἐρδω, βέζω, οὔδω.

Ίερίδν. See Ίερίδν.

Ίερόδδκος, ὄν, sacer: sacred. Æsch. Sup. 368. See Ίερός.

ἱερῶντος, ὄν, sacrificatus: sacrificed. Av. 1266. See ἱερὸν and Θυτήρ.

ἱερόμηνια, as, pro ἱερόνουμηνία, calendæ: the first day of the month that happens to be a festival, the first day of the new year. Nem. 3. 4. See ἱερὸν.

ἱερόμηνυν, fungor munere ἱερομήμονος: to be appointed to superintend the sacrifices. Τητὲς ἱερόμηνυν κἀπειθ' ὑφ' ἡμῶν τῶν θεῶν (troch. tetram.) Nub. 624.

ἱερὸν, οὐ, τὸ, (1) templum: a temple; (2) sacrificium, victima: a sacrifice. Ἐνεστὶ δ' ἱερὸν τῆς Δίκης ἐμοὶ μέγα Helen. 1001. SYN. (1) see Ναός; (2) see ἱερεῖον. PHR. Θεοῦ ἀγλαὸς ἔδρα.

ἱερός, ἱρὸς, ἄ, ὄν, sacer, sacrosanctus, vastus: sacred, holy, vast, magnificent. Κρήνην ἱεροῦς κατὰ βωμοῦς B. 305. Iph. T. 1102. I in ἱρὸς long, as in ἱρεῖς. SYN. Ὀσίος, σεμνός, εὐάγης, ἅγιος, θεῖος, μέγας, θαυμαστός.

ἱερόταπτος, ὄν, sancte velatus: sacredly clad. Æsch. Sup. 24. Sed ab omnibus jam recepta lectio est ἑριστατέτοις.

ἱερόσυλῶ, sacrilegium committo: to commit sacrilege. Vesp. 844. See below.

ἱερόσυλος, οὐ, ὁ, sacrilegus: a robber of sacred things, a sacrilegious person. Ἐτῆροί δ' ἐπλοῦτον ἱερόσυλοι ῥήτορες Plut. 30.

ἱερών, ὡνός, ὁ, Hiero: king of Syracuse. En δ' αὐτοῖς ἱερών Theoc. 16. 80.

ἱερόνυμος, οὐ, ὁ, Hieronymus. Αργεῖος ἁμά-θης ἀλλ' ἱερόνυμος σόφος Eccles. 201.

ἱεῶ, jacio, mitto: to hurl, send. Eur. El. 592. I, ut in ἱημί. SYN. see ἱημί.

ἱζάω, ἱζώ, ἱζόμαι, sedere jubeo; instituo: to seat; to establish. Ἐρυκέ καὶ ἱζάνεν ευρύν ἄνωγα V. 258. Hec. 114. SYN. Κάθίζω, κάθιζάω, κάθημαι, ἔζομαι, καθέζομαι, ἐμπίπτω.

ἱή, ἦς, ἡ, Ion. pro ἱά, q. v. Item, ἱή, interj. Oh! ἱή Παιδῶν ἀκούομεν Call. 2. 97.

ἱήϊος, ὄν, (1) sospitalis, aut jacular, epith. Apollinis: healing, or shaft-hurling; (2) lugubris: mournful. Θαρσύνεσκόν ἔπεσον ἱήϊε κεκληγυῖα Apoll. R. 2. 714.

ἱηκόπς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, doloribus medens: alleviating labour. ἱηκόπων οὐ πέλαιθες ἐπ' ἄρωγαν Ran. 1265. The ι, we presume, is common, as in ἱάομαι.

ἱήλεμος. See ἱάλεμος.

ἱημί, ἦσω, ire facio, mitto, emitto: to hurl, send, send out. Πολλὰς ἱεῖσά μετὰ σέβας ὄρου-μάτων Iph. A. 1101. Ὡς φάσαν εἰσεῖαι ὄπα μ. 192. SYN. Ἀφίημι, ἐφίημι, προίημι.

ἱσηνίς, Ion. pro ἱασονίς. See in ἱασονίς.

ἱshaw. See ἱshaw.

ἱτηρ, ἱτηρὸς. See ἱατήρ.

ἱθαγής, ἔος, ex legitimā uxore natus, genuinus; indigena: legitimately born, genuine; native. Ἴσων ἱθαγενέσσιον ἔτιμα ξ. 203. SYN. Γνήσιος, ἐγχώριος, πόλιτης, ἀντόχθων.

ἱθαίμενης, ἔος, ὁ, Ithamenes: a noble Lycian. Σθενέλαδιν ἱθαίμενος φίλον νιδόν Π. 586.

ἱθάκη, ἦς, ἡ, Ithaca. Ἰθάκης Ὀδυσσεὺς ἐλάχ' ἀναξ δούλην σ' ἔχειν Troad. 278. ER. Αμφιλόος, εὐδείελος, κρήνη, παπὰ δέσσο, στεῖρὰ, φίλη, εὐκτιμένη, τρηχεῖα, ὑπὸ νῆϊος, ἀγιάθης, κουργοτρόφος. PHR. see δ. 605.

ἱθάκησιος, ὄν, Ithacensis: of Ithaca, Ithacan. Κέκλυτ' ἐλὴ νῦν μευ Ἰθάκησιό β. 25.

ἱθάκος, οὐ, ὁ, (1) Ithacus: Ithacus, the son of Pterelaus, the founder of Ithaca; (2) Itha-

censis: of Ithaca. Τὴν ποίησ' Ἰθάκος καὶ Νηρίτς p. 207. Cycl. 103.

ἱθαῖ, ἄτος, τὸ, gressus, passus: motion, step, velocity. ἱθαῖ ὁμοῖα E. 778. SYN. Ἰχνός, βῆμα, στίβος.

ἱθῦ. See ἱθῦς.

ἱθυδίας, οὐ, ὁ, cujus judicia recta sunt: one whose judgment is correct. Οὐδὲ πὺρ' ἱθυδίας Hes. Op. 228. SYN. ἱθῦς, δίκαιος.

ἱθύνω, rego; corripo; multo: to direct; to correct; to fine. Οἰακὰς ἱθύνει δρόμον Hipp. 1222. SYN. Κάτευθύνω, ευθύνω, ορθῶ, ὁρμάω, ἐξίσω, δίκω.

ἱθυπτιών, ὡνός, recta vñans: flying in a straight course. Δευτέρως αὐτ' Ἀχιλεὺς μέλινην ἱθυπτιῶνα Φ. 169.

ἱθῦς, et ἱθῦ, recta, obviam: straight forward. Οἱ δὲ μένος χειρῶν ἱθῦς φέρον E. 506. Τέτραπτό πρὸς ἱθῦ οἱ Ξ. 403. SYN. Ευθύ, ορθῶς, δίκαιως.

ἱθῦς, εἰᾶ, ὅ; ὑτῆρος, ὑτᾶτος, rectus, justus: direct, straight, upright, just. Δανάων ἱεῖα γὰρ ἔσται Ψ. 580. SYN. Ορθῦς, ευθύς, δίκαιος, ἀληθής, θαυμαστός.

ἱθῶ, recta feror: to move in a straight course, to assail. Ἰθῶεῖ ἀλλ' οὔτι πρήσσει A. 551. SYN. Ὀρμαῖω, ἐφορμαῖω, φερόμαι, ἐφέμαι.

ἱθώμη, ἦς, ἡ, Ithome: a city of Thessaly. Τρίκην καὶ ἱθώμην B. 730.

ἱκανός, ἦς, ὄν, idoneus: equal, competent. Ἄλις γὰρ εἶδαν ἱκανὸς ἂν γένοιτο συ Here. F. 493. SYN. Εξαρκής, διαρκής, ἐπιτήδειος, χρήσιμος, δοκίμος, ἀξίος.

ἱκάνω, venio; precor: to come, to come to the knees of another to supplicate. Ἀχαιῶ γαῖαν ἱκάνει A. 254. SYN. Αφικάνω, ἱκω, ἱκνέομαι, παρρηγιγνώμαι, κατὰ λαμδῶν, ἱκτεῖνω.

ἱκαρίος, οὐ, ὁ, (1) Icarus: the father of Penelope; (2) adj. sc. πόντος: Icarian, the Icarian sea, so called from Icarus, the son of Dædalus, or from a small island near Samos. Πόντου ἱκαρίου B. 145.

ἱκάρος, οὐ, ἡ, Icarus: one of the Cyclades. Λήμνον ἱκάρον δ' ἔδος Pers. 890.

ἱκέλδς, ἦς, ὄν, similis: like, resembling. Ἡ δ' ἀνδρὶ ἐκέλῃ Τρώων Δ. 86. SYN. see Εἰκέλδς.

ἱκέσια, as, ἡ, supplicatio: a supplication, prayer. Στρατεύμ' ἰδεῖν Αργεῖον ἱκέσιασὶ σάις Phoen. 91. SYN. Αἰτή, δέσις, δέμημα, ευχαλή, ευχή, ἱκέτηρια.

ἱκέσιος, ὄν, supplex, supplicum præsens: suppliant, protecting suppliants. Θάρσει πέφηνγας τὸν ἐμὸν ἱκέσιον Δία Hec. 345. SYN. ἱκέτη-ρίος, ἱκέτηριος, ἱκέτησιος, ἱκέτης.

ἱκέταδόκος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, supplices admittens: suppliant-receiving. ἱκέταδόκου γὰρ τῆσδ' ἀπὸ σκόπης ὄρω Æsch. Sup. 721.

ἱκέτεω, supplico: to supplicate. Ὡ μῆτ' ἱκέτεω σὲ μὴ πίσει μοι Orest. 249. SYN. Εξ-ἱκέτεω, ἀντόμαι, γόνυπέτεω, λιπαρέω, λισσόμεναι, δέομαι, προσκυνέω, προσπίπτω.

ἱκέτηρία, as, ἡ, supplicatio: a supplication. ἱκέτηριαν δὲ γόνάσιν ἐξάπτω σέθεν Iph. A. 1216.

ἱκέτης, οὐ, ὁ; ἱκέτις, ἰδός, ἡ, supplex: suppliant. ἱκέτης ἀφύλλον σὺ μάτ' ἐξάπτω λῖτας Orest. 377. Here. F. 715. SYN. ἱκέσιος, πρὸς ἱκτῶρ, ἱκτῆρ, ἱκτῶρ, γόνυπέτης, ἐφεσίτις. ER. Αἰδοῖς, λυγρός, πρηνής. PHR. see Æsch. Sup. 22.

ἱκέτησιος, ὄν, supplicum vindex: the avenger

of suppliants. Ἰκετῆσις ὅς τε καὶ ἄλλους ν. 213. SYN. see Ἰκεσιός.

Ἰκετίς. See Ἰκετής.

Ἰκμαίνω, humecto: to wet, moisten. Ὡς τῆς ἰκμαίνοντο Apoll. 4. 1066. SYN. Ἰγραίνω.

Ἰκμαλῖος, οὐ, ὁ, Iemalius: the name of an architect. Ποίησ' Ἰκμαλῖος τ. 57.

Ἰκμας, ἄδως, ἡ, humor, vapor: moisture, vapour. Κυκλῶσ' ἄφαρ δὲ τοῖ ἰκμας ἐξῆ P. 392. SYN. Νῶτις, ἄτμῖς. EP. Κατάρρῳτος, νεκτάρεια, λειριδέσσα.

Ἰκμενός, ὅν, qui venit: one who has come. Πολλὰ γὰρ τοῖς ἰκμενοῖς Philoct. 494.

Ἰκμενός, η, ὅν, commodus, secundus: suitable, favourable. Τοῖσιν δ' ἰκμενὸν οὐρὸν A. 479.

Ἰκνεῖσθαι, venio; supplico: to arrive at; to supplicate. Σε καὶ σ' ἰκνεῖσθαι σὲ δὲ φίλης παρρηίδος Iph. T. 1070. SYN. see (1) Ἰκω; (2) Ἰκτεῦω, Ἀντῶμαι, Δεδῶμαι.

Ἰκρίον, οὐ, τὸ, tabula, assae: a plank, the deck of a ship. Αἰπε' δ' ἰκρίᾳ νηὸς εἰσης O. 729. SYN. Ἐπικρίον, σάνις, καρχησίον.

Ἰκτάρ, (1) juxta: near: (2) nuper: lately; (3) statim: immediately. Ἰκτάρ ἅμα βροντῇ τέ Hes. Theog. 686. SYN. (1) Πλησίον, ἐγγύς; (2) ἀρτί; (3) ταχυστά.

Ἰκτῆρ, ἥρος; Ἰκτῶρ, ὕρος; et Ἰκτῆριος, ὅν, supplex: suppliant, supplicatory. Ἰκτῆρες ἐπιστόν' ἀχοῦσι OE. R. 196. Heracl. 365. OE. R. 3. SYN. Ἰκέτης, ἰκετήριος, ἰκεσιός, κλεπάρης.

Ἰκτινός, οὐ, ὁ, milvus: a kite or glead. Πρό- κυλινδεσθαι τοῖς ἰκτινοῖς Av. 501. EP. Ἀρταξ, παντόφθαλμος.

Ἰκτίς, ἰδῶς, ἡ, mustela silvestris, lutra: an otter. Ἰκτιδᾶς ἐνυδρὼς ἐγχελεῖς Κωπαῖδας Acharn. 880.

Ἰκτῶρ. See Ἰκτῆρ.

Ἰκω, et Ἰκῶμαι, venio: to come. Ἐχρῆν πρό- θαινὼν ἰκῶμην δι' ἀστέος Orest. 624. SYN. Ἀφικνεῖσθαι, ἐρχομαι, ἐπερχομαι, παρᾱγίγνομαι, ὀφείμι.

Ἰλα, Dor. pro Ἰλη, ης, ἡ, ala, turma: a troop, assembly. Ἐνθα μὲν εὐφρόνεις ἱλαί Nem. 5. 70. SYN. Εἰλη, ἀγέλη, τάξις, στίφος, οὐλάμους.

Ἰλαδών, turmatim, affatim, statim: in troops, in swarms, immediately. Ἰλαδὼν εἰς ἀγὼρῃν B. 93. SYN. Ἀγέληδων, πασσοῖδι, ἀθρόως.

Ἰλαός, οὐ; Ἰλέως, ω, propitius: propitious, placable. Σὺ δ' Ἰλαδὼν ἐνθεῶ θυμόν I. 635. Αὐτίκ' ἐπειθ' Ἰλαὺς Ὀλύμπιος A. 583. Trach. 776. SYN. Ευμένης, πρῶος, εὐνός.

Ἰλαρός, ὅν, hilaris: cheerful. Ἰλαροὶ πῖωμὲν οἶνον Anacr. 41. 26. SYN. Φαιδρός, τερπνός, εὐχάρις, περὶχάρης, ἡδὺς, ἀγάνως.

Ἰλάω, Ἰλάσκω. See Ἰλῆσκω.

Ἰλέος, οὐ, ὁ, latibulum serpentum: a serpent's den. Ἰλέον οὐκ οἰκησὶν Theoc. 15. 9. SYN. Εἰλέος, φωλέως.

Ἰλέως. See Ἰλαός.

Ἰλη. See Ἰλα.

Ἰλῆϊός, ὅν, Iliacus: Trojan. Φεύγω πρὸς πέδιον Ἰλῆϊον Φ. 556. SYN. Ἰλῖός.

Ἰλῆκω, Ἰλημί, Ἰλάω, Ἰλάσκω, (1) propitio: to appease; (2) propitius: sum: to be propitious. Ἡμῖν ἰλῆκροῖ καὶ αὐάντοι θεοὶ ἄλλοι φ. 365. γ. 380. Theoc. 15. 143. A. 386. On the quantity of the first syllable of these words, see Heyne A. 585. SYN. (1) Ἀρέσκω; (2) Ἰλέως, ευμένης εμῖ.

Ἰλιάδης, οὐ; Ἰλιάς, ἄδως, ἡ, Trojanus, Tro-

jana: a Trojan, of Troy. Androm. 1014. Τῆς Ἰλιάδος λόγῃς αἰχμῇ Hec. 101.

Ἰλιγγῖαω, vertigine laboro: to labour under a dizziness. Ἰπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ γὰρ τῶν ὀπλων ἰλιγγῖα Acharn. 556. Prima syllaba est longa, ad quantitatem vocis εἰλιγγός, q. v.

Ἰλιθῆν, Ἰλιθθί, Ἰλιθφί, prisc. form. ab

Ἰλιθῶν, οὐ, τό; Ἰλιάς, οὐ, ἡ, Ilium, Troja: Ilium, Troy. Πρεμμενοῦς τ' ἀπ' Ἰλίου Hec. 538. EP. Αἰπεινὸν, αἰπύ, ἐρατεινὸν, ευναιόμενον πολιοῖθρον, εὐπωλὼν, ευτείχεῖον, ηνέμωδον, ἱρὸν, αἰθάλῶδον, πατρίς Ἰλιάς, ὀφρυδῶν, Δαρδανίον, καλ- λίσθωδον, Φρύγιον. PRR. Ξεστὰ Πέργαμᾶ Ἀπολ- λωνία.

Ἰλιονεύς, ἔως et ἦος, ὁ, Ilioneus: a noble Trojan. Ἀγαυοῦ Ἰλιονέως Ξ. 501.

Ἰλιάς. See Ἰλιθῶν.

Ἰλλάς, ἄδως, ἡ, vinculum, funiculus: a band, rope. Ἰλλάσιν οὐκ ἐθέλοντὰ N. 573. SYN. Δεσμός, σχοινίον.

Ἰλλός, ὅν, strabus: goggle-eyed. Thesm. 846. SYN. Στρέβλος, τυφλός.

Ἰλλυριός, ὅν, Illyricus: Illyrian. Πειωνῆτες ὥσπερ Ἰλλυριοὶ κέκρυγες Aves 1520.

Ἰλλω, i. q. Εἰλω et Εἰλέω, volvo, vincio, nuto: to roll, turn, bind, nod. Apoll. 1. 129. SYN. Σύνειλω, συνστρέφω, συγκλέδω, δέω, δεσμεύω.

Ἰλῶς, οὐ, ὁ, Ilus: the founder of Ilium. Ὅθι Φρύγος πρῶν Ἰλου Theoc. 16. 75.

Ἰλῦεις, εἰσά, ἐν, limosus: muddy. Αὐτὰρ ὁ γ' ἰλῦεντός Apoll. 2. 825.

Ἰλυός, οὐ, ὁ, antra ferarum: a den, cave. Ἰλυὸς ἐδάλλοντο κινώπετ' Call. 1. 24.

Ἰλὺς, ὡός, ἡ, limus, lutum, faex: mud, clay, dregs. Κεῖσθ' ὑπ' ἰλὺος κέκαλνυμμέν' Φ. 318. SYN. Βόρδερος, πηλός, τρυῖς.

Ἰμαῖος, ὅν, (1) hauriens: drawing; unde (2) Ἰμαῖον, carmen quod concinebant aquarum haustores: the song sung by those who drew water. Ἄνῃρ ὕδατῃος ἰμαῖον Call. fr. 42.

Ἰμάς, ἀντός, ὁ, lorum: a thong, string. Τμη- τῶν ἰμάντων οὐ κατόιδ' Hipp. 1240. SYN. Ἀμμά, ὄρυς, δεσμός. EP. Αὐχενίος, βδεῖος, ἔμ- τρητός, δῶος, σκληρός, φαινός, χρυσεὺς, ὠμός, ἀζάλεος, πλεκτός. PRR. Πλεκταὶ συνφιδῆς ἰμάντων.

Ἰμάσθη, ης, ἡ, scutica, flagellum: a whip. Περὶ χρὸι γένετ' ὁ ἰμάσθη N. 43. SYN.

Σκυτάλη, μάστιξ, ἰμάς. EP. Ἀφειδῆς, δαιδάλεα, ἐχιδνήεσσα, ταρτάρια, πληξίπιπτος, πυριφλέγεθων, βρεγδᾶν, ράδιον.

Ἰμάσσω, loris caedo: to whip. Καὶ σε πλη- γῇσιν ἰμάσσω O. 17. SYN. Μαστίζω, παῖω, πληττω, πᾶτάσσω.

Ἰματίον, et (2) dimin. Ἰματίδιον, οὐ, τὸ, (1) vestimentum: a garment; (2) palliola: a little cloak. Τῷ δῶμῃν ἰματίον καθάρων Av. 973. SYN. τοῖσιν ἰματίδιοις καὶ ταῦτ' ἀνευ Lysist. 470. EP. Εσθῆς, ἐσθημῇ, ἀμπέχονη.

Ἰμβριός, οὐ, ὁ, Imbrius: the son-in-law of Priam. Ἰμβριὸν αἰχμητῆρ N. 171.

Ἰμβρός, οὐ, ἡ, Imbrus: an island in the Aegean Sea. Ἰμβρός εὐκτίμενη Hom. Apoll. 36.

Ἰμεῖρω, Ἰμεῖρόμαι, desidero: to desire earnestly, prefer, welcome. Ἦς γαῖης δᾶν' εἰν ἰμεῖρεται α. 59. SYN. Ἐπιθυμῶ, ἵεμαι, ἐφίεμαι, ἐλδομαι, δέλω, πῶθew, ἐπιμαῖομαι. PRR. Φρενάς ἰμερὼ δάμεις.

Ἰμέρας, οὐ, ὁ, Himeras: a river in Sicily, on which the city Himera was situated. Ἰμερὰ ἀνθ'

ὑδάτος βέλτω γάλα Theoc. 5. 124. Ep. Ὑψί-
κρημνός. P.H.R. Εὐδὸρος ἀκτὴ Ἰμέρου.

Ἰμέρσις, εσσα, ἐν, amabilis: lovely. Στῆθεά
δ' ἰμέροντά Γ. 397. SYN. Ἰμερτός, ἔραστός,
πόθενός, χάρις, ἡδὺς, καλός, φρένθελης,
ἐράσιμος, ἐράτεινος, ζηλωτός, τίμιος.

Ἰμέρος, ου, ὁ, (1) desiderium: desire; (2)
Cupido: Cupid. Κανὴς δὲ νύμφης ἰμέρω νικώ-
μενος Med. 556. SYN. (1) Ἐρὸς, ἐπιθυμία,
πόθος, (2) Ἐρως. Ep. Ἀπάτηλός, καλός, οἶος,
δραστός, ἡδὺς. P.H.R. Νικᾷ δ' ἐναργῆς βλεφάρων
ἰμέρος ευλέκτρον νύμφας.

Ἰμερόφωνος, ὄν, suaviloquus: having a charm-
ing voice, tuneful. Theoc. 28. 7. See above.
SYN. Γλυκύφωνος.

Ἰμερτός, ὄν, desiderabilis: desirable, lovely.
Οἷ τ' ἀμφ' ἰμερόν Τιτάρησιν B. 751.

Ἰμόνια, ας, ἡ, funis per quem aqua hauritur:
a bucket rope or chain. Eccles. 351. See be-
low. SYN. Σχοινίον.

Ἰμόνιοστρόφος, ου, ὁ, qui funem ductarium
torquet ad hauriendam aquam: a maker of
bucket-ropes. Πόθεν συνέλεξας ἰμόνιοστρόφου
μέλη Ran. 1297.

Ἰνά, ut; ubi, cum gen.; ubicunque: that, in
order that; where; wherever. Διπλὸν ἴν' Ἄδης
χωρὶς ὥκισται δῖῶν Hec. 2. SYN. Ὀφρά, ὅπως,
ὅπου.

Ἰναχίος, Ἰναχίος, α, ὄν; Ἰναχίονη, ης, ἡ,
Inachos satus: descended from Inachus. Σς τ'
Ἰναχίον σπέρμα P. V. 730. Mosch. 2. 51.
Call. Del. 254.

Ἰναχίδης, ου, ὁ, Inachides: a descendant
of Inachus. Iph. A. 1087. See Ἰναχός.

Ἰναχίος. See Ἰναχίος.

Ἰναχίονη. See Ἰναχίος.

Ἰναχός, ου, ὁ, Inachus: (1) a king of Argolis,
the father of Io; (2) a river in Argolis; (3) a
name of Argolis. Ἐλεξέ δ' ὦ γῆν Ἰναχίου κεκτη-
μένοι Orest. 923. Ep. (2) Ωκεριέθρος, Αργεῖος
πόταμος, (3) εὐπάρθενος. P.H.R. Θῆπυλός Ἦρης.

Ἰνβάλλομαι, similis videor; videor: to seem
like; to seem. τ. 224. SYN. φαίνομαι, εικάζο-
μαι, ὁμοιόομαι, φαντάζομαι.

Ἰνδικός, η, ὄν, Indicus: Indian. Βούλεσθῃ
καὶ τὸν Ἰνδικόν Antig. 1039.

Ἰνδός, ου, ὁ, (1) Indus, fl.: the river Indus;
(2) Indus: an Indian. Æsch. Sup. 292.

Ἰνίον, ου, τὸ, occipitium: the nape of the
neck. Καὶ διὰ νιότην ἦλθεν Ξ. 495.

Ἰνίς, ἰός, ὁ, ἡ, puer, filia, nepos: a son or
daughter, grandchild. Φίλος Αστυάναξ Ἐκτόρος
ἰνις Troad. 572. SYN. Τίος, βρέφης, ἀπὸ γόνος,
νέος, νήπιος, παῖς.

Ἰνώ, ὄος, ἡ, Ino: a sea-goddess. Εὐδουσα δ'
Ἰνοῖς συμφορὰ Eur. fr. Ino, 1. 1. Ep. Ἀμ-
ερότης, ἀγλαόπαις, βούκραϊρος, κέραςφύρος, λυ-
σᾶς, οιστρηθεῖσα, ποντία, πόδηνέμος, τλησιπνός,
Ἀγνηρόρις. P.H.R. Ποντίαν ὁμοβαλᾶμος Νηρηίδων
Pyth. 11. 3.

Ἰνωπός, οῦ, ὁ, Inopus: a river in Delos, near
which Apollo and Diana were born. Ἰνωποῖο
παρὰ βόον Call. 4. 207.

Ἰξάλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, saliens cruribus, impetu-
sax: leaping, capering. Ἰξάλου αἰγός Δ. 105.
SYN. Θουρὸς, φοιτάλεος.

Ἰξεντής, οῦ, ὁ, qui visco aves captat: a bird-
catcher. Bion 2. 1. SYN. Ορνιθευτής, ορνιθ-
θηρής.

Ἰξιόνιος, α, ὄν, Ixionius: of Ixion. Ἰξιόνιης
ἀλχοιο Ξ. 317.

Ἰξίς, ἔως, ἡ, adventus: arrival. Ἰξίς ἐξε-
γάεται Troad. 398. SYN. Ἀφείσις, ἡλύσις.

Ἰξίων, ὄνος, ὁ, Ixion: a noble Thessalian.
Ἰξίον' ἐν δεσμοῖσιν Herc. F. 1289. Ep. Δρομᾶς,
δέσμιος, ἀρμάτηλάτης, πέλατης λέκτρων τῶν
Δῖος. P.H.R. see Pyth. 2. 67.

Ἰξός, οῦ, ὁ, viscum: bird-lime. Cycl. 432.
SYN. Γλοιός, παγίς.

Ἰξὺς, ὄος, ἡ, lumbus, coxa: the spine, the
loins. Καὶ ἰξὺς ἠτὲ κοῦραι Apoll. 4. 1347.

Ἰδὸλλῶν, sagittas mitto; veneno inficio: to
hurl arrows; to infect with poison. Τὸδ' ἀπ-
έφθισεν ἰδὸλλῆσας Apoll. 4. 1440. SYN. Ἀκον-
τίζω.

Ἰδὸστρυχός, Ἰσπλοκάμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, violaceam
vel nigram comam habens: having black locks
or hair. Isth. 7. 33. Pyth. 1. 2. See Ἰδόν,
Βόστρυχος, and Πλοκάμος.

Ἰδνέφης, ἔος, violaceus, purpureus: violet-
coloured, purple. Τέτάνυστο ἰδνέφες εἶρος
δ. 135. SYN. Μελᾶς, πορφύρεος, ἰοειδής.

Ἰδὸκη, ης, ἡ, pharetra: a receptacle for ar-
rows, a quiver. Ἰδὸκη τέτάνυστο κάτωμαδόν
Apoll. 2. 681. SYN. Φάρετρα.

Ἰδὸκός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sagittas recipiens: receiving
or containing arrows. Ἰδὸκος πολλοὶ δ' ἐνέσαν
φ. 12.

Ἰδοειδής, ἔος, ἡ, niger, purpureus: dark, purple-
hued. Ἡ τε καθαλλόμενη ἰδοειδᾶ Δ. 298. SYN.
Ἰδνέφης, μελᾶς, ανθηρός, πορφύρεος.

Ἰδεις, εσσα, ἐν, niger: violet-hued, dark-
hued. Τίθει ἰδεντὰ σιδήρον ψ. 850. SYN. see
Ἰδοειδής.

Ἰδκάστη, ης, ἡ, Jocasta: the mother and
of Œdipus, called Epicasta by Homer. Κά-
λουσι δ' Ἰδκάστην με τοῦτο γὰρ πατήρ Phœn.
12. P.H.R. see Λ. 270.

Ἰδλαός, et Ἰδλας, ου, ὁ, Iolaus: the son of
Iphiclus; the grandson of Amphytrion. Ἦρως
ὦ Ἰδλαῖ βρότων Hes. Scut. 78. Nem. 3. 61.
Ep. Ἀρηφίλιος, ασιπστής, διδοτρεφής, κράτερύς,
κυδαλίμος, θαρσάλεος, Ἰφίκλειδης. P.H.R. Ὁ μὲν
γέροντος οὐκ ἐστὶν Ἰδλάως δδῇ; νέος μέεσθης ἐκ
γέροντος αὐτῷ Heracl. 793.

Ἰδλεῖα. See Ἰδλη.

Ἰδλη, et Ἰδλεῖα, ης, ἡ, Iole: the daughter of
Eurystus, and wife of Hercules. Ἰδλην ἐφασκῇ
Εὐρύτου σπόραν ἄγειν Trach. 420. Call. Ep.
6. 3.

Ἰδμωρός, ὄν, durationem vitæ violæ habens,
brevis ævi: short-lived. Sed interpretatio hujus
vocis est admodum vexata et incerta. Αργεῖοι
ἰδμωροὶ ἐλεγχέες Δ. 242.

Ἰόν, ου, τὸ, viola; vaccinium: a violet; corn-
flag. Μαλάκοι ἰοῦ ἡδὲ σέλινου ε. 72. SYN.
Κύανανγης, μελᾶν, φόνιον, ὑπόδιφιν.

Ἰονθᾶς, ἀδός, ὁ, ἡ, densos et teneros pilos ha-
bens: dark or thick haired. Ἐπὶ δέρμα ἰονθᾶδός
ξ. 50. SYN. Δᾶσὺς, δᾶσϋβρις.

Ἰονίος, α, ὄν, Ionius: Ionian. Ἰονίῳ ναίεσθαι
πόντῳ (anapæst. dim.) Troad. 227.

Ἰσπλοκάμος. See Ἰδὸστρυχός.

Ἰός, οῦ, ὁ, sagitta; venenum; rubigo: an
arrow; poison; rust. Καὶ ταρφέες οἷ Λ. 387.
SYN. (1) Βέλός, οἰστός, γλύφισ, (2) φάρμακον.
Ep. (1) Αἰγινόεις, πετρώεις, παρφύς, κωμόρρος,
ἀσλῆς, τᾶχὺς, ἀμειλίχους, βάρις, δολιχόσκιος,
δανάτηφύρος, λευγαλέος, λυγρός, καρτέρος, κρι-
ερός, μισαφόνος, οἶος, δλᾶος, χαλκήρης, ακὺς, (2)
ἐχιδναῖος, θυμοφθόρος, δλοφῶδός, χόλδεις, φθισή-
νωρ, φθισιμέροτος, ὑπόκαρδιος.

ἴος, ἄ, ὄν, unus: one. Οὐδ' ἰά γῆρυς Δ. 437. SYN. Εἷς, αὐτός, μόνος.

Ἰοστῆφάνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, coronam e violis gestans: violeta-crowned. Θανυμίζοντες Ἰοστῆφάνου Ἀφροδίτης Hom. Hym. 5. 18.

Ἰότης, ηῖτος, ἡ, cogitatio, voluntas, favor: thought, will, favour. Αλλήλων ἰότητί χάριν E. 874. SYN. Γνώμη, βουλήσις, βουλή, φρόντις, δέλημά, χάρις. ER. Σοφία.

Ἰόν, ἰώ, ἰη, exclamations vel gaudii vel doloris: ah! alas! ho! Ἰόν ἰόν ὡς ἐξενευσά μῆγ' ἄκρατος ἡ χάρις Cycl. 572. Ἰόν, ἰόν, hic et pluribus in locis est extrametrum. Bacch. 566. Call. 2. 97.

Ἰουλός, ου, ὁ, lanugo: the first hair on the chin, down. Τάχιναι δέ τοι ἡλθόν ἰουλοὶ Call. Jov. 56. SYN. Χυθῆ, οὐλός, πάγων. ER. Ευανθής, ἄερος, ἀπάλος, χυθῶν.

Ἰσφών, ὠντός, ὁ, Iophon: the son of Sophocles, who was said to exhibit his father's plays as his own. Ου πρὶν γ' ἂν Ἰσφῶντ' ἀπὸ λάβων αὐτὸν μόνον Ran. 78.

Ἰσχεαίρα, as, ἡ, sagittis gaudens: in arrows. Ἀρτέμις ἰσχεαίρα E. 53.

Ἰνός, οὐ, ὁ, furnace, culina, laterna: a furnace, lantern. Ὁ γὰρ πᾶτήρ εἰς τὸν ἱνὸν εἰσέληλυθεν Vesp. 139. Pax 841. SYN. Κάμινος, εσχήρα, κάπηνη.

Ἰπός, ου, ἡ, onus impositum: a heavy burden. Ἰπὸν νημέουσαν ἐκτοργεῖσθαι Olymp. 4. 11., answered by Καὶ πρὸς ἀσυχίαν φίλδ' ὅλιν κῆδ' ἄρῃ. SYN. Πίεσμος, θλίψις.

Ἰπῶ, comprimo, affligo: to squeeze, pinch. Eq. 924. See above. SYN. Πίεζω, συνθλίβω, θλίβω, ἱπῶ.

Ἰππάγωγος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, equos transportans: conveying horses; ναὺς ἱππάγωγος, a transport. Τὰς ἱππάγωγους εἰσέπῃδων ἀνδρὶκῶς Eq. 599.

Ἰππάζομαι, equito: to ride, drive. Ψ. 426. SYN. Ἰππεύω, πωλῶδαιμῶ, ἱππηλάτῳ, ὀχέομαι.

Ἰππαιχμὸς, ὄν, qui hasta ex equo pugnāt: one who throws the spear from a chariot or on horseback. Nem. 1. 23.

Ἰππᾶλεκτρών, ὄνός, acc. τρῶν ἂν et τρῶω, acc. plur. ὀνῶν et ὄνους (vid. Pors. Præf. ad Hec. xlii. et Opusc. a Kidd. p. 195.), ὁ, magnus galinaceus, animal marinum: a large cock, a sea animal. Av. 800. See Ἀλεκτρυόν.

Ἰππάλιδης, ου, ὁ, eques: one who vaults upon a horse, a horseman. Κάστωρ ἱππάλιδας ἐδάεν Theoc. 24. 127. SYN. see Ἰππότης.

Ἰππαρχός, ου, ὁ, magister equitum, nomen magistratus Athenis: a commander of cavalry, the name of a magistrate at Athens. Av. 799.

Ἰππασία, equitatio: a riding, a ride. Acharn. 1163. Πά brevis, ab ἱππᾶσθαι fut. τοῦ ἱππάζομαι. SYN. Ἰππεύω.

Ἰππασίδης, ου, ὁ, Hippaso satus: the son of Hippasus. Ἰππασίδην Χάρῳπ' οὐτάσῃ Δ. 426.

Ἰππᾶσος, ου, ὁ, Hippasus: a noble Trojan. Ἰππᾶσου υἱὲ δαΐφρῶνός Δ. 450.

Ἰππεία, i. q. Ἰππᾶσία, q. v. Herc. F. 374.

Ἰππείδος, Ἰππῖος, Ἰππικός, ἡ, ὄν, equester, equinus: of a horse, equestrian. Heracl. 845. Phœn. 1721. Bacch. 501. SYN. Πωλίκος, ἐφιππός.

Ἰππερός, ου, ὁ, equorum amor: fondness for horses. Nub. 74.

Ἰππευμά, ἄτος, τὸ, equitatio: a ride, incur-sion. Iph. T. 1429. SYN. Ἰππεία, ἱππᾶσία, πόρειά. ER. Μᾶκρον, δῶδν.

Ἰππεύς, ἔως, et Ion. Ἰππευτής, οὐ et ἦς, ὁ, eques: a horseman. Eur. Sup. 676. Herc. F. 408. SYN. see Ἰππότης.

Ἰππευτής. See Ἰππεύς.

Ἰππεύω, equito: to ride, drive a horse. Herc. F. 996. SYN. Ἰππάζομαι, ἐλαύνω, πωλῶ, ὀχέομαι, ἱππηλάτῳ.

Ἰππηδόν, equitantum vel equorum modo, per jubam: like a horseman, by the mane. Sept. Th. 317.

Ἰππηλάσιος, α, ὄν; Ἰππηλάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, equitabilis: fit for driving. Ἰππηλάσῃ ὁδὸς εἴη H. 439. δ. 607. SYN. Ευρύχωρος, πλατύς, λεῖος.

Ἰππηλάτῳ, equos agito, equito: to drive horses, to ride. Ὡσθ' ἱππηλάτῳ Av. 1442. SYN. see Ἰππεύω.

Ἰππηλάτης, ου, ὁ, auriga: a charioteer. Ἰππηλάτᾳ Πηλεὺς H. 125. SYN. see Ἰππότης.

Ἰππηλάτος, i. q. Ἰππηλάσιος, q. v. See above.

Ἰππημολγός, οὐ, ὁ, qui equas mulget: one who milks mares; Ἰππημολγοί, the name of a people. N. 5.

Ἰππῖανος, ἀνακτός, ὁ, dux equitum: a commander of cavalry. Ἰππῖανακτας (anap. monom.) Pers. 991. SYN. Ἰππαρχός.

Ἰππικός. See Ἰππείδος.

Ἰππῖος. See Ἰππεύς.

Ἰππῖοχαίτης, ου, setis equinis factus: made of horses' mane. Δόφον ἱππῖοχαίτην Z. 469.

Ἰππῖοχάρμης, Ἰππῖοχάρμης, ου, equis gaudens: delighting in horses. Τρώϊδον ἱππῖοχάρμην Ω. 257. Olymp. 1. 35. SYN. Φίλιππος, ἱππότης.

Ἰππῖοδάμων, ὄνός; Ἰππῖοδάτης, ου, eques: horse-mounted, equestrian. Ῥήμαθ' ἱππῖοδάμονα Ran. 821. Pers. 26. SYN. Ἰππείδος, ἱππῖος, ἱππικός.

Ἰππῖοδέτης, ου, ὁ, qui equos alit; qui gloria præcellit: a feeder of horses; a knight, illustrious. Iph. A. 1059. SYN. Ἰππότης, ἱππῖοτρόφος, ἱππῖονόμος, ἱππῖοβουκόλος, ἱππῖοφύρεϊος.

Ἰππῖοδότης, ον, equis pascendis aptus: fit for feeding horses, rich in pasture. Androm. 1280. SYN. Ἰππῖοτρόφος.

Ἰππῖοδουκόλος, ου, ὁ, equiso: a groom. Phœn. 28. SYN. see Ἰππῖοδέτης.

Ἰππῖοδάμης, αντός, ὁ, Hippodamas: a noble Trojan. Ἰππῖοδάμαντ' ὃ' ἐπειτὰ T. 401.

Ἰππῖοδάμειά, as, ἡ, Hippodamia: the name of several illustrious women. Κλυτὸς Ἰππῖοδάμεια B. 742.

Ἰππῖοδάμης, Dor. pro Ἰππῖοδημῖος, ου, ὁ, Hippodemus: Hippodemus. Ὁ δ' Ἰππῖοδάμου λείβετ'αι Eq. 322.

Ἰππῖοδάμης, ου, ὁ, domitor equorum: a tamer of steeds, warlike. Ἐκτόρος ἱππῖοδάμοιο Ω. 804. SYN. Ἰππύτης, ἱππικός, ἱππείδος, ἱππῖος, ἱππῖοχάρμης.

Ἰππῖοδάσους, εἰᾶ, ὅ, hirsutus e setis equinis: thick with horse-hair. Φᾶλδον ἱππῖοδάσεας Δ. 459.

Ἰππῖοδεσμὸν, ου, τὸ, habena: a rein, halter. Hipp. 1220. SYN. Φίμος, χάλινος, ἱμάς.

Ἰππῖοδέτης, ου, ligans equum: serving to bind a horse, stout. Aj. 241.

Ἰππῖοδιώκτης, οὐ, ὁ, agitator equorum: driver of horses. Θεοσάλδος ἱππῖοδιώκτης Theoc. 14. 12. SYN. Ἰππότης.

Ἰππῖοδρόμια, as, ἡ, cursus equorum; ludi Circenses: a horse-race, combat of horsemen.

Τρίτη δὲ μετὰ ταῦθ' ἵπποδρομίαν ἀέξετε Pax 899.

Ἴπποδρομῖος, ὄν, ad cursum equorum perti-
nens, equester: of the horse-race, equestrian.
Isth. 1. 76. See above.

Ἴπποδρομῖος, οὐ, ὁ, cursus equorum, circus: a
race-course. Iph. T. 1139. See above.

Ἴπποθῆ, et Ἴππὸνθῆ, ἡ, Hippothoë, et
Hipponeë: the daughters of Nereus and Doris.
Hes. Theog. 251.

Ἴπποθῶς, οὐ, ὁ, Hippothous. B. 840.

Ἴπποκάνθαρος, οὐ, ὁ, vox ab Aristophane con-
ficta, hippocantharus: a horse-beetle. Τοῦτ' ἵ
ἐστὶ τὸ κακὸν ἵπποκάνθαρος Pax 181.

Ἴπποκέλευθος, οὐ, ὁ, iter equo faciens: travel-
ling on horseback. Π. 126.

Ἴπποκόμῳ, equos euro: to attend to horses.
Pax 74.

Ἴπποκόμῖος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, equinis pilis exornatus:
adorned with horse-hair. Π. 797.

Ἴπποκόρυστος, οὐ, ὁ, bellator habens galeam,
i. e. cristam setis equinis tectam: having a horse-
haired helmet, a noble warrior. Π. 287. SYN.
see Ἴπποτης.

Ἴπποκόων, ὠντός, ὁ, Hippocoon: a Thracian
prince. K. 518.

Ἴπποκράτης, ἔος, ὁ, Hippocrates. Τοῖς Ἴππο-
κράτους υἱεῖσιν εἰς Nub. 1001.

Ἴπποκρημνός, ὄν, rupium modo grandis: very
precipitous, high-sounding. Καὶ ῥήμαδ' ἵππο-
κρημνὰ Ran. 929.

Ἴπποκρύβος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, equis perstrepsens:
sounding with the feet of horses. Helen. 207.

Ἴππολόχος, οὐ, ὁ, Hippolochus. Z. 206.

Ἴππολύτη, ἡ, Hippolyte. Ἴππολύτης ἐμὲ
δ' εἶρε Apoll. 2. 779. PHR. see Nem. 5. 48.

Ἴππολύτης, οὐ, ὁ, Hippolytus: the son of
Theseus and of Hippolyte. Ἴππολύτης ἀγνοῦ
Πιθέως παιδεύματα Hipp. 11. PHR. Ὁ Ἑλ-
ληνίας φανερῶτάτος ἀστὴρ Ἀθήνας Hipp. 1120.

Ἴππομάνης, ἔος, τὸ, veneficium amoris equis
innatum; planta quædam: a love-charm in
horses; a plant which, when eaten by a horse,
renders him furious. (See Virg. Georg. 3. 280.)
Ἴππομάνης φύτον ἐστὶ Theoc. 2. 48.

Ἴππομάνης, ἔος, valde insanus: outrageously
mad. Aj. 143. See above. Expr. Μεγαλομάνης,
ἵτοι ὁ μέγαλως μαινόμενος.

Ἴππομάχος, οὐ, ὁ, Hippomachus: a noble
Trojan. Ἴππομάχων βάλε δούρι M. 189.

Ἴππομέδων, ὠντός, ὁ, Hippomedon: one of the
seven Argive chiefs. (See note at Ἑτεύκλῆς.)
Eur. Sup. 891.

Ἴππομένης, ἔος, ὁ, Hippomenes: the suitor of
Atalanta. Theoc. 3. 40.

Ἴππομητίς, ἴος, militiæ equestris peritus: skil-
ful in equestrian warfare. Isth. 7. 12.

Ἴππονίκος, οὐ, ὁ, Hipponicus. Κάξ Ἴππονίκου
Καλλίας Av. 284.

Ἴππὸνθῆ, ἡ. See Ἴπποθῆ.

Ἴπποπόδῖος, ὄν, equos pascens: tending horses
or large cattle. (See Viger., p. 74., on the
meaning of words compounded with βοῦς and
ἵππος.) Aj. 232.

Ἴπποπόδῖος, οὐ, ὁ, Hipponous: a Grecian com-
mander. A. 303.

Ἴπποπόδας, οὐ, ὁ, equos agitans: driving
horses. Nub. 572. SYN. see Ἴπποτης.

Ἴπποπόλος, ὄν, equos alens: conversant with
horses, skilful in managing them. Ξ. 227.

Ἴππος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, equus, equa; equitatus: a

horse, mare; cavalry. Phoen. 3. SYN. Πῶλος.
Εἶρ. Δούρειος, πτέρδεις, γυνῆς, ζυγὸς, ἵππος,
κῦανός, πηλὸς, τὰχῆς, τέτραδος, τέτρα-
δάμων, ἀθλοφόρος, ἀερίπους, αἶθων, ἀριστός,
ἀρσην, ἀφάρτερος, βράδῦς, δίς, ἐρίαυχην, ἐρυσ-
σάμην, εὔσκορμος, καλλίβρις, μέγας, μώνυξ,
πόδας, τὰχῆς, ὑψηλῆς, ὠκὺς, ὠκίπους, ἀελλο-
πους, ἀρίπρεπτος, αἶθλος πόδας, στατός, ἀθλοφόρος,
ἀργίπους, εὐβρις, κεντηνέης, κράτερονυξ, χρυ-
σάμην, χαλκόπους, κῦανόχαιτης, ὠκίπτης,
μαργός, ἀγάθος, ἀγῆνωρ, ἀνικητός, δεξιός, λυσσός,
ξανθός, κόμωρ, μέγαλῃτωρ, λασιόαυχην, ὑψιλο-
φός, κράτερος, Θεσσαλός, Ορηκίος, Τρώϊος,
Πολυγένης, ἀθανάτος. PHR. Λευκότεροι χιόνος,
θελεῖν δ' ἀνέμοισιν ὁμοῖοι κ. 432, χρυσεῖσιν
θεοῖσιν κόμωντε Θ. 42. δεῦρος ἀκέντητον ἐν
δρομοῖσι παρέχων Olymp. 1. 33. See also
Hipp. 1223. Apoll. 4. 1606.

Ἴπποπόδας, οὐ, ὁ; Ἴπποπόδη, ἡ, agitator et
agitatrix equorum: a driver of horses. Isth. 5.
40. Olymp. 3. 46.

Ἴπποστάσις, ἑως, ἡ, equile: a stable. Ἡλίου
δ' ἵπποστάσεις Eur. fr. Phaëth. 1. 5.

Ἴπποσύνη, ἡ, ἡ, equitandi peritia: skill in
riding or driving the chariot, horsemanship.
Δελασμένους ἵπποσύνων Π. 776. SYN. Ἴππική.

Ἴπποτάδης, οὐ, ὁ, Hippoto satus: the son of
Hippoto. Αἰδολός Ἴπποτάδης κ. 1.

Ἴπποτης, οὐ, ὁ, eques: a horseman, warrior.
Phoen. 1111. SYN. Ἴππεὺς, ἵππαλῆς, ἵππη-
λάτης, ἵπποχάρμης, φίλιππος, ἵππευτής, ἵππο-
δάμων, ἵπποδάτης, ἵπποδάμος, ἵπποδάκτης, ἵππο-
κέλευθος, ἵπποκόρυστος, ἵπποπόδας, ἵπποπό-
λος, ἵπποπόλος, ἐφιππος, διάξιππος, πηλίσπιος, κλυ-
τόπαιος. PHR. Κένταυρ ἵππων.

Ἴπποτίων, ὠνός, ὁ, Hippotion: prince of As-
cania in Phrygia. Καὶ Ἴπποτίων κατέκτα
Ξ. 514.

Ἴπποτοξότης, οὐ, ὁ, eques sagittarius: a bow-
man on horseback. Av. 1179.

Ἴπποτρόφια, ἡ, equorum nutritio: the
keeping or rearing of horses. Ἴπποτροφίας τε
νόμιζον Isth. 2. 55.

Ἴπποτρόφος, ὄν, equos alens: horse-nourish-
ing. Nem. 10. 76. See above. SYN. Ἴππο-
δοτής, ἵπποφόρος.

Ἴπποκρήνη, ἡ, Hippocrene: a fountain
near Helicon. Hes. Theog. 6.

Ἴππορις, ἴος, ἡ, pilis equinis ornatus: adorned
with a horse's tail. Γ. 337.

Ἴπποφόρεῖος, ὄν, equis pascendis aptus:
adapted for feeding horses. Τῶνδ' ἵπποφορέων
ἐπὶ Eur. El. 623. SYN. Ἴπποτρόφος, ἵππο-
δοτός.

Ἴπποχάρμης. See Ἴπποχάρμης.

Ἴππονάξ, ἀκτός, ὁ, Hipponax: a poet who
first wrote Choliambics. Theoc. Ep. 21.

Ἴπταμαι, volo: to fly. Iph. A. 796. SYN.
Πετᾶμαι, πετῶμαι, πτόμαι, ἀνίπταμαι. PHR.
Εἰς ἀκρίξαι αἰθέρα πτέρω Orest. 269. τανῶν
αἰθέρ' ἀμπαλλόμεναι Orest. 316. λαμπρῶν ἀστρων
πλὸν ἐξάνειν Orest. 1702. πτηνὸν ἄραι σῶμ'
ἐς αἰθέρος βάθος Med. 1294.

Ἰπτω, Ἰπτόμαι, lædo, punio: to hurt, punish,
wound. B. 194. SYN. Βάπτω, σίνωμαι, αἰκί-
ζομαι.

Ἰρα, vel Ἰρά, ἡ, forum, locus sacratus ad
conventum populi, templum publicum: a mar-
ket-place, place of public assembly, temple.
Ἰράων πρόδρομοι Ξ. 531. SYN. Ἀγορά, ἐκ-
κλησία.

Ἰρεύς. See Ἰερεύς.

Ἰρεύω. See Ἰερεύω.

Ἰρηξ. See Ἰέραξ.

Ἰρίς, ἰδός, ὁ, (1) Iris, fluv.: a river in Asia Minor; (2) ἡ, arcus coelestis, the rainbow; (3) Iris, dea: the goddess Iris. Μετὰ τόνδ' ἀγχίρροδός Ἰρις Apoll. 2. 367. A. 27. B. 785. EP. (2) Δυσάγγελλος, ἀελλοπῶς, πορφύρεός, πῶδ' ἡνέμους, χρυσόπτερός, τάχεϊά. PHR. (2) Τέρας μερόπων ἀνθρώπων A. 28. Θαύμαντος διγυάτηρ πῶδ' ἄς ωκέα Hes. πωλεῖται ἐπ' ευρεῖα νῶτ' ἰλάσσης.

Ἰρός. See Ἰερεύς.

Ἰρός. See Ἰερός.

Ἰρός, ου, ὁ, Irus: the name of a beggar in Homer. Ἡ τὰχ' Ἰρός αἰρώς σ. 72. SYN. Ἀλητῆς, πτωχός.

Ἰς, ἰνός, ἡ, nervus, fibra, vis: a nerve, fibre, strength. Ἀρβρων ἰνας πτερίγων ῥύμη (anap. dim.) Pax 86. SYN. Ἰνὸν, νεύρον, δυνάμεις, δυνάσις, ισχύς, βία, αλκή. EP. Λευκή, πᾶχειά, αυχενίος, ἀπελῆθρός, κρατῆρ' ἰερά.

Ἰσάδελφός, ὄν, fratris animo præditus: like or equal to a brother. Ἰσάδελφός ἀνὴρ ορθῶν νόσέρον Orest. 1014.

Ἰσάω, ἰσάσκειμαι, adæquo: to make equal. Ἰσάουσο' ἰνὰ παισὶν ἀεκέ' M. 436. Οὐνέκ' ἄρα Λητοὶ ἰσάσκειτό Ω. 607. See below. SYN. Εἰσάσζω, ἰσῶω, ἀνίσωω, ἰσθάριζω.

Ἰσαίωμα, adæquor: to be equal to. Νυξὶν ἰσαίεται ἀμφοτέρησι Arat. Phoen. 513.

Ἰσανδρός, ου, ὁ, Isander: the son of Bellephon. Ἰσανδρόν τε καὶ Ἰππῶλδον Z. 197.

Ἰσανέμος, ὄν, par vento, velocissimus: fleet as the wind. Iph. A. 206. I long, as ἰσὸπᾶλῆς. See Ἀνέμος. SYN. Πῶδ' ἡνέμος, ἀελλοπῶς. PHR. Πνοιῶσιν ἐξειδόμενος ἄνεμόδ, συνδρῶμός αὔραις.

Ἰσάριθμός, ὄν, par numero: equal in number. Ἡ ἰσάριθμὸν Call. 4. 175.

Ἰσάσκειμαι. See Ἰσάω.

Ἰσημί, scio: to know. Νήπιόι ουδὲ ἴσασιν (this is the reading proposed by Professor Gaisford for ουδ' ἴσασιν,) ὅσ' ἂν πλεόν ἡμῶν παντός Hes. Op. 40. SYN. Εἶδω, ἰσθιτάμαι, γινώσκω.

Ἰσηρέτιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, totidem sen æquales remos habens: having as many or equal oars. Ἀργείων δὲ ταῖσδ' ἰσηρέτμοι Iph. A. 242. See Ἰσῆρης.

Ἰσῆρης, ἔος, par, æqualis: equal. Νικᾶν ἰσῆρης ὅστις ἂν ψήφους λάθῃ Iph. T. 1473.

Ἰσθμῖας. See Ἰσθμῖος.

Ἰσθμῖον, ου, τὸ, monile: a necklace. Ἰσθμῖον ἤνεικεν Δερῶπων σ. 299. SYN. Ὀρμός.

Ἰσθμῖος, α, ὄν; Ἰσθμῖας, ἑδός, ἡ, Isthmiacus: Isthmian, Corinthian. Οὐ μαρτύρησαι μ' Ἰσθμῖος Σίνις ποτὲ Hipp. 981. Call. fr. 103. 3. SYN. Κόρινθιός.

Ἰσθμός, οὔ, et dat. οἶ, ὁ, ἡ, terra inter duo maria: a neck of land, land between two seas; the isthmus of Corinth. Herc. F. 953. EP. Ἀλκίονός, κλεινὴ, κλειτῇ, ποντία, πλατεῖα, στενὸν, Δωρία, Κόρινθιός, ἀλκερκῆς. PHR. Ποντίας γέφυρ' ἰερά.

Ἰσίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Isis: an Egyptian goddess. Ἰσιδός εἰδόμενον Call. Ep. 52. 4.

Ἰσχω, (1) adsimulo, fingo: to make like, feign; (2) scio: to know, (3) dico: to say. Theoc. 22. 167. SYN. (1) Εἶσχω, ὁμοῖω, εὐκάζω, (2) λέγω.

Ἰσμάρος, ου, ἡ, Ismarus: a city in Thrace. Ἰσμάρ' ἐνθά δ' ἐγώ ι. 40.

Ἰσμήνη, ἡς, ἡ, Ismene: the daughter of Œdipus and Jocasta. Phoen. 57.

Ἰσμηνία, ας, ἡ, Ismenia. Ευγενὴς Ἰσμηνία Lysist. 697.

Ἰσμήνιος, α, ὄν, Ismenius: of Ismenus. Ἰσμήνιον πρὸς ὀχθὸν Eur. Sup. 665.

Ἰσμηνός, οὔ, ὁ, Ismenus: a river near Thebes in Boeotia. Phoen. 99.

Ἰσθαδαίμων, ὄνός, qui æquali sorte fruitur: equally fortunate. Nem. 4. 136. See Ἰσδήτωρ. SYN. Ἰσθμοῖρος, ἰσθμόρος, ἰσθθέος.

Ἰσθθέος, ὄν, Deo par: godlike, noble. Λήψει τὸ τοῦ Νηρηΐδος ἰσθθὸν γένος Iph. A. 626.

Ἰσδήτωρ, ὄρος, par matri: equal to its mother. Τὸ δὲ θές γ' ἰσθμάτορ' ἂμ' ἰσθθόν Theoc. 8. 14.

Ἰσθμοῖρος, ἰσθμόρος, ὄν, cui portio par datur: having an equal share, equally spread. Ὀππὸ-τὰν ἰσθμόρον O. 209. I in ἰσθμοῖρος, as in ἰσθμήτωρ. SYN. Ἰσθαδαίμων, ἰσθπάλης.

Ἰσθνεῖρος, ὄν, somno similis: like sleep. Ἰσθνεῖρον ἦ τὸ φωτῶν P. V. 564., answered by καὶ λέχος σὺν ἱμνείουσι. SYN. Εὐκλῆνειρος. See Aves 685.

Ἰσθνεὺς, ὄός, fato defunctis par: equal to the dead. Orest. 195., where ἰσθνεὺς answers to ὄν ἐπὶ δόμῳ.

Ἰσθπαις, αἰδός, juvenilis: boy-like. Ἰσθπαῖδ' ἡνέμοντες ἐπὶ σκῆπτροις (anap. dim.) Agam. 74.

Ἰσθπάλης, ἔος, in lucta par, par viribus: equal in wrestling. Ὠρίφός ἰσθπάλης Theoc. 5. 28. SYN. Ἰσός.

Ἰσθπέδον, ου, τὸ, planities terræ: even surface, a plain. Ἰσθπέδον τὸτ' δ' οὔτε N. 142.

Ἰσθρόδπος, ὄν, vergens ad æquilibrium: of equal weight or force, equal. Ἦν δ' ἄγ' ἰσθρόπος Eur. Sup. 716. See below. SYN. Αντίρδπος, ἰσθμοῖρος, ἀντιστάθμος.

Ἰσός, ἐ' Ἰσός, ἡ, ὄν, comp. Ἰσαίτερος ἐ' Ἰσώτερος, par, æquus: equal, impartial. Δοῖον ἀδελφῶν ποὺς ἂν οὐ γένοιτ' ἴσος Eur. El. 536. The penult. of Ἰσός is always long in Homer; but generally, if not always, short in the Attic writers. In other poets it is doubtful. See Damm. in v., and Brunn. Soph. Antig. 837. SYN. Ἐἰσός, ἀλίκυιός, ἐνἀλίκυιός, ἐπικυκῆς, ἀρτίος.

Ἰστέλεστος, ὄν, qui simul absolvitur: having an equal end with. Ἰστέλεστος Ἀἰδός Œ. C. 1221., answered by ἐπιτέλορχ' ἐπὶ μᾶτον.

Ἰσότης, ἡτός, ἡ, æqualitas, æquitas: evenness, equity. Ἰσότητ' ἰταμὴν ἡ φίλους ἀεὶ φίλοις Phoen. 546. SYN. Τὸ ἰσόν, φιλότης.

Ἰσότηρις. See ad v. Ἰσότηρις.

Ἰσθάριζω, æquiparo: to bear an equal part with, to equal. Μένος ἰσθάριζεν Z. 102. SYN. Εἰσθῶμαι, ἰσάω.

Ἰσθόρος, ὄν, æqualem partem ferens: bearing an equal part, a match to. Ἥλικες ἰσθόροι σ. 372.

Ἰσόψηφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, parem auctoritatem habens: having equal right of voting, having votes equally divided. Ἐλευθέρσας τήνδ' ἰσόψηφον πόλιν Eur. Sup. 363.

Ἰσόψυχος, ὄν, unanimis, par animo: unanimous, like-minded. Agam. 1446. See Ἰσόψηφός and Ψυχή.

Ἰσῶω, æquiparo: to equalise. Δρόμου δ' ἰσῶσας τῇ φέσει τὰ τέρμματα Soph. El. 688. SYN. Ἰσάω, ἰσθάριζω, ὁμοῖω.

Ἰσθημί, stare facio, sisto, pendo: to set up, to

weigh; f. στήσω, 1. a. ἐστήσα; (2) steti: to stand; 2. a. ἐστην. Συμφόραιοιν ιστάναυ Alcest. 1174. SYN. Ἀνίσταμι, ἀνέγειρω, ἐπέχω, κατέχω, (2) ἐστήκω, ἑσταῶ.

Ἰστιή, Ion. pro Ἰστία, q. v.

Ἰστία, as, ἡ, Istia: a city in Euboea. Καλκιδά τ' Εἰρετρίαν τε πόλυστάφυλον δ' Ἰστίαιαν B. 537. "Vox hæc aut aliter scripta Homeri ætate, aut secunda et tertia syllaba in unam contrahendæ." Maltb. See Herman. de Metris, p. 30.

Ἰστιόν, ου, τὸ, velum navis: a sail. Ἰστιοὺς κἀραδὸκῶν Troad. 458. SYN. Ὀθὼν, ἀρμένον, λαΐφος, κάλυμμά. Ερ. Λευκόν, ἄκρον, νημεῖον, μέσον. ΡΗΡ. Νηὸς πτέρᾳ ποντοπόροιο λιπὸδεδῆα.

Ἰστιορράφος, ου, ὁ, qui vela suit; dolosus: a sail-maker; crafty. Αὐτὸν ιστιορράφος Thesm. 932.

Ἰστοῦεύς, ἡδς, ὁ, aratri temo: the plough-beam. Hes. Op. 433.

Ἰστοδόκη, ης, ἡ, id in quod reclinator malus navis: the receptacle of the mast when laid down. A. 434.

Ἰστοπέδη, ης, ἡ, in medio navis altum lignum, cui alligatur malus: the wooden step in a ship, in which the lower extremity of the mast is fixed. μ. 51.

Ἰστορέω, inquirō, interrogo, disco: to explore, examine, learn. Helen 415. SYN. Νῶεω, σκόπεω, δᾶσθαι, ἀνιστορέω, εκπυνθάνομαι, μανθάνω, ἐρωτάω, διηγέομαι, ζητέω.

Ἰστορήμα, ἀτός, τὸ, insigne: a device, motto. Anacr. 18. 11.

Ἰστός, οὔ, ὁ, (1) malus navis: the mast of a ship; (2) malus seu lignum e quo stamina seu tela suspenditur: a shuttle; (3) ipsa tela: a web. Hec. 1245. SYN. (2) Ἰψασμά. Ερ. (1) Ἀμαιμάκετος, εἰλατίνος, ὑψικάρηνος, μέγας, (2) καλλιφθογγός, (3) πολυδαίδαλος, ροκέος, λεπτός.

Ἰστοτόνους, ὄν, telam intendens: stretching the web. Ran. 1315.

Ἰστοτρίσης, ἔδς, qui circa malum versatur: engaged near the mast. Ἰστοτρίσης ἀτιμά δ' οὐκ ἐπραξάτην Agam. 1418. Sed Schutz et Porson legunt ιστοτρίσης: et Blomf. sic notat: "Ἰστοτρίσης hodie præfero; verteris pariter versata; compositum ut νειτοτρίσης, &c."

Ἰστοურγέω, telas tracto, telam texo: to work at the loom. Œ. C. 340. SYN. Ἰφαίνω, ὑφάω, πλέκω.

Ἰστρὸς, ου, ὁ, Ister: the river Danube. Olymp. 3. 25. Ερ. Καλλιρέεθρος, ευρὺ βέαν, ἱέρους, κελαινός.

Ἰστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, arbiter, cognitor, iudex; sciens: an umpire, witness, judge; skilled in. Iph. T. 1432. SYN. (1) Μάρτυρος, κρίτης, συν-ἰστωρ, (2) ἐπιστήμων, ἐμπερὸς, ἰδρὺς.

Ισχάδιον. See Ισχάς.

Ισχάδωπαις, ἰδός, ἡ, caricarum venditrix: a seller of dried figs. Ἐδεδίσκετό τὴν ισχάδωπλιν Lysist. 563.

Ισχαίνω. See Ισχάνω.

Ισχάλεός, ὄν, macer, aridus: lean, dry, withered. Ἀδπου κατὰ ισχάλεοιο τ. 233. SYN. Ισχνός, λεπτός, αἰαλῆς, ξηρός.

Ισχάνω, Ion. Ισχάνασκαω, item Ισχάω, Ισχαίνω, et Ἰσχω, sustineo, inhibeo: to sustain, constrain, restrain. Ισχάνα δάκνειν P. 572. O. 723. P. 747. Orest. 293. O. 618. SYN. Ἐπέχω, κατέχω, κωλύω, κρατέω, ἐκτείνομαι.

Ισχάς, ἄδός, ἡ; Ισχάδιον, ου, τὸ, carica, ficus arida: a dried fig. Ενδόθεν τῶν ισχάδων Achar. 770. Plut. 798. SYN. Σῆκον. Ερ. Αῦη, χελιδονίος, Αττική, Φρυγία.

Ισχίον, ου, τὸ, coxa, coxendix: the hip, thigh-bone. Ισχία τε γλουτούς τε Θ. 340. SYN. Κότυλη, μηρός. Ερ. Βῆρυγονών, κοιλόν.

Ισχυαίνω, attenuo: to wither up. P. V. 388. SYN. Κάτισχυαίνω, ψιλῶ, λεπτόνω, ἐκτέκω, πέραιρῶ.

Ισχνός, ἡ, ὄν, macer, gracilis: slender, squeaking. Plut. 561. SYN. Λεπτός, εξίτηλός, σφηκάδης.

Ισχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, robustus, validus: strong, vigorous, severe. Ἐστὶν εἰ δ' ισχυρὸς εἰ Acharn. 591. SYN. Σθενάρος, ἑρισθενής, κράτερὸς, ἰφθίμος, κράταιος, βέβαιος, στίδαρος, μέγας, βάθυσ.

Ισχύς, ὄς, ὁ, Ischus; (2) ἡ, robur, vis: strength; (3) exercitus: an army. Πᾶσά γὰρ ισχύς Ἀσιγγενέτης Pers. 12. SYN. (2) see Αλκή. Ερ. (2) Ἀπλατός, ἀπλῆτος, κράτερᾶ, κράτεράλκης, ὑπερμέγεθς. ΡΗΡ. Ισχύος θράσους.

Ισχύω, robustus sum, polleo: to be strong, prevail, be able. Παῖ σὺ δὲ πατρός γ' ὄσον ισχύεις Aj. 1409. SYN. Δυνάμαι, οἶός τε ἐμὶ, σθένω.

Ισχω, habeo; occupo; reprimo: to have; to occupy; to repress. O. 618.

Ἰσωνία, as, ἡ, pretium par: an adequate price. Αλλ' αἰρεῖ μοι τοῦτόν γέ τῆς ἰσωνίας Pax 1226. See Ἰδός.

Ἰσώνυμος, ὄν, idem nomen habens: of the same name. Ἰσώνυμον ἔμμεν Olymp. 9. 97., answered by ὥστ' ἐμφορὺν δεῖξαι.

Ἰσωπός, ὄν, æque conspicuus: equally conspicuous. Ἰσωποὶ τέλεθιοιεν Arat. Phoen. 77.

Ἰσως, æqualiter; fortasse: equally; probably, perhaps. Ἐπει' ἰσως ἂν δεσποτῶν ὤμων φρένας Hec. 359. SYN. Ταχά.

Ἰταλία, as, ἡ, Italia: Italy. Ἰταλίαν μέδεις δὲ Antig. 1119., answered by Καστάλιος τε νᾶμα. Ερ. Ευρεῖα, κρᾶνᾷ.

Ἰτάμους, ἡ, ὄν, temerarius, procax: bold, saucy. Ἰτάμους κύσιν αἰερόφοιτος Ran. 1292. SYN. Ἀναΐδης, σκληρός, ἀσελγής, θράσους, τολμηρός, ἱτης, ισχυρός, ἀναίσχυτος.

Ἰτέα, as, ἡ, salix; clypeus salignus, hinc qui-vis clypeus: a willow; a shield formed of willow twigs, or shield in general. Κρέαν τὸ γ' ἐν-θένδ' ἰτέαν λάβων χερί Eur. Sup. 705. SYN. Ἰτύς, ασπίς.

Ἰτεῖνός, ὄν, salignus: made of willow. Βρά-χιδνὰς ἰτεῖνοισιν Theoc. 16. 79. SYN. Οισυῖνός.

Ἰτέος, ὄν, eundus: must go. Ἰτέον ὡς ἀνανδρὸν ἀκλέως καθάνεῖν ἀνῶ τᾷδε Orest. 777.

Ἰτης, ου, temerarius: straight-forward, rash. Θράσους εὐγλωττος τολμηρός ἱτης N. 445. SYN. Ἰτάμους, δοῦρος, πρόπῆτης, ἀσουλός, τολμηρός.

Ἰτρίον, ου, τὸ, uterus; placentia: a paunch; a cake made of honey and sesamus. Σησαμόυν-τῆς ἱτρία Acharn. 1091. SYN. Ἡτρίον, καπυ-ρώδη πλάσματά, πέμματά.

Ἰτύλος, ου, Ἰτύς, ὄς, ὁ, Itys: the son of Zethus, killed by his mother Philomela. Παῖδ' ὀλοφύρομένη Ἰτύλον τ. 522. Τὸν ἐμὸν καὶ σὸν πολυδακρὺν Ἰτύν Av. 212.

Ἰτυμόνεύς, ἡδς, ὁ, Itymoneus. Κτᾶνδον Ἰτυμό-νηα A. 670.

Ἰτύς, ὄς, ἡ, circumferentia et curvatura rotæ, umbo: the circumference, the felly of a wheel,

the rim of a shield. Τῶν ἡτοι χρυσῇ (dissyll.) ἵτυς ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ. SYN. Ἀφίς. EP. Εὐκύκλος, κύκλιδεσσά, καμπύλιδεσσά, τρύχιδεσσά.

Ἴτυς, proper name. See Ἴτυλος.

Ἴτων, ὠνός, Ἰτῶν, ὠνός, ἦ, dicta quoque Ἰτῶνη et Σιτῶνη, ἡς, ἦ (nam sic varie scribitur), 752. A city in Messenia. Δήμητρος τέμενος Ἰτῶν τὴ μητὲρ μήλων B. 696.

Ἰγῆ, ἡς, ἦ; Ἰγμός, οὐ, ὅ, clamor acutus: a loud shout. Τόσῃδ' Ἰγῆν καὶ στόνον Philoct. 752. Τί δὴτ' Ἰγμῶν Heracl. 127. Μολπῇ τ' ἰγμῶ τὲ Σ. 572. SYN. Βόή. EP. Βαρβάρου φωνός.

Ἰγῆ, υγῆς, ἦ, motacilla, avicula; illecebra quævis: a water-wagtail; a charm. See Schol. Pyth. 4. 381. I is long in the Epic, short in the Attic writers. Ἰγῆ ἔλκε τὴ τῆν ἑμὴν Theoc. 2. 17. Τῇ σῇ ληφθέντες Ἰγῆ Lysist. 1110. SYN. Δελέαρ, ἐπιθυμία, φάρμακον. PHR. see Pyth. 4. 380.

Ἰῶ, strideo, fistula cano: to utter a shrill cry, sing on a pipe. Πολλὰ μάλ' ἰῶουσιν ἀπό-πρῶθεν P. 66. Trach. 800. SYN. Βῶα, κράζω, κραυγάζω, προσφωνέω.

Ἰυκτής, οὐ, ὅ, qui acute clamat: one who has a shrill voice, a piper. Δάχων ἰυκτὰ Μένάλκας Theoc. 8. 30. SYN. Συρικτής, αυλητής.

Ἰφθιμός, ου, ὅ, ἦ, robustus: strong. Πολλὰς δ' ἰφθίμους ψυχὰς A. 3. SYN. Κράτερὸς, γενναῖος, εὖς, ισχυρὸς, ἀγαθὸς, μέγας.

Ἰφί, valde, fortiter: bravely. Τένεδοῦ τὲ ἰφί ἀνάσσεις A. 38. SYN. Ανδρείως, ισχυρῶς, γενναίως, ασφάλως, νωλέμεως, μέγਾਲως, κρᾶταλως.

Ἰφιάνασσά, ἡς, ἦ, una ex tribus filiabus Agamemnonis, sec. Homerum, quæ apud recentiores vocatur Ἰφιγένεια et Ἰφιγόνη: Iphianassa. Vid. loc. et obss. in Ηλέκτρα.

Ἰφίᾱς, ἄδδς, ἦ, Iphias. Ἰφίᾱς Ἀρτεμίδος Apoll. 1. 312.

Ἰφιγένεια, as, ἦ, Iphigenia. Vid. loc. et obss. in Ηλέκτρα.

Ἰφιδάμας, αντὸς, ὅ, Iphidamas. Ἰφιδάμας Αντηνύριδης A. 221.

Ἰφίκλειδης, ου, ὅ, Iphicle natus: the son of Iphicles. Pyth. 11. 91. See below.

Ἰφικλής, εὖς, Ion. ἡδός, ὅ, Iphicles. Ακραχὺλὸν Ἰφικλῆα Theoc. 24. 60.

Ἰφίκλος, ου, ὅ, Iphiclus: a Thessalian prince. Ἰφικλον δὲ πῶδεσσι Ψ. 636.

Ἰφίμεδειᾱ, as, ἦ, Iphimedia. Ἰφίμεδειᾱν Ἄλωγος A. 304.

Ἰφινδός, ου, ὅ, Iphinous: a noble Greek. Ἰφινδον βάλλε δουρί H. 14.

Ἰφίος, ὄν, pinguis: fat. Βῶας καὶ ἰφίᾱ μῆλα E. 556. SYN. Λιπαρός, ευτράφης.

Ἰφίς, ἰδς, ὅ, et (2) Ἰφίς, ἰδς, ἦ, Iphis: (1) the father of Evadne; (2) the concubine of Patroclus. (2) Ἰφίς εὐχῶνος I. 663.

Ἰφίτειος, ὄν, Iphiteus: of Iphitus. Καὶ τόξον Ἰφίτειον Anacr. 31. 12.

Ἰφίτιδης, ου, ὅ, Iphito satus: the son of Iphitus. Ἰφίτιδην Ἀρχεπτολῆμον Θ. 128.

Ἰφίτιων, ὠνός, ὅ, Iphition: a noble Trojan. Ἐλὲν Ἰφίτιωνα T. 382.

Ἰφίτιος, ου, ὅ, Iphitus: the name of several illustrious persons. Ἰφίτιοῦ νῖον P. 306.

Ἰχάρ, desiderium: desire, wish. Vox scribitur quidem in Æsch. Supp. 857: sed Wellauer ibi notat: "Vocem corruptam Ἰχαρ in ισχυρῇ mutavit Schutz: sed frustra."

Ἰχθῶα, Ion. Ἰχθυᾶσκα, piscor: to fish. Αὐτοῦ δ' ἰχθῶα σκόπελον μ. 95. δ. 368. SYN. see Ἀλλεῖω.

Ἰχθύελεύς, ἡδός, Ἰχθύελλος, ου, ὅ, ἦ, qui pisces figit: fish-piercing. Ἰχθύελλῆς ἀλπίδοι Call. 4. 15. Sept. Th. 123. SYN. see Ἀλλεῖος.

Ἰχθυήρ, ὄν; Ἰχθύεις, εἰσά, εἰς, pisculentus: fishy. Τὸς ἰχθυήρους αργύρους πάρεσθ' ὄραν Plut. 816. P. 746.

Ἰχθυῖδιον, ου, τὸ, pisciculus: a little fish. Εὐ προσφάτοις ἰχθυῖδιοις τέθραμμένα Menand. See Dawes, Misc. Crit. p. 214.

Ἰχθύεις. See Ἰχθυήρ.

Ἰχθυόλυμης, ου, ὅ, qui multos pisces absumit: a pest to fishes, a glutton. Τράγῳ μὲν χάλου ἰχθυόλυμῃ Pax 814.

Ἰχθῖς, ὕδς, ὅ, piscis: a fish. Τοῖς ἰχθῖσιν τὸ νηκτὸν Anacr. 2. 5. EP. Ἀπάλδς, αἰδάλδς, ἀναυδός, βυθίος, δαδάλδς, εἰνάλις, ναυτίλδς, ἡπίδς, ὀλῳφίδς, πόντιδς, ωμιστῖς, υπερφίλδς.

Ἰχναῖος, α, ὄν, Ichnæus: in the fem. an epithet of Themis, derived from the city Ichnæ. Ἰχναίη τὲ Θέμης Hom. Apoll. 94.

Ἰχνεύω, vestigo: to trace, to search. Θῆρᾱς ἰχνεύων κύσιν Cycl. 130. SYN. Ἀνιχνεύω, εἰχχνεύω, εἰχχνοςκῶ, ἰχχνοςκῶ, ἐξέρευνῶ, ζητῶ, δίχημι, μαλῶμαι, μάτεω, μεταλλάω.

Ἰχνῖον, ου, Ἰχνός, εὖδς, τὸ, vestigium: mark or print of a foot, a trace. Μὲτ' ἰχνῖᾱ βαῖν' Δείοιο β. 406. Phœn. 103. SYN. Στίβδς, πᾶτδς, ὀδδς, πύρεια, βῆμα. EP. Λεπτῖον, χροῖνῖον, χρυσεῖδον δᾶλιν, γέραιον, κάλλιστον, τάχῃ πουν, ἄμαυρῖον, δεινῖον, λαῖον, ἀφῳφῖον, αλγεινῖον, δυστέκμαρτον, Εὐῖον, Θερμῖον, Δεῖδον, νόστιμῖον, νεῶχάρακτον, πόλῳ ἐλκῶτον.

Ἰχνός. See Ἰχνῖον.

Ἰχνοσκοπῶ, vestigia lustrō: to spy out the footsteps, to track. Ἰχνοσκοποῦσά τ' ἐν στίβοισι τοῖς ἐμοῖς Choëph. 222. See above. SYN. see Ἰχνεύω.

Ἰχώρ, ὠρδς, ὅ, cruor; ichor: gore; the blood of the gods. Ἰχώρ οἶδς περ τὲ ῥέει μακάρεσσιν Δεοῖσιν E. 340. SYN. Λύθρον, βρότδς.

Ἰψ, ἰπδς, ὅ, animalculum, quod cornibus innascitur, eaque infestat: an insect engendered in and injurious to horns. Μὴ κερᾶ ἰπῆς ἐδοῖεν φ. 395. SYN. Σκώληξ.

Ἰῶ, οὗς, ἦ, Io: the daughter of Inachus. Σῶν ἐργῶν ἰοῖ ταῖοδ' Prom. V. 656. EP. Ἰνάχῖς, πρῳμάτωρ, κέρυεσσά, φοιτάλῆα, ἀθλία, πῶλυ-πλαγκτὸς, οιστροδῖνῆτος, Ἰνάχῆα, βουκέρως, βῶῳπῖς.

Ἰῶ, exclam. See Ἰού.

Ἰῶγῃ, ἡς, ἦ, (1) tegmen: a protection; (2) clamor: a roar; (3) littus: a shore. Πέτρῃ ὑπὸ γλαφύρῃ εὐδον βῶρεω ὑπ' ἰῶγῃ ξ. 533. Sed dubitandum est de una vel altera harum interpp. SYN. (1) Σκέπη, (2) ἰῶγῃ, (3) αἰγιάλδς, ακτή.

Ἰῶγῃ, ἡς, ἦ, vox, clamor; flatus: a shout; a blast. Πῦρδς δῆσοῦ ἰῶγῃ Π. 127. SYN. Φωνή, βόῃ, πνῶῃ. EP. Αἰπειᾱ, ἀλέγεινῃ, ἀλεξιμῶρδς, ἀχάλυνδς, ἀμοιβάς, γυῖερά, βάρῳμηνῖς, δύσφημδς, ἐρατῇ, τηλωπῖς.

Ἰωκή, ἡς, et form. antiq. Ἰῶξ, ὠκδς, ὅ, impetus, fuga, clamor persequentium: attack, flight, shout of pursuers. Ἰπῆδεῖδῶσάν οὐτὲ ἰωκᾶς E. 521. A. 600. SYN. Δίωξις, ὀρμή, κραυγῇ, ἰωχυδς.

Ἰώλικός, α, ὄν, Iolcius: of Iolcus. Med. 7. See below.

Ἰώλκος, Ἰᾱωλκός, οὐ, ἦ, Ioleus: a city in

Thessaly. Εἰς Ἰωλκὸν ἰκθμην Med. 484. λ. 255. Ep. Ἰερὰ, κλειτὴ, εὐκτιμένη, Πελασγίς.

Ἰων, ὠνός, ὁ, Ion : (1) a tragic poet. Pax 835. (2) the son of Creusa. Ion 830. Hi loci quantitatē non determinant. Sed prima forte brevis, ut in sequentiis.

Ἰωνές, et poet. Ἰδόνες (q. v.), ὠν, οἱ, Iones : Ionians. Ion 1588. Prima brevis, ut in Ἰωνικός.

Ἰωνία, ας, ἡ, Ionia : Ionia. Eccles. 913. Prima brevis, ut in Ἰωνικός.

Ἰωνιά, ἄς, ἡ, violarium : a bed of violets. Pax 569. Prima brevis, ut in ἰὼν, viola.

Ἰωνικός, ὄν, Ionius : Ionian. See below. SYN. Ἰάων.

Ἰωνικός, Ionice : after the Ionian fashion. Ἰπὸ τοῦ δέους λέγωσι Ἰωνικός δι' Pax 899. Ἰώξ. See Ἰωκή.

Ἰωχμός, οὐ, ὁ, persecutio : a rout, routed ranks. Αὐθὺς ἂν ἰωχμόν Θ. 158. SYN. Ἰάξ, ἰωκή, διωξίς, θύροβδος, τάραχος, κῆπος, μάχη. Ep. Ἀσπετός, δύσηχός, κρᾶτερός, σουλόμενός.

K.

Καθεῖλλω, pro Κατάελλω, q. v. Θ. 249.

Κάθησός, ου, et antiq. form. ὀθεν, ἡ, Cabetes : a city in Thrace. Θερύδνηά Κάθησὸθεν N. 363.

Κάγγονυ, T. 458. pro κατὰ γόνυ.

Κάγκανός, ὄν, aridus : dry, split. Ξυλὰ κάγκανὰ δῆκαν σ. 307. SYN. see Αὐαλεός.

Καρχάζω, cachianor, convitor : to laugh, revile. Πάντων καρχαζόντων γλώσσας Aj. 199.

Καρχαλᾶω, cachinnor, exsulto gaudio : to laugh loudly, to scoff. Ἀνέσιπᾶτο καρχαλᾶωσα ψ. 1. SYN. Καρχαλᾶω, γελᾶω, χαίρω, λοιδορέω.

Κάδδραδόν. See Κάταδραθᾶνα. ο. 493.

Κάδισκος, ου, ὁ, doliolus : a little cask. Τούς κάδισκους ἐκφέρειν Vesp. 853.

Καδμεΐς, α, ὄν, Cadmeus : Cadmean, of Cadmus. Eur. Sup. 1231. SYN. Θεβαΐς, Καδμύγενής, ὀθαγενής, Σπαρτός.

Καδμηΐς, ἰδός, ἡ, Cadmeis : of Cadmus. Καδμηΐδι γαίῃ Hes. Op. 162.

Καδμύγενής, εὖς, Cadmo satus : sprung from Cadmus, Theban. Phoen. 821.

Κάδμος, ου, ὁ, Cadmus : the son of Agenor king of Phoenicia, and brother of Europa. C. R. 1. Ep. Τυρὶός, ἀντιθέος, ὑπέρθυμός, Ἀγνυρόρις, ἀλεξικάκος, ἀπαρής, ἀτάσθαλός, δόλοισι, ευδαίμων, ἱμέρῃσι, ὠκίμορός.

Κάδός, ου, ὁ, cadus ; sitella suffragiorum : a cask ; a balloting urn. Ἀσκαν τρύπωτῆρων κάδους ἀνουμένων Acharn. 549. SYN. Πίθος, ἐλκυδρίον, πιδᾶκην, κερᾶμος.

Κάω, orno ; praecllo : to furnish, adorn ; to surpass. Ἐπ' ἀνθρώπους ἐκέκαστο Ω. 535. SYN. Εὐτερπέω, κοσμεῶ, νικάω.

Κάθ'. See Κάτᾰ.

Κάθαιζω, purifico, expio ; polluo : to purify, expiate ; to pollute. Ἡ κῖνες καθήγισαν Antig. 1081. SYN. Ἰέρω, ἀφίερω, κηλέω, μιάινω, καίω.

Καθαγνίζω, purifico, consecro : to purify, consecrate. Θανούσᾰ μήτηρ πύρι καθήγνισται δέμας Orest. 40. SYN. Ἀφαγνίζω, καθαίρω.

Καθαμακτός, η, ὄν, cruentatus : covered with blood. Orest. 1353.

Καθαμαῖσσω, Καθαμαῖτῶω, cruento : to cover or stain with blood. Androm. 586. Phoen. 1178. SYN. Αἱμάσσω.

Καθαμαῖτῶω. See above.

Καθαμὸς, ὄν, cruentus : bloody. Iph. T. 1375.

Καθαίρω, detraho, comprimo, destruo : to pull down, close, contract, destroy. Herc. F. 1388. SYN. Ἀφαιρέω, εἰαίρω, ἀνὰτρεπω, κατὰλαμῶω, κατὰκάλυπτο.

Καθαίρω, purgo, lustrō : to wash away, purify, expiate, chastise. χ. 439. SYN. Αὐώω, ἀποκᾰθαίρω, ἀπολυνάινω, ἀφαγνίζω.

Καθάλλομαι, desilio : to leap down. A. 298. SYN. Ἀφάλλομαι, ἀποθρόσσω, κατὰπηδάω.

Καθαμεῖρος, Dor. pro Καθημεῖρος, q. v.

Καθαμαῖ, ἄτος, τὸ, nodus : a knot, difficulty. Hipp. 668. See Καθάπτω. SYN. Ἀμμα, αἰνυμά.

Καθάνυτω, venio ad : to come to. Προξένον καθήγνυσαν Soph. El. 1451. See Monk, ad Hipp. 365.

Καθάπαξ, omnino : altogether, once for all. Καὶ καθάπαξ ξείνῳ φ. 349. SYN. Παντέλως, συλληδῆν.

Καθαπτός, ὄν, ligatus, adstrictus ; fastened, tightly clad. Eur. fr. Hypsip. 1. 2. See below.

Καθάπτω, (1) adnecto : to fasten upon ; (2) med. attingo, compello (avi), mulceo : to reach, accost, soothe. Εν τῷ καθάπας αμφί Ion 1006.

SYN. (1) Πρόσάπτω, πρόσαρτάω, προσερείδω, ἄρμός, κατὰπλέκω, (2) κατὰπράυνω, ἀπτόμαι.

Καθάρεω, purgo ; purus sum : to purify ; to be pure. Ἡ γνώμη μὴ καθάρεται Ran. 358.

SYN. Ἀγνέω, καθαίρομαι.

Καθαρμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, Καθαρμός, οὐ, ὁ, (1) piaculum : an expiation, lustration ; (2) scelus ipsum, pro quo piaculum debetur : an impurity or crime ; (3) locus lustratus : a place purified ; (4) homo sacer et scelestus, quales erant, qui peste expianda aliove morbo immolabantur diis : a wretch immolated to the gods. Φέρουσαν ελθεῖν ποντίων καθαρμαῶτων Herc. F. 225. See Iph. T. 1192. See Καθαίρω. SYN. Ἀγνισμᾶ, λῦμᾶ, ῥύμᾶ, λυτήριον, (4) ῥύπαρός, ἀπὸελητός.

Καθαρμός, adapto : to fit, compose, wrap up. Hipp. 769. See Ἀρμός. SYN. Ἀρμός, ἐφαρμός.

Καθαρμός. See Καθαρμᾶ.

Καθάρς, ἄ, ὄν, purus : pure, clear. Καθάρσιον ἀντροῖς μῆλᾰ τ' Cycl. 35. SYN. Ὅσιος, δίκαιος, ἐπικλής.

Καθαρπάω, corripio, voro : to seize, snatch, devour. Androm. 1111. SYN. Συναρπάω, κατὰλαυᾶνω.

Καθαροῖός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, expiatorius : purifying. Προχῦται καθαροῖοσι Iph. A. 1471.

Καθαρτής, οὐ, ὁ, purgator : a purifier. Δίκη καθαρτής πρὸς θεῶν Soph. El. 69.

Καθάρως, pure : clearly, purely. Heracl. 1055. See Καθάρός. SYN. Ἀγνώς, ἀκέραιος, ἀδῶλως.

Καθέδρα, ας, ἡ, suggestum, cathedra, sessio : a seat, chair, sitting. Ερήτυθεν δὲ καθέδρας B. 99. SYN. Ἔδρα, ἐδός, δῶκος.

Καθέδριᾶμαι, consideo : to sit down. Κατὰ δ' ἐδρίασθαι ἄνωγε A. 646. See Καθέζομαι.

Καθεζόμενος, sedeo : to sit. Καθέζ'ετ' αρχῆς Phoen. 73. SYN. Ἐζομαι, κάθημαι, καθεδριᾶμαι, καθίζω, καθίζανω.

Καθείρω, concludo, coëreco : to shut up, in-

close, restrain. Bacch. 501. SYN. Ἀείρω, ἀπείρω, συνέρω, κρατέω, κατέχω, κατὰκλειω.

Καθέλκω, et Κάθειλκυ, traho deorsum: to draw down, launch. Helen. 1530. Eq. 1314.

Καθέννυμι, contego: to cover, clothe. Ὅρος κατὰεμμένον ὕλη ν. 351. SYN. Αμφιέννυμι, κάλυπτοιμαι.

Καθερμά, ἄος, τὸ, monile ad pectus demissum: a necklace, pendant. Anacr. 62. 19.

Καθέρπω, et Καθερπύω, irrepo, serpo: to creep, steal to. Call. 4. 92. SYN. Ἀφέρπω, ἀνέρπω, ἀνερπύω, ἀφερπύω.

Καθεύδω, dormio: to sleep. Phœn. 643. SYN. Εὐδῶ, κοιμάομαι, κατὰκοιμάομαι, δαρθάνω, ευνάσσω, κατὰλέγωμαι, κνώσσω, ὑπνῶ.

Καθευρίσκω, 2. a. εὐρίν, deprehendo: to discover. Antig. 395. SYN. Κατάλαμψάνω, κατὰφωράω, ἐπιτυγχάνω.

Καθεψιάμαι, scommatis incesso et illudo: to rail at, taunt. Καθεψιδωνταί ἅπασαι τ. 372. SYN. Ἐψιάομαι, εμπαίζω, κερτῶμεν.

Καθέψω, et Καθεψέω, decoquo: to boil down, digest. Vesp. 795. SYN. Ἀφέψω, κατὰπέπτω.

Καθήκων, οντός, pertinens; status: befitting; stated. (E. R. 75. Maltby remarks that this is the only instance of the word καθήκων found by him.)

Κάθημαι, sedeo: to sit down or on, to abide. Theoc. 1. 18. SYN. Ἡμαι, καθέζομαι, ἐμμένω, κατοικέω, εγκαθέζομαι.

Καθημέριος, α, ὄν, quotidianus: daily. Soph. El. 1413. SYN. Ἡμέρησιός, ἐφήμερός.

Καθιδρύω, colloco: to place, cause to be seated, erect. Μάκρων ἐς αἶαν σὸν καθιδρύσει βίον Bacch. 1329. See Ἰδρύω. SYN. Κάθιζω, καθίστημι, συντάττω, κατοικίζω, βεβαίω, δέμελιδω, διατίθωμι.

Καθίζανω, sedeo, insideo: to sit upon. Οἱ δὲ θεοὶ δακόντες καθίζαν ἔ. 3.

Κάθιζω, colloco; sedeo: to place; to sit down. Εἰπερ καθίζει τρίποδα Ion 369. SYN. Ἰζώ, ἰζάνω, ἰδρύω, καθέζομαι, εγκαθίσταμαι.

Καθίημι, demitto: to set or let down. Πῶς οὖν ἐς οἶδμά τινι τρόπῳ καθίετε Helen. 1265. SYN. Κατάσθλλω, ἀφίημι.

Καθικέτω, supplico: to supplicate. Ἄ μου καθικέτωσάν' οὐδὲ μαρία Helen. 1017. SYN. Ἰκέτεύω, παρὰκάλω.

Καθικνέομαι, advenio, pertingo, pungo: to arrive at, reach, hit, sting. Καθικέῳ θυμὸν ἐνιπῇ Ξ. 104. SYN. Ἀφικνέομαι, καθάπτωμαι, ἐπιψάω.

Καθίμας, fune loreo demitto: to let down with a rope. Τὸ κάλωδιον εἰτὰ καθίμα Vesp. 379. SYN. Καθίμηι, ὑπὸχάλω.

Καθιπάζομαι, et Καθιπτεύω, inequito, insulto: to ride against, to, or over, to trample on. Eumen. 734. Phœn. 744. SYN. Ἰπτεύω, διέχων, ἐρίζω, ἐφορμάω.

Καθιπτάμαι, devolo: to fly down. Vesp. 16.

Καθίστημι, καταστήσω, active sumpt. 2 aor. κατέστην, neutral, constituo; 2 aor. constitutus sum: to place, set down, appoint; to be placed or appointed. Orest. 883. SYN. Διᾶτιθωμι, καθιδρύω, τάσσω, ἐπιτρέπω, ἐπιμελεόμαι, ευντρέπιζω, ἐτοιμάζω.

Καθδός, ον, ἡ, descensus, reditus: a descent, return, restoration. Herc. F. 19. SYN. Ἐπᾶνδός, κατὰγωγή, κατήλσις.

Καθόπλιζω, armo: to furnish with arms, to arm. Τὸ μὴ κἄλιν καθοπλίσασθαι Soph. El. 1087. SYN. Ἀγωνίζομαι, ὀπλίζω, ἐφ'ὀπλίζω.

Καθόρῶ, video: to look down, to see. N. 4. SYN. Ἀποσκοπέω, αισθάνομαι.

Καθορμίζω, in portum impello; induco in: to bring into harbour; to bring into. P. V. 1001. SYN. Ὀκέλλω, κέλλω, εἰσάγω.

Καθόσσω, sanctum sclerisque purum reddo: to render pure or holy. Iph. T. 1321. See Ὅστος. SYN. Ἀφ'ὀσσω, ἀγίζω.

Καθ'ὀσρίζω, insolentius afficio injuriis: to insult. Πάθεμιον καθ'ὀσρίζη Med. 1377. SYN. Ἀτιμάζω, ἀδικέω, καθεψιάομαι.

Καθ'ὀρδός, ὄν, aquosus: dripping wet. C. C. 158. See Ἐν'ὀρδός. SYN. Ἐν'ὀρδός, ὕγρὸς.

Καθ'ὀπέρ'ακοντίζω, supra jaculor, supero: to shoot over, surpass. Av. 826. See Ἀκοντίζω. SYN. Ἰπερβάλλω, νικῶ.

Καθ'ὀπρὲν, et Καθ'ὀπρὲν, ex summo loco, supra: from above, on high, above. Ἀλλὰ τέ μιν καθ'ὀπρὲν B. 754. SYN. Ἰπερβῆν, ἄνωθ' ἐπέρων, ἐξάνω.

Καθ'ὀπρὲν τέρως, α, ὄν, superior, præstantior: above, superior to. Τὰς τήνω φλιάς καθ'ὀπρὲν τέρων Theoc. 2. 60.

Καί, et: and, also. Δωσέ μένος καὶ θάρσος E. 2. Τρώων καὶ Ἀχαιῶν Δ. 543.

Καῖκος, ον, ὁ, Caicus: a river in Mysia. Ἐυρρείην τε Καῖκον Hes. Theog. 343.

Καινέος, ἔως, ὁ, Cæneus: Cæneus: See Ovid. Metam. 12. 172. Καινῆ γὰρ ζῶν πέρ Apoll. 1. 59.

Καινίω, novo, comminiscor: to renew, invent. Eur. fr. Pirith. 6. 2. SYN. Ἀνανεάζω, ἀνανεόομαι.

Καινὸπάθης, ἔος, recens perlatus: newly endured. Πολλὰ δὲ πῆμάτ'α καὶ καινὸπάθῃ Trach. 1279.

Καινόπηγος, ἔος, novo quodam modo compactus: newly wrought, splendid. Sept. Th. 639.

Καινόπῃμων, ὄντος, miseriis inassuetus: uninured to sorrows. Sept. Th. 358.

Καινόποιεω, novas res facio: to make new. Καινόποιηθ' ἐν λέγεις Trach. 875.

Καινός, ἡ, ὄν, novus: new. Bacch. 704. Also, Καινός, sc. δικαστήριον, is one of the many courts of justice at Athens. Vesp. 120. SYN. Νέος, παράδοξος, καινὸτρόπος.

Καινὸτῶμεν, res novas molior: to work a change. Eccles. 584.

Καινὸτρόπος, ὄν, novus: new-fashioned, new. Τίς ὁ καινὸτρόπος οὗτος μῦθος Dana. 49.

Καινοῦμαι, rebus novis studeo: to engage in a new project. Iph. A. 838.

Καινύμαι, vinco: to surpass. Ὅς ἐκαίνυτο φῦλ' ἀνθρώπων γ. 282. SYN. Ἰπερβάλλω, νικῶ, ἀποκαίνυμαι.

Καίνω, ἀνῶ, occido: to kill. Phœn. 44. SYN. Κατάκτανω, κτείνω, φθείρω, ἀποκτείνω, σφάττω, ἀποσφάττω.

Καίπέρ, etsi, quamvis: although. Καίπέρ ου λέξαν φίλα Hec. 515. SYN. Καίτοι, εἰ καί, κἂν, καὶ ἔαν.

Καίρως, α, ὄν, tempestivus; lethalis: seasonable; critical, deadly. Καίριαν δ' ὁμῖν ὀρῶ C. R. 631. SYN. Ἐπικαίριος, ὥραιος, συμφῶν, ἐπὶτῆδεως, ἐφαίρετος, χρήσιμος, μόρσιμος.

Καιρίως, opportune: seasonably, to the purpose. Rhcs. 339. See above.

Καιρῶστέον, gen., bene contextarum et compactarum licio: closely woven. Καιρῶστέον δ' ὀδυνέων (anapest.) ἀπόλεῖσθαι η. 107. Quidam

putant esse pro *καυρέσσαν* a novo adj. *καυρεῖς*. "Fit *καυρέσσαν*, *καυρόσσαν*, *καιροσσεῶν*. Sed pronuntiandum *καιροσῶν*. Alii tamen, ut Eustath. tradit, nominativum faciebant *καυρόσᾱ*." Ernesti. *SYN.* *Εὐνύης*.

Καῖρος, οὐ, ὁ, occasio, opportunitas, tempus aptum: season, opportunity, fit time, occasion, crisis. Helen. 301. *SYN.* *Ἀφορμή*, *χρόνου καιρός*. *EP.* *Ἀτρέϊδης*, *οὐπτεῖτης*, *ωκιστός*, *ἄωρος*, *ῥιπιδός*, *πανδᾶματῶρ*.

Καίρωμα, ἄτος, τὸ, connexio staminis: a web. Call. fr. 295.

Καίω, *καύω*, uro, accendo: to burn, set in a blaze. Πύρ *φέρων οὐδ' ἐκαίει* Bacch. 748. *SYN.* *Ἀνακαίω*, *τέφρω*, *πίμπρημι*, *αἰθάλω*, *φειλάω*.

Κακάγγελτός, *Κακάγγελλός*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mala nuntians: announcing evil. Ὡ *κακάγγελλτά μοι* Antig. 1286. Agam. 619.

Κακανδρία, as, ἡ, ignavia, timiditas: unmanliness, cowardice. Τῇ *Φρυγῶν κακανδρία* Rhes. 814.

Κάκη, ης, *Κάκια*, as, ἡ, malitia, ignavia, timiditas: wickedness, baseness, cowardice. Ἀλλὰ *τῆς ἐμῆς κάκης* Med. 1047. Theog. 322. *SYN.* *Κακότης*, *πῶνηρία*, *δειλία*. *EP.* *Αὐῆς*, *βάρεια*, *δυοῦθρός*, *πίκρη*, *ζοφέρη*, *στύγερη*, *ὀλέη*, *δύοφέρη*, *πολύπημων*.

Κακηγῶρία, as, ἡ, maledicentia: evil-speaking, slander. Pyth. 2. 97. See *Κακός* for this and others of its compounds and derivatives. *SYN.* *Λοιδῶρία*, *λοιδωρισμός*, *ὄνειδος*, *ὑβρίς*, *ἐπεσθλία*, *κάτῶρα*.

Κακήγῶρός, ὄν, maledicus: one who defames, Olymp. 1. 85. *SYN.* *Κακόστῶμός*, *κακόγλωσσός*, *κακόθῤῥός*, *κακόδῶγός*, *ἐπέσθλόος*, *λασθητήρ*.

Κάκια. See *Κάκη*.

Κακίζομαι, vituperor ut malus: to be vilified as wicked. Eur. El. 982. *SYN.* *Λοιδωροῦμαι*, *κακύνομαι*.

Κακιστέος, ὄν, vituperandus, contemnendus: must be disparaged or disgraced. *Χρησμών ου κακιστέον* Iph. T. 105.

Κακκάβιζω, vel *Κικκάβιζω*, vocem perdicis edo: to cry like a partridge. *Κακκάβιζουσῶν αἰεί* Lysist. 761.

Κακκείω, pro *Κατάκειω*, dormitum ire cupio: to desire to sleep. A. 606.

Κακόθουλέω, mala molior: to plan evil. Ion 876.

Κακόθουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mala meditans: ill-designing, foolish. Bacch. 398.

Κακόγαμρός, ὄν, pertinens ad infelicem affinem: appertaining to an unfortunate relative. Rhes. 256.

Κακόγειτῶν, ὄνός, vicinus mali: associated with evil. Philoct. 692.

Κακόγλωσσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui est procacis vel ominosæ linguæ: having an abusive tongue. Τῆς *κακόγλωσσου βοῆς* Hec. 655. *SYN.* *Κακόφημος*, *εξαίστος*.

Κακόδαιμόνιος, a malo genio agor, insanio: to be wretched, mad. Plut. 372.

Κακόδαιμόνια, as, ἡ, furor; infelicitas: madness; misfortune. *Κακόδαιμόνιον δ' ἐτί μᾶλλον* Plut. 502.

Κακόδαίμων, ὄνός, malo genio agitatus, miser: urged by an evil genius, wretched. Hipp. 1359.

Κακόδοξός, ὄν, ignobilis: infamous. Androm. 773.

Κακδέμων, ὄνός, male vestitus: ill-clad. σ. 41. *SYN.* *Ἀνείμων*, *δυσειμων*, *ράκδδύτος*. Πηρ. *Δυσχλαίνιος ἄμορφός*.

Κακόεργῶς, *Κακούργῶς*, maleficus sum: to make mischief. Nub. 994. Vesp. 955. *SYN.* *Κακῶς*, *ἀδικῶ*, *κακύνομαι*.

Κακόεργία, as, ἡ, maleficium, improbitas: mischief-making. Ὡς *κακόεργίης ευεργεσίῃ μεγ' ἁμείνων* χ. 374.

Κακόεργός, *Κακούργός*, ου, qui male facit: doing ill. Theoc. 15. 47. C. R. 705.

Κακοζῶια, as, ἡ, misera vita: a wretched life. Μνάμα *κακοζῶιας* Sapph. 65.

Κακόηθης, ἔδος, malignus: ill-disposed, depraved, malignant. Pax 822.

Κακόθημῶσυνη, ης, ἡ, quum res male disponuntur: bad arrangement. *Κακόθημῶσυνη δὲ κἀκίστη* Hes. Op. 472. *SYN.* *Ἀταξία*, *ἄκοσμία*.

Κακόθῤῥός, contr. *ους*, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, maledicus, infaustus: uttered from malignity, inauspicious. *Δόγος ἐκ Δανῶν κακόθῤῥους ἐπίτῃ* Aj. 138. *SYN.* see *Κακήγῶρός*.

Κακόϊλῶς, ου, ἡ, Ilii infausta et execranda civitas: unhappy Troy. *Κακόϊλῶν ουκ ὄνυμασθῆν* τ. 260.

Κακόκέρδεϊα, as, ἡ, iniqui lucri studium: base gain. *Κακόκέρδεϊσιν ἐπεσθαί* Theog. 225. *SYN.* *Αισχροκέρδεϊα*.

Κακόκνημῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, macilentas habens tibias: having bad legs. Πάνεσσι *κάκοκνάμοισιν ἐρίσδει* Theoc. 4. 63.

Κακόλῶγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, obtreptans: calumniating. Pyth. 11. 44. *SYN.* see *Κακήγῶρός*.

Κακόμαντις, ἴδός, mala vaticinans: evil boding. Sept. Th. 719. *SYN.* *Ψευδομαντις*.

Κακόμηλῆτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tristia canens: doleful. Pers. 932.

Κακόμηδης, ἔδος, cui malum est consilium: ill-designing. H. Merc. 389.

Κακόμητις, ἴδός, malo consilio utens, mala iniens consilia: malignant. Ὡ *δὲ παῖς Στρώφου κακόμητις ἀνὴρ* Orest. 1401.

Κακόμηχάνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mala machinans: evil-planning, mischief-making. *Ἀντινὸν ὕβριν ἔχων κακόμηχάνῃ* π. 418.

Κακόν. See *Κακός*.

Κακόνους, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, malevolus: evil-minded, hostile. Pax 670.

Κακόνυμφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in matrimonio infidus vel infelix: faithless or unfortunate in marriage. Med. 209.

Κακόξενός, inhospitalis: inhospitable. v. 376. *SYN.* *Ἀξένος*, *ἀπόξενός*, *εὐχρόξενός*.

Κακόπάτρις, ἴδός, ἡ, malo patre natus: born of a base father. *Εἰδὼς κακόπατριν εὐοσαν* Theog. 192.

Κακόπινος, ἔδος, impurus, illuvie faedus: sordid, squalid. Aj. 381. See *Πῖνός*.

Κακόποιῶς, male facio, vafer sum: to do wrong, to be wily. *Κυπτάζειν καὶ κακόποιεῖν* Pax 731.

Κακόποιός, *Κακορρέκτης*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, maleficus: malignant. *Κακόποιον ὄνειδος* Nem. 8. 57. Apoll. 3. 595. *SYN.* *Κακόεργός*, *κακούργός*, *πῶνηρός*.

Κακόπτομός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cujus sors est mala et misera: ill-fated, wretched. Agam. 1105. See *Πότμος*. *SYN.* *Κακόδαίμων*, *δυστυχής*, *βάρυπτόμός*.

Κακορράφια, as, ἡ, malorum machinatio: a

base contrivance, wiles. *Κακορράβῃ ἄλεγειν* ἡ λ. 26.

Κακορρέκτης. See *Κακόποιος*.

Κακορρήμων, ὄντος, male ominatus: predicting ill. *Agam.* 1124. *SYN.* *Κακόγλωσσος*, *κακόθροός*, *δυσφημὸς*.

Κακορρόθεω, malo strepitu linguæ insector: to raise an uproar against, to slander. *Hipp.* 340. *SYN.* *Κακήγυρῶ*, *λοιδορῶ*, *ὀνειδίζω*.

Κακός, ἡ, ὄν, comp. *Κακώτερος* et *Κακίων*, et (2) *Κακόν*, οὐ, τὸ, (1) malus, ignavus, infaustus, vilis: bad, cowardly, unfortunate, vile; (2) malum: an evil, baseness. *Ἄπειμ' ὅτου δ' ἂν ζῶ κακὸς φάνησθαι* *Phœn.* 1019. *Πατρὶδι κακῶν ἂν αἱ πολλεὶς ἐλασσόνων* *Phœn.* 1031. *SYN.* (1) *Πονηρὸς*, *δειλὸς*, *δολιόφρων*, *ἀνδοῦς*, *πᾶνούργος*, *ἀτίχης*, *φαῦλος*, (2) *συμφύρα*, *πῶνός*, *πᾶθός*, *κακότης*. *EP.* (2) *Ἀνῆκεστόν*, *ἀσκόπῶν*, *ἁμᾶχόν*, *βάρυπτόμῶν*, *δυστλητόν*, *δενόν*, *μυγερὸν*, *φρέσιν*, *δάκρυδέν*, *θυμιδάκην*, *λυσσομένην*, *ὀλόν*, *πικρὸν*, *ἄελπτὸν*, *αἰδὸν*, *φιλακτόν*.

Κακόσμιος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, *fœtidus*, *olidus*: bad-smelling, fetid. *Pax* 38. *SYN.* *Δυσώδης*.

Κακόσπλαγχρὸς, ὄν, timidus: cowardly. *Μη* *κακοσπλάγχχους τίθης* *Sept. Th.* 223. *SYN.* *Δειλὸς*, *κακὸς*.

Κακόστομεῶ, convicior: to use a bad tongue. *Soph. El.* 597. *SYN.* *Λοιδόρῶ*, *κακήγυρῶ*, *κακορρόθεω*.

Κακόστωμὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, *maledicus*: abusive. *Iph. A.* 1001. *SYN.* see *Κακήγυρὸς*.

Κακόστρωτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, male stratus: ill provided with beds. *Agam.* 539.

Κακόσχηδός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, male otiosus, infaustum otium creans: basely indolent, causing vexatious delay. *Agam.* 186.

Κακότῃχρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, mala arte factus; malum struens: of bad workmanship; mischievous. *Ἡ μάλ᾽ ἀθ' ἡ κακότῃχρος* *O.* 14.

Κακότῃς, ἡ, (1) ignavia: cowardice; (2) improbitas: baseness; (3) ærumna: trouble. *Πῶς μὲ κέλεύεις κακότῃτ' ἀσκεῖν* *P. V.* 1102. *SYN.* *Κακία*, *δειλία*, *ἀτασθαλία*, *μοχθηρία*, *κακόν*, *συμφύρα*. *EP.* (2) *Ἀναγνός*, *ἀπηγνός*, *ἀναδῖς*, (3) *ἄλεγειν*, *αργεννῇ*, *λυγρᾷ*, *οἰζυρᾷ*, *σπὸννεσσᾷ*, *αργαλέα*.

Κακότῃχης, ἔδος, infelix: unhappy. *Hipp.* 665. See *Τύχη*. *SYN.* *Δυστύχης*, *δυσδαίμων*, *κακόδαίμων*, *ἀθλίος*.

Κακοργῶ. See *Κακοργεύω*.

Κακοῦργός. See *Κακομεργός*.

Κακοῦχία, ας, ἡ, mala possessio: an unfortunate possession. *Sept. Th.* 665. *SYN.* *Ὀλέθρος*.

Κακόφᾱτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, male ominata: evil-spoken. *Pers.* 932. See *Φᾱτις*.

Κακόφραδης, ἔως, mala cogitans aut machinans: designing evil, ill-mannerly. *Νεῖκος ἀριστέ* *κακόφραδῆς* *V.* 483.

Κακόφρων, malevolus sum, demens sum: to be evil-minded, to be mad. *Agam.* 1145. See below.

Κακόφρων, ὄντος, cui mala est mens: evil-minded, foolish. *Θέων πῶδῶκεῖς τοὺς κακόφρωνας* *βλᾶβαι* *Antig.* 1104.

Κακόχαρτος, ὄν, alienis malis gaudens: rejoicing at the misfortunes of others. *Hes. Op.* 193.

Κακόχρησμων, ὄντος, improbus: bad. *Κακοχράσμων γὰρ ὁ δᾶμος* *Theoc.* 4. 22.

Κακόψυχος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, *maledicus*: censori-

ous. *Εν γὰρ τοι πολλεὶ ᾧδ᾽ ἐκακοψόγῳ* *Theog.* 287.

Κακῶ, damno afficio, vexo: to injure, harass. *Οὐδὲν κακῶσαι τοὺς ἀναιτίους* *Δῆλω* *Here. F.* 1153. *SYN.* *Κακοურγῶ*, *ἀνῖα*, *ἐνόχλῶ*, *ἀδικῶ*, *ἐπηρέζω*.

Κακῶν, ὄντων, malum vel improbum reddo: to render wicked. *Οὐκὼν κακῶνι τοῖσδε* *Here.* 251. *SYN.* *Καταικίζωμαι*, *διαφθείρω*.

Κακῶς, male, misere: wickedly, miserably. *Κακὸν κακῶς νῖν* *E.* R. 248.

Καλάροψ, potius *Καλαύροψ*, ὅπως, ἡ, pedum, baculus: a shepherd's crook, staff. *Πάλλεν ὀπηδεύουσα καλάροπα* *Apoll.* 4. 974. *Ψ.* 845. *SYN.* *Ῥάδεός*, *λαγωσδόν*, *κόρυν*.

Καλάβίσκος, οὐ, ὁ, parvus calathus: a little basket. *Theoc.* 21. 9. See below.

Καλάβος, οὐ, ὁ, calathus: a basket. *Χ' ὥς αἱ τὸν καλάβον* *Call. Cer.* 121. *SYN.* *Κάνειν*, *κάνειν*, *σπύρις*, *τάλαρος*.

Καλάμαϊος, α, ὁ, culmarius, inter culmos versans: of a reed or stalk, being among reeds. *Theoc.* 10. 18. See *Καλάμος*.

Καλάμευτης, οὐ, ὁ, piscator: a fisherman. *Theoc.* 5. 111. See *Καλάμος*. *SYN.* *Ἀμνητήρ*, *ἄλιεύς*.

Καλάμη, ἡς, ἡ, stipula: a stalk, stubble, straw. *Ἄλλ' ἐμπης καλάμην* *ξ.* 214. *SYN.* *Κάρφος*, *ανθέρης*, *καλάμος*.

Καλάμητόμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ulmos secans: cutting stalks. *Apoll.* 4. 987. See above.

Καλάμινθη, ἡς, ἡ, calaminta: wild mint. *Ὅμοις ἂν καλάμινθης* *Eccl.* 648. *EP.* *Ἰδρηλῇ*, *χαίτηεσσά*.

Καλάμισκος, οὐ, ὁ, parvus calamus: a little reed. *Acharn.* 1034. See *Καλάμος*.

Καλάμιος, εσσά, ἔν, arundinaceus: of a reed. *Iph. A.* 1038. *EP.* *Δονᾶκοις*. See below.

Καλάμος, οὐ, ὁ, calamus: a reed. *Στέφανω-σάμενος καλάμιν λευκῷ* *Nub.* 993. *SYN.* *Δόναξ*, *αἰλός*, *καλάμη*, *ὄσττος*. *EP.* *Πικρός*, *λίγυρος*, *ευάρμοστος*, *κηρδότης*, *κηρδότης*, *εὐτρητός*.

Καλάμοστῆφης, ἔως, calamis circumdatus: covered with reeds. *Καλάμοστῆφον ἀπὸ βυσσῶν* *Batrach.* 126.

Καλάμοφθογγός, ὄν, calamo sonans: sounding with or on the reed. *Ran.* 231. See *Καλάμος*.

Καλαύροψ. See *Καλόροψ*.

Καλέω, voco: to summon. *Τῇσδε δευρὸ χρή καλεῖν* *Herac.* 545. *SYN.* *Μετᾱπέμνω*, *φωνέω*, *μεταστέλλω*, *εκκαλέω*, *ἀπὸκαλέω*, *πρόπέμνω*, *καλιστρέω*.

Καλήσιος, οὐ, ὁ, Calasius. *Θεράποντ᾽ ἀκαλή-σιν* *Z.* 18.

Καλία, ας, ἡ, nidus; domus: a nest; a home. *Βῖτον πλήθωσι καλῖαι* *Hes. Op.* 304. *SYN.* *Νεοττία*, *οικία*, *οἶκος*.

Καλιστρέω, advoco: to summon. *Ἐγὼ ἐπὶ παῖδι καλιστρέῖ* *Call.* 3. 67. *SYN.* see *Καλέω*.

Κάλαα, ὡν, τὰ, barbæ galligallinacei: a cock's gills. *Eq.* 495.

Καλλιάνειρα, ας, ἡ, Callianira: one of the Nereids. *Ἀμφιδόμη καὶ Καλλιάνειρα* *Σ.* 44.

Καλλίας, οὐ, ὁ, Callias: a noble Æginetan. *Nem.* 6. 63. I brevis, ut in *Ξανθίας*.

Καλλιθελάφρος, ὄν, pulchras habens palpebras: having beautiful eyelids. *Ion* 189. See *Βλεφάρων*.

Καλλιῆσας, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, pulchre resonans: beautifully sounding. *Trach.* 650.

Καλλιῆστρυς, ὄς, pulchros racemos habens:

beautifully clustering. *CE. C. 682. See Bōt-
pōs.*

*Καλλίσωλός, ὄν, ferax solum habens : having
a rich soil. Orest. 1388. SYN. Ἐρίσώλαξ,
ἔρισώλός, εὐκαρπός.*

*Καλλίγᾶλνός, ὄν, pulchre tranquillus : beau-
tifully calm, placid. Troad. 837. See Γάλῃνῃ.*

*Καλλίγυνεία, ας, ἡ, quæ pulchritudinem gignit : the producer of beauty, epith. of Ceres.
Kal τῇ Καλλίγυνείᾳ Thesm. 299.*

*Καλλίγεφύρος, ὄν, pulchris pontibus instratus :
covered with beautiful bridges. Rhés. 350. See
Γεφύρα.*

*Καλλίγυναιξ, αἰκός, ὁ, ἡ, pulchris mulieribus
abundans : famed for beautiful women. Σπάρ-
την ἐς καλλίγυναικα ν. 412.*

*Καλλίδινης, ου, pulchre fluens : fair-flowing.
Herc. F. 368. See Δίνῃ. SYN. Εὐρύδός, εὐρρεί-
της, εὐρρεὺς, κἀλλίρρδός, καλλίπυτᾶμός, καλλινᾶδός,
καλλιρέεθρος.*

*Καλλιδίφρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchro curru insignis :
distinguished by a beautiful carriage. Hec. 471.
See Δίφρος.*

*Καλλιδίοναξ, ἄκός, ὁ, ἡ, pulchras habens arun-
dines : having beautiful reeds. Helen. 500.*

*Καλλίεπης, ἔος, facundus : using fair words,
eloquent. Thesm. 52. SYN. Καλλίφθογγός,
εὐγλωσσός, ἡδύεπης, εὐστομός, ἡδύγλωσσός,
ἡδύλογός, μέλιτηρός, ἰμερόφωνός.*

*Καλλιέρεω, rite seu fauste sacrifico : to sac-
rifice auspiciously. Πρίν ἢ γέ μὲ καλλιέρῃσαι
Theoc. 148.*

*Καλλιζυγής, ἔδος, bene junctus : beautifully
joined. Androm. 276. See Ζυγόν, and below.
SYN. Ευζυγής, εὐνυκτός, εὐ ἀραρός.*

*Καλλίζωνός, ου, ἡ, pulchro cingulo ornata :
beautifully girt, graceful. Καλλίζωνοί τὲ γυ-
ναῖκες H. 139. SYN. Εὐζωνός, λιπαρόζωνός.*

*Καλλιθριξ, ἱτρίχός, ὁ, ἡ, pulchros habens
pilos : having beautiful hair, fair-maned. Ὅπως
καλλιτρίχες ἵπποι K. 491. SYN. Εὐθριξ, ἡκδ-
μός, κατὰδωστρίχός, χαίτηεις, καλλικόμδός.*

*Καλλικαρπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fœcundus ; producing
beautiful fruit. P. V. 369. SYN. Εὐκαρπός,
πυλὺκαρπός, ἀγλαόκαρπός, ζείδωρος.*

*Καλλικόλωνῃ, ης, ἡ, Callicolone : a beautiful
eminence in Troy. T. 151.*

*Καλλικόμδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchras comas ha-
bens : having beautiful hair. I. 449. SYN. see
Καλλιθριξ.*

*Καλλικρήδεμνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchram habens
vittam : having a beautiful fillet. Καλλικρή-
δεμνοὶ ἔνεικαν δ. 623. SYN. Λιπαρόκρήδεμνός,
χρυσόμυτης, ευστεφάνος.*

*Καλλιλαμπέτης, ου, pulchre lucidus : sweetly
beaming. Anacr. fr. 135.*

*Καλλιμάχός, ου, ὁ, Callimachus. Olymp. 8.
108. See Μάχη.*

*Καλλιμορφός, ὄν, pulchra forma insignis : fair-
formed. Androm. 1155.*

*Κάλλιμδός, η, ὄν, pulcher, elegans : beautiful.
Μετέπειτα δὲ κάλλιμδός οὖρος λ. 639. SYN. see
Κάλλος.*

*Καλλινᾶδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchrisfluus : fair-flow-
ing. Ἐστὶν οὐκ εἰ παρὰ καλλινᾶν Alcest. 600.,
answered by δέξατο ξείνον νότερῶ βλεφάρῳ.*

*Καλλινικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, victor egregius : glori-
ously victorious. Τὸν καλλινικὸν μετὰ θεῶν
ἐκώμασεν Herc. F. 179.*

*Καλλιόπη, ης, ἡ, Calliope : one of the nine
Muses. Hes. Θ. 79.*

Pros. Lex.

*Καλλιπαῖς, παιδός, pulchram sobolem habens :
having beautiful offspring. Agam. 737.*

*Καλλιπαρῆρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, pulchras habens genas :
fair-cheeked. Θέμιστι δὲ καλλιπαρῆρῳ O. 87.*

*Καλλιπαρθένός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchras habens vir-
gines : of or having beautiful virgins. Iph. A.
1574.*

*Καλλιπέδιλός, Καλὸπέδιλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchros
habens calceos : having beautiful sandals. Καὶ
Μαῖαδᾷ καλλιπέδιλον Hom. Merc. 57. Theoc.
25. 102.*

*Καλλιπέπλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchrum habens pe-
plum : fair-robéd. Troad. 339. See Πέπλός.*

*Καλλιπηχὺς, ὕος, pulchros habens cubitos :
having fine elbows. Ὡ καλλιπηχὺν Ἐκτόρος
βράχιονα Troad. 1194. See Πήχὺς.*

*Καλλιπλουτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, magnas habens opes :
very wealthy. Olymp. 13. 159.*

*Καλλιπτόμδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchre fluens : fair-
flowing. Phœn. 654. See Πτόμδός.*

*Καλλιπρωρός, ὄν, pulchram habens faciem :
handsome. Sept. Th. 529.*

*Καλλιπυργός, Καλλιπύργωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bene
munitus turribus : well fortified. Bacch. 1191.
19.*

*Καλλιπωλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchros habens equos :
famed for beautiful horses. Olymp. 14. 2.
SYN. Εὐπωλός, εὐιππός.*

*Καλλιρέεθρός, Καλλιρρδός, Καλλιρρδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ,
pulchre fluens : fair-flowing, limpid. Δίρκα θ'
ἀ καλλιρέεθρος Herc. F. 780. Τυκτὴν καλλιρρδον
ρ. 206. B. 752. SYN. see Καλλιδινης.*

*Καλλιστάδιός, ὄν, pulchro stadio celebris :
famed for a beautiful stadium or course. Iph.
T. 437. See Σταδίον.*

*Καλλιστεῖα, ων, τὰ, optimi et pulcherrimi
præmia : the rewards of the noblest and best.
Aj. 435.*

*Καλλίστευμα, ἄτος, τὸ, pulchritudinis præ-
stantia : pre-eminence in beauty. Phœn. 222.
SYN. see Κάλλος.*

*Καλλιστεῶ, pulchritudine excello : to excel
in beauty or strength. Troad. 228.*

*Καλλιστεφάνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchra redimitus
corona : decorated with a beautiful garland.
Bacch. 372. See Στεφάνός.*

*Καλλισφύρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchros talos vel
pedes habens : having beautiful ancles or feet.
Καλλισφύρῳ Εὐνήνης I. 553.*

*Καλλιτοξός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, arcu bene instructus :
distinguished by a beautiful bow. Phœn. 1177.*

*Καλλιφεγγής, ἔδος, pulchrum splendorem
habens : beautifully beaming. Troad. 853.*

*Καλλιφλόξ, ὄγδός, pulchra flamma coruscans :
blazing with a beautiful flame. Ion 707.*

*Καλλιφθογγός, ὄν, pulchrum reddens sonum :
sweet-sounding. Οὐδ' ἴστοις ἐν καλλιφθόγγῳ
Iph. T. 221. SYN. see Ἠδύεπης.*

*Καλλιφυλλός, ὄν, pulchris foliis præditus :
having fair leaves. Anacr. 5. 3. SYN. Ἀκρι-
τόφυλλός, ευπέταλός.*

*Καλλιχόρδός, ου, ὁ, (1) Callichorus : the name
of a river, also a famous fountain in Attica ; (2)
ὁ, ἡ, pulchra chorea gaudens : loving the beau-
tiful dance. Apoll. 2. 904. Herc. F. 690.*

*Καλλόνῃ, ης, ἡ ; Κάλλος, ἔδος, τό ; Καλλό-
συνῃ, ης, ἡ, pulchritudo : beauty. Bacch. 451.
Helen. 23. 389. SYN. Ευμορφία, ὥρα, εἶδος,
κόσμος, ευπρέπεια, ἀκμή, κῦρις, χάρις, ἀγλαΐα.
Er. Χάριεσσά, ἀμειρόσια, ἀρίηλδός, ἀγητός,
ἀγλαῇ, ἐπηράτῳ, ἰμερδεσσά, ἡδεΐα, μαρμαίρουσά,
Q*

δαυδάλα, εἰρήνη, οὐράνια, θεοπέσια, περίελεπτος, γαῖα, γλυκερά, ἀριπρέπης.

Κάλλος, Καλλόσυνη. See above.

Καλλύνω, ὕνω, pulchrum reddo : to beautify, to embellish. Antig. 503.

Καλλυπίζω, decoro : to decorate. Lysistr. 44. SYN. Ἀγάλλω, κοσμέω, ασκέω, σεμνύνω.

Κάλυν, ου, τὸ, lignum : wood, a log. Πόλλὰ δὲ κάρκινά κᾶλᾶ H. Merc. 112. SYN. see ἔυλιν.

Καλὸπιδίλος. See Καλλιπιδίλος.

Κάλως, ου; Κάλως, ω, ὁ; Κάλωδιον, ου, τὸ, rudens, funis nauticus : a cable, rope. Εν δ' ὑπέρως τὸ κάλως τὲ ε. 260. Med. 280. Vesp. 379. SYN. Πείσμα, πούς, σχοινίον. Ερ. Εὐστρεπτός.

Κάλως, ἡ, ὅν, pulcher, honestus : beautiful, honourable. Τὰ μὴ κᾶλᾶ καλὰ πέφανται Theoc. 6. 19. The penult. of kalos is always long in Homer, always short in the Attic poets, and common in Hesiod and Theocritus. See Clark. Il. B. 43. SYN. Ἀγᾶνός, εὐειδής, εκπρέπης, ἀραιός, περὶκαλλής, σεμνός, εὐδοκίμος, ἀγαθός, ἀνδρείος, ἥδους, εὐπαρείδος. PHR. Ἀγλαρφί πέποιθός.

Κάλπς, ἰδός, ἡ, urna : a pitcher. Ὑτρίκασί κακ τῶν καλπίδων Lysist. 400. SYN. Ὑδρία, κέρμυς, ἐλκυδριόν, σταμνός. Ερ. Χαλκῆα, ἀργυρεᾶ, μέγαλη.

Κάλυξ, ἡς, ἡ, tugurium : a hut. Ἰπὸ πλεκταῖς κάλυξαισι Theoc. 21. 7. SYN. Ἐπαύλιον, σκηνή, οἰκίδιον, μύχος.

Κάλυδναι, ὧν, αἱ, Calydnæ : islands, called also Sporades. Νήσους τὴ Κάλυδνας B. 677.

Κάλυδων, ὧνός, ἡ, Calydon : a famous city in Ætolia. Κάλυδωνά τὲ πετρήσσαν B. 640. Ερ. Αἰπεινή, ἔρανή. PHR. Πέλοπας χθονός ἐν ἀντιπόροισι πέδι' ἔχουσ' εὐδαίμυνά Eur. Meleag.

Κάλυδωνίος, α, ὅν, Calydonius : of Calydon. Call. 3. 218. See above.

Κάλυμμα, ἄπος, τὸ, velamen : a covering, veil. Iph. T. 373. See Κάλυπτω. SYN. Σκέπας, πέριπτασμα, χλαῖνᾶ, περίβυλαιον, ἐλῦτρον, κάλυπτρα. Ερ. Κυνέου.

Κάλυξ, ὅκος, ἡ, (1) calyx, flos, inpr. rosæ, nondum expansus : a rose-bud ; (2) mundus muliebris : a female ornament. Εμπλέξας κάλυκεσσὶ Theoc. 3. 23. Ερ. Ῥόδα, εἰρήνη, πορφύρεα, ἰστέφανός.

Κάλυπτος, ἡ, ὅν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tectus ; tegens : covered ; covering. Antig. 1011. See Κάλυπτω. SYN. Στέγανός, κατηρέφης, ἐπηρέφης.

Κάλυπτρα, ας, ἡ, tegmen capitis muliebre : a female's head-dress, veil. Ἐπέθηκε κάλυπτῃν ε. 232. SYN. Κάλυμμα, σκέπασμα. Ερ. Δαυδάλα, ἀργυρεᾶ, ἀργυρεᾶ, δενδρήεσσά, λίπαρη, εὐδόμος, ἀπᾶλη, Σιδονία.

Κάλυπτος, tego, operio : to hide, veil. Χέρσω κάλυπτειν τοὺς θᾶνόντας ἐνάλιους Helen. 1065. SYN. Κεύθω, κατὰκάλυπτω, σκέπαζω, σκέπαω, ἀποκρύπτω, ἔρεφω.

Κάλυψά, ὅος, ἡ, Calypso : a nymph. Τὰ μοὶ ἀμερότᾶ δῶκε Κάλυψά η. 259. Ερ. Νυκίμος, ἀμερότᾶς, νύμφη, δεινὴ θεὸς, ἑυπλοκάμος, διὰ, διὰ δέσων, πόντια, δόλδεσά, Ἀτλαντὶς.

Καλχαῖω, (1) purpura perfundo : to dye with purple ; (2) profunde cogito : to consider deeply, be anxious for. Heracl. 40. SYN. (2) Μέρμυα. See Schol. Antig. 20., and Class. Journ. No. LXIII. p. 86.

Κάλχας, αὐτός, ὁ, Calchas : an illustrious Grecian prophet. Κάλχας Ὀδυσσεὺς Μενέλεος δ' ἂ δ' ου καλῶς Iph. A. 107. Ερ. Θεοσφρίδης, ἰωαννῶδων ὁχ' ἄριστος, δεῦρπρος, ἰωαννιστῆς, μαντῖς.

Κάλωδιον. See Κάλως, ου.

Κάλως, ω, ὁ. See Κάλως, funis nauticus.

Κάλως, pulchre, bene, recte : beautifully, properly, rightly. Τοὺς κάλως τέθνηκotas Hec. 329. SYN. Κάλᾶ, εὐ, ευπρέπως, εὐσχημόνως, εὐδοκίμως, εὐσέβως, ὀρθῶς, ἀκριβῶς.

Κάμᾶξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (1) lignum erectum vitem sustinens : a pole supporting a vine ; (2) lignum hastæ, hasta : a shaft, spear. Ἦν κάμακος ἀμφοῖν χεῖρ' ἀπεστέρημενον Phoen. 1418. SYN. (1) Σκόλοψ, χάραξ, (2) ἀκόντιον, δόρυ.

Κάμαρινᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, Camarina : a lake in Sicily, also a city on the lake ; a nymph. Σπεύδει Κάμαρινᾶ θεὸς εὐφρων Olymp. 4. 21., answering to ὑψηλότητων μαρτύρ' ἀέθλων.

Κάματῆρος, ὅν, laboriosus, defessus : laborious, worn out. Lysist. 542. See below.

Κάματος, ου, ὁ, labor : labour. Κάματος βρῦτοῖσιν ἀπὸρία τὲ γίνεταί Orest. 309. SYN. Κόπος, μόχθος, ὅτλος, πόνος, νόσος, ἀπὸρία. Ερ. Δυσπὴν, δυσφορὸς, πολλοῦ, ἀνός, ἀργαλῆος, θυμολγῆς, ἀσπῆτος, δύσαλγῆς, μὲγερὸς, κυδάλιμος, ὀλδος, στυνδῆς, ἀθλῖος, μοχθηρὸς.

Κάματῶδης, ὅος, gravis, laboriosus : laborious, severe. Nem. 3. 28. See above. SYN. Ἐπιμοχθός, ἐπιπόνος, μὲγερὸς, μοχθηρὸς, πῶλῆπνός, ἀργαλῆος, λυπηρὸς, τλησπίνος, φίλδπνός.

Κάμερος, ου, ἡ, Camirus : a city in Rhodes. Καὶ ἀργινέντα Κάμερον B. 656.

Κάμηλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, camelus : a camel. Εἶναι κάμηλος ἀστράβιζοῦσαι χθόνα Æsch. Sup. 293. Ερ. Κυρτή, τὰχύνκηνος.

Κάμινος, ου, ὁ, caminus, fornax, ardor : a forge, furnace, heat. Χεῖρά κάμινον Hom. 47. 2. SYN. Ἰννός.

Κάμινά, ὅος, ἡ, camini fuligine oppleta : covered with soot. Γρηὶ κάμινος ἰσός ὅν σ. 27.

Καμυδία, ας, ἡ, perseverantia, victoria : perseverance in a conflict, victory. Δόφ καμυδίνην Ψ. 661.

Κάμυδρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infelix : unfortunate, ill-fated. β. 351. SYN. Ἀλῖος, πᾶνᾶθλῖος, δύσμορος, δυστυχῆς.

Κάμνω, 2. a. ἐκάμνω, fatigor, laboro, labore fungor : to labour, suffer, to end one's labour. Heracl. 990. SYN. Κᾶπῶα, κᾶπῶμαι, νδῶεω, ἀρρωστῶεω, ἀσθενῶεω, μᾶλακίζομαι, πῶνῶεω, ἐργάζομαι.

Καμῆ, ἡς, ἡ, flexura ; articulus : a turning, inflexion ; a joint. Nub. 969.

Κάμπιμος, ἡ, ὅν, flexilis : winding. Εξέπλησά καμπίμους Iph. T. 81.

Κάμπτω, ψω, flecto : to bend. Eur. Sup. 758. SYN. Γνάμπτω, στρέφω, τρέπω, καδᾶπτω.

Κάμπυλος, ὅν, curvus, inflexus : bent, curved. Ἐπταπύλο καμπύλᾳ τόξα E. 97. SYN. Κάμπιμος, ευκαμπῆς, στρεπτός, ἀγκυλός.

Καμψίπους, πῶδος, pedes flectens : swift. Καμψίπους Ἑρῖνος Sept. Th. 792., answering to ομμάτων ἐπλάγχοθ.

Κανᾶκη, ἡς, ἡ, Canace : the mother of Triops. Αἰδλῖος Κανᾶκης γένος Call. 6. 99.

Κανᾶφῶρος, Dor. of Κανᾶφῶρος, q. v.

Κανᾶχῶ, et Κανᾶχίζω, resono : to resound. Κνήμη κανᾶχῆσθαι δὲ χαλκός τ. 469. M. 36. SYN. Ηχῶ, δουπέω, ἀνᾶχῶ.

Κἀνάχη, ἥς, ἡ, crepitatio, sonitus: a rattling, sound. Τοῦ καὶ ὁδόντων μὲν κἀνάχη πᾶλε Τ. 365. SYN. Ψόφος, ἀραγμός, πᾶτάγος, κτύπος, δοῦπος, ἤχη.

Κἀνάχηδ᾽, cum strepitu: with a loud blast. Λυδῖαν μύτραν κἀνάχηδ᾽ πέποιικιμέναν Nem. 8. 25., answered by ἀμέραις ἐχθρὰ δ' ἄρ᾽ ἀπάρφασις ἦν καὶ πάλαι.

Κἀνάχης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, strepens: sounding. Choëph. 146. See Κἀνάχη.

Κἀνάχίζω. See Κἀνάχων.

Κἀνειὼν. See Κἀνέων.

Κἀνέων, Κἀνοῦν, Κἀνειὼν, ου, τὸ, canistrum: a basket, dish. Εν κἀνέω μέγας ἄρτος Theoc. 24. 135. Iph. A. 1564. K. 355. SYN. Κίθωτος, κᾶλᾶθος. ΕΡ. Χρύσειον, χάλκειον, εὐκύκλον, περὶκαλλῆς, χρυσήλατόν.

Κἀνηθός, ου, ὁ, Canethus. Τὸν ῥᾶ Κἀνηθος Apoll. 1. 77.

Κἀνηφόρῳ, canistrum gero: to bear a basket. Lysist. 1194. See Κἀνέων.

Κἀνηφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, canistrum gerens: bearing a basket. Av. 1551. See Κἀνέων.

Κἀνθάρους, ου, ὁ, (1) scarabæus: a beetle; (2) portus Piræensis: one of the three harbours of the Piræus. Ὁ κἀνθάρους δὲ πρὸς τί Pax 45.

Κανθῆλιά, ων, τὰ, onera asinorum, clittellæ: panniers or packs carried on asses. Αυτοῖσι τοῖς κανθῆλοις Vesp. 169.

Κάνθος, ου, ὁ, Canthus: one of the Argonauts. Apoll. 1. 77.

Κανθώδης, ἔος, aduncus: crooked. Ῥάμφει κανθώδει τρυγὸς ἐκοψέ νεκυν Call. fr. 204. Ruhnken. Ep. Crit. ii. p. 47. proposes Ῥαμφεῖ ἀκανθώδει.

Κάνθων, ὠνός, ὁ, asinus: an ass. Vesp. 179. SYN. Ὀνός.

Κάννᾱ, ἀς, ἡ, canna, storea: a reed, mat. Κάννας ουρήσω μηδ' ἀποπάρδω Vesp. 393. SYN. Ψιᾶθος, δῶναξ.

Κάνουον. See Κἀνέων.

Κανόσις, ἰδός, ἡ, Canobica: Canobian. Πρὸς χῆσι Κανωσίδος ἐγγυθὲν ἀκτῆς Solon. ap. Plut. in Vit. 92.

Κανωσός, ου, ἡ, Canobus: a city of Egypt. P. V. 871. See above.

Κάνων, ὄνός, ὁ, regula; canon: a rule; the handle of a buckler. Γνώμης πόνηρας κἀνόνιν ἀνὰ μέτρον Eur. El. 52. SYN. Στάθμη, γνώμων, δασμός.

Κἀπάνεὺς, ἔως et ἥδος, ὁ, Capaneus: one of the seven chieftains against Thebes. Οὐτ' ἂν γ' ἐτ' ὀρθὰς Κἀπάνεως κέρανιον Eur. Supp. 496. ΕΡ. Ἀγᾶκλειτος, χαλκότευχης, ἀρῆφίλος, κυδάλιμος.

Κἀπάνηιάδης, Κἀπάνηϊός, ου, ὁ, Capaneo satus: of or descended from Capaneus. Ὅρσθ' πέπον Κἀπάνηιάδῃ E. 108, 109.

Κἀπέρους, ου, ἡ, fossa: a ditch. Αμφὶ δὲ κυανέον κἀπέρων Σ. 564. SYN. Τάφρος, ὄρυγμά, διώρυξ, βέθρος. ΕΡ. Κόλη, βάθειᾱ.

Κάπη, ἡς, ἡ, præsepe; pabulum equis in præsepi apposuit: a stall; fodder. Ἐφ' ἱππείῃσι κἀπησι δ. 40. SYN. Φάτνη.

Κάπηλειον, ου, τὸ, caupona: a place where provisions are sold, a tavern. Ουδὲν ποῖων ἀλλ' ἡ κἀπηλεῖον σκόπων Lysist. 427.

Κάπηλεύω, cauponor: to sell by retail, keep a tavern. See Monk, Hippol. 956., and Blomfield's Gloss. Sept. Th. 541. Ελθὼν δ' εἰκέν

ου κἀπηλεύσειν μάχην. SYN. Ἀπεμπάλω, χλευάζω.

Κἀπηλικός, institorie, dolose: like an innkeeper, deceitfully. Ου δῆτ' ἐπεὶ νῦν μὲν κἀπηλικῶς ἔχει Plut. 1063.

Κἀπηλός, ου, ὁ; Κἀπηλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, caupo: an innkeeper. Κεῖ τις κἀπηλός ἡ κἀπηλὸς τοῦ χυδός Thesm. 347. SYN. Πανδοκός.

Κἀπη, ἡς, ἡ, caminus: a chimney. Vesp. 143. See Κἀπνός. SYN. Κάμινος.

Κἀπνῖα, fumigo: to fumigate. Πέτρῃ ἐνὶ καπνῖῳσιν Apoll. 2. 132.

Κἀπνίσαν, fumum excito: to raise a smoke. Κἀπνισάων τὲ κατὰ κλισίας B. 399. SYN. Κἀπνῖα, πῦρ ἀνάπτω.

Κἀπνῶμαι, in fumum redigo; fumo: to reduce to smoke; to smoke. Δέμας κἀπνῶται κλισῶν ὀρθοστάδων Eur. Sup. 507.

Κἀπνός, οὐ, ὁ, (1) fumus: smoke; (2) poet. ignis: fire. Ἰέμενος καὶ καπνὸν α. 58. SYN. Ἀχνη πῦρός. ΕΡ. Θιώδης, αἰθοψ, κᾶκος, αἱμάτεις, ἀδελκῆς, εὐόδης, εὐόδοις, σκίδεις, μέλας, κνισσῆις, λευκανθῆς.

Καπνῖρίζω, torrefio: to crackle. Λακεῖ μέγα καπνῖρίσασα Theoc. 2. 24. SYN. Φλεγμαίνωμαι, φλογίζωμαι.

Κἀπρᾶ, proprie de porca aprum appetente; salax sum: to play the wanton. Γραδὸς κἀπρώσης τὰφροδῖα κἀτεσθῆιν Plut. 1025.

Κἀπρίος. See Κἀπρός.

Κἀπρός, Κἀπρίος, ου, ὁ, aper: a boar. Phoen. 422. A. 414. See above. SYN. Ῥς, χοῖρος. ΕΡ. Ὁρστέρος, ὀλόδοφρον, ἀγρίος, ἀγροτέρος, βλοσυρός, Αἰτάλως, Ἐρῦμάντιος, χᾶμαιεύνης, ἀργιῶδων. PHR. see Hes. Scut. 386—391.

Κάπτω, “aperio os ad captandum aëra; edo avide et cum spiratione.” Damm.: to gasp, eat greedily. Eccles. 687. SYN. Ἀνάκἀπτω, ἐκπνέω, κἀφῶ.

Κἀπρός, ἀ, ὄν, torridus, fervidus: parched, burning. Αλλὰ μὲ τις κἀπρὰ νόσος Theoc. 2. 83. SYN. Δεινός, αὐαλέος.

Κἀπύς, ὕος, ὁ, Capys. Ασασᾶκος δὲ Κἀπυν ὁ δ' ἄρ' T. 239.

Κάτω, inus. spiro; antiquitus, capio. See Κάπτω, and Damm in Κάτω.

Κάρ, ἀρός, ὁ, Car: a Carian. Ὡσπέρ οἱ Κᾶρες μὲν οὖν Av. 292.

Κάρ, Κάρους, ὁ vel τὸ, capillus rarus, rescissus, ideoque res vilissima: a slip of hair, anything mean. Τίω δὲ μὴν ἐν κάρὸς αἰσῇ I. 378.

Κάρ, Κάρα, Κᾶρη, τὸ, (gen. κρατός, dat. κρατὶ and κάρᾳ, acc. τὸν and τὸ κρατᾶ, also τὸ κᾶρα. See Schol. Hes. Ec. 432.); Κᾶρᾱ, gen. ἡτός and ἡτός; Κᾶρην, ου, τὸ, caput: the head, the summit. Εξ ὄρεων ἐπὶ κάρ μινύθει δὲ Π. 392.

Αργοῦς κᾶρα σὺν λειψᾶν πέπληγμοῖς Med. 1384. A. 443. T. 405. Ουλύμποις κᾶρηων H. 19. Κάρα is frequently used with an adjective, per synecdochen, to denote a person; as, φίλον κᾶρα, a dear person. SYN. Κεφάλῃ, κόρση.

ΕΡ. Δύστην, πᾶλλευκόν, βακχεῖον, ἀθλίον, κᾶσίγητον, ὁμόλεκτρον, ἀνδρῶν, ξυρῆς, ξανθόν, κᾶκόν, φίλον, ἀκίμνον, γέραιον, κατὰπτυστόν, καλλινικόν, ἐγκέκαρμένον, πόλιον, αἰπεινόν, ἄκρον, ἀμείννον, δῖον, ἰφθιμόν, ἀνθοκῶδον, ἀθανάτον, δεινόν, λᾶσιον, ευπλοκάμον, λᾶχνην, λαμῶντην, κᾶριον, ὑπερόπλον, σμερδαλέον, ἀκῶμυρόν, ὀρθόν.

Κἀραδοκῶ, expecto: to expect, look out for. Κἀραδοκῶσῃ σῇ ἐκεῖ παρουσίαν Iph. A. 1432.

Κα est brevis, ut quod a *kāra* derivatur. SYN. Προσδοκᾶω, δόκεω, ελπίζω.

Κάραμεις, ἴος, ἥ, Carambis: a promontory of Paphlagonia. Κάλεουσὶ Κάραμειν Apoll. 2. 361.

Κάρανιστήρ, ἥρως, Κάρανιστης, ου, ὁ, ἥ, mortis capitalis auctor: one who cuts off the head. Αλλ' οὐ κάρανιστήρῃς Eumen. 186. Rhes. 817. SYN. Θανάτῃφ' ὁρῶς, ποίνιμος.

Κάρανῶν, ad fastigium perduco, perficio: to bring to a head, terminate. Μὴ κάρανῶσαι φίλοις Choëph. 693. SYN. Κεφάλαιω, τέλειω.

Κάρατ' αὐμῶ, caput abscindo: to behead. Χρῆν κάρατ' αὐμῶν ξίφει Rhes. 582.

Κάρατ' αὐμῶς, ου, ὁ, ἥ, cui caput est abscissum, aut qui a capite est abscissus: having the head cut off, or cut from the head. Καὶ κάρατ' αὐμοῖς χλιδᾶς Soph. El. 52.

Κάρσανος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, barbarus: a barbarian, foreigner. Κάρσανος ἂν δ' Ἑλλησιν Æsch. Sup. 921. SYN. Βάρβαρος, ἀλλοφυλὸς, ξένος.

Καρδάμιζω, de nasturtium garrio: to babble about the nasturtium. Τὶ καρδάμιζεις ου βάδιεῖ δεῦρ' ὥς ἐμέ Thesm. 617.

Κάρδαμον, ου, τὸ, nasturtium: a kind of water-cress of an acrid taste. Καὶ βλέπόντων κάρδαμα Vesp. 455.

Καρδάμυλλ, ης, ἥ, Cardamyle. Καρδάμυλλην ἔνυπνεν τέ 1. 150.

Καρδία, Κράδια, as, ἥ, cor, animus: heart, affection, courage. Καρδίαν ἔξιν δόκεις Iph. A. 1173. Κινεῖ κράδιαν κινεῖ δὲ χόλον Med. 98. SYN. Κῆρ, κῆρ, ἥτορ, φρήν, θυμός. Ερ. Κάθ' ἂρὰ, φίλη, ταλαινά, πολλὰ τλάσῃ, Δεῦσεῖς, πρόφρων, σιδηρῇ, ἀχνυμένη, ἀτειρὴς, μένεδ' ἥϊός, ἄρωτος, ἀμείλιχος, ἀλέγειν, ἀπειροκάριος, ἀδόλος, ἀτολμός, θράσειά, βάθυπλουτός, γυῖρά, θαρσάλεα, μέλαινα, πίνυτή, σφάλερά.

Καρδιόδηκτος, ὄν, cor mordens: annoying the heart, galling. Agam. 1447. See above. SYN. Θυμόδακτῆς, δηξίθυμος, θυμὸν κατέδων, καρδίας δηκτῆρις.

Καρδοπίων, ωνός, ὁ, Cardopion. Ἐπειτὰ δ' ὥς ὁ Καρδοπίων τὴν μητέρα Vesp. 1178.

Κάρδοπτος, ου, ἥ; Καρδοπτη, ης, ἥ, mactra: a kneading-trough. Ὅστις κάλειε κάρδοπον τὴν καρδοπην Nub. 1253. SYN. Μάκτρα.

Κάρη. See Κάρ.

Κάρηκῶμα, comam alo: to have long hair. Κελευῖ κάρηκῶμας Ἀχαιοῦς B. 11. SYN. Κῶμῶ, κατὰδόστρυχός εμῖ.

Κάρηνον. See Κάρ.

Καρία, as, ἥ, Caria: a territory in Asia Minor. Ἐπὶ νῦν τῶν οφθαλμῶν πᾶρβαλλ' εἰς Καρίαν Eq. 17.

Καριόβεργης, εὖς, ὁ, ἥ, a Carica gente factus: wrought or made by the Carians. Anaer. fr. 137. See below.

Καρίκος, ἥ, ὄν, Carius; hinc, vilis, exiguus: Carian; paltry, small. Σκῶλιν Μελήτου Καρικῶν αὐλημάτων Ran. 1302.

Καρίς, ἰδὸς ἐτ' ἰδός, ἥ, squilla: a shrimp. Eupolis habet ἔχων τὸ πρόσωπον καρίδος μασθλητίνης. Sed Eubulus: Ωρχοῦντο δ' ὥς καρίδες ἀνθρώκων ἐπὶ.

Καρίων, ωνός, ὁ, Carion: the name of a slave. Παὶ Καρίων τὰ στρώματ' ἐκφέρειν σ' ἐχρήν Plut. 624. For the quantity of the first syllable of Καρίων see Brunck, Plut. 1100.

Καριαῖρα, resono, sonum edo qualem res sicca vi pulsata: to resound, to crack. T. 157. SYN. Ηχέω, ἀράξω, κινέδμαι.

Καρκίνιτης, ου, ὁ, Carcinites. Ἐτέρος τράγωδος Καρκίνιτης ἐρχεται Vesp. 1505.

Κάρκινος, ου, ὁ, cancer; signum coeleste; foriceps: a crab; the constellation called the Crab; a pair of pincers. Τὸν κάρκινον ὀρθὰ βάδιζεν Pax 1083. Ερ. Λεχρίος.

Κάρνῃ, item Καρνεῖᾷ, ων, τὰ, Carnea: a festival in honour of Apollo, instituted on account of his punishment of one Carnus, a prophet. See Heyne, Pind. Pyth. 5. 103. Τὰ δὲ Κάρνῃ καὶ δὴ ἐφέρει Theoc. 5. 83.

Καρνεαῖδης, ου, ὁ, Carneades: the father of Telesicrates, an illustrious Cyrenean. Pyth. 9. 127. See Καρνεῖας.

Καρνεῖς, ἀδός, ἥ, Carneae: of or belonging to the festival Carnea. Καρνεῖαδὲς ἡλύθον ὦραι Call. 2. 87.

Κάρως, ου, ὁ, sopor cum gravedine: a deep sleep. Apoll. 2. 203. See Κάρω.

Κάρω, veterum induco: to render torpid. Θανάτῳ κέκάρωμἐνᾷ Theoc. 24. 55. SYN. Βάρυνω.

Καρπάθος, et per metath. Κράπαθος, ου, ἥ, Carpathus: an island, from which the Carpathian sea derived its name. Κάρπαθος ἠνέμοεσσα Hom. Apoll. 43. Εἶχον Κράπαθόν τέ Κάσον τε B. 676. Ερ. Παπάλδεσσα.

Καρπάλιμος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, celer: quick. Καρπάλιμοις πόδεσσι X. 166. SYN. Ωκὺς, αἰψηρὸς, τάχως, οἷζυς.

Καρπάλιμος, raptim, cito: rapaciously, quickly, rapidly. Τόφρᾳ δὲ καρπάλιμος μ. 166. SYN. Οξέ, οξέως, τάχῳ, τάχως, ῥίμφᾳ.

Καρτίω, fructum decerpo: to yield fruit. Helen. 1327.

Καρτίως, ου, ὁ, ἥ, frugifer: fruitful. Τῶν ἔξινον τοὺς καρτίωμ. Eq. 326.

Καρπόποιός, Καρποτρόφος, Καρποφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, fructificus: fruit-yielding, bounteous. Rhes. 961. Ion 478. Helen. 1500.

Καρπόδμαι, fructum percipio, fruor, consequor: to reap the fruits, possess. Hipp. 1425. SYN. Ἀπόλαυα, καρπίζομαι.

Καρπός, οὔ, ὁ, (1) fructus: fruit, produce, offspring; (2) junctura manuum: the wrist. Hec. 593. X. 277. Ερ. Ἀφθύνος, ἀθανάτος, ἀφειδής, γλυκὺς, ζεῖδαρος, φερέζωος, νεύθηλης, ἐρίθηλης, θάλλων, πόλυθηλης, χάρις, πίων, οἶνοφ, μέλιτης, μέλιφρων, θέρειος.

Καρποτρόφος. See Καρποποιός. But it is found acuted on the second, in a passive sense, in Orph. H. in Nub. 17.

Καρποφόρος. See Καρποποιός.

Κάρπωμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, (1) fructus, quæstus: fruit, gain; (2) victima: a victim. Æsch. Sup. 1008. SYN. Ὀνησις, θυσία, προσθόρᾳ.

Κάρρωτος, ου, ὁ, Carrotus: the brother of the wife of Arcesilaus. Pyth. 5. 34.

Κάρτᾳ, valde: very, very much, powerfully. Κάρτᾳ προσχωρεῖ πόλει Med. 224. SYN. Πάνῳ, ἄγαν, μάλᾳ, μεγάλως, δεινός.

Καρταίπους, Κράταιπους, πόδός, validos pedes habens: strong-footed. Olymp. 13. 113. Hom. 48. 8.

Καρτεραίχμης, ου, ὁ, bellator validus: a valiant warrior. Isth. 6. 55.

Καρτέρω, forti animo sum, patienter fero: to be brave, persevere, endure. Aleest. 1097. SYN. Διάκαρτέρω, διαρκέω, μένω, ὑπόμεινω, ἀντέχω, διατέλλω.

Καρτέρυμος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, tolerans: strong in

mind, resolute. Ἡγήτορα καρτέρουμιν Ψ. 512. SYN. see Κράτερδωρ.

Καρτέρως. See Κράτερως.
Καρτέρωχειρ, χειρὸς, validus manu: strong-handed, powerful. Hom. 7. 3.

Κάρτιστος, Κράτιστος, η, ὄν, praestantissimus: most excellent. Z. 185. Τὸν κάρτιστον Ἑλλάδος Helen. 41. SYN. Ἄριστος, ἀνδρείοτάτος, ἀνδραδέστατος.

Κάρτος. See Κράτος.
Καρύνω. See Κράτνω.

Καρυκοποιεῖω, suaviter condio; sermonem variis modis condio: to season agreeably; to varnish. Ὅτι ἡ λέγειν οἶός τε κὰγὼ καὶ κάρυ|κοποιεῖν Eq. 343.

Κάρυον, ου, τὸ, nux juglans: an almond, nut. Σύκοις καὶ κάρυοις καὶ ἐδεσμάσι Ran. 31.

Κάρυστιος, α, ὄν, Crystius: of Crystus. Lysist. 1068. Prima brevis, ut in Κάρυστος. Οἱ τε Κάρυστον ἔχον B. 539.

Καρφάλεος, Καρχαλέος, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, siccus, aridus: dry, parched. Καρφάλεον τὰ μὲν ἄρ τε ε. 369. Δίψη καρφαλέοι Φ. 541. SYN. Ξηρὸς, αζαλέος, κἀτάξηρος.

Καρφήρη, ἡς, ἡ, festuca: a straw. Ion 171. See Wesseling. Diod. Sic. vol. ii. p. 103.

Κάρφος, ἔδος, τὸ, palea: chaff, bran. Apoll. 3. 291. SYN. Σκινδαμὸς, κἀλᾶμη, φρύγανον.

Κάρφω, siccio, arefacio: to parch up. v. 430. SYN. Αναίνω, ξηραίνω.

Καρφαλέος. See Καρφάλεος.
Καρχαρόδους, οντός, acutus habens dentes: sharp-toothed, ravenous. Κύνων ὑπὸ καρχαρόδωντων N. 198.

Καρχήσιον, ου, τὸ, (1) poculum: a goblet; (2) summa pars mali nautici: the shrouds of a ship. Πέσοσαν εκ καρχησιων Hec. 1251. SYN. (2) Ἰκρίον.

Κασαλδᾶς, convitior: to act the strumpet, revile wantonly. Eq. 354. See below. SYN. Λοιδυρέω, δεινάζω, ἐπισκώπτω, ἐπηρέάζω, κερτομέω.

Κάσαλδᾶς, ἄδως, ἡ, meretrix: a harlot. Eccl. 1098. Ka brevis, ut in cognata voce κάσαιριν.

Κασάνδρα, ας, ἡ, Cassandra: one of the daughters of Priam. Ἡ Κασάνδραν ἐσιδὼ Τρωᾶδες Hec. 86.

Κασαίριν, Κάσαιριν, ου, τὸ, lupanar: a brothel. Εν κάσαιρίοις λείχων τὴν ἀπόπτυστον δρόσον Eq. 1285. SYN. Πορνείον.

Κασίγνητος, ου, ὁ, (2) Κασιγνήτης, ἡς, ἡ, (3) Κασίγνητος, ὄν, (1) frater: a brother; (2) soror: a sister; (3) de fratre vel sorore: of a brother or sister. Δεὸν κασιγνήτοισι Iph. A. 376.

Κασίς, ἴος, ὁ, ἡ, frater, soror: a brother, sister. χᾶτερων πολλῶν κᾶσιν Hec. 361. SYN. Ἀδελφός, ἀδελφή, ἀνταδελφός, ἀντὸς κασιγνήτος.

Κασσιέπεια, ας, ἡ, Cassiopea: the wife of Cepheus and mother of Andromeda. Παμμήνιδι Κασσιέπεια Arat. Phoen. 190.

Κασσιτέρως, ου, ὁ, plumbum album: white lead, tin. Ἀτειρεῖα κασιτίερον τε Σ. 474. Ep. Ἐάνος, νέοτευκτός, φάνος, πάνεφθός.

Καστήλῃα, ας, ἡ, Castalia: a sacred fountain at Delphi. Phoen. 229. See below. PHN. Ἀργυροειδέις Καστήλῃας διναί.

Καστήλῃδες, ων, αἱ, epith. Musarum: of Castalia. Νύμφαι Καστήλῃδες Theoc. 7. 148.

Καστιανειρά, ας, ἡ, Castianira: the daughter of a prince in Thrace. Καστιανειρά δέμας Θ. 305.

Καστῶρειν, τὸ, sc. μέλδος, et Καστῶρειδος ὕμνος, Castoreum carmen: the military song of the Spartans. Pyth. 2. 127.

Κάστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, Castor: (1) the son of Jupiter and Leda, and brother of Pollux; (2) a Cretan, the son of Hylacus. ξ. 204. Orest. 1653. Ep. Ἰπποδάμους, κράτερως, ἱππάλῃδης, αἰδλοπαλῶς, φῆσφῶρος, χρυσάρματός, Τυνδαρίδης, τὰ χυτῶλῶς, δῶρύσσος, χαλκὸς θῶρηξ, ἡμίθεός, κωκυδῶν δεδάμημένος Ἰππων.

Κάτᾱ, Κάτ', Κάθ', prap. (1) cum genitiv. de, contra, adversus: down from, against; (2) cum accus. per, secundum: along or down, according to. Δωτοτῶρον κατὰ λείμακά Phoen. 1587. Ψῆφος καθ' ἡμῶν οἰσέται τῇδ' ἡμέρᾳ Orest. 434.

Κατὰδᾶδην, deorsum: in or while descending. Εξδν κατὰδᾶδην ουκ ἐτός χωλοὺς ποιεῖς Acharn. 411.

Κατὰδᾶινω, descendo: to descend, dismount, disembark. Androm. 542. SYN. Ἀποδᾶινω.

Κατὰσακχιῶμαι, bacchor: to perform the orgies of Bacchus, to be frantic. Bacch. 109. Xi brevis, ut in Βάκχιος. SYN. Ἀνασακχεῖω.

Κατὰσάλλω, ἄλῳ, dejicio, evertō: to throw down, upset. Bacch. 1235. SYN. Κατάρσσω, κάτασκάπτω, κατέρειπω, ἀνᾶτρεπω, πορθέω, ἀπορρίπτω.

Κατὰσασμὸς, οὗ, ὁ, descensus: a descent. P. V. 836.

Κατὰσῆλακευμένως, tarde: sluggishly. Κοῦ κατὰσῆλακευμένως Plut. 325. See Βλακίκας.

Κατὰσάπτω, detrimentis afficio: to injure. Μὴ τί κατὰσάπτῃ τὸ σὸν αὐτοῦ Hom. Merc. 93. SYN. Βλάπτω, κἀκῶ, λυμᾶνῶμαι, ζημιῶ.

Κατὰσάλλω, percurro: to run down or through. Ἀστὺ κατὰσάλλωσκοντὰ π. 466. SYN. Κατέρχῶμαι, διεξέρχῶμαι.

Κατὰσᾶω, obstrepro, strependo vinco: to inveigh against, outbawl. Acharn. 711. SYN. Ἐπισᾶω, ἀνακράζω, ἐπισωτρέω.

Κατὰσάλλῃ, ἡς, ἡ, fundamentum: the foundation, structure. Nem. 2. 5. SYN. Ἐδέθλιον, δύσισ, τελέτη.

Κατὰσᾶσκω, depasco; colo: to keep down by feeding on; to cultivate. Theoc. 15. 126. SYN. Κατὰτράγω, κατὰερωμί.

Κατὰσᾶστριχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, comatus: having pendant locks, hairy. Κατὰσᾶστριχὸς ὁμῶσι γοργὸς Phoen. 146. SYN. Λαχνηίς, χατήης.

Κατὰσᾶρέχω, perfundo: to moisten thoroughly. Πτόξωμαι μὴ κατὰσᾶρεχθῶ Nub. 267. SYN. Διάσᾶρέχω, κατὰραίνω, διαχέω, ἀρῶ.

Κατὰσᾶρίθω, ingravesco, onustus sum, emineo: to weigh down, to be loaded, to surpass. Ὅλεω μὲν πάντας κατὰσᾶερίθει βασιλῆας Theoc. 17. 95. Sed hac esse potest nova vox præs. temp. κατὰσᾶερίθω. SYN. Βάρῶ, βάρύνῶμαι, νικάω.

Κατὰσᾶροχίζω, deglutio, devoro: to swallow down, devour. Κατὰσᾶροχίσις κατ' ἐκπῶν Eq. 357.

Κατὰσᾶρῶ, sorbeo: to suck down or up. Ὅς τὸ κατὰσᾶρῶειν δ. 222.

Κατὰσᾶρωμί, devoro: to devour. Φοῖξ κατᾶέρω Hom. Apoll. 127.

Κατὰγέλαω, derideo: to laugh at. Iph. A. 372. SYN. Ἐπιγέλαω, διαπαίζω, χλευάζω, ὑβρίζω, κερτομέω, κατὰφρόνῶ.

Κατὰγέλωας, ω, ὁ, ludibrium: an insult. Eq. 320.

Κατὰγηράσκω, Κατὰγηρῶ, senesco: to grow

old. Med. 124. ι. 510. SYN. Γηράσκω, γηράω, πᾶρησάω, ἐπὶ γῆρας ἰκέσθαι.

Κατᾶγνυνω, deorsum fero, devehō: to bear or carry down. Κατᾶγνυνῶν ὕλην κ. 104. SYN. Κατᾶφέρω, κατᾶγω.

Κατᾶγνύνσχω, 2. a. ἐγνυν, decerno adversus alique, condemnō: to decide against any one, condemn. Εὐ κατᾶγνωσθῆ δίκη Eumen. 576. SYN. Κατᾶκρύνω, ἐλέγχω, κατᾶμυμέφουμαι.

Κατᾶγλωττίζω, (1) impudice suavi: to kiss obscenely; (2) deblatator, conviciator: to use the tongue against, abuse. Eq. 352. See below. SYN. Λοιδόρρω, κατηγόρρω.

Καταγαλάντισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, (1) osculum impudicum: an unchaste kiss; (2) obtundens loquacitas: a deafening loquacity. 'Η δ' αὖ μύρου κρόκον καταγαλάντισμάτων Nub. 51.

Καταγαυῖ, ἄτος, τὸ, fractura: a thing torn or broken off, a lock of wool. Πάντων τὸ καταγαυῖ λᾶδόντας Lysist. 584.

Κατᾶγνυμι, ἄξω, 2. a. p. ἔαγην, frango: to break. Eur. Sup. 518. SYN. Ἀγνυμι, κατᾶκλάω.

Κατᾶγύρεω, defero, indico: to convey information of. Pax 107. See Ἀγύρεω. SYN. Εἰσαγγέλλω.

Κατᾶγράφω, describo, delineo: to write down, delineate. Alcest. 989. See Γράφω. | SYN. Γράφω.

Κατᾶγω, deduco; deducor: to bring down or back, restore from exile; to sail, to land. Med. 1012. See Ἄγω. SYN. Πρόσᾶγω, κατὰίρω, πᾶρσάλλω.

Κατᾶγώνιον, ον, τὸ, diversorium: a place of reception. Κατᾶγώνιον τοιοῦτον Anacr. 22. 8. SYN. Πανδόχειον.

Κατᾶδάζουμαι, divido, distraho: to divide, tear. X. 354. SYN. Ἀποδάζουμαι, ληίζουμαι, διαρπάζω.

Κατᾶδαίρουμαι, devoro, comedo: to devour. Theoc. 4. 34. SYN. Κατᾶτρώγω, κατᾶδάζουμαι.

Κατᾶδάκνω, mordeo: to bite, gnaw. Κατᾶδάκνω δάκτυλόν ἀκρον Batrach. 45.

Κατᾶδάκρυνω, largissime fleo: to shed tears abundantly. Helen. 672. See Δάκρυνω. SYN. Κατᾶδάκρυνω, χέω, δάκρυνω, κατᾶθρηνέω.

Κατᾶδακτυλικός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, cinædus. Eq. 1378. See Δάκτυλος.

Κατᾶδάμναιμαι, edomo, perdomo: to bring under subjection, tame. Hom. Merc. 137. SYN. Δάμναιμαι, δάμνω, κρατέω, ὑποτάσσω.

Κατᾶδάπτω, devoro, lacerō: to devour, lacerate. π. 92. SYN. Δάπτω, κατέδω, κατᾶκόπτω, δρῦπτα, διασπᾶω.

Κατᾶδάρθωνω, 2. a. κατέδαρθον, per metath. κατᾶδρᾶθον, Ἔολ. κάδδρᾶθον, alte dormio: to be in a deep sleep. Plut. 527. See Δαρθύνω. SYN. Κάθευδω, κατᾶκοιμάουμαι, καθύπνυνω, εὖδω.

Κατᾶδεῖδω, pertimesco: to fear greatly. Pax 758. SYN. Περίδεῖδω, περὶφόβεσθαι, εκπήσσω, κατᾶπλήσσω, δειλιάω.

Κατᾶδεῖκνυμι, Κατᾶδεικνύνω, δείξω, ostendo, commissio, probō: to show, invent, prove. Ran. 1032. SYN. see Δείκνυμι.

Κατᾶδέρκομαι, aspicio: to behold. Trach. 1002. SYN. Δέρκομαι, καθόραω, βλέπω, δέωρεω. Κατᾶδεύω, mafeacio: to moisten. Hes. Op. 543. SYN. Δεύω, βρέχω, νύττω.

Κατᾶδέω, devincio: to bind down or tight. Helen. 686. SYN. Ἀνξδέω, συνδέω, δέω, δεσμένω, συνάπτω.

Κατᾶδηλός, ὄν, valde manifestus: very manifest. Plut. 1065. SYN. Ἀριδηλός, ἐκδηλός, δηλός.

Κατᾶδημύδωρρω, populum devoro, absumo: to devour the people, to consume. Σ. 301. See Damm. and Heyne. SYN. Κατᾶφάγω, κατᾶναλίσκω.

Κατᾶδηριάδουμαι, concerto, contendo: to fight, contend. Πεδῖον κατᾶδηριάσθαι P. 96. SYN. Ἀμιλλᾶδουμαι, φίλονεικῶ, μάχουμαι, μάρναιμαι.

Κατᾶδιαλλάσσω, concilio, pacem compono: to reconcile, make peace. Vesp. 1284. SYN. Διαλλάσσω.

Κατᾶδουλώω, in servitutem redigo: to reduce to slavery. Iph. A. 1269.

Κατᾶδρόμω, ὄν, vastatus: overrun. Troad. 1290. SYN. Ἀνδοτάτῶς.

Κατᾶδρῦμα, ἄτος, τὸ, laceratio: laceration. Κατᾶδρῦματὰ χειρῶν Eur. Sup. 51. SYN. Ἀμυγμα.

Κατᾶδῦμι, Κατᾶδύνω, Κατᾶδύνω, demergo; in duo: to plunge down or into, sink, set; to put on. K. 545. Hom. Merc. 237. Φ. 559. See Δῦμι and Δύνω. SYN. Εἰσδύνω, δύνω, ἀφικνεύμαι, εισέρχομαι.

Κατᾶδω, canto, incanto: to sing, enchant. Ἀνωλόλυξέ καὶ κατᾶδῆ βάρβαρα Iph. T. 1338. See Ἄδω.

Κατᾶδωρύδωκῶ, corrumpto sordidis muneribus: to corrupt with bribes, gain over by bribery. Ran. 361. SYN. Δίαφθειρω (χρήμασι).

Κατᾶεῖνῶν, induo, vestio: to put on, clothe or cover. Κατᾶεῖνῶν ἅς πέβαλλον Ψ. 135. SYN. Κατᾶεῖνῶν, σκέπαζω, περὶσάλλω.

Κατᾶεῖω, longum vitæ tempus traduco: to live long. Θεοῦ κατᾶεῖ δεῦρ' αἰετὸν σέμνῶν βίον Ion 56. SYN. Ζάω.

Κατᾶευννῶ, Κατᾶευννυμι, ζεύω, conjungo: to tie down to a yoke, inclose. Τυμῆρει δαλάμω κατεζεύχθη, Antig. 947., answered by πετράδει κατᾶφρακτός εν δεσμῶ. SYN. Συζεύγνυμι, ζεύγνυμι, ἀρμόζω, καθέιργω.

Κατᾶεῖνῶσκω, arefacio: to dry up. Κατᾶεῖνῶσκῶ δὲ δαίμων λ. 586. SYN. Αἰάλω, ἀναίλω.

Κατᾶεζώννυμι, ζώω, accingo: to gird. Ὅφεσ' κατεζώσαντ' ἰχμῶσιν γένυν Bacch. 688.

Κατᾶδάπτω, inhumo: to bury. Agam. 1530. SYN. Θάπτω, ἐντάφιδω, κτερέζω.

Κατᾶθέλω, demulceo: to soothe. κ. 213. SYN. Καταφίχω, κατᾶκηλέω, πρᾶνω, ἡμέρδω, τῖθασσένω.

Κατᾶθνήσκω, 2. a. ἐθάνων, intereo: to die, perish. Hec. 356. SYN. Ἀποθνήσκω, θνήσκω, εκπνέω, οἰχῶμαι.

Κατᾶθνήτῶς, ὄν, mortalis: mortal. Οὐτὶ κατᾶθνήτοισιν ἔοικεν K. 440. SYN. Θνητὸς, βροτὸς, ἀνδρῶμεῖς.

Κατᾶθρηνέω, lamentor: to lament. Ὡς ἐπὶ τύμβω κατᾶθρηνήσω Eur. El. 1324. SYN. Θρηνέω, γόαω, κατᾶδολφύρομαι, ὀδύρομαι, πενθεῶ, ἀποκλάδουμαι, οἰμῶζω.

Κατᾶθύμιος, ὄν, gratus: agreeable. Τὸ μοι κατᾶθύμιον ἐστίν χ. 392. SYN. Ἀποθύμιος, θυμᾶρης.

Κατᾶθύω, fascino, incanto: to fascinate, enchant. Εκ δῦεν κατᾶθύσομαι Theoc. 2. 10. SYN. Θύω, ἐπάδω, ἐπισφάττω.

Κατᾶισάτης, ον, δ; Κατᾶισάτης, ἡ, descendens, declivis: descending, open to descent. Οὐδὲ τὸν κατᾶισάτην Bacch. 1350. See also Apoll. 2. 353.

Κατᾶιγίω, irruo vel everto more turbinis: to descend or overthrow like a storm. Sept. Th. 63. SYN. Ἐπιφέρωμαι, διαθύσσω.

Καταίξ, *ικὸς, ἡ*, procella: a storm. Βῆρεαδ̄ *καταίξ* Call. 3. 114. SYN. Ἀελλᾶ, λαίλαψ. Εἶρ. Θδᾶ, χειμέρια, τρηχεῖα.

Καταίγδην, cum impetu irruendo: with a violent impulse. Στίβερῶσι καταίγδην ἐλάττησιν Apoll. 1. 64. SYN. Λάερος, φόραδην.

Καταιδέομαι, valde revereor, fidem habeo: to respect greatly, to believe. Orest. 675. SYN. Αιδέομαι, ἄζομαι.

Καταιβᾶλδω, comburo; nigrifacio: to reduce to ashes; to cover with soot. Ion 213. See Αιβᾶλῃ.

Καταιβύσσω, lucere facio; moveo me per et super: to flash as lightning; to wave over. Pyth. 5. 13. SYN. Αιβύσσω.

Καταίθω, comburo: to burn down. Orest. 1637. SYN. Κατάκαιω, καταπρήθω, καταιβᾶλδω.

Καταικίζω, male tracto, foedo: to ill-treat, disfigure, pollute. τ. 9. SYN. Αικίζω, ὑβρίζω, καταφρόνέω.

Καταίνω, collaudo, despondeo, promitto: to praise, betroth, promise. Ε. C. 1633. SYN. Συναίνεω, ἀποδέχομαι, ἐπινέω.

Καταίρω, appello; advenio, descendo: to come into port; to come to, descend. Bacch. 1284. SYN. Κατάγω, κατάσαινω, εισέρχομαι, καταπλέω.

Καταισθάνομαι, 2. a. ᾗσθωμην, discerno: to perceive. Ε. R. 422. SYN. see Αισθάνομαι.

Καταίσος, ὄν, decens, consentaneus: befitting, proper. Ἐργὸν οὐ κατάσιον Agam. 1588. SYN. Ἐνασίμωδς, κατ' αἰσάν, οὐχ ὑπὲρ αἰσάν, πρόσῃων.

Καταισχυντήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, qui dedecore afficit: one who disgraces. Agam. 1334.

Καταισχύω, ὦνῶ, pufefacio, dedecoro: to cause to feel shame, to disgrace. Orest. 1168. SYN. Αισχύνω, αἰμαζώ, μῖαινω, αἰμαυρῶ.

Κατάισχω, pro Κατέχω, q. v.

Καταίτωξ, ὕγος, ἡ, galea, facta superne non cum apice quodam, sed plana: a helmet low and depressed without a crest. K. 259. Τῷγος brevis, ut ἀντίγος.

Καταωρέομαι, dependeo: to hang down from. Hes. Scut. 225. SYN. Ἀνακρέμαμαι, εκκρέμαμαι.

Κατακαίριος, ὄν, lethalis: deadly. Λ. 439. SYN. Καίριος, δανάτηφόρος.

Κατάκαιω, καύσω, exuro: to burn down. Nub. 411. SYN. Καίω, καταφλέγω, πρήθω, πυρδῶλῶ, εκπύρδω.

Κατάκάλυπτο, obtego: to draw down a veil, hide. Troad. 1306. See Κάλυπτο. SYN. Κάλυπτο, περιστέλλω, στέγάζω, στέγω, σκεπάζω.

Κατάκλμπτω, deflecto: to bend down, turn, alter. Troad. 1242. SYN. Γνάμπτω, μεταστρέφω, ἀποστρέφω.

Κατάκάρφωμαι, arefio, marcesco: to be parched or withered. Agam. 79. SYN. Ξηραίνωμαι, ἀφάνίζωμαι, κάρφωμαι, καταξηνασκόμαι.

Κατάκασᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, meretrix: a courtesan. Κατάκασᾶ καὶ οὐ ψυδὸς οὐνὸμ' ἔχουσα Call. fr. 184.

Κατάκειμαι, Κατάκειω, jaceo: to lie down. P. 677. σ. 418. SYN. Ἀνάκειμαι, κατακλίνωμαι, καθεύδω.

Κατάκείρω, detondeo, absumo: to crop down, consume. δ. 686. SYN. Κατὰνάλκω, διάκείρω.

Κατάκείω. See Κατάκειμαι.

Κατάκείλέω, hortor, jubeo: to exhort, en-

courage, command. Ran. 209. SYN. Εγκέλεω, παράκalew.

Κατάκηλέω, demulceo: to soothe. Trach. 1005. SYN. Κατάθελγω.

Κατάκισσος, ὄν, hederaceus, hederā redinitus: bound with ivy. Anacr. 6.

Κατάκλαίω, lugeo: to mourn for. Iph. T. 143. SYN. see Κατάθρηνέω.

Κατάκλᾶω, frango: to break down or off, subdue. Hipp. 764. See Κλᾶω. SYN. Κατάγνυμι.

Κατάκλεις, εἶδος, et Ion. Κατάκλῆις, ἴδος, ἡ, quod claudendis foribus adhibetur; a lock, chest. Καὶ τῆς κατάκλειδος ἐπιμελοῦ καὶ τοῦ μοχλοῦ Vesp. 154. Call. Del. 82.

Κατάκλειστος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, inclusus: shut up. Ἡ παῖς ἡ κατάκλειστος Call. fr. 118. 1.

Κατάκλειω, εἰσω et Dor. ἄξω, includo: to shut up. Μετῆωρισθεις κατάκλεισθῇ Nub. 404. SYN. Εγκλείω, κἀτέργω, περίλαβάνω.

Κατάκλῆις, ἴδος. See Κατάκλεις.

Κατάκλινω, ἰνῶ, facio discumbere; discumbo: to cause to lie down; to recline at table. Πῶς οὖν κατάκλινω φράζ' ἀνύσας εὐσχημῶνως Vesp. 1210. SYN. Κατάκειμαι, εγκλίνω, ἀνακλίνω.

Κατάκλύω, inundo, submergo, obruo: to overflow, drown, overwhelm. Κατάκλυσθῆναι τὰ μῦστα (paræmiac) Sept. Th. 1081. SYN. Πλημύρω, περίσσεύω.

Κατάκλώθες, ὡν, αἱ, Fata: the Fates. Αἰδᾶ Κατακλώθες τέ βάρειαι η. 196.

Κατάκνῶ, ἥσω, corrodo: to scratch, rub down. Ἐπὶ ταυτησί κατάκνησθῆναι Eq. 771.

Κατάκνίζω, fricando vexo; carpo: to irritate by rubbing; to rail at. Σκόπτεις ἐγὼ δὲ κατὰ κέννισμαί δειλάκρα Plut. 974. SYN. Κατάκνῶ, διακνίζω, κάθῃβρίζω.

Κατάκνώσσω, fut. ὤσω, dormio: to sleep. Τοῖα κατακνώσουσᾶ Apoll. 3. 690.

Κατάκοιᾶομαι, edormio: to sleep soundly. Thesm. 46. SYN. Κοιμάω, κατευνάζω.

Κατάκοιμίζω, in somnum declino oculos: to sink down into sleep. Ε. R. 1222. SYN. Καθ-ὑπνῶ.

Κατάκοιράνῶ, impero: to command, marshal. Πάλεμον κατάκοιράνέουσιν E. 332. SYN. Κοιράνῶ, δεσπόζω, ἀπειθῶνῶ, ἐπιστάτῶ.

Κατάκόμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, villosus: having hair hanging down. Bacch. 1176. SYN. Εὐκόμος, πλόκομος, εὐβρίξ.

Κατάκονῶ, exacuo: to grind down, destroy. Hipp. 823. See Ἀκονῶ.

Κατάκόπτω, concido: to cut down, destroy. Lysist. 730. SYN. Ἀποκόπτω, κατὰτέμνω, συντέμνω, διασπάω, κατὰκρούω.

Κατάκοσμέω, compono, orno: to adorn, set in order, arrange. Vesp. 1473. SYN. Ἐπικοσμέω, κατὰτίθημι, τάττω, εξασκῶ.

Κατάκούω, audio plane: to hear distinctly. Σύριγγος ἰαν κατάκούω Rhes. 553. SYN. Ἀκούω, αἶω, ἀκροᾶμαι, ἐσάκούω.

Κατάκράζω, reclamo: to crow, to rail at. Κατάκεκράζομαι σὲ κράζων Eq. 287., corresponding to Κατάβοήσομαι βῶν σε. SYN. Κατᾶσῶω, περιδῶω, ἀνακλάζω.

Κατάκρας, funditus: from top to bottom, entirely. Iph. A. 778. See Ἄκρος. SYN. Πρέμνυθεν, βύσσυθεν, παντῆως.

Κατάκράτῶ, supero, polleo, possideo: to surpass, have power, possess. Θεῶθεν γὰρ κατὰ μοῖρ' ἐκράτῃσεν Pers. 105. SYN. see Κράτῶ.

Κατάκρεμᾶω, Κατάκρεμάννυμι, suspendo de : to hang from. θ. 67. SYN. Ἀνακρεμᾶω, κρεμᾶω.

Κατάκρηθην pro Κατάκρηθην, supra caput, in præceps: over the head, headlong. Τρώας δὲ κατάκρηθην λάβῃ πένθος Π. 548.

Κατάκρημνᾶμαι, præcipitor: to hang downwards. Κάτεκρημνῶντὸ δὲ πολλοί Hom. 6. 39. SYN. Κάταιωρῶμαι.

Κατάκρημνός, ον, ὁ, ἡ, præceps: steep. Ὅπου κατάκρημνός ὁ χάρος Batrach. 153. SYN. Ἀποκρημνός, ὑψηλοκρημνός, πρηνής, καταρρώξ.

Κατάκρινω, ἰνῶ, judico, condemnno: to judge, condemn. Κάτεκρινās ὅρη λόγος Theoc. 23. 23. SYN. Κρίνω, κατάγινώσκω.

Κατάκρύπτω, occulto: to conceal. Πένθει δυνόφερῳ κατάκρυψας Pers. 542. SYN. Ἀποκρύπτω, κατάκάλυπτο, κεύθω.

Κατάκρυψις, ἥς, ἡ, occultatio: concealment. C. C. 218. See Κρυφαῖος. SYN. Κρύψις, ἀποφύγη.

Κατακταῖμαι. See below.

Κατακτεῖταις, Κατακταῖμαι, obtineo: to gain possession of. Κατακτεῖταις ἄρειον Apoll. 3. 136. Trach. 795. SYN. Κταῖμαι, κτεῖταις.

Κατακτεῖνω, Κατάκτεμι, interficio: to kill. Μὴ κατακτείνειν ἐμέ Ion 1282. Hec. 1198. SYN. Ἀποκτείνω, κτείνω, ἀναιρῶ.

Κατακτός, ὄν, deducendus; pensilis: what can be brought down; hanging down. Pax 1244. SYN. Κρέμαστος, μέτεωρος.

Κατάκύντω, incurvo me, decumbo: to bend, or lie, or stoop down. Π. 611. SYN. Συγκύντω, εγκλίνω.

Κατάκωρῶ, sancio, constituo: to sanction, adjudge. Ψήφῳ δᾶνατον κατάκωρθεῖς Orest. 1012.

Κατάκωλῶ, prohibeo, veto: to prevent, forbid. Acharn. 1087. See Κωλῶ. SYN. Κωλῶ, ἀπείρω, ἀπεννέω, κατέχω.

Κατάκωμάζω, temulentia proterva insulto: to carouse. Phœn. 363. SYN. Κωμάζω, ἐπιζέω.

Κατάλαλέω, obloquor: to speak against, to blab. Ran. 752. See Λαλέω. SYN. Αντίλαλέω, διαβάλλω.

Κατάλαμβάνω, λήψομαι, ἐλάβδν, εἰληφᾶ, deprehendo, corripio: to seize, overtake, detect. Eccles. 21. See Λαμβάνω. SYN. Ἐπιλαμβάνω, φθάνω, ἀλίσκω, εξευρίσκω, κατάρμαρτω, κίχάνω.

Κατάλαμπω, illumino; luceo: to cause to shine on; to shine. Troad. 1062.

Καταλγέω, moleste fero, doleo: to be annoyed at, to grieve. Philoct. 372. SYN. Δυσχεραίνω, αλγέω.

Κατάλέγω, recenseo, enarro: to recount, describe. Lysist. 394. SYN. Λέγω, καταγράφω, εγγράφω, διαριθμέω, κατάλογίζομαι.

Κατάλειβω, destillo: to cause to drop, distil. Theoc. 1. 8. SYN. Ἀποστάζω, καταστάζω, κατᾶχεω.

Κατάλειπτός, ὄν, perunctus: anointed. Pax 862. SYN. Εγχεριστός.

Κατάλειπω, relinquo: to leave, to quit. Iph. A. 1179. SYN. Λείπω, ἀπολείπω, ἀφίημι.

Κατάλεπτολόγῶ, subtiliter et argute rimor: to criticise with subtlety. Ran. 827. SYN. Λεπτολόγῶ, βάσανίζω.

Κατάλεύω, lapidibus obruo: to bury under stones, to stone to death. Acharn. 285. SYN. Λεύω, πέτρῶω.

Κατάλέω, molo: to grind. Ἐπεὶ κατὰ πυρὸν ἄλεσαν υ. 109. SYN. Ἄλέω.

Κατάλῃγω, desino: to cease. Agam. 1455. SYN. see Λήγω.

Κατάληθδομαι, penitus obliviscor: to forget entirely. X. 389. SYN. Ἐπιλήθδομαι.

Κατάληπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, comprehendiendi facultate præditus: capable of comprehending, of seizing. Κατάληπτικός τ' ἀριστὰ Eq. 1377.

Κατάληπτός, ἡ, ὄν, comprehensibilis: which can be caught or obtained. Hipp. 1347. SYN. Περὶληπτός, ἄλωτός.

Κατάληψις, ἔως, ἡ, deprehensio: a seizure. Nub. 318. SYN. Γνώρισις, αἴσθησις, σύνεσις.

Καταλλάγῃ, ἥς, ἡ, reconciliatio: reconciliation. Περὶ πόλεμον καταλλάγῃς Av. 1588. SYN. Ξυναλλάγῃ, διαλλάγῃ.

Καταλλάσσω, permuto, reconcilio: to exchange one thing for another. Iph. A. 1157. SYN. Διαλλάσσω, οικειῶω.

Κατάλογός, ον, ὁ, catalogus, enumeratio: a catalogue, enumeration. Eq. 1369. SYN. Λόγος, πινᾶξ.

Κατάλοκίζω, sulco: to make a deep furrow. Eur. Sup. 836. by Tmesis. SYN. Ἀλοκίζω, ἀροτρίῶω, χαράσσω.

Κατάλοω, abluo; in balneis consumo: to wash away; to waste on baths. Nub. 836. SYN. Κατάναλίσκω, ἀνάμασσω.

Καταλόφθεϊά, supra cervicem: on the neck or shoulders. Βῆν δὲ καταλόφθεϊά φέραν κ. 169. SYN. Κατὰμοδῶν.

Κατάλυσιμός, ὄν, qui dissolvi vel aboleri potest: what can be dissolved. Οὐπὸτὲ κατὰλυσίμῳ Soph. El. 1260., answered by τοῦ παρὸς ἐτὶ χαρίτος.

Κατάλυσις, ἔως, ἡ, eversio; exitus; diversorium: a dissolution; an end; an inn or place of entertainment. Δεξώμεθ' οἶκον κατὰλυσις χωρεῖν χρεῶν Eur. El. 393.

Κατάλυνω, (1) dissolvo, destruo: to loosen, destroy; (2) commoror: to stop; (3) conficio: to finish. Ὅτι κατὰλυνε περίφανως εἰς ὧν μῦθος Plut. 948. SYN. Λύω, εκλύω, ἀντρέπω, ἀφελίζω, (2) διατρίβω, (3) τέλειω.

Κατάλωφθω, quiescere facio: to cause to rest. Apoll. 3. 616. SYN. Κατὰπαύω.

Κατάμαρπτω, comprehendo, voro: to seize, reach, devour. Z. 364. SYN. Κατάλαμβάνω, καθαρχάω.

Κατάμασσω, meto, accumulo: to reap, gather. Κατάμησάτῳ χειρὶν ἔρσι Α. 166. SYN. Ἐπάμασσω, ἀρροίω.

Καταμελίνω, ἰνῶ, hebetō, obtundo: to blunt. C. R. 688. SYN. Αμελίνω, ἀπαμελίνω.

Κατάμελέω, negligo: to neglect. Aj. 45. SYN. Ἀμελέω, παράμελέω, ἐξάμελέω, ἀθερίω.

Κατάμελιτῶω, melle condio: to mix with honey, sweeten. Aves. 224. See Μελί, ἴτος. SYN. Μελιτῶω.

Κατάμεμπτός, ὄν, vituperandus: to be blamed. C. C. 1696. SYN. Ἐπίμεμπτός, ἐπιληπτός, ἐπιφθονός, κατὰμομφός.

Κατάμέμφομαι, increpo, accuso: to censure, accuse. Anacr. 64. 8. SYN. Ἐπίμέμφομαι, αἰτιάομαι, εγκάλεω.

Κατάμηλῶω, spatula exploro: to probe a wound. Eq. 1147. SYN. Πειράω, δοκίμαζω.

Κατάμηνῶω, indico, prodo, enuntio: to inform, bring proof against, denounce. Κατάμηνῶω πρὶν ἂν ἐξ ἀγρίων P. V. 182. See Μηνῶω. SYN. Μηνῶω, ἀπαγγέλλω, ἀποφαίνω.

Κατάμιαινω, ἄνω, polluo: to pollute. Pyth. 4. 178. See Μίαινω.

Κατάμιγνυμι, μίξω, commisceo: to mix with. Lysist. 580. SYN. Ἐπίμισθουαι, ἀνάμιγνυμι, ἀνέμιγνυμι.

Κατάμισθοῦρῶ, in stipendia militum ex-haurio: to expend in hiring soldiers, or giving them pay, to bribe. Eq. 1349.

Κατάμομφός, ὄν, vituperandus: deserving of blame. Agam. 143. SYN. see Κατάμειπτός.

Καταμιπσχω, cooperio: to cover over, invest. Helen. 852. SYN. Κατάκάλυπτω, περιστέλλω.

Κατάμυσσω, lacero: to tear. Κατόμυξάτο χεῖρά ἄραχιν E. 425. SYN. Ἀμύσσω, κατάξαινω.

Κατάμυττωτεύω, instar moreti contundo: to pound like pap. Pax 247.

Κατάμυνω, conniveo: to close the eyes, wink. Ἦν δ' οὖν κατάμυση κἄν ἄχρην ὄμωσ ἐκεῖ Vesp. 92. SYN. Μύν, σκαρδάμυνσω.

Κατάναγκάζω, cogo: to force or bind down, compel. Ἦν κἀτηνωκασμένος Bacch. 633. SYN. Ἀναγκάζω, καθέιργω.

Κατάναω, ἄσω, habito, habitandum do: to dwell, cause to dwell. Phoen. 215. SYN. Κατοικίω, καθίστημι.

Κατάνεύωμαι, descendo, redeo: to descend, come back, return. χ. 484. SYN. Ἀπονεύωμαι, ἀπέρχομαι, ἐπ'ἀνέρχομαι.

Κατάνευω, annuo: to confirm with a nod or faithfully. Thesm. 1020. SYN. Διάνευω, ἐπ'ι-νεύω.

Κατανθράκω, in carbones verto: to reduce to ashes. Soph. El. 58. See Ανθράκω. SYN. Ανθράκω, κατάκαίω.

Κατάνικω, exsupero: to surpass. Soph. Alod. 7. See Νικάω. SYN. Νικάω, κρᾶτέω.

Κατάνιφω, ningo deorsum: to shower down snow. Κεῖ κρηνώδῃ κατάνιφοι Nub. 965. SYN. Νίφω.

Κατάνομαι, absumor: to be consumed. Μαψ-ιδίως τὰ δὲ πολλὰ κατάνεται β. 58. SYN. Ἀναλίσκομαι, κατάνομαι.

Κατάνοτίζω, humecto: to wet, moisten. Iph. T. 833. by Tmesis.

Καταντᾶ, deorsum: downward. Πολλὰ δ' ἄναντᾶ καταντᾶ Ψ. 116.

Κατάντης, ἐς, declivis: sloping, steep, direct. Theoc. 1. 13.

Κατάντησιν, adv. e regione: over against, opposite. v. 387. SYN. Κατέναντι, κατέναντιδν.

Καταντικρὺ, adv. et præp., e regione, ex adverso: over against, straight down. Ἀλλὰ καταντικρὺ τῆγος λ. 64.

Καταναλέω, hausta aqua perfundo; convicior: to pump upon; to asperse. Vesp. 482. SYN. Διάδρεχω.

Κατάνω, ὕσω, conficio: to despatch, perpetrate, kill. Εξ οὐπὲρ αἰμὰ γενέθλιον κατήνυσεν Orest. 89. See Ἀνύτω. SYN. Κατεργάζομαι, ἀναιρέω, φόνεω, εκπράττω.

Καταξάω, ἄνω, lacero, attero: to tear asunder, consume. Πέτρος καταξανθέντες Eur. Sup. 513. SYN. Ἀμύσσω, κατὰτρίσω.

Καταξένω, hospitio excipio: to receive as a guest. Καλ' κατέξενάμενον Choëph. 694. SYN. Ξένω.

Κατάξιός, α, ὄν, dignus: deserving. Οὐ κατ-άξιός γέγώς Eur. El. 46. SYN. Ἀξιός, ἐπαξιός, δικαίος.

Κατάξιω, dignum judico: to deem worthy. Sept. Th. 664. See above. SYN. Αξιόω.

Καταξίως, digne, pro dignitate: worthily. Οὐτ' ἐμοὶ καταξίως CE. C. 911. SYN. Αξίως, ἐπαξίως, κατ' αξίαν.

Κατὰπάλαιω, eluctor, lucta vinco: to overcome in the struggle or contest. Ἀλλ' οἱ λόγιοι γὰ κατὰπάλαιουσιν λόγους Iph. A. 1013. SYN. Διάπάλαιω.

Κατὰπάσσω, conspergo, inspergo: to sprinkle, cast upon. Nub. 177. SYN. Προσπάσσω, ἐπί-πάσσω, ἐπιβάλλω.

Κατὰπαστός, ὄν, qui aspergitur: besprinkled, covered. Eq. 501. SYN. Πλήρης, στεφάνωθεις, πέποικιλμένος.

Κατὰπάτω, conculco: to tread down or upon. Κάτ' δ' ὄρεϊά πιστὰ πάτησαν. SYN. Ἐνάλλομαι, ἀποθλίβω.

Κατὰπαυμά, ἄτος, τὸ, requies: repose. P. 38. SYN. Ἡσυχία, ἀνάπαυλά.

Κατὰπαύω, compesco; requiesco: to stop; to cease. Av. 1397. SYN. Κατέχω, ἐξάνω, κατ-άλγω, ἀναπαύομαι.

Κατὰπέδω, constringo pedibus; implico gravi malo: to bind down with fetters; to involve in calamity. T. 94., by Tmesis. SYN. Πεδῶ, περὶβάλλω.

Κατὰπειλέω, interminor: to threaten violently. CE. C. 1147. See Ἀπειλέω. SYN. Ἀπειλέω, ἐπάπειλέω, διαπειλέω.

Κατὰπελτάζομαι, incurso: to make incursions into a country and plunder, prop. like a πελ-ταστής. Acharn. 160. SYN. Κατάκοντίζω.

Κατὰπέτω, decoquo: to boil down, digest, suppress. Olymp. 1. 86.

Κατὰπέρδω, oppedo: to show contempt for. Plut. 618.

Κατὰπέτάζω, et Κατὰπέταννυμι, expando, explicio: to spread over, expand. Κατὰπέτ'ασαντες εν κύκλῳ φύλαττόμεν Vesp. 132. SYN. Ἄπλω, εκτείνω, κατὰκάλυπτα.

Κατὰπέφνω, occido: to kill. Aj. 901. See Πέφνω. SYN. Κατακτείνω, σφάττω, ἀποκτείνω, ἀπολλυμι, κατακτείνω.

Κατὰπήγνυμι, ἥξω, gelu compingo; depango: to bind with frost; to fasten, fix. λ. 378.

Κατὰπίνω, deglutio: to drink down, swallow. Vesp. 1502. See Πίνω. SYN. Κατάβροχθίζω, εκπίνω.

Κατὰπιττώ, pice illino; metam. convicia in-gero: to daub over with pitch; to abuse. Eccles. 1109. SYN. Πισσῶ, λοιδορέω, κάκολόγῶ.

Κατὰπίπτω, 2. a. κατέπεσον, et in Hom. κάπ-πεσον, decido: to fall down. Cycl. 665. SYN. Πίπτω, εκπίπτω, ὀλισθαίνω, κατὰδύω.

Κατὰπάσσω, f. ἄσω, illino: to to plaster up. Κατέπλ'ασεν αυτοῦ τὰ βλεφάρ' εκστρέφας ἵνα Plut. 721. SYN. Χρίω, εγχριώ, κατὰλείφω.

Κατὰπλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, illinendus; illinendo aptus; simulatus: to be plastered over; fit for plastering; feigned. Κατὰπλαστὸν ἐνέχειρησέ τρισεὺς ἐμβάλων Plut. 716.

Κατὰπλέω, εὔσομαι, navigo: to sail into port, to return. Ἐνθα κατέπλεόμεν ι. 142. SYN. Καταίρω, κατὰφέρομαι.

Καταπλήσσω, obstupefacio: to strike with astonishment. Κατεπλήγω φίλον ἦτορ Γ. 31. SYN. Εκπλήσσω, δειμαῖτω.

Κατὰπνέω, εὔσω, perfo; effundo: to blow down; to pour out. Καὶ τῶν μηρῶν κατὰπνεύσῃ Lysist. 552. SYN. Ἐπὶπνέω.

Κατὰπνύθω, ἡς, ἡ, flatus: a breath, blast. Pyth. 5. 162. See above. SYN. Ἄημά.

Καταπραῖνω, demulceo, lenio: to appease. Κατεπρήνυν ἄνίας Apoll. 1. 265. SYN. Πραῖνω, ἰλᾶσκῃμαι, κατὰθέλγω, παρὰθέλγω.

Καταπρηνής, ἔως, δ, ἡ, declivis: bending down, headlong, prone. Χείρεσσι καταπρηνέσσι λάβουσα τ. 467. SYN. Πρηνής, κατεστραμμένως.

Καταπρίω, serra deseco: to saw off. Καταπρίων τὸ κύμνον Theoc. 10. 55. SYN. Διάπρίω, διακόπτω, διασχίζω.

Καταπρῶδιδωμι, δάσω, prodo: to betray. Vesp. 1044. See Διδωμί. SYN. Προδιδωμί, κατὰπρῶλειπω.

Κατὰπρῶδῆμαι, used only in the future, impune evado: to escape with impunity, or (according to Constantine) to insult with impunity. ἔμοι κατὰπρῶδει (quadrissyll.) θαυμάσιως ἦσθην Σέοις Nub. 1230.

Κατὰπρῶλειπω, ante desero: to abandon before. Καταπρῶλειπὼν ἐλίδσθη Apoll. 3. 1164. SYN. Κατὰλειπω, ἀπῶλειπω, φεύγω.

Κατὰπρόχῳ, profundo: to pour down. Καταπρόχουσα παρεῖναι Apoll. 3. 1117. SYN. Πρόχῳ, εκχῳ, κατὰχῳ.

Καταπτᾶν. See Καθίπτειμι.

Καταπτέρως, ου, δ, ἡ, plene plumatus: having long wings. Orest. 176. See below. SYN. Πτερόφωρος, πτηνός, τανυσίπτερος.

Καταπτήσσω, et Καταπτᾶσσω, consternor: to crouch down through fear, to dread. Καταπτήσας ὑπὸ θάμνω X. 191. E. 476. SYN. Πτήσσω, ὑποπτήσσω, δειλιάω, ορῶδew, ταρβῶ, κατὰπλήσσομαι.

Κατάπτυστος, ὄν, despuendus, abominandus: to be spit on, execrable. Αἱ κατὰπτυστοι κύραι Eumen. 68. SYN. Κατάρατος, μίσητος, ἐχθιστός, μῖσος.

Καταπτύχης, ἔως, sinuosus: full of folds. Καταπτύχες ἐμπερόναμα Theoc. 15. 34. SYN. Πόλυπτυχός.

Καταπτᾶσσω. See Καταπτήσσω. Κατάπνυδύνη, ης, ἡ, foeda mollities: effeminacy. Κατάπνυδύνης ἀνὰπλήσει Nub. 1020.

Κατάπνυν, ὄνως et ὠνός, δ, ἡ, cinædus; salax: a catamite; effeminate, profligate. Acharn. 79. Lysist. 777. See above.

Κατάπνυθω, ὥσω, putredine consumo: to cause to rot. Τὴν δ' αὐτοῦ κατέπνυς ἱερὸν μένος ἡέλιου Hom. Apoll. 371. SYN. Φθείρω, κατὰσήπω, διαπύθω.

Κατάπνυκός, ου, δ, ἡ, densissimus: very thick. Καὶ ἃ κατὰπνυκός ἐκείνα Theoc. Ep. 1. 1. SYN. Πύκνός, κατὰσκήδς.

Κατὰπνυρῶλέω, incendiis consumo: to consume in the fire. Theoc. 250. SYN. Πυρῶλέω, κατὰκαίω, κατὰίθω.

Κατάρα, as, ἡ, execratio, diræ: an imprecation. Τέλεσαι τὰς περὶθύμους κατάρας Sept. Th. 721., answered by χθονὰ ναλεῖν διὰπῆλας ὕψωσαν. Κατάρα is found in the tragic writers only in the choral odes.

Κατάρακτης, ου, δ, nomen avis cujusdam: a ganet, a kind of eagle or ravenous bird. Καὶ κατάρακτη Av. 887.

Κατάρᾶμαι, execror, male precor: to pour curses upon. Οὐκ εἰς κόρακας κατάρᾳ σὺ τῷ διδασκάλῳ. The second syllable of Κατάρᾶμαι is sometimes found long, but only where the metrical ictus falls on it. Nub. 871. SYN. Βδελύττωμαι, ἀπεύχουμαι.

Κατάρατος, ὄν, execrandus, maledicendus, sce-

lestus: execrable, accursed, wretched. Ενδησάμενα τὸν κατάρατον Med. 163. SYN. Ἐπαράτος, κατὰπτυστός, ἀπευκτός, μίσητος.

Καταργῶ, inanem et inutilem reddo: to render useless. Phœn. 765. SYN. Αργῶ, ἀκυρῶ, σφαλᾶζω.

Καταργυᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, initiatio, primitiæ: an initiatory rite. Iph. T. 245. SYN. Τέλετή, ἀπαργμὰτᾶ, ἀπαρχή.

Καταργυρούμαι, argento corrumpor: to be bribed. Antig. 1077. See Ἀργυρός. SYN. Κατὰδωρῶδδῶκε.

Κατάρδω, irriro: to bedew, refresh. Acharn. 658. SYN. Κατὰσρέχω.

Κατάρῶ, Καταρρέω, blande mulceo manu: to stroke with the hand, caress. Χειρὶ τέ μιν κατέρρεξε A. 361. Φῆ δὲ κατάρρέζων H. in Dian. 29. SYN. Καταψῶ, κατὰψήχω.

Κατὰρίγηλός, ὄν, horribilis: to be shuddered at, horrible. Λυγρὰ τὰ τ' ἀλλοσίην γέ κατὰρίγηλᾶ (the second long by the metrical ictus falling on it,) πέλονται ξ. 226. SYN. Ῥιγηλός, φῶσέρως.

Κατὰριθμῶ, annumero: to number. Καταριθμῆται Τρωάδων ἄλλων μετὰ Troad. 865. SYN. Ἐπαριθμῶ, κατὰλόγιζομαι, κατὰτίθημι.

Καταρκῶ, sufficio: to be sufficient. Rhes. 448. SYN. Ἐπαρκῶ, ἀρκῶ, εξαρκῶ.

Καταρνῶμαι, inficio: to deny. Antig. 442. SYN. Ἀπαρνῶμαι, εξαρνῶμαι, ἀρνῶμαι.

Κατάρῶ, aro: to plough. Av. 583. See Ἀρῶ. SYN. Ἀρῶ, ἀροτρίᾶω, βῶωτῶ, πόλεω, πόλευνω.

Καταρράκω, lacerō: to tear into rags, to rend in pieces. Trach. 1119. See Ῥάκός. SYN. Σπαράττω, κατὰμύσσω.

Καταρράκτης, ου, δ, cataraeta: a cataraet. Et adj., præceps: dashing. Τὸν καταρράκτην ὁδὸν OE. C. 1590.

Καταρράπτω, consuo: to sew together, contrive. Eumen. 26. See above. SYN. Σურράπτα, ἐντίθημι.

Καταρρέζω. See Κατάρῶ.

Καταρρέω, deorsum vergo: to bend downwards. Καὶ τύχη καταρρέπει Antig. 1158. SYN. Κατὰβάλλω, πίπτω.

Καταρρέω, 2. a. κατέρρυν, defluo: to flow down, to be drenched, to stream. Φόνω καταρρεί πρὸς δὲ Troad. 16. SYN. Ἀπορρέω, κατὰπίπτω.

Καταρρήγνυμι, ἥζω, dejicio, effringo: to break down, to burst. Τρὸπὰς καταρρήγνυσσι Antig. 675. SYN. Ἀναρρήγνυμι, ἀποθραύω, κατὰβάλλω.

Καταρρινῶ, lima polio: to file down, polish. Æsch. Sup. 755. See Πινῶ. SYN. Ξῶ, ἐξ-ἀκριδῶ.

Κατάρρυντός, ου, δ, ἡ, irriguus: well-watered. Εἰ δ' ἀμφὶ Θρήκην χιόνι τὴν κατάρρυντον Androm. 215. SYN. Διᾶσέρυχός.

Καταρρῶξ, ὠγός, ἡ, præruptus: craggy. Philoct. 938. SYN. Ἀπορρῶξ, κρημνώδης, κατὰκρημνός.

Καταρτῶ, ὥσω, compono, instruo: to arrange, train, instruct. Καταρτῆται νῦς ἀνδρός Plat. Menon. 24. e Solon.

Κατάρχω, primus facio: to begin; med. Κατάρχουμαι, auspicio: to begin a sacrifice. Hec. 685. SYN. Ἀρχω, ἀπαρχοῦμαι.

Κατασθέννυμι, σθῆσω, extinguo, sedo: to extinguish, appease. Πῦρ κατασθῆσας λάθρυν

Orest. 689. SYN. Σθέννυμι, ἀποσθέννυμι, κατὰ-παύω.

Κατᾶσειω, concutio: to shake down. Theoc. 21. 42. SYN. Σείω, ἀποσειώ, κατᾶσύρω.

Κατᾶσέω, or -σύω, ruo, decido: to rush, fall down. Κατέσσυτὸ καλὰ βέεθρα Φ. 382.

Κατᾶσῆπω, marcescere facio: to cause or suffer to rot, to putrify. Κατὰ δὲ χρῶά πάντα σάπειν T. 27. SYN. Σῆπω, κατᾶπύθω.

Κατασθμαίνω, anhele: to snort at, to champ. Ὡς κατασθμαίνων μένει Sept. Th. 389. SYN. Ασθμαίνω.

Κατᾶσικέλιζω, Sicularum modo comedo: to devour like a Sicilian. Κατέσικέλιζε κανέπληγ' εν τῷ σκύτῳ Acharn. 911. See Σικελία.

Κατᾶσινάζω. See Κατεκσινάζω.

Κατασκάπτω, diruo: to destroy. Ἔστια κατεσκάφη Hec. 22. SYN. Αναστρέφω, ἀνίστημι, κατᾶβάλλω, κατὸρύττω.

Κατασκάφη, ἥς, ἡ, (1) specus: a cave dug out; (2) eversio: destruction. Ιλίου κατασκάφην Helen. 197. SYN. (1) Κευθμῶν, ὄρυγμά, (2) ἀνστάσις, ἀρᾶνσις.

Κατασκάφης, εὖς, ὅ, defossus; dirutus: dug out; undermined. Ὡ κατασκάφης Antig. 891. SYN. Ἀνστάτος, ὑπόγειος, κατὰγειός.

Κατασκεδάννυμι, σκεδᾶσω et σκεδᾶ, dispergo: to scatter, spread. Av. 536. See above. SYN. Δίασκεδάζω, ἀποσκεδάννυμι, διᾶλνω, κατὰχέω.

Κατασκέλλω, exsiccō: to wear away. Χρεία κατεσκελλόντο P. V. 490. SYN. Κατᾶθνήσκω, κατᾶτάκωμαι.

Κατασκευή, ἥς, ἡ, apparatus: preparation, supply. Eur. Sup. 225. See below. SYN. Δίασκευή, πάρασκευή, κατασκευασμά.

Κατασκήνωμα, ἄτος, τὸ, integumentum: a covering. Δροίτης κατασκήνωμα Choëph. 986. SYN. Σκέπας, πᾶρᾰπᾰσταῖα, κάλυμμα, σκηνή.

Κατασκήπτω, immitto; incumbo; urgeo, sc. precibus: to send down or on; to fall on; to urge strongly. Τίς κατέσκηψεν τύχη Æsch. Sup. 331. SYN. Σκήπτω, ἐπερίδωμαι, διακέλευω.

Κατασκιῶ, Κατασκιάζω, obumbrō, obtego: to overshadow, cover. Ἡ καὶ κατασκιῶσι E. C. 406. See Σκία. SYN. Σκιάω, σκιάζω, κατὰκρίπτω.

Κατᾶσκιός, ὄν, umbrosus, opacus: shady, gloomy. Sept. Th. 380. See above. SYN. Ἀσκιός, σκιδεῖς, κατᾶπύκνως.

Κατασκοπέω, observo, considero: to observe, remark. Helen. 1606. See below. SYN. Νῶω, σκεπτόμαι, φυλάττω, δερκόμαι.

Κατασκοπή, ἥς, ἡ, speculatio: spying, exploring, examination. Πέμψον εἰς κατασκοπήν Philoct. 45. SYN. Σκέψις, ἐρευνά, εξετάσις.

Κατᾶσκοπός, οὐ, ὁ, explorator: a spy, scout. Bacch. 904. See above. SYN. Σκοπός, ἐφόρος, κατόπτης, κάτοπτηρ, ἐποπτήρ.

Κατασχύω, lento igne comburo: to reduce to ashes, choke. Ὡς δὲ κατεσχύθη Theoc. 8. 90. SYN. Σχύω, εκκαίω, κατᾶκαίω.

Κατασπάρττω, dilacero: to tear to pieces. Eq. 728. See below, and Σπάρσσω. SYN. Σπάρττω, κατασχίζω, κατᾶκόπτω.

Κατασπάω, ἄσω, detraho, devoro, detorqueo: to draw down, swallow, wrench from. Δρεπά-νον λαβοῦσ' ὃ τοὺς κύλικας κατέσπασας Ran. 576. SYN. Δίασπῶ, ἀνασπῶ, ἀπάρσσω, κατᾶπίνω.

Κατασπείρω, spargo, genero: to sow the seeds

of, to produce. Μοι κατασπείρας φθίνεις Aj. 1005. SYN. Σπείρω, φύτεύω, φιτεύω.

Κατασπένδω, σπείσω, libo, libamento perfundo: to pour libations down, to consecrate. Orest. 1186. See above. SYN. Σπένδω, ἀπάρχουμαι, κατᾶρχουμαι.

Κατασπέρχω, impello: to urge on. Καὶ κατασπέρχων δόρι Acharn. 1188. SYN. Σπέρχω, ἐπείγω, κατέπειγω, σπουδάζω, κατασπεύδω.

Κατασπῶδew, in pulverem dejicio; metaph. occido: to throw in the dust; to kill. Sept. Th. 809. See above. SYN. Πλήσσω, κόνιᾶω, κατᾶχώννυμι.

Καταστάζω, destillo: to drop down. Οὐ καταστάζω δάκρυ Hec. 759. SYN. Ἀποστάζω, κατεῖδωμαι.

Κατάστασις, ἔως, ἡ, constitutio: situation, arrangement. Δηλὸς ἡ κατάστασις Med. 1194. SYN. Εὐταξία, κατᾶβόλη, διάταξις, σύστασις.

Καταστάτης, οὐ, ὁ, instaurator, ultor: an establisher, avenger. Soph. El. 73. Στα brevis, ut in κατάστασις.

Καταστειβω, calcando tero: to tread down. Καὶ κατέστειψας πέδον E. C. 468. SYN. Στειβω, ἐπιστειβω.

Καταστέλλω, ἐλῶ, demitto, reprimo, compono, orno: to send down, repress, compose, adjust, settle. Περὶβαλὼν καταστέλῳ Iph. A. 934.

Καταστένω, ingemo: to lament. Συμφῶρᾱς καταστένειν Iph. A. 470. SYN. Στένω, ἀναστένω, στένάω, δολφύρουμαι.

Καταστέφης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, corona redimitus: covered with a garland, shaded. Trach. 178. See below. SYN. Στεφάνηφορος, κλάδοις εξεστεμμένος, πολυστεφής.

Καταστέφω, coronō, cingo: to crown, cover. Καὶ καταστέφω χερόιν Heracl. 227. SYN. Στέφω, ἀνᾶδew.

Καταστηρίζω, firmiter infigo: to fasten down. Τρεῖς κατεστηριγμένοι Eur. fr. Thes. 5. 9. SYN. Στηρίζω, εγγράφω.

Κατάστικτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, maculosus: spotted. Καὶ καταστίκτους δῶράς Bacch. 696. SYN. Αἰδλός, βάλις.

Καταστίλβω, relucere facio: to cause to glitter. Πρῆν καταστίλβων Hom. Hymn. 7. 10. SYN. Ἀποστίλβω, ἀπὸλάμπω.

Καταστῶρέω, Καταστῶρνυμι, ἔσω, sterno, circumjicio: to strew, cover, throw over. Λάεσσι κατεστῶρέσαν μεγάλοισι Ω. 798. p. 32. SYN. Κατᾶβάλλω, κατᾶπαύω.

Καταστράπτω, fulgore illustro: to thunder and lighten. Δίδς καταστράπτοντός Trach. 437. SYN. Αστράπτω.

Καταστρέφω, subverto: to overturn, ruin. Τὴν νόσον καταστρέφω Hipp. 479. SYN. Κατᾶβάλλω, καταστῶρέω, ἀνὰτρέπω, ἀπαλλάττωμαι, χειρῶ.

Καταστρόφη, ἥς, ἡ, catastrophe, subversio: an overthrow, ruin, end. Eur. Sup. 270. See above. SYN. Περᾶς, τέλευτή, τέλος, ἀνὰ-τροπή.

Καταστρώννυμι, prosterno: to strike down, lay low. Δᾶμαρτᾶ καὶ παῖδ' ἐνὶ κατέστρωσεν βέλει Herc. F. 999. SYN. see Καταστῶρέω.

Καταστῶγέω, abhorreo: to be horrified at, to detest. Κατὰ δ' ἐστῶγόν αὐτὴν κ. 113. See Στῶγew. SYN. Ἀποστῶγέω, εχθαίρω, ἀπὸπέμ-πομαι, ἀπὸτρέπομαι.

Καταστυφέλλος, ὄν, valde durus: very hard,

rugged. *Καταστυφέλου δια χώρου* Hes. Theog. 806. *ΣΥΝ.* Στυφέλος, τρηχὺς.

Καταστωμύλλομαι, deblatero: to mouth at, to chat. Ὡ καταστωμυλλέμεν *Ran.* 1160. *ΣΥΝ.* Στωμύλλω, φλύαρέω, φληναφῶ.

Κατάστυμαι. See *Κατάσειω*.

Κατασφάττω, *Κατασφάζω*, interficio: to slay. *Εν πυρὶ κατεσφάγη Helen.* 935. *ΣΥΝ.* Σφάζω, σφάττω, κατακτείνω, ἀναιρέω.

Κατασφραγίζω, obsigno: to seal up. Καὶ κατασφραγισμένα *Eur. fr. Hypsip.* 12. *ΣΥΝ.* Σφραγίζω, ἀποσφραγίζω.

Κατασχεῶ, pro *Κατέχω*, q. v.

Κατασχιζέω, diffindo: to break down, split asunder. *Vesp.* 239. See below. *ΣΥΝ.* Ἀποσχιζέω, καταρρήγνυμι.

Κατασχολάζω, otior, immoror: to loiter. *Κατασχολάζειν αὐτῷ Philoct.* 127.

Κατάτανυνω, *Κατάτεινω*, extendo; explico; impedio; navo: to stretch out, expand; to hinder; exert energy. *Κατὰ ἰσὰ μάχην ἐταυνυσέ Α.* 336. *Hec.* 129. *ΣΥΝ.* Εκπέταννυμι, εκτείνω, συντείνω, κατέχω, διατείνω.

Κατάτεινω. See above.

Κατάτεμνω, concido: to cut or tear down, mangle. *Eur. El.* 146. By *Tmesis*.

Κατάτηκω, *Κατάτήκωμαι*, colliquefacio; liqueo: to cause to melt; to melt. *Theoc.* 14. 26. *ΣΥΝ.* Συντήκω, εκτήκω, συντήκωμαι.

Κατάτιθημι, θήσω, depono: to lay down, deposit, place upon. *Olymp.* 6. 67. See *Τιθημι*. *ΣΥΝ.* Ἀπὸτιθημι, παρὰτιθημι, καθίστημι, ἀποβάλλω.

Κατάτιλῶ, stereoreo: to bedaub, defile. *Κινησίας σου κατάτετίλῃκεν πόθεν Ec.* 330.

Κατάτοξεύω, sagitta trajicio: to shoot or kill with an arrow. *Nub.* 944. *ΣΥΝ.* Κατάκοντίζω, κατὰβάλλω.

Κατάτρεχω, 2. a. *ἔδραμον*, decurro, invehor: to run down, inveigh against. *Καταδραμούσά τὴν θύραν κ. τ. λ. Eccl.* 961.

Κατάτρίσω, ἱσῶ, attero: to wear down, to consume. *Δὲρὰς αἰγῶν κατέτριβον Theog.* 55. *ΣΥΝ.* Ἀνὰτρίσω, διάτρίσω.

Κατάτρίζω, strido magnopere: to make a shrill noise. Καὶ ἀπολλυμένος κατέτριψε *Batrach.* 87. *ΣΥΝ.* Τρίζω, βρυχάω.

Κατάτρύχω, exhaurio, affligo: to wear down, to oppress. Τίς τῷ κατὰτρύχει *Theoc.* 1. 78. *ΣΥΝ.* Τρύχω, ἀπαντλέω.

Κατάτρώγω, rodendo consumo: to eat up, devour. Σὺκὰ κατὰτρώγοντες *Theoc.* 5. 115. γ. 315. *ΣΥΝ.* Κατάερωμι, δαρδάρω, κατέδω, κατεσθίω.

Καταυδῶ, eloquor: to speak out. *Antig.* 86. *ΣΥΝ.* Εξαυδῶ, ἀπαγγέλλω.

Καταυλέω, tibia modulator; inspiro: to play on the pipe; to inspire. *Herc. F.* 867. *ΣΥΝ.* Ἐπανυλέω.

Καταυλίζωμαι, castra metor, stationem habeo: to pitch one's tent, to lodge. *Rhes.* 513. *ΣΥΝ.* Αυλίζομαι, ἀνὰπαύομαι.

Καταυχέω, glorior: to be proud of. *Pers.* 353. *ΣΥΝ.* Αυχέω, ἔπανυχέω, εὐχόμαι.

Καταφαίνω, exhibeo: to display, declare, cause to appear. *Nem.* 10. 20. *ΣΥΝ.* Φαίνω, διαφαίνω.

Κατάφανής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus: conspicuous. *Antiph.* 5. See below. *ΣΥΝ.* Δηλός, ἐκδηλός, διάφανής.

Κατὰφανώς, manifeste: conspicuously, plainly. *Κάμοι δὲκαὶ καὶ τὰλλὰ γ' εἶναι κατὰφανώς Eq.* 943. *ΣΥΝ.* Δηλῶ, διαφανῶς.

Κατὰφέρω, οἶσω, deorsum fero: to bring down, convey. *Achara.* 955.

Κατὰφεύγω, perfugio: to flee to for refuge. *Iph. A.* 911. *ΣΥΝ.* Κατεκφεύγω, φεύγω, ἀποφεύγω.

Κατάφημι, aio, assentio: to say, assent to. *Cl. R.* 517. *ΣΥΝ.* Φημί, ὁμολογούμαι.

Κατάφημίω, divulgō: to spread a report of. *Olymp.* 6. 93. *ΣΥΝ.* Φημίω, καταγγέλλω, ἀναγγέλλω, διαδίδω.

Καταφθατέωμαι, celeriter pervenio: to extend to, to pass quickly over. *Γῆν κατὰφθατονμένη Eumen.* 401. Φθα brevis, ut φα in φάτις, &c. *Vide Butlerum de ipso verbo. ΣΥΝ.* Φθάνω.

Καταφθείρω, corrumpo: to corrupt, waste. Ὡς ἐν μίᾳ πληγῇ κατέφθαρται πόλυσ *Pers.* 256. *ΣΥΝ.* Φθείρω, διαφθείρω, καταστρέφω.

Καταφθίνω, consumo tabe; tabesco, intereo: to waste; to pine away. *Πενθίμω κατὰφθίνειν Alcest.* 633. "The penult. of this word is long in Ionic, and short in Attic verse." *Maltby. ΣΥΝ.* Φθίνω, καταφθεῖρομαι, κατὰτήκωμαι.

Καταφθίω, interimo: to kill. Οὐ μὲν δὴ σὲ κατὰφθίσει μὲλλὰ ε. 341. See the simple verb. *ΣΥΝ.* Φθίω, διαφθείρω, κατακτείνω.

Καταφθόρᾳ, ἄς, ἡ, corruptio, perniciēs: corruption, ruin. Καὶ φρέων κατὰφθόρᾳ *Choeph.* 205. *ΣΥΝ.* Διαφθόρᾳ, ἄλεθρος, φόνος, θάνατος.

Κατὰφλέγω, ξω, comburo: to burn down. Πάντᾳ κατὰφλέξω *X.* 512. *ΣΥΝ.* Κατὰκαίω, κατεμπρήθω, ἀνὰκαίω.

Κατὰφθόβευμαι, extimesco: to be terrified at. *Ran.* 1109. *ΣΥΝ.* Εκφθόβευμαι, εκπλήττωμαι, ἀποδεδιλῶ.

Κατὰφθονεύω, trucidō: to slay. *Bacch.* 1166. *ΣΥΝ.* Κατακτείνω, καταφθίω, κατὰπέφω, κατασφάττω.

Κατὰφράζομαι, considero: to consider. *Κατὰφράζεσθὲ καὶ αὐτοὶ Hes. Op.* 246. *ΣΥΝ.* Φράζομαι, ἀνασκοπέω, εξετάζω.

Κατὰφρακτός, ὄν, munitus, septus: bound, fortified. *Πετρωδεὶ κατὰφρακτὸς ἐν δεσμῷ Antig.* 958., answering to *τυμῆρει θάλαμψ κατέχυσθῃ*.

Κατὰφρόνέω, sperno: to despise. *Δάξυσθὲ κατὰφρόνει μὲ καὶ Θῆβας ὅδε Bacch.* 495. *ΣΥΝ.* Περὶφρόνέω, ἀθερίζω, ἀτιμάζω.

Κατὰφροντίζω, in curas literarias expendo, vor comica: to expend on studies. *Αλλ' οὐκ ἀπολώλεξ' ἀλλὰ κατὰπέφροντικά Nub.* 857.

Κατὰφρύγω, valde torreo: to broil, roast. Καὶ κατὰφρύγει βάλλων *hūas Nub.* 396. *ΣΥΝ.* Φρύγω, ἀπανθρακίζω, κατὰφλέγω, κατὰίθω.

Κατὰφυγῇ, ἡς, ἡ, refugium: a refuge. *Οὗτος γὰρ ἦν μοι κατὰφυγῇ σωτηρίας Orest.* 715. *ΣΥΝ.* Ἀποφυγῇ, ἀναφύρα.

Κατὰφύλαττω, custodio: to guard. *Eccles.* 482. See *Φύλαττω*. *ΣΥΝ.* Φύλαττω, εκσώζω.

Κατὰφυλλορῶ, marcesco: to shed leaves, to wither. *Olymp.* 12. 22. *ΣΥΝ.* Μαραίνωμαι, κατὰτήκωμαι.

Κατὰχαλκός, ὄν, æratus: covered with brass. *Phoen.* 108. *ΣΥΝ.* Πάγχαλκός, ἐνόπλιος.

Κατὰχαρμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, ludibrium: a laughing-stock. *Theog.* 1063. *ΣΥΝ.* Γέλως, κατὰγέλως.

Κατὰχέζω, εῶω, decaco: to pour down excrement. *Ἀπὸ τῆς ὑρῶφης νύκτωρ γαλέωτης κατέχευεν Nub.* 173. *ΣΥΝ.* Χέζω, ἐπιχέζω.

Katāxēirōs, ὄν, manibus aptus, commodus : handy, convenient. Katāxēirōn εντύνασθαι Apoll. 1. 1188.

Katāxēō, et Katāxēō, effundo : to pour down or into, to shed. H. 461. Θάλλερὸν κατὰ δάκρυ χέων Iph. A. 40. SYN. Ἐπιχέω, κατὰ-βάλλω.

Katāxēhēn, ης, ῆ, hiatus oris : derisio : the opening of the mouth ; derision. Vesp. 574. SYN. Katāxēlōs, αἰτημέλια, κατὰχαρμᾶ.

Katāxēthnōs, α, ὄν, subterraneus, infernus : subterranean, infernal. Zeus δὲ κατὰxēthnōs I. 457. SYN. Ἰπὸγειός, ὁ κατω.

Katāxēremptōmai, conspuo : to spit upon. Ἐν κατὰxēremptōmai Pax 815. SYN. Ἀποπτύω.

Katāxērsō, inaurō ; laudibus exorno : to gild ; to emblazon. Κεῦθὺς κατὰxērsōu πᾶς ἀνὴρ Ευριπίδην Eccles. 826. See Xrsōs. SYN. Xrsōō, εἵμαινέω, μεγάλυνω.

Katāxērwōs, inquo ; to discolour, pollute. Hec. 899. By Tmesis.

Katāxērsōmā, αἶθος, τὸ, jusculum ; condimentum : a kind of soup ; in the plural, sweetmeats, nuts, figs, &c. (hence Nuces spargere), which were poured on the heads of slaves or brides, to welcome them to their new home. Av. 1637. SYN. Ζωμός, τραγάλιον, πράγμα.

Katāxēō, defrico ; demulceo : to rub down ; to soothe. Καὺτὸς κατὰxēōν αὐτὸν Pax 75. SYN. Ψάω, κατὰψήχω, ἐπιτρίβω.

Katāxēkās, irro : to fall upon in drops. Δρόσοι κατὰxēkās Agam. 544. SYN. Ἐπιψέ-κάσω, ἐπινυτίζω, ραίνω.

Katāxēūdōmai, mentior : to tell a lie against. Pax 533. See above. SYN. Ψεύδωμαι, διαψεύ-δωμαι.

Katāxēhō, derado, detergo, æquo, contero, demulceo : to scrape down, wipe, plane, rub, soothe. Καὶ κατὰxēhetai χθονί Trach. 700. SYN. Καταξέω, ἀποψάω, κατὰθέλω, τρίβω, ἄμβυνω.

Katāxēhō, refrigero : to refresh. Apoll. 3. 1102. See above. SYN. Ἀναψήχω.

Katēγγύō, vadimonio vel satisfactione obstringo : to pledge, betroth. Orest. 1692. SYN. Εγγύō, παρόδιδωμι.

Katēγγαίνω, inhio : to mock at. Acharn. 1196. SYN. Κατὰγγέλλω, κατὰσκώπτω.

Katēdō, consumo, corrodo : to eat up. β. 237. SYN. Κατεσθίω, εἰδέω, κατὰτρώγω.

Katēidō, effundo : to drop down, shed. φ. 86. SYN. Κατὰxēō, κατὰλείβωμαι, κατὰτήκωμαι.

Katēidō, conspicio : to look down upon, discover. Nub. 350. SYN. Κατὰβλέπω, ἐφ'ὄραω.

Katēukāō, conjecturis assequor ; assimilo : to conjecture ; to assimilate. Œ. C. 337. SYN. Ευκάω, ἀπεικάω, ἐπεικάω.

Katēilustōmai, instar serpentum repo : to crawl along like a snake. Lysist. 722.

Katēimi, descendo, reverto : to descend, return, to be restored from exile. Alcest. 73. SYN. Κατέρχωμαι, ἀνέρχωμαι.

Katēirō. See Katērgāō.

Katēksināō, noceo : to hurt. Καί μεν κατ-εκσινάξῃ Theoc. 30. 32., aut Anacr., secundum alios. Sic legit Jos. Scaliger. Alii κατεσσινάξῃ, aut κατεσινάξῃ, producta τε per arsim. SYN. Κατὰβλάπτω, ἀάσκω.

Katēkēfōyō, effugio : to escape. Cycl. 439. SYN. Κατὰφεύγω, εκφεύγω, ἀπὸφεύγω.

Katēlāō, ἐλάω, depello, percuto : to drive,

push down, smite. Ἐν δέσποθ' Ἐρηῇ τῆς Ὀπάρας κατἐλάας Pax 711. SYN. Ἀπελάων.

Katēlēγchō, redarguo : to find fault with, detect, disgrace. Isth. 3. 22. SYN. Ἐλέγchō, ἐξέλέγchō.

Katēmrēthō, incendo : to consume with fire. Herc. F. 1142. SYN. Εμρῆθω, ἀνὰκαίω, κατὰ-καίω, κατὰφλέγω.

Katēnairō, interficio, corrumpo : to slay, spoil. Antig. 871. SYN. Κατακτείνω, διαφθείρω.

Katēnārizō, occido, perdo : to kill, destroy. Choëph. 314. See Ἐνάρizō. SYN. Κατακτείνω, κατἐναίρω, κατασφάττω.

Katēnēnthō, fluito super : to float on. Hom. H. in Cer. 279. Videsis Matthiæ, Gr. Gr. § 232.

Katēnōpā, in conspectu : in sight. Αὐτὰρ ἐπεὶ κατἐνὸς ὄσαν O. 320.

Katēpāō, induco, invito : to introduce, superadd, invite. Eq. 25. See Ἄγω. SYN. see Ἐπαγω.

Katēpēyō, urgeo, laccio : to urge, harass. Ψ. 623. SYN. Ἐπείγω, κατασπέρχω, ἐπιθλίβω.

Katēpō (inus. in pras.), loquor : to speak. Ὁφθῇ δὲ καὶ κατἐπ' Ion 1215.

Katērgāōmai, efficio, conficio, interficio : to effect, perform, kill. Herc. F. 150. SYN. Εργάζομαι, διαπράττωμαι, διαπνέωμαι, ἀναίρω, φθνεύω, κατὰφθνεύω.

Katērgāō, et Katēirō, veto, coërcio : to restrain, control. Καὶ στρατὸν κατἐιργάθω Eumen. 569. Med. 1254. SYN. Ἀνείρω, ἀπείρω, κατέχω, χειρῶ.

Katēreikō, scindo : to rend. Pers. 544. SYN. Ἐρείκω, κατὰρρήγνυμι, κατασχίζομαι.

Katēreipō, dejicio ; decido : to throw down ; to fall. Hec. 475. SYN. Ἐρείπω, κατὰπίπτω, κατὰβάλλωμαι.

Katērengō, eructo ; efflo in : to belch upon ; blow upon. Vesp. 1151. SYN. Ἐρείγω.

Katērēfō, tēgo : to cover, protect. Vesp. 1294. SYN. Ἐρέφω, στέφανω.

Katēreō, Ion. fut., loquor, obloquor : to declare, denounce. Med. 1103. SYN. Κατέπω, ἀπαγγέλλω.

Katērhētō, detineo, supprimo, impedio : to detain, suppress, prevent. Κατἐρητῶν εν μέ-γαροις I. 461. SYN. Ἐρητῶ, κατέχω, ἀντέχω, κατὰπιέζω, συνθλίβω, κατὰθλίβω.

Katērnkō, aut -kāō, i. q. Katērhētō. Μή μ' ἐθέλοντ' ἵεναι κατέρνκάκῃ (alii κατέρνκάνῃ) O. 218.

Katērnkō, i. q. Katērnkākō. Ὅς εὐσύνεον κατέρνκει O. 73.

Katērō, deduco : to draw down. S. 151. See Ἐρῶ. SYN. Ἀπερῶ, ἀνάγω, κάθελκω.

Katērchōmai, descendo, reddo : to come down ; to be restored. Alcest. 370. SYN. Ἀνέρχωμαι, ἀπέρχωμαι, κατὰβαίνω, κατὰντῶ, καθήκω.

Katērsō, devoro : to devour. Cycl. 341. See Εσθίω. SYN. Κατὰτρώγω, κατέδω.

Katēuyō, αἶθος, τό ; Κατευχῇ, ἥς, ῆ, preces, imprecatio : a prayer, imprecation. Sept. Th. 706. Choëph. 470. SYN. Ευχῇ, κατὰρα, ἄρα.

Katēukhēō, tranquillum reddo : to make calm. Apoll. 4. 1059. SYN. Κατὰπαύω.

Katēunāō, et Katēunāō, sopio : to lull to sleep. Κατὰ δ' εὐνάσῃ πόντον Ap. Rh. 1. 1155. Κατευνηθέντῃ ἰδεσθαι δ. 414. SYN. Κατὰκοιμάωμαι, ἀναπαύωμαι, κατὰκοιμίζω.

Κατευτρῆσις, comparo, instruo: to arrange, provide. SYN. Εντρῆσις, κατὰκοσμέω.

Κατευχῆ. See Κατεργαῖα.

Κατεύχουμαι, imprecor, opto, insulto: to pray against, wish, boast against. CE. R. 246. SYN. Εὐχόμεαι, κατὰρᾶδουμαι, ἐπευχόμεαι, αὐχέω.

Κατέφθλλουμαι, contra irruo, desilio: to rush against, jump or spring from. ΕΞ ἵππων κατ-ἐπαλμῆνός Α. 94.

Κατέχω, Κατάσχω, Κάτισχω, et Κάτασχεῖω, retineo, obtineo, circumdo: to retain, restrain, obtain, encompass. Eur. El. 1034. ι. 122. Ψ. 321. B. 233. SYN. Ἀπέχω, κατέρηνκω, κατέρηττω, καθείρω, κράτεω, ὀχυράω.

Κατηγορέω, accuso, probo, queror de, reprehendo: to accuse, prove, complain of, reprove. Agam. 262. SYN. Αἰτιάουμαι, ἐπαϊτιάουμαι, ἐγκάλεω, ἐλέγχω, μέμφομαι.

Κατήγόρος, ου, ὁ, accusator: an accuser. Trach. 816.

Κατήκδός, ὄν, morigerus, attentus: obedient. Antig. 642. SYN. Εὐηκδός, ὑπήκδός, ευπειθής.

Κατήλιψ, ἴφος, ἡ, scala, tabulatum: a ladder, plank. Ἐπὶ τὴν κατήλιψ' εὐθὺς Ran. 573. SYN. Κλίμαξ.

Κατήλυσσις, as, et Κατήλυσις, ἔως, ἡ, descensus, profectio declivis: descent, return down. Κατήλυσιν Ζεφύροιο Apoll. 4. 886. Simon. fr. 112. SYN. Κάθυδός, κατὰβάσις.

Κατηνύω, declinor: to bend down. Νέοθρεπτα κατηνουσὶν ἔραζε Apoll. 3. 1400. On the quantity of the penult. of Κατηνύω, see Ημύω. SYN. Ημύω, κατὰκλινόμεαι, κατὰπίπτω.

Κατήορός, ὄν, dependens, incubans: hanging down, hovering. Troad. 1080.

Κατηπῖαω, mitigo: to soften. Κατηπῖουαντὸ βῆρειαι E. 417. SYN. Ηπιᾶω, κατὰπραύνω, κατὰκαηλέω.

Κατηρέφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, tectus; immanis: covered with a roof, shaded; huge. ε. 367. SYN. Ἐπηρεφής, κάλυπτος.

Κατήρης, ἔος, bene aptatus; convolutus; gratus: well fitted; wrapped up; grateful. Iph. T. 1347. SYN. Εὐ ἀραρῶς, θυμῆρης, ἀγάπη-τος.

Κατήφειά, as, ἡ, vultus demissus; pudor cum mæore: dejection; grief and shame. Κατηφείην δὲ σοὶ αὐτῷ Γ. 51. SYN. Αἰσχὺς, αἰσχύνη, ὀνειδός.

Κατηφέω, et Κατηφῖαω, vultu sum demisso: to be downcast, to be cast down with shame. Med. 1008. Apoll. 3. 123. SYN. Ασχέλλω.

Κατηφής, ἔος, tristis: having downcast looks, sad. Orest. 872. SYN. Σκυθρωπός, ἄθυμός, στυγνός.

Κατήφων, ὄνός, qui dedecori est, infamis: who brings shame, infamous. Κάκ' αὖ τέκν' αὖ κατήφονές Ω. 253. SYN. Στυγνοί, δειλοί.

Κατηχῆς, ἔος, sonorus: sounding, murmuring. Theoc. 1. 7. SYN. Ευκελᾶδός.

Κατῖπτω, dejicio, lædo: to beat down, tear, disfigure. Κατὰ χρῶα καλὴν ἰάπτω β. 376. SYN. Ἰάπτω, βλάπτω, ἀνιάω, διαφθείρω.

Κατίσημι, scio: to know. CE. R. 926. See Ἰσημι. SYN. Εἰδῶ, ἐπιστάμαι, γιγνώσκω.

Κατισχναίνω, attenuo: to cause to pine away. Call. Ep. 48. SYN. Ισχναίνω, κατὰναλίσκω.

Κατισχύω, invalesco, prævaleo: to grow strong. CE. C. 360. See Ισχύω. SYN. Ισχύω, κράτύνουμαι, κράτεω, δυνάμαι.

Κατίσχω. See Κατέχω.

Κατοικέω, habito: to inhabit. Helen. 1651. SYN. Οικέω, ἐνοικέω, ναίω, ναίετ' αὖ, ἐνναίω.

Κατοικίω, habitare facio: to establish a colony, place, plant. P. V. 258. SYN. Οικίζω, ἐγκατοικίζω, κατὰναίω, καθίστημι.

Κατοικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, incola: an inhabitant. Agam. 1257. Ἐνοικός, ἐννός.

Κατοικτεῖω, et Κατοικτίω, misereor: to pity. Iph. A. 1246. Eumen. 121. SYN. Οικτεῖω, ἐποικτεῖω, ἐλεᾶλω.

Κατοιμῶζω, defleo: to deplore. Androm. 1148. SYN. See Θρηγέω et Οἰμῶζω.

Κατονός, ὄν, ebrius: in wine, intoxicated. Ion 555. SYN. Οἰνῶδρής, οἰνῶδ' αὐρῶν, παρ-οινός, παρόινυός, παροινικός, μέθυσός. PHER. Ὑπερπλησθής, μέθης.

Κατόνκνω, pigritia aut metu negligo; piget me; timeo: to hesitate; to be reluctant; to fear. Σὺ δ' αὖ κατοκνεῖς τῶν Διός τ' ἐχθρῶν ὕπερ P. V. 67. SYN. Οκνέω, δυσχέραίνω, ἀμυχανέω.

Κατόδ' αὐλύω, lamentor: to implore aloud, to lament. Agam. 1087. SYN. Ὀδ' αὐλύω, ἀν-δ' αὐλύω, θρηγέω, κωκύνω, ἀλάλ' αὐζω.

Κατόδ' αὐφύρομαι, deploro: to mourn over. Orest. 333. See Ὀδ' αὐφύρομαι. SYN. Ὀδ' αὐφύρομαι, οἰκτί' οἶμαι, οἰκτεῖω, ἀποκλαίω, ἀνακωκύνω, κατ' αὐφύρομαι, κατ' αὐθρηγέω.

Κατόμνυμι, ὀμῶσω, dejero; juramento me obligeo: to swear; bind one's self by an oath. Iph. T. 791. SYN. Ὀμνυμι, διόμνυμι.

Κατόνμυ, gratificor: to benefit, gratify. Σαντῆς κατόναι' ἀντιβδῶ σε Eccl. 917. SYN. Ὀνμυ, ωφέλλω, χραίσμεω.

Κατόξυς, εἶα, ὅ, peracutus: very sharp, shrill, piercing. Vesp. 471. See Οξύς. SYN. Οξὺτά-τος, οξὺς, σφῶδρός.

Κατόπάω, persequor, depello: to pursue, drive away. Hes. Op. 322. SYN. Μετέρχθωμαι.

Κατόπιν, Κατόπισθε, et Κατόπισθεν, in post-erum, a tergo, post: behind, after. Ὅστις ἀκύ-λουθεῖ κατόπιν ἀνθρώπου τυφλοῦ Plut. 13. O. 339. Ψ. 505. SYN. Εξ' ὀπίθεν, ὀπισθεν, ὀπίσω, ἐμπᾶν, μετὰ ταῦτα.

Κατοπτεύω, aspicio, exploro, animadverto: to behold, explore, consider. Aj. 829.

Κατόπτης, ου; Κατοπτήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, oculatus testis, explorator: an eye-witness, spy. Helen. 1174. Sept. Th. 36. SYN. Σκόπος, ἐπόπτης, ἐποπτήρ, κατὰσκοπός, δεατής.

Κατόπτομαι, conspicio: to see. Hec. 45. SYN. Ὀρᾶω, βλέπω, κατὰβλέπω, καθόρᾶω, εἶδω.

Κατόπτος, et Κατόπιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conspicuus: conspicuous. Agam. 298. Hipp. 30. SYN. Απεινός, ἐποπτός, ἀποπτός.

Κατοπτρῶν, ου, τὸ, speculum: a mirror. Eur. El. 1071. SYN. Ἐνοπτρῶν, εἰσοπτρῶν, ἐσοπ-τρῶν. EPHI. Λαμπρῶν, ἀντίπῶν, ἀργυφῶν. PHER. Χρυσῶν ἐνόπτρων ἀτερόμν' αὐγαί Hec. 911.

Κατορθῶ, erigo; dirigo; bene aut fauste aliquid gero: to erect; set aright; perform well or successfully. CE. C. 1487. SYN. Ἀνορθῶ, ἀπευθύνω, εὐτρῆπιζω.

Κατόρυσω, perfodio, obruo: to dig down, hide in the ground. Av. 475. SYN. Κατα-σκάπτω, κατὰχώννυμι, κατὰθάπτω.

Κατούλας, ἀδός, ἡ, spissa nox: a dark night. Cf. Brunck. Lex. Soph. Κατούλαδ' αὖ κικλή-σκουσι Apoll. 4. 1695.

Κάτουρῶν, permingo : to make water upon. Eccles. 827. SYN. Ουρῶν, ἐπουρῶν.

Κάτουρίζω, vento secundo vela expando, feliciter appello : to sail with the wind, arrive prosperously. Trach. 840.

Κάτῳχός, ἔως, ὁ, repagulum : a fastener, bar. Call. 2. 6. SYN. Βάλεϊς.

Κάτῳχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, correptus, occupatus : detained by, engaged in, seized. Pers. 228. SYN. Ληπτός.

Κάτῳφίος. See Κάτοπτός.

Κάττυμά, ἀτός, τὸ, coria duriora, soleæ : a shoe, strong leather, shoe. Δυσμένῃ καττύματα Vesp. 1160.

Καττύω, consuo : to sew, mend. Τὸ πρᾶγμα τοῦθ' ὅθεν πᾶσαι καττύεται Eq. 314. SYN.

Καταρράπτω, ἐπιβάλλω, συντίθημι.

Κάτω, compar. κάτωτέρω, infra, deorsum : down, below. Χώρει κάτω σκέλη δὲ κίρκωσον βίᾳ P. V. 74. Ran. 70. SYN. Ἰπὸκάτω, ἐνερθέ.

Κάτωθεν, Κάτωθε, ex infra, from below. Herc. F. 1231. See above.

Κάτωκάρα, in caput : down on the head. Κάτωκάρα ῥίψας μὲ Pax 152. SYN. Πρηνή, ὑπτίως.

Κάτωμάδιος, ὄν, ad humerum, ab humero : raised to the shoulder, highly raised. Κάτωμάδιόι πελονται Ψ. 431.

Κάτωμάδων, humeris : across the shoulders. Ἐλάνε κάτωμάδων οἱ δὲ οἱ ἴπποι Ψ. 500.

Κάτωνάκη, ἡς, ἡ, vestis servilis vellere substa infra : a garment worn by a slave and bordered with sheep-skin. Κάτωνάκη τὸν χοῖρον ἀπὸ τέτιλμένας Eccles. 724.

Κάτωρ, vox perquam suspecta, occurrit in Hom. Hymn. 6. 55. Θάρσει διὲ κάτωρ τῷ ἐμῷ κέχαρισμένῳ θυμῷ. Explicatur princeps, a ruler ; sed vide omnino Valpianam ed. Stephani Thes. col. 1040. ed 4669., ubi variae obferuntur conjecturae.

Κάτωρῦχης, ἔως ; Κάτωρυξ, ὕχως, defossus ; immanis : deep dug, or deep sunk, under ground ; massy. Ῥυτοῖσιν λάσσει κάτωρυχέσσ' ζ. 267. P. V. 461. Κάτωρυξ, ἡ, is used as a subst. Hec. 988.

Κάτωφάγας, ὁ, qui demisso capite edit : a glutton. Κάτωφάγας τίς ἄλλος Av. 290. SYN. Αδύφάγος.

Καυάγνυμι, frango : to split. Ἀξύνῃ καυάξειαι Hes. Op. 693.

Καυῆξ, ἡκός, ὁ, larus : a sea-gull. Ἐνδοιο καυῆξ Call. fr. 167.

Καυκάσος, ου, ὁ, Caucasus : a ridge of mountains. Πρὶν ἂν πρὸς αὐτὸν Καυκάσον μῶλην ὄρων Pr. V. 744. Ep. Αἰπήης, ἡλίσσας, εσχάτους, ἡνέμεις, νίφους, ὑψιστός. Πηρ. Χθόνος τήλουρον πέδον, ἀσάτος ἐρημία, ἀπάνθρωπος πάγος, δυσχείμερος φάραγξ, ἀτερπὴς πέτρα.

Καύκωνες, ων, οἱ, Caucoues : inhabitants of Peloponnesus ; inhabitants of Paphlagonia. K. 439. γ. 366.

Καυλός, ου, ὁ, (1) caulis ; id in planta, quod supra terram simpliciter assurgit : the stalk of a plant ; (2) pars teli, manubrium : the handle of a spear ; (3) planta : colewort. Ὅπταν χασμῷ καὶ τοὺς καυλοὺς Eq. 824. SYN. Πίζᾱ ; (2) κόπη.

Καυμά, ἀτός, τὸ, aestus, incendium : scorching heat. E. 869. SYN. Αἰθός, δαλπός, θερμότης. Ep. Αζᾶλέων, αἰᾶλῶν, δεσπεῖσιν, δῦσαες, λαῖβρον, διφᾶλέων.

Καυνάκη, ἡς, ἡ, læna, lodix : a kind of gar-

ment. Δίκαιδ' ἐρόν γ' ἡ καυνάκην ἐχ' ὦ γᾶθε Vesp. 1149.

Καυστερός, ἡ, ὄν, ardens, fervens : burning, raging. M. 316. SYN. Αἰθω, θερμός.

Καυστός, ὄν, adustus : burnt, seared. Cycl. 626.

Καῦστρίος, et Καῦστρός, ου, ὁ, Cayster : a river in Asia Minor. Ασιῶν ἐν λειμῶνι Καῦστρίου ἀμφὶ ῥέεθρα B. 461. Anacr. 172. 8.

Καυτήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, ustor : one who burns. Pyth. 1. 185.

Καυχᾶμαι, glorior : to boast, glory. Theoc.

5. 7. SYN. Αυχεῶ, μέγαληγρόν, μέγαλαυχεῶ. Καύχη, ἡς, ἡ ; Καύχημά, ἀτός, τό ; jactatio : boasting, glory. Nem. 9. 17. Isthm. 5. 65.

SYN. Αυχή, αύχημά, ἀλαδνευμά.

Κάφεω, inus, spirow : to gasp, pant. Δάμαρρ κέκαφῆσθ' ὁ θυμὸν ε. 468. SYN. Εκπνέω.

Κάχάζω, ξω, Dor. ξῶ, cachinnor : to laugh heartily. Μέγᾳ τοῦτ' ὁ κάχᾶξω Theoc. 5. 142. SYN. Κάτᾶγέλω.

Κάχεταιρεία, as, ἡ, malum consortium : evil communication. Εκ κάχεταιρείης κἀκὰ γίγνεται Theog. 1171.

Κάχλάζω, strepito, resono : to rattle, resound.

Πόλυν κάχλάζων ποντίφ' φυσήματι Hipp. 1211.

Vide de hac voce Blomf. Gloss. ad S. Theb. 110. SYN. Ηχέω, ψύφω, δονπέω, ἀνασέω.

Κάχυρος, ὕος, ἡ, hordeum in furno tostum : roasted barley. Ὅσπερ κάχυρον ὀνιδίον εὐωχημένον Vesp. 1306.

Κέδης, ου, ὁ, Ceades : the son of Ceas. Διοτρεφῶς Κέαδοιο B. 847.

Κέάω, findo : to cleave, cut. Τυτθὰ βάλων κέασαίμ' μ. 388. SYN. Σχίζω, ῥήγνυμι, διάτμνω.

Κέαρ, τὸ, cor : the heart. Med. 399. SYN. see Κῆρ.

Κέσλη, ἡς, ἡ, caput : the head. Αμφὶ δὲ κέσλην Call. fr. 140.

Κέσλητύρις, ἔως, ἡ, avis quædam : a red-headed bird. Νέρτος ἔραξ φάττ' ἀκόκυξ ἐρύθρους κέσλητύρις Av. 304.

Κεθρίωνης, ου, ὁ, Cebriones : a natural son of Priam. Κεθρίωνην δ' ἐκέλευσεν Θ. 318. Ep. Δαίφρων, ἥρως, μέγαθυμὸς, Πριάμειδης.

Κέγχρειά. See Κέρχρειά.

Κεγχρίς. See Κερχρηίς.

Κέγχρος, ου, ὁ, milium : millet. Hes. Scut. 398.

Κεγχρώματα, ων, τὰ, foramina clypeorum : small holes in the shield, through which a warrior viewed his opponent. Phœn. 1408.

Κεδάω, Κεδάω, dissipo : to scatter, rout. O. 328. Apoll. 2. 627. SYN. Σκεδάζω, διαμερίζω, διαλύω.

Κεδαίω. See above.

Κεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, venerandus, carus, sollicitus : venerable, estimable, dear, anxious. Νὰς κεδνὸν οἰακαστῶρον Med. 523. SYN. Ἀγνός, σεμνὸς, φρόνιμος, σύνετος, σάφρων, ἰφίμιος, ἀγάθος, ἀγαυός.

Κεδρίνός, Κεδρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, cedrinus : of cedar. Κεδρίνὸν ὑψιρόρον Ω. 192. Orest. 1377.

Κεδρίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, fructus cedri : a cedar-berry. Κᾶθ' ὁ μὲν ἐτριβεν κεδρίδας ἀνηθον σφάκον Thesm. 486.

Κεδρός, ου, ἡ, cedrus : a cedar tree. Καὶ μνημὰ δεξαίθ' ἐν κεδρον τέχνασμάτα Orest. 1052. Ep. Ἡδεῖα, αζᾶλεα, εὐδὼς, περὶμήκης, χλοῦρά.

Κεδρωτός. See Κεδρινός.
 Κεῖθεν, illinc: from thence. Orest. 842.
 SYN. Ἐκεῖθεν, ἐκεῖθε, ἐκεῖσε, ἐκεῖ, αὐτόθεν.
 Κεῖθι, illic: there. Vesp. 751.
 Κεῖμαι, et Κέμαι, jaceo, positus sum, existo, constitutor: to lie down, to be deposited, to exist, to be enacted. Hec. 293. X. 510. SYN. Ἀνάκειμαι, κατὰκειμαι, κέσκειμαι.
 Κεῖμήλιον, ου, τὸ, supellex deposita: a store, treasure, memorial. Εἰσι μοι κεμήλια Heracl. 591.
 Κεῖνός, pro ἐκεῖνός, q. v. Hec. 625.
 Κεῖνός, pro κένός, q. v.
 Κεῖος, α, ὄν, Ceus: of Ceos. Call. fr. 77.
 Κεῖρία, as, ἡ, fascia lecti, instita: a bed-girth made of rushes. Av. 815. Πι brevis, ut in ταῖα. SYN. Σπάργανον.
 Κεῖρύλλος, ου, ὁ. See Κήρύλλος.
 Κεῖρω, tondeo, abscondo, depascor: to shear, cut off, eat away. Orest. 452. SYN. Ἀπόκειρω, κατὰκειρω, ἀποκορσώ, ξιρέω, κουρίζω, σχίζω. PHER. Σιδάρων ἐπὶ κάρη τίθεισά κουρίμων Orest. 955.
 Κεῖσε, illuc; illic: thither; there. Bacch. 190.
 Κεῖω, Κέω, decumbere cupio: to desire to lie down. ξ. 425. η. 342. SYN. Κοιμάμαι.
 Κέκλήγω, clango: to shout, howl. Οἱ μὲν κεκλήγοντες ξ. 30. SYN. see Κλάζω.
 Κέκλυμν, α. 2. a κέδμαι, hortor, convoco, nomino: to recommend, summon, to give name to. Κέκλετό καὶ δ' ἄρ' ἀόλλισαν Z. 287. SYN. Κέδμαι, κέλευω, παρὰκάλω, ἐπὶκάλωμαι.
 Κέκραγα, ἄτος, τό; Κέκραγμός, ου, ὁ, clamor, vociferatio: a bawling. Pax 637. Αλλ' ἐνὶ κόμην κέκραγμού τὸ πάλυ γὰρ δεινὸν κἄκόν Iph. A. 1357. SYN. Αὐσὴν, βόη, ἀλαλαγμός, κραυγή.
 Κέκρακτες, ου, ὁ, clamator, clamorus: a bawler. Eq. 304. See above.
 Κέκραξιδαίμας, αντός, ὁ, ante alios clamorus: one who outbawls others. Αυτός δ' ὁ Κλέων ὁ κέκραξιδαίμας Vesp. 596.
 Κέκροπιδης, ου, ὁ; Κέκροπις, ἴδός, ἡ; Κέκροπιός, α, ὄν, Cecropius, Atheniensis: Athenian. Κέκροπιδὴ κακὸσουλῇ Eq. 1055. Av. 1407. Hipp. 34.
 Κέκροψ, ὁπός, ὁ, Cecrops: a king of Athens, and originally an Egyptian emigrant. Χώραν τὴν πᾶσαν Κέκροπος ἦ μ' ἐδέξατο Plut. 773.
 Κέκρυφάλος, ου, ὁ, reticulum: a hood, cowl. Κέκρυφάλου δὲ καὶ μίτρας ἦδὲ μὲν οὖν Thesm. 257. The antepenult. of this word is short in Homer, where it occurs only once, X. 469.: but long in Aristophanes, here and v. 145. SYN. Κρήθεμνον, ταῖα.
 Κέλαδενός, Κέλαδεννός, ἡ, ὄν, obstreperus, tumultuosus: clamorous, noisy, resounding. Χρυσήλακτος κέλαδενή T. 70. Isthm. 4. 14. SYN. Ηχηεῖς.
 Κέλαδῶ, Κέλαδω, strepo, celebros: to ring, resound, celebrate. Phoen. 1118. Σ. 376. See below. SYN. Βρυχᾶμαι, δουπέω, δούρῶ, ηχέω.
 Κέλαδῶμα, ἄτος, τό; Κέλαδός, ου, ὁ, tumultuatio: a ringing murmur, sound. Καλλίστον κέλαδῶμα Phoen. 223. Pers. 394. SYN. Ἀραγμός, δούρῶς, ηχώ, ἀνὰκέλαδός.
 Κέλαδῆτις, ἴδός, ἡ, celebratrix: warbling. Nem. 4. 140.
 Κέλαδός. See Κέλαδῶμα.
 Κέλαδω. See Κέλαδῶμα.

Κέλανεγγῆς, ἔος, qui nigram et funestam habet hastam: having a black spear, blood-shedding. Nem. 10. 158.
 Κέλανεφής, ἔος, nubium-obfuscator, niger: spreading black clouds, black. Pyth. 4. 93.
 Κέλανέρωτος, ὄν, devoratus, ideoque niger factus: having turned black from being eaten off. Κέλανέρωτον ἦπαρ P. V. 1060.
 Κέλανύδμαι, nigresco: to turn black. Choëph. 407. SYN. Τάρασσμαι.
 Κέλανός, ἡ, ὄν, niger: black, dark. A. 746.
 SYN. Μέλας, μέλαμβάφης, ορφναῖος, σκούτεινός.
 Κέλανόφαής, ἔος, niger, obscurus: black, gloomy. Ran. 1331. Φα brevis, ut in φαός.
 SYN. Ορφναῖος, αἰσός.
 Κέλανόφρων, ὄνός, qui nigra agitat consilia: dark-minded, cruel. Eumen. 462. O communis, ut α in Ἄφρων. SYN. Δολιόφρων.
 Κέλαινάτης, ου, Κέλαινάς, ὁ, ἡ; Κέλαινάπις, ἴδός, ἡ, nigro vultu praeditus, saevus, insidiosus: black-faced, cruel, insidious. Aj. 954. Pyth. 4. 376. 1. 13. SYN. Δολίδης.
 Κέλαρύς, cum strepitu fluo: to murmur, trickle. Κάτεσθμενον κέλαρυσεν Theoc. 7. 137. SYN. see Κελαδῶ.
 Κέλεθς, ης, ἡ, patella: a wooden bowl. Theoc. 2. 2.
 Κέλεοντες, οἱ, pedes textorii mali, e quibus stamina deducuntur: the lower beams of the loom, to which the warp is attached. Theoc. 18. 34.
 Κέλευθοποιός, ου, ὁ, viam excindens: way-making. Eumen. 13.
 Κέλευθος, ου, ἡ, plur. Κέλευθοι, αἱ, et Κέλευθα, ὡν, τὰ, via: a way, course, voyage, clime. Helen. 867. SYN. Ὀδός, ὁδισμός, ἄτραπός, οἰμός. EP. Ἀλία, δοχμία, τέτραπος, ευθεῖα, ἀψόφος, ἀσφάλις, μακρά, ἀθέος, ευρέσση, ἡρώσση, ἰχθυόσση, λαίψηρα, ὑγρά, ευρεῖα, αἰνή, ἀστέρησση, ἀβατός, βάθειά, δολίχη, ευρυχόρος, κρύβησση, ὀδὸς, ποταπόρος, στενὴ, τηλέπορος, ὀρθή, σχιστή, πόντιος, λαοφόρος.
 Κέλευμα, ἄτος, τό; Κέλευσμός, ου, ὁ, hortamentum, mandatum: an exhortation, a command. Hec. 917. Bacch. 1078. SYN. Πρόσταγμα, ἐντολή, ἐνταλμα, ἐφέτη, νοσήτημα, παράγγελμα, παρὰκέλευμα.
 Κέλευσθης, ου, ὁ, hortator: one who gives a signal to the rowers. Helen. 1575.
 Κέλευτιάω, jubeo, hortor: to order, call to, exhort, encourage. Κέλευτιδωντ' ἐπὶ πύργων M. 265. SYN. Εγκέλευω, κέδμαι, διὰτάτω, ὀτρύνω, ἀνάγω, ἐπὶοτρύνω.
 Κέλης, ητός, ὁ, equus desultorius: celox: a riding-horse; a yacht. Lysist. 60.
 Κελητίζω, equito: to ride on horseback. Vesp. 501.
 Κέλλω, appello: to bring a ship to land, to moor. Iph. A. 167. SYN. Καταίρω, ὀκέλλω.
 Κέδμαι, jubeo, hortor: to order, encourage, recommend. I. 513. SYN. Κέλευω, παρὰκάλωμαι, προτρέπω.
 Κελτός, ἡ, ὄν, Celticus: of the Celts, Celtic. Call. 4. 173.
 Κέλῳ, ἡ; Κελύς, τὸ, putamen; navigium: a shell, husk; a small boat. Αντωμόσιον κέλῳ Vesp. 545., agreeing with the preceding ἐν ταῖσιν ὁδοῖς ἀπάσαις. "Jacobs. Anth. 8. 407. 9. 67. Κελύβοισι Opp. K. 3. 503. al. κελύβοισι." Steph. ed. Valp. col. 4740. SYN. Φλοῖος.

Κἔλωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, legatus: one commanded by an oracle, a delegate. Androm. 1032.

Κέμας, ἄδος, ἡ, hinnulus cervi: a young fawn. Ἡ κέμας ἢ ἡ λάγων K. 361. SYN. Δορκάς, νέσρος. EP. Ωκύπους.

Κέναγγης, ἔος, vasa exhauriens: vessel-exhausting. Agam. 181.

Κένανδρία, ας, ἡ, virorum penuria: want of men. Pers. 736. See Ευανδρία.

Κένανδρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vacuus: deprived of its inhabitants. Pers. 123. SYN. Ἐρημὸς ἀνδρῶν.

Κένεαυχής, ἔος, vana jactans: vainly boasting. Θ. 230. SYN. Ἀλάζων.

Κένεσριά, ων, τά; κρέας κένεσρειν s. κένεθριον, carnes morticinæ: carrion. Αὐτῶν ὥσπερ κένεσριον (parcemiæ) Av. 538. Al. κένεσρείων.

Κένεός, Κένος, Ion. Κένος, ἡ, ὄν, inanis: hollow, empty, vain. α. 214. Hec. 230. Apoll. 1. 103. SYN. Διᾶκένος, ἄμοιρος, μάταιος, ἐλάφρος, κοῦφος, ἀλῖος.

Κένεόφρων, Κένόφρων, ὄνος, stultus: hollow-minded, foolish. Δήμω κένεόφρονι Theog. 845. P. V. 787.

Κένεῶν, ὠνός, ὁ, venter: the belly. Π. 821. SYN. Λαπάρα, γυᾶλλον, ιξύς. EP. Μέσος.

Κένος. See Κένεός.

Κένόταφος, honorario tumulo decoro: to raise a tomb in honour of a person buried elsewhere. Σωθισόμεσθ᾽ ἀ κένόταφον ἔμιν δεμας Helen. 1059.

Κένόφρων. See Κένεόφρων.

Κένω, exinatio: to empty, desert. Androm. 1127. SYN. Ἀπαντῶ, ἐκκένω, ἐξέρω.

Κενταύρεος, ὄν, Centaureus: of the Centaurs. Iph. A. 706.

Κενταυρικός, more Centaurorum: Centaur-like. Ὡς Κενταυρικός Ran. 38. SYN. Ἀκόσμως, ἄρροίκως.

Κενταυροπληθής, ἔος, Centaurorum plenus: full of Centaurs. Κενταυροπληθὴ πόλεμόν οὐκ ἐξήνυσσ᾽ Herc. F. 1264.

Κένταυρος, ου, ὁ, Centaurus: a Centaur. Herc. F. 180. EP. Ἀγρίος, θρεινόμος, ωμόφαγος, ἀγυῖαυτός, δίφυτος, ἀμικτός, ὕβριστής, ἀνδρός, ὑπερόχος βίαν, οὐνὲσρός.

Κέντω, pungo, stimulo: to goad, pierce, stab, spur on. Hec. 387. SYN. Νόσσω, καθήλω, κνίζω, παροξύνω. PHR. Κέντρω πλήσσω.

Κεντρηνέκης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, stimulus agitatus: urged on by the goad. Θ. 396.

Κεντροδήλητος, ου, ὁ, qui pungendo noxam adfert: injuring with the goad, piercing. Æsch. Sup. 572.

Κέντρον, ου, τὸ, stimulus: calcar; centrum: a prick, sting; a spur; a point. Herc. F. 1279. SYN. Πληκτρὸν, μύωψ. EP. Σιδήρεον, κᾶκον, αλγινόν, ἀργαλέον, γλυκύνικρον, ἡδύ, θερμόν, ὑειδές, κελαινόν, κρύφιν, οἰδύ, πευκεδᾶνόν, σκληρόν, φρένοθελέγες, φοιτᾶλέων.

Κέντρω, ὠνός, ὁ, qui verbere dignus est: a thief or rogue, who was pricked with a goad in order to compel him to tell the truth. Plut. 449.

Κέντρω, ὄρος, ὁ, stimulator: one who uses the whip, a driver. E. 102. SYN. Πλήξισπος, ἡνίοχος, ἡνίοχος.

Κέωμαι. See Κεῖμαι.

Κέπφος, ου, ὁ, (1) procellaria: a sea-mew, pewet; (2) fatuus, stolidus: a silly fellow. Plut. 912. SYN. (1) Λᾶρος, (2) εὐτέλης, ἄλδς.

Pros. Ler.

Κεράελης, ἔος, qui cornibus trahit: dragging with horns. Κεράελλες αἱ μέγ' ἄρισται Call. 3. 181.

Κεραῖζω, cornibus dissipo, vasto: to butt, destroy. Εὐνὰς θανάτοις κεραῖζόμενας Alcest. 907. SYN. Ληΐζω, πορθέω, διαρπάζω, πέρω.

Κεραῖρα, Κεράω, miscuo: to mix. I. 203. Πολλὰ κερῶντας α. 363. Θυμῆρες κεράσασθ᾽ κατὰ κ. 362. SYN. Ἀνὰ κερᾶννυμι, κίρνημι, κύκω, μίγνυμι, ἀναφύρω.

Κεραῖστος, οὔ, ὁ, vastator: a devastator. Διὰ πρῶτον κεραῖσθῆν Hom. Merc. 336. SYN. Πορθητής, λυμάντηρ, κεράος.

Κεράμεικος, οὔ, ὁ, Ceramicus: a place in Athens, where those who died in battle were buried. Ἐλκοίμην ἐς Κεράμεικόν Eq. 772.

Κεράμευς, ἔως, ὁ, figulus: a potter. Χαλκήεις κεράμης σκυλιδέσθαι Av. 491.

Κεράμειω, fingo: to work as a potter, to mould. Eccles. 253. See above. SYN. Πλάσσω, κατεργάζομαι.

Κεράμικός, Κεράμηϊός, α, ὄν, fictilis: earthen, made of clay. Τρόχῳ γὰρ ἐλάθεις κεράμικῆς βύμης ἀπο Eccles. 4. Hom. Hymn. 17. 4.

Κεράμις, ἰδός, ἡ; Κεράμυς, ου, ὁ, tegula; vas fictile; carcer: a tile; an earthen vessel; a prison. Ἰπὺ τῶν κεράμιδων Ἡλιδότης ὁρόφιας Vesp. 216. Acharn. 906. SYN. Πίθος, ἀγυῖον, γείσσον.

Κεράοζός, ὄν, poliens cornua: a polisher of horns, maker of bows. Κεράοζός ἡράρε τέκταν Δ. 110.

Κεράος, Κερασφόρος, Κερόφορος, et Κεράστης, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Κεράωδης, ἔος; Κερονυχός, ὄν; Κερόεις, εὐσά, ἐν, Κερονυχίς, et Κεραστίς, ἰδός, ἡ, cornutus, corniger: horned, horn-bearing. Κεράοι τέλεθουσι δ. 85. Phoen. 255. Bacch. 690. Soph. El. 570. Call. 2. 90. Eur. El. 723. Theoc. 5. 145. P. V. 695. SYN. Ευκέρας, πάλυκείρας.

Κεράς, ατός, τὸ, cornu: a horn. Αὐτὰρ ἐγὼν κεράς ὕρῳ ἐλῶν Theoc. 25. 206. The quantity of the penult. of κεράς in the genitive and dative singular, and nominative, genitive, and accusative, dual and plural, is long only as being formed from κεράατος, κεράατι, &c. So the nom. and acc. plur. of γεράς have the last syllable long by contraction, γεράατ᾽=γεράατ᾽=γέρα. See Brunn's note, Bacchæ, v. 909. SYN. Τόξον. EP. Αἰὼν, δολιχόν, κρατέρων, ξεστόν.

Κεράσστης, ου, ὁ; Κεραστίς, ἰδός, ἡ. See Κεράος.

Κερασφόρος. See Κεράος.

Κεράτωδης. See Κεράος.

Κεραυνός, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, fulmineus, fulmineus: ictus of a thunderbolt, struck by a thunderbolt. Μνημὰ τῆς κεραυνίου Bacch. 6. SYN. Εμσβρόντης.

Κεραυνόελλω, Κεραυνῶ, fulmino, fulmine percutio: to hurl a thunderbolt, to strike with lightning. Call. Ep. 20. Hes. Theog. 858. SYN. Σκίπητο.

Κεραυνόελλός, ου, ὁ, qui fulminat: thundering. Bacch. 588.

Κεραυνόερόντης, ου, ὁ, fulmen et tonitru edens: sending thunder and lightning. Pax 375. SYN. Κεραυνίος.

Κεραυνός, οὔ, ὁ, fulmen: a thunderbolt. Ξ. 417. SYN. Σκηπτός, αστραπή. EP. Αἰθάλεις, ἀκμάτος, κρατῆρος, κρανίους, μάλερος, ὀλός, πυρφόρος, στῶνεις, σμερδαλέος, ψόλεις. PHR.

Κεραυνῖον βέλος, πτερύφορον Δῖος βέλος, κεραυνῖον πῦρ αἰθλοῦν.

Κεραυνόφαις, ἔος, in modum fulminis cōrucans: like lightning. Troad. 1105. Φα brevis, ut in φάος.

Κεραυνῶ. See Κεραυνόδολῶ.

Κεράω. See Κεραίρω.

Κεράωδης. See Κεράως.

Κερεός, ου, ὁ, Cerberus: Pluto's three-headed dog. Ran. 111. Ερ. Ἀμήχανός, ου φατεῖος, τρίκρανός, ωμοστής, πεντηκοντάκρητος, ἀναιδής, κρατέρος. ΡΗΗ. Τρίσωμάτος κύων. See (E. C. 1568. et Trach. 1100.

Κερδαίνω, ἀνῶ, lucrō: to gain, acquire. Iph. T. 1035. ΣΥΝ. Κέρδος ποίω, φέρω, καρπούμαι, καρπίζομαι.

Κερδάλῃς, α, ὄν; Κερδάλεῶφρων, ὄνς, astutus: artful. Τὰς τ' ἐμπόριαν τὰς κερδάλῃας Av. 594. Κεκασμένῃ κερδάλεῶφρον Δ. 339.

Κερδάλεῶφρων. See above.

Κερδίω, ὄν, compar. et Κέρδιστος, superl., utilior, utilissimus: more and most useful, advantageous, cunning. Ἐμοὶ δὲ κὲ κερδίῳ εἴη β. 74. Z. 153. The penult. of Κερδίω and of all comparatives in ἰων is long in the Attic, and short in the other dialects.

Κέρδος, ἔος, τὸ, lucrum: gain, lucre. Helen. 762. ΣΥΝ. Καρπός, καρπωμά. Ερ. Εὐκλέες, ἰδίον, πύνηρον, αἰσχρὸν, δόλιον, ὁσῖον.

Κερδούνη, ης, ἡ, subst., astutia: subtlety. "Εἴτε δὲ κερδούνη ξ. 33. ΣΥΝ. Ἀπάτη, πύνηρία, πύνηρία, κέρδους.

Κερούς, ὄνς, ἡ, vulpes: a fox. Eq. 1068. ΣΥΝ. see Ἀλώπηξ.

Κερκίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Cereis: one of the Naiads. Hes. Theog. 355.

Κερκίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, radius textorius: a shuttle. Κερκιδὶ Ἠδωνῆς χέρος Hec. 1135.

Κέρκος, ου, ἡ, cauda: a tail. Eq. 906. ΣΥΝ. Οὐρά.

Κέρκυρα, as, ἡ, Corcyra: an island in the Ionian sea. Οὐδ' ἦ τις Κέρκυρα φίλοξενωτάτη ἄλλαν Call. 4. 156.

Κερκυραῖος, ὄν, Coreyræus: of Coreyra. Av. 1403. See above.

Κέρμα, ἀπὸς, τὸ, segmentum æris, nummus: a small coin. Plut. 379. ΣΥΝ. Νόμισμα.

Κερόβατης, ου, corneus pedes habens: horn-footed. Ran. 230. See Καταβάτης.

Κερόδενός, ligatis et compactis cornibus constans: tipped with horn. Rhcs. 33.

Κέρδεις. See Κεράως.

Κερότυπῶ, cornibus aut rostris illido: to dash against with a horn or beak. Ἡρεῖκόν αἱ δὲ κερότυπούμεναι βίᾳ Agam. 638.

Κεροντίαω, cornua tollo, superbio: to raise the horn, to be proud. Eq. 1343.

Κερονχίς. See Κεράως.

Κερόφορος. See Κεράως.

Κερόμειω, convicior, ludifico: to cut the heart with words, reproach, revile. Iph. A. 849. ΣΥΝ. Σκόπτω, δεινάζω, ἐνόχλῶ, ἐρεθίζω, κάκοροθέω, λοιδορέω.

Κερόμησις, ἔως; Κερόμια, as, ἡ, irrisio, ludibrium: reproach, raillery. Philoct. 1265. Ἡμὲν κερόμιας T. 202. ΣΥΝ. Κατάγελως, κατὰ χήνη, κάκηγορία, σκώμια.

Κερόμιος, ὄν, Κερόμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cor alicui scindens: vexatious, reproachful. Αντίκα κερόμιόισι A. 539. Alcest. 1144. ΣΥΝ. Εἶρων.

Κερύνειος, ου, ὁ, Ceryneus: the name of a hill

in Arcadia. "Τοτέρων ὀφρά γένειτό πάγος Κερύνειος ἔδεκτο Call. 3. 109.

Κέρχρηά, Κέρχρηά, as, ἡ, P. N., Cenchría: a fountain in Argolis. Κερχρηάς ῥεος P. V. 697. "Recentior et emollita fuit pronuntiatio κέρχρος et κέρχρωμα: vetus atque asperior, κέρχρος et κέρχρωμα." Valckenaer, Phoen. 1401.

Κερχρηῖς, ἰδὸς, Κέρχρη, ης, Κερχρηῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, tinnunculus: a screech-owl. Οὐ τοι μὰ τὰς κερχρηῖδας Av. 1335. Schæfer refers in Valpy's Steph. to "Brunck. Aristoph. 2. 150. Callim. 1. 469. Casaub. ad Athen. 136."

Κέσκωμα, jaceo: to lie, to be placed. φ. 41. ΣΥΝ. see Κείμεναι.

Κεστός, ἡ, ὄν, acu pictus: embroidered. Ξ. 214.

Κέστρα, as, ἡ, malleus; piscis species; genus teli militaris, sudcs: a mallet; a kind of fish; a pike. Nub. 339.

Κεστρεῖς, ἔως, ὁ, mugil, piscis: a mullet. Vesp. 790. ΣΥΝ. Μύραινα.

Κεῦθῶν, Κεῦθῶ, occulto, tego: to hide, cover. Κεῦθῶ is also used in a passive sense. Οὐ μὲν γὰρ φίλῳτῇ γ' ἐκεῦθῶν Γ. 453. (E. R. 968. ΣΥΝ. Κρύπτω, κάλπτω, ἀποκρύπτω, ἐρέφω.

Κεῦθμα, ἀπὸς, τό; Κεῦθμος, οὔ, ὁ; Κεῦθμῶν, ὄνς, ὁ; Κεῦθός, ἔος, τὸ, latebræ: a hiding-place, cavern. Theog. 243. N. 28. Hec. 1. Eumen. 1039. ΣΥΝ. Κόλωμα, φωλεός, κατάφυξ, μύχος, σπέος, σπήλυγξ. Ερ. Ἀλῖεῖτον, ἄκρον, δυνόφρον, χθονῖον, μέλαμψάφες, πέτρωδές, στύγρον, σκότιον.

Κεῦθός. See above.

Κεῦθα. See Κεῦθῶν.

Κεφάλαιος, αἶα, ὄν, summarius: capital, summary. "Ἰνὰ μὴ κεφάλαιον τὸν κροτάφον σου βήματι Ran. 854. ΣΥΝ. Ἄδρον.

Κεφάλῃ, ης, ἡ, caput: a head, top, sum. Κεφάλῃς λιπαρόπλοκάμιοι T. 126. ΣΥΝ. Κάρα, κάρ, κάρηνον, κράς, κόρη. Ερ. Ξανθή, φίλη, οἰνῶ-εἰρης, σμερδάλῃα, ἰφίμυος, πόλια, ἱέρα, εχθρά, κάλη, λιπαρόπλοκάμους, σεμνή, δεσπεία, φιδερά, λαμυθῶς.

Κεφάλληνῃς, ὡν, οἱ, Cephalenii: the inhabitants of Cephalenia, an island in the Ionian sea, subject to Ulysses. Cycl. 103. Ερ. Μεγαθύμιοι.

Κεφάλῶς, ου, ὁ, (1) Cephalus: one of the sons of Endymion, and husband of Procris; (2) capito: a fish. Ἡ καλλιφεγγής Κεφάλων εἰς θεῶν ἔως Hipp. 457.

Κεῶ, decumbere cupio. See Κεῖω.

Κεῶ, scindo: to split. Ἦτοι κίαντες ἡ τέ- μόντες Agam. 822. ΣΥΝ. see Καίω.

Κηδεία, as, ἡ, affinitas, funeration, sepultura: connection by marriage, care of the dead, burial. Eur. Sup. 145. ΣΥΝ. Κήδευμα, εκφόρα, τάφη, τάφος.

Κηδεῖος, Κηδεός, superl. Κηδιστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cujus curam gerimus, carus; aut a quo cura geritur; carus, domesticus, fidelis: cared for, or caring for; faithful, domestic, dear. Ion 490. Ψ. 161. κ. 225. ΣΥΝ. Οικεῖος, φίλος, προσφίλης.

Κηδεμόνευς, ἔως, Κηδεμῶν, ὄνς, Κηδεστής, οὔ, ὁ, curator, affinis: a guardian, relation by marriage, son-in-law. Ap. Rh. 1. 269. Med. 987. Alcest. 747. ΣΥΝ. Πηδός, πενθερός, συγγενής, θυμόγαμερός, ἑδνωτής.

Κηδεός. See Κηδεῖος.

Κηδεσκόμα. See Κηδεύω.

Κηδεστής. See Κηδεμένους.

Κήδευμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, affinitas; affinis: relationship; a relation. Orest. 471. SYN. Αγχιστεῖᾶ (plur.), συγγενείᾳ, συγγένῃς.

Κηδεύω, Κηδεύμαι, Κηδέσκομαι, affinis fio, curo; funero: to form a connection by marriage, protect as a relation; to bury, mourn over. P. V. 917. Sept. Th. 128. χ. 359. SYN. Φροντίζω, κηραίνω, Δεράπειω, βόθηθω, δάπτω, κήδεᾶ Δεράπειω.

Κήδιστος. See Κήδεϊς.

Κήδός, ἐός, τὸ, affinitas, cura, sollicitudo; funus: relationship, care, mourning; distress, burial. Orest. 743. SYN. Κήδευμᾶ, συγγενείᾳ, ἐπιμέλειᾳ, φροντίς, λύπη, ἐνᾱγίσματᾶ. EP. Ξένον, πίκρον, ἐχθρόν, ὀλέθριον, ἐσθλόν, κᾱκόν, ἀργαλέον, ἀλγέρινόν, ἀτλητόν, λυγρόν, γδερὸν, πόλυστύνον, στύνον, λευγαλέον.

Κηδόσυνος, ἡς, ἡ, moeror, mœstitia: sorrow. Ἔπος φᾶτὶ κηδόσυνησι Apoll. 1. 277. SYN. Λύπη, ἄνῃα, ἀχθῶν, κήδός.

Κηδόσυνός, ὅν, officiosus: affectionately attending. Πῶδὶ κηδόσυνφ παρᾱσειρος Orest. 1022. SYN. Ἐπιμήλης, σπουδαῖός.

Κήδω, moerore afficio, ango: to grieve, afflict. I. 611. SYN. Ἀνῃᾶ, λυπέω, κᾱκῶ, βλάπτω, ἰνῶμαι.

Κηθᾱρίον, οὐ, τὸ, vasculum in quod suffragia conjiciebantur: a ballot box. EP. Κηθᾱρίον λαγάρυζόμενον Vesp. 674.

Κηκᾱς, ἄδός, ὁ, ἡ, maledicus: slanderous. Κηκᾱδὶ σὺν γλώσσῃ Call. fr. 253. SYN. Κερτύμιός, κερτύμιός, λοιδορὸς.

Κηκίς, ἰδός, ἡ, id quod tingit; quod manat: a stain; anything that oozes out. Κηκίδα παγκαίνιστον Agam. 933. SYN. Λιγνός.

Κηκίω, exsilio: to gush out. Θᾱλασσᾶ δὲ κηκίῃ πολλῇ E. 455. Κηκίων αἵμᾱ καὶ τῇ προσδῶκῶ νέον Philoct. 784. SYN. Ἀνάπηδᾶω, ἀναφῆρῶμαι.

Κήλειός, et Κηλῆός, ὅν, urens: burning. Σὺν πυρὶ κηλείω O. 744. EP. πυρὶ κηλεφ (spondee) Σ. 346. SYN. Αἰθῶν, θερμός, λαμπρός.

Κηλέω, mulceo: to soften, charm. Alcest. 369. SYN. Θέλω, κατᾱθέλω, τέρω.

Κηλημὸς, οὐ, ὁ; Κηλημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, aurium delinimentum: the soothing effect of music, allurement. v. 2. Troad. 886. SYN. Θελεκτήριον, μελιγμᾶ, γᾱνός.

Κήλημᾶ. See above.

Κηλητήριός, α, ον, et os, ὁ, ἡ, mulcendi vim habens: soothing, propitiatory. Hec. 533.

Κηλιδῶ, maculo, ignominiose afficio: to stain, pollute. Herc. F. 1309. See Κηλῖς, ἰδός. SYN. Αἰκίω, ἀτιμάζω, λυαίνωμαι.

Κηλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, nota, macula: a spot, stain. Κηλῖς ἀφραστὸς ἐξ ᾱσαστῶν τινός Hipp. 822. EP. οὐλῇ, ὀνειδός.

Κήλων, οὐ, τὸ, telum, lignum præustum: a weapon, shaft, brand. M. 280. SYN. Βέλός, ἰῶν, διστός.

Κήλων, ὠνός, ὁ, tolleno: an engine for drawing water. Archil. fr. 96.

Κημός, οὐ, ὁ, camus: an osier cover for a ballot box. Vesp. 99.

Κήναϊόν, ec. ἀκρον, οὐ, τὸ, Cenæum: a mountain and promontory in Eubœa. Κήναϊον ἐστὶν ἐνθά Trach. 755.

Κήξ, ηκός, ἡ, larus: a coot, sea-mew. o. 478.

Κήπευμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, cultura; res culta: cul-

tivation; a cultivated or favourite spot. Av. 1101.

Κηπεύω, colo, proprie hortum: to cultivate a garden, to preserve carefully. Hipp. 77.

Κήπος, οὐ, ὁ, hortus: a garden. Av. 238. SYN. Ὀρχατός, ἄλσος. EP. Γλυκὺς, πόλυδένδρεός, εὐώδης, ἐρσῆεις, ἀνθεμίεις.

Κήρ, ἦρος, ἡ, sors, fatum: fate, lot, death. Troad. 773. SYN. Μοῖρᾶ, θᾱνᾱτός, ἐμαρμένη, ἄτη, νύσος, φθόρᾶ, πέπρωμένη, μῦρός, τὸ μόρσιμον. EP. Μέλαινᾶ, δεινῇ, ὀλλῇ, στύγερῇ, κᾱκῇ, βίαιός, ἀργαλέᾳ, πίκρᾶ, οὐλομένη, δέηλᾱτός, σμερδᾱλέᾳ. See Μοῖραι.

Κήρ, τὸ, cor; anima: the heart; the soul. A. 491. SYN. Ἠτόρ, ψυχῇ, καρδία. EP. Ἀδινόν, ἀτῆραμνόν, κυδᾱλῖμνόν, λασιόν, ὀλλόν, ἀργαλέον, κρατέρων, ἐσθλόν, κερδᾱλέον, ἀκᾱκόν.

Κηραίνω, (1) corrumpo, inficio, lædo: to mix, soil, infect, injure; (2) sollicite cogito: to think anxiously. Æsch. Sup. 1006. SYN. Κηλιδῶ, (2) φροντίζω, καλχαίνω, ἐκκλησῶμαι.

Κηρεσιφῶρητός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, fatis incitatus; malignus: urged on by the fates to annoy; malignant. Κῦνας κηρεσιφῶρητους O. 527.

Κήρινθος, οὐ, ἡ, Cerinthus: a city in Eubœa, anciently called Hellopia. B. 538.

Κήριον, ἄν, τὸ, favus: honey-comb. Ὁ τὴν σκάφην λαδῶν πρῶτω τᾶ κήρια Eccles. 742. EP. Ἀγρίον, γλυκὺ, λεῖριον, λευκόν. PHR. Μελισσῶν τρητός πῶνός.

Κηρίτρεφής, ἐός, mortui obnoxius: mortal. Κηρίτρεφῶν ἀνθρώπων Hes. Op. 416.

Κηροδέτης, Κηροδέτος, et Κηροπλαστὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, cera ligatus: bound or fastened with wax. Iph. T. 1125. Theoc. Ep. 5. P. V. 591.

Κηροπλαστὸς. See Κηροδέτης.

Κηρός, οὐ, ὁ, cera: wax. Vesp. 108. EP. Μελιηδῆς, ἡδός, μᾱλάκος, λευκός.

Κηροτέχνης, οὐ, ὁ, qui in cera imagines fingit: a worker in wax. Οὐκ ἐμὶ κηροτέχνης Anacr. 10.

Κηροχῦτέω, ceram liquefacio et e cera fingo: to melt, form of wax. Καὶ κηροχῦτεῖ καὶ γογγύλει Thesm. 56. SYN. Εὐ πλάττω, μετᾱχειρίζωμαι.

Κήρυγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, præconium: a proclamation, edict. Iph. T. 340. SYN. Ἀγγέλια.

Κηροκαυᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, præco: a female herald. Λᾱβοῖσᾱ κηροκαυᾶν εὐφῶνόν τινα Eccles. 69.

Κηρύκευμᾶ, i. q. Κήρυγμᾶ. Sept. Th. 648. See Κηρυκεύω.

Κηρυκεύω, Κηρύσσω, per præconem prædico, promulgo: to proclaim as or by a herald, to promulgate. Κηρυκεύει ὕστis ἀνοικτος Troad. 240. Hec. 145. SYN. Ἀνάκηρύσσω, ἀναδῶᾶω, πάραγγελλω, ἐπὶκᾱλέω.

Κηρύλλος, Κειρύλλος, οὐ, ὁ, halcyon: the male king-fisher. Ἐνὶ κύμασσι Κηρύλλος ᾱδεν Mosch. 3. 42. Av. 299.

Κήρυξ, υκός, ὁ, præco: a herald. Πηδῶσ' ᾱεὶ κήρυκῆς ὀδὲ δ' αυτοῖς φίλος Orest. 888. SYN. Κλητήρ, κᾱλήτωρ, σαλπικητής. EP. Αστυδῶτης, δειδός, ἀγαυός, ἐσθλός, λιγύφοργγός, ηπύτης, τᾱχὺδρομός. PHR. Διὸς ἀγγελός ηδὲ καὶ ἀνδρῶν.

Κηρύσσω. See Κηρυκεύω.

Κηρωτός, ἡ, ὅν, cera illitus: covered with wax (Κηρωτή, ἡ, a wax pomade). Ὅθινᾱ κηρωτὴν παρᾱσκευάζετε Acharn. 1176.

Κήτειός, α, ὅν; Κητώεις, ἐντός, cetaceus; magnus: abounding with whales, of a whale; large. λ. 521. δ. 1.

Κῆτος, ἔος, τὸ, cetus, balena: a whale, sea-monster. Thesm. 1033. EP. Ἀλέγειν, ἀργαλέον, ἐνάλιον, κῦανόν.

Κητώεις. See Κήτειος.

Κηφεύς, ἔως, ὁ, Cepheus: the father of Andromeda. Eccles. 1113.

Κηφήν, ἦνός, ὁ, fucus: a drone, wasp. Vesp. 1114. SYN. Σφήξ, ἀνθήνη. EP. Ἀργός, ἑλδός, κηθούρος. PHR. Κηφήνες κᾶκων ζυγῶν ἐργων.

Κηφισίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Cephisis: of Cephisis. Αἰμυη κεκλιμένος Κηφισίδι E. 709.

Κηφισός, οὐ, ὁ, Cephissus: a river in Boeotia. Ion 1260. Οἱ τ' ἄρ' ἀπὸ πρὸς τῶν Κηφισὸν διὼν ἔναιον B. 523. EP. Καλλίναος, διὼς πρὸς τῶν, καλλιπρῆστος.

Κηώδης, ἔος, Κηώεις, εὐσά, ἐν, fragrans: fragrant, sweet-smelling. Z. 483. 288. SYN. Εὐώδης, εὐοσμύς.

Κίανός, ὄν, Cianus: of or belonging to Cius, a city in the Propontis, afterwards called Prusa. Πρὸς πόντιδος ἐνθά Κίανόν Theoc. 13. 30.

Κισθηλεύς, adultero, simulo, corruptum, depravo: to adulterate, counterfeit, corrupt, deprave. Bacch. 467. SYN. Διάφθεῖρω, διαβάλλω.

Κισθηλία, ας, ἡ, scoria admistio; quævis adulteratio vel corruptela: dross; adulteration, corruption. Τοῦ βίου κισθηλίαν Av. 158. SYN. see Μοχθηρία.

Κίςθλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, adulterinus: mixed with dross, adulterated, counterfeit, false. Hipp. 612. SYN. Πάρασημος, ἀπάτηλός, μοχθηρός.

Κίσις, ἰός, ἡ, pera, sacculus: a sack, wallet. Ἀμφὶ δὲ μιν κίσις ἔδε Hes. Scut. 224.

Κισάτος, οὐ, ἡ, et (2) dimin. Κισάτιον, οὐ, τὸ, cista, arca: a chest, casket. Εὐβάλλειν δ' εἰς τὰς κισάτους (Anapaest. dim.) Vesp. 1056. Plut. 711. SYN. Λάρναξ, σόρος, κίστη, κίσις.

Κιγκλίω, agito: to move about like a wag-tail. Οὐ χρὴ κιγκλίειν ἀγαθόν Theoc. 303. SYN. Σάλευν, μόχλευν.

Κιγκλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, cancelli, vel foramen: rail-work, a lattice; the bar in the senate-house. Ὁ δ' ἀνεστῶν κινεφαῖς ἐπὶ τῇ κιγκλίδι Vesp. 124. SYN. Θύρα, δικλιδέα, δῆψ.

Κιγχάω, invenio: to find, reach. Ἀδμητὸν ἐν δόμοισιν ἄρ' ἀκιγχάω Alcest. 493. SYN. see Κίχων.

Κιδνώμαι, dissipor, diffunder: to be scattered or spread. Hec. 904. SYN. Σκεδάννυμαι.

Κίθαιραν, ὄνός, ὁ, Cithæron: a mountain in Boeotia. Ποῖος Κίθαιραν οὐχὶ σύμφωνος τάχα OE. R. 421. EP. Ζάθεός, ὑψικάρηνός. PHR. Ζάθεον πέταλον πλὺθροπτότων νᾶπος, Ἀρτέμιδος χιδνότροφόν ὁμᾶ Phen. 815. Κίθαιρώνος λῆπας Phen. 24. Νᾶπαίαι Κίθαιρώνος πτυχᾶ OE. R. 1026.

Κίθαιρώνειος, et Κίθαιρώνιος, ὄν, Cithæronius: of Cithæron. Λῆπας Κίθαιρώνειον εἰσεβάλλωμεν Bacch. 1034. See Thesm. 996.

Κιθάρα, ας, Κιθάρις, ἔως, ἡ, lyra: a lyre, lute. Alcest. 599. α. 159. See Κιθάρῳ. SYN. Φόρμιγξ, χέλυσ, λύρα. EP. Πέρι καλλῆς, φίλη, φίλῳ ὅρος, ἐπτάφθογγος, καλλιφθογγός, αἰδλφωτός, γλυκερὰ, ἐνικελδός, ἐπτάτῶνός, λίγυρὰ, πλὺθαῖ δαῖδλός, Ὀρφέη, χρυσόδετός. Καλλιχόρον κιθάρας μελινδῆς μολπῆν, ἀντιχὲς χορδᾶν Hipp. 1131.

Κιθάραιοιδός, et Κιθάρωδός, οὐ, ὁ, fidicen: one who sings to the harp. Τὸν κιθάραιοιδοτῶν φ

χαῖρις ἐφέσπετο Vesp. 1278. See also Eccles. 734. SYN. Κιθάριστής, αἰδός.

Κιθάρῳ, cithara sono: to play on the harp. Ἰμέρδεν κιθάρῳ Σ. 570. SYN. Φορμίζω, λυρίζω. PHR. Ἰμέρδεν κιθάρῳ λῖνον δ' ὑπὸ καλὸν αἰεῖδε Hom.

Κιθάρῳ. See Κιθάρᾳ.

Κιθάρωμος, οὐ, ὁ, citharæ sonus: the sound of the harp. Ἐγειρομένου κιθάρωμοῦ Call. 4. 312.

Κιθάριστής, οὐ, ὁ, citharista: a player on the harp. Eq. 992. See above. SYN. Κιθάραιοιδός, κιθαρῳδός, αἰδός.

Κιθάριστος, ὅς, ἡ, ars pulsandi citharam: the art of playing on the harp. Καὶ ἐκλεῖσθον κιθάριστον B. 600.

Κιθάρωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, citharædicius: attuned to the harp. Εκ τῶν κιθάρωδικῶν νόμων εἰργασμένην Ran. 1281.

Κιθάρωδός. See Κιθάρᾳ.

Κικιννός, οὐ, ὁ, cincinnus, cirrus: a curl, lock. Ἄυστάλοι δὲ κικιννοὶ Theoc. 14. 4. SYN. Βόστροχός, πλδικάμος.

Κικισίω. See Κακκᾶσιω.

Κικλήσκω, i. q. Κάλῳ, q. v. Πόσειδάωνά κικλήσκων Theoc. 22. 133.

Κικινῆς, ὢν, οἱ, Cicones: a nation in Thrace. Ὡς πρῶτον Κικινῆς δαμάσ ψ. 310. SYN. Αἰχμηταί.

Κίκυς, ὅς, ἡ, vires, robur: strength, bodily force. Ἴς ἐμπέδός οὐδὲ τί κίκυς λ. 392. SYN. Ἴς, ισχύς, ἀλκή, δύναμις.

Κιλικίος, ὄν, Cilicensis: Cilician. Τὸν γηγενῆ τὴν Κιλικίαν οἰκῆτορα P. V. 359.

Κίλιξ, ἰκός, ὁ, Cilix: a native of Cilicia, a Cilician. Καὶ αἰχμηταῖς Κιλίκεσσι Theoc. 17. 88.

Κίλλᾳ, ἡς, ἡ, Cilla: a city in the Troad. A. 38.

Κιλλῖσαντες, ὢν, οἱ, ligna tribus suffulta crucibus, quibus clypei imponebantur ab iis qui quiescere volebant a belli laboribus: a wooden frame on three legs, on which soldiers rested their shields, when they were weary. Τὸς κιλλῖσαντας οἰσε παὶ τῆς ἀσπίδος Achæna. 1121.

Κιλλικῶν, ὢντος, ὁ, Cillicon: the name of an infamous fellow, who betrayed Samos. Οὐδὲν πόνηρον ἀλλ' ὅπερ καὶ Κιλλικῶν Pax 363.

Κιμῆρικόν, ὢν, τὸ, vestimenti pretiosi genus: fine linen, a fine robe, cambric, a mourning dress. Μήτ' ἀσπίδ' ἀβείν κιμῆρικόν ἐνδύσθαι Lys. 52.

Κιμῆρικός, ὄν, Cimmericus: Cimmerian. Κιμῆρικόν ἤξει δὲν θρασυπλάγχυνος σὲ χρή Prom. 755.

Κιμῆριοι, ὢν, οἱ, Cimmerici: a nation which dwelt beyond the Euxine Sea. Κιμῆριων ἀνδρῶν λ. 14.

Κιμωλῖος, α, ὄν, Cimolius: of Cimolus, an island, one of the Cyclades, where was found a white clay, used for soap at Athens. Ran. 713. Ki brevis, ut in Lat. Cimolus: "Cretosaque rura Cimoli" Ov. Met. 7. 403.

Κίμων, ἀνός, ὁ, Cimon: the son of Miltiades, and a name of many others. Κίμων ὁλον ἐσωσέ τὴν Δακεδαμόνα Lysist. 1144. Qui tamen locus quantitatem primæ non determinat.

Κινάβρω, oleo, fæteo: to smell, stink. Αἰγῶν τὴν κινάβρωτον μέλην (Iamb. dim.) Plut. 294. SYN. Δύσωδῳ, ὄζω.

Κινᾶδός, ἔος, τὸ, vulpes: a fox, a cunning

fellow. Κύρβος κρύταλον κινᾶδος τρύμη Nub. 448. SYN. Ἀλώπηξ, κερδάλῆος, πᾶνουργός.

Κινᾶθισμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, levis strepitus : a fluttering or rustling. Φεῦ φεῦ τί πᾶρ' αὐ κινᾶθισμᾶ κλῶ P. V. 124. SYN. Κινηθμός, κίνημᾶ, κελᾶδός, κελᾶδημᾶ.

Κινᾶχῦρα, ας, ἡ, ventilabrum : a kind of sieve or winnowing machine. Χάρει σὺ δεῦρ' κινᾶχῦρα κἄλῃ κἄλως Eccles. 730. See Κινῶ and Ἀχῦρὸν.

Κινδύνεμᾶ, ἄτος, τό ; Κίνδυνός, ου, ὁ, periculum : hazard, danger, enterprise. Iph. T. 1002. Μῆμνήμεθ' εἰς κίνδυνον ἐλθόντες μέγαν Hec. 244. SYN. Ἐπιχειρημᾶ, ἀγών, διαπειρά, ἔργον. Ερ. Βάθῳ, αλγεῖων, κρύερὸν, κρᾶτέρων, δεινόν.

Κινδυνευτέος, ὄν, periclitandus : must face the danger, or risk a battle with. Eur. Sup. 582. See above.

Κινδυνεύω, periclitor : to be in danger, run the risk. Heracl. 455. See above. SYN. Διάκινδυνεύω, κίνδυνον ὑποδύμαι.

Κίνδυνός. See Κινδύνεμᾶ.

Κινῶ, moveo : to make to go, move, disturb. Κινεῖ κράδιαν κινεῖ δὲ χῶλον Med. 98. SYN. Κλόννῶ, δδνῶ, νωμάω, ἀνάσειω, σάλεύω, ὀρίνω, ὀρούω.

Κινηθμός, οὗ, ὁ ; Κίνημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, motus : agitation, motion. Pyth. 4. 370. Ἵπῳ τοῦ κινήματός ἀγκυλὸν εἶχον Theoc. 21. 47.

Κινητήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, quassator : a mover, disturber. Γαίης κινητήρᾳ Hom. Hym. 21. 2.

Κινητήριός, ὄν, movendi vi præditus : causing agitation. Κάροτ' ἀκινητήρία Æsch. Sup. 457.

Κινητής, οὗ, ὁ, motor : a mover, introducer. Nub. 1397. See above.

Κίνυμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, mobile aliquid ; ventis ludibrium in l. c. : anything moveable ; the sport of the winds. Νῦν δ' αἰθέριον κίνυμ' ὁ τάλας P. V. 163. SYN. Αἰωρήμᾶ.

Κινῶμαι, moveor : to be moved, to be in motion. Κινῶμενος νῦν αὐτῇ K. 280. SYN. Κινεῶμαι.

Κινῦρης, ου, ὁ, Cinyres. Τὸν πᾶρ' οἱ Κινῦρης A. 20.

Κινῦρόμαι, voce querula lamentor : to cry with shrill or plaintive voice. Οὐδὲ Θέτις Ἀχιλλῆα κινῦρέται Callim. Apoll. 20. SYN. Ὀδυρόμαι, μινῦρίζω, μινῦρόμαι, δρηνῶ, κλαίω.

Κινῦρός, ἄ, ὄν, querulus, lamentabilis : lamentable. Πρωτότοκος κινῦρῃ P. 5. SYN. Αἰθιόρηνος, οικτρός.

Κινύσσομαι, agitor, huc illuc impellor : to be moved about, to waver. Choëph. 190. See Κίνυμᾶ. SYN. see Κινῶ.

Κινώπετᾶ, τὰ, feræ bestiæ : wild beasts. Πανοῦς ἐξάλογοτὸ κινώπετᾶ Call. 1. 25.

Κίρκη, ἡς, ἡ, Circe. μ. 155. Ερ. Αθᾶνᾳτη, αἰαίη, αὐδῆσσά, δεινῇ, δολοσσά, εὐπλοκάμους, πῶλυφάρμακός, πόντιᾶ. ΠΗΡ. Αἰγυσις 3' ἡ σῶων μορφοτρία Troad. 439. Αντικαταγινῆτη ἑλδοφρόνως Αἰήταο κ. 137. See κ. 211.

Κιρκηλάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a circis fugatus : chased by the hawks. Κιρκηλάτον τ' ἀηδόνος (Iamb. dim.) Æsch. Sup. 64.

Κίρκος, ου, ὁ, (1) circus : a circle ; (2) accipitrum species : a hawk, or kite. P. 757. Ερ. (2) Ωκυπέτης, ωκὺς, γαμφώνυξ, ωμδέρως. ΠΗΡ. Ἐλαφρότατος πέτεων, ὄρις δεξιός, τὰχὺς ἀγέλος Απὸλλωνος.

Κιρκῶ, annulo adstringo : to bind with rings. P. V. 74. SYN. Δεσμεύω.

Κίρνημῖ, Κιρνᾶω, misceo : to mingle. Κίρνη μέληιδεῶ οἶνον ξ. 78. η. 182. SYN. see in Κεράνουμῖ.

Κισθνή, ἡς, ἡ, Cisthene : a mountain in Thrace. P. V. 818.

Κισσᾶ. See Κίττᾶ.

Κισσεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (1) Cisseus : Cisseus, the father of Hecuba (see the word Ἑκάβη,) and Theano ; (2) epith. Bacchi : an epithet of Bacchus. Hec. 3.

Κισσηίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Cisseis : the daughter of Cisseus. Κισσηίς ἀλόχος Z. 299.

Κισσῆρης, εὖς ; Κισσοφύρος, Κισσίνος, η, ὄν ; Κισσοκόμης, Κισσοστέφης, εὖς, hederaceus ; hederā densus : of ivy ; abounding or covered with ivy. Antig. 1131. Thesm. 997. Bacch. 699. Hom. Hym. 25. 1. Anacr. 26. 5.

Κισσίνος. See Κισσῆρης.

Κισσοκόμης. See Κισσῆρης.

Κισσός, οὗ, ὁ, hederā : ivy. Med. 1210.

SYN. Μέλας, περιστέφης, βότρυς, ἐλικώδης, μελάμφυλλος, κρόκεις, ἱμέρῳ, τηλέθων, τὰνφυλλός, πλεκτός.

Κισσοστέφης. See Κισσῆρης.

Κισσοφύρος. See Κισσῆρης.

Κισσῶ, hederā orno seu coronō : to adorn or crown with ivy. Bacch. 201.

Κισσοῦσιν, ου, τὸ, poculum e ligno hederaceo : a bowl made of ivy wood, a bowl. Εν δ' ἄρ' ἀκισσοῦσιν ξ. 78.

Κίστη, ἡς, Κιστίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, cista, capsā : a chest, basket. Lysist. 1184. Acharn. 1085. SYN. Αντίπηξ, κισωτός, λάρναξ, θυλάκιον, κίσσις.

Κίττᾶ, seu Κισσᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, pica : a magpie. Κίττᾶ Μειδίας δ' ἐκεῖ Av. 1297.

Κιττᾶω, valde cupio : to long for. Vesp. 349. SYN. Ἐπιθυμῶ.

Κίχων, α. 2. ἐκίχων ; et Κίχημῖ, invenio : to find. Ατρείδαο κίχωνέτῃ Ψ. 407. Μη μίσμα μ' εν δόμοις κίχη Alest. 22. Μηρίωνος δ' Ἀκάμαντ' κίχεις Π. 342. SYN. Κατάλαμψανω, εὐρίσκω, ἐπιτυγχάνω, ἐπικίρω.

Κίχῃλαι, ὧν, αἱ, pisces quidam marini : certain sea-fish. Κρεᾶτ' ὀρνίθειᾶ κίχῃλων Nub. 338.

Κίχλη, ἡς, ἡ, turdus : a thrush. Πυτέρων ἀκριδὲς ἡδὶδον ἐστὶν ἡ κίχλαι Acharn. 1116.

Κίχλίζω, indecenter et effusius rideo ; edo turdos : to laugh immoderately, giggle ; to feed on thrushes, to be luxurious. Οὐδ' οὐφάγειν οὐδὲ κίχλίζειν Nub. 983. SYN. Καρχαλάω.

Κίχλυσμός, οὗ, ὁ, risus petulans : merriment. Nub. 1069. See above. SYN. Κατὰχῃνη.

Κῖω, vado, eo : to go. Ἡ δ' αἰκουσ' ἀμὰ τοῖσι γῆν' κίεν A. 348. SYN. Πυρεύμαι, ἐπειμῖ, ἥκω, παρὰγίνυμαι.

Κίων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, columna : a pillar, a column. Μητρος τάλαινης ὁ δ' ὑπὸ κίονος σκῖαν Herc. F. 968. SYN. Στυλός, στήλη. Ερ. Τυφλός, μικρός, μέγας, στίδρος, ὀρθός, ἀμᾶχος, αστραῆς.

Κλαγγαίνω, Κλαγγέω, Κλάγγω, Κλάζω, clango : to clash, clatter, shout, rattle. Eumen. 131. Theoc. Ep. 6. K. 276. Π. 429. SYN. Ηχέω, βῶω, φωνέω.

Κλαγγή, ἡς, ἡ, clangor : a clang, twang, shout. Troad. 147. SYN. Κραυγή, βόή, ἡχος. Ερ. Ἀσπότης, δεινῇ, σπὸνδεσά.

Κλαγγήδον, cum clangore : with loud cackling. B. 463.

Κλάγγω. See Κλαγγαίνω.

Κλαδίσκος. See Κλάδός.

Κλαῖδός, ου, ὁ; Κλαῖδός, ἔς, τό; Κλαῖς, κλαῖδός, ἡ; et dimin. Κλαῖδιςκος, ου, ὁ, tener ramus, proles: a tender branch, twig, descendant. Βάλλοντά καὶ σείοντά βακχείον κλαῖδον Bacch. 304. Av. 240. Lysist. 633. Anaer. 22. SYN. Ἀκρέμων, ὕρηξ, κλών, πτόρθος, δάλλος, ῥάσδός. Ερ. Ουράνιος, ἀκρὸς, ευφύης, ἀκροκόμδος, ἱκέσδός, δρυῖνός, ἀπάλός, τέρην, νέοσπας, νέδρεπτός.

Κλάζω. See Κλαγγάλω.

Κλαίστρον. See Κληῖτρον.

Κλαίω, Attice Κλάω, κλαῖω; et Κλαιέσκω, lachrymor, ploro, lugeo: to weep, bewail. Κλαίετον ἐξελθόντε φ. 90. "Ἄλις δὲ κλαῖεν τοῦμὸν ἦν ἐμοὶ κακόν Alcest. 1060. Θ. 364. SYN. Ἀνάκκλαω, κατὰδάκρυω, πενθεῶ, κωῶω, ἀνάκωκῶω, ὀλοφύρομαι, ἐλελίω, οἰμῶζω, αἰάζω, ὀδολύζω.

Κλαῖς, Dor. pro Κλείς. Theoc. 15. 33.

Κλαῖριος, ου, ὁ, Clarius: of Claros. An epithet of Apollo, so called from Claros, a grove near Colophon in Ionia, where he had a temple. Virg. Aen. 3. 360. Πολλοὶ δὲ Κλαῖριον πάντα Call. 2. 70.

Κλαῖρος, ου, ἡ, Claros. See Κλαῖριος. Καὶ Κλαῖρος αἰγλήσεσά Hom. Ap. 40.

Κλάς. See Κλαῖδός.

Κλαστάζω, Κλάω, frango: to break. Καὶ στρατήγιον κλαστάσεις Eq. 166. Πτόρθον κτάσῃ χειρὶ ζ. 128. SYN. Κλόνεω, ἀποκκλαῶ, ἀγγυμῖ.

Κλαυθμός, οὔ, ὁ; Κλαυμά, ἄτος, τὸ, ploratus, fletus: mourning. Ουχ ὑπὸ κλαυθμῶν τῶν ἐξ οἴκου Agam. 1531. Pers. 711. SYN. Θρήνην, κόκνυμα, ὀλοαλγὴ, ὀλοαυγμός. Ερ. Στυγέρος, μέγαστονός.

Κλαυμά, See Κλαυθμός.

Κλαυσῖα, plorare cupio; crepito: to desire to weep; to rattle. Φθεγγόμενον ἄλλως κλαυσῖα σὲ τοι λέγω Plut. 1099.

Κλαυσίμαχος, ου, in praelio flens, vox a comico conficta: weeping in battle. Κλαυσίμαχον τίνος υἱός Pax 1291.

Κλαυτός, ἡ, ὄν, lamentabilis: lamentable. Sept. Th. 323.

Κλάω, Κλάζω. See Κλαστάζω.

Κλάω, lugeo. See Κλαίω.

Κλαέννός. See Κλεινός.

Κληῖδαν, Κληηδαν, Κληδαν, ὄνός, ἡ, fama, fama bona, omen bonum: fame, good report, sound, oracle, good omen. v. 120. δ. 317. Eumen. 460. SYN. Χρησμός, μάντευμα, φήμη, φάτις.

Κλειδίον. See Κλείς.

Κλειδοῦχος. See Κληδοῦχος.

Κλειθρόν. See Κληῖθρον.

Κλεινός, Κλαέννός, Κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, celebris: famous, illustrious. Cē. R. 8. Pyth. 9. 22. Δ. 379. SYN. Ἐνδοξός, ἀγάκλυτος, ἀγάκλειτος, κλεινός, περίκλεής.

Κλειδῖπτρα. See Κλεῖδῖπτρα.

Κλείδς. See Κλεῖδς.

Κλεις (Ion. et Poët. Κληῖς, Dor. Κλαῖς), εἶδός, ἡ, et dimin. Κλειδίον, ου, τὸ, clavis; jugulum, cervix; transtrum: a key; the clavicule of the shoulder, or blade-bone; a rower's bench (the handle of the oar being like the handle of a key). Κλείδες μὲν οὔταί Athen. 303. ex Aristophonte Comico. Τύπτετὲ κληῖδεσσιν ἐφήμενοι αἰκὲ πῶθι Ζεὺς μ. 215.

Κλειστός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. Κληῖστός, clausus: closed. Eur. fr. Pel. 3. 2. β. 344.

Κλείτη, ης, ἡ, Clite. Apoll. 1. 1069.

Κλειτομάχος, ου, ὁ, Clitomachus. Pyth. 8. 51. See Μάχη.

Κλειτός, ου, ὁ, Clitus. 445.

Κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν. See Κλεινός.

Κλείω, Κληίζω, celebrare: to celebrate. Alcest. 459. Trach. 661. SYN. Ἵμνέω, ευλογέω, ἐπιφημίζω, δοξάζω, ἀποφαίνω, ἑπαινέω, μέλπω.

Κλείω, Κληίζω, Κληῖω, claudo: to shut. Bacch. 642. ω. 165. Herc. F. 992. SYN. Ἀποκκλείω.

Κλείω, ὄδς, ἡ, Clio: one of the Muses. See the note on Ἐρατώ.

Κλεμά, ἄτος, τὸ, furtum: stealth, fraud. Iph. A. 1514. SYN. Φαρὰ, κλοπή.

Κλεόμβροτος, ου, ὁ, Cleombrotus. Call. Ep. 24.

Κλεῖνικός, ου, ὁ, Cleonicus. Θεσσαλὶκὲ Κλεῖνικὲ τάλαν Call. Ep. 32.

Κλεῖδῖπτρα, Κλειδῖπτρα, as, ἡ, Cleopatra. Καλῇ Κλεῖδῖπτῳ I. 552. Apoll. 2. 239. Ερ. Φίλοστεφάνος. ΡΗΗ. Κούρη Μαρτίσεως καλλισφύρου Ευφυνῆς.

Κλεῖδς, poët. Κλεῖδς, ἔς, τὸ, gloria, fama: glory, report, celebrated action. Helen. 844. Hesiod. δ. 100. SYN. Δόξα, εὐκλεία, κῦδος, ευδοξία, φήμη, εὐχός. Ερ. Κἄλῶν, μακάρῶν, εσθλῶν, ἀειμνηστῶν, αἰσχροῦν, μέγα, ἀφθιτῶν, αθανάτων, αἰψῶ, ευρῶ, βαθῶ, ἐπήρατων, πόθεινῶν, ουρανῶν, ἐκείων, ἐπὶ τῶν. See Ευδοξία.

Κλεῖπτης, ου, ὁ, subst., et (2) adj. superl. Κλεπτιστάτος, ου, (1) fur: a thief: (2) furacissimus: most thieving. Iph. T. 1027. Plut. 27. SYN. Κλώψ, κλοπεύς, κλοπὸς, φῶρ, βάλαν-τήγητος, φιλήτης, τοιχαρῶχος. ΡΗΗ. see Choëph. 988.

Κλεῖπτος, ἡ, ὄν, furtivus: clandestine, thievish. Vesp. 933. SYN. Κλωπικός, κλωπήτης, λάθραῖος, πάνουργος, κῆκουργος.

Κλεπτοσύνη, ης, ἡ, furtum: stealing, theft. Κλεπτοσύνη δ' ὕρκω τέ τ. 396.

Κλεῖπτω, furor, oculo, gratiam concilio, clam facio: to steal, filch, win upon, do clandestinely. Iph. T. 1360. SYN. Ἵπποκλέπτω, ἀπόσυνδῶ, ὑφαιρέω, τοιχαρῶχεω, νοσφίζομαι, ἀπάτῶ, παρὰ-λογίζομαι.

Κλεψίφρων, ὄνός, ὁ, qui mentem decipit: a deceiver. Βουλῆσιν κλεψίφρονός H. Merc. 413.

Κλεψύδρα, as, ἡ, clepsydra, instrumentum horologicum; fons: a water-clock; the name of a fountain at Athens. Acharn. 693. See ὕδρα.

Κλεῖδ, ὄδς, ἡ, Clio, one of the Muses. Pind. Nem. 3. 145.

Κλεῶν, ὄνός, ὁ, Cleon: a demagogue at Athens, who lived in the time of the Peloponnesian war. Ran. 577.

Κλεῶναι, ὄν, αἰ, Cleonæ: a town between Argos and Corinth. B. 570.

Κλεῶννός, ου, ὁ, et (2) Κλεῶννυμ, ης, ἡ, (1) Cleonymus: Cleonymus; (2) Cleonyma: Cleonyma. Εσθίει Κλεῶννός Eq. 1293. Nub. 680.

Κληῖδην, nominatim: by name. I. 11. Ὀνόμαστί, ἐξ ὀνόματι κληῖδην.

Κληδουχέω, claves habeo; sacerdos sum: to carry the keys of the temple; to be a priest or priestess. Iph. T. 1464. SYN. Νεωκίρεω, ἱερεῖω.

Κληδοῦχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sed frequentius fem., claviger, aedituus: having the keys of a temple or of a city, as its chief magistrate; a chamberlain,

a priest or priestess. *Æsch. Sup. 290. SYN. Ἱέρεις, ἱερεῖα, ἱερία.*

Κληδών. See *Κληδών.*

Κληῖζω, Κληίζω. See *Κλείω.*

Κληιδών. See *Κληιδών.*

Κλήθρα, as, ἡ, alnus: the alder-tree. Κλήθηρ τ' αἰγιόφορ τ' ε. 239.

Κληῖθρον, Κληῖθρον, Κλειθρον, et Dor. Κλάϊστρον, ου, τὸ, claustrum: a shutter, bar, lock. Lysist. 264. Hom. Merc. 146. Phoen. 62. Pyth. 1. 16. SYN. Βαλῆϊς, ὄχευς, ἐμῶδον.

Κληίζω, Κληίω, et Κληίζω. See *Κλείω.*

Κληῖθρον. See *Κληῖθρον.*

Κληῖς, Ion. pro Κλεῖς, q. v.

Κληῖστος, Ion. pro Κλειστος, q. v.

Κληῖα, ἄτος, τό; Κληῖαῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, palmes, virga vitea: a vine-branch, vine-twigg. Anacr. 173. 5. Ἰωμέν ἐπὶ τὰς κληῖαῖτιδᾶς ὦ Μανία. Thesm. 746. SYN. Οὐαῖρις, πτόρθος, κλών. Ερ. Αμπελινόν, βότρυον, καρπόφορον, καλλιπέτηλον.

Κληῖρος, ὅν, qui sorte dividit: who allots anything. Æsch. Sup. 365. See Stanley's note, or rather his quotation from Valens Guelius.

Κληροῦπάλης, ἔος, ἡ, qui sorte distribuitur: distributed by lot. Κληροῦπάλης τέλειον δὲ H. Merc. 18.

Κληῖρος, ου, ὁ, sors: appointment by lot, inheritance, power. Troad. 1262. SYN. Κληῖρωσις, κτήμα, βασίλεια. Ερ. Βάθους, πατρώϊος.

Κληροῦχικός, ἡ, ὅν, ad κληροῦχους pertinens: belonging to the allottees of land. Πότερὰ τὴν κληροῦχὴν Nub. 203.

Κληροῦχος ου, ὁ, ἡ, sorte obtinens, particeps: possessing by lot, partaking. Aj. 508. SYN. Μετῶχος, κέκληρωμένος.

Κληῖρος, sorte lego, constituo, obtineo: to choose, appoint by lot, obtain by lot. Hec. 99. SYN. Μοιράομαι.

Κληῖρωσις, ἔως, ἡ, sortitio, electio: allotment, choice. Androm. 384.

Κληρωτήριον, ου τὸ, locus ubi magistratus sorte creantur; locus ubi κληρωτοὶ in theatro sedebant: a place for taking lots; a place in the theatre where the κληρωτοὶ sat. Eccl.

Κληῖσις, ἔως, ἡ, vocatio apud Dion. Hal.; classis: a summons; a class. Ἡ κληῖσιν ἡ χαυνώσιν Nub. 875.

Κλητεύω, testimonium denunciare: to give witness before a magistrate. Nub. 1218. SYN. Εγκάλεω, κάλεω, δικάζομαι, πρόμαρτύρομαι.

Κλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, apparitor qui in jus vocat; clitellarius: a summoner; a beast of burden. Æsch. Sup. 630. SYN. Ἱππηρέτης, μάρτυρ.

Κλητός, ἡ, ὅν, vocatus: called, appointed, summoned. I. 165. SYN. Ἀποκλητός, κληθεῖς.

Κλιμακίων. See below.

Κλιμακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ; Κλιμακίων, τό; Κλίμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, scala, gradus, climax: a ladder, stair, climax. Πλησασά κλιμακτῆρᾶς Helen. 1569. Ἐπειτὰ λεπτὰ κλιμακία ποιούμενος Pax 63. Av. 841. SYN. Ἀνάσθρον, βάθρον.

Κλίμαξ. See above.

Κλινῆς, ἡς, ἡ; Κλινίδιον, ου, τό; Κλινῖς, ἰδος, ἡ; Κλιντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, lectus: a couch, bed. Ὅσοις δὲ κλινὴ μή ᾽στι Eccles. 418. Φέρει νῦν ἐνέγκω κλινίδιον νῶν μηδῶμας Lysistr. 915. Thesm. 268. Theoc. 2. 86. SYN. Κλισμός, λέκτρον, κοίτη. Ερ. Παρθενίς, γαμήλιος.

Κλιντήρ. See above.

Κλινώ, ἰνῶ, reclino; pello: to bend, lean upon; to repulse. Δεινὸς πάλαιστος ἦν ἐκλινέ γὰρ κέρας Eur. Sup. 714. SYN. Εγκλινώ, ἀνάκλινω, τρέπω.

Κλίσια, as, ἡ; Κλίσιον, ου, τὸ, sedile, tentorium, ovile: a seat, tent, sheepfold. Τῇ παρὰ κλίσῳ τ. 55. o. 207. SYN. Σκήνη, κάλυθη, κλίνη. Ερ. Δόλια, εὔπηκτος, εὐτυκτός, ὑψηλή.

Κλισμός, ου, ὁ, torus disceubitorius: a seat to recline on. I. 200. SYN. Ἐδρα, λῆχος, κλίνη. Ερ. Ποικίλος, πολυδαίδαλός, χρυσεός, αργυρεός, παμφάνων.

Κλιτός, ἔος, τό; Κλιτῶς, ὅς, ἡ, devexitas, clivus, declivitas: a slope, valley, declivity. Κλιτέα Παλλήναϊα Apoll. 1. 599. Παῖδες μὲν οὖν μοι κλιτῶν ἐν εσχάτοις Bacch. 27. The last syllable of κλιτός is short in the tragic writers, but long in Homer. See Monk, Hipp. 227. SYN. Τὸ πρανές, τὸ κατάντες.

Κλοιός, Κλωός, ου, ὁ, vinculum quod collo circumdatur, torques, furca: a necklace, collar. Cycl. 184. Vesp. 892. SYN. Ὀρμός.

Κλινέω, agito: to chase, throw into disorder. A. 496. SYN. Ἀνάσειω, τάρασσω, συντάρασσω, ὀρίνω.

Κλώνος, ου, ὁ, tumultus, strepitus: an uproar, crowd, din. Ion 204. SYN. Θορύβος, ἄλλα, κἀνάχη, πᾶσιγος, μάχη. Ερ. Κάκος, αἰνός, ἀτάσθαλός, ἱππὶοχάρμης, στῶνδεις.

Κλοπαῖος, Κλοπίος, Κλωπήιος, Κλωπικός, ἡ, ὅν, furto partus; active, subdolos: obtained by theft, stolen; over-reaching. P. V. 110. v. 295. Apoll. 3. 1196. Rhes. 512. SYN. Κλέπτως, ἐπικλοπῶς, λῃσῶν.

Κλοπῆος, ἔως, Κλοπῶς, ου, Κλωψ, ὦπος, ὁ, fur, deceptor: a thief, deceiver. Nub. 591. H. Merc. 276. Helen. 552. SYN. see Κλέπτως.

Κλοπή, ἡς, ἡ, furtum, seductio: a theft, over-reaching, seduction. Agam. 393. SYN. Κλέμμα, κλεπτοσύνη, ἀπάτη.

Κλοπίως. See *Κλοπαῖος.*

Κλοπῶς. See *Κλοπέως.*

Κλοτῶπευω, magnifice loquor, vel potius, quæsisit verbis loquendo, eaque audiendo tempus tero: to waste time in talking. T. 149.

Κλῶδων, ανός, ὁ; Κλῶδωνίον, ου, τό; fluctus, unda, æstus: a wave, tide. Πολλῆς ἐρίδος ξυνέπειαι κλῶδων Hec. 115. Helen. 1208. SYN. Ζάλη, σάκος, ὀιδμα, κύμα, τάραχη. Ερ. Δεινός, ὕγρος, πελάγιος, θάλασσιος, ἀπὸρος, λᾶ-βρός, πάλιρρος, δύστηνος, πολέμιος.

Κλύω, et Ion. Κλυέσσω, alluo, abluo, purgo: to wash, wash away, cleanse. Ὀδασσά κλύει πάντα Iph. T. 1194. Ψ. 61. SYN. Ἀπολούω, ἐκνίπτω.

Κλυμένη, ἡς, ἡ, Clymene. Μαῖραν τε Κλυμένην τε A. 325.

Κλυμένος, ου, ὁ, (1) Clymenus: Clymenus; (2) adj. celebratus: celebrated. Olymp. 4. 31. See above. SYN. (2) Κλυτός, περίκλυτος, ἀγακλυτός, ἐρικύδης, ἀρίπρηπης.

Κλυμί, Κλύω, audio, cluéo: to hear, obey; to be spoken of. Κλυθὶ μεύ Αργυρότοξ' A. 37. Πάντα καρδία κλύειν Hipp. 916. SYN. Ἀκούω, ὑπάκουω, ἀκροάομαι, πείθομαι.

Κλυταιμνήστρα, as, ἡ, Clytemnestra: the wife of Agamemnon. Μενελάος Ἑλένην ὁ δὲ Κλυταιμνήστρα λῆχος Orest. 20. Ερ. Δῖα, δολι-μητῖς, κελαινόφρων, δολιφῶν, Τυνδαρίς, πάν-ωλης, Τυνδαρέη κόρη.

Κλυτίδης, patronym. a (2) Κλυτίος, ου, ὁ,

(1) Clytio satus : Piræus, the son of Clytius, a noble Ithacan ; (2) Clytius : a noble Trojan, the brother of Priam. Πείραιε Κλυτίδῃ ο. 539. Δάμπον τε Κλυτίον δ' Γ. 147.

Κλυτόκαρπος, ου, δ, ἡ, præclaris fructibus ce-leber, inclytus : having beautiful fruit. Nem. 4. 124. See below.

Κλυτόμηδης, ἔδς, δ, Clytomedes. Κλυτόμηδεῶ 'Ηνῶπὸς νιόν Ψ. 634.

Κλυτόμητις, ἴδς, δ, ἡ, inclytus prudentia : fa-mous in contrivance. "Ηφαιστον κλυτόμητιν αἰεῖδῃ Hom. 19. 1.

Κλυτόνηδς, ου, δ, Clytonēus. Σ. 119. See above.

Κλυτόπωλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, celeber equis : having excellent or beautiful horses. E. 654. See below.

Κλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, vel οὐ, δ, ἡ, inclytus : cele-brated, known. Τέκετο κλυτός 'Ιπποδάμεια B. 742. SYN. see in Κλεινός.

Κλυτότέχνης, ου, δ, celeber artifex : an ex-cellent artificer. "Ηρακτος κλυτότέχνης A. 571. SYN. Κλυτοεργός, κλυτόμητις.

Κλυτότοξος, ου, δ, ἡ, arcu et jaculis inclytus : renowned for the bow. O. 55. See above.

Κλῶ. See Κλῶμι.

Κλωθῶ, ὄδς, ἡ, Clotho : one of the Fates. Isthm. 6. 24. SYN. see Κήρ.

Κλωμάκεις, εσσά, ἔν, asper, salebrosus : abounding with rugged hills, craggy. Ἰθώμην κλωμάκειςσαν B. 729. SYN. Δύσβάτος, τραχύς, δρεινῇ.

Κλῶν, ὠνός, δ, ramus, surculus : a branch, shoot, sucker. Δένδρων ὑπέκει κλῶνάς ὡς εκ-σώζεται Antig. 713. SYN. Βλαστός, κλάδος, δάλλος, ἑρπύς, βλάστημά, φύτον. PHR. Ὀρειδόν, δάφνηφόρος, μέλαμπέταλός.

Κλωός. See Κλοιός.

Κλωπικός, Κλωπήϊδς. See Κλοπαῖδς.

Κλωστήρ, ἥρδς, Κλωστής, οὐ, δ, filum nendo deductum ; fusus ; qui net : spun thread ; a spindle ; a spinner. Lysist. 567.

Κλωστός, ἡ, ὄν, contorsus inter nendum : twisted, spun. Troad. 540.

Κλώψ. See Κλοπέυς.

Κρακός, ὄν, Κράκων, ὠνός, Dor. pro Κρηκός et Κρήκων, flavus : yellow, tawny. Κρακὸν δέρμ' ὠμοισί Theoc. 7. 16 : 3. 5. SYN. Ξανθός, λευκός, πυρρός.

Κράφεις, Attice γνάφεις, q. v.

Κράφεύ, Attice γνάφεύ, q. v.

Κράω, et Κρήμι, rado, sculpo, scindo : to scrape, scratch, tear. Δακνόμενος κλάσαιδ Theoc. 7. 106. A. 638. SYN. Αὐπῶ, κρίζω, ξύω.

Κνέφάζω, obseuro, tenebras obduco : to spread a gloom over. Agam. 129. SYN. Σκοτίζω, νέφω, ἐπινέφω.

Κνέφαῖδς, ὄν, caliginosus : darksome. P. V. 1065.

Κνέφας, ἄτδς, τδ, tenebræ, diluculum : gloom, twilight. Καὶ ἐπὶ κνέφας ἦλθε A. 475. SYN. Δεῖλη, νύξ, σκοτός.

Κνήμαργός, ου, δ, ἡ, eruribus albis præditus : white-legged. Theoc. 25. 127.

Κνήμη, ης, ἡ, tibia ; radius : the leg ; the spoke of a wheel. Phœn. 1409. SYN. Σκέλες, κώληψ.

Κνημῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, ocrea : a boot, a greave. Κνημῖδας ἐπισφύριος ἀράριος Σ. 459. SYN. Ἵπδδῆμα.

Κνημός, οὐ, δ, saltus ; pars montis, quæ quasi sura ipsius a pede ascendit : the woody part of a hill ; the part of a hill above the foot. Φ. 449.

Κνησιῶ, et Κνησιῶ, prurio : to feel an itch-ing. Τρόπον τάλανᾶ κνησιῶς Eccles. 915.

Κνήστις, ἴδς, ἡ, culter ; pruritus : a scraper, knife ; an itching. Κνήστι χαλκείῃ A. 639. SYN. Μάχαιρά.

Κνῖδη, ης, ἡ, urtica : a nettle. Καὶ ἐν κνίδαισί καθεύδεις Theoc. 7. 106. SYN. Ἀκάληφη.

Κνίδος, α, ὄν, Cnidus : of Cnidus. Οὐπω τὰν Κνίδιαν Call. 6. 25.

Κνίδος, ον, ἡ, Cnidus : a city and promontory in Caria. Καὶ Κνίδος αἰπεινῇ Hom. Apoll. 43.

Κνίζω, pungo, vellico, rado, animus mordeo : to prick, pick, nettle, irritate, sting. Med. 599. Οὐχ ἢ σὺ κνίσεις σὸν μὲν Med. 555. SYN. Κνάω, ξέω, δάκνω, κινέω, καθάπτω, λυτέω.

Κνίσά, ας, ἡ, nidor pinguedinis incensæ ; pin-guedo : a strong scent, savour ; fat. Οὐκ ἀλλὰ κἀτὰ τὴν κνίσαν εἰσέλῃθε Pat. 1050. SYN. Θυμιάμα, ἄτμδς, λίπδς, δημδς, στῆαρ.

Κνισᾶω, nidore impleo : to fill with scent, fumigate. Βωμοὺς δὲ κνισᾶν βουθῦτοισί προσ-τροπῆας Alcest. 1175. See Blomfield's Gloss. Choëph. 478. SYN. Θυμιάω, δειδω, καθάγιζω, ἐπικάω.

Κνισῆεις, εσσά, ἔν, nidore plenus : strong-scented. Isth. 4. 112. See above.

Κνισμός, οὐ, δ, pruritus, prurigo : pruriency, titillation. Plut. 974. SYN. Κνύμα.

Κνισοδιώκτης, ου, δ, qui nidorem persequitur : the name of a mouse. Εἴλκυσε Κνισοδιώκτην Batrach. 229.

Κνισωτός, ἡ, ὄν, nidore suffitus : smoking with fat. Choëph. 478. See Κνίσά.

Κνῖψ, κνίπδς, δ, vermiculus : a gnat, worm. Οἱ κνίπες καὶ ψῆνές αἰέ Av. 590. SYN. Κώνωψ. Κνύζα, ης, ἡ, scabies, prurigo ; genus plantæ : a scratch, itching ; a plant. Κνύζα καὶ εὐώδης μελίτεια Theoc. 4. 25.

Κνυζᾶω, et Κνυζέω, queribundum ululatum edo, gannio, vagio : to whine like a dog, yelp. E. C. 1571. Vesp. 971. See below. SYN. Ἵλακτεῖω, αρωῖμαι.

Κνυζημῖδς, οὐ, δ, gannitus canis queribundus : the whining of a dog. Κνυζημῶ δ' ἐτέρωσέ π. 163.

Κνυζῶ, scabie infesto : to hurt by scratching, inflame. Κνύζωσεν δὲ οἱ ὅσσε ν. 433. SYN. Κάκω, λυτέω.

Κνύμα, ἄτδς, τδ, vellicatio, pruritus : a scratch-ing, itching. Τὸ κνύμα σου τῶν δακτύλων Eccles. 36.

Κνύω, rado, scalpo : to scrape, scratch. Οἶτος πῶφ μου κνύνει ἐλθὼν τὴν δῦραν Thesm. 481. SYN. Ξύω, κνίζω.

Κνώδαλον, ου, τδ, bestia : a beast, ox, cattle. Εν ζυγοῖσί κνώδαλα P. V. 471. SYN. Ζῶν, θῆρ, θῆριον. Eρ. Ἀνυσίον, μάταιον, βροτόφθο-ρόν.

Κνώδων, οντός, δ, mucro gladii : the point of a sword. Antig. 1233. Eρ. Πίκρος, αἰδός.

Κνώσσιδς, α, ὄν, Gnossius : of Gnossus, a city in Crete. Κνώσσιον κατακτάνων Herc. F. 1318. Κνώσσδς, οὐ, ἡ, Gnossus. B. 646. Eρ. Μεγάλη, ευρεῖα, πόλιδένδρεδς, Μινώϊδς.

Κνώσσω, profunde vel dulce dormio, sterto : to sleep soundly, snore. δ. 809. SYN. Ἵπ-νώσσω, εὖδω, κοιμάμαι.

Κόαλέμδς, ου, δ, stolidus, amens : stupid.

Σπένδῃ τῷ Κόαλέμω Eq. 221. SYN. Ἀνδρῆς, μαρὸς, μάταιος.

Κόαξ, the noise made by frogs. Ranæ 210. Κόβαλικεμᾶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, adulation, scurrilities, versutia: flattery, buffoonery, craft. Καὶ κόβαλικεμᾶσιν Eq. 332. SYN. Πάνουργία, κόβαλεια.

Κόσαλὸς, ὄν, vafer; maledicus; loquax: rascally; abusive; talkative. Βέρεσχεθοὶ τῇ καὶ κόσαλοι καὶ μῶθων Eq. 635. SYN. Κἀκότεχ-νὸς, κἀκόθουλὸς, πάνουργος, εἰρων, σκάπτῃς.

Κόγχη, ἡς; Κόγχος, οὐ, ὁ, concha: a shell. Καὶ τῇ κόγχη τῇ πᾶν σερμῶς Vesp. 583. Call. Ep. 5. SYN. Κόχλιās, κόχλως.

Κόεω, i. q. Νόεω, q. v. 'Η δ' ἐκόησε Call. fr. 53.

Κόθορνὸς, οὐ, ὁ, cothurnus; versipellis: a buskin; a turncoat. Ran. 557. SYN. Εὐβάς, ὑπόδημᾶ, ἀρβύλη.

Κόθορὸς, ὄν, iners: dronish, sluggish. Hes. Op. 303.

Κὸτ, vox grunniens porcelli: the noise made by a pig. Τρώοις ἄν ἐρεβίνθους κὸτ κὸτ κὸτ Acharn. 766.

Κὸτῶ, grunio: to grunt. Καὶ κὸτίζετε Acharn. 746. SYN. Γρύζω.

Κοῖς, ἰδὸς, Κοιγένεῖα, as, ἡ, Cœi filia: the daughter of Cœus, i. e. Latona. Εἰσδὲ οἱ Κοιγῆς ἐκεκλῆτο Call. 4. 151. Apoll. 2. 710.

Κοικύλλω, circumspecto: to look or stare about. Thesm. 852. SYN. Περὶδᾶπτο.

Κοιλᾶνω, cavo, exentero, detraho: to make hollow, disembowel, extract. Theoc. 23. 43. SYN. Βάθύνω, ἐξορύττω.

Κοιλία, as, ἡ, cavitas, alvus, venter: a hollow, the belly. Κοιλίαν καθείρπυσεν Ran. 485.

Κοιλιόπῳλης, οὐ, ὁ, qui vendit ventres et omasa: a seller of tripes or paunches. Eq. 200. See above.

Κοιλογάστωρ, ὄρως, qui cavo ventre est; famelicus: hollow-bellied, spacious; hungry. Sept. Th. 1037. SYN. Κοιλὸς.

Κοιλοπέδδὸς, ὄν, valles habens: abounding in valleys. Pyth. 5. 50.

Κοιλὸς, ἡ, ὄν, cavus, depressus; sculptus: hollow; embossed. Iph. A. 1599. SYN. Γυᾶλὸς, βάθως, γλαφύρως, γλυπτὸς.

Κοιλωπὸς, ὄν, cavus aspectu, cavatus: hollow, scooped. Iph. T. 262.

Κοιμᾶω, ἡσω, Κοιμίζω, dormire facio, lenio: to cause to sleep, mitigate. δ. 336. Hec. 472. SYN. Ἀναπαύω, ὑπνῶω, κατὰπαύω.

Κοιμημᾶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, dormitio, cohabitatio: a sleeping, cohabitation. Antig. 863. SYN. Σύνουσία.

Κοιμίζω. See Κοιμᾶω.

Κοινᾶω, ἀσω, Κοινῶω, communico; polluo, inquino: to communicate; to pollute. Νυκτὶ κοινάσαντ' ὁδὸν Pyth. 4. 204., answering to δόρα τὶς τῶν ἐν δυνάτῳ. Med. 807. SYN. Κοινωνέω, μετὰδιδωμί, μίαινω.

Κοινῶσμία, as, ἡ, commune altare: a common altar. Τῶνδ' ἐκοινῶσμίαν Æsch. Sup. 230.

Κοινῶλεχθῆς, ἔδς, Κοινῶλεκτρὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, communem lectum habens: sharing the bed. Soph. El. 97. Agam. 1416. SYN. Ὀμόκοιτὸς, ὁμόλεκτρὸς.

Κοινῶπλους, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, navigationis particeps: sailing together. Κοινῶπλουν ὁμίλιαν Aj. 881.

Κοινῶπους, πῶδός, socio pede iter faciens: going together. Soph. El. 1110.

Κοινὸς, ἡ, ὄν, communis, vilis: common, low. Ion 654. SYN. Ἐπίκοινὸς, ξυνὸς, ξυνήϊδός, ξυνήων, πάνδημος, ἐγκληρὸς.

Κοινῶτὸκὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, communi partu editus: having a common parent. Soph. El. 858.

Κοινῶφρων, ὄνός, communem cum aliquo mentem habens: entertaining the same sentiments. Ion 579.

Κοινῶω. See Κοινᾶω.

Κοινῶν, ὠνός, ὁ, particeps, socius: a partaker, companion. Pyth. 3. 50. SYN. Ἐταῖρὸς, κοινῶνός, σύγγυός, σύζυξ.

Κοινωνέω, particeps sum; communico; in eo fœdus cum: to partake of; to communicate; to make an alliance with. Eur. El. 1048. SYN. Μετέχω, μετὰδιδωμί, μετ' ἀλαγχᾶνω, συγκληρῶω, ὁμιλέω.

Κοινωνία, as, ἡ, communio; beneficentia: participation; communication, liberality. Βουκόλοις κοινωνία Iph. T. 255.

Κοινωνός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, socius, particeps: a partner, partaker. Ion 773. SYN. Κοινῶν, μετόχος.

Κοινῶς, communiter, simul: in common, together. Ion 1462.

Κοινωφέλης, ἔδς, communem afferens utilitatem reipublicæ: beneficent, patriotic. Eumen. 990. SYN. Κοινωνός, εὐχρηστὸς.

Κοιγένεῖα. See Κοιγῆς.

Κοῖος, οὐ, ὁ, Cœus: one of the Titans. Κοῖόν τε Κρείόν δ' Hes. Theog. 134.

Κοῖος, Ion. pro Ποῖος, q. v.

Κοιράνέω, impero: to command, marshal. Ὡς δ' ὄγ' ἐκοιράνέων Δ. 251. SYN. Ἀνάκοιράνέω, ἀρχω, κοσμεῶ.

Κοιράνιδης, Κοιράνός, οὐ, ὁ, princeps, dominus: a governor, prince. Δεῦσέτ' ἐθῆης οἱ κοιράνιδαι Antig. 940. Med. 871. SYN. Ἄγος, στρατηγός, ἀρχὸς, ἡγέμων, βάσιλεὺς, ἀρχων. Κοιράνιδης is also a patronym. Olymp. 13. 105., and Κοιράνός is a proper name, P. 614.

Κοισύρα, as, ἡ, Cœsura: an Eubœan female noble and wealthy. Εὐπτέρων τῶν Κοισύρας Nub. 800.

Κοιτάζω, in lecto pono, et Κοιτάζομαι, in lecto decumbo: to lay on a bed; to nestle. Olymp. 13. 107. SYN. Κατάκειμαι, κατὰκοιμάομαι.

Κοίτη, ἡς, ἡ, cubile; lectus conjugalis; concubitus: a bed; a marriage-bed; concubinage. Hipp. 153. SYN. Θάλαμος, ἐνὴ, κοιτὸς.

Κοῖτος, οὐ, ὁ, cubiculum; cubile; recubitus; somnus: a bed-room; bed; a lying down; sleep. γ. 334. SYN. Κοίτη, κοιμημᾶ, ὑπνός. Ep. Ἡδὺς, στύγερὸς.

Κόκκός, οὐ, ὁ, coccus, granum, bacca: a grain, berry. Call. 5. 27.

Κοκκύζω, canto ut cuculus, cuculo: to cry cuckoo. Κόκκωζ κοκκύζει Hes. Op. 484.

Κόκκυξ, υγός, ὁ, cuculus: a cuckoo. See above.

Κόλαζω, mutilo, punio, castigo: to mutilate, punish. Helen. 1171. SYN. Ἀπτόνινυμι, τιμωρέω, μαστιγῶω, αἰκίζω, ἐπιπλήσσω, νοθεύεω, δειυνύναω. PHR. see Orest. 1562.

Κόλαινις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Colænis: a name of Diana. Av. 873.

Κόλαξ, ἄκδς, ὁ, adulator, parasita: a flatterer, parasite. Ὀλᾶς Θέωλος τὴν κέφαλὴν κολᾶκὸς ἔχει Vesp. 45. SYN. Θωψ, θωπεύων. Ep.

Στωμῶλός, βομῶλός. PHR. sec Agam. vv. 763—771.

Κόλαπτω, tundo, tundendo excavo : to bruise, pound, excavate. Call. fr. 101. SYN. Κόλπω, κοιλῶ, κνίω, γλάφω.

Κόλασις. See below.

Κόλασμά, ἄτος, τό; Κόλασμός, ὁ; Κόλασις, ἡ, poena : punishment. Οὐτ' αὖ κόλασμά τοῖς κακοῖς Eur. fr. Sisyph. l. 4. Schæfer in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat Jacobs. Anth. 10. 78 : 12. 139. SYN. see Ποινή.

Κόλαστος, ου, ὁ, castigator : a punisher. Eur. Sup. 266. SYN. Ἐπιτιμητῆρ, ἀμύντωρ, ὑπηρέτης.

Κόλῶ, i. q. Κόλάω. Vesp. 244.

Κόλῆς, Ion. Κουλέος, οὐ, ὁ, vagina, culeus : a sheath, case, bag. Hec. 542. Γ. 272. SYN. Θήκη.

Κόλῆτρώω, proculeo : to trample on. Τοῦτον δέλιαιον κολῆτρώσ' Nub. 552. SYN. Κάτ᾽-πάτῳ.

Κόλιξ, ἱκός, ὁ, panis rotundus : a round cake or roll, tripe. Δρέπανον λαβοῦσ' ᾧ τοὺς κολίκας κατέσπᾶσας Ran. 576.

Κόλλᾶξός, ου, ὁ, panis genus : a sort of cake baked under the ashes. Πολλὰ καὶ τοὺς κολλᾶ-βους Pax 1196.

Κολλᾶω, glutino : to glue, join. Agam. 1543. SYN. Πρόσαρμόζω, πρόσάπτω, πήγνυμι, πᾶχνῶ.

Κολλητὸς, ἡ, ὄν, glutinatus : glued. Hipp. 1220. SYN. Κεκολλημένος, σύνθετός, εὐπηγετός.

Κολλικῶφάγος, ου, ὁ, qui κόλλικας, s. κολίκας, vorat : an eater of small loaves, a nickname of the Boeotians. Ὡ χαῖρε κολλικῶφάγε βοιωτῖδιν Acharn. 837. See Κόλιξ, ἱκός.

Κολλόμενῶ, versus concinne connecto : to glue or adapt songs together. Thesm. 54.

Κόλλωψ, ὄπτος, ὁ, callosus corium durius in cervicibus et dorsis boum aut etiam ovium ; verticillus citharæ quo chordæ intenduntur ; cinædus. Vid. Damm. in v. : the hard skin about the neck of an ox ; a screw or key by which the strings of the lyre were tightened ; a pathic. Vesp. 574.

Κόλλῦσος, ου, ὁ, species numismatis ; bos in numismate sculptus ; collybus : a small piece of money stamped with the figure of an ox ; the figure of the ox ; agio, in money changes. Δρέπανον οὐδὲ κολλῦσον Pax 1200.

Κολλύρα, ας, ἡ, panis qui pueris dabatur : a cake, bun. Κολλύραν μέγαν Pax 122.

Κόλοιάρχης, ου, ὁ, graculorum dux : a leader of jackdaws. Πρὸς τοὺς κολοιάρχας πρόσῃλθες ου λέγει Av. 1212.

Κόλοιος, οὐ, ὁ, graculus, monedula : a jay, jackdaw. Τί γάρ εστ' ἔρχεθαι καὶ κολοίοις καὶ κύνι Eq. 1022. Ep. Hχ'είς, εὐπτέρους.

Κόλδκνῶ, ἄτος, τὸ, surdus fluctus : a silent wave. Ὡθῶν κόλδκνῶ καὶ τάρᾶττων καὶ κῶκῶν Eq. 689. See Κῶμᾶ.

Κόλδκνῆτης, ης, ἡ, cucurbita : a gourd. Nub. 326.

Κόλδν, ου, τὸ, intestinum : a crust ; pl. the intestines. Εντέροις καὶ τοῖς κόλοις Eq. 454.

Κόλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mutilus, obtusus : maimed, blunted. Theoc. 8. 51. SYN. Ἐλλειπής, ἐλλιπής, πρὸς, κυρτός, κυλλός, ἀτέλής.

Κόλλοςος, οὐ, ὁ, colossus, statua ingens : a colossal or large statue. Theoc. 22. 44.

Κόλδσυρτός, ου, ὁ, strepitus promiseua multi-

tudo : a noise, tumultuous concourse. Plut. 536. SYN. Θορύβος, πλήθος. Ep. Αργᾶλῆς, ἀνδροφόνος, πόλῶς.

Κόλουραίός, ας, ὄν, præceps : steep. Call. fr. 66. SYN. Ἀπὸτμός.

Κόλουα, decurto, amputo, præcido : to cut short, maim, cut to pieces. Γ. 370. SYN. Ἀπόκόπτω, κατὰκόπτω, πηρῶω, μειῶω, λωθᾶω.

Κόλπις, ὄν, sinum tegens : covering the bosom. Πέπλον δ' ἔρεκε κόλπιον χερῶν ἄκμη Pers. 1061. See Blomf. Gloss., whose emendation is here adopted. SYN. Πόλυπτόχος, καταπτόχης.

Κόλπος, ου, ὁ, gremium ; sinus : a bosom, breast ; a creek, gulf. Dan. 34. SYN. Πτόξ, πτόχη, ἀγκών. Ep. Αργῆαλός, ἐνάλιος, βάθιος, βάθουδινος, ευρύς, ευώδης, βρύδεις, δεινός, ἱμέρδεις, κηῶδης, οὐκέρμων, ἀπείρων.

Κολπῶω, sinuo, in sinus contraho : to swell, form into a bay or sinuous curves. Mosch. 2. 125. SYN. Πτύσσω.

Κολπῶδης, ἔος, sinuosus : winding. Iph. A. 120. SYN. Κόλπιος.

Κόλυμῶω, aquas subeo : to dive. Anacr. 37. 5. SYN. Δύπτω.

Κόλυμητῆρ, ἦρὸς, Κόλυμητης, οὐ, ὁ, urinator, natator : a diver, swimmer. Δίκην κόλυμητῆρος Æsch. Sup. 413. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anth. 11. 252.

Κόλυμις, ἰδός, ἡ, urinatrix ; avis quædam : a diver ; some bird, as the dab-chick. Av. 305.

Κόλυμβός, ου, i. q. Κόλυμητης. Item, avis quædam : a didapper. Acharn. 841.

Κόλχος, ου, ὁ ; Κολχίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Colchus : a native of Colchi. Med. 2. 132. Ep. Ἀρηφάτος, κελαινώψ, ἄρηϊός, ἄμαμάκετός, ἀζένος.

Κόλφῶω, tumultuor, effutio : to raise a disturbance, gabble. B. 212. SYN. Θορύβῶω, κελᾶδῶω, κραυγᾶω.

Κόλῶνη, ης, ἡ ; Κόλωνός, οὐ, ὁ, tumulus, collis : a mound, a hill. Κόλῶνη is also the name of a city. A. 756. Κόλωνος, pagus Atticensis : a pagus in Attica on a hill near Athens. B. 811. Apoll. l. 1120. SYN. Γεωλόφον, πρῶν, κνημὸς, ὀχθὸς, ὀφρύς, δειράς. Ep. Βάθκρημνός, δρῶσέρους, ηνέμειος, πρόσθης, λασιός, παιπᾶλδεις, εὐνδρός, κρᾶνῶς, δῖλδφός.

Κόλφος, οὐ, ὁ, perturbatio : a disturbance. A. 575. SYN. Θορύβος, τάρᾶχη.

Κόμᾶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, arbutus : the strawberry tree, arbutus. Ταῖσιν κόμᾶροις καὶ τοῖς κῶτινις Av. 620.

Κόμᾶρῶφάγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui arbuteis fructibus vescitur : one who feeds on strawberry-trees. Av. 240. See above and Φάγω.

Κόμᾶω, (1) como, comam alo, comatus sum : to cherish the hair, let it grow ; (2) superbio : to be proud, exult. Eq. 580. SYN. (1) Ἐθειράζω, (2) πουντῶω, τρυφᾶω, χλδῆφῶω, γανρίδιω.

Κόμῶω, Κόμῆσσω, curam gero ; nutrio : to take care ; to maintain. Θ. 113. ω. 212. SYN. Ἀντάλλω, διέπω, ἐπιμέλῃμαι, κήδῶμαι, τρέφαω.

Κόμη, ης, ἡ, coma : hair ; foliage. Herc. F. 561. SYN. Βόστρυχος, ἑθειρά, ἑρίξ, χαίτη, φῶξη. Ep. Ξανθῇ, ἄερα, εὐπλοκάμους, ευώδης, αυχμῶδης, χρυσῆα, τᾶνῶς, λευκῶχρος, πινᾶρά, ωμή, λιπᾶρά, ἰείδης, ἱμερτῇ, μέλαινα, λευκή, πόλια, χλδῶσα.

Κόμήτης, ου, ὁ, crinitus ; subst. cometa : hairy, feathery ; a comet. Nub. 348. SYN. Κάτ᾽-βόστρυχος, εὐπλοκάμους, χαίτηεις.

Κομῖδῃ, ἥς, ἡ, (1) vectura : conveyance ; (2) cura : care, maintenance, provision ; (3) *dativ.* Κομῖδῃ vel Κομῖδῃ pro adverbio usurpatur, valde, magnopere, diligenter : diligently, altogether, wholly. Κομῖδῃ ἐτίθεντο νόμῃς Theoc. 25. 109. Plut. 833. SYN. (2) Ἐπιμέλειά, θέραια, κηδὺς.

Κομῖω, curo, fero, refero, accipio, celebroy to take care of, bear, convey back, receive, celebrate. Bacch. 949. SYN. Ἀνάκομίζω, κηδεω, κομῖω, ἐμπαζομαι, τημελεω, ἀμφέπω, βαστάζω, ἀπάγω.

Κομιστὲς, ὄν, ferendus, deducendus : to be born, conveyed or derived from. Sept. Th. 597.

Κομιστήρ, ἥρως ; Κομιστής, οὗ, ὁ, portator, deductor : a carrier, bearer, conductor. Hec. 222. Androm. 1257. SYN. Ἀγωγός.

Κομιστρὸν, οὐ, τὸ, munus ob reditum datum ; vectura, deductio : money paid for a safe return ; a conveying. Herc. F. 1379. SYN. Σωστρὸν.

Κομμά, ἄτὸς, τὸ, segmentum ; nota, vel signum nummo impressum : a segment, a mark, stamp. Τῷ κακίστῳ κομμάτι Ran. 726. Er. Κάκον, πῶνρὸν, κανὼν.

Κομῶς, οὗ, ὁ, planctus, plangor : wailing. Choëph. 417.

Κομωτήριά, as, ἡ, ornatrix : a female adorer. Eccles. 373.

Κομπάζω, et Κομπῶ, strepitum edo, crepo, jacto : to make a noise, resound, boast. Alcest. 334. Eur. El. 815. SYN. Γαυριῶω, ἀλαζνεύομαι, ψόφω, δουπέω, κινάβω, πᾶτᾶγέω, ἀνχέω.

Κομπασμᾶ, ἄτὸς, τὸ, jactatio : an object of boasting. P. V. 369. SYN. Ἀλαζνευμᾶ, καύχημᾶ.

Κομπῶ. See Κομπάζω.

Κομπόλακew, inanes ampullas projicio : to make a high-sounding boast. Ran. 961. A longa, ut in sequenti.

Κομπόλακῦθς, οὐ, ὁ, qui est tumidus et sui jactans : an empty boaster. Ὅρνιθός ἐστίν ἀρὰ κομπόλακῦθου Acharn. 589.

Κόμπος, οὐ, ὁ, (1) crepitus apri acuentis dentes : a noise made by a boar whetting his tusks ; (2) strepitus : any noise made by striking or beating ; (3) jactatio, plausus : boasting, applause. Isthm. 5. 30. SYN. (2) Ψόφος, δοῦπός, ἀραγμός, (3) κόμπασμᾶ, ἀλαζνευμᾶ, ἐπαρκέσις. Er. Ἀγῆνωρ, ὑπέρηνωρ, βάρδουπός, βάρυμηνίς.

Κομπός, οὐ, vel Κομπαστής, οὗ, ὁ, jactator : a boaster. Phoen. 609.

Κομπόφακέλορρήμων, ὄντος, ὁ, gravi verborum compositione utens : using bombastic words. Ἀπερίλαλτον κομπόφακέλορρήμωνα Ran. 839. SYN. Ἀλάζων.

Κομψευριτικῶς, scite et Euripideo more : in the elegant manner of Euripides. Εἰπομὶ ἄν αὐτὸ δῆτ' ἀ κομψευριτικῶς Eq. 18.

Κομψεύω, scite dico et facio : to speak knowingly, display ostentatiously. Antig. 330. SYN. Ξεμολόγέω, αἰκάλλω, ἀλαζνεύομαι.

Κομψόπρεπής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, festivus, lepidus, elegans : witty, elegant. Nub. 1030. O communis ut in μεγάλοπρεπής.

Κομψός, ἡ, ὄν, festivus, elegans, comptus : elegant, pompous. Troad. 853. SYN. Αστέις, ευφύς, ἐπιχάρης, αἰμυλῖος, ἄερός, πάνουργός, πιθάνος, γλαφύρος.

Κομψός, scite, festive : elegantly, pompously. Acharn. 1016. SYN. Αστέις, γλαφύρως, χείρυντας.

Κονάβω, et Κονάβίζω, resono, strepo : to ring, utter a hollow confused noise. Σμερδάλων κονάβησαν B. 334. Φ. 255. SYN. Ηχέω, ἀνᾶχω, κομπέω.

Κονάβος, οὐ, ὁ, sonitus, strepitus : a sound, clash. Sept. Th. 148. See above. SYN. Ψόφος, δοῦπός, κτύπος, ἡχός.

Κόνδυλος, οὐ, ὁ, articulus quo digitus flectitur ; alapa ; tuber : a knuckle ; a slap ; a tubercle. Μῶν τῶν σκυρῶδων ἐνέεσάλες εἰς τὸν κόνδυλον Pax 258. SYN. Κόλαφος.

Κόνια, as ; Κόνις, ἰδός, ἡ, pulvis, calx, lixivium : dust, chalk, ley to wash with. Καὶ πῶσιν ἐν κόνιας Androm. 112. Hec. 325. The penult. of Κόνια, in Homer, is long in the singular, when it ends the hexameter, but *always* short in the plural. Euripides makes the penult. short in the passage quoted, and in Suppl. 831. Aristophanes "in lyricis media brevi adhibet, in diverbiis autem longa." Herman. De Met. p. 153. It is long sometimes in the arsis. Blomfield has proved that the last syllable of κόνις and κώνιν is long, though probably on account of the metrical ictus. See P. V. 1120. SYN. Κόνισσᾶλός, ψμάδός, κόνιορτός, σπόδος, αἰθάλῃ. Er. Δεπτή, αἰμαῖτεςσά, αἰθαλόεσσά, ἀλγεινῇ, ἀνάλῃ, αἰθέριός, δυόφερά, ξανθῇ, κοῦφῃ, μέλαινα, ὄνεια, χρῶμᾶλῃ.

Κονίω, et Κόνια, pulvere impleo : to cover with dust. Ευρὺ κόνισσουσιν πέδιον Ξ. 145. Κόνιοντες πέδιλοι Δ. 122.

Κονίορτός, et Κόνισσᾶλός, οὐ, ὁ, pulvis : dust raised. Ὁ κόνιορτός δηλός αὐτῶν ὡς οὐοῦ προκειμένων Eq. 245. Κόνισσᾶλός ὥρνυτ' ἀελλῆς Γ. 13. SYN. Κόνις, κόνια.

Κόνιπος, πόδός, ὁ, qui est pede pulverulentus ; solea : dust-footed, dusty-foot, a name given at Epidaurus to country people ; a sandal. Γέρων δὲ χωρεῖ χλαδίνα καὶ κόνιπόδας Eccl. 848.

Κόνις. See Κόνια.

Κόνισσᾶλός. See Κονίορτός.

Κόνιν. See Κονίω.

Κοννάς, οὐ ; (2) Κόννός, οὐ, ὁ, Connas ; Connus : the names of two men in Aristophanes. Eq. 534. Vesp. 673.

Κοννέω, scio, cognosco : to know, understand. Aesch. Sup. 171. Expr. Κοννεῖν συνέναι, ἐπιστασθαι Hesych. SYN. see Γινώσκω.

Κοννός. See Κοννάς.

Κοννός, οὐ, ὁ, contus, nautica hasta, longa et robusta : a sharp-pointed weapon, a pole used in thrusting the vessel from the shore. Iph. T. 1351.

Κοπᾶνόν, οὐ, τὸ, securis, gladius : a battle-axe, sword. Πειραὶ κοπᾶνόν ἀνδρὸδᾶκτων Choëph. 847. SYN. Κοπῖς, μάχαιρά, ξίφος.

Κοπῖα, laboro : to labour, toil, to be tired. Ὅστε παρέσται κοπῖαν ὑμῖν Av. 734. SYN. Ἀποκάμνω.

Κοπῖς, εὖς, ὁ, orator vanus : a wily orator. Κοπῖς ἡδύλογος δημόχαριστής Hec. 131. SYN. Λᾶλός, ῥήτωρ.

Κοπῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, cultus ad cædendum aptus : a carving-knife, fauchion. Οἷσε τίς ἡμῖν κοπῖδ' ἀπορρήξω χέλυιν Eur. El. 837. SYN. Μάχαιρά, κοπᾶνόν, ξίφος.

Κοπός, οὐ, ὁ, labor : labour. Philoct. 880. SYN. Κάμᾶτος, ἄνια.

Κόπω, lasso : to weary or tire. Batrach. 188. SYN. Ἀποτρώω, τείρω.

Κοππάτις, οὐ, ὁ, equus notatus τῷ κόπῃ : a

horse marked with a ♀. Ὄτ' ἐπρίαμην τὸν κοπ-
πίαν οἶμοι τάλας Nub. 23.

Κοπράγωγέω, et Κόπρῳ, stercoro: to convey
dung, to manure. Ἐγὼ δὲ κοπράγωγὴν γὰ πρῶτῃ
ναὶ σῶς Lysist. 1176. p. 229. SYN. Κόπρῳ
ἄγω, ἐπιβάλλω.

Κόπρειος, α, ὄν, stercorarius: of dung. Eq.
899. See Κόπρῳ.

Κόπρῳ. See Κοπράγωγέω.

Κοπρῶλός, ὄν, qui stercora colligit: a scaven-
ger. Τῷ κοπρῶλῳ καὶ ταῦτ' αὐτοῦ λουδοῦν μένος
Vesp. 1184.

Κόπρῳ, οὐ, ἡ, stercus; pulvis; stabulum:
dung; dust; a stall. Κύλων δὲ μένος κατὰ κόπρῳ
X. 414. SYN. Σπῶδος, κόνις, πηλός, σκάφ.

Κοπρῶφρῳ, stercora fero; stercore obli-
no: to carry dung; to besmear with dung. Eq. 295.
See above.

Κόπρῳ, ὄν, δ, sterquilinum, stabulum: a
dunghill, stall. Τὸν κοπρῶν' οὖν ἐρχομαι Thesm.
485. SYN. Ἀφῆδρῳ.

Κόπτω, cædo, ferio, cudo, scindo; med. plangor:
to cut, strike, forge, smite, cut off; mid. to beat
oneself for sorrow. Ἔ. 528. SYN. Ἀνακόπτω,
κατάκοπτω, πλήσσω, τέμνω, πρίω, ῥήγνυμι, χῆ-
ράσσω, ὑπώστω, κρούω, παίω, ακίζω, ἄράσσω.

Κοράκινος, οὐ, δ, genus piscium, saperda: a
kind of shell-fish emitting a disagreeable smell.
Κᾶτ' ὠνηται κοράκινους Lysist. 560.

Κοράξ, ἀκός, δ, corvus: a crow. Es κοράκας
βάδιε μετ' αὐτῶν Pax. 117.

Κοράξ, ἀκός, δ, saltatio quædam ridicula et
lasciva: a kind of wanton dance. Τοῦ κοράκας
οὐν ἐχ' ἦν Nub. 555. De longa penultimæ
quantitate vide Valpy, Gr. Gr. p. 153.

Κορευµα, ἄτος, τδ, virginitas: the state of a
virgin. Alcest. 176. SYN. Παρθενία, παρθε-
νεία, παρθένημα.

Κορεῦω, devirgino; med. virginis vitam ago:
to deflower a virgin; mid. to live a virgin.
Alcest. 314.

Κορεῶ, verro, purgo; curo; satio: to sweep,
scour; to take care of, trim; to satiate. Βορᾶς
κορεσθεὶς Hipp. 111. SYN. Ἀδα, πληρῶω, ἐπι-
μελοῦμαι.

Κόρη, Ion. Κούρη, et Dor. Κώρα, ἡ, (1)
puella: a damsel; (2) pupilla: the pupil of the
eye. Orest. 250. B. 872. Call. 5. 27. Κόρη
also was a name of Proserpine. Eur. Sup. 334.
SYN. Παῖς, πάλως, παιδάρῳ, μόσχός, παρθένος,
σκύνος. Ep. Αἰδοία, διὰ, ἀνέξ, ἀδμή, ἄφρων,
ἄστροκῆμος, ἀγλαῶμορφός, βάθυσσος, βάθυκολπός,
δειλὴ, δύσερος, δούροσσός, τυραννός, ἐνθεός, ἐρη-
μός, βάρβαρος, παρθενική, διδγνή, δεσπιδός,
χρυσοστεφάνος, πλῆκλαυτός, ἀγνή, ἐλικῶπις,
εὐπλόκαμος, εὐειδής, ευκτεάνος, εὐσφύρος, νεό-
θηλὴς, μίαιρα, ἐμῆροσσά, περικαλλής, κάκκοφρων,
τολμῆροσά, χαρίεσσά, χρυσηλακτάς, (2) ορθή,
τάλαιπαρὸς, ξηρή, σκυθρωπός, βασίλεια, πλῆ-
πλάνος, δίδατροφός, φωσφῶρος.

Κόρημα, ἄτος, τδ, scopa: a besom, broom.
Pax 59.

Κορθῶω, Κορθῶω, coacervo, colligo, tollo: to
heap up, collect, raise. Ζεὺς δ' ἐπεὶ οὖν κόρβη-
ν ἐόν Hes. Theog. 853. Κορθύεται πολλόν
I. 8. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, ὑψῶω, κορβύωω, αὐξάνω,
σύνσθροίζω, συλλέγω.

Κορῶς, ὄς, ἡ, acervus: a heap. Τὰς κόρ-
ῶς ἅ τ' αὐτὰ ὕμνω Theoc. 10. 46.

Κόρια, ας, ἡ, epitheton Dianæ: Diana. Ἄλ-
λον μὲν Κόριος Call. 3. 234.

Κορίανδον, Κορίαννον, οὐ, τδ, coriandrum: an
herb resembling parsley, the coriander. Μύρτοις
στειφάνουσαι καὶ κορίαννοι Anaer. 138. Equit.
679.

Κορίζομαι, blandior: to caress. Nub. 68.
SYN. Ἰποκορίζομαι, κολλάεω.

Κορίνθιος, α, ὄν, Corinthius: Corinthian, of
Corinth. Κορίνθια γυναικὲς Med. 216.

Κορινθός, οὐ, ἡ, Corinthus: an illustrious city
in Achaia. B. 570. Ep. Ἀλίκλυστος, Δωρίς,
ολβία, Ισθμία, ὄφρυεσσά, ἀγλαῶκοῦρος, ἀμφιθά-
λασός, ἄφνειός.

Κορίων, οὐ, τδ, puellula; pupa: a little girl;
a doll. Ἀλλ' ὦ πονηρὰ κορία γ' ἀθλίου πατρός
Acham. 731.

Κόρις, ἔως, δ vel ἡ, (1) cimex: a bug; (2)
hypericum: Saint John's wort, or the ground
pine. Nub. 634.

Κορκῶρος, οὐ, δ, olus agreste et vile: the pim-
pernel. Vesp. 239.

Κορκῶρυγος, ἡς, ἡ; Κορκῶρυγος, οὐ, δ, intesti-
norum tumultus; strepitus quivis: a rumbling
noise, as that of the bowels; a roar. Δύσον δὲ
μάχας καὶ κορκῶρυγος Pax 991. SYN. Τάραχῃ,
βύθι, θορύβος, βόητός.

Κορμός, οὐ, δ, truncus: a trunk, stock, log.
Hec. 573. SYN. Κλῶν, στελέχος, πρέμνον,
κλάδος.

Κόρῳς, οὐ, δ, satietas: satiety, wantonness.
Alcest. 186. SYN. Ἀδός, πλησμὸνῃ. Ep.
Αἰψηρός, αἰνός, λευγάλεος, ὕβριστής. PHR. see
N. 636. Eur. fr. Antiope. 27. 1. Nem. 7. 76.

Κόρῳς, Ion. Κοῦρῳς, et Dor. Κῶρῳς, οὐ, δ,
puer: a boy, youth, son. Androm. 466. a. 149.
Call. 5. 85. SYN. Παῖς, παιδιόν, αἰζηός, νεός,
νῖος, κοῦριδῖος. Ep. Ἀγλαός, ἄσροχάιτης, ευ-
φύης, νεόθηλῃς, αἰθαλῆις, νεόπημων, ευπρέπης.

Κόρη. See Κόρη.

Κόρη, Κόρη, ἡς, ἡ, (1) crinis, tempora, ca-
put: the hair, the temples, the head; (2) maxilla:
the jaw-bone. Κόρησιν ἡ δ' ἐτεροῖ διὰ κροτά-
φοῖ πῆρσεν. Δ. 502. Theoc. 13. 34. SYN.
Κεφάλῃ, κροτάφος, γνάθος, παρῆς. Ep. Κά-
τασκίς.

Κορύβαντιᾶω, insanio more Corybantum: to
rave like the Corybantes. Ἀλλ' ἡ παράφρονες
ἐτεῶν ἡ κορύβαντιᾶς Vesp. 8. SYN. Μαίνομαι,
φοισάζομαι, βακχεύομαι, δαιμόνω, βῶω.

Κορύβαντιζῶ, Corybantum sacris initio: to
initiate into the mysteries of the Corybantes.
Μετὰ ταῦτ' ἐκορύβαντιζ' ὁ δ' αὐτῷ τυμπᾶων
Vesp. 119.

Κορύβας, αὐτός, δ; Κόρυβαντες, αὐ, οἱ, Cory-
bantes: the Corybantes, who nursed Jupiter in
Crete,—called also Curetes and Idaei Dactyli.
Ἡ σεμνῶν Κορύβαντων Hipp. 142. Call. 1. 46.
Ep. Ἀκοίμῳ, γηγενέις.

Κορύβος, Κορύδαλλός, οὐ, δ; Κορύδαλλῆς, ἰδός,
ἡ, alauda cristata: a lark. Ἄειδον κορύδοι καὶ
ἀκανθίδες Theoc. 7. 141: 10. 50: 7. 23.

Κορύθαίς, ἑός, δ, ἡ, galeam movens: helm-
moving. Ἰσὸς ἐνυάλῃ κορύθαίῃ πτολέμιστρ
X. 132.

Κορύθαίλος, οὐ, δ, qui galeam habet variega-
tam; qui galeam agitat; epith. Hectoris, &c.:
having a variegated helmet; helmet-shaking.
Μέγας κορύθαίλος Ἐκτωρ B. 816. SYN. Χαλ-
κούκροστης, κέκορυθμένιος αἰθόπῃ χαλκῷ.

Κορυμῆς, δ, plur. Κόρυμβᾶ; Κόρυμβη, ἡ,
vertex, cacumen, cincinnus, ramus: a top, look
of hair, branch. Iph. A. 258. Hexam. in

Athen. 525. SYN. Ἄκρον, κούρη, κλών, κλάδος. EP. Ἀζάλεος, ἀκρόκομος, ἀμπέλοισι, ἀνθόμοις, εὐπετάλως, ῥόδωσι, σκίερος, ὑψικόμοις, χλόερος.

Κούρη, ης, ἡ, clava: a club. Ἀλλὰ σιδήρεϊ κούρῃ H. 141. See Κουρυΐεις. "Κορύνῃ, metaph. pro asini veretro. Nicand. A. 409. Εὐαλθίσασα κορύνῃ." Steph. SYN. Ῥυπάλυν, ῥάδως, ξιφός. SYN. Ἀντόφης, ἀσχηχίς, ἀζάλεα, στίδαρά.

Κουρύνητης, ου, ὁ, claviger: a club-bearer. Τὸν ἐπικύρητην Κουρύνητην H. 138.

Κουρυΐεις, εσσά, ἐν, in clavae formam fastigiatus: club-formed. Κουρυΐεντὰ πέτῃλα Hes. A. 289.

Κορυντίλος, ου, ὁ, cornupeta: butting with the horns. Οὗτος ὁ λευκίτας ὁ κορυντίλος Theoc. 5. 147. SYN. Κεραΐστης, ὑψικέρων.

Κορύντω, caput jacto; cornu ferio: to toss the head; to butt with the horns. Theoc. 3. 5.

Κόρυς, ὅθως, ἡ, galea, cassis: a helm, casque. Κόρυς κορύν ἀνέρα δ' ἀνῆρ N. 131. SYN. Τρύφαιλα, κύνῃ, γάλεα, κράνος, πῆληξ. EP. Ἀρρηκτός, εὐλόφος, ἀρράγης, ἀμφίφαλος, δαιδάλεη, ἡκόμοις, ἱπποδάσεια, ἱππουρίς, ἱπποκόμοις, κἀλή, κράτερὰ, λαμπρὰ, φάεννη, παμφάνωσα, τέτραφάλως, χαλκήρης, χρυσῆς, τέτραφάλλυρος. PHR. see Apoll. 3. 1228.

Κόρυσσω, part. perf. pass. κέκορυσμένως et κέκορυνμένως, galea caput armo; instruo armis; extollo, concito: to put on a helmet; to arm; to excite. Φ. 306. SYN. (1) Κράνος ἐνδύω, (2) ὀπλίζω, καθόπλιζω, πάρασκευάζω, (3) ὠψώω, κούρῳω.

Κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, armiger: one who wears a helmet, or who bears arms, a warrior. Δ. 457. SYN. Πόλεμιστής, ἱπποκόρουσής.

Κούρη, ἥς, ἡ, vertex: a top, summit. Ἀκρότατη κούρη Δ. 499. SYN. Ἀκρώρεϊα, αἶψος, κορυμβός, κέφαλή, ὀρθή, κορωνίς. EP. Ἀκρόκομος, δεινρόκομος, ἡλιδάτος, μελάμφυλλος, οἰεῖα, περίμηκτος, ὑψηλή, χιονόελητος.

Κορύνω, in verticem attollo; finio: to raise to the top; to finish, conclude. Κορύνει ἔον κορυφούται Δ. 426. SYN. Ἐπαίρω, ὠψώω, ἐκτέλώω, ἀποξύνω.

Κορωνέως, ὦ, ἡ, ficus, ejus fructus sint cornicis colore nigro: a kind of black-coloured fig. Pax 611.

Κόρωνη, ης, ἡ, (1) cornix, fulica: a crow; in Homer, a sea-gull; (2) omne curvum vel rotundum, ut in januis curvum illud manubrium, quo janua atrahitur: any thing curved or round, as the handle of a door; (3) pars exterior cubiti humani: the elbow; (4) pars posterior curva puppis: the outside of a ship's poop; (5) cornua arcus extrema: the extremities of a bow. μ. 418. SYN. (1) Κόραξ, and in Hom. λαρός, αἰθυιά, (2) κρείκος, (4) γλωχίν. EP. (1) Μελάγχερος, ομφαία, πολύφωνος, τανύγλωσσος.

Κορωνία, cervicem vel cornua effero, superbio: to put forth horns, to be proud. Κόρωνιόντὰ πέτῃλα (al. legunt κορυνιόντὰ) Hes. Scut. 289. SYN. Γαυρία.

Κορώνης, ἰδός, ἡ, Coronis: the mother of Ἄσκληπιος. Λημὰ Κορωνίδος Pyth. 3. 42. EP. Δία, δὴ γὰρ φλέγου βασιλῆος.

Κορωνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, epith. navis vel nigræ vel ejus puppis inflexa est: black-prowed, with a curved prow. EP. νηέσι κορωνίσι B. 771.

Κορώνος, ου, ὁ, Coronus. B. 746.

Κοσκινύμαντις, ἴος, ὁ, ἡ, vates qui cribro utitur ad vaticinandum: a conjuror who uses a sieve in his art. Τάληθεῶ κοσκινύμαντις Theoc. 3. 31.

Κόσκινον, ου, τὸ, cribrum: a sieve. Ὡμην διὰ κοσκινού ουρεῖν Nub. 372. SYN. Λίκνον, τηλία.

Κοσκυλμάτιᾱ, ων, τὰ, quisquilæ: leather-parings. Κοσκυλμάτιοις ἀκροῖσι τοιαυτὶ λέγων Eq. 49.

Κοσμέω, ordino, orno: to arrange, embellish. Androm. 942. SYN. Διάκοσμέω, κάπακοσμέω, διατάσσω, ὑπηρέτew, ἐκστέφω, διατάσσω, πάρασκευάζω, καθόπλιζω, ἐπιμέλεῖμαι, καλλύνω, καλῶπιζω.

Κοσμήτωρ, ὄρος, Κοσμήτης, ου, ὁ, qui instruit aciem: a marshaller, commander. σ. 151. η. 127. SYN. Ἠγέμων, ἄγος.

Κόσμιος, ἰα, ὄν, bene compositus: orderly, elegant. Ὡς τοὺς δικαίους καὶ σόφους καὶ κοσμίους Plut. 89. SYN. Εὐκοσμός, εὐτακτός, εὐτρέπης, σώφρων, μέτριος.

Κοσμιότης, ητός, ἡ, decor, moderatio: modesty, decorum. Ὅτι κοσμιότης οἰκεῖ μετ' ἐμοῦ Plut. 564. SYN. Εὐταξία, σωφροσύνη, μέτριότης.

Κοσμίως, composite, modeste: orderly, modestly. Thesm. 573. See Κόσμιος. SYN. Σωφρόνως, συνέτως, μέτριως, καλῶς.

Κόσμος, ου, ὁ, ordo, decus, decorum, ornamentum; Pythag. mundus: order, regularity, decoration; the world. Θ. 12. SYN. Ἀγαλμά, τάξις, εὐταξία, κάλλος, καλλώπισμα. EP. Κάλως, ἔτοιμος, μυρίοπληθής, ἐριθηλής, νέουτευχής, νυμφιδίος, λιπάρων, περικοκαλῆς, ἱμερῶσι, φαινός, χαρίεις, χρυσήλατος.

Κόσσαδός, ου, ὁ, i. q. Κόττάδός, q. v. Κόσσυφος, Κόψυχος, ου, ὁ, merula: a black-bird. Κόσσυφοί ἀχέουσιν Theoc. Epigr. 4. Av. 1081. EP. Πόλυκέλαδός, ἡδύδοσας.

Κόταίνω, Κότew, irascor, invideo: to be angry, to envy. Sept. Th. 481. A. 181. SYN. Εγκύτew, μηνία, χολόδew, βάρυνμαι, φθόνew.

Κότῃς, εσσά, ἐν, iratus: angry. E. 191. SYN. Πάλιγκότος, στυγνός, οργιζόμενος, κότεσσά-μένος.

Κότινηφόρος, ὄν, oleastrum ferens: bearing wild olives. Ἄγων κότινηφόρον ὕδαρ Mosch. 7. 1.

Κότινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, oleaster: wild olive. Av. 620. See above. SYN. Ἀγριελαία. EP. Νήϊος, ἐπηρέφης.

Κότινότηρας, ου, ὁ, oleastrum vescens: one who feeds upon wild olives. Av. 240. See Κότινός and Τράχημα.

Κότος, ου, ὁ, vetus ira: settled anger, revenge. N. 517. SYN. Μῆνις, μηνίμοις, χόλος, οργή, θυμός, φθόνος. EP. Αἰνός, ἀργάλεος, ἀμείλιχος, βάρυνται, δεινός, κρέρος.

Κοττάδός, cottabo ludo, vel certo: to play at the cottabus. Pax 342. See below.

Κόττάδος, Κόσσαδός, ου, ὁ, genus lusus convivialis: a kind of game, for a description of which see Robinson's Gr. Antiq. p. 524. Τῶν κατακτῶν κοττάδων Pax 1242. Eur. fr. Plisth. 4.

Κότυλη, ης, ἡ, cavitas; vasculum cavum; cavitas coxæ: a cavity; a wine-measure containing three-fourths of a pint; the cavity in the hip-bone. Καὶ πρὶν σὲ κότυλας ἐκπτεῖν οἴνου δέκα Plut. 737. See below.

Κότυληδών, ὄνός, ἡ, (1) idem quod Κότυλη:

the same as *Kōtūlā*; (2) *cavus* et *contractus* pes *polypodis*: the claw of a polypod. *Στρέφεται χάλᾳρα κōtūlādhōn* Vesp. 1495.

Kōtūlārhūtōs, *ov*, quod *scyphis* hauriri potest: which must be drawn with goblets. *Kōtūlārhūtōn* ἔρρεῖν *αἷμα* Ψ. 34.

Kōtūlōs, *ov*, *δ*, poculum; mensura $7\frac{1}{2}$ unciae: a cup; a measure containing seven ounces and a half. *Kōtūloi* καὶ πάντα *κάναστρα* Hom. Hymn. 47. 3. SYN. *Kōtūlā*, *πότηριον*.

Kōtūtāris, *ῆ*, *Cotyttaris*. 'Α *γρᾶλα* με *Kōtūtāris* ἐξεδίδαξεν Theoc. 6. 40.

Koulēs. See *Kōlēūs*.

Kourā, *ās*, *ῆ*, tonsura, cincinnus: a shaving, a lock of hair. Orest. 452. SYN. *Χαίτη*, *κόρη*.

Kourālīs, *ov*, *δ*, Curalius: a river near Coronæa. *Κεῖντ' ἐπὶ Κουράλιω* Call. 5. 62.

Kourēiōn, *ov*, *τδ*, tonstrina: a barber's shop. Av. 1441.

Kōrh, Ion. pro *Kōrh*, *q*. v.

Kōrhēs, *ητς*, *δ*, Ion. pro *Kōrhēs*, juvenis: young. *Κρινάμενος κōrhētās* T. 193. SYN. *Kōrhōs*, *κοῦρῶς*, *νέος*, *αἰζήδης*.

Kourhētēs, *ων*, *οἱ*, Curetes: the Curetes. See Damn. P. R. Bacch. 120.

Kouridīs, *α*, *ὄν*, nuptus, vel nupta, with *ἀνῆρ* and *γυνή*, cf. Buttmann Lex., virgineus: married, blooming. *Πόσιος οὐ κōuridīo* ψ. 150.

Kourīzō, juvenilem ætatem ago; pueros educo; palpo; tondeo: to be a young man; to bring up boys; to fondle; to shave. χ. 185. SYN. *Νεάζω*, *ἡβᾶω*, *κείρω*.

Kourīmōs, *ov*, *ετ*, *ῆ*, tonsorius: pertaining to shaving the hair, qualified for shaving. 'Αρασσε *κρᾶτᾱ* *κōurīmōn* Troad. 280. SYN. *Τῷμαῖος*.

Kourizē, crinibus: by the hair. χ. 188.

Kourōdōrhōs, *ov*, *δ*, *ῆ*, pueros perdens: youth-destroying. Agam. 1490.

Kōurōs, Ion. pro *Kōrhōs*, *q*. v.

Kourōtōkōs, *ov*, *δ*, *ῆ*, puerpera, mater: male-bearing, a mother. Eur. Sup. 967. SYN. *Μήτηρ*, *τέκοῦσᾱ*.

Kourōtrōphōs, *ov*, *ῆ*, juvenulorum nutrix: nurse of young men or women. Καὶ *τῇ* *κōurōtrōphῃ* *τῇ* *Γῇ* Thesm. 300. SYN. *Θρεπτεῖρᾱ*, *τρὸφὸς*, *τίθῃνη*.

Koufīzō, *levo*; *elevo*; *med*, *levis* sum: to lighten; to wield with ease, raise lightly; to be light, light-headed. Helen. 41. SYN. *Ἀνάκουφίζω*, *ἐπικούφίζω*, *ἐπαίρω*, *ἐλάφρίζω*, *ἐλάφριζέσκω*.

Koufismā, *ἀτὸς*, *τδ*, levamen: alleviation, solace. Phœn. 862. SYN. *Ἀνακούφισις*, *παράμυθια*.

Kouphōnōs, *ov*, *δ*, *ῆ*, *levi* animo *præditus*: light or silly-minded. P. V. 391.

Kouphōs, *η*, *ὄν*, *levis*: light, empty, nimble. Iph. T. 595. SYN. *Ευκόλως*, *ῥαδίως*, *πρῶς*, *ἐλαφρὸς*, *ἀμενηνὸς*, *κένως*, *οὐκ*.

Kouphōtēs, *ητς*, *ῆ*, *levitas*, alleviatio: a lightening, alleviation. Eur. fr. Androm. 22. 3. SYN. *Κουφισμᾱ*, *ἀνακούφισις*.

Koufōs, leviter: lightly. Med. 450. SYN. *Ἐλαφρῶς*, *ευκόλως*, *ῥηδίως*, *ευπέτῶς*.

Kōphīnōs, *ov*, *δ*, *copinus*, *corbis*: mensura: a basket; a measure in Bœotia containing three *chōēs*. Καὶ *τοὺς* *κōphīnους* *ἀπαντᾶς* *ἐμπύλη* *πτῆρων*. Av. 1310. SYN. *Δάρναξ*, *λάρκός*, *φορμὸς*, *σπῆρις*, *κάλαθος*.

Kōchliās, *ov*, *δ*, cochlea; scala cochleata: a

cockle; winding stairs. Βόλθος *τις* *κōchliās* *ἐξηρῆθη* Theoc. 14. 17.

Kōchlās, *ov*, *δ* vel *ῆ*, concha: a shell. Iph. T. 304. See above. SYN. *Κόγχη*, *κόγχος*, *κōchliās*. Ep. *Τᾶνᾶος*.

Kōchūdeokōn, or *Kōchūsekōn*, defluo: to ooze out, trickle down. 'Ιδρῶς *μεν* *κōchūdeokēn* (al. *κōchūsekēn*) Theoc. 2. 107. SYN. *Κατὰτῆρῃω*, *κατὰφέρῃμαι*, *καταρῆω*, *ἀποστᾶζω*.

Kōchōn, *ης*, *ῆ*, coxendicis commissura; femur: the joining of the haunch with the buttocks; the thigh. Eq. 482.

Kōψīchōs. See *Kōsōsūphōs*. Εἰσεμὶ ὑπαὶ *πτερυγῶν* *κίχλᾱν* καὶ *κοψίχων* Ach. 934.

Kōōn, *ωνὸς*, *δ*, Coon. ΑΛΛ' ἐπὶρρουσέ *Κῶωνι* A. 256.

Kōōs, *Kōs*, *ω*, *ῆ*, Cos: an island in the Icarian sea. E. 255. B. 677.

Krāās. See *Krās*.

Krāgētēs, *ov*, *δ*, vociferator: one who clamours, bawling, noisy. Πῶσιν *κραγέται* δέ *Nem*. 3. 142., answering to *Φρυγῶν* *Δαρδᾶνων* *τῷ*. *Krāgētēs* *ὡν* *κῆκραγᾶ*; *κράγῳ* from *ἐκράγῳ*. SYN. *Κῆκράκτης*, *κῆλαδενὸς*.

Krāgōn, *alta* voce: vociferously, loudly. Καὶ *κράγῳ* *κῆκράξεται* Eq. 487.

Krādāino, *Krādāō*, *vibro*: to brandish, quiver. Οὐδ' *κρᾶδανῶμενον* P. 524. N. 583. SYN. *Ἀνπάλλω*, *ἀνᾶσειω*, *δῶνῶ*, *σάλεύω*.

Krādēmōn, Dor. pro *Krēthēmōn*, *q*. v.

Krādē, *ης*, *ῆ*; *Krādōs*, *ov*, *δ*, ramus ficulnus: a branch or twig of a fig-tree, a fig. *Τὰς* *κρᾶδας* *κατῆσθιον* Pax 627. Av. 40. SYN. *Συκῆ*.

Krādīa. See *Krādīa*.

Krādōs. See *Krādē*.

Krādō, clamo: to bawl aloud. Ran. 980. SYN. *Κηρύσσω*, *ἀνακράζω*, *βῶᾶω*, *ἀνᾶδῶᾶω*, *αὐτέω*, *ἰάχω*, *ἀνυμνέω*.

Krāthīs, *ιδὸς*, *δ*, Crathis: a river in Lucania which was supposed to make the hair of those who drank it white and soft. See Plin. xxxi. 2. 10. *Krāthīs* *ζᾶθεᾶς* *πηγαῖσι* *τρέφων* Troad. 230.

Kraīainō. See *Kraīinō*.

Kraīno, *Kraīainō*, *efficio*; *impero*: to accomplish, fulfil; to rule. Med. 1413. E. 508. SYN. *Τέλειω*, *ἀνῶ*, *εκπράττω*, *εξεργάζομαι*.

Kraipālāō, *crapulam* sentio: to have a sickness from drinking. Plut. 298. See below. SYN. *Κωμάζω*, *μεθύω*.

Kraipālē, *ης*, *ῆ*, *crapula*, *comissatio*: a sickness after hard drinking, revelling. Ἐὰν *μεθ' ἡμῶν* *ξυμπῆς* *ἐκ* *κραipālῆς* Acharn. 277.

Kraipālōkamōs, *ov*, *δ*, *ebrius* *comissator*: one who gets drunk at a feast, a reveller. 'Ηνίχ' *δ* *κραipālōkamōs* Ran. 217.

Kraipnōs, *ῆ*, *ὄν*, *rapidus*, *furius*: rapid, furious. Hipp. 830. SYN. *Καρπᾶλῖμος*, *ἄελλᾶπος*, *τάχως*, *δύδως*, *οὐδως*, *οὐκ*, *ἐλάφρως*.

Kraipnōsūtōs, *ὄν*, *celeriter* *vectus*: quickly moving. Καὶ *νῦν* *ἐλαφρῷ* *πῶδῃ* *κραipnōsūtōν* P. V. 287.

Kraipnōphōrōs, *ov*, *δ*, *ῆ*, *rapide* *ferens*: rapidly bearing. P. V. 133.

Kraipnōōs, *velociter*: swiftly. S. 247. SYN. *Τάχως*, *ῥιμφᾶ*, *δύδως*, *καρπᾶλῖμως*, *οὐδῶς*, *οὐκ*.

Krāmē, *ης*, *ῆ*, brassica, crambe, caulis: colewort, cabbage. Batrach. 54.

Krāmēōs, *η*, *ὄν*, *aridus*; *dulcis*; *delicatus*: dry; sweet; delicate. Eq. 536. Exp. 'Ηδὺ-τᾶτος, *ξηρῶτάτος*, *κραῦρὸς*, *κάπῦρὸς*.

Κραμβόφαγος, ὁ, qui brassica vescitur; ap. Hom. nomen Herois: a cabbage-eater. Κραμβόφαγος ὄχθαισι βάθειαις ἐμπέσῃ φεύγων Batrach. 216.

Κράναος, ἄ, ὄν, (1) asper: rough, rugged; (2) fem. gen. Κράναη, P.N.: the citadel of Athens; also a city in Attica near Sunium. Ηδ' ὄσσοι κράναην ἰθάκην α. 247. Lysist. 481. Γ. 445. SYN. (1) Τραχὺς, ἀκαρπὺς, ἀτρυγέ-τος.

Κράνειᾶ, as, ἡ, cornus; hasta ex corno facta: a cornel or wild cherry-tree; a spear, having the shaft made of that tree. Τάνυφλοῖον τέ κρά-νειαν Π. 767.

Κράνειος, ἄ, ὄν, corneus: of the cornel or wild cherry-tree. Ναί μ' αὖ τ' ὁδε κράνειον ἀκόντιον ἢ μὲν ἐγὼ σέ Η. Merc. 457. The antepult. of κράνειον is long, contrary to analogy, if this word be derived from Κράνειᾶ. Herman reads κράνειον. Scapula also has κράνειος: is the true reading Κράνειον?

Κράνιον, ου, τὸ, (1) cranium: the skull; (2) poculi genus: a drinking-cup. Πρὸς κῆκ' τὸ κράνιον. SYN. (1) Βρέγμα, (2) Σκύφος, σκά-φιδον.

Κράνιοπιῶ, galeas facio: to make helmets. Κράνιοπιῶν αὐ μ' ἐπ' ἰνρίνι Ran. 1017.

Κράνιοποις, οὐ, ὁ, galearum opifex: a helmet-maker. Οἶμ' ὦ κράνιοποι' ὡς ἀθλίως πέπράγαμεν Pax 1255.

Κράνος, ἔος, τὸ, galea: a helmet. Τοῦ κράνουσ μοι τὸ πτέρον Acharn. 559. SYN. Κῦν' ἔη, γάλεα, κόρυς. Ερ. Χρυσέῳ τ' ὑπὸν.

Κράντωρ, ὁρος, ὁ, qui ratum facit; qui regit, rector: a ratifier; ruler. Androm. 507. SYN. Κρείων, Βασίλειος, αρχὺς, ἀρχων, ἰθυντήρ.

Κρανώνιος, ὄν, Cranonius: of Cranon, a city in Thessaly. Μύρι' αὖ δ' ἀμπεδίων Κρανώνιον Theoc. 16. 38.

Κράπαθος. See Κάρπαθος.

Κράς, ὁ, et Κράας, gen. κρατὸς et κράατος, τὸ, caput: the head, top. Ἀψ' Ὀδυσσεὺς κατὰ κράα Δ. 92. Εκ κράατος ἀθάνατοιο Ξ. 177. SYN. see Κάρ, caput.

Κράσις, ἔως, ἡ, mixtio, mixtura: a mixture. Κράσιν γὰρ ὑγρὰν οὐκ ἔχων ἀψιδᾷ σήν Phaëth. 72. SYN. Μίξις, σύγχυσις.

Κράσπεδον, ου, τὸ, fimbria; margo; ora veli: the bottom of a garment, flounce; a margin; the extremity of a sail. Vesp. 476. SYN. Θύ-σανος.

Κρασπεδῶ, circumdo velut fimbria: to surround with a fringe, to hem. Ion 1423.

Κράταιβόλος, vel Κράταβόλος, ὄν, fortiter jac-tus: thrown with force. Χερμάδας κράταιβόλους Bacch. 1085. Brunck and Beck render it as above: Brodæus renders it τὴν κέφαλὴν βάλοῦ-σας.

Κράταιϋάλλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, firmam habens cavi- tatem, firmus: having a strong cavity, strong. Ὁωρῆκ' ἐς τὴν κράταιϋάλοιο T. 361. SYN. Ισχυρός. Εκρ. ἔχων ισχυρὰ ὑάλλα.

Κράταις, ἰδός, ἡ, Crataeis: the mother of Scylla. Βωστρεῖν δὲ Κράταιν μ. 124.

Κράταιεως, ὢν, lapidibus stratus, durus: rendered strong with stones, strong. Εν κράταιεῷ πέδῳ Eur. El. 534.

Κράταις, ἄ, ὄν, robustus, fortis, violentus: strong, violent. Θίγων κράταις χειρὸς Herc. F. 959. SYN. Κράτερὸς, ἐγκράτης, ισχυρός, ἀλκίης, ἀλκίμυς, γενναῖος, σθέναρὸς, ἐρισθένης.

Κράταιπῆδός, ὄν, solidum habens fundamen- tum: having a solid bottom or foundation. Ἀμφὶ κράταιπῆδόν ψ. 46.

Κράταιπους. See Καρτάπους.

Κράτερὸς, ἄ, ὄν, robustus, fortis: strong, brave. Τόξῳ ἀπὸ κράτερός Θ. 279. SYN. Κράταις, ἀγῆνωρ, δεινός, ἀλκίμυς, ἀλκίης.

Κράτερόφρων, ὄνός, infractus animo: strong in mind, fierce. Κράτερόφρονά γελινάτῳ παῖδα Ξ. 324. SYN. Καρτέροθυμὸς, ισχυρός, κράτερὸς, τολμηρὸς, μὲν' αὖ πνεῖαν.

Κράτερόνυξ, ὕχος, solidos ungues habens: firm-hoofed, solid-footed. Κράτερόνυχας εν μὲγαροισι φ. 30.

Κράτερῶς, valide, strenue: strongly, sternly. Καδ' δ' ἐβάλε κράτερῶς δ. 344. SYN. Ισχυρῶς, ἰφί, κράταις, ἐγκράτεως.

Κράτευται, ὦν, αἱ, veruum fulcra: andirons, or bars or stones on each side of the fire which support the spits. Πάσσε δ' ἄλδς θείοι' κράτευ- τῶν ἐπαείρας I. 214.

Κράτῶ, fortiter impero, supero, teneo: to have absolute power over, conquer, command, surpass, hold. Οὐ τοὺς κράτοῦντας χρὴ κράτειν ἄ μὴ χρεῶν. Hec. 282. Κράτῶ, in the sense of governing or ruling over, &c. requires a genitive case after it; in its other meanings an accusative. SYN. Ἀρχω, βασίλεύω, ἀνάσσω, νικῶ, κατέχω.

Κρατήρ, et Ion. Κρητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, crater: a large cup. Ἀνδράσι κρατήρ ὑπὸν ἀμφιέδωκεν Bacch. 380., answered by καὶ κἀκοῦβόλων πᾶρ' ἐμοιγέ φωτῶν. Κρητήρ occurs in λ. 418. SYN. Δέπας, κίλιξ. Ερ. Πλήρης, ὡς δέκαμφορος, κοι- νὸς, χρυσέος, ἱερὸς, ἐλευθέρος, κάλδος, περικαλλής, πᾶνάρηρος, φάεινός, χρυσόφαής, νέος. PHR. Κρατήρὸς γυάλλος, γλυκεὺς κόμῳ πρόφῃτης.

Κρατήσιμάχος, ὄν, qui victoriam in praeliis ob- tinet: he who prevails in battle. Κρατήσιμάχον σθένος ἰῶν Pyth. 9. 150. See Κράτῶ and Μάχη.

Κρατήσιπους, πῶδος, qui cursu pedum vicit: victorious in running. Pyth. 10. 25. See above.

Κρατήσιππος, ὄν, qui vicit equis: conquering by means of horses. Nem. 9. 8. See above.

Κράτιδας, ου, ὁ, Cratidas. Τὰν οἶν τὰν πέλλαν Κράτιδα δωρησάμην αὐτὸς Theoc. 5. 99.

Κράτινός, ου, ὁ, Cratinus: the comic poet. Εἰτὰ Κράτινον μεμνημένός δς (anapaesticus) Eq. 526.

Κράτιστεύω, praestantissimus sum: to be most excellent. Εἴτ' ὦ κράτιστεύσας κατ' ὅμ' αὖ Τραχ. 103. SYN. Νικῶ, ὑπερέχω, ἀριστεύω, διαφέρω.

Κράτιστός. See Κάρτιστός.

Κράτος, et poet. Κάρτος, ἔδος, τὸ, robur: strength, power. Ἀρσένων ἑσται κράτος Hec. 871. P. 563. SYN. Ἀλκή, βία, ἰς, δυνάμεις, αρχή, εξουσία. Ερ. Ἀρήϊον, ἀφθίτον, ἀσπείτον, ἀντιθέον, ἀνίκητον, ἀμαιακτέον, δεξιόν, θρασὺ, δεινόν, μέγα, νικηφόρον, ὑψηλόν, πύλιον, ὄχον.

Κράτινῶ, Καρτινῶ, confirmo, munio, impero: to strengthen, support, govern. Eur. Sup. 421. Πενθεὺ κράτινῶν τῇσδε Θηβαίας χθόνος Bacch. 649. A. 215. SYN. Κατισχύω, ἐμπεδῶ, ἀρχω.

Κράτῦς, ὕος, fortis: strong. Πέτετο κράτῦς Ἀργεϊφόντης Ω. 345. SYN. see Κράταις.

Κρανγή, ἡς, ἡ, clamor: a clamour, cry. Orest. 1526. SYN. Βοή, ἀλάλαγμός.

Κρεῖαγρα, *as, ἡ*, fuscina, harpago: a flesh-hook, harpoon. *Katāthou γέ μέντοι καὶ κρεῖαγραν τῇ τι δὴ Vesp. 1155.* SYN. Τρίαινα, ἀρπάγη.

Κρεῖδιον, *ou, τὸ*, caruncula, carnis frustum: a morsel of meat. *Καὶ δὴ βάδιζω τοῦτ' οὗ δὲ τὸ κρεῖδιον Plut. 227.*

Κρεῖανθμος, *ou, ὁ, ἡ*, carnes distribuens: distributing the meat at the sacrifice. *Δαῖτ' αὖ τῷ κρεῖανθμῳ Cycl. 245.*

Κρεῖας, *τὸ*, contract. *κρήs*, gen. *κρεῖατος*, Att. *κρεῖws*, nom. et acc. plur. *κρεῖατᾶ*, Hom. per apocopen, *κρεῖα*, caro: flesh, a piece of flesh. *Κῆρυξ τῇ δὴ τοῦτ' ὅρε κρεῖας ὄφρα φάγησι D. 477. Τὰνδ' ἐτὼν χοίρων τὸ κρήs Acharn. 795. "Ἐπέτον κρεῖα νῶϊ δ' ἔπειτα A. 775.* SYN. Σᾶρε, σῶμα. *Ερ. Ξενίκον, θερμὸν, βδεῖον, οπτὸν, οπτᾶλῶν, τερπνόν, αἰμδύφυκτον, ανδρομέων, ὠμὸν.*

Κρεγμὸς, *ou, ὁ*, pulsatio, sonus: a twang, sound. *Κρεγμῷ παρθενικήν Apoll. 4. 909.* SYN. Ἀραγμὸς, δοῦπὸς, κἀνάχη, κρούσις.

Κρειοισά, *as, ἡ*, Creioisa: one of the Naiads. *Pyth. 9. 30.*

Κρεῖως, *ὁ*, Creus. *Κοῖον τε Κρεῖον D' Hes. Theog. 134.*

Κρεῖουσᾶ. See Κρεῖων.

Κρεισστέκνως, *ὄν*, liberis melior: better than his children. *Sept. Th. 787.* See Τέκνυν.

Κρείσσαν, compar. τοῦ Κράπυς. *Aj. 456.*

Κρεῖων, *οντὸς, ὁ*; Κρεῖουσᾶ, *ἡ*, regnator, regnatrix: a ruler, king, queen. *A. 130. X. 48.* SYN. Ἄναξ, βασιλεὺς, αρχὸς, ἄρχων.

Κρεῖαδιόν, *ou, τὸ*, aulæum: a curtain: cf. *Bruckn. in l. Ὁρόφην Ξεασαί κρεῖαδι' αὐλῆs δαυμάσον Vesp. 1215.*

Κρεκτός, *ἡ, ὄν*, pulsatus, sonorus: struck with the quill, creaking, shrill, sharp. *Choeph. 808.* SYN. Διγυρός.

Κρέκω, pectine pulso: to play upon the harp, to rattle. *Av. 683.* SYN. Κιθάριζω, κρούω, ἡχέω, αὐλέω.

Κρεῖμαθρα, *as, ἡ*, stragulum pensile: a coverlet or basket hung up in a room. *Φερέ τις γὰρ οὗτος οὐπὶ τῆs κρεῖμαθρας ἀνὴρ Nub. 219.* SYN. Κρήνη.

Κρεῖμαστὸς, *ἡ, ὄν*, pensilis: hung up, hanging. *Antig. 1221.*

Κρεῖμᾶω, f. *κρεῖμᾶσω*, (2) *med. Κρεῖμᾶμαι* et *Κρήμᾶμαι*, (1) *suspensio*: to hang up; (2) *pendeo*: to hang. *Εἰ μὴ κρεῖμασας τὸ νῦν καὶ τὴν φροντίδα Nub. 229. Eur. El. 1217.* SYN. Ἀπαιωρέω, ἀνακρεῖμᾶω.

Κρεμβᾶλιαστὺς, *ὅς, ἡ*, sonus qui excitatur a crembalum pulsantibus: the sound of the tambourine. *Φωνὰs καὶ κρεμβᾶλιαστων Hom. Apoll. 162.* SYN. Δοῦπὸς, ἡχὸς, κτύπος.

Κρέξ, *κρέξος, ἡ*, avis quædam δισοιωνίστος τοῖs γάμοισι, an Egyptian bird with a serrated beak. *Av. 1137.*

Κρεῖδότης, *ou, ὁ, ἡ*, carnem devorans: feeding on flesh. *Æsch. Sup. 295.* SYN. Κρεῖθρωτός.

Κρεῖδικῶεω, carnes seco: to cut flesh. *Pers. 469.* "Nunquam κρεῖδωσις, κρεῖδικῶεω, κρεῖ-πώλης, κρεῖσάθμη dicunt Attici, sed brevem vocalem semper habent." *Porson's Suppl. p. clvi.* Κρεῖωκοπεῖν, however, is retained, *Cyclops, v. 359.*, and so it is quoted by *Blomfield* in his *Glossary*, *Pers. 469.* SYN. Διασπάω, σπαράττω.

Κρεόντειος, *ὄν*, Creonteus: of Creon. *Ce. R. 400.*

Κρεουργός, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, Ianians: butchering. *Agam. 1582.*

Κρεουσᾶ, *ης, ἡ*, Creusa: the name of several distinguished women. *Ion 11.*

Κρεῶκῶεω. See Κρεῖδικῶεω.

Κρέων, *οντὸς, ὁ*, (1) dominus: a lord, a ruler; (2) Creon: the name of several distinguished persons. *Hipp. 1163. Phœn. 11.* SYN. See (1) Κρεῖων.

Κρεῶφυλὸς, *ou, ὁ*, Creophylus: a poet, according to some, contemporary with Homer. *Κρεῶφυλῳ Ζεὺ φίλῳ τοῦτ' μέγα Call. Ep. 6. 4.*

Κρήγυς, *ὄν*, bonus, jucundus: dear or welcome to the heart. *Πώπῳτ' μοι τὸ κρήγυν εἶπας A. 106.* SYN. Προσφίλης, φίλος, ἀγαθός, χάρις, χρησίμος.

Κρήδεμνὸν, Dor. Κράδεμνὸν, *ou, τὸ*, capitis ligamentum; operculum doliorum; septum: a bandage for the head; the lid of a cask; an inclosure. *Æ. 184.* SYN. Κάλυπτρα, ἀμπυξ, ἀνδρόσμη, ταῖνια. *Ερ. Κάλῶν, νηγάτῶν, λιπαρόν, λαῖνον.*

Κρηθεὺς, *ἔως, ὁ*, Cretheus: son of Æolus. *Δ. 257.*

Κρήθις, *ιδὸς, ἡ*, Crethis. *Κρηθιδᾶ τὴν πῶλυ-μυθὸν Call. Ep. 17. 1.*

Κρήνᾶμαι. See Κρεῖμᾶω.

Κρημνῶποιος, *ὄν*, grandiloquus: one who uses high towering words. *Ψῶφον πλέων αξιοτάτων στόμφακᾶ κρημνῶποιον (hipponæctic verse) Nub. 1370.*

Κρημνὸς, *ου, ὁ*, præcipitum: a high rock, precipice. *Iph. T. 1374.* SYN. Φάραγξ, ἄκρον, σκόπελός, χάραδρα, πέτρα. *Ερ. Ὑψηλός, πέτρῳδης, ἡλίεσσός, ηχηεῖς, στὸνδεις.*

Κρηναῖος, *α, ὄν*, fontanus: of a fountain. *Hipp. 225.* SYN. Πηγαῖος.

Κρήνη, *ης, ἡ*, fons: a fountain. *ζ. 292.* SYN. Πίδαξ, πγνη, λιθάς, νῦμα. *Ερ. Ἀένναος, κᾶλη, αμερῶσια, αλσῶδης, ὑδροχῦτός, αὔπνός, ἱέρα, καλ-λινᾶος, καλλιρέεθρος, Πηγαῖος, Ἑλικωνίς.* See Πηγή.

Κρηναῖδες, Κρηνίδες, *ων, αἱ*, nymphæ fontanæ: the Naiads, or nymphs presiding over fountains. *Καὶ τὰν Κρηναῖδων Theoc. 1. 22. Mosch. 3. 29.* SYN. See Νύμφαι.

Κρηνίς, *ιδὸς, ἡ*, fonticulus: a little fountain. *Πᾶs ἀν δρόσερᾶs ἀπὸ κρηνίδος Hipp. 208.*

Κρηπίς, *ιδὸς, ἡ*, (1) crepada, soccus: a military shoe; (2) basis, fundamentum: a foundation; (3) erepido, margo, ora, ripa: a coast, bank of a river; (4) placenta genus: a kind of cake. *Κρηπίδὸς εντὸs ὡs παρος χρηστῆριον Androm. 1101.* SYN. (1) Εμεῖs, ἀρεῦλη, ἐνδρόμῖs, (2) Δεμελῖον, βᾶθρον.

Κρήs, caro. See Κρεῖας.

Κρήs, ἡτὸς, ὁ, Cres, Cretensis: a Cretan. *Bæch. 121.* *Ερ. Τοξόφθρος, χαλκὸςχίτων.*

Κρησῆρα, *as, ἡ*, cribrum pollinarium: a bolting-cloth. *Κρησῆραν αἰτουμένηα Eccles. 991.*

Κρήσιϋς, Κρήσος, Κρηταῖος, Κρητικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, Creticus: Cretan. *Hipp. 716. Aj. 1295. Call. 1. 34. Eur. fr. Polyx. 10. 1.*

Κρήσῶα, *ἡ*, Cressa: Cretan. *Orest. 18.*

Κρήσος. See Κρήσιϋς.

Κρηταῖος. See Κρήσιϋς.

Κρήτη, *ης, ἡ*; Κρήται, *ὄν, αἱ*, Creta: Crete, now called Candia. *N. 450. ξ. 199.* *Ερ. Αμφιάλως, πέριρρύτος, ευρεῖα, ἐκατόμυλῖs, τιμή-εσσᾶ. Puk. see τ. 174.*

Κρητήρ. See Κρατήρ.

Κρητίκός. See Κρήσιός.

Κρητικός, more Cretico: after the Cretan fashion. Κρητικῶς οὖν τῷ πῶδε Eccles. 1165.

Κρί, τὸ, indecl., et Κρίθη, ἡ, hordeum: barley. Ἐσθᾶσιν κρί λευκῶν E. 196. Πυροὶ καὶ κριθαί ι. 110.

Κριβάντης, Κριβανωτός, ου, ὁ, testaceus panis: a loaf baked in an oven. Καὶ τῆς ἑμῆς τοὺς κριβάντας ἐκέφερε Acharn. 1123. Plut. 765.

Κρίβανός, ου, ὁ, (et Κριβάνων, τὸ, si sequaris Schol. ad seq. loc.), clibanus: an oven. Εκ κριβάνου βοὺς καὶ τίς εἶδε πῶποτε Acharn. 86. SYN. Κάμινός, βαύνος.

Κριβανωτός. See Κριβάντης.

Κριθῶν, arietis more: like a ram. Ἄψαντες εἶτ' ἐς τὴν θύραν κριθῶν ἐμπετοῦμεν (hipponacticus vers.) Lysist. 809.

Κριθᾶω, hordeo pastus lascivio: to feed on barley, to get wanton. Agam. 1631. See Κρίθη in Κρή.

Κρίθη. See Κρή.

Κριθοτράγος, ου, ὁ, hordeo vescens: feeding on barley. Νέμεσθέ φυλά μύρια κριθοτράγων Av. 232. See Κρίθη in Κρή.

Κρίκος, ου, ὁ, circus, annulus: a circle, ring. Ἐπὶ δὲ κρίκων ἐστώρι βάλλον Ω. 272. SYN. see Κύκλος, and Κίρκος.

Κρίκω, sonum stridulum vel gravem edo: to squeak, creek. Τὸ δὲ διαστήτην κρίκῃ δὲ ὕδυν Π. 470. SYN. Ψόφω, ηχέω, δουπέω, κρίζω.

Κρίμα, ἄτος, τὸ, iudicium, iudicatio, accusatio, crimen: a trial, accusation, decision. Οὐκ εὐκρίτον τὸ κρίμα Aesch. Sup. 409.

Κρίμων, ου, τὸ, farina crassior: coarse barley meal. Call. fr. 205.

Κριμωνῶδης, ἔος, farina crassiori similis: like barley meal. Nub. 962.

Κρίνον, ου, Κρίνῃ, ων, τὰ, lilium: a lily. Λευκὸν τὸ κρίνον ἐστὶ Theoc. 23. 30. Nub. 911. SYN. Λερίϊον. Ερ. Λευκοχρῶν, οὐρεσι-φοιτῶν, γέλων, λευκὸν, ἀπαλόν.

Κρίνω, κρίνῳ, cerno, iudico, condemnno, punio: to sift, separate, decide, condemn, punish. Κρίν' ἀνδρας κατὰ φυλά B. 362. SYN. Ἐπίλεγω, κατὰ κρίνω, δικάζω, δέμιστεύω, πρίκρινω, ψηφίζω.

Κρίως, οὐ, ὁ, aries: a ram. Ἐγὼ καὶ τράγον καὶ κρίον ἐστέφανωμένους Plut. 820. SYN. Κτίλος. Ερ. Βάθυμαλλός, αργίπους, κέραός, χρυσόμαλλός.

Κρίσᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, Crissa: a city of the Phocians, sacred to Apollo. Κρίσαν τε ζῆθεῖν καὶ Δαυλίᾳ B. 520. Ερ. Ευδείελός, ἀμπελδεοσᾶ.

Κρισαῖος, ὄν, Crissaeus: of Crissa, a Crissæan. Κρισαίων ἀλχοι Hom. Apoll. 446.

Κρίσις, ἑως, ἡ, accusatio, iudicium, damnatio: accusation, trial, decision, condemnation. Μορφῆς δέλουσαι διὰ πέρασθαι κρίσιν Helen. 26. SYN. Κρίμα, ἀλήθειά, ἐξετάσις. Ερ. Αμφιθέλλος, ἀμεμπτός, νημερτής, ποιητῶν, στύγερᾶ, στυνγῆ, δικάια, ἀδικός, κακῆ, ἀγνή.

Κρίτης, οὐ, ὁ, iudex: a judge. Πᾶσιν ἀνθρώποις κρίτης Androm. 1165. SYN. Δικάσπολός, δίκαστῆς, δίκης βράβευς, αἰσυνήτης.

Κριτίας, ου, ὁ, Critias. Τίον ἔχω Κριτίαν Call. Ep. 13. 4.

Κρίτός, ἡ, ὄν, eximius: selected, excellent. Αἰσυννῆται δὲ κρίτοι ἐννέα θ. 258. SYN. Ἐκ-κρίτός, ἐξαιρετός.

Κρόαίνω, pulso, insulto: to stamp, prance. Z. 507. SYN. Κρούω, πηδάω.

Pros. Lex.

Κροῖσμος, ου, ὁ, Croesmus: a noble Trojan. O. 523.

Κρόκαλη, ἡς, ἡ, calculus littoralis: littus: a pebble on the sea-shore; a shore. Iph. A. 211. A brevis, ut in κροτάλῳ. SYN. Ψήφος, αἰγιάλός, κρόκη.

Κρόκεῦς, ὄν; Κρόκεις, εσσᾶ, ἔν, croceus: of a saffron colour, saffron-coloured. Hec. 466. Phoen. 1505.

Κρόκη, ἡς, Κρόξ, κρόκος, ἡ, (1) trama, tramaen, subtemen: the cross thread in the warp of a weaver's loom, the woof of a web; (2) lana: a woven garment; (3) calculus: a pebble. Eur. fr. Autol. 3. 12. Hes. Op. 536. SYN. (1) Κλωστήρ, (2) χλαῖνᾶ, χλαμῦδις.

Κρόκόθαπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Κρόκόθαφής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, croco tinctus: died of a saffron colour. Pers. 665. Agam. 1090. See Βάφῃ. SYN. Κρόκεῦς, κρόκεις.

Κρόκεις. See Κρόκεῦς.

Κρόκόπεπλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, croceo peplo indutus: saffron-robed, ruddy. Ὡς μὲν κρόκόπεπλος T. 1.

Κρόκος, ου, ὁ, crocus: crocus, saffron. Ξ. 348. Ερ. Ἡδύς, εὐδομάς, ξανθός, ἱμέρις, χρύσειός, χρυσαυγής.

Κρόκύλος, ου, ὁ, Crocylus. Τὸ Κρόκύλος μοί ἔδωκε Theoc. 5. 11.

Κρόκωτόν, Κρόκωτιδῶν, ου, τὸ, tenuis ex serico vestis, Bacchi quasi. peculiaris: a rich silk robe of yellow worn on feasts of Bacchus, or by women of quality. Thesm. 945. Τὸ κρόκατιδῶν ἀμψιχρῶμένους οὐδύεται Eccles. 332.

Κρόκωτόφρῶν, crocotam gesto: to wear the crocota. Lysist. 44.

Κρόκωτός, ἡ, ὄν, croco tinctus: spangled with crocuses, or tinged with saffron. Nem. 1. 58. SYN. Κρόκόθαπτός, κρόκόθαφής, κρόκεῦς, κρό-κεις.

Κρόμμυον, Κρόμῶν, ου, τὸ, cepa: an onion. ἔμοι δὲ τέμαχῃ κρομμύοις γὰρ ἀχθῶμαι Acharn. 1100. Ἐπὶ δὲ κρόμμυον πτόφ' ὄλον Λ. 629. Thus κρόμμυον is used by Aristophanes, κρόμμυον by Homer. Ερ. Ὀψὺν πτόφω, ισχάλεον.

Κρομμυοῦρεγμία, ας, ἡ, foetidus ructus: a belch, smelling of onions and vinegar. Τοῦ μὲν γὰρ ὅζει κρομμυοῦρεγμίας Pax 528. See Οἶζος.

Κρόνιδης, ου, Κρόνϊων, ἰωνός, Κρόνϊων, ἰωνός, ὁ, Saturno satus: the son of Saturn, an epithet of Jupiter. Κοιμίζει φλογμῷ Κρόνιδας Hec. 472. Καὶ πῶς ὦ μῶρῃ σὺ καὶ Κρόνϊων (anapesticus versus) Nub. 399. Ζηνὸς μὲν παῖς ἦᾶ Κρόνιδόνος λ. 619. SYN. see Ζεὺς.

Κρόνιός, Κρόνικός, ἡ, ὄν, Saturnius, antiquus, obsoletus: Saturnian, antiquated, doting. Κρόνιοι δ' ὦδ' ἐ λέγοντί νόμοι Call. 5. 100. Plut. 581.

Κρόνιππός, ου, ὁ, valde fatuus: an old stallion, an old fool. Nub. 1066. SYN. Ἰέριστής, κρόνός.

Κρόνός, ου, ὁ, (1) Saturnus: Saturn; (2) senex delirus et morosus, fatuus, bardus: a superannuated old fool. E. 721. Vesp. 1480. Ερ. (1) Αγκυλόμητης, ἀμείλικτός, μέγας, κραιπνός, Οὐρανίδης, οὐρανίος, πρόμαντις, στυνγνός, παιδὸ-φόνος, (2) αρχαῖος, λήρως, μῶρως, ἀναίσθητός.

Κρόξ. See Κρόκη.

Κρόσσαι, ὦν, αἰ, pinnae murorum et turrium; gradus: pinnacles; steps. M. 258. SYN. Στέ-φᾶνη, ἀνάσθαμος.

Κροτάλιζω, pulso, crepitare facio: to cause a loud rattling. Κεῖν' ὄχεα κροτάλιζον A. 160. SYN. Κροτέω, ψόφω, ἤχew.

Κροτάλλον, ου, τὸ, crepitaculum: a rattle. Λέγειν γένησιν τρίμυα κροτάλον παιπάλῃ Nub. 260. SYN. Κώδων, πλατάγημα, λαλός.

Κροτάφος, ου, δ, tempus, pars capitis: the temples. Νύξ κατὰ κροτάφον T. 397.

Κροτέω, pulso, verbero, plaudo: to beat, clap, rattle. Theoc. 18. 35. SYN. Ἑκκροτέω, κροτάλιζω, ἀνὰ κρούω, θορύβεω, λακέω.

Κροτήμα, ἄτος, τὸ, crepitaculum: a rattle. Rhes. 498. SYN. see Κροτάλον, κροτός.

Κροτήσμος, Κροτός, ου, δ, plausus, pulsus: a clapping of hands, knocking. Sept. Th. 557. Anacr. 27. 8. SYN. Κροτήμα, κτύπος, ψόφος, θορύβος, βόη, ἑπαινός, κρούμα.

Κροτήτος, ἡ, ὅν, pulsatus: beaten. Κτύπου κροτήτων ἀρμάτων κύνις δ' ἄνω Soph. El. 716.

Κροτός. See Κροτήσμος.

Κρούμα, ἄτος, τὸ, instrumenti musici sonus; pulsus: the striking of a musical instrument; a knocking. Thesm. 120. SYN. Κροτός, κροτήμα, κτύπος.

Κρουνός, οὔ, δ, scatebra, saliens fons: a fountain, torrent, stream. Hec. 566.

Κρουνοχῦτρούληραιον, ου, τὸ, nugax, vox comica: an insipid talker. Ἀληθές οὗτος κρουνοχῦτρούληραιον εἰ Eq. 89. EXP. Φλυαρός, ηλιθίος, ἀποπληκτός.

Κρουσιδήμω, populo aures obtundo: to stun the people. Ὅσον μὲ πᾶρέκοπτον χρόνον τοιαῦτὰ κρουσιδημῶν (hipponacticus versus) Eq. 855. SYN. Κατάκρουω, πάρεκρούομαι, ἀπάττω.

Κρουσίς, ἴος, ἡ, pulsatio, inpr. instrumenti musici; item krusa: a beating; overreaching by noise, blustering. Nub. 317.

Κρουστῆς, ὅν, pulsandus: must be beaten or knocked. Eccles. 989.

Κρουστικός, ἡ, ὅν, pulsandi vim habens; pulsans aures; sonorus: capable of striking; blustering; sonorous. Καὶ σάφης καὶ κρουστικός Eq. 1379. SYN. Σφοδρὸς, δεινὸς λέγειν.

Κρούω, ferio, pulso, collido: to beat, knock at. Herc. F. 1295. See Hermann. SYN. Ἀνὰ κρούω, τύπτω, παίω, κροτέω.

Κρύεδα, Κρύεθν, clam: secretly, without the knowledge of. Κρύεδα διὸς ἄλλων τὲ θῶν Σ. 168. π. 153. SYN. Κρύφα, κρύφῃ, κρύφῃδον, λάθραϊως, λάθρα, ἀδήλως.

Κρύερος, ἂ, ὅν, frigidus, horridus: cold, shivering, dreadful. Κῆρος κρύεροιὸ γόσιον δ. 103. SYN. Κρύεις, ψυχρός, φοβέρος, δεινός.

Κρυμός, οὔ, δ; Κρύος, εὖς, τὸ, frigus, glacies: cold, ice. Δύσαα κρυμὸν ἄγουσα Call. 3. 115. Hes. Op. 492. Κρὺν in κρύος, ut in κρύεις. SYN. Ρίγος, πάγος, ψυχρός, κρύσταλλος.

Κρύεις, εσσα, ἐν, horribilis: dreadful, terrible. Φόβου κρύεντος ἐταίρη I. 2. SYN. see Κρύερος.

Κρύος. See Κρυμός.

Κρυπαῖος, α, ὅν, clandestine: clandestine, secret. Κρυπαῖα φρονέοντ᾽ A. 542.

Κρυπητός, ὅν, celandus: to be concealed. Antig. 273.

Κρυπτεύω, occulto; insidiari tento: to conceal; to try to ensnare. Helen. 540. SYN. see Κρυπτάσκω.

Κρυπτός, ἡ, ὅν, occultus: secret, concealed. Androm. 1052. SYN. Κρυπαῖος, κρυφαῖος, κρύφιος, λάθραϊος, ἀπὸρρήτος, σκεπτός.

Κρύπτω, inpr. κρύπτασκέ, abscondo: to hide, bury. Hec. 568. Κρύπτασκέ φάινω Θ. 272. SYN. Κρυπτεύω, ἀποκρύπτω, κατὰκρύπτω, κἀλύπτω, κἀτάδω, κλέπτω, κεύθω.

Κρυσταλλοπήξ, ἡγός; Κρυσταλλοπηκτός, ὅν, glacie concretus: frozen. Pers. 507. Rhes. 438.

Κρύσταλλος, ου, δ, glacies: ice. ξ. 477. SYN. Ρίγος, κρυμός, πάγος. EP. Διαιγής, χιδνός.

Κρύφαῖος, Κρύφιος, α, ὅν, occultus: concealed, secret. Νῶσθιν κρύφαίαν ἦνικ' Ion 944. Herc. F. 344. SYN. see Κρυπτός.

Κρύφαλος, Κρύφιος, Κρύφῃ, Κρύφῃδον, occulte: secretly. Ναυσὶν κρύφαλος δρασμὸν Pers. 376. Hec. 979. Antig. 84. τ. 299.

Κρύφῃ, ἡδον. See above.

Κρύφιος, -ως. See above.

Κρύψις, ἔως, ἡ, occultatio: a hiding. Bacch. 943.

Κρώβυλος, ου, δ, crinis retortus: braided hair, a curl or lock of hair. Μᾶλλον οὐκ τῶν κρωβύλων Vesp. 1267. SYN. Κύρμβος.

Κρώζω, crocoto: to croak, caw like a raven. Hes. Op. 745. SYN. Θρυλλέω, βῶαω.

Κρωσός, οὔ, δ, hydria, urceus: a water-pot, cuse. Ion 1173. SYN. Ὑδρία, κάλπις.

Κτᾶμαι, comparo: to obtain, acquire, perf. possess. Κτᾶσθαι φίλους Eur. Sup. 236. SYN. Ανακτᾶμαι, κτεάτιν, ἔχω, ἀπολάω, πᾶμαι.

Κτᾶω. See Κτείνω.

Κτεάνον, ου, Κτεᾶρ, ἄτος, τὸ, possessio: a possession. Μετὰ δὲ κτεάνων μέτριον βιότας Ion 493. "Ἄμ' ἄλλοισιν κτεάτεσσιν Z. 426.

SYN. Κτήμα, τὰ χρήματ᾽, περίουσια. EP. Ἑράσμειον, εὐλοβόν.

Κτεᾶτειρά, as, ἡ, domina: a mistress. Κόσμων μεγάλων κτεᾶτειρα Agam. 347.

Κτεάτιζω, acquirō, possideo: to acquire, possess. Κεῖται πολλὰ κτεάτισσας β. 102. SYN. see Κτᾶμαι.

Κτεᾶτός, ου, δ, Cteatus: a prince of the Eleans. Τίς δ' ἐν Κτεᾶτον B. 621.

Κτείνω, Κτᾶω, Κτήμι, interficio: to kill. Med. 482. Χρυσήνους Ἀρτέμις ἐκτα Z. 205. Τὸν δὲ κατ' ἐμὸν πᾶρ' ὄχεσφι E. 28. SYN. Ἀποκτείνω, κατακτείνω, σφάττω, φονεύω. PHH. Ἐρεβεννὴν νυκτὶ καλύψαι, ψυχὴν αἰδι προῖάψαι, φονὴν αἵμα γῇ διδόναι χῶδα, αἷμα χειρὶ θῆσθαι, αἷμα πράττειν (τινός).

Κτεῖς, κτενός, δ, pecten: a comb, harrow. Call. 5. 31.

Κτενίζω, pecto: to comb, dress. Hipp. 1169. SYN. Πεκτέω.

Κτενισμός, οὔ, δ, pexatio: a combing. Eur. El. 529.

Κτεράς, ἄτος, τὸ, possessio: a possession. Τῇ μὲν κτεράς οὐδὲν ὁμοῖον K. 216. SYN. see Κτήμα.

Κτερεᾶ, Κτερίσματ᾽, ὡν, τὰ, inferiæ, exequiæ: funeral honours, obsequies. α. 291. Troad. 1238. SYN. Ἐναγίσματ᾽, ἐνταφία, δύματ᾽.

Κτερεῖζω, Κτερίζω, exequias celeberr, parentalia parento: to perform funeral rites. See in Κτερεᾶ. Κτερίζω occurs Helen. 1244. EXP. Ἐναγίζω, θάπτω.

Κτερίσματ᾽. See Κτερεᾶ.

Κτήμα, ἄτος, τὸ, possessio: a possession. Orest. 224. SYN. Κτεάνον, κτεράς, δῶρον, κτήσις, κτεᾶρ. EP. Ἀκρήατον, εσθλόν, πόθεινόν.

Κτήμι. See Κτείνω.

Κτήνός, ἔός, τὸ, possessio; jumentum; pecus: a possession; a beast of burden; a sheep. Call. Dian. 125. SYN. Βῆτόν, ζῶν, κτήμα.

Κτήσιος, ου, ὁ, (1) Ctesius: the father of Eumæus; (2) dans possessiones: giving property. Κτήσιος Ορμενίδης ο. 413.

Κτήσις, ἔως, ἡ, possessio: possession, inheritance. E. 158. SYN. see Κτήμα.

Κτητός, ἡ, ὄν, qui quari potest; quæsitus, emptus: capable of being acquired, procurable; sought for, bought. Hipp. 1289.

Κτιδῆος, α, ὄν, viverræ sylvestris pelle seu corio confectus: made of a ferret's skin. Κτιδῆν κύνῃν κεφάλῃφιν ἔλοντο K. 458.

Κτίζω, condo, fabrico: to found, build. Σοί νῦν ἐκγόνου κτίσαν Phœn. 693. SYN. Δέμω, κἀταρτύνω, ποίῳ, οἰκίζω.

Κτίλδος, ου, ὁ, aries: a ram. Αὐτὸς δὲ κτίλδος ὧς Γ. 196. SYN. see Κρύος.

Κτιμένη, ης, ἡ, Ctimene: the sister of Ulysses. ἅμα Κτιμένη τάνυτέπλω ο. 362.

Κτισίς, ἔως, ἡ, fundatio; res: a founding; a thing. Olymp. 13. 118. Κτι brevis, ut in κτίτης.

Κτιστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, conditor, incola: a founder, inhabitant. Ion 74. SYN. Αρχηγός.

Κτίτης, ου, ὁ, incola, conditor: an inhabitant, settler. Ἰππίου τ' Ἀργους κτίται Orest. 1638. SYN. Οικήτωρ.

Κτύπεω, strepo, strepito: to make a roaring noise, resound. Εκτύπει δρόμήμασιν Med. 1177. SYN. Ψόφω, δουπέω, βροντάω.

Κτύπημα, ἄτος, τό; Κτύπος, ου, ὁ, sonitus, strepitus: a loud noise, clapping, roar, crash. Androm. 1200. Μῆδ' ἔστω κτύπος Orest. 137. SYN. Ψόφος, ἡχός, δουπός, βρόμους, πᾶτάγος, πλάτᾱγημα, ἀραγμός. Ερ. Ἀλίσστων, αἰὼν, ἀμφίπληξ, βάρυνδον, σμερδαλέον, ῥόθιον, πῆδαστιον.

Κτύπος. See above.

Κυάθος, ου, ὁ, cyathus; cucurbitula: a cup, a measure containing two κόγχα and four μύστρά; a cupping-glass. Ἀπαξάπασαι καὶ κύαθος προκειμέναι Pax 542. SYN. Ἐκπομά, πύτηριον, κισσύθειον.

Κυάμος, ου, ὁ, faba; calculus: a bean; a vote, ballot. Ἐπισκόπος ἦκω δευρὶ τῷ κυάμῳ λᾶχών Av. 1022. SYN. Ψῆφος.

Κυάμοτρώξ, ὦγος, ὁ, fabarum vorator: a bean-eater. Ἀγροικὸς οργὴν κυάμοτρώξ ἀκράχολος Eq. 41.

Κυάναγίς, ἰδός, ἡ, nigram ac formidabilem gestans ægida: having a black or awful shield. Κυάναγίς ἐν ὄρφνῳ Olymp. 13. 100.

Κυάναμπυξ, ὑκός, cæruleum habens redimiculum: adorned with a dark-hued fillet. Κυάναμπυκά Φοῖβος Ἀπόλλων Theoc. 17. 67.

Κυάναυγης, ἔός, cæruleus: sky-bright. Ἀερίᾱ καὶ σκιδιᾱ γέ καὶ κυάναυγέα Av. 1389.

Κυάνεμβολός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cæruleum rostrum habens: having a blue beak. Πρώραις κυάνεμβολοῖς Eur. El. 436., answered by Ὅσας ἱερὰς νῆας.

Κυάνεός, α, ὄν, cæruleus: dark blue, dusky. Ἡ καὶ κυάνεσιν ἐπ' ορρούσῃ A. 528. Αἰράς ἑλίσσων κυάνεαν ἅλα στρέφει Iph. T. 7. The first syllable of Κυάνεός is necessarily long in the Epic poets; it is long also in the choral odes of Euripides; but short in Iambic verse, and Pers. 83., where the true reading is that adopted by Blomf. Κυάνοῦν δ' ὁμᾱσὶ λεύσων.

SYN. Κυάναυγης, κυάνθειδης, κυάνοχρῶς, γλαυκός, μέλας, ἰδειδής.

Κυάνθειδης, ἔός, cæruleus: dark-looking. Κυάνθειδὲς ἀμφ' ὕδαρ Helen. 179., answering to πτερύφοροι νεάνιδες.

Κυάνοπεζα, ης, ἡ, nigros aut cæruleos pedes habens: having black, blue, or azure feet. Κυάνοπεζαν ἐξέυον A. 628.

Κυάνοπρᾶρεῦς, Κυάνοπρωρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nigram proram habens: dark-prowed. Νῆας κυάνοπρωρείους γ. 299. Νῆος κυάνοπρωροῖα Ψ. 852.

Κυάνοπτέρως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alas cæruleas seu nigras habens: dark-winged. Androm. 854. See below.

Κυάνος, οὐ vel ου, ὁ, metallum cæruleum, s. nigricans: a dark kind of metal, probably dark blue steel. Μέλαινος κυάνοιο A. 24.

Κυάνοστόλδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cærulea veste amictus: dark-robed. Δειλαία κυάνοστόλῃ Bion l. 4. SYN. Μέλᾱνεῖνον, μέλαμπέπλος, μέλαγχίταν.

Κυάνοφρύς, ὕδς, ὁ, ἡ, nigrum habens supercilium: having dark eyebrows. Τὰν κυάνοφρύν ἐρώτιδᾱ Theoc. 4. 59.

Κυάνοχαίτης, ου, ὁ, qui est nigris setis: black-haired, having azure locks. Ενδσίχθονι κυάνοχαίτῃ γ. 6. SYN. Μέλᾱνοθριεῖ.

Κυάνοχρῶς, ου, Κυάνοχρως, ὡτός, ὁ; Κυάνοχρωτός, ου, qui cyani colore est: dark-coloured. Helen. 150l. See Κυάνος. Phœn. 317. Κυάνοχρωτοὶ ἄνασσαί Orph. H. 69. 6.

Κυάνωπις, ἰδός, ἡ; Κυάνωπης, ου, cæruleo aspectu: black-eyed. Κυάνωπιδὸς Ἀμφιτρίτης μ. 60.

Κύδδᾱ, inclinato capite: with the head bent down. Πὰρὰ τὸν Ἀγνιᾱ κύδδ' ἐχόμενῃ τῆς δᾱφνης Thesm. 489.

Κυῖελλῃ, Κυῖεθῃ, ης, ἡ, Cybele: the mother of the gods. Δέσποινᾱ Κυῖελλῃ στρουθῇ μητέρῃ Κλεῖοκρίτου Av. 876. Οἱ μὲν κάλῃν Κυῖεθῃν Anacr. 13. 1. SYN. see Ρεᾱ.

Κυβερνάω, gubernō: to pilot, steer, govern. Κεῖτᾱ κυβερνᾶν αὐτὸν ἐαυτῷ Eq. 544. SYN. Δίετω, ἰθύνω, οἰακαστροφῶ, πρῦτάνεω, ἄγω, ἀρχω.

Κυβερνησίς, ἔως, ἡ, gubernatio: steering, rule. Pyth. 10. 112. See above. SYN. Οἰᾱς, ἐνταξία.

Κυβερνητήρ, ἥρος, Κυβερνήτης, ου, ὁ, gubernator: a pilot. Οὐ γὰρ Φαιήκεσσι κυβερνητῆρὲς ἔασιν δ. 557. γ. 279. SYN. Ευθυντήρ, ἐνθύντης, οἰακαστροφῆς, ἐπιστάτης, ναὺς ποίμην. Ερ. Κεδνός, σφῶς, αἰπνός.

Κυτεύω, tesseris ludo: to play at dice, gamble. Eccles. 673. See Κυῖσος. SYN. Κινδυνεύω, κῦδὸν ῥίπτω, πεττεύω.

Κυῖεθῃ. See Κυῖελλῃ.

Κυῖσιτᾱ, præcipito me velut in aquam: to dive head foremost, tumble. Κάτᾱ καλά ῥέεθρά κυῖσιτων Γ. 354. SYN. Δύπτω.

Κυῖσισητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (1) urinator: a diver; (2) saluator: a tumbler. Πικροὺς κυῖσισητήρᾱς ἐκνέουκotas Phœn. 1167. SYN. (1) Ἀρνευτήρ, (2) ορχήστης.

Κῦδός, ου, ὁ, eubus, alea, aleæ lusus: a die, chance, gambling. Μέλᾱνιππὸς ἔργον δ' ἐν κῦβοις Ἄρης κρίνει Sept. T. 410.

Κυδάζω, convitior, maledico: to inveigh against. Δῆ μὲ κακῷ ἐκῡδάσσαδ' μύθῳ Apoll. 1. 1337. SYN. Λοιδόρεω, ὑβρίζω, δυσφημέω, κακῶω.

Κυδαίνω, celebroy, decoro: to honour, exalt.

Ἀκροντὸ τέ κύδιανόν τε E. 448. SYN. Δοξάζω, ἐπικλείω, γέραίρω, τιμῶ.

Κυδάλιμος, ὄν, gloriosus: gloriosus. Μένελαον κυδάλιμοιο Δ. 100. SYN. Σύνετος, ἐνδοξός, ευπρέπης, τίμιος, κιδίμος, κυδρός, κενός.

Κυδιάνειρά, ἡ, honestans viros: man-ennobling. Μάχη ἐνι κυδιάνειρῃ Z. 124.

Κυδιῶν, glorior: to be proud or to exult in. Κυδιῶν ὅτι πᾶσι B. 579. SYN. Γαυριῶν, αυχέω, ἄσρνύμαι. PHR. Ἐπιδοξὸν ἀρεσθαι κυδός.

Κυδίμυς, Κυδνός, Κυδρός, ἡ, ὄν, comp. κυδιῶν, superl. κυδιστός (α κιδός, ut εχθίον, ἐχθιστός, ab ἐχθός), gloriosus, venerandus: gloriosus, noble, boastful. Κυδίμυς Ἑρμῆς H. Merc. 46. Διὸς κυδρὴ πᾶράκοιτις Σ. 184. Ατρείδῃ κυδιστέ A. 122.

Κυδιππη, ἡς, ἡ, Cydippe. Γράμματ᾽ ἂ Κυδιππην Call. fr. 101.

Κυδιστός, Κυδιῶν. See Κυδίμυς.

Κυδοιδόπᾶα, Κυδοιμέω, tumultuor: to make a bustling noise. Εἰσι κυδοιμήσων ἐς Ὀλυμπον Q. 136. Et cy est aque brevis in κυδοιδόπᾶα, quae occurrit Nub. 616. SYN. Θορύβεω, τᾶράσσω, συντᾶράσσω.

Κυδοιμέω. See above.

Κυδοίμυς, οὗ, δ, turba, tumultus: a tumult, din. Ποῖ κυδοίμυον ἐμῶλειν Acharn. 573. SYN. Θορύβος, τᾶράχῃ, πύλεμος. EP. Ἀναδὴς, αἰμᾶττοις, ἀμαϊμάκετος, ἀργαλέος, βάρυς, δακρυῖται, δεινός, δυσκέλαδός, ζήμενης, ὀλβός, πολυφλοισβός, πόλισσούχρος, στυγέρος.

Κυδός, ἔος, τὸ, gloria; jaetatio: glory; boast. Κυδέει γάρον A. 405. SYN. Δόξα, κλέος, φήμη, δυνάμεις. EP. Ἄσρον, ἄλλαδον, ἀσπετόν, ἀγρήραον, καλλινικόν, μέγα, ευρύ, ὑπέρτερρον.

Κυδρός. See Κυδίμυς.

Κυδωνές, ὡν, οἱ, Cydones: a nation of Crete. Ἐν δὲ Κυδωνες τ. 176.

Κυδωνικός, Κυδωνίος, ὄν, Cydonius: Cydonian. Μοισασιὶ Κυδωνικόν ευρύμεν ἄνδρα Theoc. 7. 12. Acharn. 1198.

Κυῶ, pario; in utero gesto: to bear; to be pregnant. Ἡμῖνον κυῶουσαν Ψ. 266. T. 117.

Κυζικός, ὡν, ἡ, Cyzicum: a town in Mysia: also Κυζικός, δ, Cyzicus, a hero who gave his name to the island. Κυζικόν ἐν κύνισσι Apoll. 1056.

Κυθήρεια, Κυθήρη, ἡς, ἡ, Cythera: Venus. Ἐυσεφέανος Κυθήρεια σ. 192. Theoc. 30. 16. SYN. see Ἀφροδίτη.

Κυθήρᾳ, ὡν, τὰ, Cythera: an island on the south of Laconia, containing a city of the same name. Ὡ ποτνία Κύπρον καὶ Κυθήρων καὶ Πάφου Lysist. 833.

Κυθήριος, ὡν, Cytherius: of Cythera. Δῶκε Κυθήριῳ Ἀμφιδάμαντι K. 268.

Κυκᾶνᾶ, Κυκᾶω, misceo, turbo: to mix, disturb, confound. Τὶ αὖ σὺ κυκᾶνᾶς ἢ τί κοικύλεις ἔχων Thesm. 852. Καὶ τᾶραττε καὶ κύκα Eq. 251. SYN. Ἀνάκυκᾶω, τᾶράσσω.

Κυκῶν, ὡνός, acc. ἑῶνᾶ, εἰώ et εῶ, δ, miscellanea potio: a mixture, refreshment. Οὐκ εἰ γὰρ κυκῶν ἐπίποιος βληχωνίαν Pax 712. SYN. Κράσις.

Κυκθρόν, ὡν, τὸ, rutrum; turbator: a ladle; a turbulent fellow. Καὶ κυκθρόν καὶ τᾶρακτρον Pax 653., answering with καὶ λάλος καὶ συκοφάντης.

Κυκησιτέφρος, ὡν, δ, ἡ, miscens seu confundens cinerem: mixing ashes, a quack, a sca-

venger. Ran. 711. See Κυκᾶω and Τεφρα. Σί brevis, ut in κροισιδήμῳ.

Κυκλᾶς, ἀδός, ἡ, circularis: encircling. Κυκλᾶδᾶς ἐποικησουσί νησαίαις πόλεις Ion 1583. In the plural, Κυκλᾶδῆς is the name of that group of islands which surround Delos. Δῆλόν κυκλᾶσαντὸ καὶ ὀνύμα Κυκλᾶδῆς εἰσὶν Dionys. 526.

Κυκλέω, verso; duco vel rota veho; eo in orbem: to turn; to convey in a chariot; to go in a circle. Μένελαε ποῖ σὺν ποδὶ ἐπὶ συννοία κύκλεις Orest. 624. SYN. Στρέφω.

Κυκλῶδιδᾶσκάλως, ὡν, δ, poeta dithyrambicus: a teacher or composer of dithyrambs. Ταυτὶ πέποιηκας τὸν κυκλῶδιδᾶσκάλον Av. 1403. See Διδᾶσκάλως. SYN. Διθύραμμοποιός.

Κυκλῶς, Κυκλικός, ὡν, orbiculatus; circumforaneus: circular; circling, belonging to the stage. Τὰς ὑμέτερας κύκλιᾶ τέ πολλὰ καὶ κάλᾳ Av. 918. Call. Ep. 30. See Κυκλός: SYN. Κυκλῶτερής, γυγκυλῶς.

Κυκλῶδῶρῶν, Cyclobori modo clamoribus obtundo: to declaim like the mountain torrent Cycloborus in Attica. Κάκυκλῶδῶρῆς κάπλυεν ὥστ' ὀλίγου πᾶν Acharn. 381.

Κυκλῶδῶρῶς, ὡν, δ, circulator: a juggler. Ἀρταξέ κέκράκτης κύκλῶδῶρον φωνῇν ἔχων Eq. 137.

Κυκλός, ὡν, plur. Κυκλοι, οἱ, et Κυκλά, τὰ, circulus, orbis, revolutio: a circle, orb, revolution. Πάντ᾽ ὑργῶν ἐν κύκλῳ Baech. 642. SYN. Τρόχος, κρίκος. EP. Ἐρίφεγγής, ἐνιαυσίος, δῶδός, δεσπεσίος, λεωφόρος, ποιητός, φάεσφόρος, ευπάγης, δολίος, πτερίνός, ευτύχης, εὐτρόχος, πανσέληνός, φᾶθων, γοργῶς, κάρπιμος.

Κυκλῶσέ, in orbem: in a circle. Κυκλῶσ' ἄφαρ δὲ τέ κυκᾶς ἔση P. 392. SYN. Πέριεξ, κύκλω.

Κυκλῶτερής, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, quasi tornando rotundus factus: rounded. Αυτοῦ κύκλῶτερός ὄντος ὀρθαὶ παντᾶχῃ Av. 1008. SYN. see Κυκλῶς.

Κυκλῶω, cingo; in orbem ago: to encircle; to drive in a circle, enclose, whirl round. Οὕτω κύκλῶσω δαλὸν Cycl. 461. SYN. Ἀνάκυκλῶω, περιβάλλω, περιζώννυμι, ἀμφιβέλλω, στέφανω, ἀμφίσχυμαι, στέφω.

Κυκλωᾶ, ἁτός, τὸ, orbis rotundus; rota; tympanum: a circuit, circumference; a wheel; a drum. Ὡς κύκλωμ' ἱζίλονος Phoen. 1201. SYN. Περὶβόλη.

Κυκλώπιος, Κυκλώπειος, α, ὄν; Κυκλωπῆς, ἰδός, ἡ, Cyclopius: of the Cyclops, Cyclopiian. Iph. A. 1500. Herc. F. 15. Iph. T. 845. See Κυκλωψ.

Κυκλώπῶς, ἡ, ὄν, orbicularis: circular. Σᾶκει κύκλωτῳ σώματος πρόβλημάτι Sept. Th. 536. SYN. Ευκύκλῶς, κύκλιος, κύκλῶτερής.

Κυκλωψ, ὡπός, δ, Cyclops: Cyclops, a one-eyed monster. The Cyclops were a nation of monsters, who were fabled to dwell in Sicily, and to be the workmen of Vulcan. See Odys. 1. and Virg. Aen. 3. Κτείνω Κυκλωπας καὶ μέμνηται Πάτρῃ Alcist. 6. EP. Ἄγριος, μόνωψ, ἀνδρόπαγος, μεγάλῃτωρ, ἀθεμιστός, υπερφίλοδός, πέλωρ, ἀθεμιστία εἰδώς, μὲνός ἀσχετός, ἄλτνας μελόντομῶς, ξένων δαίτυμων, ἀνδοσίος, γενναῖος, Αἰτναῖος, δυσσέβης, ὀλβός, κρυερός, φωνίος, ὠμῶδῶς, ὀρειβάτης, ἀναδὴς, ὑπερηνόρεων, χθονίος. PHR. Τέκτων Διὸς πύρος, ὑπερβῖον ἥτορ ἔχων. See Call. 3. 51.

Κύκνειος, α, ὄν, cygneus : of a swan. Iph. T. 1105. See Κύκνος.

Κυκνὸμορφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cycni speciem habens : like a swan. Τρεῖς κυκνὸμορφοὶ κοινὸν P. V. 820.

Κυκνοπτέρως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cycni pennas habens : swan-winged. Orest. 1383. See below.

Κύκνος, ου, ὁ, (1) eyenus : a swan ; (2) Cycnus : Cygnus. Λήδαν κύκνον μορφώματ' Helen. 19. Hes. Scut. 57. Ep. (1) Δολιχαύχην, πῶταμῖος, πολιοχρῶς, ὀρνίς, χιόνδοχρῶς, ηχέτης, δουλιχόδειρος, λιγύρος, λιγύφοτογγός, Στρυμόνιος, μαντιόπλος, (2) Ἀρητιῶδης, μεγάθυμὸς, ἀμύμων, ἱπποδάμους, εὐμελής, ὑπέρβιος.

Κύλινδρος, Κύλινδω, et Κύλιω, voluto, volvo : to roll. Ἐκλύινδουμένη ἱκτινὸν ἰδὼν Av. 502. Vesp. 490. Αἰμυδῶρος ἐκλύινδον ὀπ' Theoc. 24. 17. SYN. Ἀποκλύινδew, ἀποκλύλω, ἐκκλύινδῶμαι, ἀνέλισσω, ἐπιφέρῶμαι.

Κύλινδρος, ου, ὁ, cylindrus : a roller. 'H δ' ἄφ' ὧστέ κύλινδρος Ἀπολλ. 2. 596.

Κύλιξ, ἱκός, ἡ, calix : a cup, tumbler. Ζηνὸς ἔχει κύλικα Troad. 822. SYN. Πότηρίδων, ἐκπωμά, δέπας. Ep. Ἀκρητὺς, βαθεία, πέριφες.

Κυλίχρινος, ου, τό ; -Κυλίχρην, ἡ, pocillum : a little cup. Ἐγὼ δὲ κυλίχρινόν τέ σοι καὶ φάρμακον Eq. 906. Aristoph. in Tagenistis. SYN. Κότυλισκίον.

Κύλιω. See Κύλινδew.

Κυλλάγη, ης, ἡ, Cyllene : (1) a mountain in Arcadia, (2) a city of the Epeans. Eq. 1083. Ep. Χιόνόκτηπος, πέτραλα.

Κυλλάηνιός, ὄν, Cyllenius : of Cyllene. Κυλλάηνιός ἐξεκάλετο ω. 1.

Κυλλόποδιον, ὄντος, ὁ, claudus pedes : lame-footed. Ποιήσατό Κυλλόποδιον Σ. 371.

Κυλλός, ἡ, ὄν, claudus, curtus : lame, maimed. Av. 1379. SYN. Χωλός.

Κυλοιδῶω, sum tumentibus oculis : to have swollen eyes, as a sign of vehement love. Τὴν χεῖρ' ἔαν δὲ τοῦτ' ὀδρῶς κυλοιδῶ Lysist. 472.

Κυμά, ἄπτος, τό, (1) fluctus : a wave ; (2) foetus uteri : a foetus, an offspring. Πολλοῖς διαίτοις κυμάτων φέρουμένος Hec. 29. SYN. (1) Ρῶη, σάλον, οὐδμά, (2) γονή, ἐκγόνον. Ep. (1) Πόντιον, ἱερὸν, βαρυερῶμον, ἄλιον, ὀλεόριον, ὕγρον, θάλασσιον, δεινόν, μέγα, ἀφορρόν, ἐπασσύντερον, κέλαιον, λᾶερόν, μέλαν, πάλιρθεῖον, πορφύρεον, ῥόθειον, ἀλέγεινον, μακρόν, παφλάζον, πέλωριον, τρῶφδεν, κωφόν, ἀπρυγέτον, ἀλίκτιπνόν, ἀνέμοτρεφές, βαθύ, ὀσρίμον, οἶον, πίκρον, ἀκρόκέλαιον, τρίχαλδον. PNH. see Δ. 422. and Hipp. 1220.

Κυμαίνω, Κυμαίνῶμαι, turgeo, ferveo, fluctuo ; agito : to swell, rage, foam ; agitate. Ζηνί κυμαίνοντ' ἔπη Sept. Th. 439. SYN. Σάλεύω, τάρτατῶμαι, χεῖμάζῶμαι, βράσσω, δύνω, πλημύρω, εκκυμαίνω.

Κυμαῖτις, ου, fluctuosus : full of waves. Æsch. Sup. 555. See Κύμα, ἄπτος.

Κυματδαγής, ἔως, veluti fructus frangens : breaking like waves. Δεινὰ κυματδαγείς Æ. C. 1243.

Κυματόπληξ, ἡγός, fluctibus pulsatus : wave-beaten. Æ. C. 1241. See above.

Κυματόφθῆρος, ὄν, fluctibus deperditus : wave-worn. 'Ὁρῶ γ' ἐν ακταῖς νυμᾶδ' αὖ κυματοφθῆρον Eur. fr. Polyid. 1. 2.

Κυμᾶχός, ὄν, (1) adj. et (2) ου, ὁ, subst. (1) pronus in caput : headlong ; (2) superior

galeæ pars convexa : the skull-piece of a helmet. Κύμαχός ἐν κοῦνισίν E. 586. O. 536. SYN. Πρηγής, προβήτης.

Κύμῃ, ης, ἡ, cymba ; poculum : a small boat ; a goblet. Soph. fr. Androm. 2. SYN. Σκάφιδιον, σκάφος, σχῆδια, κύπελλον, σκύφος.

Κύμινδῖς, ἔως vel ἰδός, ὁ, nocturnus accipiter : the great horned owl. Χαλκιδᾶ κυκλήσκουσι θεὸν ἄνδρες δὲ κύμινδον Ξ. 291. SYN. Χαλκίς.

Κύμινον, ου, τὸ, cuminum, herba et semen : cummin, the herb and its seed. Κάταπριον τὸ κύμινον Theoc. 10. 55.

Κύμιντοριστόκαρδομυγλύφος, ου, ὁ, vox ab Aristophane conficta, "scrupulosus et sordidus cumini sector et nasturtii scalptor," Brunck. : a cummin-cutter and scraper of cardamum, a skin-flint. Κάλλως κύμιντοριστόκαρδομυγλύφος Vesp. 1357. See Κάρδαμιν.

Κυμυδέγων, ὄντος, undas excipiens : receiving the waves. 'Ημεῖς μὲν ακτῆς κυμυδέγμονος πέλας Hipp. 1168.

Κυμοδόκη, Κυμύδῃ, ης, ἡ, Cymodoce and Cymothoe : the names of two of the Nereids. Θάλειά τε Κυμοδόκη τε Σ. 39. 41.

Κυμύδῃ. See Κυμοδόκη.

Κυναγέτης, venor : to lead on dogs, to hunt. Πάλαι κυναγέτοιντ' Αἰ. 5. SYN. Ἀγρεύω.

Κυναγέτης, Κυναγός, οὗ, ὁ, venator : a huntsman. Τοῖχον ὡς κυναγέτης Hec. 1156. Phoen. 1185. SYN. Ἀγρευτήρ.

Κυναγία, Dor. et Attic. pro Κύννη, as, ἡ, venatio, venatus : hunting, a hunt. Eis ὄδον κυναγία Αἰ. 37., ubi Lobeck. edidit κύνηγία. See Κυναγέτης. SYN. Ἀγρευμά.

Κυναγός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ. See Κυναγέτης.

Κυνάλωπή, ἑκός, ὁ, canivulpes : a fox-dog, a cunning fellow. Πῶς δὴ τρήρης ἐστὶ κυνάλωπή ὅπως Eq. 1073.

Κυνέα, as, ἡ, et contr. Κύνῃ, ἡς, galea : a helmet, properly covered with a dog's skin. Κυνέας δέριζον καποκαυλίζον ξύλφ Eur. Sup. 727. Lysist. 751. SYN. see Κόρυς. Ep. Αμφιφάλδος, τετράφαλρος, δεινὴ, εὐλόφος, δαυδάλα, εὐτικτός, χαλκήρης, ἱπποκόμις, ἱπποδάσεια, ἱππουρίς, κάλλη, λυφθεσσα, τετράφαλδος, χρυσεία, πάρχαλκός, ἀλύφος, ἀμφίπολις, ἀφάλδος, εὐχαλκός, κτιδῆ, ῥινοῦ ποιήτῃ, ταυρείῃ, χαλκὺπρῆος, αργείῃ.

Κύνεος, Κύνειος, α, ὄν, caninus : canine, impudent. Τετλαῖν κύνεος περ ἔων I. 373. Eq. 1396. SYN. Ἀναίδης.

Κύνεω, osculor : to fawn like a dog, to kiss. Καὶ κύνεον ἀγᾶπαζόμενοι φ. 224. SYN. Κῶω, φίλεω, προσκύνεω, σαίνω.

Κύνῃ, ἡς. See Κυνέα.

Κύννηγείον, ου, τὸ, societas venatica, instrumenta venatica : the huntsmen, a hunting train. Τὶ κύννηγείον καὶ σοι μελέτη Hipp. 224.

Κύννηγία. See Κυναγία.

Κύννηδον, more canino : like a dog. Λήσει σὲ κύννηδον Eq. 1033.

Κύννηλασία, as, ἡ, incitatio canum : the art of urging on dogs. Καὶ ἐ κύννηλασίην τέ Call. 3. 207. SYN. Κυναγία, ἀγρέσεια.

Κύνθιος, α, ὄν ; Κυνθιάς, ἄδός, ἡ, Cynthus : of Cynthus, Cynthian. 'Α παρὰ Κύνθιον ὄχθον Iph. T. 1099. Call. Ep. 72.

Κύνθος, ου, ὁ, Cynthus : a mountain in the island of Cynthus. Hom. Apoll. 26.

Κύνθιδιον, ου, τό ; Κύνισκη, ης, ἡ, caniculus : a little dog or bitch. Κύνισκη is also a proper

name: Cynisca: Theoc. 14. 8. Ἀπ᾽ ἐδὲ τὸ φήνας
κύνιδιον Σερφιδίαν Acharn. 542. Ran. 1402.

Κύνισκη. See above.

Κύνδορμία, as, ἡ, canum cursus: a chase with
dogs. Νόσφι κύνοδρομῆς Call. 3. 106.

Κύνδορασής, ἔος, Κύνδοράσους, εἶα, ὦ, canina
impudentia insignis: impudent as a dog. Ἰδὲ
ὡς ἄγριος κύνορασής Theoc. 15. 53. Μέμαργω-
μένοι κύνοράσεις θῶον ου Aesch. Sup. 766.,
answering to δυσάγνοις φρέσιν κῶράκεις ὥστε
βωμῶν.

Κύνδοράσους. See above.

Κύνδοκέφαλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, caninum habens caput: dog-headed. Eq. 416. See Κύων, κύνός,
and Κεφάλῃ.

Κύνδοκλόπος, ου, ὁ, qui canem furatur: a dog-
stealer. Εὐνδεῖτε τὰ χῆως τουτὺν τὸν κύνοκλόπον
Ran. 605.

Κύνδοκπέω, ut canem ferio: to flog a person
like a dog. Eq. 289. See Κύων, κύνός.

Κύνδονια, quæ et scribitur Κύνδονια, as, ἡ,
musca valde impudens: a dog-fly, very impu-
dent. Ἡ κύνδονια ἄγει Φ. 421.

Κύνδροιστής, οὗ, ὁ, ricticus: a tike, vermin.
Ἐνίπλευς κύνδροιστέων (quadrisyll.) ρ. 300.

Κύνός, ου, ἡ, Cynus: a city of the Locrians.
Οἱ Κύνόν τ' ἐνέμουτ' B. 531.

Κύνόσάτῳ, ου, ἡ, rubus caninus: the dog-
thorn. Εντὶ κύνόσάτῳ οὐδ' ἀνέμῳνα Theoc.
5. 92.

Κύνουσουρά, as, Κύνουσουρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, (1) Canis
cauda: a dog's tail; (2) Ursa minor, Cyno-
sura: the constellation of the lesser Bear, Cyno-
sura: (3) nomen Laconicæ canis: the name of
a Spartan bitch. Σπείρη δ' εν Κύνουσουρᾷ
κάρη ἔχει Arat. 52. Call. 3. 94.

Κύνουσπαράκτος, ὄν, a canibus discerptus: torn
by dogs. Κύνουσπαράκτον σώμα Antig. 1198.
See Κύων, κύνός.

Κύνουφρων, ὄνός, impudens: having a dog's
mind, impudent. Choëph. 611. See above.
SYN. Ἀναιδής, κύνορασής, κύνοθράσους, κύ-
νώπης.

Κύντερός, Κύντατός, η, ὄν, comp. et superl. a
Κῶν, impudentior, impudentissimus, deterrimus:
more and most impudent or bad. η. 216. Eur.
Sup. 817. SYN. Δεινότητάς.

Κύνόπης, ου, ὁ; Κύνωπῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, caninum
habens vultum, impudens: dog-faced, impu-
dent. Σοὶ τὲ κύνωπα A. 159. Orest. 254.
SYN. Κύνόφρων, ἀναιδής, κύνορασής, κύνο-
θράσους.

Κύναρσισῆς, ἡεντός, ἡ, Cyparissæis: Nes-
tor's city near Pylos. Καὶ Κύναρσισῆεντᾷ B.
593.

Κύνάρσισινός, ὄν, e cypresso factus: made of
cypress. Σταθμῷ κύνάρσισινῷ ὄν ποτὲ τέκτων
ρ. 340.

Κύναρισσός, ου, ἡ, cupressus: a cypress-tree;
also P. N. a city in Phocis. Ἀτρέκεις ἄρμους
κύναρισσος Eur. fr. Cretens. 2. 9. B. 519. Er.
Εὐάδης, ἀκρόκοῦδος, σκίερα, βᾶδινῇ, τηλεθῶσα.

Κύνειρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Κύνειρόν, ου, τὸ, cyperus;
junci odorati species: an odoriferous rush, a
wild galangale. Ἡδὲ ἄρδυν ἠδὲ κύνειρον Φ. 351.
δ. 603. SYN. Ερσήεις, βᾶθῖς.

Κύνελλόν, ου, τὸ, poculum: a cup. Ἐδμεναί
ἠδὲ κύπελλα Δ. 345. SYN. Δεπᾶς, πότῃριον,
κισσέριον, κύαθος. Er. Χρυσέον, χρύσειον, ἡδύ,
αμελύζον.

Κύνρις, ἰδός, acc. ἰδᾷ et ἰν, ἡ, Venus: the

goddess of love; also love. Ὅς παῖδᾷ γήμας
Κύνριδος Ἀρμύνιαν ποτε Phœn. 7. Εμμεμῶς
ὁ δὲ Κύνριν ἐφ᾽ ἡχέτο νηλεῖ χάλκῳ E. 330. SYN.
see Ἀφροδίτην.

Κύνρογένης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ; Κύνρογένειᾷ, as, ἡ,
e Cypro ortus et orta: sprung from Cyprus.
Κύνρογένῃ δ' ὅτε γέντο Hes. Theog. 199. Χῇ
Κύνρογένει Ἀφροδίτῃ Lysist. 551.

Κύνρος, ου, et antiq. gen. ὄθεν, ἡ, Cyprus: an
island in the Ægean Sea sacred to Venus. Es
γῆν ἐνᾷλιαν Κύνρον οὐ μ' ἐθέσπισεν Helen. 148.
See Κύπρις. Er. Εὐκτίμενη, εὐώδης, αἰπεῖα,
ἠνέμοεσσά, περίρρυθός. PHR. see Bacch.
398.

Κυντάζω, caput submitto; incumbo; im-
moror: to stoop; to apply diligently; to loiter.
Pax 731. SYN. Διᾷτρίβω, μέλλω, μένω, ἐνᾷνω,
βραδύνω.

Κύντω, ψω, κέκυφά, pronus sum, cubo: to
bend, stoop down. Av. 1609. SYN. Ἐπίνω,
κάτακύπτω, ἐπικλίνω.

Κύρβαντες. See Κύρβαντες.

Κυρᾶσια, as, ἡ, crista galli, tiara Persica:
the comb of a cock, a Persian turban. Ἐπὶ τῆς
κεφάλῃς τὴν κυρᾶσιαν Av. 487.

Κύρβεις, οἱ, αἱ, (1) tabula, in qua leges At-
ticæ scriptæ erant: a tablet, on which the laws
were inscribed at Athens; (2) "tabula geo-
graphica, aut columna lapidea, calce oblita et
sic picta," Hælzlin: a geographical chart or
map. Κύρβις οἷς ἐνὶ πάσαι Apoll. 4. 280. SYN.
Σάνις, στήλην.

Κύρῳ, compos fio; contingit: to get, reach;
it happens. Κάκῳ κύρεῖν τὶ Ὀρχικῷ στρατεύματι
Rhes. 742. SYN. see Κύρω.

Κυρή, ἡς, ἡ, Cyre: the name of a fountain
in Cyrene. Οἱ δ' οὕτω πηγῆς Κυρής Call. 2.
88.

Κυρήθᾶζω, cornibus pugnare: to strike or
push with horns. Πρὸς σκέλος κύρηθᾶσαι Eq.
272. Eadem quantitate ac κύρῖσω.

Κυρήσιον, τὸ, furfur: bran. Εὐθὶ τῶν κύρησιων
Eq. 254. Huc etiam referas obs. ad κύρῖσω.

Κυρηναῖός, ὄν, Cyrenæus: of Cyrene. Τοῦ
Κυρηναίου παιδᾶ λέγεις ὕπ' ἐμοί Call. Ep. 14. 2.
See also 22. 2.

Κυρήνη, ἡς, ἡ, Cyrene: the name of a nymph;
also a town on the coast of Africa, so called from
the nymph. Κυρήνῃ πεφᾶται τίς Apoll. 2. 500.
Call. 2. 94. Er. (1) Αγρότερα, χρυσόθρονός,
(2) ευδαίμων, εὐπυργός, πολὺκαρπότητη. PHR.
see Pyth. 9. 11.

Κύριός, α, ὄν, auctoritatem tenens, ratus, præ-
cipuus, proprius: one who possesses right au-
thority, controlling, supreme, fixed, having a
right. Ενθάδ' εἰμὶ κύριος Heracl. 263. SYN.
Κράτῳ, ἡγέμῳ, κᾶρανός, κοίρανός.

Κύρισσος, arieto: to butt with the horns.
Νικάμενοι κύρισσόν ισχυράν χθόνα Pers. 315.
Hic l. tamen non determinat quantitatem huj.
verbi: nec scio ubinam poeticarum terrarum
aliam inveniatur. SYN. Κύρῳτῳ, κερᾷτῳ.

Κυρίως, more domini, legitime, proprie, fir-
miter: authoritatively, validly, rightfully, in
one's own right, firmly. Θέντᾳ κυρίως ἔχειν
Agam. 171. See Κύριός. SYN. Εξ ἀνάγκης,
ἀναγκᾶως, ἀπᾶς.

Κυρκᾶνω, tumultuor, moveo, turbo: to excite
a tumult, disturb, mix. Κυρκᾶνῳ ἁμωσγέτωσ
Thesm. 429. SYN. Κυκᾶω, τᾶράσσω, κυνῶ,
ἀνάμηννυμι.

Κύρμα, ἄτος, τδ, praeda, captura : booty, prey. Av. 430. SYN. Ἐλωρ, λεία, ἄγρα, λάφυρά.

Κύρος, ἔος, τδ, caput rei, auctoritas, rata fides : authority, ratification. Πολλῶν ὑπάρξει κύρος Soph. El. 919. SYN. Αἰῶμα, εξουσία, αρχή.

Κυρόω, ratum facio : to sanction, confirm. Πρὶν κέκυρῶσθαι σφάγας Eur. El. 1069. SYN. Κατάκυρώ, βεβαίω, εμπέδω.

Κυρᾶνιός, ου, δ, puer, infans : a boy, infant. A Laconian word. Κάρυξ ἐγὼν ὦ κυρᾶνιέ ναι τῶ σιά Lysist. 983. SYN. Παις, ἔφηδός, νῆανις.

Κυρτός, ἡ, ὄν, curvus, convexus : crooked, gibbous, convex. Baceh. 1055. SYN. Αγκυλός.

Κυρτώω, curvum reddo : to bend, curve. λ. 243.

Κύρω, Κύρομαι, κύρω, incido in aliquid : to meet with, encounter. Πημᾶσι κύρωσας Androm. 1160. Κάκῳ ὅγῃ κύρεται Ὀ. 630. SYN. Ἐπικύρω, κύρεω, εντυγχάνω, ἐπιτυγχάνω.

Κύσθος, ου, δ, podex : the fundament. Ran. 430.

Κύστη, ης, et Κύστις, ἔως, ἡ, vesica, pubes, marsupium : the bladder, a purse. Κύστη legebatur in Lysist. 958 : sed Brunck. barbaram esse vocem contendit, et nunc legitur τίτην. Κύστις occurrit in Nub. 405. SYN. Ἐφήθειον, ἐπίσειον.

Κύταινός, ἔος, et Κύταιός, ου, δ, et Κύταις, ἰδός, ἡ, Cytæus : of or belonging to Cytæa, a city of Colechi. Εισάψεσθέ Κύταιῆς Αἰήταιο Apoll. 2. 403. 1095. 399.

Κύτιος, ου, δ, cytisus : the trefoil. Ἄ αἰς τὸν κύτισον Theoc. 10. 30.

Κύτισωρός, ου, δ, Cytisorus. Τῷδ᾽ ἐκτύτισωρος πέλει Apoll. 2. 1159.

Κύτος, ἔος, τδ, alveus ; venter ; quicquid capax est rerum, ut navis, vas, thorax, clypeus, olla, caput, cutis, &c. : a hollow ; a belly ; anything capacious. Πλεκτὸν ἐξάρας κύτος Ion 37. SYN. Κοιλότης, κίστη, γάστρα, ὄγκος. Ερ. Πέριδρόμων, κοιλόν, χαλκήλατόν, εἰλικτὸν, πέριπλευρόν.

Κύτταρος, ου, δ, omne spatium cavum aut vacuum ; loculamentum apum : anything hollow ; the cell of a bee. Στρεβλὸν ὥσπερ κύτταρον Thesm. 516.

Κύτωρός, ου, δ, Cyturus : a city in Paphlagonia, famous for box-wood. See Catullus 4. 13. Οἱ βῶ Κύτωρόν ἔχον B. 853. Ερ. Ἰλῆεις.

Κύφειλλα, ὢν, τὰ, nubes ; et omnia cava : the clouds ; anything hollow. Επμήγη δὲ κύφειλλὰ Call. fr. 300. See the notes of the commentators on this passage.

Κυφός, ἡ, ὄν, incurvus : bent forwards. Ῥῶπῶντα κυφὸν ἀθλίον Plut. 266. SYN. Κυρτός. Κυφός is also a P. N., a city of Perrhæbia. B. 748.

Κύφων, ὠνός, δ, lignum quo cervix aut pedes noxiorem vinciebantur ; stiva aratri : a wooden collar placed round the neck or fastened to the feet of a malefactor, which compelled him to bend his head ; a plough-handle. Ες τὸν κύφῳν ἀλλ' ου μέλλειν Plut. 607. Ερ. Δεσμός ξυλινός.

Κυφέλη, ης, ἡ, alveare apum e viminibus aut stramine plexum ; arca ; genus vasis aut mensuræ frumentariæ ; interius auris foramen ; sordes aurium : a bee-hive ; a corn-chest, a wine-vessel ; the hollow of the ear ; filth of the ear. Pax 631.

Κυψέλλίζω, Cypselum imitor : to imitate Cypselus. Theog. 890.

Κῶω, ὦσα, osculor : to kiss. Πάντ᾽ αὖ κῶεν περίφους π. 21. Κύσῃ (or Κύσσῃ) δὲ μιν κέφαλήν τε π. 15.

Κῶω, ὦσα, utero concipio, in utero gesto ; gravis sum : to conceive, to be with child ; to be heavy. Οὐς τέκε κυσάμενη (or κυσσάμενη) Hesiod. Θ. 125.

Κῶων, κύνος, δ, ἡ, (1) canis : a dog ; a monster ; (2) Canicula : the dog-star. Οὐδ' ὁ Πλούτωνος κῶων Alcest. 370. Τευχῇ κῶνεσσιν Α. 4. Apoll. 2. 527. SYN. (1) Σκύλαξ, σκύμνός, (2) Σερίδος, q. v. Ερ. (1) Αἰγῆος, αργός, αργός πῶδας, αργυρεός, ἐρευνῶν, δαλέρους, κάκος, τὰχῆς, τράπεζος, χαρόπτος, κάκομήχανός, ὀκρυόεσσα, καρχαρόδους, θηρευτής, τάλαινα, τρισώματός, μυριόκρανός, τρίκρανός, μίαιφνός, θηρόφνός, ὠκύπους, δρόμας, αργυρόδους, ἀναιδής, αἰνός, δρασὺς, δδός, μάργος, ὠμητός, Κνώσιος, Δάμπουρος. PHER. (2) see X. 26—31.

Κῶας, ἄτος, et Κῶς, ἔως, τδ, pellis ovina ; vellus : a sheep's skin ; a fleece. Καὶ κῶας ὑπερθεῖν π. 47. Theoc. 9. 18. SYN. Κῶδιον, μάλλος, νάκη, νάκος, δέρμα, πῶκος. Ερ. Χρύσειον, χρυσόμαλλον, πάγχυρον, αἰγλήεν, μάλλαν.

Κωδάριον, ου, τδ, lodix coriacea : a small bag made of skins. Καὶ κωδάριον καὶ λεκίθειον καὶ θυλάκιον Ran. 1203. SYN. see Θυλάκιον.

Κῶδειά, as, ἡ, caput papaveris ; globulus : the head of a poppy ; any head or round body. Κῶδειαν ἀνασχῶν Ξ. 499.

Κῶδιον, ου, τδ, pellis ; vellus ovinum : a hide ; a sheep's skin. Ὁ δὲ γνάφειν γ' ὁ δὲ γέ πλύνει κῶδία Plut. 166. SYN. see Κῶας.

Κῶδων, ὠνός, δ, Att. ἡ, tintinnabulum ; crepitaculum : a bell ; a rattle. Pax 1078. SYN. Σάλπιγξ, πᾶταγῇ. Ερ. Χαλκόςτομος, Τυρσινή, ἡδύθροτος.

Κωδονίζω, tintinnabulo experior : to try by a bell. Ran. 79. SYN. Εξετάζω, δοκιμάζω.

Κωδωνόκροτός, ὄν, tinniens : rattling, high-sounding. Κλυῖ καὶ κόμπους κωδωνόκροτους Rhes. 380.

Κωδωνόφάλαρῳπαλός, ὄν, qui tintinnabula phaleris equorum adject, vox a Comico conficta : having horses with bells attached to their trappings. Κῆκινος ποῖων καὶ Μένονας κωδωνόφάλαρῳπαλός (hipponact. vers.) Ran. 963.

Κωδωνόφύρεω, tintinnabulum circumfero ; examino : to carry round a bell ; to examine. Av. 1160.

Κῶων, ὠνός, δ, poculum : a cup. Eq. 600.

Κῶκυμά, ἄτος, τδ, et (2) Κῶκυτός, οἰ, δ, (1) fletus, ejulatus : lamentation ; (2) Cocytus, fluvius apud Inferos : Cocytus. Σοῖς δόμοις κῶκυμάτα Antig. 1091. Κῶκυτὸν εὐθὺς δ' ἡ μὲν Med. 1174. SYN. Κλαυμός, ὀδύλγη, ὀδύλγμος, οἰμωγή, ὀδυρμός, βόή. Ερ. Δυσθρήνητον, ἀντιμολπὸν, ἀθλίον, ὀρθτόν, δάκρυῶν, εὐδάκρυτον.

Κῶκυτός. See above.

Κῶκῶω, ὦσα, ploro, lamentor : to weep aloud, bewail. Αἰγὰ κῶκῶι οἱ δὲ τ' ὅπισθεν Ξ. 527. SYN. see Αἰγῶ, Ὀλοφύρεμαι, et Θρηνέω.

Κωῶκρέτης, ου, aut Κωῶγρέτης, δ, collector carnis e victimis reliquarum inter sacerdotes : a quæstor in holy things. Τὴν λοιδορίαν τὸν κωῶκρέτην τὰ τριώβδλα Av. 1541.

Κωλή, ἡς, ἡ, Κωλήν, ἡνός, δ, perna, petaso : a haunch, gammon. Plut. 1129. Eur. fr. Scir. SYN. Πετάσος.

Κώληψ, ηψός, ἡ, talus, sura: the bend of the knee behind, the hamstring. Ψ. 726. SYN. Ἰγνύς, σφύρον, οστούιν.

Κωλιάς, ἄδύς, ἡ, epith. Veneris: an epithet of Venus. Δαπάνης λάφυγμου Κωλιάδος Γένετυλιδιός Nub. 52.

Κώλον, ου, τὸ, membrum; crus: a limb; a leg. Heracl. 735. SYN. Γυῖον. EP. Νῆσέρον, δεξιόν, ἀερόν, ασθένες, τὰ χυπουν, λευκόν, δρόμας, βάρυ, τρήχληάτον.

Κώλυμα, ἄτος, τὸ, impedimentum: a hindrance. Τί γὰρ ἐμπόδιον κώλυμα ἔτι μοι Ion 361

Κωλύω, ὕσω, prohibeo: to hinder, forbid. Κωλύμεσθαι μὴ μάθειν ἅ βούλομαι Ion 395. The penult. of Κωλύω is comm. if a vowel follows; if a consonant, always long. SYN. Δῖα κωλύω, ἀπείτω, ἀνέωμαι.

Κωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, sopor gravis: deep sleep, repose. σ. 200. SYN. Κοίμημα, ὕπνός, κάρος. EP. Ἀπάλων, λυσίμελές.

Κωμάζω, comissor, hymnis celebros; salto: to feast in honour of, to celebrate; to dance. Alcest. 831. SYN. Ἀναχόρεω, ὕμνω, τρυφάω.

Κωμαστής, οὔ, ὁ, commissator: a reveller. Nub. 606.

Κώμη, ης, ἡ, pagus: a village. Hes. Scut. 18. Κωμήτης, ου, ὁ; Κωμητής, ἰδός, ἡ, vicinus, paganus; vicina, pagana: a villager, neighbour. Nub. 965. Lysist. 5. SYN. Γείτων, πάροιός.

Κωμικός, Κωμωδικός, ἡ, ὅν, (1) comicus: of comedy, comic; (2) poeta comicus: a comic poet. Ξένε κωμικόν ὄντως Call. Ep. 53. Vesp. 1047. SYN. (2) Κωμωδιδιδασκάλος, κωμωδοποιήτης.

Κώμος, ου, ὁ, comissatio: revelry, a revel. Phoen. 802. EP. Ὀπισθόπους, πύληχητος, ασπίδηφόρος, πτηνός, φίλοστέφανός, ἡδυμέλης, μέλιγερὺς, φίλοστέφανός, ἐπὶ ῥατὸς, Ὀλυμπιόνικης.

Κώμης, νθός, ἡ, manipulus: a bundle of hay. Κάλαν κώμυθὰ διδομι Theoc. 4. 18. SYN. Φάκελός.

Κωμωδεω, mordacibus dictis incesso: to ridicule. Ran. 368. SYN. Λοιδόρεω, σκόπτω.

Κωμωδία, as, ἡ, comedia: comedy. Κωμωδίας δὲ φορτικῆς σφώτερον Vesp. 66.

Κωμωδικός. See Κωμικός.

Κωμωδιδιδασκαλία, as, ἡ, disciplina rei comicæ: instruction in the comic art. Κωμωδιδιδασκαλίαν εἶναι Eq. 513.

Κωμωδιδιδασκάλος, Κωμωδοποιήτης, οὔ, ὁ, poeta comicus qui docet artem comicam: a comic poet, one who teaches comedy. Κωμωδιδιδασκάλος ἀνθρώπων καὶ Pax 737. 734.

Κωμωδολεχέω, parasita jocosus sum: to be a parasite by means of vulgar comic jokes, to be a parasite. Vesp. 1317.

Κωμωδοποιήτης. See Κωμωδιδιδασκάλος.

Κώνειον, ου, τὸ, cicuta, venenata potio: hemlock, poison. Ran. 1051.

Κώρως, ου, ὁ, conus; turbo; involucrium piceæ nucis: a cone; a top; a pine-nut shell. Theoc. 5. 47. SYN. Βέμειξ, στρόβιλος.

Κώνωψ, ωπός, ὁ, ἡ, culex: a gnat. Plut. 537.

Κῶς. See Κῶας.

Κωπαῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, Copaica: of the lake Copaïs. Εγγέλεις Κωπαῖδας Acharn. 880.

Κωπεύς, ἔως, ὁ, lignum e quo remos conficiant: wood fit for oars. Acharn. 552.

Κώπη, ης, ἡ, manubrium, capulus; remus, gladius, &c.: a handle, hilt; an oar, &c. Helen.

394. SYN. Λάβη, πλάτη. EP. Τὰ χυπὸς, χρυσόκολλός, ἀλήρης, πῶτάμια, νερτέρη, ἐνάλιός, κλεινὴ, χιλιδοναύτης, δίκροτός, διπλή, ῥοθιάς, ἀργύρεα.

Κωπήεις, ἐσσά, ἐν, capulatus, ansatus: having a handle. O. 713.

Κωπήλατῶν, remis urgeo, remigo: to ply the oar, to row. Τρύπανον κωπηλάτει Cycl. 460. SYN. Ἐρέσσω, q. v.

Κωπήρης, ἔος, qui remis instructus est: furnished with an oar. Helen. 1380.

Κῶρα, Dor. pro Κούρη, i. q. Κόρη, q. v.

Κῶρος, Dor. pro Κούρος, i. q. Κῶρος, q. v.

Κωρῶσυνα, Dor. pro Κωρῶσυνη, ης, ἡ, pueritia: youth. Κωρῶσυνα γέλασας δὲ Theoc. 24. 57. SYN. Νεότης, ἡβη.

Κωρύκιος, α, ὅν, Corycius: of Coryceus. Antig. 1128. See below.

Κωρύκιος, ου, ὁ, (1) pera: a wallet; (2) ἡ, P. N. Coryceus: the name of a cavern in mount Parnassus; also of a city, mountain, and cave in Cilicia. Κωρύκιον ἐν δὲ οἱ ὅψα ε. 267. Καὶ Κωρύκου ἀκρὰ κάρηνα Hom. Apoll. 39. SYN. (1) Θυλάκιος, βάλαντιον.

Κῶς. See Κῶας.

Κωτίλλω, garrio; garriendo eneco: to chatter; to kill with chattering. Theoc. 15. 87. SYN. Πολλὰ λάlew, φλύαρεω, αικάλλω, περίλαlew.

Κωτίλος, η, ὅν, garrulus: chattering. Εἰ κωτίλαι ἐμὲς Theoc. 15. 89. SYN. Λάλός.

Κωφός, ἡ, ὅν, (1) hebes, mutus, surdus: blunt, dumb, deaf; (2) species rubetæ: a kind of toad. GE. R. 290. SYN. Ἀμελὺς, ἄφανός, ἀγλωσσός, ἀπαίδευτός. Nicander habet κωφὸς φρονύς: sed q?

Λ.

Λαά, as, ἡ, Laa: a town in Laconia. Οἱ τέ Λααν εἶχον B. 585.

Λαάς, contr. Λᾶς, gen. Λαᾶός, contr. Λᾶός, item Λαός, ου, ὁ, subst. lapis, saxum: a large stone. Λαός ἀναιδής Δ. 521. Λαὸν ἐμβάλῶν κῆρα Phoen. 1173. Λαὸς ἐπαὶ ῥιπῆς Δ. 192. Ἰπὸ λαῖ λῶχῆσας Nicand. Θ. 18. De λαός (nom.) Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Schol. Ed. C. 195. Legitur λαὸν M. 29.: sed hoc potest e λᾶς arcessiri. SYN. Λιθός,

πέτρος, λιθαῖς, λιθᾶς. EP. Ἄμαξοπληθὺς, πέλω-
ρίδς, ἀναιδής, ἀκρός, βριθὺς, μέγας, στίθεᾶρος, ξεστός, κἀτάρυξ, εὐτυκτός.

Λαβδάκειος, Λαβδάκιδης, ου, ὁ, ortus a Labdaco: of or sprung from Labdaceus. Τῷ Λαβδάκειῳ παῖδι GE. R. 275. Phoen. 813.

Λαβδάκός, ου, ὁ, Labdacus: the father of Laius. Εξεφυσέ τοῦ δὲ Λαβδάκον Phoen. 8.

Λάβη, ης, ἡ, prehensio; ansa, capulus, manubrium; pretextus: a handling, receiving; a handle, hilt; a pretext. Οὐκ ἐν ἀργύρου λάβῃ Aesch. Sup. 942. SYN. Ἐπαφή, κώπη, πρὸς φάσις, ἀφορμή.

Λαβράγγορεω. See Λαβρεύομαι.

Λαβράγορης, ου, ὁ, procaciter loquax: brawling. Λαβράγορην ἐμέναι Ψ. 479. SYN. Λαβρός, θρασύν-
στομὸς, ἐλευθερόστομὸς, ἀκριτόμυθος, ἀμείτροπέης, χελιδών.

Λαβράζω. See Λαβρεύομαι.

Λάβραξ, ακός, ὁ, lupus marinus: a pike or sturgeon. ΑΛΛ' ου λάβρακας κατὰ φάγων Μιλη-
σίους Eq. 361.

Λάδρεῦμαι, Λάδροστυμέω, Λάδράω, loquor rapide et cum praefestinato impetu: to speak much and quick. Τὶ πάρος λαδρεύεαι αἱ δὲ Ψ. 475. P. V. 335. Δήμιᾷ λαδράουσι Nicand. A. 159. SYN. Θράσυστομέω, ἑλευθέρωστομέω, φλύαρεύω.

Λάδρῶς, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, valde vorax; vehemens: voracious; violent. Πῶρ κάτασέσσαι λάδρόν Orest. 688. SYN. Αἰθάρῳ, πῶλῳ, δεινῳ, χαλῆπῳ, πρόπετῃς.

Λάδρόστυτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, cursu concitus: with hurried course. P. V. 622. See Λάδρῶς and Θείστυτός. SYN. Λάδρῶς, ἐπίστυτός, τάχῳ.

Λάδροστυμέω. See Λάδρεῦμαι.

Λάδρως, voraciter; impetuose, celeriter: voraciously; violently. Κτηνὸς κύναν δάφουινός αἰτὸς λάδρως P. V. 1058. SYN. Ἀναιδῶς, σφοδρῶ, χαλῆπῶς, δεινῶς.

Λάδρυνός, οὐ, ὁ, locus tortuosus flexus habens, labyrinthus; nassa: a place containing many windings and intricacies, a labyrinth, maze; a net. Ἔδος σκολιῷ λάδρυνόν Call. 4.311. On the various meanings of this word, see Creuzer in Meletemat. e Disciplina Antiquit. Part I. p. 85. EP. Πόλυνγαμπτῶς, πολυέλικτός.

Λάγρός, ἡ, ὄν, laxus, non plenus: slack, loose. Eccles. 1167. See below. SYN. Χάλαρός, κενός.

Λάγαρυζομαι, laxus et vacuus sum; tenuous placentas comedo: to be slack and empty; to eat thin cakes. Εκ κηθάριον λάγαρυζόμενον Eccl. 674. SYN. Εκκένουμαι.

Λάγρην. See Λάξ.

Λαγέτης, οὐ, ὁ, dux populi: a leader of the people. Τέκε δὲ λαγέτας Olymp. 1.144. answered by ὑπᾶτον ἐρχεται. SYN. Αρχηγός, στρατηγός, ἡγήμων, ἄγος, κοίρανός.

Λαγίος, οὐ, ὁ, a Lago ortus: sprung from Lagus. Λαγίδας Πτολεμαῖος Theoc. 17.14. The old reading Ὁ Λαγίδας is properly rejected by Salmassius, Gaisford, and other distinguished scholars, though retained by Morell and Malby, since the first syllable of Λαγός is long. See Lucan. 5.62. and 8.692.

Λαγίνος, ἡ, ὄν, leporinus: of a hare. Βοσκόμενοι λαγίναν ἐρικύνετᾶ Agam. 117.

Λαγῶδαίτης, οὐ, ὁ, qui lepore vescitur: one who feasts on a hare. Μάχιμος ἐδάη λαγῶδαίτας Agam. 121.

Λαγῶς. See Λαγφός.

Λαγῶνα, ἐλάχον, εἰληχᾶ et ἑλελογχᾶ, sorte accipio aut constituor: to receive or be appointed by lot. Λαγῶνόν αἰψά δὲ οἶκος ξ. 233. SYN. Αἰπολαχῶνα, κληροδῶμα, μοιρᾶμαι, τυγχῶνα.

Λαγωσθλία, as, ἡ, leporum venatio: shooting or hunting the hare. Τόξᾳ λαγωσθλίας τέ Call. 3.2.

Λαγωσθλόν, οὐ, τὸ, pedum quo lepores fugientes petuntur: a pole used in catching and killing hares. Ροικὸν τὸ λαγωσθλόν Theoc. 4.49. SYN. Κόρινθ.

Λαγῶδιον, οὐ, τὸ, lepusculus: a little hare. Κέτπου σικτῶν ἰδοιὲν ἡ λαγῶδιον Acharn. 519. See Λαγῶς.

Λαγωθηρᾶω, lepores venor: to hunt hares. Κᾶτ' ἐλαγωθήρα Lysist. 789. SYN. Κύνηγέτω.

Λάγων, ὄνός, ἡ vel ὁ, ilia, lateris cavitas laxior: the small guts, the flank. Ἐρρηξέ λαγόνος εἰς μέσον παρ' ομφάλῳ Hec. 557. SYN. Κενέων, λαπάρᾳ, ἰξῶς.

Λάγῳδός, Λάγῳδός, οὐ, ἐτ' Λάγῳδός, ὦ, ὁ, lepus: a hare. Ἡ πτώκᾳ λαγῳδόν X.310. Eustath. e

Soph. affert γλαυκῆς κτινὲς λαγῳί. (Steph. ed. Valpy, col. 5537.) Καὶ μὲν φέρω χάνας λαγῳς ἀλώπεκας Acharn. 843.

Λάγφός, φᾶ, φῶν, leporinus: appertaining to a hare. Τὰ λαγφᾶ τάχεως τοὺς στέφανους ἀνείρετε Acharn. 970. EP. Ἀελλόπους, τάχῳπους, ἀκῦπος, πῶδακῆς, ἐλάφρῳς, δειλός, ὕρεσκῶς, χαρῶς.

Λάγῳς. See above.

Λάδων, ὠνός, ὁ, Ladon: a river in Arcadia; the name of the serpent, which watched the garden of the Hesperides. Πεδὺν φ' ἐνὶ Λάδῳ Apoll. 4.1396.

Λαέρκης, ἔδος, ὁ, Laërces: the chief of the Myrmidons; (2.) a famous goldsmith. Αλκίμεδῶν Λαέρκῆος υἱός Π. 197.

Λαέρτης, Λαέρτιός, Λαέρτιος, οὐ, ὁ, Laërtes: the father of Ulysses. Μόνον Λαέρτην Ἀρκείσιος υἱόν π. 118. Hec. 402. Troad. 423. EP. Ἀρκείσιδος, ἀμύμων, δαΐφρων, μέγᾳλῳτῳ, ἀντιθέος, ἥρως, πέπνυμένος, γέρων, δύσμορός.

Λαερτιάδης, Λαερτιάδης, οὐ, ὁ, Laertiades: the son of Laërtes. Λαερτιάδης πείθει στρατιάν Hec. 132. Rhes. 906.

Λαερτίος. See Λαέρτης.

Λάζομαι, Λάζυμαι, capio, prehendo: to lay hold of, seize, grasp. Ὅδαξ λαζοῖατῳ γαῖαν B. 418. Med. 952. SYN. Λαμβᾶνω, ἐπιλαμβᾶνω, ἐφάπτομαι, κράτῶ.

Λάδα, Dor. pro Λήθη, q. v.

Λάδικηδης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, curas oblivione tegens: causing sorrow to be forgotten. Εἰπότε τοι λάδικηδᾶ X. 83. SYN. Πανσίλυπος, παυσίπνόνος, πανοστῆρῳς, λαθίπνόνος.

Λαθίπνόνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, laborum et molestiarum oblitus: forgetful of pain. Λαθίπνόνος δ' ὀδύναν Trach. 1023.

Λαθίφθογγός, ὄν, vocis oblivionem inducens: causing the tongue to forget its office. Θανάτοιο λαθίφθογγοῖ δότῃρες Hes. Scut. 131.

Λαθίφροσύνη. See Λήθη.

Δάθος, Dor. pro Λήθος. See Λήθη.

Δάθρα, Δάθρη, Δάθραιος, clam, clanculum: privately, secretly. Δάθρα τέθνηκε τλημόνας Πόλυξην Troad. 40. T. 165. Eur. El. 26. SYN. Κρύπτην, κρύδδᾶ, κρύφιος, κρύφαλος.

Δάθραιός, αἶα, ὄν, clandestinus: clandestine. Helen. 1574. See Δάθρα. SYN. Κρυπτῶς, κρυπτάδιος, ἐνδομύχῳς.

Δάθραιος. See Δάθρα. Μῆ τῳ δάθραιος τέκνᾳ Eur. El. 26.

Δαίγξ, ιγγός, ἡ, lapillus, calculus: a pebble. Πικνίαι δαίγγες ἔχονται ε. 423. SYN. Δίθαξ, λίθας, ψήφος. EP. Μαρυρῆ.

Δαίειος, ὄν, ad Laium pertinens: of Laius. C. R. 1216. Sequitur prosodiam τοῦ Δαῖος, ut in C. R. 1167: τῶν Δαίου τοίνυν τίς ἦν γεννημάτων.

Δαίθαργός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, clandestinus: secretly working, back-biting. Soph. ap. Eustath. (Steph. ed. Valpy, col. 5770.)

Δαικάζω, scortor; publico: to fornicate; to expose to the people. Eq. 167. SYN. Πορνεύω, δημίζω.

Δαικαστής, οὐ, ὁ, et Δαικάστριά, as, ἡ, scortator; meretrix: a whoremonger; a courtesan. Acharn. 79. Εκ τῶν δαικαστῶν Acharn. 503. 528. SYN. Πόρνός, πόρνη.

Δαίλαψ, ἄπῳς, ἡ, turbo, procella: a whirlwind. Ζεὺς δαίλαψ τείνει Π. 365. SYN. Κετὰξ, ἀελλᾶ, χειμών. EP. Ἐρεμνῇ, βᾶθειᾶ, δεσπε-

σῆ, κελαινῇ, μεγᾶλῃ, πολλῇ, δεινῇ, στῦγερᾶ, σμερδάλει, στόνδεσσά, χεμερία. PHR. see Λ. 305—309.

Λαῖμᾶ, ἄτῶς, τό; Λαιμός, οὐ, ὁ, guttur; gula; fames: the throat; greediness; hunger. Av. 1562. Ion 1037. SYN. Αὐχὴν, ἀσφᾶρῶς. Ερ. Εὐντρέπες, βρῦτειν, ευκελάδον, βᾶθῦ, ευρύ, λυσσῶδες.

Λαιμάττω, avidē deglutio: to devour greedily. Eccles. 1178.

Λαιμῶρύτῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, e gutture profuens: flowing from the throat, throat-cut. Helen. 360. See Αὐτῶρύτῶς.

Λαιμός. See Λαῖμᾶ.

Λαιμῶτόμειω, jugulo: to cut the throat, kill. Apoll. 4. 1601. SYN. Σφάττω.

Λαιμῶτόμος, Λαιμῶτμητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, jugulans; jugulatus: throat-cutting; throat-cut. Hec. 207. Phoen. 465. Λαιμῶτός is the active, λαιμῶτομος is the passive form: λαιμῶτμητος has no change in its accentuation.

Λαῖνῶς, Λαῖνός, η, ὅν, lapideus: of stone, made of stone. Phoen. 114. Πρόσειμι θραυστῶ λαῖνῳ τειχισμάτι Herc. F. 1099. SYN. Λιθίνος, κρῖνᾶς, παιπᾶλεις.

Λαῖν, Dor. pro Λήϊν, q. v.

Λαῖος, ἄ, ὄν, sinister, laevis: left, left-handed. Herc. F. 158. SYN. Σκαῖος, ἀρίστερός, ἐπᾶρίστερός, εὐνώνιος.

Λαῖος, ου, ὁ, Laius: king of Thebes and father of Oedipus. Εκ δὲ τοῦδε Λαῖον Phoen. 9.

Λαιωτόμειω, segetem seco: to cut corn, reap. Οὐθ' ἂμᾶ λαῖωτόμεις Theoc. 10. 3. SYN. Θέριζω, ἄμᾶ.

Λαῖς, ἰδὼς, ἡ, Lais: the name of two famous courtezans at Athens. Ἐρᾷ δὲ Λαῖς ου διὰ σὲ τοῖς Ἀργυπτοῖσι Plut. 179. Λαῖς etiam Dorice pro Ληῖς, q. v.

Λαισήϊν, ου, τὸ, breve scutum, parmula: a light shield made of untanned hides. Λαισήϊα τε πτέρουτα M. 426.

Λαιστρυγόνιος, α, ὄν, Laestrygonius: Laestrygonian. Τηλεπύλον Λαιστρυγόνιον κ. 82.

Λαιστρόγυν, ὄνῶς, ὁ, Laestrygon: a Laestrygonian, one of a savage nation in Sicily according to some, but more probably in Italy on the coast of Campania. See Damm. in P. R. Φοίτων ἰβημοι Λαιστρόγυνες κ. 119.

Λαῖτμᾶ, ἄτῶς, τὸ, mare profundum, mare magnum: the deep, the sea. T. 267. SYN. Βᾶθος, βένθος, κύμᾶ. Ερ. Εχθροξένον, πλάτῦ.

Λαῖφός, εὖς, τό; Λαῖφῃ, ης, ἡ, vestis crassa; velum: a coarse garment; a sail. Hec. 112. See also Call. fr. 245. SYN. Φᾶρός, χλαῖνῃ, ἱμάτιον, τρίβων; (2) ἱστῖον. Ερ. Οὐρίον, ευφές, περίωσιον.

Λαιψηρόδρομος, ὄν, velociter currens: running swiftly, rapidly. Iph. A. 207. SYN. Πῶδωκης, πῶδᾶς αἰς, τᾶχῦς, ἐλαφρός, αἰψηρόκελευθος.

Λαιψρός, ἄ, ὄν, velox: swift, rapid. Helen. 554. SYN. Τᾶχῦς, θᾶδς, λαψηρόδρομος, q. v.

Λακάζω, clamito: to cry aloud. Αἶεν λακάζειν σωφρόνων μισήματα Sept. Th. 170. SYN. Ληκῶ (q. v.), ηχῶ, ἐκελίζω, βῶα.

Λακαινᾶ. See Λάκων.

Λακεδαιμόνιος, α, ὄν, Lacedaemonius: a Lacedaemonian, Spartan. Ἐγῶ γέ μιν μὲν Λακεδαιμόνιους σφῶδρα Acharn. 509. See Λάκων.

Λακεδαίμων, ὄνῶς, ἡ, Lacedaemon. Αλλ' ἡ Λακεδαίμων ποῦ 'στῖν ὅπου 'στιν αὐτῇ Nub.

214. Ερ. Κοίλῃ, κητώεσσᾶ, ευρύχορος, διᾶ, ολβία.

Λακέρυζα, ης, ἡ, loquax, garrula: chattering. Κρώξῃ λακέρυζα κύρῳν Hes. Op. 746. SYN. Δᾶλδς, εὐλᾶλδς.

Λάκῳ 2. α. ἑλᾶκῳν, insono: to utter a loud sound. Μὴ νῦν λάκῃσῃς λίσσῳμαί σ' ὦ 'ρμίδιον Pax 382. Πηλῖας ἦῖξεν μελῖτῃ λάκῃ δ' ἀσπίς ὕπ' αὐτῆς T. 277. Λα in διαλάκῳ producitur in Nub. 409. citato ad illud verbum. SYN. see Ληκῳ.

Λακίνιον, ου, τὸ, Lacinium: a promontory in Magna Graecia. Τὸ Λακίνιον ἔπερ ὁ πύκτας Theoc. 4. 33.

Λάκῖς, ἰδὼς, ἡ; Λάκισμᾶ, ἄτῶς, τὸ, fissura, proprie cum crepitu facta: a shred, rent. Ποῖας πῶθ' ἀνὴρ λακίδας ἀνέῖται πέπλων Acharn. 423. Troad. 497. SYN. 'Ρῆξις, ῥάφῃ, τραυμά.

Λακκόπρωκτός, ου, ὁ, cinædus: a catamite. Ὡ λακκόπρωκτέ πάττε Nub. 1330. SYN. Κάτᾶπύρνω.

Λάκκός, ου, ὁ, lacus, fossa, cisterna, vivarium, puteus: a ditch, pit, cistern, fish-pond, well. Eccles. 154.

Λακτίζω, calcitro: to kick, spurn. P. V. 906. SYN. Κάτᾶπᾶτεω.

Λάκτις, εἰς, ἡ, stimulus, seutica: a prick, spur. Call. fr. 178. SYN. Σκῖτάλῃ.

Λάκτισμᾶ, ἄτῶς, τὸ, calcitratio: a kicking at, a rejection of. Agam. 1591. See Blomf.

Λάκων, ὠνός, ὁ; Λάκωνᾶ, ης, ἡ, P. N., Lacon, Lacæna: a Lacedaemonian, man or woman. Ὁ Λάκων Ἀθηναίων ἱκέτης καθέζετο Lysist. 1139. 1300. Λάκων with the first syllable long is the name of a slave. Theoc. 5. 2., &c.

Λάκωνικός, ἡ, ὄν; Λάκωνίς, ἰδὼς, ἡ, Lacedaemonius: Lacedaemonian. Eccles. 405. Hom. Apoll. 410. See above. SYN. Λακεδαμόνιος, Σπαρτιάτης. Ερ. Αισχροκερδής, διειρωνόξενός, ευπέπλος.

Λάκωνόμειω, Lacedaemoniis nimis faveo: to be mad in favour of the Spartans. Ἐλάκωνόμεινον ἅπαντες ἄνθρωποι τότε Av. 1280.

Λάλῳ, vociferor; cano: to rattle; to chant. Τέττιγες λαλάγειντές εχον Theoc. 7. 139. SYN. Φωνῶ, ηχῶ, ἀνίχῳ, ἀνᾶσδῳ, λαλέω.

Λάλεω, loquor: to speak. Οὔτος σὶ λαλεῖς οὔτος σὶ λαλεῖς Thesm. 1083. This word does not occur in Homer or the three tragedians, if Seberus and the other Indices may be depended upon. SYN. Αὐδᾶω, φθέγγομαι, φωνῶ.

Λάλημᾶ, ἄτῶς, τὸ, sermo, loquacitas: talk, chattering. Androm. 929. See above. SYN. Λάλια, μῦθος. Ερ. Ἠδῦ, δῆλδον, βάρβαρον.

Λάλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, garrulus, loquax: garrulous. Τοῦ λάλητικού Eq. 1381. See below.

Λάλια, ας, ἡ, loquela, pronuntiatio: talking, pronunciation. Καλὴ μὴ λάλιαν μόνον ασκήσαι Nub. 931. SYN. Δάλημᾶ, βᾶξις.

Λάλλῃ, ἡ, lapilli littoris marini aut fluminis: pebbles on the sea-shore. Theoc. 22. 39. SYN. Ψῆφος.

Λάλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, compar. Λάλιστέρος, α, ὄν, loquax: loquacious, chattering. Ἦσσαν λάλον σου πεμπέτω τιν' ἀγγέλον Eur. Sup. 472. SYN. Λάλητικός, ἀδολεσχός, φλύαρος, ἀθύρόστομος.

Λαμάχιπτιον, ου, τὸ, Lamachus eques, vox ab Aristophane conficta: dear knight Lamachus. Ὡ χαῖρε Λαμάχιπτιον Acharn. 1207.

Λαμάχῳ, ου, ὁ, Lamachus: an Athenian general, who was killed before Syracuse in the Peloponnesian war. Ἐκέλευσε Λαμάχῳ σὲ ταύτης τῆς δρᾶχμης Acharn. 960.

Λαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, 2. a. ἐλάβον, capio, conseqnor: to take, to receive, seize. Λαμβάνων εἰς παῖδ' ἐμόν Here. F. 222. SYN. Κατάλαμβάνω, παράλαμβάνω, ἀρνύμαι, δεχόμεαι, κομίζομαι, φέρομαι.

Λαμπάδηφόρος. See λαμπάδοῦχος.

Λαμπάδιον, ου, τὸ, parva lampas; vinculum quo in vulnere curando untuntur: a small lamp; a surgeon's bandage. Ἐπὶ οἰσῦπτηρᾷ λαμπάδιον περὶ τὸ σφύρον Acharn. 1176.

Λαμπάδοῦχος, et Λαμπάδηφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tædifer: torch-bearing. Λαμπάδοῦχος ἡμέρα Iph. A. 1504. Agam. 303. See Portus's Lexicon Ionicum, at the word Λαμπάδηφόρος.

Λαμπάς, ἄδδς, et Λάμπη, ης, ἡ, fax, lampas, funale; machina bellica: a torch, light, link; a warlike machine. Λαμπάδας ᾿ ἄνασχεθῆιν Med. 1023. Eumen. 390. SYN. Λαμπτήρ, δαῖς, λυχνός. EP. Ἄκρα, αἰθώς, κεραινίδος, αἰγλήσεσθαι, καλλιφεγγής, ουρανόμηκῆς, φαινή. PHR. Λαμπάδων σέλᾶς, θέρως Εὐκάδων.

Λαμπεῖται, Λάμπω, luceo: to shine as a torch. Androm. 772. A. 104. SYN. Εκλάμπω, ἀμάρισσω, στίλβω, ἀνγάζω.

Λαμπέτιδης, ου, ὁ, Lampetides: the son of Lampus. Λαμπέτιδης δὴν Λαμπὸς ἐγένετο O. 527.

Λαμπετία, ης, ἡ, Lampetia: daughter of the sun. Λαμπετία τάννιπτελὸς μ. 375.

Λάμπη. See Λαμπάς.

Λαμπίτᾱ, ὄδς, ἡ, Lampito: one of the female characters in the Lysistrata of Aristophanes. Ὡ φιλάττη Λάκαινᾱ χαίρε Λαμπίτοί Lysist. 78.

Λάμπς, ου, ὁ, Lampus, (1) the father of Dolors; (2) one of Aurora's horses. O. 527.

Λάμπουρς, ου, ὁ, Lampurus: the name of a dog. Theoc. 8. 65.

Λαμπρομάχῳ, ου, ὁ, Lampromachus, the brother of Epharmastus the Opuntian. Ὀlymp. 9. 125. See Μάχη.

Λαμπρός, ἂ, ὄν, splendidus: shining, bright. Eur. Sup. 912. SYN. Ἀγλαός, παμφάνων, τηλαυγής, τηλέφανής, αστράπτων, μαρμαίρων.

Λαμπρύνω, clarum reddo; med. emineo: to cause to shine; midd. to be distinguished. Ὅμᾱσιν λαμπρύνεται Eumen. 104. SYN. Φαιδρύνω, καλλύνω, καλλωπίζω.

Λαμπρῶς, splendide: brightly, clearly. P. V. 858.

Λαμπτήρ, ἥρδς, ὁ, fax fulgens: a blazing torch. Iph. A. 34. SYN. see Λαμπάς.

Λαμπτηρουχία, as, ἡ, lucernarum observatio: the holding of torches, or a night-watch holding torches, to give signs with them. Κλαίονσᾷ λαμπτηρουχίας Agam. 863.

Λάμπω. See Λαμπεῖται.

Λαμῖνός, ἂ, ὄν, voraginosus: devouring, dreadful. Σκεπτόμενος λαμῖνός δὲ Theoc. 25. 234.

Λανθάνω, Ληθάνω, Λήθω, f. λήσω, 2. a. ἐλάβδον, (2) med. Λανθάνομαι et Λήθομαι, (1) lateo: to escape the notice; (2) obliviscor, oblivisci facio: to forget, to cause to forget. Πάντας ἐλάνθανέ θ. 93. η. 222. A. 308. SYN. Κρύπτομαι, ἐξάπατα, κατὰκρύπτομαι, (2) ἀμνημόνεω, ἐπιλήθομαι, (3) λήθη παράδοιμᾱ, λήθην ποιοῦμαι.

Λανός. See Ληνός.

Λάζε, Λάδην, calce: with the foot or heel. E. 620. Soph. fr. Phædr. 3.

Λαζπάτηντος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, calce pulsatus: trodden upon by the heel. Antig. 1275. See Πάτεω.

Λαογόνος, ου, ὁ, Laogonus. Αὐτὰρ ὁ Λαογόνον T. 460. EP. Θράσῦς.

Λαοδάμας, αντός, ὁ, (1) Laodamas: Laodamas; (2) populum domans: host-destroying. Τοῖς ἄρᾳ Λαοδάμας θ. 132. Sept. Th. 335.

Λαοδάμεια, as, ἡ, Laodamia. Ἰππολῶχον καὶ Λαοδάμειαν Z. 197.

Λαοδίκη, ης, ἡ, Laodice: (1) one of Priam's daughters; (2) a daughter of Agamemnon, better known by the name of Electra. Λαοδίκην ἐσάγουσᾶ Z. 252.

Λαοδόκος, ου, ὁ, Laodocus. Λαοδόκω ὅς οἱ σχέδον P. 699.

Λαοθόη, ης, ἡ, Laothoe: a concubine of Priam. Γέλιντῷ Λαοθόῃ Φ. 85.

Λαοκῶν,ωντός, ὁ, Laocoon: the uncle of Meleager. Λαοκῶν Οὐνής Apoll. 1. 192.

Λαοκῶσα, ης, ἡ, Laocoosa: the mother of Lynceus and Ida. Λαοκῶσᾶ φίλον Theoc. 22. 206.

Λαομέδεια, as, ἡ, Laomedea. Εὐάγῳρη καὶ Λαομέδεια Hes. Theog. 257.

Λαομέδοντιᾶδης, ου, ὁ, a Laomedonte natus: the son of Laomedon. Λαομέδοντιᾶδης εὐ εἰδοτᾶ O. 527.

Λαομέδοντιός, ὄν, Laomedontius: of Laomedon. Λαομέδοντιῇ παῖ Troad. 821.

Λαομέδων, ουτός, ὁ, Laomedon: a king of Troy. Ἀμύμονᾶ Λαομέδοντα γ. 236. EP. Ἀμύμων, ἐκπαῖγλος, κράτερός, ἀγήνωρ.

Λαοπάθης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, quod populus patitur: suffered by the people. Pers. 939. See above and Πάθος. But in the above passage Burney and Blomf. suggest alterations of this word.

Λαοπόρς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, per quem populus transit: conveying the people over. Pers. 118. See below.

Λαός, οὔ, et Ἀττικὴ Λῆδς, λῆδ, ὁ, populus, multitudo: a people, multitude, host. Σπείρει φίλιππον λαὸν εὐθὺν ὁδῷ Hec. 9. 530. SYN. Δῆμος, πλῆθος, ὄχλος, στρατός, ὁμάδς. EP. Φίλιππος, ὀρθός, τευχεσφόρος, ὑβριστής, ξυνοικός, τέτραπτόλῖς, αὐτόχθων, ἐπώνυμος, πένης, ἐπιφύλιος, ναυεῖτης, οὐκ ἑπακτός, ἀτάσθαλός, ἀριστός, παυρότερος, σὺός, πῶλός, παῦρός, ὁμώπτολῖς, θρασύς, τὰχυεπιθής.

Λᾶδς. See Λᾶδς.

Λαοεῖσῃς, ἔδς, a populo cultus: revered by the people. Pyth. 5. 129. See below. SYN. Τψιπῶλῖς.

Λαοσσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui populum agitat seu concitat: exciting the people to war. Οἰόμενος λαοσσόν χ. 210.

Λαοτρήφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, oxyton. populum augens et alens; παύω, a populo auctus; maintaining many people; maintained by the people. Olymp. 5. 9. See below.

Λαοφθόρς, Λαοφόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, populum perdens vel cædens: destructive to the people, host-destroying. Καὶ σταῖσιν Ἑλλήνων λαοφθόρον Theogn. 779. Theoc. 17. 53.

Λαοφόνος. See above.

Λαοφόρς, Λεωφόρς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, populum ferens, pertines ad viam publicam: bearing the public, pertaining to the high road. Λαοφόρον καθ' ὁδόν O. 682. Anacr. 107. SYN. Κοινός, δημοσίους.

Λαπάξω, inanio, spolio: to empty, plunder. Ἡ μὴν λαπάξειν ἀστυ Sept. Th. 527.

SYN. Ἀλαπάζω, εκλαπάζω, ἀρπάζω, εκπορθέω, ἀφάνιζω, πέρωω.

Λάπαρά, ας, ἡ, pars inter costas nothas et ossa, ilia: the flank. Αντίλοχος λάπαρης δὲ Π. 318. SYN. Λάγων, ιεύς, ἡρσν.

Λάπερσα, αν, τῷ, Lapersæ: the surname of Castor and Pollux. Νῆ τῷ Λάπερσα νῆ τὸν Εὐρώταν τρίτον Soph. fr. Lacæn. 3. SYN. see Διοσκόρου.

Λάπιθαι, ων, οἱ, Lapithæ: the Lapithæ, a warlike clan in Thessaly. Ες Λάπιθας ἐλθόνθ' φ. 297. Ερ. Αιχημηταί, ὑπέρθυμοι, ἐρισθένεες, ἀγανοί.

Λάπτω, lambo: to lap, swallow. Π. 161. SYN. Ἀναρρόφειω, πίνω, λείχω, λάφύσσω, κατὰπινω, λίσμαζω.

Λαρινός, ἡ, ὅν, saginatus, pinguis: fattened, fat. Παλαί μεγά καὶ λαρινὸν ἐπὸς τι Αν. 465. SYN. Λιπαρός, ἡδύς.

Λάρισσά, ης, ἡ, Larissa: (1) a city in Troad; (2) in Thessaly; (3) the name of a female. (2) Οἶμόν ἢ π' ἰ Λάρισσαν φέρι Alcest. 851. Ερ. Ἐριδάλαξ.

Λαρισσαίος, αἶα, ὅν, Larissæus: of Larissa. Χῶ Λαρισσαῖος τὸν ἐμόν Theoc. 14. 30.

Λαρκάγωγός, ὅν, corbem gestans: basket-bearing. Τοὺς λαρκάγωγους ἐξόρους οἴσιν ξύλα Eur. fr. Autol. 1.

Λαρκιδῖον, ου, τὸ, corbiculus: a little osier basket. Ὡς τοδὲ τὸ λαρκιδῖον ου πρὸδῶσω ποτέ Acharn. 340. (a Pæonic tetrameter.) SYN. Κόφινός, κορμός.

Λάρκιος, ου, ὁ, corbis e vimine plexa: an osier basket. Acharn. 351. SYN. Κόφινός, κορμός.

Λάρναξ, ἀκός, ἡ, capsula, locus: a chest, coffer. Λάρνακ' ἐς ἀργυρεὴν Σ. 413. SYN. Κίσωτός, χηλός, ἀντίπηξ, θυλακίον. Ερ. Δαιδάλεια, κοίλη.

Λάρσος, ου, ὁ, avis marina, valde vorax, gavia aut fulica; avarus: a gull; an avaricious fellow. Ἦν δ' Ἡράκλειε τις βοὴν λάρφ Αν. 567. Ἦν Κλέωνά τὸν λάρων δάρων ἐλόντες καὶ κλοπῆς Nub. 582.

Λαρρός, jucundus, gratus: agreeable, sumptuous. Αυτὸς ἐνὶ κλισίῃ γάρων παρὰ δεῖπνόν ἐθηκας T. 316. SYN. Ἡδύς, γλυκύς, χάρις, τερπνός.

Λαρτιῶδης. See Λαερτιῶδης.

Λαρτιός, See Λαέρτης.

Λάρυγγίς, f, Attice ἰῶ, late diducto gutture vociferor, occlamo: to utter a hoarse sound, to bawl. Eq. 357. See below. SYN. Κατὰσθᾶω.

Λάρυγξ, νηγός, ὁ, guttur, gula: the windpipe, throat. Εκ τοῦ λάρυγγος ἐκρεμᾶσας Ὑπέρθελον Eq. 1363. SYN. Φάρυγξ, ἀφάρμαγός, λαυκάνα.

Λάσανον, ου, τὸ, lasanum; vasculum: a pot; a pipkin. Πρὸς τῇ κέφαλῃ μου λασάνῳ κατὰθεῖς πέρεται Phæocr. Crapattills.

Λασαύχην, ενός, cervicem hirsutam habens: having a shaggy mane, shaggy. Δόφια λασαύχενά χαίταν Ran. 822.

Λασίος, α, ὅν, hirsutus, hispidus; animosus, virilis: hairy, shaggy; manly. Τοῖσι δ' οἷς λασίος μεγὰς O. 125. SYN. Δασύς, δασυθρις, δασυμαλός, ἀνδρείος.

Λάσκο, alte loquor: to utter aloud. Androm. 669. SYN. Λέγω, φλέγγυμαι, ληκῶ, λάλῶ.

Λατίνος, ου, ὁ, Latinus: a son of Ulysses and Circe. Ἀγρίον ηδὲ Λατίνον Hes. Theog. 1011.

Λατμιός, ὅν, Latmius: of Latmos, a mountain in Caria. Λατμιὸν ἀν νάπος ἦλθε Theoc. 20. 39.

Λατρυγένης. See Δητρυγένης.

Λάτρεα, ας, ἡ; Λάτρευμᾶ, αῖτος, τὸ, servitus,

servitium, veneratio: service, ministry, worshiping. Φοιβεῖσσι Λάτρεῖας Phœn. 232. Iph. T. 1276. SYN. Θεράπεια, δουλεία, δούλευμᾶ, θρησκεῖα. Ερ. Καλλίστη, πόλυχρυσός.

Λάτρευμᾶ. See above.

Λάτρεω, servio pro mercede, famulus, ministro: to serve, wait upon, to be a mercenary soldier. Iph. T. 1116. See above. SYN. Θεράπείω.

Λατρίς, α, ὅν, servilis, ministerialis: of a servant, servile. Olymp. 10. 34. See below.

Λάτρίς, ἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, servus, famula: a servant. Εν δόμοις ἔχειν λάτριν Ion 1342. SYN. Οικέτης, δμῶς, δῆς, δούλός. Ερ. Πάλαιός, ἀγύρτης, δεινός, πένεστης, αρχαῖός.

Λάτρων, ου, τὸ, merces famuli: a servant's wages. Call. fr. 238. See above.

Λατυμνόν, ου, τὸ, Latymnus: a mountain near Croton. Αμφὶ Λατυμνόν Theoc. 4. 19.

Λατῶ. See Δητῶ.

Λανικάνια, in pros. Ion. Λευκάνια, ας, ἡ, guttur, gula: the throat. Μῆ καὶ λανικάνην δὲ Apoll. 2. 192. SYN. Λαιμός.

Λαῖρά, ας, ἡ, platea lata, vicus: a broad way, a street. Pax 99. SYN. Ρύμη, στένωπός, ὁδός.

Λάφυγμός, οὐ, ὁ, deglutitio: gluttony. Δαπάνης λάφυγμόν Κωλιᾶδος Γενέτυλλιδος Nub. 52. SYN. Ἀδὴφάγια.

Λάφυρον, τὸ, spolia et cætera præda: plunder, Καὶ μὴν λάφυρον αὐτὸς Rhes. 179. SYN. Ἐνάρᾶ, λεία, σκυῖᾶ, σὺλη.

Λαφύσσω, avide deglutio: to devour greedily. Αἰμᾶ λάφυστέον Σ. 583. SYN. Λάπτω, κατὰπίνω, θοινόμεναι, λαμβάσσω, λάπαζω.

Λάχαίνω, effodio olera; fodio: to dig up vegetables; to dig. Τῇ μεγάλῃν ἐλάχανε Mosch. 4. 96. SYN. Σκέαπτω, ὀρτύτω, τάφρευω.

Λάχανόν, ου, τὸ, olus, olera: pot-herbs. Ἄρ' ἐν ἀγρίοισι τοῖς λάχανοις αὐτὸς τράφεις Thesm. 456.

Λάχανῶπωλήτριᾶ, ας, Λάχανῶπωλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, olerum venditrix: a woman who sells herbs. Ευριπίδου τοῦ τῆς λάχανῶπωλητρίας Thesm. 394. Vesp. 495.

Λάχειᾶ, ας, ἡ, mollis, molli solo: soft, having soft soil. Ἐνθ' ἀκτὴ τέ λάχειᾶ κ. 509. Quidam legunt τ' ἐλάχειᾶ.

Λάχεσις, εἰς, ἡ, Lachesis; fatum: one of the three Fates; fate. Κλωθὴ καὶ Λάχεσις σφῖν Hes. Scut. 258. Ερ. Χρυσάμνυξ.

Λάχη, ης; Λάχός, εἰς, τό; Λάχμός, οὐ, ὁ, sors: a lot, portion, share. Τάφων πατρίων λάχα Sept. Th. 908. answered by πολυφθόρους εν δαί. Eumen. 335. ι. 445. SYN. Κλήρωσις, πάλος, μοῖρα.

Λάχμός. See above.

Λάχνη, ης, ἡ, lanugo: soft hair, down. Οὐλήν δ' ἐπένηρθε λάχνη K. 134. SYN. Ἰουλός, τριχώμα.

Λάχνηεις, εἰς, ἡ, Lachesis; fatum: one of the three Fates; fate. Κλωθὴ καὶ Λάχεσις σφῖν Hes. Scut. 258. Ερ. Χρυσάμνυξ.

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Λέβης, ητός, ὁ, lebes: a cauldron, kettle, basin. μ. 237. SYN. Αγγεῖον. Ερ. Πάτρωδός, χάλκεός, παμφάνων, ανθήμευς, ἄπυρός, κάλος, λευκός, αἰθων, ἐπηγέανός, αργυρεός, βδός ἀξίος.

Λεγνατός, ὄν, fimbriatus: fringed. Call. 3. 12. SYN. Θυσσάνυεις.

Λέγω, ξω, colligo; seligo; dico; cubare facio; med. cubo, jaceo: to gather; to select; to speak; to make to lie down; midd. to lie down. Hec. 257. SYN. Συλλέγω, μέτρω, αυδάω, έρω, ένέπω, φημί, κείμαι, κατάκειμαι.

Λεηλάτew, depopulor, prædor: to carry off plunder, take away booty. Λεηλάτῃσει χρυρόν ενῷ δ' ἀπόλλυμαι Aj. 343. SYN. Αηστεύω, πορθέω, αρπάζω, λωποδυνέω, ληίζομαι.

Λεία, as, ἡ, præda: to plunder. Λείας ἀπασας Aj. 26. SYN. Αἷς, ἀγρα, λάφυρά, ποίμνιά, βοσκήματα.

Λειᾳόρη, ης, ἡ, Leagora. Λειᾳόρη τέ καί Ευᾳόρη Hes. Theog. 257.

Λειάνω, polio, lævigo: to polish, level. Πάσαν λειάνω O. 261. SYN. Ξέω, κοσμεώ.

Λείσω, fundo, libo: to pour, to shed. Iph. A. 650. SYN. Είσω, στάζω, στάλάζω, στάλάσσω, σπένδω.

Λείμαξ, ἄκος, Λειμών, ὠνός et ὠνόθεν, ὁ, pratium: a meadow. Κατά λειμᾶκᾶ λόγχαυ Phœn. 1587. Hipp. 74. Ερ. Ανθηφύρος, χλδέρως, ἀκήρατός, κύμητης, ηρνύς, ανθήμευς, ασφοδέλιος, ζάθεός, έρατεινός, μάλακος, ἀρίπρεπής, ανθέωδης, δρόσερός, πορφυρεός, ρόδοις, κύμητης. PHR. 'Ανθεσί δάλλαν χλωροίς.—Αητοῦς ἀνὰ πάλαι βαθεῖαν ἀνὰ χλδαν. See also Hipp. 75—79.

Λειμών. See Λείμαξ.

Λειμώνος, α, ὄν; Λειμωνίς, ιδός, ἡ, pratensis: of the meadow. Κάπο γῆς λειμωνίας Agam. 543. Call. fr. 457.

Λειοντόμαχος, ου, ὁ, qui cum leone pugnat: who fights with a lion. Τόν λειοντόμαχον Theoc. 20. 2.

Λείος, α, ὄν, lævis: smooth, even. Theoc. 5. 90. SYN. Δευρός, ὁμᾶλός, μάλακος, λιστός, λίσπος.

Λειότης, ητός, ἡ, lævitas: smoothness. P. V. 502. SYN. Λείων, τό.

Λειπτόμαδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui conjugem deserit: abandoning the marriage-bed, faithless. Orest. 1299. See Γάμος.

Λειπτόπατωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, qui patrem deserit: forsaking a father. Orest. 1298. See Πάτηρ.

Λειπτέός, ὄν, linquendus: to be left. Herc. F. 1377.

Λείπω, linquo, relinquo; deficio: to leave, to abandon; to fail. Phœn. 1443. SYN. Ἀπολείπω, εκλείπω.

Λειριδεις, εσσα, έν, liliaceus, suavis, tener: of the lily, sweet, tender. 'Ο τοι χρδᾶ λειριδεντα N. 830. SYN. 'Ηδύς, ανθινός, ανθήμευς.

Λειρίον, ου, τδ, lilium: a lily. 'Ως δ' ὅτῃ λειρία καλᾶ Apoll. 1. 879. SYN. Κρίνον, κρίνός. Ερ. Δευκόν, ευπέταλόν, λευκόχρδόν, ανθήμευν.

Λείστοός, ἡ, ὄν, prædabilis: to be plundered. Ούτῃ λείσθη 1. 408.

Λειτός, ἡ, ὄν. See on the word Λιτός.

Λειχόν, ηνός, ὁ, impetigo, mentagra: a devouring ulcer, gangrene. Eumen. 788.

Λειχήνωρ, ὄρος, ὁ; Λειχόμυλη, ης, ἡ; Λειχόπιναξ, ακτός, ὁ, Lichenor, Lichomyle, Lichopinax: the names of mice in the Batrachomyomachia, 214. 29. 99. See Μύλη and Πίναξ.

Λείχω, lambor, lingo: to lick. Vesp. 738. SYN. Λάπτω, λίχμαίω.

Λείψανόν, ου, τδ, reliquiae: a remainder, a relic. Λείψανον Φρυγών λίπειν Troad. 717. Ερ. Πόλαυόν, καφόν.

Λειώκριτός, ου, ὁ, Liocritus. Τόν δ' Ευηνυρίδης Λειώκριτός β. 242.

Λείων, pro Λέων, q. v.

Λέκανη, ης, ἡ; Λέκαινόν, ου, τδ, pelvis; catinus: a dish; a plate. Τόν σπόγγόν έχων εκ τῆς λέκάνης Vesp. 600. Acham. 1109.

Λέκιθόπωλις, ιδός, ἡ, quæ pisa vendit: a woman who sells peas. 'Η λέκιθόπωλιν ου γάρ αν τδσουτόνι Plut. 427.

Λέκιθος, ου, ἡ, vitellus, ovi luteum; the yolk of an egg; Λέκιθος, ὁ, pisum: a dish made of peas. Πίλον λέκιθον παρά γραός Lysist. 561.

Λεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (1) lectus: chosen, select; (2) dicendus: to be told; (3) dictus: told. Eur. Sup. 366. SYN. 'Αριστός, (2) ῥήτός, δέμιτός ειδέναι.—Λέκτός, ἡ, is also a part of mount Ida. Hom. Apoll. 217.

Λέκτρον, ου, τδ, lectus: a bed, couch. Med. 1345. Λέκτρον is more commonly used in the plural number, especially by Euripides, and then denotes marriage, &c. SYN. Κοίτη, ευνή, λέχος, δέμιον, θάλαμος. Ερ. Νόθον, πονηρόν, χρονίον, χρηστόν, αἰκτόν, κάκον, δοῦλόν, φίλδν, φυτάλμιον, στερρόν, βασιλικόν, καυόν, στρωτόν, αλλοτρίον, αισχρον, ἀκήρατόν, μέτρίον, ανύμφευτόν, γαμήλιον, μάλακόν, νύμφιον, μακάριον, σῖναιμον, πόλυπνόν, κευνόν, αγρόν, παρθενειόν, έράτόν, διάδρόμνν, νυμφίδιον, στύγερδν, δέσπονητόν, επίσημν, φοινίον. PHR. Τας ανάνδρου κοίτας λέκτρον, λέκτρον αἰκτων ξυναλλάγα, λέκτρον κοίται έρημοι, λέκτρον τρύφημα φίλδν, κλίσια λέκτρον δόλια, λέκτρον σκότηᾶ νυμφευτήρια, λέκτρον ευναι.

Δελγές, ων, οί, Leleges: a nation which came from Caria to assist the Trojans. K. 429. Ερ. Φίλοπτόλεμοι.

Δελγισμένος, prudenter: deliberately. Iph. A. 1021. SYN. Σύνετός, φρόνιμος.

Δεμβός, ου, ὁ, navicula: a cutter. Theoc. 21. 12.

Δεμά, ἄτος, τδ, cortex, liber: a peeling, bark. Av. 675.

Δέοντιός, et Δέοντέός, έα, contr. ἡ, έδν, leoninus: of a lion. Δέρμα λέοντειον Theoc. 24. 133.

Δέοντή, with δόρα understood, pellis leonis: a lion's skin. Ran. 46. 432. 498.

Δεοντόπους, πόδός, leoninus pedes habens: lion-footed. Eur. fr. Œdip. 16.

Δεοντόφυής, έός, a leone genitus: lion-born. Τάνδῃ Δεοντόφῃ Bacch. 1192. SYN. Δέοντιός.

Δεοντόχλαινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pelle leonis amictus: clad in a lion's skin. Τίν με λέοντόχλαινέ σούκτονέ Call. Epigr. 35. 1.

Δεπάδων, ου, τδ, antilena: that leather thong with which the ζυγδν was fastened, and connected with the μασχαλιστήρ. Ζυγδν εν δῃ λεπάδνα E. 730. Λεπάδνός seems also to be used as an adjective in the sense of *adhaerens*, joined or yoked to. Eumen. 565. See Pauw's note in Butler's Œschylus. Ερ. Κάλδν, χρύσειδν.

Δεπάδος, α, ὄν, (1) montanus, præruptus: mountainous; (2) corticibus abundans: abound-

ing with cork trees. Hipp. 1243. SYN. ὄρειος, ἡλιβατός.

Λεπαργός, ὄν, albus: white. Theoc. 4. 45. SYN. Λευός, ἀργήεις.

Λεπᾶς, (Λεπᾶς,) ἄδός, ἡ, (2) Λεπᾶς, (Λέπας,) τὸ, (1) concha petrae adhaerens: a limpet; (2) rupes, promontorium: a rock, promontory. Ὅσπερ λέπας πρόσχόμενος τῷ κλίβῳ Plut. 1096. Ἀγγελαῖά μὲν βοσκήματ' ἀπ' τὴν πρὸς λέπας Bacch. 666. SYN. (1) Κόγχη, (2) πέτρα, ἄκρον. ΕΡ. (2) Πέτραϊον, ὕλην, Ἰδαῖον.

Λεπαστή, ἡς, ἡ, genus poculi, conchae formam habens: a shell-cup. Pax 916.

Λεπρᾶς, ἄδός, ἡ, aspera: rugged. Λεπρᾶς ἐφ' ᾧ σπεύδων Theoc. 1. 40. SYN. Τραχεῖᾶ.

Λεπρέον, οὐ, τό; Λεπρεῖος, οὐ, ὁ, Leprium: a town in Elis or Arcadia. Πτόλιεθρόν ὃ Λεπρεῖον πεφάτισται Call. 1. 39. Av. 151.

Λεπρός, ἄ, ὄν, asper: rough. Τοὺς δ' ἱμαντὰς ἐκ λεπρῶν Acharn. 724. SYN. Τραχύς.

Λεπτᾶλῆς, Λεπτῶς, ἡ, ὄν, tenuis, subtilis, gracilis: thin, subtle, slender. Λεπτᾶλῃ φωνῇ Σ. 571. K. 226. SYN. Ισχυρός, ἀσθενής, ἀφανής, οὐτιδανός, ἄμενηνός.

Λεπτῶδᾶθής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, minime profundus: shallow. Aesch. Sup. 4. See Βᾶθός.

Λεπτῶδός, ὄν, tenuiter aëdificatus vel textus: slightly built. Pers. 117.

Λεπτῶδῶγέω, minuta et subtilia disputo: to speak subtilely. Nub. 319. SYN. Λεπτουργέω, μικρῶδῶγμαι, σφίζομαι, ἀντίδῶγμαι.

Λεπτῶλγός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui subtiliter disserit: subtilely speaking. Ran. 875.

Λεπτῶμίτος, ὄν, tenui licio textus: finely woven. Androm. 831. See Μίτος.

Λεπτός. See Λεπτᾶλῆς.

Λεπτότης, ἡ, tenuitas, subtilitas: refinement, subtilty. Nub. 153.

Λεπτουργέω, subtiliter ago: to refine. Hipp. 923. SYN. Λεπτῶλγέω.

Λεπτουργής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, subtili artificio factus: finely wrought. Hom. 30. 14. SYN. Λεπτᾶλῆς, λεπτός, δαιδᾶλῆς, δαῖδᾶλός.

Λεπυρὺν, Λεπυρίον, οὐ, τὸ, putamen ovi vel nucis: an egg-shell or nut-shell. Ἡ δὲ κόρυς τὸ λεπυρὺν ἐπὶ Batrach. 130. Theoc. 3. 95.

Λέρνα, ἡς, ἡ, Lerna: a river and marsh in Argolis. Phoen. 622.

Λερναῖος, α, ὄν, Lernaëus: of Lerna. Phoen. 194.

Λεσβιάζω, Λεσβίζω, Lesbiam ago: to act the Lesbian woman. Ran. 1308. Vesp. 1337.

Λέσβιος, α, ὄν; Λεσβίς, ἴδός, ἡ, Lesbios: of Lesbos. Eccl. 920. I. 271.

Λέσβος, οὐ, ἡ, Lesbos: an island in the Ægean Sea. Ω. 544. ΕΡ. Ἐυκτιμένη, ἡγάθη, ἡμεῖοσσά, ἱέρα.

Λεσχάζω, garrizo: to prate, chatter. Theog. 613. SYN. Φλύαρέω.

Λέσχη, ἡς, ἡ, publicum aedificium, ubi otiosi confabulabantur et mendici nonnunquam pernoctabant; diversorium, Hes. Op. 495.; conventus, confabulatio: a place for loungers and of entertainment for the idle or destitute; meeting, conversation. σ. 328. ΕΡ. Σύγκλητος, πὺννῆρά, μακρά, κακόςτομος.

Λευγάλῆς, α, ὄν, luctuosus, perniciosus: deplorable, destructive, sad. Λευγάλοι τ' ἐσόμεθα β. 61. SYN. Ὀλέθριος, ὕλδός, ἀγχείνός, οὐκίρτός.

Λευγάλῶς, graviter, tristi animo: mournfully. Ἐνθα κὲ Λευγάλῶς N. 723.

Λευκαῖνω, dealbo: to make white. Iph. A. 157.

Λευκανθής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, flos album seu canos capillos habens: white-flowered, hoary, blue. Nem. 9. 55.

Λευκανία. See Λαυκανία.

Λευκάς, ἄδός, ἡ, Leucas: a famous rock on the coast of Epirus. Λευκάδος πέτρας ἀπο Cycl. 166. See Damm. and Ovid. Epist. Sapph.

Λευκαστis, ἴδός, ὁ, album clypeum habens: white-shielded. Λευκαστὶν εἰσδρᾶμὲν Phoen. 1115.

Λεύκη, ἡς, ἡ, alba populus: the white poplar. Nub. 1007. ΡΗΗ. Ἡρακλῆος ἱερὸν ἐρνός.

Λευκήρέτμος, ὄν, albis remis instructus: white-oared. Iph. A. 283. See Ἐρετμός.

Λευκήρης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, albus: white, hoary. Pers. 1057. Blomfield remarks that this is the only instance of ἡρης in composition with an adjective. But we find ἰσῆρης Iph. T. 1473., μεσῆρης, Ion 909., ἀλῆρης, Hec. 454., and the numeral adjectives compounded with ἡρης.

Λευκιπιδῆς, ὡν, αἱ, Phoebe et Hilaria: the daughters of Leucippus, or their priestesses. Helen. 1465.

Λεύκιπτός, οὐ, ὁ, albos equos habens; albis calcatus equis: having white horses; trodden by white horses. Pyth. 9. 146. SYN. Λευκόπᾶλός.

Λευκίτης, οὐ, ὁ, candidus: streaked with white. Theoc. 5. 147. SYN. Λευός, Λεπαργός.

Λευκόθεα, ἡς, ἡ, Leucothea: the same as Ino. Iph. T. 271. ΡΗΗ. See ε. 334.

Λευκόθριξ, ἴχθός, qui candido est capillo: white-haired. Θῦσαι λευκότριχά κριόν Av. 971.

Λευκόϊον, οὐ, τὸ, alba viola: a white violet. Ἡ καὶ λευκόϊον στέφανον Theoc. 7. 64.

Λευκοκύμαν, ὄν, albos fluctus habens: having foamy waves. Orest. 987. See Κύμα.

Λευκόλῳφας, οὐ, ὁ; Λευκόλῳφος, albam cristam habens: white-crested. Phoen. 118. Ran. 1014.

Λευκόπηχυσ, ἔδος, candidos cubitos habens: white-armed. Bacch. 1196.

Λευκόπληθής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, albis plenus: full of people in white. Ὡς λευκόπληθής ἦν ἰδεῖν ἡ κκλησία Eccl. 387.

Λευκόπους, ὕδός, albos pedes habens: white-footed. Cycl. 72.

Λευκόπτερός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, albas alas vel alba vela habens: white winged or sailed. Hipp. 749.

Λευκόπᾶλός, οὐ, albos habens equos: having white horses. Aj. 672.

Λευκός, ἡ, ὄν; (2) Λευκός, οὐ, ὁ, (1) albus: white; (2) Leucus. Orest. 951. Δ. 491. SYN. Ἀργήεις, Λευκήρης, Λευκίτης, Λεπαργός, Λαμπρός, διαυγής, ἐντύχης, Λευκόφᾶης, Λευκόχρως.

Λευκοστέφης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, alba lana velatus: covered with white wool. Λευκοστέφεις ἔχουσα Aesch. Sup. 338. See below.

Λευκοστυκτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, albis maculis distinctus: marked with white spots. Iph. A. 222.

Λευκοσφύρδός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, candidos habens pedum malleolos: white-ankled. Θάλαμον λευκοσφύρου Ἥσας Theoc. 17. 32.

Λευκοτρόφος, ὄν, albas baccas gerens: producing white berries. Av. 1100.

Λευκοφᾶης, ἔδος, album nitens: shining, white, sparkling. Iph. A. 1054. See Φᾶός. SYN. see Λευκός.

Λευκοχίτων, ὡνός, candidam tunicam habens: white-robed. Ἡπάτᾳ λευκοχίτωνα Theoc. Ep. 2. 1.

Λευκόχρως, ὡτος, albam cutem habens: with

a white colour or skin. Ὅθεν ἑμάν τε λευκόχρῶά κείρουαι Phœn. 332. (Pæon. trim.)

Λευκώλινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchras ulnas habens: fair-armed. Z. 371. SYN. Λευκόπηχυσ.

Λευρός, ὁ, ὅν, lævis: smooth, polished. Hec. 693. SYN. Λεῖδς, ὁμάλς, πλάτς, ευρυχωρός, ευρύς.

Λευσίμους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lapidatorius: of stoning. Λευσίμων δοῦναι δικην Orest. 607. SYN. Λιθό-λευστός, λευστήρ.

Λευσμός, ου, ὁ, lapidatio: stoning. Eumen. 189.

Λεῦσσω, video: to see. Orest. 383. SYN. Βλέπω, δῶρω, ὄρω, δέσκωμαι, βλέμωμαι.

Λευστήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, lapidator: a caster of stones. Sept. Th. 183. SYN. Λευσίμους, λιθόβόλς.

Λεύω, lapido: to throw a stone at. Πέτροις δὲ Λεύει μνήμα Eur. El. 328. SYN. see Κά-τάλευω.

Λεχάις, ου, ὁ, Lechæus: an epithet of Neptune, as having a temple at Lechæum. Πόσειδάωνι Λεχαίω Call. 4. 271.

Λεχέποιος, ου, ὁ, herbosus: grassy. Δ. 383. SYN. Ποιήεις, χλωπόδρος.

Λεχρήης, ἔως, lecto adfixus: confined to a bed. Phœn. 1557.

Λέχρος, ἔως, τὸ, lectus: a bed, the marriage-bed. Hipp. 153. SYN. and EP. see Λέκτρον.

Λεχρίος, α, ὅν, obliquus: oblique, bent. Αλλά-ξασά λεχρία πάλιν Med. 1165. SYN. Δόχμιος, δόχμιος, εγκάρσιος, σκολιός, λοξός.

Λεχρίς, oblique: obliquely. Apoll. 3. 238. See above.

Λεχῶ, ὅς, Λεχῶις, ἰδὺς, ἡ, puerpera: a woman in labour. Eur. El. 654. Call. 4. 236. SYN. Τόκας, τέκουσά, παιδοτόκος, αρτίτοκος.

Λεχῶϊον, τὸ, puerperii lectus: childbed. Ωγύγιον κάλεουσι λεχῶϊον Απιδάνης Call. 1. 14.

Λεχῶις. See Λεχῶ.

Λέων, poet. Λέων, οὐτός, ὁ, leo: a lion. Phœn. 422. E. 782. EP. Πυρίφλεγων, ὀρεστέρος, ὀρείς, εχθρός, ἀγρίος, ἐναλός, ἀκίμς, δεινός, ὀλός, ὀλδοφρων, ὀρεσίτροφός, ὑπόδρα ἰδών, αἰθων, ἀναιδής, ἀμαμάκétος, βροῖός, δασύστερνός, δάφονός, ἐρί-βρεμέτης, διός, καρτέρος, καρχάρουδους, λῆχνηεις, ξανθός, ξανθοκύμς, πέλωριός, σμερδαλέος, χαι-τήεις, ὀρεσκάος, φόδερός, φοινίος, σθενεί βλέμ-αίνων, βλοσυρός, βαρυφθέγκτης. PHR. see A. 543—556. and Trach. 1108.

Λεωργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, facinorosus: wicked. P. V. 5. SYN. Πάνουργός, πάντολμός, δημῶχάριστης, ανδρόφονός.

Λέως. See Λαός.

Λεωφόρος. See Λαοφόρος.

Λήγω, cesso, desino, abstineo: to cease, abstain from. Phœn. 1087. SYN. Ἀπολήγω, παύωμαι, ὀκνέω, ἀναβάλλωμαι, κατάλγω.

Λήδα, as, ἡ, Leda. Παῖδ' ἀγκάλαισι περὶφέρων Λήδα θ' ἅμα Orest. 458. EP. Πότνια, καλλισφύ-ρος, ἀπάλῃ, βάθυκολπός, βάθυκνός, Αιτωλίσ.

PHR. Κύκνον δόλιαυχένος γόνος.

Ληδαῖον, ου, τὸ, vestis trita seu æstiva: a thread-bare or thin summer coat. Καλ ληδαῖον τι πρίσθαι Av. 716. SYN. Ὀρίστριον.

Ληδόν, ου, τὸ, rete: a net. Theoc. 21. 10.

Ληθαῖος, ὅν, Lethæus; oblivionem inducens: Lethæan; consigning to oblivion. Call. 4. 234. SYN. Ἀνήμεν.

Ληθάνεμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, oblivionem habens ventu-rom, quietus: tranquil. Λαθάνεμον τέ μιν ὤραν Simon. fr. 18. SYN. Γάληνός, εὐδύς.

Ληθάνω. See Λανθάνω.

Λήθη, ἀσφόδρουση, ἀσμοδουνη, ης, Λήθης, Dor. Λάθος, ἔδς, τό; Λήσotis, ἰδς, ἡ, oblivio: oblivion, forgetfulness. Λήθη est etiam Lethe, fl. apud Inferos: a river of Hell. Orest. 207. Iph. T. 1278. Apoll. 4. 356. Hes. Theog. 59. Theoc. 23. 24. Cycl. 171. SYN. Ἀμνημοσύνη. PHR. Λήθης ἀτέκμαρτον νέφς.

Λήθος. See above.

Λήθος, Ληθῶμαι. See Λανθάνω.

Ληῖας, ἄδς, ἡ, prædando capta: captive. Ληῖάδας δὲ γυναῖκάς Apoll. 1. 611. SYN. Δορί-άλωτός, δορίθηρατός, αιχμάλωτις, ληίστη.

Ληϊούτηρ, ἥρως, ὁ; Ληϊούτειρά, as, ἡ, qui et quæ segetes depascitur, et arva vastat: feeding on and wasting corn. Σὺδς ὡς ληϊούτειρς σ. 29.

Ληϊζόμεαι, prædor: to obtain by plunder. Πότ' οὐτί που λελήσμεθ' Helen. 474. SYN. Θηρῶ, ἄλσκος, αἰρέω, ἀρπάζω, ἐξενάριζω, φέρω, ἄγω.

Λήϊον, Dor. Λάϊον, ου, τὸ, seges: a corn-field, crop. Ληϊού αλδίσκοντός Ψ. 599. SYN. Στάχς, ἀστάχς. EP. Ἀγλαόν, ἀγλαόκαρπον, σταχύνφύ-ρον. PHR. Δημητέρος ἱέρως ακτή, ὀφελλόμενον Δίος ὁμωρ.

Ληῖς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, præda, pecus: plunder, cattle. Ζεύς ληῖδᾷ δῶν ξ. 86. SYN. Λεῖα, ἄγρα, λαφυρά, σκυλά, ἐνάρα. EP. Πολλή, μὲνδεϊκής.

Ληίστηρ, ἥρως, Ληίστωρ, ὀρός, Ληίστης, Ληίστης, ου, ὁ, prædator: a plunderer, pirate. 4. 254. o. 426. Hom. 6. 7. Alcest. 782. SYN. Κλοπείδς, κλώφ. EP. Πόλυπλαγκτός, ἀπηνής, ἀνάρσιος, μίαιφόνος, ωμήστης. PHR. Ψυχὴν παρθεμένος, κῆκον ἀλλοδόποισι φέρων.

Ληίστος, ἡ, ὅν, spoliatus: taken for plunder, carried off. 1. 406.

Ληῖτις, ἰδὺς, ἡ, prædatrix, prædam agens: plundering, fem. Καὶ τὰ γ' Ἀθηναῖη ληῖτιδί K. 460.

Ληῖτός, ου, ὁ, Leitus: one of the Theban commanders in the Trojan war. Ληῖτος δ' ὁ γηγενής Iph. A. 259.

Λήγω, verb. inus. 2. a. ἐλάκω, p. m. λέλακά, Ion. λέληκα, sono, loquor: to sound, resound, speak. Λάκ' δ' ἀσπίς ὑπ' αὐτῆς T. 277. SYN. Βράχω, βόαω, φωνέω, ἰάχω, αὐτέω, ὑλακτέω, βρέμω, βροντέω.

Ληκυθῆος, εἰα, εἰον, ampullacius: loud-sound-ing. Call. fr. 319. See below.

Ληκυθός, ου, ἡ; dimin. Ληκυθῖον, ου, τὸ, (1) lecythus, arcula pigmentorum: an oil cruet, a smelling-box; (2) parva lecythus: a small cruet. Ἐλαῖον οὐκ ἔνεστιν ἐν τῇ ληκυθῷ Av. 1589. Ran. 1243.

Ληλαντός, Ληλάντιος, ου, ὁ, campus Eubœæ: a plain in Eubœa. H. Apoll. 220. Call. 4. 289.

Λημά, ἄτς, τὸ, voluntas, indoles, animus: will, purpose, courage. Cycl. 591. SYN. Φρό-νημά, θυμός, αξίωμα, δρασός, βούλευμά, βουλή, βόμη, ανδρεία. EP. Τέγγμενόν, τύραννικόν, γε-ναῖον, κῆκον, δρασόν, ἀπότρυον, ἀριστον, βάρεθρον, ἀνεμῆνόν, ευγενές, δεινόν, τοξουλκόν, εὐτολμόν, δοῦριον, αἰδόν.

Λημάτιος, forti sum animo: to show a deter- mined spirit. Ἰδί νῦν ἐπειδὴ λημάτιος κἀνδρείος εἰ Ran. 497. SYN. Μεγά φρονέω.

Λημάω, lippio: to be bleared-eyed. Plut. 581. SYN. Οφθαλμῶω, γλάμωω.

Λήμη, ης, ἡ, (1) gramia, pituita crassa: a concretion; (2) lippitudo: blearedness. Plut. 581.

Λημμά, ἄτος, τὸ, res quæ accipitur; proventus: what is taken; income. Antig. 313. SYN. Κέρδος, δῶρον.

Λημνῖος, α, ὄν, Lemnius: of Lemnus, Lemnian. Pax 1162. See Damm. in Ἀλμνος.

Λημνός, ου, ἡ, Lemnus: an island in the Ægean sea, off the coast of Thrace. Hec. 875. EP. Αμφιάλδος, ἀμπελοεσσαῖ, γράβη, εὐκτιμένη, κρῶναῖ.

Ληναίτης, ου, ὁ; Ληναϊκός, ad festum τῶν Ληναίων pertinens: belonging to the festival of Lenæus. Θορύβιον χρηστὸν Ληναίων Eq. 547. (Anapæst. dim.) Τὸν πότε Ληναϊκὸν ἦλθ' ὑπὸ Καλλιδότῃν Epigr. in Athen. 414.

Ληναῖον, ου, τὸ, Lenæum: (1) the theatre in which the festival called (2) Ληναῖα, τὰ, in honour of Bacchus, was celebrated. Acharn. 504. 1154.

Ληναίων, ὠνός, ὁ, mensis in quo Ληναῖα celebrabantur: the month Γαμηλιῶν (January), in which the Ληναῖα were celebrated. Hes. Op. 502.

Ληνός, Dor. Δανός, οὐ, ὁ, et (2) Ἀήνός, ἔος, τὸ, (1) lacus preli torcularii ubi uvæ exprimuntur: a wine vat or press; (2) vitta lanea: a woollen fillet. Δανὸν ἐπιθρώσκει Theoc. 7. 25. Eumen. 44. EP. (1) Ευστάφυλός.

Λήξις, ἔως, ἡ, (1) portio quæ sorte obtingit: a portion; (2) quies, cessatio: a cessation, rest. Eumen. 508. SYN. Λάχη, λάχος, κλήρωσις, κλήρως, μέρις, (2) παύλα.

Ληπτεός, ὄν, capiendus: must be taken. Eq. 602.

Ληρέω, nugor, ineptio: to play the fool. Plut. 517. SYN. Φλύαρέω, ἀδύλεσχέω, πᾶρᾶ-φρόνέω.

Λήρως, ου, ὁ, nugæ: a trifle, fiction. Plut. 517. Λησμοσύνη. See Ἀθήη. Λησμοσύνην τὴν κᾶκων Hes. O. 55.

Λήστης. See Ληστήρ.

Ληστis. See Ἀθήη.

Λητειρά, ας, ἡ, sacerdos: a priestess. Call. fr. 123.

Λητογένης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ; Λητογένειᾶ, ας, ἡ; Λητοῖδης, ου, ὁ; Λητωῖας, ἀδός, Λητωῖς, ἰδός, ἡ; Λητοφός, α, ὄν, e Latona natus seu nata: son or daughter of Latona. Ion 468. Sept. Th. 136. Hom. Merc. 521. Call. 3. 83. 3. 45. Soph. El. 570.

Λητώ, ὄος, ἡ, Latona. Φ. 502. EP. Καλλιπαρῆδος, κυδιστή, ἐρικυδής, ἠκρόμος, καλλιπλόκαμος, πόντιᾶ, χρυσόπλοκάμος, καλλισφύρος, μακαῖρα, αὐχέεσσα, δέην, εὐπλόκαμος, Δηλιάς.

Λητωῖας. See Λητογένης.

Λητωῖς, Λητοφός. See Λητογένης.

Λιάζω, agito, jacto, separo: to move rapidly, toss, separate. Ἐντερὰ χερσὶν ἔχοντ' ἱαζόμενον πρὸτ' ἰγλῇ T. 420. SYN. Κινέω, σπεύδω, δύνεω.

Λίαν, ἰον. Λίην, valde, nimis: very greatly, too much. Αυτὰ δῆσθαι λίαν Med. 532. Androm. 858. SYN. Μᾶλᾶ, ἄγαν, σφόδρᾶ, μέγα, μέγαλως, πόλῳ.

Λιᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, calidus: warm, mild. Νίξ' ὑδατι λίᾶρῳ A. 829. SYN. Χλιᾶρός, θερμός.

Λιᾶνός, Λιᾶνωτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, thus: frankincense. Νέκταρ' Σύριος δ' ὡς Λιᾶνός καννὸς Bacch. 144. Plut. 703. EP. Ηφα. PHR. Σύριον ἁγλαῖσμα.

Λιᾶς, ἀδός, ἡ; Λιᾶός, ἔος, τὸ, gutta: a drop, stream. Πιδάκεσσα Λιᾶς Androm. 117. See also Agam. 1402. SYN. Λιψ, κρονός, στάλαγμος, στάγων. EP. Ἀνήλιος, δρυσῆρᾶ, δρυσό-

εσσα, δρυσώδης, ερσῆεσσα, ὕρηλδς, λυσίπνους, καθάρᾶ, δακρυόεσσα, ἱέρᾶ, ὀλίγη.

Λιᾶύης, ης, ἡ, Libya. Κράζου' es τὴν Λιᾶύην μετὰ χωρῇ Av. 710. EP. Διψᾶς, διψάλεα, διψίος, ξηρά, θηροτρόφος, πόλυήρατος, ἐρήμη, πόλυμηλδς, πόλυκαρπός.

Λιᾶυός, ης, ὄν; Λιᾶύς, ὄος, ὁ; Λιᾶυστικός, ἡ, ὄν; Λιᾶουσά, ης, ἡ, Africus: Libyan, African. Ἵπποδεδῖος ἐγὼ γὰρ Λιᾶυκὸν ὄρνεον Av. 65. Herc. F. 684. Eur. fr. Lam. 2. Bacch. 979.

Λιᾶύς, &c. See above.

Λιγαῖ, Λιγέως, argute: distinctly, loudly. Αμφ' αὐτῷ χυμένη λιγ' ἐκώκυε T. 284. κ. 201. SYN. Οἶψ, σφόδρᾶ, σάφα, σάφως.

Λιγαῖνω, clara voce voco: to call with a clear voice, to complain mournfully. Ορθῶς με λιγαίνειν Sept. Theb. 871. SYN. Ἀπολιγαίνω, κηρύσσω, ἀλλὰ λᾶζω, ἀνακηρύσσω, κλαῖω, ᾄδω.

Λιγγω, f. λιγγέω, sono clare et acute: to sound shrill. A. 125. SYN. Κρίκω, ψόφέω, δονπέω, λιγαῖνω, συμᾶράγῳ, λίζω.

Λιγδην, stringendo, superne lacerando: by grazing the surface, slightly. χ. 279.

Λιγέως. See Λιγαῖ.

Λιγνύεις, εσσαῖ, ἐν, fuliginosus: smoky. Κατέρᾶ λιγνύοντι Apoll. 3. 1290.

Λιγνός, ὄος, ἡ, fuligo: soot, smoke. Sept. Th. 490. SYN. Κάπνός, ἄτμις. EP. Στέροψ, κάπνῳδης, αἰθαλόεσσα, ἐναίσιμος.

Λιγύμολπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, argute canens: singing loudly. Νύμφαι ὄρεστιάδες λιγύμολποι Hom. 18. 19.

Λιγύμυθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, clara voce loquens: clear-voiced. Λιγύμυθος ᾄδων Av. 1381.

Λιγύπνευον, οντός; Λιγύπνοιος, ὄν, argute spirans: harmoniously sounding, loudly blowing. Ζεφύροισι λιγυπνεοντάς δ. 567. Hom. Apoll. 28. SYN. Λιγύμολπος, λιγύφωνός, ἡδύφωνός, λιγύς, λιγύφθογγος.

Λιγύρος, ἄ, ὄν; Λιγύς, εἶᾶ, ὃ, argutus, stridulus: loud-sounding, clear-voiced, tuneful. Μάστιγι λιγύρῃ A. 532. Heracl. 893. Λιγύς is also a Ligurian. Æsch. fr. Prom. Sol. SYN. Φωνήεις, οἰγύμολπος, ψιθύρος, ἡδύς, ἡδύδολγός.

Λιγύς. See above.

Λιγύφθογγος, Λιγύφωνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, argutam vocem habens: loud or shrill-voiced. Κηρύκεσσι λιγυφθόγοισι β. 6. Συμπάντων λιγύφωνός Theoc. 12. 7. SYN. see Λιγύπνευον, et Λιγύρος.

Λιγύφανός. See above.

Λιγυστός, ἰδός, ἡ, Ligustica: Ligurian. Κυκλαψ Λιγυστίς θ' ἡ σὺν μορφώτριά Troad. 439.

Λίην. See Λίαν.

Λίθαξ, ἄκος, ἡ; Λιᾶός, α, ὄν; Λιθίνος, η, ὄν, lapideus: stony. Μήπως μ' ἐκβαίνοντ' ἄλλῃ λιθάκι πύτ' πέτρῃ ε. 415. 107. Λιθίνους αυτοῖς οὐδὲ δῦρᾶσαι Av. 614. SYN. Λαῖνός, πέτρῳδης.

Λιθάς, ἀδός, ἡ, lapis: a large stone. Πυκνήσιν λιθάεσσι ε. 36.

Λιθεός, Λιθινός. See Λιθαξ.

Λιθοβόλος, ὄν, lapide ictus: hit with stones.

Λιθοβόλον κάτεργάσω Phæn. 1078.

Λιθοκόλλητος, ὄν, ex lapidibus conglutinator: cemented by stones, strong. Trach. 1263. See Λιθός.

Λιθολευστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lapidibus obrutus vel obruendus: stoned to death, to be stoned to death. Call. Ep. 42. 5. See Λιθός.

Λιθός, ου, ὁ, et Ionice ἡ, lapis: a stone. Ὡσε δ' ἀπὸ ῥινὸν τρηχὺς λιθός E. 308. Maltby remarks under the word Λιθος: "(1) masc.

quum simpliciter lapidem significat; (2) fem. quum lapidem pretiosum vel expositum; (3) pro sepulcro ponitur in Epigr.; (4) pro vitro seu lapide speculari. Arist. Nub. 767.; (5) apud eundem (Acharn. 683.) expon. βῆμα, seu δικαστήριον τὸ ἐν Πνυκί. Vid. Hesych. Suid. in v." SYN. Λάας, λās, πέτρα. EP. Ξεστός, τρητός, κᾶτῶρυξ, πύκινός, πύκνός, μέλας, τρηχὺς, μέλας, μικρός, ὀκρίσεις, πέτραίος, λευκός, βριθὺς, δαιδάλειός, ἀλδός, ὕβριμύς.

Λιθοσπάδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, a saxo avulsus: torn from a rock. Χωμάτος. Λιθοσπάδῃ Antig. 1216. See Λιθός.

Λιθόστρωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lapidibus stratus: stone-paved, stony. Πρὸς λιθόστρωτον κόρης Antig. 1204.

Λιθοργὺς, οὐ, ὁ, lapicida: a stone-mason. Av. 1134. See Λιθός.

Λίκυα, ventilō, dissipo: to winnow. Ανδρῶν λικιώντων ὅτε τε ξανθὴ Δημήτηρ E. 500. SYN. Δίασκορπιζώ, ἱκμάω, λικμίζω, λικμαίνω.

Λικμητήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, ventilator: a winnower. Καὶ λικμητήρὸς ἔρωγ N. 590.

Λίκνόν, ου, τὸ, cunæ; vannus: a cradle; the fan, "mystica vannus Iacchi." See in Λίκνυφόρος.

Λίκνυφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui vannum fert: one who bears the vannus. Ὡς αἱ λικνυφόροι χρυσῶ πλεᾶ λικνὰ φέρουσι Call. 6. 126.

Λικριφίς, oblique: obliquely, side-ways. Δικριφίς αἶψας οὐδ' οστέον T. 451. SYN. Δέχρις.

Λικυμνός, ου, ὁ, Licymnius: the brother of Alcmena. Γηράσκοντά Λικυμνόν B. 663.

Λιλαιά, as, ἡ, Lilæa: a city in Phocis. Οἱ τὲ Λιλαιᾶν ἔχον B. 523.

Λιλαΐωμα, cupio, frui cupio: to be eager for, to long after. Κάτερυκε λιλαιούμενόν περ α. 315. SYN. Γαλχόμαι, ἐπιθυμέω, πῶθέω, ἐράμαι, φίλεω, βούλωμαι, σπουδάζω.

Λιλυθής, ἰδός, ἡ, e Lilybæo: of Lilybæum, a promontory in Sicily. Λιλυθηῖδᾶ ναϊέμεν ἄκρην Apoll. 4. 919.

Λιμένυχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (2) Λιμένηχός, ὄν, (1) portum habens: having a harbour; (2) portu inclusus: being shut up in a harbour. Ἐκάθεν λιμένηχον ἄκρην Apoll. 2. 967.

Λιμένοσκοπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, portuum inspector: inspecting harbours. Μουνύχηρ λιμένοσκοπέ Call. 3. 259.

Λιμὴν, ἑνός, ὁ, portus: a harbour. Καὶ μέγας πλοῦτον λιμὴν Orest. 1076. SYN. Ὅρμος. EP. Μέγας, εὐγενεστάτος, εὐημεδός, εὐορμός, κλύτος, ναυλόχος, ἀμφιδύμος, πᾶνορμος, γλαφυρός, πδλυθευθής, χαλέπυς, κάλως, εὐδιδός, εὐεῖνός, ἀνέμοσκεπής, πδλιδός.

Λιμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, famelicus: famished. Πρέπει λιμηρὸν ἔρωτα Theoc. 10. 58. SYN. Λιμόνης, πένιχρός, πένης.

Λιμναῖος, ὄν, (1) palustris: marshy; (2) epith. Bacchi: Limnæan, epith. of Bacchus. Av. 272.

Λιμνάς, ἄδός, Λιμνητίς, ἰδός, ἡ, lacustris: inhabiting a lake. Τὰς λιμναῖας ὦ γὰρθε νύμφας Theoc. 5. 17: 2. 56.

Λίμνη, ης, ἡ, stagnum, palus; mare: a pool, lake; the sea. Hec. 446. SYN. Ἑλδός, (2) πόντος, θάλασσα. EP. Χθονία, ἐνυδρὺς, πορφύρεα, καλλινάος, ἄλια, βάθειᾶ, κελαινή, περικαλλής.

Λιμνητίς. See Λιμνάς.

Λιμνιστός, ου, Λιμνυχάρης, ἴδός, nomina Ra-Pros. Lex.

namur: the names of two frogs. Λιμνίστο^s δ' ὄχλασι Batrach. 221. 12. See Χάρψις.

Λιμνώρεϊα, as, ἡ, one of the Nereides. Κυμῶθη τε καὶ Ακταίη καὶ Λιμνώρεϊα Σ. 41.

Λιμόνης, ἡτὸς, ὁ, ἡ, fame enectus: dead with hunger. Λιμόνης ηνσοχόμεν Agam. 1245.

Λιμός, οὐ, ὁ, ("sed apud Dōres et Hom. Cer. 312. generis est feminini." Maltb.) fames: hunger, famine. Ἄ κέν τοι λιμὸν ἐρύκοι e. 166. SYN. Πείνη, βουλιμία. EP. Ἀτερπής, οἰκτιστός, ἀργάλλειός, κάκός, πικρός, στῶνυεις, χαλέπυς, λενυάλλειός.

Λινδός, ου, ἡ, Lindus: a city in Rhodes. B. 656.

Λινδόεσμος, Λινδόετός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Λινορράφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, lino vinetus: bound with flax or ropes. Οὐ ναὺς χαλινούς λινδόετοις ὁρμεῖ σθεῖεν Iph. T. 1044. Λινδόεσμός occurrit Pers. 68. Λινορράφης Æsch. Suppl. 140. See Ῥάφή.

Λινδόετός. See above.

Λινδόωρηξ, ἡκός, ὁ, ἡ, lino thorace indutus: wearing a linen breast-plate. Ὀλγὸς μὲν ἔην λινδόωρηξ B. 529.

Λινδοκρόκος, ὄν, e lino textus: linen. Hec. 1064. See below.

Λινόν, ου, τὸ, linum; chorda; rete; velum: flax, thread; cord; a net; a sail. Γεινόμενῳ νήσαντὸ λινῷ η. 198. EP. Χρῦσειον, κοῦφον, δολῶν, μάλακον, πᾶνῳγρον, λεπτόν.

Λινυόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, velivolus: sail-crossing. Iph. T. 412. See above.

Λινυόπτερός, ὄν, alas e lino factas habens: flaxen-winged. Λινυόπτερ' εὐρέ P. V. 477. See Λινόν.

Λινοπτάδμαι, retia inspicio: to watch the nets. Τὸς λυφους σείων ἐγὼ δ' ἔσθηκα λινοπτάμενος Pax 1178. If the reading be correct, the first syllable of λινοπτάμενος, contrary to analogy, is long, the line being troch. tetram. catal.

Λινορράφης. See Λινδόεσμός.

Λινοφθόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, linum perdens: robe-destroying. Choëph. 25. See Λινόν.

Λινός, ου, ὁ, Linus: a celebrated poet of antiquity. Γέρων Λινός ἐξεδίδαξε Theoc. 24. 103.

Λιπά. See Λιπαράς.

Λιπαίνω, pinguefacio: to fatten, to enrich. Καλλίστοις Λιπαίνειν Bacch. 566. SYN. Αρδεύω, παίλω, τρέφω.

Λιπάρα, as, ἡ, Lipara: one of the Æolian or Vuleanian islands, anciently called Μελίγουνις. Νήσω ἐν Λιπαρῇ Call. Dian. 46.

Λιπαράιός, ὄν, Liparæus: of Lipara. Ἐρως δ' ἀρὰ καὶ Λιπαράω Theoc. 2. 133.

Λιπαράμπυξ, ἡκός, nitido redimiculo insignis: with a rich front ribbon. Acharn. 671. See Λιπαρός.

Λιπαρέω, instanter rogo, persevero: to be earnest or diligent in asking, to persevere. Τοῦτ' οὐκ ἔτ' ἀν πίθοι μὴδὲ λιπάρεϊ P. V. 529. Ἰκέτευς, ἱμείρω, λίσσόμεαι, δέδομαι, λιτάνεω.

Λιπαρής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, supplex; diligens: earnestly supplicating; diligent. Λιπαροὺς χειρουργίας Lysist. 673. SYN. Ἰκέτης, σπιδμελής.

Λιπαρόζωνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, splendida zona insignis: having a splendid girdle. Ὡ λῖπαροζώνου Δυγάτερ Phœn. 178.

Λιπαρόθρονός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchram sedem habens: having a beautiful seat. Λιπαρόθρονουσίην ἡμένας ἐπ' εσχάrais Eumen. 809.

Λιπαρόρκιδεμνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchram vittam habens: having a beautiful fillet, splendidly

adorned. Χάρις λιπαροκρήδεμος Σ. 382. SYN. Λιπαράμπνυξ.

Λιπαρόπλοκάμους, ου, ό, ή, pulchram comam habens: fine-haired. Κεφάλης λιπαροπλοκάμοιο T. 126. SYN. Ευκόμους, ηύκόμους, βάθυχαίτης. PRR. Κατάσκειός αυχενά χαίταις.

Λιπαρός, ά, ύν, pinguis, nitidus, opimus, pulcher: sleek, shining, beautiful. Æsch. Sup. 1036. See above. SYN. Πίων, άσρός, λαμπρός, κάλός, φαιδρός, δεξίος.

Λιπαρόχρός, ου, Λιπαρόχρως, ωτός, nitidum colorem habens: having a bright colour or skin, bright. Χαίρε Ξελαναία λιπαρόχροε Theoc. 2. 165. 102.

Λιπαρός, Λιπά, per apoc. pro Λιπαρό, nitide: neatly, calmly. Αυτον μεν λιπαρός γηρασκέμεν δ. 210. K. 577. SYN. Άσρώς, άσρά, επίμελως.

Λιπαύς, ναός, Λιπαυάτης, ου, ό, desertor classis: who deserts his ship, a deserter. Agam. 205. Εκερτομεν λιπαυάταν Theoc. 13. 73.

Λιπός, έός, τδ, adeps, pinguedo: fat, grease. Ον λιπός Απόλλωνός Call. 2. 39. SYN. Κνίσσα, δημός, αλειφάρ.

Λιπουρός, ου, ό, ή, cauda carens: having no tail. Τη και λιπουρά και μωνπα δύεται Call. fr. 76.

Λιτώ, pinguefacio: to fatten. Καλόν άει λιπώντα Call. fr. 141.

Λίπτω, avide cupio: to desire, to be eager for. Sept. Th. 348. SYN. Επιθυμέω, λιλαιύμαι, σπουδάζω.

Λίρς, ά, ύν, impudens: impudent, bold. Λίρς έγω τί δε σοι Call. fr. 229.

Λίς, lævis: smooth. Πέτρη γάρ λίς εστί μ. 79.

Λίς, ό, leo: a lion. Εβάνη λίς ηγέγεις O. 275. Dubitatur in Δ. 480. λιν ήγάγε, an scribi debeat λιν, pro λινά, nam genitivum putatur esse λινός.

Λίς, λιτός, ό; Λιτόν, ου, τδ, tenue et subtile linteum: finely woven cloth. Κατά λιτά πέ- τασσας Θ. 441. Άνθετό λιτά δύω πλυνδαϊδάλά Epigr. apud Suid. SYN. Σιδών.

Λισπός, η, ύν, politus: smooth, polished. Ran. 826. SYN. Λισσός.

Λισσάνιος: "at Lacedæmon, same sense as άγθός: Hesych." Donnegan, Greek Lex. Ου τώ σίω ουχί (pronunciand. σίουχί) πάντα γ' ω λισσάνιε Lysist. 1171. Aliter legunt λυσσάνιε.

Λισσάς, άδός, ή; Λισσός, ή, ύν, lævis: subst. læve saxum: smooth; subst. a smooth rock. Eumen. 801. γ. 293. SYN. Μάλακός, ύμάλός, λίς, λείψ.

Λισσάμαι, Λιταίνω, Λιτάνεύω, Λιτῶμαι, supplico, oro: to supplicate, solicit. Alcest. 259. Eur. El. 1213. Άφάμενοι λιτάνεύομεν Ω. 357. Κάκον και κήρα λιτесται H. 47. SYN. Εύχῶμαι, λιπαρέω, αιτέω, λιτάνεύω, ικετεύω, δέωμαι, αντιβόλῶ, αντίδω, παράκλῶ, προσκυνέω ικτήριός.

Λισσός. See Λισσός.

Λιστρών, radula utor: to use a spade or hoe, to dig about. SYN. Λαχαίνω, σκάπτω, ξύω.

Λιστρών, ου, τδ, radula: a hoe or spade. X. 455.

Λιταίνω, Λιτάνεύω. See Λισσάμαι.

Λιτάνός, Λιτάνευτικός, ή, ύν, supplicatorius: supplicatory. Μέλη λιτάνά δέοισι και Æsch. Sup. 816. (Pæon. dim. hypercat.) SYN. Ικετήσιος, ικτήριός.

Λιταργίζω, agili gressu procedo: to move with a light step, to hurry. Λιταργιούμεν οίκάδ' es τῶ

χωρίῳ Pax. 562. Neque hic tamen locus, nec Nub. 1255. citatus ad ἀπολιταργίζω, quantitatem primæ determinant. Quod si a λιτός oriatur, prima necesse longa sit. SYN. Διάζω, σπεύδω, άίσσω, σπερχῶμαι, επείγῶμαι, τᾶχύνω.

Λιτή, ής, ή, preces supplices: a suppliant prayer. Τούς δ' υπό γαίας ή γάρ σε λίται Hec. 146. In the plural, Λιταί is beautifully personified in Homer, I. 498. SYN. Ευχή, δέημα, αρά, ευγμά. Ep. Βάρβαρος, βώμιος, ικεσίος.

Λιτόμαι. See Λισσάμαι.

Λιτόν. See Λίς, λιτός.

Λιτός, ή, ύν, tennis, simplex, vilis: slender, simple, mean. Άφ' ής άλᾶ λιτόν επέσθων Call. Ep. 50. 1. Blomfield has in this and three other passages of Callimachus used the expanded form Λειτός, on the authority of Photius. See his note, Call. 2. 10. Λιτός occurs in one of the Epistol. Eurip. Elsewhere I have not met with the word in either shape. SYN. Ψίλος, λεπτός, όλίγος, άπλοός.

Λιτουργός, ου, ό, ή, facinorosus: mischievous. Την δ' εκ κινός λιτουργόν ανθύμητορα Simon. 230. There is nothing by which the quantity of the first syllable of Λιτουργός can be determined. If the word be derived from λιτή and έργον, the first syllable is short; if from λιτός and έργον, it is long. ΕΞΡ. Κάκοιργός Hesych.

Λιχήν. See Λειχήν.

Λιχμάς, Λιχμάω, λingo, devoro: to lick, eat up. Καί οί λιχμάςεσκε Moch. 2. 94. Hes. Scut. 235. and Bæch. 687. SYN. Λείχω, κατά- πινω.

Λιχνός, ου, ό, ή, et η, ον, gulosus, vorax: gluttonous, greedy. Εν τοίς κάκοισι λιχνός ουσα καρδία Hipp. 917. SYN. Άδηφάγος, πρόθυμος.

Λίψ, λείψ, ό, (1) Africus: the south-west wind; (2) libatio: a libation. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, col. 5706. citat. Jacobs. Anthol. 7. 182. Καί φιλοσπόνδου λείψ Choëph. 286. SYN. (2) see Λίσις.

Λιψουρία, as, ή, micturitio: a constant desire to void urine. Δίψη τίς ή λιψουρία Choëph. 744. See Blomf.

Λύδς, ου, ό, jecinoris, vel auris, ima pars; acus, siliqua: the lower part of the liver, or of the ear; a husk. Eur. El. 827. Ep. Εύτρητός.

Λύγᾶδες. See Λόγᾶδες.

Λύγας, άδός, ό, ή, selectus; chosén, select. Εξελικέ κδλεού λγᾶσι δ' Αργείων στράτου Hec. 542. SYN. Έκκριτός.

Λύγιδιον, ου, τδ, verbum: a little word or saying, maxim. Αλλ' εστιν ήμιν λγιδιον γνώμην έχον Vesp. 64. SYN. Μῶδς.

Λύγιζμαι, reputo, computo: to consider, calculate. Herc. F. 295. SYN. Ανάλογίζμαι, νόμιζω, σκέπτομαι, ενθυμέομαι, ολῶμαι.

Λύγιόν, ου, τδ, oraculum: an oracle. Λύγῶ παλαιά τῆδε γῆ σωτήρια Heracl. 406. SYN. Χρησμός, Δέσφάτων, μαντεϊών, Δεόπρόπιον. Ep. Κωφών, ίέρων, σάφες.

Λύγιός, α, ύν, disertus, clarus; orationis solutæ scriptor: eloquent, illustrious; a prose writer. Nem. 6. 51. See above.

Λύγισμός, ου, ό, ratiocinatio: reasoning, thought. Ran. 973. SYN. Νούς, επινόια, σκέψις, λγός, φροντίς, φρήν. Ep. Κεδνός, κάκός, άγθός, πιτύός.

Λύγιστής, ου, ό, calculator: a calculator. Anaer. 32. 5.

Λγός, ου, ό, verbum, sermo, ratio: a word,

speech, advice, reason, calculation. Hec. 560. SYN. Ῥῆμα, ἔπος, μῦθος, αὐδή, φήμη, λόγισμός, διανοία, ευγλωσσία. EP. Δίκαιος, κένος, βράχυσ, ἐπιφθόνος, ἀξίος, δειλός, αιμυλῖος, μακρός, σφόδρος, μόνος, κῆκος, μέγας, χρηστός, φροῦδος, παντοῖος, ἡδύς, κοινός, θράσυσ, μάταιος, περίσσοος, σάφρων, δελεητήριος, ευσχημῶν, αισχρός, κεδνός, νεανίας, φίλος, λαμπρός, νέωτέρους, εὐφημῶς, πειστήριος, εχθρός, ἐναντίος, ἐλευθέριος, πολέμιος, πικρός, ὀνειδιστήρ, μάλακος, ευκλέης, ἀληθής, ἐνδρόκιος, ψευδής, ἐτύμιος, σπουδαῖος, ἀρχαῖος, ποιήτης, ψεύστης, ἄσρος, εσλός, εσθλός, αιπεινός, ξυνός, πρῶσθικον, χάμαπότης, ἄγανός, δημοσίος, ἄμενής, οικτρός, σκολιός, πτέρους, κῆκοθρόος, τέθηγμένους. PHR. Οὐκ ἐστὶ Πειθοῦς ἱερὸν ἀλλὰ πλὴν λόγος, λόγον ευφρομία.

Λόγχη, ἡ, lancea: the point of a spear, a spear. Eur. Sup. 861. SYN. Ἄκων, ἀκόντιον, βέλους, παλτών. EP. Μυρία, πόλεμια, παλαιά, ἀμφιτόμος, δαΐος, δροπτόνος, μακρά, φόνια. PHR. Λόγχης ἀκμή, δόρος λόγχη.

Λογχήρης, ἔος, et Λογχοφόρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui lanceam fert: armed with a lance or javelin. Iph. A. 1067. Pax 1292. SYN. Δροφφόρος, πόλεμιος.

Λογχιμος, et Λογχωτός, ὄν, ad lanceam pertinet: of the lance. Κλόνους λογχιμούςος τὲ καὶ ναυβάτας ὀπλισμούςος Agam. 395. (Doehm. trim.) Bacch. 750.

Λογχοποιός, οὐ, ὁ, lancearum faber: a spear-maker. Καὶ λογχοποιῶν ὄργανα κτῶσθαι μάτην Bacch. 1197.

Λογχοφόρος. See Λογχήρης.

Λογχωτός. See Λογχιμόςος.

Λοῦτρον, Λοῦτρον, οὐ, τὸ, balneum; lustratio: a bath; lustration. Εἰσὶ δὲ θερμὰ λουτρά Ξ. 6. Agam. 573. SYN. Βάλαυνειν, πλύνος. EP. Ἐπητῶν, γλυκέρων, λουσιπνόν, λιπῶν, χάριεν, φόνιον, δροσέρων, γλυκῦ, πάνυστάτον, φόνιον, δροσῶν, καθάρων.

Λοῦτροχῶος, Λοῦτροχῶος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ad lavaerum aptus: fit for the bath, keeping a bath. Hē λουτροχῶος δῶν v. 297. Call. 5. 1.

Λόεω. See Λούω.

Λοῖσθ, ἡ, libatio: a libation. Ω. 70. SYN. Σπονδή, ἀπαρχή, θύσια. EP. Ψυχρά, οἰνηρά, φόνια, Διδονοῖα, αἰμάτῃσσο, ἱερά.

Λοιγίος, ὄν, perniciosus: destructive. Νῦν οἶα λοιγί' ἔσσεσθαι Φ. 533. SYN. Ὀλεθρίου, ὀλός, οὐλός, χάλειπος, θανάτῃος.

Λοιγός, αὐ, ὁ, perniciosus, exitium: destruction. Choëph. 396. SYN. Θανάτος, ὀλεθρός, λοιμός. EP. Αἰκίος, πικρός, αὐτός.

Λοιδόρεω, maledico: to revile, slander. Androm. 727. SYN. Δευνάω, βλασφημέω, κῆκοροῦθῶ, ἐπηρεάζω, διαβάλλω, κατὰ γλωττίω, κατὰ σαλθάω, ὑβρίω, ὀνειδίζω, κεροῦμεω.

Λοιδόρια, ας, ἡ; Λοιδόρισμόςος, οὐ, ὁ; Λοιδόρημα, convicium: railing, abuse, invective. Πάντασθῃ μάχης καὶ λοιδόριας Nub. 934. SYN. Δυσφημία, ἐρις, διαβόλη, ὑβρίς, ὀνειδός, σκώμμά. PHR. Φιλόλοιδόρου ὑλότης βέλεια κοῦφα.

Λοιδόρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, maledicus: slanderous. Cyl. 531. SYN. Κῆκηγρός, κῆκοθρόος, κῆκοῦλόςος.

Λοιμόςος, οὐ, ὁ, pestilentia: a pestilence. A. 97. SYN. Λοιγός, λύμη, φθορά, νόσος. PHR. Ἐχθιστός, πυρφόρος, φθισιμερότος, κῆκος, ἀνήκεστος. PHR. see E. R. v. 168—187.

Λοιπός, ὁ, ὄν, reliquus, superstes, futurus: remaining, last, future. Phœn. 956. SYN. Ἐπιλοιπός, ὑπολοιπός, ἄλλος.

Λοισθηῖος, Λοισθῖος, Λοισθόςος, ἡ, ὄν, postremus, ultimus: last. Χρυσὸν λοισθηῖ ἔθηκε Ψ. 751. Λοισθῖον βλέπων τὸδε Hipp. 57. and Helen. 1596. SYN. Ἐσχάτος.

Λοκρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, subadv. γῆ vel χώρα, Locris: (1) Locris, a country in Greece; (2) Locrian. ΑΛΛ' εἰσὶν ἑτέροι τῆς Λοκρίδος Ὀπουντίου Av. 152.

Λοκροί, ὦν, οἱ, Locri: the inhabitants of Locris. Iph. A. 262.

Λοξίας, οὐ, ὁ, Loxias: a name of Apollo. Λοξία δὲ μέμφομαι Orest. 279.

Λοξόβατης, οὐ, ὁ, oblique incedens: going obliquely. Λοξόβαται στρεβλοὶ Batrach. 286. EXP. Δόχμια βαίνων.

Λοξός, ἡ, ὄν, obliquus: oblique, slanting. Eur. fr. Thes. 5. 9. SYN. see Λεχρίος, σκολιός.

Λοπάδιον, οὐ, τὸ, dimin. a seq. Οἷς δὲ πᾶσα καὶ λοπάδιον καὶ χύτρα Plut. 812.

Λοπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, patella, patina: a dish. Νύκτωρ τὰς λοπάδας καὶ τὰς νήσους διαλείχων Eq. 1034.

SYN. Χύτρα, λέκνη, τήγανον.

Λόπος, οὐ, ὁ, cortex: bark, peel. τ. 233. SYN. Λέμμα, φλοιός.

Λουτροδόικτος, οὐ, balneo occisus: slain in the bath. Λουτροδόικτος δ' ὦλετ' Ἀχαιῶν Choëph. 1058.

Λουτρον. See Λοῦτρον.

Λουτροφόρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, aquam ferens ad lavandum: bringing water for lustration. Phœn. 358.

Λουτροχῶος. See Λοῦτροχῶος.

Λούω, et Λόεω, lavo: to wash. Troad. 1164. I. 320. κ. 361. SYN. Κατὰκλύω, κλύω, νίπτω, τέγγω, πλύνω.

Λοφῶς, cristam in capite habeo: to wear a crest. Pax 1211.

Λοφεῖον, οὐ, τὸ, cristarum vel speculi repositorium: a crest or mirror case. Nub. 749.

Λοφία, ἄς, ἡ, cervix, eminentia: a neck. Φρίξας εὐ λοφίην τ. 446. SYN. Τράχηλος, λοφός.

Λοφίποιόςος, οὐ, ὁ, artifex cristarum galeæ: a crest-maker. Pax 544.

Λοφόςος, οὐ, ὁ, cervix; crista galeæ; suprema pars collis: the upper part of the neck; the crest of the helmet; the brow of a hill. Herc. F. 998. SYN. Λοφία, τράχηλος, τριχωμά, κράνόςος, κνημόςος, γέληδοφόςος. EP. Ἄκρος, ἱππεῖος, ἱππιόχαίτης, νίφους, χρυσόςος, Ἑρμιάος, νίφους, φοινικέος, δινῆος, ἡερόφατος, κατὰσκιόςος, ευαγήςος.

Λοφωσίς, ἔως, ἡ, cristatura: the plumage of the crest. Av. 291.

Λοχαγέτης, Λοχαγόςος, οὐ, ὁ, cohortis ductor: the leader of a battalion. Καὶ λοχαγέτας μολών Phœn. 988. Troad. 1251. SYN. Στρατήγος, ἡγέμων, ἀρχόςος, ἄγος.

Λοχάδῃς, ὦν, αἱ, albugines oculorum: the whites of the eyes. Αυγάειν καθάραῖς οὐ δυνάται λοχάσιν Call. fr. 132. Aliter legunt et melius λογάσιν, the speakers: loquuntur enim oculi.

Λοχᾶω, insidior: to lay wait for, waylay. Eur. El. 225. SYN. Θηράω, θηρεύω, ἐφέδρεω, ἐλλοχίζω.

Λοχεία, ας, ἡ, partus, puerperium; fœtus: childbirth; offspring. Ἡ καὶ λοχείας ἡ νέκρου διγῆ χέρον Iph. T. 383.

Λοχευμά, ἄτος, τὸ, (1) puerperium: childbirth; (2) partus: offspring. Eur. El. 1124. SYN. Λοχεία. EP. Χρυσόμαλλον, σεμνόν.

Λοχεύω, pario, parturio: to bring forth. Bacch. 3. SYN. Τίκτω, κῆω, ὠδίνω.

Δολίχτης, ου, δ, insidiator; manipularis: one who lies in ambush; one that pertains to a λόχος. Ἀνδρας δολίχτας οἱ ἄνθρωποι αρχηγῆτες CE. R. 750.

Δόχμαϊος, α, ὄν, sylvestris: of the wood, wild. Av. 737. See below. SYN. Ῥαϊός, ἄγριος.

Δόχμη, ης, ἡ, dumetum: a thicket. Τρέφειν δύναιτ' ἂν μὴ δόχμη κλέπτα δαυτο Vesp. 928. SYN. Ῥαλη. EP. Σικεῖρα, φυλλὰς, ὄρεϊας, ἔλδοχός.

Δόχος, ου, δ, cohors; insidiæ: a band of soldiers; an ambushade. Phœn. 736. SYN. Τάξις, οὐλὰμος, ἐνέδρα. EP. Ξιφῆρης, κρυπτός, ξεστός, αἰνός, κοίλος, πικνός, αἰνότης, κρυφίος, σκοτεινός.

Δολιός, ου, δ, Lyæus: a name of Bacchus. Ὡ λυσιφρων Δολιός Anacr. 27. 2.

Δολυαῖος, α, ὄν, obscurus, tenebrosus: gloomy, dark. Ὅμῃ λυγαῖας μύλη Iph. T. 110. SYN. Σκοτεινός, σκοτεινός, ορφναῖος, δολοφῆρος, κελαινός.

Δολυδαῖος, ἴος, δ, Lygdamis: a commander of the Cimmerians. Δολυδαῖος ὕριστής Call. 3. 252.

Δολύδην, singulatio: with sobs. CE. C. 1621. SYN. Οικτρός.

Δολυδίνος, ὄν, e lygdo factus, candidus: made of the lygdo stone, white as marble. Περὶ λυγδίνου πράχλη Anacr. 28. 27.

Δολύζω, f. ἴσω, Dor. ἴζω, contorqueo, flecto, vincto: to twist, bind, overpower. Πλευρὰν λυγίσαντος ὑπὸ βρώμης. (anapaestic. dim.) Vesp. 1487. SYN. Κάμπτω, στρέφω.

Δολυμῶς, οὐ, δ, flexio: a turn, contortion. Τὸν ἀντιδωλὸν καὶ λυγισμὸν καὶ στρόφον Ran. 775. SYN. Καμπή.

Δολυκεῖς, ἑως, Ion. ἡδός, δ, Lynceus: one of the Argonauts. Plut. 210. EP. Τηλέκλειτος, ἀκρίβης ὁμολογῶ. PHR. see Nem. 10. 116. Apoll. 1. 153.

Δολγέ, υγκός, ἡ, lynx: a lynx, ounce. Alcest. 595. EP. Μαυαλία.

Δολγός, ου, ἡ, raro δ, vitex, virga: a withe, twig. Στρεπταῖς λυγοῖσι σῶμα Cycl. 225. Anacr. 74. EP. Ἀπάλη.

Δολγρός, α, ὄν, funestus, gravis: mournful, destructive. Τέρπειν λυγροὶ δὲ τῶνδ' ὅπλων κοινωγία Herc. F. 1368. SYN. Δεινός, χάλεπός, μέλειος, ἑλενός, οἰκτρός, λυγαλῆς, πένθιμος, γδερὸς, ὀλεθριός, ἀξιοθρηνός, κακός, ὀλός.

Δολή, Dor. Δύδα, ας, ἡ, Lyde. Καὶ Δύδα Σάτυρικόν Mosch. 6. 3.

Δολία, See Δολιός.

Δολίζω, Lydis faveo, Lydos imitor: to favour or imitate the Lydians. Καὶ λυδίζων καὶ ψηνίζων Eq. 520.

Δολιός, α, ὄν, et (2) Δολός, Lydian; Lydus: Lydian; a Lydian. Δολία γὰρ ἡ ὑπερδωδ, is the country of Lydia. Γῆς ἐπαφδός Δολίας ἀπὸ χθονός Bacch. 230. Ὡ παῖ τιν' αὐχεῖς πτερὰ Δολὸν ἢ Φρύγα Alcest. 691. EP. (2) plur. Ἀερόδιδται, πολύχρυσοι, ἀερόχιτωνες.

Δολός, See above.

Δόζω, singultio: to sob, sigh. Εἰτὰ λύζει καὶ δάκρυει καὶ λέγει πρὸς τοὺς φίλους Acharn. 690.

Δόξ, ης, ἡ, rixa, dissidium: a quarrel. Παῖδες βιασθέντες λῶα Nem. 9. 34., answered by πόρσιστα μοῖραν δ' ἐνδμόν.

Δόρυον, ου, τὸ, eror pulverulentus: clotted gore, dust mixed with gore. Αἰμῶτι καὶ λόρφῳ πέπалаγμένον χ. 402. SYN. Βρότός, λυμά. EP. Φοίνιν, ἀργαλέον, λευγαλέον, οἰκτρὸν.

Δολκάς, αντός, δ, annus: the year. Τοῦ δ'

αυτοῦ λυκάσαντος τ. 306. SYN. Ἐνιαυτός. PHR. Περὶτελλόμενοι ὄραι, ἐνιαυτός κύκλος.

Δολκαῖον, ου, τὸ, Lycæum: a mountain in Arcadia. Κάτ' ὄρεᾷ μακρὰ Δολκαῖον Theoc. 1. 123.

Δολκαδίνος, ου, δ, a Lycaone satus: the son of Lycaon, Mænalus. Τὴν δὲ Δολκαδίναν Theoc. 1. 126.

Δολκαδίνος, α, ὄν, Lycaonius: of Lycaon. Τίονοι πίνουσι Δολκαδίνος ἀρκτηοῖο Call. 1. 42.

Δολκαστός, ου, ἡ, Lycastus: a city in Crete. Καὶ ἀργινέντα Δολκαστον B. 647.

Δολκῶν, ὄντος, δ, Lycaon. Γέρον αἰχμητὰ Δολκῶν E. 197.

Δολκή, ης, ἡ, subaud. δόρα, pellis aut galea lupina: a wolf's skin, a helmet of wolf's skin. Καὶ λυκὴν καὶ τόξον K. 459.

Δολκεῖον, ου, τὸ, Lyceum: a place out of Athens to the east, sacred to Apollo, where Aristotle had his school. Pax 355. See below.

Δολκεῖος, εἰα, εἰον, (1) Ep. Apollinis: Lycian, an epithet of Apollo; (2) lupinus: pertaining to a wolf. Ταῦτ' ὦ Δολκεῖ' Ἀπολλών Soph. El. 655.

Δολκηγῆνης, ἑός, (1) in Lycia genitus: born in Lycia; (2) qui lucem generat: parent of light. Εὐχέτω δ' Ἀπολλωνί Δολκηγῆνι κλυτὸν ὄσφ Δ. 119.

Δολκίδας, ου, δ, Lycidas. Τὸν δ' ἐγὼ ἀμείψην Δολκίδα φίλῃ Theoc. 7. 37.

Δολκίδεος, ἑως, δ, catulus lupi: a wolf's cub. Θρέψαι καὶ λυκίδεῖς Theoc. 5. 37.

Δολκίος, α, ὄν, Lycius: Lycian. Ἀνὰ Δολκίαν γῆν ἢ ὥρα understood denotes the country of Lycia. Ἰφθίμοι Δολκίῳ Δανάων M. 417. EP. Plur. Ἀγχιμᾶχητα, ἰφθίμοι, ἀντιθεοῖ, ἀσπισταί, θωρηκταί, ἀγῆνορες.

Δολκίς, ἴος, δ, Lycis: a comic poet. Εἰώθε ποιεῖν καὶ Δολκίς κάμειψας Ran. 14.

Δολκοκτόνος, ου, δ, qui lupos interficit: wolf-killer. Τοῦ Δολκοκτόνου Δεῖος Soph. El. 6.

Δολκομήδης, ἑός, δ, Lycopædes. Τῶν Ἀρίσταντος Δολκομήδους P. 345. EP. Κρειοντιάδης, Κρειόντος υἱὸς Διός, κράτερὸς, ἀρηφίλος.

Δολκοργός, Δολκοργός, ου, δ, Lycurgus: (1) a prince of Thrace; (2) the Spartan lawgiver. Τὸν Δολκοργὸς ἐπεφνέ H. 142. Av. 1296. EP. Ἀνδροφόνος, κράτερὸς, μαιφόνος, Δρῶντιᾶδης.

Δολκοπούς, πιδός, lupinos pedes habens: wolf-footed. Lysist. 664. See below.

Δολκός, ου, δ, (1) lupos: a wolf; (2) Lycus: Lycus. Ἐλάφον λυκοῦ αἰμῶνι χαλᾷ Hee. 88. Apoll. 2. 752. EP. Ἄγριος, δαφουινός, κράτερωνος, ὀρεστέρος, πόλιος, σίντις, ἀμφογάδος, καρχαρδών, τραχὺς, ὀρεθιμύδης, δῆσιος, ἀναδῆς.

Δολκοργός. See Δολκοργός.

Δολκοφόντης, ου, δ, Lycophontes. Καὶ ἀντιθεὸν Δολκοφόντην Θ. 275. EP. Μένεπτολέμος.

Δολκοφρων, ὄντος, δ, Lycophron. Ὁ δ' ἐπειτὰ Δολκοφρόνῳ O. 430.

Δολκτός, ὄν, Lyctus: of Lyctus. Τὸ Δολκτίον ἢ τὸ φάρετρη Call. 2. 33.

Δολκτός, ου, ἡ, Lyctus. B. 647.

Δολκων, ὄντος, δ, Lycon. Ἐνθά Δολκων μέν Π. 337.

Δολκωρεῖος, ου, Δολκωρεῖος, ἑως, δ, cognomen Apollinis: a surname of Apollo. Φοῖβοι Δολκωρεῖοι Apoll. 4. 1490. Call. 2. 19.

Δολμά, ἄπτος, τὸ, purgamentum; sordes: water used in washing; filth. Δολμάτα πάντα καθήρην E. 171. SYN. Κάθαμα, λύμη.

Δολμᾶνδμαι, violo, devasto: to violate, lay waste. Ἄλις δὲ λύμης ἦν ἐλυμῆνω πάρος

Helen. 1098. SYN. Φθείρω, βλάπτω, λωβάω, πέρθω, λωεύω, ἀνιάω, εικπέρθω.

Λυμαντήριος, ὄν, perniciosus : destructive. Δεσμά λυμαντήρια P. V. 1027. SYN. Αὐγρός, δάκρυος, λοίγιος, θυμαλγής.

Λυμαντής, οὐ, Λυμῆν, ὦνός, ὁ, perditor : a destroyer, a pest. Οἶον κἀτακτῆσαι τοῦ λυμαντήν βίου Trach. 806. "Οστις γυναικῶν λυμῶνός ἤδεται Hipp. 1071.

Λυμῶν. See above.

Λύμη, ης, ἡ, lues, noxa : destruction, ravage. See the passage in Λυμαίνο. SYN. Φθόρα, λυμά, βλάβη, ὀλεθρός.

Λυτῶ, (2) Λυτῶμαι, (1) dolore adificio : to cause pain to, annoy ; (2) doleo : to be grieved, to suffer pain. Οὐ μὴν σὲ λυτεῖν ἐν κακοῖσι βουλόμαι Aleest. 1037. SYN. Αλγύνω, ἀνιάω, αλγῶ, ὀδυνάω, δάκνω, ἀδικέω.

Λύπη, ης, ἡ ; Λύπημα, ἄτὸς, τὸ, dolor, ægritudo : grief, pain. Μὴ δ' ὑπέρλαγει φρόντιδά λυπα Heracl. 620. (Anapæst. dim.) Trach. 553. SYN. Αλγυδών, ἀλγός, ἄχος, πένθος, ὀδύνη, ἄνία. ΕΡ. Πίκρα, ἀνιάρτοτατη, ευναία, στύγιος, θυμῶς, ἀνικεστός, δεινὴ.

Λυπηρός, Λυπηρός, ἄ, ὄν, molestus, tristis : troublesome, painful. Πρὸς βαλεῖδᾶ λυπηρὰν βίου Med. 1240. Phœn. 441. SYN. Αλγεινός, ὀξυρός, ὀδυνηρός, χάλεπός, ἀργάλεός, περίλυπος.

Λυπηρός, Λυπηρός, molestus : in a troublesome manner. Bacch. 1253. Phœn. 1222. See above. SYN. ὀδυνηρός, βάρεως, χάλεπός, δυσχέρως.

Λυπηρός, Λυπηρός. See Λυπηρός, Λυπηρός.

Λύρα, ας, ἡ, lyra : a lyre. Καὶ τὴν λύρην ἄπασαν Anacr. 1. 5. SYN. see Κιθάρα and Φόρμιγξ. ΕΡ. Ἐπτάτονος, ἐράτη, δεσπεσία, ἡδυμένης, καλλή, Ἀμφιδονία, Ὀρηνική, ευκλεάδης, ἐλεφαντινή.

Λύριζω, lyra ludo : to play on the lyre. Στέφον σὺν μεῖ καὶ λυρίζω Anacr. 5. 12. SYN. Κιθαρίζω, φορμίζω. ΡΗΗ. Εὐχόροδός ἐγείρω λύραν, φόρμιγγ' ἐπτάγλωσσον χρυσέω πλήκτρῳ διώκω.

Λυρικός, ὅς, ὄν, lyricus : lyric. Γράμματα τῶν λυρικών Epigr. citat. a Stephano, in Thes.

Λυρνησσός, οὐ, ἡ, Lyrnessus : a city of Phrygia. T. 60.

Λύροκτύπη, οὐ, ὁ, qui lyram pulsat : a player on the lyre. Anacr. 172. 47. See Λύρα and Κτύπος.

Λύροποιός, οὐ, ὁ, qui lyras conficit : a lyre-maker. Anacr. 134. See Λύρα and Ποιέω.

Λύρωδός, οὐ, ὁ, lyricen : one who accompanies the harp with his voice. Ἔμοι δὲ τῷ λύρωδῳ Anacr. fr. 2. 31.

Λύσανδρος, οὐ, ὁ, Lysander. Οὐτὰρ δὲ Λύσανδρον καὶ Πυρρόσιν Λ. 491.

Λυσιάνος, οὐ, ὁ, qui a solitudine liberat : delivering from annoyance. Λυσάνιος πάτριών μεγάλων πόνων Nub. 1160. ; with which corresponds ὃν καλέσον τρέχων ἐνδύθεν ὡς ἐμέ. See Ἀνία.

Λυσιάνασσά, ης, ἡ, Lysianassa : one of the Nereids. Καὶ Λυσιάνασσα Hes. Theog. 258.

Λυσιάνος, οὐ, ὁ, ὅς, qui solvit zonam, discinctus : one who loosens the zone, ungirdled. Ἐβώσατο λυσιάνων Theoc. 17. 60.

Λυσικάκος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, mala sedans : sorrow-soothing. ἴππον λυσικάκου Theogn. 476. SYN. Ἀδθίπηνων, λυσιέριμνος.

Λυσικλής, εὖς, ὁ, Lysicles : a seller of sheep at Athens. Βέλτιστος ἀνὴρ μετὰ λυσικλέα καὶ Κύνναν καὶ Σαλαδάκχαν (double anapæstie) Eq 276.

Λυσικράτης, εὖς, ὁ, Lysicrates : Lysicrates. Ἡ Λυσικράτους ἀρὰ νυνὶ ῥίσι Eccl. 630.

Λυσιμάχος, ὄν, Λυσιμάχη, ἡ, qui et quæ pugnas dirimit : one who puts an end to battles. Ἰνὰ λυσιμάχην σὲ κάλωμεν Pax 992.

Λυσιμέλειά, ας, ἡ, Lysimelia : a lake near Syracuse. Παρ' ὕδασι Λυσιμέλειας Theoc. 16. 84.

Λυσιμέλης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, membra solvens : relaxing the limbs, refreshing. Λυσιμέλης ἐπ' οὐρου σὲ ψ. 343. SYN. Λυσικάκος, λυσιπῆμων.

Λύσιμος, ὄν, qui solvi potest : which may be dissolved or terminated. Æsch. Sup. 818. See Butler's note ad loc. on the quantity of the first syllable of this word. Schæf. refers to Jacobs. Anthol. ii. 68.

Λύσιπαίγμων, ὄνός, in jocos resolvens : relaxing into sport. Λύσιπαίγμων τὸτὲ Βάκχος Anacr. 39. 9. (Ionic. a minor. dim.)

Λύσις, ἴος, ἡ, solutio, liberatio : a loosening, release from, end. Πημάτων δόλης λύσιν Androm. 892. SYN. Λύτρωσις, πέρας, σωτηρία.

Λύσιστράτη, ης, ἡ ; Λύσιστράτης, οὐ, ὁ, Lysistrata ; Lysistratus : Lysistrata ; Lysistratus. Lysist. 189. Vesp. 1299. See above and Στράτης.

Λυσίτελέω, utilis sum, prosum : to profit, to be serviceable to. Οὐ φημ' ἂν λυσίτελεῖν σφῶν Plutarch. 509. SYN. Χραισμέω, ωφέλεω, τέλη λῶω.

Λυσσά, ης, ἡ ; Λύσσημα, ἄτὸς, τὸ, rabies, insania : fury, madness. Orest. 784. 264. SYN. Μᾶνια, οἰστρος. ΕΡ. Μᾶνιάς, φοιτάλεος, δέδμᾶνής, κράτερᾶ, μαινῶς, ἀπηνής, ὀλόη, θυῶς, φοιτάς.

Λυσσαίνω, Λυσσᾶω, rabie actus furo : to rave, to be furious. Antig. 632. CE. R. 1258. SYN. Μένεαίνω, μένοινᾶω, δυσμενῶν.

Λυσσάλεός, Λυσσητήρ, ἥρὸς, Λυσσώδης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ ; Λυσσᾶς, ἄδός, ἡ, rabiosus : furious. Λυσσάλεός δ' ἡπειτ' ἵκετο Apoll. 4. 1393. Θ. 299. N. 53. Herc. F. 1018.

Λυσσανίως. See Λισσανίως.

Λυσσᾶς. See above.

Λυσσᾶω. See Λυσσαίνω.

Λύσσημα. See Λύσση.

Λυσσητήρ. See Λυσσάλεός.

Λυσσώδης. See Λυσσάλεός.

Λυτήρ, ἥρὸς, ὁ, qui liberat : a deliverer from. Τᾷ μελέᾳ λυτήρ Eur. El. 136., answering to καὶ στύγερᾶς ζωᾶς. And Nonn. Jo. 211. ὅλης λυτήρᾳ γένεθλης.

Λυτήριός, ἰα, ἰον, solvendi vim habens : competent to deliver, rescuing. Soph. El. 1490. See above. SYN. Λύσιμος.

Λύτρων, οὐ, τὸ, redemptionis premium : a ransom. Τῷ λύτρον συμφορᾶς οὐκράς Olymp. 7. 141., answered by ὁ τ' ἐν Ἀργεῖ χαλκὸς ἔγγνω μιν. And it is long in Isth. 8. 1. Schæfer in Steph. ed. Valpy, col. 5880., cites Jacobs. Anthol. 11. 237. SYN. Ἀντάλαγμα, ἀποιών, τίμημα. ΕΡ. Ἀντάξιον, καλλινίκον.

Λύχνιον, οὐ, τὸ, laterna : a candlestick, a little lamp. Τὸ δὲ λυχνίον ἐν πρῶτῳ Theoc. 21. 36. See below.

Λύχνον, οὐ, τό ; Λύχνος, οὐ, ὁ, lucerna : a lamp. τ. 34. Cycl. 511. See Λύχνωπάλης. SYN. Λαμπάς, δᾶϊς, φανός. ΕΡ. Ασπράττων, αἰγλήεις, αἰθοῦς, παμφάνων.

Λύχνωποιός, οὐ, ὁ, lucernarum confector : a lamp-maker. Ὅτι τυγχάνει λυχνωποῖος ὢν πρὸ τοῦ μὲν οὖν Pax 689. See below.

Λύχνωπάλης, οὐ, ὁ, lucernarum venditor : a

lamp-seller. Σαντὸν δὲ λυχνόπῳλῃσι καὶ νευρορράφοις Eq. 739.

Λυχνός. See Λυχνόν.

Λυχνοῦχος, ου, ὁ, laterna: a candlestick. Φαίνειν ὑπευθύνους λυχνοῦχος καὶ κύλιξ Acharn. 936. SYN. Λυχνίον, λαμπάδοῦχος.

Λυχνοφόριᾶω, Λυχνοφόρέω, lampada gero: to bear a lamp. Ἄπερ λυχνοφόριῶντες ἀπὸ κέκυφμεν Lysist. 1004. SYN. Λαμπάδουχέω.

Λῶω, ὥω, solvo, explico, termino, mitigo; prosum: to loosen, explain, terminate, mitigate; to be beneficial. Ἐμοὶ τὲ λῶει τοῖσι μέλλουσιν τέκνοις Med. 566. Ἀμμὰ λύσθμεν δέρης Hippol. 781. ΑΛΛὰ λῶ ἵππους K. 480. In fut. and aor. act. and mid. the *υ* is always *long*, and perf. and pluperf. and aor. 1. and 2. pass. always *short* in Hom. except σ. 238. SYN. Ἀνίμῃ, χᾶλῶω, ἔλευθερῶω, λυσιτέλῶω.

Λῶ, a Λῶω Dorice pro δέλω, volo: to wish. Ἦν τινὰ λῆς Call. 3. 19. SYN. see Θέλω.

Λωσάωμαι, Λωσέωμαι, contumelia adificio: to insult. Orest. 920. ψ. 216. SYN. Λωμαίνεσθαι, ὕβριζω, χλευάζω, σκώπτω, κατὰσκώπτω.

Λῶθη, ης, ῆ, contumelia, injuria, dedecus: insult, injury, disgrace. Androm. 298. SYN. Ἵβρις, αἰκία, ὀνειδός, γέλως, βλάβη, ὑλῆθρος, λήμη. Ep. Εχθίστη, μέγαλη, πάτρη, λυγρὰ, κέλαινη, πικρὰ, δακέθυμὸς, ἄεικς, θυμαλγής.

Λωσθητήρ, ἥρως, Λωσθητής, οὗ, ὁ, qui contumelia adficit, vilis: a reviler, despicable fellow. A. 385. Ran. 93. SYN. Ἵβριστής, ὑπέρηφάνος, δρᾶσὺς, ἀπτόεπής.

Λωσθητός, ἡ, ὄν, infamia notatus: marked with infamy. Aj. 1388. SYN. Ἐπὸνειδιστός, ἐπίμεπτός.

Λῶς, ου, ὁ, mensis Augustus: the month of August. Call. Ep. 48.

Λῶπη, ης, ῆ; Λῶπός, ου, ὁ, vestimentum tenue: a thin covering, coat. ν. 224. Theoc. 14. 60.

Λωπῶδῆτέω, f. ἡσω, veste exuio, furor: to strip, rob. Μὴ λωπῶδῆτῆσαι μὴ φθινεῖν τοῖς πλησίον Eccles. 565.

Λωπῶδότης, ου, ὁ, qui viatores vel mortuos vestimentis exuit et spoliat: a pickpocket, footpad. Λωπῶδότης παῖει ῥοπάλῳ Av. 498. SYN. Κλοπεύς, κλέπτης, κλώψ.

Λῶπός. See Λῶπη.

Λωτέντα: "Ionic, same sense as λωτέντα, λωτούντα, accus. of λωτέις M. 283., abounding in lotus." Donnegan, Gr. Lex.

Λωτίζω, lotum decerpo; eligo: to pluck the lotus; to gather, select. Aesch. Sup. 970. SYN. Δρέπω, ἀποδρέπω, καρπίζομαι.

Λωτίνος, η, ὄν, lotinus: of the lotus tree. Μεγὰ λωτίνον ἔργον Theoc. 24. 45.

Λωτισμὰ, ἄτὺς, τὸ, flos loti: a choice flower. Helen. 1609. SYN. Ἀνθος, ἄωτον.

Λωτός, οὗ, ὁ, lotus; fistula ex loto: the lotus tree; a pipe made of it. Φ. 351. Ep. Ερσήεις. PHR. see τ. 92—98.

Λωτοτρόφος, ὄν, lotum nutiens: abounding in the lotus. Λωτοτρόφον κατὰ λειμᾶκα Phœn. 1587.

Λωτοφάγοι, ὡν, Lotophagi: a nation in Libya. Γαίης Λωτοφάγων ι. 84.

Λωτοτρόφος. See Λωτέις.

Λωφᾶω, ἡσω, allevio; cesso: to alleviate, succor: to cease. P. V. 27. SYN. Ἀναπαύω, ἀναπνέω, λήγω.

Λωφήϊδος, ἰα, ὄν, allevans, piacularis: alle-

viating, expiatory. Λωφήϊά βέζαι ἐπ' αὐτῷ Apoll. 2. 487. SYN. Αὐτήριος.

M.

Mā, præp. negandi fere per jusjurandum: no by Οὐ μὰ γὰρ Απόλλωνα A. 86.

Mā, vox Syracusana pro Μάτηρ. Vid. Eustath. E. p. 428. 52. et Stanleii adnot. ad Aesch. Sup. 897.: mother.

Μαγγάνεω, præstigiis et incantationibus utor, manganizo: to use incantations. Καὶ μαγγάνεουσιν μῶλονουσάν τε τοὺς Plut. 310. SYN. Φαρμάκεω, ἐπάδω, φαρμάσσω.

Μαγδάλια, ἄς, ῆ, pulpa mollior ex pane, ad detergendas manus adhiberi solita: soft bread to rub the hands on when greasy, coarse bread. Ἀπὸ μαγδάλιῤς σιτούμενος τυσοῦτός εκτραφέειν Eq. 412.

Μαγειρικός, ῆ, ὄν, ad coquum pertinens, culinaris: of a cook, culinary. Eq. 216. See Μαγειρός.

Μαγειρικός, more coquinarior: cook-like. Eq. 376. See below.

Μαγειρός, ου, ὁ, coquus: a cook. ΑΛΛ' εἰσίθ' ὡς ὁ μαγειρός ἦδη τὰ τέμαχῃ Ran. 517.

Μάγευμά, ἄτὺς, τὸ, veneficium, machinamentum magicum: magic, sorcery, a love-potion. Eur. Sup. 1120. See Μᾶγος. SYN. Ἐπαιδής.

Μάγνης, ητός; Μάγνησος, Μαγνητικός, ῆ, ὄν; Μαγνήτις, ἰδὸς, Magnesius: Magnesian. Soph. El. 707. Theoc. 22. 79. Pers. 498. Eur. fr. Aeneus 5. 2. Μαγνήτις, joined with λίθος, denotes the magnet, or loadstone. The ancients counted five kinds of magnets, differing in power, size, and colour—the Magnesian, the Boeotian, the Natolian, the Aethiopian, and the Alexandrian.

Μᾶγος, ου, ὁ, magus: a magician, juggler. Ὑφεῖς μάγον τοιονδὲ E. R. 387. SYN. Ἀγύρτης, φαρμάκευς, φαρμάκος, γῆς. Ep. Δολίως.

Μᾶδᾶω, madeo; laevis et depilis sum: to be wet; to be bald-headed. Ὑπῶντᾶ κυφὸν ἀθλίον ῥυσθν μᾶδᾶντᾶ νωδὸν Plut. 266. SYN. Φᾶλακρός, ψεδνός εἰμῖ.

Μᾶδδᾶ, Megarice pro Μᾶζᾶ aut Μᾶζα, ης, ῆ, maza: a cake, coarse pudding. Αμῶτῃ ποττᾶν μᾶδδᾶν αἰ χ' εὐροτῇ πα Acharn. 732. Plut. 192. SYN. Παάκοῦς, ἄρτος, ψαμός.

Μᾶζᾶ aut Μᾶζα. See Μᾶδδᾶ.

Μᾶζισκη, ης, ῆ, parva maza: a little cake. Ἐγὼ δὲ μᾶζισκας γέ διαμέμαγμένας Eq. 1105.

Μᾶζος, et Dor. Μασδός, οὗ, ὁ, mamma, mamilla: the breast (properly the breast of a man; though it is sometimes used for μαστός, the breast of a woman). See Steph. Thes. in ν. Μᾶζος. Στήθος παρὰ μᾶζὸν Θ. 121. Theoc. 3. 15. SYN. Κόλπος, μαστιδίον, τιτθός. Ep. Δεξιός, δεξιτέρως, λαθικηδής, περπνός, φέρεσβίος, κουροτρόφος, γλυκύς, ἄρηγῶν, εὐναῖος.

Μᾶθημα, ἄτὺς, τὸ, disciplina: that which is learnt, instruction. Τᾶλλᾶ μὲν μᾶθημᾶτα Hec. 802. SYN. Ἐπιστήμη, διδασίς.

Μᾶθησις, ἔως, ῆ, "discentia, ipsa descendit actio," Steph. Thes.: the act of learning. Ὅν μᾶθησθαι οὐκ ἔχει Eur. Sup. 925. SYN. Μᾶθημά,

ἐπιστήμη, παιδαγωγία, παιδεία, διδᾶξις, διδάχῃ, διδασκάλια.

Μᾶθητὺς, ὄν, discendus: that must be learnt. Vesp. 1262. See below.

Μᾶθητῆς, οὗ, ὁ, discipulus: a disciple. Τῷ τῶν μᾶθητῶν ἐμφέρῃς γένήσονται Nub. 502. SYN. Ἀκροατής.

Μᾶθητιώ, discere cupio: to desire to learn. Μᾶθητιώ γὰρ ἀλλ' ἀνοιγέ τὴν θύραν Nub. 183. See above.

Μαῖα, ας, ῥ, nutrix, obstetrix, mater: a nurse, midwife, mother. Alcest. 403. SYN. Τρόφος, τῖθῃνη, ἡ τρέφουσα, γράυς.

Μαῖα, ας, Μαῖας, ἀδὸς, ἡ, Maia: the mother of Mercury. Ὅν τέκε Μαῖα Hom. H. 17. 3. Helen. 243. EP. Καλλιπείδης, αἰδοία, πῶτινᾶ, φίλη, Ἄτλαντος θύγατηρ, Ἄτλαντις, ἐρικύδης.

Μαίανδρος, ου, ὁ, Mæander: a river in Caria, remarkable for its windings. Μαϊάνδρου τέ ῥῶας B. 869.

Μαῖα. See Μαῖα.

Μαιεύω, Μαιεύμαι, obstetrix sum: to act the midwife to. Lysist. 696.

Μαιμᾶλιδης, ου, ὁ, Mæmalo satus: Pisander, the son of Mæmalus. Μαιμᾶλιδης ὅς πᾶσι Π. 194.

Μαιμᾶ, Μαῖδμαι, valde cupio, gestio: to desire earnestly. N. 78. §. 356. SYN. Ἐπιθυμῶ, πῶθεα, ἱμεῖρόμαι, ὀρεγῶμαι, ἐλδομαι, μενεάινω, ὀρμᾶδμαι, οἰστράω.

Μαινάλιος, α, ὄν, Mænalius: Mænalian, of Mænalus. Τῶν Μαινάλιῃ νᾶεν Call. 3. 224.

Μαινάλων, ου, τὸ, Mænalus: a mountain in Arcadia. Phœn. 1178. See above. EP. Μῆγα.

Μαινᾶς, ἀδὸς, Μαινῶλις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, insaniens, furiosa: frenzied, frantic. Ζητῇ ξυνάψω Μαινᾶσι στρατηγᾶτων Bacch. 52. Æsch. Sup. 114. SYN. Πάρφρυνός, πᾶρᾶφρων, ἄφρων, βάκχη, βακχεύουσα. PHR. see Bacch. 1050—1056.

Μαινῆς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, halec: a kind of fish, a cankret. Μαινῆδος τὸ τρύβλιον Ran. 985.

Μαινῶλις. See Μαινᾶς.

Μαῖνω, (2) Μαῖνῶμαι, (1) in insaniam adigo: to drive mad; (2) insanio: to be mad. Ion 522. Iph. A. 42. SYN. (2) Διαφθείρόμαι, πᾶρφρυνέω, βακχεύω, λυσσαίνω, δυσμενάινω, λυσσῶω, πᾶρᾶνέω.

Μαῖδμαι. See Μαιμᾶω.

Μαῖρᾶ, ας, ἡ, Mæra. A. 325.

Μαῖων, ὠνός, ὁ, Mæon: a Theban prince.

Μαῖων Αἰμῶνιδης Δ. 394.

Μαιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, Mæoticus: of the Mæotis. P. V. 756.

Μαιωτῆς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Mæotis: a lake at the mouth of the Tanais or Don. P. V. 426. EP. Πόλυ-πῶτάμους.

Μαιωτιστῖ, Mæotic more, lingua, vel sumptu: after the fashion, language, or expense of the inhabitants of Mæotis. Ὅχετό Μαιωτιστῖ λάβων Theoc. 13. 55.

Μᾶκᾶρ, ὁ, μᾶκαιρᾶ, ἡ, superl. μᾶκᾶρτᾶτος; item Μᾶκᾶριος, α, ὄν; Μᾶκᾶρίτης, ου, ὁ; Μᾶκᾶρίτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, felix, beatus: happy, blessed, fortunate. Γέλως μᾶκαρεσσὶ Δεῖοις A. 559. Ξυνάψων ἀρχὴν μᾶκᾶρίαν νυμφευμάτων Iph. A. 832. Bacch. 1161. Ὡ Μᾶκᾶρίτην ὦ Δάματερ Plut. 555. Theoc. 2. 70. SYN. Ὀλεις, εὐδαίμων, ολειςδαίμων, εὐπτόμος, ευτυχής, ζηλωτός. — Μᾶκᾶρ is also a P. N. Ω. 54.

Μᾶκᾶρίζω, felieem prædico; gratulor: to call

happy; to congratulate. CE. R. 1195. See Μᾶκᾶρ. SYN. Εὐδαιμονίζω, ολειςίζω.

Μᾶκᾶρίος. See Μᾶκᾶρ.

Μᾶκᾶριστός, ἡ, ὄν, qui beatus vocatur: deemed happy. Τί γὰρ εὐδαίμον γ' ἡ μᾶκᾶριστόν Vesp. 550.

Μᾶκᾶρίτης, Μᾶκᾶρίτις. See Μᾶκᾶρ, and Steph. Thes. in v.

Μᾶκᾶρίως, "beate, feliciter, divino consilio," Steph. Thes.: happily, providentially. Ὡς ευτυχεῖθ' ὡς μᾶκᾶρίως πέπράγατε Plut. 629.

Μᾶκεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, longus, procerus: long, tall. Φύλλᾶ μᾶκεδνῆς αἰγέριοι η. 106. SYN. Δολιχός, ὑψηλός, ὑνέρεφής, αἰπύς, αἰπεινός, οὐρανόμηκης, ἐξόχος, μακρός.

Μᾶκεδών, Μᾶκεδών, ὄνός, ὁ, Macedo: a Macedonian. Μαγνητικῇ δὲ γαίᾳ ηδὲ Μᾶκεδόνων Pers. 498. Call. 4. 167.

Μᾶκελλᾶ, Μᾶκελλη, ης, ἡ, ligo: a spade. Διὸς μᾶκελλη τῶν ἀναστρέφει δίκη Av. 1240. Apoll. 4. 1533. Μᾶκελλᾶ and Δῖκελλᾶ are distinguished; the former being a spade, and the latter a shovel. See Blomf. Gloss. Agam. 509. SYN. Χαλκείη, χρυσέα.

Μᾶκεδών. See Μᾶκεδών.

Μακιστῇ, ἥρως, ὁ, prolixus: prolix, tedious. Ἑκουσᾶ μακιστῇρᾶ καρδίας λόγον Æsch. Sup. 475. Sed de hac voce dubitandum. SYN. see Μᾶκρός.

Μᾶκιστός, i. e. Μήκιστός, maximus: greatest.

Μεῖζονά δαίμων τῶν μακιστῶν CE. T. 1301.

Μακκοῦα, desipio: to be foolish. Eq. 396.

Μᾶκος, Dorice pro Μῆκος.

Μᾶκραῖων, ὠνός, ὁ, ἡ, longævus: long-lived. CE. C. 149. See Μᾶκρός. SYN. Μᾶκροεῖστος, δηροεῖστος, δηρὸς, χρῶνιός, ἀθανάτος.

Μᾶκραύχη, ἔνδος, longum collum habens: long-necked. Phœn. 1190. See Μᾶκρός. SYN. Ὑψηλός, αἰπύς.

Μᾶκρηγῶρῶ, prolixè loquer: to be prolix or tedious. Hipp. 701. See Μᾶκρός. SYN. Λόγον παρᾶτείνω, πολλὰ λέγω.

Μᾶκρηγῶρία, ας, ἡ, sermonis prolixitas: tediousness in speaking, prolixity. Pyth. 8. 40. See Μᾶκρός.

Μᾶκρίας, ἀδὸς, ἡ, Maeris. Τοῖσι δὲ Μακρίᾶδες σκῆπτῃα Apoll. 1. 1112. See Schol. on l. 1024.

Μᾶκρίεὺς, εὖς, ὁ, e Maeride, i. e. Eubœa natus: born at Maeris, Eubœan. Apoll. 1. 1024.

Μᾶκρίς, ἰδὸς, acc. ἰδᾶ ἐν ἡ, Maeris: (1) the nurse of Bacchus; (2) Eubœa and Chios were also so called. Μᾶκριδᾶ φιλάμην Apoll. 4. 990. PHR. (1) Κοῦρη Ἀρισταῖοι μὲλῖφρῶνός.

Μᾶκροεῖστος, ὄν, longævus: long-lived. Pers. 267. See Μᾶκρός and Βῆτος. SYN. see Μᾶκραῖων, μακροεῖας.

Μᾶκρόπινος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, longum spiritum ducens: long drawn. Ἐλκεις μακρόπινον ζῶαν Phœn. 1561. See below.

Μᾶκρός, ἂν, ὄν, comp. μᾶσσων, superl. μήκιστός, ἡ, ὄν, longus, largus, magnus; tall, long, distant, great, far. Τέθνηχ' ὃ μῦθος οὐ μακρός μακρῶν περί Orest. 749. Μακρᾶν, subaud. ὀδόν, signifies, far off. Μακραι, subaud. πέτραι, is the name of a cavern in the rock of the Acropolis. Ion 13. SYN. Μακιστῇρ, μᾶκεδνός, πύλως, αἰπύς, μέγας. Μᾶκρός, εὖς, τὸ, i. q. Μῆκος, q. v. Ὡ Πῶσειδον τοῦ μακροῦς Av. 1131.

Μᾶκρῶνῆς, ὠν, οἱ, Maerones: a Seythian nation, derived from Eubœa. Μακρῶνες μετὰ δ' αὖ Apoll. 2. 396.

Μάκτρα, *as, ἡ*, vas in quo panis subigitur: a kneading-trough. Plut. 545.

Μάκων, Doric for Μήκων.

Μᾶλᾶ, (2) compar. μᾶλλον, (3) superl. μάλιστα, (1) valde: much, very; (2) magis: more, rather than; (3) præcipue, maxime: especially. Ἀλλ' ἥ τις εἰ λέγειν σ' ἐχρῆν αὐτῇ μᾶλα Plut. 432. Iph. T. 1407. A. 16. SYN. Λίαν, ἄγαν, κάρτᾳ, πάντως, πάνυ, σφυδρᾶ, (2) πλεόν, (3) πλείστον.

Μᾶλᾶκῖον, *ὄνός*, molliculus: effeminate. "Ἐπου μᾶλᾶκῖον δευρ' ἀνύσας καὶ μὴ ἁλᾶει Eccles. 1058.

Μᾶλᾶκογνώμων, *ὄνός*, emollitum habens animum: soft in mind, relenting. Μᾶλᾶκογνώμων (anapæst. monom.) P. V. 196. PHR. Μᾶλᾶκῇ γνώμῃ.

Μᾶλᾶκός, *ἡ, ὄν*, mollis: soft, effeminate. Οὐδ' ἂν μᾶλᾶκῇ φουρασμένους Nub. 979. SYN. Μαλθακός, τρυφῆρός, ἥσυχός, ἄβρός, μελίχχός, ἀπάλος, ἥδους.

Μᾶλᾶκχειρ, *ειρός, ὁ, ἡ*, qui mollem habet manum et lenientem: soft-handed, balmy. Nem. 3. 95. See above.

Μᾶλᾶκῶς, molliter: softly, effeminately. Eq. 782. See Μᾶλᾶκός. SYN. see Μαλθακός.

Μᾶλᾶσσω, emollio: to soften, enervate, beat. Οργὰς μᾶλᾶσσουν' ἀνδρὺς Aleest. 787. SYN. Μαλθακίζω, μαλθασσω, ἀπάλυνω, πρᾶννω, δέφω, δεψέω.

Μᾶλᾶχη, *ης, ἡ*, malva: mallows. Μᾶλᾶχης πρόθους ἀντὶ δὲ μάξης Plut. 544.

Μᾶλᾶ, Μᾶλειᾶ, *as, ἡ*, Malea: the southern promontory of the Peloponnesus. Ἦδη δὲ Μᾶλᾶς πλησίον πέπλευκέντας Cycl. 18. ι. 80.

Μᾶλῆρός, *ἂ, ὄν*, violentus, ardens: violent, consuming, melting. Αὐτὰς τ' ἐμπρήσειν μᾶλῆροῦ πύρος I. 242. SYN. Δρυμῖς.

Μᾶλη, *ης, ἡ*, ala, axilla: the arm-pit. Κάπειτ' ὀδρὺ δὴθ' ὑπὸ μᾶλης ἥκεις ἐχων Lysist. 984.

Μαλθακίζω, emollio: to soften. Ἦ μαλθακισθένθ' ὑστέρον μέγα στένειν Med. 291. SYN. Τάπεινῶ, μάλᾶσσω, μαλθασσω, μᾶλᾶκίζω.

Μαλθακιστέος, *ὄν*, molliter agendus: must be effeminately done. Οὐ μαλθακιστέ' ἀλλὰ περικάλυπτᾶ Nub. 725.

Μαλθακός, *ἡ, ὄν*, mollis: soft, mild. Μαλθακ' ἀλλ' εἰσω φρένων Med. 317. SYN. see Μᾶλᾶκός.

Μαλθακῶς, molliter: effeminately. Μαλθακῶς κατὰκειμένοι Acharn. 70. SYN. Μᾶλᾶκός, ἄβρός, ἥσυχός.

Μαλθασσω, ξω, mollio: to soften, enervate. Eumen. 134. SYN. see Μᾶλᾶσσω.

Μᾶλιστᾶ. See Μᾶλᾶ.

Μᾶλλον. See Μᾶλᾶ.

Μαλλός, *οὔ, ὁ*, vellus: a fleece. Eum. 45. SYN. Κῶδς, λᾶχνη, πῶκός. Ep. Εὐπόκός, εὐείρος, νέογνός.

Μαμμάκῦθος, *οὔ, ὁ*, stultus quidam: the name of a fool, a stupid fellow. Κέχρηντες Μαμμάκῦθοι: Ran. 990.

Μαμᾶν (Μαμᾶν est ἄσημος φωνὴ παιδίων λαλούντων Schol.), vagitus infantis quærentis uber: a child's cry for the breast. Μαμᾶν δ' ἂν αἰτήσαντός Nub. 1383.

Μαμμία, *as, ἡ*, mater: mamma. Φερε' σὲ φίλῃσιν γλῦκυτότατον τῇ μαμμίᾳ Lysist. 890.

Μάν, Dor. pro Μῆν, q. v.

Μανδᾶλῶτον, *οὔ, τὸ*, osculum quoddam lascivum: a wanton kiss. Καὶ μανδᾶλῶτον ὥστ' ἔμοῃ γ' ἀκροωμένων Thesm. 132.

Μάνδρα, *as, ἡ*, stabulum: a fold or stall. Call. 6. 105. SYN. "Ερκός, ἐπανλῖς. Ep. Πᾶλῦχανδής.

Μανέομαι, insanio: to be mad. Ἐγὼ δ' ἐπὶ τὴν μέμνηνμαι Theoc. 10. 31. SYN. see Μαίνω.

Μάνης, *οὔ, ὁ*, servus: a slave. Τούτου μὲν οὖν Φορμίσιος Μεγαλινέτος δ' ἡ μάνης Ran. 965.

Μανθᾶνω, 2. a. ἐμᾶθῶν, disco, observo, percipio: to learn, observe, perceive. Μανθᾶνω τὸ σύμβολον Orest. 1128. "Ὡς ἐφίεμν μᾶθειν Rhés. 296. SYN. Διδάσκωμαι, ἐκδιδάσκωμαι, ἐκμανθᾶνω, ἐδάην, πεύθωμαι, αἰσθάνωμαι, γιγνώσκω, ἐννέω.

Μάνια, *as, ἡ*, furor, insania: fury, madness, rage. Μάνιας ἐπόχον ῥίπτουσά λόγον Hipp. 214. SYN. Λύσσα, λύσσημα, μαργόσση. Ep. Τρόχῃλᾶτος, οἰεῖα, ὀδῆ, ἀκόλαστος, ἀδάμαστος, λυσσασά, κάκη, στύγερᾶ.

Μανία, *as, ἡ*, serva: a female slave. Ἰωμέν ἐπὶ τὰς κληματίδᾶς ὦ Μανία Thesm. 728. SYN. see Δούλη.

Μανίᾶς, ἄδός; Μανίκός, *ἡ, ὄν*; Μανιώδης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, furiosus: frenzied, mad. Εἰ μ' ἐκφοβοῖεν μανίᾶσιν λυσσῆμασι Orest. 264. Βλέπει γὰρ τοὶ μανίκον τι καὶ τράγωδῖκόν Plut. 424. Καὶ τὸ μανιώδες μαντικὴν πολλὴν ἔχει Bacch. 295. SYN. Εμᾶνης, θυμῆρης, μαργός, φρένῳμᾶνης, φρένῳπλῆξ, φρένωλῆς.

Μανίκός. See Μανίᾶς.

Μανίς, Doric of Μῆνις.

Μανιώδης. See Μανίᾶς.

Μαννδφόρος, *οὔ, ὁ, ἡ*, monilibus ornatus: wearing ornaments. Theoc. 11. 41.

Μαντεία, *as, ἡ*; Μαντευμα, ἄτος, Μαντεῖον, Μαντήϊον, *οὔ, τὸ*, divination, oraculum: prophecy, an oracle. Τὰδὲ μαντείας ἀξίᾳ πολλῆς Hipp. 236. Med. 683. Androm. 918. μ. 272. SYN. Μαντῶσση, δεῖπρῳπῖα, φᾶτις, φήμη, χρησμός, κληρῶν. Ep. Κρυπτή, καθᾶρά, ποικίλῳδός, σεμνή.

Μαντεῖος, *α, ὄν*, et *οὔ, ὁ, ἡ*, et Ion. Μαντήϊος, *α, ὄν*, fatidicus: oracular. CE. R. 21. Apoll. 2. 495. SYN. Μαντῶσυνός, χρησμῳδός, δεσπῖφῳδός, δεῖπρῳπός, χρησμολόγος.

Μαντευμα. See Μαντεία.

Μαντεῖομαι, vaticinor: to prophesy. Ion 434. SYN. Θεσπίς, μαντιπόλῳ, δεσπῖφῳ, δεῖπρῳπῳ, χρησμῳδῳ, χρησμολόγῳ.

Μαντεντέος, *ὄν*, vaticinandus: must prophesy. Ion 376.

Μαντεντός, *ἡ, ὄν*, ab oraculo prædictus: predicted. Ion 1209.

Μαντήϊον. See Μαντεῖον.

Μαντήϊος. See Μαντεῖος.

Μαντικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, ad vaticinationem pertinens: prophetic, of divination. Εγὼ δὲ τέχνην μαντικὴν ἐμεψάμην Phœn. 784. Hence, with τέχνην understood, we have καὶ τὸ μανιώδες μαντικὴν πολλὴν ἔχει Bacch. 295. SYN. Μαντεῖος, μαντήϊος, μαντῶσυνός.

Μαντικῶς, prophetic: prophetically. Μαντικῶς τὸ φρύγανον Pax 1026.

Μαντινεία, *as, ἡ*, Mantinea: a city in Arcadia. Μαντινέην ἐρατεινὴν B. 607.

Μάντιος, *οὔ, ὁ*, Mantius. Μάντιος αὐ τέκετο o. 249.

Μαντιπόλῳ, circa vaticinia versor: to be engaged in prophecy. Μαντιπόλῳ δ' ἀκέλευστος Agam. 951. SYN. see Μαντεῖομαι.

Μαντιπόλος, *οὔ, ὁ, ἡ*, vaticinians: foretelling, prophetic. Τῆς μαντιπόλου βάκχης ἀνέχων Hec. 120. SYN. see Μαντεῖος.

Μάντις, ἰδς, ὁ, ἡ, vates: a prophet. Μάντις εἰσὶν ἄνθρωποι Hipp. 877. SYN. Θεοπρόπτος, ὑπόφητης, χρησµόλογος, χρησµῶδός, ἱερεὺς. EP. Καλὸς, ἀριστὸς, Πυθικός, σόφος, τὸ θεῖον εἶδός, ἀλῶς, αἰµύμων, ἡς τὲ μέγας τέ.

Μαντοσύνη, ἡς, ἡ, vaticinium: the art of divination. Ἦδεε μαντοσύνας B. 832. SYN. see Μαντεία.

Μανῶω, Doric of Μηνῶω.

Μαντοσύνης, ἡ, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad vaticinationem pertinens: prophetic. Iph. A. 761. See Μαντοσύνη. SYN. see Μαντικός.

Μάραγνα, ἡς, ἡ, flagellum: a whip. Ἀλλὰ διπλῆς γὰρ τῆσδε μάρανης Choëph. 369. SYN. Μαστίξ, σµάραγνα.

Μαράθων, ἄνδς, ὁ, Marathōn: a plain in Attica, famous for the defeat of the Persians. Καὶ τοῦ 'ν Μαράθωνι τρώπαίου Vesp. 711. EP. Ἐρθεῖς, ἀλίκλυτος.

Μαράθωνμάχος, Μαράθωνμάχης, ου, ὁ, qui Marathone pugnavit: one who fought at Marathon. Εἰς ὧν ἀνδρας Μαράθωνμάχους Nub. 982. Acharn. 180.

Μαράινω, marcefacio: to cause to wither or fade, to extinguish. Καὶ μαράινεται νόσφ Alcest. 204. SYN. Ἀναίω, ισχαίνω, διαφθείρω, τήκω, ἐκτῆκω, ἀφανίζομαι.

Μαργαίνω, Μαργᾶω, furiose ago: to act furiously. E. 582. Phœn. 1262. SYN. Μαίνωμαι, ὀρμαίνω.

Μαργάρους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, monile margaritis insertum: a pearl necklace. Καὶ μαργάρον τράχηλφ Acharn. 20. 14.

Μαργᾶω. See Μαργαίνω.

Μάργος, ἡ, ὄν, vesanus, avidus: furious, greedy. Æsch. Sup. 737. The accentuation of μάργος is not settled. See Eustath. II. E. p. 617. 33. SYN. Μανικός, μανιώδης, ἀσελγής, ἀκόλαστος.

Μαργόσυνη, ἡς, Μαργότης, ηὗς, ἡ, insana libido: fierce desire. Μαργόσυνης ἴστω δ' Apoll. 4. 1019. Androm. 941. SYN. Μᾶχλδσύνη, πρόπετεια, ἔρωσ.

Μαρίανδυνος, ὧν, οἱ, Mariandyni: a nation in Asia Minor. Καὶ Μαρίανδυνὸν ἀνδρῶν Apoll. 2. 140.

Μαρίλαδης, ου, ὁ, qui inter carbones versatur: one who is engaged amidst coals. Τωνδὲ δὲ μηδὲν ἐτῶν ὦ μαρίλαδῃ Acharn. 609. See below.

Μάριλη, ἡς, ἡ, pulvis carbonicus: glowing ashes. Ἵπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ δὲ τῆς μάριλης μοι σύχνην Acharn. 349.

Μάρῖς, ἰδς, ὁ, Maris: Maris. Ἠρίπὲ δὲ πρόπαριθεῖ Μάρῖς II. 819.

Μαρμαίρω, splendo: to glitter. II. 279. SYN. Λάμπω, αστράπτω, στίλβω, μαρμαῖρσσω.

Μαρμαῖρεὺς, α, ὄν; Μαρμαῖρίνδς, ὄν; Μαρμαῖρεῖς, εσσᾶ, ἐν; Μάρμαρδς, α, ὄν, marmoreus: like or of marble, bright. Τρίπαλκᾶ μαρμαῖρην Ζ. 480. Theoc. Epigr. 10. Antig. 619. Phœn. 1416. Μάρμαρδς, λίθδς being understood, is used for a stone. Phœn. 673. M. 380. Acharn. 1171. SYN. Λαμπρός, λευκός.

Μαρμαῖργῆ, ἡς, ἡ, splendor: to glare, glance, splendor. Μαρμαῖργὰς θεῖτο πύδων Θ. 265. SYN. Ἀυγῆ, ἀγλαία, αστράπη. EP. Σέλασφύρος, βύδισσᾶ, πυρρῆσᾶ.

Μαρμαρῶπς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, micantes oculos habens: bright-gleaming. Herc. F. 879. See Μαρμαῖρεὺς.

Μάρναμαι, pugno: to contend in battle. Troad. 733. SYN. see Μᾶχδομαι, παλαίω.

Μαρπίσση, ἡς, ἡ, Marpissa. I. 553.

Μαρπτις, ἰδς, ὁ, prehensor: one who seizes. Æsch. Sup. 833.

Μάρπτω, ψω, prehendo: to grasp, catch. Hec. 1044. SYN. Λαμβᾶνω, κατάλαμβᾶνω, κράτῶ, ἐπιλαμβᾶνω, ἀρπάζω.

Μάρτυρ or Μάρτυρς, ὅρδς; Μάρτυρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, testis: a witness. Μάρτυρος σάφεσάττι Hipp. 976. B. 302. EP. Ἀκρίτος, ἀφανός, ἐμπεδός.

Μαρτύρεω, Μαρτύρομαι, testor: to bear witness, appeal to. Οὐ μαρτύρησει μ' Ἰσθμῖος Σῖνις πότε Hipp. 981. Ὅρκους παλαιούς Τυνδάρεω (trisyll.) μαρτύρεται Iph. A. 78. SYN. Ἐπιμαρτύρεω.

Μαρτύρημά, ἄτδς; Μαρτύριδν, ου, τό; Μαρτύρια, ας, ἡ, testimonium: a witness. Μαρτύρημά δ' Ἑλλάδι Eur. Sup. 1214. Eumen. 488. Vesp. 1066.

Μαρτύρομαι. See Μαρτύρεω.

Μάρτυρς. See Μάρτυρ.

Μαρῶω, Doric of Μηνῶω.

Μάρων, ἄνδς, ὁ, Maro: the grandson of Bacchus. Ἐδωκέ Μάρων Εὐάνθεος νῖος ι. 197.

Μᾶσᾶδωμαι, manduco: to masticate. Plut. 321. Λευκῶν δδόντων ἐργὸν ἐστ' ἦν μὴ τί καὶ μᾶσῶνται (hipponactic. vers.) Pax 1275. SYN. Ἀποδρέπω. Μασδός. See Μᾶσδς.

Μᾶσης, ηὗδς, ἡ, Mases. Οἱ τ' ἐχδν Ἀγίαναν Μᾶσητά τε B. 562.

Μάσθλης, ηὗδς, ὁ, mollitum lorum; homo astutus vel effeminatus: softened leather; a cunning or effeminate fellow. Eq. 269. SYN. Γλοιδς.

Μασθός, Μαστῶς, οὗ, ὁ, mamilla; excrescentia quævis; tumulus: a woman's breast; an excrescence; a slight hill. Call. Ep. 27. Bacch. 690.

Μᾶσσω, vel Μάττω, tango; pinso, subigo; abstergo: to touch; knead, pound, bake; to wipe away. Pax 741. SYN. Πέσσω, ἀνᾶμᾶσσω, κάτασκενᾶζω, κάβαίρω, ἀπομάσσω, περὶκάβαίρω.

Μᾶσσων, ὄνδς, ὁ, ἡ, major: greater. P. V. 65. SYN. Μείζων, μακροτέρδς.

Μάσταξ, ἄκδς, ἡ, mandibula, os; esca: the jaw, mouth, chop; meat. Μάστακ' ἐπεὶ κὲ λάβησ' ι. 324. SYN. Γνάβδς, χεῖλδς, στόμα, τρόφῆ, μᾶσσημά.

Μαστάρῶζω, Μαστᾶρίζω, "male mando, lan-guide et ignaviter manduco," Steph. Thes.: to chew indolently. Ὅ δ' ὑπὸ γήρως μαστάρῶζει κᾶτ' ὄφλω ἀπέρχεται (troch. tetram. cat.) Acharn. 689. EXP. Κᾶκῶς μᾶσσωμαι καὶ βλακῖκῶς. SYN. Μαστήχῶς, τονθόρῶζω.

Μαστειρά. See Μαστήρ.

Μαστεύω. See Μᾶτεύω.

Μαστήρ, ηὗδς, Μαστήριδς, ὁ; Μαστειρά, ας, ἡ, qui indagat, detegit: one who investigates, or detects. Bacch. 973. Æsch. Supp. 970. 170. SYN. Κάτοπτήρ, ἐπόπτης.

Μαστιγῖας, ου, ὁ, mastigia, verbero: one that is flogged or branded, an abandoned wretch. Οὐκ ἐρήσεται ὦ μαστιγίαί Lysist. 1240. PHR. Μαστιγὶ νῶτον φουινχθεῖς.

Μαστιγῶω, Μαστίγω, Μαστίω, flagello: to flog. Eq. 64. X. 400. Μαστίε νῦν εἴως κὲ P. 622. Τι in μαστιγῶω est longa, ut in μαστιγίας. SYN. Μαστιγὶ πλήσσω, ἐλαύνω, αἰκίζω, παίω.

Μαστιγωτῶδς, ὄν, flagellandus: must be flogged. Ran. 633. See above.

Μαστίγω. See Μαστιγῶω.

Μαστίκτωρ, ὅρδς, ὁ, flagellifer: a scourger. Eumen. 159.

Μάστιξ, ἰγὺς, Μάστις, ἰγὺς, ἡ, flagellum, scutica: a lash, whip. Ἰμάσεν μάστιγι φαίνῃ Z. 316. o. 182. SYN. Μάσθλη, μάραγνᾶ, βάσδυν, πληγῇ. EP. Τρόμερᾶ, κᾶκῃ, λίγυρᾶ, δεία, δῶδ, στίθαρᾶ, δίπλη.
 Μαστίχῳ, mando, manduco: to chew. Περὶ στομά μαστίχωντι Hes. Scut. 389. SYN. Μάσῳμαι, εσθίω.

Μαστοῦριδης, ον, ὁ, a Mastore natus: the son of Mastor. Μαστοῦριδης ὁ γὰρ οὖος β. 158.
 Μάστις. See Μάστιξ.
 Μαστός. See Μασθός.
 Μαστίω. See Μαστιγῶν.

Μαστροπός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, leno, et lena: a pimp. Thesm. 558. SYN. Πρόδωγός.

Μάστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, Mastor. O. 430.
 Μασχάλη, ης, ἡ, axilla, ala, armus; ramus: the arm-pit, a pinion, the arm; a twig. Ὄζων κᾶκὸν τῶν μασχάλων Acharn. 817. SYN. Ἐπωμῖς, πτέρον, δᾶλδς.

Μασχάλίζω, obrunco: to mangle. Ἐμασχάλισθη κἀπὶ λουτροῖσιν κάρα Soph. El. 445. "Qui cædem aliquam patressent, μασχαλίζειν τὸν φονευθέντα dicebantur, cum ei extremas præcipue partes corporis amputantes, easque connectentes sub axilla ferebant." Steph. Thes. See also the commentators on this passage. SYN. Κόλλεῖω, κατὰκόπτω, ἄκρωτηριάζω.

Μασχάλιστρη, ἥρως, ὁ, lorum equorum supra armos, quo curru alligantur: the traces. Μασχάλιστρηας βάλε P. V. 71. SYN. Λεπαδῶν, δεσμός, ἱμάς.

Μᾶτάζω, vana cogito, desipio: to think or speak foolishly, to be foolish. Agam. 966. See Μᾶτάω. SYN. Μωραίνω, ἀλαίνω, ἄφραίνω, ηλασκάζω, ηλιθιόδομαι.

Μᾶταιος, α, ὁν, ineptus, vanus: ineffectual, frivolous, foolish. Μηδὲν μᾶταιὸν ἐς τρίς Hipp. 46. SYN. Ἄλιος, κένος, μαψιδίος, ηλιθίος, μαρός, ἄφρων.

Μᾶτῶ, ἡσω, vane tempus tero: to trifle away time. Μῇ τῶ μὲν δέισαντ' ἐμῇ ἡσέτων E. 233. SYN. Ἀμελέω.

Μᾶτεύω, Μαστεύω, quæro, vestigo: to seek, investigate. Ὅν καμάτευσ πρόσθεν CE. R. 1052. Hes. fr. 31. 4. SYN. Ζητέω, ἐρευνᾶω, ἐπιζητέω, ἵχνεύω, ψηλαῶμαι, μαστεύω.

Μᾶτη, ης, ἡ; Μᾶτια, ας, ἡ, inanis deliberatio, stultitia: an idle deliberation or pursuit, folly. Καὶ πατὴρ τοῦ σοῦ μᾶτας Choëph. 905. Ἡμέτερη μᾶτη κ. 79. SYN. Ἀβουλία, φαυλότης, ἁμαρτία, ἁμαρτημα.

Μᾶτην, frustra, falso, temere: in vain, falsely, rashly. Εξδυσθᾶναι μᾶτην Phœn. 1398. SYN. Ἄλλως, αὐτως, μᾶψ, εὐκῇ, κένως.
 Μᾶτηρ, Dor. pro Μήτηρ, q. v.
 Μᾶτια. See Μᾶτη.

Ματτιῶλοιχός, οὗ, qui gestit comedere mat-
 tyam: one who is eager after the dish mattya, a glutton. This Mattya was a dish of fowl and vegetables, and eaten cold with wine. Στρώφῃς ἀργάλεος ματτιῶλοιχός Nub. 451.
 Μᾶττω. See Μάσσω.

Ματροκτῶνός, Dor. pro Μητροκτῶνός, q. v.
 Μαυρός, obscuro, extinguo: to render dark, blot out. Hes. Op. 323. SYN. Ἀμαυρῶ, ἀφανίζω, ἀπαλείφω, ἀμαλδύνω, ἐξάλείφω.
 Μάχαρις, ἰδὼς, ἡ, dimin. a v. seq. Ηρεσχυ-
 μῃν ἐκ παιδίου μάχαριδων Eq. 410. See below.

Μάχαρᾶ, ας, ἡ, culter, sica, gladius: a knife,

dagger, sword. Χεῖρεσσι μάχαιραν Γ. 271. SYN. Κόπις, εγχειρίδιον, ξιφός, δρέπανη, δρέ-
 πῶν. EP. Οξύστομος, λαβρός, θηκετός, χρυσεία, αμφοπλήξ, ἱέρα, μίαιφόνος.

Μάχαροποιός, ον, cultrotrum aut gladiorum
 artifex: a knife or sword maker. Ὁ μάχαρο-
 ποιός μῆτ' Ἀν. 441.

Μάχαροφόρος, ον, cultro vel gladio armatus:
 armed with knives or swords. Τὸ μάχαροφόρον
 τ' ἐθνὸς ἐκ πάσης Pers. 56. SYN. Ξιφηφόρος,
 ξιφήρης.

Μαχᾶνᾶ, Dor. pro Μηχᾶνῇ, q. v.

Μάχῳν, ὄντος, ὁ, Machaon: the son of Æscu-
 lapius and brother of Podalirius. See o. 225—
 255. Παῖδον ἀριστευόντᾶ Μαχᾶνᾶ O. 506.
 SYN. Ασκληπίου υἱός, ἥρας, δῖος, ἀντιθέος, ἡτήρ,
 κλύτος.

Μάχη, ης, ἡ, prælium: a fight. Καὶ μάχη
 καθίστάται Herc. F. 1159. SYN. Ὑσμίνη,
 διότης, φύλοπις, κυδομός, ἀγών, ἐνσπῇ, πό-
 λεμός. EP. Δεινῇ, κράτερῃ, κυδιανειρᾷ, μέγαλη,
 φοινίῳ, ἀλκιμῷ, σχετλίᾳ, δριμείᾳ, φθισίμερότῳ,
 ἄλυστος, καρτίστη, ἀλέγεινῃ, δακρυῦεσσα, καυ-
 στερή, πολυδάκρυτος, ἀμείγατος, πίκρα, στύ-
 γερῇ.

Μάχῳν, ον, ὁ, ἡ, Μάχιμος, ἡ, ὁν, pugnax,
 pugna aptus: ready to or fit for fight, quarrel-
 some. Οὐδὲ μάχῳν M. 247. Μάχιμον γυναι-
 κῶν ἐνδόν Lysist. 454. SYN. Πόλεμικός, ἀρτίος,
 ἀρηφίλος, μένεπτόλεμος.

Μάχητης, οὗ, ὁ, puginator: a warrior. Τεί-
 ρουσι μάχηται Θ. 102. SYN. Πόλεμιστής,
 ασπιστής, αιχητής, μάχιμος. PHR. Μήστωρ
 φύβοι, πόλεμοι μάχης τ' εὐ εἰδῶς.

Μάχητός, ἡ, ὁν, oppugnandus: assailable.
 Οὐδὲ μάχητόν M. 119. SYN. Ἄλωτος, ἀμείατος,
 ἐπιδρόμος, ἁπάπανός.

Μάχιμος. See Μάχημων.

Μάχλός, ἡ, ὁν, incontinens, libidinosus: lust-
 ful, profligate, wanton. Μαχλὸς δὲ γυναικὲς
 Hes. Op. 584. Prima huj. vocis censetur esse
 communis, et jure, si æque ac μάχη oriatur (ut
 fas est) a μάω, μέμακᾶ. SYN. Ἀσελγής, ἀσωτός,
 μάργος, πορνός, ἀκράτης, ἀκόλαστος.

Μάχλῶσυνη, ης, ἡ, incontinentia, lascivia:
 profligacy, wantonness. Πόρᾳ μαχλῶσυνῃ ἀλέ-
 γεινῃ Ω. 30. SYN. Μαργῶσυνη, ἀσελγεία,
 πορνεία, ὕβρις.

Μάχῳμαι, pugno, prælior: to fight in battle.
 Πύργων παροῖθ' ἐμάχῳμενοι πατράς ὑπὲρ Phœn.
 1016. SYN. Ἀμαλλᾶσθαι, θηρίῳ, πόλεμίζω, μάρ-
 νῳμαι, ἐρίζω, δόρυσσω, πόλεμῶ. PHR. see
 Tyrt. 2. v. 29—34.

Μᾶψ, Μαψιδίως, frustra, incassum: to no pur-
 pose, in vain. Μᾶψ αὐτως ευχέτασθαι Υ. 348.
 Μαψιδίως κέχθλῶσθαι η. 310. SYN. see Μᾶτην.

Μαψιδίος, α, ον, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, inanis, vanus: idle,
 foolish, vain. Helen. 259. See Μαψιδίος in Μᾶψ.
 SYN. Κένος, μᾶταιός, ἄφρων.

Μαψιδίως. See Μᾶψ.

Μαψιλᾶκας, vel, ut mavult Heyn., Μαψιλᾶκης,
 ον, ὁ, ἡ, inaniter effutitus: foolishly uttered.
 Ἄτ' ἐμαψιλᾶκας Διὸς Κόρινθος Nem. 7. 155.
 answering to ὑπὸ ματροδόκοις γυναις φύτευσαι.
 SYN. Ἀδύλεσχος.

Μᾶω, inus.: pf. med. μεμᾶᾶ, particip. μεμᾶως,
 ὠτός, et μεμᾶως, ὄτος, vehementer cupio: to be
 very eager after. Αμφοτέρῳ μεμᾶσαν πόλεμίζειν
 H. 4. Μᾶλᾶ περ μεμᾶσθαι P. 181. SYN. Πρῶ-
 θυμῶμαι, γλίσχῳμαι, σπεύδω, ἐπιθυμῶ, βούλῳμαι,
 ἐφίεμαι, ζητέω, ἐκμᾶμαι, εὐχῳμαι.

Μεγάδης, ου, ὁ, Megades: the son of Megas. Καὶ Περὶ μὲν Μεγάδην Π. 695.

Μεγάθαρσής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, magna fiducia praeditus: very confident, courageous. Ἐφ' μεγάρθαρσ'εὶ παῖδι Hes. Scut. 385. SYN. Θωράλλεός, εὐθυμὸς.

Μεγάθυμὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, magnanimus: noble-minded. Τῶες δὲ μεγάρθυμοι ἐπεὶ ἰδὼν Ε. 27. SYN. Μεγάλαυχος, μεγάλῃ τω, ἀνδρείως, ἀγῆνωρ, γενναῖος.

Μεγαίρω, moleste fero; invideo: to be indignant; to grudge, envy. Η. 408. SYN. Φθόνω, ζηλώω, ἀγανακτέω.

Μεγάκήτης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, magnæ belluæ similis, ingens: huge, large. Μεγάκῆτ'εὶ νηὶ Α. 599. SYN. Μεγὰς, ευμεγέθης.

Μεγάλαυχέω, magnifice jacto: to be a braggart. Μεγάλαυχεῖτω ξιφόδηλ'τω Agam. 1506. SYN. Αυχέω, ἔπαυχέω, σεμνύνουμαι, καυχᾶμαι, ἀλαζονεύουμαι.

Μεγάλαυχος, Μεγᾶλ'ηγόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Μεγαυχής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, magnifice jactans: loud-boasting. Ω μεγᾶλαυχοὶ καὶ φθερσίγ'ενεῖς Sept. Th. 1057. 561. Nem. 11. 27. SYN. Ἀλάζων, ὑψηλόρος.

Μεγᾶλ'ηγορία, as, ἡ, grandiloquentia: boasting, haughty speaking, bombast. Phoen. 190. See above.

Μεγᾶλ'ηγόρος. See Μεγάλαυχος.

Μεγᾶλ'ηγορία, as, ἡ, magnificentia: proud magnificence. Nem. 11. 57. See Μεγάλαυχος. SYN. Ἀλαζονεία, καύχησις.

Μεγᾶλ'ηνωρ, ὄρος; magnificus: magnificent. Pyth. 1. 99. See below. SYN. Ἰπερήφανος.

Μεγᾶλ'ητωρ, ὄρος, cor generosum habens: noble-hearted. Μεγᾶλ'ητόρες οργαί Isth. 5. 44. SYN. see Μεγάθυμὸς.

Μεγᾶλίζω, Μεγᾶλύνω, altum et celsum facio; med. jacto me: to make much of; midd., to assume consequence, to be proud. Μηδὲ μεγᾶλίζ'εω θυμῷ K. 69. Bacch. 316. SYN. Μεγᾶλαυχέω, ἐπαίρω, ἀλαζονεύω, αυχεῖσθαι, ὑπερβῖος εμῖ.

Μεγᾶλ'ῶδωρος, ὄν, munificus: very liberal. Pax 392. See above. SYN. Δωτήρ, μεγᾶλ'οπρέπης.

Μεγᾶλοιτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infortunatissimus: most unfortunate. Ἐγὼ δὲ οἱ ἄ μεγᾶλοιτος Theoc. 2. 72. SYN. Τρίσθλιός, εχθροδαίμων, κακὸς δαίμων, ἀθλιώτατός, πᾶν θλίος.

Μεγᾶλ'οκευθής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, multa latibula habens: having many recesses or hiding-places. Pyth. 2. 60. See Μεγάλαυχος.

Μεγᾶλ'ομητῖς, ἰός, magna meditans: deep designing. Μεγᾶλ'ομητῖς εἰ Agam. 1399., answering to τί κακὸν ὦ γυναι.

Μεγᾶλ'οπέτρως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ingentibus saxis munitus: fortified with large stones. Lysist. 483. See above, and Πέτρως.

Μεγᾶλ'οπόλις, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, magnitudine civitatis insignis: distinguished by the grandeur of its city or state. Troad. 1282. See Μεγᾶλ'ομητῖς.

Μεγᾶλ'οπρέπης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, splendidus, speciosus: magnificent. Κάλλιστον ἔργον καὶ μεγᾶλ'οπρέπ'εστάτον Av. 1125. SYN. Πέρισημός, ἀριδείκτεός, ἐκδηλός, σεμνός.

Μεγᾶλ'οσθένης, Μεγασθένης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, validissimus: most powerful. Κλυθὶ Πόσειδάων μεγᾶλ'οσθέν'ε'ς Hom. H. xl. 1. Nub. 566. SYN. Σθενάρως, ἐρισθένης, ισχυρός, ἀγῆνωρ, ὑπερμῆνης.

Μεγᾶλ'οσπλαγχνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, magnanimus;

iracundus: magnanimous; passionate. Μεγᾶλ'οσπλαγχνος δυσκᾶτ'απαντος Med. 108. SYN. Θερμόδουλος, ὀργίλος, μεγάρθυμος.

Μεγᾶλ'οστύνος, ὄν, magno gemitu dignus: deserving loud lamentations. P. V. 420. See above. SYN. Αξιοθρήνος.

Μεγᾶλ'οσχήμων, ὄν, ὄνός, magnificens: magnificent. P. V. 415. See above. SYN. see Μεγᾶλ'οπρέπης.

Μεγᾶλ'ίνω. See Μεγᾶλίζω.

Μεγᾶλ'οφρων, ὄνός, magna sentiens: high-minded. Ἡσυχίας περὶ τῆς μεγᾶλ'οφρόνης Lysist. 1289. SYN. Μεγάρθυμος, μεγᾶλαυχός, μεγᾶλ'ητωρ.

Μεγᾶλ'ωνύμος, η, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, praelari nominis: of high repute. Καὶ μεγᾶλ'ωνύμων ἡμετέρον πατέρ' Nub. 569.

Μεγᾶλως, Μεγᾶλ'ωστί, valde, magnopere: greatly, much, violently. Ὅψι μάλα μεγᾶλως P. 723. Μεγᾶλ'ωστί τάνυσθ'εῖς Σ. 26.

Μεγάνωρ, ὄρ, hominem tollens: making a man great. Μεγάν'ορος ἐξ'ὅχα πλούτου Pind. Ol. 1. 4.

Μεγᾶπ'ένθης, εὖς, ὁ, Megapenthes: a son of Menelaus. Κεῖ καὶ Μεγᾶπ'ένθης ο. 100. Ερ. Τηλυγέτος, κράτερ'ος.

Μεγᾶρα, as, ἡ, Megara. Καὶ Μεγᾶρην Κρείοντος Λ. 268.

Μεγᾶρά, ὢν, genitiv. antiq. Μεγᾶρόθεν, τὰ, Megara: a city in Greece. Ἰὼ Μεγᾶρά Μεγᾶρ' ὥς ἐπ'ιτρίψ'εσθ' αὐτίκα Pax 246.

Μεγᾶρεῖς, εὖς, Ion. ἦνός, Megareus; Megarensis: Megareus; also a native of Megara. Τοῦ πρὶν θᾶνόντος Μεγᾶρεῶς κλεινὸν λέχος Antig. 1303. Pax 480.

Μεγᾶρίζω, ἰᾶ, Megarensē ago: to act the Megarian. Κλάων Μεγᾶρίεις οὐκ ἀφήσεις τὸν σάκον Acharn. 822.

Μεγᾶρίκος, η, ὄν, Megaricus: of Megara. Θάρρει Μεγᾶρίκ' αλλ' ἤς τὰ χοιριδί' ἀπέδου Acharn. 830. Εξρ. Πύνηρος.

Μεγᾶρόν, ου, τὸ, domus, aedes: a house, palace. Εκ δ' ἦλθον μεγᾶροιο π. 343. SYN. Δῶμος, δῶμα, οἶκος, μελᾶθρον. Ερ. Ἐυστάθης, εὐτηκτόν, σκιδέν, αἰθᾶλόν. ευῶδ'ες, ευναιετᾶν, εὐτυκτόν, ὑψ'ορῶφον.

Μεγᾶς, μεγᾶλ'η, μεγᾶ; compar. μέγ'αν; superl. μέγιστός, magnus: great. Ὅ δ' εἰ σοὶ μεγᾶς ἐσσεταί ὄρκος Α. 239. Τρίποδος μεγᾶλοιο κ. 361. SYN. Απῆς, ἄγαυός, ἀμεγάρτος, πέλ'ωριός, κητώδης, ἀπλ'ετός, δεινός.

Μεγᾶσθένης. See Μεγᾶλ'οσθένης.

Μεγᾶσχής. See Μεγᾶλαυχός.

Μεγᾶθός, εὖς, τὸ, magnitudo, magnificentia: greatness, size, grandeur. Bacch. 269. SYN. Σεμνότης, αἰζίωμα, ὑψός.

Μεγᾶράτος, ὄν, dilectissimus, pulcherrimus: most beloved or lovely. Ἐγένοντο μεγᾶράτ'α τέκνα Hes. Theog. 240. SYN. Πόλ'ηράτος, ἐραστός, ἀγάπητος, χαρίεστάτος.

Μεγᾶιστόπολις, εὖς, ἡ, civitates maximas efficiens: rendering states very great. Pyth. 8. 2. See Μεγᾶλ'ομητῖς.

Μεγᾶιστός, η, ὄν, superl. of μεγᾶς. B. 128.

Μεγᾶιστότιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, plurimum honoratus: most esteemed. Æsch. Sup. 717. See Τιμή.

Μεδῶν, Μεδῶ, ἦσω, præsens, rego, curo, administro: to rule over, manage. Orest. 1707. α. 72. SYN. Ἀνάσσω, βασιλεύω, ἀρχω, ἀμφίβ'εβηκά, μηδῶμαι, φροντίζω.

Μεδῶν, ὦνός, ἡ, Medeon: a town in Boeotia. B. 501.

Μέδιμνος, ου, ὁ, medimnus : an Attic measure for corn, containing about a bushel and a half. Vesp. 716.

Μέδουσα, ης, ἡ, Medusa : the daughter of Phorcys. See Ovid. Metam. 4. 800. Pyth. 12. 28. Ερ. Βλοσυρά, αστρέψεσά, Γοργώ.

Μέδω. See Μεδῶω.

Μέξῃ, αν, τὰ, pudenda. Οὐράς δ' ὑπὸ μέξῃ ἔθεντο Hes. Op. 510. SYN. Μήξῃ.

Μεθαίρω, 2. α. μεθεῖλον, unde Ion. μεθέλεσκον, comprehendo, excipio : to catch, receive. Πηιδίος μεθέλεσκέ θ. 376. SYN. Μετάλαμβάνω, εκδέχομαι, αἰρῶ.

Μεθάλλομαι, insilio, irruo : to leap or spring amongst, fall upon. "Ηρπαξέ μετάλμενός Μ. 305. SYN. Εφάλλομαι, εφορᾶω, ἐνάλλομαι.

Μεθαμέριος, Dor. pro Μεθημερίος, q. v.

Μεθαρμός, adapto de integro, muto in : to fit anew, alter into a new form. Alcest. 1176. SYN. Μετάφρω, μετάβállω.

Μεθέλεσκέ, Ion. α. of Μεθαίρω, q. v.

Μεθέπω, 2. α. εσπών, sequor, quæro : to follow after. E. 329. SYN. Μετέρχομαι, ἐπειμί, μετάδωκω, διώκω, ζητέω, ἐρευνάω, ἐπάκολουθεῖω, μέθοικω.

Μέθη, ης, Μέθυσις, εως, ἡ, ebrietas : drunkenness. Eur. El. 326. Theog. 836. T in Μέθυσις brevis est, ut in Μέθυσος. SYN. Κραιπάλη.

Μεθήκω, persequor, quæro : to come after, or in search of. Troad. 1261. SYN. Μετέρχομαι, μέτειμι.

Μεθῆμαι, adsideo : to sit near or amongst. α. 118. SYN. Συγκάθημαι, παράκαθημαι.

Μεθημερίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, diurnus : of a day, by day. Ion 1050. SYN. Εφημερὸς, εφημερίδς.

Μεθυμῶσυν, ης, ἡ, incuria : carelessness. Τῇδε μεθυμῶσυν Ν. 121. SYN. Ἀμελεία, ἀνεσίς, ῥαθυμία.

Μεθῆμων, ὄνδς, remissus : negligent. ζ. 25. SYN. Ἀμέλης, ἀτημέλης.

Μεθίμῃ, θήσω, remitto : to let loose, consign. Ορθὸν μεθείε διὰ χερῶν βλάστημ' ἄνω Bacch. 1060. Ἐκὼν μεθίσι μάχεσθαι Ν. 234. Μεθείε, dimisit, potius ad μεθείω referendum est. SYN. Ἀφίμῃ, ἀνίμῃ, παρήμῃ, ἔω, πρόλειπω, συγχάρω, ἀποδέπω, ἀμελέω.

Μεθίστημι, μεταστήσω, commuto ; depello : to change ; to drive off. Alcest. 176. SYN. Μετάφρω, ἀπαλλάττω.

Μεθύμῃ, sum commilito, versor inter : to serve among, to be intimate with. Τοῖσιν ἐγὼ μεθύμῃλεὺν Α. 269. SYN. Ὀμῃ, προσμῃλεῖω, συγγίγνομαι, συντυγχάνω.

Μεθορᾶω, contra ruo, adgredior : to rush on, assault. E. 325. SYN. Εφορᾶω, ἐπρούω, ἐπαίτω.

Μεθορμίζω, amoveo a statione navali, ejicio : to drive off from one's moorings, to expel. Bacch. 919. SYN. Εκβάλλω.

Μέθυ, τὸ, indecl. vinum : wine. Οὐδ' εἶχον μέθυ λειψαί μ. 362. SYN. Οἶνός. Ερ. Ἦδύ, γλυκύ, γλυκέρων, πορφυρέων.

Μεθύδτης, ου, ὁ, qui vinum dat : one who gives wine. Anaer. 7. 4. See above. SYN. Οινώδότης.

Μεθύπιδεῖμαι, calceos muto : to alter the shoes. "Ἰνά Δοιμάτιον σώσαιμὶ μεθύπιδεῖσάμην Eccles. 540.

Μεθύσις. See Μέθη.

Μεθύσοκτότας, ου, ὁ, qui cottabis ludit inter pocula : a drunken fellow playing at the Cotta-

bus. Νεανία κλέπτουσι μεθύσοκτότασοι Acharn' 524. See below.

Μέθυσος, η, ὅν, ebriosus : drunken. Θράσειᾷ καὶ μεθύσει τίς ὕλακτεῖ κῶν Vesp. 1402. SYN. Οινώδης, παρώνδς, ὑπερπλησθεὶς μέθης, βεβάρημῶς οἶνω.

Μέθυω, ebrius sum : to be drunken. Σίγα σίγα καὶ δὴ μέθυον Cycl. 485. SYN. Κατάμεθῶ, οινώδμαι, οινώδῶρεω.

Μεΐαγωγέω, ad libram suspendo : to fasten to the beam of the balance, to weigh. Τί δέ μεΐαγωγῆσουσι τὴν τράγῳδιαν Ran. 810. See ἄγω.

Μεΐδω, Μεΐδῶω, subrideo : to smile. A. 596. Μεΐδων καὶ μῦθῶν Ψ. 786. SYN. Γέλω, γέλοιω, ὑπομειδῶ.

Μεΐζων. See Μεγᾶς.

Μεῖλας, in obliq. cass. See Μῆλας.

Μεΐλιγμᾶ, ἄτῶς, Μεΐλικτήριον, Μεΐλικτρὸν, ου, τὸ, delinimentum : a soothing, a charm. κ. 217. Pers. 616. Apoll. 4. 712. SYN. Κηλητήριον, δελκητήριον.

Μεΐλικτήριον. See above.

Μεΐλικτήριος, ὄν, qui pacat : which pacifies. Pers. 616.

Μεΐλικτρὸν. See Μεΐλιγμᾶ.

Μεΐλινός, η, ὅν. See Μελῖνός.

Μεΐλιν, ου, τὸ, munus quo aliquem delinimus ; ludicra, deliciæ : a kind office ; sport, delight. Μεΐλιν ἀπλότης Call. 3. 230. SYN. Πρὸξ, παιγνία, μελιγμᾶ.

Μεΐλισσω, ἴζω, mulceo, placo, delinio : to treat kindly, appease, soothe. Helen. 1338. SYN. Θέλω, πρᾶνω, κηλέω, μάλασσω.

Μεΐλιχία, ας, ἡ, lenitas, comitas : gentleness, courtesy. Εἰτ' οὖν μεΐλιχίῃ Apoll. 2. 1283. SYN. Ἄνεσις, ἀγᾶνδοφρόσυνη, ἡσύχια.

Μεΐλιχίος, α, ὄν ; Μεΐλιχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suavis, comis, humanus : sweet, soft, courteous. Μύθοισι πρόσθενδὰ μεΐλιχίοισι Ζ. 343. See also ο. 373. SYN. Γλυκύθυμς, ἡδύς, ἡδύλογός, ἀγᾶνός, γλυκύς, ἡπίος.

Μεΐράκιον, Μεΐράκύλιν, ου, τό ; Μεΐράκισκη, ης, ἡ ; Μεΐραξ, ἄκδς, ὁ, ἡ, adolescentulus : a stripling. Καὶ μὴν τὸ μεΐράκιον τῷδὲ πρόσέρχεται Plut. 1038. Ran. 89. 411. Thesm. 417. SYN. Νεανίσκος, παῖς.

Μεΐραξ. See above.

Μεῖρω, ἔρω, p. p. μεῖρμα, Attice εἰμαρμα, divido, partior : to divide, bestow. I. 612. SYN. Δαίω, μερίζομαι, λαγχάνω, κληρῶμαι, δίδωμι, ἀπομείρωμαι.

Μεῖς, Æol. pro Μῆν, mensis, q. v.

Μεῖων, minor : less. See Μικρός. Alcest. 572.

Μελαγκέρως, αν, ὁ, ἡ, nigra habens cornua : black-horned. Μελαγκέρων λάδουσα Agam. 1096.

Μελαγκρόφυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, subst., qui insignis est atro vertice : black-cap, avis quædam. Av. 887. See Κρόφῃ.

Μελάγκρόκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nigra habens vela : having black sails, dusky. Sept. Th. 856.

Μελαγαλῆτης, ου, nigricomus : black-haired, gloomy. Alcest. 450. SYN. Κυανόχαλτης.

Μελάγχμῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, niger : black, mournful, dismal. Καὶ πέπλους μελαγχίμους Eur. El. 513. SYN. see Μῆλας.

Μελαγχίτων, ανός, nigra vestitus tunica, mæstus : clad in a mourning cloak, sad. Ταῦτά μοι μελαγχίτων Pers. 119. SYN. Αμφίμελας, δυσορφανός, πενθήρης, πένθυμς, μέλαμπ'επλός.

Μελαρχυλάω, atra bili laboro ; insanio : to be

melancholy ; to be mad. Plut. 903. SYN. Μαίνομαι, μαργαίνα.

Μελαγχρόλος, ὄν, atra bile tinctus : steeped in black bile. Trach. 573.

Μελαγχροῖς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ ; Μελαγχρῶς, Μελάνδοχρῶς, ὡτός, qui est fusco colore : dark-hued. Ἀφ' δὲ μελαγχροῖς γένετο π. 175. Orest. 315. Μελάνδοχρῶς ἡ ἔρεθισθαι N. 589. SYN. Μέλαις, μελαγχρῖμος.

Μελαθρόν, οὐ, τὸ, subst. tectum, domus : a roof, a house. Ἐλένην Ζηνὸς μελαθροῖς πέλασω Orest. 1701. On the original meaning of this word see Damm. On Alc. 77. Monk remarks, that the penult of μελαθρόν is always short in anapaestic systems. SYN. Ὀρόφος, οἶκος, οἰκία, δόμος, δώμα, ἑστία, στέγη. Ερ. Αἰθάλειν, πρηνές, ὑψηλόν, εὐνοϊκόν, προῦχόν, ὑψηλῆτες, ἀμφίπυλόν, πάτρων, δούλειον, ὑπαρόφον, μάλῆρον, πέτρινόν, νύχιον, ἀνυμφόν, αἰτῦ, αστερεῦν, εὐτυκτόν, εὐ-δητόν.

Μελαῖνω, poet. Μελαῖνω, Μελαῖνω, f. μελαῖνῶ, atrum reddo, et absol. pos. ater reddor : to blacken ; to be black. E. 354. Μελαῖνει δὲ τέ πόντος ὑπ' αὐτῆς H. 64. Apoll. 4. 1574. SYN. Κνέφράζω, σκότίζω.

Μελαμβάθης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, nigram profunditatem habens : deep dark. Σῆκον ἐς μελαμβάθῃ Phoen. 1024. SYN. Κνέφαῖος, σκότεινός, σκότιός.

Μελαμερότης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nigros incolas habens : having negroes. Eur. fr. Archil. 2. 3. SYN. Μελαγχροῖς, μελαγχρῶς.

Μελαμπαγῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, concretus et nigrescens : darkly curdling. Μελαμπαγῆς αἶμα Sept. Th. 734. answered by Ἀπόλλωνος εὐτέ.

Μελαμπεπλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, atras vestes habens : black-robed. Ὁ Σπαρτιάτης Τυνδάρεος μελάμπεπλος Orest. 451. SYN. Μελαγχρίτων, μελάνειμος, δυσόφροναιός, μελάνοστόδολός.

Μελάμπους, πόδος, ὁ, Melampus : the son of Amythaon. o. 225.

Μελάμνυός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nigras nates habens : having black buttocks. Lysist. 803. See Πυγή. SYN. Ανδρείος, κράτερός, λαστός.

Μελαμφάης, Μελάνανγῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, atrum splendens : darkly gleaming. Helen. 517. Hec. 151. See Φάος and Μελάντιπη.

Μελάμφυλλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nigra folia habens : dark-leaved. Theoc. Ep. 1. 3.

Μελαμψηφίς, ιδός, ἡ, nigros calculos habens : having dark-coloured pebbles. Μελαμψηφιδός Ἀναΐρου Call. 3. 101.

Μελάναιγίς, ιδός, ἡ, atra procella indutus : surrounded by black storms. Sept. Th. 696. See Μελάντιπη and Αἰγίς.

Μελάνανγῆς. See Μελαμφάης.

Μελάνδετός, ὄν, nigro ferro illigatus : bound with black iron, black-handled. Phoen. 1107.

Μελάνειμος, ὄνός, atra veste indutus : clothed in black. Ἡμετέροις ἐφόδοις μελάνειμοῖσιν Eumen. 372. SYN. Μελαγχρίτων, μελαμπεπλός.

Μελάνθιος, οὐ, ὁ, Melanthius. Κέλεσθ' Ἐμελάνθιον φ. 265.

Μελάντιπη, ἡς, ἡ, Melanippe. Ἀρητιᾶδα Μελάντιπην Apoll. 2. 968.

Μελάντιπός, οὐ, ὁ, Melanippus. II. 695. See above.

Μελάνιον, ὠνός, ὁ, Melanion. Lysist. 796. A brevis, ut in μελάνος α μελας.

Μελάνοζυγήτης, οὐ, Μελάνόζυξ, ὄνός, nigra transtra habens : having black benches of oars. Æsch. Sup. 539. See below and Ζυγός.

Μελάνδοκάρδιος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nigrum cor habens : black-hearted. Τοῖα Στύγος σ' ἐμελάνδοκάρδιος πέτρα Ran. 470. See Καρδία.

Μελάνονέκυμιον, οὐ, ὄνός, funebribus vestibus indutus : clad in mourning robes. Ran. 1336. See above and Νέκυσ, ὄνός. SYN. see Μελάμπεπλός.

Μελάνοπτερός, ὄν ; Μελάνοπτερυξ, ὄνός, nigras alas habens : black-winged. Hec. 698. 71. See below.

Μελάνοσυρμαῖος, ὄν, nigro raphano utens : taking black doses. Λευκῆς νύττει μελάνοσυρμαῖον λέων Thesm. 857.

Μελάνοχρως. See Μελαγχροῖς.

Μελάντάτος, See Μέλαις.

Μελαντειχῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ex nigra materia structus : black-walled, dark. Olymp. 14. 28. SYN. Σκότεινός, στερεός, μελαμβάθης.

Μελάντερός. See Μέλαις.

Μελάνυδρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nigricantis aquæ, profundus : of dark water, deep. Ἀπὸ κρήνης μελάνυδρου Φ. 257. SYN. Βάθος, βάθυρρείτης, βάθῳ βείων, βάθυρρύδς.

Μελαῖνω. See Μελάνιω.

Μέλαις, et poet. Μείλας, αινά, ἄν, compar. μελάντερός, superl. μελάντάτος, niger, ater, obscurus : black, gloomy, dark-coloured. Μέλαις ἐπὶ ἑσπερός ἦλθεν α. 423. Οἱμοι μελάνος κύανοιο Λ. 24. Ἐνθὺρ' μελάνι πόντῳ Ω. 79. Μέλαις is also a P. N. in Ξ. 117. SYN. Κέλαινός, ορφναῖός, μελάγχρῖμός, ἄμαυρός, μελάνδοχρως, σκότεινός, δυσόφροναιός.

Μέλδω, macero, liquefacio : to soften, to melt. Φ. 363. SYN. Τήκω, κατὰτήκω, φθίνω.

Μελέαγρος, οὐ, ὁ, Meleager : a prince of Calydonia, the brother of Tydeus. Θανέ δ' ἐξανθός Μελέαγρος B. 642. Ερ. Ἀρηιφίλδός, ξανθός, υἱός Οωνῆος, Οινειδῆος, ἀλκίης.

Μελέδαῖνω. See Μελέτῳ.

Μελέθῃμᾶ, ἄτος, τό ; Μελέδων, ὠνός ; Μελέδων, ἡς, ἡ ; Μελέδων, ὄνός, ἡ, anxia cura : anxiety, care. o. 8. Apoll. 2. 629. τ. 517. Apoll. 3. 811. SYN. Μελέτη, κηδός, μέλημα, μέριμνά, φροντίς, δίς, ὥρα, μῆδος. Ερ. Πυκινόν, οξύ, ἀργαλέον, ἀλληκτόν, ἀτλητόν, θυμωδόν, στῶνδον, ἀμῆχανόν, χαλέπον.

Μελέδωνεύς, ἔως, ὁ, curator : a protector. Theoc. 24. 104. SYN. Ἐπίσκοπός, ἐπιτροπός.

Μελεῖ, curæ est : is a care to, or the business of, is regarded. Hipp. 103.

Μελέιστι, membratim : limb by limb, piece-meal. Ἡοὶ κύων μελέιστι τῶμών Ω. 409.

Μελέοπαθῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, qui misera passus est : having suffered wretched things. Sept. Th. 961. See Παδός.

Μελέοπόνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ærumnosus : who is wretched from great troubles. Sept. Th. 961. SYN. Πόλυπόνος.

Μελέος, α, ὄν, miser : wretched, unfortunate. Troad. 106. SYN. Ἀθλίος, δυσδαίμων, κακὸ-δαίμων, κακός, ἐχθροδαίμων, ἀτυχῆς, μαρῶς, ἄπρακτός, ηλῆός, μάταιός.

Μελέοφρων, ὄνός, infelix animi : wretched in mind. Μελέοφρων πάτηρ Iph. T. 855. (a single dochmiac.)

Μελέτῳ, Μελέδαῖνω, curo, curam gero : to attend to, take care of. Eur. fr. Alex. 17. 2. Theoc. 9. 12. SYN. Εκμελέτῳ, φροντίζω, ασκέω, μέλω.

Μελέτη, ἡς, ἡ ; Μελέμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, studium, cura, exercitatio : attention, care. Olymp. 9. 161.

Eumen. 447. SYN. Μελῆδῃμᾶ, μελῆδῶν, ἐπιμέλειᾶ, ἀσκησίς. EP. Οἷεῖα, πύκνῃ, κᾶκῃ.

Μέλῃτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, qui curam gerit alicujus rei: one who cares for or takes an interest in. Soph. El. 846. SYN. Μελῆδωνεύς, τίτης, τιμωρὺς.

Μέλῃω. See Μέλω.

Μελῆδῶν. See Μελῆδῃμᾶ.

Μελῆμᾶ. See Μέλῃτην.

Μελῆσιμῆροῦτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui in cura et fama hominum futurus est: which will engross the attention of men. Pyth. 4. 27.

Μελί, ἰτός, τὸ, mel: honey. Μελίτος γλυκίων ῥῆεν αὐδῇ. A. 249. EP. Χλωρὼν, γλυκῆρόν, γλυκῆ, κἀτάλειβόμενον, εὐγλωσσόν, ῥᾶτείνον, κηρόδετον, ἀκῆρᾶτόν. PNH. Γλυκεῖαι μελίτῳς ῥύαλ, ξουθῶν πόντημᾶ μελισσῶν, μελισσῶν νέκταρ.

Μελία, ας, ἡ, (1) fraxinus: an ash-tree; (2) nymphea præses hujus arboris: the nymph who was supposed to preside over it; (3) hasta fraxinea: an ashen spear. Ὁρεκτῆσιν μελίῃσι B. 543. SYN. (3) Βελός, ἀκόντιον, δόρυ. EP. (3) Εὐχαλκός, θυπτιων, χαλκογλῶχιν, εὐῆεστός, ἀνδρόφονός, δολιχόσκιός.

Μελίαι, nympheæ. See Μελία (2).

Μελίβοια, ας, ἡ, Melibœa: a city in Thessaly. Πᾶρεξέθεν Μελίβοιαν Apoll. 1. 592.

Μελίγδουπός, ου, Μελίγηρὺς, ὅς, Μελίγλωσσός, Μελίφθογγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suaviter sonans, cantans, vel cantatus: sweetly sounding, singing or sung. Nem. 11. 23. Πρίν γ' ἡμέων (dissyll.) μελίγηρὼν ἀπο σπῶμάτων ὄπ' ἀκοῦσαι μ. 187. Καί μ' οὐτ' ἐμελίγλωσσοις πειθοῦς P. V. 179. Isthm. 6. 13. SYN. Ἡδύεπής, ἡδὺμῆλῃς, ἱμερόφανός, ἡδύπνός, μελίπνός.

Μελίγηρὺς. See above.

Μελίγλωσσός. See Μελίγδουπός.

Μελίγουνις. See Λιπῆρα. Callim. Dian. 46. See above.

Μελίζω, in partes divido; cantu cerebro: to divide into parts; to celebrate in song. Nem. 11. 23. SYN. Ἄειδω, ᾄδω, αινέω, φορμίζω, ἐπανέω.

Μελίγηγνής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, fraxinigena: ash-sprung. Μελίγηγνέων ἀνθρώπων Apoll. 4. 1641.

Μελίγηδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, mellis suavitatem habens, valde suavis: sweet as honey, delicious. Ἐξαιτον μελίγηδᾶ ἀλλ' ἀρὰ καὶ ἰς M. 320. SYN. Μελίτῳις, ἡδιστός, γλυκῦτάτος, μελίχρὸς, μελίχρῖος, μελίχρὸς, μελίφρων.

Μελίκηρὼν, ου, τὸ, favus: honeycomb. Γλυκῆρωτέρᾳ ἢ μελίκηρῳ Theoc. 20. 27. SYN. Κήρὸς, κήριον.

Μελίκομπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suaviter sonans: sweet-sounding. Pyth. 2. 46. See above.

Μελίκαρπτον, ου, τὸ, infusum ex melle et lacte, apud recentiores est, ex melle et aqua: an offering to the dead, composed of honey mixed with milk or water. Πρῶτᾳ μελικάρτῳ μετέπειτᾶ δὲ A. 27.

Μελικτῆς, οὔ, ὁ, cantor: a singer. Theoc. 4. 30. SYN. see Ἀοιδός.

Μελίνος, Poet. vel Ion. Μελίνος, η, ὅν, fraxineus: ashen, of ash. Ἰϙε δ' ἐπὶ μελίνου οὐδοῦ p. 339. Καὶ μελινὰ δοῦρα N. 715.

Μελίπνός, ους, gen. ου, ὁ, ἡ, suaviter spirans: sweetly breathing. Theoc. 1. 128. SYN. see Μελίγδουπός.

Μελίσδω, Dor. pro Μελίζω, q. v.

Μελισμᾶ, ἄτῳς, τὸ, carmen: a song. Theoc. 20. 28. SYN. see Μελός.

Μελισσᾶ, Μελίττᾶ, ης, ἡ, apis: a bee. Μέλ-

λισσᾶ λειμῶν' ῥήνῳ διέρχεται Hipp. 76. EP. Ἀδινῇ, ὀρεῖᾳ, ξουθῇ, βομβοῦσᾳ, ἡρόφοιτός. PNH. see Apoll. 1. 879—883.

Μελισσοκόμος, Μελισσόνυμὸς, ου, ὁ, apiarius: a feeder of bees. Apoll. 2. 132. Ran. 1273.

Μελισσόνυμὸς. See above.

Μελισσοτρόφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, apes alens: bee-nourishing. Μελισσοτρώφου Σάλαμινος Troad. 800.

Μελιστάγῃς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, dulce libans: sweetly-dropping. Μελιστάγῃας χεῖ λαιβάς Apoll. 2. 1276.

Μελίτειᾶ, ας, ἡ, melitea: mint. Καὶ εὐώδης μελίτεια Theoc. 4. 25.

Μελίτη, ης, ἡ, Melite: (1) one of the Ne-reids; (2) the name of an island. Καὶ Μελίτη καὶ ἱαυρὰ Z. 42.

Μελιτίδαι, ων, οἱ, Melitidæ: the supporters of Melitus. Μελιτίδαι καθῆντο Ran. 991. Sed Bekker. legit Μελιτῆιδαι.

Μελίτῳις, εοσᾶ, ἔν, Μελίχρὸς, ἀ, ὅν; Μελίτῳδης, ἔος, mellitus: honied, sweet. Olymp. 1. 158. Apoll. 4. 360. Theoc. 15. 94. See Μελί.

Μελίτῳπῶλης, ου, ὁ, qui mel vendit: a honey-seller. Eq. 853. See Μελί.

Μελίτῳς, ου, ὁ, Melitus: the name of one who accused Socrates, and of others. Σκυλίων Μελίτου Καρικῶν αὐλημάτων Ran. 1302.

Μελίττᾶ. See Μελισσᾶ.

Μελίττιον, ου, τὸ, apicula: my sweet dear. Ἔως γὰρ ὦ μελίττιον Vesp. 366.

Μελίτουττᾶ, ης, ἡ, placenta quædam mellita: a honied cake. Νάστον θύειν μελίτουττας Av. 568.

Μελίτῳδης. See Μελίτῳις.

Μελίτωμᾶ, ἄτῳς, τὸ, placenta mellita: a honied cake. Ὅν χρηστὸν μελίτωμᾶ Batrach. 39.

Μελίφθογγός. See Μελίγδουπός.

Μελίφρων, ὄνός, exhilarans dulcedine sua et benignus, ut mel: refreshing, sweet. Μελίφρονᾶ πυρὸν ἔθηκεν O. 189. SYN. see Μελίγηδης.

Μελίχλωρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mellei coloris: of the colour of honey, yellow. Ἐγὼ δὲ μόνος μελίχλωρον Theoc. 10. 27.

Μελίχρὸς. See Μελίτῳις.

Μελλῆμᾶ, ἄτῳς, τὸ; Μελλά, ὄς, ἡ, cunctatio, dilatio: delay, hesitation. Iph. A. 818. Τῆς μελλοῦς κλέος Agam. 1327. SYN. Βράδυτης, ἀνὰδολῇ.

Μελλήτηδός, ὅν, cunctabundus: must delay. Eccles. 876.

Μελλογᾶμός, Μελλόνυμφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, futurus sponsus, futura sponsa: a future husband or wife. Γαμβρῶ μελλογᾶμ Theoc. 22. 140. Trach. 207.

Μελλοδδειπνικός, ἡ, ὅν, ad cœnam vocans: inviting to supper. Μέλος τί μελλοδδειπνικόν Eccles. 1153.

Μελλοδικία, vincere cunctor, Nicia more cunctor, vox ab Aristoph. conficta: to hesitate to conquer, to hesitate like Nicias. Οὐδὲ μελλοδικίᾳ Av. 639.

Μελλόνυμφός. See Μελλογᾶμός.

Μελλά, futurum sum, meditor; cunctor: to be about, to intend; to delay. A. 564. SYN. Ἐοικᾶ, ἐπινύεω, βραδύνομαι.

Μελλά, ὄς. See Μέλλημᾶ.

Μελλόπωις, modular: to compose music. Τῶν δεσποσύνων μελλόπωιν Thesm. 42. SYN. Μελότιπῳις, μελῳδῳις.

Μελῳποιός, ὄν, musicus : who composes music. Ran. 1280. See above.

Μέλῳς, ἔὸς, τὸ, (1) membrum, artus : a limb, a member ; (2) carmen modulatum : a song. Iph. A. 1280. SYN. (1) Μέλῳμα, ἔπος, αἰδῖα, ἄσμα, μολπή, μέλωδια, (2) γυῖον, κῶλον. Ερ. (1) Ἀρματείον, δυσσύνετον, κῶλον, βακχεῖον, φίλιον, δαῖον, γαμήλιον, αἰδῶν, γλυκερόν, λίγυρον, μελίχρον, πάμφωνον, χάριεν, φωνήεν, τερπνόν, καλλιχρόν, ἥδῳ, εὖδον, Δελκτηρίον, ἱερὸν, προσφίλες, (2) γναμπτόν, βριάρων, ἐράτων, ἀκμάτων, στίχῶρον, τρυβέρων, ζυγντόν, ἀφάτων.

Μελῳτῦπέω, ad mensuram cantus pedibus calcare : to beat time to the song. Μελῳτῦπεῖς ὁμοῦ τ' ὀρθοῖς ἐν νόμοις Agam. 1122. (Trimet. Dochm.) SYN. Μελῳποιέω, μελίζω.

Μέλπηθρον, οὐ, τὸ, tripodum cum cantu ; ludicrum : music and dancing ; a play-thing. Σ. 179.

Μελπομένη, ἡς, ἡ, Melpomene : one of the Muses. See Note to Ἑρῶτα.

Μέλπω, Μέλπωμαι, "cano cum saltatione et tripudiis." Damm. : to dance and sing. Troad. 409. 555. SYN. Ἀεῖδω, μολπάζω, ὕμνω, μελίζω, ἀναχόρεω, κἀναχέω μελῶς.

Μελῳδρῖον, οὐ, τὸ, cantuicula : a little song. Καλὰ πέλει τὰ μελῳδρῖα Bion. 5. 2.

Μέλω, Μέλῳ, f. ἦσα, curæ sum ; curam injicio ; med. curo : to be an object of care ; to cause care, attention, or anxiety ; midd. to be anxious for. ι. 20. SYN. Ἐπιμελεῖσθαι, μελετάω, μέλδομαι.

Μέλῳδῳ, modulator, carmine modulato laudo : to play harmoniously, to praise in set strains. Thesm. 99. SYN. Ἀεῖδω, μελίζω.

Μέλῳδια, ας, ἡ, ars suaviter canendi : skill in singing sweetly. Eis ἔριν μελῳδίας Rhés. 920. SYN. See Μέλῳς.

Μέλῳδος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, canorus : harmonious. Iph. T. 1105. SYN. Μουσικός, μουσῳπλός, μελῳποῖος. Μελῳός. See Μῶω.

Μεμελέται and μεμελέτῳ are used in Homer for μεμῆλται and ἐμεμῆλτῳ T. 343. Φ. 516.

Μεμήκη. See Μηκέμαι.

Μεμηχανημένος, consulto : intentionally. Ion 808. See Μηχανή. SYN. Εκ πρόνοιας, ἔκουστος, Μέμων, ὄνος, ὅς, Memnon : the leader of the Ethiopians in the Trojan war. Nub. 622. Ερ. Δῖος, ἀντιθέος, χαλκὸκρόστης, Αἰθιοψ, ἀφῳδός, ἐνάρξῳδός, στράταρχος Αἰθίοπων.

Μεμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, reprehendus : censurable. Trach. 447. SYN. Μωμητός.

Μεμφίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Memphis : a city in Egypt. Μεμφίδος ἀρχων Pers. 36. SYN. Ηγάθῳα.

Μεμφῳμαι, conqueror, accuso : to complain of, to accuse. Hec. 949. SYN. Αἰτῳῳμαι, κατὰ-γνωσκῳ, κατηγόρεω, ἐγκάλεω, μεμφῳμοῖρω, μεμφῳν ἔχω κατὰ.

Μεμφίς, ἔως, et Μομφή, ἡς, ἡ, querela, querimonia : complaint, censure. Μεμφίς ἐς μέσον μὸλη Ion 1558. Orest. 1038. SYN. Ψῳγός, αἰτία, δνειδός, λάσῳ, αἰτιαμά.

Μέν, quidem : indeed. B. 52.

Μένῳλκας, οὐ, ὁ, Menalca. Theoc. 8. 2.

Μένῳλῳ, Μένῳνῳ, Μένῳνῳ, valde cupio ; destino ; irascor : to desire ; to be resolved ; to be angry. ε. 341. Σ. 264. M. 59. SYN. Πρόθυ-μεῳμαι, ἐέλδομαι, ἐφίεμαι, χόλδομαι.

Μένῳδῳός, Μένῳπῳλῳός, Μένῳχῳρῳς, Μένῳ-χαρῳός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, bellicosus : firm in war, warlike. Μένῳδῳός ἡσθα N. 228. Δ. 395. Ψ. 419.

Σ. 376. SYN. Ἀρῳτός, πὸλεμῳός, πὸλεμῳός, μάχῳτής.

Μένῳλαός, οὐ, Μένῳλῳός, ὡ, ὁ, Menelaus : the son of Atreus. Τιμήν ἀρνῳμένοι Μένῳλῳ A. 159. Orest. 18. Ερ. Ἀγάκῳλῳς, ἀναξ, Ἀτρείδῳς, δῳ-τρέφῳς, ὀρχῳμός λαῳν, ἀγάθῳς, βὸήν ἀγάθῳς, αἰδοῖς, ἀρηφῳλῳς, ἀρχῳς Ἀχαιῳν, Ἀτρεῳς υῖός, δουρῳκῳλῳτός, ἰφθῳμός, ξανθῳς, ἀμῳμῳον, διδῳγῳνῳς, ἡρῳας, κυδῳαλῳμός, ἀντῳθέος, νεῳτέρῳς Ἀτρεῳς υῖός, ισῳθῳός φῳς, ἀγῳνων.

Μένῳπῳτὸλῳός. See Μένῳδῳός.

Μένῳσῳθῳός, οὐ, ὁ, Menesthius. Ναῳεῳτῳοντῳ Μένῳσῳθῳόν H. 9. Ερ. Αἰυῳλῳδῳῳρηξ, δῳός, μεῳγάθυμῳός.

Μένῳτῳός, ἡ, ὄν, qui manet, patiens : enduring, forbearing. Av. 1620.

Μένῳχῳρῳς, Μένῳχαρῳός. See Μένῳδῳός.

Μένῳεικῳς, ἔὸς, ὁ, ἡ, gratus animo : agreeable, refreshing. I. 90. SYN. Θυμηρῳς.

Μένῳνῳῳ, et Μένῳνῳῳ. See Μένῳλῳῳ.

Μένῳνῳη, ἡς, ἡ, desiderium, consilium : "the desire, design, intent. Apoll. 4. 21. SYN. Βουλή, ἐπῳνοῳῳ, ὀρμή, γνῳμῳη, φροντῳς, πρῳθυμῳῳ. Ερ. Τρηχεῳῳῳ, οἰεῳῳ.

Μένῳνῳῳῳδῳς, οὐ, ὁ, e Menœtio salus : the son of Menœtius, sc. Patroclus. Σῳν τέ Μένῳνῳῳῳδῳ A. 307.

Μένῳνῳτῳός, οὐ, ὁ, Menœtius. Πρῳτῳός δῳε Μῳνῳοῳτῳῳ Π. 307.

Μένῳν, ἔὸς, τὸ, vis, vigor, ira : strength, vigour, anger. Z. 502. SYN. Ἰς, ἀλκή, μῳνῳς, σῳθένῳς, βῳα, ὀρμή, δυνῳμῳς, ισχύς, θυμῳός. Ερ. Ἀσῳχῳτόν, οὐκ ἐπῳικῳτόν, αἰνῳ ἀτειρῳς, αἰνῳν, ἀσῳσεσῳτόν, ἀσῳχῳτόν, ἀπῳσῳθῳλῳν, ἀτρῳμόν, δριμῳῳ, ἐμπεδῳν, εσῳθῳλῳν, ἡ, ἱερῳν, κρῳτέρῳν, μεῳγά, πὸλῳυθαρσῳς, δεινῳν, δῳειδῳν, ἄγῳρῳν, ἀδῳμασῳτόν, ἀντῳπῳλῳν, λῳδῳρῳν.

Μένῳ, f. μένῳ, Μῳμῳνῳζῳ, et Μῳμῳνω, maneo, exspecto : to remain, expect. Eur. El. 389. B. 292. Θ. 78. SYN. Ἀνῳμένῳ, κῳραδῳκῳέω, ἐλ-πῳζῳ.

Μῳρίδῳραξ, ἄκῳς, ὁ, nomen muris : tit-bit-stealer. Κρῳτέρῳς Μῳρίδῳραξ Batrach. 256.

Μῳρίζῳ, partio, divido, separo : to divide into parts or shares, separate. Theoc. 21. 31. SYN. Μῳρῳῳμαι, διαῳρῳω.

Μῳρίμῳνῳ, ἡς, Μῳρῳμηρῳ, ας, ἡ ; Μῳρίμῳμημῳ, ἄτῳς, τὸ, cura, sollicitudo : care, anxiety. CE. R. 728. Hes. Theog. 55. Philoct. 187. SYN. Μῳ-λῳδῳμῳ, μελῳδῳῳν, μελῳδῳῳῳ, κῳθῳός. Ερ. Χῳ-λῳπῳη, κυνῳῳη, κρῳτέρῳη, βῳρεῳῳ, μελῳποῖός.

Μῳρίμῳνῳῳ, curo : to attend to. CE. R. 1124.

SYN. Φροντῳζῳ, κῳθεύῳ, κῳθῳῳμαι, ἐπῳμελεῳῳμαι, ἐν-νῳῳ, μερῳμηρῳζῳ.

Μῳρίμῳμημῳ. See Μῳρίμῳνῳ.

Μῳρίμῳμητῳς, οὐ, ὁ, indagator, curator : an examiner of, carer for. Med. 1223. SYN. Εῳξῳτα-στῳς, δῳεῳρῳός.

Μῳρίμῳῳφροντισῳτῳς, οὐ, ὁ, sophista, nugator : a sophist, a trifler. Μῳρίμῳῳφροντισῳταῳ κῳλοῳί τέ κῳγαθοῳ Nub. 101.

Μῳρίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ ; Μῳρῳός, ἔὸς, τὸ, pars, portio : a part, class, share. Τρεῳς γῳρ πὸλῳιτῳν μῳρίδῳς οἱ μῳν ὀλῳεῳοι Eur. Sup. 224. Ran. 337. SYN. Μοῳρά.

Μῳρῳμῳρίδῳς, οὐ, ὁ, filius Mermeri : the son of Mermerus. Ἰλου Μῳρῳμῳρίδῳ α. 259.

Μῳρῳμῳρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, "masc. notat curiosum, sollicitum, percentantem : neutrum est, quod curas anxias excitat," de quo multa est quæstio et inquisitio," Damm. : anxious ; causing anxiety, stupendous. A. 502. Μῳρῳμῳρός is also a P. N. Σ. 513. SYN. Δεινῳός, ἀγῳλῳός, χῳλῳῳός.

Μέρμηρα. See Μέρμηνα.

Μέρμηριζω, delibero, vel ambigo : to deliberate anxiously, to be in doubt. ε. 354. SYN. Μέρμινω, φροντίζω, μελέτω, ἐπινύω.

Μέρμης, ἰδὸς, ἥ, funiculus tenuis : a thin rope. Κάττει μέρμηθι φάεσσι κ. 23. Ερ. Αργυρέη. SYN. Μήρινός.

Μέρωπις, ἰδὸς, ἥ, Meropæis : of the Meropes, the ancient name of the people of Cos. Κῶν Μέρωπιδᾶ νῆσον Call. 4. 160.

Μέρως, ἔος, τό. See Μέρψ.

Μέρωψ, ὀπὸς, ὁ, ἥ, (1) articulatum vocem habens : articulately speaking; (2) P. N. : an inhabitant of Cos. Τ. 217.

Μεσᾶδον et Μεσῶδον, ου, τὸ, lorum subjugium, lorum quo boves copulantur jugo : the thong which fastened the ox to the yoke. Ἐνδρὺν ἐλκόντων μεσᾶδον Hes. Op. 467. Call. fr. 478. Εξρ. Ὁ πλατὺς καὶ ὁ τῷ ζυγῷ παρακαταπτόμενος ἐχέειον, καὶ μέσσαβ, καὶ μέσσαβον καλεῖται Pollux 1. 13.

Μεσᾶγκυλόν, ου, τὸ, amentatum jaculum : a javelin hurled by means of a string. Androm. 1122. See Αγκύλη. SYN. Βελεμὼν, βέλδς.

Μεσαιπῶλιος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, semicanus : half grey. Ἐνθα μεσαιπῶλιος N. 361.

Μεσαίτατος. See Μεσᾶτος.

Μεσακτός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, "mediam sedem obtinens inter Asiæ et Europæ oras," Heath in l. cit. : intervening. Καὶ τὰς ἀγχιάλους ἐκράτουν μεσακτους Pers. 889. Blomfield proposes ἐκράτουν ἐπακτους.

Μεσᾶτος, Μεσᾶτος, Μεσᾶτις, Μεσὺς, Μεσῶς, Μεσαίτατος, η, ὄν, medius, intermedius, dimidius : middle, intervening. Vesp. 1502. "Ἡ ῥ' ἐν μεσᾶτ' ἐσκέ Α. 6. Call. 3. 78. Acharn. 1214. μ. 457. Apoll. 4. 999. SYN. Ἀνᾰμέσδς, μεσσήρης, μεσσηρός.

Μεσαύλιος, ου, ὁ, Mesaulius : the slave of Eumæus. Ἐναιμὲ Μεσαύλιος ξ. 449.

Μεσαυλός, aut Ion. Μεσσαυλός, ου, ἥ, atrium villæ rusticæ : a farm-yard. Apoll. 3. 235. Μεσαυλός is also an adj. Alcest. 565. "between the porch and hall." SYN. Ἐπαυλῖς.

Μεσσηγὺς, Μεσσηγύ, Ion. Μεσσηγὺς, Μεσσηγύ, adv. vel præp., inter, in medio, interim : between, in the middle, in the interim. Αἰδοῖαν τὲ μεσσηγὺ καὶ ομφαλοῦ N. 568. Α. 569. Apoll. 3. 307. SYN. Μεταξὺ, ἐν μεσῷ.

Μεσῆεις, εσσά, ἐν, medioeris, medius : of the middle rank. M. 269. SYN. Μεσός, μετρίος.

Μεσημερία, ας, ἥ meridiæ ; plaga meridionalis : mid-day ; the south. Πολλοὺς δὲ γ' εὐρήσουσιν ἐν μεσημερίᾳ Æsch. Sup. 754. SYN. Τὸ μεσημερίον. Ερ. Φλογερά, λαμπρά, δερμή.

Μεσημερίῳ, in media die sum, meridior : to be in mid-day. "Ἡτὲ μεσημερίῳωντος Apoll. 2. 741.

Μεσημερίων, Μεσημερίος, α, ὄν, meridianus : of mid-day, meridian. Μεσημερίνοισι δάλπεσιν προσεϊκάσεν Sept. Th. 427. Call. 5. 72. SYN. Ἐνδῖος.

Μεσημερίων. See above.

Μεσσηγείος, ᾶ, ὄν ; Μεσσηγέως, ω, mediterraneus : inland. Αμφότερῃ μεσσηγείᾳ καὶ αὐτὴ πάλαιγεσσι καθήνται Call. 4. 168. Call. H. in Dian. 36.

Μεσσηγία, ης, ἥ, trabs magna domus vel navis : the large beam of a house or ship. v. 354.

Μεσσηγίης, ἔος, ὁ, ἥ, qui medium corripit vel

ferit : seizing or striking the middle. Æsch. Sup. 157. See Λαγία.

Μεσσηγίος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, umbilicalis : at the navel or middle of the earth. Orest. 325. See Ομφαλός.

Μεσσηγίος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, media nocte : at midnight. Μεσσηγίος πᾶσι ὥραις Anacr. 3. 1.

Μεσσηγίος, Ion. Μεσσηγίος, ἔος, ὁ, ἥ, usque ad medium sui partem infixus : fixed up to the middle. Μεσσηγίος δ' ἄρ' ἔθηκε Φ. 172.

Μεσσηγίος, ου, ὁ, ἥ, per medium tranans, medius : mid, middle. Ion 1152.

Μεσῶς. See Μεσῶτος.

Μεσῶω, in medio sum : to be in the middle.

Med. 59.

Μεσῶδον. See Μεσῶδον.

Μεσῶπιος, ου, ὁ, Messapius : a mountain in Boeotia. Μεσῶπιον φύλαξι Agam. 284.

Μεσῶτος. See Μεσῶτος.

Μεσσαυλός. See Μεσσαυλός.

Μεσσηγύ, Μεσσηγύς. See Μεσσηγύς.

Μεσσηγίος, ὄν, Messenius : Messenian. Μεσσηγίος ἀνδρὲς ἄειραν φ. 18.

Μεσσηγίης, ἔος, ὁ, ἥ, medius : middle. Ion 909.

Μεσσηγέως. See Μεσσηγέως.

Μεσσηγίος. See Μεσσηγίος.

Μεσῶς. See Μεσῶτος.

Μεσῶς, η, ὄν, plenus, refertus : full. C. C. 768. SYN. Γέμων, πλής, πλήρης.

Μεσῶω, impleo, refecio : to fill up. Antig. 280. SYN. Πληρῶω, ἀνὰπλήθω.

Μεσῶω, adv. et præp., dum, donec, usque ad : whilst, until, so long as, as far as. Μεσῶω αὐτὶς δόρυ καὶ κόρεσάμενος κατέδαρπον Apoll. 2. 1229. Μεσῶω τοῦς πρὶν γενέσθαι Θ. 508. Præpositio re vera abest. Aratus habet μεσῶω πᾶρ αὐτήν. SYN. see Μεσῶω.

Μεσῶω, medioeriter : moderately. Androm. 865.

Μετᾶ, præp. (1) genitiv. cum, una cum : with, along with ; (2) dativ. coram, inter, præter : before, amidst, besides ; (3) accusativ. post, inter : after, amongst, in pursuit of. "Ὅσον ἐγὼ μετὰ πάντων Α. 517.

Μετᾶβαίνω, transfero ; transeo : to make to pass over ; to pass over. Hipp. 1287. See above. SYN. Μετεμῖ, παρέρχομαι, ἀποικέω, ὑποχωρέω, μετᾶβάλλω, ἐκτρέπομαι.

Μετᾶβάλλω, f. ἀλῶ, verito, converto, verso, commuto : to turn, change, to exchange. Bacch. 54. SYN. Στρέφω, ἀναστρέφω, μεταλλάττω, ἐξαλλάττω, μετᾶβαίνω, μετᾶτίθημι.

Μετᾶβιβάζω, transfero, alio abduco : to transfer. Pax 947. See Βιβάζω. SYN. Μεταστρέφω, μετᾶβαίνω, μετᾶκθίμι.

Μετᾶβλέπω, intueor : to look amidst or upon. Μεταβλέπειας ἐρευνθας Apoll. 726. SYN. Προσβλέπω, ἐπιβλέπω, προσλεύσω.

Μετᾶδῶω, ης, ἥ, mutatio, commutatio : a change, interchange. Iph. Α. 1101. SYN. Ἀλλᾶγή, ἐξαλλᾶγή, ἀμοιβή.

Μετᾶδουλεύω, aliud consilium capio : to change one's mind. Orest. 1541. SYN. Μετᾶγινώσκω, μετᾶνύω, μετᾶφράζομαι.

Μετᾶδουλός, ου, ὁ, ἥ, qui cito consilium mutat : fickle. Acharn. 632. SYN. Τάχουλος.

Μετᾶγγέλλω, ου, ὁ, ἥ, internuncius : a messenger. Ψ. 199. SYN. Ἀγγέλλω, διάκτωρ, ἀγγελλίτης, ἀγγελλίφορος.

Μεταγινώσκω, Μεταγνώμι, Μεταγινώσκω, sententiam mutō : to change one's opinion. *Κὰν μεταγνοίης τὰδε* Iph. A. 1424. Aj. 717. SYN. *Μετὰδουλεύομαι, μετάνδω, εξίσταμαι*.

Μεταγνοῖα. See *Μετανοῖα*.

Μεταγράφω, rescribo : to copy, to alter in writing. *Ἐγὼν τὸτ' αὖθις μεταγράφω καλῶς πάλιν* Iph. A. 108. SYN. *Μετατίθημι, ἀκυρῶ*.

Μεταγόρευω, inter et ad aliquos loquor : to harangue amidst or to. *Μεθ' ἱπποδάμοιο ἀγόρευσω* Θ. 525. SYN. *Μετέπω, ἀγορεύω*.

Μεταδαινύμαι, Μεταδαίνομαι, una convivor : to banquet amidst or with. *Μεταδαινύται ἡμῖν* X. 498. σ. 48. SYN. *Συνεστιάζομαι, εὐαχέω*.

Μεταδήμιος, ου, ό, ή, qui inter populum suum versatur : who is living among his own countrymen. *Ἡφαιστος μετὰδήμιος* Σ. 293. SYN. *Εὐδήμιος, ἐπιδήμιος*.

Μεταδίδωμι, δάσω, impertior, communico, trado : to give a share of, communicate, deliver. *Orest. 444*. SYN. *Κοινῶ, κοινωνέω, διανέμω*.

Μεταδόρπιος, ου, ό, ή, inter cœnandum : during supper. *Μεταδόρπιος ἀλλὰ καὶ δ*. 194.

Μεταδοῦπος, ου, ό, ή, sonans inter : sounding or making a noise between, interfering. *Hes. Op. 821*.

Μεταδρομάδην, persequendo : by running after. *Τὴν δὲ μεταδρομάδην* Apoll. 755. SYN. *Δρομάδην, δρομαίως*.

Μεταδρόμις, ης, ή, incursus : an assault, an attack. *Eis χεῖρας ἦλθε μετὰδρόμαϊς* Ἐρινύων Iph. T. 942.

Μεταδρόμος, ου, ό, ή, persequens, ulciscens : running after, avenging. *Μεταδρόμοι κακῶν πάνουρρημάτων* Soph. El. 1387. (Dochm. dim.) SYN. *Τιμωρὸς, τίτης*.

Μεταίγδην, cum impetu : violently. *Κόψε μεταίγδην* Apoll. 2. 95.

Μεταίζω, una sedeo : to sit along with. *Οὐτέ νῦν μετὰίζειν* π. 362.

Μεταίρω, Dor. et Æol. Πεδάιρω, f. ἀρῶ, amoveo : to remove. *Iph. T. 1158*. *Phœn. 1041*. SYN. *Μεταβάλλω, μεταλλῶσω*.

Μεταίσιω, ruo insequendo, persequor, irruo : to pursue. *Ἢ μετὰίσις θάνατον* ρ. 236. SYN. *Διώκω, ἐφεύρομαι*.

Μεταίτω, mendico : to beg. *Eq. 775*. SYN. *Ἐπαιτέω, αἰτέω*.

Μεταίτις, ου, ό, ή, particeps criminis, &c. : accomplice, partaker, author. *Καὶ τὰφον μετὰίτιον* Eur. Sup. 26. SYN. *Ἐπαιτίς, αἰτίς, σύμβουλος*.

Μεταίχιμος, seu Dor. et Æol. Πεδάιχιμος, α, ὦν, medius intra duas acies, intermedius : midway, intermediate. *Μεταίχιμόν, τὸ, intervallum* : interval. *Εν μεταίχιμοις δὺρός* Heracl. 803. *Πεδάιχιμοι occurrit* Choëph. 581.

Μετακάλῶ, revoco : to recall. *Plut. 1182*. See *Κάλῶ*. SYN. *Ἀνάκἀλῶ*.

Μετακιάθω, Μετάκιω, persequor, accedo, consequor : to pursue, come to, gain, occupy. *Ἀλλ' ὅτ' πᾶν πῆδιον μετέκιάθων* Δ. 713. *Κι* produciunt per arsin. *Τὰς δὲ μετ' Ἀπρείδης ἐκίε* ο. 147. SYN. *Μετέρχθαι, μετεμῖ, ἐπέρχθαι, μετᾶίσσω*.

Μετακλαῖω, s. -κλάω, f. κλαύομαι, lacrymis et fletu prosequor : to bewail. *Οὐ μετὰκλάδωμαι ἀλλὰ θάνει μοι* Hec. 214. SYN. *Μεταστένω, αλγέω, δακρύω, ἀνὰκωκίω, μεταλγέω*.

Μετακλείω, Μετακλήζω, mutato nomine voco, cognomino, celebro : to call by another name, surname, celebrate. *Στροφάδας δὲ μετὰκλείουσ'*

Pros. Lex.

ἀνθρωποι Apoll. 2. 296. "*Μετᾶκλήζω, Poëta* apud Etym. M. 665. 45." Wakef. apud Steph. ed. Valpy, col. 5090.

Μετᾶκλήζω. See above.

Μετᾶκλίνω, ἰνῶ, retro flecto : to bend to the other side. *Πόλεμοι μετὰκλινθέντες* Δ. 509. SYN. *Εκκλίνω, ἐκτρέπομαι, ἀλείνω*.

Μετᾶκοιμίζομαι, interquiesco, vel post quiesco : to rest somewhere else, amidst or after. *Choëph. 1063*. SYN. *Μετᾶπαύομαι, ἀνᾶκλινῶμαι, ἀνᾶκειμαι*.

Μετᾶκοινός, ου, ό, ή, particeps : sharing. *Æsch. Sup. 1046*. SYN. *Κοινός, κοινωνός*.

Μετᾶκύλινδῶ, volvendo transero : to move with a rotatory motion. *Ran. 536*. See *Κύλινδῶ*. SYN. *Κύλινδῶ, μετᾶστρέφω*.

Μετᾶκύμιος, ου, ό, ή, qui est inter fluctus : who is amidst the waves. *Εἰ γὰρ μετᾶκύμιος ἄτας* Alcest. 91.

Μετᾶλαγχᾶνω. See below.

Μετᾶλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, et Μετᾶλαγχᾶνω, particeps fio, una prehendo, commuto, mutō : to share in, to take something with or else, to change. *Plut. 370*. *Eur. Sup. 1087*. See *Λαμβάνω* and *Λαγχᾶνω*. SYN. *Μετέχω, μετᾶδίδωμι, μεταίρω, καρπῶω*.

Μετᾶλγέω, dolorem cum alio participo : to mourn along with. *Æsch. Sup. 410*. SYN. see *Μετᾶκλῖω*.

Μετᾶλδήσκω, produco : to produce, generate. *Apoll. 3. 14*. SYN. see *Ἀλδήσκω*.

Μετᾶλήγω, unde Ion. imp. μετᾶλήγεσκον, desino, desisto, cesso : to leave off, cease. *Δίδωσι μετᾶλήξαντι* (s. *μετᾶλήξ*, a producta per arsin) *χόλοιο* I. 261. *Apoll. 3. 414*. SYN. *Λήγω, ἀποπαύομαι, κατᾶλήγω, μετᾶλφῶω*.

Μετᾶλλάγῃ, ης, ή, mutatio, commutatio : a change, exchange. *Herc. F. 761*. See *Ἀλλάγῃ*. SYN. *Μετᾶῶλῃ, ἀλλάγῃ*.

Μετᾶλλακτός, ου, ό, ή, reconcilians ; mutatus : reconciling, re-uniting ; changed. *Sept. Th. 703*.

Μετᾶλλάσσω, ἔω, mutō, immutō, transformo : to change, transform. *Eur. fr. Autol. 3. 9*. SYN. *Ἀλλάσσω, μετᾶβάλλω, μετᾶμειβόμεναι, μετᾶστρέφω, μεθίστημι, ἀντρέπω*.

Μετᾶλλαῖω, ἥσω, quæro curiose, percunctor : to seek or question diligently. *Γ. 177*. SYN. *Ἐρευνᾶω, δίζημι, ζητέω, ἐπιζητέω*.

Μετᾶλλήτος, ου, ό, ή, investigabilis, explorandus : may be investigated or discovered. *Pyth. 4. 291*. SYN. *Ζητητέος*.

Μετᾶλλον, ου, τὸ, metallum ; fodina : a metal ; a mine. *Eq. 362*. *Er. Χρυσόφαές, χρῶνιον*.

Μετᾶλωφέω, desino, cesso : to cease. *Apoll. 1. 1161*.

Μετᾶμάζις, ὦν, qui est inter ambas mammillas : which is between the two breasts or nipples. *Στήθος μετᾶμάζιον* E. 19.

Μετᾶμαίβομαι, consequi et contingere cupio : to be anxious to meet with or obtain. *Nem. 3. 141*. SYN. *Μαίβομαι, ἔμαιν, δίζημι, ἐρευνᾶω*.

Μετᾶμανθᾶνω, omisso eo quod prius didiceram, aliud addisco : to leave one thing and learn another. *Agam. 689*. See *Μανθᾶνω*.

Μετᾶμειβω, Æol. Πεδᾶμειβω, commuto : to change. *Ἐτέρας ἐτέρας μετᾶμειβόμενα* *Phœn. 845*. *Pyth. 12. 18*. SYN. see *Μεταβάλλω*.

Μετᾶμᾶλει, f. μέλῃσει, pœnitet : it repenteth. *Pax 1315*.

Μετᾶμᾶλπομαι, simul cano : to sing together.

Hom. Apoll. 197. SYN. Σύνδω, ἀμὰ μέλπῳμαι.

Μετᾱμίννυμι. See below.

Μετᾱμίγω, ἰξω; Μετᾱμίννυμι, admisceo: to mingle with. χ. 221. SYN. Συμμίννυμι, ξυγκέραννυμι, ἀνέκρινῶ, ἀνέκέραννυμι.

Μετᾱμώλῳς, Μετᾱμώνις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vanus, irritus: vain, useless. Μετᾱμώλῳς νήματ' β. 98. Pax 116. SYN. Ἀνέμώλῳς, ματαιός, κοῦφός, ἀπρακτός.

Μετᾱγινώσκω. See Μετᾱγινώσκω.

Μετᾱναίετης, ου; Μετᾱνάστης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inquilinus, peregrinus, colonus: a foreigner, settler, inhabitant. Μετᾱναίετᾱς εἶναι Hes. Theog. 401. Π. 59. SYN. Φύγας, ἀπόλῳς, μέτοικός.

Μετᾱνείσομαι, Μετᾱνίσσομαι, transeo, supero; una versor: to pass over; to be amongst. Π. 799. Troad. 131. SYN. Μετέρχομαι, μετᾱβαίνω, πόρεύομαι, ἀφικνέομαι, μεταστέχω.

Μετᾱνίσσομαι. See above.

Μετᾱνίστημι, ἦσω, finibus expello, migrare facio: to banish, cause to quit a place. C. C. 175. SYN. Μετᾱφέρω, εκβάλλω, εξῴριζω.

Μετᾱνοιά, Μετᾱγνοιά, as, ἡ, resipiscencia, penitentia: change of mind, repentance. Ἀχρηστον μετᾱνοιάν ἐμέμενέτο Hom. Batrach. 71. Καὶ μετᾱγνοίαν τίθησι Soph. El. 581. SYN. Μετᾱστάσις, ὑποστρόφη.

Μεταξύ, inter: between. Ξίφους μεταξύ Hec. 437. "Πολλὰ μεταξύ πέλει Jacobs. Anth. 11. 283." Schæf. in Steph. Valp. SYN. see Μεσσηγύς.

Μετᾱπαφᾱσσομαι, transluceo: to sparkle. Apoll. 3. 1265. SYN. Εκλάμπω, διάλαμπω. Μετᾱπαλλῶμαι, sortior cum: to be joined in the same lot with. Ω. 400.

Μετᾱπαύομαι, cesso interim: to rest in the mean time. P. 373. SYN. Παύομαι, ἀναπαύομαι, ἡσυχάζω.

Μετᾱπανωλῆ, ἡς, ἡ, cessatio, quies: rest, cessation. T. 261. SYN. Πανωλῆ, ἀναπανοίς, ἀνέοις.

Μετᾱπείθω, aliud persuadeo: to recommend a different measure. Acharn. 626. SYN. Πᾶράπειθω.

Μετᾱπειρῶ, alio modo tento: to try in another way. Eccles. 217. SYN. Ἀποπειρῶ, πᾶραλλάττω, μεταλλάττω.

Μετᾱπέμπω, accerso: to send for or after, invite. Acharn. 1087. SYN. Ἀποστέλλω, μεταστέλλω, πρόσέμπωμαι, μετέρχομαι, εκκᾱλέω.

Μετᾱπίπτω, 2. a. ἐπέσθιν, recido; pejor evado; muto sententiam: to fall back; to get worse; to change one's opinion. Alcest. 936. SYN. Μετᾱβάλλομαι, μεταστρέφωμαι.

Μετᾱποινῶ, ministro: to attend, wait upon. Ἔην μετᾱποινούουσαι Apoll. 4. 1113. SYN. Ποινῶ, ἀμφίεπω, διάπνυνόμαι, λάτρεω.

Μετᾱπρόητης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, excelsus: distinguished, illustrious. Μετᾱπρόπῃ ἀθανάτοισι Σ. 370. SYN. Εκπρόητης, ἀπρόπῃς, ἐκδηλός, ἐκκριτός, πεῖρσημός.

Μετᾱπρόω, prae aliis insignis sum: to excel others. Μετέπρόπον ὦδῃ δ' ἕκαστος Apoll. 1. 240. SYN. Ἰπερβαίνω, εκπρόω.

Μεταποιέω, protereo: to scare away. Ἐχθελι μετᾱποιοῦσᾱν Aesch. Sup. 336. SYN. Πτοίεω, πτήσω, εκπήσω, δειδῶμαι.

Μετᾱριθμῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adnumeratus: numbered amongst. Ὅ καὶ μετᾱριθμῳς ἦεν Apoll. 1. 205.

Μετᾱρρῳθμίζω, in ordinem eogo, refingo: to arrange. Μετᾱρρῳθμίζε καὶ πέδας σφῶρηλάτοις Pers. 753. SYN. Ρῳθμίζω, εντρέπιζω, μεταλλάσσω.

Μετᾱρσῳς, et Πεδάρσῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sublimis, excelsus: being on high, sublime. Βούλομαι μετᾱρσῳς Av. 1383. Choeph. 832. SYN. Μετέρως, μετᾱρός, ὑψηλός, ὑπερᾱφᾱνός.

Μετασκενᾱζω, in aliam formam verto: to transform, alter. Πᾶλιν μετᾱσκενᾱζέ Eccles. 499. SYN. Διασκενᾱζω.

Μετασπῶ, abstraho: to withdraw, distract. Πειρᾱ μετᾱσπῶν σκληρᾱ C. C. 774. SYN. Ἀποσπῶ.

Μετασπῶν, part. a. act., et μετᾱσπῳμένῳς, part. a. mid. a. μεθέπω, insequor, urgeo: to press upon. P. 190. N. 567.

Μετασσαί, ὦν, αἰ, oves mediæ ætatis: sheep of middle age. ι. 221.

Μετασσεύομαι, 2. a. εσσύμην, alacriter occurro, comitor: to hurry after, accompany. Z. 296. SYN. Μεθορμῶ, μετᾱίσσω, μεθέπομαι, μετᾱδῳίω.

Μετᾱστάσις, ἔως, ἡ, mutatio: a change. Ἡλίου μετᾱστάσιν Iph. T. 817. SYN. Μετᾱνοιά, μεταλλάγη.

Μεταστείχω, prosequor, incedo in ordine: to go after, attend in order. Μετέστιχέν ἰχθυᾱ κῶρας Call. 6. 9. SYN. see Μετᾱνείσομαι.

Μεταστῆνω, Μεταστῶνᾱχίς, post defleto: to lament afterwards, bewail. Ἀτην δὲ μετέστῆνῶν δ. 261. Hes. Scut. 92. SYN. see Μετᾱκλαίω.

Μεταστοιχεί, in ordine, seriatim: in order. Στᾱν δὲ μετᾱστοιχεί Ψ. 757. SYN. Κατὰ τάξιν, ἐφεξῆς.

Μεταστῶνᾱχίς. See Μεταστῆνω.

Μεταστρέφω, convertio, inverteo: to turn, alter. Μεταστρεφέντᾱ δόκευς N. 545. SYN. Μετᾱτρέπω, μετᾱβάλλω, μετᾱμείδωμαι, ἐπιστρέφω.

Μετᾱτίθημι, transfero, muto: to lay aside, transfer, change. Orest. 248. See Τίθημι. SYN. Μετᾱλλάσσω, μετᾱφέρω, μεταστρέφω, ἀλλάσσω.

Μετᾱτρέπομαι, curo: to heed, regard. Τῶν οὔτι μετᾱτρέπομαι M. 238. SYN. Φροντίζω, αἰδέομαι, εντρέπομαι, ἐπιστρέφωμαι, ἀλεγχίζω.

Μετᾱτρέφω, θρέφω, educo inter: to bring up, educate amongst. Μετετράφη Αἰτωλοῖσιν Apoll. 1. 198.

Μετᾱτρέχω, θρέδωμαι, transcurro, adcurro: to run among. Ουκοῖν πᾶρ Ἀθηναίους μετᾱθρέξει τάχῳ Pax 260. SYN. Πᾶρᾱτρέχω, διέξειμι.

Μετᾱτρέπῳλῳζομαι, convertio me retrorsum, respicio: to turn back, look back. Οὔτι μετᾱτρέπῳλῳζο T. 190.

Μετᾱτρόπῳ, as, ἡ, conversio, mutatio: a change. Pyth. 10. 32. See above. SYN. Μετᾱλλάγη, μετᾱδῳλή, ἀλλάγη.

Μετᾱτρόπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mutabilis; redux: changeable; returning. Μετᾱτρόπος αὔρα Pax 945. SYN. Εὔτρεπτός, πάλιντρόπος.

Μετᾱτροπῶ, transmutio: to change. Μετᾱτροπᾱτῳ πᾱρείας Apoll. 3. 297. SYN. Μετᾱτρέπω, μετᾱστρέφω, μεταλλάττω.

Μεταυδῶ, interloquor, adloquor: to speak amongst, address. φ. 67. SYN. Μετᾱφωνέω, μετᾱφημι, πρόσφημι, μετέιπον, προσφανέω.

Μετᾱφέρω, f. οἶσω, transfero: to transfer. Phoen. 183. SYN. Μετᾱίρω, μετᾱτρέπω.

Μετᾱφημι, interloquor, adloquor: to speak amongst, accost. σ. 42. SYN. Μεταυδῶ.

Μεταφράζομαι, postea cogito, et perpendo in animo : to reconsider, deliberate upon. *Μεταφράσομεσθα καὶ αὐτὶς* A. 140. SYN. *Ἐπιφράζομαι*, *ἐπιμενεύομαι*, *μετάδουλεύομαι*.

Μεταφρένῳ, ου, τὸ, tergum, pars corporis opposita pectori vel diaphragmati : the back, the part opposed to the φρένες. *Δούρεσσι μετάφρένῳ* Δ. 528. SYN. *Νῶτον*. EP. *Εὐρύ*, *βριᾶρον*, *πλάτυ*.

Μεταφώνῳ, interloquor, adloquor : to speak amongst or to. *Apoll.* 1. 702. SYN. see *Μεταυδάω*.

Μεταχάζομαι, refugio : to flee back. *Apoll.* 3. 436. SYN. *Ἀποχωρῶ*, *ἀποχάζω*, *ἀποκλίνω*, *εὐκλίνω*.

Μεταχειρίζω, administro, curo : to handle, manage, govern. *Eq.* 345. SYN. *Διάχειρίζω*, *ἐπιτρέπομαι*.

Μεταχθονίος, α, ὄν, terrestris, quæ terram reliquit : on earth, earthly, raised above the earth. *Μεταχθονίην ἐκέμισσε* *Apoll.* 4. 1269. SYN. *Χθονίος*, *ἐπιχθονίος*, *χθονοστήσης*, *μετάρσιος*, *μεταχθονίος*.

Μεταχρονίος, α, ὄν, sublimis, in cælo degens : being aloft. Donnegan refers to Ruhnken. *Ep. Crit.* 2. *Ἵψου δὲ μεταχρονίην πέφορθη* *Apoll.* 2. 589. SYN. *Μετέωρος*, *μετήρως*, *ἐπουρανίος*, *μεταχθονίος*, *μετάρσιος*.

Μεταχωρῶ, secedo, migro : to recede, migrate. *Av.* 710. SYN. *Ἀποχωρῶ*, *ἀποχάζομαι*, *ἀναχωρῶ*, *ἀπέρχομαι*.

Μεταψαίρω, dimoveo : to remove. *Ἐτέοκλης* δὲ πῶδι μεταψαίρων πέτρον *Phœn.* 1405. SYN. *Μεταφέρω*.

Μετείμι, (1) una sum, intersum : to be among or with ; (2) post ibo, sectabor : to be going to follow, or pursue ; (3) particeps sum : to share in. *Iph. T.* 1300. SYN. (1) *Πάρεμι*, *πάριστάμαι*, *παραγίγνομαι*, (2) *μετέρχομαι*, *μεθέποιμαι*, *μετανεύσομαι*.

Μετείρω (ab *είρω*, sero), *ἔερω*, 3 sing. plusq. pf. pass., includo : to fasten with, set in. o. 459. SYN. *Ἐυνάπτω*, *συγκλείω*, *κολλᾶω*.

Μετεκφέρω, f. οἶσα, effero post : to carry out after. *Ψ.* 377. SYN. *Παράγω*.

Μετηνέπω, interloquor : to speak amongst. *Mosch.* 2. 101. A. 73. SYN. see *Μεταυδάω*, *Μεταφημί*.

Μετέπειτᾶ, post, deinde, postea : after that, afterwards. *Μετέπειτᾶ χολώσῃ* *Ξ.* 310. SYN. see *Ἐπειτᾶ* and *Εἰσπίσιω*.

Μετέπω (inus.), 2. a. μετέειπον. See *Μετηνέπω*.

Μετέρχομαι, et *Æol.* *Πεδέρχομαι*, f. *ἐλεύσομαι*, 2. a. ἤλθον, eo post, persequor : to go after, or in pursuit of. E. 429. *Theoc.* 29. 25. SYN. *Ἐπέρχομαι*, *μετειμί*, *μετοίχομαι*, *μεταλλάω*, *μεταστείλω*.

Μετεύχομαι, contraria precor : to alter one's prayers or wishes. *Med.* 600. SYN. *Μετάρτεπομαι*.

Μετέχω, f. *μεθέξω*, 2. a. *ἔσχω*, particeps sum : to share in, partake, enjoy. *Helen.* 1220. SYN. *Ἐνμμερίσχω*, *μετάλαμβάνω*, *μετάδιδωμί*, *μερίζομαι*.

Μετέωρίζω, tollo, elevo ; *med.* superbio : to raise or puff himself up ; *mid.* to be proud. *Nub.* 404. SYN. *Ἵψω*, *αἰερόμαι*, *αιωρῶμαι*, *εἰαίρομαι*.

Μετέωροκόπῳ, sublimia peto : to aim at lofty things, to be pompous. *Av.* 91.

Μετέωρος, *Μετήρως*, et *Æol.* *Πεδάρως*, ου,

ὁ, ἡ, sublimis, excelsus ; suspensus ; fluctuans in mari : aloft ; suspended ; tossed out at sea. *Nub.* 266. *Ψ.* 369. *Choëph.* 582. SYN. *Μετάρσιος*, *πεδάρσιος*, *ὕψηλός*, *ἐπήρως*.

Μετέωροσφιστής, οὗ, ὁ, qui in sublimibus philosophiam ostentat : a philosopher who contemplates the heavenly bodies. *Nub.* 360.

Μετέωρῶφένᾳ, ακός, ὁ, qui homines de rebus sublimibus decipit : one who deceives in relation to heavenly objects. *Ἀνδρας μετέωρῶφένᾳ* *Nub.* 333.

Μετήρως. See *Μετέωρος*.

Μετοικῶ, migro ; incolam sum : to migrate ; to inhabit. *Hipp.* 838. SYN. *Κατοικῶ*, *ἐνοικῶ*, *ἀποικῶ*, *μετάνιστάμαι*.

Μετοικία, ας, ἡ, migratio, habitatio in terra aliena : a migrating, dwelling in a foreign country. *Μετοικίας οὖν τῆς ἀνα στερήσεται* *Antig.* 902. SYN. *Ἀποικία*, *ἀπαλλάγη*.

Μετοικίζω, incolam transfero : to remove or transport inhabitants. *Eccles.* 754.

Μετοικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui in aliena civitate degit, inquilinus : a foreigner, inhabitant. *Choëph.* 958. SYN. *Ἀποικός*, *ἐνοικός*, *συνοικός*, *μετᾶναίετης*, *μετᾶνάσσης*.

Μετοίχομαι, persequor, adeo : to pursue, come to. *Iph. T.* 1333. SYN. *Μετέρχομαι*, *μεταίσσω*, *μετόπάζομαι*, *μετάβαινω*, *διώκω*, *ἐπέρχομαι*.

Μετόκλαζω, subsidio in genua : to sink upon the knees. *Ἀλλὰ μετόκλαζει* *N.* 281.

Μετόπάζω, ἄσω, una sequi facio : to cause to accompany. *Ἀρχὸν δὲ μετ' ἀμφότεροισιν ὅπασσα* κ. 204. SYN. *Ὀπάζω*, *παρέχω*.

Μετὸπίν, *Μετὸπισθῆ*, *Μετὸπισθεν*, a tergo, postea : behind, afterwards. *Philoct.* 1189. *N.* 71. A. 82. See *Κατὸπίν*. SYN. *Κατὸπίν*, *ὀπίσω*, *μετὰ ταῦτά*.

Μετὸπισ, ἰδὸς, ἡ, vindicta : vengeance. *Hom.* *Hym.* 42. 4. SYN. *Τίσις*, *τιμωρία*, *ποινή*.

Μετὸπισθῆ, -θεν. See *Μετὸπίν*.

Μετὸπωρινός, ὄν, autumnalis : autumnal, in autumn. *Μετὸπωρινὸς ομηρήσαντος* *Hes. Op.* 414. SYN. *Ὀπωρινός*.

Μετόρχιον, ου, τὸ, spatium inter arborum ordines, interordinium : the distance between two rows of trees. *Αὐτῶν ἀπαλλάξειεν ἂν μετόρχιον* *Pax* 567.

Μετουσία, ας, ἡ, communio, consortium : communication, partnership. *Μετουσίαν δεῖ τῶν τρώων τὸ σῶμ' ἔχειν* *Thesm.* 152. SYN. *Κοινωνία*.

Μετόχλιζω, vecte dimoveo : to remove by a lever. *Ρεῖα μετοχλίσσει* *Ω.* 567. SYN. *Ὀχλίζω*, *μετάκινῶ*, *μεθίστημι*, *μετάφέρω*.

Μετόχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, particeps, socius : participating in. *Herc. F.* 721. SYN. *Ἐγκληρὸς*, *κοινωνός*, *συνήρως*, *ἐταίρος*.

Μετρέω, ἡσω, metior : to measure. *Rhes.* 768. See *Μετράν*. SYN. *Ὀρίζω*, *στάμῳ*, *κρίνα*, *διὰπείρω*.

Μετρημά, ἄτος, τὸ, dimensum : a measure. *Ion* 1138. See *Μετρώ*.

Μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, dimetiendus : measurable. *Bacch.* 1233. See *Μετρώ*.

Μετρίάζω, moderatione utor : to be moderate. *Philoct.* 1184. See *Μετρίς*. SYN. *Κόσμιος* εἰμί.

Μετρίως, α, ον, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, mediocris, moderatus : middling, moderate. *Ναῦτας γὰρ ἦν μὲν μετρίως ἢ χειμῶν φέρειν* *Troad.* 690. SYN. *Εὐμελής*, *κόσμιος*, *μεσῆεις*, *ἐπαρκῶν*.

Μέτρηως, moderate: moderately. Iph. A. 921. See above. SYN. Αρκούντως, ἱκάνως.

Μέτρον, ου, τὸ, mensura; modus: a measure; moderation. Εν μέτρῳ μοχθητεῖν Herc. F. 1242. Ὡν γ' οὐτ' ἐστὶν οὐτ' ἀριθμὸς ἐστὶ μοι Troad. 622. SYN. Μέτρημα, τρῶπις, νόμος.

Μέτων, ανὸς, ὁ, Meton. Av. 1010.

Μετώπων, ου, ὁ, Metopes: a river in Arcadia. Call. 1. 26.

Μετώπιον, ου, τὸ, interstitium inter supercilia: the space between the eye-brows. Μετώπιον οἷε λάϊ Π. 739.

Μετωπῶν, ου, τὸ, frons: the forehead. Troad. 1188. Ερ. Ξανθὸν, ἀπάλυν, λευκὸν, στίβαρον, καλλίπλοκάμῳν.

Μέχρι, Μέχρῃς, usque ad, quoad; as far as, until. Ψωλὸν γένεσθαι δεῖ σέ μέχρι τοῦ μυρρίνου Eq. 964. Ἀπέλει μέχρ' ὁδὸς αἰῶνος N. 143. SYN. Ἄχρι, ἔως.

Μῆ, ne: lest, not. X. 33. On the various usages and government of μῆ, see Steph. Thes. tom. ii. p. 910. c. 6119. "Ου negat, μὴ vetat et prohibet."

Μηδᾶμῃ, Μηδᾶμᾶ, Μηδᾶμᾶ, Μηδᾶμᾶς, nequam: by no means. Μηδᾶμοῦ, nusquam: to where. P. V. 52. Eumen. 426. Μηδᾶμ' (i. e. Μηδᾶμᾶ) ἡμέρα μῆ Pers. 437. Μηδᾶμῶς μ' ἐξεργάσθαι Hipp. 603. Phil. 256.

Μηδῆ, neque, nec: neither, nor. T. 22.

Μηδέα, αν, τὰ, pudenda: the privities. Hes. Theog. 180. SYN. Τὰ αἰδοῖα, ὀρχεῖς, μέζεα.

Μηδεία, as, ἡ, Medea: Medea. Μηδεία πύργους γῆς ἐπλευσ' Ἰωλκίας Med. 7. Ερ. Δέσποινα, ἀνασσα, κόρη Αἰήτα, δύστηνος, ητιμασμένη, εὐσφύρος, δολή, παιδὸς τεύχεα, μόνη, μέλεα πόνων, τλήμων, μέγαλόπλαγχνος, Κολχίς, νόμφη, σκυθρωπὸς, πᾶν ὄλης, σφῆ, κᾶκων πολλῶν ἰδρύς Αἰαίη. P. R. see Med. of Eurip. and Apoll. lib. 3. and 4.

Μηδεῖος, ου, ὁ, Medius. Theoc. Ep. 18. 2.

Μηδεις, μῖα, ἐν, nemo, nullus: no one, none, no. Μηδὲν ἐλέσθαι Σ. 500. See εἰς.

Μηδέπω, necdum: nor yet. P. V. 766.

Μηδικός, Μῆδος, η, ὄν, Medus: Medish, Persian. Τοῖς Μηδικοῖς γράφουσιν Ran. 938. Vesp. 1094. SYN. Περσικός, Πέρσης.

Μηδόμεαι, ἡσόμεαι, prudenter consulto, comminiscor, statuo: to weigh maturely, contrive, determine. ω. 444. SYN. Βουλεύομαι, ἐπιμελέομαι, μελετᾶω, μηχανάζομαι, τέχνάζομαι, εκπράττω, εργάζομαι.

Μῆδος, εὖς, τὸ, cura, consilium; pl. pudenda. (Vid. supr. in v. Μῆδεα.) : care, deliberation, intention. B. 340. SYN. Μέλῃη, μῆθος, βούλευμα. Ερ. Ἀφθιτὸν, κλυτὸν, πέπνυμένον, πύκνόν, πύκνόν, φίλδον, ἡπίον, πύλντροπν.

Μῆδος, η, ὄν. See Μηδικός.

Μηκάς, ἀδός, ἡ, quæ balat: bleating. Μηκάδ' αἶγας ι. 124. SYN. Βληχᾶς.

Μηκάω, pf. μέμηκα, pf. m. μεμῆκα, part. aor. μᾶκων, unde fit novum verbum Ionice, μεμῆκα: balo, caprisso: to make a noise like a sheep or a goat. Αζηχὲς μεμῆκνυαί Δ. 435. Θήλειαι δὲ μεμῆκνυι ι. 439. SYN. Βληχάδαι.

Μηκέτι, non jam, non amplius: no longer. Ἐκείσε μὲν μηκέτι βάδις' ἀλλ' ἐνθάδε Vesp. 765. SYN. Μῆ πλέον.

Μηκιστεὺς, εὖς, ὁ, Mecisteus. Θ. 333.

Μηκιστηΐδης, ου, ὁ, cuius pater est Mecisteus: the son of Mecisteus, sc. Euryalus. Μηκιστηΐδης καὶ ἀπ' ὧμων Z. 28.

Μῆκιστός, superl. a Μᾶκρὸς, q. v. H. 155.

Μῆκος, εὖς, τὸ, longitudo, proceritas, spatium: length, height, distance. Helen. 1267. SYN. Μεγέθους.

Μῆκύνω, ὕνω, longum facio, produco: to lengthen, prolong. Herc. F. 87. SYN. Εκτείνω, αυξάνω.

Μῆκων, ανὸς, ἡ, papaver: a poppy. Av. 160.

Μηλέα, as, ἡ, malus: an apple-tree. Καὶ δέκα μηλέας (spondee) ω. 339. SYN. Μηλῖς. Ερ. Ἀγαδῶκαρπός.

Μηλείδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ovinus: of sheep. Eur. El. 92.

Μηλιάς, ἀδός, ἡ, Melia: of Melus, an island in the Ægean Sea. Μηλιάδων νυμφῶν Philoct. 725.

Μηλιεύς, εὖς, ὁ, et Μηλίος, α, ὄν, Melius: of Melus. Μηλιά τέ κόλπων οὗ Pers. 492. Av. 186.

Μηλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, (1) Maliaca: of Malia, a district in Thessaly; (2) malus: an apple-tree. Μηλιδᾶ παρ λίμναν Trach. 637. SYN. (2) Μηλέα, μῆλιν.

Μηλῶδότηρ, ἦρὸς, Μηλῶδότης, et Μηλῶδότης, ου, ὁ, ovium pastor, opilio: a shepherd. Σ. 529. Æsch. Suppl. 557. Cycl. 53. SYN. Ποιμήν, νόμειος, βότῃρ, μηλόνυμης, μηλόνυμος, μηλοσκοπός.

Μηλῶδικός, ὄν, pecudes recipiens: sheep-receiving. Pyth. 3. 47.

Μηλῶθότης, ου, ὁ, pecudes mactans, sacerdos: cattle-sacrificing, a priest. Iph. T. 1117. See Θυτήρ.

Μηλῶλόνθη, ης, ἡ, melolonthæ: a chaffer, golden-fly. Nub. 671.

Μῆλιν, ου, τὸ, (1) malum: an apple; (2) ovis, pecus: a sheep; (3) mamma puellaris: a girl's breast. B. 696. η. 120. Eccles. 903. SYN. (1) Ὀπάρα, (2) οἷς, πρόβατον, βότῃν, (3) μασθός. Ερ. (1) Ἀγλαόν, χρυσέον, πορφύρεον, (2) ἀγρῶλον, βαθυθριεῖ, δασυθριεῖ, εἰρηπύκον, ἐπιστάμιον, πῖον, ἰφίον.

Μηλόνυμης, et Μηλόνυμος, ου, ὁ, opilio: a shepherd. Alcest. 589. Cycl. 654. SYN. see Μηλῶδότηρ.

Μηλῶπαρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, genas malis similes habens: apple-cheeked, rosy-cheeked. Χά μαλῶπαρῶς Ἀγαθα Theoc. 26. 1.

Μηλοσκοπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unde pecora conspici possunt: possessing a view of sheep. Κερύφην μηλοσκοπὸν Hom. Hym. 18. 19.

Μηλοσπῶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pomis consitus: planted with apple-trees. Μηλοσπῶρον ακτᾶν Hipp. 739.

Μηλοσφάγῳ, οves macto vel immolo: to sacrifice sheep. Μηλοσφάγειν τέ βουθύτοις ἐπ' εσχάρα Av. 1232.

Μηλῶτρόφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, oves nutiens: sheep-nourishing. "Ἐν ἀνδρ' ἀπάσης Αἰσίδος μηλοτρόφου Pers. 769. SYN. Μηλῶδότης.

Μηλῶφόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, oves mactans: sheep-slaughtering. Agam. 709. SYN. Μηλοσφάγῳν.

Μηλῶφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pomifer: apple-bearing. Herc. F. 396.

Μηλῶφόρῳ, poma gesto: to bear or carry apples. Theoc. Ep. 2. 4.

Μήλωφ, ὅπος, pomi maturi colorem habens: like a ripe apple. η. 104.

Μῆν, vero, tamen, certe: but, yet, certainly. A. 302.

Μῆν, ηνός, ὁ, et Æol. Μῆς, mensis: a month.

λ. 293. T. 117. SYN. (1) Τελεσφόρος, πέρσι-
πλούμενος, ποικίλος, κύκλων.

Μηνᾶς, ἄδός, et Μήνη, ης, ἡ, luna: the moon.
Ou λεύσσετ' ἐ μηνᾶδος αἴγλαν Rhcs. 530. Av.

1115. SYN. et Ep. see Σελήνη.

Μήνη. See above.

Μηνῖω. See Μηνῖω.

Μηνιμῶς, οὐ, ὁ; Μηνιμᾶ, ἄτος, τό; Μήνις,
ῖος, ἡ, ira perdurans: lasting anger, continued
resentment. Μηνιμῶν μὲν ἀπορρέψαι Π. 282.
Θεῶν μηνιμᾶ γένωμαι λ. 73. Μήνιν αἰεὶ δὲ δᾶ
A. 1. SYN. Οργή, θυμὸς, κῶτος, ἔχθρα, χυ-
λός. Ep. Ουλόμενος, χυλῆπος, ὀλός, βάρυς,
στυγερός.

Μήνιμᾶ. See above.

Μήνις. See above.

Μηνίσκος, οὐ, ὁ, lunula: a crescent. Av. 1114.

Μηνίω, f. ἴσω, et Μηνῖω, succenseo, iram foveo:
to be deeply enraged. Εἰ περ μάλ' ἀ μηνίει ἀλγῖον
αὐτῷ ρ. 14. Apoll. 2. 247. The penult. of
μηνίω in the present and imperf. tenses is always
short in Homer, except in the arsis, B. 2. 769., as
also in the Rhcs. 590. It is long in the only
place where it occurs in the surviving plays of
Æschylus, sc. Eumen. 101. The word is found
in the seven plays of Sophocles five times; but
from its position, the quantity of its penult. cannot
be determined. In all the poets the penult. of
the future μηνίσω is long. See Clark, Il. E.
178. SYN. Χολῶδμαι, χυῶμαι, ἀγανακτέω, δι-
οργῆς ἔχω, οργίζομαι.

Μηνυτήρ, ἥρως, Μηνυτής, οὐ, Μηνύτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ,
index, delator: an informer, discoverer. Eumen.
245. Mosch. 1. 3. Μηνυτὸρ' Ἀφιδῶν ἔκλεψεν
Epigr. Philippi. 39.

Μηνυτρὸν, οὐ, τὸ, præmium indicii: a reward
for discovery or information. Οὐκ ἂν μὲνυτρὸν
ἀροίμην Hom. H. Merc. 364.

Μηνῦω, ὥσω, indicio, nuncio, defero: to indi-
cate, announce, discover. Ἀλλὰ μοι μηνύετε
Acharn. 206. The penult. of μηνῦω in pres. and
imperf. is short, Hom. H. Merc. 264. Olymp.
6. 97. and Isthm. 8. 120. where it is followed by
a long syllable. Though the word is frequently
used by Euripides, we meet with no instance
decisive of the quantity of its penult. The penult.
is long in Soph. O. C. 1188.; it is scarcely ne-
cessary to add that the penult. of its future
and aor. I. is always long. SYN. Δηλῶω, δείκ-
νυμι, σημαίνω, ἀποφαίνω, ζητέω, κηρύσσω,
εκφέρω.

Μήδονες, ὧν, οἱ, Mæones: the ancient name of
the Lydians. See Herod. Cl. 7. and Polymn.
74. Οἱ καὶ Μήδωνες ἦγον B. 866. SYN. Λυδοί.

Μηδία, as, ἡ, Mæonia: Mæonia or Lydia.
Μηδονίην ἐπάτειν Hom. H. Apoll. 179.

Μηδνίς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, Mæonia: a woman of Mæ-
onia or Lydia. Μηδνίς ἡ Κᾶειρ' Δ. 142.

Μήπτει, nunquam: never. H. 343.

Μήπου, Μήπως, necubi; ne forte: where;
lest perchance. Ξ. 130. Γ. 439.

Μήτω, nedum: not as yet. Antig. 1094.

Μήπως. See Μήπου.

Μήρινθος, οὐ, ἡ, funiculus tenuis: a thread,
fine string. Thesm. 928. SYN. Δεσμὸς, σχοινῖον,
βρόχος, ζώνδεσμός. Ep. Σπαρτός, εὐπλεκτός.

Μηριόνης, οὐ, ὁ, Meriones: a Cretan general
at the Trojan war. Ἀμφὶ τῷ Μηριόνῃ I. 83.
Ep. Δαΐφρων, υἱὸς Μόλων, ἥρως, ἀγαλκλύτος,
ἀτάλαντος Ἀρήϊ et Ἐνυάλῳ, δερᾶπῳ et ὀπάνῳ
ἰδομένῳ, πέντυμένῳ.

Μηρίων, οὐ, τό; Μηρός, οὐ, ὁ, pl. Μηροί, αἱ;
Μῆρᾶ, τὰ, femur: the thigh. Πολλὰ δὲ μηρὶ ἔκπῃ
γ. 273. Δόφον ἀμφὶ τῷ μηρούς K. 573. Αὐτὰρ
ἔπελ κατὰ μῆρ' ἐκάη B. 427. Ep. Ευφύες, ἄρισ-
τέρος, πᾶχι, κάλον, μέγα, γυμνόν, πῶν, ἀπάλων,
κῆχαρισμένον, δαλλερὸν, ῥοδῶεν.

Μηρώω, conglomerare, circumvolvo: to wind
round, twist, furl. Ἀρμῆᾶ μνηρόντ' κατὰ χρεῶς
Apoll. 4. 889. SYN. Συμπλέκω, ἐμπλέκω,
ἀνᾶλῶ.

Μήστωρ, ὠρὸς, ὁ, prudens cogitando et agendo:
an adviser, a counsellor. N. 93. Also, Μῆστωρ,
ὄρος, ὁ, a proper name, Mestor. Ω. 257. SYN.
Εὐ εἰδὼς, δὲ δαήμενος, ἐπιστήμων, μητίετης,
δάημων.

Μῆτῃ, neque, nec: neither, nor. Phœn. 498.

Μήτηρ, Dor. Μάτηρ, τέρος et τρός, et gen. antiq.
μητροῦν, ἡ, mater: a mother. Z. 429. Hec.
71. SYN. Τέκοῦσ' ἄ, τῆκας, μᾶμη, τρός. Ep.
Φίλη, γέραῖα, ἀνδισιῶτῃ, καλλιτόξος, μέλαινα,
μέλωδος, ὕγρα, φίλοτέκνος, ἀβάντῃ, δυσάμμορος,
ητιδωρός, κινύρῃ, πρωτότοκος, ἀμύμων, κεδνῇ,
ηκυκλῶς, πινύτῃ, ἀμήτωρ, χαρίεσσα, παλλᾶκίς,
βαρβέρως, αἰδοῖ.

Μητιάω, et Μητιῶω, et pass., consulto, cogito,
molior: to consult, to determine. X. 174. Δὴ
τότ' ἐμμητιῶντο M. 17. SYN. Βουλευόμαι, μη-
τίζομαι, μηχανάομαι.

Μητίετης, οὐ, ὁ, consiliarius, consultor: a
counsellor. Μητίετα Ζεῦ A. 508. SYN. Βου-
λευτής, ἀγυρήτης, συνῆτος, περίφρων, φρονίμος.

Μητιόμαι, ἰσθῶμαι, consilia agito: to devise.
Μητιόσμαι ἔχθεᾶ λυγρὰ Γ. 416. The antepenult.
of the fut. and aor. is always long. SYN.
see Μητιάωμαι.

Μητιόεις, εοσσᾶ, ἔν, consilii plenus, artificiose
factus: wise, skilfully made. Φάρμακὰ μητιόεντα
δ. 227. SYN. Ποικίλος, πλὺμητις.

Μητιῶω. See Μητιάω.

Μῆτις, ἰδὺς et ἰδς, ἡ, prudens consilium, machi-
natio: prudence, contrivance, wise plan. Μῆτιν
ἄμεινω I. 423. SYN. Βουλῇ, συνῆσις, γνώμη,
μῆχος, ἐπινοῖα. Ep. Ἀμύμων, ἀρίστη, ἐπίφρων,
παντοίη, ἀμείνων, λεπτή, δόλια, ἀγαυή, πινύτῃ,
ἐπὶ ῥόδοις, ὀρθῇ, ταχέωςουλς.

Μητράδελφεός, οὐ, ὁ, matris frater: a mother's
brother, maternal uncle. Pyth. 8. 49. See
Ἀδελφός.

Μητράλοῖας, Μητροκτόνως, Μητροφόνως, Μη-
τροφόντης, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, matricida: a matricide. Τὸν
μητράλοιν δ' ἐξέκλεψας ὦν θεός Eumen. 153.
102. 257. Orest. 473.

Μητρίδιος, α, ὢν, semen in se habens: which
produces seed. Καὶ μητρίδιων ἀκάληφῶν Lysist.
549. See Bruckn.

Μητροδόκος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, a matre exceptus: re-
ceived by a mother. Nem. 7. 124.

Μητροκάσγυνήτης, ης, ἡ, matris germana, ma-
tertera: a mother's sister, aunt. Eumen. 965.
See Κάσγυνήτης. SYN. Μητράδελφεός.

Μητροκτόνῶω, matricida sum: to kill a mother.
Μητροκτόνουντ' ἀπὶ Orest. 488.

Μητροκτόνως. See Μητράλοῖας. Μητροκτόνος
and μητροφόνος in this sense are paroxyton. Μη-
τροκτόνος and μητροφόνος with a passive signi-
fication are proparoxyton.

Μητροπάτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, matris pater, avunculus
maternus: mother's father, maternal grandfather.
Μητροπάτωρ δς τίκετ' Α. 224.

Μητροπόλις, ἔως, ἡ, metropolis: the mother or
parent city. Antig. 1122. See Πόλις.

Μητροπῶλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, matres curans: attendant on mothers. Pyth. 3. 15.

Μητροφῶνδς, Μητροφόντης. See Μητροφῶλας. Μητρυιά, ἄς, ἡ, noverca: a stepmother. Εχθρὰ γὰρ ἡ πῖουσά μητρυιά τέκνοις Alcest. 320. Ερ. Βῆρεϊά, δυσμενῆς, βάρυνή, ἀτάσθαλδς.

Μητρώϊδς, Μητρώδς, α, ὄν, maternus: maternal. Μητρώϊον es μετὰ δῶμα τ. 410. Phoen. 58.

Μήτρως, ὡδς, ὁ, avunculus maternus: a maternal uncle. Herc. F. 44. SYN. Θεϊδς, μητρά-δελφὺς, μητροκάσιγνητὺς.

Μηχανᾶμα, ἡσῶμα, machinor, molior: to contrive, devise. Ἀτάσθαλὰ μηχανᾶσθε v. 370. SYN. Τόλῦπένω, εγχειρῶ, κάτασκευάζω, ἐπιχειρῶ, συντάττω, συντίθημι, ἐπινδῶ.

Μηχανή, ἡς, ἡ; Μηχανήμᾶ, Μῆχᾶρ, ἄτδς, Μῆχῶς, ἔδς, τὸ, machina, comanen, remedium: a means, contrivance, remedy. Μηχανή τ' ἐξευ-ρεθῆ Med. 262. Herc. F. 851. Æsch. Sup. 602. Androm. 534. SYN. Μητῖς, τέχνη, τέχνασμα. Ερ. Πέπλεγμένη, αρκυστάτη, κρυπτή, σκότεινή.

Μηχανιώτης, Μηχανῶδιφς, Μηχανορράφδς, Μηχανῶποιος, οὐ, δ, ἡ, versutus, peritus: clever in inventing machines, skilled. Βουδὼνέ μηχανῶνιῶτὰ πνέυμἐνέ Hom. H. Merc. 435. Ἀποκνίσ-ματὰ μηχανῶδιφας Pax 769. Ὑφέις μάγον τοῖ-δνδὲ μηχανορράφον Ε. R. 397. Pax 173. SYN. Δολίῶς, ἐργάτης.

Μηχανῶδιφς. See above.

Μηχανῶεις, εσσά, ἐν, idem ac. præced. Antig. 365. See above.

Μηχανορράφῶ, artes consuo: to plot. Τᾶρᾶ μηχανορράφᾶ Choëph. 215. SYN. see Μητῶω.

Μηχανορράφδς. See Μηχανιώτης.

Μῆχᾶρ, Μῆχῶς. See Μηχανή.

Μῆλων, ὄνδς, ὁ, Mæon. E. 43.

Μῖᾶ, fem. of εἷς, una: one. Μῖᾶ γεινᾶτὸ μήτηρ Γ. 238.

Μιᾶίνω, ἄνῶ, polluo, vitio: to pollute. Ὡς μὴ μῖαινοι βοῶν ἐυγέει φῶφ Iph. A. 1594. SYN. Βάπτω, μῶλυνω, πῶλᾶσσω, χραίνω, διαφθείρω, μῶρυσσω, ὑειρώττω.

Μιᾶφῶνῶ, sanguine me polluo: to pollute oneself with blood, to commit murder. Iph. A. 1364. See below. SYN. Ανδρῶφῶνῶ, ανθρω-ποσφάγῶ, ἐνᾶρίζω.

Μιᾶφῶνδς, ου, δ, ἡ, qui se cæde polluit, crudelis: polluted with blood, murderous, cruel. Φρὴν μῖαιφῶνῶτερα Med. 268. SYN. Ανδρῶφῶνδς, λυμαντήρ, ἄπνης, φῶνδς, ἀνδρῶς, αἰσῦλὰ βέζων.

Μιᾶρὺς, α, ὄν, impurus, scelestus, dirus: impure, wicked, dire. Μῆτ' Ἐκθαιρῶν μῖαρός μ' εἰσιδο Bacch. 1374. SYN. Μῶσᾶρδς, βέσηλδς, ἀνδρῶς, ἀξέμιστιῶς.

Μιάσῶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, pollutio, piaculum: a stain, pollution. Eis μιάσῳ ἐλήλυθας Hippol. 950. SYN. Μῶσδς, ἄγὺς, διαφθῶρά. Ερ. Ἀνδρῶν, ὁμῶ-γνῆς.

Μιάστωρ, ὄρδς, ὁ, inquinator, contaminator; malus genius, furia vindex: a polluter; an avenging fiend. Eur. El. 687. See above. SYN. Λυμῶν, ἀλάστωρ, μῖαρός.

Μιγάζομαι. See Μίγνυμι.

Μιγᾶς, ἄδδς, ὁ, ἡ, mistus, promiscuus: mixed, promiscuous. Πολλοὶ δ' ἐπιπτον μιγᾶδῆς ἐκ τῆ τραυμάτων Androm. 1131. SYN. Μικτὺς, ἄδινδς.

Μιγᾶ, Μιγδᾶ, Μίγδην, mistim: mixedly. Πέλας μίγᾶ θηλυτέρῃσιν Apoll. 4. 1345. Μίγδ' ἄλλοισι δέοις Θ. 437. Apoll. 3. 1380. SYN. Ἀνάμιξ, ἐπίμιξ, φύρδην, ἀνάμιγδην.

Μιγδᾶ, et -δην. See Μίγᾶ.

Μίγνυμι, Μιγνῶ, f. μίξω, Μιγάζομαι, Μίσγω, misceo; misceo me: to mix; to have intercourse with. Androm. 174. Nem. 4. 35. Ἐνύση μίγα-ζόμενος φίλῳτῃ Δ. 271. Ω. 91. See Δεικνῶ.

SYN. Ἀνάμιγνυμι, κατὰμιγνυμι.

Μίδας, ου, δ, Midas: Midas. Ὡ Μίδα καὶ

Φρὺς βῶνδρῶμειτέ καὶ Μᾶσυντία Vesp. 433.

Μιδεᾶτις, ἰδὺς, ἡ, a Midea sata: the daughter of Midea, the concubine of Electryon. Αλκ-μήνης υἱὸς Μιδεᾶτίδδς ἠρώϊνας Theoc. 13. 20.

Μιδεᾶ, as, ἡ, Midea: a town in Boeotia. Ἄρην ἔχον οἱ τῆ Μιδεᾶν B. 507.

Μικκὺς, Μικκύλδς, Μικρὺς, Σμικρὺς, α, ὄν; compar. ἥτταν, μικρῶτέρδς, χειρῶτέρδς, ἐλάχιον; superl. μικρῶτάτδς, ἐλάχιστδς, ἥκιστδς, adj. parvus, exiguus: small, few. The penult. of μικρὺς is long; cf. Wolf. Anal. 4. p. 409. Call. 6. 110. Μικκύλᾶ μὲν τήνω Mosch. 1. 13. Orest. 456. p. 757. SYN. Βαυδς, ὀλίγδς.

Μικρῶπόλιτης, ου, δ, parva urbis civis: a citizen of some obscure town. Μικρῶπόλιτας ἀποφῆναι (paremic) Eq. 814.

Μικρὺς. See Μικκὺς. Τυδεὺς τοι μικρὺς μὲν ἔην E. 801.

Μικτὺς, ἡ, ὄν, permistus: mixed. Thesm. 1114. SYN. Μῆμυμένδς, μίγᾶς, συμμίγῃς, φυρ-τὺς, σύμμικτὺς, μιχθεῖς.

Μίλαξ. See Σμίλαξ.

Μιλήσιοι, ων, οἱ, Milesii: the Milesians, the inhabitants of Miletus. Lysist. 929. See Μί-λητὺς.

Μίλητῦς, ου, ἡ, Miletus: the principal city of Ionia. Οἱ Μίλητῶν ἔχον B. 868. Ερ. Ἐράτεινῃ, τρυφῆρᾶ, ἐρεμνῇ, ἐνᾶλδς, ἱμερῶεσσᾶ.

Μιλτιάδδς, ου, δ, Miltiades. Καὶ Μιλτιάδῃ ξυνέσται Eq. 1325.

Μιλτῶπάρῃδς, ου, δ, ἡ, proram minio illitam habens: having ochre-coloured prows. Δυῶδέκᾶ μιλτῶπάρῃ B. 637.

Μίλτδς, ου, ἡ, minium, robigo: red earth, ochre. Eccles. 378. SYN. Βάμμᾶ.

Μιλτῶω, minio inficio: to mark with ochre. Acharn. 22. SYN. Βάπτω.

Μίλων, ωνδς, ὁ, Milo. Καὶ λεγέ Μίλων Theoc. 8. 51.

Μίμαρκῦς, ὄδς, aut Μίμαρκις, ἡ, farciminis genus: a hare pudding made of the blood and inside of a hare. Ἀλλ' ἡ πρὸ δελπνον τὴν μίμαρκον κατ-ἐδῶμαι Acharn. 1112. Vide Elmsley in loc.

Μίμας, αντὺς, ὁ, Mimas: the name of a giant; also that of an island not far from Chios, where the giant Mimas was buried. Ηδὲ Μίμαντα Apoll. 2. 105. Ερ. (2) Ηνέμειδς, ὑψίκρμνδς, παιπᾶλδεις, νίφεις.

Μιμέμαι, imitor, imitatione exprimo: to imitate, represent. Τί δῆτ' ἐπειδὴ τοὺς ἀλεκτρῶνδς ἀπαντὰ μιμεῖ Nub. 1430. SYN. Ἀπεικάζω, ὑπό-κρίνῶμαι, ζηλῶω.

Μίμητᾶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, et Μίμησις, ἔως, ἡ, imita-mentum, imitatio, imago: imitation, representation, image. Iph. 2. 295. Ran. 109. See above. SYN. Εἰκὼν, εἰκασμᾶ, ἀγαλμᾶ. Ερ. Πικρὺν, μῦ-δροκτύπδν, ἀντίτυπδν.

Μίμησις. See above.

Μιμητῶδς, ὄν, imitandus: must imitate. Hipp. 113. See Μιμέμαι.

Μιμᾶζω, Μίμνω. See Μένω.

Μιμήσσω, in memoriam revoco; meā memini: to recall to mind; middle, to remember. Μιμή-νησκ' ἡ γὰρ θυμὸν ξ. 169. SYN. Ἀνάμνήσσω.

Μίμνω. See Μένω.

Μίμωδς, ου, ό, mimus, imitatio: a mimic, imitation. Rhcs. 253. See Μίμημα. SYN. Μίμησις, μίμημα, εἰρων, ὑποκριτής.

Μινθωδς, stercore inquo: to daub with filth. Plut. 313. SYN. Μίαίνω, κόπρω, ἀποσκορράκιζω.

Μίνυαι, όν, όι, Minyæ: a noble family in Orchomenus, who afterwards settled at Iolchus in Thessaly, and accompanied Jason in the Argonautic expedition; hence the Argonauts are called Minyæ. Παρθένικην Μίνυαίσι Apoll. 4. 1074. EP. Ἡρώες, ἀλλεῖς, ἀριστήες.

Μίνυειδς, Ion. Μίνυήϊδς, α, όν; Μίνυήϊς, ίδς, ή, Minyus: of the Minyæ. Ορχόμενον Μίνυειον B. 511. Apoll. 1. 763.

Μίνυθω, Ion. imp. μινύθεσκόν, imminuo, minuo: to diminish, to waste. Οφέλλει τε μινύθει τε T. 242. ξ. 17. SYN. Ἐλαττώω, κύλούω, φθείρω, καθαίρω, μαράινω.

Μινυνθά, parumper, paulisper: for a little while. Εἰ τοῖσδ' ἔλθοιμι μινυνθά πέρ λ. 500. SYN. Μικρόν, ἐπὶ μικρόν, βραχύ.

Μινυνθάδιος, α, όν, brevier durans: of short duration, short-lived. Ἐτεκές γέ μινυνθάδιόν πέρ έντα A. 352.

Μινυρίω, Μινυρόμαι, exili voce lamentor, minurio: to complain with a slender voice, moan, whine. Αἰχρουνς έχοντες καὶ μινυρίζοντες μέλην Vesp. 219. Ἡ μινυρεσθα δόκω Agam. 15. SYN. Κινυρόμαι, δδύρομαι, κλάω, θρηγνέω, αιάζω, θρέψομαι. Μινυρός, α, όν, stridulus: plaintive. Δυσολυγεί τυχα μινυρά θρέψμενας Agam. 1135. (Double dochim.)

Μινωίδς, όν; Μινωίς, ίδς, ή, Minoius: of Minos, Cretan. Καὶ πέλαγος Μινωίων Apoll. 4. 1564. 2. 299.

Μινωίς. See Μινωίδς.

Μίνωας, ωδς, ό, Minos: son of Jupiter and Europa, and king of Crete. Ἐνθ' ήτοι Μίνωά ίδον λ. 567. EP. Κρήτη ἐπίουρος, δλδφρων, δάριστος Δίος, πόλιδς.

Μιζοδάρβερός, όν, semibarbarus: half barbarian. Ὡς ἀλλόχρως ὁπλοισὶ μιζοδάρβερος Phœn. 138.

Μιζοδία, ας, ή, mixtio viarum: a varied way. Μιζοδησιν ἄλδς Apoll. 4. 921.

Μιζοθηρ, ηρδς, ό, semifer: of a monster's mingled form. Ion 1161.

Μιζοθροδς, ου, ό, ή, mixto clamore: with mingled or confused clamor. Sept. Th. 321. O communis, ut α in ἄθροδς.

Μιζόμερβητός, ου, ό, ή, semi-homo: only half-human. Aesch. Sup. 577.

Μιζόνμοδς, ου, ό, ή, in pascuis versans: mixing in the flock. Simon. 102.

Μιζοπάρθενος, ου, ό, ή, semivirgo: of a virgin's mingled form. Phœn. 1037.

Μισγάγκυιά, ας, ή, locus depressus in quem a montibus circumpositis aquæ confluit: a hollow between two mountains where torrents meet, a ravine. Δ. 453. SYN. Χάρδρα.

Μισγω. See Μίγνυμι.

Μισέω, ήσω, odi, aversor: to hate, abominate. Ουκ άν με μισών άνέχρεν' Ἐρινυσιν Orest. 575. SYN. Στυγέω, ἀποστυγέω, εχθαίρω, ἀπεχθαίρω, δι' έχθρας έχω.

Μισημά, ἄτδς, Μισός, έδς, τδ, odium: hatred, object of hatred. Sept. Th. 170. Ὡ μισός ω μέγιστόν Med. 1320. SYN. Ἀπέχθειά, ἀπέχθημα, έχθδς, δυσμένηα, στυγία.

Μισητία, ας, ή, insatiata libido: abandoned lust,

profligacy. Μένετο δέοι καὶ μὴ ᾽πδιδέ μισητίαν Δν. 1620. See above. SYN. Πορνεία, ἄπληστία.

Μισητός, ή, όν, abominandus, odiosus: detestable. Γλώσσά μισητής κύνός Agam. 1199. SYN. Ἀπεχθής, στυγής.

Μισθόριόν, ου, τδ, mercedula: a paltry reward. Ἀπὸ γὰρ τοῦδ' ἐμέ τοῦ μισθόριον Vesp. 300.

Μισθαρνέω, Μισθόφύρνω, mercedem capio: to receive wages. Antig. 302. Eccles. 188.

Μισθαρχίδης, ου, ό, magistratus mercenarius: a mercenary magistrate or officer. Σὺ δ' εξ ότου πέρ ό πόλεμος μισθαρχίδης Acharn. 597.

Μισθόδοτης, ου, ό, qui mercedem persolvit: one who gives pay or reward. Theoc. 14. 59.

Μισθός, ού, ό, merces, præmium: wages, reward, bribe. Eur. El. 231. SYN. Δυτρόν, τέλδς, βράσειδν. EP. Ἀξίος, ήητός, αισχρός, μέγας, ἀηδής, ἀπώδς, ἀεικής, πρόσφύρδς.

Μισθόφύρνω. See Μισθαρνέω.

Μισθόφύρδς, Μισθωτός, ού, ό, ή, mercede conductus: hired. Eq. 555. Timocles Comicus apud Athen. 342. SYN. Μισθωτός.

Μισθώ, mercede loco: to give for hire. Vesp. 52.

Μισθωτός. See Μισθόφύρδς.

Μισόδημδς, ου, ό, ή, populum vel civitatem suam in odio habens: hating a democratic form of government. See Μισώ. Vesp. 473.

Μισόθεός, όν, Deos exosus: hating the gods. Agam. 1058. See below. SYN. Θεόμησης, θεοστυγής.

Μισόλἄκων, ωνός, ό, ή, Lacedæmonius inimicus: a hater of the Lacedæmonians. Πάνυ μισόλἄκων αυτοῦ στίν εἰς τών δακτύλων Vesp. 1160.

Μισόλάμαχδς, ου, ό, ή, Lamachi, imperatoris bellicosissimi, osor: hating Lamachus, unwarlike. Ἡμέρα γὰρ ἐξελαμψέν ήδὲ μισόλάμαχος Pax 304.

Μισόπδλις, έως, ό, ή, civitatem exosus: hating the state or city. Vesp. 411. See below. SYN. Μισόδημδς.

Μισόπορπακιστάτδς, η, όν, manubriis clypei inimicissimus: having the greatest hatred to war. Pax 661. See Πόρπαξ, ακός.

Μισός, έδς, τό. See Μίσσημα.

Μιστύλλω, in partes minutas seco: to cut into small pieces. A. 465. SYN. Διάτέμνω, κατὰτέμνω, μερίζω.

Μίτδς, ου, ό, filum, licium, fides citharæ: thread, the woof, string of a lyre. Κέσθω δούροι μίτον αμφίπλέκειν Eur. fr. Eurysth. 6. 1.

Μίτρα, ας, ή, cingulum, balteus, zona: a broad belt about the loins, a girdle. Καὶ προσπίτνει νίν ό δὲ μίτραν κύμης ἀπο Bacch. 1104. SYN. Ζώνη, ταινία, διάδημα. EP. Ἀνάδενδς, παρθενική, δελεξίφρων, πόλυανθέμδς, έρμα χροδς.

Μίτροφύρνω, mitram gesto: to wear a girdle. Ἐμίτροφύρουν τέ καὶ διεκλώντ' Ἰωνίκως Thesm. 163.

Μίτυληναίδς, α, όν, Mitylenæus: of Mitylene. Τδν Μίτυληναίον παιδἄ τδν Ἰγρἄδew Call. Ep. 1. 2.

Μίτυληνη, ης, ή, Mitylene: the principal city in Lesbos. Δωροδόκησαντ' εκ Μίτυληνης Eq. 834.

Μίτυλδς, η, όν, mutilus, cornibus carens: mutilated, having no horns. Τήναν τάν μίτυλαν δωσώ Theoc. 8. 86. SYN. Κόλδς, κόλδewδς.

Μιτώδης, έδς, ό, ή, e bono stamine factus,

textilis: well twisted. Βρόχφ μῖτῳδαι σινδόνος κάθημμένην Antig. 1222.

Μνᾶ, ᾠς, ἡ, mina; varii ponderis apud diversos (vid. Steph. tom. ii. p. 952=c. 6196.): a mina. Pax 1251.

Μνᾶω, (2) med. Μνᾶμαι, Μνήσκουμαι, (1) in memoriam revoco: to put in, or recall to, mind; (2) (a) recordor, memoro, mentionem facio, (b) ambio: to remember, make mention of; to court. Μνήσει δὲ τὲ καὶ δέος αὐτός μ. 38. Νόστου δὲ μνήσαι K. 509. Anacr. 170. SYN. (1) Μιμνήσκω, μνημόνεύω, ὑπόμνῳ, ἀνάμνησκω, (2) (b) πρόμνᾶμαι, μνηστεύω, ἀντίποιόμαι.

Μνεία, as, Μνήμη, Μνημοσύνη, ἡς, Μνήστis, ἰδς, ἡ, memoria, recordatio, mentio: recollection, memory; also, personified, the mother of the nine Muses. See Hes. Theog. 916. Κάκων δὲ τῶν πρὶν μηδένος μνείαν ἔχειν Phœn. 474. Iph. A. 302. Μνημοσύνη τίς ἐπειτὰ Θ. 181. Δόρπου μνήστis ἔην ν. 280. PHR. Μουσὸμῆτωρ ἐργάτις ἀπάντων.

Μνήμᾶ, ἁτὸς, Μνημεῖον, et Ion. Μνημήϊον, Μνημοσύνον, ου, τὸ, monumentum: a monumental, memorial. Eur. El. 328. Iph. A. 1240. Pyth. 5. 64. Ἔστω τὸ μνημοσύνον μοι Vesp. 536. SYN. Σήμᾶ, σημεῖον.

Μνημεῖον, -ήϊον. See above.

Μνήμη. See Μνεία.

Μνημόνεύω, meminī; memoro: to remember; to mention. Androm. 1153. SYN. Μνᾶμαι, μιμνήσκουμαι, μέμνημαι, μνήμην ἔχω, μνήσκουμαι.

Μνημονικός, ἡ, ὄν, bona memoria præditus: having a retentive memory. Εἰ μνημονικός εἰ δὴ τὸ πρότερον νῆ τὸν Δία Nub. 483. SYN. Μνήμων.

Μνημοσύνη. See Μνεία.

Μνημοσύνον. See Μνήμᾶ.

Μνήμων, ὄντος, memor: mindful of, grateful. Pax 761. SYN. Μνημονικός, ἐπιμέλῃς, μνήμην ἔχων, μνήτωρ.

Μνησικᾶκῆς, injuriæ sum memor, succenseo: to bear in mind an injury, resent. Μνησικᾶκῆσαι τὴν ἡλικίαν Nub. 999. SYN. Χάλεπαίνω, ἀγανακτέω, δυσθυμέω, δυσχεραίνω, τιμαροῦμαι.

Μνηστῆμων, ὄντος, malorum memor: remembering misfortunes. Agam. 173. See above.

Μνήσκουμαι. See Μνᾶω.

Μνήστευρᾶ, See Μνηστῆ.

Μνήστευμᾶ, ἁτὸς, τὸ, desponsatio: an alliance, espousal. Phœn. 489. SYN. Μνηστῆς.

Μνηστεύω, Μνηστῶ, nuptias ambio, concilio; procum ago: to seek in marriage for another; to act the suitor, to espouse. Iph. A. 852. Theoc. 18. 6. SYN. Μνᾶμαι, γάμῳ.

Μνηστῆ, ἡς, Μνήστευρᾶ, as, ἡ, desponsata, nupta: betrothed, wedded. Apoll. 1. 780. Isthm. 2. 7. SYN. Γάμηθεῖσᾶ.

Μνηστῆρ, ἥρως, ὁ, procus: a suitor, lover. γ. 206. SYN. Ἐδνωτῆς, νύμφιος. ΕΡ. Ἀγῆνωρ, ὑπὲρ νύμφων, ἀγαυὸς, ἀντιθέος, ὑπὲρ βίων ὕβριν ἔχων, ὑπερφιάλδς, ἀναιδής, χάλεπὸς, κωκυμύρος.

Μνήστis. See Μνεία.

Μνηστὺς, ὄς, ἡ, studium proci ad conciliandam sibi sponsam: courtship. Καὶ μνηστὺν αὐτὸς γὰρ ἐφέλκεται π. 294.

Μνηστὺρ, ὄρος, ὁ, qui meminit: mindful. Sept. Th. 165. SYN. See Μνήμων.

Μνίδεις, εὐσᾶ, ἐν, muscosus: mossy. Πάντη μνίδεντᾶ βύθοιο Apoll. 4. 1237.

Μνώμαι, poet. pro Μνᾶμαι. See Μνᾶω. δ. 106.

Μόγερὸς, ἂ, ὄν, ærumnosus: laborious, painful, calamitous. Acharn. 1207. SYN. Μοχθῆρὸς, ἀλλῆος, πονήρὸς.

Μόγῳ, ἡσω, cum gemitu laborem efficio, laboro: to effect with labour, to toil. I. 488. Apoll. 4. 962. SYN. Πόνῳ, κάμνω, κοπιᾶω, μοχθεῶ, ὅτλῳ, κάκῳ πᾶθεω.

Μόγῃς, ἄγρε, vix: with difficulty, scarcely. Ὅς ἐξέπνευσά μογῇς ἀκρατὸς ἡ χάρις Cycl. 576. SYN. Μόλῃς, χάλεπῳ, δυσχερῶς.

Μόγος, ου, ὁ, labor durus et ærumnosus: toil, pain. A. 27. SYN. Πόνος, κάματος, ὅτλος. ΕΡ. Οἰζυρὸς, στῆγερὸς, δεινὸς, ἀλδός.

Μόγοςτὸκός, ου, ἡ, (1) parientibus opitulans: assisting women in labour; (2) cum difficultate multa pariens: bringing forth with difficulty. Π. 187.

Μόθος, ου, ὁ, pugna, concursus præliantium: a fight, turmoil. Σ. 159. SYN. Θόρυβος, μόχθος, μάχη, θηϊότης, ἐρίς, κύδοιμος, τῶράχῃ. ΕΡ. Αἰνὸς, δεινὸς, στῆγερὸς, θηϊὸς, ὀκρυδεῖς, ἐρικυδής, ἀλδός, ηγχείς, ἀλέγεινός, οἰζυρὸς, φόνις, αἰμάτῳ, στῆγνός, μάλερὸς.

Μόθων, ὄνως, ὁ, verna: a saucy slave. Plut. 279. Μόθων is also a kind of obscene dance performed by slaves. See Schol. Aristoph. Eq. 694. and Jul. Pollux, lib. iv. § 101. ΕΡ. Φλυαρὸς, φορτικὸς, αἰσχροῦς, ἀλάζων, ἄτιμος. SYN. Οἰκογένῃς.

Μοῖρᾶ, as, ἡ, (1) pars, portio, sors, conditio: a part, division, condition; (2) fatum, lethum: fate, death. Μοῖρᾶ Δελφικῇ ξίφει Orest. 1673. SYN. Μέρὸς, τῆχη, ἡ πέπρωμένη, (2) μόρος, μόρσιμος, δαίμων, ἀνάγκη, κλήρὸς, θάνατος, κήρ, πῆμᾶ. ΕΡ. Δυσάνυμὸς, κακῇ, κράταιῃ, χάλεπῃ, πᾶτρωϊα, φίλῃ, εὐνύμους, πόλυπὸνός, ἀδάκρυς, αὐτόχειρ, τέλεσιδῶτερᾶ, ἀγαθῇ, καλῇ, λυσσᾶς, μέγᾳλῃ, δυστάλαντᾶ, ἀφυκτὸς, ἀιδήλδς, ἀνικητὸς, δύσμορος, λευγάλεᾶ, οἰκτρᾶ, πόλυπὸνός, ἀλδῇ, λίγυφθογγός, τέλεσφόρος, πικρᾶ, ἀλέγεινῃ, βᾶρεϊᾶ, ἀνάγκῃς οἰκαστοτρόφός, μακράων. See Κήρ.

Μοῖρᾶ, divido, lacero, med. sortior: to allot, divide, tear; to receive as portion. Apol. R. 4. 1533. SYN. Λαγχαῖνω, ἐπιμοιρᾶμαι, διαμοιρᾶμαι, κληρῶ, μερίζω, διαρέω.

Μοιρηγῆνης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, ad felicitatem natus: born to a happy destiny. Γ. 182. SYN. Ὀλειός, ευδαίμων.

Μοιρηγῆτης, ου, ὁ, qui fatum agit: the leader of fate. Apoll. 1. 1127.

Μοιριδῆς, α, ὄν, fato eveniens, fatalis: fated, fatal. Οὐδὲν μοιριδῆα τίσις ἐρχεται (E. C. 228. SYN. Αἰσιμός, μόρσιμος, μόριμος, εἰμαρμένος, πέπρωμένος, μόρσις, μοιρόκραντὸς.

Μοιρόκραντὸς, ὄν, a fato perfectus: effected by fate. Choeph. 602.

Μοιχαῖριᾶ, ὄν, τὰ, adulterii mulcta: damages paid by the adulterer. Τὸ καὶ μοιχαῖρι' ὀφέλλει δ. 332.

Μοιχεῖω, mœchor, adulter sum: to debauch, commit adultery. Av. 558.

Μοιχὸς, οὐ, ὁ, adulter, mœchus: an adulterer, debauchee. Nub. 1079. SYN. Μᾶχλδς, πόρνός.

Μοιχτῆρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, meretricios mores habens: courtesan-like. Τὰς μοιχτῆρῶους τὰς ἀνδρέραστριᾶς κάλῳν Thesm. 392.

Μολγός, οὐ, ὁ, bulga, culeus; depulcrator: a sack; a public robber. Eq. 963.

Μόλῳ, ἡσω, 2. a. ἐμὸλῳ, pf. μέμλωκα, propere, accedo: to hasten, go, come. Med. 1169. SYN. Σπεύδω, πρόερχομαι, ἦκω.

Μόλιεδός, s. Μόλιέδος, ου, ὁ; Μόλιεδίς, ἰδός, ἡ; aut. forma antiq. Μόλυεδός, Μόλυεδίς, plumbum: lead, a mass of lead. Τηκεῖς μόλυεδός ἐξ ἀναστήσω σ' ἐγώ Androm. 266. Ἀργυρῶν ἀντόμειν μόλιος ὡς ἐτραπέτ' αἰχμή Λ. 237. Call. fr. 159.

Μόλις, ægre, vix, cum difficultate: scarcely, with difficulty. Μόλις εὐρύμεν ὥστε γένεσθαι Plut. 492. SYN. see Μόγίς.

Μόλιων, ὄνός, ὁ, Molioni. Μόλιονέ θωρήσονται Λ. 708. Ερ. Ακτορίων, ἀντιθέος, δερῶπαν. Μόλδερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gulosus, vorax; mendicus: a glutton; a mendicant. Ὡ πόποι ὡς ὁ μολδερός σ. 26. SYN. Πωχρός, ἀηφᾶτός.

Μολάζω, ἄσω, canto, decanto, celeberrimo: to sing, celebrate. Ran. 379. SYN. Μέλω, αἶδω, ἀνὰ μέλω, ἠμῶ, ἀνμῶ.

Μολπή, ἡς, ἡ, cantus cum saltatione; carmen: singing; song. ψ. 146. SYN. Μέλος, ῥοδή, αἰοδή, φωνή, ἠμῶς. Ερ. Διγυρή, ἐπτατόνός, ἱμέρεσσά, μελῖδης, Δωρίς, μελιχία, φοιδᾶς, εὐφωαν, εὐμοσός, εὐτυχίς, δακρυρῶδός, ἐράτῃ, τῶθαλίᾳ. PHR. Καλλιχόρου κιθάρης μελῖδᾶ μολπῇ.

Μολπηδόν, cum cantu: with songs. Pers. 395.

Μόλυεδανᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, massa plumbea: a mass of lead. Ἡ δὲ μόλυεδανῇ ἱκέλλῃ Ω. 80. SYN. Μόλυεδίς.

Μόλυεδός, Μόλυεδίς. See Μόλιεδός.

Μόλυεδόχῳ, plumbum fundo, conflo: to run lead. Μόλυεδόχῳσαντας κύκλω περὶ τὰ σφύρα Eccles. 1110.

Μόλυονπραγμῶνέω, res foedas facio: to be engaged in a disgraceful business. Ἀπαλῶμην μόλυονπραγμῶνούμενος Acharn. 381.

Μόλυνω, ὕνω, tingo, inficio, polluo, inquino: to stain, dye, defile. Καὶ μόλυνον τὴν ὑπὲρ καὶ κύκλῳ τὰς ἐσχαράς Eq. 1286. SYN. Κηλιδῶ, μιλῶ, ἀναφύρω, καθυβρίζω.

Μομφή, ἡς, ἡ. See Μέμφις.

Μόναμυκία, as, ἡ, agitatio equorum quæ fit uno freno: a driving of horses with a single rein. Olymp. 5. 15. See below.

Μόναμυκός, ου, Μόναμυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, uno loro circumdatum collum habens: having a single rein or cord. Μόναμυκον δὲ Μενέλῳ ψήχων δέρον Helen. 1566. Eur. Sup. 690. SYN. Μονόκλῃς.

Μοναρχέω, ἡσω, solus imperium teneo: to rule with absolute power. Pyth. 4. 294. SYN. Δεσπότη, δεσπότης, κρατέω, ἀρχω. PHR. see Androm. 480.

Μοναρχία, as, ἡ, unius dominatus: a monarchy. Σμικρὰ καὶ μοναρχίας Androm. 366.

Μοναρχός, ου, ὁ, monarcha: one possessed of absolute power, a monarch. Eq. 1330. SYN. Ἀρχός, Βασίλειος, κοίρανός.

Μονᾶς, αἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, solitaria: solitary, deserted. Ὡς ἐρεῖδον ἀσμένῃ σὲ μόνᾳ ἔχουσ' ἐρημίαν Bacch. 599. SYN. Μονή, ἐρημός, μόνιός.

Μονή, ἡς, ἡ, mansio, quies, mora: a remaining, abode, quiet, delay. Here. F. 952. SYN. Διατριβή, ἀνάσκη, ἡσυχία.

Μονίμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perdurans: durable. Ὁ μέγας δόξος οὐ μόνιμος ἐν βοῶσι Orest. 334. (Double dochm.) SYN. Βέβαιός, ἐμπεδός, αἰώνιός.

Μόνιος, ὄν, solitarius, sylvestris, ferus: lonely, savage. Μόνιον δακός ἡ τί πέλωρον Call. 3. 84. SYN. Ἐρημός, ὀρεινός, ἀγρίος.

Μονογένης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. Μονογένης, et Mou-

νογένος, ἡ, ου, et Μονογένεια, adj. unigenitus, singularis: the only born, only. Agam. 871. Μονογένης occurrit in Agam. 871. Μονογένεια, ut epith. Heceates, in Apoll. 3. 846. Stephanus citat in Hesiodo Μονογένης δὲ παῖς. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat Μονογένος in Oppian. A. 3. 489: et citat ad Μονογένεια Jacobs. Anth. 12. 354. SYN. Μόνος, οἶός.

Μονόγληνός, Ion. Μονογληνός, et Μονοδέρκτης, ου, ὁ, adj. unoculus: one-eyed. Φαῖα Μονογληνὰ Call. 3. 5. Μονοδέρκτης occurrit in Cycl. 78. Stephani ed. Valpiana citat sub Μονογληνός Nonn. D. p. 734. et Ruhnk. ad Callim. 1. 80. SYN. Μονῶψ.

Μονοδέρκτης. See above.

Μονόδους, οντός, ὁ, ἡ, unicum dentem habens: having only one tooth. P. V. 821.

Μονοδρόπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex uno deciso ramo factus: made of one branch. Pyth. 5. 56.

Μονόζυξ, ὅζος, et Μονοζυγής, οὐς, ὁ, ἡ, unijugis, unicus: widowed. Δεπτεῖται μόνζυξ Pers. 144. answering to πρῶν κοινὸν αἶμα. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 7. 96: 10. 299. SYN. Εὐνίς, χήρς, ἀναδρός.

Μονόήμερος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui unus est diei: lasting only for one day. Batrach. 294.

Μονόκλαυτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui ab uno tantum lugetur: attended with the lamentations of one only. Μονόκλαυτὸν ἔχων θρηνην ἀδελφῆς Sept. Th. 1067.

Μονόκοιτῶς, solus cubo: to sleep alone. Ly-sist. 592.

Μονόκριπις, ἰδός, ὁ, ἡ, uno tantum calceo indutus: wearing only one shoe or slipper. Pyth. 4. 133.

Μονόκωπος, ου, ὁ, uniremus: using only one oar. Helen. 1127.

Μονομάχῳ, ἡσω, singulari certamine pugno: to fight in single combat. Αἰσχιστὰ χωρὶς μόνομάχῳ πάντος στρατοῦ Phœn. 1235.

Μονομάχος, Μονομάχης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, singulari certamine pugnans: of single combat. Ἐφραῖα μεσθὰ μόνομάχοισι προστάταις Sept. Th. 799. "Μονομάχης Jacobs. Anth. 11. 345." Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy.

Μονομήτωρ, ὀρός, ὁ, ἡ, privatus matre: deprived of a mother. Phœn. 1533.

Μονόταις, παιδός, ὁ, ἡ, unicum prolem habens; unicus: having an only son; an only son. Alcest. 931. SYN. Μονογένης, μόνωτέκνός.

Μονοπέπλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, uno peplo indutus: clad only in one garment. Hec. 921. See Πέπλος. SYN. Μονοστόλός, οἰόχων.

Μονοπῶλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui uno vehitur equo: conveyed by a single steed. Orest. 1001.

Μονορρύθμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, epith. ædium, quæ unam tantum familiam capiant. (See Schutz. in l.c.) fitted for a single family. Καὶ μόνορρύθμους δόμους Æsch. Sup. 968. See Ρῥυθμός.

Μόνος, et Ion. Μόνος, ἡ, ὄν, solus, simplex, desertus, viduus: alone, single, deserted, widowed. Phœn. 1245. Apoll. 3. 43. SYN. Οἶός, εἰς, μόνος, μόνωστόλός, ἰός, ἐρημός, χήρς.

Μονόσκηπτρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, solus sceptrum gerens: one who wields the sceptre alone. Æsch. Sup. 379.

Μονοστίσις, ἔδος, solus iter faciens: travelling alone. Εἰτέ καὶ μόνοστίση Choëph. 756.

Μονόστολός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unam solam habens, solus: having one robe, single. Ἡ μόνωστολὸν δῦρός Phœn. 754. SYN. Μονόζωνός.

Μονότρεκνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unam tantum habens prolem: having only one child. Herc. F. 1015. See Τρεκνόν.

Μονότραπεζός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, solus cibum capiens: eating by oneself. Οἱ δ' ἐσχόν αὐδὸν ξενία μόνό-τραπέζᾳ μοι Iph. T. 950.

Μονότροπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unius modi, simplex; simple, lonely. Βότ' ἤρ' αὖ ἀμφὶ μόνότροπον νέανιαν Androm. 281.

Μονόφάγος, ὄν, avidus cibi, qui solus comedit: gluttonous, who eats alone. Vesp. 923. SYN. Μονόσιτος.

Μονόφρουρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui solus custodit: the only watch or guardian. Agam. 248.

Μονόφρων, ὄντος, sui iudicii: thinking independently. Agam. 732.

Μονόχηλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, solam vel solidam habens ungulam: having one or a solid hoof, not cloven. Iph. A. 226. SYN. Μώνυξ.

Μονόψηφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unius suffragii: independent. Æsch. Sup. 373.

Μονῶν, et Ion. Μουνῶν, solum relinquo, destituo: to leave destitute. Herc. F. 1380. Π. 117. SYN. Ἀπολείπω, μέτρημι.

Μονῶδεω, ἡσω, solus canto aut lugeo: to sing alone, bemoan alone. Pax 1012. SYN. Ορηνέω, δδύρμαι.

Μονωδία, as, ἡ, monodia: a monody, a poetical soliloquy. Ran. 944.

Μονῶψ, et poet. Μουνῶψ, ὠπός, unoculus: one-eyed. Cycl. 641. P. V. 829. SYN. Μονό-γληνός, μόνωδερκτης, τυφλός.

Μόρια, as, ἡ, olea sacra: an olive-tree. Ἰπὸ ταῖς μύριας ἀποθρέει Nub. 992.

Μορίμος, Μορσίμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fatalis, letalis: destined, fatal, deadly. Μορίμον δὲ οἱ ἐστ' ἀλέ-ασθαι T. 302. Ζῆν πάρεῖς τὸ μόρσιμον Alcest. 960. SYN. Αἰσίμος, αἰσίος, πέπρωμένος, θνητός, εἰμαρμένος.

Μορίων, ου, τὸ, pars, particula: a part, a share. Μέγ' ἀναλώσας ψυχῆς μορίον Androm. 539. SYN. see Μέρος.

Μορίος, α, ὄν, Morius: Morian. Λεύσσει νιν Μορίον Δῖος E. C. 705. See Schol. in l. c.

Μορμυλλεῖον, ου, τό; Μορμυλλίη, ἡ, larva tragica, terribilementum: a bugbear, tragic mask. Τρέφοιτο μορμυλλεῖα τοῖς μοιχοῖς κύνας Thesm. 417. SYN. Μορμύ, Μορμών, φάσμα.

Μορμυλλτῶμαι, Μορμύσσωμαι, terrefacio, proprie larvis: to frighten, properly with masks. Ταυτὶ λέγουσά μορμυλλτῆσθαι δόκει Av. 1251. Call. 3. 70. SYN. Εκπλήσσω, εκφθέξω.

Μορμωπός, ὄν, terrificus: terrific. Ran. 925.

Μορμύρω, murmuro ut fluvius cum strepitu fluens: to make a noise like a river, to roar. Ἀποπρῶθ' μορμύρουν Apoll. 4. 287. SYN. Βρέ-μω, ἀναξέω, πλημύρω.

Μορμύσσωμαι. See Μορμυλλτῶμαι.

Μορμύ, ὄντος, Μορμών, ὄντος, ἡ, mormo, larva: a bugbear, goblin. Theoc. 15. 40. Pax 473. SYN. Μορμυλλεῖον.

Μόρδεις, εοσά, ἔν, (1) letalis: deadly; (2) curiose elaboratus: beautifully wrought. See Damm. Τρίγληνα μόρδεντ' ἅρ' ἀπέλαμπ' ἐπὶ πολλή E. 183.

Μόρδος, ου, ὁ, portio, fatum, exitium: a portion, fate, destiny, death. Heracl. 564. SYN. Μοῖρ' α, τύχη, πῶνός, φθόρ' α, θάνατος. Ep. Θανάσιμος, ἀποτμός, θάνατος, ἀθλίος, κακός, αὐτός, δύστηνος, ἄπηλ' α, δεινός, πικρός, κάρανιστής, ἀπροσδίκη-

τός, τᾶχ' α, αἰφνίδιος, σπύδιος, λυγρός, κλύτος, δόλ' α, ἀλέγεινός, δυσκλ' α.

Μόρσιμος, η, ὄν. See Μορσίμος.

Μόρσιμος, ου, ὁ, Morsimus. Ἡ Μορσίμου τις ῥήσιν Ran. 151.

Μόρσαν, ὄντος, ὁ, Morson. Theoc. 5. 140.

Μόρψ, ὄντος, ὁ, Morys: a noble Phrygian. Μηρίωνος δὲ Μόρυν τέ E. 514.

Μόρυσσω, ὄξω, inquinare: to defile. v. 435. SYN. Μιᾶνω, ῥυπαῶ, μόλ' α.

Μόρυχός, ου, ὁ, Morychus. Γενναῖον ὥσπερ Μόρυχός αὐτίαν ἔχω Vesp. 506.

Μορφή, ἡς, ἡ, forma, delineatio: form, beauty, sketch. Hes. 1248. SYN. Εἶδος, τύπος, σχῆμα, πρόσψ' α, ἔρα. Ep. Εὐώνψ, ἄγρια, ἰδία, πύλ' α, κός, βροτ' α, ευκλ' α, ἀθανάτος, πολυδαίδαλος, ἐλικώδης, κροκόπεπλος, ζαῖ' α, δία, ἐπ' α, γέρ' α, δεσπεῖ' α, ὑπερόπλος, χαρί' α, ἀμορφός, χ' α, ἄλ' α.

Μορφῆεις, εοσά, ἔν, formosus: beautiful. Isthm. 7. 30. SYN. see Εὐεῖδης.

Μορφῶν, οὗ, ὁ, niger, tenebricosus: black, gloomy. Hes. Scut. 134. SYN. Ορφνός, σκ' α, φόν' α, μέλας.

Μόρφωμά, ἄτ' α, τὸ, forma, species: form, shape. Eur. fr. Antiop. 35. 2. SYN. Μορφή, εικ' α, τύπος.

Μορφώτρια, as, ἡ, formatrix: a female trans- former. Ἡ σὺν μορφώτρια Troad. 439.

Μόσσυν, ὄντος, ὁ, propugnaculum ligneum: a strong wooden tower. Μόσσυνας καὶ δ' αὐτοῖ ἐπ' αὐνοῖ Apoll. 2. 383. SYN. Πύργος, ἐπαλ' α, ξυλ' α, δωμά.

Μοσσύνιοι, ὄν, οἱ, Mossynæci: a nation near the Euxine sea. Τῇ δ' ἐπὶ Μοσσύνιοι Apoll. 2. 379.

Μοσχίδιον, ου, τὸ, germen novellum: a young shoot. Εἰτ' αὖ π' αὐτὸν νεά μοσχιδία σκυιδ' α Acharn. 996. SYN. Κλαδός, ἐρνός, λυγός.

Μοσχῶν. See Μόσχος.

Μόσχ' α, ὄν, vitulinus, tener: of a calf or heifer, tender. Eur. El. 811.

Μόσχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Μοσχῶν, ου, τὸ, vitulus, germen, pullus: a calf, tender shoot, young of any animal. Iph. A. 1622. Theoc. 4. 44. SYN. Δαμάλη, δαμάλης, πορτίς. Ep. Τέτρασκελ' α, ευ- γ' α, νέος, οὐρεῖς, τέρην, ουρεῖρεπτός, σπειρός, ἀκ' α, ἄμ' α, νεόθηλ' α, ἀπαλός, εἰ' α, δαλ' α.

Μούλιος, ου, ὁ, Mulius. Μούλιος ἦρας σ. 422.

Μουνάξ, solum, singulariter: by oneself, separately. E. 372. SYN. Ἰδίως.

Μουνόγενεῖα, Μουνόγ' α. See Μονόγ' α.

Μουνόγληνός. See Μονόγληνός.

Μουνός. See Μῶνός.

Μουνότρεκός, Ion. pro Μονότρεκός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unam prolem edens: bearing only one child. Call. 2. 53.

Μουνῶν. See Μῶνός.

Μουνυχία, as, ἡ, Munychia: a name of Diana, who had a temple at Munychia, one of the Athe- nian harbours. Πόντι' α Μουνυχί' α Call. 3. 259.

Μουνυχῶν, ὄντος, ὁ, Munychion: the tenth month in the Athenian year, including part of March and of April. Es τὸν Μουνυχῶν Av. 1047. See above.

Μουνύχος, ου, ὁ, Munychus: a hero of Athens, from whom the harbour Munychia was named. Hipp. 758.

Μουνῶψ, ὠπός, Ion. pro Μῶνῶψ, unoculus: one- eyed. P. V. 829. SYN. Μονόγληνός.

Μουδ' α, ἡς, ἡ, musa, cantus, carmen, cantatrix:

a muse, song, poetry, a songstress. Μοῦσα πῶ-
λύτρετον α. 1. SYN. Ἀοιδή. EP. (plur.) Κασ-
τάλιδες, Πιερίδες, Ἑλικωνιάδες, Πιμπληιάδες, πότ-
νιαί, καλλίνικοι, ουρανίοι, ουρανίδες, αὔπνοι, ἡδυ-
θροοί, αμειρόσται, βουκόλικαι, φίλανοι, ἄγναι,
ἑλικωπίδες, φίλῳπαλγμόνες, εὔστῆφάνοι, πρόφρονες,
λῆγυφωνοι, ἡδυπνοὶ, μελιχχίαι, ἰοστῆφάνοι, λί-
γείαι. PHN. Ὀλύμπιᾳ δώματ' ἔχουσαι, Διὸς αι-
γυχοῦ θυγατέρες, ὑπὸ φήτορες αἰοδῆς, ἀμειβο-
μένα σπὶ καλῇ. See Ἑρτάω.

Μουσάσιος, ου, ὁ, Musæus. Rhes. 942.

Μουσεῖον, ου, τό, locus musis sacer: a place
sacred to the Muses. Helen. 1107.

Μουσείος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Μουσικός, ἡ, ὁν, musicus:
musical, harmonious. Bacch. 404. Hipp. 993.
SYN. Ἑμμουσός, περπνός.

Μουσίῳμαι, cano: to sing. Cycl. 486. SYN.
Ἀνᾶμέλωμαι, ᾄδω.

Μουσική, subaud. τέχνη, artes ingenuæ: the
liberal arts, as music, eloquence, &c. Μουσικὴν
ἐπιστάμαι Eq. 188.

Μουσικός. See Μουσείος.

Μουσῳγενής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, Musa genitus: born of
a Muse. Anacr. 185.

Μουσῳμαντῖς, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, musicus augur: an
harmonious prophet. Av. 277. See Μάντις.

Μουσῳμήτωρ, ἄρως, ἡ, musarum mater: mother
of the Muses, the harmonious producer. P. V.
470. See Blomfield's note on the proper form
of this word. Gloss. P. V. 90.

Μουσῳπάτωρ, i. q. Μουσῳγενής. Anacr. 185.

Μουσῳποίηω, carmina compono, carmine ce-
lebro: to compose songs, celebrate in verses.
Ὅτι ταύτας μουσῳποιοῖσι (paræmiac) Nub.
334. SYN. Ραψιδέω, μελόποιέω, μέλωδεω.

Μουσῳποῖς, Μουσῳπῶλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui carmina
facit, musicus: song-making, a poet. Ἄελ δὲ
μουσῳποῖς εἰς σὲ παρθένων Hipp. 1426. Phoen.
1514. SYN. Μελῳδοῖς, αἰοδῖς, ποιητής.

Μουσῳπῶλος. See above.

Μουσῳω, music exorno, artibus humanioribus
instruo: to instruct in the liberal arts, to teach.
Lysist. 1127. SYN. Παιδεύω, διδάσκω, ασκέω.

Μοχθῆω, Μοχθίζω, cum difficultate et gemitu
laboro, laboro: to labour with fatigue, to suffer.
Helen. 1445. B. 723. SYN. Πόνεω, μόγῳ,
τάλαιπαρέω.

Μόχθημά, αἶτος, τό; Μόχθος, ου, ὁ, ærumna,
labor: toil, trouble, exertion. Ion 1129. Helen.
1445. SYN. Κῶπος, κάματος, πόνος, αικία, αἴτια,
ἄτασθάλια, ἀδικία, ὑβρίς. EP. Βράχῳ, μέγᾳ, ἀμη-
χάνῳ, ἀργαλέῳ, στυγερῳ, δίζυρῳ, στόνῳ, ἐν,
ἀθλίῳ.

Μοχθηρός, ἀ, ὁν, ærumnosus, miser, improbus:
troublesome, wretched, wicked. Eur. fr. Melan.
25. 1. SYN. Βάρῳ, ἀθλίῳ, φαυλῳ, κάκῳ, πῶ-
νηρῳ, δίζυρῳ, ἀδικῳ, ἐπιπόνῳ.

Μοχθητέος, ὁν, laborandus: must labour.
Herc. F. 1242.

Μοχθίζω. See Μοχθῆω.

Μόχθος, ου, ὁ. See Μόχθημά.

Μόχλευτης, οὔ, ὁ, qui vectibus aliquid sub-
mouet, motor, auctor: a mover, an inventor.
Nub. 1397. See below.

Μόχλευω, Μόχλῳ, Μόχλωω, vectibus mo-
lior; collabefacio, emoveo vi: to move with
a bar, to shake. Πέτρους μόχλευειν ἡ 's μύ-
λωνᾶ κατὰ δαλαιν Cycl. 240. M. 259. Schæf.
in Steph. Valpian. citat Μόχλωω ex Aristoph. Fr.
255. SYN. Ἀνᾶμόχλευω, κινῳ, ἀποδραύω.

Μόχλος, οὔ, ὁ, vectis, obex: a bar, bolt. An-

drom. 943. See above. SYN. Ὀχεὺς, ἐπιβλητής,
βλήτρον, βαλεις. EP. Ἐλαινός, οἶος, πυρίκης,
χλωρός, πέφυρμένός αἰμάτι, καυστός, ἀσιδηρός,
ἐλαινεὺς, ἀρήκητος.

Μόψος, ου, ὁ, Mopsus: a distinguished prophet
among the Argonauts. Apoll. 1. 1106. PHN.
see Pyth. 4.

Μῦᾳ, labia contrahio, vel oculos claudio: to
close the lips or shut the eyes. Αὔται τί μοι
μῦατ' ἐκάνανενέτε Lysist. 126. Hic tamen locus
quantitatem haud determinat. Μυ fortasse est
communis, ut in Μῳω. SYN. Μυκτερίζω, νυσ-
τάζω, σκαρδάμυττω.

Μυγδῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, Mygdon. Rhes. 535.

Μυδαίνω, ἀνά, stillo, mafeacio: to drop,
moisten. Φάρμακᾶ μυδήνας Apoll. 3. 1246. SYN.
Βρέχω, νύτίζω, κατὰσῆπω.

Μυδάλεος, α, ὁν, uvidus, madidus, humiditate
putridus: moist, putrid from wet. Διὰ μυδάλεος
δάκρυσι κόλπους Pers. 545. SYN. Ἰγρός, δια-
ερχόμενος, νύτερρος.

Μυδάω, ἡσω, madeo, nimio madore vitior: to
be wet, to become putrid from humidity. Φόνου
μυδάσας στάγόνάς αλλ' ὁμοῦ μέλας OE. R. 1278.
SYN. Βρέχουμαι, διαερεχόμεμαι, διαίνουμαι, σῆπῳμαι,
λεῖδω.

Μυδροκτύπέω, massam ardentem cudo: to
form red-hot iron. Ἡμένος μυδροκτύπει P. V.
374. See Μύρρος. SYN. Χαλκεῳ, τεκταίνουμαι.

Μυδροκτύπος, ου, ὁ, faber ferrarius: a worker
in iron, a smith. Herc. F. 987. See above. SYN.
Χαλκεῳ, χαλκοκρότης.

Μύδρος, ου, ὁ, candens massa ferrea, globus
ignitus: a bar of red-hot iron. Ἡμεν δ' ἐτοιμοί
καὶ μύδρος αἶρειν χερόν Antig. 264.

Μύδων, ὠνός, ὁ, Mydon. Θεοσιλόχῳν τὲ Μύ-
δωνᾶ τὲ Φ. 209.

Μυέλοις, εσσαί, ἐν, medullous: full of marrow.
Καὶ οὐτῶν μυέλεντα ι. 293.

Μυέλως, οὔ, ὁ, medulla; subsidium: the
marrow; the support. Καὶ ἀφ' ἧτ' ἀνδρῶν
β. 290. Ὅ τ' ἄρ' νεῦρος μυέλης στέρνων Agam.
75. It is short also in Soph. Gr. 781. Eur.
Hipp. 255.

Μύεω, in sacris initio vel instituo: to teach
mysteries, initiate. Δεὶ γὰρ μύθηται μὲ πρὶν τῷ
νηκέναι Pax 376. SYN. Διδάσκω, κατάρχουμαι,
τέλεω.

Μύζω, musso, musso: to mutter. Μῦ μὴ τί
μύζεις πάντα Thesm. 231. SYN. Στενάζω, βρεν-
θῳμαι, γογγύζω, δηρνεω.

Μυθεῖμαι, Μυθίζω, Μυθῶδγεῖν, Μυθεῖν, Μυ-
θέσκουμαι, loquor, dico, appello: to speak, relate,
address. Μυθεῖται ὅσα κείνός δ. 152. Theoc.
10. 11. μ. 450: Μυθεῖται ἀκράντων β. 202. Σ.
289. SYN. Αὐδάω, λέγω, κελᾶδῳ, δῆγηῳμαι, ἀν-
γῶρεῳ, διαλέγουμαι.

Μυθεῖω, fabulosa narro, memoro: to tell a
tale, to mention. Πρὸς θεῶν (monosyll.) ἀληθῶς
ὡς μέμβεται βροτοῖς Ion 268.

Μυθίζω. See Μυθεῖμαι.

Μυθῶδγεῖν. See Μυθεῖμαι.

Μύθος, ου, ὁ, verbum, sermo, fabula, consilium:
a word, fable, fiction, counsel. Ἄπλους ὁ μύθος
τῆς ἀληθείας ἐφν Phæn. 479. SYN. Δῶγος, ἐπός,
βήμα, βδέξ, βουλή. EP. Μᾶκρος, σάφης, κάλ-
λιστος, κοινός, ισχύων μέγᾳ, σφριγῶν, βράχως,
κίριος, ἀπιστός, νέος, καυδότης, ευμένης, πτηνός,
βράδως, λεπτὸς, ψευδής, νεόχμος, συντόμος, φύ-
ερός, ευπρόσηγός, ἀκρίτος, ἄγανός, μελιχχίος,
πυκινός, κερδᾶλός, χαλέπος, ἄλλος, ἀγᾶθος, ἡπίος,

Δυμαλγῆς, κράτερὸς, ὀνειδείδς, πέπνυμῆνός, ἀπή-
μαν, ἀπτερὸς, ἐτήτυμός, ὑγίης, ὑπερφιάλδς, κᾶκός,
στύγερὸς, κλοπιός, δεδαδαλμένός, ἀντίπαλός, αἰ-
μύλλος, ἐναίσίμους, ἡδύς, ποικιλός, πύρρεϊς, σόφους,
ουράνιός, κερδᾶλέος, εσθλός, ἀγῆνωρ, ἀμοιβαῖός,
ἄλυσος.

Μυῖα, as, ἡ, musca: a fly. Μυῖαν ὅθ' ἡδεῖ
Δ. 131.

Μυκᾶλη, ης, ἡ, Mycale: a mountain and city in
Caria. Μαϊάνδρου τὲ ρῶας Μυκᾶλης τ' αἰπεινὰ
κάργηνα B. 869.

Μυκᾶλησσός, ου, ἡ, Mycalessus: a city in
Boeotia. Εὐρύχθρον Μυκᾶλησσον B. 498.

Μυκάμμαι, ἡσῶμαι, 2. α. ἐμύκων, mugio: to
bellow, to ring. Αλλ' ἀδινὼν μυκάμμεναι κ. 413.
SYN. Βρύχᾶμαι, ηχέω, βῶαω.

Μυκημὸς, οὐ, ὁ; Μυκημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, mugitus
bourn: the lowing of oxen, roaring. Μυκημῶ
δ' ἀπὸ κόπρου Σ. 575. Bacch. 680. SYN. Βῶῃ,
κεῖαδός, αὐδῇ, φωνῇ. ΕΡ. Βᾶρῦερόμους, ὑψίερε-
μέτης.

Μυκημᾶ. See above.

Μυκῆναι, ὧν, αἱ; Μυκῆνη, ης, ἡ, Mycenæ: a
celebrated city in Argolis. Phœn. 617. Εὐρύ-
αγυιὰ Μυκῆνη Δ. 52. ΕΡ. Κῦκλάπαι, πῶλυ-
χρνοιοι, εὐρύαγυιαι, ἐκκτιμένον πτόλιθερόν. Μυκῆνη
is also the name of an ancient heroine, B. 120.

Μυκηναῖός, α, ὧν; Μυκηνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Myce-
næus, -æa: of Mycenæ. Iph. A. 1498. Orest.
1476. See above.

Μυκῆνη. See Μυκῆνραι.

Μύκης, ητός, ἡ, vel ου, ὁ, mucus, fungus;
fungus ellychnii: a mushroom; a candle-snuff.
*Η λύχνοιο μύκητες Arat. 976.

Μυκόνος, ου, ἡ, Myconus: an island in the
Ægean Sea. Ακταὶ δὲ Μυκόνου δῆλοιό τε χοι-
ράδες Troad. 89.

Μυκτηρ, ἡρός, ὁ, naris; nasus; ludibrium: a
nostril; a nose; railleury. Pax 158. SYN. Πῖν,
ρίντιον.

Μυκτηρόκομπός, ὧν, per nares sonitum edens:
proudly snorting. Sept. Th. 460.

Μύλαξ, ἄκός, ὁ, lapis molaris, vel ingens: a
mill-stone, large stone. Βαλλόμεναι μύλακεσσί
M. 161.

Μύλη, ης, ἡ, mola: a mill, a mill-stone.
Πρὸς ταῦτ' α μύλην ἀγᾶθην ὄρα Vesp. 648.

Μύληφάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a mola comminutus:
ground. Μέτρα μύληφάτου B. 355.

Μυλῶω, dentibus frendeo: to gnash with the
teeth. Λυγρόν μυλῶωντες Hes. Op. 528. SYN.
Τρίζω, μυλλᾶινω.

Μύλλω, molo, in obscæno sensu; mutio: to
grind; to mutter. Theoc. 4. 58.

Μύλδειδής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, molæ instar: like a
millstone, weighty. Βάλῶν μύλδειδῆι πέτρῃ H.
270.

Μύλων, ὧνός, ὁ, mola; pistrinum: a mill; a
punishment for slaves, as the tread-mill. Πέ-
τρους μῶχλεύειν ἡ's μύλῶν' α κατὰβαλεῖν Cycl.
240.

Μύνδιος, ὧν, Myndius: of Myndus, a city of
Caria. Μύνδιος ἀντίκ' α Δέλφισ Theoc. 2. 29.

Μύνη, ης, ἡ, excusatio, prætextus: an excuse.
Αλλ' ἀγέ μὴ μύνησ' α πᾶρέλκετ' φ. 111. SYN.
Πρόφᾶσις, πρόσχημ' α, πρόσλημ' α, λάσῃ.

Μύνης, ητός, ὁ, Mynes: the husband of Briseis.
Πόλιν δειοῖό Μύνητος T. 296.

Μύξῃ, ης, ἡ, mucus: mucus in the nose. Hes.
Seut. 267. SYN. Κόρυζα.

Μυοκτόνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mures occidens: mouse-

killing. Τὸ μυοκτόνὸν ὠδὲ τρῶπαιοι Batrach.
158.

Μύραινα, ης, ἡ, muræna: a lamprey. Ταρτη-
σία μύραιν' α τῶ νέφρῳ δὲ σου Ran. 475. ΕΡ.
Οιστρώμᾶνης.

Μυριάδαρχός. See Μυρίονταρχός.

Μυριάκις, decies millies, sæpissime: ten thou-
sand times. Καὶ δωδέκakis καὶ μυριάκις ἰού ἰού
Plut. 852.

Μυρίαμφέρδός, ὧν, decies mille amphoras tenens:
holding ten thousand amphoræ. Πῶθ' ἐν ἄν λᾶ-
σοίμ' α ῥήμ' α μυρίαμφόρον Pax. 520. See below.

Μυριάς, ἄδός, ἡ, myriads: ten thousand, a
myriad. Δύο μυριάδες τῶν δημωτικῶν Vesp.
709.

Μυριέτης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, valde annosus: very long.
Διὰκοναῖόνμους τὸν μυριέτῃ P. V. 94.

Μυρίζω, ἰσῶ, et Μύρῶω, ὥσω, unguentis imbuo:
to perfume. Οὐτὲ μύροισιν μύρσαις στακτοῖς
Plut. 529. Ecceles. 1109. SYN. Ἀλείφω.

Μύρικη, ης, ἡ, myrica, genista: a tamarisk.
Θῆκ' ἐν ἄν' α μύρικην K. 466. Καὶ ἰτεαὶ ἡδὲ
μύρικαι Φ. 350. The penult. of Μύρικη, though
long in Theocritus, 1. 13. and 5. 101., and in
other writers of later times, is only once long in
Homer, and four times short, K. 466, 467. Φ. 18.
and Hymn. 3. 8. The antepenult. of its deriva-
tive Μύρικίνος is long.

Μύρικίνός, η, ὧν, myricinus: of a tamarisk.
Ὁζφ' ἐν βλαφθέντ' α μύρικινφ ἀγκυλὸν ἄρμα
Z. 39.

Μυρίλλα, ης, ἡ, Myrilla. Ῥόδῳ ἐν κύραις
Μυρίλλα Anacr. 61. 14.

Μύριννα, ης, ἡ, Myrinna. See Damm. in
P. R. et Schol. Apoll. Rh. 1. 604. Πῶλυσκαρ-
μοῖό Μύρίννης B. 314.

Μυρίοκαρπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, innumeros habens fruc-
tus: very productive. Φυλλάδ' α μυρίοκαρπὸν
Æ. C. 676.

Μυρίοκρανός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, innumera capita ha-
bens: many-headed. Herc. F. 418. Κρα longa
ut in κράνῳ.

Μυρίονταρχός, Μυριάδαρχός, ου, ὁ, qui decem
millibus præficitur: a commander of ten thou-
sand. Χρυσέος Μάταλλος μυρίονταρχος δ' ανὼν
Pers. 319. 988. and Bloomfield's note.

Μυρίοπληθής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, innumerus: innumera-
ble. Ἐνδὸν ὁ μυρίοπληθής Iph. A. 571.

Μυρίος, α, ὧν, et (2) Μυριοι, αἱ, ἃ, (1) innu-
merus: innumerable; (2) decem mille: ten
thousand. Εἰ φευξέμεσθ' ἐν' ἀνδρ' α μυρίον δ'
ὄχλον Cycl. 199. See below. SYN. Ἀνήριθμός,
μυρίοπληθής, ἀπείριτός, ἀπλῆτός.

Μυρίοστός, ἡ, ὧν, decies millesimus: the ten
thousandth. Μᾶ τὸν Δι' ου τὴν μυρίοστήν μοῖραν
ὧν Thesm. 555.

Μυρίοτευχής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, innumeris armatis in-
structus: furnished with ten thousand armed
men. Χιλιόναυτα μυρίοτευχούς Iph. T. 141.

Μυρίοπός, οὐ, ὁ, innumeros oculos habens:
having ten thousand eyes. P. V. 585. See above.

Μύρμηξ, ηκός, ὁ, formica: an ant. Apoll. 4.
1453. ΕΡ. Εργάτης, αἶ μὲ γέων.

Μυρμιδόνες, ὧν, οἱ, Myrmidones: the inhabit-
ants of Phthia. See Damm. in P. R. et Villois-
son. Anecd. Gr. p. 297. Μυρμιδόνεσσιν ἀνασσεῖ
A. 180. ΕΡ. Εγχεσίμωροι, μεγάλῃτῶρες, κράτῃν
καὶ θυμὸν ἔχοντες, φιλοπτόλεμοι, τὰχὺπῶλοι,
ἐρίρητες ἑταῖροι.

Μύρων, ου, Μύρωμ' α, ἄτος, τὸ, unguentum:
ointment, essence. Καὶ μύρων ἐπιστάτας Orest.

1111. Eccles. 1109. SYN. Ἄλειφάρ. EP. Κηῶν, εὐωδῆς, εὐδομῶν.

Μυρόπωλις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, unguentorum venditrix : a female perfume-seller. Κρατῆρὰ συγκιρναῖσιν αἱ μυρόπωλιδες Eccles. 836.

Μυρόχριστος, ὄν, unguentis perunctus : besmeared with ointment. Cycl. 498. O communis, ut a in ἀχρεῖδς.

Μυρώω. See Μυρίζω.

Μυρρίνη, et apud Tragicos (Vid. R. P. ad Hec. v. 8.) Μυρσίνη, ἡς, ἡ; Μύρτος, οὐ, ἡ, myrtus : myrtle, the myrtle-tree. Κάνουν δ' ἔχοντες καὶ χύτρην καὶ μυρρίνας Av. 43. Alcest. 775. Call. 3. 201. SYN. Τερεῖνᾶ, ἱερὰ, ἀπᾶλη.

Μυρρίνδος, Μύρσινος, ἡ, ὄν, myrteus : of the myrtle. Ψωλὸν γένεσθαι διὰ σέ μεχρὶ τοῦ μυρρίνου Eq. 964. Call. 3. 202. Μύρσινος, ἡ, is also the name of a strong town of the Eleans, B. 616.

Μυρρίνων, ὠνός, ὁ, myrtetum : a myrtle-grove. Καὶ μυρρίνωνας καὶ θῖσους εὐδαίμονας Ran. 156. Μυρσίνη. See Μυρρίνη.

Μυρσινειδής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, myrto similis : myrtle-like. Καὶ μυρσινειδεὺς ὄζους Hom. Merc. 81.] Μύρσινος. See Μυρρίνδος.

Μυρτίλος, οὐ, ὁ, Myrtilus. Διὰ τὸ Μυρτίλου πέσμη· ἐκ διφφου Orest. 1565. (A double dochmiac.)

Μύρτον, οὐ, τὸ, bacca myrti : the myrtle-berry. Av. 160. EP. Ἡρινόν, παρθενίον, λευκοτρόφον.

Μύρτος. See Μυρρίνη.

Μύρω, fluo largiter et cum aliquo strepitu ; stillo ; fleo, ploro : to flow copiously, and with a rilling noise ; to drop ; to weep. Γῶσά τε μυρῶμεν τε Z. 373. SYN. Κλάω, θρηνέω, λείβω, βρέχεται, ῥέω, ὑδύρμαι, κινύρμαι.

Μύρωμα. See Μύρυν.

Μύς, μῦς, ὁ, mus : a mouse. "Οκκ' εσθ' ἀλητὲ τῶς ἀραιαὶ μῦες Acharn. 762. EP. Δολῖος, δειλός, ἐνόπλις, παμφάγος, διαβᾶλός.

Μύσαγμα, ἄτος, Μύσος, εὖς, τὸ, scelus, piaculum, facinus detestandum : a pollution, a crime. Æsch. Sup. 1002. Οὐκ' ἂν φύγι μῦσος Androm. 335. Μυ in μύσαγμα, ut in μύσάττωμαι. SYN. Βδελυγμός, μίσημα, φόνος, αἶμα. EP. Μιαιφόνον, βδελύρον, τέκνοκτόνον.

Μύσᾶρος, ἄ, ὄν, squalidus, detestandus : filthy, detestable. Βωμών ἀπείργει μύσᾶρον ὥς ἡγουμένη Iph. T. 384. SYN. Μιᾶρος, ἀπόπτυστος.

Μύσαττωμαι, ῥωμα, polluo, averso, abhorreo : to be polluted, to feel a disgust, to abhor. Παίδων μύσαχθεῖσ' εὐσδους πόσις δὲ σός Med. 1146. SYN. Μιαινόμαι, βδελύττωμαι, ἀποπέμπωμαι, δυσχεραίνω.

Μύσιος, (2) Μυσός, ἡ, ὄν, Mysus : Mysian. Τὸ πιλιδιον περὶ τὴν κέφαλὴν τὸ Μύσιον Acharn. 438. 429. EP. (2) plur. Ἀγέρωχοι, αχχέμαχοι, καρτέρηθμοι, ἀναυοί, ἀκοντιστῆρες.

Μύσος, εὖς, τό. See Μύσαγμα.

Μυσός, ἡ, ὄν. See Μύσιος.

Μυσπᾶλέω, velut mus oberro : to run about like a mouse. Vesp. 140.

Μύσταξ, ἄκος, ὁ, labrum superius ; barbula labri superioris : the upper lip ; the mustachios. Theoc. 14. 4. SYN. Γένειον.

Μυστήριον, οὐ, τὸ, arcanum, initiatio sacra : a mystery, initiation into the sacred rites. Νῆ τὴν Δ' ἔγωγ' οὖν ὄνδς ἄγων μυστήρια Ran. 159. SYN. Ἀπόρρητον, ὀργῆ. EP. Σεμνόν, ἀπιστόν.

Μυστηρικός, Μυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, arcanus secretus,

mysticus : mystic, secret. X' ἡσεῖτ' φωνὰν χοιρίων μυστηρικών Acharn. 747. Ran. 316.

Μύστις, οὐ, ὁ; Μύστις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, (1) initiatus : the initiated ; (2) i. q. Μυστάγωγός : one who initiates. Herc. F. 612. Anacr. 18. 12. SYN. Ἱερεὺς, ἀρητήρ.

Μυστικός. See Μυστηρικός.

Μυστιᾶμα, haurio pane excavato : to draw with bread scooped out. Μυστιᾶται τῶν δημοσίων. Eq. 824. See Brunek. Aristoph. Plut. 627. SYN. Κατάτρωγω.

Μυστήλη, ἡς, ἡ, panis excavatus : bread scooped out, Eq. 1165. See above.

Μυστίς. See Μύστις.

Μυστδόκος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, sacra arcana vel inauguratos continens : containing mysteries, or those who are initiated. Nub. 303.

Μυττατεύω, moretum intritum facio : to pound to a pap. Vesp. 63.

Μυττωτός, οὐ, ὁ, intritum ex caseo, alio, et ovis : stuffing made of cheese, garlic, and eggs. Equit. 771.

Μυχᾶτος, intimus, abstrusus : inmost, lowest. Helen. 189. Μυ brevis, ut in Μυχός. SYN. Ενδομυχός, ἐφέστιος.

Μυχθισμός, οὐ, ὁ, suspirium, gemitus : a deep groan. Rhes. 785. SYN. Στέναγμα, στέναγμός, στὸνᾶχῃ, στὸνός, οἰμωγῇ, ὀλοδολυγῇ.

Μυχίος, interior : inward. Μυ brevis, ut in Μυχός. Apoll. 2. 744.

Μυχότατος, ἡ, ὄν, maxime interior : innermost, farthest. Ἱερεὺς μυχότατος αἰεὶ φ. 146. SYN. Μυχᾶτος, μυχίος, ἐνδοτάτος.

Μυχός, οὐ, genitiv. antiq. μυχόθεν, ὁ, penetrare, recessus : the innermost recess, a sanctuary. Ελθὼν παλαιᾶς χοιράδος κοῖλον μυχόν Androm. 1254. SYN. Κευθμών. EP. Μεσόμφαλός, ἐρεμνός, σκῶτιος, ἀνήλιδος, ὀκρύβεις, σκίερος, ταρταρεός.

Μύω, ὕσω, claudio, comprimo, proprie oculos vel labia : to shut the eyes or lips. Οὐ γὰρ πω μῦσάν ὀσέε Ω. 637. The penult. of μύω is generally long in the pres. fut. and aor., in the perf. always long, as Ω. 420. ; with the Attics short, as is also the aorist in Hom. in the above passage. SYN. Καμύω, σκαρδαμύττω.

Μύων, ὠνός, ὁ, musculus in corpore : a nerve, muscle. Δρύψ' ἀπὸ μύων Π. 324.

Μύωψ, ὠπός, ὁ, myops, castrus, asilus : a gadfly. "Οὐ τὲ μύωπὰ βῶων κλείουσι νύμφης Apoll. 3. 277. SYN. Οἰστρός. EP. Ἀδηφάγος, αἰδὼς, οὐστρόμος, κέραστis.

Μῶλος, οὐ, ὁ, praelium, pugna : a fight, battle. B. 401. SYN. Μάχη, θηϊότης, φύλοπis, πόνος, μῆδός, θορύβος. EP. Ἀρχετός, στὸνόνεις, αἰμάτεις, λευγάλεός, δεινός, ἀγρίος.

Μῶλῦ, ὕς, τὸ, moly : a bulbous plant. Μῶλῦ δὲ μιν κἀλευσὶ θεοί κ. 305.

Μωμάδωμαι, Μωμεῖω, vitupero : to disparage, scorn. Av. 171. ζ. 274. SYN. Ψέγω, μέμφομαι, λοιδορέω, προπηλακίζω, κἀκηγῶρέω, ἐγκάλεω, ἐπισκώπτω.

Μωμεῖω. See Μωμάδωμαι.

Μωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, vituperandus : to be blamed, contemptible. Sept. Th. 504. SYN. Μεμπτός, κατὰμεμπτός.

Μῶμος, οὐ, ὁ, vituperium, probum : disparagement, reproach, censure. β. 86. SYN. Ψόγος, ὀνειδός, φθόνος, λοιδορία.

Μῶν, num ? an forte ? whether ? Hec. 670.

Μῶνῦς, ὕχος, Μῶνῦχος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, solidas ha-

bens ungulas : firm-hoofed. Τέτραδάμμοσι μώνυχά πόλον Phoen. 804. Iph. A. 450. SYN. Μώνυχηλός.

Μώνυχός. See above.

Μωραίνω, stulte ago, stultus sum : to act foolishly. Androm. 572. SYN. Ηλαίνω.

Μωρία, as, ή, stultitia : folly. Μηδ' ἐξὸμόρη μωρίαν τὴν σὴν ἔμοι Baceh. 340. SYN. Τὸ μωρὸν, εὐθήθειά, ἀνοιά, ἀμαρτία, νηπιῖα, νηπιέα.

Μῶρος, α, ὄν, insipidus ; fatuus : insipid ; foolish. Troad. 95. SYN. Ηλιθῖός, ἀνόητος, μάταιός, ἀφρων.

N.

Ναί, adverbium affirmantis vel concedentis : yes by—, truly. Nub. 784. On the use of this particle, see Hoogveen, Doctr. Partic. Ling. Gr. cap. 31. p. 787.

Ναιάς, et Ion. Νηϊάς, ἄδός, et Ναΐς, Ion. Νηΐς, ἰδός, ή, P. N. Nais : a Naiad, a heathen deity, supposed to preside over streams. Ναίει μέλαθρᾶ Ναιάδων νυμφῶν μετὰ Cycl. 429. Νηϊάδες κάλονται ν. 104. Νύμφα τίς οἶα Ναΐς Helen. 187. Νηΐς Ἀσπαρῆν Z. 22.

Ναιετάω, Ion. imp. ναιετάσκων, et ναιεῖταισκόν, (2) Ναίω, (1) habito : to inhabit ; (2) habitor : to be inhabited. Ἀρνη ναιεῖταισθὶν Μένεσθῖον H. 9. P. 308. Apoll. 4. 1211. Hec. 615. SYN. ἔνοικέω, κάτοικέω, διατρίβω, (2) ναίδωμαι.

Ναῖός, et Ion. Νηϊός, α, ὄν, navalis : of a ship, naval. Ἀρχὴ ναίου στρατοῦ Iph. A. 260. O. 410. SYN. Ναυτικός.

Ναΐς. See Ναϊάς.

Ναίω. See Ναιεῖται.

Νάκη, ης, ή ; Νάκος, ἔδος, τὸ, pellis villosa : a shaggy skin. Ἀν δὲ νάκην ἔλ' αἰγὸς ξ. 530. Theoc. 5. 7. SYN. Δέρμα, βύρσα, κωδῖον, κῶας. EP. Πάγχρυσος.

Νάμα, ἄτος, τὸ, fluentum, vortex : a stream, whirlpool. Θαυμαστὸν ἴει νάμα παμφάγου πύρος Med. 1184. SYN. Νασμός, βρέθρον, βεῖθρον, ἀπορρώξ, ἀπορρόγη, βεῖμα. EP. Πότ' αἰὼν, κρηναῖον, δάκρυρρόδον, ἐνυδρὸν, ἀργυρῖον, ἱερὸν, ἀεναὸν, γλυκὺ, φαιδρὸν, καλλιρρόδον, ἱμερδέν.

Ναννόφυς, ἔδος, naturam nani habens : dwarfish. Ναννόφυεῖς σφύραδων ἀποκνίσματ' α Pax 790. SYN. Ἀνθρώπιον, ἀνδρᾶριον, ἀνθρωπάριον.

Νάξιός, α, ὄν, Naxius : of the island of Naxos. Antig. 1150. See below.

Ναξιοῦργής, ἔδος, ὁ, ή, in Naxo fabricatus : built in Naxos. Τὸ δὲ πλοῖον ἐστὶ Ναξιοῦργής κἀνθάρος Pax 143.

Νάξος, ου, ή, Naxus : an island in the Ægean Sea. Pers. 886.

Ναός, Ion. Νηός, οὔ, et Attice Νῆος, ὦ, ὁ, ædes sacra, templum : a temple. Εξ ἱεροῦ ναοῦ χελιδόνες Lysist. 775. A. 39. Nub. 400. SYN. Ἱερὸν, ἀνακτόρον, τέμενος, ἀλός, σγκός. EP. Χάριες, ἐπήρατος, θύωδης, μέγας, πίων, ἀκήρατος, εὐώδης, τιμῖος, πολύλλιστος, κηώδης, δεδωμγτός, ευκλέης.

Ναόφυλαξ, ἄκος ; Νηόπυλός, ου, ὁ, templi præses : a guardian or keeper of the temple. Ὡ ναόφυλάκες βωμίοι τ' ἐπιστάται Iph. T. 1285. Hes. Theog. 991. SYN. Νεωκόρος, πρόπυλός, ἱερεὺς.

Νάπαῖός, α, ὄν, in vallibus habitans : of the

valley. Εὐρὼν νάπαῖς ἐν Κίθαιρώνος πύχαις C. R. 1026. SYN. Δρυμώδης, ὑλώδης.

Νάπη, ης, ή ; Νάπος, ἔδος, τὸ, vallis circumdata montibus, saltus : a valley between hills and rocks, a mountain wood. Φύγη λέπαιας ἐξέπιμπλ' αμεν νάπας Iph. T. 325. Androm. 283. SYN. Ἀγκός, δρυμός, φάραγξ, κοιλάς. EP. Εὐλειμός, ἱέρα, πόλυθρος, ὑλοκόμος, νιφόδολός, ποιηρός, κισσόφθρος, ὕλησος, κρηναῖός, σκιερά, ὑλοκόμος, κοιλά, κοιλόπεδός.

Νάπος. See above.

Νάπυ, ὕδος, τὸ, sinapi : mustard. Κἄσλεψέ νάπυ καὶ τὰ μέτωπ' ἀνέσπασε Eq. 631. SYN. Σινηπή. EP. Δριμύ, οργύλον.

Νάρθηξ, ηκός, ὁ, ferula, bacillus : a ferule, rod. Hes. Op. 52. SYN. Πάδους. EP. Μυστί-πύλός, ἱερός.

Ναρθηκόπληρωτός, ου, ὁ, ή, in ferula conclusus : enclosed in a ferule or rod. Ναρθηκόπληρωτον δὲ θηρῶμαι πύρος P. V. 109.

Ναρκάω, ἥσω, torpeo, obtorpeo : to be benumbed, grow numb. Θ. 328. SYN. Νωθρεύω, λύδωμαι.

Νάρκη, ης, ή, stupor : numbness ; properly, the fish called torpedo. Vesp. 713.

Νάρκισσός, ου, ὁ, ή, narcissus : a narcissus. Theoc. I. 133. SYN. Δείριον. EP. Ἐπνύος, ὕγρος. PHR. see C. C. 715.

Νάσάμων, ὠνός, ὁ, Nasamon. 'Η δ' ἄρ' αἰ Νάσάμωνά τέκε Apoll. 4. 1496.

Νασμός, οὔ, ὁ, fluentum : a stream. Hipp. 649. SYN. Νάμα. EP. Μέλ' ἀναγής, κρηναῖός.

Νάσσω, ξω, condenso, impleo : to thicken, to fill. φ. 122. SYN. Ἐπεμδάλλα, σωρεύω, συμπληρῶ.

Νάσος, Dor. pro Νήσος, q. v.

Ναστός, οὔ, ὁ, placenta condensata in latitudinem : a thick heavy broad cake. Plut. 1142.

Ναναγία, as, ή ; Νανάγιον, ου, τὸ, naufragium : a shipwreck, wreck. Πλωτήρας οἴπερ ἐφύγον ἐκ ναναγίας Helen. 1069. Troad. 420.

Ναναγός, Ion. Νανηγός, οὔ, ὁ, naufragus : shipwrecked. Καὶ νῦν τάλας ναναγὸς ἀποδέσας φίλους Helen. 407. Epigr. Anal. 3. 233. SYN. Ναύφθρος.

Ναύαρχός, Ναύκληρός, ου, Ναυκράτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, navis magister : the master or commander of a ship. Choëph. 711. Æsch. Sup. 185. Ναυκράτωρ ὁ παῖς ὅς' ἂν Philoct. 1072.

Ναυᾶτης, ου, ὁ, navita, marinus : a sailor, marine. Θάρσος αἶρε ναυᾶτης Iph. A. 1597. EP. Μγέρὸς, ποντοπύρος, ἀταρβής, ἀκήριός.

Ναυδολίδης, ου, ὁ, e Naubolo satus : the son of Naubolus. Κλυτόνῃου Ναυδολίδαο Apoll. I. 134.

Ναυδέτιον, ου, τὸ, rudens : a cable. Troad. 812. SYN. Πρότ' ὄνος, κάλως, πρυμνήσιον.

Νανηγός, Ion. pro Ναυαγός, q. v.

Ναυκληρέω, navis magister sum, navem gubernare : to command a ship, to direct. Sept. Th. 649. SYN. Ναυτίλλομαι, κυβερνᾶω, ἰθύνω, εκσώζω.

Ναυκληρία, as, ή, navigatio : a voyage. Τῆς ἑμῆς ναυκληρίας Med. 527. SYN. Στόλός, ναυτίλ' α, πλόος.

Ναυκληρίον, ου, τὸ, classis : a fleet. Rhcs. 233. See above. SYN. Ναύσταθμός.

Ναύκληρός, ου. See Ναύαρχός.

Ναυκράτωρ. See Ναύαρχός.

Ναῦλός, ου, ὁ, naulum : freight, a fare for passing in a boat or ship. Ran. 270. SYN. Πορθμεῖον.

Ναυλόχῳ, stationem habeo: to hold a naval station. Iph. A. 249.

Ναυλόχος, ὄν, stationi navium idoneus: securing ships. Hec. 1001.

Ναυμάχῳ, ex nave pugno: to engage in a sea-fight. Ναυμάχῃσαντας μίαν Ran. 693.

Ναυμάχος, οὐ, ὁ, ἥ, e navi pugnans, navalis: fighting in a naval engagement, naval. Ξυστὸν μέγα ναυμάχον O. 677.

Ναυπακτίος, α, ὄν, Naupactius: of Naupactus. Ἀπὸς ἐκ Ναυπακτίας Æsch. Sup. 270.

Ναυπηγῳ, naves fabricor: to build ships. Plut. 513.

Ναυπηγία, ας, ἡ, navis fabrica: the fabric of a ship. Ναυπηγίαν δ' ὥς εἰ τις Cycl. 459.

Ναυπηγίον, οὐ, τὸ, locus ubi naves compinguntur: a ship-yard. Ὡσπερ ἐν ναυπηγίῳ Av. 1157.

Ναυπλείος, ὄν, Nauplicus: Nauplian, called from Nauplius, the son of Neptune. Orest. 54. See below.

Ναυπλῖος, οὐ, ὁ, et α, ὄν, Nauplius; Nauplicus: Nauplius; Nauplian. Ναυπλίας δαμαρτά τε Helen. 1585.

Ναυπῶρος, Ναυσίπῶρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, navibus pervius; mare transiens: passed by ships, navigable; ship-urging, sea-passing. Eumen. 10. See also Iph. A. 172.

Ναῦς, ναὺς, νῆς, et νῆως, et Ion. Νηὺς, νηὺς, ἡ, navis: a ship. Hec. 928. Ἀλλ' ὥστε ναὺς κεῖνόν Med. 523. Νῆος ἡψάτο ποντοπόροιο O. 704. Ἐπὶ νηὺς ἀφίκεῖ ξ. 188. SYN. Πλοῖον, πύκκη, σκάφος, ἀκάτος, σχέδια. Ep. Ποντία, κωκυπομπός, πεντηκόντηρος, θουρία, χαλκέμεδλδς, κωκεία, κλεινή, εὐηρέτης, θῶα, γλαφυρά, ορθοκραίρα, κυνὸπλοῦρος, μέλαινα, ευεργής, κοιλὴ, περικαλλής, ἀμφιελισσά, εἰσά, εὐσσελὺς, ἐπῆρέτης, εὐπρυμνός, ἡμάτια, μιλιτοπῆρὸς, κύρωνις, πολυκλήης, μέγακλήτης, πολυζύγυς, ευρεία, θάλασσό-πλαγίος, κωκυπόρος, δολιχῆρέτης, ἐκκυσόρος, φορτίς. PHR. Δινωρράφης δόμος, ναῖα ἀπῆνη.

Ναυθλῶ, naulo vehendum suscipio, deporto; med. navem conduco: to convey for hire; mid. to hire a vessel. Troad. 164.

Ναυσίθδς, οὐ, ὁ, Nausithoüs. Ναυσίθδου ὅς ἔφασκε δ. 565. PHR. Μεγαθυμὸς, ὅς ἐν Φαίηξιν ἀνασέ η. 62.

Ναυσικάα, ας, ἡ, Nausicaa: the daughter of Alcinoüs. Ναυσικάαν λευκώλενον η. 12. Ep. Εὐπέπλδς. PHR. Αἰθάντησὶ φύην καὶ εἰδὸς ὁμοίη.

Ναυσικλειτὸς, Ναυσικλυτὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, navigandi peritia celebr: famed for skill in sailing. Ναυσικλειτοῦ Δύμαντος ζ. 22. Ναυσικλυτοὶ ἡλύθον ἄνδρες ο. 414.

Ναυσίμαχη, ης, ἡ, Nausimache. Ναυσίμαχης μῆν ἦτταν ἐστίν Thesm. 804.

Ναυσινός, οὐ, ὁ, Nausinöus: son of Ulysses and Calypso. Ναυσινόν τε μίγεις Hes. Theog. 1017.

Ναυσίπομπός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, naves impellens: ship-conveying. Phoen. 1727. See above. SYN. Ναυσίπῶρος.

Ναυσίπῶρος. See Ναυπῶρος, and Ναυσινός.

Ναυσιστῶνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, navibus miseriam affers: ship-afflicting or destroying. Pyth. 1. 140.

Ναυσίφορητός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, in navibus portatus: conveyed in ships, maritime. Ἀρμάσι ναυσίφορητοῖς Pyth. 1. 64. SYN. Ναυσάτης, ναυτικός, ναυτίλος, ναυσίπῶρος.

Ναυστάβιον, οὐ, τὸ, statio navium: a station

for ships. Ναυστάβια βάς κατιδεῖν Rhes. 243. SYN. Λίμνη, νεώριον, ναυλόχος ἔδρα.

Ναυστῶλῳ, ἦσα, navi deduco; adnavigo: to convey by sea, bring in a ship; to sail to. Orest. 732. SYN. Ναυτίλλομαι, ναυκληρέω.

Ναυστῶλημά, ἄτος, τό; Ναυστῶλία, Ναυτίλεια, ας, ἡ, aliquid navi deductum; navigatio: what has been conveyed by ship; navigation. Eur. Sup. 220. See also Androm. 788. and Pyth. 4. 124. SYN. Πλοῖος, ναυκληρία.

Ναῦτης, οὐ, ὁ, nauta: a sailor. Eur. Sup. 519. SYN. Ναυσάτης, ναυτικός, ναυτίλος, πορθμεὺς, ναυκληρὸς. Ep. see Ναυσάτης. PHR. Ναῖας ἀρωγὸς τέχνας.

Ναυτιάω, nauseo: to be sea-sick, to nauseate. Ναυτιάς ἐτ' ὦ ἔνευ Thesm. 882.

Ναυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, nauticus, navalis: of a sailor, of ships, naval. Ναυτική τ' ἀναρχία Hec. 605. SYN. Ναυτίλος, νηὺς, θάλασσός.

Ναυτίλεια, ας, ἡ. See Ναυστῶλημά and Ναυτίλος. Ναυτίλλομαι, navigo: to sail. ξ. 246. SYN. Πλῶ, ἀποπλῶ, ναυστῶλῶ.

Ναυτίλος, οὐ, ὁ, nauta: a sailor. Ὡ ναυτίλοισι χεῖματος λίμνη φάνεις Androm. 883. SYN. see Ναῦτης.

Ναυθῶρὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, naufragus; naves perdens: ship-wrecked; ship-destroying. Helen. 1538. SYN. Ναυαγός.

Ναυφρακτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, munitus navi, classe instructus, navalis: fortified or defended by ships, naval. Iph. A. 1259. SYN. Ναυτικός, ναυλόχος, νηὺς.

Νᾶω, νᾶσω, (1) congreco, compleo, habitare facio: to assemble, to fill, to cause to dwell; (2) dense effluo: to flow. Ἀγείρων ἐν δὲ κρήνῃ ναίει ἀμφὶ δὲ λειμών ζ. 292. The penult. of Νᾶω in the sense of compleo is short in the pres., and long in fut. and aor. ι. 122. Χωρὶς δ' αὖθ' ἔρσαι νᾶον δ' ὄρω ἀγγεῖα πάντα, unless the true reading be ἐνδον. SYN. (1) Ἀγείρω, ἰδρῶ, κατοικίζω, (2) βῶω, βρῶω, βλύζω.

Νεάγγελτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, recens nuntiatius: newly announced. Choeph. 724.

Νεάζω, juvenesco; novo: to grow or be young; to make new. Phoen. 1635.

Νεαῖρα, ας, ἡ, Neæra: Neæra. μ. 133.

Νεαίρετός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, recens captus: recently caught. Agam. 1030.

Νεακύνητος. See Νεκύνητος.

Νεανίας, Ion. Νῆνις, Νεανίσκος, οὐ, ὁ, et Νεανίς, Ion. Νῆνις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, juvenis: a young man, young. Προῦθάνεν νεανίου Aleest 714. κ. 278. Trach. 312. Δὺ δύοῖν νεανίδας Phoen. 434. H. 20. SYN. Νεὸς, νεανικός, κύρος, κύρασις.

Νεανικός, ἡ, ὄν, juvenilis, validus: youthful, vigorous. Ἦν φῶδες νεανικός Hipp. 1199. SYN. Νεὸς, νεᾶρος, νεόχυμος, ισχυρός.

Νεανικῶς, juveniliter: in a youthful manner. Τωθᾶσω νεανικῶς Vesp. 1362. SYN. Νεᾶρως, ισχυρῶς, γενναίως.

Νεανίς. See Νεανίας.

Νεανίσκος. See Νεανίας.

Νεᾶρὸς, ἂ, ὄν, novitius, tenellus: new, fresh, tender. Νεᾶράν τιν' ἐφιέμενοι βάξιν Rhes. 46. SYN. Νεὸς, ἀπάλδς, νεανικός.

Νεᾶτὸς, Ion. Νεῖατὸς, ἡ, ὄν, ultimus: farthest, last. Νεᾶται Πύλου ἡμᾶθεντος I. 153. Z. 295. SYN. Ἑσχάτος, νεαίρετος, νεώτατος, ὑστάτος.

Νεᾶω, novo: to plough a fallow. Nub. 1117.

Νεῆρειδς, ὄν, hinnuleus: of a fawn. Οὐ γὰρ πω νέβρεῖα δι' οὐστᾶ Call. 3. 244.

Νέσρις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, *pellis cervina*: the skin of a stag. *Εν ποικίλαισι νέσρισι Τειρεσίαν ὠρῶ* Bacch. 249. **ΣΥΝ.** Δέρας νέσρου. *Ερ. Στικτή, ποικίλη.*

Νέσρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, *hinnulus*: a fawn. *Καὶ νέσρου στικτὸν δέρας* Bacch. 823. *Ερ. Ποικίλοθριξ, ποικίλος, ἀναλκίς.*

Νεῖθαλις, *Νεῖθηλις*, ἔος, *Νεῖθηλις*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *recenter virescens*: freshly blooming, youthful. *Ion* 112. *S. 347. Eumen.* 453. *See* Θάλλος. **ΣΥΝ.** Νεῖθγίλος, νέθγυνός, νέθγυνός, χλωρός, χλόη-φύρος, νέος, νεῖρος, νέοθρεπτός.

Νέηκίς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ; *Νέηκωνητός*, *Dor.* Νεῖκωνητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *recens acutus*: newly sharpened. *Π.* 484. *Soph. El.* 1394.

Νεήλυς, ὕδος, ὁ, ἡ, *qui recens advenit*: just arrived, newly come. *Νεήλυδὲς οὐς ἐρεῖνεις* K. 558. **ΣΥΝ.** Ἐπηνήλυς, νεῖρος.

Νεήφατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *recens dictus*: recently spoken. *Νεήφατόν ὅσων ἀκούω* Hom. Merc. 442.

Νεῖαίρος, ἄ, ὄν, *imus, extremus*: at the bottom, the last. *P.* 519.

Νεῖατός. *See* Νεῖατός.

Νεικέω (*Ion.* *Νεικέω*, *Ion. imp.* *ἐνεικεσκεῖν*), ἔσω, *objurgo, castigo*: to reproach, punish. *Τοὺς δὲ ἰδὼν νεικέσεν* ρ. 215. *O.* 210. *Δ.* 241. **ΣΥΝ.** Ὀνειδίζω, ἐπιτιμάω, λοιδορέω, ὑβρίζω, δηριάζω.

Νεῖκος, ἔος, τὸ, *contentio, certamen*: a dispute. *Herac.* 986. **ΣΥΝ.** Φίλονεκία, λοιδορία, ἐρίς, δῆρις, μάχη. *Ερ.* Ἀκριτόν, ὁμοῖον, ὁμόν, μέγα, ἀκρεστόν, πάλαιον, νέον, φύνιον, ἀρήϊον, ὑπέρβιον, ὀλόν, ἀμφήριστόν, ἀργάλεον, λευγάλεον, κρατέρων.

Νεῖλως, *fors.* *Dor.* pro *Νηλεὺς*, q. v. *See* Wesseling. *Herod.* ix. c. 97. *Kiessl.* *Theoc.* 28. 3. and *Brunck.*

Νεῖλοθέρης, ἔος, *Nilo enutritus*: Nile-nourished. *Æsch.* *Sup.* 74.

Νεῖλος, ου, ὁ, *Nilus*: the river Nile. *P. V.* 837. **ΣΥΝ.** Αἰγυπτός. *Ερ.* Μελαμδῶφης, ἐπταπύρος, καλλιρρύος, Αἰθίοψ, βαθυδίνης, Αἰγυπτίος, φέρεκαπτός. *PHR.* *see* Helen. 1.

Νεῖλωτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, *Niloticus*: of, on, or near the Nile. *Νεῖλωτιν οὐ δὴ τὴν μάκρὰν ἀποικίαν* *P. V.* 839.

Νεῖοθεν, *Νεῖοθι*, *Νεῖοθεν*, *adv.*, *ex infimo, imo, vel intimo*: from the bottom. *Νεῖοθεν ἐκ κραδῆς* K. 10. *Φ.* 317. *CE. R.* 1447. **ΣΥΝ.** Κάτωθεν, νέρθεν, ἐκ βάθους.

Νεῖος, οὐ, ἡ, *novale*: land newly broken up, a fallow. *Σ.* 541. *Ερ.* Βάθεῖα, ἐριβῶλαξ.

Νεῖσσωμαι. *See* Νεῖσωμαι.

Νεῖκας, ἄδος, ἡ, *strages mortuorum, acervus caesorum*: a heap of the slain. *Εν αἰνῆσιν νεκᾶδεσσιν* *E.* 886.

Νεκρόδερμιον, ὄν, ὄνος, *qui mortuos cogit*: assembling or receiving the dead. *Τοῦ νεκρόδερμιόνος εἰς ἀπέραντον* *P. V.* 159.

Νεκρόθηκη, ης, ἡ, *sandapila*: a bier. *Γενέσιν* τῶν βρότων καὶ νεκρόθηκῆς *Eur. Cret. fr.* 2. 18.

Νεκρόπωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *qui mortuos deducit*: conveying the dead. *Alcest.* 453. *See* above.

Νεκρός, ἄ, ὄν, *adj.*; (2) *Νεκρός*, οὐ, ὁ, *subst.* (1) *mortuus*: dead; (2) *cadaver*: a corpse. *Vid. R. P. Hec.* 665. *Φέροι καὶ νεκρὸν ἀγοίτο* *Ω.* 139. **ΣΥΝ.** (1) Κάμων, οἰχόμενος, τέθνεως, θάνατον, νέκος, φθιμένος, τέθνηκώς, κατὰ τέθνηκώς, κατὰ φθιμένος.

Νέκταρ, ἄρος, τὸ, *nectar*: the fabled liquor of

the gods. *Νέκταρ ἐφ' ὀρχεῖ* *Δ.* 3. *Ερ.* Ἐρῶθρον, ἰμέροθεν, γλυκὺ, ἀκρῆτον, χυτόν.

Νεκτάρεος, α, ὄν, *nectareus*: of nectar. *Νεκτάρει δὲ χίτωνι* *Σ.* 25.

Νέκος, ὕος, ὁ, ἡ, *mortuus*; *cadaver*: dead; *dead body*. *Καὶ αἰμάτι καὶ νέκυεσσιν* *Ψ.* 325.

Ἐκτόρος ἀμφὶ νέκυϊ *Ω.* 108. **ΣΥΝ.** Νεκρός, πρωμά, ἐνέροι. *Ερ.* Ὀλομένος, ἀθαρτός, ἀθλίος, προῦδος, φθιμένος, κατὰ φθιμένους, κατὰ τέθνηκώς, γυμνός, ἐλκεῖνος, κτᾶμένους, κρύερος.

Νεμέα, *Νεμεία*, ας, ἡ, *Nemea*. *Theoc.* 25. 182. *Hes. Theog.* 329.

Νεμέος, *Νεμείος*, *Νεμείαδος*, ὄν, *Nemeæus*: of Nemea. *Theoc.* 25. 169. *Herc. F.* 152. *Hes. Theog.* 327.

Νεμέω. *See* Νέμω.

Νεμείος, et -εἰαδός. *See* Νεμέος.

Νεμέσσω, *Νεμείσω*, *indignor, reprehendo, improbo*: to be angry with, reprove, disapprove. *Ψ.* 494. *E.* 757. **ΣΥΝ.** Μέμφωμαι, ἀγανάκτω, φθονέω, ἐπιτιμάω, νεικέω, ἐπιπλήσσω, βασκαίνω.

Νεμέσητός, ἡ, ὄν, *indignatione dignus*: deserving reproach or reproof. *Δ.* 648.

Νεμείσω. *See* Νεμέσσω.

Νεμείσις, ἔως, ἡ, *justa indignatio, ultio*: just indignation, vengeance; *personified*, the goddess of revenge. *Orest.* 1357. **ΣΥΝ.** Ἑρῖς, φθονός, μέμψις.

Νεμέτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, *ultor*: an avenger. *Sept.* Th. 481. **ΣΥΝ.** Ἀμύντωρ, τιμωρός.

Νεμός, ἔος, τὸ, *nemus, locus pascuus umbratus*: a shady pasture. *Δ.* 480. **ΣΥΝ.** Ἄλσος.

Νέμω, *Νεμέω*, *distribuo, tribuo*; *pasco*: to distribute, assign; to feed. *Helen.* 917. *Δ.* 635. **ΣΥΝ.** Ἀπόνεω, διαίρω, μέριζω, βόσκω.

Νενήλιος, ὄν, *fatuus*: foolish. *Ὅς μάλ' ἢ νενήλιος* *Call.* 1. 63. **ΣΥΝ.** Ἀναίσθητός, ἀλᾶς, ἀνόητος, βλεννός, ηλῶς.

Νεῶαρδης, ἔος, *recens rigatus*: recently watered. *Φ.* 346.

Νεῶγάμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *recens nuptus*: newly married. *Ἔσται δεδορκῶς νεῶγαμου νύμφης δίκην* *Agam.* 1152. **ΣΥΝ.** Νεῶδμης, νεῶδμητός, νεόζυξ, νεόζυγος, νεόζυγης, νεώστί νύμφιος.

Νεῶγένης. *See* below.

Νεῶγίλος, *Νεῶγυνός*, *Νεῶγυνός*, ἡ, ὄν; *Νεῶγενής*, ἔος, *recens natus*: newly born, young. *Σκυλάκος νεῶγίλης* *μ.* 86. *Ion* 1001. *Iph. T.* 1224. *Chœph.* 523.

Νεῶγυνός, et -ογυνός. *See* above.

Νεῶγραπτός, *Νεῶγράφος*, ὄν, *recens pictus*: newly painted. *Πρόσθε νεογράφω δαῖδω* *Theoc.* 18. 3. *Schæf.* in *Steph. Valpy*, *citat* *Meleagr.* 1. 55. et *Jacobs.* ad *Meleag.* 14. *See* Γράφω.

Νεῶγυνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *juvenilis corpore*: having youthful limbs, vigorous. *Πύρρι νεῶγυνός* *Nem.* 9. 56.

Νεῶδαρτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *recens excoriatus*: newly skinned or flayed. *χ.* 363.

Νεῶδμης, ἡτός, *Νεῶδμητός*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *nuper domitus, nuptus*: newly conquered, or newly married. *Ἄλλ' ὕβρις οἷ τ' ἐσὶ νεῶδμητες γάμοι* *Med.* 1363. *Isthm.* 4. 106. **ΣΥΝ.** Νεῶγάμος, νεώστί νύμφιος.

Νεῶδρεπτός, *Νεῶδρῆπός*, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *recens decerpitus*: newly plucked. *Λευκοστῆφεις ἐχονσά νεῶδρέπτους κλάδους* *Æsch.* *Sup.* 338. 359.

Νεῶδρῆπός. *See* above.

Νεόζυξ, ὕγος, *Νεόζυγος*, ου, *Νεόζυγης*, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, *recens conjunctus*: recently yoked, or married. *Εὐκὺς σφάδαζεν ἡν ἂν ὥς νεόζυγα* *Eur. fr.* 167. 3

Med. 800. P. V. 1045. SYN. Νεῶδμης, νεο-
δημῆτος, νεογάμους.

Νεῶθεν. See Νειδοθεν.

Νεῶθηλῆς, Νεῶθηλός. See Νῆθηλῆς.

Νεῶθρεπτός, ου, ό, ή, recens nutritus: newly
nourished, young. Φυτάλιῳ νεοθρεπτῷ Apoll.
3. 1399.

Νεοίη, ης, ή, juvenilis aetas: youthfulness,
youth. Νικιστῇ νεοίῃ Ψ. 604. SYN. Ἡσῆ, νεότης.

Νεοικός, ου, ό, ή, in nova urbe domum
habens; nove habitatus: having an abode in a
new city; newly inhabited. Olymp. 5. 19.

Νεοκῆδης, Νεοπάθης, Νεοπενθής, ἔος, ό, ή,
recenti moerore vel calamitate affectus: recently
afflicted. Hes. Theog. 98. Eumen. 917. (See
Πάθος.) λ. 39.

Νεοκλειδης, ου, ό, Neoclides. Εἰς μέν γέ
Νεοκλειδης ὅς ἐστί μὲν τυφλός Plut. 665.

Νεοκλωστός, ου, ό, ή, recens contextus: re-
cently woven. Νεοκλώστω τέλαμνος Theoc.
24. 44.

Νεοκμητός. See Νεόκτύνος.

Νεόκοπτός, ου, ό, ή, recens caesus: recently
cut. Vesp. 648.

Νεοκόςτος, ου, ό, ή, novus: new. Sept. Th.
804. See Blomf.

Νεοκράς, αῖτος, recens mixtus: newly mingled.
Νεοκράτῃ φίλον κομίσειεν Choeph. 338.

Νεόκτιστός, η, όν, recens conditus: recently
founded. Nem. 9. 3. SYN. Νεοικός.

Νεόκτύνος, Νεοφόνος, Νεόκμητός, ου, ό, ή, et
Νεοσφάγης, ἔος, recens occisus: recently slain.
Nem. 8. 52. Eur. El. 1170. Rhes. 884. Hec.
982. See Σφαγή.

Νεόλαια, as, ή, juvenum multitudo: a youth-
ful band. Alcest. 103. SYN. Νεότης, νεοία.

Νεόλλουτος, Νεόπλυτός, ου, ό, ή, recens lotus:
newly washed. Hom. Merc. 241. Νεόπλυτα
εἰμαῖ ἔχοντες ζ. 64.

Νεόμαι, Νεοσῶμαι, et Νισῶμαι, ibo, abibo,
redibo: to be about to go, depart, return. Ψ. 150.
Theoc. 7. 25. Olymp. 3. 62. SYN. Ἀπονεύμαι,
ἀνεμί, ὑποστρέφω, νοστέω.

Νεοπάθης, Νεοπενθής. See Νεοκηδής.

Νεόπηκτός, ό, ή, recens compactus: newly
fixed or hardened. Batrach. 38.

Νεόπλουτός, ου, ό, ή, recens ditatus: newly
enriched. Vesp. 1309.

Νεόπλυτός. See Νεόλλουτος.

Νεοπικός, ου, ό, ή, recens carptus: newly
plucked. Cē. C. 475.

Νεοπρίστος, ου, ό, ή, recens sectus et politus:
newly cut and polished. Νεοπρίστου ἑλέφαντος
ζ. 404.

Νεοπτόλεμος, ου, ό, Neoptolemus: the son of
Achilles. Called also Pyrrhus. Philoct. 4.
Ep. Θέειδης, φίλος, δαίφρων, ἰσθθεός, μέγα-
θυμός.

Νεόπτύλις, ἔως, recens structus: newly built.
Καὶ πόλιν νεόπτύλιν Eumen. 690.

Νεορράντος, ου, ό, ή, recens perfusus: recently
besprinkled, stained. Σὺν νεορράντῳ ξίφει Aj. 30.

Νεορρύτος, ου, ό, ή, recenter fluens: fresh-
flowing. Agam. 1322. See Κατάρρυτος.

Νεορτός, ου, ό, ή, improvisus: newly risen,
unexpected. Eur. fr. Thes. 4. 6.

Νεός, α, όν, novus: new, fresh, tender, young.
Hec. 15. SYN. Νεῶρος, νεώρης, νεοχμός, νεηγένης,
ἀπαλός, ηἰθέος, αἰζήτος, νεοειγμένος.

Νεοσίγαλός, ου, ό, ή, recens splendens: of
fresh splendor, beautiful. Νεοσίγαλόν εύρόντι
Pros. Lex.

τρόπον Olymp. 3. 8. answered by Δῖχθυμνῆς ὄλον
χρυσάρματος.

Νεόσμηκτός, ου, ό, ή, recens deterusus et politus:
newly burnished. Θωρήκων τέ νεοσμήκτων
N. 342.

Νεοσπάδης, ἔος, Νεοσπᾶς, ἄδός, recens evagi-
natus: newly drawn. Eumen. 42. Δουτρὸν εν
νεοσπάσι Antig. 1201.

Νεοσπρός, ου, ό, ή, recens satus: newly sown.
Eumen. 662.

Νεοσσός, Νεοττός, ου, ό, ή, pullus: a young
bird. Sept. Th. 499. Av. 1350. SYN. Πᾶλός,
νεογνός, μόσχός. Ep. Ἀπᾶλός, απτήν, κέχρηνός.

Νεοστασία, as, ή, insolentia: strangeness.
Νεοστασίῃ λαβὲ μύθων Apoll. 3. 76.

Νεόστρόφος, ου, ό, ή, recens tortus: newly
twisted. Νεόστρόφῳ ἦν οἱ ἔδησα O. 469.

Νεοσφάγης. See Νεόκτύνος.

Νεοτευκός, ου, ό, ή; Νεοτευχής, ἔος, recens
factus: recently made. Φ. 592. Theoc. 1. 28.
SYN. Νηγάτῆος.

Νεότης, ητὸς, ή, juvenus: youth. Herc. F.
639. SYN. Νεοία, νεόλαια, ήση. Ep. Ἐράτῃ,
δᾶλῆρᾶ, ἄφρων, τηλῆθωσᾶ.

Νεότημῆτος, Νεότημός, ου, ό, ή, recens sectus:
recently cut. Ἐν τέ νεότημάτοις Theoc. 7. 134.
Choeph. 23.

Νεότηκός, ου, ό, ή, nuper natus; quæ nuper
peperit: newly born; having recently brought
forth. Baech. 690.

Νεότημός. See Νεότημῆτος.

Νεοτρέφης, ἔος; Νεοτρόφος, ου, ό, ή, nuper
nutritus: newly nourished, young. Heracl. 93.
Agam. 703.

Νεοττεῦον, nidum pono: to form a nest, to
breed. Av. 790.

Νεοττία, as, ή, nidus: a nest. Εισέλεθ' εις
νεοττίαν γέ τὴν ἐμήν Av. 642. SYN. Κάλια.

Νεόττιον, ου, τὸ, pullulus: a young bird.
Av. 547. See above. SYN. see Νεοσσός.

Νεοττός. See Νεοσσός.

Νεοττότρόφεω, pullos nutrio: to bring up
young. Εξ ἧς ἐνεοττόττόττόφῆθης Nub. 999.

Νεοτύατος, ου, ό, ή, recens vulneratus: re-
cently wounded. Νεοτύατῷ ἐρβέε χειρός N. 539.

Νεοφόνος. See Νεόκτύνος.

Νεοχάρακτός, όν, recens impressus: newly
imprinted. Ἴχνη τὰ κείνου νεοχάραχθ' ὅπως ἰδῃς
Aj. 6.

Νεοχμός, ή, όν, novus: new, strange. Τί δ'
ἐστί Πέρσαις νεοχμόν εμεριθὲς κᾶκόν Pers. 699.
SYN. see Νεός.

Νεῶω, renovo: to make new. Æsch. Sup.
543.

Νεῖπος, πῶδός, (1) qui est sine pedibus: with-
out feet; (2) prognatus, nepos: a descendant.
Νεῖπὸς καλῆς Ἀλδούδνης δ. 404. De signifi-
catione hujus verbi videsis Damm. et Kiessler.
ad Theoc. 17. 25.

Νέρθε, Νέρθεν, ex intimo: from beneath.
Iph. A. 1251. P. V. 158. SYN. see Νειδοθεν.

Νέρτερός, α, όν, infernus: infernal. Med. 1055.
Νέσσός, ου, ό, Nessus. Trach. 1157.

Νεστορέως, et Ion. Νεστορείδης, α, όν, Nesto-
reus: of or belonging to Nestor. O. 113. Eur.
Fr. inc. 10. 1.

Νεστορίδης, ου, ό, Nestorides: the son of
Nestor. Νεστορίδης Ἑλᾶτον δέ Z. 33.

Νέστωρ, ὀρός, ό, Nestor. B. 57. Ep. Νηλη-
ιάδης, κιδὸς Ἀχαιῶν, λιγὸς Πηλεῖαν ἀγρόρητης,
πρώτος ἀνδρῶν, διδός, μέγας, ποιμὴν λαῶν, ἀγαυός,
X

ἀναξ, ὑπέρθυμς, ἰπποδάμς, κυδάλιμς, μέγαθυμς, ἀντιθές, γερήνις, γέρω, ἡδυέπης, ἰππηλάτᾱ, ἰπποτά, Νηληϊδς, οὐρς Ἀχαιοῶν.

Νεῦμᾱ, ἄτος, τὸ, nutus: a nod. Æsch. Sup. 378. SYN. Ρῶπῆ. EP. Ἀφθογγόν, κύπριδιόν.

Νευρά, Νευρεῖᾱ, ἄς, ἡ; Νευρὺν, ου, τὸ, nervus: a nerve, sinew, string. A. 476. Theoc. 25. 14. Π. 316. SYN. Χόρδη. EP. Βοείᾱ, εὐστρέφης, νέοστρῶδς, μέλιθς.

Νευρεῖᾱ. See Νευρά.

Νευρὺν. See Νευρά.

Νευρορράφς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sutor: a cordwainer, cobbler. Σαυτὸν δὲ λυχρὸπᾶλῃσι καὶ νευρορράφοις Eq. 739.

Νευροσπάδης, ἐς, nervo tractus: string-drawn. Νευροσπάδης ἀτρακτὸς αὐτὸς ἂν τάλας Philoct. 290.

Νευρῶ, nervos tendo, firmo, roboro: to nerve, strengthen. Lysist. 1078. SYN. Ρῶννυμῖ, κρᾱτύνω, ἐμπεδῶ.

Νευστάζω, Νεύω, nuo: to nod, beckon. μ. 194. Γ. 337. SYN. Δῖανεύω, ῥέπω, ἐπικλίνω, συγχωρέω.

Νεύω. See Νευστάζω.

Νεφέλη, ης, ἡ; Νεφὸς, ἐς, τὸ, nubes, nebula: a cloud, mist. B. 147. Δ. 274. SYN. Ομίχλη, σκότς. EP. Κυανέα, μελαιναῖ, χειμῆρια, θεσπεῖᾱ, δεινῆ, αἰθέρια, λεπτῆ, ηῆρῶφουτς, πύκινῆ, ὑδάτσεσᾱ, ἁελλόπους, ἁελλὰς, ἐρίβρομς. P.H. see Δ. 275.

Νεφέληγῆρετς, ου, Νεφέληγέρης, ἐς, nubes cogens: cloud-gathering. A. 515. Quint. Sm. 4. 80.

Νεφέλοκοκκυγῖᾱ, ας, ἡ, Nephelococcygia: cuckoo town in the clouds. Μέλη πεποίηκ' ἐς τὰς Νεφέλοκοκκυγῖας Av. 917.

Νεφέλοκοκκυγίεῖς, ἐως, ὁ, Nephelococcygieus: a native of cuckoo town. Av. 877. See above.

Νεφὸς. See Νεφέλη.

Νεφρὸς, ου, ὁ, renes: the kidney, the reins. Ποῖος γάρ ἂν ἡ νεφρὸς ἀντίσχοι Lysist. 962.

Νέω, νέουσ, no, nato: to swim. Φ. 11. SYN. Νήχουμῖ, κύλυνεῶ.

Νέω, ἡσω, (1) neo: to spin, compose; (2) cumulo: to pile up. Ἐνέον ἐν ταῖς μεῖᾱσιν Eq. 321. SYN. (1) Νήω, κλώθω; (2) ἐπινέω, χώννυμῖ, σωρεῖω, ἄβροῖω, νηέω, νηνέω.

Νέωνητς, ὅν, nuper emptus: lately purchased. Eq. 2.

Νέωρης, ἐς, ὁ, ἡ, novus: new, fresh. CE. C. 730. SYN. see Νέος.

Νέωρίων, ου, τὸ, navale: an arsenal, dock. Ὡς δ' ἡλὸδον σὼν περὶδύλον νέωριων Helen. 1546. SYN. Ναυστάθμς.

Νέως. See Ναός.

Νέωστῖ, nuper: lately. Μὴ ταρσῆσῃ μοι νεωστῖ (dissyll.) μύλόν Iph. A. 602. SYN. Νεῶθεν.

Νεώτερς, Νεώτατς, η, ὅν, compar. et superl. a Νέος, q. v. Hippol. 1155. Hec. 13.

Νῆ, particula affirmantis et jurantis: a particle of adjuration. Νῆ τοὺς θεοὺς ἡμεῖς γ' Plut. 74. Νῆαίθς, ου, ὁ, Neæthus. Theoc. 4. 24.

Νηγάτεος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, novus, recens factus: new, recently made. Καλῶ νηγάτεω E. 185. SYN. Νέος, καινὸς, λεπτὸς, ἀπαλός.

Νήγρετς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui excitari nequit: which cannot be awaked from. Mosch. 3. 111.

Νήδυιᾱ, ων, τὰ, viscera, intestina: the bowels. Νήδυιοισῖ μᾶλ' οὐδ' B. 524. SYN. Ἐντέρᾱ, σπλάγχνα.

Νήδυμς, ὅν, dulcis: sweet, refreshing. Διᾱ δ' οὐκ ἐχ' νήδυμς ὕπνος B. 2. SYN. Ἡδυμς, ἡδὺς, γλυκὺς, γλυκέρς.

Νηδὺς, ὕς, ἡ, alvus: the belly, womb. Ἰης ἐκ νηδὺς ἦσαν A. 496. SYN. Γαστήρ, μήτρα. EP. Μὲγᾱλη, πύλῳχανθς, ἄγνὸς, θυμαλγῖς, ἀκύμων, ἀδιψός.

Νηέω, ἡσω, acervo, congreco: to heap or pile up. Ω. 276. SYN. see Νέω (2).

Νήθω, ἡσω, neo: to spin. η. 198. SYN. see Νέω (1).

Νηῖᾱς. See Ναῖς.

Νηῖόν, ου, τὸ, Neium: a promontory of Ithaca. Νηῖῷ ὕληντι α. 186.

Νηῖος, α, ὅν; Νηίτης, ου, ὁ, navalis: of a ship, naval. Στρατὸς δᾱμασθὲς ναῖαισιν ἐμεδᾱλῖς Pers. 284. Apoll. 4. 236. I in Νηίτης, ut in δυμίτης. SYN. Ναυτίκς.

Νηῖς. See Ναῖς.

Νήῖς, ἰδὸς, nescius, ignorant. Οὐδ' ἐμ' νηῖδᾱ γ' οὕτως H. 198. SYN. Ἄπειρς, ἀνέπιστῆμῶν, ἀἰδρῖς, ἀμᾱθς.

Νηίτης. See Νηῖος.

Νηῖτη, ης, ἡ, Neita: the name of one of the seven gates at Thebes. See Beck. Phoen. 1120. Καὶ πρῶτᾱ μὲν πρὸς ἡγ' Νηῖταις πύλαις Phoen. 1120. Qui tamen locus quantitatem secundæ non determinat.

Νηκερδς, ἐς, ὁ, ἡ, non prudens, non commodus: foolish, useless. P. 469. SYN. Ἀκερδς, ἀνώφελς, ἀνόητς.

Νηκέρς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cornua non habens: not horned. Hes. Op. 527.

Νήκεστς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insanabilis: incurable. Hes. Op. 281. SYN. Ἀνήκεστς, q. v.

Νηκουστέω, non audio, non obtempero: not to listen to, to disobey. Γ. 14. SYN. Ἀνηκουστέω, ἀτημεῖῶ, πάρορᾱ, ἀπῖθῶ.

Νηκτς, ὅν, natatilis: capable of swimming. Anacr. 2. 5.

Νηλεῖς, Νηλειῖς, Νηλῖς, ἐς, ὁ, ἡ, immisericors: pitiless, cruel. Apoll. 4. 390. Hom. H. 4. 246. P. V. 42. SYN. Ἀνηλεῖς, ἀνοικτς, ἀπηνῖς, σκληρὸς, σχετᾱλός.

Νηλεῖδς, Νηληῖᾱδς, Νηληῖδς, ου, ὁ, a Neleo natus: the son or daughter of Neleus. Apoll. 1. 959. K. 87. B. 20.

Νηλειῖς. See Νηλεῖς.

Νηλειῶς. See Νηλεῶς.

Νηλεῶποινδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immitis: merciless. Hes. Theog. 217.

Νηλεὺς, ἐως, ὁ, Neleus. γ. 409. EP. Ἀγανὺ-τᾱτς ζοόντων, μέγαθυμς, ἀντιθές, θεῖος.

Νηλεῶς, Νηλειῶς, crudeliter, inhumaniter: cruelly. Choeph. 236. Apoll. 1. 610. SYN. Ἀνηλεῶς, ἀνοικτς, χᾱλέπς.

Νηληῖδς, and -ῖδς. See Νηλεῖδς.

Νηλῖς. See Νηλεῖς.

Νηλίτς, ου, Νηλίπους, πῶδς, ὁ, ἡ, discalceatus: barefooted. Νηλίπὸς οἰᾱνος Apoll. 3. 646. CE. C. 362. See Blomfield's Gl. in P. V. 248. SYN. Ἀνυπόδητς, ἀσανδᾱλός.

Νηλίπους. See above.

Νηλιτῖς, ἐς, ὁ, ἡ, non sceleratus, non defleccens ab officio: not wicked. Αἱ τῆ σ' ἀτιμάζουσι καὶ αἱ νηλιτῖς εἰσιν (spondaic) τ. 498. SYN. Ἀθῶς, ἀνατίς, ἄμεμπτς.

Νῆμᾱ, ἄτος, τὸ, filum: a thread. Orest. 1432. SYN. Μῖτς, λῖνόν. EP. Ἀράχναῖόν, λεπτόν, μᾱλάκόν.

Νημέρτεῖᾱ, ας, ἡ, veritas: truth, accuracy.

καὶ τῶνδ' ἐν νημέρτεϊ συμβαίνει χρόνον Trach. 176. SYN. Ἀλήθεϊα, τὸ ἀκριβές, βέβαιον, ἀπρέκεις.

Νημερτῶς, vere, accurate: truly, accurately. Νημερτέος (molossus) τὸν μῦθον ἐνισπῶ ε. 98. Νημερτής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, verus: true. Z. 376. SYN. Ἀληθής, ἀμεμπτός, ἀπρέκεις.

Νηνέμια, as, ἡ, tranquillitas aëris: freedom from wind, calmness of the air. Ἐπλέτο νηνέμῃ ε. 392. SYN. see Αἰθρα.

Νηνέμως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, venti vacuus, serenus: free from wind, serene, calm, quiet. Hec. 531. SYN. Εὐδίδος, γαλήνως, ἡσυχός.

Νηξίς, ἔως, ἡ, natatio: swimming. Νηξεῖ τεροπόμενος Batrach. 67. SYN. Τὸ νηκτόν.

Νησπόλως. See Ναυπόλας.

Νηός, Ion. pro Ναός, q. v.

Νηοσσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, naves servans: ship-preserving. Apoll. 1. 570.

Νηπενθής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, mœrore carens, serenus, lætus: free from sorrow, serene, joyful. δ. 221. SYN. Ἀνάληγτος, ἄλυτος, ἄλυπητος, ἀνώδυνος, ἀπέυπητος, ἀχόλως.

Νηπία, Νηπία, as, ἡ, infantia; stultitia: infancy; folly. Νηπίας ὀχέειν a. 297. I. 487. SYN. Μωρία, ἀφρόσυνη, ἀνοία.

Νηπιάχεω, Νηπιάχω, pueriliter vel stulte ago: to play the child, act foolishly. Παύσαντο τέ νηπιάχεων X. 502. Apoll. 1. 1212. SYN. Νηπία φρονέω.

Νηπιάχος, Νηπῶς, Νηπυῖος, α, ὁ, ὅν, infans; stultus: an infant, child; foolish. Παῖδα τέ νηπιάχων Z. 408. Androm. 753. Ἐπέεσσι γὰρ νηπυτίοισιν T. 211. SYN. Βρέφης, νεόνυος, μικρός.

Νηπιάχω. See Νηπιάχεω.

Νηπλεκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, intextus, incomptus, inornatus: untwisted, uncombed, unadorned. Bion. 1. 22. SYN. Ἀκομψός, ἀκτενιστός.

Νηπουνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nulla data satisfactio: unrewarded, gratuitous. a. 160. SYN. Ἀτίτος, Νηπυῖος. See Νηπιάχος.

Νηρεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, Nereus: a sea-god. Hes. Theog. 264. Ερ. Ἀγαυός, μέγας, γέρον, πόλιος, νημερτής, μεγάλωνυμος, δεῖος, αφευδής, ἀληθής. Νηρηίδες, ου, αἱ, Nereides: the Nereids, daughters of Nereus. Νηρηίδες ἦσαν Σ. 39. Ερ. Ἀθανάτοι, πῶνται, ἐλκεσίπτελοι, χρυσηλάκατοι.

Νήριθμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, innumerus: numberless. Νήριθμός ἐπ' αργῶν Theoc. 25. 57. SYN. Ἀνήριθμός, ἀνάριθμός, ἀπλήτος, νήριτος.

Νήρικός, ου, ἡ, Nericus: an island afterwards called Leucas. Νήρικόν εἶλον α. 376.

Νήριτόν, ου, τὸ, Neritum: a mountain in Ithaca. Νήριτόν ἐστίν ὄρος ν. 351. Ερ. Ἀρίπρεπες, ἐνδοσίφυλλον.

Νήριτός, ου, ὁ, Neritus: a hero. Νήριτός ηδὲ Πόλυκτωρ p. 207.

Νησαῖος, α, ὁ, ὅν, νησιώτης, ου; Νησιώτικος, ἡ, ὅν, insularis: of an island, insular. Troad. 190. Ἡ νησιώτην σποράδ' ἀκέκτηται βίον Rhés. 697. Androm. 1261.

Νησιώτης, &c. See above.

Νησός, ου, ἡ, insula: an island. Helen. 1676. Ερ. Ἐρημός, δόη, ἀμύμων, εὐκτιμένη, ὕλησσαν, αὐγυῖα, δεινρήσσαν, εὐσδύτος, ἐμφυλός, λαχεῖα, οὐοπληθής, πόλυπρος, σχοῖα, ἀμφίρρητη et ἀμφίρρητος, κράνα, πλωτή, ἱέρα, τηλεδαπή, αἰησσαν, ἀνθόδεσσά, ἐνάλια, πευκησσαν, δάλασσυπλαγκτός, ἐρημαία, δάλασσυπληκτός.

Νησσά, Νηττά, ης, ἡ, anas: a duck. Ἰδὲ πῶς νησσά κολυμβᾷ Anacr. 37. 5. Pax 969.

Νηστεύω, cibo abstineo: to fast. Av. 1519. SYN. Ἀσιτεῶ.

Νηστis, ἴος, ὁ, ἡ, jejunos: fasting, hungry. P. V. 590. SYN. Ἀσιτός, ἄκμητος.

Νητὸς, ἡ, ὅν, conglomeratus: heaped up. β. 338. SYN. Νῆνημῆος, ἐπασσύτερος, μεστός.

Νηττάριον, ου, τὸ, anaticula: a little duck.

Νηττάριον ἀν καὶ φάττιον ὑπέκρίζετο Plut. 1011.

Νηττά. See Νησσά.

Νηὺς. See Ναὺς.

Νήυτμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, halitus expers: breathless.

Κεῖται νήυτμος τέτελεσμένον Hes. Theog. 795. SYN. Ἄπνυτος, ἀψυχός, ἀνάπνευστος.

Νηφάλιος, α, ὁ, ὅν, sobrius: sober. Χῶας τ' αἰόλους νηφάλια μελιγμάτα Eumen. 107. SYN. Νήφων, αἰνός, ἀπυνός.

Νήφω, sobrius sum: to be sober. Lysist. 1228.

SYN. Γρηγόρεω.

Νήχυτός, ὅν, diffusissimus: well-spread. Νήχυτόν ὕδαρ Apoll. 3. 530. SYN. Ἀχύνετός.

Νήχω, vel Νήχουμαι, nato: to swim. ψ. 233. SYN. Κόλυμβᾶω, νέω.

Νήλαρός, ου, ὁ, genus modulaminis: a rower's tune. Νηλάρων σύριγγατον Acharn. 554.

Νίξω, lavo: to wash away. Iph. T. 1339. SYN. Ἀπυρίξω, λούω, νίπτω, κλύω, πλύνω, ἀποσμήχω.

Νικάω, Νίκημι, Νικηφόρεω, ἡσω, vinco, superior sum: to conquer, to be superior. Ανέρως αλφειοτὰς νικά ταχέεσσιν πόδεσσι ν. 261. Theoc. 7. 40. Bacch. 1136. SYN. Κράτῶ, ὑπέρῃχω, ἐκπύλῃμω. PHR. Νίκην καὶ ἀγλάδων εὐχὸς ἀρέσθαι, νικηφόρου δάρον τυχεῖν.

Νίκη, ης, ἡ, victoria: victory. Νικῶσά νίκην τίνα μάθειν χρῆξαι σέθεν Eur. Sup. 1070. SYN. Κράτος, εὐχός, ἐπαθλόν, ἀρίστειά, τρῶπαιδν, στέφανηφόρια. Ερ. Σεμνή, ου κακὸδοξός, ἐτεραλκίης, ἐνπλήμως, ἀγλή, ἀγέρωχος, ἡμέροσσαν, μεγάλωνυμος, κυδιάνερα, λυσιπύων, μεγάλκλῃς, ἱέρα, λαμπρά, πόλυγρηθής, περίκαλλής, ἐρικυδής, ἀναίμακτος, πόντια.

Νικητέος, ὅν, vincendus: must conquer. Bacch. 941. See above.

Νικητήριον, ου, τὸ, pramium victoriæ: the reward of victory. Αντί νικητηρίων Troad. 956. SYN. Ἄεθλόν, ἐπαθλόν.

Νικηφόρεω. See Νικάω.

Νικηφόρια, as, ἡ, victoria: victory. Nem. 2. 6. See Νίκη.

Νικηφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, victoriam afferens, victor: bringing victory, victorious. Choëph. 142. See Νίκη.

Νικίας, ου, ὁ, Nicias. Λευκός τις ἀν' ἐπήδησεν ὁμοῖος Νικία Eccles. 428.

Νικέουλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui in senatu vincit: victorious in the council. Τί δ' ἄλλο γ' εἰ μὴ νικέουλος ἐγένετο Eum. 615.

Νικῶδικη, ης, ἡ, Nicodice. Πέτου πέτου Νικῶδικῃ Lysist. 321. (Choriamb. dim.)

Νικῶχᾶς, ου, ὁ, Nicomachus. Ran. 1506. See Νίκη and Μάχη.

Νικόστρατος, ου, ὁ, Nicostratus. Νικόστρατος δ' αὖ φσιν Vesp. 81. See Νίκη.

Νιόβη, ης, ἡ, Niobe. Νιόβης Ἀδράστῳ πλησίον παρσάταται Phœn. 162. Ερ. Εὐκόμος, δύστηνος, παντλήμων, δακρύδεσσά, πέτρινα, λαίνα.

Νίπτρον, ου, τὸ, aqua ad lavandum: water to wash the hands or feet. Ion 1174. SYN. Ἀδέρτρον.

Νίπτω, ψω, lavo: to wash, bathe. Iph. T. 255. SYN. Ἀπυνίπτω, κλύω, μίξω, λούω.

Νιρεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, Nireus: one of the Grecian leaders at Troy. Νιρεὺς δὲ κάλλιστος ἄνθρωπος B. 673. PHR. Κάλλιστος Ἀχαιῶν.

Νίσσα, ἡς, ἡ, Nisa: a city in Boeotia. Νίσαν τε ᾤθεον B. 508.

Νισαῖος, ου, ὁ, Nisæus: of Nisæa. Νισαῖοι Μεγάροῦς Theoc. 12. 27.

Νίσος, ου, ὁ, Nisus. Νίσον Δουλιχίῃ σ. 126. PHR. Φαίδιμος υἱὸς Ἀρητιᾶδα ἀνακτοῦς.

Νισυρός, ου, ἡ, Nisurus: one of the Cyclades. Οἱ δ' ἄρα Νισυρόν τ' εἶχον B. 676.

Νισσῶμαι. See Νέδμαι.

Νιτρὼν, ου, τὸ, nitrum: nitre, mineral alkali. Πάντ' νίτρον καὶ φύκος Theoc. 15. 16.

Νίψας, ἀδός, ἡ; Νίψετος, ου, ὁ, nivalis imber: a fall of snow, shower. Λευκοπτέρω δὲ νίψαδι καὶ βροντήμασι P. V. 1029. δ. 566. SYN. Χιών, ψέκας, σπάγων. EP. Πικνὴ, χειμέρια, ταρφεῖα, χρυσέα, πολλή, ἁμαμακέτους, τρηχεῖα.

Νίψετος. See above.

Νιφῶδης, &c. See below.

Νιφῶδελος, Νιφῶδελος, ἡτύς, Νιφῶδελήτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Νιφῶεις, εσσα, ἐν; Νιφροσίτης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, nive cinctus, nivosus: snow-clad, snowy. Av. 952. Anthol. 9. 195. (Jacobs.) Opp. K. 1. 428. Θρησκῶν ὄρεα νιφῶντα Ξ. 227. Τοῦτο μὲν νιφροσίσεις Αἰ. 679.

Νιφῶεις. See above.

Νιφροσίτης. See above.

Νίφω, ψω, ningo: to snow. Νιφεμέν ανθρώποις M. 280. Νιφᾶδους ἐν πύλαις νιφόμενας Βρόμος Sept. Th. 198. (Double dochmia.)

Νῶεω, ἦσω, cogito, animadverto, intelligo: to think, perceive, consider, know. φ. 257. SYN. Εννῶεω, αισθάνομαι, ενθυμέομαι, φρονέω, λογίζομαι, ἐπιστάμαι, γινώσκω.

Νῶμα, ἄτος, τὸ, cogitatio, voluntas, consilium: thought, notion, will, resolution. ξ. 273. SYN. Ἐννοία, διανοία, σύνεσις, νόος, βουλή, γνώμη. EP. Εσθλὸν, κερδαλέον, γναμπτὸν, ωκὺ, ἀσουλὸν, ποικιλὸν, δεινὸν, πίνυτον, οὐράνιον.

Νόημων, ὄνως, (1) Noëmon; (2) prudens, intelligent: prudent, intelligent. E. 678. SYN. (2) Σύνετος, ἐμπειρὸς, μητίετης, πέπνυμένος, σώφρων, φρονίμος, ἐμφρων, ἀγχινῶδς.

Νῶθαγένης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ; Νῶθος, η, ὄν, spurius: illegitimate. Καὶ τέκνη νῶθαγενεῖ Androm. 904. 920. SYN. Σκῆτιος, ὑπόκλητος.

Νῶθεως, εἰα, ὄν, spurius datus: given to the illegitimate. Av. 1656.

Νῶθος. See Νῶθαγένης.

Νῶιδιον, ου, τὸ, cogitatio, uincula: a little thought. Βουλευμάτων καὶ γναμνιδίων καὶ νῶιδίων Eq. 100.

Νῶμαίη, ἡς, ἡ, Nomæa. Μήτηρ δὲ Νῶμαίη Theoc. 27. 41.

Νῶμας, ἄδος, ἐν pascuis versatus; gregalis: engaged in pastures; herding. Νῶμαδὲς ἀκούει δ' οὐδὲν Cycl. 120.

Νῶμέωμαι, dilanio, discerpo: to tear to pieces. Theoc. 26. 24. SYN. Διαιμοιράωμαι, διασπάρασσω, δρύπτωμαι, διαρπάσσω.

Νῶμευμά, ἄτος, τὸ, grex pecorum: a flock, herd. Agam. 1389.

Νῶμευς, ἔως, ὁ, pastor: a shepherd, herdsman. Ξ. 525. SYN. Βύτης, ποιμὴν, μηλόδότηρ, μηλόνομος, αιπόλος, βοικόλος, σὺβώτης, ἐπιδεούκολος. EP. Κάκος, χρυσείος, λίγυφθογγός.

Νῶμεω, 'pasco: to feed or tend. Theoc. 1. 14. SYN. Νέω, νέμεω, βόσκω, ποιμαίνω.

Νῶμή, ἡς, ἡ, partitio; pascuum, pastus: a division; a pasture. Cycl. 61. SYN. Νῶμος,

πρόνυμη, πῶα, βίος. EP. Αμφίβιος, ἀνθήμεσσα, ὁρεοσίβωτος.

Νῶμιζω, ἰω, (1) usu, consuetudine sancio: to establish by usage; (2) puto, arbitror: to think. Theoc. 24. 95. SYN. (2) Δοκέω, οἶμαι, οἴμαι, οἶδομαι, ἡγήσομαι, ὑπολαβέσθαι, λογιζομαι.

Νῶμιμος, η, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) usitatus, legitimus: customary, legal; (2) justus: just. EN ευσέβει γούν νῶμιμά μὴ κλέπτειν νέκρων Helen. 1276. SYN. Δίκαιος, ἐννόμος, εἰσισημένος.

Νῶμιος, α, ὄν, et ὁ, ἡ, pastoralis: pastoral, an epithet of Apollo. See Voss. Virg. Georg. p. 53. and Spanheim in 1. c. Φοῖβον καὶ Νῶμιον Call. 2. 47.

Νῶμισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, (1) mos receptus: an established custom; (2) numisma: a coin. Eur. fr. Oedip. 5. 3. SYN. Ἐθός; (2) κέρμα, ἀργύριον.

Νῶμος, ὄν, ὁ, paseum, sedes: a pasture; an abode. Z. 511. SYN. see Νῶμή.

Νῶμος, ου, ὁ, mos; lex; cantilena: a custom; a law; a tune. Hec. 835. SYN. Θεσμός, θεμιτός, δίκη, τὸ νόμιμον, ἔθος, μέλος. EP. Ἰσός, βακχεῖος, κοινός, πάτριος, παλαιός, γῶερὸς, ἀρχαῖος, ἀσφάλης, βάρβαρος, ἀσπονδός, ἀπηγής, ἀγραπτός, καθάρως, σόφος, ὑψίπους.

Νῶς, νοὺς, ὄν, οὐ, ὁ, mens: mind, resolution. Δ. 309. SYN. Φρήν, γνώμη, φροντίς, διανοία, πράσις, θάρσος. EP. Λεπτός, οὐ βέλαιος, ἐλευθέρος, τὰχὺς, ἀγᾶθος, δολέρος, νημερτής, τλήμων, καρτέρως, ἐναίσιμος, ἀπαρηγότος, πικίνος, πίνυτος, ἀγναπτός, ἀποφάλιος, πιστός, κοῦφος, ἐλαφρὸς, σῶφος, εσθλός, θεοῦδης, πρόφρων, ἐμπέδως, ἀφραστὸς, κραπινός, ἀτρώμος, ἀπληστός, πόλυκερδής, ἀκλήλυτος.

Νῶσέρος, ἂ, ὄν; Νῶσῶδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, morbidus, morbosus: sick, pestilential. Orest. 1014. Eur. Sup. 433. SYN. Ασθενής.

Νῶσῶ, ἦσω, ægroto; sanam mentem non habeo: to be ill; to be disordered in intellect. Trach. 435. SYN. Ασθενέω, ἀρρωστέω, μάλ᾽ ἀκί-ζομαι. PHR. Ἀγρία νῶσφ συντήκομαι.

Νῶσῆλεϊα, ας, ἡ; Νῶσῆμα, ἄτος, τό; Νῶσος, Ion. Νοσός, ου, ἡ, morbus: a disease, disaster. Philoct. 39. Orest. 874. 10. A. 10. SYN. Κάματος, ἀσθενεία, ἀρρωστία. EP. Αισχίστη, ἄγρια, μᾶνις, δυσκλήης, δεινὴ, κρυφαία, ἐκουσία, ἐχθίστη, γυναικεῖος, μέγαλη, ἀνδραγῆτος, στήγερᾶ, ἀργαλέα, δολιχὴ, ἀνδρόφονος, θεοστυγός, λυγρὰ, ἀνῆκεστος, δερμὴ, κρυερά, πικρὰ, πόλυπμων, μὲγερᾶ, λυσσῶδης, δυσίατος.

Νῶσημα. See above.

Νῶσος. See above.

Νῶσῶδης. See Νῶσέρος.

Νοστέω, ἦσω, redeo; proficiscor: to return; to go. Apoll. 2. 352. SYN. Ἀπνοστέω, ἀνέρχομαι, ἐπ' ἀνέρχομαι, νέδμαι, νείδμαι, νείσσομαι, ὑποστρέφωμαι, πᾶρεῖμαι, ἀναχωρέω.

Νόστιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui redire potest; commodus, jucundus: returning; advantageous, pleasant. Νοστήμω σωτηρία Agam. 1209.

Νόστος, ου, ὁ, reditus; peregrinatio: a return; a journey. Pers. 8. SYN. Καθόδος, ἀναστροφή, κέλευθος. EP. Πρεμνήτης, πικρὸς, κάκος, πονηρὸς, δύσνοστος, ἀθλός, ἀπῆμων, μέλιθῶδης, γλυκεῖς, γλυκερός, ψευδώνυμος.

Νόσφιν, Νόσφι, adv., seorsim: apart, away from. Νόσφιν ἐρκοί Theoc. 7. 127. Νόσφι καθήμεναι Δ. 9. SYN. Χωρίς, δίχα, ἐκτός, ἀπ' οὐνοσφί, λαθρα.

Νοσφίζω, ἴσω, Attice ἰῶ, separo; fraudo; desero: to separate; to rob; to leave. Philoct. 1427. SYN. Χαρίζω, διαίρω, ἀφρίζω, διίστημι.
 Νῶτέρως, Νῶτιός, α, ὄν, humidus, lacrymosus: dewy, wet, tearful. Iph. T. 1043. Τὸτ' ἐμὲν νῶτιαν στείχων πρὸς ὁδὸν Av. 1398. SYN. Ἰγρὸς, δῖερὸς, δῖυγρὸς.
 Νῶτέω, madeo: to be wet. Call. Ep. 54. 2. SYN. Νῶτίζομαι, ὑγραίνομαι, βρέχδομαι.
 Νῶτία, as; Νῶτις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, humiditas, humor: moisture, water. Νῶτιήσι τέ εἰαρινῆσιν Θ. 307. Κάτ' ἀντρ' ἃ πόντος νῶτιδι διακλύζει μέλας Iph. T. 107. SYN. Ψάκας, ἱκμάς, ὑγρότης. Ep. Ποντία, καλλιπότημους, δροσώδης, τὰχεῖα, θάλασσια.
 Νῶτίζω, humecto, madefacio: to wet, moisten. Thesm. 857. SYN. Ἰγραίνω, βρέχω.
 Νῶτιός, α, ὄν. See Νῶτέρως.
 Νῶτις. See Νῶτία.
 Νῶτός, ου, ὁ, Notus: the south wind. Γ. 10. Ep. Αργέστης, ἀλληκτος, δεινός, κραυγνόςσῶτος, χειμερίως, δῖερὸς.
 Νουθεσιός, ἡ, ὄν, sapientia plenus, prudens: full of wisdom. Πράγμ' ἐφη νουθεστικόν Eccles. 441. SYN. Σὺνέτος, φρόνιμος, σόφος, δαίφρων.
 Νουθεστικῶς, prudenter: prudently. Καὶ νουθεστικῶς Vesp. 1294. SYN. Σὺνέτως, φρόνιμος.
 Νουθεσία, as, ἡ; Νουθετήμα, ἄτος, τό; Νουθετήσις, ἔως, ἡ, admonitio, castigatio: admonition, reproof. Δεξιότητος καὶ νουθεσίας Ran. 1040. Soph. El. 345. Herc. F. 1247. SYN. Πάραίνεσις, παιδευσις, διδαγμά, ἀνάμνησις, κέλευσμα. Ep. Μάκρὰ, ἀγάθῃ.
 Νουθετέω, ἡσω, admoneo: to advise, recommend. Orest. 290. SYN. Πάραίνω, ἀνάμνησκω, παιδεύω, διδάσκω, τιμωρέω.
 Νουθετήμα, Νουθετήσις. See Νουθεσία.
 Νουθετητέος, ὄν, admonendus, castigandus: must be advised, reproofed. Ion 439.
 Νουμηνία, as, ἡ, novilunium: new moon. Ἰν' αἰ δέουσι γίνοντο τῇ νουμηνίᾳ Nub. 1197. SYN. Ἰερόμηνια.
 Νουνέχης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, prudens, sapiens: sensible, wise. Dan. 48. SYN. Εμφρων, δαίφρων, σὺνέτος, φρόνιμος.
 Νοῦς. See Νῶος.
 Νοῦσός, Ion. pro Νῶσός, q. v.
 Νυκτερείσις, Νυκτερίνός, ἡ, ὄν; Νύκτερός, ου, ὁ, nocturnus: nightly, dark. Ἐργά νυκτερείσια Thesm. 204. Φυλάκῃν κατ' ἄλγεον νυκτερίνην διδάσκομαι Vesp. 2. Agam. 4. SYN. Νυχίος, ἐννυχίος, ἐπτερίος, νυκτωπός, ἐννυχίος, νυκτερωπός, σκῶτεινός, σκῶτιός.
 Νυκτερίνός. See above.
 Νυκτερίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, noctua: an owl. Χαιρέφωντι νυκτερίς Av. 1296.
 Νυκτερός. See Νυκτερείσις.
 Νυκτερωπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ater: dark-faced, gloomy. Herc. F. 111. SYN. Νυκτωπός.
 Νυκτηγῶρεω, noctu proclamo aut congreco: to proclaim or collect by night. Sept. Th. 29.
 Νυκτηγῶρία, as, ἡ, nocturna proclamatio: a nocturnal harangue. Νυκτηγῶριαν οὐκ οἰσθὰ δῶρός Rhes. 20.
 Νυκτηρέφης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, nocte occultus: concealed by night. Agam. 445.
 Νυκτιέρῳμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, noctu strepens: sounding in the night. Ποῖμνι νυκτιέρῳμου Rhes. 553.
 Νυκτιπλάγκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui noctu errare facit: causing to wander in the night. Agam. 321. See Νυκτισμενός.

Νυκτιπῶλος, Νυκτιφοίτος, Νυκτιπείριπλάνητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, noctivagus: wandering or coming by night. Ion 1049. P. V. 678. Acharn. 263. See below. SYN. Νυκτιφαντός.
 Νυκτισμενός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nocte venerandus: grand by night. Καὶ νυκτισμενὰ δέιν' ἐπ' εσχάρῃ πύρος Eumen. 108.
 Νυκτιφαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nocte visus: appearing by night. Helen. 569. See above.
 Νυκτιφοίτος. See Νυκτιπῶλος.
 Νυκτιφρούρητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nocturnis praesidiis custodiens vel custoditus: guarding or guarded by nocturnal forces. Νυκτιφρουρήτῃ θράσει P. V. 886.
 Νυκτιπείριπλάνητος. See Νυκτιπῶλος.
 Νυκτωπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, noctis faciem habens, ater: night-faced, dark, nightly. Iph. T. 1280. SYN. see Νυκτερείσις.
 Νύκτωρ, noctu: by night. Nub. 173. SYN. Νυκτός, παννυχίον, ἐν νυκτὶ.
 Νυμφάγωγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sponsam ab aedibus paternis ad sponsum deducit: one who conducts the bride to her husband's home. Iph. A. 610. See Ἀγώγος. SYN. Νυμφόκῳμος, πρόμνηστρια.
 Νυμφεῖος, Ion. Νυμφήϊος, ου; Νυμφιδίος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Νυμφικός, ἡ, ὄν, nuptialis: bridal. In the neuter, νυμφεῖον signifies marriage, and in the passage quoted, the abstract being put for the concrete, it denotes a bride. Αλλά κτενεῖς νυμφεῖα τοῦ σαυτοῦ τέκνον Antig. 574. Call. 4. 118. Παιδων δὲ νύσους καὶ νυμφιδίους Alcest. 906. Mem. 1134.
 Νύμφευμά, ἄτος, τὸ, nuptiae: marriage. Phoen. 1219. SYN. Γάμος, ὑμεναῖος, νυμφεῖον.
 Ep. Κάλδον, γνήσιον, αἰσχρὸν, ἀνδρῶν.
 Νυμφευτής, ου, ὁ, sponsus, maritus: a bridegroom, husband. Ion 912. SYN. Πάρανύμφιος, ἐννήτωρ, ἀλόχος, q. v.
 Νυμφευτήριον, ου, τὸ, concubitus: the rite of marriage. Σκῶτι νυμφευτήρια Troad. 256.
 Νυμφευτρία, as, ἡ, pronuba: an attendant on a bride. See J. Pollux 3. and Plut. Lycurg. p. 3. Εστὶν ἡ νυμφευτρία Acharn. 1056.
 Νυμφεῖω, nuptum do; med. sponsam accipio: to give in marriage; to receive as wife. Alcest. 314. SYN. Μνηστεύω, γάμω.
 Νύμφη, Νύμφα, ης, ἡ, (1) sponsa: a betrothed damsel; (2) nova nupta: a bride; (3) nurus: a daughter-in-law; and (4) Νύμφαι, nymphae, semideae femineam speciem habentes, quas veteres fingebant praesesse nemoribus, fontibus, arboribus, montibus, &c.: the Nymphs. Vid. Lennep. Etym. Ling. Gr. in v. Νύμφη, et Steph. Thes. t. ii. p. 1094=p. 6437. et Damm. in P. R. Hec. 352. Δεῦρ' ἴθι νύμφα φίλη Γ. 130. SYN. (1) Κόρη, παρθένος, μνηστή, (2) νύος. Ep. (1) Βαθύκολλος, ἐλικώπης, νῆα, καλλιπάρης, ἀμύμων, ουρεία, ευκλής, ἀποδλεπτός, ἐράτωπης, ἡκόδμος, ἀνμυφός, περικαλλής, καλλίσφυρος, ἡμέροεσσά, κτάνοφρος, πόντις, ἐπλόκαμος, (4) Δεῖα, ἐπιπομένεν, ἀγρόνμοιο, κοῦραι Διὸς, λίγυμολποι, Νηιάδες, Ὀρεστιάδες, Χορήθῆες, Νηιδές, ακούθαι, ὄρειαι, Ἰδαίαι, πέτραιαι, ῥοδόπηχεές, ἐράτειναι, ἀκοίμητοι, δειναὶ Δεαὶ ἀγρωῖταις, Αλσηιδές, Δηλιάδες, Ἐσπερίδές, Θεσσαλιδές, Καστάλιδές, Κωρύκαι, Κρηνιδές, κρηναίαι, Λιμναδές, ἐλειονόμοι, Μελίαι, Πιότῳιδές.
 Νυμφήϊον, Ion. pro Νυμφεῖον, ου, τὸ, thalamus nuptialis: the bridal chamber. Φίλιρς νυμφήϊον Call. 4. 118. Antig. 903. SYN. Θαλάμος, λέκτρον.

Νυμφίος. See Νυμφεύς.

Νυμφιδίος, Νυμφικός. See Νυμφεύς.

Νυμφίος, ου, ὁ, (1) sponsus, maritus: a spouse, husband; (2) desponsatus: betrothed, married. Νυμφιδιον εν μεγάρῳ H. 65. SYN. (1) Νεγγάμος, μνηστήρ. EP. Γέρων, ἀριστὸς, ἐπίτηρος, ευπρέπης.

Νυμφόκλαυτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sponsi defletus: lamented by brides. Agam. 726.

Νυμφόκομῶ, ἥσω, sponsam orno: to deck or attend to a bride. Med. 981.

Νυμφόκομος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ministra sponsæ (de sensu hujus vocis parum liquet; vid. Reisk. Musgr. et Markl. in l. c.): bride-adorning. Iph. A. 1087. SYN. see Νυμφάγωγος.

Νυμφότιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sponsam honorans: bride-honouring. Agam. 685. See Τιμή.

Νυν, (2) Νυν, (1) nunc: now, at this time; (2) igitur: then, therefore. Δηῖος εν πόλεμῳ νυν αὐτῇ E. 117. ἴστω νυν ευκλῆς γέ κατθανουμένη Alcist. 151. On the quantity of Νυν the enclitic, see Monk, Mus. Crit. i. p. 73. and Alcist. 1096.

Νύξ, νυκτός, ἡ, nox: night. A. 183. SYN. Ευφρόνη, ὄρφη, σκότος. EP. Ὀδὰ, ἀμειρόσια, δυνόφερὰ, δολίχη, δυσκηδής, θῖδὰ, κάκη, μέλαινα, ὀρφανὰ, αὐπνός, ἐρεμνί, ἐρέεσεννί, ἀερότη, ἀμειρότος, ἀμφιλύκη, δαμόνια, δημειρά, κελαινῇ, μακρά, σκότομήνιος, σκότια, πόντια, λυγαία, ἱέρα, ἀσέληνος, ἀστέρωπος, δῖα, δολία, λευγάλεα, στυγερὰ, χειμερία, μελαγχίμος, αὐλόχρως. PHN. Νυκτός ἀφεγγές βλεφάρων, νυκτός ὁμὰ λυγαίας, μεσόνυκτιός ὦρα, κυανόπεπλος ὀμύχλη, σκότεινον νυκτός ἄρμα. See also Apoll. 3. 743—749.

Νύος, οὗ, ἡ, nurus, filii uxor; fratris uxor: a daughter-in-law; a brother's wife. Ἐλκόμενας τέ νύος X. 65.

Νύσᾶ. See the second Νύσᾶ.

Νύσσᾶ, ης, ἡ, meta: the pillar round which the candidates for curule fame were obliged to drive at the Olympic games. Ἡ τὸ γέ νύσσᾶ τέτυκτο Ψ. 332.

Νύσᾶ, vel Νύσᾶ, ης, ἡ, Nysa: the name of several ancient cities, and also of one of the tops of Parnassus. Cycl. 68. Νυ in Νύσᾶ longa, ut in Lat. Nysa: Vexant et dominis Cirrhæ Nysæque feruntur. EP. Ὠρητρόφος, δρόσέρᾶ, βόρειᾶς.

Νυσσῆϊος vel Νυσῆϊος, Νύσσιος vel Νύσιος, α, ὦν, Nysæus: of Nyssa, or Nysa. Ran. 215. Aj. 708. See above. Νυσσῆϊον is used as the name of a mountain, Z. 133.

Νύσσω, Νύττω, ξω, pungo, fodico: to pierce, stab, wound, jog. A. 252. SYN. Παίω, κεντέω, διατῶρω.

Νυστάζω, nuto, dormito: to nod, doze, sleep, loiter. Av. 638. SYN. Βρίζω, ὑπνώσσω, βράδυνω.

Νυστακτής, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dormitans: dozing. Vesp. 12.

Νυχῆα, as, ἡ, Nychia: the name of a nymph. Ἐαρ θ' ὀρώσᾶ Νυχῆα Theoc. 13. 45.

Νυχευμά, ἄτος, τὸ, nocturnæ vigiliæ, pervigilium: night-watching. Ποῦ νυχευμάτων χάρις Eur. Sup. 1146. Others read λόχευμάτων.

Νυχεύω, pernocto, vigilo: to watch all night. Τὸν συν νυχέσαι τοῦ τέταγμένου δίχα Rhes. 516. SYN. Παννυχῖος φύλασσω, νυκτερίζω, αὐλίζομαι.

Νυχίος, α, ὦν, nocturnus: nocturnal, darksome. Μίγεις νυχίᾳ κατὰ Τάρταρον ευρύν Av. 698. SYN. Νυκτερινός.

Νωδός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, edentulus: toothless. Acharn. 620.

Νωδυνία, as, ἡ, indolentia: exemption from pain. Νωδυνίαν κατέχευε μέλων Theoc. 17. 63.

Νωδύνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, doloris expers: painless, pleasant. Nem. 8. 84. See above. SYN. Ἀλυπτός, ἀλύπττος, ἀνωδύνος, ἀνάλγητος.

Νωθός, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ; Νωθρός, ἂ, ὦν, tardus, segnis: slow, sluggish. Herc. F. 815. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat Jacobs. Anthol. 7. 408: 9. 201. SYN. Νωχέλης, βράδυσ, αργός, ὀκνηρός, ἀσθένης, ἄελλαχρός.

Νωλέμες, Νωλέμεως, adsidue: constantly. I. 317. N. 3. SYN. Συνέχεες, συνέχως.

Νωμάω, ἥσω, tribuo, agito, verso, dirigo: to distribute, move, consider, direct. F. 218. SYN. Νέμω, κινῶ, παρέχω, κρίνω, διαμερίζω, ἀπομερίζω, διαμερίζω, κύβερνάω.

Νάνυμος, Νάνυδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ignobilis, inglorius: one without name, inglorious. Θεοῖ νάνυμον ἔθηκαν α. 222. Οὕτω νάνυμος ἐστίν ν. 239. SYN. Ἀνάνυμος, ἀτιμός, ἀσάφης, ἀδοξός.

Νάρωψ, ὄπτος, fulgidus, fulgens: bright, shining. Νάρωπα χαλκόν B. 578. SYN. Λαμπρός, αἰθοψ, σιγᾶλδεις.

Νωτάκιον, ὄντος, incudem in tergo gerens: having an anvil on the back. Νωτάκιονες ἀγκυλόχηλοι Batrach. 285.

Νωτιάδος, αἰα, ὦν, ad tergum pertinens: of the back. Εἰς σφονδύλους ἐπαῖσε νωτιάῳ δέ Eurip. El. 841.

Νωτίζω, ἴσω, (1) tergum verto: to turn the back; (2) tego: to cover. Androm. 1130. SYN. Εντροπάλιζομαι.

Νῶτον, ου, τό; Νῶτος, ου, ὁ, (see Μᾶρις. Atticist. p. 269.) tergum, humerus, dorsum: a back, shoulder, ridge. Νῶτὰ δάλασσης B. 159. Athen. 13. p. 580. habet τὸν νῶτον, sed Schweigh. legit τὸ ν. SYN. Μετάφρενον. EP. Ευρύ, πῶν, διηνέκες, ὑπὸπτερόν, ῥυσόν, χαλκεῶν, κελαινόν, ἑσπερόν, ἀστέροειδές, ἀλκήν, βριάρον, εὐλόφον.

Νωχέλης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, imbecillus, piger: weak, lazy. Orest. 791. SYN. see Νωθός.

Νωχέλια, as, ἡ, tarditas: slowness, weakness. Βράδυτῆτι τέ νωχέλιῃ τε T. 411. SYN. Ασθενεία, αργία.

Ξ.

Ξαίνω, ἄνω, pecto, carmino: to comb, tear, lacerate. Orest. 12. SYN. Ἀναξαίνω, κτενίζω, σαρνεύω, νήθω.

Ξανθίας, ου, ὁ, Xanthias. Οὕτω μὲν εἰσώμεν ἀγέ δὴ Ξανθία Av. 656.

Ξανθιδόν, ου, τὸ, dimin. a Ξανθίας, Pretty Xanthias. Ὡ Ξανθιδίον καὶ πῶς ἀν Αλκμήνης ἐγὼ Ran. 582.

Ξανθίζω, flavum reddo: to make yellow. Acharn. 1047. SYN. Πυρρίζω, κοσμέω.

Ξανθίππη, ης, ἡ, Xanthippe. Anacr. 167.

Ξάνθιππος, ου, ὁ, Xanthippus. Nub. 64.

Ξάνθιαμα, ἄτος, τὸ, ipsa actio reddendi flavum, tinctura: a dying of an auburn colour. Eur. fr. Dan. 5. 2.

Ξανθοῖρις, τρίχος, Ξανθοκύρης, ου, Ξανθοκύριος, ὁ, ἡ, flavos capillos habens: auburn-haired. Ξανθοτρίχι παρ Μένελάῳ Theoc. 18. 1. Oppian. K. 3. 24. Theoc. 17. 103.

Ξανθοκύμους, et -ης. See above.

Ξάνθος, ου, δ, ἡ, et ἡ, ὄν, (1) Xanthus: (α) the Scamander, a river in Lycia; (β) the name of a noble Trojan; (γ) also the name of a horse belonging to Hector; (2) flavus, fuscus: yellow, brown, auburn. T. 74. B. 642. EP. (α) Βά-
θουδ' ἡνεις, δι' ἡνεις, μέγας, εὐρρεΐτης, Ἰδαίος; (β)
τηλὸ γένος. SYN. (2) Πυρρός, ἐρυθραῖος, ξανθό-
θριξ, ξανθοκύμος, ξανθοχρως, ξουθός.

Ξανθοχρῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, flavum colorem habens:
yellow-coloured. Δεμας ξανθοχρῶν ἐσκεν Mosch.
2. 84. SYN. see Ξανθός (2).

Ξεινίζω, Ξεινήιον, et alias formas Ionicas a Ξ
incipientes, vid. in Ξενίζω, Ξεινέιον, &c.

Ξειναγέτης, ου, δ, hospitum exceptor et deductor
ad locum convivii: one who introduces
guests. Nem. 7. 63. See Πόδαγος.

Ξενάπατης, et Ion. Ξεινάπατης, ου, δ, ἡ, qui
decipit hospites: deceiving guests. Δύμω δα-
μαρτα ξενάπατης ἐλήσατο Troad. 859. Med.
1389.

Ξενάρκειος, ὄν, et Ξεναρκής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, hospites
defendens ab injuria aut inopia, hospitibus suffi-
cienter praebens: kind to strangers, hospitable.
Pyth. 8. 26. Nem. 4. 18.

Ξενηλάτew, ἡσω, peregrinos expello: to drive
out foreigners. Ξενηλάτουνται καὶ κέκινυνται
tines Av. 1013.

Ξενία aut Ξεινία, as, et Ξενόσυνη aut Ξεινό-
συνη, ης, ἡ, exceptio hospitibus, hospitium: hospi-
tality. Ξενίας τ' ἀριθμὸν πρῶτος Hec. 782. Αρχὴν
Ξεινόσυνης φ. 350. EP. Προσκηδής.

Ξενίζω, Ion. Ξεινίζω, f. ἴσω, Ξενόδοχεω, et
Ξενῶ, hospitio excipio: to receive hospitably.
Acharn. 127. Γ. 207. Alcest. 568. Hipp. 1088.
SYN. Φιλόφρονέω, ὑποδέχομαι.

Ξενικός, ἡ, ὄν, peregrinus, exterus: foreign.
Παύσας ὕμνος ξενικοῖσι λόγοις Acharn. 609. SYN.
Αλλοτρίος, ξένος, ἑπακτός, αλλοδαπός, τηλέ-
δαπός.

Ξενίος, Ion. Ξεινίος, α, ὄν, ad hospitum vel
peregrinum pertinens, hospitalis: of strangers,
hospitable. Ξενίη τέ τράπεζα ξ. 158. ι. 271.

Ξεινόν, Ion. ξεινόν, and ξεινήιον, lautium, are
used as substantives, δωρὸν being understood.
SYN. Ξενόδοχος.

Ξενόδακτης, ου, δ, hospitum intersector: a
murderer of guests. Herc. F. 390.

Ξενόδαίτης, ου, δ, epulatur hospitum: a de-
vourer of guests. Cycl. 652. SYN. Ξενοκτόνος,
ξενόφονος, et ξενόδακτης. PHR. Ὁ ξένων δαιτύ-
μων.

Ξενόδοκος, Ion. Ξεινόδοκος. See Ξενίος.

Ξενόδοχεω. See Ξενίζω.

Ξεινέως, εσσά, ἐν, hospitum plenus: crowded
with guests or strangers. Iph. T. 1282.

Ξενοκλῆς, ἔος, δ, Xenocles. Ὁ δὲ Ξενοκλῆς
ἐξέλοιτο νῆ Δία Ran. 86.

Ξενοκτόνέω, Ξενόφονος, ου, δ, ἡ, hospites truci-
do: to murder guests or foreigners. Ῥάδιον ξενοκτό-
νεῖν Hec. 1229. Iph. T. 1022.

Ξενοκτόνος, Ξενόφονος, ου, δ, ἡ, hospites truci-
dans: guest-destroying. *Ὦν ἔχω ξενοκτόνον Iph.
T. 53. 776. SYN. Ξενόδακτης.

Ξενός, Ion. Ξεινός, η, ὄν, peregrinus, exter-
nus; hospes: foreign, strange; a foreign friend,
a foreigner. Med. 616. Z. 215. SYN. Πρόξενός,
ξενίος. EP. Πάτρφός, ἐκδημός, αλλοχρως, φίλος,
τάλαίρωρος, πάλας, αἰοδός, αλλοδαπός, δύστηνος,
τάλαπείριος, ἀλωμένος, πάλαιος, τηλεδαπός, ἀπισ-
τός, λαμπρός. PHR. Κοίνης τράπεζης τύχων.

Ξενόστασις, ἔως, ἡ, locus in quem recipiuntur
hospites vel peregrini: a place of reception for
strangers or guests. Ξεινῶν ἐδραν λάβοιμι καὶ
ξενόστασιν (E. C. 90. SYN. Ξενόδοχεῖον.

Ξενόσυνη, Ion. Ξεινόσυνη. See Ξενία.

Ξενότιμος, ου, δ, ἡ, hospites honorans: guest-
honouring. Καὶ ξενότιμους Eumen. 550.

Ξενόφονέω. See Ξενοκτόνέω.

Ξενόφονος. See Ξενοκτόνος.

Ξενῶ, ὥσω. See Ξενίζω.

Ξενῶν, ὧνός, δ, cubiculum hospitale: a re-
ceptacle for strangers or guests, a guest-chamber
or apartment. Alcest. 563. SYN. Ξενόστασις,
πανδρόχειον, ξενόδοκεῖον.

Ξέρωσις, ἔως, ἡ, rerum novarum effectio:
estrangement. Herc. Fur. 965. SYN. see
Μανία.

Ξέρξης, ου, δ, Xerxes. Pers. 5. PHR. Βά-
σιλεὺς Δαρείω γένος, πολυάνδρου Ἀσίας Δουρίους
ἀρχων, πολὺ χειρὶ καὶ πολὺ ναύτης.

Ξέρρος, ἀ, ὄν, siccus: dry; Ξέρων, subst., litus:
the dry shore. ε. 402. SYN. Σκληρός, σχερὸς,
χέρως.

Ξεστός, ἡ, ὄν, politus, bene rasus et planatus:
polished, smooth. Alcest. 852. SYN. Λεῖδς,
εὐξεστός, εὐξοός.

Ξῶ, ἔω, rado, polio, scalpo: to scrape, polish,
carve. Δεχθὺς ἐξέω φ. 199. SYN. Ἀποξέω, ξύω,
ξυρέω, κνῶω, κνίζω, τεκταίνωμαι, ξαίνω.

Ξηραίνω, ἀνώ, siccio, arefacio: to make dry,
drain, wither. Cycl. 571. SYN. Αναίνω, περ-
σαίνω, τέρω, εξικμάζω, σκέλλω, ισχνάινω.

Ξηρός, ἀ, ὄν, aridus, siccus, torridus: parched,
dry, withered. Orest. 383. SYN. Ἀνάλῆδς,
αζαλέδς, ξέρως, χέρως.

Ξιπθόμακαιρά, as, ἡ (barbara ratio pronunciandi
Ξιπθόμαχαῖρά), ensis et gladius: a sword which
can be used also as a sabre. Τὸ ξιπθόμακαιρῶν
ἀποκτενοῖ τοὺς Thesm. 1127.

Ξιφήρης, ἔος, Ξιφηφόρος, ου, δ, ἡ, gladio ar-
matus: armed with a sword. Σὺ δ' ὅς ξιφήρης
τῇδ' ἐρεδρεῖνεις κόρη Orest. 1644. Helen. 1072.
SYN. Μάχαροφόρος.

Ξιφηφόρος. See above.

Ξιφίδιον, ου, τὸ, gladiolus, pugio: a dagger.
Μῆτε ξιφίδιον κτήσθουμι περίεαριδας Lysist. 53.
SYN. Εγχειρίδιον.

Ξιφόδηλητος, Ξιφκτόνός, ου, δ, ἡ, ense per-
ditus: sword-destroyed. Μεγάλα χεῖρω ξιφόδη-
λήτω Agam. 1506. Helen. 353.

Ξιφκτόνός. See above.

Ξιφός, ἔος, τὸ, ensis, gladius, sica: a sword,
dagger. Μητέρᾳ κατεργάσαντ' οὐκ ὀκνῶ ξίφει
Iph. T. 1173. SYN. Ἄδρ, κόπης, μάχαιρᾳ, φάσ-
γανόν, σιδήρως. EP. Μελανδέτων, πρὶς κοπὴν,
φόνιον, αἰματτηρὸν, ὄρκιον, κελαινόν, μέλειν, δις-
τόμον, δηκτόν, ἀμφηκῆς, σιδήρεον, δίπαλτον,
λάθραϊον, ἀμφιτόνον, κοπιήεν, μέγα, ἀμφιγυῖον,
τάνυηκῆς, ἀργυρόηλόν, οξὺ, βριῖρόν, χάλκεόν,
λαμμητόμον, ὀδόν, ποδέρων, γυμνόν, αἰνόν, χαλ-
κότερόν, λευρόν, μόνωφόν, ἀμφιχρυσόν, δίδον.

Ξιφουλκός, οὐ, δ, ἡ, gladium stringens: sword-
drawing. Eumen. 595. See above.

Ξιφουργός, οὐ, δ, gladiorum fabricator: a
sword-maker. Pax 547. See Ξίφος.

Ξιδῶν, ου, τὸ, opus sculptile, sculptum simu-
lacrum (vid. Steph. Thes. t. ii. p. 1130.=c.
6486., et Lennep. Etym. Ling. Gr. in v.): carved
work, an image, a statue. Κλεπτοῦτες ἐκ γῆς
ξιδῶν καὶ δῆπνους Iph. T. 1360. SYN. see
Ἄγαλμα. EP. Ἰέρων, χρυσεόν, αὐτόματον, σὺκί-
X 4

νόν, ἀρτίγλυφές, αὐτόφλοιον, τρισκέλες, ἀνούατον, λαμπρόν, λιπαρόν.

Ξουθόπτερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, flavus alas habens : yellow-winged. Herc. F. 485.

Ξουθός, ἡ, ὅν, flavus : yellow. Iph. T. 165. SYN. Ξανθός, q. v.

Ξυγγάμις. Ξύν et voces cum ea compositas videsis in Ξύν et vocibus cum ea compositis.

Ξυλινός, ἡ, ὅν, ligneus : wooden, of wood. Φέρ' ἰδω τί δαί τὰ ξυλινὰ τοῦ τεύχους τίνες Av. 1153. SYN. Δοράτεις, Ion. Δουράτεις.

Ξυλόν, ου, τὸ, lignum, numella : wood, a log, pillory. Βωμὸν περί νήσαντες ἀμφήρη ξύλα Herc. F. 243. SYN. Δόρυ. Ep. Ἀλεξητήριον, σιδηρο-ἐρίως, αὐτὸν, κάγκανόν, περίεηλδον, αὐτόπρεμνόν.

Ξυλουργία, ας, ἡ, opera lignaria : timber-work. Ἦσαν οὐ ξυλουργίαν P. V. 460. See above.

Ξυλόχίζουμαι, ligna caedo : to cut faggots. Τὰς πᾶρά τιν ξυλόχισδεται Theoc. 5. 65. Exp. Ξυλὰ τέμνων ξυνάγω, ξυλόζουμαι.

Ξυλόχους, ου, ἡ, saltus : a thicket, grove. Τάρ-φέςιν εν ξυλόχοιῳ Apoll. 4. 13. SYN. Δρύμους, δρυμὸν, ὕλη.

Ξυνήϊός, Ξυνός, ἡ, ὅν ; Ξυνήων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, communis : common, in common. Τεύχεά δ' ἀμφό-τεροι ξυνήϊα Ψ. 809. Π. 262. Pyth. 3. 84. SYN. Κοινός, ἐπικοινός, κοινωνός.

Ξυνήων. See above. Ξυ longa, ut in ξυνός.

Ξυνός. See above.

Ξυρεώ, ἡσω, rado : to shave. Aj. 786. See Ξυρόν. SYN. Ξέω, ξύω, κείρω.

Ξυρικής, εὖός, ὁ, ἡ, acutus, qui radi potest, rarus : sharp, which can be shaved, shaven. Κουρὰ ξυρική καὶ μέλαμπέπλω στὸλῃ Alcest. 439. Ξυρόδδκη, ης, ἡ, capsula in qua reponuntur novaculae : a razor-case. Εντευθεν εκ τῆς ξυρό-δδκης γενναῖός εἰ Thesm. 220.

Ξυρός, ου, ὁ ; Ξυρόν, ου, τὸ, (1) novacula : a razor ; (2) novaculae acies : the edge of a razor. Ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἡδὴ ἐόντων Theoc. 22. 6. De Ξυρόν Schæf. in Steph. Valpiana citat Jacobs. Anthol. 6. 225. 279 : 8. 146. De quantitate Mæris 272.

Ξυρόφωρεω, novaculam porto : to carry a razor. Ἀγθῶν σὺ μέντοι ξυρόφωρεῖς ἐκάστοτε Thesm. 218.

Ξυστίς, ἰδός, ἡ, vestis crocei vel purpurei coloris : a saffron or purple coloured vest. Τὰν ξυστίδα τὰν Κλεῆρίστας Theoc. 2. 74.

Ξυστόν, οὐ, τὸ, hastile ; hasta : the shaft of a spear ; a spear. A. 564. SYN. Δόρυ, δούρατιόν, ἄκαν, ἀκόντιον, ἐγγός. Ep. Χαλικήρες, μέγα, ναύ-μαχόν, μακρόν, δῶκαιεὶκὸς ἵπηχῦ, κολλητὸν βλή-τροισί.

Ξύω, rado, polio, plano : to shave, polish, plane. Ξύον ται δ' ἐφόρεον (trisyll.) δμῳαί χ. 456. SYN. Ξέω, q. v.

O.

Ὀἶρα, ἄρῶς, ἡ, uxor : a wife. Ανδρασί μαρνα- μένος ἄρῶν ἐνέκα σφετέρων I. 327. SYN. Γυνή, ἀκοιτίς, ἀλδχός, ευνητειρά, δαμαρ, παρῶκοιτίς.

Ὀάριζω, confabulator : to talk with. "Ὀθί ἡ δάριζε γυναῖκα Z. 516. SYN. Διαλέγομαι, ὁμιλέω, συνὸμιλέω, εντυγχάνω.

Ὀάρισμός, οὐ, ὁ ; Ὀάριστός, εὖός, ἡ ; Ὀἶρός, ου, ὁ ; Ὀάρισμά, τὸ, confabulatio, colloquium : con- versation, intercourse. Κρυφίως τ' ὀάρισμός

Hes. Op. 25. P. 228. Hom. Hymn. Ven. 250. Oppian. K. 3. 23. SYN. Ὀμιλία, συνουσία, έν- τευξίς, ἀδδλεσχία, σύνθηεῖα. Ep. Νυμφιδός, εν- ναῖός, μελῖχιός, κυπριδός, μυστιπῶλός, νύχιός.

Ὀάριστής, οὐ, ὁ, confabulator : one who has intercourse with. Δῖος μέγαλον ὀάριστής τ. 180. Ὀάριστός. See Ὀάρισμός.

Ὀἶρός, ου, ὁ, parvum veru ; obeliscus : a little spit ; a pointed dart. Acharn. 1007.

Ὀδέλός, Ἄεol. Ὀδέλός, οὐ, ὁ, veru : a spit, dart. Cycl. 392. Acharn. 761. Ep. Βουπόρος, δου- ράτεις.

Ὀδῶλος, οὐ, ὁ, obolus : an Athenian coin, the 6th part of a drachma. Nub. 118. SYN. Νῶ- μιμά. Ep. Ἠλιαστικός.

Ὀδῶλοστιάτης, ου, ὁ, fenerator sordidus : a usurer. Nub. 1155. See Προστιάτης. SYN. Δάνειστής, χρηστής.

Ὀδρικόλα, ων, τὰ, leonum, luporum, et simi- lium animalium catuli : young cubs. Θηρῶν οδρί- κάλοισιν Agam. 140. SYN. Σκύμοι, σκυλάκες.

Ὀδρίμωργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ingentia et fortia facinora patrans : performing terrible acts. Σχέτλιος οδρί- μωργός E. 403.

Ὀδρίμωπάτηρ, Ομηρίμωπάτηρ, ης, ἡ, forti patre nata : daughter of a mighty sire. Γλαυκῶπιδός οδρίμωπάτηρ ω. 539. Equit. 1175.

Ὀδρίμωός, Ομηρίμωός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fortis, robustus, impetuus : brave, impetuous, powerful. Ὀδρί- μωός Ἐκτωρ K. 200. SYN. Βριάρος, ισχυρός, βίαιός, σθένάρός, δεινός, χάλεπός, κράτεις.

Ογδοάτος, Ὀγδόος, α, ὅν, octavus : the eighth. Ογδοάτω ἐτεῖ ἦλθον δ. 82. H. 246.

Ὀγκα, ας, ἡ, Onca : the Phœnician name of Minerva. Ὀγκας Ἀθῶνας ξὺν βῶῃ παρίστανται Sept. Th. 483.

Ὀγκίον, ου, τὸ, spiculorum vel sagittarum receptaculum (see Schol. in l. infra c.) : a case for containing missile weapons. Φέρον Ὀγκίον ἐνθά σιδηρος φ. 61. SYN. Σιδηρόθηκη.

Ὀγκός, ου, ὁ, tumor ; moles, gleba terræ ; uncus ; onus ; fastus ; amplitudo : a swelling ; a mass, clod ; a hook ; a load ; pride ; bigness. Καὶ Ὀγκος εκτός ἐόντας Δ. 151. SYN. Σωρός, ἀχθός, μέγέθός, φύσημά, ἄκίς, βάρός.

Ογκώω, ὥσω, tumefacio, fastu extollo : to cause to swell, render pompous. Androm. 320. See above. SYN. Εξογκώω, οἰδαίνω, βριάω, μέγαλύνω.

Ογκύλλουμαι, superbio : to be puffed up, haughty, or proud. Pax 465. See Ὀγκός. SYN. Ογκύλλουμαι, ἐπαίρουμαι, οἰδαίνουμαι, ἀλαζονεύουμαι, χαννόμεαι.

Ογκεύω, sulco : to furrow. Στίβον ογκεύει τόνδε πέλας που Philoct. 164. SYN. Ἀλδκίζω, δέ- ρίζω.

Ὀγκμός, ου, ὁ, sulcus, series : a furrow, a row in reaping. Δράγματά δ' ἄλλα μετ' ὄγκμον Σ. 552. SYN. Ὀρμάβός, ὀδός, αἰλαξ.

Ὀγχηστός, οὐ, ὁ, Onchestus : a grove sacred to Neptune. B. 506. Ep. Πδλήρῶτός, ἀγνός, λῆ- χεποιός, ποιήεις.

Ὀγχνη, ης, ἡ, pirus ; pirum : a pear-tree ; a pear. Ὀγχνη ἐπ' ὄγχνη η. 120. Ep. Βλωθρά.

Ὀδαός, α, ὅν, "ad viam aut iter pertinens et idoneus aut necessarius ; in specie (2) τὰ ὀδαῖα sunt eae merces, propter quas mercator iter suum mercatorium instituit." Damm. : necessary for a journey. Ἄνδρ ὀδαίων ο. 444.

Ὀδακτάζω, ἄσω, mordeo : to bite, champ. Apoll. 4. 1608. SYN. Δάκνω, δακνάζω, ὀδαός.

Ὀδᾶς, mordicus : with the teeth. Phœn. 1438. SYN. Ἀπρίξ, ἀπριγδᾶ.

Ὀδᾶω, ἦσω, viatico instruo, deduco, vendo : to furnish with provisions for a journey; to supply. Cycl. 12. SYN. Ἀπεμπλάω.

Ὀδέλως. See Ὀφέλως.

Ὀδεύω, Ὀδοιπῶρέω, viam eo, iter facio, profici. : to journey, to travel. Ὀδὰς ἐπὶ νῆας ὁδεύειν A. 568. Aj. 1230. SYN. Πόρεῦμαι, βαδίζω, ἀπερχομαι.

Ὀδηγέω, duco, instituo : to lead on the way, instruct. Herc. F. 1395. SYN. Ἡγέομαι, ὁδῶω, ἄγω, ὑφηγέομαι, κὺμίζω.

Ὀδῖος, ου, ὅ, ἐτ, ὅ, ἡ, Hodius ; (2) in via stans, faustus ad iter : standing in the way, propitious. Ἀρχὼν Ἀλκιζῶων Ὀδῖον μετὰν E. 39. SYN. (2) Εὐσχημὸς, δεξιὸς, ἐπιδεξιὸς, αἰσιῖος.

Ὀδισμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, via, iter : a way, passage. Pers. 71. SYN. see Ὀδός.

Ὀδίτης, ου, ὅ, viator : a wayfaring man, traveller. Ἀνήντηται τῷ ὀδίτην Theoc. 25. 6. SYN. Ὀδοιπῶρος. Ep. Ἡδὸς, ἐσπερίως, κέκμηκως, κοῦφος, πύδηνεμος, κωπυέδωλος.

Ὀδμή, ἡς, ἡ, odor : smell, breath. Ὡ θεῖον ὀσμῆς πνευμᾶ Hipp. 1389. SYN. Οσμῆ, ὀσώδῃ. Ep. Ἡδεῖα, πικρά, αμβροσία, λειριῦεσσα, ἀφεργής, ἱμέρεσσα, ἀγὰθῃ, κῆκῃ, ἀμπελῶεσσα, θεοσπεία, ου τλητή, δυσώδης, Βακχιδᾶς, ὀλόδᾶ.

Ὀδοιπλᾶνέω, via aberro : to lose one's way, wander. Acharn. 69. See Πλᾶνῃ. Wolf and Elmsley have rejected the form ὀδοιπλᾶνᾶω. SYN. see Πλᾶνᾶω.

Ὀδοιπῶρέω, iter facio : to travel. Aj. 1230. SYN. Ὀδεύω, πῶρεῦμαι, βαδίζω.

Ὀδοιπῶρία, ας, ἡ, profectio, iter, expeditio : a journey, a march. Ὀδοιπῶρην ἀλέειν Hom. Merc. 85. SYN. Πόρεῖα, ἐφθδός, στύλως.

Ὀδοιπῶριον, ου, τὸ, convivium quod comitibus itineris præbatur : fare, a feast given to travellers. Ὀδοιπῶριον παράθειμην o. 505. SYN. Ὀδαῖον, ἐφθδῖον, ἡῖα (τά).

Ὀδοιπῶρος, ου, ὅ, viator ; comes : a traveller ; a companion. Theoc. 12. 9. SYN. Ὀδίτης, ἀκλουθὸς, ὕμοστος. Ep. Αἰσιός, πάλυτλημων.

Ὀδοντόφῆς, ἔος, ὅ, αἱ, a dentibus natus : tooth-sprung. Γέννᾶν ὀδοντόφῃ Phœn. 835.

Ὀδός, οὔ, ἡ, (2) sine aspiratione ὁδός, οὔ, ὅ ; (1) via : a way, road ; (2) pavementum, humus, seu limen : pavement, ground, or threshold. Πολλὰς δ' ὁδοὺς ἐλθόντᾶ Cæ. R. 67. Varie interpretantur limen et fundamentum in Cæ. C. 1590. SYN. (1) Ὀδοιπῶρία, κλευθὸς, τρίβος, στίβος, ὀδισμᾶ, οἶμη, ἀτραπὸς, ἀγυιὰ, τρύπος, (2) see Οὐδός. Ep. (1) Ἀργᾶλεα, δολιχὴ, λαδοφόρος, λεία, παιπάλυεσσα, στήγερᾶ, τηλεμόνεοσάτη, ὑστᾶτη, ἐρημὸς, ἄλεια, πικρά, φαίλη, ἐναντία, διπτύχως, δῶνᾶσιμος, ευσέξης, πύκνη, φαινή, κρῖφᾶ, κοίλη, στένη, ἱππηλασία, τηῖα, ἄλεια, στενωπὸς, πλάτειᾶ, ορβίος, (2) see Οὐδός.

Ὀδοῦρος, ου, ὅ, ἡ, comes viæ, qui viam custodit : a companion or guide on the way, one who guards the way. Ion 1617.

Ὀδὺς, ὄντος, ὅ, dens : a tooth. Eur. Sup. 713. SYN. Ρομφίλις. Ep. Γαπέτης, μυσάρης, κράτερρος, λευκὸς, τριστοιχὸς, ἀργᾶλῆς, αἶθαν, δᾶλδός, πίκρος, μάλερος, λευκὰ θεῶν, ὠιδόφᾶγος, πύκνως, δᾶμενός, δεινὸς, ἀναιδής, νεόγυιός.

Ὀδῶω, ὠσω, deduco : to conduct. P. V. 507. SYN. see Ὀδηγέω.

Ὀδύνᾶω, ἦσω, dolore adicio : to cause pain to.

Τὸ γὰρ ὀρθοῦσθαι γνώμην ὀδύνᾳ Hipp. 247. SYN. Ἀνέω, ἀνῖω, αλγύνω, κᾶκω, ὀχλέω.

Ὀδύνῃ, ἡς, ἡ, dolor : pain, grief. Δεινῶν ὀδύνων καρπὸν ἔχουσιν Eur. El. 1342. SYN. Ἀνία, λύπη, πόνος, ἀχθος, ἀλγὸς, ἄχος, κηδὸς, πένθος, δὴν, ἀχθηδών. Ep. Βᾶρεῖα, ἀπρακτὸς, κᾶκη, μέλαινα, ἀλέγεινῃ, οὐεῖα, χαλᾶπη, διανταῖος, ἀλληκτὸς, ἀργᾶλεα, κρῦερα, στερᾶ, πίκρα, θυμὸς, βλαβέρᾶ, λευγαλέα, ὀλόδᾶ.

Ὀδύνηρος, ὁ, ὄν, calamitosus : calamitous, painful. Πᾶς ὀδύνηρος βίος ἀνθρώπων Hipp. 189. SYN. Ἐπιπόνως, λυπηρὸς, δεξιθυμὸς, ἀλέγεινῃς, δεινός.

Ὀδυνήφατος, ου, ὅ, ἡ, qui dolores minuit : pain-alleviating. Χερσὶ διατρίψας ὀδυνήφατον A. 846.

Ὀδυρμᾶ, ἄτος, τό ; Ὀδυρμὸς, οὔ, ὅ, lamentatio : lamentation. Iph. 1101. Hec. 153. SYN. Θρήνως, οἰμωγῇ, δαδφύρως, δαδλυγῇ. Ep. Μᾶκρον, μετᾶ.

Ὀδύρμαι, lamentor : to lament. Καὶ μάτην δούρμαι Phœn. 1775. SYN. Δούρμαι (see Blomfield's Gloss. P. V. 191. and R. P. Hec. 728.), στένάγω, στένω, οἰμῶς, αἰάγω, θρηνέω, δᾶκρνω, κλάω, δαδφύρμαι, στόναχίζω.

Ὀδυρτός, ἡ, ὄν, lamentatione dignus : worth lamenting for. Acharn. 1226.

Ὀδυσσεὺς, Ὀδῦσεὺς, Ion. ἦος, Attic. ἔως, ὁ, Ulysses. Εἰμ' Ὀδῦσεὺς Λαερτιάδης i. 19. B. 272. Ep. Πῶλῳαυδός, δουρικλυτός, διωγένης, δῖος, διωτρέφης, δεῖος, πύλμυρτις, πύλμυρπὸς, τλήμων, ἀγᾶκλυτός, ἀναξ, δαῖφρων, ποικιλομητῖς, κλυτός, δημόχριστις, πύλμυρ, πύλμυρπὸς, ἀντιθέος, δισμῶρος, ἀμύμων, κῶπις, κυδᾶλῖμος, ὀλεῖος, πύλμυρχᾶνός, φαιδῖμος, δαδφύρωνος, δούστην, ποικιλόφρων, εσθλός, θᾶσος, ἰθακήσιος, πέρικλυτός, πύλμυρ, ἡδύμυρ, μετᾶλήτωρ, πύλμυρπὸς, μετᾶθυμὸς, τᾶλᾶσιφρων, αἰδολμητῖς, θυμῶλεων, φρονίμους, φίλοπύλμυρ, ἰθακός, δαδμητῖς, ἀργᾶλῆος, ποικιλόφρων, περίφραδης. Phœn. Δῶλων ἄτος ἧς πύλμυρ, κᾶκᾶ πολλὰ πᾶθων, παῖς Λαέρτᾶος, Λαερτέω υἱός, γῆς Κεφαλλήνων ἀναξ, Δῖι μῆτιν ἀτάλαντος, εἰδὼς παντοίους τέ δούλους καὶ μῆδεῦ πικρᾶ, μετᾶ κούδης Ἀχαιῶν, Δῖι φίλος, τὸ Σισυφείων σπέρμα.

Ὀδυσήτης, ἡ, ὄν, Ulyssensis : of Ulysses. Ὀδυσῆϊν es δῶμὸν ἵκει σ. 352.

Ὀδύσσωμαι, ὀδύσω, succenseo, invideo : to be angry with, grudge. Τί νῦν οἱ τῶσόν ωδύσσω Ζεῦ α. 62. SYN. Μηνίω, οργίζομαι, χολῶμαι, ἀγᾶνακτέω.

Ὀδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, viam habens : having a way, passable. Cæ. C. 495.

Ὀζός, ου, ὅ, ramus ; proles : a branch, twig ; a descendant. Τὸ Θησεῖδα δ' ὀζώ Ἀθηνῶν Hec. 122. SYN. Κλαδός, δαλός, ἐρνός, ἀπογόνος. Ep. Ἐλάτινός, ἀπῆρωρος, πικρινός, τάνυκης, ἀγᾶλός, μυρίωνός, χλῶδός, κῶτινφῶρὸς, μυρίωνός.

Ὀζω, oleo : to smell. Καὶ πᾶς τὸς ὀζει θυμᾶτων ἐφεστάνων Agam. 1281.

Ὀθεῖν, unde : from whence. Ἀρτύνοντες ὀθεν κῆ τις A. 365. SYN. Ὀπιθεν, πῶθεν, ἐξ οὔ.

Ὀθεῖ, ubi : where. Εἰν Ἀρίμοις θεῖ φασί B. 783. SYN. Ἐνθά, ὅπου, ἦ, οὔπῃ, ἰνᾶ.

Ὀθνεῖος, α, ὄν, ἐτ, ὅ, ἡ, alienigena, peregrinus : of another family, foreign, a stranger. Οὐ χρεὶν μ' ὀθνεῖον γ' οὐνέει Alcest. 826. SYN. Ἀλλοτρίος, ξένος.

Ὀθῶμαι, vereor, curo : to regard, care for. E. 403. SYN. Ἐπιστρέφωμαι, ἀλεγιζώ, φροντίζω, ἐπιμελέομαι, κηδῶμαι.

Ὀθόνῃ, ἡς, ἡ, linteum ; indusium aut velum linteum : linen ; a tunic, a sail. Γ. 141. SYN.

Ζυστίς, ὑφασμὰ λεπτὸν, συνδῶν. Ερ. Λεπτῇ, μάλακῃ, χιτῶνός.

Ὀθῶν, ου, τὸ, panniculus linteus: a linen rag. Ὀθῶνι κηρωτῇ παράσκευάζετε Acharn. 1175. SYN. Ράκος.

Ὀθονέκᾱ, i. q. Ὀτί. Aj. 123.

Ὀθρίξ, ὀθρίξ, habens similes pilos: having a like mane or hair. Ὀθρίξας οἰέτας B. 765.

Ὀθρυόνης, Ion. ἥος, ὁ, Othryoneus: a noble Trojan. Ὀθρυόνῃ περὶ δὴ σὲ βρότων N. 374.

Ὀθρίς, ὄος, ἡ, Othrys: a mountain in Thessaly. Alcest. 596. O communis, ut A in ἄθροος, &c.

Ερ. Τψηλλῇ, νύφθεσσα, νύφθελλος.

Οἰ, interjectio dolentium et lamentantium: oh!

Οἰ γὰρ μέλεα τί ποτ' ἀπίσω Hec. 152.

Οἰαγρός, ου, ὁ, Oeagrus. Vesp. 579. See Ἄγρος.

Οιακονόμος, Οιακοστρόφος, ου, ὁ, qui clavum dirigit, gubernator: one who directs the helm, a pilot. P. V. 153. (See Οἶαξ, ακός.) Med. 523.

SYN. Κῦβερνήτης, οἰακὶ νωμῶν, κύριος. Ερ. Κεδνός, πιστός, μνήμων, ποιντοῦρος, σάφρων.

Οιακοστρόφω, clavum dirigo, gubernare: to direct the helm. Θυμὸν φακοστρόφον Pers. 773.

See below. SYN. Κῦβερνάω, κάτευθύνω.

Οἶαξ, ακός, Ion. Οἶηξ, ὁ, et Οἶήδων, ου, τὸ, clavus, gubernaculum: a rudder. Οἶακὰ νωμῶν βλεφάρᾱ

μὴ κοιμῶν ὑπνω Sept. Th. 3. Ω. 269. ι. 483. SYN. Πηδάλιον.

Οἶατις, ἰδός, ἡ, Oeatis: of Oea, one of the demi of Attica. (See however, on the meaning of this word, Hesych. and Eustath. p. 1165.) Οἶα-τίδός εκ νόμου C. C. 1061. Logædædic. dim.

See Hermann de Metris, p. 231.

Οἰσάρης, ου, ὁ, Oebares. Πάρθον τὲ μέγαν τ' Οἰσάρην Pers. 977. (Pæreæsiac.)

Οἰγνυμί, Οἶγω, i. οἶγω, aperio: to open. Πᾶσαι δ' αἰγνυντὶ πύλαι Θ. 58. Herc. F. 332. SYN. Ἀνοίγω, ἐξάνοιγω, ἀνοίγνυμι, ἀνᾱπέταζω, ὑπάνοιγω, δίοιγω.

Οἰδᾶω, et Ion. Οἰδαινέσκω, tumefacio: to cause to swell. ΑΛΛὰ μοὶ οἰδᾶνέται κράδι χολᾶ I. 642. Apoll. 3. 383. Οἰδᾶνω is not here inserted, because οἰδᾶνω is the only form used by the ancient Greek poets. See Pors. Phœn. 1398.

SYN. Φυσᾶω, ογκῶω, ἐπαίρω.

Οἰδῶ, ἥσω, tumeo, indignor: to swell, to be enraged. Ὡδὲ δὲ χρυτὴ πάντα ε. 455. SYN. Εἰοιδῶ, εἰογκῶμαι, ογκύλλομαι, οργίζομαι.

Οἰδίποδης, ου, Οιδίπους, πόδός, acc. πουν et πόδα, ὁ, Oedipus: the son of Laius and Jocasta.

Α δὲ μὲν Οιδίποδα πρόπᾱν ὠλέσῃ Phœn. 1519. 27. Ερ. Κλεινός, ἀθλός, δουδαίμων, πάτροκτόνός, ἀθεός, ἀφίλος, εγγένης, Θεβαῖός, πτωχός. PHR. see C. R. 452—460.

Οἰδμά, ἄτος, τὸ, tumor, fluctus maris, æstus: a swell, wave, surge. Hes. Theog. 109. SYN. Κῦμα, ρεῖμα, πέλαγός, κλυδωνίον, κλυδών, ὄλη, σᾶλος. Ερ. Ἄλιον, πολύλιχθον, πορφύρεον, πόντιον, θαλάσσιον, νήνεμον, ἀπρυγέτον, ἀλεγεινόν, πλύνον, κῦανέον, λᾶβρον, ἀγρίον, βάρυερμόν.

Οἰεᾶνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Οἰώχτων, ὠνός, una tantum veste indutus: having only one garment. Νήλιπός οἰεᾶνός Apoll. 3. 646. Οἰώχτιω' ἐμέναι ξ. 489. SYN. Μὲνᾱπέλλος.

Οἰέτης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, æqualis, ejusdem ætatis: of the same age. B. 765. SYN. Ὁμίληξ, ἡλικιώτης.

Οἰζυρός, ἄ, ὄν, ærumnosus, miser: calamitous, wretched. Οὐ μὲν γὰρ τί ποῦ εἰς τὴν οἰζυρώτερῶν ἀνδρός v. 140. The penult of οἰζυρός is made

short by Arist. Nub. 665.: Αგრῆος εἰ καὶ σκαῖδός ου γὰρ ὦ' ὕρε. SYN. Ἀθλιός, τάλαιπαρός, λυπηρός, μοχθῆρός, ἐπιπόνός, αλγίνδεις, κἀκοδαίμων, πάντοχος.

Οἶζος, Οἰζός, ὄος, ἡ, ærumna, miseria: trouble, misery, wretchedness. Μεγὰ πείρᾱς οἶζυός ἡ μὲν ἱκάνει ε. 289. The Attic poets always used οἶζός as a dissyllable. They also said οἰζυρός, not οἶζυρός. Butler retains ἀπῆμόν' οἶζυός, Eum. 796.: which seems strange. See Porson, Hec. 936. and pref. Hec. p. clvii. ed. Priestley. SYN. Ἀθλιότης, πόνός, κἀμάτος, τάλαιπαρία, λύπη, μόχθος, ακία. Ερ. Ἄτερπός, ἀνῆ, ἀργᾶλεα, στὸνδῆσά, δακρυῶσά, ἀκρεστός, πίκρα, αλγινύσσεσᾱ, ἀνάσχετός.

Οἶζω, ὕσω, ærumnas perpetior: to endure distress. Καλλεῖψιν ἦς εἶνεκ' οἶζυόμεν κἀκὰ πολλὰ Ξ. 89. The penult. of οἶζω is always short in Homer; but we find it long in the pres. Apoll. 4. 1324. In the fut. and aor. it is always long. SYN. Τάλαιπαρῶ, πάσχω, μὀγῶ, ὄτλεω.

Οἰήδων, Οἶηξ. See Οἶαξ.

Οἶς. See Ὀἶς.

Οἰκάδῃ, Οἰκόνδῃ, adv. domum: to one's home, homeward. Λύσαι πόθουσιν οἰκάδ' εκ Τροίας πῶδα Hec. 1006. A. 606. Οἰκάδε and οἰκόνδε are here denominated adverbs in conformity with the general practice of Lexicographers, but in reality they are the antiquated forms of the accusative, denoting to, as οἰκοθεν is the genitive, from, and οἰκοι and οἰκοί the dative, in. See Brit. Crit. No. 3. for April 1826. It is worthy of remark that οἰκόνδε is only used in poetry; οἰκάδε is common both to the poets and prose writers. See Steph. Thes. tom. ii. 1219—6610.

Οικεῖος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, domesticus, familiaris: domestic, belonging to the family, intimate. Οικεῖος αὐτὸν ὠλέσ' Hipp. 1161. SYN. Κηδεμών, ἐπιτήδεός, συγγένης, οἰκονόγης.

Οικετεύω, domesticus sum, famulus, habito: to be a domestic or servant, to dwell in. Alcest. 449. SYN. Οικέω, σύνοικέω, ὑπηρέτῶ.

Οικέτης, ου, ὁ; Οικέτις, ἰδός, ἡ; Οικεός, Ion. gen. ἥος, ὁ, famulus: a domestic, attendant, servant. Eur. Sup. 880. El. 104. p. 533. SYN. Οικεός, δοῦλος, ὑπηρέτης, δμῶς, θεράπων, ἀμφιπῶλος. Ερ. Ὀτρηρός, πιστός.

Οικεῖς. See Οικέτης.

Οικέω, ἥσω, habito; administro: to inhabit; to manage. Androm. 242. SYN. Κάτοικέω, ἐνοικέω, ναίω, ναίετᾱω, διατρίβω, οἰκονύμεω.

Οἰκησίς, ἔως, ἡ; Οἰκημᾱ, ἄτος, τὸ, habitatio, habitaculum: an habitation, dwelling. Æsch. Sup. 1016. De οἰκημᾱ Schæf. in Steph. ed Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 8. 8. SYN. Ἐνοικήσις. Ερ. Κάτασκαρῆς, αἰφρονον, ἱερὸν.

Οἰκητῆρ, ἥρος, Οἰκητής, οὔ, Οἰκῆτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, incolæ: an inhabitant. C. C. 654. C. R. 1450. Herc. F. 393. SYN. Εγχώριός, ἐνοικός, ἐντόπος. Ερ. Παλαιός, ἀμικτός.

Οἰκητήριον. See Οικιδίον.

Οικητός, ὄν, habitandus: must be inhabited. C. C. 39.

Οικία, ας, ἡ; Οικίον, ου, τό; Οἰκός, ου, ὁ, domus, domicilium; familia: a house, home; family. Οικίαν οὐδὲν λάβειν Plut. 205. M. 168. O. 498. Οικία is a word not found in the Tragic writers, or in Pindar, if trust may be reposed in the indices; it is necessarily excluded from Homer, Hesiod, and Apollonius Rhodius. Οικίον is a poetic word frequently occurring in Homer.

H. Steph. calls it an Ionic form of Οἰκός. SYN. Οἰκημᾶ, οἰκησίς, δδμὸς, δδμᾶ, κάτοικία. EP. Ευρώσασθ, ἀφνειὸς, εὐκτιμένην, ὑψιρόφους, πίων, ἀμύμων, γέρας, ἀεικέλια, πατρώα, ὀρφανὸς, πόλυ-χρυσός, ἐρημὸς, ἀνήλιος, πόλυξείνη, ἑλευθέρα, πάλαια, ἐνδαίμων, ευγενής, μάκαρία, ολβία, κλεινή, χρυσήρης, αστροφῶς, θυδδὸς, λεπτῇ, γλυκέρᾳ, ἰμερσά, λαμπρᾷ, πέτρινα, αἰκός, ευπατρίδης, γηροτρόφος.

Οικίδιον, Οικητήριον, ου, τδ, domuncula: a paltry house or dwelling. Ὅρας τδ θυρίον τοῦτο καὶ τὰ κιδίον Nub. 92. Orest. 1113.

Οικίζω, ἴσω, habitare facio, condo; coloniam deduco: to place, build; to found a colony. Troad. 437. SYN. Κάτοικίζω, οικιδόμεω, ἰδρῶω, δέμω, κάτασκευάζω, κτίζω.

Οικίον. See Οικία.

Οικιστήρ, ἥρος, δ, conditor urbis vel regionis; colonus: the founder of a city; a colonist. Sept. Th. 19. SYN. (2) see Οικητής.

Οικελίδης, ου, δ, Cleo genitus: the son of Cleus. Sept. Th. 278.

Οικελίης, Οικλῆς, (aut Οἰκλ.) εὐδός, contr. εους, Ion. ἥος, δ, Cleus: the father of Amphiarus. Αντιφάτης μὲν ἐτικτεν Οἰκλῆα μεγάρθουμον, Αυτῆρ Οἰκλῆης ο. 243, 244. Καὶ μὴν τὸν Οικελεύς γέ Eur. Sup. 935.

Οικεγένης, εὐός, δ, ἡ, domi nostrae natus, verna, domesticus: born in one's house, domestic. Pax 788. SYN. Οικεῖος, ἡμέρος.

Οικιδόμεω, ἥσω, aedifico: to build a house. Pax 749. SYN. Δέμω, κάτασκευάζω, οικίζω.

Οικιδθῆν, Οἰκιδθῆ, Οἰκοί. See obss. in Οἰκάδῃ. Οἰκοί Troad. 381.

Οικόνδῃ. See Οἰκάδῃ.

Οικονόμεω, ἥσω, res domesticas dispenso; administro: to manage a family; to direct. Οικονόμῳ δαδάμους πατρός Soph. El. 190. SYN. Δΐ-οικέω, διέπω, ευτρέπιζω, κυβερνᾶω, διατάσσω.

Οικονόμος, ου, δ, ἡ, dispensator rei familiaris: a manager of a family. Agam. 150. SYN. Οικουρός, ἐπιτρόπος.

Οικόποιος, οὔ, δ, ἡ, (1) domum faciens, i. e. aedificans: building a house; (2) domi factus: home-made. Οικ ἐνδὸν οἰκοποιὸς ἐστὶ τις τρώφῃ Philoct. 32. SYN. Οικεῖος.

Οἰκός. See Οικία.

Οικότηριψ, ἰδός, domi nutritus, verna: a slave born in the family. Ὁκότηριψ Ευριπίδης Thesm. 426. PHA. Δουλὸς, ουκωνητὸς ἀλλ' οἰκοί τράφεις.

Οικουρέω, domum servo vel custodio, domi maneo: to guard the house, to remain at home. Philoct. 1328.

Οικουρήμᾶ, ἀτός, τό; Οικουρία, as, ἡ, domus custodia: care at home, fidelity. Orest. 919. Herc. F. 1365. See below. SYN. Φυλάκῃ.

Οικουρίον, ου, τδ, præmium ei datum qui domum custodit: a reward for protecting a house. Οικουρί' αντέπεμψέ Trach. 544.

Οικουρός, οὔ, δ, ἡ, Οικεφύλαξ, αἰκός, qui domum servat vel custodit: housekeeper, protector of a family. Hec. 1284. Καὶ Ζεὺς σωτήρ τρίτος οἰκοφύλαξ Æsch. Sup. 27. SYN. Οικουρῶν.

Οικεφύλαξ. See above.

Οικετήρ, Οικτίζω, ἴσω et ἴω, misereor: to compassionate, mourn for. Med. 345. Orest. 775. SYN. see Κάτοικετήρ, ἐποικετήρ, ἐλεαίρω, ἐλεῶ, οἰκτὸν ἔχω.

Οικτίζω. See above.

Οικτιρμὸς. See Οἰκτισμᾶ.

Οικτιρμων, ὄνος, δ, ἡ, misericors: pitying,

merciful. Theoc. 15. 75. SYN. Ἐλεεινός, φίλοικτιρμων, ἐλεήμων.

Οἰκτισμᾶ, ἀτός, τδ; Οικτιρμὸς, Οἰκτὸς, ου, δ, miseria: pity. Heracl. 159. Pyth. 1. 164. Hec. 517. SYN. Ἐλεός, ὀλολυγμὸς. EP. Μεγα, δδλιδν, κήδεον.

Οἰκτιστός. See Οικτρός.

Οἰκτὸς. See Οἰκτισμᾶ.

Οικτρός, ἀ, ὄν, superl. οἰκτροτάτος, οἰκτιστός, miserandus: deserving of pity. Helen. 943. Hec. 900. X. 76. SYN. Ἐλεεινός, οἰκτιρμων, τλήμων, παντλήμων, πικρός, ἀθλῖος.

Οικτρός, miserabiliter: in a manner to excite pity. Hec. 339. SYN. Οικτρά, ἐλεινῶς.

Οικτροχέω, miserabilia verba fundo: to pour forth a piteous note. Vesp. 553.

Οικωφέλης, εὐός, δ, ἡ, domui utilis, industrius: useful to a family, industrious. Theoc. 28. 2.

Οικωφέλις, as, ἡ, utilitas ad familiam allata: industry, frugality. Οὐδ' οικωφέλις ἡ τε τρέφει ξ. 223.

Οἰλεὺς, εως, Ion. ἥος, δ, Cleus. Ἡ τοῦ ὁ μὲν νόθος νῖος Οἰλήιος Δεῖοιο O. 333. EP. Πλήξιπτος, πτόλιπορθός, δῖος, ἐξόχως ηνύρεν.

Οἰλιάδης, ου, δ, Eliades: the son of Cleus. Οὐδ' ἀρ' Οἰλιάδῃ μεγάλῃ τῆρι N. 712.

Οἰμά, ἀτός, τδ, impetus, vis: impetuosity, force. Αἰετοῦ οἰμάτ' ἔχων Φ. 252. SYN. Ὀρμη, ὄρμημα, βία.

Οἰμαι. See Οἰύμαι.

Οἰμαίνω. See below.

Οἰμάω, ἥσω, et Οἰμαίνω, impetu feror in: to pounce or dart upon. X. 140. SYN. Σκίπτω, ἐφορμάω, αἶσσω.

Οἰμη, ης, ἡ, via; modas: a way; a tune. X. 347. SYN. Ὀδός, οἶμος, στίχος, ὡδή, φωνή.

Οἶμος, ου, δ, ἡ, semita, tractus: a path, tract. Alcest. 851. SYN. Ὀδός, στίχος, οἶμη. EP. Ἀγλαός, λῆγος, ὀλισθηρός, μακρός, βράχης, ἐπικρύφους, ὀρθίος, σκολῖος.

Οἰμωγῇ, ἡς, ἡ; Οἰμωγᾶ, ἀτός, τδ, ejulatus: a groan, lamentation. Hec. 1019. Bacch. 1101. SYN. Κωκυτός, στόναχῇ, κώκυμᾶ, κλαυθμός, αἰαγμᾶ, θρήνός, ὀλθοφυρμός, στέναγμᾶ. EP. Φόνια, δύστηνός, ἀθλία.

Οἰμώζω, ξω, gemo, lamentor: to groan, bewail. Γ. 364. Αἰάζω, ἀλᾶλᾶζω, ἐλελίζω, ὀτοτύζω, στένάζω, βδᾶω, θρηνέω.

Οἰμωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, deplorandus: deplorable. Acharn. 1195. SYN. Αἰζιόθρηνός.

Οἰνάνθη, ης, ἡ, flos vitis: a vine-blossom. Phoen. 238. EP. Πόλυκαρπός, ῥόδωσας.

Οἰνάρῃον, ου, τδ, pampinus: a vine-leaf. Γε-γαθῶτες οἰνάρῃοισιν Theoc. 7. 134.

Οἰνάρλις, pampinus decerpo: to pluck vine-leaves. Οὐ γὰρ οἶον ἐστὶ πάντως οἰνάρλιν τῇ-μερον Pax 1156.

Οἰνείδης, ου, δ, (Eni nepos: the grandson of Ceneus. Ὁλοῖτο μὲν Οἰνείδης Rhes. 909, answering to ἰαλέμῳ αυθιγενεί.

Οἰνεὺς, εως, Ion. ἥος, δ, (Ceneus. Phoen. 133. EP. Δῖος, ἱππηλάτης, γέρων, ἱππότης, μέγαλῃ τῶρ.

Οἶνη, ης, ἡ, vitis: a vine. Phoen. 236. SYN. see Ἀμπελός.

Οἰνηρός, ἀ, ὄν, vino abundans, vinarius: rich in wine, of wine. Ion 1179.

Οἰνήρυσις, ἰὺς, ἡ, vasculum quo vinum hau-ritur: a wine measure. Ἀπόφερέ τὰς σπονδάς φέρε τὴν οἰνήρυσιν Acharn. 1067. SYN. Κότυλη.

Οἰνίζω, vinum redoleo; vinum peto: to smell of wine; to fetch wine. Θ. 546.

Ουνδάρῳ, poet. Ουνδάρῳ, vino gravis sum : to be intoxicated. Ουνδάρῳ κέφαλήν Theogn. 503. κ. 555. SYN. Ουνδῆμαι, μέθω, κατὰ μέθω. Ουνδάρης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, vino gravis : heavy with wine, drunken. Ουνδάρῃς κινὸς ὁμμάτ' ἔχων A. 225. SYN. Ἐξοινός, παροινός, ουνόπλανητος, ουνόπτηρ, ουνόπτης, οἶνω βεβαρημένος.

Ουνόδοκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vinum recipiens : containing wine. Isthm. 6. 58.

Ουνόδοτης, ου, ὁ, vini dator : giver of wine. Herc. F. 682. SYN. see EP. Διδυνοσός and Βάκχος. Ουνόμαός, ου, ὁ, Ἐνομαός : the father of Hippodamia. Θῶν' αὖ τ' Ἐνὸμαόν τε M. 140.

Ουνόπεδος, ὄν, vineis consitus : planted with vines. I. 675. SYN. see Ἄλωα.

Ουνόπιδης, ου, ὁ, Ἐνοπε satus : the son of Ἐνοπε. Ουνόπιδην δ' Ἐλένον E. 707.

Ουνόπλανητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vino vagabundus, temulentus : wandering, tottering or reeling in consequence of wine. Rhes. 359. See Πλᾶνη. SYN. see Ουνδάρης.

Ουνόπληθης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, vini plenus, vino abundans : full of or abounding in wine. Οινοπληθὴς πόλυπυρος ο. 405.

Ουνόπιδας, vinum poto : to drink wine. Υ. 84. SYN. Ενωχέομαι.

Ουνόπιδης, ἡρὸς, Ουνόπιδης, ου, ὁ ; Ουνόπιδης, ἰδὸς, ἡ, vini potor : a wine-drinker. Δ. 456. Anaer. 136. Thesm. 400. SYN. Οινηρὸς, ουνόπληθης, ουνδάρης.

Οἶνός, ου, ὁ, vinum : wine. Γ. 300. EP. Ἡδὺς, ἡδύπότης, μέλας, πάλαιός, ἀκηρασίος, γέροντιός, ἑριστάφυλός, ἐρῦθρός, ἐνήνωρ, εὐφρων, δεῖον πότον, μελίθδης, μελίφρων, ἀθέσφατος, εὐδῶδης, αἰθοψ, ἀκηρτός, Πραμνεῖος, γλυκὺς, ἀρκέσιγνιός, ἀλεξικάκος, γλυκερός, εὐζωρὸς, νηδυμῶς, Εὐῖος, Θασῖος, Βίβλινος, Φιλῆσιος. PHR. Οἶνου τέρψις ἄλυπτος, οἶνον χλωρὰν στὰγόνες, βίαιης ἀμπελον παῖς, οἶνὸν μὲνός καὶ ἀλική, ἀνδρὶ κέκμη-
ωτὶ μετὰ μὲνός οἶνός ἀξείη, ἀμπελον βόαι. See also Bacch. 274—279.

Οἶνουττα, ἡς, ἡ, maza vino subacta, placenta e vino et maza confecta : a cake made of wine and rice. Plut. 1121.

Οἶνὸχρεῖον, Οἶνὸχρεῖον, vinum infundo : to pour wine. Υ. 234. 255. SYN. Ἐπιοῖνονχρεῖον.

Οἶνὸχῆ, ἡς, ἡ, vas e quo vinum in pocula infunditur : a wine-pitcher. Hes. Op. 742. SYN. Οινηρὸν κερᾶμῖον, ἀγγεῖον, ἐκπωμα.

Οἶνὸχῆρος, ου, ὁ, vinum infundit, pincerna : a cup-bearer. B. 128.

Οἶνὸχῆτος, ὄν, cui vinum infusus est : filled with wine. "Ὅς μὴδ' οἶνὸχῆτος πόματος Philoct. 714.

Οἶνωψ, ὄπός, Οἶνωψός, ὄν, Οἶνωψ, ὠπός, vini colorem et adspectum habens, nigricans : having the colour of wine, purple-hued, dark. N. 703. Iph. T. 1246. CE. R. 211. SYN. Πορφύρεος, μέλας.

Οἶνω, vino impleo : to fill with wine. π. 294. SYN. Μέθω, μεθύσκωμαι, ουνδάρῳ.

Οἶνωατῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Epith. Dianæ, Ἐνοατῖς : of Ἐνοα, or Ἐνα, a city in Argolis, where Diana was worshipped. Οἶνωατῖν ἀγάλλαι Herc. F. 379.

Οἶνωπός, See Οἶνωψ.

Οἶνωψ, See Οἶνωψ.

Οἶσθας, Οἶσθούκλως, ου, ὁ, seorsim ab aliis pascens ; solitarius : feeding apart from others ; solitary. Aj. 615. Æsch. Sup. 310. SYN. Οἶσθλός, μόνηρης, μόνδορπός, οἶος.

Οἶσθούκλως. See above.

Οἶσθας. See above.

Οἶσθῆν, Οἶσθῆ, seorsim, secreto : separately, secretly. Apoll. 1. 270. 2. 711. SYN. Νόσφι.

Οἶσθωνός, ὄν, qui est sine comitatu ; solus : unaccompanied, alone, single. CE. R. 846. See Βαθύωνός. SYN. see Μόνος.

Οἶσμαι, Οἶσμαι, Οἶμαι, Οἶω, et Οἶω, puto, arbitror : to think, believe. Ἡ γὰρ οἶσμαι ἀνδρᾶ A. 78. Vesp. 517. Nub. 1110. E. 252. A. 170. SYN. Νῶμίς, ἡγήσμαι, ὑπὸνδῶ, ὑπὸδεχόμεναι, ὑπὸλαμδάνω.

Οἶσπιδλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, uno tantum calceo indutus : having only one shoe. Δημόθῆν οἶσπιδλόν Apoll. 1. 7.

Οἶσπιδῶ, solus versor, in deserto vivo ; oves pascio : to live alone, to be in a solitary place ; to feed sheep. Cycl. 74. SYN. Ἐρημόδμαι, μόνος vel οἶσπιδλός εἰμί.

Οἶσπιδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui solus est, desertus ; oves pascens : solitary ; feeding sheep. Ω. 614. SYN. Ἐρημὸς, μόνηρης, μόνος.

Οἶός, ἡ, ὄν, solus : alone, single, the only one. Apoll. 1. 282. Οἶος is rarely, if ever, used by the tragedians, except Aj. Fl. 750. See Elmsl. Heracl. 743. SYN. see Μόνος.

Οἶός, α, ὄν, (1) qualis : of what kind, what ; (2) Οἶός τε, qui potest : able. Ὡ τλημὸν οἶας οἶος Alcest. 145. Hec. 16. SYN. (1) Ποῖός, ὅποιός ; (2) δυνάτος, ἐτοιμός.

Οἶσφρων, ὄνός, solitarius ; pertinax : solitary ; obstinate. Æsch. Sup. 802. See Ἄσφρων. SYN. Οἶσθλός, οἶσθότης, μόνος, μόνηρης, ἔρημὸς.

Οἶσχιτών. See Οἶσθός.

Οἶω, ὥσω, solum facio vel relinquo : to render or leave lonely. Τρώων δ' οἶώθη Z. 1. SYN. Μῶνῶ, ἔρημῶ, χηρῶ.

Οἶος, Ols, et Οἶος, gen. οἶος, οἶός, οἶός, et οἶσθός, ὁ, ἡ, aries, ovis : a ram, a sheep. Πύρρος δ' ἐπ' αὐτῆς ὄν μελάρχιμον πόκος Eur. El. 513. Ἡ καὶ ἀναίξας ὄν ἀργυφόν Ω. 621. Αἶκα ταλ Μῶσαν τὰν οἶδια Theoc. 1. 9. SYN. Πρόσβατον, μῆλῶν. EP. Ἀργεννῆς, λαοῖός, μέγας, ἀργυφός, ἀγρίος, νεόγνός, δασύμαλλός, εἰροπύκός, μέλας, εὐκραρὸς.

Οἶσπῶτη, ἡς, ἡ, sordes ovium : the filth which clings to the fleeces of sheep. Lysist. 575. EXP. Ὅ ρυτος τῶν ἐρίων, οἶσπῶς.

Οἶστῆς, ὄν, ferendus, tolerandus : must be borne. Helen. 267. SYN. Φερτός, τλητός.

Οἶστευτής aut Οἶστευτής, οὔ, ὁ, sagittarius : an archer. Κεῖνός οἶστευτήν Call. 2. 42. SYN. Τοξότης, τοξευτής, τοξόφορος, τοξόδαμας, τοξό-
τευχής.

Οἶστεύω, εὖσω, sagittis ferio, sagittas mitto : to shoot with an arrow. Αυτὰρ ἐπεὶ λίπὼν οἶο δῖατεοντὰ χ. 119. SYN. Τοξεύω.

Οἶστούδεγμων, ὄνός, et Οἶστούδεγμός, ἡ, ὄν, sagittas recipiens : receiving or containing arrows. Pers. 1020. Apoll. 1. 1194. See below.

Οἶστός, Οἶστός, οὔ, ὁ, sagitta : an arrow, shaft. Med. 634. Εἰλκέν οἶστόν Δ. 213. "Attici semper οἶζος dixerunt, non οἶζός, οἶζυρός, non οἶζυρός ; quod monuit Piersonus ad Moerin. Eodem modo dixerunt οἶς, οἶστός, Οἶκλῆς, Οἶκλῆς." Porson. Praef. Hec. p. clvii. SYN. Βέλός, ἰός, ἀτρακτός. EP. Ἄφουκτός, αἰνός, ἰδός, εὐπτερός, πτερόεις, πυρίπνευλος, πικρός, στάνοις, τὰχῶς, αὐτός, χαλκήρης, οξυβελῆς, τάνυγλάχιν, τρίγλάχιν, κωμόροτος.

Οἶστῶν, Ion. Οἶστῶν, ἡσω, oestro seu asilo

agito vel agitor : to urge on, to be driven or urged furiously. Οιστρεῖ παπταίνουσα Theoc. 6. 28. Quod ad οιστράω, Schaf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat Jacobs. Anth. 11. 167. SYN. Ἐλαυνόμεαι, ἐρεθίζομαι, μαινύμαι.

Οιστρήλατος, Οιστροδδώνος, Οιστροδδώνητος, Οιστροδδίνητος, ου, ό, ή, et Οιστροπλήξ, πληγής, cestro percussus vel excitatus : driven by a gad-fly, furious. P. V. 600. (See Τροχήλατος.) Æsch. Sup. 17. 576. P. V. 609. (See Δίνη.) Οιστροπλήγης αθλίας Bacch. 1218.

Οίστημα, αῖτος, τὸ, stimulus quo quis velut cestro agitur : a furious impulse, a sting. (E. R. 1318.

Οιστρός, ου, ό, cestrus; inania; irritatio : a gad-fly; frenzy; irritation. Anacr. 3. 28. SYN. Μῦωψ, ἐρεθισμῶ, μᾶνία, λύσσα. Ερ. Ἀνέμωλιός, ἄγριός, ἱμέριεῖς, πόλυπλάνος, λυσσῆεις, μίαιφόνος, αερόφοιτος, ἀκρόρητος, φρένοπληγής, ἀδηφάγής.

Οιστροπλήξ. See Οιστρήλατος.

Οισυῖνος, η, όν, salignus, vimineus : of willow or osier. Διάμπερὲς οισυῖνι ε. 256. SYN. Ιτρίνός.

Οισυπτήρος, ἄ, όν, sordes ovinas redolens, foetidus ut succus lanæ : smelling of the filth of sheep, stinking. Ἐρῖ οισυπτήρα λαμπάδιον περὶ τὸ σφύρον Acharn. 1177. SYN. Δυσώδης, ἀνάσχετός.

Οιταῖος, α, όν, Cætaus : of Ceta. Philoct. 479.

Οίτη, ης, ή, Ceta. Philoct. 495.

Οἰτρός, ου, ό, calamitas, ærumna, infelix fatum, mors : calamity, distress, mishap, death. Soph. El. 168. SYN. Μῶρος, συμφορά, οἶζος, μοῖρα, δανάτος, ὀλέθρος. Ερ. Αἰκίης, Βῆρὺς, κάκος, δύσποτμος, ἀλλῖος, κάκωδαῖμων, πῶλυμοχθός, δύσφορός, στῶνθεις.

Οἰτύλος, ου, ή, Cætilus : a town in Laconia. Οἰτύλον ἀμφένεμοντο B. 585.

Οιχᾶλία, ας, ή, Cechalia : (1) a district of Laconia, and a town in it of the same name, (2) a town in Eubœa. Οἷ τ' ἔχον Οιχᾶλῆν πῶλιν Ευρύτου Οιχᾶλῆος B. 730.

Οιχαλιεύς, ἔως, Ιον. ήός, Cechaliensis : of Cechalia. See passage in Οιχᾶλία.

Οιχνέω, Ιον. Οιχνέσκω, et Οιχόμεαι, f. οιχίσσόμεαι, pf. φύχικᾶ, avolo, proficiscor, abeo in exitium : to fly off (E. 790.), depart, go, to be undone. γ. 322. E. 790. Ω. 201. SYN. Πάρευόμεαι, ἀπέρχομαι, ἀπειμῖ, ἀποχωρέω, ἀποιχόμεαι.

Οἶω, Οἶω. See Οἶδμαι.

Οἰωνισμᾶ, αῖτος, τὸ, augurium, omen : an augury. Οὐς ἐλάδον οἰωνισμᾶτ' ορνίθων μάθων Phœn. 853. SYN. Οἰωνός, σύμβολον, κληδών.

Οἰωνιστής, Οἰωνόθετης, ου, Οἰωνόμαντις, ἴος, Οἰωνόπλοος, Οἰωνοσκοπός, ου, ό, augur, auspex : an augur, soothsayer. Ἐννόμεον οἰωνιστήν P. 218. (E. R. 492. Phœn. 779. A. 69. Eur. Sup. 510. SYN. Ορνιθοσκοπός, Δεδορπτός, μάντις, οἰωνῶν βότηρ.

Οἰωνόθετης. See above.

Οἰωνόθροος, όν, avium voce editus : uttered by the voice of birds. Ἡ Πᾶν ἡ Ζεὺς οἰωνόθροον Agam. 55.

Οἰωνοκτόνός, ου, ό, ή, avibus extitialis : bird-destroying. Χειμῶν δ' εἰ λέγοι τίς οἰωνοκτόνον Agam. 546.

Οἰωνόμαντις. See Οἰωνιστής.

Οἰωνόπλοος, Οἰωνοσκοπός. See Οἰωνιστής.

Οἰωνός, ου, ό, avis rapax; omen : a bird of prey; an omen. Οἰωνοῖσι τέ πᾶσι A. 5. SYN.

Ὀρνις, όρνέον, πτηνός, οἰωνισμᾶ, σημειόν. Ερ. Τάχως, μαφίλοδός, τάνυπτερυς, διπτετής, πέτεήνός, γαμφώνος, αἰδλός, περίος, αερόφοιτος, τάνυπτερός, ωμιοστής, αερόνηχης, γαμφός.

Οἰωνοσκοπῶ, auguro, auspico : to divine by the inspection of birds, to be a soothsayer. Οἷς ἄν οἰωνοσκοπῇ Phœn. 970.

Οἰωνοσκοπός. See Οἰωνιστής.

Ὀκέλλω, appello, navem applico : to drive a ship on shore. Iph. T. 1380. For κέλλω and ὀκέλλω see R. P. Hec. 728. and Damm. in v. Ὀμόργνημι. SYN. Κέλλω, ἐποκέλλω, πρόσεγγίζω, ὀρμίζω, πρόσορμίζω, προσέβαλλω, κατὰγω, κατὰπλέω.

Ὀκλαδίας, ου, ό, sella quæ plicari potest : a folding or camp stool. Ἐχέειν ἐπὶ τούτοις τουνόν τῶν ὀκλαδίων Eq. 1384. See below. Ερ. Δίφρος συγκεκλασμένός.

Ὀκλαδών, Ὀκλάς, genu flexo : with bended knee. Εγγυθὺν ὀκλαδῶν ἦστο Apoll. 3. 122. 1307. SYN. Γυνέ, γυνυπέτει ἔδρα.

Ὀκλάζω, ἄσω, genu flecto : to bend the knee. Ὀκλάσσει δὲ πρὸ πύδουιν Mosch. 2. 99. SYN. Γουναζόμεαι, γουνύόμεαι, προσπίπτω, προσπίτνέω, γουναῶν ἅπτομαι. Phr. Γυνυπετείς ἔδρας προσπίτνέω.

Ὀκλάς. See Ὀκλαδών.

Ὀκνέω, Ιον. Ὀκνεῖω, piget me, dubito, vereor : to feel scruples, hesitate, fear. Ταλ δ' οἷες μὴδ' ὑμῆς ὀκνεῖθ' Theoc. 8. 67. E. 455. SYN. Κάτ-ὀκνέω, φθέζομαι, δειδῶ, ὑποδελιᾶω, ἐλυνῶ.

Ὀκνηρός, ἄ, όν, piger, cunctabundus, timidus, molestus : slow, hesitating, timid, troublesome. Οκνηρὰ δὲ πάλιν κενέας Theoc. 16. 10. See above. SYN. Δειλός, αργός, βῆθυμός, ἄτολμός, δυσκνός.

Ὀκνός, ου, ό, pigritia, timiditas : indolence, diffidence. Ουτέ τίς ὀκνῶ N. 224. SYN. Αργία, ἀνάδολα, φθός.

Ὀκρίᾶω, aspero, exaspero : to make rough, enrage. Πανθυμᾶδιν ὀκρίωντο σ. 34. SYN. Τραχύνομαι, οργίζομαι, διάφέρομαι, ἐρίζω, ἐξ-αγριόδομαι.

Ὀκρίδεις, εσσᾶ, έν, acutas et duras extremitates habens, asper, confragous : pointed, rugged. Διθῶ ὀκρίδεντι Θ. 327. SYN. Τραχὺς, σκληρός, χάλεπός, κρύερός, φρικώδης, πέτραδης.

Ὀκρίς, ἴδω et ἴος, ή, adj. et (2) subaudit. πέτρα, subst. (1) asper, scrupulosus : rough; (2) summum cacumen : a cliff, precipice. Πρῶτᾶ μὲν γὰρ ὀκρίδα P. V. 1052.

Ὀκρυῖεις, εσσᾶ, έν, frigidus; frigere faciens : cold; causing cold. Κάκωμχαῶν ὀκρυῖέσσης Z. 344.

Οκτάσλωμος, όν, qui octo buccellarum est : containing eight mouthfuls. Τετρατρυφὸν οκτάσλωμον Hes. Op. 440.

Οκτάκνημῶς, ου, ό, ή, octo radiis instructus : having eight spokes. Χάλκεῷ οκτάκνημᾶ E. 723.

Οκτᾶπλάσις, α, όν, octuplus : eight-fold. Ἴπὸ τοῦ γέροντος οκτᾶπλάσιον χέζομεν Eq. 70.

Οκτάπους, πῶδός, octo pedes habens : having eight feet. Οκτᾶπῶδὲς δικάρνηοι Batrach. 289.

Οκτᾶ, octo : eight. B. 313.

Οκτωκαίδεκάτος, η, όν, decimus octavus : the eighteenth. Οκτωκαίδεκάτῃ δ' ἐφάνη η. 268.

Ὀλα, όν, αἶ, hordeum cum sale conspersum : salted barley. Eq. 1164. Ερ. Αἶ μὲθ' ἁλῶν μέμιγμέναι κριθαί.

Ολαίζω, ἴσω, beatum reddo vel judico : to

render or deem happy. E. R. 1529. ΣΥΝ. Μά-
καρίζω, ευδαίμονά ἡγοῦμαι, ευδαίμονίζω.

ΟΛΕΪΘΑΙΜΩΝ, *όνος*, felici sorte praeditus, fortunatus: having a happy lot. Μοιρηγὲν ἐς ολεΐθ-
δαιμον Γ. 182. ΣΥΝ. see 'Ολεΐθς and Ευδαίμων.

ΟΛΕΪΘς, *ου, ό, ή*, felix, fortunatus: happy, rich. Τὸν ολεΐον παροῖθε Heracl. 863. ΣΥΝ. ΟΛΕΪΘΔΑΙΜΩΝ, ευδαίμων, μακάρ, ευτυχής, πλούσιος, ἀφνειός, μακάριος, εὐπόματος.

ΟΛΕΪΩς, feliciter: happily. E. C. 1720. See above. ΣΥΝ. Πλουσίως, μακάρετά, ευδαίμονεσ-
τάτα.

ΟΛΕΘΘΥΤΕΙΡΑ. See below.

ΟΛΕΘΘΥΤΗΣ, ΟΛΕΘΘΥΡΟΣ, *ου, ό, ή*; ΟΛΕΘΘΥΤΕΙΡΑ, *ας, ή*, dans divitias: wealth-giving. Bacch. 564. Iph. A. 596. Bacch. 413. ΣΥΝ. see 'Ολεΐθς.

'ΟΛΕΘς, *ου, ό, ή*, felicitas, divitiæ: happiness, fortune. Hec. 285. ΣΥΝ. Ευδαιμόνια, πλούτος, περίουσια. ΕΡ. Μεγας, πολὺς, ἀδικός, σάφης, ὑπερφρων, τυφλός, βαυός, ἀελαδής, ἀσπετός, ἀθεσ-
φάτος, ὑψηλός, φέρεσσιός, χρύσειος, πλῶνυμὸς, μέλιφρων, ευδαίμων, ἀρβίτιος, ἀγρήατος, βασιλῆϊος, πολὺχρυσός, δαυμαστός, ἀπήμων, κάλλιπτος, μα-
κρός, ὑπέρτατος.

ΟΛΕΘΘΥΡΟΣ. See ΟΛΕΘΘΥΤΗΣ.

ΟΛΕΞΕΚΩΝ, Ion. imperf. See 'Ολλυμί. T. 135. ΟΛΕΞΗΡΙΟΣ, *α, όν, et ου, ό, ή*, perniciosus: de-
structive, fatal. Εσπράτευσ' ολεθρίαν Eur. Sup. 127. ΣΥΝ. Θανάττηφρος, δανάτωδης, οὐλῖος, ἀλτήριος, θλός.

'ΟΛΕΘΡΟΣ, *ου, ό, ή*, pernicies, pestis: destruction, plague. Ως ἦν Τρώεσσι ὀλέθρου H. 402. ΣΥΝ. Μόρος, δανάτος, διαφθόρος, λύμη, πῆμα, φόνος. ΕΡ. Ανδοσίος, αιτύς, λυγρός, ἀπειθής, ὀκιστός, ἀδευκής, οἰκτιστός, δακρυόεις, ἀλγευνός, οἰκτρός, θλός, στόνους, δαιμόνιος, ἀμῆχανός, ανός, ἀφραστός.

ΟΛΕΚΡΑΝΩΝ, *ου, τδ*, caput cubiti: the elbow point. Εκ τῶν ὀλέκρανων ἀκίδας εξαιρούμενον Pax 443. Kra longa, ut in Κράνιον.

ΟΛΕΚω. See 'Ολλυμί.

ΟΛΕΣΗΝΩΡ, *ός*, hominibus perniciosus: man-
destroying. Theogn. 393. ΣΥΝ. Βρόττολοιγός, φθισήνωρ, ρηξήνωρ, ὀλεθρίος.

ΟΛΕΣΙΘΗΡ, *ήρος*, feras interficiens: destroying
wild beasts. Phoen. 674. See ΟΛΕΣΙΚΑΡΠΟΣ.

ΟΛΕΤΗΡ, *ήρος, ό*; ΟΛΕΤΕΙΡΑ, *ας, ή*, perditor: a
destroyer. Σ. 114. Batrach. 116. ΣΥΝ. Φόνους, λυμῶν, αυθέντης.

ΟΛΙΓΑΚΙς, raro: seldom. 'Ηκουσά φείδου
δ' ολιγάκις λέγειν κακά Orest. 387. ΣΥΝ. Ολί-
γων, σπάνιος.

ΟΛΙΓΓΗΠΕΛΕω, parum valeo, infirmus sum: to
be weak. Γῆν ολιγγηπέλεω O. 24. ΣΥΝ. Ασ-
θενέω, ολιγοδράνέω, κάκηπελέω.

ΟΛΙΓΓΗΠΕΛΙΑ, *ας, ή*, virium defectus, imbecil-
litas: weakness. Εξ ολιγγηπέλης ε. 468. ΣΥΝ. Ολιγοδράνια, ασθενεία.

ΟΛΙΓΙΣΤΟΣ. See ΟΛΙΓΟΣ.

ΟΛΙΓΟΔΡΑΝΕω, langueo, spiritum vix traho: to
be faint. Τὸν δ' ολιγοδράνεω O. 246. ΣΥΝ. Ολιγγηπέλεω, ασθενέω, ασθμαίνα.

ΟΛΙΓΟΔΡΑΝΗΣ, *εός, ό, ή*, infirmus, imbecillus:
weak, faint. Ολιγοδράνες πλάσματ' ἀπλοῦ Av. 686. ΣΥΝ. Ασθένης, ἀπαλόφυχος, ἀκίλος.

ΟΛΙΓΟΔΡΑΝΙΑ, *ας, ή*, imbecillitas: weakness. P. V. 563. See above. ΣΥΝ. Ολιγγηπέλια, ασθενεία.

ΟΛΙΓΟΣ, *η, όν*, superl. ολιγιστός, paucus, par-
vus, exilis: few, small, short. Έστω ἀριθμὸν
ολίγων οἱ Κάδμου πόλιν Herc. F. 6. T. 223. ΣΥΝ. Βαύς, παῦρος, μικρός, βράχυν, σπάνιος.

ΟΛΙΓΟΣΤΕς, *η, όν*, perpaucus: very few. Antig. 625. See above. ΣΥΝ. Βαύς, ολίγος.

ΟΛΙΓΟΧΡΟΝΙΩς, *α, όν*, brevi tempore durans:
lasting for a short time. Αλλ' ολιγοχρόνιον
Theogn. 1014. ΣΥΝ. Οκτιμόρος, μίνυθαδῖος.

ΟΛΙΩΝ, *ωνός, ή, et (2) όνός, ό, ή*; (1) Olizon:
a town in Thessaly; (2) minor: smaller. Καὶ
Μελέβοιαν ἔχον καὶ Ολίωνα τρηχεῖαν B. 717. Ολίονά καὶ μίνυθουσαν Nicand. Θ. 372.

ΟΛΙΣΘΑΪΩΝ, 2. α. ολισθών, labor, labefio: to slip,
decay. Apoll. 1. 377. ΣΥΝ. Ἰππώπιτω, ὀκλάζω,
σφάλλομαι.

ΟΛΙΣΘΗΡΟΣ, *α, όν*, ad labendum proclivis; lu-
bricus: slipping; slippery. Pyth. 2. 175. ΣΥΝ. Γλισχρός, πτώσιμος.

'Ολκαῖον, 'Ολκεῖον, seu 'Ολκήϊον, *ου, τδ*, lignum in infima parte navis quo navis trahitur: a
piece of timber by which a ship is drawn, the
slips. Γλαφύρης ὀλκήϊον Αργούς Apol. R. 4. 1609. Νηϊοῦ ὀλκαίου seu ὀλκείου Apoll. 1. 1314.

'Ολκάς, *αδός, ή*, navis oneraria; a ship of
burthen. Τὰ πᾶχεά συμβάλλοντες εἰς τὰς ὀλ-
κάδας Pax. 37. ΣΥΝ. Πλοῖον. ΕΡ. Γλαφίρα, εὐ-
στώδης.

'Ολκεῖον seu 'Ολκήϊον. See 'Ολκαῖον.

'Ολκός, *οῦ, ό*, (1) tractus: a draught; (2)
machina qua naves in mare deductæ sunt: a
drag, windlass; (3) fluctus: a stream; (4)
sulcus: a furrow. Ion 143. ΣΥΝ. Αὐλαξ, ναύ-
σταθμός, ῥμός.

'Ολλυμί, ὀλέκω, et Ion. imp. ὀλέεσκον, perdo;
perimo: to lose; to kill. Καὶ πόλεις ὀλλυσσ' αἰ
Orest. 518. Σῆ τὰ φίλτατ' ὤλεσεν Hipp. 969. 'Ολέκον
φεύγοντας ἀνάγκη A. 150. T. 135. ΣΥΝ. Ἀπόλλυμι, φθείρω, ἀποκτείνω, ἐξόλλυμι.

'Ολμός, *ου, ό*, mortarium: a mortar. A. 147. ΣΥΝ. Θύελα.

Ὀλδεις. See Ὀλδός.

'Ολοτρέχός, Ὀλοοτρέχός, *ου, ό, ή*, omni ex
parte rotundus: round on all sides. Ηὐτέ πετροῖ
ὀλοτρέχοι Theoc. 22. 49. N. 137. ΣΥΝ. Τρό-
χοις, τρέχουσις.

Ὀλδλυγή, *ής, ή*; Ὀλδλυγιά, *ατός, τδ*; Ὀλδ-
λυγιάς, *οῦ, ό*, exultatio; ululatus: a shouting;
a lamentation. Αἱ δ' ὀδωλυγὴ πᾶσαι Ἀθήνης Z. 301. Heracl. 782. Orest. 1136. ΣΥΝ. Ὀλό-
φυρμός, κόκωμιά, κωκυντός, κλαυθμός, βόη, ἀλ-
αγή, ἀάλητος.

Ὀλδλυγών, *όνος, ή*, acredula; ulula: a swal-
low; an owl. Πόνον α' δ' ὀδωλγών Theoc. 7. 139.

Ὀλδλύζω, *ξω*, ululo; exulto: to shout, lament;
to exult. Bacch. 678. ΣΥΝ. Ἀνδολύζω, ὀτ-
τύζω, ὀρνένω, αιάζω, ἀαλάζω, κωκῖα.

Ὀλοοτρέχός. See 'Ολοοτρέχός, et Damm. in v.

Ὀλός, *η, όν*, Ὀλδεις, εσσά, ἐν, et Ὀλώϊος, per-
niciosus: destructive, malignant. Androm. 1200. Trach. 530. Hes. Theog. 591. ΣΥΝ. Οὐλός, οὐλῖος, ἐξάλης, ὀλεθρίος, λωθήεις, χυλῆπος, ὀλοῦ-
φρων, νηλῆς, ὀλεσῆνωρ, ὀλοφώϊος.

Ὀλοοσάνω, *όνος, ή*, Olooson: a city in Thes-
saly near Mount Olympus. B. 739.

Ὀλοδφρων, *όνος, ό, ή*, qui mente perniciose est:
evil-minded, pernicious. Κάκω ὀλοδφρόνης ὕδρου
B. 723. ΣΥΝ. see Ὀλός.

'Ὀλός, Ion. Οὐλός, *η, όν*, plenus, totus, integer:
whole, full, complete. Phoen. 1147. w. 118. ΣΥΝ. Ἄπας, πᾶς, σύμματος, ὀλοσχερής.

'Ὀλοσχερής, *εός, ό, ή*, integer, totus: entire,
complete. Theoc. 25. 210. ΣΥΝ. see Ὀλός.

Ὀμιλᾶδόν, Ὀμιληδόν, catervatim, turmatim : in troops, in crowds. Ὀμιλᾶδόν αἰὲν ἔποντο P. 730. Hes. Op. 834. SYN. Ἀθρόως, ἱλᾶδόν.

Ὀμιλεῶ, versor cum aliquo, una sum : to associate, meet, engage or mix with, to converse. Ὀμιλεῖν ἀλλὰ γὰρ ἔμπης Apoll. 1. 630. SYN. Σύνμιλεῶ, ἐντυγχάνω, συναυλίζομαι, συνοικεῶ, συμβέλλω, ἀναστρέφομαι, συνουσιάζω.

Ὀμιληδόν. See Ὀμιλᾶδόν.

Ὀμιλημά, ἄτος, τὸ, officium, congressus : intercourse. Κάκον δ' Ὀμιλημ' ἀσθενές δέ καὶ πῶλει Eur. fr. Antiop. 10. 3.

Ὀμιλητός, ἡ, ὄν, mitis, adfabilis : gentle, sociable. Οὐχ Ὀμιλητόν θράσος Sept. Th. 173.

Ὀμιλία, ας, ἡ, congressus, commercium, colloquium : society, intercourse, connexion. Προσπέσων Ὀμιλίαν Hipp. 19. SYN. Ὀμιλημά, μέτουσία, διατρίβη, πάνηγυρίς.

Ὀμιλῆς, ου, ὁ, cætus, turba, multitudo, tumultus : a company, throng, band, tumult. Περὶ σὺν Ὀμιλῶς Σ. 603. SYN. Ἰλη, ὁμήγυρίς, στίφος, ἄθροισμά, πληθὺς, ὄχλος, θύρβος. Ερ. Αἰδηλός, ἀνδρόμεύς, ἀπειρίτος, ευρύς, μίαιφόνος, ἀρτῆς, ἀντιείδης.

Ὀμιχεῶ, mingo : to make water. Τέτραμμένος ορθὺς ὀμιχεῖν Hes. Op. 725. SYN. Ουρέω, κάτουρέω.

Ὀμίχλη, Ὀμ., ης, ἡ, nebula : a mist, steam. Καὶ ἁπῶσεν ὀμίχλην P. 649. SYN. Ἀχλὺς, νέφελη, κνίσσα. Ερ. Μέγῳ, σκίερά, σκῦτεινή.

Ὀμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, visum, spectaculum : aspectus ; oculus : a sight, spectacle ; a look ; an eye. Ὀματὰ καλὰ εἰκοῖα α. 208. SYN. Ὀψίς, ὀπωπὴ, ὤψ, οφθαλμός, ὄραμα, Ερ. Ἐκδίκον, κύων, κάλδον, μαρμαῖρον, φάεινον, οξὺτάπον, λαμπρόν, τῦφλόν, φαῖδρωπόν, ορνιθόγυδον, δεινόν, χιόντροφόν, σκῦθρωπόν, ἁλᾶδον, φαῖδρον, σεμνόν, σκῦτεινόν, ἀνολέδον, αἰμάτηρον, πωλικόν, φίλον, ἐλεύθερον, ἱερὺν, ὑπᾶφρόν, ἀγρυπνόν, ἡσύχυν, κήτηφες, λάδρον, ταυρομορφόν, ἀγρίωπόν, λευκόν, διάερωτόν, στικτόν, ορθόν, ἀγρίον, λοξόν, πολυέλικτον, δολιόν, φοινίον, φαῖδιμον, Γόργειον, μαλθακόν, ἀκοίμητόν.

Ὀματσοστέρης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, (1) oculis privans : depriving of eyes ; (2) oculis privatus, cæcus : deprived of eyes, blind. Eumen. 943. See Ὀμᾶ. SYN. (2) Ἀλᾶς, τῦφλός.

Ὀματτόν, oculatum reddo et vigilem : to render keen-sighted or vigilant. Choëph. 841. See Ὀμᾶ. SYN. Εξοματτόν.

Ὀμνυμί, et Ὀμνύω, f. ὁμῶω, et ὁμῶμαι, pf. ὁμῶκα, Attice ὁμῶμῶκα, juro : to swear. Ὀμνυμί γαῖαν Ἥλιου δ' ἀγνὸν σέβας Med. 750. Ὀμνύε δ' ὡς ἐκέλευε Ξ. 278. SYN. Ἐπομνυμί, κατόμνυμι, διόμνυμι, ὁρκωπότῶω.

Ὀμογάμυς, Ὀμοδέμνυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, maritus, uxor : a husband or wife. Phœn. 137. Agam. 1077. See Γάμυς and Δέμνιον. SYN. see Ὀμευνέτης.

Ὀμογάστρις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, frater uterinus : an own brother or sister. Ὀμογάστριός Ἐκτόρος εἰμι φ. 95. SYN. see Ὀμαιμῶς.

Ὀμογενέτωρ, ὁρὸς, Ὀμογενής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, Ὀμογυδός, et Ὀμόγνιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, frater vel soror, cognatus : a brother or sister, relative. Phœn. 167. Iph. T. 919. Pyth. 4. 260. Ὀμογνίε Ζεὺ καὶ παράκουον δεσποτῶν Ran. 761. SYN. see Ὀμαιμῶς.

Ὀμόγνιος. See above.

Ὀμογυδός. See above.

Ὀμοδέμνιος. See Ὀμογάμυς.

Ὀμοδῆμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ejusdem populi : of the same nation, people, or rank. Isthm. 1. 40. SYN. Ὀμοπτόλις, δημότης, ὁμόγνιος.

Ὀμοδουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conservus : a fellow slave. Hec. 60. SYN. Σύνδουλός.

Ὀμοθάλαμμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, socius tori vel cubiculi : partner of the bed or chamber. Pyth. 11. 4. See Θαλάμμος. SYN. Ὀμευνέτης, ὁμοδέμνιος, ὁμολεκτρός.

Ὀμοθῆν, Ὀμοῦ, ex eodem loco, una, simul : from the same place or source, along with, together. Iph. A. 501. A. 127. SYN. Ὀμαρτή, ἁμᾶ, σχεδόν.

Ὀμοθῆρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, venationis socius : a companion in hunting. Call. 3. 210.

Ὀμοθρόνιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ejusdem throni socius : possessing the same seat or throne. Καὶ ὁμοθρόνου Ἥρας Nem. 11. 2.

Ὀμόθυμάδων, uno animo : unanimously. Ἀλλὰ πῶς ὁμόθυμάδων Av. 1015.

Ὀμοίος. See Ὀμοῖος.

Ὀμοιοπρέπης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, pariter decens : equally becoming. Agam. 766. See below.

Ὀμοῖος, et antiquitus Ὀμοίος, α, ὄν, similis : like, similar. Ὡς αἰεὶ τὸν ὁμοῖον ἄγει P. 218. Εἰδὼθ' ὁμοῖον πᾶλῃ οἰοίμην I. 440. SYN. Ἀλίγκιος, ἐνάλίγκιος, ἐφῶμιλλος.

Ὀμοῖω, assimilo, similem efficio : to liken, make like, compare. Καὶ ὁμοιωθήμῃαι ἀντην A. 187. SYN. Εἰσκω, ἐξίσω.

Ὀμοῖως, similiter : similarly, in like manner. Τοῦτ' εἶναι πάνιν ὁμοῖως Plut. 489.

Ὀμοκλᾶ, Ὀμοκλέω, et Ion. imp. ὁμοκλήσασκον, clamore adhortor, minis ago : to cheer on, exhort, threaten. Ὁ δ' υἱάσιν οἷσιν ὁμοκλᾶ Ω. 248. O. 658. B. 199. SYN. Κελεύω, ἐνίπτω, ὀνειδίω, ἀπειλεῶ, πᾶράκελεύομαι.

Ὀμοκλή, ἡς, ἡ, hortatio clamosa, inclamatio, increpatio, comminatio : a clamorous exhortation, chiding, a threat. Μάχη ἐνὶ μείναι ὁμοκλήν Π. 147. SYN. Βόή, ἀπειλή, ἐλεγχοῖς. Ερ. Χάλεπῃ, λευγαλέα, κρατέρᾳ, ἀριδηλός, στόνυ-εσσά.

Ὀμοκληρὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consors, ejusdem sortis : having the same portion. Olymp. 2. 89. See above.

Ὀμοκλητήρ, ἡρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, qui clamore hortatorio vel minaci utitur : an exhorter, reprover. Ἐόντος ὁμοκλητήρως ἀκούσας Ψ. 452. SYN. Ἀπειλητήρ.

Ὀμολεκτρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui eodem lecto utitur : sharing the same bed. Ὡ χαῖρ' ἐπείσθης Ζηνὸς ὁμολεκτρὸν κᾶρα Orest. 470. SYN. see Ὀμευνέτης.

Ὀμόλη, ης, ἡ, Homola : a mountain in Thesaly. Herc. F. 371.

Ὀμολόγῶ, consentio, adsentior, confiteor : to agree with, assent, confess. Iph. A. 1142. SYN. Σύμφημι, συμφωνέω, συγχωρέω, ὑπέκω.

Ὀμολοῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Homoloi : one of the seven gates of Thebes. Ὀμολοῖσιν δὲ πρὸς πύλαις τέταρτος Sept. Th. 567.

Ὀμολαστιγίας, ου, ὁ, ejusdem flagellationis particeps, conservus : subject to the same lash, a fellow slave. Πρὸς Διὸς δὲ ἡμῖν ἐστὶν ὁμολαστιγίας Ran. 756. SYN. see Ὀμοδουλός.

Ὀμολήτρις, α, ὄν, eandem matrem habens : having the same mother. Ὀμολήτριά γὰρ ἐστί κακ ταῦτοῦ πατρός Acharn. 790. SYN. see Ὀμαιμῶς.

Ὀμόνοιά, ας, ἡ, concordia : unanimity. Κεῖσ'

ἄμφω ἰερὸν εὐφρόνους Apoll. 2. 720. SYN. Ὁμοφρόσυνη.

Ὁμοπάτριος, α, ὄν, eundem patrem habens: having the same father. P. V. 574. See Πάτηρ, πατήρ. SYN. see Ὁμαῖος.

Ὁμοπτερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, similiter alatus; similia vela habens; similis: having like wings, sails, or veils; resembling. Pers. 565. See below. SYN. Ὁμογενής, ὁμογενέτωρ, ὁμαῖος.

Ὁμοπόλις, ἔως, ejusdem civitatis: of the same state. Τῇσδ' ὁμοπόλιν λέως Antig. 744. SYN. Ὁμοδημός.

Ὁμοργάζω. See the obs. in Ὁμαρτάζω.

Ὁμοργνυῖ, ὀρεῶ, abstergo, exprimo, premo: to wipe off, press out, stamp. Δάκρυ δ' ὁμοργνυῖ Apoll. 2. 242. SYN. Ἀπομόργνυμι, ἐξ-ὁμοργνυῖ, ἀπομάττω, ὁμορτάζω.

Ὁμορρόθεω, constrepe; consensio: to join in a noise; to correspond to. Τοῖς ἐμοῖς ὁμορρόθει Orest. 523. SYN. Ὁμολόγηω, σύμφημι, συμφωνέω.

Ὁμορρόθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, strepitum seu sonitum una edens; consentiens: making a noise or sound together; harmonious. Στεῖχοντες ὁμορρόθοι Theoc. Ep. 3. 5.

Ὁμός, ἡ, ὄν, communis, idem: common, of the same size or kind. Δ. 437. SYN. Ὁμοῖος, ὁμοῖος, ὁ αὐτός, ἴσος.

Ὁμός, eundem in locum, conjunctim, cum: in the same place, together with. Orest. 912.

Ὁμόσπλαγχνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consanguineus, frater: a kinsman, brother. Sept. Th. 887. See below. SYN. see Ὁμαῖος.

Ὁμόσπυρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) eadem stirpe satus: of the same seed or stock with; (2) qui cum eadem muliere, quacum alius, vivit: possessing the same marriage-bed as another. Καὶ γυναιχ' ὁμόσπυρον Œ. R. 260. SYN. (1) see Ὁμαῖος.

Ὁμοστίχως, una incedo: to proceed or march together. Αἰὲν ὁμοστίχαι O. 635. SYN. Σύν-ὁμαρτῶ, σύνεπιμαί.

Ὁμόστυλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui simul mittitur; comes; qui eodem amictus genere utitur: sent along with; a companion; in the same dress. Οὐχ ὁμόστυλος φύσις Æsch. Sup. 505. SYN. Ὁπαδός, ὁμοφουτός, ὁμοῖος.

Ὁμότιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui paris est honoris et conditionis: of equal honour or rank, on a level with. Εἰ μ' ὁμότιμον ἔδντ' O. 186.

Ὁμότοιχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, communem parietem habens, vicinus: having an adjoining house, neighbouring. Agam. 974.

Ὁμότροπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, iisdem moribus præditus: of the same turn or habits, agreeing. Olymp. 13. 9. SYN. Ὁμήτης.

Ὁμότροφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, simul nutritus, convictor: brought up or educated with. Ὁμότροφόν Απόλλωνος Hom. Hymn. 8. 2. SYN. Εὐνέστιδος, ὁμο-τοιχός, σύντροφος, συνοικίος.

Ὁμοῦ. See Ὁμόθεν.

Ὁμοῦριος, Ὁμοῦρος, ὄν, confinis, amicus: bordering upon, friendly. Ὁμοῦριον ἀστυ πόλινσσαι Apoll. 3. 1094. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Callim. 1. 510. SYN. Πλησιόχωρος, συνοικίος.

Ὁμόφουτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, una ire solutus, comitans: accompanying. Nem. 8. 55. SYN. see Ὁμο-στύλος.

Ὁμόφρονέω, eadem mente sum, consensio: to agree, to consent. Ἡ δὲ ὁμοφρονέοντ' ζ. 183. SYN. Συναίνεω, σύμφημι, ὁμολόγηω, ὁμορρόθεω, Pros. Let.

Ὁμόφροσυνη, ης, ἡ, unanimitas, concordia: agreement, concord. Αἰὲν ὁμοφρόσυνησιν Apoll. 2. 718. SYN. Ὁμόνοια, σύμβασις, ἀριθμός, φίλδης. ΕΡ. Ἀρήκτος, φίλη, εσθλή.

Ὁμόφρων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, ejusdem sententiæ, unanimis: of the same mind. Ἀνὲς ὁμόφρονά θυ-μὸν X. 263. SYN. Συμφράδμων, ὁμόνοεω.

Ὁμόφυλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ejusdem tribus, gentis, generis, vel sexus: of the same tribe, nation, race, or sex. Herc. 1193. See Φύλον. SYN. Ὁμόγνιός, ὁμόπτολιν, ὁμοδημός.

Ὁμόφωνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, eadem lingua vel voce utens: having the same language, symphonious. Agam. 153. SYN. Σύμφωνος, συναυλός, ὁμαυλός, συναφδός, ὁμορρόθος.

Ὁμῶ, ὥσω, conjungo: to join together. Ε. 209.

Ὁμη, Ὁμπνη, ης, ἡ, fructus cerealis: fruit, especially wheat and barley. Call. fr. 123. 268.

Ὁμπνίος, ἰα, ὄν, fertilis, almus: fertile, rich. Στὰχυν ὁμπνίον ἀμύσασθαι Apoll. 4. 989. SYN. Ζειδάρως, πλούσιος, ἀφθόνος.

Ὁμφάκιος, ου, acerbus, austerus: sour, surly. Δεινὸν γὰρ οὕτως ομφάκιαν πέφυκεναι Acharn. 351. SYN. Ὡμός, σκληρός.

Ὁμφάλη, ης, ἡ, Omphale. Ὁμφάλη τῇ βαρ-βάρι Trach. 252.

Ὁμφάλιος, ὄν, Omphalius: of Omphalus, a place in Crete, sacred to Jupiter. Ὁμφάλιον μετέπειτα πέδον Call. 1. 45.

Ὁμφάλεις, εσσα, ἔν, umbilico-ornatus, rotundus: having a navel, boss, or excrescence, embossed, round. Πύξινον ομφάλειν τ' Ω. 269.

Ὁμφάλος, ὄν, ὁ, umbilicus, tuber, centrum: the navel, the boss in the centre of a shield, an excrescence, centre. Eis μέσον παρ' ομφάλον Hec. 557. SYN. Τὸ μέσον. ΕΡ. Λευκός, μέσος, δεσ-πιδός.

Ὁμφαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, uva immatura vel acerba: an unripe or sour grape. Agam. 943. See Ομφά-κίος. ΕΡ. Δριμεῖα, ωμή.

Ὁμφή, ης, ἡ, oraculum, vox divina, fama: a divine voice, oracle, response, report. Med. 176. SYN. Χρησμός, κληδόν, φήμη, φάτις, χρηστήριον, μαντεῖον, δέσποισμά, δέδοπρόπτιον, κληδόν. ΕΡ. Θεία, δεσπεσία, ἡδεῖα, λιγεία, δέσκέλος, δέσφατος, ζάθεα, δέηλάτος.

Ὁμῶλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, conterminus, finitimus: bordering upon, adjoining. Βύζηρες δ' ἐπὶ τοῖσιν ὁμῶλακες Apoll. 2. 398. SYN. Γείτων, ὁμούριος.

Ὁμῶνυμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, idem nomen habens, ambiguous: having the same name, ambiguous. Sept. Th. 984. See Ἀνώνυμος.

Ὁμῶς, (2) Ὁμῶς, (1) pariter, æque: equally, similarly; (2) tamen: yet, nevertheless. Πλήθην ὁμῶς ἵππων τέ θ. 214. Ὁμῶς δ' ου λήθετ' ἡράρης M. 393. SYN. (1) see Ὁμοῦ; (2) ἀλλ' οὖν, μέντοι, μέντοιγέ.

Ὁνάρ, τὸ, subst. indecl., somnium: a dream. Ὁνάρ εκ Δῖος ἐστιν A. 63. SYN. see Ὁνειρδός.

Ὁνεῖαρ, ἄτος, τὸ, præsidium, auxilium, cibus: support, assistance, provisions. Οἱ δ' ἐπ' ὀνεῖαβ' ἐτοίμα I. 91. SYN. Ὁνησίς, σίτις, βρώμα, βρώσις. ΕΡ. Ἐτοίμων, μέγα, μυρίων, προκείμενον.

Ὁνειδεύς. See Ὁνειδιστήρ.

Ὁνειδίω, ἴσω, probis increpo, probis adicio: to reproach, upbraid with. Bacch. 641. Ὁνειδίω governs a dative of the person upbraided, or of the instrument, and an accusative, sometimes a genitive, of the thing. SYN. Εξονειδίω, μέμ-

φῶμαι, κερτῶμῶ, λοιδορῶ, μωᾶῶμαι, ὄνῶμαι, ἐξέλεγχω, προπηλακίζω, εγκάλεω, ὑερίζω.

Ὀνειδιστήρ, ἦρως, Ὀνειδείδης, ου, δ, ἡ, objurgatorius: reproachful, insulting. Herc. F. 217. Φ. 393. SYN. Ἀπτῶεπῆς, ὑεριστής.

Ὀνειδός, εὖς, τὸ, (1) probum: reproach, insult, blame; (2) gloria: boast. Phœn. 835. "In support of the latter meaning κάλλιστον ὀνειδος Eur. Bacch. 641., ὀνειδος ου καλόν Soph. Phil. 478., are cited. Laminus and others take the word thus ironically or by οὐ νόμον." Donn. Lex. SYN. Μομφή, μέμφις, ὑερίς, λοιδορία, αἰσχός, κάτηφείη, δόξα, κλέος. Ep. Ἀμάθες, κᾶκύν, δὺσφορὸν, λῦγρὸν, πίκρὸν, χᾶλῆπὸν.

Ὀνειδός, ου, δ, ἡ, asinus: of an ass. Eq. 1399. Ὀνειράτᾱ, ων, τᾱ. In obliquis casibus tantum adhibetur. Vide Ὀνειρὸν.

Ὀνειροκρίτης, ου, Ὀνειρμαντῆς, ἴος, Ὀνειρῶ-πῶλός, ου, Ὀνειρῶφρων, ὄνός, δ, ἡ, qui somnia interpretatur, vel e somniis futura prædicat: an interpreter of dreams, one who tells fortunes from dreams. Ἔστιν ὀνειροκρίτας Theoc. 21. 33. Choëph. 30. E. 149. Nec. 701.

Ὀνειρὸν, ου, τὸ, Ὀνειρός, ου, δ, et in plur. Ὀνειράτᾱ, ων, τᾱ, somnium: a dream. δ. 841. B. 8. v. 87. SYN. Ὀνᾶρ, εὐπνύον, φάντασμα, φάσμα. Ep. Οὐλὸν, νυκτίφαντὸν, πτηνὸν, μέλα-νοπτέρω, ψευδές, νύχθον, ἐννύχθον, ἀμένυννόν, ἄκριτόμυθον, κᾶκόν, ἀμῆχανόν, αἰνόν, πτέρῶν, ὀλόν, πίκρὸν, κενεόν, δολῶν, νυκτερώπῶν. PHE. Μελαινας νυκτὸς παῖς μελάνονκέλειμων, δόκημᾱ νυκτερώπῶν ἐννύχθον ὀνειρῶν.

Ὀνειρῶπῶλῶ, inter somnia versor; somniorum interpretem ago: to be busy with dreams; to interpret dreams. Nub. 27.

Ὀνειρῶπῶλός. See Ὀνειροκρίτης.

Ὀνειρῶφρων. See Ὀνειροκρίτης.

Ὀνειρῶφαντός, ου, δ, ἡ, in somniis apparens: appearing in dreams. Agam. 410.

Ὀνῶ, Ὀνημί, Ion. Ὀνιημί, f. ὄνησω, pass.

Ὀνᾶμαι, adjuvo, prosum, delecto: to assist, benefit, delight. Mē' ἁθᾶνᾶτοισιν ὄνησα A. 503. Δαιτὺς ὄνησο τ. 68. Σίνεταί ηδ' ὄνησι Ω. 45. SYN. Ωφέλεω, χραίσμῶ, βῆθηῶ, ἀπολαύω.

Ὀνήσιτος, Ὀνήσιμὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, commodus, utilis: most beneficial, useful. Ὀνήσιτον πόνε-εσθε Apoll. 2. 335. Μαρτυρεῖν ὄνησίμα Antig. 995. SYN. Χρήσιμὸς, πρόσφορός, σύμφορός, ωφέ-λιμὸς, ἀγᾶθος.

Ὀνήσιμὸς. See above.

Ὀνησίς, ἴος, ἡ, juvamen, fructus: assistance, benefit. φ. 402. SYN. Ὀνείαρ, ωφέλειᾱ, ωφέλημᾱ, ὀφέλος, τὸ συμφερόν.

Ὀνητόριδης, ου, δ, Onētores satus: the son of Onetor. Φρόντιν Ὀνητόριδην γ. 282.

Ὀνήτωρ, ὄρος, δ, Onētōr. II. 604.

Ὀνθος, ου, δ, stercus vel fimus: dung. Ψ. 777. SYN. Βόλῆτιδν, κόπρος.

Ὀνιδίον, ου, τὸ, asellus: a little ass. "Ὡσπερ κᾶχρῶν ὀνιδίον ευωχῆμενον Vesp. 1306.

Ὀνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, stercus asinum: ass's dung. Δδος μάζαν ἔτεραν ἐξ ὀνίτων πέπλασμένην Pax 4.

Ὀνύμᾱ, ἄτος, Ion. Ονύμᾱ, Ἄεol. Ὀνύμᾱ, τὸ, nomen, prætextus: a name, pretext. Ἀρναῖος δ' ὄνυμ' ἐσκέ σ. 5. ζ. 194. Olymp. 6. 95. See Ἀνώνυμὸς. Ep. Κλυτὸν, πῶθεινόν, γενναῖον, φιλα-τάτον, κλεινόν, ἀγέραςτον, δυσκλέες, πόλῳπὸνδν, ἐλευθέρον, ωφέλιμὸν, εσθλόν, ἀγλᾶν, ἀγᾶκλειτόν, κυδᾶλιμὸν, ἐνδοξόν, ἀρίπρεπες, τηλέκλυτον.

Ὀνύμας, ποῦτ. Ὀνύμαλιν, nomino, nuncupo: to name, designate. Τᾱ δ' ὀπισθ' ὀνύμαζοι I.

511. Hes. Op. 80. SYN. Κᾶλεω, ἐπικᾶλεω, κλήω, προσάγνυν, ἐξὸνμάζω.

Ὀνῶμαι. See Ὀντάζω.

Ὀνῶμαι. See Ὀνύμαζω.

Ὀνύμακλήδην, Ὀνύμαστί, nominatim: by name. Εκ δ' ὀνύμακλήδην Δᾶνᾶων δ. 278. Αλκμήναν ὀνύμαστί σέβας Theoc. 24. 76. SYN. Κλήδην, ἐξὸνμάκλήδην.

Ὀνύμακλυτός, Ὀνύμαστός, ἡ, ὄν, nominandus, celebr: having an illustrious name, celebrated. Ὀνύμακλυτός Ἀλπης X. 51. Herc. F. 507. SYN. Κλυτός, ἀγᾶκλυτός, τηλέκλυτός, ευκλῆς, ἐρί-κλυτός.

Ὀνύμαστί. See Ὀνύμακλήδην.

Ὀνύμαστός. See Ὀνύμακλυτός.

Ὀνός, ου, δ, ἡ, asinus; sucta; vasis quoddam genus: an ass; a windlass; a wine-vessel. A. 557. SYN. Ὀνιδίον. Ep. Νῶθς, βράδυπους, λαρκάγῳγός, λασιός.

Ὀνοστός, ὄντος, ἡ, ὄν, reprehensione dignus: blameable, contemptible. I. 164. Isthm. 485. SYN. Μερπτός, φαῦλός, ευτέλης.

Ὀνοσφάγια, as, ἡ, victima ex asino facta: the sacrifice of an ass. Φοῖσδν ὄνοσφάγια Call. fr. 188.

Ὀντάζω, ὄνω, Ὀνῶμαι, vituperare, reprehendo: to reprove, blame. Σκῶλιως ὀντάζων Hes. Op. 256. P. 173. φ. 427. SYN. Μέμφωμαι, ὄνει-δίω, λοιδορῶ, ἐπισκῶπω.

Ὀντάτος, vox perquam suspecta. Σχέτλιον ουκ ὀντάτων occurrit quidem in Hom. H. Ven. 255.: sed scribit Ernesti: "Vitiosa scriptura. Martini eleganter ὀνύμαστων. Clarkius ὄν-ταστων ἀν' ὀντάζω; sed sensus inde non oritur qui h. l. requiritur."

Ὀντός. See Ὀνοστός.

ὄνω. See Ὀντάζω.

Ὀντως, vere, revera: truly, certainly. Iph. A. 1621. SYN. Ἀληθώς, ἐτύμως, ἐτητύμως.

Ὀνύμᾱ, Ἄεol. pro Ὀνύμᾱ, q. v.

Ὀνύξ, ὕχος, δ, unguis: a nail, fang, talon. Τέθισα λευκὸν ὀνύχᾱ διὰ πάρηδων Orest. 951. SYN. Χηλή, ὀπλᾱ. Ep. Δίαμυός, οξύς, ἄκρος, ἀγρίος, γαμπτός, δήϊος, κρᾶτέρος.

Οξύμῃ, ης, ἡ, jus ex aceto et ἄλμῃ: sauce made of vinegar and salt water. Vesp. 331.

Οξύνης, ου, δ, vinum quod coacuit aliqua-tenus: wine somewhat sour. Οξύνην πέπωκότες Vesp. 1077. SYN. Δριμύς.

Οξύς, ἴδος, ἡ; Οξύσᾶφον, ου, τὸ, acetabulum: a vinegar cruet. Κᾶτ' ἐχοντές οξύδας Ran. 1436. Οξύσᾶφον εντευθενί πρόσθου λάβων ἡ τρυβλίον (troch. tetram.) Av. 360. Ep. Χαλκῆα.

Ὀξύς, εὖς, τὸ, acetum: vinegar. Ran. 620.

Οξύσᾶφον. See Οξύς.

Οξύσῆλης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, acutum cuspidem habens: sharp-pointed. Οξύσῆλης κᾶθ' ὀμυλὸν Δ. 126. SYN. Οξύθηκτός, οξύστομὸς.

Οξύσῃας, ου, δ, ἡ, acute clamans: shrill-sounding. Agam. 56. See above. SYN. Οξύ-τόνός, οξύφωνός, διατόρος, οξύρῶς, οξύκωντός, οξύλαλός, οξύμολπος, λιγύφωνός, λιγύς.

Οξύρῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, lamentans; flebilis: lamenting; woful. Sept. Th. 308. See Οξύσῆλης. SYN. See Οξύσῃας.

Οξύη, ης, ἡ, hasta: a spear. Χειρὶ δ' ἐνθῆς οξύην Heracl. 727. See Musgrave's note on this passage. SYN. See Δοῦ.

Οξύθηκτός, ὄν, præcutus: whetted so as to become sharp. Παῖς οξύθηκτῶ πλευρᾱ Androm. 1139. SYN. See Οξύσῆλης.

Ὁξϑυμῶ, præcipiti ira excandesco: to be exasperated. Ἦν δ' οξϑυμῆς σοι μὲν *Androm.* 687. *SYN.* θυμῶμαι, χαλεπαίνω, οργίζομαι.

Οὔθυμία, as, ἡ, ira præceps: violent passion.
Οὔθυμίας ὑπο Androm. 726. ΣΥΝ. Μῆνις, οργή,
δύμωμά, μένος.

Οξύθυμος, Οξύκαρδιος, ου, ο, η, iracundus: passionate. Γυνή γάρ οξύθυμος Med. 320. Σφήκες οξύκαρδιοι Vesp. 430. ΣΥΝ. Οργίλος, θυμώρης, οξύχολος.

Οὐκάρδιος. See above.
Οὐκώκυτος, ου, δ, ῆ, acute flebilis: to be
lamented loudly. Οὐκώκυτον πάθος Antig.
1316. See Κωκυτος. SYN. see Οὐδέσας.

Οξύλαλός, ου, ό, ή, argute loquens: sharply speaking. Οξύλαλόν περ ιδη Ran. 815. SYN. Δίγυς, λίγυφωνός, οξύμολπος, οξύσδας.

Οξύμᾶλης, ἔως, Οξύμολπός, ου, ό, ή, acuta
voce canens: singing with a shrill voice, loudly
lamenting. Av. 1095. Sept. Th. 1025. See
Οξύεέλης. SYN. see Οξύεέας.

Οξύμερινος, ου, ὅ, ἡ, acute excogitatus: acutely devised or invented. Ὅταν εἰς ἔριν οξύμερινοῖς Ran. 905.

Οξύμηνιτος, ου, δ, ἡ, celeriter vindictam provocans: keenly provoking vengeance. Οξύμη-
νιτου δίκας Eumen. 475. See Ἀμύνιτος.

Οξύμολπος. See Οξύμελις.
Οξύνω, ὀξύω, acuo, acescere facio; acesco: to sharpen, irritate; to be sharp. Trach. 1178.
ΣΥΝ. Πάροξύνω, ὀτρύνω, παρορμαῶ, οξύνομαι, οξύ-
τῶνέω.

Ὀξύδεις, εἰσα, ἐν, abiegnus : made of fir.
 Ἐγχεῖ ὀξύεντι H. 11. Dammius putat vocem
 significare i. q. ὀξύς.

Οξύπνευκῆς, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, acidus et amarus: tart and bitter. Choëph. 630. See Οξύθηκτος.

Οξύπους, πῶδᾰς, ὁ, ἡ, celeres pedes habens: quick-footed. Orest. 1567. See Οὔβελής. SYN. Τάχypous, πῶδᾰς ωκύς, ωκύπους, πῶδῶκης, ἀρ-σίπους.

Οξύπρωρος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, acutam proram vel cuspidem habens: having a sharp or pointed prow, sharp. P. V. 431. See Οξύφρων.

Οξύπνης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, celer in vergendo, statu-
endo, agendo: quickly moving, determining, or
acting. Olymp. 9. 138. See Οξύβελής.

Οξύς, εἶα, ὅ, compar. οξύτερος, superl. οξύ-
τατός, acutus: sharp, keen, shrill, piercing. Οξύν
ἄκοντ' α βαρείης Φ. 590. Βλέποντ' ἀποδέλω σ'
οξύτερον τοῦ Λυγκέως Plut. 210. Ξ. 345. SYN.
Οὐθηκτός, οὐδότημος, εὐθηκτός, ωκός, δριμύς,
διὰπρύσιος, οξύρεπός.

Οξύστομος, Οξύτομος, ου, ό, ή, aciem acutam
habens: sharp-edged. Οξύστομον μάχαιραν
Eur. Sup. 1216. Pind. Π. 4. 468. See Οξύ-
ελης.

Οξύσχοινος, ου, ό, ή, asperos juncos habens: having prickly rushes. Οξύσχοινος εκάστω Βα-
trach. 163.

Οξύτερὸς, Οξύτατος. See Οξύς.

Οξύτομος. See Οξύστομος.

Οξύρωνος, *ov, ó, ῆ*, argute sonans: sharp-toned, loud. *Aj.* 630. See Οξύσελης. *SYN.* see Οξύσεας.

ΟΞύφρων, *δνός*, *præditus celeri animo, acuto ingenio*: of quick decision, acute. ΟΞύφρων κρίνειο λέχρη γυναικῶν *Med. 642*. answering to *ἰμέρω χρίσας* ἀφυκτῶν οιστῶν. *SYN.* Ἐχέφρων, *αγχίνυός*, *œzēs, σφός*, *δεινός*.

Οξύφωνος, ου, ὁ, ῆ, arguta voce utens: shrill-

voiced. Trach. 965. See below. SYN. $\text{O}\xi\upsilon\epsilon\delta\alpha\varsigma$,
 $\alpha\xi\upsilon\phi\theta\omicron\gamma\gamma\delta\varsigma$.

Οξύχειρ, χειρὸς, ὁ, ἡ, celeri præditus manuum
motu : quick-handed, rapid. Οξύχειρὶ σὺν κτύπῳ
Choëph. 21. ΣΥΝ. Προχειρὸς δεξιὸς

Οἰχθαλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, iracundus: irascible, angry. Antig. 955. See above. SYN. see Οἰθυμῶς.

Ὁπαδὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, comes: a companion, attendant. Τέκνων ὁπαδὲ πρέσβυ Med. 52. SYN. Αμφιπόλος, ὁπάων, διέραπων, ὑπηρέτης, ἀκόλουθος.

Ὁπάξω, ἄσω, comitem do; comitor; præbeo:
to give as a companion; to attend; to give. Καὶ
κυνῶς ὁπάξει ο. 319. SYN. Ὁπῆδεω, χαρίζομαι,
παρῆχω, διδωμί.

Ὁπατρός, ον, ὁ, ἡ, ex eodem patre genitus :
born from the same father. Κασίγνητον καὶ
ὄπατρον Λ. 257. ΣΥΝ. Ὁμόπατριός, δμαιοός,
δμογάστριος, q. v.

Ὁπάων, ὄνδς, ὁ, comes, sectator : a companion.
Ὁπάωνά πατρός ἐοίω Ψ. 360. SYN. see Ὁπα-
δός.

Ὀπή, ἦς, ἦ, foramen, fumarium : an aperture, smoke-hole, window. Plut. 715. SYN. Τρημά.
Ὀπη, Ὀππη, Ὀπποῖ, ubi ; quo ; quo modo : where ; whither ; how. γ. 106. α. 347. γ. 16. SYN. Ἡ, ἦχι, οἶ, ὅποι, ἰνᾶ, ἐνθα, ὅπποῖ.

Ὠπηδέω, comitor, sector: to follow, attend.
Ω. 368. SYN. Ἐπόμεαι, συνἔπόμεαι, ὁπάζω, θέρᾱ-
πεύω.

Ὀπίας, ου, δ, ἡ, (1) caseus lacte ficulno coagulatus: cheese curdled with fig-juice, coagulated; (2) repens per foramen: stealing through a hole. "Aristoph. autem per jocum οπίαν derivavit ab οπή, et οπίαν γενέσθαι usurpavit pro Per foramen perrepere. Vesp. 353." Steph. Thes. t. ii. p. 1377=6385. Καὶ τυρὸς οπίας ἐστὶ καὶ βούδς γάλα Cycl. 136.

Ὀπιδνός, ἡ, ὄν, reverendus, extimescendus;
to be revered or feared, awful. Ὀπιδνότατη
τῇ τέτυκται Apoll. 2. 292. ΣΥΝ. Φῶξερὸς,
δεινός.

Ὀπίζομαι, sequor; curo, revereor: to follow after; to attend, reverence, fear. Αἰεὶ θυμὸν ὀπίζουμαι ν. 148. ΣΥΝ. Ἐπὶ ὀπίζομαι, αἰδέομαι, εὐντρέπομαι, ᾄζομαι, ἐπιστρέφωμαι, φροντίζω, ἀλέγισω.

Ὅπισθε, Ὅπιθεν, Ὅπισθεν, Ὅπισθεν, Ὅπισσω, et
 ποετ. Ὅπισσω, a tergo: behind. Στῇ δ' ὀπίθε
 πληθεῖν τὲ Π. 791. B. 542. I. 332. E. 595.
 Ὅπισσα δ' οὐ χάριτό πάμπαν Σ. 160. Γ. 160.
 SYN. Κἀτόπιν, κἀτόπισθεν.

Ὀπιθόμεροτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hominem sequens: following a man, posthumous. Pyth. 1. 179. (See Ὀπιθε.) This is the reading of Schmidius, instead of Ὀπισθόμεροτον.

Ὀπιτεύω, specular, specto, specular: to look for or about, spy out. Λαθρή ὀπιτεύσας H. 243. SYN. Ἐποπιεύω, ἐπιτηρέω, τηρέω, ὀπτεύω, περιέλπω, σκέπτομαι, σκοπιάω, σκοπῶμεν. PHR. Ὅμῃ παντὰ χηρὰ διαφέρειν κακείσῃ καὶ τῷ δευρῷ.

Ὅπῃς, ἰδῶς, ἡ, respectus, animadversio vel
pœna divina : respect, divine punishment. Οὐκ
ὄπῃδα φρόνουντ' ἔ. 82. ΣΥΝ. Ἐπιστροφῇ, φρόν-
ουντῃ, ἐκδίκησιν, τιμωρίᾳ, μῆνιν. ΕΡ.
Αφθιόν.

Ὀπισθε, Ὀπισθεν. See Ὀπιθε.
Ὀπισθιδίος, ον, posterior: posterior, hinder.
Κάπρον Ὀπισθιδίοιο Call. 3. 150.

Ὀπισθοδῶδς, ου, ὁ, pars ædis posterior : the back part of a temple, e. g. the Parthenon at Athens. Τὸν ὀπισθοδῶδον αἰεὶ φύλαττων τῆς θεοῦ Plut. 1193.

Ὀπισθοπους, πῶδς, ὁ, ἡ, pedissequus, pedissequa : a footman, attendant. Choëph. 701.

Ὀπίσω, et ὀπίσω. See Ὀπίθε. "Poëta (sc. Homerus) solet ὀπίσω ponere de futuro tempore, de præterito vero τὸ ἐμπροσθεν; futura enim sequuntur nos et adsecantur a tergo; cum præterita jam profligaverimus quasi." Damm. in Ὀπίσω. See also Elmsley, Cæ. R. 488.

Ὀπίστᾱτος, η, ὄν, postremus : last. Αἰὲν ἀποκτείνων τὸν ὀπίστᾱτὸν Α. 178. SYN. Ἐσχᾱτός, τέλευταῖος, ἐσχᾱτῖος, νεᾱτὸς et Ion. νεῖᾱτὸς, ὕστᾱτος.

Ὀπίτης, ου, ὁ, Opites. Αὐτὸνδὸν καὶ Ὀπίτην Α. 301.

Ὀπλέω, Ὀπλίζω, et Ὀπλω, armo, instruo, paro : to arm, furnish, prepare. "Ὀπλέων ἡμίονος" B. 73. β. 289. T. 172. SYN. Κόρυσσω, θωρήσσω, αἰχμάζω, ἐνὸπλιζω, καθὼπλιζω, ἐτοιμάζω, πᾶρασκευάζω.

Ὀπλή, ἡς, ἡ, ungula : a hoof. Ταῖς ὀπλαῖς ὠρυττὸν εὐνάς καὶ μέτῃσαν στρώματα Eq. 605. SYN. Ὀνυξ, χηλή. ΕΡ. Ἰππεῖος, κράτερᾱ, κερύεσσᾱ, κρᾱταῖᾱ.

Ὀπλητέες, ων, οἱ, Hopletes : men of one of the four tribes into which Athens was originally divided. Ion 1580.

Ὀπλίζω. See Ὀπλέω.

Ὀπλισμᾱ, ᾱτὸς, τὸ, armatura, apparatus bellicus : armor, armament. Iph. A. 253.

Ὀπλισμός, οὔ, ὁ, ipsa actio armandi, armatura : the act of arming, armour. Agam. 395. SYN. Ὀπλισμᾱ, παντευχία, ὀπλᾱ.

Ὀπλίτης, ου, ὁ, qui arma gestat : armed. Καὶ πῶς ὀπλίτης τευχεῶν ἄτερ φᾱνεῖ Heracl. 694. SYN. Ἐνόπλις, εὐόπλις, πάνοπλος, ὀπλοφόρος, τευχεοφόρος, αἰχημητής, πολέμοις, θωρηκτής, διδύροφόρος. ΡΗΗ. Τεύχεσσι παμφαίνων, κέκροθυμένους αἰθροπὶ χαλκῷ.

Ὀπλυν, ου, τὸ, (1) armum : armour, a weapon; (2) instrumentum fabrilis et nauticum : a tool, a cable. Ἀποθεῖομαί ὀπλᾱ τὲ πάντα Σ. 409. SYN. Βέλως, βέλεμνόν, σᾱκὸς, ὀπλισμός, ὀπλισμᾱ, pl. ἐντέᾱ, τευχῆᾱ, σκεῆη. ΕΡ. Χαλκήϊδον, δεινόν, δειμᾱλλῶν, μέγᾱ, βύβλινδον, εὔστορφέες, κᾱκιστὸν, κᾱλλίνικόν, χρυσῆδον, πάγχαλκόν, ἄσμηον, φᾱέννδον, λαμπρὸν, ἠφαιστοπῶν, χαλκήλατὸν.

Ὀπλοτάτος, superlative of Ὀπλοτέρως. Α. 282. SYN. Νεώτατος, πάνοπλοτάτος.

Ὀπλοτέρως, junior, ad arma magis idoneus : younger, more fit for arms. Ὀπλοτέροι γέγᾱσσι Δ. 325. SYN. Νεώτερος.

Ὀπλοφόρος, ου, ὁ, armiger : an armour-bearer, armed. ΑΛΛᾱ σὺν ὀπλοφόροις Phœn. 801. SYN. see Ὀπλίτης.

Ὀπλω. See Ὀπλέω.

Ὀπῶθεν, poet. Ὀππῶθεν, unde : from whence. Γένους δὲ πολίου χ' ὀπῶθεν μᾱθεῖν δεῶν Iph. A. 696. α. 406. SYN. see Ὀθεν.

Ὀποι, ubi? where? Heracl. 19. SYN. see Ὀπου.

Ὀποιός, et poet. Ὀπποιός, α, ὄν, qualis : such as, what sort. Τοῖψ ὀποιός εἰσι τ. 77. α. 171. SYN. see Οἰός.

Ὀπός, οὔ, ὁ, coagulum : rennet. E. 902. SYN. Χυλός.

Ὀπῶσος, et poet. Ὀππῶσος, η, ὄν, quantus :

as much as. Ω. 7. Ψ. 238. SYN. Πῶσος, ὄσος, ἡλίκος.

Ὀπῶτᾱν, poet. Ὀππῶτᾱν, Ὀπῶτῆ, et poet. Ὀπῶτῆ, quando : when. ΑΛΛ' ὀπῶταν δή Π. 62. Ο. 209. Α. 670. Β. 794. SYN. Ὀτᾱν, ὄτῆ, ἡνίκᾱ, ἡμὺς, ἐπειδῇ, εὐτέ.

Ὀπῶτῆ. See Ὀπῶτᾱν.

Ὀπῶτέρως, poet. Ὀππῶτέρως, α, ὄν, uter : whether of the two, which. Καὶ τῶν θεᾱτῶν ὀπῶτέροι πλείους σκόπει Nub. 1096. Γ. 71. SYN. Πότερός, ἐκότερός.

Ὀπούντιος, ου, ὁ, Opuntius : of Opus, a city in Locris. Ὀπουντίφ δ' οφθαλμόν Av. 1294.

Ὀπούς, δεινός, ἡ, Opus : a city in Locris. Olymp. 9. 22.

Ὀππῆ. See Ὀππῆ.

Ὀππῶθεν. See Ὀπῶθεν.

Ὀππῶθι. See Ὀππῆ.

Ὀπποῖος. See Ὀποῖος.

Ὀππῶσος. See Ὀπῶσος.

Ὀππῶτᾱν. See Ὀπῶτᾱν.

Ὀππῶτῆ. See Ὀπῶτᾱν.

Ὀππῶτέρως. See Ὀπῶτέρως.

Ὀππῶτέρωθεν, ex utraque parte : on both sides. Ε. 59.

Ὀππως. See Ὀπως.

Ὀπτᾱλέως, et Ὀπτὸς, ἡ, ὄν, assatus : roasted, broiled. Ὀπτᾱλέων ἅ ῥᾱ τῇ πρῶτερῃ π. 50. Theoc. 14. 7. SYN. Φρυκτός.

Ὀπτᾱνῖον, ου, τὸ, culina, furnus : a kitchen, an oven for baking. Τουτὶ δ' ὀρᾱτέ τοῦπᾱνῖον ὡμὸν κᾱλόν Pax 891.

Ὀπτᾱω, ἡσω, torreo, asso : to roast, bake. ξ. 76. SYN. Ανθράκιω, ἀπανθράκιζω, ἐψέω.

Ὀπτεῖν. See Ὀπτόμαι.

Ὀπτήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, speculator : an inspector, spy, scout. ξ. 261. SYN. Κάτοπτήρ, κάτοπτης, κατᾱσκῶπς, Δεᾱτής, ἐπισκόπος.

Ὀπτηρίως, ἰᾱ, ἰὸν (τᾱ ὀπτηρίᾱ, pl. subaud. δᾱρᾱ), id quod videndi causa datur, præsertim sponso : agnitio : the sum given for a sight; the present the bridegroom gave to the bride when he saw her without the veil; an acknowledgment. Παιδὸς αὐτ' ὀπτηρίων Ion 1127. SYN. Ἀνάκᾱλυπτηρίᾱ, Δεᾱρητᾱρᾱ.

Ὀπτόμαι, Ὀπτεῖν, video, inspicio : to see, behold, inspect. Med. 353. Av. 1061. SYN. Ὀπιπτεῖν, ἐπισκέπτομαι, βλέπω, ἐπίβλεπω, ὄρᾱω, δερκόμαι.

Ὀπτὸς. See Ὀπτᾱλέως.

Ὀπνῶ, et Ὀπῶω, ὡσω, uxorem duco : to marry. Πρεσβυτάτην δ' ὠπνῶι δῦγατρῶν N. 429. "Ὅστις σ' ὄπνῶσι κᾱκοποιήσεται γᾱλᾱς Acharn. 243. SYN. Γᾱμῶω, σῶνικῶω.

Ὀπωπῆ, ἡς, ἡ, visus; oculus : a view, sight; the eye. Apoll. 2. 109. SYN. Ὀψίς, ὡψ, βλέμᾱ, ὁμᾱ, πρῶσοψίς. ΕΡ. Ἀγρυπνὺς, ἀγᾱνόφρων, ἰμερόεσσᾱ, χάριεσσᾱ, ἡδεῖᾱ, θᾱλέρᾱ, ἐρῶεσσᾱ.

Ὀπωπητήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, inspector, speculator : an inspector, spy. Hom. Merc. 15. SYN. see Κάτοπτης.

Ὀπῶρα, seu Ion. Ὀπῶρη, ἡς, ἡ, autumnus : autumn. X. 27. SYN. Φθινόπωρόν, στᾱφύλη. ΕΡ. Τεῖθαλυᾱ, ἀγᾱδοκαρπὸς, ἡδίστη, ἀμπελῶεσσᾱ, ἰμερόεσσᾱ, γλαυκῆ, Διδόνυσια, βρίθουσσᾱ, φυλλᾱς. ΡΗΗ. Ὀρα ὀπᾱρίνη, μῆσσειρᾱ Ἀφροδίτης.

Ὀπᾱρίνδς, η, ὄν, autumnalis : autumnal. 'Ως δ' ὅτ' ὀπᾱρίνος Βόρρης Φ. 346. The penult. of ὀπᾱρίνδς is uniformly long in Homer when the last syllable is long; but short in Hes. Op. 672. Eur. fr. incert. 192. 2., and in Martial. Epigr. 9.

13. : Si daret autumnus, mihi nomen ὑπάρινδς essem.

“Ὅπως, Ion. “Ὅπως, sic, quomodo, qualiter, ut : so, how, like as, that. Hec. 398. A. 344. SYN. Ὡς, ὡς τὲ, ἰνὰ, ὁφρὰ.

“Ὅραμα, ἄτος, τὸ, visus, spectaculum : a vision, spectacle. Ἀνέφαινέτο δεινὸν ὄραμα Hom. Batrach. 81. SYN. Ὀψίς, ὅπωπῃ, δέργμα, δέαμᾶ, πρόσψις.

“Ὁρατός, ἡ, ὄν, visibilis : visible. “Ὁθέν ουκ ἐπὶ Νεΐλῳς Ὁρατός Theoc. 7. 114.

“Ὁρᾶω, imperf. ἐάρω, pf. ἐάρακά, f. ὀψόμαι, video, aspicio : to see, behold. Ὁφθαλμοῖσιν ὄρῳσα Δ. 459. SYN. Βλέπω, δέρκομαι, δέαῶμαι, ἄθρεω, καθύρῳ, κατόπτῳ, προσβλέπω, νύεω.

Οργάζω, ἄσω, instigo ; mollio, subigo : to excite ; to soften, knead. Av. 839. SYN. Πάρ-οξύνω, οργαίνω, μάλασσω, δέψω.

Οργαῖνω, Οργίζω, irrito, ira accendo : to irritate, exasperate. GE. R. 335. Vesp. 223. Οργαίνω is also used passively. Trach. 549. and Alcest. 1125. SYN. Ἐρεθίζω, τάρασσω, πάροξύνω, οργάζω, παρῶνθῳ, εξορμαῶ.

Οργάνη, ἡς, ἡ, effectrix : effective. Androm. 1005. See below.

“Οργάνον, ου, τὸ, opus ; instrumentum : work ; instrument. Χρύσωμ’ Ἀθάνας τὸδὲ πάλαιον ὀργάνον Ion 1030. SYN. Τεῦχος, ἐργόν. EP. Δαινέον, δέσκελόν.

Οργᾶς, ἄδῶς, ἡ, subaud. γῆ, locus sacer : a sacred place (field, meadow, or grove). Οργᾶδας πύρευεται Rhes. 278. SYN. Ἀλοῶς, τέ-μηνός.

Οργᾶω, impatienter appeto ; tumeo, matureasco : to be eager for ; to swell and ripen. Choëph. 447. SYN. Ἐπιθυμῶ, ἐφίεμαι.

Οργῇ, ἡς, ἡ, indoles ; ira : disposition, temper ; anger. Orest. 484. SYN. Χόλῳς, μήνις, κότῳς, θυμός, πρῶτος. EP. Τραχεῖα, δεινῇ, δύσις αὐτός, κάκῃ, φαύλῃ, ασχημῶν, ἄθῶν αὐτός, βάρυθυμός, παρᾶνυμός, χάλειπῃ, ἀμφιλόγῳς, ἥπιός, στυγίῳς, δίκαια, ἀγρία, ἀδάμαστῳς.

“Οργιᾶ, ὠν, τὰ, orgia, “proprie Sacra Liberi, abusive omnium deorum,” Serv. in Virg. : orgies, the rites or mysteries of Bacchus or of any other god. Οργίοις εἰλημμένον Lysist. 832. SYN. Ἱερὰ, νοσθηριᾶ. EP. Ἀσημᾶ, Εὐῖα, νυκτιφάῃ, φιλόθυτᾶ.

Οργιάζω, sacra perago : to perform the sacred rites. Bacch. 410. See above. SYN. Οὔη-πδλέω, ἱερέω, ὀῦω.

Οργίζω. See Οργαίνω.

Οργιάν, ὄνῳς, ὁ, sacerdos sacrificus : an officiating priest. Οὔστινᾶς ἀνθρώπους οργιόνῳς εἰσ-ἀγαγοῖτο Hom. Hym. 2. 389.

Οργυιᾶ, ἄς, ἡ, ulna ; juger : an ell, fathom ; an acre. “Ὅσον τ’ ὀργυῖ ὑπὲρ αἰῆς Ψ. 327.

“Ὁρεγμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, porrectio, extensio : a stretching out. Choëph. 420.

Ὁρέγω, Ὁρέγνυμι, (2) med. Ὁρέγῳμαι, (1) porrgo, præbeo : to stretch out, afford ; (2) porrectis manibus prehendo : to take with outstretched hands ; (3) cupio : to long for. Phœn. 101. A. 351. Hel. 352. SYN. Τείνω, εκτείνω, προτίθημι, πᾶρεχω, (2) ἐφίεμαι, ὀρεχθῶ, ὀρμαῶ.

Ὁρεῖσᾶτης, Ὁρεσσιῖσᾶτης, Ὁρεσίδρῳμός aut Ὁρεσ-σίδρῳμος, Ουρείδρῳμός, Ὁρείδρῳμός, et Ὁρε-πλαγκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, montivagus : mountain-traversing. Οὐδὲ δῆρ’ ὀρεῖσᾶτην Philoct. 955. Antig. 356. Nonn. D. 2. 440. Bacch. 983. Iph. A. 1592. Thesm. 333. SYN. Ὁρείς, ὀρευνῳμός,

ὄρεστέρῳς, ὄρεσκόῳς, ὀρεσκῳός, ὄρεστίτρυφός, ὀρεσ-σινῳμός.

Ὁρείδρῳμός. See above.

Ὁρεῖνῳμός, Ὁρεσσιῖνῳμός, Ουρεῖσῖῳτης, Ὁρεῖστρυ-φός, Ουρεῖθρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, et Ὁρίτρεφής, εὖς, qui in montibus pascitur : mountain-fed. Herc. F. 364. Hes. Clyp. 407. Philoct. 1148. M. 299. Hec. 204. (ουρεθρέπταν). Apoll. 2. 34. SYN. see Ὁρεῖσᾶτης.

“Ὁρείς, Ion. Ούρείς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et α, ὄν, et Ὁρέστερῳς, α, ὄν, et Ὁρεστιάς, ἄδῳς, ἡ, montanus, agrestis : of a mountain, mountainous, wild. Hec. 1092. Hom. Hym. 3. 244. X. 93. Z. 420. SYN. see Ὁρεῖσᾶτης.

Ὁρείπλαγκτός. See Ὁρεῖσᾶτης.

Ὁρείχαλκός, ου, ὁ, ἄς, montanum, orichalcum : mountain brass. Hes. Clyp. 122.

Ὁρεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, porrectus ; desideratus : ex- tended, stretched out ; desired. B. 543. SYN. Μᾶκρῳς.

Ὁρέσβιῳς, ου, ὁ, Oresbius. Καὶ Ὁρέσβιῳν αὐδ- λυμίτην E. 707.

Ὁρέσῖγῳνός, poet. Ὁρεσσίγῳνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mon- tigena : born in the mountains. Ran. 1385. Eur. fr. Xantr. 1.

Ὁρεσίδρῳμός. See Ὁρεῖσᾶτης.

Ὁρεῖστρυφός. See Ὁρεῖνῳμός.

Ὁρεσκόῳς, Ὁρεσκῳός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in montibus de- gens : dwelling in the mountains. Cycl. 247.

A. 268. SYN. see Ὁρεῖσᾶτης, et Ὁρεῖνῳμός.

Ὁρεσσιῖσᾶτης. See Ὁρεῖσᾶτης.

Ὁρεσσίγῳνός. See Ὁρεῖσᾶτης.

Ὁρεσσιδρῳμός. See Ὁρεῖσᾶτης.

Ὁρεσσιῖνῳμός. See Ὁρεῖνῳμός.

Ὁρέστερῳς. See Ὁρείς.

Ὁρεστέῳς, α, ὄν, Orestius : of or belonging to Orestes. Androm. 1246.

Ὁρέστης, ου, ὁ, Orestes : the son of Agamemnon and Clytemnestra. M. 139. EP. Ἀγάμεμνονίδης, τηλέκλῳτός, πληξίππος, φαίδιμος, Αργεῖος, δύσ- τηνός, ἀθλιός, μητροκτόνῳς, μητροφόντης, ευπα- τριδης, διός. P.H.N. vid. passim in Eur. Orest.

Ὁρεστιάς. See Ὁρείς.

Ὁρεῖς, Ion. Ουρεῖς, εἶω, Ion. ἡῳς, ὁ, mulus : a mule. Ran. 290. Ψ. 116. SYN. Ἡμιῳνός.

Ὁρεχθῶ, rugio ; extendo me ; valde cupio : to roar : to be stretched or prostrated ; to desire eagerly, press towards. Theoc. 11. 43. SYN. Ὁρέγῳμαι, ἐπιθυμῶ, ἐφορμαῶ, στένω, κινῶ, συν- τάρπτῳμαι.

Ὁρεῳκόῳς, ου, ὁ, mulio : a muleteer. Thesm. 491.

Ορθεύω, erigo : to raise up, support. Orest. 399. SYN. Ορθῳω, ἀνάκομφῳζω.

Ορθιάζω, clamorem edo : to speak loudly, in- voke aloud. Ορθιάζοντες γῳοῖς Pers. 693. SYN. Εξορθιάζω, ἐκπορθιάζω, ῥυθιάζω, θρηνῶ, μαντεύ- ῳμαι.

Ὁρθιασμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, verbum intenta voce pro- latum : vociferation. Acharn. 1042. See above. Ὁρθίῳς, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, erectus, clarus : lofty, loud. Ορθία is also an epithet of Diana. Ορθίῳς κρηρυμᾶτων Soph. El. 683. SYN. Ορθός, ηχῳίς, ὠηλός.

Ορθῳουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recte consilians : rightly counselling, prudent. P. V. 18.

Ορθῳδῳς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, recti peritus : knowing the right way, prudent. Οὐδὲ τῳν ορθῳδῳῃ Agam. 990. SYN. Ορθῳδουλός.

Ορθῳδικαῖός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, justus : just, upright. Eumen. 997. See Δικαῖός.

Ορθόδικης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recte judicans: uprightly judging. Pyth. 11. 15. See Δίκη.

Ορθότριξ, τρίχης, ὁ, ἡ, capillis erigens: raising the hair. Choëph. 29. See Βάθυτριξ.

Ορθόκραυρος, η, ὅν, caput, cornua vel vela erecta habens: having the head, horns, or sails erect. Βῶν ορθοκραυρών Θ. 231.

Ορθόκρανός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, erectum caput habens; eminent: with head erect; eminent. Καὶ τύμβον ορθόκρανόν Antig. 1217. SYN. Ορθόκραυρός, ὑψηλός, ορθοστάδιος.

Ορθόμαντεία, ας, ἡ, vera vaticinatio: true prophecy. Agam. 1186.

Ορθόνόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recte distribuens: dispensing justice. Eumen. 966.

Ορθόπλις, ἴος, ὁ, ἡ, civitatem recte constituit: rightly regulating a state. Olymp. 2. 14. See Πόλις. SYN. Αστυνόμος.

Ορθόπους, πύδος, ὁ, ἡ, erectus: elevated. Antig. 985.

Ορθός, ἡ, ὅν, rectus, erectus, porrectus: right, straight, correct, elevated, extended. Aj. 1254. Στάδιος, ἰσός, ἐμπέδός, ἀληθής.

Ορθοστάδιον, ου, τὸ, tunica reeta: a straight tunic without seam. Καὶ Κιμῆρικ' ορθοστάδιον καὶ περίεραϊδας Lysist. 45.

Ορθοστάτης, Ορθοστάδων, erecte: in an erect posture. P. V. 32. Ορθοστάδων ἡέοντο Apoll. 4. 1426. SYN. Ὀρθία, ορθός.

Ορθοστάτης, ου, ὁ, qui stat erectus; columna, signum arctuarium: which stands erect; a column, pillar, upright statue. Εμπύρους ορθοστάτας Helen. 546.

Ορθοστάτος, η, ὅν, erectus: erect. Κλιμάκων ορθοστάτων Eur. Sup. 507.

Ορθώ, ὦσα, erigo, dirigo, fulcio: to erect, regulate properly, to support. Hipp. 786. SYN. Ἀνορθώ, ορθένω, ἰθύνω, δέπτα, εὐθύνω.

Ορθρεύω, mane surgo, mane vigilo: to rise early. Eur. Sup. 987. SYN. Ἐγρηγορέω.

Ὀρθρίος, Ορθρίνός, ἂ, ὅν, matutinus: in the morning, very early. Ὀρθρίος οὐδὲ τίς οἱ δολιχῆς Hom. Hymn. 3. 143. Ad ορθρίνους Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat Jacobs. Anthol. 6. 105. 8. 34. SYN. Αἰθρίος, πρῶμιος, πρῶός, πρῶός, ἀμφιλόκος.

Ὀρθρός, ου, ὁ, ortus solis; tempus matutinum: the sun-rise; the morning. Hes. Op. 575. SYN. see Ἀμφιλόκη, et Ἡώς. Er. Δημιόεργός, βάθρος, σέλασφύρος, φᾶξιμιερότης, ἱερός, ῥυδιδάκ-
τυλός.

Ορθρόνυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rite nominatus: rightly named. Agam. 680. See Ἀνώνυμος.

Ορθῶς, recte: rightly, clearly. Hipp. 1165. SYN. Ἀληθῶς, δικάως, καλῶς, εὖ.

Ορθωτήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, director bonus: a good regulator. Pyth. 1. 109.

Ὀρίγανός, ου, ἡ, raro ὅ, organum: wild marjoram. Καὶ βλέποντ' ὀρίγανον Ran. 603.

Ὀριγνᾶμαι, appeto: to long for. Θηρῶν ὀριγνᾶται ἀλλὰ Bacch. 1244. SYN. Ὀρεγᾶμαι, ἐπιθυμέω, ὀρεχθῶ.

Ὀρίζω, termino, finio, definio: to terminate, fix, settle. Hec. 259. SYN. Ἀφορίζω, διορίζω, περᾶτω, τάττω, κρίνω.

Ὀρμηλίς, ἰδός, ἡ, pomum montanum: a wild apple. Οὐδὲ γὰρ οὐδ' ἀκύλοις ὀρμηλιδῆς Theoc. 5. 94.

Ὀρίνω, ἰνῶ, concito, cieo, commoveo: to excite, move, disturb. Ἐν ἀλγέσι θυμὸν ὀρίνης A. 791. SYN. Εξόρίνω, ἀνὰτάρσσω, διατάρσσω,

ὀρῶν, κινῶ, ὄρω, εξορῶ, παροξύνω, παραι-
θούσσω, διέγειρω, ἐρεθίζω.

Ὀρίον, ου, τό; Ὀρισμός, ἄτος, τό; Ὀρός, ου, ὁ, terminus, finis: a limit, boundary. Ὡς οὐτ' ἑ γαλᾶς ὄρι' ἂν ἐκβαλεῖν λάθρα Herc. F. 82. Iph. A. 952. Φ. 409. SYN. Τέρμα, πέρας, τέλός.

Ὀρίσμα. See Ὀρίων.

Ὀρίτρεφής. See Ὀρεινός.

Ὀρκία, ης, ἡ, quicquid ita circumdat ut capiat: any thing which surrounds or encloses; a machine used in besieging cities; an inclosure, prison. Ὀρκίαν πεποιμένους Bacch. 601. SYN. Εἰρκία, ἑρκός, δίκτυον. Er. Πυργώτις.

Ὀρκίον, ου, τὸ, victima sancienti foederis ergo cæsa; foedus jurejurando sancitum; jusjurandum: a victim sacrificed in making a treaty; a treaty; an oath. Ὀρκία πιστὰ θεῶν Γ. 269. SYN. Σπονδή, ἑρκός, συνθεσία, ἑρκωμᾶ, αρθμός. Er. Ἄλιν, δικάων, κρυπτιν.

Ὀρκίος, α, ὅν, qui jurejurando adhibetur, jurisjurandi præses; juratus, qui jurat: appealed to by oath or in swearing; sworn on one's oath. Νῦν δ' ἑρκίον σοι Ζήνᾳ Hipp. 1029. SYN. Ἐνορκός, δίδωμτός.

Ὀρκός, ὅς, ὁ; Ὀρκωμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, jusjurandum: an oath. Iph. T. 759. Eumen. 489. SYN. Ὀρκίον. Er. Γερούσιος, κρατέρος, μέγας, δεινός, ἄγνός, ῥάδιος, πιστός, ὑπερβείος.

Ὀρκῶ, Ὀρκωμῶ, juro, adjuro; in jusjurandum adhibeo: to swear, to adjure; to call on to swear. Lysist. 187. Antig. 265.

Ὀρκωμᾶ. See Ὀρκός.

Ὀρκωμῶτες. See Ὀρκῶ.

Ὀρμάθος, οὗ, ὁ, (1) ordo, series, catena: order, row, chain; (2) multitudo: a multitude; (3) latibulum: a hiding-place, cave. Ὀρμάθος ἐκ πέτρης ω. 8. SYN. (1) Στίχός.

Ὀρμάθω, poet. pro Ὀρμάθω, ire festino, proficiscor: to hasten to, to go. Τινὸς ἀγαλμάτων ἱκέτις Ὀρμάθω Androm. 851. (A double dochm.)

Ὀρμαίνω, ἄνῶ, moveo; animo volvo: to excite; to turn in the mind, ponder. β. 156. SYN. Ἀνασκοπέω, μερμηρίζω, φροντίζω, μαίμω.

Ὀρμῶ, ἥσω, moveo, impello, concito; moveo me, irruo, proficiscor; cupio: to move, urge, incite; to hurry, rush, advance; to desire. σ. 375. SYN. Εξορῶ, παρορῶ, ὀρνυμί, ὀρύνω, κινῶ, ἐπείγω, παρέλαυνω, ὀρμᾶθω, ὀρμαίνω, ἐπιφύρομαι.

Ὀρμεία. See Ὀρμιά.

Ορμενίδης, ου, ὁ, Ormenides: the son of Ormenus. Ορμενίδαί κἀλεοντῆς Call. 6. 75.

Ορμενίον, ου, τὸ, Ormenium: a city in Thesaly. Οἱ δ' ἔχον Ορμενίον B. 734.

Ὀρμενός, ου, ὁ, Ormenus. Θ. 274.

Ὀρμενός, pro Ὀρμμένός, ab Ὀρῶ, seu Ὀρνυμί, q. v. P. 738.

Ὀρμῶ, stationem habeo; appello: to be in harbour, to land. Iph. T. 1044. SYN. Ἐφορμῶ, ὀρμίζω, κατὰπλῶ.

Ὀρμη, ἡς, ἡ; Ὀρμημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, impetus, conatus, studium, cupiditas: impulse, ardour, attack, violence, engerness, desire, will. Eur. Sup. 1060. B. 590. SYN. Ἐπιθυμία, πρῶθυμία, βουλή, βία. Er. Ἀγρία, μέλεα, αὐτοσσύτης, ἄκομος, λάβρος, ἀντίζός, ἀσπετός, ἐλαφρά, δύσμαχος.

Ὀρμιά, Ὀρμεία, ἂς, ἡ, linea, seta; linum hami: a cord, a string of horsehair; a fishing-line. Ὀρμιάν τείνων με τις Helen. 1614. Theoc. 21. 11.

Ὀρμίζω, ἴσω et ἰῶ, navem ad terram appello.

to bring a ship to land. Iph. T. 1329. SYN. Ἐνορμίζω, κῆθορμίζω, πρόσορμίζω, μέθορμίζω.

Ὀρμός, ον, ὁ, (1) statio navalis: a naval station; (2) monile: a necklace. Apoll. 4. 1345. SYN. (1) Διμήν. EP. (1) Στένονόρμος, γέγων, κοιλός, εὐπλόδος, ἀκύμαντός, ναυλόχος, πόλυή-
ρατός, (2) μέγας, παμπόικιλος, πόλυδαϊδάλος, χρυσέος, ἐννεάπηχυς, περικαλλής, εὖχρως.

Ορνάπετιον, ου, τό. See Ὀρνίς.

Ὀρνέον. See Ὀρνίς.

Ορνίβαρχος, ου, ὁ, curator vel dux avium: leader or guardian of birds. Av. 1215. See Ὀρνίς, ιδὸς.

Ορνίθειος, α, ὄν, ad aves pertinens: of birds. Av. 864. See Ὀρνίς, ιδὸς.

Ορνιθεύτης. See Ορνιθόθρας.

Ορνίθια, ου, aquilo aves abigans: a north wind which scares away the birds. Ορνίθια ἐς τὴν ἀγρόαν ἐλήλυθας Acharn. 877. SYN. Οἰωνο-
κτόνος.

Ορνιθιον, ου, τό, avicula: a little bird. Καὶ μὴν τὰ γ' ορνιθία λιπαρὰ γ' εἶναι πρέπει Av. 1590. See Ὀρνίς, ιδὸς.

Ορνιθόγυνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ab ave natus: sprung from a bird. Orest. 1382. See Ὀρνίς, ιδὸς.

Ορνιθόθρας, Ορνιθεύτης, Ορνιχόλχος, ου, ὁ, aucup: a bird-catcher. Οἰμοὶ τὰλας ορνιθόθρα τουτῷ Av. 62. 526. Isthm. 1. 6. SYN. Ἰξευτής.

Ορνιθόμανα, avium insano amore capior: to be bird-mad. Ορνιθόμανοῦσι πάντα δ' ὑπὸ τῆς ἡδονῆς Av. 1284.

Ορνιθοσκοπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aves inspiciens: observing birds, augural. Eis γὰρ πάλαιον δῶκον ορνιθοσκοπόν Antig. 1011. SYN. See Οἰωνιστής.

Ὀρνίς, gen. ὀρνίθος, Dor. ὀρνίχος, ὁ, ἡ; Ὀρνέον, Boeot. Ορνάπετιον, Dor. Ὀρνέτον, ου, τό, subst. (1) avis, ales: a bird; (2) gallus, gallina: a cock, hen; (3) augurium: an augury. Ὀρνίς ἐνι μέγαροισι Ω. 219. Ἐνὸπρ τ' ἴσαν ὀρνίθες Ως Γ. 2. Ὀρνιχες λαλᾷγενυτί Theoc. 5. 48. N. 64. Ορνάπετιοσί πολλέμον ἦρα καὶ μάχην Acharn. 877. Theoc. 29. 13. SYN. Οἰανός, πτηνός, πτέρωτον, οἰανισμό. EP. Αἰεῖς, πώ-
δωκίς, φίλη, δεξιά, εσθλή, τάνυσιπτερὸς, σμικρά, λίγυρά, πέτενην, ἄριστέρα, κῆκη, πτέρδεσσα, ἀπτερός, μελωδός, αἰοιδάτης, αἰδός, μελῶνπτε-
ρός, ἐπτερός, ἡρία, κόυφη, φοινικύλφος, τάνυ-
χειλὴς, γαμῶνυξ, τάχειά, αέροφοίτης. PHR. Πέτενην ἐθνέα.

Ορνιχόλχος. See Ορνιθόθρας.

Ορνυμί, Ορνύ, Ὀρύνω, Ὀρῶ, concito, cieo, excito, hortor: to rouse, encourage, instigate. Αλλά σὺν ὀρνυμί τοῦτον Z. 363. Ὀρνύν ἐνδὺν ἑόντες M. 142. K. 332. Φ. 335. SYN. Ὀρῶω, δαρσύνω, πρότρειω, ὀρίνω, πᾶροξύνω, κέλευω, ἐνῶω.

Ὀρδαμνός, ιδὸς, ἡ, ramusculus tenellus: a tender shoot. Ὀρδαμνίσιν αὐθαλίαινας Theoc. 7. 138. SYN. Κλάδισκος, κλάδος, βλάστημά, κλών, ἀκρέμαν, πτόρθος.

Ὀρδύνω, f. ὑνῶ. See Ὀρνυμί.

Ὀρός, εὖς, τό, mons: a mountain. Z. 347. SYN. Γήλορος, λόφος, πρῶν, βουνός. EP. Ἀσ-
κίον, ἀκρόπολιν, νίφυν, σκίον, μέγα, παιπαλῶν, περίφαιμονένον, οἰσπόλιν, ὑψηλόν, αἰπύ, ἀκρίτο-
φυλλόν, ἀρίπρεπες, εὐνοσίφυλλον, ζῶθεῦ, κατ᾽ει-
μένον ὕψη, μακρόν, περίμηκες, χλωρόν, ἱερὸν, νησαῖον, δασκίον, ἀλιμνόν, μελέον, ἀσάτον, αγ-
χῆλλον, ηγάθεῦν, ἀλιμνόν, νημέον, περίμηκες, κλεινόν, κρῶνον, ὑψικῶρνον, δάμνοισι πέρι-
σκεπές.

Ὀρός, ου, ὁ, a boundary. See Ὀρίων.

Ὀρός (1), οὐ, ὁ, serum lactis: whey. ι. 122.

Ὀρόπτιπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, montem feriens: moun-
tain-striking. Sept. Th. 85. See Τύπδος.

Ὀρούω, concitus feror, ruo, aggredior: to hurry, rush, attack. Iph. T. 298. SYN. Ἐν-
δρούω, ἐπρούω, δρμάδω, ἐπίπιπτο, ἐφορμάω, ἐφάλλυναι.

Ὀρόφη, ἡς, ἡ, contextio conclavis aut thalami aut aedis: tectum: the ceiling of a house, a roof. Nub. 173. SYN. Ὀρόφος, στέγη, στέγος, τέραμνον, κρύφῃ.

Ὀρόφιας, ου, in camera degens: dwelling in the roof. Ἰπὸ τῶν κερᾶμιδων Ἠλίσσθης Ὀρόφιας Vesp. 206.

Ὀρόφος, ου, ὁ, (1) arundo fluvialis in tependis aedibus usurpata: a reed used in thatching houses; (2) camera: a ceiling, vaulted roof. Ion 1143. SYN. Ὀρόφῃ.

Ὀρνέτον. See Ὀρνέον.

Ὀρπηξ, ηκός, et Dor. Ὀρπαξ, ακός, ὁ, (1) surculus: a sucker, shoot; (2) spiculum, hasta: a shaft, lance. Φ. 38. Θεοσάλλω Ὀρπακ' (monom. anap.) Hipp. 221. SYN. Κλάδος, κρᾶδισκος. EP. Αμπελδεῖς, τανᾶος, χλοῆρος, Θεοσάλλος, ευθαλής.

Ὀρθόπυγιον, ου, τό; Ὀρβός, ου, ὁ, pars sub-
jecta testiculis; sacri ossis extremum; podex: the rump, &c. Κατὰ τὸ στῆμ' ἔδειν ἡ κατὰ τοῦρδούγιον Nub. 158. Lysist. 963. SYN. Πυγῇ, πρωκτός.

Ὀρβός. See above.

Ὀρβώδης, formido: to fear, dread. Eur. El. 831. SYN. Δεῖδω, φόβεσθαι, φρίσσω, εκφόβε-
σθαι, ὀκνέω, ταρβέω.

Ὀρβώδω, as, ἡ, metus: fear, alarm. Εξέπληξ' ὀρβώδω Ion 406. SYN. Δεῖμα, δέος, φόβος, τρόμος.

Ὀρσικτύπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui fragores concitat: loud-sounding. Olymp. 10. 97. See Κτύπος. SYN. See Βαρυερέμετης.

Ὀρσίλοχος, ου, ὁ, Orsilochus. Ὀρσίλοχος δ' ἄρ' ἐπικτε E. 547.

Ὀρσόθωρα, as, ἡ, janua conclavis secundaria, in superiore aedium partem admittens: a side door to a hall, leading to the upper chambers. Ὀρσόθωρα δὲ τίς ἐσκεν χ. 126.

Ὀρσόλοπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, turbulentus, vexans: turbulent, tormenting. Anacr. 116.

Ὀρσῶμαι, Ion. ex futuro verbi Ὀρῶ, concito me, surgo: to rise. Ὀρσῶ Λαδμεδοντιᾷδῃ Γ. 250. SYN. Ἀνίσταμαι, ἀναίσσω.

Ὀρσotρίανης, ου, ὁ, tridentem impellens: trident-moving. Olymp. 8. 64. See Τρίανᾶ.

Ὀρτάλιχος, ου, ὁ, et Ὀρτάλιχός, et Ὀρτάλις, ιδὸς, ἡ, pullus implumis: a chicken. Οὐδ' ὀπρ' ὀρτάλιχον Theoc. 13. 12. Nicand. A. 228. Ὀρ-
τάλις αἰχμητήσιν Nicand. A. 295. SYN. Νεοσός, ἀλέκτωρ.

Ὀρτίλοχος, ου, ὁ, Ortilochus. Οἰκῶ ἐν Ὀρτί-
λοχοῖ φ. 16.

(1) The young scholar will easily recollect the difference between ὄρος, a mountain, and ὄρεος, a limit or boundary, because though they have the same accent, the gender and declension are not the same, and the breathing is different; and between ὄρεος, a limit, and ὄρεος, whey, because, though they are of the same declension, they agree neither in accent nor in breathing.

Ορτυγία, ας, ἡ, Ortygia : an ancient name of Delos ; also a small island near Syracuse. Ορτυγίης καθύπερθεν ο. 403.

Ορτυξ, ὕψος, ὁ, coturnix : a quail. Καὶ γὰρ ἦκεν ὀρτύγι Av. 1297. Ερ. Οικυγενής.

Ορτυγμήτρα, ας, ἡ, coturnicum matrix : a mother quail, a large quail. Καὶ Λητοὶ ὀρτυγμήτρα Av. 871.

Ορυκτός, ὁ, ὄν, fossus : dug. Θ. 179. SYN. Ζακπτός, κάταρυχός, κάταρύς.

Ορύμαγδος, οὐ, ὁ, sonus asper et impetuosus : a clash, din, clamour. Βάλων ὀρύμαγδὸν ἐθηκεν ι. 235. SYN. Θόρυβος, κτύπος, ὀθύβος, τάραχῃ, κραυγῇ, ψόφος, κτύπος, πᾶτάγος. Ερ. Πόλυσ, αζηγίης, μέγας, σιδηρείος, αργαλέος.

Ορύσσω, ξω, fodio : to dig. H. 341. SYN. Διόρυσσω, σκάπτω, τάφρευω, ἐξόρυσσω.

Ορφάνευμᾶ, ἄπὸς, τό ; Ορφάνια, ας, ἡ, orbitas : an orphan or destitute state. Ορφάνευμ' ἐμὼν τέκνων Herc. F. 545. Ad ορφάνια Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat Jacobs. Anth. 8. 114. SYN. Ατέκνια, ἀπαυδία, ἐρημία.

Ορφάνευω, Ορφάνίζω, orbo, orbum reddo : to bereave, render destitute. Aleest. 308. 407. See above. SYN. Ἐρημῶω.

Ορφάνια. See Ορφάνευμᾶ.

Ορφάνίζω. See Ορφάνευμᾶ.

Ορφάνικός, et Ορφάνος, ἡ, ὄν ; et Ορφανιστής, οὐ, ὁ, orbis quovis propinquo, viduus, desertus, privatus : deprived of a relation, orphan, destitute. Παιδες δ' ορφάνικοι Λ. 394. Eur. El. 914. Aj. 512. SYN. Χηρὸς, ἐρημὸς.

Ορφανιστής. See Ορφάνικός.

Ορφάνος. See above.

Ορφεὺς, α, ὄν, Orpheus : of Orpheus. Aleest. 989.

Ορφεὺς, ἔως, et Ion. ἦος, ὁ, Orpheus. Med. 543. Ερ. Ευαίνητος, Θρηΐξ, Θρηϊκίος, φορμίκτης, τᾶτῃρ αἰοῖδᾶς.

Ορφναῖος, α, ὄν, et Ορφνός, ἡ, ὄν, tenebricosus, niger : dark, black. Orest. 1224. Ad ορφνός seu ὀρφνός ed. Valpiana Thesauri Stephan. citat Nicand. Θ. 656. SYN. Σκότεινός, δυνόφερός.

Ορφνη, ης, ἡ, tenebræ, nox : darkness, night. Ion 955. SYN. Ἀχλὺς, σκοτὸς, ζόφος, νύξ. Ερ. Πύκνη, δισσίθροος, μέλαινα, δυνόφερα, σκοτία, δλδᾶ, λῦγρᾶ, ἀχλὺδεσά.

Ορφνός. See Ορφναῖος.

Ορχαῖμος, οὐ, ὁ, princeps, dux : a chief, a commander. Ορχαίμ' λαών Ξ. 102. SYN. Ἡγέμων, αρχὸς, αρχηγός, αρχηγέτης, ἡγήτηρ.

Ορχατός, Ορχός, οὐ, ὁ, series satarum arborum, viridarium : a row of trees, avenue, shrubbery, orchard. Μέγας ὀρχατός αχιλ' Διῶρῶν η. 112. 127. SYN. Ορχμὸς, κήπος. Ερ. Αμπέλοεις, νεϊάτος, ηνέμους, ὀπωρινός. PRR. See η. 112.

Ορχεῖσθαι, salto, tripudio : to dance. Σ. 594. SYN. Ἀλλῶμαι, χόρευω, ἀναχόρευω. PRR. Εμμελέως κραμπνοῖσι πέδον ῥήσσωσι πύδεσαι Apoll. 1. 539.

Ορχημὸς, οὐ, ὁ ; Ορχημᾶ, ἄπὸς, τό ; Ορχησμός, οὐ, ὁ ; Ορχηστὸς, ὕς, ἡ, saltatio : dancing. ψ. 134. Aj. 699. Eumen. 373. Τοὶ δ' ορχηστῶν καὶ αἰοῖδῃ ρ. 605. Ερ. Ἀμύμων, Νύσσιν, αὐτὸ δαῖς, ἱμέρους. PRR. Ἀνάθημᾶ δαιτός.

Ορχηστήρ, ἦρος, et Ορχηστής, οὐ, ὁ, et Ορχηστρίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, saltator : a dancer. Σ. 494. Ω. 261. Ran. 517. SYN. Χόροῖτιπῆσιν ἄριστος, χόρευτής, χορητής, εὐτής.

Ορχηστὸς. See Ορχημὸς.

Ορχίλδος, οὐ, ὁ, orchilus : the golden-crown wrean. Βασίλειος ἐστ' ορχίλδος ὄρνις Av. 569.

Ορχίπέδᾶς, testiculos contrecto. Ουκ αρχιπέδησας ὡν ἐμοὶ πατρικός φίλος Av. 142.

Ορχιπέδων, οὐ, τό ; Ορχίς, ἔως, ὁ, testiculus, testis. Ἐλεῖε Διῶρας' αὐτὸν λάβων τῶν ορχιπέδων Plut. 955. Nub. 713. SYN. Λακκίπέδων.

Ορχίς. See above.

Ορχομένως, οὐ, ἡ, Orchomenus : a city in Boeotia, and another in Arcadia. B. 511. Ερ. Πόλυμηλός.

Ορχός. See 'Ορχαίμος.

Ὄρω. See 'Ορνυμί.

Ὄς, ἡ, δ (ὅ), qui, quæ, quod ; suus : who, which ; his own. α. 1. SYN. Οσκέ, ὅστε, ὅστις, ὅτις.

Ὄσακί, seu 'Οσοάκι, quoties : as often as. 'Οσοάκι ὀρηκίως X. 194.

Ὄσημέραι, quotidie : daily. Vesp. 479. SYN. Ἐπ' ἡμᾶρ, καθ' ἡμέραν.

Ὄση. See Ὄσιος.

Ὄσιος, α, ὄν, sanctus : sacred, proper. Ὄσιος δὲ γ' ἐτέρων ὀνύμα τιμωρῶν πατρί Orest. 540. Homer uses the feminine Ὄση as a substantive.

Damm remarks : " In poetia solum occurrit fœmininum elliptice et Ionice quasi substantivum positum, ἡ ὄση, jus, fas, mos." SYN. Ἄγιος, δικαίος, εὐσεβής, ἱερὸς.

Ὄσιωω, sanctum reddo ; expio : to render holy ; to expiate. Bacch. 114. See above. SYN. Ἀγνίζω, ἐφᾶγνίζω, καθάρω.

Ὄσιως, πῖε : piously, properly. Παῖδ' οὐχ ὄσιως σὺν ἀποκτείνας Hipp. 1282. SYN. Δικαίως.

Ὄσμη, Ὀδμή, ἡς, ἡ, odor : smell, perfume, stench. Eur. El. 498. δ. 406. SYN. and Ερ. see Ὀδμή.

Ὄσος, poet. 'Οσοός, et 'Οσοῦτιός, α, ὄν, quotus, quantus : how many, how great, as many as. Herc. 140. B. 845. 'Οσοῦτιόν τε καὶ οἶδν E. 758. SYN. see 'Ὀπσός.

Ὄσα, ης, ἡ, (1) vox divina et ominosa ; fama : a prophetic voice ; a report ; (2) Ossa : a mountain in Thessaly. 'Οσα δ' ἀρ' ἀγγέλος ὠκά ω. 412. λ. 314. SYN. (1) Φάτις, φήμη, αὐδῇ, κληῖδων, ὀμφῇ. Ερ. (1) Ἀρτίεπης, πατρία, ἀμברότος, ἐράτη, ἐράτεινῃ, χρυσέα.

Ὄσακί. See Ὄσακί.

Ὄσατίος. See Ὄσος.

Ὄσαδμα, Ὀττεῦδμα, specto : to behold. β. 152. Lysist. 597. SYN. see Ὀπτάμαι.

Ὄσιχός, η, ὄν, quantulus : how little. 'Οσιχὸν ἐστὶ τὸ τύμμα Theoc. 4. 54.

Ὄσος, η, ὄν. See Ὄσος.

Ὄσος, ἔος, τό ; Ὄσος, οὐ, ὁ, oculus : an eye. Πίξας ἐν ὀσσοῖς Herc. F. 928. Ὄσος no where occurs in the singular, except in Eustath. dat. sing. ὀσσαι : the dual ὀσσε, frequent in Homer, is derived from ὀσσός, τὸ, by apocope for ὀσσεῖ. SYN. Ὀμμά, οφθαλμός, ὤψ. Ερ. Ἀδᾶκρυτὸν, αἰμάτῳδεν, δεινὸν, περικαλλές, φαεινὸν, διάστροφόν.

Ὄστειν, οὐ, τό, os : a bone. τ. 451. Ερ. Λευκὸν, μυελὸν, τᾶμείχιρρόν.

Ὄστινός, η, ὄν ; Ὄστύφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, osseus : of or belonging to the bone. Τοῖς ὀστίνοισι φουσῆτῃ Acharn. 863. Batr. 288.

Ὄστλιγξ, ιγγός, ἡ, scintilla ; cirrus : a spark ; a lock of hair. Apoll. 1. 1297. SYN. (2) Βόστρυχός.

Ὄστύφης. See Ὄστινός.

Ὄστράκινδᾶ, sicut in ludo testarum : as in the play with shells. 'Ὄστ' εἰ σὺ βριμήσαιδ καὶ βλέψαιδ ὀστράκινδᾶ Eq. 855. H. Steph. in his

Thes. makes *οστράκινδᾶ* a substantive, and explains it, *Ostracorn lusus*: but in the passage above quoted, *οστράκινδᾶ* must be taken adverbially, and *βλέπειν οστράκινδᾶ* will denote, to carry ostracism in the look.

Οστράκιδερμός, *οὔ, δ, ἦ*, cui testa loco cutis est: covered with a shell instead of a skin. *Batrach.* 286. See below.

Ὀστράκον, *οὔ, τδ*, testa: a tile, pot, shell. *Ποῦ* 'στὶν ἢ τοῖς *οστράκοις* *Ran.* 1305. *SYN.* see *Λεπύρον*.

Οσφραίνεσθαι, *φ. οσφρήσθαι*, 2. *α. ωσφρῶν*, odoror, olfacio: to smell. *Plut.* 896.

Οσφραντήριος, *α, ὄν*, olfactorius: having the power of smelling, sensible. *Καὶ μυκτῆρες οσφραντήριοι* *Ran.* 893.

Οσφύς, *ὄσ, ἦ*, lumbus: the loins. *P. V.* 506. *SYN.* *Ῥαχίς, ἱεῦς*.

Ὀσχός, *οὔ, δ*; *Ὀσχη*, *ἦ*, palme: a shoot. *Acharn.* 997. *Nicand.* A. 108.

Ὀτλέω, *ὄτλεω*, tolero, sustineo: to endure, sustain. *Κάματον πόλιν οτλεύουσι* *Apoll.* 2. 1010. 4. 1227. *SYN.* *Ἰπόμενω*, *ὑπόφερω*, *τλήμι*, *μύγω*, *πύνω*.

Ὀτλός, *οὔ, δ*, labor, ærumna: labour, hardship, trouble, misery. *Πανδοκοῦσά παιδίᾱς ὄτλον* *Sept.* Th. 18. *SYN.* *Κάματός*, *πῶνός*, *μόχθος*, *κόπος*, *ἀνία*.

Ὀτῶεω, strepto: to make a noise. *P. V.* 591. *SYN.* *Θύρῳεω*, *πλατᾶγέω*, *ηχέω*, *ὀμαῖεω*, *ψόφῳ*.

Ὀτῶός, *οὔ, δ*, strepitus, tumultus: a din, tumult. *Hes. Theog.* 709. *SYN.* *Ὀρῳμαγδός*, *πατάγος*, *ἡχός*, *δῶρῳός*, *ψόφος*, *ὀμαδός*.

Ὀτότοι, hei! heu! ah! ah! alas! *Orest.* 1387. The syllable is frequently repeated several times, as *ὀτότοτότοι*, *ὀτότοτότοτότοτοί*.

Ὀτῶτζω, dico *ὀτότοι*, lugeo, fleo: to lament, grieve. *Phoen.* 1054. *SYN.* *Αιάζω*, *ἐπὶ τῶτζω*, *δρηνέω*, *κλάω*, *ἀνὸ τῶτζω*, *ἐλλάλίζω*, *γδάω*, *ὀδυρόμαι*.

Ὀτραλέως, alacriter: readily. *Τοὶ δ' οτραλέως ἐπιθοντο* *Γ.* 260. *SYN.* *Αἰψά*, *τάχως*.

Ὀτρεὺς, *ἔως*, *Ion.* *ἦός*, *δ, Otreus*. *Λαοὺς Οτρηὸς καὶ Μίγδονός* *Γ.* 186. *Ερ.* *Ὀνὸμακλύτος*.

Οτρηρός, *ρά, ρόν*, celer, sedulus: quick, ready, active, diligent. *Καὶ οτρηρῶ δέραςποντε* *A.* 321. *SYN.* *Οξύς*, *τάχως*, *σύνεργός*.

Οτρυντός, *ὄσ, ἦ*, instigatio, stimulus, jussum: an incentive, command. *Λαῶν οτρυντὴν πότῃ δέγμενός* *T.* 234. *SYN.* *Προτρῶπῃ*, *ὄρμη*, *κέλευσμός*.

Ὀτρύνω, *φ. ὠν*, *Ion.* *ἔνῳ*, et *Ion.* *Ὀτρυνέσκω*, incito, instigo, adhortor: to incite, exhort. *Ἄρης ὠτρυνεῖ μετελθὼν* *E.* 461. *Ω. 24.* *SYN.* *Εξὸ τρύνω*, *ἐπὶ τρύνω*, *παρὸ τρύνω*, *ὠρῶ*, *κέλευω*, *ὀρθύνω*, *ὀρυνμί*, *ορυνῶ*, *παράκἀλῳ*, *εγκέλευω*.

Οττεύδμαι. See *Ὀσσομαι*.

Οτῶδῳ scribi debet *Ὀτῶδῳ*. *Porson, Orest.* 1387., on the word *οτοτοί*, remarks: "*Οττοτοί* Ald. solenni errore, qui et in *οτοσεῖν* frequenter occurrit."

Οὔ, *Ουκ*, ante aspirat. voc. *Ουχ*; necnon *Ουχί*, non: not, no. *Θ. 28.* *Z. 129.* *E. 185.* *Ουχί μέθιει* *O.* 716.

Ὀῦās, *ἄτῳς*, poet. pro *Ὀῦς*, *ῶτῳς*, *τδ*, auris: an ear. *Ἰπ' οἰάτῳς ἐγγχεῖ μακρῷ* *N.* 177. *Aj.* 149. *SYN.* *Ἀκοή*. *Ερ.* *Δύσμάχων*, *ευμένῳς*, *δελεγδόνων*.

Ουάτις, *α, ὄν*, auritus: long-eared, listening. *Τρεῖς δὲ πόρ' ουάτιος* *Call.* 3. 91.

Ουδαῖος, *α, ὄν*, humilis: on the ground, low.

Hom. Hymn. 3. 112. *SYN.* *Χθονῖς*, *χθᾶμᾶλδς ἐγγεῖος*, *ἐπιχθονῖς*, *καταχθονῖς*.

Ουδάμα, *Dor.* pro *Ουδάμη*, *Ουδάμου*, *Ουδάμῳς*, nullo modo, nusquam, in nullum locum: by no means, no where, to no place. *Ουδάμα τοι συνέξα πῶθέσαι* *Theoc.* 10. 8. *Antig.* 886. 189. *CE. C.* 805.

Οὔδᾱς, *ἄτῳς*, *Οὔδῳς*, *ἔσ*, *τδ*, pavementum, solum, humus: the ground, pavement, floor. *Κᾶρη δ' ἐς οὔδᾱς ὄραται* *Hes. Op.* 532. *E.* 734. *SYN.* *Δάπεδον*, *γῆ*, *ἐδάφῳς*, *ὄδῳς* (*οδός*). *Ερ.* *Φῦσιζόν*, *στῦφῆλιν*, *ευρυχρόρον*, *δέσκέλιν*, *γένεθλιν*. *Ουδένσῳρός*, *οὔ, δ, ἦ*, nulla cura dignus, vilis: deserving of no care, worthless. *Θ.* 178.

Ουδός, *οὔ, δ*, limen: a threshold, step. *Hes. Theog.* 749. *SYN.* *Βάθμῳς*. *Ερ.* *Αυλείῳς*, *ξεστῳς*, *λαῖνῳς*, *αστεμφῆς*.

Οὔδῳς, pavementum. See *Οὔδᾱς*.

Οὔθᾱρ, *ἄτῳς*, *τδ*, uber, mamma; fertilitas: a breast; richness. *Οὔθᾱρ ἀρούρης* *I.* 141. *SYN.* *Μαστός*. *SYN.* *Γλυκέρον*.

Ουκ. See *Ου*.

Ουκάλεγων, *οιτῳς*, *δ*, *Ucalegon*. *Ουκάλεγων* *τὲ καὶ Αντήνω* *Γ.* 148.

Οὔλᾱ, vehementer: violently, loudly. *Οὔλᾱ κάτεκροτάλιζον* *Call.* 3. 247.

Ουλάμῳς, *οὔ, δ*, confertum agmen, globus: a thick body of troops, a throng. *Ουλάμῳν ἀνδρῶν* *T.* 379. *SYN.* *Ἄθροισμά*, *λόχος*, *τάξις*, *δῶρῳός*, *μάχη*, *εἰλη*, *ὀμιλός*.

Ουλή, *ἦς*, *ἦ*, (1) hordeum, mola salsa: barley, the salt cake offered in sacrifice; (2) cicatrix: a scar. *Eur. El.* 573. *SYN.* *Ουλόχῳτη*, (2) *ωτειλή*, *κηλίς*.

Ουλίῳς, *Οὔλῳς*, *οὔ, δ, ἦ*, (1) integer, plenus, fortis: entire, complete, thick, brave; (2) perniciosus: destructive. *Ουλίῳς αστήρ* *A.* 62. *Π.* 224. *SYN.* *Ὀλός*, *δάσῳς*, (2) *ὀλός*, *ὀλερῳός*.

Ουλοκάρηνῳς, *οὔ, δ, ἦ*, pleno et comis bene obsito capite: having a bushy head of hair. *Μελλανόχρῳός ουλοκάρηνος* *T.* 246.

Ουλόμενός, *α, 2.* ab *Ὀλλυμί*, *q. v.*, perniciosus; pernicipie datus: pernicious; abandoned. *λ.* 409.

Οὔλῳν, *οὔ, τδ*, gingiva: a gum. *Choëph.* 885. *Ουλόπῳς*, *πῶδῳς*, integros pedes habens: sound-footed. *Hom. Hym.* 3. 137.

Οὔλῳς, *ἦ, ὄν*. See *Ουλίῳς* and *Ὀλός*.

Ουλόχῳτη, *ἦς*, *ἦ*, mola salsa: a salt cake. *Καὶ ουλόχῳτας ἀνέλοντο* *B.* 410. *SYN.* *Ουλή*, *πρόχῳτη*, *πρόχῳσις*.

Οὔλυμῳς. See *Ὀλυμῳς*.

Οὔλῳ, bene valeo, sum felix: in imperat. salve: to be well, to be prosperous; imperative, farewell. *Οὔλῳ τὲ καὶ μεγὰ χαίρῳ* *Ω.* 401. *SYN.* *Εὔ πρόσσω*, *ὕψιῳ*, *ευτυχῳ*.

Οὔν, ergo, igitur: therefore, then. *Γ.* 21.

Οὔνέκᾱ. See *Ἐνέκᾱ*.

Οὔνῳμά. See *Ὀνῳμά*.

Οὔρᾱ, *ων*, *τᾱ, i.* *q. Οὔροι*, *Ion.* pro *Ὀροι*, termini: limits. *Οὔρᾱ κάτωμαδιοῖ* *Ψ.* 431.

Ουρά, *ἄς*, *ἦ*, cauda: a tail. *Rhes.* 780. *Ερ.* *Λασιός*, *τάνῳτρίχῳς*.

Ουραῖος, *α, ὄν*, ad caudam pertinens: of or belonging to the tail. *Ψ.* 520.

Ουρανῳδῳς, *οὔ*; *Ουρανῳς*, *α, ὄν*; *Ουρανῳν*, *ωνός*, cœlestis: celestial. *Ουρανῳν μεγ' ἀνακτῳ* *Hes. Theog.* 486. *Herc. F.* 754. *Τδ' ἡγάθῳν ουρανῳν* *Ω.* 547. *SYN.* *Ἐπουρανῳς*, *αιθερίῳς*, *ὀλύμῳς*, *ουρανῳχός*.

Ουρανῳδεικτός, *οὔ, δ, ἦ*, a cœlo ostensus:

shown from heaven. Ἑλίσσεται ουρανδεικτος Hom. Hym. 31. 4.

Ουρανὸθεν, et Ουρανὸθεν. Vid. adnot. in voc. Οικόθεν.

Ουρανὸμῆκης, ἔως, δ, ἡ, ad cælum porrectus : towering to the sky, very lofty. Ουρανὸμῆκη ῥήξάτῃ κάμοι Nub. 356.

Ουρανόνικος, ου, δ, ἡ, cælum superans : conquering heaven. Æsch. Sup. 172. See Νίκη.

Ουράνος, ου, δ, cælum : heaven, the sky.

Ουράνου τέμνων ὁδόν Phœn. 1. SYN. Ὀλυμπός, αιθήρ. Ερ. Αστέριες, ευρύς, μέγας, μέσος, πύλῳ χαλκός, σιδήρεός, χαλκός, ἀμδατός, αιγλήεις, πῶλονφέλλος, ηνέμοις, ἀφθίτος, αστέρωπός, ἀστρά φέρων, αὐτός, δινηεις. ΡΗΗ. Ἰππῶν ευρυτίμου δῶμα Διός, χαλκὸπέδος δῶαν ἔδρα, δῶαν ἔδος, Διὸς χαλκὸβάτης δῶμα, Ζηνὸς θρόνός, δῶμα Διὸς νέφεληγερέαδ, Ζηνὸς πῶλυχρυσὸς οἶκος.

Ουρανούχος, ου, δ, ἡ, cælum tenens : celestial. Choëph. 947. See above.

Ούρειος, Ion. pro Ὀρειός, q. v.

Ουρειδρόμος. See Ὀρειδάτης.

Ουρείθρεπτος. See Ὀρεινόμος.

Ουρεσίωτης. See Ὀρεινόμος.

Ουρεὺς, Ion. pro Ὀρεὺς, ἔως, Ion. ἦος, δ. Quidam intelligunt hoc l. mulum ; sed Damm. et Heyn. intelligunt custodem, quo sensu usurpatur οὐρός : a guardian. Ἡ τινὰ γ' ουρήων διζήμενός ἡ τιν' ἑταίρων K. 84.

Ουρέω, meio : to make water. Thesm. 614. SYN. Ὀμιχέω, κάτοινεω.

Ουρητῖα, micturio : to desire to make water. Ἄμι μὲν ἦν ουρητῖας αὐτῇ Vesp. 803.

Ουριάχος, ου, δ, ima hastilis pars : the bottom part of a spear. Καὶ ουριάχων πέλεμειν N. 443. SYN. Σαυρωτήρ.

Ουρίζω, ἴσω, et Attic. ἴω, vento secundo provelho : to bring with a fair wind. Q. R. 714.

Ουρίος, α, ὄν, secundus : prosperous. Πνευμά δ' ἔξ'ετ' οὐρίον Helen. 1662. SYN. Ἐπιδέξιός, εὐφρόδος, ευτυχίς, ευήμεύς.

Ουρίοστάτης, ου, δ, prospere institutus : prosperously established. Θῆλιν ουρίοστάταν Choëph. 807. Vid. Blomf.

Οὐρόν, τὸ, urina : urine. Nicand. Θ. 303.

Οὐρός, ου, δ, (1) ventus secundus : a fair wind ; (2) custos : a guardian. Troad. 20. SYN. (2) Φύλαξ, σωτήρ. Ερ. (1) Ἰκμενός, ἀπῆμων, ἐπαίγιζον δι' αιθέρους, κάλως, λάερος, λίγος, ἐπιλίγις, κάλλιμος, πνεῖων, πλησιόστις, κραιπνός, σωτήριος, (2) πιστός, ὅτρηρος.

Ουρός, ου, δ, locus paululum cavatus per quem navis in terram subducta aut recens ædificata in aquam deducitur et demittitur : the stays, the hollow, down which a ship is launched. B. 153. SYN. Ὀλκός.

Οὐρός, ου, δ, terminus : a bound. Φ. 405.

Οὐρός, ἔως, τὸ, mons : a mountain. Ξ. 397.

Οὐς, ωτός, τὸ. See Οὐάς.

Ουσία, as, ἡ, facultas, substantia, res : means, substance. Ουσίας ἕκαστος ἦ Helen. 1252. SYN. Περίουσια, χρημάτων, κτήμάτων, ὑπαρξίς. Ερ. Ἰκάνη, σὺχνη.

Ουτάζω, Ουτάω, Ούτημι, et Ion. οὐτασκόν, et ουτήσασκόν, cominus vulnero : to wound, stab. Ουταζόν σάκος ευρὺ N. 552. κ. 356. A. 658. O. 745. X. 375. SYN. Τίτρώσκω, νύττω, πληθίσσω, τύπτω.

Ουτιδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, homo vel res nihili : good for nothing. Καὶ ουτιδάνος κάλεσμεν A. 390. SYN. Ἄτιμος, ἀναρίθμιος, φαῦλος, ασθένης.

Οὐτίς, Οὐτί, nemo : no one. Οὐτίς ἔπειτα A. 547.

Οὐτίς, ἴως et ἴδως, acc. ἴκ, δ, ἡ, fictum proprium nomen ab Homero : Outis or Utis. Οὐτὶν ἐγὼ πύματον ι. 369.

Οὐτός, αὐτή, τοῦτο, (1) hic : he, she, it ; (2) heus : harkye. Γ. 178. Οὗτος τί πάσχεις Hec. 1109.

Οὕτω, et Οὕτως, sic, ita : so, thus. B. 120. A. 131. SYN. Ὡς, ὁμοίως.

Ουχ et Ουχί. See Ου.

Ὀφειλῆς, ου, δ ; Ὀφειλῆτις, ἴδως, ἡ, debitor : a debtor. Aj. 590. Rhœs. 965.

Ὀφείλω, 2. α. ὠφείλῳ, debeo : to owe, to be one's duty. Alcest. 728. On the various usages of this word, see Steph. Thes. SYN. Δεῖ μέ.

Ὀφέλλω, debeo ; augeo, amplifico, adjuvo : to owe, to be one's duty ; to augment, benefit. Φ. 17. The interpretation of debeo is here given to Ὀφέλλω, because it is sometimes used Ionice for Ὀφείλω, T. 200. Ξ. 84. and other passages ; but it must be remembered that Ὀφείλω is never used in the sense of, "to increase." SYN. Ὀφείλω, ὠφλέω, αὐξω, αὐξάνω, ὠφελῶ, ἐπιδιδάμι.

Ὀφέλως, ἔως, τὸ, utilitas, commodum, augmentum : usefulness, benefit, profit. P. 152. SYN. Ὀφελήμα, ὠφελεία, ὠφελήσις, ὄνησις, ἐπικουρία, αὐξήσις, κέρδος.

Ὀφελτῖος, ου, δ, Opheltius. Ὀφελτῖον ηδ' Ἀγλαῖα A. 302.

Ὀφθαλμία, as, ἡ, ocularia ægritudo : a disease or soreness in the eyes. Ταύτης ἀπαλλάξειν σὲ τῆς οφθαλμίας Plut. 115. SYN. Λήμη.

Ὀφθαλμιάω, ægritudine oculorum laboro : to have sore eyes. Ran. 193. See above.

Ὀφθαλμιδίον, ου, τὸ, ocellus : a little eye. Ἴδον δέχον κέρκον λάγαν τὸ ὠφθαλμιδίον πέριψην (vers. hipponact.) Eq. 909.

Ὀφθαλμός, ου, δ, oculus : an eye. O. 668. SYN. See Ὀμμά. Ερ. Πρόθυμος, ὀλός, συγγένης, αὐπνός, ἡμέρεσις, οἶζος, γλῦκος, ἡμέροσκοπός, κυκλότερης, μέγας, κάλως, στίλβων, φωσφόρος.

Ὀφθαλμοτεγκτός, ου, δ, ἡ, ex oculis manans : streaming from the eyes. Alcest. 185.

Ὀφθαλμώρυχος, ου, δ, ἡ, oculus effodiens : digging out the eyes. ΑΛΛ' οὐ κάρανιστήρες οφθαλμώρυχοι Eumen. 186.

Ὀφιοῦχος, ου, δ, anguitenens : the name of a constellation. Κάπαγει μὲν γερὸν Ὀφιοῦχον Arat. 75. Ερ. Αιγλήεις, βριάρως, φαεινόμενος.

Ὀφίς, ἴως, ἔως, et ἔως, acc. ὄφιν, δ, serpens, anguis : a serpent. Ὡς παρείας ὄν φῖς Plut. 690. SYN. Δράκων. Ερ. Γοργώπιδος, αἰδῶλος, αἰδῶνός, δεινός, πικρός, δηλήμων, ὀλός, οὐλό- μένος, χθονίος, ἀμφιελκτός.

Ὀφιδώδης, ἔως, δ, ἡ, anguinus, plenus anguium : snakey, covered with snakes. Olymp. 13. 89. See Ὀφιοῦχος.

Ὀφίων, ὄνός, δ, Ophion. Πρώτων Ὀφίων Ευ- ρυνόμη τε Apoll. 1. 503.

Ὀφλοσκᾶνω, Ὀφλω, f. ἴσω, damnor, criminari obnoxius sum : to be fined or condemned, to be charged with. Πάτηρ δ' ἐς αὐτὸν ἀμαθίαν ὀφλοσ- κάνει Phœn. 775. Ου γέλωτ' αὖ δὲ σ' ὀφλειν Med. 405.

Ὀφρᾶ, ut, quo, donec : in order that, until. Ὀφρᾶ ἔπος εἰπομὶ X. 393. SYN. Ὅπως, ὥς, ἵνα, ὥστε.

Ὀφρῆν, ης, Ὀφρὸς, ὄως, ἡ, supercilium : an eye-brow, a brow. Στρατὸν λέπαινα δ' ὀφρῆν

κᾰθήμενος Heracl. 395. Hipp. 290. Ep. Στυγνῇ, οὐλῇ, κυᾰνανγῇ, κυᾰνᾰ, ἀμειροᾰσία, μελαινᾰ, φαιδρᾰ, ἐράτῃ.

Οφρῦεις, εἰσᾰ, ἔν, excelsus, superbus : built on the brow of a hill, proud. Ἰλῖος οφρῦεσσᾰ X. 411. SYN. Ηνέμεις, ὑψηλός.

Οφρῦς. See Οφρῦη.

Ὀχᾰ, valde, longe, multum : very, greatly. Ὀ γὰρ κ' ὀχ' ἀριστὸν πάντων M. 344. SYN. Ἐξόχᾰ.

Οχέτηγος, οὔ, ὁ, qui aquam derivat alicunde : who conducts a stream or forms a channel. Ὡς δ' ὅτ' ἄνηρ οχέτηγος Φ. 257.

Οχέτος, οὔ, ὁ, canalis : a channel, aqueduct, sluice. Πᾰρεκτρέποντες οχέτον ὥστ' ἂν δᾰνεῖν Eur. Sup. 1121. SYN. Διάρρῶν, διώρῶν.

Οχεύς, ἔως, Ion. ἦος, ὁ, pessulus : lorum ; fibula : a bolt, bar ; a thong ; a buckle. Γ. 372. SYN. Ἰμάς, πέρονῃ, μόχλος, δεσμός. Ep. Χρύσειός, μακρός, στιβαρός, σθεᾰρός, εὐτεκτός, ἀλύτος, δεδμητός, αἰδός.

Οχεῖω, κοῖο ; in eo : to be connected with. Theoc. 5. 147.

Οχεῖω, veho, porto ; persequor : to bear, carry ; to pursue. α. 297. SYN. Φέρω, κύμιζω, ὑπόφέρω, ὑπόμενω, ὑπελάυνω.

Οχημᾰ, ἄτος, Ὀχός, ἔος, τὸ, currus, vehiculum : a chariot, conveyance. Hipp. 1228. Δ. 419. SYN. Ἀρμᾰ, δίφρος, ἄπηνῃ, ἀμαξᾰ. Ep. Ἰππεῖον, νᾰῖον, πωλικόν, ἀσείρωτον ζυγοῖς, πτέρωδον, πολυκαρπὸν, τέθριππον, δάλασσυλαγκτον, κένον, φλογέον, πολυκαπὸν.

Οχῆσιός, ου, ὁ, Ochsius. E. 843.

Οχθεῖ, graviter fero, vexo, ingemisco : to be indignant, annoyed, or grieved. A. 403. SYN. Ἀγᾰνακτεῖω, βαρύνομαι, λυπεῖομαι, πόνεω.

Οχθῇ, ης, ἡ ; Οχθός, ου, ὁ, agger, ripa : a mound, the bank of a river. Σ. 533. Iph. T. 291. Ep. Βᾰθεῖᾰ, πέτρῖνος, ηνέμεις, ἐλαῖοφθός, ἔσπρος, ἱέρως, ἀγλᾰδοκαρπός, λᾰσίως, μάλακῃ, δᾰλῆρα, αἰεῖᾰ, εὐδενδρός.

Οχλέω, ἥσω, ὀχλεύω, et ὀχλίζω, ἴσω, moveo cum molestia, turbo, vexo : to move with trouble, disturb, vex. CE. R. 446. Ἄπ' οὐδέος οχλίσσειαν ι. 242. ὀχλεύω invenias in Ψ. 261., ubi ὑπὸ præcedit per tmesin. SYN. Ἐνὸχλέω, τᾰράσσω, ἐκτᾰράσσω, ἐμπᾰδίζω, ἀνῖᾰω, κωλύω, μόχλευω.

Οχληρὸς, ἄ, ὄν, molestus, turbulentus : troublesome, turbulent. Helen. 451. See below. SYN. Αλγεινός, ἀηδής, κλοννέος.

Ὀχλός, ου, ὁ, turba, multitudo hominum ; molestia : a crowd ; trouble, annoyance. Αλλ' ἦν περὶ αὐτὸν ὀχλός ὑπερφύης ὅσος Plut. 750. SYN. Ὀμίλος, δῦρῦσός, τᾰράχῃ. Ep. Νήνέμος, πᾰνὸπλός, ἱππότης, δηλῦγένης, μυρίος, ἀπειρεσίος, ἀθῦρογλωσσός.

Οχμάζω, ἄσω, constringo : to bind, fasten. Τὸν λῆαργὸν οχμάσαι P. V. 5. SYN. Κᾰτέχω, δῆω, σφιγγω, κατᾰδῆω, δεσμεύω, συνάπτω.

Ὀχνη, ης, ἡ, pirum : a pear. Καὶ ἂ πῖτῦς ὀχνός ἐνείκα Theoc. I. 134.

Ὀχός, ἔος, τό. See Ὀχημᾰ.

Ὀχός, ου, ὁ, qui continet aliquid, ut currus, portus, vel cubile : a safe receptacle of any kind, as a car, harbour, bed. Διμένες νηῶν ὀχοί ε. 404.

Ὀχύρὸς, ἄ, ὄν, munitus, firmus, tutus : fortified, defended, strong, safe. Ὀχύροισι παρθένωσσι φρουροῦνται κᾰλῶς Iph. A. 738. SYN. Ἐχύρὸς, ἐρυμνός, στέρῆς, ισχυρός, ασφαλής.

Ὀχύρως, firmiter, tuto : firmly, safely. Ὀχύρως γ' εἰη κατᾰτηράσκειν Med. 124.

Ὀψ, ὅπος, ἡ, vox : a voice. κ. 221. SYN. Αὐδῇ, φωνῇ, κληδῶν, φώνημᾰ, φθόγγος, βᾰᾰ, ἰᾰχῃ. Ep. Ὑστάτη, ἀρήτος, ἐναντία, αξύνετος, δυσξύμμελος, φᾰνῆρα, φᾰεννῃ, εὐθρόος, κλυτή, ἀμερόσια, διᾰ, μελίγηρῦς, δεῦμῆρης, δεσπέσιος, πικρότατη.

Οψαμήτης, ου, ὁ, messor vespertinus : one who reaps till late in the evening. Theoc. 10. 7. See Αμῃτήρ.

Ὀψᾰνὸν, ου, τὸ, visum : a sight. Choëph. 527. A brevis, ut in Χᾰνᾰν, &c. SYN. see Ὀψῖς.

Οψάρωτης, ου, ὁ, qui sero arat, qui tardius arat, et post tempus : one who is engaged late in ploughing, or who ploughs too late. Οὕτω κ' οψάρωτης Hes. Op. 488.

Οψῆ, sero, longo post tempore : too late, after a long time. ι. 534. SYN. Δηρὸν, χρόνῃ.

Οψείω, videre cupio : to desire to see. Ξ. 37.

Οψίγνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, post natus, posterus : born long after ; in the plur. posterity. Ὀνήσεται οψίγνός περ Π. 31. SYN. Ὀψίμός.

Οψικόιτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sere dormiens : late-sleeping. Ἐν οψικόιτοισι δ' ὀμῖασι βλᾰδας ἔχω Agam. 862.

Ὀψίμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Ὀψῖός, α, ὄν, serus, serotinus : late. Ὀψίμῶν οψίτελεστον B. 325. Isthm. 4. 59. SYN. Οψίγνός.

Οψίνδός, ὁ, ἡ, tarde vel sero sapiens : slowly wise, wise by experience. Pyth. 5. 36. See Οψικόιτος.

Ὀψῖός, α, ὄν. See Ὀψίμός.

Ὀψῖς, ἔως, ἡ, vultus, os, visus : the look, countenance, sight, appearance, vision. γ. 205. SYN. Ὀψᾰνὸν, ὄραμᾰ, ὄρασις, ὄραπῃ, δέργμᾰ. Ep. Ἀγᾰθῇ, ἀμειλίχως, ἐννυχός, ἡδεῖᾰ, πᾰνὸπλός, γυναικεῖᾰ, εὐδαίμων, ἄελπτός, φᾰνῆρα, ἀληθῇς, χᾰρίεσσᾰ, στῖγνῃ, πικρᾰ, φαιδρᾰ, ἱμερῶεσσᾰ.

Οψίτελστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sero finitus : completed late. See passage in Ὀψίμός.

Ὀψόν, ου, τὸ, opsonium, id quod una cum pane comeditur : a relish, savour. I. 485. SYN. Βρᾰμᾰ. Ep. Μένδοικῆς, πόντιον.

Οψόφαγῆω, opsonia devoro : to devour dainties, to be a glutton. Οὐδ' οψόφαγῆιν οὐδῆ κῖχλῖζειν Nub. 979.

Οψόφάγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui opsoniis inhiat : gluttonous. Γόργονῆς οψόφαγοι Pax 810. SYN. Λαίμαργός, ἀθηφάγος.

Οψᾰνῶ, opsonia coëmo, opsono : to buy provisions. Vesp. 495.

Π.

Πᾰγᾰσαι, ὦν, αῖ, Pagasæ : a promontory of Magnesia. Κλείονται Πᾰγᾰσαι Μαγνήτιδες Apoll. 1. 238.

Πᾰγᾰσαῖός, Ion. Πᾰγᾰσήϊός, α, ὄν ; Πᾰγᾰσήϊς, ἰδός, ἡ, Pagasæus : of Pagasæ. Ἀπόλλωνος Πᾰγᾰσαίου Hes. Scut. 70. Apoll. 1. 524. 318.

Παγγαῖον, ου, τὸ, Pangæus : a mountain in Thrace. Pers. 500.

Παγγλωσσία, ας, ἡ, loquacitas : loquacity. Olymp. 2. 157. See Ευγλωσσία. SYN. Λᾰλία, ἀδᾰλεσχία, φλύαρία.

Πᾰγᾰτέωδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, gelu constrictus : frozen,

chill. Θερμόν τε καὶ πάγεται ὡς σ' (Iambic trim.) Philoct. 1110. SYN. Χρυσταλλόπηκτος, κρύερός, ψυχρός.

Πάγη, ης, et Πάγίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, laqueus, decipulum: a noose, trap. Καὶ πάγας ὑπερκόπους Agam. 795. Ἰσθησὶ βρόχους πάγιδας ῥάβδους Av. 527. SYN. Δικτύον, ἀρκύς. Ερ. Δόλδεσσα, κρυπτή, πόλυτρόπος, πικρά, στὸν νόεσά. ΡΗΡ. Ἐυλινὸς δόλος, μῶν ὀλέτειρά, δικτυόκλωστὸς μηχανή.

Παγκαίνιστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, semper vel omnino recens: always or entirely fresh or new. Agam. 933.

Παγκᾶκος, compar. ἴων, superl. ἰστος, η, ὄν, omnino malus: altogether or very bad. Ὡ παγκᾶκιστέ τοῦτο Med. 466. SYN. see Κᾶκος. Παγκᾶως, pessime: very badly. Pers. 287. See Κᾶκως.

Παγκᾶλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, omnino pulcher vel pulcherrimus: very beautiful. Παγκᾶλους ἔχην μ' ἔφη Plut. 1019. SYN. see Κᾶλός.

Παγκᾶλως, pulcherrime: most beautifully. Παγκᾶλως δ' ἀγλύνεται Eur. fr. Beller. 16. 7. SYN. see Κᾶλως.

Πάγκαρπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fructum omnigenum habens, fructuosus: having fruits of all kinds, all-fruitful. C. R. 83.

Παγκᾶτᾶπύγων. See below.

Παγκᾶτᾶρατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Παγκᾶτᾶπύγων, ὄντος, omnino abominandus: very abominable. Καὶ μὴν ὦ παγκᾶτᾶρατέ Lysist. 588. 137. See Πυγή. SYN. see Κᾶτᾶρατός.

Παγκευθής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, omnia contegens: all-concealing. C. C. 1563.

Παγκλαυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, omnino lamentabilis; semper lugens: altogether lamentable; ever-wailing. Pers. 827.

Παγκληρία, as, ἡ, tota hæreditas: an entire inheritance or property. Καὶ δῶμά καὶ σὴν παρᾶλᾶξων παγκληρίαν Ion 813. SYN. Παμπησία.

Πάγκληρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hæres ex asse: inheriting or possessing everything. Ion 1542.

Πάγκοινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, omnibus communis, publicus: all-common, public. Sept. Th. 604. SYN. see Κοινός.

Παγκοίτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui omnes sopit: all-lulling. Antig. 813.

Παγκόνιτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) multo pulvere adspersus: covered all over with dust; (2) omne genus certaminis expertus: trying every mode of contest. Παμπληκτᾶ παγκόνιτᾶ τ' ἐξ Trach. 505., answered by εὐλεκτρὸς ἐν μέσφ Κυπρίσ. SYN. (2) Πόλυπνός.

Παγκράτης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, omnipotens: all-powerful. Καὶ σὺ παγκράτης κόρα Thesm. 317.

Παγκράτιον, ου, τὸ, pancratium: a festival comprehending all the Grecian games. Καὶ παγκράτιον γ' ὑπᾶλειψάμενοις νέανικῶς Pax 897. SYN. Ἀθλοῖς, πάλη.

Παγκρότης, magno cum strepitu: with great noise. Æsch. Sup. 731.

Πάγος, ου, ὁ, collis: a hill, bank. Τῷ δ' ἀπανθράπῳ πάγῳ P. V. 20. SYN. Λύφος, βουνός, πέτρα, ὄχθος. Ερ. Εὐτειχῆς, ἐλαιούρης, ἀρείως, αἰνὺς, ὄφρυός, στύφελος, ἱέρως.

Πάγουρος, ου, ὁ, canceri genus, pagyrus: a kind of crab. Ἡσίοι δὲ τοῖς πάγουρος ἀντί ποίας Μηδικῆς Eq. 606. SYN. Καρκίνος.

Παγᾶλκός, Πάγχαλκός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, totus æreus: covered with brass. Apoll. 4. 1655.

Heracl. 277. SYN. Χαλκῆος, χάλκειος, κατὰ χαλκός.

Πάγρηστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, omnino bonus: excellent. Acharn. 936. SYN. see Χρηστος.

Πάγρηστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, omnino inunctus: entirely anointed or besmeared. Trach. 663.

Πάγρηστος, Παγρησῆος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, totus aureus: covered with gold, all gold. Med. 5. Apoll. 4. 120. See Χρυσός. SYN. Χρυσῆος.

Πάγρυ, ἰ. q. Πᾶν, q. v. Ὅντινᾶ πάγρυ μᾶχης M. 268.

Πάθη, ης; Πάθημᾶ, ἄτος, et Πᾶθος, ἔως, τὸ, calamitas, infortunium, clades, ærumna: suffering, feeling, calamity, distress. Antig. 978. Iph. T. 671. Ὡστὲ μὴ στένειν πάθος Hec. 587. SYN. Σμυφῶρα, δυστυχία, τύχη. Ερ. Κρυπτή, δεινή, περίσση, φόνια, πόλεπνός, μέγαλη, μέλεα, βρῦτειός, ἀπροσδοκῆτος, ἀργᾶλεα, πικρά, χάλεπη, οἰκεία.

Παιὰν, ἀνός, Παιήων, ὄντος, Παιών, ὄντος, ὁ, (1) hymnus in laudem Apollinis, necnon Dianæ, aut cuiuslibet dei: a hymn in honour of Apollo or Diana, or of any god; (2) Apollo, ut medicus: Apollo, as deliverer from disease; (3) medicus: a physician. Παιὰν δὲ λάμπει στὸν νόεσά τὴ γῆρος ὁμαλός C. R. 187. A. 473. Agam. 98. See obs. on Παιωνίζω. SYN. Ὑμνός, Ἀπόλλων, ἱατρός.

Παιωνίζω, ἴσω, accino: to chaunt. Ὀδύλυμῶν ἱέρων ἐμὲν ἡ παιώνιον Sept. Th. 254.

Παιγμά, ἄτος, τό; Παγνία, ἄς, ἡ; Παλγνίον, ου, τὸ, ludus, res ludicra, ludibrium: sport, play, laughing-stock. Bacch. 161. Lysist. 701. Call. 4. 324. SYN. Ἑμπαγμᾶ, ἄθυρμα, ἑορτή, παιδιά.

Παιγνιά et -ον. See above.

Παιδάγωγέω, instituo, rego: to instruct, regulate. Ἡ παιδαγωγεῖν γὰρ τὸν ὁπλίτην χρέων Heracl. 729. SYN. Παιδεύω, ἰθύνω.

Παιδάγωγία, as, ἡ, institutio, moderatio: instruction, education, guidance, attention. Νόστημᾶ κηδεύοντᾶ παιδάγωγία Orest. 881. SYN. Μᾶθησις, παιδεία, ὥρα.

Παιδάγωγός, οὔ, ὁ, puerorum custos et formator: an attendant on the children of the wealthy. Ion 725. See above.

Παιδᾶριον. See Παιδίον. Παιδᾶριον is used as a term of endearment.

Παιδεία, as, ἡ; Παιδεύμᾶ, ἄτος, τό; Παιδευσίς, ἔως, ἡ, institutio, disciplina: education, discipline. Troad. 128. Androm. 1090. Nub. 932. SYN. Παιδάγωγία, διδάχῃ, διδάξις, μᾶθημᾶ. Ερ. Στεργᾶ, πλεκτή, ἀγᾶθή.

Παιδεῖός, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Παιδικός, ἡ, ὄν, puerilis: puerile. Antig. 930. Theoc. 23. 32.

Παιδῆραστής, οὔ, ὁ, pædico: a lover of boys. Acharn. 264.

Παιδεύμᾶ, Παιδευσίς. See Παιδεία.

Παιδεύω, instituo, castigo: to educate children, chastise. Androm. 599. SYN. Διδάσκω, παιδάγωγέω, ἐκδιδάσκω, νοθεύω, κολάζω.

Παιδιά, ἄς, ἡ, ludus, jocus: play, sport. Παιδῶν εἶναι δόκᾶν P. V. 322.

Παιδικός. See Παιδεῖός.

Παιδίον, Παιδᾶριον, ου, τό; Παιδίσκος, ου, ὁ; Παιδίσκη, ης, ἡ, puerulus: a little boy, child. Βέλη πᾶσι παιδία βάλλει Theoc. 23. 5. Καὶ παιδᾶριον ὑπὸ πεινόντων Plut. 536. Eccles. 1136. Acharn. 1146. SYN. Τεκνόν.

Παιδίσκος et -σκη. See Παιδίον.

Παιδὸς, ἡ, ὄν, adolescens: a full-grown boy. ω. 337.

Παιδοῦς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, natos devorans: devouring children. Choëph. 1055. SYN. see Παιδοφόνος.

Παιδογόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, liberos procreans: producing children. Eur. Sup. 639. SYN. Παιδοποιός, ἀκοίτης.

Παιδοκτονέω, liberos interficio: to slay children. Herc. F. 1271.

Παιδοκτονός, Παιδοφόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Παιδολέτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ; Παιδολέτειρᾶ, as, ἡ; Παιδολύμας, ου, ὁ, ἡ, liberorum interfector: murderer of children. Herc. F. 831. Med. 1404. 1390. 845. Choëph. 595. See Λύμη. SYN. Παιδοῦς, τέκνολετήρ, τέκνοκτόνος.

Παιδολέτειρᾶ. See above.

Παιδολέτωρ. See above.

Παιδολύμας. See above.

Παιδοποιέω, Παιδουργέω, liberos procreo: to beget children. Παιδοποιήσαι λάβων Orest. 1079. Ion 174. SYN. Τέκνω, γεννάω, φυτεύω.

Παιδοποιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, liberos generans: child-beggetting. Androm. 4. See above.

Παιδοτριβής, ου, ὁ, ludimagister: a trainer of boys, wrestling-master. Εν παιδοτρίβει δὲ τινὰ πάλην ἐμάνθηνες Eq. 1235. SYN. Παιδαγωγός.

Παιδοτριβικός, more ludimagistri: like a wrestling-master. ΑΛΛ' εὐ λέγεις καὶ παιδοτριβικός ταυτάγχι Eq. 492.

Παιδοτρέφω, pueros educo: to bring up a child. Πῶς ταύτην παιδοτρέφήσω Lysist. 956.

Παιδοτρέφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, puerorum educator: one who maintains children. Herc. F. 903. See above. SYN. Κουρδοτρέφός, τρέφός.

Παιδοτρατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a liberis afflictus: inflicted by children. Eumen. 499. See above.

Παιδουργέω. See Παιδοποιέω.

Παιδουργία, as, ἡ, liberorum procreatio: procreation. Δυστέκνον παιδουργίαν Cē. R. 1248.

Παιδοφόνος. See Παιδοκτόνος.

Παίζω, Dor. Παίσδω, f. ζω vel σω, ludo, illo, joco: to play, mock, joke. Herc. F. 947. Theoc. 14. 8. SYN. Εμπαίζω, χλευάζω.

Παίηων. See Παϊάν.

Παϊονία, as, ἡ, Pæonia: a nation of Thrace. Εἰμ' ἐκ Παϊονίης Φ. 154. Ep. Ἐρίσβωλαξ.

Παϊόνες, αν, οί, Pæones: the Pæonians, the inhabitants of Pæonia. Φ. 205. Ep. Αγκυλότοξοι.

Παϊονίδης, ου, ὁ, Pæonides: the son of Pæon. "H καὶ Παϊονίδην Λ. 368.

Παιπᾶλη, ης, ἡ; Παιπᾶλημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, pollen, farina tenuissima; versutia; versutus: fine flour; subtlety; a knave. Λέγειν γνήσει τριμμά κρὺ πᾶλιν παιπᾶλη Nub. 260. Av. 430. SYN. (2) Κερδᾶλεφρων, πανουργός.

Παιπᾶλδεις, εσσά, ἐν; Παίπᾶλός, ὄν, arduus, saxosus: rough, craggy. Κάτ' ἐξήσθ' αὐτὸ παιπᾶλδεντος N. 17. Call. 3. 194. SYN. Τραχύς, ὀκρίβεις, κατὰ κρημνός, κρᾶνός.

Παῖς, poet. Παῖς, παιδός, ὁ, ἡ, puer; filius; servus: a boy; a child; a servant, Gallicæ garçon. (1) Herc. 45. "Αψ δ' ὁ παῖς πρὸς κόλπον Z. 467. SYN. Κόρος, υἱός, παιδίον, παιδίσκος, δούλος.

(1) "Notanda hæc sunt ætatum discrimina: βρέφος, τὸ γεννηθὲν εὐθὺς. Παιδίον, τὸ τεσσάρων ὑπὸ τῆς τιμῆς παίδας, τὸ ἥδη περιεπαυμένον καὶ λέξας ἀντεχόμενον· παιδίσκος, ὁ ἐν τῇ ἐχομένῃ (statim illum priorem expiente) ηλικίᾳ, ætate: παῖς δὲ, ὁ δὲ ἐγκυκλίᾳ μαθημάτων δυνάμενος εἶναι. Hanc subsequentem ætatem vocant τὸν πάλῃ, ληξαι, βούτα, ἀντίπαυδα, μιλλίφρον, quæ quatuor notant idem. Sed non omnium horum proprietas ubique est querenda." Dammii Lexicon Pindaricum in v. Παῖς.

Ep. Φροῦδός, σκούτιός, γενναῖός, ἀγαπήτος, ἀδελός, ἀρίπρεπής, ἄριστός, ἀτάλαφρων, ἀφνειός, ἐράτεινός, κρᾶτέρός, νηπιός, ὀλίγος, ορφανικός, σμικρός, φίλος, ἀγακλύτος, κακὸ κληδής, κρᾶτέρωφρων, νηπιάρχος, πάνδορός, πολυτροπός, τηλγῆτης, πρώθης, τηλεθάων, ἄμμιων, νέος, νεᾶρος, ὑπέρθυμος, ἀγανός, ἀπτόμυς, κυδάλιμος, ἀφανρός, μέγαλ' ἄτερ, οψιγόνος.

Παίσδω. See Παίζω.

Παϊφάσσω, oculos alacriter circumfero; palpo: to gaze fiercely round; to palpitate. Apoll. 4. 1442.

Παίω, fut. παίσω v. ήσω, percutio: to strike. Hec. 562. SYN. Πάτάσσω, τύπτω, κρούω, πλήσσω, βάλλω, ἀράσσω, δέλω, ακίζω.

Παίων, medicus. See Παϊάν.

Παίων. See Παϊόνες.

Παιωνίζω, vel melius Παιανίζω, q. v. Blomfield hæc scribit ad Sept. Th. 254: "Παιώνιον Steph. Stanl. Sed παῖαν et παιανίζω, ubi de hymno aut clamore agitur, ubique scribendum. Vid. Valck. ad Schol. in Phoen. p. 113. In Agam. 101. recte legitur παίων, medicus: sed in Choëph. 341. corrige παῖαν." SYN. Ὑμνέω, ευφημέω.

Παιώνιος, α, ὄν, medicus: of Apollo, healing. Παιωνίασι χερσίν Acharn. 1223. SYN. Ἀκέσμιος, ὀδυνήφατος.

Πακτώω, compingo, claudio: to fasten, close. Aj. 579. SYN. Φράσσω, κλείω, ασφαλίζωμαι.

Πακτωλός, ου, Pactolus: a river in Lydia. Apoll. 4. 1300. Ep. Χρυσανγής, μέγας, εὐχρυσός, Μηνώϊς.

Πάλαι, Πρὸπάλαι, jampridem, olim: long ago, formerly. Δένδρεᾶ αὐτὰ πάλαι ε. 240. Eq. 1159. SYN. Πρὸτέρων, παρὸς, ἐκ παλαιοῦ, ἐμπροσθεν.

Παλαιγῆνης, ἔος, Παιαγῆνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, olim natus, priscus: formerly born, ancient. Med. 422. Olymp. 14. 5. See above. SYN. Πρὸγόνος, πρὸγενέστερός, πάλαιος, πρεσβύτης, γέραιος.

Παλαιμῶνέω. See Πάλαίω.

Πάλαίμων, ὄνός, ὁ, Palæmon. Δεσπότη Πάλαίμων ἱλέως ἡμῖν γένου Iph. T. 272. PNH. Ποντίας παῖς Λευκοθέας, νέων φύλαξ.

Παλαιόμητηρ, ὄρος, antiquæ matris: of an ancient mother. Eur. Sup. 638. See below.

Πάλαιος, ἂ, ὄν, priscus, obsoletus, frivolus: ancient, worn out, obsolete, frivolous. Νέον πάλαιφ πρὶν τὸδ' Med. 78. SYN. Ωγύγιος, ἀρχαῖος, γέραιος, ἀρχαῖος.

Παλαιότης, ητος, ἡ, antiquitas: antiquity. Helen. 1055. See below.

Παλαιόφρων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, vetulus: old, having antiquated notions. Γένους παλαιόφρων μέγας (Iamb. Trim.) Æsch. Sup. 601. SYN. Πάλαιος, ἀρχαῖα φρονών.

Πάλαισμα, ἄτος, τό; Πάλαισμῶσυν, ης, ἡ, certamen: a contest. Hipp. 817. Οἱ δὲ πάλαισμῶσυν Δ. 126. SYN. Ἀθλοῖς, ἀγών, πάλη. Ep. Δεινόν, γυδοῦρες, ὑπερόπλιν.

Πάλαιστής, ου, ὁ, luctor: a wrestler, combatant. Δεινός πάλαιστής ἦν ἐκλινέ γὰρ κέρας Eur. Sup. 714. SYN. Ἀθλητής.

Πάλαίστρα, as, ἡ, palæstra: the wrestling-school. Δρῶμις πάλαιστρας τ' οὐκ ἀνασχέτους ἐμοί Androm. 597. SYN. Γυμνασίον.

Παλαίφατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, olim dictus, celebris: said of old, of ancient renown. Παλαίφατὰ δέσφαθ' ἱκάνει ι. 507. SYN. Πάλαιος.

Παλαίχθων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, (1) qui regionem olim possidet, dictum de Marte: anciently possessing

the land; (2) Palæchthon. Sept. Th. 101. Æsch. Sup. 258. See Πάλα.

Πάλαίω, Πάλαιμδον, luctor : to wrestle or contend with. Ἀναίξαντ' ἐπάλαιον Ψ. 733. Pyth. 2. 112. SYN. Διάμυχόμαι.

Πάλαμδμαι, administro, machinor : to manage, contrive. Πρὸς ταῦτ' Ἀλέων καὶ πάλᾱ-μάσθω Acharn. 659. SYN. Τέχναζέμαι, μηχανάσθαι.

Πάλαμη, ης, ἡ, palma manus, manus : the palm of the hand, the hand. Μεγά ναυμάχων ἐν πάλᾱμσι O. 677. SYN. Χεῖρ. Ερ. Ανδρόφονος, αἰμυδᾶφης, ἀπτόλεμος, παιδύφονος, τᾱμέσιχρῶς, κρᾱτέρᾱ.

Πάλαμηδης, ἔος, ὁ, Palamedes. Εὐνῆκα Πάλα-μήδους σέ τιμαρεῖ φόνος Orest. 427. Ερ. Σάδ-φρων, ἀντιθέδς.

Πάλαμναῖος, α, ὄν, caede contaminatus : stained with murder. Μὴ πάλᾱμναῖον λάδω Iph. T. 1226. SYN. Φόνεος, ἀντόχειρ, ἀπτόρ-παῖος, πίκρος, μῖσρός, φόνιδς.

Πάλασιᾶ, ὡν, τὰ, ficus consecrata : minced figs. Τῶν τῆ πάλᾱσιᾶν ἐκείνων (troch. dim.) Pax 574. Nescio alterum locum ubi hæc vox invenitur.

Πάλασσω, ξω, conspergo ; inquino ; sortior : to besprinkle ; to pollute ; to cast lots. Αἰμάτῃ τ' ἐγκέφαλῳ τῆ πάλᾱξέμεν ν. 395. SYN. Βρέχω, μόλυνω, μάλάσσω, πάλυνω.

Πάλη, ης, ἡ, lucta : a wrestling, struggle. Νικῶσι πυγμῇ καὶ πάλῳ βουφόρεια Alcest. 1050. SYN. Πάλαιμα, πάκαμυσῖνη. Ερ. Καλλινικός, ἐπτάλᾱμος, κρᾱταιᾶ.

Πάλιγγλωσσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, contraria lingua utens, contrarium priori sonans : using a different language, contradictory, false. Isthm. 6. 35. See Πάλιν. SYN. Πάλλιδος.

Πάλιγκάπηλός, ου, ὁ, qui a caupone emit et rursus vendit : a retailer of provisions. Plut. 1156. See Πάλιν and Κάπηλός.

Πάλιγκότος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, denuo iratus, infestus : again angry, resentful, hostile. Πάντ' ἀλίγκο-τός Theoc. 22. 58. SYN. Στυγνός, ἐχθρός.

Πάλιγκότως, animo iterum infesto, iracunde : with repeated wrath, indignantly. Eur. fr. CEnom. 3. 2. See above.

Πάλῃ, Πάλιν, retro, iterum, de integro : back, again, afresh. Ἐγχει καὶ πάλιν ἐπεί Call. Ep. 30. 1. Ad πάλῃ Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpiana citat Jacobs. Anthol. 6. 78 : 7. 118. Huschk. Anal. 164. Epigr. adesp. 389. SYN. Ἐμπάλιν, αἰθῖς, ἐξαιθῖς, ἀψ, πάλιμπετῆς.

Πάλλιδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, iterum collectus ; dicta repetens : collected together again ; repeating what has been said. Ἐπέουκε πάλῃλλογᾶ A. 126. SYN. Πάλινγρετός.

Πάλιμβαμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, retrogradus : moving backward. Pyth. 9. 33. See Δίβαμός. SYN. Πάλισσός, πάλιντροτός, πάλιμπετῆς.

Πάλιμβαστός, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, iterum germinans : springing afresh. Herc. F. 1265. See Πάλιν.

Πάλιμμήκης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, duplicatus longitudine, prælongus : double in length, very long. Agam. 189. See Πάλιν. SYN. Παμμήκης, μακρός.

Πάλιμπετῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, retro festinans : flying or hastening back. Ἐτέρωσι πάλιμπετῆς ὁμμάτ' ἐνεικε Apoll. 4. 1315. Παλιμπετῆς, in the passage quoted, is used adverbially ; but in the lines of Homer (Π. 395. and ε. 27.) Damm. contends that Παλιμπετῆς is the acc. plur. for παλιμπετέας, contr. παλιμπετεῖς, by the omission of α or ι ; in

the same manner as Homer is thought to put επιτηδῆς for επιτηδεῖς, and ακλεῖς for ακεεῖς.

Πάλιμπαγκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, retro errans, retrogradus : wandering back, retrograde. Ἀφ' οὗ πάλιμπαγκτικοῖσι P. V. 863. SYN. Πάλιμβαμός, πάλιμπετῆς.

Πάλιμπλάζομαι, vagis erroribus retro agitor : to be driven back in various mazes. Οὐτὶ πάλιμπαλαχθέντ' α. 5.

Πάλιμπνοῖα, ας, ἡ, flatus contrarius : a contrary blast. Ἀνέμοιὺ πάλιμπνοῖῃσιν Apoll. 1. 586.

Πάλιμποιόν, ου, τὸ, remuneratio : a recompense. Choëph. 780. See Πάλιν. SYN. Ἀντ-ἀμειψῖς, ἀμοιβῇ, ἀντάλλαγρᾶ, ὀπιναῖ.

Πάλιμψημός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, maledictus ; qui contradicit : slanderous ; who contradicts. Πάλιμ-φαμός αἰοῖδ' Ion 1096. SYN. Δόσφημός.

Πάλιν. See Πάλῃ. Χαῶμενος δ' ὁ γέρον πάλιν φέρετο A. 380.

Πάλινγρετός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, retro recollectus et retractus ; revocabilis : called or drawn back ; revocable. Οὐ πάλινγρετόν Apoll. 2. 446. SYN. Πάλλιδος.

Πάλινδρός, Πάλινροτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, retro concitatus : rushing back. Acharn. 1178. Apoll. 2. 578. See Πάλιν. SYN. see Πάλιντροτός, πάλινδρυνός.

Πάλινστομέω, clamorem iterum edo : to renew clamour. Sept. Theb. 244. See Πάλιν. Blomfield proposes here πάλυστομέις instead of πάλινστομέις. SYN. Δόσφημέω, ἐπάλᾱλᾶζω, πάλιιδ-γέω.

Πάλιντιτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, post retributus : punished after a time. Δῶσι πάλιντιτὰ ἐργὰ β. 226. SYN. Ἀντίτιός.

Πάλιντόνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, retro tensus : bent back, elastic. Apoll. 1. 993. See Πάλιν.

Πάλιντρέπλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, retro vel in contrarium versus : turned the contrary way. Olymp. 2. 69. See Πάλιν and Εὐντρέπλός. SYN. Πάλιντροτός.

Πάλιντρίψης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, veterator, versutus : practised in villany. Καὶ πῶς τὰ μὲν πάντοργᾶ καὶ πάλιντρίψῃ Philoct. 454. See below.

Πάλιντροπῖα, ας, ἡ, conversio retro facta : a turning back. Ἡ δὲ πάλιντροπῆσιν Apoll. 3. 1156. SYN. Ἰπποστρόφη.

Πάλιντροπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, retrogradus, redur : turning back, returning. Herc. F. 1060. See above. SYN. Πάλινροτός, πάλινδρός, ὑπόστρόφός, πάλιν ὀρμένός, πάλιμβαμός, ἐναντιός, πάλισσός.

Πάλιντύπης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, repercutus : struck back, rebounding. Ὡστὲ πάλιντύπῃς Apoll. 3. 1253.

Πάλιντύχης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, qui contraria fortuna utitur : experiencing reverse of fortune, reduced. Πάλιντύχῃ τρίβῃ βίου (Iamb. dim.) Agam. 450. See above.

Πάλιούρος, ου, ἡ, rhamnus paliurus : white-thorn. Ἐτοιμάσᾱτ' ἡ πάλιούρῳ Theoc. 24. 87. SYN. Ἄκανθά.

Πάλιρρόβιός, Πάλιρρόβος, Πάλιρρόδος aut -ρους, et Πάλιρρόιός, α, ὄν, retro ruens vel fluens : flowing back, ebbing. Ηπειρόνδ' ἐπάλιρρόβειν ι. 485. Agam. 183. Iph. T. 1398. Call. 4. 193. SYN. Ἀφορός, ἀντίστρόφός.

Πάλιρρόπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui retro vergit, reflexus : bending back. Καὶ πάλιρρόπον γόνυ Eur. El. 492. SYN. see Πάλιντόνός.

Πάλισκίός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rursus vel valde opacus :

again or very shady. Ἀντρὸν ἔσω δύνουσα πάλισκιν Hom. Hymn. 3. 6. SYN. Δάσκιος, κατὰσκίος, σκότης, βῆθυσκίος.

Πάλισσῡτος, ου, δ, ἡ, resiliens: rushing or retreating back. Œ. R. 193. See above, and Κραιπνῡσῡτος. SYN. see Πάλιντρῡτος.

Πάλιωξις, ἰδς, ἡ, ubi fugiens convertitur et fugantem insequitur; insecutio: a pursuit where the pursued becomes the pursuer; a chase. Ἐπειτὰ πάλιωξιν παρὰ νηῶν O. 69. SYN. Δίωγμός, ἰωκή, ἰωχυμός.

Πάλλαγμα, ἄτς, τὸ, concubitus cum pellice: adultery. Æsch. Sup. 303. SYN. Μίασμα, παλῶκισμα.

Παλλάδιον, ου, τὸ, Palladium: an image of Minerva in Troy, supposed to have fallen from heaven. Μισθοῦ διδόμενου Παλλάδιων χρυσουμένων Acharn. 547.

Παλλάκη, ἡς, et Παλλάκῆς, ἰδς, ἡ, concubina: a concubine, mistress. Λυσάμενός ξω παλλάκην ὦ χορίον Vesp. 1353. I. 449. SYN. Ὀμευνέτις.

Παλλαντίδαι, ὧν, οἱ, Pallantidæ: the sons of Pallas. (See the account of Pallas, related in the Schol. on the passage quoted.) Αἵματος Παλλαντιδῶν Hipp. 35.

Παλλάς, ἀδς, ἡ, et (2) Πάλλας, αντς, δ, Pallas: (1) a name of Minerva; (2) the father of Selene. Παλλάς Ἀθήνη Δ. 78. Hom. Merc. 100. SYN. (1) see Ἀθήνη.

Παλλάτιδες, ὧν, αἱ, Pallatides. Εν πέτραις αἷς νῦν σὺνμα Παλλάτιδες Call. 5. 42.

Πάλευκος, ου, δ, ἡ, omni ex parte candidus: all white. Eumen. 353. SYN. see Λευκός.

Παλληνίς, ἰδς, ἡ, Pallenis: a surname of Minerva, derived from Pallene or Pallenus, one of the Δημοί of Attica, where she had a temple. See Herod. Clío. c. 62. Παρθένον Παλληνίδος Heracl. 1031.

Πάλλω, ἄλῳ, vibro, quatio, agito; sorte lego: to brandish, shake; to choose by lot. Phœn. 1315. SYN. Διάπállω, σείω, κινέω, κρᾶδαινα, σάλλω, στρέφω, κληρῶ.

Πάλυς, ου, δ, vibratio, agitatio; sors: a shaking; a lot. Οὐς ἐκλήρωσεν πάλος Ion 419. SYN. Κλήρως, κληρώσις.

Παλτός, ἡ, ὅν, vibratus: brandished. Antig. 131.

Πάλυνω, ὕνῳ, adsperso, conspergo; albefacio: to sprinkle; to whiten. Ἀλφίτᾳ λευκὰ πάλυνειν κ. 520. SYN. Ἐπιπάσσω, λευκαίνω.

Παμεσσίλειᾶ, as, ἡ, summa regina: queen of all. Φωνὴν ὦ παμεσσίλειαι Nub. 357.

Παμεδελύρως, ἂ, ὅν, impurissimus: most debauched. Ὡ παμεδελύρᾳ φθονοῦσα τῶνδ' ἐπὶ λόγον Eccles. 1043. SYN. Μιᾶρώτᾳτς, μύσαρς, ἀνδσίς, βδελύρως, παμπύνηρς.

Παμβίας, ου, δ, valde potens, violentus: all-powerful, violent. Nem. 9. 58. See βία. SYN. Πάντᾳ βιάζομενός, πανδράμων.

Πάμευτος, ου, δ, ἡ; Παμεῶτις, ἰδς, ἡ, omnia pascens, fertilissimus, almus: all-feeding, most fertile, genial. Æsch. Sup. 567. Philoct. 395.

Παμᾶταις, ου, δ, ἡ, omnino irritus: altogether useless. Agam. 378. See Μᾶταις. SYN. see Μᾶταις.

Πάμᾱχος, ου, δ, ἡ, cum nemine non pugnaturs: ready to fight any one. Παμᾱχῳ δρᾶσει βρῶν Agam. 163

Παμᾱλας, αινᾶ, ἄν, omnino niger: entirely black. Παμᾱλᾶν δς μήλοισι κ. 525.

Παμᾱκης, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, omnino longus: lengthened. Œ. C. 1609.

Παμηνίς, ἰδς, ἡ, plena luna clara: bright with a full moon. Παμηνιδί Κασσιέπεια Arat. Phœn. 189.

Παμηνῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, per omnes menses durans, continuus: lasting through all months, incessant. Soph. El. 851. SYN. Διηνέχης.

Παμᾱτειρά, as, et Παμᾱτωρ, ὅρς, ἡ, omnino mater, mater omnium: entirely mother, mother of all. Γαῖαν παμᾱτειρᾶν ἁεῖσθαι Hom. Hym. 29. 1. P. V. 90.

Παμᾱρῶς, et Παμᾱσᾱρῶς, οὔ, δ, ἡ, omnino scelestus: most detestable. Καὶ μᾱρὲ καὶ παμᾱρὲ καὶ μᾱρῶτᾳτε Pax 183. Ἡ παμᾱδελύρᾳ καὶ παμᾱσᾱρά Lysist. 968. SYN. see Παμᾱδελύρως.

Παμᾱγῆς, ἔδς, et Πάμμικτς, ου, δ, ἡ, ex omnibus commixtus: blended together, promiscuous. Pers. 274. (See Ἀμᾱγᾶ.) Pers. 53. SYN. Σύμμικτς, ἄθρῶς, πάνθουρτς.

Πάμᾱρῶς. See Πᾱνᾱλλίς.

Παμᾱσᾱρῶς. See Παμᾱρῶς.

Πάμπᾱν, et Παμπᾱήν, omnino, prorsus: altogether, entirely. Οὐδὲ τί πάμπᾱν ἄμυνειν I. 435. Theogn. 615. SYN. Πᾱνῦ, πάντῳ, παντᾱλῳ.

Παμπειθῆς, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, omnia suadens omnibus: all-persuasive. Pyth. 4. 327.

Παμπᾱήν. See Πάμπᾱν.

Παμπησία, as, ἡ, tota possessio: entire possession. Κτημάτων παμπησίαν Sept. Th. 818.

Πάμπληκτς, ου, δ, ἡ, undique percussus: smitten on all sides. Trach. 505.

Παμποίκιλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, valde varius arte et ornatu: finely embroidered. Παμποίκιλοι ἔργᾱ γυναικῶν Z. 289. SYN. Πᾱναῖδλς, ποικίλδς.

Πάμᾱλῳς, -πόλλῃ, permultus: very much. Antig. 614. See Πᾱλῳς.

Παμπύνηρς, ου, δ, ἡ, pessimus: entirely wicked. Acharn. 854. SYN. see Παμᾱδελύρως.

Παμπόρφυρς, ου, δ, ἡ, omnino purpureus: all purple. Olymp. 6. 91. See Πορφύρεῦς.

Πάμπρεπτς, ου, δ, ἡ, late conspicuus: very splendid. Agam. 116. SYN. Εὔπρεπτς.

Πάμπρωτς, ου, δ, ἡ, long primus: by far the first. H. 324. SYN. Πρώτιστς.

Παμφᾱγῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, omnia devorans: all-devouring. Med. 1184. See Φᾱγῳ. SYN. Ἀδᾱφᾱγῳς.

Παμφᾱῆς, Παμφεγγῆς, ἔδς, δ, ἡ, splendidus: all-shining. Troad. 550. (See Φᾱῶς.) Soph. El. 105.

Παμφαῖνω, et ποῖτ. Παμφᾱᾶνῳ, luceo: to shine, glitter. Ζ. 11. Ἐνᾱπῖᾳ παμφᾱᾶνῳτα δ. 42. SYN. Στίλῳ, λάμπῳ, αστράπτῳ.

Παμφάρμᾱκός, ου, δ, ἡ, omnium medicaminum peritus: skilled in all medicines or drugs. Pyth. 4. 415. See Φάρμᾱκῳν.

Παμφεγγῆς. See Παμφᾱῆς.

Πάμφθαρτς, ου, δ, ἡ, omnino eversus; penitus exitialis: entirely destroyed; all-destroying. Choëph. 290.

Πάμφίλδς, ου, δ, Pamphilus. Ὁ Πάμφίλδς δ' οὐχὶ διὰ τοῦτον κλαύσεται Plut. 174.

Πάμφλεκτς, ου, δ, ἡ, omnia comburens: all-consuming. Antig. 1006.

Παμφᾱρῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, omnia ferens; promiscuus: all-productive; promiscuous. Pers. 624.

Πάμφυλδς, ου, δ, (1) Pamphylus: Pamphylus, and a Pamphylian (see Schrader, Emen-

datt. præf. p. 20.); (2) ex omni tribu mixtus: composed of every tribe or class. Pyth. 1. 121. See Φύλον.

Πάμφυρτος. See Παντόφυρτος.

Πάμφωνος, ου, δ, ἡ, omnisonus: full-sounding. Pyth. 12. 34.

Πάμψυχος, ου, δ, ἡ, omnino animatus, immortalis: all-soul, immortal. Πάμψυχος ἀνάσσει Soph. El. 841. SYN. Ἀθάνατος.

Πάν, ανός, δ, Pan: the god of shepherds: in the plur. Πάνες denote Fauns. Ἡ Πανός οργὰς ἡ τινός θῶν μολεῖν Med. 1169. ΕΡ. Ἄγριος, ἀγλαέθειρος, φίλῳχρος, αυχήεις, Δεὸς νόμιος, ἄρροσιδάτης, ἀγρόνιμος, συρικτής, δασὺς, δασύστερνός, ὄρροσινύμος, δύσερος, μηλόνιμος, θρηυντής, εὐκραίρος, θεσπεσίος, Ἀρκάς, Μαννάλιος, Κωρόκιος, Λυκαῖος, ἡδυγέλως. PRR. see Hom. Hymn. 19.

Πανάγρος, ου, δ, ἡ, omnia capiens: all-catching. Μήπως ὡς ἀψίσι λίνου ἀλόντῃ πανάγρου E. 487. SYN. Πανάλωτος.

Πανάθηναϊά, ων, τὰ, Panathenæa: a festival at Athens. Ran. 1090. See Ἀθήνη.

Πανῶλιος, Πάμμορος, ου, δ, ἡ, miserrimus: entirely wretched. Ποῦ πῶθ' ἡ παναθλία Hec. 652. CE. C. 157. SYN. Παντάλας, παντλήμων, πᾶνᾶπτος, τλημῶνέστατος, δύσαμμορός, οικτροτάτος, πᾶνοις, δυστυχέστατος, οικτροτάτος, κᾰκότηχης.

Παναίθος, η, ὄν, omnino splendidus: all-blazing. Κεφάλας δὲ παναίθησι κύρθεσσι Ξ. 372. SYN. Λαμπρός.

Παναῖδλος, ου, δ, ἡ, omnino fulgens, varii coloris: splendid throughout, variegated. Ζωστήρ κείτῳ παναῖδλος K. 77.

Παναίτιος, ου, δ, ἡ, causa totius rei: the author of all. Πᾶν ἐπραξῆς ὡς παναίτιος Eumen. 200.

Πανάκειά, as, ἡ, omnium morborum curatio; Panacea: the cure of all diseases, a panacea; the daughter of Æsculapius. Ἀλλ' αὐτὴν πᾶν-κειᾶν Callim. H. in Apoll. 39. Τὰ βλεφάρᾳ πέριψήσῃ ἡ Πανάκειά δὲ Plut. 730.

Πανάκης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, omnia sanans: all-healing. Ἡ πᾶνᾰκὲς πάντων φάρμακόν ἃ σφίᾰ Call. Ep. 48. 4.

Πανᾶλθης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, verissimus: entirely true. Sept. Th. 719. See below. SYN. see Ἀλθής.

Πανᾶλθως, verissime: most truly. Εἰ θεῖη Δῖος εὖ πανᾶλθως Æsch. Sup. 89. SYN. see Ἀλθώς.

Πανακῆς, εὖς, δ, ἡ, omnipotens: all-powerful. Sept. Th. 152. See above. SYN. see Παγκράτης.

Πανάλωτος, ου, δ, ἡ, omnia capiens: all-taking. Γάγγᾰμόν ἄτης πᾶνᾰλῶτου (paræmiac) Agam. 352. SYN. Πανᾶγρος.

Πανᾰπᾰλός, ου, δ, ἡ, tenerimus: very delicate. Πανᾰπᾰλῶ οἶοι τὲ ἀνέκτων παῖδες ἔασιν v. 223. The first syllable of Πανᾰπᾰλός, though naturally short, is prolonged in the arsis, as αἰῶνάτος, ακάμυτος, and some others. SYN. see Ἀπᾰλός.

Πανᾰπήμων, ὄνός, prorsus innocuus, omnino illæsus: entirely harmless, unhurt. Πανᾰπήμων ἀνθρώποισιν Hes. Op. 809. SYN. see Ἀπήμων.

Πανᾰπήρης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, integer: sound, not mutilated. Ὡς κεφάλας πᾶνᾰπήρεῖς Call. 6. 126. SYN. Ἀελαδής, ασκητής.

Πανᾰπότμος, ου, δ, ἡ, infelicissimus: most ill-fated or unfortunate. Αὐτὰρ ἐγὼ πᾶνᾰποτμός Ω. 493. SYN. see Πανᾰλῖος.

Πανᾰργυρός, ου, δ, ἡ, totus argenteus: of solid silver. Δωκά δὲ οἱ κρητήρᾳ πᾶνᾰργυρόν Ω. 274. SYN. see Ἀργυρεός.

Πανᾰριστός, ου, δ, ἡ, prorsus optimus: best of all. Οὗτος μὲν πᾶνᾰριστός Hes. Op. 291. Βέλτιστος, κάλλιστος, προφῆρεστάτος, υπέρροχος.

Πανᾰρκετός, η, ὄν, ἐπὶ Πανᾰρκῆς, εὖς, δ, ἡ, ad omnia sufficiens: all-sufficient. Choeph. 63. Call. fr. 48. 1. See above. SYN. Πανταρκῆς.

Πανᾰρχος, ου, δ, ἡ, omnia regens: all-ruling. CE. C. 1293. See below.

Πανᾰτρέκης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, verissimus: entirely or very true. Πιερῖδων καὶ τήνδῃ πᾶνᾰτρέκῃς Apoll. 4. 1382.

Πανάφηλε, ἱκός, ab omnibus æqualibus destitutus: deserted by all those of the same age, forlorn. Ἡμαρ δ' ὀρφανικὸν πᾶνᾰφήλικᾰ X. 490.

Πανᾰχαιῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, tota Achæa: the whole of Achæa. See the obs. on Ἀχαιῖς. Πανᾰχαιῖδός ἐί τῷ φέριστον Apoll. 3. 347.

Πανᾰχαιοί, ὧν, οἱ, omnes Achæi, nobiles et ignobiles: all the Achæans. Ξῷ δ' ἄλλους περ Πανᾰχαιοῦς ι. 301. SYN. see Ἀχαιοί.

Πανᾰκρίτιος, ου, δ, ἡ, omnino intempestivus: very unseasonable. Παῖδᾰ τέκεν πᾶνᾰκρίων Ω. 540. SYN. Ἀσπός.

Πανδαισία, as, ἡ, convivium opiparum: a sumptuous banquet. Μᾶζᾰ καὶ πανδαισία Pax 565. SYN. Εὐωχία.

Πανδᾰκρυτός, ου, δ, ἡ, valde lacrymabilis; ad omnia lacrymans: very lamentable; full of tears. Ὡ πᾶνᾰκρυτόν αἰὼν Οιδίπου γένος Sept. Th. 651.

Πανδᾰμάτωρ, ὄνός, omnia domans: all-subduing. Οξὺ δὲ πᾶνᾰμάτωρ Apoll. 4. 476.

Πανδᾰρεός, ου, δ, Pandareus: the father of Merope, Cleothera, and Aëdon. Πανδᾰρέου κούρη τ. 518.

Πανδᾰρός, ου, δ, Pandarus. Πανδᾰρὲ ποῦ τοι τόξον E. 171. ΕΡ. Ἀντιθέος, δαίφρων. PRR. Λυκάονος υἱός ἀμύμων τε κρᾰτέρός τῷ, τόξων εὖ εἰδός.

Πανδᾰελετεῖος, ου, δ, ἡ, improbatus, more Pandetei sycphantæ: rascally. Nub. 921. SYN. Πανᾰοιργός.

Πανδερκετής, ου; Πανδερκής, δ, ἡ, omnia intuens: all-seeing. Eur. El. 1177. Ad πανδερκής Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 11. 281. 399. SYN. see Πᾰνᾰπτης.

Πανδημί, toto populo: with all the people, in a body. Πανδημί πᾰνᾰμιλί Sept. Th. 283. On the orthography of adverbs ending in εἰ and ι, see Blomfield's Gloss. P. V. 216. SYN. Πᾰνᾰμιλί, κοινῇ, δημῳσίως.

Πανδημία, as, ἡ, universus populus: a whole people. Πανδημία γὰρ χερσί Æsch. Sup. 615.

Πανδημῖος, Πανδημός, ου, δ, ἡ, publicus; vulgaris: of or belonging to the people; vulgar. Πανδημῖος ὅς κατᾰ ἄστν σ. 1. Apoll. 1. 1077. SYN. Δήμιος, δημότης, κοινός, πάγκοινός.

Πανδίκιος, ου, δ, ἡ, justissimus: most just. Τήνδῃ πᾶνᾰδικῷ φρενί Trach. 294.

Πανδίκως, justissime: most justly. Sept. Th. 157. See above. ΕΡ. Ορθῶς.

Πανδιων, ὄνός, δ, Pandion. Ἀνδριάντᾰ τὸν Πανδῖονος Pax 1183.

Πανδᾰκεῖον, ου, τὸ, diversorium: a public inn. Ran. 557. SYN. Ἑπανίς, στάθμος.

Πανδᾰκεντρίᾰ, as, ἡ, caupona: a female inn-

keeper. Δημηγῳρεῖν φάλανα πανδουκείτρια Vesp. 35. SYN. Κάπηλις.

Πανδουκέω, omnes recipio: to entertain all. Sept. Th. 18.

Πανδούκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, omnes recipiens: receiving all, spacious. Sept. Th. 858.

Πανδοξία, ας, ἡ, omnis gloria: complete glory. Nem. 1. 14. See Εὐδοξία.

Πανδάρως, α, ὁν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, et (2) fem. gen. (1) omnia largiens, beneficus: giving all things; (2) Pandora: the first woman that ever lived, according to Hesiod. Hom. 41. 1. Hes. Op. 81.

Πάνελληνες, ων, οἱ, omnes Græci: all the Greeks. Κλυτὴ πάνελλήνων Apoll. 2. 209. The Ἕλληνες were properly those only who inhabited the city of Ἑλλάς, in Thessaly, and the circumjacent country; thence the name extended to all the Thessalians, (in which sense it seems to have been used by Homer,) and afterwards to all the Greeks. See Thucyd. lib. i. SYN. see Ἕλληνες.

Πανεργέτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, omnia efficiens: making all things. Agam. 1462. See below.

Πανέσχάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, extremus omnium: last of all. Πόντιος πάνεσχάτων Apoll. 4. 308. SYN. see Ἐσχάτος.

Πάνετης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, per omnem annum: through the whole year. Pyth. 1. 38. See above.

Πανεύκληος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quietissimus: most calm. Οὐράνῳθεν δὲ πανεύκληος Apoll. 3. 1194. SYN. see Εὐκλήος.

Πανέφθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, omni ex parte coctus vel liquefactus: well boiled or melted. Κυκλοτέρης ἔτετυκτο πάνεφθου Hes. Scut. 208.

Πάνηγυρίς, ἴδς, et Att. ἑως, ἡ, cætes publicus, celebritas publica: an assembly, festival. Τήνδ' ἔχον πάνηγυριν Heracl. 240. See above. SYN. Ὀμήγυρις, ἀγορά, συνδῶς, ἀθροισμᾶ, πλήθος, ἀγυρίς, ἑορτή, ὁμιλὸς. Ε.Ρ. Εὐνή.

Πάνημάρ, tota die; quotidie: during the whole day; daily. Ὡτὲ πάνημαρ v. 31. See Ἡμάρ.

Πάνημεριός, α, ὄν, et Πάνημερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, per diem: during the whole day. Οἱ δὲ πάνημεριοὶ μολπῇ δῶν ἰλάσκοντο A. 472. Apoll. 2. 813. In expressing time the Greeks generally use the adjective, where in Latin and English the adverb, or some corresponding periphrasis is employed. Thus Hec. 902. Μέσσην κτίως ωλλύμαν, and Il. φ. 560. Ἐσπερίος δ' ἂν ἐπεινᾷ, λυεσσαμένους πύτταμοιό, Ἴδρω ἄποψυχθεις, πρὶτὶ Ἰλῖον ἀπὸ νῆοιμην.

Πάνημερεύω, totam diem consumo: to spend the whole day. Rhcs. 357. See above.

Πανθοίδης, ου, ὁ, Panthoides: the son of Panthous. Μεγάθυμος Πανθοίδαο Ξ. 454.

Πάνθοος, ου, ὁ, Panthoüs. G. 146.

Πανθυμᾶδων, penitus iracunde: very angrily. Πανθυμᾶδων οκριδῶντο σ. 33.

Πανθιτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, omnibus sacrificiis prosequendus: to be observed with all kinds of sacrifices. Aj. 712. See Οὐτήρ.

Παννυχίδες, ων, αἱ, pervigilia: a festival of Bacchus, of Cybele and Ceres, celebrated throughout the whole night; vigils. Helen. 1364. See Παννυχίς.

Παννυχίζω, pernocto: to continue all night. Isthm. 4. 112. See below. SYN. Νύχεύω, νυκτέρεω, ἐγρησσω.

Παννυχίος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ; Πάννυχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, per totam noctem: through the whole night. Εἰσὶν παννυχιοὶ Θ. 550. Ξ. 458.

Πάνδουρτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perquam lamentabilis: Pms. Ler.

very lamentable. Hec. 212. See Πάνολεῖος. SYN. Πανδάκρυτος.

Πάνουζος, ὕδς; penitus ærumnosus: all-wretched. Ἰὼ πάνουζος ἑστία Choëph. 44. See Οἰζύς.

Πάνολεῖος et Πανολεῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, beatissimus: all-happy. Καὶ μὴν ἔθνηκε πάνολεῖον Hom. H. 6. 54. Æsch. Sup. 590. SYN. Μάκάρτατος, μακάριώτατος, εὐδαιμονέστατος.

Πάνδμιλι, catervatim: in crowds. Πανδημί πάνδμιλί Sept. Th. 283. See Πανδημί.

Πανομοφαῖς, ου, oraculorum auctor: the author of all oracles. Ἐνθα πάνομοφαί Θ. 250.

Πανόπεις, Ion. ἦος, ὁ, Panopeus: (1) the son of Phocus, who founded in Phocis (2) a city called after his own name. Ψ. 665. Καλλιχόρου Πανόπης λ. 580.

Πάνοπη, ης, ἡ, Panope: one of the Nereids. Δωρίς καὶ Πάνοπη Ξ. 45.

Πάνοπλία, ας, ἡ, armatura totum corpus tegens: a suit of armour, a panoply. Ὅπου θεὸς γυνὴ γέγονυα πάνοπλιαν Av. 830. Πλι potest esse longa, ut in ὑπερόπλια. SYN. Παντευχία, πανσάγια.

Πανόπτης, Παντόπτης, ου, ὁ, omnia videns: all-seeing. Τὴν τοῦ πανόπτου διφθέραν ἐνημμένος Ecceles. 80. Eumen. 557. SYN. Πανδερκέτης.

Πανορμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aptam omnino stationem habens: excellent for anchoring or mooring. Διμένες τὲ πανορμοὶ v. 195.

Πανουργέω, callide vel vafre ago; omnia perago: to act knavishly or craftily; to do every or any thing. Plut. 368. See Πανούργος. SYN. Μηχανορράφειω, φένακίζω.

Πανούργημα, ἄτος, τὸ, factum vafrem: a knavish act. Soph. El. 1387. See Πανούργος.

Πανουργία, ας, ἡ, calliditas, astutia, malitia, præstigia: cleverness, cunning, knavery, legerdemain. Eq. 684. See below. SYN. Τὸ πανούργον, αισχροουργία, δόλος, κερδὸσύνη, τίχην, δόλος.

Πανούργος, et Παντουργός, ὁ, ἡ, callidus, sagax, vafes: who can do any thing, clever, cunning, knavish. Ξένον πανούργον κλώπα Alcest. 782. Aj. 445. SYN. Δεινός, κερδαλέος, δολίος, δολόφρων, κακούργος.

Πανόψιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui ab omnibus cernitur, conspicuus; fulgidus: seen by all; bright. Αυτὴ δὲ πανόψιον φ. 397.

Πανσάγια, ας, ἡ, armatura tota: a suit of armour. Antig. 108. See Σάγῃ. SYN. Πάνοπλία, παντευχία.

Πανσέληνος, ου, ἡ, plena luna: full moon. Sept. Th. 385.

Πάνσοφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sapientissimus: most wise. Herc. F. 188.

Πανσούδια, Πασσούδια, ας, ἡ, omnis impetus: all expedition or force. Ἐνθεν πανσούδιη Λ. 724. Apoll. 1. 323. SYN. Συλληδην.

Πανσυρτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) omnia trahens, omni ex parte congestus: drawing all things, heaped together from all sides; (2) colluvies: a collection. Soph. El. 851.

Παντάκλῃς, ἔος, ὁ, Pantacles. Καὶ μὴν ου Παντάκλῃα γε (parameia) Ran. 1036.

Παντάλας, ανᾶ, ἂν, miserimus: most wretched. Ὡ παντάλαινά νόμφα Androm. 140. See Τάλας. SYN. see Πανάλλιος.

Πανταρκίης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ad omnia sufficiens; omnes juvans: all-sufficient; all-helping. Pers. 861.

Παντάρχης, ου, omnia regens: all-ruling. C. 1085. SYN. Παγκράτης.

Παντάχη, χοί, χοῦ. See Πάντη.
Παντέλης, εὖς, δ, ἦ, perfectus: perfect, complete. Sept. Th. 111. SYN. Τελείως.

Παντέλως, perfecte: completely, entirely. P. V. 449. SYN. Τελείως.

Παντευχία, ας, ἦ, armatura tota; exercitus: complete armour; an army. Eis τήνδ' ἐποίησεν πύλεμον παντευχίαν Eur. Sup. 1202. SYN. see Πάνοπλια.

Παντέχνης, ου, δ, ἦ, omnibus artibus idoneus: understanding every art. Παντέχνου πῦρὸς σέλας P. V. 7.

Πάντη, Παντάχου, Παντάχη, Παντάχοι, Πάντῳς, omnibus modis, ubique: in every way, every where. Iph. A. 144. Iph. T. 68. Androm. 895. Lysist. 1230. N. 649.

Παντήμαρ, quotidie: daily. Apoll. 2. 532. See Ἡμάρ.

Παντίμως, Παντόσεμνος, ου, δ, ἦ, honoratissimus: most honoured. Soph. El. 690. (See Τιμή.) Eumen. 641. SYN. Ἐντιμός, τιμωτάτος.

Παντλήμων, ὄνως, omnino infelix: entirely wretched. Hec. 196. SYN. see Πανάθλιος.

Παντόγηρας, ω, δ, ἦ, valde senex; aeternus: very old; everlasting. Antig. 606. SYN. Αἰδιός, αιώνιος.

Παντόδαπός. See Παντοῖος.

Παντόθεν, undequaque: from every quarter. Eurip. Inus. fr. 4. 2.

Παντοῖος, Παντόδαπός, ἦ, ὄν, omnimodus, varius: of all kinds. Eur. fr. Rhad. 2. 1. Παντόδαπας ἐπὶ γὰς Helen. 524. SYN. Πλῦτρυπός, παντρυπός.

Πάντολμος, Παντότολμος, ου, δ, ἦ, audacissimus: all-daring, very rash. Sept. Th. 668. Agam. 1208.

Παντόμισης, εὖς, δ, ἦ, omnibus invisus: hateful to all. Ὡ παντόμιση κνώδαλα στύγη θεῶν Eumen. 647.

Παντόπυρὸς, ου, δ, ἦ, ad omnia callidus: having resources for every thing. Antig. 365.

Παντόπητης. See Πάνοπητης.

Παντόρεκτης, ου, δ, ἦ, omnia perpetrans: daring every thing, bold. Ἐρωτὶ παντόρεκτη Anacr. 10. 16.

Πάντῳς. See Πάντη.

Παντόσεμνος. See Παντίμως.

Παντότολμος. See Πάντολμος.

Παντούργος. See Πάνοιργός.

Παντόφυρτος, Πάμφυρτος, ου, δ, ἦ, omnino confusus: all mixed, promiscuous. Eumen. 557. Oppian, 'A. 1. 779. SYN. Παμμίγης, πάμμικτος.

Παντόπυρος, ου, δ, ἦ, penitus vertens, vel versus: turning or turned entirely. Sept. Th. 954.

Πάντως, omnino: altogether, by all means. Med. 1058. SYN. Πάντη, πάμπαν, πάνυ.

Πάνυ, omnino, prorsus, valde: by all means, altogether, very. Ὡς τοὺς δίκαιους δ' ἂν βιάζοις πάνυ μὲν οὖν Plut. 97. SYN. Πάγχυ, πάντως, λίαν, ἄγαν, μάλ᾽, σφόδρ᾽, μέγ᾽, μέγαλως.

Πάνυπεράττος, ἦ, ὄν, omnium supremus: most excellent of all. Αυτὴ δὴ χθαμᾶλῃ πάνυπερτάτῃ εἰν αἰὶ κείται ι. 25.

Πάνυστάτος, ἦ, ὄν, extremus omnium: last of all. Πάνυστάτὸν σὲ προσπίπνουσ' αἰτησόμεαι Alcest. 165. See above. SYN. see Ἐσχάτος.

Πάνωλεθρὸς, ου, Πανώλης, εὖς, δ, ἦ, omnino perditus; perniciosus: entirely ruined; destroying everything. Καὶ σφᾶς κᾶκῳ κᾶκιστὰ καὶ πάνωλεθρους Aj. 151. Med. 279. See Πάνυπεράττος. SYN. Εξώλης.

Πάνωρος, ου, δ, ἦ, omni tempore proveniens: at all seasons. Aesch. Sup. 698. See Πάνυπεράττος.

Πάδμαι, ἄσδμαι, (1) gusto, comedo: to taste, eat; (2) in possessionem acquiro: to possess. Αλλὰ πάσασθαι ἀναχθί T. 160. Δούλον πέπαται κοῦκ ἔχει παρήσιαν Ion 677. The first syllable of Πάσασθαι in the sense of *gusto* is always short, and in that of *possideo* always long. See Valek. ad Ammon. p. 187. SYN. Γεδόμαι, ἐδόμαι, κτάδμαι, ἔχω.

Πάπαλ, Πάπαιξ, Παπαῖξ, Παππαιῖξ, Πάπαπαλ, Πάπαπαπαῖξ, ατά! papæ! ah! strange! alas! Πάρεσθ' ὁ λοιπὸν ἐστὶν ἀπάπαλ πάπαλ πάπαλξ Vesp. 235. Lysist. 923. Nub. 390. Vesp. 235. Pax 119. Thesm. 1203. &c.

Παππάζω, pappa dico: to say or call papa. Καὶ παππάζουσ' ἅμᾳ τῇ γλώττῃ Vesp. 609.

Παππαιῖξ. See Πάπαξ.

Παππάξ. See Πάπαξ.

Πάππας, ου, δ, pater: papa. Πάππᾳ φίλ' οὐκ ἂν δῇ μοι ζ. 57. SYN. see Πάτήρ.

Παππίας, ου, δ; Παππιῖδον, ου, τὸ, paterculus: dear papa. Eis θεὸς ὦ παππία Pax. 128. Ὡ παππιῖδον ἀπαντὰ γὰρ σοι παρέφθουρον Eq. 1212.

Παππιῖδον. See above.

Πάππς, ου, δ, (1) avus: a grandfather; (2) lanugo carduorum: the down of thistles. Arat. and Phoen. 921. SYN. Πρόπαταρ, πρόγονός, γέρον; (2) ἄκαρθίς.

Παππῶς, α, ὄν, avitus: of or belonging to a grandfather. Lysist. 653. SYN. Αρχαῖός, πάλαιός.

Παπταίνω, ἄνω, 1. α. ηνά, et Ion. imp. ἐπαπταίνεσκον, circumspicio, oculis vestigo: to look round, survey. M. 333. Apoll. 3. 952. SYN. Πέριεβλεπω, πέρισκοπέω, σκόπέω, ἐρευνᾶω, πέριπαπταίνω, ἀποπαπταίνω.

Πάπυρος, ου, δ, ἦ, papyrus, planta Aegyptiaca: the papyrus, an Egyptian plant. Ἰπέρ αὐχένος πᾶπυρα Anacr. 4. 5.

Πάρ, et Πάραλ, poet. pro Πάρᾳ, (1) cum gen. a, ab, ex: from, of; (2) cum dat. apud, juxta: with, at, near; (3) cum acc. ad, inter, prope, ultra, propter, ob, per, contra: to, among, near, beyond, on account of, before, by, during, contrary to. Πάρ δυνάμιν οὐκ ἐστὶ N. 787. A. 233. Θεοῦ παρὰ δωρὰ φέρουσα T. 3.

Πάρᾳ. See Πάρ. Πάρᾳ is also frequently used for παρ᾽εστί and παρ᾽εστί.

Παράβαινω, f. θήσονται, 2. α. ἔξην, (1) juxta eo vel sto: to go or stand near; (2) transgredior, violo: to pass, go along or beyond, violate; (3) prater eo, fallo: to escape the notice of. N. 708. SYN. Ἰπερβαίνω, μετὰβαίνω, παρέρχομαι, λῶω.

Παράβακτρος, ου, δ, ἦ, gressum baculo firmans: staff-supporting. Phoen. 1564.

Παράβάλλω, ἑλῶ, arpono; objicio; navem appello; depono; confero: to place near or before; to expose or present to; to bring a ship to shore; to lay aside; to compare. Thesm. 739. SYN. Παράτιθημί, συμβάλλω, παρὰδιδοίμι, πρὸφῆρω, ὁμοίω, ἀπὸβάλλω, παρέργίζω.

Παράβασκα, Ion. α. Πάράβαινω, juxta sto: to stand near, go by the side of. A. 104. This word is applied to the Παράβαςτης, who stood in

the war-chariot fighting whilst the charioteer drove the horses. See Damm. Lex. Hom. in v. Πάρᾶσῃτς.

Πάρᾶσᾶτς, Πάρᾶτς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et η, ὄν, violabilis: may or must be violated or transgressed. Antig. 874. Æsch. Sup. 1043. See Ἀσᾶτς.

Πάρᾶσῆτω, ψω, limis adspicio; hallucinor: to look aside or askance; to mistake. Ran. 409. See below. SYN. Πάρῶρᾶ.

Πάρᾶσῆσῃν, per comparationem; dolose; ex obliquo: comparatively; sarcastically; obliquely. Ἀμφὶς ὀδρακάζοντ' ἡ Πάρᾶσῆσῃν κρότεονταί Apoll. 4. 1608. SYN. Πάρῶλᾶσῃν, δολῖον.

Πάρᾶσῶψ, ὠπς, ex recto statu distortus: distorted. Χωλαί τε ῥυσσάι τε Πάρᾶσῶπες τ' οφθαλμῷ I. 499. SYN. Φολκς, στράψς, λοξός.

Πάρᾶσῶθῃν, auxilium fero: to succour, assist. Eq. 257. SYN. Εκσῶθῆω, ἀρήγω, βῶθῆω, ἐπι-εῶθῆω, πάριστάμαι, αἰώνω.

Πάρᾶσῶλς, ποῖτ. Πάρᾶσῶλς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, temerarius; periculosus: rash; dangerous. Vesp. 192. Hom. Merc. 56.

Πάρᾶγγέλλω, ἐλῶ, nuncio, edico, denuncio: to announce, order. Pers. 475. SYN. Ἀπαγγέλλω, προστάσσω, κεύω, παραινέω, σημαίνω, πρό-λεγω.

Πάρᾶγγελμᾶ, ἄτς, τὸ, præceptum, mandatum: a command, order. Agam. 464. SYN. Εντὺλῃ, κέλευσιν, πρόσταγμα, ἐφέτημ, ἐνταλμᾶ.

Πάρᾶγίνεσθαι, adsum: to be present, to arrive. Καὶ σφιν Πάρᾶγινετὸ δαίτ' p. 173. SYN. Προσγίνεσθαι, παρέμει, ἐπιφρονιτάω, παρέρχομαι.

Πάρᾶγκάλισμα, ἄτς, τὸ, amplexus: an embrace. Antig. 650. See Ἀγκάλη. SYN. Πέρι-πλὴκῃ, φίλημᾶ. PHR. see Phœn. vv. 314—318.

Πάρᾶγράφω, ψω, adscribo, inscribo: to write by the side, inscribe. Εν τῇ στήλῃ Πάρᾶγράφαι Lysist. 513. SYN. Γράφω, εγγράφω.

Πάρᾶγω, 2. a. ἡγάγην, deduco; produco; perverto; transeo: to lead or bring aside; to prolong; to pervert; to pass. Iph. T. 479. See Ἄγω. SYN. Πρῶᾶγω, ἐξάγω, πρὸφῆρω, Πάρᾶπέμπω, ἐξᾶπάτᾶω, Πάρᾶτρέπω.

Πάρᾶδάρθᾶν, 2. a. ἐδάρθῶν, permetath. ἐδρᾶθῶν, juxta dormio: to sleep near. Πάρᾶδρᾶθῆεν φί-λότῃτ' E. 163. SYN. Πάρᾶρκειμαι, πρόσκειμαι.

Πάρᾶδειγμα, ἄτς, τὸ, exemplar, exemplum, documentum: a pattern, example, proof. Eur. El. 1085. SYN. Εἰκὼν, χαρακτήρ.

Πάρᾶδέχομαι, ξῶμαι, accipio; adprobo: to receive from; to admit. Ran. 1015. SYN. Δε-χῶμαι, ἀπὸδέχομαι, λαμβάνω, ἐπιβάλλωμαι.

Πάρᾶδικῶνᾶν, administro, inservio: to administer to, attend on. Καὶ τοῖσ' ὑπὸ τῇ Πάρᾶδικῶνᾶν Av. 839. SYN. Διακῶνῶ, ὑπηρετέω.

Πάρᾶδιδωμί, δῶσω, trado, relinquo liberis vel posteris: to give, deliver, betray, bequeath. Phœn. 1408. SYN. Διδῶμι, μετὰδιδωμί, πρὸδι-δωμί.

Πάρᾶδῶχῃ, ἡς, ἡ, conservatio, assensio, acceptio: preservation, approbation, acceptance. Bacch. 197.

Πάρᾶδυνμί, irrepro: to steal into a place, come in. Eccles. 55. See Δυνμί. SYN. Ὑπεσέρχῶμαι, ὑπὸδυνμι.

Πάρᾶεῖδω, juxta cano: to sing near. Ἑοικᾶ δὲ τοι Πάρᾶεῖδεν χ. 348.

Πάρᾶείρω, ad latus suspendo: to hang by the side. Π. 341. See Ἀείρω. SYN. Πάρᾶκρέμνυνμι, ἐκκρέμνυνμι.

Πάρᾶεῖγγυνμί, ξω, adjungo, conjungo: to join

to, to yoke. Εἰ Πάρᾶεῖγγεῖ τις Eur. fr. Meleag. 10. 1. SYN. Κάταεῖγγυνμί, συνάπτω, συζεύγ-νυνμι.

Πάρᾶθάλλω, calefacio, foveo: to warm, cheerish, soothe. Med. 143. SYN. Θάλλω, κατᾶ-θάλλω.

Πάρᾶθέλω, ξω, permulceo: to soften, win from one's purpose. Agam. 70. SYN. Πάρᾶ-θάλλω, θέλω.

Πάρᾶθρίζω, ἴσω, demeto, amputo: to mow down, cut off. Ἀφλάστοιδ' Πάρᾶθρίσαν Apoll. 2. 603. SYN. Ἀπόκόπτω, ἀποθέρίζω, Πάρᾶτέμνω.

Πάρᾶί. See Πάρ.

Πάρᾶισᾶσις, Πάρᾶσία, as, Πάρᾶίσσις, ἔως, ἡ, transgression: transgression, crime. Πάρᾶισᾶσις ἐφέπονσαι Hes. Theog. 220. Sept. Th. 740. Apoll. 4. 832. SYN. Περᾶσία, ἀπλάκῖα. Ep. Ωκύπνοινς.

Πάρᾶίστης, ου, ὁ, Πάρᾶισᾶτις, ἰδός, ἡ, qui juxta alterum consistit in curru ex quo pugnat; transgressor: one who stands in the war-chariot for fighting, a combatant; a transgressor. Πάρᾶισᾶτας ἐστῆσαν Eur. Sup. 689. Apoll. 1. 754.

Πάρᾶισῖος, ου, ὁ, Paræbius. Σὺν τοῖσιν δ' ἱκανὲ Πάρᾶισῖος Apoll. 2. 458.

Πάρᾶισῶλς. See Πάρᾶσῶλς.

Πάρᾶιθύσω, ξω, accendo; emico; prætere-veho: to kindle; to emanate from; to rush by. Πάρᾶιθύς Πτέρυγεςσι Apoll. 2. 1257. SYN. Αἰθύσσω, ἀνᾶκινέω, κατὰίω, ἀνέγειρω.

Πάρᾶινεῖς, ἔως, ἡ, adhortatio: exhortation. Helen. 315. SYN. Συμβουλή, νουθῆσία, νουθέ-τημᾶ.

Πάρᾶινέω, ἔσω, suadeo, hortor, doceo: to give advice, recommend, teach. Alcest. 1087. SYN. Πάρᾶκᾶλέω, Πάρᾶκείνῶμαι, ἀνᾶπείθω, συμβουλεύω, πρὸτρέπω, ἀνᾶμυνήσκω.

Πάρᾶίρεω, 2. a. εἰλῶν, aufero, privo: to take away, remove, deprive. Hipp. 1106. SYN. Ἀφαί-ρεω, αἶρεω, εξαίρεω, ἀπαἰνῶμαι, ἀποστέρῶ.

Πάρᾶισθάνομαι, 2. a. ἡσθῶην, sentio; decipior: to perceive; to mistake. Theoc. 5. 120. SYN. Αἰσθάνομαι, ἐπισθάνομαι.

Πάρᾶισῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, infaustus: inauspicious. Πάρᾶισῖα σήμᾶτᾶ φαίνω Δ. 381. SYN. Αἰταί-σῖος, ἐναντίος, κατόνυμς, κᾶκός, παρορνῖς.

Πάρᾶίσσω, ξω, Ion. imp. Πάρᾶίσσεσκῶν, prætereuro: to rush past. Νῶτᾶ Πάρᾶίσσοντος T. 414. Μύσας Πάρᾶξον καπύλυσσῶν ὦ πάτερ Vesp. 988. Apoll. 2. 270. SYN. Πάρᾶτρέχω, Πάρᾶ-λαίνω, Πάρᾶέρχομαι.

Πάρᾶιτέδωμαι, peto; deprecor; detracto: to ask as a favour; to deprecate; to decline. Iph. A. 685. SYN. Εξαιτέδωμαι, αιτέω, ἱκέτεω, λιπᾶ-ρέω, ἀφίημι.

Πάρᾶίτις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aliqua ex parte causa, socius culpæ: partly the cause, an accomplice. Ω τέκνον Πάρᾶίτις Choeph. 897. SYN. Μεταί-τις, αἰτίος, συναίτιος.

Πάρᾶίφᾶσις, as, ἡ, Πάρᾶίφᾶσις, Πάρᾶφᾶσις, ἔως, ἡ, monitum: admonition. Πάρᾶίφᾶσις πῖθεσθε Apoll. 2. 324. O. 404. E. 217.

Πάρᾶίφημι. See Πάρᾶφῆμι.

Πάρᾶιφρόνῶ. See Πάρᾶφρόνῶ.

Πάρᾶκᾶβάλλῶν. See Πάρᾶκατᾶβάλλω.

Πάρᾶκᾶθέζομαι, Πάρᾶκᾶθημαι, adsideo: to sit near. Plut. 727. Thesm. 416. SYN. see Πάρᾶ-έζομαι.

Πάρᾶκᾶθήσις, ἡσω, utrinque demitto: to let down on both sides. Πηδᾶλῖα τε ζεύγλαισὶ Πάρᾶκᾶθήτο Helen. 1535. SYN. Κάθημι.

Πάρκαίριος, ου, δ, ἡ, intempestivus: unseasonable. Ἀλδχου πάρκαίριά ῥέζων Hes. Op. 327. SYN. Ἀκαίριος, αἰσχυρός, ἀθέμιστος.

Πάρκαλέω, Πάρκαλέομαι, advoco, accerso, hortor, oro: to call, summon, request, implore. Εὐ δρῶν πάρκαλει μ' ἀλλὰ μὴ λυπῶν ἐμέ Iph. A. 409. SYN. Προσκάλεω, κέλευω, παραινέω, νουθετέω, θαρσύνω, παροξύνω, πάρογγέλλω.

Πάρκατάσάλλω, βάλλω, 2. a. poët. πάρκαβε-βάλλον, ordine depono; adapto; sacramento contendo: to put down in order; to fit; to lay down money in law-suits. Πάρκαβεβάλλον ἀσπέ-τον ὕλην Ψ. 127. SYN. Κατάσάλλω, πᾶρά-βάλλω.

Πάρκατάλέγομαι, or Παρκάτ'αλέγ', juxta vel una cubo: to lie near or with. Τῷ δ' ἄρ' παρ-κάτ'αλεκτό I. 660. SYN. Πάρεκκειμαι, πᾶρακλί-νυμαι, συγκάθευδω, συγκοιμᾶμαι, συγκάτακλιν-ομαι, πᾶράλέγομαι.

Πάρκατ'ατίθημι, ἥσω, juxta depono: to deposit near or with. Πάρκατ'οθέτο νόμους Apoll. 2. 506. SYN. Πᾶράτιθμι, κατ'ατίθμι.

Πάρκαττύω, adsuvo, reparo: to patch together, to mend. Ἡμῶν δ' ἕκαστος στίθεσ' ἀπ' ἀ-εκατ'ύτο Plut. 663. SYN. Καττύω, συρράπτω, ευτρεπίζω, ἐπισάλλω.

Πάρεκκειμαι, κείσθαι, prope jaceo: to lie or be placed near. Lysist. 1048. SYN. Ἀνάκειμαι, πρόσκειμαι, πᾶρακλινύμαι, πᾶράκατάλέγομαι, πρόσκειμι.

Πάρκαλευσμα, ἄττος, τὸ, hortamen: exhortation, encouragement. Iph. T. 321. SYN. Κέ-λευσμα, παραινέσις.

Πάρκακληγίω, juxta aut trans equito celeste: to ride near or over. Pax 900.

Πάρκακινδυνεύω, audacius periclitor: to rush rashly into danger, to risk. Vesp. 6. See Κιν-δυνός. SYN. Κινδυνεύω, διακινδυνεύω.

Πάρκακινεω, moveo; moveor: to move, shake; to be moved. Ἰδοὺ σκόπτει γ' ἦν μὲ πᾶρακινή-σαντ' ἴδης Ran. 657. SYN. Κινέω, διακινέω.

Πάρκακλαίω, κλαίω, temere fleo; ploro juxta: to weep without occasion; to weep beside. Δεῖρδ' σὺν αὐλητῇρ' ἡ πᾶρακλαίοντ' ἑλάντες Theog. 1037. SYN. see Κλάω.

Πάρκακλιδόν, deflectendo: by turning aside. Αὐτὶ πᾶρακλιδόν οἶα γένηται Apoll. 1. 316.

Πάρκακλινω, ἱνῶ, juxta vel paululum declino: to incline a little, to drop. Τί ποιεῖς τί ποιεῖς ποὶ πᾶρακλινεῖς Pax 157. SYN. Εκκλινω, πᾶρ-τρέπδω, εκτρέπδω.

Πάρκακονᾶω, communico: to communicate with. Pyth. 4. 236.

Πάρκακοίτης, ου, δ, et (2) Πάρκακοίτης, ἴδως, ἡ, consors lecti, maritus vel uxor: a bedfellow, husband or wife. Θ. 156. Hesiod. A. 46. SYN. (1) Αἰκοίτης, πᾶρακλιντωρ, ἐξιδάρος, σύζυξ, ευ-νήτωρ, ἀνήρ, γάμετης, (2) γύνη, ἀκοίτης. Ep. (1) Βαθύπλουτος, θάλερος, βαρύπυτμος, (2) αἰ-δοία, βαθύκαυτος, βαθύστερνός, νεργάμος, ἰφθίμη, ἐράτη, κιδρά.

Πάρκακλούθεω, sector: to follow. Φερε νῦν ἐγὼ σοι πᾶρακλούθεω πλησίον Eccles. 725. SYN. Ἐπώμαι, ἀκλόουθεω, σὺνδομαρτέω.

Πάρκακμίζω, f. Att. ἰῶ, deduco, adfero: to convey, bring. Here. F. 124. SYN. Κμίζω, συνάγω, ἀγω, πᾶράγω, πᾶράπρω.

Πάρκακύνω, ἥσω, exucuo; instigo: to whet, sharpen; to instigate. Ran. 1116. See Ἀκύνω. SYN. Θήγω, ἀκύνω, οξύνω, παροξύνω.

Πᾶρακόπη, ἡς, ἡ, mentis error: aberration of

mind. Eumen. 330. SYN. Πᾶρανοιά, πᾶραφρῶ-σύνη. Ep. Αἰσχυρόμητις, τάλανᾶ.

Πᾶρακόπης, ου, δ, ἡ, mente privatus, furibundus: deprived of understanding, mad. Bacch. 988. SYN. Πᾶραφῶρδς, φρέν'ομάνης, φρέν'οπλήξ, φρέν'ώλης, φρέν'οπληγῆς, μανιώδης, ἄφρων.

Πᾶρακόπτω, perperam cudo; fraudo: to coin counterfeit money; to cheat. Nub. 640. SYN. Πᾶρακρούω, πᾶραλόγιζομαι, ἀφαιρέδομαι.

Πᾶρακούω, κούσσομαι, exaudio: to hear. Ὁμό-γνιε Ζεὺ καὶ πᾶρακούων δεσπότην Ran. 750. SYN. see Ἀκούω.

Πᾶρακρέμιννυμι, κρεμάσω, juxta pendere facio: to let drop by the side. Χείρ' ἡ πᾶρακρέ-μασας N. 597.

Πᾶρακτίος, ου, δ, ἡ, littoralis: along the shore. Λουτρά καὶ πᾶρακτίους Aj. 654. SYN. see Ἀκτίος.

Πᾶρακύντω, ψω, inclinato capite inspicio, de- spicio: to peep into, to watch. Eccles. 884.

Πᾶραλαμβάνω, λήψομαι, 2. a. ἐλάσσω, excipio, accipio: to receive from, to receive. Orest. 546. See Λαμβάνω. SYN. Ἰπὸλαμβάνω, ἐπιλαμβάνω, ἀνᾶδέχομαι.

Πᾶράλεγομαι, ξομαι, una cubo: to lie near. λ. 241. SYN. see Πᾶράκατάλέγομαι.

Πᾶράλειπα, ψω, pratermitto, relinquo: to let pass, forsake. Helen. 975. SYN. Δείπω, ἀπύ-λειπα, ἀφίμυ, πᾶρῆμι, πᾶράπεμπα.

Πᾶράλειφω, inunguo: to anoint, besmear. Eccles. 406. See Ἀλείφω. SYN. Ἀλείφω.

Πᾶράληρω, delirio, leviter desipio: to dote, trifle. Eq. 531. SYN. Πᾶραφρόνέω, ληρέω.

Πᾶράλιος, Πᾶράλιος, ου, δ, ἡ, mari adjacens, marinus: near the sea, marine, sea. Ὅρσις φορσὴ πᾶράλιος γένησεται Aj. 1035. 412. SYN. Πᾶρακτίος, ἀκτίος.

Πᾶράλιττω, 2. a. ἡλίτ'ων, offendo: to offend. Πᾶρήλιτ'ες ἀφᾶρδισι Apoll. 2. 246. SYN. Ἄμαρ-τάνω, ἀφᾶμαρτάνω.

Πᾶραλλάγαι, ὦν, αἰ, vices: change, succes- sion. Καὶ πύρος πᾶραλλάγας Agam. 473. SYN. Ἐναλλάγῃ.

Πᾶραλλάξ, alternatim; juxta: alternately; alongside. Ἐρπει πᾶραλλάξ ταῦτ' Aj. 1087. SYN. Ἐναλλάξ, ἀμοιβάδεις.

Πᾶραλλάσσω, ξω, alterno; praterreo: to alter- nate; to pass by. Agam. 413. SYN. Πᾶράμει-θώμαι, πᾶρέρχομαι, πᾶράμετρέω.

Πᾶράλυω, ὥσω, persolvo, exsolvo: to loosen, release. Androm. 304. See Λύω. SYN. Ἀπύ-λυω, εκλύω, ἀπαλλάττω, μεθίσττω, εκβάλλω.

Πᾶράμειβω, Πᾶράμειδομαι, pratervehor: to pass by, surpass. OE. R. 504. See Ἀμείβω. SYN. Διᾶμειδομαι, πᾶραλλάσσω, πᾶρέρχομαι.

Πᾶράμειλέω, ἥσω, negligo, adspornor: to ne- glect, despise. Eumen. 300. SYN. Ἀμείλέω, ἐξᾶμείλέω, ἀτημείλέω.

Πᾶράμένω, Παρμένω, Πᾶράμινω, juxta maneo, perduro: to remain near, endure, await. Orest. 1247. O. 400. β. 297. SYN. Μένω, μινω, ἀνά-μένω, διακαρτέρω.

Πᾶράμετρέω, metior secundum; praterreo: to measure according to; to pass by. Πᾶρ' τ' Αὐ-λιᾷ μετρήσαντες Apoll. 4. 1779. SYN. see Πᾶρ-αλλάσσω.

Πᾶράμειδομαι, transeo, supero: to go beyond, surpass. Μορφῇ πᾶράμεινεται ἄλλων Nem. 11. 17. SYN. Πᾶράμειβω, ὑπέρβω.

Πᾶράμιννυμι, μίξω, admisceo: to mingle with. Vesp. 873. SYN. Μίγνυμι, ἀνμίγνυμι, φύρω.

Πάρῳμινω. See Πάρῳμινω.

Πάρῳμνῶμαι, ἡσῶμαι, mentionem facio: to mention. Καὶ παρέμνησεν γὰρ αὐτὸν Trach. 1126. SYN. Μνῶμαι, μνημνέω.

Πάρῳμῶλω, pf. πάρῳμῶμληκᾶ, παρμέμωλωκᾶ, accedo cum cura amica: to come to or attend with affection. Παρμέμωλωκὲν ὁμῶς Ω. 37. SYN. Πάρεμι, παρίσταναι, πρόθυμῶμαι.

Πάρεμνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dissonus: discordant, out of tune. Choëph. 460. SYN. Ἄμουςός.

Πάραμψιχω, obtego, involvo, prætexo: to cover, disguise, use as a pretext. Δεῖ πάραμψιχεν λυγρὸς Med. 284. The form Πάραμψιχω is here adopted instead of Πάραμψέχω, which is the reading of Porson after Beck and Brunck, because ἀμψέχειν no where occurs in Euripides, whereas ἀμψιχεν and its compounds are very frequent. See however Porson's note on the passage. SYN. Κάλυπτω, ἔρεφω.

Πάραμψικίζω, Dor. Πάραμψικίδω, crines fascis religo: to bind the hair with a fillet. Lysist. 1316. See Ἀμψυξ, ἑκός. SYN. Ἀμψικίζω.

Πάραμυθέομαι, hortor, consolator: to exhort, console. Ἐφη παρᾶμυθήσασθαι I. 680. SYN. Πάρηγόρεω, παρᾶκάλω, παρᾶπέτω.

Πάραμυθῖον, ου, τὸ, solatium: consolation. Οὐδὲ τῶν πυρῶν παρᾶμυθῖον Theoc. 23. 7. SYN. Θελεκτήριον, κήλημᾶ, μείλιγμα, μεικτικήριον, δαλπωρή.

Πάραμυκᾶμαι, ἡσῶμαι, mugio, graviter sono: to bellow. Βρυχία δ' ἡχώ παρᾶμυκᾶται P. V. 1118. SYN. Μυκᾶμαι, ἀνὰδῶω, βρύχω, βρυχῶμαι.

Πάρανᾶμαι, Πάραναιεῖν, juxta habito: to dwell near. Πάρενᾶσσοι γείταν Call. fr. 143. Trach. 635. SYN. Γειτνῶω.

Πάρανᾶμαι, prætereo, prætervehor, præternavigo: to go, ride, sail past. Apoll. 2. 357. SYN. Πάραπλέω, παρέρχομαι, παρᾶνίσσομαι.

Πάρανᾶμαι, appono, accumulo: to serve up, supply abundantly. π. 51. SYN. Σωρεύω, παρᾶτίθημι.

Πάρανᾶμαι, præternato: to swim past. ε. 417.

Πάρανικᾶω, vinco: to overcome, to surpass. Ἀπέρωτος ἔρος παρᾶνικᾶ Choëph. 591. SYN. Νικᾶω.

Πάρανίσσομαι, prætereo: to pass by. Hom. Apoll. 430. SYN. see Πάρερχομαι.

Πάρανῶω, desipio, demens sum: to think wrong, to be foolish. Iph. A. 838. SYN. Πάρᾶφρονέω, ἀφρονέω, παρᾶπαίω, μαινῶμαι.

Πάρανοιά, ας, ἡ, amentia, dementia: folly, madness. Sept. Th. 753. Ultima est brevis, ut in δύσνοιά. SYN. Ἄνοιά, ἀπνοοιά, παρᾶφροσύνη, παρᾶφρόν, μάνια.

Πάρανόμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, contra leges faciens: violating the laws. Troad. 284. SYN. Ἄνόμυς, ἀδίκος.

Πάρανόμως, illicito: unlawfully. Med. 1118. SYN. Ἀδίκως, ἀνόμως.

Πάραντης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, in obliquum: aside. Πολλὰ δ' ἀναντὰ κἀναντὰ παρᾶντᾶ: quod Damm dicit esse pro παρᾶντᾶ.

Παράξενός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, peregrinus, ignobilis, in-suetus: foreign, ignoble, strange. Acharn. 517. SYN. Αἰξινίδιον.

Παράξινον, ου, τὸ, clavus inditus axi ne rota excidat: a lynch-pin. Σκινδαλῶν τὲ παρᾶξινία Ran. 835.

Πάρᾶπαίω, excido; deliro, desipio: to glide out; to err, dote. P. V. 1092. SYN. see Πάρᾶφρονέω.

Πάρᾶπάλλομαι, juxta aliquem locum moveo me: to move along. Iph. A. 228. SYN. Πάρᾶορμῶω.

Πάρᾶπάτῶω, ἡσῶω, astute decipio: to deceive cunningly, steal upon, elude. Eumen. 731. See Ἀπάτῶω.

Πάρᾶπάφῶω, 2. a. ἡπάφον, decipio: to deceive. Πάρᾶ μ' ἡπάφῃ δαίμων ξ. 488. SYN. Εἰπάφῶω, παρᾶπάτῶω.

Πάρᾶπείθω, 2. a. παρᾶπείθον, Ion. et poet. παρᾶπείθον, et παραιπείθον, suadeo; falsa persuasione decipio: to give advice; to persuade wrongly. Eur. Sup. 65. SYN. Πείθω, ἀνάπειθω, εκπείθω, παρᾶκρούμαι, εἰπάτῶω.

Πάρᾶπειράομαι, periculum facio: to try, make trial of. Olymp. 8. 4. SYN. Πειράομαι, διᾶπειράομαι, πειράζω.

Πάρᾶπέμωω, ψω, prætermitto: to send past, to dispatch. Eq. 546. SYN. Διᾶπέμωω, προπέμωω, πρόδωω, παρᾶκρούω.

Πάρᾶπέτᾶμαι, seu Παρᾶπέτᾶμαι, prætervolo: to fly past, outfly. Κείμενᾶ παρᾶπέτᾶται Call. Ep. 32. 6. SYN. Πάρερχομαι.

Πάρᾶπέτασμα, ἄτυς, τὸ, aulæum; prætextus: a curtain; a pretext. Ran. 938. SYN. Κάλυμμα, πρόσχημα.

Πάρᾶπλάζω, ἀγῶω, præter errare facio: to cause to wander past, or to go wrong. Ποῖ παρᾶπλάζον ἡ γνώμη ἀγᾶθῃς Hipp. 240. SYN. Πλάζω, ἀπὸπλάζω.

Πάρᾶπληκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mente captus: mad, frenzied. Aj. 229. See Πάρᾶπλάζω. SYN. Ἐμπληκτός, ἀφρων, μανιώδης.

Πάρᾶπληξ, ἡγός, ex obliquo percussus a mari; delirus: struck obliquely by the sea; doting, delirious. Ηἴσθας τὲ παρᾶπληγας ε. 440.

Πάρᾶπλήσσομαι, ξῶμαι, mente percellor, vesanus sum: to be mad. Ὡς περ μεθύοντων ἐστὶ παρᾶπέπληγμένα Eccles. 139. SYN. Εμπλήσσομαι, μαινῶμαι, παρᾶφρονέω, ἐξέστην, φοιᾶζῶμαι.

Πάρᾶπλώω, ὥσω, præternavigo: to sail past or along. Οἷ δὲ κείνη γὰρ παρᾶπλώ ("per apocorp. pro παρᾶπλώσε," Damm.) μ. 69. SYN. Πάρᾶνέυμαι.

Πάρᾶπνέω, πνεύσω, spiro præter; fugio: to breathe past; to escape. Μήτ' ἰπᾶρπνεύσῃ ὑλῆγον περ κ. 24. SYN. Πνέω, ἐπὶπνέω.

Πάρᾶπράσσω, ξω, perperam ago: to do wrong. Μηδὲνός ἄλλου παρᾶπράξαντος Aj. 261. SYN. Ἀμαρτᾶνω.

Πάρᾶπρισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, scobs: saw-dust. Καὶ παρᾶπρισματ' ἐπὶ Ran. 882.

Πάραρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, delirus: foolish, mad. Ταῦθ' ὁ πάραρος τῆνός ἐπ' ἐσχάτᾳ Theoc. 15. 8. SYN. Ἄκοσμος, παρᾶφρων. See Πάρᾶφρός.

Πάρᾶρρήγνυμι, f. ῥήξω, pf. ἐρρωγά, disrumpo: to break loose, burst forth. Τὶς παρᾶρρώγεν πδός Philoct. 844.

Πάρᾶρρήθρομαι, ου, ὁ, ἡ, præterfluens: flowing by. Ὅρξ παρᾶρρήθροισι Antig. 723.

Πάρᾶρρήτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui exorari se patitur verbis: easy to be persuaded. Πάρᾶρρήτοις πῖθῃσθαι N. 726.

Πάρᾶρρίπτω, ψω, subeo periculum, audeo: to run the hazard. Τὶς παρᾶρρίψι τέκνα (E. R.) 1493. SYN. Ἀπορρίπτω, παρᾶκινδυνέω, ἀπὸδᾶλλω.

Πάραρβύεω, elabor: to slip away. Πάρερβύηεν
ὥς λιπὼ μὴ τῷ λᾶσειν Philoct. 653.

Πάρερβύσις, ἑως, ἡ, tegumentum: a covering,
deck. Aut funis tractorius: hauling rope. Æsch.
Sup. 723. See 'Ρύσιος, 'Ρυτήρ.

Πάρερβύθμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, abhorrens a numero: out
of tune. Theem. 121. See 'Ρύθμυς. SYN. Πάρα-
μυσός, ἄμυσός.

Πάρερσειρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fune conjunctus: fast-
ened to the side by a rope, joined. Orest. 1016.
SYN. Σεράφωρος.

Πάρερσημύς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insignis; adulterinus,
malus: distinguished; counterfeit, bad. Acharn.
518. SYN. Κίεθληδός, κᾶκός, φαῦλός, ἀσημύς,
ἀδοξός, ἀδόκιμύς.

Πάρερσκενᾶω, ἄσω, paro, instruo: to prepare,
furnish. Herc. F. 1361. SYN. Κάτασκενᾶω,
συντάσσω, τάσσω, εὐτρέπιζω, διαπράσσω.

Πάρερσκενῆ, ἡς, ἡ, apparatus, instructio: pre-
paration, resources. Eis páraskeuēn ἔχεις Bacch.
449. SYN. Κάτασκενῆ, πόροι.

Πάρερσκηνέω, tentorii modo explico: to spread
over like a tent. (See Butler.) Φᾶρος páreskē-
nēsen Eumen. 637. SYN. Πέριστέλλομαι, πάρα-
στέρηννυμι.

Πάρερσκόπεω, prætervideo: to look beyond,
not to perceive. 'Αρ' ἐμὼν páreskópēis Ágam.
1223. SYN. Οὐ τυγχάνω, ἄμαρτάνω.

Πάρερσπᾶω, ἄσω, abstraho, avello: to tear
aside, or away. Antig. 792. See Σπᾶω. SYN.
Ἀποσπᾶω, páraspōw, φθείρω, ἀφέλκω.

Πάρερσπιζω, ἴσω, juxta stans clypeo munio;
comes sum: to stand near and protect with a
shield; to accompany. Ion 1528. SYN. 'Ίπασ-
πίζω, páraspatēw, αἰνῶν, πάρεμι, ὀμαρτέω.

Πάρερσπισθός, οὐδ, ὁ, qui prope alterius clypeum
pugnāt, defensor: one who fights near the shield
of another, a defender. Cycl. 6. SYN. 'Ίπέρασ-
πισθός, ἀσπίδηφόρος, σύμμαχος, páraspatēs.

Πάρερσσιν, celeriter, confestim: very quickly,
instantly. Apoll. 1. 383. SYN. Πάραντῖκά.

Πάρερσπᾶδόν, prope: near. Καὶ κύκλω páras-
spādōn Choēph. 970.

Πάρερσπᾶς, ἀδός, ἡ, postis, porticus: a post,
pillar, portico. Ἥλθον εἰς páraspadas Phœn.
426. SYN. Σπᾶθμύς.

Πάρερσπᾶτέω, a latere sto, auxiliior: to stand
by the side or near, assist. Πάρερσπᾶτήσιν τοῖς
Κρῶντέοις πέλας Œ. R. 400. SYN. Πάριστά-
μαι, páraspatōw, βύθηδός, ἀρήγω.

Πάρερσπᾶτης, ου, ὁ; Πάρερσπᾶtis, ἰδὺς, ἡ, qui
a latere stat, auxiliator, socius: one who stands
by the side, defender, companion. 'Ιστὲ που
πάρερσπᾶτην Heracl. 89. Œ. C. 559. SYN. Ἀρω-
γὺς, ἐπᾶρωγὺς, βύθηδός, ἀλεξητήρ, προσπᾶτης.

Πάρερσπᾶτείω, 2. a. ἐσπᾶχόν, prætereo: to go
past, or near. Choēph. 560. SYN. Πάρερχομαι,
πλησιάζω, páranēuōmai, párasaínōmai, páranísōuōmai.

Πάρερσπᾶτένω, aggemo: to groan near. Πά-
ρερσπᾶτένωτον δὴγατρί Apoll. 4. 1297. SYN.
Πάρεκλάω.

Πάρερσπᾶρέω, ἡσω, sterno, extendo: to lay flat,
prostrate. Eq. 481. SYN. Σπᾶρέω, εκτείνω.

Πάρερσπᾶρέφω, Πάρερσπᾶρωφᾶω, distorto: to
distort. Eur. fr. Melan. 12. 3. Apoll. 2. 667.
SYN. Διασπᾶρέφω.

Πάρερσπᾶρύω, σπᾶρῶ, in obliquum traho: to draw
obliquely, distort, to pervert, corrupt, tear off.
Τοῦτό γέ τλητὸν párespṛās ἔπος P. V. 1101.
SYN. Πάρερσπᾶρέφω, páraspṛōfᾶw, διασπᾶρέφω,
πάρερτρέπω.

Πάρερσπᾶλλω, ἄλῶ, præter excidere facio: to
cause to fall, disappoint. Nem. 11. 41. SYN.
Δίασπᾶλλω, ἐπισπᾶλλω.

Πάρερσπᾶξέδον, prope, illico: near, close at hand,
immediately. Apoll. 1. 354. SYN. Πάραντᾶ,
πάρερσπᾶρμᾶ, páραντῖκά, σπᾶξέδον, εγγὺς.

Πάρερσπᾶξέω. See Πάρερχω.
Πάρερσπᾶσσω, ξω, aciem instruo: to draw up
in battle array. Vesp. 1118. SYN. Εκτάσσω,
αντίτάσσω.

Πάρερσπᾶτείνω, protendo: to extend, stretch along.
Nub. 212. SYN. Εκτείνω, πρῶτείνω, πάρελκω.

Πάρερσπᾶτεκταίνω, ἀνῶ, adfabrico: to fabricate.
ξ. 131. SYN. Τεκταίνω, páraskeuázō.

Πάρερσπᾶτέμνω, præcido: to cut. Lysist. 132.
SYN. Ἀπῶτέμνω, ἀποσπᾶρίζω, τέμνω.

Πάρερσπᾶτίημι, θήσω, arpono: to place near,
supply. Cycl. 389. See Τίημι. SYN. Προστί-
θημι, διατίημι, κατᾶτίημι, πάρεσᾶλλω.

Πάρερσπᾶτίλλω, depilo: to pluck the hair from.
Acharn. 31. SYN. Τίλλω.

Πάρερσπᾶτόν, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a latere protensus, reso-
lutus: stretched too far, aside, weakened. Alcest.
409.

Πάρερσπᾶτρέω, τρέσω, timefactus diffugio: to start
aside through fear. Πάρερσπᾶτρεσαν δὲ οἱ ἵπποι
E. 295. SYN. Διατρέω, τρέμω.

Πάρερσπᾶτρέπω, ψω, Πάρερσπᾶτρόπᾶω, Ion. ἑω, et Πάρερ-
σπᾶτροπᾶω, diverto, deflecto: to turn away. Αντί-
λόχος δὲ páraspṛēpas ἔχε Ψ. 423. Phœcyll. 125.
δ. 564. I. 496.

Πάρερσπᾶτρέχω, f. θρέξω, 2. a. ἐδράμῶν, præter-
curro: to run past. Vesp. 1432. SYN. Εκθέω,
πάρερσπᾶνῶ, ἐπέλω, πάρερχομαι.

Πάρερσπᾶτρίβω, ψω, attero: to rub. Theogn. 1101.
See Τρίβω. SYN. Ἐπίτρίβω, προστρίβω.

Πάρερσπᾶτρόπᾶω, Ion. Πάρερσπᾶτρέπω, et Πάρερσπᾶτροπᾶω.
See Πάρερσπᾶτρέπω.

Πάρερσπᾶτρόπῆ, ἡς, ἡ, deflectio: a turning aside.
Ion 1230. SYN. Ἀπῶτρόπῆ, ἀπαλλάγη, ἀποφευγῖς,
ἀποφύγη.

Πάρερσπᾶτρόπῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, deflexus, perversus, aver-
sands: turned aside, perverse, detestable. An-
drom. 526. SYN. Ἀπῶτρόπῶς.

Πάρερσπᾶτρώγω, 2. a. ἐτρώγῶν, abrodo: to nibble
at. Καὶ τοῦ κύκλου párespṛōgōn ὑφ' ἄρμυτῶλιας
Pax 414. SYN. Τρώγω, ἀπῶτρώγω, κατεσθῖω.

Πάρερσπᾶτρωπᾶω. See Πάρερσπᾶτρέπω.

Πάρερσπᾶτρωγᾶν, 2. a. ἐτῶχῶν, intervenio, obvius
sum: to fall in with, to meet. Πάρερσπᾶτρωγᾶν
μαρτυμένοιςιν Α. 74. SYN. Πέριτυγᾶν, πάρε-
μι, πλησιάζω, μέτεμι, ἐπέρχομαι.

Πάρερσπᾶνῶ, ἡσω, colloquendo consolor: to con-
sole by conversing with. λ. 487. SYN. Πάρερ-
σπᾶνῶ, páranuōuōmai.

Πάρερσπᾶνῶ, for páranuōuō. Ψ. 163.

Πάρερσπᾶνῶ, ἴσω, juxta cubo aut habito: to
lie or tarry near. Ion 496. SYN. Πάρερσπᾶνῶμαι,
πάρερσπᾶνῶμαι, páρερσπᾶνῶμαι, páranaietᾶw,
εγγίζω.

Πάρερσπᾶνῶ, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vicinus: neighbouring.
Œ. C. 785. SYN. see Πάροιός, γείτων.

Πάρερσπᾶνῶ, confestim, illico: immediately.
Vesp. 833. See Αντῖκά. SYN. Πάρερσπᾶνῶ.

Πάρερσπᾶνῶ, Παρφαίνω, ἀνῶ, ostendo: to show,
produce. Hes. Op. 2. 352. Lysist. 183. SYN.
Δηλῶ, ἀπῶφᾶνῶ, φαίνω.

Πάρερσπᾶνῶ, οἴσω, et Πάρερσπᾶνῶ, juxta fero: to
bring near, bring, carry. Phœn. 1156. Av. 840.

SYN. Πάρερσπᾶνῶ, εἰσφέρω, πρῶφέρω.
Πάρερσπᾶνῶ, seu potius Παρφεύω, præterfugio:

to flee by. Παρφυῖεν σὺν νηϊ μ. 99. SYN. Πάρφυγεν, ἀποφύγων.

Πάρφαρμι, poet. Πάραρμι, suadeo, alloquor: to advise, accost. A. 577. Ω. 771. SYN. Πάραινέω, πᾶράκἀλλω, πᾶραμυθεύμαι.

Πάραφθμι, 2. a. πᾶρεφθον, pravenio, pratercurro: to outstrip. Πάραφθάμενος Μένελαον Ψ. 515. SYN. Φθάνω, πᾶρέρχομαι, πρδλαμδάνω.

Πάραφθρά, ἄς, ἡ, insania: madness. Eumen. 330.

Πάραφθρέω. See Πάραφθέρω.

Πάραφθρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insanus: mad. Hec. 1033. SYN. see Πάραφθρων.

Πάραφθρόνέω, poet. Πάραφθρόνέω, desipio: to be foolish or mad. ΑΛΛ' ἡ πᾶραφθρόνεῖς ἐτέδον ἡ κούρουσαντις Vesp. 8. Theoc. 25. 262. SYN. Ἀφραίνω, πᾶρανέω, πᾶραπαίω, μαίνομαι, πᾶραληρέω, πᾶραπλήσσομαι.

Πάραφθρόνιμδς. See below.

Πάραφθρων, ὄνος, Πάραφθρόνιμδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, amens, desipiens: mad, foolish. Τί τὸδ' αὖ πᾶραφθρων ἐρρίψας ἔπος Hipp. 232. CE. R. 691. See Φρόνιμδς. SYN. Ἀφρων, ἐκφρων, πᾶραπληκτός, ἀνόητος.

Πᾶραχἀλλω, relaxo; deficio: to loosen; to leak. Κάγωγ' ἔαν τί πᾶραχἀλλῇ τὴν ἀντλῖαν Eq. 432. SYN. Χἀλλω.

Πᾶραχορδίζω, ἰῶ, aberro a chorda, erro: to mistake the string, to err. Eccles. 295. SYN. Ἀμαρτάνω.

Πᾶραχρεύομαι, choreis celebror: to be danced round, to be frequented by the Chorus. Ion 466. SYN. Ἀναχρεύομαι, χρεύομαι, πᾶρενσάλευω.

Πᾶραχρημά, confestim: immediately. Τοῖς μὴ γνοῦσιν πᾶραχρημά Vesp. 1048. SYN. Πᾶρ' αὐτά, πᾶραντικᾶ, πᾶρασχεδόν, εὐθέως.

Πᾶραψυχῇ, ἡς, ἡ, solatium: a consolation. Εστί μοι πᾶραψυχῇ Hec. 280. SYN. see Πᾶραμυθίον.

Πᾶραψύχω, consolor: to console. Φᾶ δὲ πᾶραψύχοισά Call. 6. 46. SYN. Πᾶραμυθεύμαι, πᾶράκἀλλω, ἀναψύχω.

Πᾶρεᾷσία. See Πᾶραιεᾷσία.

Πᾶρεᾷτδς. See Πᾶρᾷεᾷτδς.

Πᾶρεᾷλδην, a latere: sideways. ΑΛΛ' οὔτε πᾶρεᾷλδην Apoll. 4. 936.

Πᾶρεᾷδς, ἡ, ὄν, humidus, uvidus: wet, damp. Οὐδὲ τυντλάζειν ἐπειδὴ πᾶρεᾷδον τὸ χωρίον Pax 1148. SYN. Ἰγρδς, διῖγρδς.

Πᾶρεᾷλεα, ἄς, et Πᾶρᾷλη, ἡς, ἡ, pellis pantheræ: a leopard's skin. Πᾶρεᾷλη μὲν πρῶτᾷ K. 29. Av. 1250.

Πᾶρεᾷλς, Ion. Πᾶρᾷλς, ἔως, et Ion. ῖδς, ἡ, panthera: a leopard, tiger. Ηὐτὲ πᾶρᾷλς εἰσὶ Φ. 573. P. 20. SYN. Ὀλῶδ, οὐρεΐφοιτδς, δῖδᾶ, σικτιῇ, ἀναιδής.

Πᾶρεᾷω, ἔσσω, omitto, negligo: to omit, neglect. Τᾶ μὲν κᾶτ' οἴκους ἀμείλειᾶ πᾶρεᾷσεν Eur. fr. Antioip. 29. 2. Qui versus nihili est. Valck. emendat ἀμείλιᾶ πᾶρεῖς ἐξ, Heath. πᾶρίε-ται. SYN. see ἔσω.

Πᾶρεγγύω, in manus trado; vador: to furnish; to give a pledge. Ἐκτείνων ἐκτείνοντῶ καὶ πᾶρηγγύων Eur. Sup. 710. SYN. Εγγύᾷω, πᾶρέχω, παρᾷδωμι.

Πᾶρεδρένω, adsideo: to sit near. Ἄδου νύμφη πᾶρεδρένοῖς Alcest. 762. SYN. Πᾶρέζομαι, πᾶρημαι, πᾶρίζομαι, πρδσεδρένω, προσκᾷθέζομαι, πᾶράκᾷθέζομαι, πᾶράκᾷθημαι.

Πᾶρεδρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adsidens: sitting near,

supporting. Τᾶ σῶφᾶ πᾶρεδρους Med. 839. SYN. Σύνεδρός, σύνθακός.

Πᾶρέζομαι, Πᾶρίζω, adsideo: to sit near. Σοί γέ πᾶρέζετο A. 557. δ. 311. See Ἰζω. SYN. see Πᾶρεδρένω.

Πᾶρεᾷ, ἄς, Πᾶρηῖς, ἰδύς, ἡ, gena: a cheek. Δδς καὶ πᾶρεᾷν προσδᾷλῶν πᾶρηῖδι Hec. 410. SYN. Γενύς. Ερ. Λαμπρά, ἀπᾷλη, ἀμφιδρύφύς, χᾷρίεσσᾶ, δᾷλῆρᾶ, παρᾷνιχῇ.

Πᾶρεᾷς, ου, ὁ, serpens quidam Æsculapio sacer: a kind of serpent, having full cheeks. Ὀδᾷ ἐλᾷδωμην ὡς πᾶρεᾷς ὦν ὄφης Plut. 690.

Πᾶρεᾷκᾷω, Πᾶρεῖκω, cedo, concedo: to give way, submit. Καὶ δόκεις πᾶρεᾷκᾷειν Antig. 1102. Philoct. 1048. SYN. Ἵπείκω, ὑφίεμαι, ὑπδχωρέω, ὑπδδιδωμι.

Πᾶρεῖμι, f. ἔσδομαι, adsum: to be present, ready. Orest. 132. SYN. Πᾶράγινύομαι, πᾶρ-ιστάμαι, πρδσιστάμαι.

Πᾶρεῖμι, advenio, subrepro, progredior: to come near, steal in, go forward. Τοῖσδ' αὐτοῖς παρίόντᾷς Apoll. 2. 195. SYN. Πᾶρεῖσδυμι, ἀφίκενδωμι.

Πᾶρεῖτον, a. 2. a Πᾶρᾷφημι, persuadeo: to persuade. The first syllable is prolonged through the metrical arsis, Z. 62. 377. H. 121. A. 792. O. 404. SYN. Πᾶραπέλω.

Πᾶρεῖρω, inserto; servo: to insert; to protect, observe. Antig. 368. Εξρ. Πᾶρεῖρων, ὁ φύλάτ-των τοὺς ἐν γῇ ὄντας νόμους.

Πᾶρεῖσδεχόμεναι, accipio a: to receive from. Trach. 537. SYN. see Ἀπδδεχόμεναι.

Πᾶρεῖσδυμι, irrepro, clam introëo: to creep or steal into. Call. Epigr. 45. 5. See Δύμι. SYN. Ἵπδτρέχω, πᾶρεῖμι, παρᾷδύδομαι.

Πᾶρέκ. See Πᾶρέξ.

Πᾶρεκᾷνω, transgredior: to go beyond. Hes. Op. 224. SYN. Πᾶρεᾷνῶ, πᾶρέξειμι, πᾶρέρχομαι.

Πᾶρεκᾷω, Πᾶρεκνέομαι, pratercurro, praterreo: to run beyond. Apoll. 1. 592. 2. 943. SYN. Πᾶρέρχομαι, πᾶρανέομαι, πᾶρᾷτρέχω, πᾶρανίσσομαι.

Πᾶρεκνέομαι. See above.

Πᾶρεκπρδφεύγω, e manibus effugio: to escape. Ψ. 314. SYN. Πᾶρᾷφεύγω, εκφεύγω, ἀπδφεύγω.

Πᾶρεκτέλῶ, efficio: to fulfil, effect. Mosch. 4. 125. SYN. see Εκτέλῶ.

Πᾶρεκτρέπω, ψω, averto, diverto: to turn aside or away. Eur. Sup. 1121. SYN. Πᾶρᾷτρέπω, ὑπεξαῖρεύομαι.

Πᾶρεᾷλῶν, Πᾶρεᾷεᾷλῶν, f. ἐλᾷσω, praterveho, obequito: to drive along or past. Καὶ νῦ κεν ἡ πᾶρεᾷλασ' ἡ ἀμφήριστον ἔθηκεν Ψ. 382. μ. 47. See ἔλαυνω. SYN. Εᾷεᾷλῶν, πᾶρέρχομαι, πᾶρᾷτρέχω.

Πᾶρεᾷκῶ, ὕσω, Πᾶρέλκω, ξω, extraho, protraho, remoror: to draw along or beyond, to delay. Nub. 553. (See Πρδσελκῶ.) σ. 281. SYN. Εᾷέλκω, πᾶρατείνω, μηκύνω, ἀνᾷεᾷλῶμαι.

Πᾶρεμᾷλλω, ἄλῶ, immitto: to throw in. Vesp. 481. SYN. see Εμᾷλλω.

Πᾶρεμᾷλέτω, ψω, oblique tueor: to glance aside. Helen 1557. SYN. Πᾶρᾷβλέπω.

Πᾶρεμᾷλῶ, ἡσω, insuper s. furtim emo aut infero: to buy or bring in in addition or by stealth. Med. 906. SYN. Ωνεύομαι.

Πᾶρενήνῶδᾶ, superne floreo, surgo: to bloom upon, to rise. Τοῖη πᾶρενήνῶθῃ μῆτις Apoll. 1. 664.

Πᾶρενέπω, dico admonendo : to admonish. Apoll. 3. 367. SYN. Πάραυθᾶω.

Πᾶρενθάλειω, tripudio : to dance. Plut. 291. See Σάλευω.

Πᾶρξ, et Πᾶρεκ, extra : out of. Πᾶρξ ὁδοῦ εν νέκυεσσι K. 349. T. 133.

Πᾶρεξιμέλω, ψω, prætereo, transeo : to pass by. Apoll. 1. 581. See Ἀμείλω. SYN. Πᾶρ-ᾠμέλω, παρὰλλασσω, πᾶρέρχουμαι.

Πᾶρεξαυλῶ, tibia canere desino ; detero : to leave off playing the flute ; to wear out. Acharn. 681. SYN. Κάτατρίβω.

Πᾶρεξιμί, prætereo, anteverto : to pass by or beyond. Πᾶρεξίντες δ' ἄλλος Phœn. 1563. SYN. Πᾶρεκαίνω, υπερβαίνω, πᾶρέρχουμαι, πᾶρ-εξέρχουμαι.

Πᾶρεξελάνω. See Πᾶρελάνω.

Πᾶρεξέρω, fut. irr. of πᾶρεξιπεῖν, præter verum loquor ; percontor : to speak falsely ; to inquire of. Ἡ τί πᾶρεξέρεσθαί Apoll. 3. 978. SYN. Πᾶράφημι.

Πᾶρεξέρχουμαι, 2. α. ἡλθόν, juxta vel clam egredior ; anteverto : to go out near or privately ; to outstrip. κ. 573. SYN. Εξέρχουμαι, πᾶρέρχουμαι, πᾶρεξιμί.

Πᾶρεργάτης, ου, ὁ, rerum futillum opifex : one who is busy about trifles. Eur. Sup. 436. See Εργάτης.

Πᾶρεργον, ου, τὸ, res secundaria, appendix, accessio : an appendage, any thing secondary or useless. Philoct. 473. SYN. Προσθήκη.

Πᾶρερπύω, f. ὑσώ, et Πᾶρέρτω, ψω, clam repo : to creep near, to steal in. Eccles. 511. Theoc. 15. 48. SYN. Ἐφερπύω, παρεισδύουμαι, πᾶρ-ερχομαι.

Πᾶρερχομαι, 2. α. ἡλθόν, f. ἐλεύσθαι, prætereo, adeo, intro, elabor : to pass by, go to, enter, escape. Med. 1134. SYN. Διέρχουμαι, εισέρ-χουμαι, πᾶρᾶνέουμαι, πᾶρᾶνίσουμαι, πᾶρῖνέουμαι, πᾶραστειχώ, πᾶρᾠμέλω, πᾶρελάνω, παροίχουμαι.

Πᾶρερεῖδω, inspicio : to look upon. Lysist. 156. SYN. Πᾶρεῖδω, εσλεύσσω.

Πᾶρεσθίω, godo : to gnaw, eat. Ὡσπερ δῦρας σου τῶν λόγιων πᾶρεσθίει Eq. 1023. SYN. Εσθίω, ἀπασθίω.

Πᾶρεστίως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui ad focum stat vel est : who is near the hearth, an inmate. Μήτ' ἐμοὶ πᾶρ-έστιος Antig. 373. SYN. Ἐφέστιος, οικεῖος, σύνοικος, σύναυλος.

Πᾶρευθίνω, ὑνῶ, a recta via avertō vel depello : to turn or drive out of the right way. Aj. 1069. SYN. Εκτρέπω, παρᾶτρέπω, εκκλίνω, παρᾶφέρω.

Πᾶρευκηλέω, mulceo, delinco : to soothe. Herc. F. 99. SYN. Πᾶρᾠμυθεῖω, πρᾶνω.

Πᾶρευνάζουμαι, juxta cubo : to sleep near. X. 37.

Πᾶρευνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, juxta accumbens : lying near. Sept. Th. 1006. SYN. Σῦρευνός, ὁμεινός, πᾶρεστίως, ὁμεινέτης.

Πᾶρευνρέπιζω, ἴσω, apparo, ordino : to prepare, settle well. Iph. T. 726. SYN. Ευντρέπιζω, παρ-σκευάζω, εὖ τάσσω.

Πᾶρέχω, f. ἐξω, 2. α. ἐσχόν, Πᾶρίσχω, et Πᾶρα-σχέω, f. ἴσω, præbeo : to afford, supply, make, give. Orest. 276. I. 634. Hes. Theog. 639. SYN. Διδωμί, πρίζω, ὑπηρέτω, ὁπάζω, προστιθῆμι.

Πᾶρεχόω, ætatis vigorem transeo : to pass the vigor of age. Agam. 957.

Πᾶρηγόρεω, et Ion. Πᾶρηγόρεέσκω, consolor, lenio, hortor : to comfort, soothe, exhort. Hee.

288. Apoll. 3. 610. SYN. Πᾶρᾠμυθεῖω, πᾶρ-ευκηλέω, πᾶρᾠκᾶλέω, κατὰθέλω.

Πᾶρηγόρια, ας, ἡ, et Πᾶρηγόρημα, ἄτος, τὸ, solatium : consolation, encouragement. Agam. 94. Æsch. apud Phrynichum, in voc. SYN. Πᾶρᾠμυθῖον, πᾶραψύχη, παρᾠσία.

Πᾶρήϊον, ου, τὸ, gena ; ornatus ad genas : a cheek ; an ornament for the cheek. Καλὰ πᾶ-ρήϊα τ. 208. SYN. see Πᾶρεῖδ.

Πᾶρηῖς. See Πᾶρεῖδ.

Πᾶρῖω, prætereo ; prodeō : to pass by ; to go forth. C. C. 570. SYN. see Πᾶρέρχουμαι.

Πᾶρημαι, juxta sedeo : to sit near. I. 311. SYN. see Πᾶρέζουμαι.

Πᾶρημέρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quotidianus : daily. Olymp. 1. 160. SYN. Ἐτερήμέρος.

Πᾶρηξίς, ἔως, ἡ, adventus : access to land, landing. Agam. 539.

Πᾶρηρῖα, ας, ἡ, lorum vel catena qua equus πᾶρῖός adjungitur τῇ ξυνωρίδι : a chair or trace by which the outer horse was attached to the car. Πᾶρηρῖας ἀπέταψε Θ. 87.

Πᾶρῖός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, juxta adjunctus ; effuse protensus : joined to the side ; widely extended. P. V. 371. Πᾶρῖός is properly said of the horse, which was attached to the side of one of the two horses yoked to the pole of the carriage. SYN. Πᾶρᾠσειρός, σεираφόρος.

Παρθένελα, et Παρθένια, ας, ἡ, virginitas : virginity, a virgin state. Troad. 973. Οὐθ' ὑπὸ παρθενίας Phœn. 1501. SYN. Παρθένευμά, κόρεια. Er. Ἐρανῆ, φάειν, ἱμέρεσσαν, καθάρᾳ, δευειδής.

Παρθένεὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Παρθενίος, et Παρθενικός, ἡ, ὅν, ὁ, ἡ, virgineus : of a virgin, bloom- ing. Hipp. 1297. Δεῦσαι παρθενίων χλιδᾶν Phœn. 231. Eur. El. 174. (See Παρθενός.) Παρθενίος is also the name of a river in Paphla- gonia ; and παρθενεῖα, plur. are hymns sung in certain sacred festivals by a chorus of virgins. See Brunck, Aves 919. Sometimes Παρθενός is used adjectively in the sense of παρθενίος ; also παρθενί is dat. quasi a παρθήν. See Valcknaer. Theocr. p. 278.

Παρθενεῦμα, ἄτος, τὸ, virginitas ; occupatio virginea : virginity ; virgin employment. Ion 1474. SYN. see Παρθενεὺς.

Παρθενεῦω, virgines educo ; med. virgineam vitam duco : to bring up a virgin ; midd. to lead a virgin life. Eur. Sup. 462.

Παρθένια. See Παρθένελα.

Παρθενική. See Παρθένος.

Παρθενίος, et -ικός. See Παρθενεὺς.

Παρθενόπαῖος, ου, ὁ, Parthenopæus : one of the seven Argive chieftains in the Theban war. Phœn. 150. PRR. see Sept. Th. 525—545.

Παρθενόπιπης, ου, ὁ, virginum spectator : an observer of virgins, a gallant. Αἰνὰ παρθε- νούπιτα Α. 385. EXP. Ὁ τὰς παρθένους ὀπιπ- τεῖων καὶ ἐπιτῆρων, γυναιμάνης.

Παρθένος, ου, et Παρθενική, ἡς, ἡ, virgo : a virgin, a girl. Hes. 610. Παρθενικά τῇ καὶ ἱθεῖοι Σ. 567. SYN. Κόρα, κόουρα, παῖς, παι- δίσκη. Er. Ἀδμής, ἀπάλη, ἀδμητός, ἀνανδρός, ἀζυξ, αλφεῖσιόια, ἀπτολέμος, αἰδοία, αλκήεσσα, δᾶλᾶ- μνητόλος, ἐρυσίπτωλις, ῥοδόπηχys, σάφη, νῆδ, ἀνυμναῖος, ἀποσκληπτός, ἰση δῆαισι, νυμφίος.

Παρθενόσφάγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, e virgine mactata : from a virgin slain. Agam. 202. See Σφάγη.

Παρθένων, ὧνός, ὁ, conclave virginum ; tem- plum Minervæ : a virgin's chamber ; a temple

of Minerva at Athens. Phœn. 201. SYN. Ὀχρὸς, κένος, νυμφικὸς, ἀφύλακτος.

Παρθένωπός, οὐ, ὁ, qui virginea facie est : having a girlish look. Eur. El. 949.

Πάρθιος, ου, ὁ, Parthian. Καὶ Παρθίους τὶς ἀνδρᾶς Anacr. 55. 3.

Παρίαίνω, juxta commoror, una cubo : to remain near, lie with. Τῇ παρίαίνων I. 336. SYN. See Πάραυλίζω.

Παρίζω. See Πάρεξιμαι.

Παρίημι, f. ἥσω, I. a. ηκά, prætermitto ; solvo ; remitto, permitto : to omit, neglect ; loosen, weaken ; let loose, give up, permit. Med. 1057. See Ἰημί. SYN. Πάραλειπω, μέθιημι, ἀνιημί, συγχαρῶ.

Παρίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et α, ὄν, Parius : Parian, of Paros, an island in the Ægean sea. Nem. 4. 131. See Παρός, and Παρθίος.

Πάριπτεύω, præter equito : to ride past or along. Helen. 1664. SYN. Ἰππεύω, παράτρεχω, παρέλαυνω.

Πάρις, ἰδὸς et ἰός, ὁ, Paris. Τῶν δ' ἐτέρων Πάρις ἦρχε M. 93. SYN. Ἀλέξανδρος. Ep. Δύσπαρις, γυναιμᾶνης, ητέρωπειυτής, τοξότης, λωστήηρ, παρθενόπιπης, δῖος, αὐτοπαρίς, Δαρδανίτης, Πριάμοι πᾶσι, Ἰδαίος, Πριάμιδης, βοῦτης, μέγαθυμὸς, βασιλεὺς, δευειδής, σουλμμένος.

Πάρισσω, æquiparo : to make equal, compare. Ἑλλήν παρίσσω Theoc. 18. 25. SYN. Ὀμοῖω, εἰσῶω, ἰσοφάριζω, ἰσάζω.

Πάριστῃμι, f. ἀστήσω, juxta statuo : to place near, to show ; in the 2d aor. and mid. to be present. Εὐμείδης παροστάναι Alcest. 212. SYN. Πάρεχω, ἐφίστῃμι, παράφερω, παραστάτω, παρ-εμῖ.

Πάρισχω. See Πάρεχω.

Παράκατέλεγμα. See Παράκατέλεγμα.

Παρμέμωλωκά. See Πάρμωλεω.

Παρμένω. See Πάρμωλεω.

Πάρμωδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, permanens, constans : permanent, constant. Nem. 8. 29. SYN. Μωμῖδος, βέβαιός.

Παρνάσιος, α, ὄν ; Παρνασίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ ; et Παρνασία, ἄδος, Parnassius : of Parnassus, a celebrated mountain in Phocis. Ὅλωλε πορθηθεὶς ὁ γὰρ Παρνασίους Troad. 9. Choeph. 555. Ion 86. Blomfield, Choeph. 555., distinguishes, after Elmsley, Acharn. 348. between Παρνασίους, of Parnassus, a mountain in Phocis, and Παρνήσιος, of Parnes, a mountain in Attica.

Παρνασός, et Ion. Παρνησός, οὐ, ὁ, Parnassus : a mountain in Phocis. Παρνασοῦ κατένδσθην Phœn. 214., answered by πεμφθεῖσ' ἐνθάδε πόρουτος τ. 394. Ep. Νίφθεις, νίφθσθλός, δίκερνφός, δικάρηνός, δῖνφός.

Πάρνης, ηθός, ἡ, Parnes : a mountain in Attica. Nub. 323.

Παρνήσιος, α, ὄν, Parnesius : of Parnes. Ἀνδράκες Παρνήσιοι Acharn. 348. See obss. on Παρνασίους.

Πάρνοψ, ὄπς, ὁ, genus locustæ : a kind of locust. Vesp. 1311.

Πάρδευω, prætergredior : to travel past. Theoc. 23. 47. SYN. See Πάρερχομαι.

Πάροίγω, ξω, parum aperio : to open a little. Pax 50. SYN. Τῖπνοίγω.

Πάροιθέ, Πάροιθεν, et Πάρδος, adv. et præp. ante ; antea : before ; formerly. Τὸ πάροιθέ τίενται σ. 274. Hec. 48. Δ. 73. SYN. Ἐμπροσθεν, πρῶτέρων, πρῶτέρω, πρῶτέρωσέ.

Πάροικίζω, juxta habitare facio : to cause to

dwell near, place near. Call. Ep. 25. 4. SYN. Κάτοικίζω, οἰκίζω, παρᾶτίθημι.

Πάροικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inquilinus, accola, advena ; vicinus : a new inhabitant, sojourner ; a neighbour, near. Androm. 43. SYN. Πρόσοικός, ἐποικός, ναέτης, ξενός.

Πάροιμία, as, ἡ, proverbium : a proverb. Ὡσπερ ἡ πάροιμία Eur. fr. Sthen. 5. 1. SYN. Δύγος, ἐπός.

Πάροινέω, ebrius ago ; debacchor : to act under the influence of wine ; to be frolicsome. Eccles. 143.

Πάροινικός, Πάροινός, Πάροινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, inter vinum usitatus ; temulentus ; ad injuriam ex vino proclivis : customary with wine ; drunken ; insolent. Καὶ τῶν ξυνόντων πολλὸν πάροινικώτατος Vesp. 1291. Acharn. 978. Anacr. 42. 13. SYN. Οὐνδάρης, οὐνδάρειων, οὐνδπληθής, οὐνδότης, οὐνδπίπης.

Πάροιτέρός, (2) Πάροιτάτος, η, ὄν, (1) anterior : before ; (2) primus : the first, the foremost. Πορθοῖδὲ πάροιτέρῃ Ἰδύοιο Apoll. 4. 982. 2. 29. SYN. Πρῶτέρός, πρῶτός.

Πάροιτέρω, ante, ultra, amplius : before, more, farther. Τῶνδὲ πάροιτέρῳ ἐξέρεσθε Apoll. 2. 427.

Πάροιχόμαι, prætereo ; morior : to pass by ; to die. Med. 991. SYN. See Πάρερχομαι.

Πάροξνω, ὠνώ, exacerbo, instigo : to irritate, instigate. Alcest. 690. SYN. Ἐποξίνω, ὀτρίνω, ἐπῶτρίνω, παρόρμω, ἄνωγω, ἐρέθίζω, πρῶτρεπω, παρῶκελεῖω, παρῶκονῶ, παρῶρήγω.

Πάρῶρα, limis oculis intueor, vix animadverto : to look at askance, overlook. Av. 454. SYN. Πάράσλεπω, ὑφῶρα.

Πάρῶρις, ἰθός, contra avium volatum, infaustus : inauspicious. Eum. 773. See Ὀρίς. SYN. Πάροισιός, ἀπαισιός.

Πάρός. See Πάροιθέ.

Πάρος, ου, ἡ, Paros : an island in the Ægean sea, famed for its marble. Πλὴν ἐς Πάρον καὶ ταῦτά Vesp. 1189.

Πάρουσια, as, ἡ, præsentia ; adventus ; tempus : presence ; arrival ; time. Σὴν ἐκεῖ παρουσίαν Iph. A. 1432. SYN. Καίρος, ἀφείξις. Ep. Εὐμένης, καίριος, φίλη.

Πάρῶχτένω, alio derivo : to lead off clandestinely by a channel. Bacch. 479. SYN. Ὀχρετεύω, μετᾶφέρω, πέρῶγω.

Πάρῶχος, ου, ὁ, paranympus : a bridesman. Av. 1740. SYN. Πάρᾶνυμφός.

Πάροφινῶ, clam opsonia coëmo : to buy provisions privately. Eccles. 226.

Πάροφνῆμα, ἄτος, τὸ, opsonium clandestinum : a clandestine relish. Agam. 1422. SYN. Πάρῶψῆμα.

Παρπέταμαι. See Πάρᾶπेटάμαι.

Παρπύδιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, præsens : present, immediate. Παρπύδιον νέφελεν Nem. 9. 90.

Παρρᾶλῖος, ποεῖ, pro Παρᾶλῖος, q. v.

Παρρᾶσιός, α, ὄν, Parrhæsius : of Parrhæsia, a town in Arcadia. Παρρᾶσιὸν οἰκεῖν δᾶπεδον ἐνῆαντοῦ κύκλου Orest. 1652. Παρρᾶσία, γῆ or χώρα being understood, is the name of the town. Call. 1. 10.

Παρρῆσια, as, ἡ, oratio libera ; libertas : freedom of speech, independence. Μητρῶθεν παρρῆσια Ion 674. SYN. Εξουσία, ἀνείσις, ἐλευθέρια.

Παρτέμνω, pro Πάρᾶτέμνω, q. v. Acharn. 116.

Παρφαίνα, pro Πάρᾶφαίνω, q. v.

Παρφᾶσις. See Πάρᾶφᾶσις.

Πάρφυκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui praeferugi potest: that may be escaped. Pyth. 12. 53. SYN. Φευκτέος.

Πάρφοδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a proposito alienus: out of tune, foreign to the purpose. Iph. A. 1147.

Πάρωθεω, πάρωσω, rejicio, adspersor, negligo: to reject, slight, neglect. Trach. 358. SYN. Ἀπωθεω, ἀποστρέφωμαι, ἀναβάλλω, ἀποβάλλω, κατάρφρυνω, εκβάλλω.

Πάρωνυμς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, denominatus ex: named from or after. Φοίβη τὸ Φοίβης δ' ὄνυμ' ἔχει παρώνυμον Eumen. 8.

Πας, πᾶσα, πᾶν, omnis, totus, quivis: all, every, any. Τῇ ὑπὸ πᾶς ἑλῆν N. 408. Med. 280. SYN. Ἄπας, σύμπας, ὅλος.

Πασίθεα, as, ἡ, Pasithea: the youngest of the three Graces. Πασίθεη ἥς αἰὲν Ξ. 269.

Πασίθθα, as, ἡ, Pasithoa. Πασίθθη τε Hes. Theog. 352.

Πασίφαη, ης, ἡ, Pasiphaë. "Ἦν βᾶ τέ Πασίφαη Apoll. 3. 998.

Πασίμελλον, ουσά, ὄν, qui omnibus curæ est: an object of care to all. Ἀργὼ πασίμελυνσά μ. 70.

Πασπᾶλη, ης, ἡ, res levis: mere dust, a particle. Νυκτὸς οὐδὲ πασπᾶλην Vesp. 91.

Πασσάλευτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, clavibus affixus: nailed, fastened. P. V. 113. See below.

Πασσάλευω, clavibus affigo: to fasten with nails or pegs. Ὡς πασσάλευση κράτ' Ἀχχ. 1203. SYN. Προσπασσάλευω, προσπήγνυμι.

Πασσάλος, ου, Πάσσαλ, ακὸς, ὁ, paxillus: a wooden peg. Πασσάλος καθαρπάσας Androm. 1111. Πάσσακι τὰς ἁγλιθὰς ἐξόρυσσέτε Acharn. 728. SYN. Ὑσπληγῆ.

Πάσσαξ. See above.

Πασσῦδια. See Πανσῦδια.

Πάσσω, πᾶσω, conspergo: to sprinkle, scatter. I. 214. Verbum ἐπέσαστο in Ap. Rhod. 1. 729. primam futuri πᾶσω brevem esse demonstrat. SYN. Εμπάσσω, ἐπίπάσσω, ποικίλλω, ῥίπτω, ἐπιβάλλω.

Πάσσω, comparativ. τοῦ πᾶχϋς, q. v. Δ. 20.

Παστᾶς, ἀδός, ἡ; Παστός, ου, ὁ, thalamus; porticus: a chamber; a porch. Κλῦει τίς ακτήριστον ἀμφὶ παστάδᾳ Antig. 1207. De παστὸς Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy citat Jacobs. Anth. 11. 319: 12. 286. SYN. Θάλαμϋς, μελᾶθρον, αἰθουσιᾶ, στάδι. Ερ. Νεότευκτὸς.

Πάσχω, f. πείσομαι, 2. a. ἐπάθω, patior: to suffer, to be treated with. Πάσχω τέ καὶ πέπονθα κατὰ πείσομαι Troad. 471. Ἐπεὶ πάθω ἀλγέα θυμῷ I. 321. SYN. Ὑπομένω, ἀνέχουμαι, κάμνω, τλῆμι, καρτέρεω, πόνεω.

Πάταγέω, strepo, fragorem edo: to make a noise, to scream. Ρήγνυνται καὶ πατάγουσιν Nub. 378. SYN. Ψόφεω, δουπέω, κλάγγω. Πάταγος, ου, ὁ, strepitus: a clatter, noise. Sept. Th. 100. See above. SYN. Ψόφος, ἡχος, δρῦς, δρῦρῶς.

Πάτασσω, ξω, percutio, ferio: to strike violently, smite. Ἄτρη πατάξει θυμὸν Antig. 1097. SYN. Πλήσσω, τύπτω, κρούω, κόπτω, παίω.

Πατέριζω, patrem appello: to call father. Παύσαι καὶ μὴ πατέριζε Vesp. 652. SYN. Παππάζω.

Πατέω, ἥσω, calco, protero: to tread on, trample on. Βουλὴν πατήσεις καὶ στρατηγούς κλασπάσεις Eq. 166. SYN. Κατάπατέω, στείβω, κατὰτρίβω, ὑέριζω, πρόπηλάκιζω, κατάρφρυνω.

Πατήρ, πατέρως, πατρός, ὁ, pater: a father.

Δεδοικὰ πατέρας τῶν ὕπ' Ἰλίου νέκρων Orest. 102. SYN. Γόνεὺς, γεννητὴς, τόκεὺς. Ερ. Φίλος, δρῶ-σόμενος, θυμολέων, κλυτὸς, γέραιος, ἀγαθὸς, σοφὸς, ἡπίος, μελίχρως, γέρων, ἀγαυὸς, ἀμύμων, δαίφρων, δύστηνος, ἑρισθένης, ἐλευθέρος, πάλαιος, πόλιος, ἀντιθέος.

Πάτησμος, ου, ὁ, conculcatio: a trampling on. Πολλῶν πάτησμον δ' εἰμάτων ἂν ευζάμην Agam. 936.

Πάτϋς, ου, ὁ, trita via: a path. "Ὁ τις πάτοϋ ἐκτὸθεν ἦεν Apoll. 3. 1200. SYN. Στίσις, ἀτρά-πὸς, τρίσις, ὁδός.

Πάτρα, as, Πάτρῖς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, patria: the land of one's fathers. Eis páτραν πρόσθεν δ' ἐμέ Phœn. 439. 'H πατρίς ὡς εἰκοίε 417. Πάτριδὸς ἐρᾷ ἅπαντας 370. Ερ. Φίλη, κλεινή, ἑρικυδὴς, καλλίγυναίος, καλλιχρὸς, κυδιανειρά.

Πατράδελφεὺς, ου, Πατρόκασίγνητος, ου, et Πάτρως, ὡς, ὁ, patris frater: a father's brother, an uncle. Isthm. 8. 144. (See Ἀδελφός.) v. 342. (See Κάσίγνητος.) Pyth. 6. 46. See Πατήρ. SYN. See Θεῖος.

Πατράδελφία, as, ἡ, consanguinitas avunculorum: relationship of uncle and nephew, or of cousins. Æsch. Sup. 39. See above.

Πατράλοος. See Πατροκλῆς.

Πατρίδιον, ου, τὸ, paterculus: a dear father. 'Ἰθ' ὦ πατρίδιον ἐπὶ τὰ βελτίω τρέπου Vesp. 987.

SYN. See Παππίας.

Πατρίκος, Πατρίος. See Πατρώϊος.

Πάτρῖς. See Πάτρα.

Πατρίωτης, ου, ὁ; Πατρίωτις, ἰδὺς, ἡ, popularis: of the same country, a fellow-countryman. (E. R. 1091. Heracl. 755. See Πατρίος in Πατρώϊος. SYN. Εγχαώριος, δημῶτης, πόλιτης.

Πατρήγενής, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, indigena: born in the country, native. Antig. 938. See Πατρώϊος.

Πατρόκασίγνητος. See Πατράδελφεός.

Πατρόκλειδης, ἔως, ὁ, Patroclides. Av. 790. See below.

Πατρόκλης, ἔδς, Ion. ἦδς, et Πατρόκλδς, ου, ὁ, Patroclus. Αἰψά δ' ἑταῖρον ἐν Πατροκλήᾳ πρόσ-έειπεν A. 601. Θ. 476. Ερ. Φίλος Δίῃ, διδύγενής, ἱππεὺς, ἱπποκλέυθος, μέγαθυμὸς, δειλὸς, ἀμύμων, μέγαλ' ἦτορ, Μενoitίδης, φῶς ἰσθθεὺς, ἀριστὸς Ἀχαιοὺ, ἥρωας, Μενoitίου ἀλκίμυς υἱός.

Πατροκτόνέω, parricida sum: to kill one's father, to be a parricide. Πατροκτόνουσά γὰρ ξυνουκήσεις ἐμοὶ Choeph. 896. See Πατήρ.

Πατρώπатар, ὄρδς, ὁ, avus paternus: a paternal grandfather. Pyth. 9. 144. See Πατήρ.

Πατροκτόνδς, Πατρόφονδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Πατρώφονεὺς, ἔως, Ion. ἦδς, Πατρώφοντης, ου, Πατρά-λως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, subst. et adj., patris interfector, parricida: one who slays a father, parricidal. Εκ πατροκτόνου χέρως Iph. T. 1084. Orest. 190. γ. 307. (E. R. 1441. Κρίνεται στέφανοις καὶ πατράλοίος Nub. 901.

Πατροστέρης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, patre privatus, orbus: deprived of a father. Σοὶ πατροστέρῃ γόνον Choeph. 247.

Πατρώφονδς, -εὺς, and -όντης. See Πατροκτόνδς.

Πατρώϊος, Πατρώος, Πατρίκος, Πατρίος, α, ὄν, paternus: paternal, hereditary. Ξείνος πατρώϊος ἐσσί Z. 215. Hec. 934. Οὐκ ὠρχίπεδ' ὡς ὄν πατρίκος φίλος Av. 142. Οὐ γὰρ πατρίον τοῦτ' ἐστὶν Ran. 778.

Πατρώνυμς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a patre cognominatus: named after a father. Pers. 151. See Ἀνώνυμς, and above.

Πάτρῳς. See Πάτρῳς.

Πάτρως. See Πάτρελφεός.

Πατταλέω, Πάτταλός, Πάττω, Attic of Πασσάλεω, Πάσσάλός, and Πάσσω, q. v.

Παύλα, Πασωλή, ἥς, ἡ, cessatio, quies: a cessation, rest. Παύλα κἀκὼν ἐσται τὰ δ' ὑπέρτερᾳ Lysist. 772. B. 386. SYN. Ἀναπαυσίς, ἀνεῖσις, σχολή, ἀπραξία, ἡσυχία.

Παυρός, α, ὄν, paucus; parvus; brevis: few; small; short. Heracl. 328. SYN. Ὀλίγος, βράχης, μικρός, σμικρός.

Πασυάνεμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ventos placans: wind-appeasing. Agam. 207. See Ἄνεμος.

Πασύλυπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dolorem sedans: grief-appeasing. Τὴν πασύλυπὸν ἀμπελον δούναι βρότοισι Bacch. 771.

Πασυπίνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, labori finem faciens: trouble-abating. Iph. T. 451. See above.

Πασυτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, sedator, liberator: an appeaser, deliverer from. Soph. El. 304. SYN. Σωτήρ.

Πασυτήριος, α, ὄν, vim sedandi habens: able to appease. Καὶ νόσου πασυτήριος C. R. 150.

Πασωλή. See Παύλα.

Παύω, et Ion. Πανέσκω, cessare facio: to cause to cease, to allay. Iph. A. 1266. Ω. 17. SYN. Ἀναπαύω, τέλευτάω, κατὰπαύω, λήγω.

Πάφιος, α, ὄν, Paphius: Paphian, of Paphos. Χαιρέτ' ἃ Πάφια μόνον Theoc. 27. 15.

Πάφλαγόν, ὄνος, ὁ, Paphlagon: a Paphlagonian. Θεοῖσιν εχθρόν βυρσοδέειν Πάφλαγὸνα Nub. 581. ΕΡ. Μεγάληταιρ, μέγαθυμὸς, ασπιστής.

Πάφλάω, ferveo, aestuo: to rage, bluster. Μὴ πάφλαω καὶ κέκραγός ὥσπερ ἡνίκ' ἐνθάδ' ἦν (troch. tetram.) Pax 314. Κύματ' ἀπαφλάζοντ' ἃ N. 798. SYN. Ἀναξέω, κᾶχλάω, ηξέω, βόθω, βράζω.

Πάφλασμα, ἄτος, τὸ, strepitus quem aestuans mare edit: blustering. Av. 1243. See above.

Πάφος, ου, ἡ, Paphos: a city in Cyprus. Ες Πάφον ἐνθά δέ οἱ Δ. 363.

Πάχετος, ου, ὁ, et Πάχσις, ἔως, τὸ, spissitudo, crassities: thickness, massiveness. Μειζὼνὰ καὶ πᾶχενον στιβαρώτερον οὐκ ὀλίγον περ Δ. 187. Cycl. 379. Some grammarians consider πᾶχέτος to be a different form of the comparative παχύτερος; it is however here considered a subst., after the opinion of Damm. and H. Steph.

Πάχυν, ἥς, ἡ, pruina, gelu, glacies: hoar frost, ice. Περίετρόφε πάχυν Apoll. 2. 740. See below. SYN. Παγέτις, στίξη. ΕΡ. Χειμῆρια.

Πάχνω, gelu constringo: to cause to freeze. Ἀπὴρ πάχνουθεῖς ἢ πὸ συμφορὰς τίνος Hipp. 803. SYN. Κατὰπήγνυμι, συμπήγνυμι.

Πάχος. See Πάχετος.

Πάχυνεμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui sunt pingues surae: thick-ankled or legged. Καὶ γαστροδέεις καὶ πᾶχυνεμοι Plut. 560.

Πάχυνω, ἰνώ, pinguefacio: to render fat or stupid. Αἱ δ' ἂν πᾶχυνθῇ κἀνὰ χυδανθῇ τᾷ τριχί Acharn. 791. SYN. Παινῶ, λιπαίνω.

Πάχυσ, εἰᾶ, ὅ, compar. πάσσων et πᾶχίων, superl. πᾶχιςτος, ἡ, ὄν, crassus, pinguis, tardus: thick, large, rich, dull. Πρυνὸς πᾶχὺς αὐτὰρ περθεῖν M. 446. Δ. 20.

Πεδασκόν. See Πεδαῶ.

Πεδαίρω, Aol. pro Μεταίρω, q. v. Vide de hac voce et seqq. Blomf. ad Pr. V. 277.

Πεδαχμῖος, Aol. pro Μεταίχμῖος, q. v.

Πεδάμειβω, Aol. pro Μετάμειβω, q. v.

Πεδάρρος, Aol. pro Μετέρρος, q. v.

Πεδάρσιος, Aol. pro Μετάρσιος, q. v.

Πεδαυγάω. See Μεταυγάω.

Πεδαῶ, et Ion. imp. πεδάσκων, compedibus adstringo, vincio: to fetter. λ. 291. ψ. 353. SYN. Δέω, δεσμεύω, συνάπτω, ἀναδέω, κατὰδέω, συνδέω.

Πεδέρχουμαι, Aol. pro Μετέρχουμαι, q. v.

Πέδη, ἥς, ἡ, compes, pedica: a fetter. Eur. fr. Per. 4. SYN. Βρόχός, δεσμός. ΕΡ. Χρυσεία, ἀρήκτος, ἄλυτος, χαλκιδέτος, σφυρήλατος.

Πεδῖας, ἄδυσ, ἡ, (1) planities: a level; (2) campester: of a plain. Πλαγχεῖς πλατείας πεδῖαδος θ' ἀμάξειτοῦ Rhcs. 279.

Πεδίηρος, ἔως, campester, planus: plain, level. Θράκης ἀμπεδίηρης Pers. 572. for ἀνὰ πεδίηρης. Nescio an alibi, ait Blomf., apud Tragicos praeposito nomini adhaereat, quod saepius apud Homerum factum est. SYN. Πεδῖας.

Πεδίλων, ου, τὸ, calceus, talare: a sandal, slipper. Ἐδῆσάτο καλὰ πέδιλα K. 132. SYN. Ἰππόδημ' ἀρβύλη, ἐμῶς, εὐμαρίς, κόθορνος. ΕΡ. Αμειρόσιον, χρύσειον, πύτανον, ἐρδεν, γυναικειόν, σιγᾶλδεν, κοῦφον, ἀελλῆεν.

Πεδίον, ου, τὸ, campus, planities: a level field, a plain. Θάρρει τὰχ' αὐτῶν πεδίον ἐμπλήσω φόνον Phoen. 730. SYN. Γῆ, πέδον, δάπεδον, ἄλω, πλάξ. ΕΡ. Ανθέμδεν, ἀσιπῖδεν, ἐνρὺ, ἱππεύσιον, πυρφόρον, λωτήην, κατὰχαλκόν, χλδέρτροφόν, πᾶρᾶπτόταμιον, ἀκάρπιστον, σύγχορτον, καλλίπυρον, κλεινόν, ἄσροχόν, καρτοφόρον, ευδαίμων, ἀμπελδεν, δρῶσδεν, ευρυχόρον, κρᾶνδον, κάρπιμον.

Πεδιόννομός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui campos tuetur: one who protects the plains. Πεδιόννομος τὲ κἀγὼρᾶς ἐπισκόπος Sept. Th. 258.

Πεδιόπλοκτύπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sonans ex ungulis campum ferientibus: arising from the clatter of hoofs on the plain. Sept. Th. 83. See above, and Κτύπος.

Πεδῶδάμων, ὄνος, Πεδοστιγῆς, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, terra incedens: going on the ground. Πιτνὰ τὲ καὶ πεδῶδάμωνα Choeph. 583. Helen. 1515. See Στιγῆς. SYN. Χθονοστιγῆς.

Πεδῶθεν, Πεδοῖ, Πεδονδῆ, genitiv. dat. et acc. antiq. a πέδων. v. 295. Pr. V. 280. N. 796.

Πέδον, ου, τὸ, solum, terra, humus: ground, land, the floor. Rhcs. 274. ΕΡ. Κρᾶνδον, κάρπιμον, πατρίων, μελάγχμιον, ἀσάτων, κραταίλεων, ξηρὸν, ἡδύ. SYN. Ἐδάφος, δάπεδον.

Πεδούσ', adv.: "the same sense as οἰκόνδῃ, Bacch. 590." Donnegan, Lex.

Πεδοστιγῆς. See Πεδῶδάμων.

Πέζα, ἥς, ἡ, planta pedis; quævis extremitas adfixa, ut fimbria vestis, clavus ad extremam oram: the sole of the foot; a fringe, stud, extremity. Πέζῃ ἐπὶ πρώτῃ Ω. 272. SYN. Σφύρον, κρᾶσπέδον.

Πεζέων, pedibus iter facio: to travel on foot. Οὐτ' ἐπὶ γαίᾳ πύδᾳ πέεων Alcest. 886.

Πεζέσθας, Πεζομάχης, ου, ὁ, miles pedes: a foot soldier. Nem. 9. 81. Pyth. 2. 121. See below.

Πεζομάχῳ, pugnam pedestrem committo: to fight by land. Καὶ πεζομάχων καὶ πόλιορκων Vesp. 683.

Πεζομάχης. See Πεζέσθας.

Πεζονόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, terrestris: supported by land, land. Pers. 78. See Πεζομάχῳ.

Πεζός, ἡ, ὄν, pedestris: on foot, by land. Κη-

δέμνες πεζούσι Apoll. 3. 1273. The dat. πεζῇ is frequently used adverbially. SYN. Πεζόνδμος.

Πειθάνωρ. See Πειθαρχός.

Πειθαρχέω, pareo: to obey. Iph. A. 1120. SYN. Πειθῶμαι, ὑπακούω, ὑπείκω, ὑποτάσσεται, ευπειθής εἰμι, ευπειθέω, ἀκούουθα.

Πειθαρχία, as, ἡ, obedientia: submission to authority. Πειθαρχία γάρ ἐστὶ Sept. Th. 210. SYN. Πείσᾶ, πειθῶ, ευπειθείᾶ, ὑποτάγῃ.

Πειθαρχός, ου, Πειθάνωρ, ὁρς, ὁ, ἡ, obediens: submissive to authority. Pers. 380. Τὸν δὲ μὴ πειθάνουρα Agam. 1629. SYN. Ευπειθής, ευπίθης, ἐρήκηδός, ευήκηδός.

Πείθω, ὁς, ἡ, (1) suadela: persuasion; (2) obedientia: obedience. Hec. 804. SYN. (2) Πειθαρχία, πείσᾶ. Ep. Θελξίφρων, μέλινδης, ἡδὲπῆς, Σείρην.

Πείθω, f. σω, 2. a. ἐπιθῶν, πεπιθῶν, (1) persuadeo: to persuade; (2) med. pareo, credo: to obey, believe, Hec. 807. "Ῥηιδίως πεπιθεῖν μέγαλα 1. 184. SYN. (1) Ἀνὰπειθω, εκπείθω, παρὰπειθω, παραινέω, συμβουλεύω, (2) ὑπακούω, πιστεύω, πείθω.

Πείκω. See Πεκτέω.

Πείνα, Ion. Πείνη, ἡς, ἡ, fames: hunger. Πείνη δ' οὐπὲτ' ἐδῆμον o. 406. SYN. Λιμός, βουλιμία.

Πεινώ, ἡσω, esurio: to be hungry. Acharn. 734. SYN. Πίεζεσθαι λιμῶ.

Πειρά, as, aut Πειρά, ᾶς, ἡ, experimentum: a trial, experience. Πειρᾶν ἡλθόμεν φίλων Heracl. 310. SYN. Ἀποπειρά, ἐπιχείρημα, ἐμπειρία. Ep. Αζημιώτος, πολυτήμων.

Πειράεύς. See Πειραιεύς.

Πειράζω. See Πειράω.

Πειράϊδης, ου, ὁ, Piraidēs: the son of Piräus. Πυθλέμαιον Πειράϊδαο Δ. 228.

Πειραιεύς, Πειράεύς, ἔως, ὁ, P. N., Piræus: the Piræus, one of the harbours at Athens. En Πειραιεὶ πὰρ ταῖς πόρταις Pax 165. En Πειραεὶ δῆπου 'στὶ 144.

Πειραῖνω. See Πειραίνω.

Πειραιεύς, ου, ὁ, Piræus. o. 543.

Πειράρ, Πειράς. See Πειράς.

Πειρατήριον, ου, τὸ, judicium, experimentum: a trial. Φονίᾳ πειρατήρια Iph. T. 968. Pa longa est ad quantitatem perf. pass. πεπειράται. SYN. Πειρά.

Πειράω, ᾶσω, Ionice ἡσω, Πειράζω, ᾶσω, et Πειρητίζω, ἴσω, tento, conor, periculum facio: to attempt, try, tempt. Plut. 150. ψ. 114. O. 615. "Attici verbum (πειράω) in activa forma ponere non solent, nisi notet πειράζεις ερωτικῶς γυναῖκα, etc. Aristophanes: Πειρᾷ μὲν οὖν ἴσως καὶ τῶν τιτιθῶν ἐφάπτεται." Damm. Imo etiam, ubi notat πειράζειν ερωτικῶς ἀνδρα, etc. Cycl. 576. SYN. Ἀποπειράω, ἐπιχειρέω, ἀναζητέω, δοκιμάζω, διαγωνίζομαι.

Πειρηναῖος, ὄν, Pirenaeus: of Pirene, a fountain near Corinth, sacred to the Muses. Eur. El. 475.

Πειρήνη, ἡς, ἡ. See above. Αμφὶ Πειρήνης ἔδωρ Med. 68.

Πειρηγίω. See Πειράω.

Πειριθός, ου, ὁ, Pirithoüs. Τὸν μὲν Πειριθόου M. 129. Ep. Μέγαθυρος.

Πείρις, ινθός, ἡ, alveus qui imponitur curru ad recipienda onera vel sessores: a wicker-basket or case in which things are conveyed in a carriage. o. 131.

Πείρω, f. πέρω, transfigo: to transfix, pierce

through, cleave. Δ. 183. SYN. Διάπειρω, πέρω-να, διάτρηπα.

Πείρως, ω, ὁ, Piro: a Thracian chief. Δ. 525.

Πείσανδρος, ου, ὁ, Pisander. σ. 298.

Πεισηνόριδης, ου, ὁ, Pisenoris filius: the son of Pisenor. "Ευρύκλει' Ὀπος θυγάτηρ Πεισηνόριδαο v. 148.

Πεισηνώρ, ὁρς, ὁ, Pisenor. o. 445.

Πείσᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, obsequium: obedience, compliance. v. 23. SYN. Πειθαρχία.

Πισθέταιρος, ου, ὁ, Pisthetæus. Av. 644.

Πισίμβρότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui mortales parent: man-persuading. Choeph. 356.

Πισιστράτης, ου, ὁ, Pisistratus. Πισιστράτης ἥρως o. 131.

Πισιχάλινος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, habenis obediens: obedient to the reins. "Αρμάτ' αἰσιχάλινά Pyth. 2. 21.

Πίσμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, navis retinaculum: a cable. Æsch. Sup. 772. SYN. Σχοινῖον, κἄλως, πρυνήσιᾶ. Ep. Πόντιον, πλεκτόν, περίμηκός.

Πιστέος, α, ὄν, credendus: must believe. Hipp. 1177.

Πιστήρ, ἥρς, qui persuadet, vel persuadetur, i. e. obsequens: persuading or persuaded, complying, following. Καὶ τὸν μὲν πιστήρᾳ Theoc. 21. 58., according to the reading of Kiessling.

Πιστήριος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, persuasorius: persuasive. Καὶ λόγους πιστηρίου Iph. T. 1054.

Πεκτέω, Πέκω, Ion. Πείκω, carpo, carmino: to tear out, comb, shear. Av. 714. E. 176. σ. 315. SYN. Κτενίζω, πόκιζω, κείρω, ξαίνω, ξέω, τίλλω, κείρω.

Πέκω. See Πεκτέω.

Πέλᾶω. See Πελάζω.

Πελάγιος, α, ὄν, marinus: of the sea. Αἰροῖεν αἰναὶ πελάγιαν ὑπὲρ πλάκα Ran. 1438. SYN. Πόντιος, θάλασσιος, ἀλῖος, ἐνάλιος.

Πελάγιος, ἔς, τὸ, mare, aquor: the sea, the main. Helen. 1209. See above. SYN. Θάλασσᾶ, ωκέανός, πόντος, κλυδων, ἄλς. Ep. "Ἄλιν, νή-νέω, πόντιον, ἀτρυγέτον, ἄλμυρον, πορφύρεον, χειμερίον, κυανέον.

Πελάγων, οντός, ὁ, Pelagon. Αμφὶ μέγαν Πελάγοντᾶ Δ. 295.

Πελάζω, f. ᾶσω, Πέλᾶω, Πέλᾶθω, per sync. Πλάθω, et Πλάω, f. ἡσω, (1) appropinquare facio, admoveo: to bring near, to cause to approach; (2) appropinquo: to approach. Δομαῖς πελάζετε Phoen. 287. Γῇ πέλαᾶν ὅδ' ἄρα σφί Hom. Hymn. 6. 44. Τὰς ὑμετέρας ἡμῖν πέλαθειν Eur. El. 1291. Alcest. 119. Κοίτας πλάθουσ' ἐνέπειν χρῆ (paræmiac) Rhes. 14. (Vide hic Beck.) "Επλην' ἀλλήλοισι Δ. 449. Ad πλάω, πλάσσω, potest referri Θρηκί πλαθεῖσα ξέφω Hec. 878. SYN. (2) Πηλοσίδω, πλινάμαι, προσπελάζω, εγγίζω.

Πελάνος, ου, ὁ, quidvis ex humido concretum; libum, grumus: clotted foam or blood; sacrificial cake. Χέουσα τόνδε πελάνον εν τύμβῳ πατρός Choeph. 90. SYN. Πέμμα, ἄφρος, πλά-κοῦς, μάζα. Ep. Αἱμάτηρος, πιάλεις, ἐρῦρος, ἀθύτος.

Πελαργίδης, ἔως, ὁ, dimin. a (2) Πελαργός, οῦ, ὁ, ciconia pullus; ciconia: a young stork; a stork. Av. 1356. 1354.

Πελαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, "Pelargicus, idem qui Pelasgius; et Tyrreni idem qui Pelasgi." Blomf. Call. fr. 283. At vide Schol. in l. infra cit. Τίς δ' αὖ καθέξει τῆς πόλεως τὸ Πελαργικόν Av. 832.

Πελαργός. See Πελαργίδης.

Πέλας, adv. et præp. prope: near. Χριμφεῖς πέλας ὡς σέ κείνῳ κ. 516. Αὕτη πέλας σου Hec. 484. SYN. Πλησιῶν, ἐγγύς.

Πελασγικός, ἡ, ον; Πελασγίος, Πελασγιώτης, Πελασγός, ον, ὁ; Πελασγιάς, ἄδός, ἡ, Pelasgus: Pelasgian, Grecian. Τυγχάνει Πελασγικόν Phoen. 105. Orest. 950. Eur. fr. Arch. 11. 7. Orest. 685. Call. 5. 4.

Πελάτης, ον, ὁ, vicinus; qui appropinquat; qui invadit: a neighbour; one who approaches; an invader. Στενύται δ' ἱεροῦ Τμώλου πελάται Pers. 49. SYN. Πάρουκός, γείτων, πλησιόχωρός.

Πελέθος. See Σπेलέθος.

Πελέθρον, Πελέθρον, ον, τὸ, jugerum: a measure of a hundred feet, an acre. Εὐνᾶ κείτῳ πέλεθρα λ. 576. Ion 1137. SYN. Γῶά.

Πελεῖα, as, Πελεῖας, ἄδός, ἡ, columba: a dove, a pigeon. Τίλλε πέλειαν ἔχων ο. 527. Οἱ δ' ὅπως πέλειάδες Androm. 1129. SYN. Πέρισ-τέρᾱ, τρήρων, φάττα. Ερ. Ἐρασμία, τάνυπτέρυς, ἐράτεινῃ, δειλῇ, δύσεινῇ τειρᾷ, παντρώφός.

Πελεῖας. See above. Also for Πλειᾶς (one of the Pleiades), which see.

Πελεῖοθρέμων, ὄνός, columbarum nutrix: dove-nursing. Τὴν πελεῖοθρέμωνα Pers. 314. SYN. Πολυτρήρων.

Πελέκας, ἀντός, ὁ, pelecus: a pelican. Av. 892.

Πελέκῳ, Ἄολ. et poët. Πέλεκῳ, f. ἥσω, securi cædo, dolo: to hew down with an axe. Av. 1157. ε. 244.

Πελέκινός, ον, ὁ, avis quædam: a shoveler. Av. 883. Ἰνός trochæus ut in ἱκτινός; quod et ipse circumflexus notat, quamquam alii scribunt πελέκινός.

Πελεκκῳ. See Πελέκῳ.

Πελεκκόν, ον, τὸ, securis manubrium: the handle of an axe. N. 613.

Πελέκῡς, ἔός, Att. ἔως, ὁ, securis: an axe, hatchet. Καὶ τὸν γὰρ τοῦτον πελέκῡν ἐξάρας ἄνω Hec. 1261. SYN. Αἶλινῃ. Ερ. Μεγάς, οἶος, ὑλδοτμός, στίθαρός, χαλκήλατός, οἰυτμός.

Πελέμιζ, ξω, moveo, commoveo: to shake, alarm. Π. 108. SYN. Σείω, κινέω, τράσσω, κρᾶδαίω, τίνασσω, πάλλω.

Πελλάδες, ὡν, αἱ, Peliades: the daughters of Pelias. Οὐδ' ἂν κτάνειν πείσασθαι Πελλάδας κόρας Med. 9.

Πέλλας, ὄν, ὁ, Pelias: king of Iolchus in Thessaly. Ἐφημύσθη Πέλλας Apoll. 1. 3. Ερ. Ἰφριμὸς, ἀντιθέος, ἀτάσθαλός, ὑπέρῃνων, ἄθεμῖς, ὑβριμώεργός.

Πέλλα (1), ἡς, ἡ, mulctrum; pellis: a milk-pail; a hide. Π. 642. SYN. Ἀμολγεὺς, ἀμόλγιον, γαυλός.

Πελλαῖος, α, ὄν, Pellæus: of Pella. Βούλει Πελλαῖο βοὺς μέγας ἰν ἄδῃ Call. Ep. 14. 6. Hederic, on the authority of Hesychius, interprets Πελλαῖος by fuscus. The passage quoted from Callimachus, being unintelligible, decides nothing. See Steph. Thes. in v. Πέλλος.

Πελλήνη, ἡς, et Dor. Πελλάνα, as, ἡ, Pellene: a city in the Peloponnesus. Apoll. 1. 177.

Πέλλης, ον, ὁ, Pelles. Apoll. 1. 177.

Πέλλομαι. See Πέλλομαι.

Πελλός, ἡ, ὄν, fuscus, niger: dark-coloured,

black. Theoc. 5. 99. SYN. Πελλαῖος, πῶλιος, πῶλινός, μέλας, κελαινός, ἁμαυρός, ζοφῆρος, αἰδωψ.

Πελοπῆδός, α, ὄν; Πελοπῆδης, ἰδός, ἡ; Πελόπῃδης, ον; Πελοπῆδός, α, ὄν; Πελοπῆδης, ον, ὁ, Pelopius: of or descended from Pelops. Πελοπῆδῳ εἰκάθων αὐτῳ Apoll. 2. 792. 4. 1577. Ον Πελοπῆδῳ Theoc. 15. 142. Πόλις κάτ' αἶαν Πελοπῆαν γ' ὁ δεύτερος Ion 1591. Ὡς τᾶμ' ὁλωλέ πάντα καὶ τὰ Πελοπῆδων Iph. T. 986.

Πελοπόννησος, ον, ἡ, Peloponnesus: a peninsula, comprehending the southern part of Greece. Eur. fr. Temen. 7. PHR. Γῆ, χθών, αἶα, et χώρα Πελοπῆα, or Πελοπῆος.

Πελοπόννησιστί, lingua vel more Peloponnesiaco: in the Peloponnesian dialect, or after the Peloponnesian manner. Πελοπόννησιστί λαλεῖν Theoc. 15. 92. SYN. Δωριστί.

Πελοψ, ὄνός, ὁ, Pelops: the son of Tantalus, and grandfather of Agamemnon. Orest. 11. Ερ. Παλήμπρος, Ταυτάλειος, Λυδός, Εὐετήδης.

Πελταστής, οὔ, ὁ, peltasta: a targeteer. Rhcs. 307.

Πέλτη, ἡς, ἡ, pelta, scutum breve: a small shield or buckler. Bacch. 772. SYN. Σᾶκος, ασπίς. Ερ. Ζάχρυσός.

Πέλω (imp. πέλεσκόμην), et Πέλλομαι, et poët. Πέλλομαι, sum: to be. Καὶ δύσσιος πέλει Med. 520. Κάτ' ἀστὶ πέλεσκέω X. 433. Φυκτὰ πέλωνται Π. 128. Σὺν γυναικὶ πέλλεται Simonid. περί Γυν. 100. SYN. Εἰμῖ, ὑπάρχω, γίνομαι, τυγχάνω.

Πέλωρ, ὁ et τὸ, indecl. adj. et subst. Πελώριος, α, ὄν, et ον, ὁ, ἡ, adj., Πέλωρος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, adj. et subst. et Πελώριος, ἡ, ὄν, adj. monstrum; monstrosus, mirus, immanis: a monster; monstrous, grand, admirable, vast. Σ. 410. Apoll. 4. 1682. M. 202. Theoc. Ep. 17. 5. SYN. Δεινός, μέγας, πέριμῆκης, ὑπερφύος, ὑπερμεγέθης.

Πεμπάζω, in quinarios divido et numero, re-puto: to divide into portions of five and count, to calculate, consider. Apoll. 4. 1748. SYN. Ἀριθμέω, ἐρευνᾶω.

Πεμπαστής, οὔ, ὁ, qui numerat: one who counts by fives, one who counts. Pers. 974.

Πεμπταῖος, α, ὄν, quintanus: on the fifth day. Av. 474. On the peculiar construction of Greek adjectives expressive of time, see obs. on the word Πᾶνήμεριος.

Πεμπτήμερος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, quinquedialis: continuing for five days. Olymp. 5. 14.

Πέμπτος, ἡ, ὄν; quintus: the fifth. Sept. Th. 523.

Πέμπω, ψω, mitto; deduco: to send; to convey, convey. Σ. 168. SYN. Ἀποπέμπω, πομπεύω, στέλλω, ἱμῖ, ἀφίμῖ, βάλλω.

Πεμπωδὸν, ον, τὸ, veru quintas cuspides habens: a five-pronged spit. γ. 460.

Πένεσσης, ον, ὁ, famulus, servus: a labourer, slave. Vesp. 1274. SYN. Θῆς, Δερᾶπων, δοῦ-λός.

Πένρης, ἡτός, Πενίχρος, οὔ, ὁ, qui labore victum querit, pauper: a labouring man, poor man. Eur. El. 1131. Πενίχρὸν μὲν ἄλλως δ' ευπύρσωνον καὶ κάλῳ Plut. 977. SYN. Πενί-χρός, πτωχός, ἐνδῆς, ἀπὸρός, ἀχρήματός.

Πενθᾶλῡς. See Πενθήρης.

Πένθειᾶ. See Πένθος.

Πενθείω. See Πενθέω.

Πενθῆρος, οὔ, ὁ, (2) Πενθῆρα, ἄς, ἡ, (1) socer, uxoris pater: a father-in-law; (2) socrus, uxoris

(1) Πέλλα and Ion. Πέλλα is also the name of a city in Macedonia, the birthplace of Alexander.

mater: a mother-in-law. Herc. F. 482. Call. 3. 149. SYN. (1) Κηδέστης, ἐκύρως; (2) ἐκύρα.

Πενθεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, Pentheus. Bacch. 208. ΕΡ. Ἀτάσθαλός, θρασὺς, ουστράμῃνης, ωκυμῶρος, ἀθέως, ἀνὸρος, ἀδικός, ἀθέμιστος, δυσμῶρος.

Πενθεῶ, ποῖε, Πενθείω, et Πενθημι, lugeo: to mourn. Med. 270. Ψ. 283. τ. 120. SYN. Ὀδύφρομαι, ὀδύρομαι, θρηνέω, αἰῶζω, οἰμῶζω, γῶαω.

Πένθημα. See Πένθυς.

Πένθημι. See Πενθέω.

Πενθήρης, ἔος; Πενθάλλος, α, ὄν; Πενθήμων, ὄντος; Πένθυμς, ου, ὁ, ἡ; Πενθητήριος, α, ὄν, lugubris, luctuosus: mournful, mourning. Troad. 141. Bion. 1. 22. Agam. 410. Πενθύμιον πρέπεις ὄρῃν Eur. Sup. 1066. Choëph. 7. SYN. Γόρδος, πόλινπενθης, λυπηρός, ἀνίπαρος, δακρυῦεις, πολύ-πενθής.

Πενθητήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, et Πενθήτης, as, ἡ, qui vel quæ lugeat: a mourner. Pers. 933. Hipp. 805.

Πενθητήριος. See Πενθήρης.

Πένθυμς. See Πενθήρης.

Πένθος, ἔος, Πένθημα, ἄτος, τό; Πένθειά, as, ἡ, luctus: mourning, grief. Alcest. 1088. Choëph. 426. Πένθειά τλησικάρδιος (iamb. dim.) Agam. 419. SYN. Θρήνως, γῶος, ὀδυρμα, λύπη. ΕΡ. Τλησικάρδιον, ἀτλήτων, λυγρόν, στυγερὸν, ἀσχετὸν, ἀλαστὸν, ἀμετρητὸν, ἀρήρητον, ἀσχετὸν, κράτερον, μεγὰ, μυριόν, χάλεπον, μάκρυν, ου μετρητὸν, ου τλητὸν, ου φερτὸν, ὀλδὸν, ἀμείλιχόν.

Πένια, as, ἡ, paupertas, inopia: poverty, want. Πένια μὲν οὖν ἡ σφῶν ἔξουικα πόλλ' ἔτη Plut. 437. SYN. Πτωχεία, ἐνδεία, ἀπόρια. ΕΡ. Κάκη, δειλή, διζυρά, ἀργάλεα, χάλεπη, λυγρά. PHER. Consule Plut. vv. 415—618.

Πενίχρος. See Πένης.

Πένωμαι, ago, curo, laboro; pauper vel inops sum: to do, perform, labor; to be poor. ω. 411. SYN. Πόνεω, πράσσω, ἐργάζομαι, κάμνω, σπουδάζω, ἐπιτηδεύω.

Πεντάεθλον (1), contr. Πένταθλον, et Πεντά-έθλιον, ου, et Πεντάθλιον, τὸ, quinquertium: a contest consisting of five different games. Δρόμων διαθλων πεντάεθλ' ἂ νῶμιζέται Soph. El. 691. (Sed hæc lectio est vexata et vexanda.) Pind. Ol. 14. 31. Pyth. 8. 92. Soph. El. 684.

Πεντάεθλος, ου, ὁ, quinquertio: a person engaged in the Pentathlon. Nem. 7. 11. See Ἀεθλός.

Πεντάετηρίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, tempus quinque annorum: a period of five years. Olymp. 10. 69. See below.

Πεντάετηρὸς, ἡ, ὄν; Πεντάετης, et Πεντέτης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, quinquennis: five years old. Βοῦν ἀρσενᾶ πεντάετηρον τ. 420. γ. 115. Acharn. 187.

Πεντάθλιον, et -θλίον. See Πεντάεθλον.

Πεντάκις, quinquies: five times. Καὶ τρισκᾶ-κῶδαίμων καὶ τετρακίς καὶ πεντάκις Plut. 851.

Πεντάκισιοι, et Πεντηκῆσιοι, αι, ᾧ, quingenti: five hundred. Τάλαντ' ἔσσεσθαι πεντάκισιά τῇ πόλει Eccles. 824. γ. 7.

Πεντάκισιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, quingentesimus: the five hundredth. Τὴν πεντάκισίοστην κατέθηκεας τῇ πόλει Eccles. 999.

(1) The five different games which composed the πένταθλον are contained in the two following lines: "Ἄλμα πῶδων, δίσκου τε βαλὴ καὶ ἀκοντος ἐρμῆ, καὶ δόρυ, ἢ δὲ πάλῃ" μεῖα δ' ἱλατο πασι τελευτή. See also Suidas in v. Βραδεία.

Πεντάχθ, quinque modis: by fives. Πένταχθ κοσμηθέντες M. 87.

Πέντε, indecl. quinque: five. Π. 171.

Πεντέσυρρυγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quinque foramina habens: having five holes. Πεντέσυρρυγγω ξύλα Eq. 1046.

Πεντέταλαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui quinque talentum est: of five talents. "Ὅτι πεντέταλαντος διαγέγραπται μοι δίκη Nub. 772.

Πεντέτης. See Πεντάετης.

Πεντήκοντά, indecl. quinquaginta: fifty. Ἡμεῖς δὲ πενήκοντά γ' ἀμύροιο τέκνων Hec. 421.

Πεντηκοντάγυος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui quinquaginta jugerum est: of fifty acres. Πεντηκοντάγυον τὸ μὲν ἡμῶν I. 575.

Πεντηκοντάπαις, et Πεντηκοστόπαις, παιδός, e quinquaginta pueris vel puellis constans, quinquaginta liberos habens: composed of, or having fifty children. Γέννᾳ πενήκοντάπαις P. V. 878. Æsch. Sup. 325.

Πεντηκόντιος, ου, ἡ, adj., et subaud. ναὺς, subst., quinquaginta remorum navis: having fifty oars, a ship having fifty oars. Helen. 1411.

Πεντηκῆσιοι. See Πεντάκισιοι.

Πεντηκοστόπαις. See Πεντηκοντάπαις.

Πεντόχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quinque ramos vel digitos habens: in l. c. significat manus, subaud. χεῖρ: having five fingers. Μῆδ' ἀπὸ πεντόχοιο Hes. Op. 740.

Πεντάβολός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quinque obolorum: receiving five oboli. Eq. 795.

Πῆος, ἔος, τό, penis. Nub. 734.

Πῆαινω, ἄνω, matoro, ad maturitatem perduco; lenio: to ripen; to soften. Heracl. 160. SYN. Μάλασσω, πέπω, πρᾶίνω, ἄδρύνω.

Πῆπαίτερός, ἡ, ὄν, maturior, mitior: more ripe, mellow, soft. Agam. 1336. ΕΡ. Ἀπάλώ-τερός.

Πῆπαρηθός, ου, ἡ, Peparethus: an island in the Ægean sea on the coast of Macedonia. Αγχί-ἄλη Πῆπαρηθος Hom. Apoll. 32.

Πῆπειρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, maturus, mitis; senex: ripe, mellow; old. Eccles. 896. SYN. Ὠραῖος, ἄκμαῖος, ῥιμῖος.

Πῆπλήγω. See Πλήσσω.

Πῆπλός, ου, ὁ; Πῆπλωμα, ἄτος, τό, peplum: a robe. See J. Pollux, Onomastic. lib. 7. §. 49, 50. and Meurs. Att. Lect. lib. 2. cap. 12. Σοῖς πέπλοισι χεῖρ' ἐμήν Hec. 246. Æsch. Sup. 728. SYN. Ἐάνος, εἰμᾶ, ἱμάτιον, ἐσθημᾶ, ἐπωμῖς, χιτὼν, ἀμπεχόνη, ἐνδυμᾶ, περίζωμᾶ, περίσθλαιον. ΕΡ. Κρόκεός, εὐνήτος, παμποίκιλός, λεπτός, φαινός, μάλακός, πορφύρεός, μεγὰς, περίκαλλής, χάριεις, αμρῶνιός, χιῶνῶδης, κύνανός, πόλυδαῖδός, δαιδάλεός, ποικίλός, πόδηνέκης.

Πῆπνυμαι. See Πῆνω.

Πῆπῶρεω. Vide Πῶρεω, et Heyn. Pind. Pyth. 2. 105.

Πῆπωται, perf. datum seu distributum est: it is allotted. Orest. 1671. Ἡ πῆπωμένη, with or without τύχη, αἰσά, μοῖρά, &c., denotes fate or destiny. Pr. V. 103.

Πέπτός, ὄν, coctus: boiled, cooked. Eur. fr. Cress. 9. 5. SYN. Ἐφθός, ὀπτός.

Πέπτω, Πέσσω, et Πέττω, ψω, coquo, matoro, digero, consumo: to boil, bake, render mellow, consume. Plut. 1126. I. 561. Eccles. 838. SYN. Κάτᾰπέπτω, πῆπαινω, πάσσω.

Πέπων, ὄνός, matorus; mollis, ignavus; suavis: ripe; soft, soft-hearted, cowardly; sweet. Eu-

men. 66. SYN. Ασθενής, δειλός, προσφιλής.

Πέρ, "articula est earum numero quæ annecti aliis orationis partibus solent, signif. habens εναντιωματικήν: ponitur enim pro quanquam, quamvis, tametsi, licet." Steph. Thes.; cunque: although; soever. Λέγοιμεν κηδόμενοι περ γ. 240.

Πέρα, Πέραν, et Πέρην, adv. et præp. cum genitiv., ultra, præter, contra; beyond, contrary to. Ὠπάσας πέρα δίκης P. V. 30. (E. C. 940. Hippol. 1056. (An longa in πέραν, ut in ἄγαν.) E. 752.

Πέρασκὺν, Ion. imp. a Πέραω, q. v. ε. 480. Πέραισοι, et Περραῖσοι, ὦν, οἱ, Perhæbi: inhabitants of Perhæbia, a part of Thessaly, bordering on the Peneus. B. 749. Æsch. Sup. 264.

Πέραθεν, Περᾶτθιν, et Περαιῶθεν, ex ulteriore parte; ex adverso: from the other side; from opposite. Heracl. 82. (A longa, ut in Πέρα.) Apoll. 4. 54. (Pa brevis, ut in Περᾶτος.) 4. 71.

Περαῖνω, et ποῖτ. Πειραῖνω, ἄνω, perficio, finio: to accomplish, finish. Orest. 629. χ. 175. SYN. Τέλλω, ἐκτέλλω, ἐξάνω, κἀπεργάζομαι, τελεῖω, ἐκπεραῖνω, περάτω.

Περαῖθιν. See Πέραθεν.

Περαῖος, Περαίτῆρος, et Περᾶτος, ἡ, ὄν, ulterior, ultimus: further, furthest. Τῇ δὲ περαίνῃ Apoll. 1. 923. Νύκτᾳ μὲν ἐν περάτῃ ψ. 243. De Περαίτῆρος Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Heyn. Hom. 8. 622.

Περαῖω, ὥσω, transmittō, trajicio: to send or transfer to the other side. Περαιωθέντες ἐκείνοι ω. 436. SYN. Διαπορθεύω, περάω, περαῖνω.

Περαίτῆρος. See Περαῖος.

Περαίτῆρ, ulterius, amplius: further, beyond. An. 1500.

Περαν. See Πέρα.

Περαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, vim finiendi habens: able to finish or conclude. Εἰσὶ καὶ περαντικός Eq. 1375.

Πέρās, ποῖτ. Πείρας, et Πείραρ, ἄτος, τὸ, finis ulterior, terminus: the further end, boundary. Πέρās is also used adverbially, in the sense of denique, Pers. 638. Helen. 138. Μεγά πείρας δίζυς ω. 289. Πείραρ ἐπαλλὰξαντες N. 359. Περᾶτά τέχνης T. 434. SYN. Τέλος, τέμα, τέλευτῇ, ὅρος, εσχάτια. Ep. Μᾶκροτάτων, θυμηδὲς, δακρυῶν, ἱμερῶν.

Περαῖς, ἔως, ἡ, transitus, exitus: a passage through, a termination. Περαῖν ἤδη καὶ καταστροφὴν τίνα E. C. 103. SYN. see Πέρās.

Περάτος. See Περαῖος. Περᾶτῃ, agreeing with γῇ, understood, is used to denote the extremity of the earth towards the East, ψ. 242. and Apoll. 1. 1281.

Περάτος, ἡ, ὄν, qui transiri potest: which may be passed. Nem. 4. 112. Pa est longa, ut in περαῖς.

Περάτω, pf. pass. πεπεράτῳται, per sync. πέπρωται, finio: to fix an end or limit to. See Πέπρωται, and Πέρās, ἄτος.

Πέραω, et Ion. imp. περάσσκυν, transeo; transporto: to pass over, penetrate; to convey over. Hec. 53. ε. 480. SYN. Δίεμι, διέξειμι, υπερβαίνω, διαπεράω, περάτω.

Περγᾶδος, ου, ἡ; Περγᾶδον, ου, τὸ, Pergamus, arx vel tota urbs Ilii; unde generaliter in plur. arces vel alta ædificia. Vid. Suid. in v. et Eustath. ad Il. A. p. 503, 4. et Barnes. Phœn.

1192. et Iph. A. 778.: the citadel of Troy, Troy, Pergamus; a lofty building, a tower. Περγᾶμον ελεῖν πόλιν Phœn. 1192. Ep. Ἱέρᾳ, ζῆθᾳ, ἐρατεινῇ, ισχυρᾷ, οὐχ ὀφρά.

Περγᾶσαι, ὦν, αἱ, Pergasæ: one of the Δήμοι of Attica. Πρὶν γὰρ εἶναι Περγᾶσῆσιν ἐνὲν ἐν ταῖς ἐμδαῖσιν Eq. 321.

Περγᾶσίδης, ου, ὁ, Pergasi filius: the son of Pergasus. Περγᾶσίδης δὲν Τρωῆς E. 535.

Περδίξ, ἡ, ὁ, ἡ, perdix: a partridge. Av. 297. Δι in genitivo est longa, ut in Lat. perdixis.

Πέρδω, aut Πέρδωμαι, pedo: to break wind backwards. Νυκτὸς ἀλλὰ περδέται Nub. 9.

Πέρθω, σω, 2. a. ἐπράθην, diruo, vasto: to sack, ravage. Hec. 545. Ἐνθα δ' ἐγὼν πόλιν ἐπράθην ι. 40. SYN. Εκτέρθω, πορθέω, ἐξάλλω, πάζω, ἀνατρέπει, διῶω, κάτασκάπτω, κατὰστρέφω.

Περί, (1) cum gen. de, propter, ob, circum, ultra: concerning, about, for, beyond; (2) cum dat. circum, in, de: around, in, concerning; (3) cum acc. circum, erga: about, towards. Περί is paroxyton when used in the sense of περίεστί. Καὶ οἰζυρὸς περὶ πάντων A. 417.

Περίαννμι, ἀξω, circumfrango; circumsonare cum fragore facio: to break around; to cause to roar about. Περίαννται ὕδωρ Apoll. 2. 793. SYN. Περιρρήγνυμι, περίηχέω.

Περίαγω, ἀξω, circumduco: to lead or turn about. Pax 36. See ἄγω. SYN. Περίσωρ, περίφερω, κύκλω, περίελλισσω.

Περίαιρέω, f. ἐλῶ, 2. a. εἰλδν, circumcido, detraho: to cut off, take away, strip. Eq. 290.

SYN. Ἀφαίρέω, παύω, περίσυνάω, περίετμνω, ισχναίνω.

Περίᾱλέιφω, ψω, circumlino: to anoint all round or over. Eq. 907. See ἄλειφω.

Περίᾱλλᾷ, eximie, insigniter: remarkably, exceedingly. Thesm. 1070. SYN. Εξαίρετως, ἐξῶχᾳ.

Περίᾱλουργός, οὔ, undique tinctus: deeply dyed. Ὁ περίᾱλουργός τοῖς κάκοις (Iamb. dim.) Acharn. 856. SYN. Βεβαμμένος.

Περίᾱπτω, ψω, annecto; comparo: to fasten around, annex, attach; to procure. Acharn. 640. SYN. Ἀνάπτω, κάθᾱπτω, προστίθημι, περίᾱλλω.

Περίᾱρμίζω, ὅσω, apte circumpono: to fit round, adapt. Eccles. 274.

Περίᾱλνω, θήσωμαι, circumeo; protego, defendo: to go round; to defend. Θ. 331. SYN. Αμφίᾱλνω, περίερχομαι, υπερμαχῶμαι, προϊστάμαι.

Περίᾱλλω, ἐᾱλῶ, circumjacio, ambio, amplexor; supero: to cast round, encircle, embrace; to surpass. Ion. 828. SYN. Αμφίᾱλλω, περίτιθημι, περίεχω, περιστέλλω, περίπλεω, αμφιέννυμι, υπερᾱλλω.

Περίᾱριδὲς, ου, αἱ, calceamenta muliebria: a kind of women's shoes, slippers. Καὶ Κιμῆρικ' ὀρθοσταδίᾳ καὶ περίᾱριδᾶς Lysist. 45. Non novi locum qui quantitatem antepenultimæ determinat.

Περίᾱρὺς, εἰᾶ, ὅ, valde gravis: exceedingly oppressive. Eumen. 161. See Βάρυς.

Περίᾱλεπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conspicuus, illustris: conspicuous, distinguished. Ὅρατ' ἐμ' ὕπερ ἡν περίᾱλεπτος βροτοῖς Herc. F. 506. SYN. Περίσημὸς, ἐπίσημὸς, ἐπιφάνης, ἐπὸψιμὸς, ὁρατός, ἐξῶχος, εξαίρετος.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ψω, circumspicio; admiror: to look round; admire. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω περὶ τῶν κένον μὲν οὖν Phœn. 561. SYN. Περὶ σκεπτόμαι, ἀποδ' ἄλλω, θαυμάζωμαι.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ὄν, omnino debilis: exceedingly weak. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω βάρυτοντες Apoll. 4. 621.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, circum scaturio aut alluo: to flow or wash around. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω σπιλάδεσσιν Apoll. 4. 788.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui magnum circa clamorem edit; infamis: uttering cries aloud or around; ill-famed. Cœ. R. 191.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ας, ἡ, Peribœa. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω γυναικῶν εἶδος ἀρίστη η. 57.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, οὐ, τὸ, amictus; velum: a clothing, vesture; a veil. Herc. F. 548. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ἀμπεχόνη, ἐνδυμᾶ.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ἡς, ἡ, cinctura, vinculum, amplexus, ambitus: an enclosure, sheath, embrace, circuit. Hipp. 867. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περιπύχη.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, (1) sepiens, ambiens: surrounding, investing; (2) in neutro gen. subst. ambitus, septum: an enclosure. Helen. 1529.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, pascor prope aut in: to feed near or upon. Call. 2. 84. SYN. Ἐπιδοσκόμαι, περὶ ναίετα.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, et Ion. imp. περὶ δ' ἄλλω, circumfremo: to roar around. Περὶ στυφελῇ βρέμει ακτή Apoll. 2. 323. 1. 879. 4. 17. SYN. Αμφιδάχω, περιστρέφω, περιστρέφω, περιστρέφω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω. See above.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, circumfremens: roaring round. Antig. 336. See Βρυχῶς.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, valde lætus: exceedingly glad. Apoll. 4. 421. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, γηθυσυῖς, ὑπερχαίρων.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, aut Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, supersum, reliquus sum; supero: to be over, remain, survive; to overcome. Plut. 554. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περισσεύω, ὑπερέχω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, lacte plenus: full of milk. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω περὶ πέλλας Π. 642.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, circumspicio: to glance all round. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω περὶ δ' ἄλλω Theoc. 25. 241. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περισκεπτόμαι, παπαίνω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, valde disertus: very eloquent. Pyth. 1. 82. SYN. Ἡδυπέτης, λίγυς, γλωσσώδης.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ψω, circum curvo: to bend round, double a cape. Τὴν δ' ἄλλω περιγνάμψαντι Apoll. 2. 364. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ἡς, ἡ, descriptio minus exacta: a faint outline, print. Choeph. 201. See Γράφή. SYN. Τυπογράφῃ, τύπος, μέμημα.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ψω, circumscribo; deleo, obliero: to circumscribe; to expunge. Pax 879. See Γράφω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ardeo, depereo: to be desperately in love. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω ἐνδυμῶνι Apoll. 4. 58. SYN. Ἐπιμαίνωμαι, δαίνομαι.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω aut Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, εἶσω, et Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, per timesco: to fear exceedingly. Νῆα περὶ δ' ἄλλω σάντες Apoll. 4. 1650. Περὶ γὰρ δι' Ε. 566. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, δημῶσω, circum struo vel ædifico: to build all round. ι. 184.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ambidexter: exceedingly

dexterous, very clever. Nub. 950. See Δεξιός. SYN. Αμφιδέξιός, δεξιός, φρονίμος, πολυτρόπος.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ἡσω, circumligo: to bind round. Eccles. 122. SYN. Ἀνὰ δ' ἄλλω, ἀμφιδέω, δεσμεύω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, δώσω, largiter do; med. depono, seu deposito pignore certo, paciscor: to give above others; midd. to pledge oneself, bargain. ψ. 78. See Διδομαι. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, συντιθήμι, περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω. See Περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ἡσω, circumago: to whirl about. Πόλιν περὶ δ' ἄλλω ἡσθην X. 165. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ἡς, ἡ, circumcursio, circuitus: a running about, revolution. Ἐπεὶ δ' ἄλλω δ' ἑπτὰ περὶ δ' ἄλλω ἑτῶν Helen. 775. SYN. Κύκλος, κύκλωμα.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, et ὁ, (1) circumvius, circularis: which may be run round; (2) ambitus: circumference. Ὅφω δ' ἄλλω περὶ δ' ἄλλω κύτος Sept. Th. 491. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ψω, circum vel valde lacerō: to tear all round, or cruelly. Αγκωνάς τε περὶ δ' ἄλλω ψ. 395. SYN. Αμφιδρύπτω, ἀποδρύπτω, δρύπτω, διασπάρασσω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ὄσω, exuo: to strip off. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω χιτῶνας Λ. 100. SYN. Εκδύω, ἀφαίρω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, valde scio: to know above others. K. 247.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, vel Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, circumplico, circumvolvo: to wrap round or up. Εν βάκιοις περὶ δ' ἄλλω Ran. 1066. SYN. Συγκάλυπτο, συστρέφω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, supersum; supero: to survive; to be superior to. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω Δεῶν Apoll. 3. 54. SYN. see Περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ξω, circum cohibeo: to confine or inclose around. Lysist. 811. SYN. see Περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ξω, circum celeriter moveo: to move rapidly round. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω ἐλῆξεν ε. 314. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ἔσω, circuminduo, contego: to put on, to dress. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω εἰμῶτα ἔσσαν Π. 670. SYN. Αμφιέννυμι, ἀμφιδάλλω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, laboriose ago: to labour diligently. Eccles. 220. SYN. Ἐπιμελέομαι.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, delabor: to fall away, perish. Eq. 533. SYN. see Ἐρῶ.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ελεύσομαι, circum eo, occupo, circumvenio, decipio: to go about, to seize, to come about, to deceive. Lysist. 558. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ἀμφιδάλλω, ἐνδρεύω, ὑπερχομαι, ἐξάπατω, φέναικω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, vehementer: violently. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω κέχολασθα Hom. Merc. 492. SYN. Ζαμένως, σφοδρᾶ, δεινῶς.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ὄσω, circumcingo: to gird round. Τοῦτον τέως τὸν ἀνδρὰ περὶ δ' ἄλλω Pax 687. SYN. Ἀναζώννυμι, ἐτοιμάζω, διαδέω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, as, ἡ, fascia, cingulum: a border, girdle. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω ἐλκιστάν Theoc. 2. 122. SYN. Δεσμὸς, τέλαμον, ζωστήρ.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, rotundus, curvus: round, winding. Apoll. 1. 559. SYN. Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, περὶ δ' ἄλλω.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, εὖς, ὁ, Periëreus. Βῶρ Περὶ δ' ἄλλω υἱ Π. 177.

Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, ἡσω, Περὶ δ' ἄλλω, circumsono: to

sound or echo all round. H. 267. Πέρι δ' ἰάχε πέτρῃ ι. 395. SYN. Εξηχέω, κτυπέω, ηχέω.

Πέριθαμῆς, ἔος, δ, ἡ, stupore percussus: very astonished. Apoll. 2. 1162. SYN. Έκθαμβός, ἐμφῶδός, περίφῶδός.

Περίθαρσής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, valde fidens: very confident. Apoll. 1. 195. SYN. Ευθαρσής, εὐτολμός, πάντολμός.

Περίθῆτος, ου, δ, ἡ, circumpositus: surrounded or covered. Thesm. 265.

Περίθῳ, circumcurro: to run about, incircle. Eq. 65. SYN. Περίτρεχω, περίερχομαι.

Περίθυμός, ου, δ, ἡ, valde iratus: passionate. Sept. Th. 721. See below. SYN. Ουμῶδης, θυμῆρης.

Περίθυμός, irato animo: passionately. Γὰς νέρθεν περίθυμῳς Choëph. 36. SYN. Ύπερθυμῶς.

Περίῳχω. See Πέριηχέω.

Περίστομη, f. στήσω, cingo; 2 a. et med. circumsto: to surround; to stand round. Eur. fr. Sis. 1. 37. SYN. (1) Περίστημι, περίσάλλω, περίκυκλῶ, περίῳχω, περικατάστημι, (2) περισκέπω, πόλιορκέω.

Περίστοχος, complector; vindico: to clasp round; to claim. Περίστοχέτο κόρης Mosch. 2. 11. SYN. see Περίεχω.

Περίκαλλής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, formosissimus: most beautiful. Thesm. 282. SYN. Κάλλιστος, πάγκαλός, ὠραῖος, λαμπρός, φαιδρός, περίκομψός, εὐμορφός.

Περίκαλυπτός, α, ὄν, cooperiendus: must be covered. Nub. 727. See below.

Περίκάλυπτω, ψω, circumvelo, cooperio: to veil around, cover up, spread over. Καί περίκάλυψαι τοῖσι πράγμασι σκότον Ion 1522. SYN. Κατάκάλυπτα, περισκέπω, κατὰκρύπτω, περιστέλλω, περῖεχω.

Περίκατάβαλλω, εἶλω, dejicio: to cast down. Κόλποις περικατέβαλλον Apoll. 3. 707. SYN. Κατάβαλλω, περιβάλλω.

Περίκατάνημι, f. ἄνω, undique defringo: to break on all sides or entirely. Lysist. 357. SYN. Περιρρήγνυμι, κατάνημι, καταρρήγνυμι.

Περίκατάπτω, 2. a. ἐπέσθιν, decido: to fall down. Αφλάστω περικαπέσθιν Apoll. 3. 543. SYN. Κατάπτω, ἀποπίπτω, κατὰφέρωμαι.

Περίκατάστημι, f. θήσω, circumpono: to place about. Περίκαθέτο μήτηρ Apoll. 3. 156.

Περίκειμαι, f. κείσθωμαι, circumjaceo: to lie about, to surround. φ. 54.

Περίκῆδωμαι, valde curo: to take great care of. Nem. 10. 101. SYN. Κῆδωμαι, ἐπιμελεῖσθωμαι, προκῆδωμαι, μεριμνῶω, προμηθεύωμαι.

Περίκηλός, ου, δ, ἡ, omnino aridus: entirely withered. ε. 240. SYN. Ξηρός, αυχηρός.

Περίκίων, κίωνος, columnis undique cinctus: pillar-surrounded. Eur. fr. Erechth. 6. 4. See Κίων. SYN. Αμφικίων.

Περίκλαδής, ἔος, δ, ἡ, ramis undique obsitus: thickly covered with branches. Περικλάδεος πέσεν ὕλην Apoll. 4. 216. SYN. Σκιδεῖς, εφύλλδς.

Περίκλῆς, ἔος, Περικλεῖτος, ἡ, ου, et Περικλύτος, ου, δ, ἡ, valde celebr: very celebrated, renowned. Περικλεῖς εἰσαῖοντες Apoll. 3. 330. Theoc. 17. 34. ω. 153. See Κλύτος. SYN. Ἀγῶκλειτός, ἀγκυκλῆς, ἀγκυκλῶς, ευκλῆς, ἐρικυδής.

Περίκλῆς, contr. Περικλῆς, εους, δ, Pericles. Εἰτὰ Περικλῆς φόβηθεις μή μετὰσχῃ τῆς τύχης Pax 606.

Περίκλειδης, ου, δ, Periclides. Lysist. 1138. See above.

Περίκλυμένος, ου, δ, Periclymenus. Phœn. 1173. See Κλύμένος.

Περίκλυστος, η, ὄν, qui undique alluitur: Pros. Lex.

washed all round. Herc. F. 1071. SYN. Αμφιρρύτος, περίρρύτος, ἀλίκλυστος, ἀλῖερκῆς, ἀλῖζωνός, περίκλυων.

Περίκλυτος. See Περικλῆς.

Περίκοκκός, ὕσω, elato capite cano ut gallus victor: to crow over. Eq. 697.

Περίκομμά, ἄτος, et dimin. Περίκομμάτιον, ου, τδ, edulium ex herbis et carnibus concisum: minced meat. Eq. 372. 770.

Περίκομψός, ου, δ, ἡ, perelegans: very elegant. Pax 994. SYN. Ασπεῖος, περικάλλης, χαρίεις.

Περίκτεινω, κτενῶ, juxta vel circa occido: to kill around. Περικτεινόμεθα πάντες M. 245.

Περίκτιτης, ου, Περικτίων, ὄνός, et Περίναίετης, ου, δ, subst., vicinus: a neighbour. Τὴν πάντες μυνόντο περικτίται λ. 287. Περικτιόνεσσιν ἰδέσθαι Σ. 212. Il. Ω. 488. SYN. Πάροκός, αμφικτίων, γείτων, πλησίον, ὅ γ' ἔγγυς, ὁ πλησίον.

Περίκυκλῶ, Περικύκλω, circumdo, cingo: to surround, invest. Ὅλην ἐνέκαψέ περικύκλῃσας (Brunck reads here περικύκλῃσας) τῶν πόδοιν Pax 7. Av. 347. SYN. Περιβάλλω, περιίστημι, συγκύκλω.

Περίκλυων, ὄνός, circumfluit: sea-girt. Troad. 802. See Κύμα. SYN. see Περικλυστός.

Περίκομῶ, f. ἄσω, comessabundus oboeo: to revel round. Vesp. 1025. SYN. Κομῶ, ἐπικωμῶ, εὐαπνίνα, ευαχεῶμαι.

Περίκομῶ, ἡσω, pice obolino: to cover with pith. Vesp. 598. SYN. Περιῶλεψω.

Περίῶλῶ, obblatero: to prate about. Μὴ περιῶλῶμεν μηδὲ πυνθάνωμεθα Eccles. 230. SYN. Στωμίλλω, φλύαρεω, γλωττοστρόφεω, ἀδύλεαχέω, σπερμολόγηω.

Περίλαμῶ, f. λήψωμαι, 2. a. ἐλάδω, amplector: to embrace. Eccles. 881. See Λαμβῶ. SYN. Περιέχω, περιβάλλω, περιπτύσσω, περίπλεω, προσπτύσσωμαι, κάτασπάζωμαι.

Περίλειψω, ψω, relinquo: to leave. Helen. 425. SYN. Λείπω, ἀπολείπω, κατὰλείπω, πρόλείπω.

Περίλειψω, Περιλίχμα, f. ἡσω, circumcirca delingo: to lick all round. Plut. 737. Arat. Phœn. 1115. SYN. Περιλάπτω.

Περίλεξις, ἔως, ἡ, circumlocutio: circumlocution. Nub. 317. SYN. Φλύαρία, ἀδολοχία.

Περίλεψω, ψω, decortico: to take off the bark, to peel. A. 236., by Tmesis. SYN. Ἀπολέπω, περιπτύσσω.

Περίλιχμα. See Περίλειψω.

Περίμαιμῶ, ἡσω, lustro: to seek eagerly, to survey. Σκοπέλον περίμαιμῶσα μ. 95.

Περίμαινόμεν, valde furo; per furorem vapor: to be very furious; to wander in a frantic manner. Hes. Scut. 99. SYN. Εκμαίνωμαι, υπερμαίνωμαι.

Περίμαρῶμαι, propugno, defendo: to fight about or for, to defend. Hes. Theog. 647.

Περίμαχτός, δ, ἡ, qui magna contentione expetit: eagerly fought for. Ὅς ταῖσι φύλαις περίμαχτός ἐμ' αἶε Av. 1404.

Περίμενῶμαι, mire cupio: to desire eagerly. Περὶ δὲ μὲνῶν Apoll. 1. 670.

Περίμενῶ, f. μὲνῶ, opporior, expecto, moror: to await, expect, delay. Eccles. 517. SYN. Μὲνῶ, ἀνῶμαι, προσμενῶ, εκδῆχόμεν, προσδοκῶ.

Περίμετρος, ου, δ, ἡ, justæ plenæque mensuræ: of the proper size. Λεπτόν καὶ περίμετρον β. 95.

Περίμηδης, ἔος, δ, Perimedes. λ. 23.

Περίμήκετός, ου, δ, ἡ, et Περίμήκης, ἔος, δ, ἡ, valde longus et procerus: very long, tall. ζ. 103. κ. 293. SYN. Ευμήκης, μακρός.

Περίμηχανάμαι, ἡσθωμαι, machinor, molior: A a

to plot, devise. Ἐμολ περίμχανδοντο ξ. 340. SYN. Μηχανάω, ἐπιμηχανάομαι, τεχνάομαι, μηχανορράφω.

Περίμυς, ου, ὁ, Perimus. Καὶ Περίμυον Μεγάλην Π. 695.

Περίναιεσθαι, Περίναίω, circumhabito: to dwell near. Μινῶας περίναιετᾶοντες Apoll. 1. 229. Æsch. Sup. 1028. Περίναιετᾶω, like the simple Ναιετᾶω, has also a passive signification. δ. 177. SYN. Γειτνιάω, περίουικέω.

Περίναιετης. See Περικτῆτης.

Περίναίω. See Περίναιετᾶω.

Περίνέφελος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nubibus circumdatus: overcast, cloudy. Av. 1192.

Περίνισσόμεαι, Περῖνιστέω, circumeo: to go about or round. Alcest. 461. Plut. 494. SYN. Περῖέρχόμεαι, περῖβαίνομαι, περῖπύλλω, περῖφέρωμαι, περῖπάττω.

Περίνδω, ἡσω, excogito: to think about, contrive. Ran. 958. SYN. Περίμχανδάομαι.

Περίνοστέω. See Περίνισσόμεαι.

Περίξ, circum, circa: around, all round. Herc. F. 243. SYN. Κύκλω, περὶστὰδόν, πάντοθεν, περὶ, ἀμφί.

Περίεστος, ἡ, ὄν, et οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, perpolitus: highly polished. μ. 79. SYN. Ξεστός.

Περίξω, f. ξέσω, circumquaque rado: to shave all round. Περῖέξεσθαι δίνειαι Theoc. 22. 50. SYN. Κάταξω, ἀποξύω.

Περίοδος, ου, ἡ, circuitus: a circuit, a revolution. Nem. 11. 51. SYN. Περίορμή, περὶφύρα, κύκλος, κύκλωμα.

Περίουικέω, ἡσω, accola sum: to dwell near. Eq. 853. SYN. Γειτνιάω.

Περίοπτόμεαι, ψόμεαι, et Περίορᾶω, circumspicio: negligo, contemno: to look round; to overlook, despise. Nub. 124. Vesp. 437. SYN. Περῖελέω, παπταίνω, δλιγώρῶ, κατὰφρονέω.

Περίορᾶω. See Περίοπτόμεαι.

Περίοργῶς, iracunde: passionately. Agam. 209. SYN. Πάλιγκῶτως, περὶθύμω.

Περίουσις, as, ἡ, abundantia: abundance. Ὅζων τρυγὸς τράστιας ἐρίων περίουσις Nub. 50. SYN. Ευπύρία, κτήματά, πλοῦτος, πέρισσενμα.

Περίπαταίνω, circumspicio: to look round. Arat. Phoen. 297. SYN. Παπταίνω, περῖελέω, περῖοπτόμεαι, περῖορᾶω.

Περίπάττω, ἡσω, circumambulo: to walk about. Vesp. 237. See Πατέω. SYN. Περίπύλλω. PHR. Βαίνο παλευκῶ πύδι, διάβδιζω.

Περίπάτυς, ου, ὁ, ambulator; ambulatorium; disputatio ambulatoria: walking; a walk; a dispute or argument during a walk. Ran. 953. See Παῦτος. SYN. Βαδίσις, διάτριψις.

Περίπέδωμαι, supero; circumvolvō: to surpass; to revolve. Περίεπλὲθ νῆϊν ἔοντα Apoll. 3. 130. SYN. see Περίρῖνγνόμεαι.

Περίπεμπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, circumcirca missus: sent around. Agam. 86.

Περίπέπτω. See Περίπέττω.

Περίπέττω, ἄσω, obtendo: to stretch round. Περίπέτταται ὕγρος ἀκανθος Theoc. 1. 55. Περίπέτταται is for περῖπέπῆτταται, not the present from περῖπέπταμαι, as supposed by Morrell. SYN. Περῖπλέκω.

Περίπέσαστός, ἡ, ὄν, et ὁ, ἡ, expansus: extensive. Acharn. 1201.

Περίπέτης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, in quem quis incidit; adversarius, sævus; opertus: fallen upon; adverse, cruel; covered. Androm. 974.

Περίπέττομαι, Περίπέττομαι, circumvolo: to fly round. Av. 1721. Æ. R. 482.

Περίπέττω, Περίπέττω, ψω, tego, involvo, obcrusto: to disguise, cover all over. Περίπέττωσι τὴν μοχθηρίαν Plut. 159. SYN. Περῖπλέκω, περῖκάλλυπτο.

Περίπευκής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, peramarus: very bitter. A. 844. SYN. Ἐχέπευκής, πευκεδάνος, πᾶν πικρὸς.

Περίπίπτω, 2. a. ἐπέσῶν, et Περίπῖννέω, incido: to fall upon, meet with. Orest. 361. Sept. Th. 834. SYN. Εμπίπτω, προσπίπτω, εντυγχάνω, περῖντυγχάνω.

Περίπῖννέω. See above.

Περίπλανάομαι, circumcirca erro: to wander about. Isthm. 6. 69. See Πλανάω. SYN. see Περίνισσόμεαι.

Περίπλειός. See Περίπλεός.

Περίπλεκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perplexus, implicitus: intricate. Ποσοὶ περίπλεκτοῖς Theoc. 18. 8. SYN. Πόλυπλὸς, περῖελεκτός, πόλυελεκτός, περῖπύχης.

Περίπλέκω, circumplico: to entwine, enfold. Τῷ ῥὰ περῖπλεχθεὶς ξ. 313. SYN. Περίπῖννέω, περῖβάλλω, ασπάζομαι, περῖφύμι.

Περίπλεός, Ion. Περίπλειός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, plenus, refertus: full. Καπνὸς κνισθῆντι περῖπλεόν Apoll. 1. 858. Arat. Phoen. 1118.

Περίπλευρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui est in latere: around the sides. Eur. El. 472.

Περίπλεω, εὖσω, circumnavigo: to sail round or about. Ὅστις περῖπλεῦσας τὴν θύειαν εν κύκλω Vesp. 924.

Περίπληθής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, pergrandis, plenus: very large or full. Οὗτις περῖπληθής o. 404. SYN. Περίμικήτός, ευμεγέθης, παμμεγέθης, μυρῖοπληθής.

Περίπληθω, ἡσω, impleo, oppleo: plenus sum: to fill; to be full. Περίπληθούσι περ ἔμψης Theoc. 25. 13. SYN. Ἀνάπληθω, πληρῶ, ἐμπίπλημι.

Περίπλοκή, ἡς, ἡ, circumplexus: perplexity. Ταῦτ' αὐθ' ἑκάστα μῆτερ ουχὶ περῖπλόκας Phoen. 504. SYN. Περίπῖννέω, περῖστᾶσις.

Περίπλόμενός, per sync. pro Περίπῖννόμενός. See Περίπῖννόμεαι. Περίπῖννόμενων ἐνῆαντων α. 16.

Περίπνέω, εὖσω, circumfio: to blow round. Olymp. 2. 130. SYN. Πνέω, ἐπῖννέω.

Περίπύλλω, circumeo: to go round, roam about. Æ. R. 1254. SYN. Αμφίπύλλω, περῖνοστέω, περῖπάττω, περῖστοίχω, περῖφέρωμαι, περῖπλανάομαι, περῖέρχόμεαι.

Περίπολλός, ἡ, ὄν, permultus: very great. Apoll. 3. 427. SYN. Βάμπυλ.

Περίποδός, ου, ὁ, qui circumit, inspector: one who goes round, an inspector. Av. 1177. SYN. Ἐφύρος, φύλας, φρουρός, ἐπιστάτης.

Περίπονηρός, α, ὄν, improbus: most wicked. Acharn. 850. SYN. Παμῶνηρός.

Περίποτᾶομαι. See Περίπέττωμαι.

Περίπρῶχέω, εὖσω, circumfundo: to pour around. Περίπρῶχθεις ἐδάμασσαν Ξ. 316. SYN. Περῖχέω, ἀμφίχέω.

Περίπτισσω, ἴσω, decortico: to peel, clear. Acharn. 512. SYN. Πτίσσω, περῖλέπω, ἀπὸ λῆπις.

Περίπτνυγμά, ἄτος, τὸ, operimentum: a covering. Ἰδοὺ περῖπτνυγμ' ἀντίπνυγος ευκύκλου Ion 1390. SYN. Περῖπῖννέω.

Περίπῖννέω, ξω, circumplico: to fold round, inclose. Περίπῖννέω γένεσθαι Apoll. 4. 155. SYN. Περῖπλέκω, ἀμπίχόμεαι, περῖβάλλω.

Περίπῖννέω, ἡς, ἡ, ambitus; septum: a wind-

ing; an inclosure. Ναυλόχοι περίπτῃται Hec. 1001. SYN. Περὶβόλη, ἀναπτῃχῃ.

Περὶπτῃχῃς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, circumvolutus; circumplicans: wrapped round; investing. Ἀλλὰ νιν περὶπτῃχῇ Aj. 915. SYN. Περὶπτῃτής.

Περὶπουστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fama notus: celebrated. Apoll. 4. 213. SYN. Περὶβόητος, πέρισημος, ἐπίφαντος.

Περὶρραίνω, conspergo: to sprinkle round. Βωμοὺς περὶρραίνοντες Lysist. 1132. SYN. Διάρραίνω, ραίνω, καταρραντίζω.

Περὶρρέζω, ξω, facio supra alios: to surpass in doing. Περὶ δ' αὖσὺλὰ βρέξεις Φ. 214.

Περὶρρέω, circumfluo: to flow round. Αἷμα περὶρρέε 1. 388. SYN. Αμφιρρέω, περὶρραίνουμαι.

Περὶρρήγνυμι, ξω, circum lacero: to rend all round. Sept. Th. 318. See ῥήγνυμι.

Περὶρρήδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, circumstillans: dropping, streaming. Περὶρρήδης κέρασσειν Apoll. 1. 431.

Περὶρρύττος, η, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, circumfluis: flowed round. Eumen. 77. See Κατάρρῡτος. SYN. see Περὶκλυστός.

Περὶσαίνω, aut cum σ dupl., circum motito: to move about. Περὶσαίνοντες ἀνέσταν κ. 215. SYN. Σαίνω, παράκινεω, κολάκευω, θαπεύω.

Περὶσεῖω, aut cum σ dupl., σω, circum agito et moveo: to shake about. Περὶσειοντὶ δ' ἔθειραι T. 382. SYN. Ἀνάσειω, κυεώ.

Περὶσεμνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gravis et magnificus: grand, magnificent. Vesp. 602. SYN. Μεγάλοπρέπης, σεμνός.

Περὶσεπτός, η, ὄν, venerabilis: revered. Eumen. 1040. SYN. Εὐσεπτός, σεμνός, πέρισεμνός.

Περὶσημός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, insignitus: remarkable. Herc. F. 1012. SYN. Διάσημος, ἐπίσημος, πέριπυστός.

Περὶσθενέω, supero viribus: to surpass in power. Μὴ μὲ περὶσθενέων χ. 368. SYN. Εὐσθενέω, περὶκράτεω.

Περὶσθενής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, valde potens vel robustus: very powerful. Nem. 3. 26. See above. SYN. Ὑπερίσχυον.

Περὶσκέλης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, perdurus, asper: very hard, obdurate. Αἱ περὶσκέλεις φρένες Aj. 649. SYN. Δυσχερής, σκληρὸς, ἀπηνής, χάλεπός.

Περὶσκεπής, ἔος, Περὶσκεπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui undique circa conspicitur, conspicuus: conspicuous. Περὶσκεπέεσσιν ἐρμυαί Call. 4. 23. ξ. 6. SYN. Ὑψηλός.

Περὶσκεπτῶμαι, ψῶμαι, et Περὶσκῶπῶ, circumspicio: to look round, to survey. Νύκτᾳ περὶσκέψασθαι Arat. 199. Eccles. 485. SYN. Περὶελέω, περὶδράω, περὶόπτομαι.

Περὶσκεπτός. See Περὶσκεπής.

Περὶσκεπῶ, contego: to cover over. Τὰλαροὶ περὶσκεπῇ Mosch. 2. 61. SYN. see Περὶκαλύπτω.

Περὶσκῶπῶ. See Περὶσκεπτῶμαι.

Περὶσδῶεω, ἥσω, circumdeo: to go about. Av. 1425. SYN. Περὶέρχουμαι.

Περὶσδύφιδμαι, astutia fallo: to outwit. Av. 1645. SYN. Εξάπατάω.

Περὶσπερχής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, supra modum urgens vel celer: very quick, sudden. Ὡ περὶσπερχές πάθος Aj. SYN. Εξάπιναιος, αιρινιδός.

Περὶσπεύδω, studioso persequor: to be anxious for. Περὶσπεύδονσαι ἀκάνθαι Arat. 390. SYN. see Σπεύδω.

Περὶσπλαγχνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, animosus: spirited, magnanimous. Αντὸς τὲ περὶσπλαγχνος Λαέρτης

Theoc. 16. 56. SYN. Μεγάλοσπλαγχνός, ἀνδρείος, εὐθυμός, ευκαρδής, γενναῖος.

Περὶσοαίνω. See Περὶσαίνω.

Περὶσσεῖω. See Περὶσεῖω.

Περὶσσεύω, abundo, supersum: to abound, to be superfluous. Soph. El. 1288. SYN. Εὐπυρέω, περὶγίνδυμαι, περὶλείπτουμαι.

Περὶσσύμβυθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, supervacanea verba habens: containing superfluous words. Eur. fr. Alex. 12. 1. See Μῦθος.

Περὶσσύς, η, ὄν, eximius; redundans, supervacaneus; impar: distinguished, important; redundant, superfluous; odd. C. E. R. 841. SYN. Εὐπυρὸς, ἐπιμεστός, περὶπληθής, διάκενός, περὶώσιος, μάταιος.

Περὶσσοφρων, ὄνός, sapientior quam satis est: too wise, over-wise. P. V. 336. SYN. Περὶφρων, ἄγαν σφύος, περισσόνδός.

Περὶσσοῦς, eximie, valde: abundantly, very. Med. 297. SYN. Περὶσοῦ.

Περὶσταδόν, circumcirca: round about. Περὶσταδόν ηγέρεοντο Apoll. 2. 206. SYN. Περὶξ.

Περὶστείχεω, circumdeo: to go round. Τρίς δὲ περὶστείχας δ. 277. SYN. Περὶέρχουμαι, περὶπύλω, περὶεαίνουμαι.

Περὶστέλλω, ἐλῶ, exorno, cooperio; compono decenter; comprehendo: to adorn, cover; to arrange; to seize. Χεῖρ περὶστείλειεν ἄν Iph. T. 628. SYN. Περὶκαλύπτω, περὶπλέκω, περὶπτύσσω, συστέλλω, κοσμεῖω, περὶβάλλω.

Περὶστένᾳχιω, Περὶστένᾳχιζω, Περὶστένω, ingemisco: to groan, resound. Περὶστένᾳχιζέται αὐτῇ κ. 10. Δωμὰ περὶστένᾳχιζέτῃ ποσσὶν ψ. 146. Περὶστένεται δὲ τὴ γαστήρ Π. 163.

Περὶστέρα, ἄς, ἡ, columba: a dove, pigeon. Av. 1082. SYN. see Πτελεῖα.

Περὶστεφής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, circumcingens: twining round, as a chaplet. Phoen. 660.

Περὶστεφᾶνω, ὥσω, Περὶστεφῶ, ψω, corona redimo, cingo: to crown, surround. Περὶστεφᾶνωσεν ἐν ἀγορᾷ πρεσβυτικός Plut. 787. ε. 303. SYN. Περὶβάλλω, περὶσκεπῶ, ἐπιστέφω.

Περὶστιαρχός, ου, ὁ, lustrationum domesticarum praefectus: one who superintends domestic offerings. Ὁ περὶστιαρχος περὶφέρειν χρὴ τὴν γάλην Eccles. 128.

Περὶστιχίζω, circumvallo: to fence or fasten round. Περὶστιχίζω πλοῦτον ἐμῆτος κᾶκόν Agam. 1354. SYN. Περὶβάλλω.

Περὶστένᾳχιζω. See Περὶστένᾳχιζω.

Περὶστρέφω, ψω, circumverto: to whirl about. S. 189. SYN. Περὶτρέπω, περὶσύρω, περὶδινέω, διαστρέφω, παραστρέφω, περιστρέφω.

Περὶστύλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, columnis cinctus: surrounded by pillars. Androm. 1088. See Στύλος.

Περὶσχίζω, f. σχίσω, discindo, proscindo: to cut asunder. Περὶσχίζονται ἄελλαι Apoll. 2. 362. SYN. Ἀνασχίζω, περὶτέμνω.

Περὶτάμνω. See Περὶτέμνω.

Περὶτείχιζω, circumdo muro: to wall round. Av. 553.

Περὶτέλῶ, f. λῶσω, Att. λῶ, perficio: to finish, effect. κ. 470. SYN. Ἐπιτέλῶ, τέλῶ, περαίνω, ἐκτέλῶ, τολύπειω, ἀνῶω.

Περὶτέλλω, ἐλῶ, circumvolvendo perficio orbem: to go round, revolve. C. E. R. 156. SYN. Περὶέρχουμαι, πληρῶμαι, τέλεῖσθαι, περὶπέλλουμαι.

Περὶτέμνω, Ion. Περὶτάμνω, f. τέμῶ, circumcido, amputo: to cut off. Βούς περὶταμνόμενος ω. 112. Ad περὶτέμνω Schaf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 10. 186.

Περῖτευχόμεαι, fio, to become, to be. Hom. Merc. 192.

Περῖτιθημί, f. θήσω, circumpono, circumdo: to place about, put on. Περὶ δὲ ξίφος οὐδὲ δὲτ' ὦμα β. 3. See Τιθημί. SYN. Περὶβάλλω, ἀμφιβάλλω, περὶστέφω, περὶσσημί, ἐπιτίθημι.

Περὶτίλλω, f. ἱλῶ, convello, evello: to pluck out. Eq. 373. SYN. Τίλλω, ἐκτίλλω, ψάλλω.

Περὶτιμῆεις, εἰσά, ἔν, valde honoratus: highly honoured. Περὶτιμῆεσά γένοιμην Hom. Apoll. 65. SYN. see Τιμῆεις.

Περὶτίταινω, circumextendo: to stretch round. Περὶ μέσσω χεῖρὲ τίτηνας N. 534. SYN. Δῖαι-τείνω, κατὰτείνω, περὶπτεάννυμι.

Περὶτίτω, valde honoro et colo: to honour highly. Ἀλληκτον περὶτίλεται Apoll. 3. 74. See obss. on Τίω. SYN. Τιμάω, γέραμαι, ὑπερτιμάω.

Περίτοξέω, sagittis undique configo: to shoot on all sides. Acharn. 712.

Περὶτρέπω, ψω, et Περὶτροπέω, circumago: to turn round, revolve. Περὶ δ' ἐτράπον ὥρα κ. 469. B. 295. SYN. Περὶστρέφω, περὶάγω, ἐπιστρέφωμαι, ὑποκάμπω.

Περὶτρέφω, circummappingo: to fasten around, accumulate. Σάκεεσσι περὶτρέφετο κρύσταλλος ξ. 477. SYN. Περὶτήγνυμι, παγέτω.

Περὶτρέχω, f. θρέξω, 2. a. ἐδράμω, et Περὶ-τροχάω, circumeuro: to run round. Καὶ περὶ-θρέξαι Thesm. 657. Call. 4. 28. SYN. Περὶθεώ, περὶπιδάω, περὶέρχομαι, περὶελαύνω.

Περὶτρέω, ἔσω, et Περὶτρομέω, circumtrepo: to be alarmed around. Περὶτρέσαν αἰγροῖται Λ. 675. σ. 77. SYN. Περὶδεῖω, διατρέω, ὑποτρομέω.

Περὶτρίθης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, obtritus: worn. Περὶτρί-θεας δὲ τε χεῖρας Apoll. 1. 1175. SYN. Συντρίθης.

Περὶτριμμά, ἄνδς, τὸ, homo ad rem aliquam tritus: a hack. Εὐρησιέπης περὶτριμμά δίκων Nub. 447. SYN. Ἀποτριπτός.

Περὶτρώμεω. See Περὶτρέω.

Περὶτροπάδην, celeriter: quickly. Περὶτρο-πάδην ἐτάμοντο Apoll. 2. 143.

Περὶτροπέω. See Περὶτρέπω.

Περὶτροχάω. See Περὶτρέχω.

Περὶτροχῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rotundus: round. Περὶ-τροχῶς ἦν τε μήνη Ψ. 455. SYN. Κύκλεις, κύ-κλιός, κύκλωδέρης, περὶφέρης, στρογγυλός.

Περὶτρώγω, 2. a. ἐτρώγω, rodo: to gnaw, eat. Ἡμῶς ου περὶτρώγει Vesp. 594. SYN. Περὶέδω, κατέδωμαι, κάτεσθιαι.

Περὶτῶριζω, ἰσω, injuria vel contumelia adificio: to treat with injury. Thesm. 535. See Ἱερίζω. SYN. Ἱερίζω, καθύβριζω, ἐφύβριζω, αἰκίζωμαι.

Περὶφαίνομαι, undique conspicuus sum: to appear or to be seen all around. ε. 476. SYN. Εκφαίνωμαι, κατὰφαίνωμαι.

Περὶφάνης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, Περὶφαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conspicuus: conspicuous, illustrious. Aj. 66. (See Εμφάνης.) SYN. Περὶσημῶς, διὰφάνης, ἐκδηλός, ἐπίσημῶς, φανέρως.

Περὶφάνως, clare, perspicue: clearly, conspicuously. Plut. 948. See above. SYN. Κατὰ-φάνως, εμφάνως, φανέρως.

Περὶφας, αντός, ὁ, Periphas. Περὶφαντὰ πέλω-ρίων E. 847.

Περὶφειδόμεαι, σῶμαι, parco: to spare. Apoll. 1. 620. SYN. see Φειδόμεαι.

Περὶφέρης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, orbicularis, rotundus: circular, round. Ion 743. SYN. see Περὶτροχῶς.

Περὶφέρω, f. οἶσω, circumfero: to carry about. Eccles. 128. SYN. Περὶάγω, ἀναφέρω, δινέω.

Περὶφεύγω, effugio, devito: to escape, avoid.

Olymp. 2. 178. SYN. Εκφεύγω, ἀποφεύγω, κα-τὰφεύγω.

Περὶφότης, ου, ὁ, Periphetes. Ξ. 515.

Περὶφίλειω, ἡσω, valde diligo: to love exceed-ingly. Ὅν περὶ κηρὶ φίλει ο. 245. SYN. Ἱπερ-φίλειω, φίλειω.

Περὶφλῶν, amburo: to burn, scorch. Τοὺς δὲ ζῶντας περὶφλῶει Nub. 396. SYN. Περὶκαίω.

Περὶφῶδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pertrepidus: much ter-ri-fied. Aesch. Sup. 744. SYN. Ἐπίφῶδς, ἐρί-ταρδής, περὶθαμδής, δειλαῖος, περὶδέης.

Περὶφοίτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui circumvagatur, vul-givagus: roving. Call. 47. 1. SYN. Ἀλήτης.

Περὶφῶρᾶ, ᾶς, ἡ, ambitus, circuitus: a circum-ference, rotation. Nub. 172. SYN. Κύκλος, κύκλωμα.

Περὶφύρητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mobilis: moveable. Anaer. 62. 2.

Περὶφράδεις, scite: skilfully. Ὡπτησαν δὲ περὶφράδεις ξ. 431. SYN. Εμπείρως, εμπειρία-τίνι, ἐπιστάμενως.

Περὶφράδης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, sciens, peritus: skilful, cunning. Antig. 348. See Φράδης. SYN. Ἐμ-πειρός, δάημων, φράδιων.

Περὶφράζομαι, circumloquor; perpendo: to use circumlocution; to deliberate. Περὶφραζώ-μεθᾶ πάντες α. 76. SYN. Περὶλέγω, περὶσκεπ-τόμαι, περὶφρονέω.

Περὶφρονέω, ἡσω, contemplor, perpendo: con-temno: to contemplate; to despise. Λεπτήν κατὰ μικρὸν περὶφρονεῖ τὰ πράγματα Nub. 741. SYN. Κατὰφρονέω, ὑπερφρονέω, περὶφρῶ, ὑπερόπτομαι, διασκεπτόμαι, περὶσκεπτόμαι, περὶφράζομαι.

Περὶφρων, ὄνδς, ὁ, ἡ, prudentissimus; superbus, arrogans: most sensible; proud, arrogant. Agam. 1400. SYN. Περὶσοφρων, ὑπερφρων, ἐχέφρων, σάφρων, συνετός, ὑπερήφανός, ὑπερβίος.

Περὶφύσητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gravior anhelans: vio-lently panting. Lysist. 323. See Φυσάω.

Περὶφύτεύω, σω, circumplanto: to plant around. Περὶ δὲ πτελέας ἐφύτευσαν Z. 419. SYN. Φύτεύω, κάτασπεύω.

Περὶφύω, or -φυμί, ὦσω, circumadhæreo; am-plector: to cling round; to embrace. Πάντᾳ κύσεν περὶφύς π. 21. SYN. Περὶπλεκόμεαι, περί-πτυσσω.

Περὶφῆχᾶς, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, supra modum lætus: ex-ceedingly delighted. Ἡκουσέ τ' αὐλοῦ περὶφῆχᾶς τῷ πράγματι Vesp. 1477. SYN. Περὶγῆθης, ἐπι-χάρης, περηνός.

Περὶφύω, χεύσω, 1. a. ἐχευά, circumfundo: to pour round. K. 294. SYN. Αμφίχέω.

Περὶφύρεύω, σω, circumeurso: to dance round. Phœn. 325.

Περὶφρεπτός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, abominandus: abo-minable. Περὶφρεπτὰ βρύδεις Aesch. Sup. 885. SYN. Απόπτυστός.

Περὶψάω, ἡσω, abstergo: to wipe about, from, or away. Eq. 905. SYN. Ἀναψάω.

Περὶωδύνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui vehementer dolet: excessively grieving. Agam. 1423. See Ἀνώδυν-ος.

Περὶωπή, ἡς, ἡ, specula, locus editus: a look-out, an eminence. κ. 146. SYN. Ἀκράρειά, σκυπιά.

Περὶώσιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, eximius, vehemens: re-markable, vehement. Θαυμάζειν περὶώσιον π. 203. SYN. Περὶσσός.

Περκάω, Dor. Περκάσω, nigresco: to grow black. Call. 5. 76. SYN. Μελαίνωμαι.

Πέρκη, ἡς, ἡ, pertica: a perch. Call. fr. 37. 2.

Περκνός, ἡ, ὄν, *nigris maculis distinctus*: having black spots. Ω. 316.

Περκώσιος, ου, ὁ, *Percosius*: of Percote: a city in the Troad. Περκώσιον ἐξεῖναιξεν Z. 30.

Πέρνημι, Ion. imp. *πέρνασκον*, transporto ad vendendum, vendo: to carry for sale, to sell. Πέρναντα σ' εἶδον Cycl. 271. Ω. 752. SYN. Πί-πράσκα, ἀπεμπάλλω, πωλέω.

Πέρνῳ, ἴσω, *fibula transfigo et ligo*: to fasten with a clasp. Apoll. 1. 722. SYN. Εμπέρνῳ, πορπάζω, διαπέρῳ, διατρέω.

Πέρωνη, ης, et Πέρωνις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, *fibula*: a clasp, a buckle. Phæn. 818. Προδκειτὸ μαστῶν πέρωνις εκ δ' ἐλάπις Trach. 927. SYN. Πόρπη, ἐνέτη. Ερ. Χρυσῆα, χρυσήλατος, φάειν.

Πέρωνμα, Dor. Πέρωναμα, ἄτος, τὸ, *vestis quæ fibula adfigitur*: a dress fastened with a clasp. Ὡων πέρωναμάτα φασεῖς Theoc. 15. 79. This passage has exercised the ingenuity of the critics, who all agree in rejecting the reading πέρωναμάτα. See Harles. in l. c.

Πέρωνητρις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, *vestis muliebris ad pectus fibula adnexa*: a female vest fastened on the shoulders by a clasp. Πέρωνητριδὰ λασδεν Theoc. 15. 21.

Πέρωνις. See Πέρωνη.

Περραιοί. See Περαισοί.

Περσέπτολις, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, *urbes vastans*: city-destroying. Pers. 65. See Πόλις.

Περσεύς, ἔως, ὁ, *Perseus*: the son of Jupiter and Danaë. Alcest. 525. Ερ. Αντίθεός, ισθθεός, ευρύμεδον, ακυπεδῖλος, Δανάϊδης, κούρηαῖδός, λαιμοτόμος (i. e. λαιμοτόμος), χρυσάορος.

Περσεύς, et Περσήϊος, α, ὄν, *Perseus*: of Perseus. Helen. 1463. Theoc. 24. 71.

Περσεῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, *Perseis*: descended from Perseus. Νύμφας τὰς Περσείδος καί Here. F. 797.

Περσεφασσά, et Περσεφάττα, ης, *Περσεφονεία*, ας, *Περσεφώνη* et *Φερσεφώνη*, ης, ἡ, *Proserpine*: Proserpine. Phæn. 695. Thesm. 294. Eur. Sup. 282. Hec. 135. Pyth. 12. 2. Ερ. Άγανά, άγνή, έράτη, έπαινή, χθόνια, καλλιπαις, περί-καλλης, νυκτιπόλος, εννόδια, μελάμπεπλος, λεύκιππος, άρρητος, κόρα, κροκόπεπλος, λευκάλενος.

Περσηϊάδης, ου, ὁ, *Persides*: the son of Perseus. Πάϊς Περσηϊάδαο T. 123.

Περσήϊος. See Περσεύς.

Περσηῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, *Perseis*: one of the Naiads. Hes. Theog. 356.

Πέρσης, ου, ὁ, et (2) Περσίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, *Persa*: a Persian, Persian. Τάδε μὲν Περσῶν τῶν οἰχόμενων Pers. 1. Τοιόνδ' ἄνθος Περσίδος αἶας Pers. 59. *Persis* with or without γαῖα, γῆ, αἶα, denotes the country of Persia. *Persis* is also the name of an effeminate cloak. Vesp. 1132. Ερ. (1) Μεγάλαυχος, δυσπολέμος, άγροαχος, φόνιος, ιππομάχος, τοξόφορος, (2) ακροπενθής, βάθυζωνός, ακρογός.

Περσικός, ἡ, ὄν, *Persicus*: Persian. Περσικοῖς ἡσκημένη Pers. 187. Περσικά, αἰ, et Περσικά, ὦν, τὰ, are terms used by Aristophanes, Nub. 151. and Lysist. 229. to denote a species of high shoe or boot.

Περσίς. See Πέρσης.

Περσόνυμῶμαι, sub *Persarum imperio vivo*: to live under the laws of the Persians. Pers. 591.

Περσόνυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, *habitus ab iis qui Persarum legibus parent*: paid by those who are subject to the Persian laws. Pers. 916.

Πέρρσι, et Πέρρσιον, anno superiori; antehac: last year; before. Acharn. 356. "Ἦπερ πέρρσιν εν τῷδε ταύτῳ χωρίῳ Thesm. 1060.

Πέρρσιον, ἡ, ὄν, qui superioris anni est: of last year. Ran. 986. Σ. brevis est, ut in χθέρσιος.

Πέσμη, ἄτος, et Πέσος, ἔδος, τὸ, *casus*; eventus; cadaver: a fall; an occurrence; a corpse. Phæn. 1715. 1316. SYN. Πτώμα, πτώσις, νεκρός.

Πεσός, ου, ὁ, *calculus lusorius, talus*: the mark or man at draughts. Eur. Sup. 419. SYN. Κύβος, ψήφος.

Πεσσόνυμῶ, talos dispono: to manage the marks, arrange, dispose. Æsch. Sup. 13.

Πέσσω. See Πέπτω.

Πετάζω, f. ἄσω, *expando*: to spread, unfold. Χεῖρε πέτάσας Ε. 495. SYN. Πάρατεινῶ, ἀνέχω, ἀπλῶ, ἀναπτύσσω.

Πετάλῳ, et ποῖτ. Πέτηλῶν, ου, τὸ, *folium*: a leaf. Πετάλοις ὑπόπεπτηῶτες B. 312. Mosch. 2. 67. SYN. Φύλλον, φύλλαμα, ἀκρέμων, λέπις. Ερ. Ζῆθεν, πικύνον, ρόδεον, κροκέον, χρυσέον, ἀπάλῶν, χλδερὸν, γλανκὸν, εἰαρίῶν, δροσέρῶν.

Πετάμαι. See Πέτομαι.

Πετάδμαι. See Πέτομαι.

Πέτασμα, ἄτος, τὸ, *integumentum, aulæum, tapes*: a covering, curtain, carpet. Agam. 882. SYN. Κατάπετασμα, στρώμα, κάλυμμα.

Πέτεινός, Πτευνός, et Πέτηνός, ὄν, *volucris*: winged. π. 218. Pax 129. Θ. 247. SYN. Πτέρεις, πτέρυγωνός, πτηνός, πτέρωτός.

Πτευνόν, ου, τὸ, *trabs*: a beam or pole. Theoc. 13. 13. SYN. Σανίδιον, δοκός.

Πετέων, ὦνός, ἡ, *Peteon*: a village in Bœotia. B. 500.

Πετέως, ὦ, ὁ, *Peteos*: Peteon. Πέτέω δίο-τρέφους Δ. 338. On the formation of the genitive Πετέω, see Damm. in P. R.

Πέτηλῶν. See Πετάλῶν.

Πέτομαι, Πετάμαι, volo, festino: to fly, to proceed rapidly. E. 366. Av. 574. SYN. Φέρομαι, δρομῶ, τρέχω.

Πέτρα, ας, ἡ, et Πέτρος, ου, ὁ, *petra, lapis, saxum*: a rock, a stone. Μέλαινα πέτρα γῆς ὑπερτέλλουσ' ἄνω Hec. 996. Π. 734. SYN. Λᾶς, χέριμα, λίθος. Ερ. Επηρεφής, ἡλιδάτος, μέγαλη, ἀναιδής, αἰπειά, λισσῇ, γλαφυρά, κά-ταστοφάδος, λίθαξ, πρὸς λῆς, ὕψηλη, ἡρώειδης, μάριμάρος, κοιλῇ, αἰγίλι, ἀναιδής, περιμήκης, μῶλιδειδής, ἀτειρής, ἀτέραμνός, ἀλίκλυτος, ἀελ-λῆσος, ἀλιγείταν, ὀκρύδεσσα, βάθειά, ὕψηλο-κρημνός.

Πέτραϊός, Πέτρινός, η, ὄν, Πέτρηις, εσσα, ἔν, Πέτρηρος, ἔδος, Πέτρώδης, ἔδος, et Πέτρηρέφης, ἔδος, *saxosus*: rocky. "Ὅθεν πέτραϊον ἄλμα Ion 1267. Πέτρινος κοίτης (anapæst. dim.) Philoct. 161. B. 496. Philoct. 1294. Antig. 970. P. V. 308. SYN. Λιθινός.

Πέτρορρίφης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, *de rupe præcipitatus*: thrown from a rock. "Ὡρίσαν πέτρορρίφῃ Ion 1222.

Πέτρος. See Πέτρα.

Πέτρον, ὥσω, in lapidem verto; lapido: to convert into stone; to stone. Ion 1112. SYN. Κάταπέτρον, κατάλευον.

Πέτρώδης. See Πέτραϊός.

Πετρωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, *lapidum jactus*: the act of stoning. Orest. 50.

Πέπτω. See Πέπτω.

Πεύθομαι. See Πυνθάνομαι.

Πευθός, ὄδος, ἡ, *rumor*: report, information. Sept. Th. 366. SYN. Αγγέλια, φήμη, πύστις, λόγος, θρύλλαμα.

Πευκαλίμυς, η, ὄν, i. q. Πύκνυς (cf. Buttmann. Lexic. p. 181.), prudens, peritus: prudent, intelligent. Φρέσι πευκαλίμυσι T. 35. SYN. Σύν-ετος, πύκνυς, πίκρυς, φρόνιμυς.

Πευκεδάνυς, η, ὄν, amarus, pungens: bitter, stinging. Στόμα πευκεδάνοιο K. 8. SYN. Πίκρυς, ὀλεθρίυς, ἐχέπευκίς.

Πεύκη, ης, ἡ, picea; tæda: the pitch or pine tree; a torch. Med. 4. SYN. Πίπυς, λαμπάς, δάϊς. EP. Ουρεία, ἀμφίπυρος, αἰθαλύεσσα, πῖαν, ὀψηλή.

Πευκήεις, Dor. Πευκαίεις, εσσα, ἐν, et Πεύκινος, η, ὄν, pineus: made of pine, blazing. Androm. 855. Καὶ πευκίνας λάδοντά Trach. 1200.

Πέφνω, occido: to kill. Τηνῶ ἐν ἀμφίρῳτη πέφνω καὶ ἀμήςατό γαῖαν Apoll. I. 1305. SYN. Φύνω, ἀναιρέω, κτείνω, ἀποκτείνω, κατακτείνω.

Πέφυκα. See Φύμι.

Πῆ, et (2) Πῆ, (1) qua ratione? qua? quo? how? where? (2) aliquo, aliquo modo: somewhere, somehow. Πῆ φεύγεις Θ. 94. Οὕτω πη τὰδ' ἐστὶ Ω. 373.

Πηγαῖος, α, ὄν, fontanus: of a fountain, of spring water. Agam. 874. SYN. Κρηναῖος.

Πηγάων, ου, τὸ, ruta: rue. Οὐδ' ἐν σέλινω ποσόντι οὐδ' ἐν πεγγάνῳ Vesp. 478.

Πηγάς, ἀδός, ἡ, glacies: ice. Καὶ πεγγάδας αἴτ' ἐπὶ γαῖαν Hes. Op. 503. SYN. Πάχνη.

Πηγάσιος, α, ὄν, Pegasus: of Pegasus. Ω Πηγάσιον μοι φησὶ γενναῖον πτέρον Pax 76.

Πηγάσος, ου, ὁ, Pegasus: the winged horse which sprang from the blood of Medusa. Αλλ' ἄγε Πηγάσος χώρει χαίρων Pax 153. EP. Τάνυπτερός. PHR. Πτηνός πῶλός. See also Pax 154—161.

Πηγέσιμαλλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, denso vellere præditus: thick-fleeced. Ἔστω πηγέσιμάλλω Γ. 197. SYN. Δάσιμαλλός, βάθυμαλλός, δασύθριξ.

Πηγή, ἡς, ἡ, fons: a fountain, stream. Iph. T. 1040. SYN. Κρήνη, πίδαξ, ῥόη, ῥεύς, νάμα, δροσός. EP. Φίλη, δροσέρα, πύταμία, ἀένναος, γλυκερά, καλλιρρόδης, ψυχρά, πέρικαλλής, ἀμερόσια, φουσιζός, ἀκίρατος.

Πήγνυμι, f. πήξω, 2. α. ἐπάγνυ, compingo, figo, pangō, cogo: to fasten together, fix, curdle. Iph. T. 1431. SYN. Διάπηγνυμι, κατὰπηγνυμι.

Πηγός, η, ὄν, bene compactus; intumescens, vel niger (vid. Steph. Thes. and Eustath. II. I. 124.): compact; swelling, or black. Καὶ κύματι πηγῶ Ψ. 234. SYN. Ευπάγης, στέρεός, οιδέων, μέλας.

Πηγυλῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, glacialis: icy, frosty. Πηγυλῖς οκριέντος Apoll. 2. 737. SYN. Πάγεράδης, ψυχρά.

Πηδάλιον, ου, τὸ, gubernaculum: a helm, rudder. Πρὸς δ' ἀρὰ πηδάλιον ε. 255. SYN. Οἶαξ. EP. Δικαῖον, εἰξέδον, ευνάϊον, ἄγρυπνον.

Πηδάσος, ου, ὁ, et (2) ἡ, Pegasus: (1) α. the son of Bucolion; β. a horse of Achilles; (2) α. the city in the Troad. Βῆ δὲ μέτ' Αἰσηπον καὶ Πηδάσον Z. 21. EP. (1) β. Ἀμύμων, ἵππος, (2) αἰπεινὴ, ἀπήςεσσα, ἀμπελέεσσα.

Πηδάω, ἡσω, salio: to leap. Androm. 1128. SYN. Ἀλλόμαι, σκιρτάω, ορχέομαι.

Πήδημα, ἄτυς, τὸ, saltus, saltatio: a leap, a dancing. Androm. 1128. SYN. Ἀλμά, σκιρτήμα.

Πηδών, οὔ, τὸ, remus: a paddle, oar. Apoll. 4. 200. SYN. Κώπη, ἐρέτης, πλάτη.

Πηκτηή, ἡς, ἡ, caseus; rete: cheese; a net. Theoc. 11. 20. SYN. Τυρός, δίκτυον.

Πηκτίς, ἰδός, ἡ, fistula: a pipe. *H' ἔφερον τὰς πηκτίδας Thesm. 1218. SYN. Σύριγξ. EP. Κάλη, ἡδύεπης, νυμφόκομος, λίγεια, ἐπτάτονος.

Πηκτός, η, ὄν, compactus; concretus; fixus: well fastened; curdled; fixed. Phoen. 499. SYN. Εὐπηκτός, ευπάγης.

Πηλάγων, ὄνός, ὁ, Gigas: one of the giants. See Blomf. in I. Πηλάγων ἐλατήρᾳ Call. 1. 3.

Πηλέγων, ὄνός, ὁ, Pelegon. Φ. 159.

Πηλείδης, Αἰολ. Πηληϊάδης, ου, et Πηλείων, ὄνός, ὁ, patronym. Pelides: the son or descendant of Peleus. Iph. A. 229. Πηληϊάδω (pronunc. δω) Ἀχιλλῆος A. 1. λ. 469.

Πηλεύς, ἔως, Ion. ἡδός, ὁ, Peleus. Hec. 37. EP. Δαίφρων, Αἰακίδης, ἱππηλάτης, γέρων, ἱππότης, ἀναξ, ἀμύμων, ἀντιθέος, εοθλός, βουλῆφόρος, ἥρως.

Πηλήϊον, α, ὄν, Peleius: of Peleus. Πηλήϊον εἰς Σ. 441.

Πήληξ, ηκός, ἡ, cassis, galea: a helmet. Ran. 1017. SYN. Κόρυς, τρυφάλεια, κύνη, κράνος. EP. Ἰπποκόμος, τέτραφάλος, εὐλόφος, φάειν.

Πηλιάς, ἀδός, et Πηλιώτις, ἰδός, ἡ, Peliaca: of or near Pelion. Πηλιάς Αργώ Apoll. I. 386. Med. 484.

Πηλίκος, η, ὄν, quanius: how great? of what size? Πηλίκος ἦσθ' ὅθ' ὁ Μῆδός Xenophanes ap. Athen. 54.

Πηλίον, ου, τὸ, Pelion: a mountain in Thessaly. Πηλίου πέσειν πότε Med. 3. EP. Εὐνοσίφυλλον, ἀπὺ, αἰπεινόν, ὤφθεν.

Πηλιώτις. See Πηλιάς.

Πηλοβάτης, ου, ὁ, qui per lutum graditur: mud-trotter. Τῷ βάλε Πηλοβάτην Batrach. 238.

Πηλός, οὔ, ὁ, lutum, cœnum: mud, dirt. Vesp. 248.

Πηλοφόρε, lutum fero: to bear mud or mortar. Av. 1142.

Πημά, ἄτος, τὸ, Πημὸν, et Πημῶσυν, ης, ἡ, damnum, exitium, injuria: loss, destruction, injury. Hec. 1150. Alcest. 530. Αλλ' οὐν ὑμεῖς γ' αἱ πημῶσυναι P. V. 1094. SYN. Βλάση, ζημία, ἐλεῖρος, συμφορά. EP. Δάφουδον, μέγα, κῆκον, πάλυκτόν, πάλιντραπέλον, δεινόν, σμικρόν, πίκρον, δύραδον, νέον, πάλαιον, καινόν, ἐπακτόν, αινόν, χάλεπν, δέηλάτν, ὀλόν, ἀελπτόν, ἀλέγων, βαρύ, πόλυστόν, λοίγν, ἀεικές, ἀργαλέον, θυμωδόν, δουθεατόν.

Πημᾶω, ἄνω, damno adicio: to injure. Iph. A. 525. SYN. Βλάπτω, σίνυμαι, κῆκῶ, κατὰπημᾶω, ἀδίκῶ, λυμᾶίνωμαι, κακῶποιῶ.

Πημὸν, Πημῶσυν. See Πημά.

Πηνεῖος, οὔ, ὁ, Peneus: a river in Thessaly. Troad. 216. EP. Καλλιρρόδης, ἀργυρρόδης, καλλιδίνης.

Πηνέλεως, ω, ὁ, Peneleus. B. 494.

Πηνέλπεια, ας, et Πηνέλπη, ης, ἡ, Penelope. Πηνέλπεια Ὀδυσσεὺς παρὰκοῖτιν φ. 158. Thesm. 554. EP. Ἀμύμων, ἐχέφρων, περὶφρων, κούρη Ἰκάριοιό, πύλωτορος, διὰ γυναικῶν, Ὀδυσσεὺς παρὰκοῖτις, αἰδοία.

Πηνέλωψ, ὀπός, ὁ, avis quædam anati similis: a widgeon. Av. 1302.

Πήνη, ης, ἡ, et Πηνῖον, tela; tapes; a web, tapestry. Ion 195. Κἀλᾶθόν τέ τὰ πηνῖα in Epigr. de quo Steph. Thes. ad v. EP. Ἀνθοκρόκος, δαιδάλεα.

Πηνίζομαι texo: to weave. Theoc. 18. 32. SYN. Μηνύομαι, ὕφαίνω.

Πηνικά, quando: when, what time. Αλλ'

ἀποίωσ πηνίκα Eccles. 857. SYN. Ἡνικά, ἡμδς, πότῃ.

Πηνῖον. See Πήνη.

Πηνῖος, α, ὄν, ad telam pertinens: of or belonging to the web. Πηνῖον ἐξέλεκουσά παρὲκ μῖτον Ψ. 762.

Πήνισμᾶ, ἄτος, τδ, stamen seu filum e colu deductum: spun thread. Ran. 1315.

Πηδς, οὔ, δ, affinis: a brother-in-law, relation by marriage. Ξ. 581. SYN. Κηδέμων, κηδεστής, κήδευμᾶ, συγγένης.

Πηδσύνη, ἡς, ἡ, affinitas: affinity. Πηδσύνη καὶ κηδὺς Apoll. 1. 48. SYN. Κηδέυμᾶ, συγγένειᾶ, κηδεία.

Πήρα, ας, ἡ, et dimin. Πηριδίον, ου, τδ, pera, crumena: a scrip, wallet. Πήραν ἔχοντᾶ λαχάνᾶ τ' ἀγρίᾱ δρόσέρᾱ κραιπάλωντᾶ Ξ' Plut. 298. Εκ πηριδίου (anap. dim.) Nub. 920. SYN. Θυλάκδς, θυλακίον, κίσισις.

Πηρδς, ἄ, ὄν, mutilus, debilis, cæcus, surdus: maimed, lame, blind, deaf. B. 559. SYN. Ἀνάπηρδς, ἐμπηρδς, κωφὺς, τυφλδς.

Πηρῶ, ὥσω, mutilo; occæco; orbo: to maim; to blind; to deprive of. Ran. 623. SYN. Κόλουω, λωβᾶμαι, ἀμέρδω, τύφλω, ἀποκόπτω.

Πηχῦῖς, α, ὄν, qui unius cubiti est: a cubit long. Ὅσον πηχυῖον (trisyll.) ὑπερθε Apoll. 3. 853.

Πηχύνω, ὕνω, cubito impositum gesto: to bear on the arm. Παλάμη ἐνὶ πηχύνουσα Apoll. 4. 972.

Πήχῦς, ἔδς, δ, brachium, cubitus: the arm from the elbow to the head, the elbow, a cubit. Πήχυν ευθύνων πόδα Heracl. 728. SYN. Αγκών, ἀγκῶλη, ὠλένη. Ερ. Λευκὺς, ἀπᾶλδς, ῥόδῳεις.

Πιάζω, f. ἄσω, et Dor. ἀζω, comprehendo: to seize, catch. Ἄπ' ὀρεῦς ἀγέ πιάζας Theoc. 4. 35. SYN. Πιέζω.

Πιαίνω, ἄνω, pinguefacio: to fatten, enrich. Τὰμᾶ πιαίνει βῆτά Cycl. 333. SYN. Λιπαίνω, χορτάζω.

Πιᾶρ, τδ, pinguedo; pingue: fatness; fat. Πιᾶρ ὕπ' οὔδας ι. 135. SYN. Πιμέλη, δημὺς. See Πίων.

Πιασμᾶ, ἄτος, τδ, uber: what fattens, the fattening. Pers. 811. See Πιαίνω. SYN. Τὸ λιπαίνον.

Πιδᾶκδεις, Πιδήεις, εσσᾶ, ἐν, aquis salientibus scats: of or copious in flowing water. Πιδᾶκῶεσσᾶ λιθᾶς Androm. 116. A. 183. SYN. Πδλῦπίδαξ, εὐδῶρδς.

Πιδᾶξ, ἄκδς, ἡ, fons, scatebra, aqua saliens: a fountain, stream, fresh water. Androm. 284. See Πιδᾶκδεις. SYN. Πηγῇ, κρήνη, λιθᾶς, σταγᾶν, ἀνᾶβλῖσις. Ερ. Δακρυῶεσσᾶ, καλλίνακδς, πορφύρεᾶ, πέτρατα, δλιγῇ.

Πιδήεις. See Πιδᾶκδεις.

Πιδύτης, ου, δ, Pidytes. Πιδύτην δ' Ὀδυσσεύς Z. 30.

Πιέζω, ἔσω, premo: to press, afflict. Δᾶβων πιέζει τὰγάθῳ τὸ δυστυχές Hipp. 633. SYN. Πιάζω, κατὰπιέζω, δλίλω, βᾶρύνω, ἀνῖᾶω, μάλασσω, κατὰβάλλω.

Πιερᾶ. See Πίων.

Πιέρια, ας, ἡ, "Pieria nonnunquam notat partem montis Olympi, nonnunquam regionem Thessaliæ, sæpe et urbem. Quando sermo est de Musis Πιερίῃθεν venientibus innuitur mons ille, Musis sacer." Damm.: Pieria. Πι is longa per arsin in Ξ. 226., Πιέρην δ' ἐπιβάσᾶ, sed brevis in Bacch. 404.

Πιερίδες, ων, αἱ, Pierides: the Muses. Ἐννῆ Πιερίδας Med. 823., answered by τᾷ σόφῃ παρῆδρου.

Πιδᾶκνη, πλευράν ἐρῶγυῖαν Plut. 546. SYN. Πιδῶς.

Πιδᾶνὺς, ἡ, ὄν, persuasorius: persuasive, convincing. Λάγον πρόβει' ἡ πιδᾶνὺν οὐτ' ἐν ασπίδος Eurip. Antiop. xlii. 2. SYN. Εὐπειστὺς, δοκίμαστος, χάριεις, ἀλήθινος.

Πιδᾶνῶς, apte ad persuadendum: persuasively. Γυναικεῖς εὐ καὶ πιδᾶνῶς πειράσθαι Thesm. 268.

Πιδέω, ἡσω, fretus sum, cedo: to rely on, comply with. Τὰχ' οὐκ εὐ πᾶσι πithήσεις φ. 369. SYN. Πειθῶμαι, ὑπέκω, ὑπακούω.

Πιθήκῳ, ἴσω, simiam ago: to play the ape, to fawn. Vesp. 1290. See Πιθηκὺς. SYN. Κόλκευω.

Πιθηκισμὺς, οὔ, δ, imitatio simiæ; adlatio: apishness; flattery. Eq. 887. See below.

Πιθηκὺς, ου, Πίθων, ανος, δ, simia: an ape. Πότερον πιθηκὺς ἀνᾶπλῶς ψιμυθίου Eccles. 1072. Pyth. 2. 132.

Πίθδς, ου, δ, dolium: a cask. Ὅρῶν πίθον κατὰγνῦμένον οἶνου πλέων Pax 703. SYN. Πίθακνη, κέραμδς.

Πίθων. See Πιθηκὺς.

Πικραίνω, amarum reddo, molestia adicio: to render bitter, annoy. Μόρσων πικραίνεταί Theoc. 5. 120. See Πικρὺς. SYN. Δάκνω, πόροζύνω, λυπῶ.

Πικρὸγᾶμδς, ου, δ, ἡ, cui nuptiæ sunt infelices: unfortunate in marriage. Γενοῖατὸ πικρὸγᾶμοί τε α. 266. See Πικρὺς.

Πικρὸγλωσσὺς, ου, δ, ἡ, amare dictus: bitterly spoken. Sept. Th. 737. See above.

Πικρὸκαρπὺς, ου, δ, ἡ, cujus fructus est amarus: having bitter fruits. Sept. Th. 690. See below.

Πικρὺς, ἄ, ὄν, amarus, acerbus: bitter, tart, cruel. Γλώσσης πικροῖς κέντροισί κληδουχούμενοι Herc. F. 1279. SYN. Ἀδευκής, ὀδυνηρδς, χάλῃπδς, στρυφνὺς.

Πικρότης, ητδς, ἡ, amaritudo: bitterness. Γυναικᾶ γλώσση πικρότης ἐνεστί τις Eur. El. 1014. See above.

Πιλῶ, ἡσω, carmino, cogo, constipo: to card, compress. Ἴπ' ἡρὶ πιληθεῖσα Apoll. 4. 678. SYN. Πικνὼν.

Πίλημᾶ, ἄτος, τδ, carminatio; tegumentum: a carding; a covering. Ποιμένικόν πίλημᾶ Call. fr. 125. SYN. Πετᾶσδς, μίτρα.

Πιλιδίον, ου, τδ, pileolus: a little hat. Τὸ πιλιδίον περὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν τὸ Μύσιον Acharn. 439.

Πιλνᾶω, Πίληνημι, admoveo: to cause to approach. Οὐρέδς ἐν βήσσης πιλνᾶ Hes. Op. 508. Ψ. 368. SYN. Πιέλᾶω, προσβάλλω, εγχερίμπτω.

Πίλδς, ου, δ, pilus: indumentum e lana vilisque compactum: felt; a hat. Πίλδν ἔχειν ασκητῶν Hes. Op. 540.

Πιμέλη, ἡς, ἡ, pinguedo: fatness, fat. Εξέκειντὸ πιμέλῃς Antig. 1011. SYN. Λιπὺς, δημὺς, πῖρ, ἀλειφᾶρ, κνίσσᾶ.

Πιμπληῖ. See Πιμπλημῖ.

Πιμπληῖα, ας, ἡ, Pimplya: a mountain in Thessaly, near Olympus, sacred to the Muses. Πιμπληῖαν ἄειον Call. 4. 7.

Πιμπληῖς, ιδὺς, ἡ, Pimpleis: of Pimplya. Σκοπίης Πιμπληῖδὺς Apoll. 1. 25.

Πιμπλημῖ, Πιμπλᾶν, compleo: to fill. Phœn.

532. Πιμπλάνεται μένος I. 675. SYN. Ἀνά-
πιμπλημί, πλήθω, εμπλήθω, πληρῶω.

Πίμπρημι, f. πρήσω, accendo, comburo: to set
on fire, burn. Troad. 886. SYN. Καίω, ἀνάκαίω,
κατάκαίω, εμπύρίζω.

Πινάκηδον, in modum tabularum: like a tablet.
Πινάκηδον ἀποσπῶν Ran. 845.

Πινάκιον, ου, τὸ, et Πινάκιος, ου, δ, tabella:
a little tablet, small dish. Σκόπεῖν δ' ὃ τὶ ἀν
πρόγραφωμένον ἐν τοῖς πινάκιοις Av. 450. Plut.
813.

Πινάκωπός, ου, δ, qui tabulas vel aves in
tabulis concertas vendit: one who sells tablets or
birds on tablets, a poulterer. Av. 14. See
above.

Πίναξ, ἀκὺς, δ, tabula, asser, catus: a tablet,
board, dish. Καὶ τὰλλα τὰτὶ τοῦ πίνακος τρά-
χημάτα Plut. 996. SYN. Σῶνις, δέλτος. Ερ.
Πυκτός, εύμοφός.

Πινῶρος, ἀ, ὄν, Πινῶεις, εσσά, ἔν, et Πινῶδης,
ἔδς, sordidus: squalid. Eur. El. 184. (Na est
brevis, ut λα in χαλῶρος.) Απλόκαμος πινῶσος
Epigr. in Steph. Thes. ad voc. Πινῶδης occurrit
in Orest. 219. SYN. Ρυπῶρος.

Πινῶ, squalo: to be to squalid. Plut. 297.
See above. SYN. Μιαινῶμαι.

Πινδαρεῖος, α, ὄν, Pindaricus: of Pindar. Av.
939. See below.

Πινδαρῶς, ου, δ, Pindarus: Pindar, an illus-
trious lyric poet of Thebes. Πινδαρὸν ου πῶθε-
οντὶ τῶσον Mosch. 3. 89.

Πινδός, ου, et ὀδῶν, δ, Pindus: a chain of
mountains in Macedonia, Thessaly, and Epirus.
Theoc. 1. 67.

Πιννὸθήρης, ου, δ, cancellus, vel squilla quæ-
dam pinnæ socia: the smallest of crabs that
waits upon the naker fish. Vesp. 1510.

Πινῶεις. See Πινῶρος.

Πινός, ου, δ, sordes: filth, squalidness. Συγ-
κατόφκηκεν πίνος CEd. C. 1259. SYN. Ρυπός,
ῥυπὼν, λυμῶ.

Πινύσσω, Πινύσσω, doceo, admonéo: to teach,
advise. Μάλᾳ τῷδε πινύσκει Call. 3. 152. Τῇ
ἐπινυσσέν εφετμή H. 249. SYN. Νοθετέω, προσ-
φωνέω.

Πινυτός, ἡ, ὄν, prudens, callidus: wise, pru-
dent, clever. Ὅστις πινυτός γέ μετέλθοι α. 229.
The fem. πινυτή is used as a substantive, H. 289.
v. 71. and 228. SYN. Φρόνιμος, σύνετός, πέ-
ρίφρων, σάφρων.

Πίνω, Ion. imp. πίνεσκον, f. πίνουμαι, poet. πί-
δωμαι, 2. α. ἐπίνω, pf. πέπωκα, bibo, potō: to drink.
Διδόνσθ' πίνεις οἶδον οὐκ ανθοσμίαν Ran. 1247. Π.
226. The first syllable of πιέμεν, π. 143. σ. 3. of
πιόμενος, κ. 160. and of πιόμεν' N. 493., is long
on account of the metrical ictus. It is common
in Aristophanes and long in Sophocles. SYN.
Εκπίνω, κατὰπίνω, φιλοπυτέω.

Πινῶδης. See Πινῶρος.

Πινῶνδος, ου, δ, ἡ, pingua pascua habens:
having rich pastures. Νῦν ἐν πινῶνδοις Æsch.
Sup. 51. SYN. Εύφορός, εύκαρπός, πίων.

Πιπιζῶ, do bibere: bibo: to give to drink;
to sip. Av. 508.

Πιπράσκω, fut. πράσω, vendo, mercede ac-
cepta prodo: to sell, to betray for money. Δίχως
ἐπράθην ἰων ἐλευθέρων πατρός Choëph. 910. SYN.
Ἀπεμπόλαω, πωλέω.

Πίπτω, f. πέσομαι, 2. α. ἐπέσθω, pf. πέπωκα,
et Πίπνω, 2. α. ἐπίνω, cado: to fall. Hec.
775. Πρὸς Δεομήτηρ πίπναι Hec. 23.: sed

Elmsley legit πίπτει. SYN. Κατὰπίπτω, πίπνῶ,
ημῶ, ἐρείπω.

Πίσᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, Pisa: a city of Elis, situated on
the Alpheus. Iph. T. 1. See below.

Πισάτης, ἰδὼς, ἡ, Πισεύς, ἔως, Ion. et Dor.
ἡδς, δ, Pisatis: of Pisa. Αἰπὼν Πισάτιδᾶς ὄχθας
Orph. Argon. 214. Πάντας γὰρ Πισῆας Theoc.
25. 201.

Πισεύς. See above.

Πισός, ἔδς, τὸ, locus irriguus: a marshy place,
a meadow. Πισῶ τε πρόλιπὼν καὶ ἑλεσπιδᾶς
Apoll. 1. 1266. SYN. see Λειμῶν.

Πίσσᾶ, 'seu Πίττᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, pīx, pitch. Ἡ πίττᾶ
δήπου καὶ μένους ἐξέρχεται Vesp. 1375.

Πισήεις, εσσά, ἔν, Πισίνος, ἡ, ὄν, et Πισ-
σῆρης, ἔς, piceus: pitchy. Nicand. Θ. 716.
Ad πισίνος s. πλίνος Schæf. in Steph. ed.
Valp. citat Aristoph. Pollucis 10. 185. Πισ-
σῆρης occurrit in Choëph. 262.

Πιστευῶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, fides, pignus fidei: a pledge
of faith. Agam. 851. SYN. Εγγύη, εγγυήσις.

Πιστεύω, σω, credo; fido; committo: to be-
lieve; to trust; to entrust. Orest. 1102. SYN.
Πείθεμαι, παρότιθεμαι.

Πιστίς, ἔως, ἡ, fiducia, fides: confidence,
pledge of faith. Πιστὴν ου συμκράν δέων Hippol.
1040. SYN. Εγγύη, αξιωμα. Ερ. Ασφάλης, ἐν-
δίκος, αλκήεσσά, δεδεϊδής.

Πιστός, ἡ, ὄν, fidelis, fidei dignus: faithful, to
be depended upon. Phœn. 376. SYN. Αξιο-
πιστός, δοκίμος, αξιόχρεως, εύορκός, βέβαιος.

Πιστόθωμαι, fidem facio mihi: to confirm. Iph.
A. 66. SYN. Βεβαιόθωμαι.

Πιστῶν, ου, τό; Πίστρα, ας, ἡ, poculum; ca-
nalis in quo adhaquantur pecora: a drinking-cup;
a trough. Cycl. 29. 47. SYN. Κύλαξ.

Πισῦνός, ἡ, ὄν, fretus: relying on. Θορύβω δέ
πισῦνος κάμαθι παρήσῃα Orest. 896. SYN. Πισ-
τεύων, θαρρόν.

Πισυρές, ων, quatuor: four. Ὅς τ' ἐπεὶ ἐκ
πῶλων πισύρας συνέγειρεται ἵππους O. 680. SYN.
Τέσσαρες.

Πιτάνη, ἡς, ἡ, Pitane: a town in Laconia.
Μηδὲ πόλιν Πιτάνας Troad. 1101.

Πιτθεὺς, ἔως, Ion. ἡδς, δ, Pitheus. Hipp. 11.

Πιτνάω, Πιτνημί, expando, extendo: to expand,
to stretch. Πίτνα πρόσθ' ἐβάθειαν Φ. 7. Eur. El.

713. SYN. Εκτείνω, εκτάνυσσω.

Πίπνῶ aut Πίπνω. See Πίπτω.

Πίττᾶ. See Πίσσᾶ.

Πιττάκος, οὔ, δ, Pittacus: one of the seven
wise men of Greece. Ἀνῆρέτῳ Πιττάκῳ οὕτως
Call. Ep. 1. 1.

Πιττάλος, ου, δ, Pittalus. Κλαῖ πρὸς τοὺς
Πιττάλους Acharn. 1032.

Πιτυεῖᾶ, ας, ἡ, Pityia: a town in Asia Minor.
Καὶ ἱμερτὴ Πιτυεῖα Apoll. 4. 565.

Πιτυλέω, cieo strepitum remorum agitatione;
strepo; laboro: to splash; to bluster; to toil.

Πολλὰ δ' ἐφ' ὕγρα πτυλέουσας Vesp. 678.

Πιτύλος, ου, δ, sonus præcipue remorum aquam
pulsantium: a splashing, a noise. Ταρσὶ κατ-
ήρει πιτύλῳ επτέρωμένον Iph. T. 1347. SYN.

Ψόφος, κρότος.

Πιτυρόν, ου, τὸ, fufur, bran. Νῦν θυσῶ τᾷ
πιτυρᾷ Theoc. 2. 33.

Πίτυς, ὄδς, ἡ, pinus: the pine-tree. Καὶ ἂ
πίτυς αὐτοδὲ τήνα Theoc. 1. 1. Ερ. Ἀκροκόμδος,

ὕψηλῃ, σκίερᾳ, μακρᾷ, κρᾶνῃ, βλωθρᾷ.

Πιφαύσσω, Πιφαύσκομαι, dico, memoro, os-
tendo: to tell, mention, show. Οὗς νῶν πί-

φασκεῖ Δύλων K. 478. Μυρμιδόνεςσὶ πῖφασ-
κεῖσσι P. 12. SYN. Φημί, δηλῶ, παιφάσσω, φανέ-
ρω, μῆνυω, σημαίνω.

Πίων, ὄντος, compar. πιτῆρδς, superl. πιτᾶτδς,
η, ὄν, et Πειρά, η, ὄν, adj., pinguis: fat, rich.
Πίονά πεντάετηρον B. 403. Hom. Apoll. 48.
I. 471. Καλή καὶ πλείρα περίρρυτος Σ. 342. SYN.
Ευδαίμων.

Πλαγά, Dor. pro Πληγή, q. v.

Πλάγαιυλδς, ου, ὁ, obliqua tibia: a cross or
oblique flute. Κῆν δώναι κῆν πλαγιάυλφ Theoc.
20. 29.

Πλαγίος, α, ὄν, obliquus, transversus; am-
biguus: oblique, across, athwart; ambiguous.
Iph. A. 832. See above. SYN. Λέχριδς, εγ-
κάροισς, δολιός.

Πλάγκων, ὠνδς, ὁ, cerea pupa: a wax doll.
Call. 6. 91.

Πλαγκτός, η, ὄν, vagus; stolidus: wandering;
foolish. Eur. Sup. 971.

Πλαγκτόσυνη, ης, ἡ, vagatio: a wandering
about, vagtancy. Πλαγκτόσυνης δ' ουκ ἐστὶ ο.
342. SYN. Πάνη, ἀλησσύνη, ἀλημά, ἀλη.

Παδάρδς, α, ὄν, madidus: wet, flaccid. Βρι-
θόμενοι πλαδάροισι κάρησιν Apoll. 3. 1397.
SYN. Ἰγρός, διῦγρός, ἱκμάλεός, διέρδς, νυτ-
ρός.

Παδᾶω, nimio humore madeo: to be too wet.
Οἷον δὲ παδᾶωσάν Apoll. 2. 664. SYN. Ἰγραί-
νόμαι, νυτίζομαι.

Πάδω, f. ἀγέω, et Πανᾶω, ἡσω, errare facio;
ergo: to cause to err, frustrate; to err, wander.
Δύσφημος πλάσιτοῦ δ' ἡέρδς Apoll. 1. 1137.
Ἴπποι δὲ πλάνδωνται Ψ. 321. SYN. Ἀπόπλάω,
πᾶρῑτρέπω, σφάλλω.

Παδᾶν, ης, ἡ, vel Παδᾶνόν, ου, τὸ, sartago:
a frying-pan. Ἐπὶ παδᾶνῃ (al. παδᾶνφ) πᾶ-
νεόνται Theoc. 15. 115. SYN. Ἡγᾶνόν, τήγᾶνόν.
Πάδω. See Πέλας.

Παισίον, ου, τὸ, quadratum oblongum; la-
teris forma; later: an oblong square; the form
of a brick, rectangle; a brick. Καὶ παισία
ξύμπυκτᾶ Ran. 800.

Πάκέρδς, α, ὄν, textilis, aut latus: plaited, or
broad. Ζωστήρι πακέρφ ρούκαν Theoc. 7. 18.
Calliergus here read πλᾶκέρφ, which, like
πλᾶκέρφ, is by some derived from πλέκω, and
then obtains the meaning of textilis. Schneider
derives πλᾶκέρδς from πλάξ, πλᾶκός, and ap-
prehends its signification to be the same as πλάτυς.
SYN. Πλάτυς, πλεκτός.

Πάκεις, εντός, aut Πάκοις, ουντός, planus,
spatiosus: plain, spacious. Orph. Arg. 949.
Πάκοις etiam, i. e. ἀρτός, est placenta: a pan-
cake. Ἄμυλοι πᾶκούντες σισάμοιυντὲς Ἰτρία
Acharn. 1092. SYN. Πλάτυς, πλᾶκέρδς, (2)
λαγᾶνόν, ζωμός.

Πλᾶνᾶω. See Πλάω.

Πάδῃ, ης, ἡ, Πλᾶνῃᾶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, et Πλᾶνδς,
ου, ὁ, error: a wandering, error, maze. Τέρμα
τῆς ἐμῆς πλᾶνῃς P. V. 643. 853. (E. R. 67.
The masculine πλᾶνδς seems to have been the
more modern, πλᾶνῃ the more ancient form of
this word. See Monk. Hipp. 283. SYN. Πλαγ-
κτόσυνη, ἀλη, ἀλημά. Ερ. Πόλυφθόρδς, ἀλιός.

Πλᾶνῃς, ἡτδς, Πλᾶνῃᾶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ergo; vagus:
a wanderer; wandering, vagrant. Iph. T. 418.
Heracl. 878. See above. SYN. Πλαγκτός,
ἀλῆτῃς.

Πλᾶνδς. See Πλᾶνῃ.

Πλᾶνοστιής, ἑδς, ὁ, ἡ, errantibus caleatus:

trodden by wanderers. Τῇν πλᾶνοστιῇ χθύνᾶ
Eumen. 76.

Πλᾶνύσσω, aut Πλᾶνύττω, oberro, vagabundus
sum: to wander about. Τί ὦ πόνηρ ἄνω κάτω
πλᾶνύττωμεν Av. 3. SYN. Πλᾶνάδωμαι, πλάζωμαι,
ἀλάω, ἀλημί, περίφερόμαι. PHR. Δρόμους τέ
πολλούς πλῆθω καμπίμους.

Πλάξ, πλᾶκός, ἡ, planities, tabula: a flat or
level surface, a table. Χερσὸνῃσιαν πλάκα Hec.
8. SYN. Σάνις, γῆ, ισθπέδον. Ερ. Δικόρυφδς,
αιθέρια, ποντία, πλουσία, ἡλιόδλητδς, σεμνή,
νάπαλα, βάθειᾶ, τάνυφυλλδς.

Πλάσμά, ἄτδς, τὸ, figmentum; commentum:
any thing formed, a figure; an invention. Aves
686.

Πλάσσω, πλάσω, fingo, formo; illino; com-
minisco: to fashion; to besmear; to invent.
Ἄνᾶ χρόνον πέπλασμενον Ion 829. SYN. Δᾶ-
πλάσσω, μορφῶω, τύπῶω, προσποιέμαι, σχημα-
τίζω.

Πλάστιγξ, ιγγδς, ἡ, lanx e jugo suspensa;
flagrum (vid. Etymol. M. p. 674. 20. and Span-
hem. ad Aristoph. Ran. 1420.): the scale of a
balance; a thong. Pax 1248. SYN. Πίναξ,
λέκάνη, μάστιγξ.

Πλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, fictus, adulterinus: formed,
fictitious. (E. R. 780. SYN. Ἐπιπλαστός, κίβ-
δηλδς.

Πλάτᾶγέω, ἡσω, sonitum edo, crepito: to
make a noise, clap the hands. Καὶ ἀνάλατῶ καὶ
πλάτᾶγησεν Theoc. 8. 88. SYN. Ψόφέω, σμά-
ρᾶγέω, κροτέω, κροτάλίζω. PHR. Κρούω χεῖρας.

Πλάτᾶγῃ, ἡς, ἡ, crepitus, crepitaculum: a
noise, a rattle. Χαλκείην πλάτᾶγῃν Apoll. 2.
1057. SYN. Κῶδων, κροτάλιν.

Πλάτᾶγῃᾶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, strepitus, sonus: a din,
noise. Πότεμέᾶτῶ τὸ πλάτᾶγῃᾶ Theoc. 3. 29.
SYN. Πάτᾶγδς, πᾶτᾶγῃᾶ, ἀραγμός, ψόφδς,
δρῶδς.

Πλάτᾶγῶνινόν, ου, τὸ, papaveris folium: a
poppy bell. Εὐθρόᾶ πλάτᾶγῶνιν ἔχοισαν Theoc.
11. 57.

Πλάταιᾶ, ας, ἡ, Platæa: in Bœotia. Οἷτῃ
Πλάταιᾶν ἔχον B. 504.

Πλάταιεῖς, ἑδς, Platæensis: of Platæa. Ran.
694. See above.

Πλάτᾶμόν, ὠνδς, ὁ, saxum amplum et latum:
a large flat rock. Λεῖφ' ἐπὶ πλάτᾶμόνιν Apoll. 1.
365. SYN. Πέτρα.

Πλάτᾶνιστδς, Πλάτᾶνδς, ου, ἡ, platanus: a
plane-tree. Καλῇ ὑπὸ πλάτᾶνιστῶ B. 307. Nub.
1004. Ερ. Ἀγρία, βλαυρά, ευμῆκης, λασία,
σκιέρα, ἀμφιλάφης, κόμωσᾶ.

Πλάτᾶνιστέω, platanis obumbror: to be co-
vered with plane-trees. Εκ πλάτᾶνιστούντος
Theogn. 878.

Πλάτᾶνδς. See Πλάτᾶνιστδς.

Πλάτειζέω, ἄσω, dilato: to speak broadly.
Τρύγυνες εκκναυσενὺν πλάτειᾶσδοισαί ἅπαντα
Theoc. 15. 88.

Πλάτᾶέμαι, dilator: to be made broad,
Acharn. 551. See Πλάτᾶνδς.

Πλάτῃ aut Πάτα, ης, ἡ, palmula: the broad
part of the oar, an oar. Ευπρόνοισιν Αργείοις
πλάταις Iph. A. 728. SYN. Κώπη. Ερ. Ἐνάλια,
νύκτερδς, ναυπόρδς, ναυτίλδς, πρωτόπλοδς, πον-
τύπορδς, ναυσίπύρδς, εσχάτια, εὐπρυμνδς, εὐπόρδς.

Πλάτῃς, ἰδδς, ἡ, conjux: a wife. Καὶ τοῖσι
παιδίοισι καὶ τῇ πλάτῃδι Acharn. 132. SYN.
Γυνῇ, ἀκοῖτις.

Πλάτδς, ἑδς, τὸ, latitudo: breadth. Ἰπὸ τοῦ

πλάτους ἀν πᾶρῆλ' αἰτήν 'Ηράκλεις Av. 1129. SYN. Εὐρὸς, ευρύτης.

Πλάτυγίς, palmula aquam percutiendo strepitum excitō: to make a splash. Τί θάλαττ' ὀκῦπεις καὶ πλάτυγίς Eq. 827.

Πλάτῦρρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, late fluens: wide-flowing. Ὅσσην πλάτῦρρος Νεῖλός P. V. 877.

Πλάτῦς, εἶα, ὅ, latus: broad. Πλαγχθεῖς πλάτεις πεδῖδος θ' ἀμαξίτου Rhcs. 279. SYN. Ευρύς, ευρύχωρός.

Πλάω, ἄσω, ἡσω. See Πέλαω.

Πλέγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, textura, nexus: any thing plaited or connected; a link. Ion 1392. SYN. Πλεκτάνη, πλόκη, πλέκός.

Πλεθρόν. See Πέλεθρόν.

Πλειάς, Ion. Πληῖας, Πέλειας, ἄδος, ἡ, Vergilia: one of the Pleiades. Πλειᾶδος αἰσῶν ἐπὶ μεσσήρης Iph. A. 8. Σ. 486. Theoc. 13. 25.

Πλείν. See Πλεῖν.

Πλείον. See Πλεῖν.

Πλείως. See Πλεῖς.

Πλείω. See Πλεῖω.

Πλειστήρης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, quamplurimus: very much, long. Πλειστήρη χρόνον Eumen. 766.

Πλειστηρίζομαι, potissimum arguo: to accuse as the principal cause. Choëph. 1016.

Πλειστόμυρτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde frequens: much frequented. Olymp. 6. 116.

Πλείστως, η, ὅν, plurimus: the most, greatest. O. 616.

Πλείων, πλείων, plus: more. μ. 196. O. 611.

Πλείων, ὠνός, ὁ, annus: a year. Call. 1. 89. SYN. Ἐτός, ἐνιαυτός.

Πλέκος, ἔδος, τὸ, sportula e viminibus contexta: a wicker basket. Acharn. 454. SYN. Πλέγμα, φορμίον.

Πλέκω, σοῖο. Καπῖθυμοιεν πλέκουν Lysist. 152.

Πλεκτᾶω. See Πλέκω.

Πλεκτάνη, ης, ἡ, spira; rete: a coil, wreath; a net. Av. 1717. Ta brevis est, ut χα in μηχανῇ. SYN. Πλέγμα, πλέκός.

Πλεκτός, η, ὅν, plexus; textilis: twisted; to be woven. Hipp. 807.

Πλέκω, ἔω, Πλεκτᾶω, necto, texo, plico: to plait, weave, entangle. Ion 1409. Choëph. 1036. See Πλεκτάνη. SYN. Ἀνὰ πλέκω, ἐμπλέκω, κατὰ πλέκω, εἶρω, συμπλέκω, ὑφαίνω.

Πλεῖν, ποῖτ. Πλεῖον, ἐτ. Πλεῖν, adv. magis: more. P. V. 485. Thesm. 560. Plut. 1185.

Πλεῖνεξία, ας, ἡ, avaritia: avarice. Πλεῖνεξίαν τὴν δωμάτων ἀπέπτυσσεν Iph. A. 509. SYN. Φίλιχρηματία, φίλαρτία.

Πλέως, Πλείως, α, ὅν, Πλέως, ω, plenus: full. P. V. 721. O. 162. Eq. 1126. SYN. Ἐμπλέως, πλήρης, μεστός, ἀνάμεστός.

Πλεύμων. See Πνεύμων.

Πλευρά, ἄς, ἡ, Πλευρόν, οὐ, τὸ, Πλευρώμα, ἄτος, τὸ, latus, costa: a side, rib. Nub. 711. Hec. 814. Sept. Th. 887.

Πλευριτίς, ἰδός, ἡ, pleuritis: a pleurisy, a pain in the side. Πλευριτίς ἡμῶν οὐδὲν Ecceles. 417.

Πλευροκόπῃω, latera percutio: to strike the sides. Aj. 236.

Πλευρόν. See Πλευρά.

Πλευρώμα. See Πλευρά.

Πλευρών, ὠνός, ἡ, Pleuron: a city in Ætolia. B. 639.

Πλευρώνιος, α, ὅν, Pleuronius: of Pleuron. Πλευρώνιον ἔς μοι ἀνέστη Ψ. 635.

Πλευστής, α, ὅν, navigandus: must sail. Lysist. 411.

Πλευστικός, ἡ, ὅν, navigationi commodus: favourable for sailing. Πλευστικός οὐρος Theoc. 13. 52. SYN. Πλώσιμος, ναυσίπορος, πλωτός.

Πλέω, Ion. Πλείω, f. πλεύσω, et Πλώω, f. ὥσω, et Ion. imp. πλωῖς ἐσκόν, navigo: to sail. Orest. 79. p. 368. e. 240. Hes. Op. 632. SYN. Διάπλέω, ἀπὸ πλέω, ναυτιλλῶμαι, ναυστολέωμαι.

Πλέων. See Πλείων.

Πλέως. See Πλείως.

Πληγᾶδες, apud Apoll. 2. 597. et 647. pro Συμπληγᾶδες, q. v.

Πληγή, ἡς, ἡ; Πληγῶμα, ἄτος, τὸ, plaga, ictus: a stripe, blow. Rhcs. 792. Iph. T. 1367. SYN. Τραῦμα, αἰκία, βδολή, ἀραγμός.

Πληθός, ἔος, τό; Πληθὺς, ὕος, ἡ, multitudo: a multitude, population. Hec. 1149. Πληθὺς ἐπερχόμενον Ap. Rh. 1. 239. Πληθὺν ὥς ὅποτε Ζεφύρος A. 305. Ἐνὶ πληθὺ μὲν ἀνδρῶν X. 458. B. 278. SYN. Ὅχλος, ὁμήγυρις, λαός, εἰλη, πᾶνήγυρις. Ep. Δεινόν, ἀλόγιστόν, μέγα, ἀθρόον, ἀπερίττον.

Πληθύνω, ὕνω, multiplico, augeo: to multiply. Πάντ' ὅθεν πληθύνομαι Agam. 1341. SYN. Αὐξω.

Πληθὺς, ὅσω, plenus sum, praevalere: to be full, to be very prevalent. Χοιράδες τ' ἐπλήθουν Pers. 427. Πληθύνει penultimam corripit, observavit Blomf. ad Agam. 1341. SYN. Αὐξάνομαι, πληθύνω.

Πληθύς. See Πλήθος.

Πλήθω, ὡ, impleo; plenus sum: to fill; to be full. Med. 901. SYN. Εμπλήθω, πληρῶω, πίμπλημι, ἀναπλήθω.

Πληῖας. See Πλειάς.

Πληκτιζόμεναι, (1) depugno: to contend with; (2) lascive me gero: to be wanton. Eccles. 964. SYN. Μάχομαι, διαμάχομαι, ὑβρίζω.

Πληκτρόν, aut Dor. Πάκτρον, ου, τὸ, pecten; calcar gallinae; flagellum; telum: an instrument with which the lyre was struck; a cock's spur; a whip; a dart. (See Monk ad Alcest. 129.) Av. 759. SYN. Κτεῖς, ἱμασθλή, μαστίξ, βέλός. Ep. Χρυσέον, ἐλεφάντινον.

Πλημί, impleo: to fill. Πλητὸ δὲ πᾶν πείδιον ξ. 267. Alii hoc habent pro ἐπέπλητ' α πλέω seu πλήθω.

Πλημμελέω, ἡσω, pecco, delinquo: to act wrong, to err. Phcen. 1669. SYN. Ἀμαρτάνω, ἀφάμαρτάνω, ὑβρίζω.

Πλημμελής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, inconditus, discors, mendosus: out of tune, inharmonious, wrong. Rhcs. 855. SYN. Ἄμουςός, ἀμελής, ἀμέτρως, ῥάθυμος, ἀπαίδευτος, μοχθηρός.

Πλημμυρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, impetus fluctuum maris; aestus: the dashing of the waves; a tide. Δευέται πλημμυρίδι Alcest. 185. The penult. of πλημμυρίς is long in the instance quoted above, in Apoll. 2. 578., 1241., and Choëph. 180. It is short, i. 487. and Apoll. 4. 1269. Other instances do not occur in the writers to which the author has for the most part confined himself. SYN. Ἀμπαρίς, ἀνάρροια.

Πλημμύρω, aestuo, inundo: to overflow. Πλήμμυρον λόχις εκ νηδύς Apoll. 4. 706.

Πλήμνη, ης, ἡ, modiolus rotæ cui inseritur axis: the hole in the centre of the wheel, into which the axle is placed. Ψ. 339. SYN. Χνῶα, σύριγξ.

Πλήν, præter; tamen: besides, except; never-

theless, yet. Ου γὰρ ἄλλος πλὴν ἐγώ Plut. 106. Πλὴν τῷ τέκοντί κάρτᾳ δυσμάθης ἰδεῖν Med. 1193. Regit accus., vice præpositionis.

Πληξίπτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, equos pungens, eques: spurring horses, equestrian, warlike. A. 93. SYN. see Ἱππότης.

Πλήρης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, plenus: full. Hec. 520. SYN. see Πλεῖος.

Πληρῶ, ὥσω, compleo: to fill up. Hipp. 1324. SYN. Ἀνάπληρῶ, εκπληρῶ, πλήθω, γέμιζω.

Πληρωμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, plenitudo, copia: fulness. Orest. 1659. SYN. Πλησμὸνῃ, πληθῶς.

Πλησιάζω, ἄσω, appropinquo: to approach. Πλησίασθῆν ποτέ Eur. El. 634. SYN. Πέλδζω, πῖλννμῖ, ἐγγίζω, χρίμπτω.

Πλησιῖς, α, ὄν, propinquus: near, neighbouring, a relation. Πλησία σταθεῖσά δὸς Iph. A. 629. SYN. Παράπλησις, ἀγχιστεύς, οικεῖς, πλησιόχωρος.

Πλησιόχωρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vicinus: neighbouring. Vesp. 393. See above. SYN. Πρόσοικς, πρόσχωρος, γείτων, πέρικτιόν, ασιγείτων.

Πλησιόχως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vela implens: sail-filling. Οἰρὺν ἰεῖ πλησιόστιόν μ. 149.

Πλησμὸνῃ, ἡς, ἡ, satietas: satiety. Troad. 1201. SYN. Πληρωμᾶ, κόρος.

Πλήσσω aut Πλήττω, f. ἔω, Ion. Πέπληγω, percutio: to strike, smite. Thesm. 186. Σ. 51. SYN. Κατάπλήσσω, τύπτω, κόπτω, ἄράσσω, ῥήγνυμι, βάλλω, οὐτάζω, βλάπτω, πληγὰς ἐμβάλλω σ. εντείνω.

Πλινθεύω, Πλινθουργέω, lateres fingo: to make bricks or tiles. Ran. 800. Plut. 514. PHL. Πλινθους ἐλκῶω, οπτάω.

Πλίνθς, ου, ἡ, later, tegula: a brick, tile. Pax 100.

Πλινθουργέω. See Πλινθεύω.

Πλινθοφόρέω, lateres porto: to carry bricks. Av. 1139.

Πλινθοφόρος, ου, ὁ, qui lateres bajulat: one who carries bricks, a bricklayer. Av. 1134.

Πλινθόφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, lateribus contextus: covered with bricks or tiles. Πάντ᾽ αὐτῷ πλινθόφης P. V. 459.

Πλίσσῃμαι, ἔσμαι, tolutum incedo: to go at an ambling pace. ζ. 318. SYN. Διάδαινω.

Πλοῖον, dimin. α (2) Πλοῖον, ου, τὸ, (1) navicula, cymba: a boat; (2) navis, impr. oneraria: a ship, properly of burden. Εν πλοῖαριῳ τυννου-τῷ σ' ἄνηρ γέρων Ran. 139. Sept. Th. 598. SYN. Εφορκίς, βάρης, σχεδία, ναῦς.

Πλοῖον. See above.

Πλοκάμης, ἰδὸς, ἡ; Πλοκάμς, Πλόχμς, οὔ, ὁ, cincinni, coma: curled or braided hair. Τῷ τῶν πλοκάμιδ᾽ φδρεντός Theoc. 13. 7. Orest. 381. P. 52. SYN. Χαίτη, κύκινος, βόστρυχος, κύμη, δριξ, ἑθειρά. SYN. Φάεινῃ, αὐχηρᾷ, καλλικόμῃ, τρύφερά, ξανθῇ, λιπαρᾷ, λευκοῦριξ, χάριεσσ᾽, ἰσθλός.

Πλόκη, ἡς, ἡ, nexus; fraus: a plaiting; a fraud. Iph. A. 936. SYN. Συμπλόκη, σύνδεσμός, ἀπάτη.

Πλόκς, ου, ὁ, corolla; cirrus; funis: a chaplet; lock of hair; rope. Med. 782. SYN. Πλέγμα, πλοκάμς.

Πλὸς, contr. Πλοῦς, ὄον, οὔ, ὁ, navigatio: a voyage, course. Δδλῖχον πλὸν γ. 169. Πλοῦν ὁρῶντ᾽ ἡσῖχον Hec. 889. SYN. Ναυτίλια, ναυκληρία, ναυστόλια, ναυστόλημᾶ. Ερ. Έσχα-τός, κάλδς, ούριος, ἀτήμων, τάχς, ἐυάνεμος.

Πλουθῦγεια, ας, ἡ, salus et divitiæ: health and wealth. Εικπώματ᾽ πλουθῦγείαν Vesp. 677.

Πλοῦς. See Πλὸς.

Πλούσιος, α, ὄν, dives: rich. Πλουσίον φρὸ-νῆματι Eur. El. 371. SYN. Εὐπύρος, ἀφνειός, ὀλβίος, ευχρημάτος, ευκτήμων, πύλυχρυσος, πολυ-κτῆνός, πλοκτικήμων, πύλυκληρὸς, πλουτόχων, πλουτογῆθς, ἀφθύνος.

Πλουσίως, affluenter: in an expensive or splendid manner. Vesp. 1168. See above. SYN. Εὐπύρος, ἀφθύνος.

Πλουτέω, ἡσω, dives sum: to be rich. An- drom. 210. SYN. Εὐπύρῃ, ευχρημάτῃ.

Πλουρίζω, divitem reddo: to enrich. Agam. 1239. SYN. Πλούσιον, εὐπύρον, ἀφνειόν, ποίεω, ὀλβίζω.

Πλουτογῆθς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, divitiis lætus: delight- ing in wealth. Choëph. 788.

Πλουτὸδότης, ου, ὁ, divitiarum largitor: the giver of riches. Hes. Op. 125. SYN. Ὀλεῖδω- ρός.

Πλοῦτς, ου, ὁ, divitiæ; Plutus: riches, wealth; personif. Plutus the god of wealth. Phœn. 606. SYN. Ἀφένος, ἀφθύνια, κτήματ᾽, ὀλβός, κτῆν᾽, περίουσία, ευδαιμονία; (2) Πλού- των. Ερ. Θεσπεσίος, μέγας, ἀδικός, διάδεκτωρ, ὑπὸπτερός, ἄννηρτς, αὐτάρκης, ἀπειρέσιος, πίκρος, ἐπίμοχθς, ευροσθένης.

Πλουτόχων, χθύνος, dives terra: rich in land. Eumen. 950.

Πλούταν, ὠνός, ὁ, Pluto; Plutus (vid. Schnei- der. Orph. Argon. 1194.): Pluto, the god of the infernal regions; Plutus, the god of wealth. Plut. 727. SYN. (1) See Ἄδης and Ἄιδωνες, (2) Πλοῦτς.

Πλόχμς. See Πλοκάμης.

Πλύνος, οὔ, ὁ, locus vel labrum in quo lavan- tur vestes: a place for washing clothes, a wash- ing-tub. Ένθα δ' ἐπ' αὐτῶν πλῦνοί ευρέες X. 153. Ερ. Ἐπητᾶνός, κάλδς, λαίνεός.

Πλύνω, Ion. imp. πλύνεσκόν, f. Ion. πλύνεω, Att. πλύνω, lavo vestes: to wash clothes. Εισίω και πλυνέ γε Plut. 1168. X. 155. SYN. Λούω, κατὰπλύνω, μύλυνω, νίπτω, κλύζω.

Πλώας, ἄδός, ἡ, nubes natans: a floating cloud. Πλωᾶδες οἰϋτόνου Philoct. 1093.

Πλωῖεσκόν. See Πλέω.

Πλώις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, genus avis natatilis (vid. Pausan. 8. 4.): the name of a voracious bird which frequented the lake Stymphalus and was destroyed by Hercules. Πλωῖδ᾽ς ὄρνιθας Στυμ- φάλιδ᾽ς Apoll. 2. 1055.

Πλωσίμς, η, ὄν, navigabilis: navigable. C. C. 663. SYN. Πλωτς, πλευστικός, ναυσίπύρος, πλωτικός.

Πλωτήρ, ἡρὸς, ὁ, natator; nauta: a swimmer; a sailor. Eccles. 1087. SYN. Ναύτης.

Πλωτς, η, ὄν, navigabilis; natatilis: naviga- ble; floating. Apoll. 4. 232. SYN. Πλώσίμς, πλευστικός, ναυσίπύρος.

Πλώω. See Πλέω.

Πνέω. See Πνέω.

Πνεῦμα, ἄτος, τό; Πνῆθ, et poet. Πνοή, ἡς, ἡ, spiritus, flamen, flatus: breath, wind, blast. Hec. 565. Orest. 84. E. 526. SYN. Ἄημ᾽, αὔτημῃ. Ερ. Ἠδιστόν, θείον, ηῤῆτισμένον, κάλ- λιστόν, καθάρρον, ούριον, ἀναιμόν, δύσχειμόν, δ᾽- λάσσιον, ἀημιόν, ἀπ᾽ἄλδν, κραπνύσσιον, φαιδρόν, πόμπιμόν, εὐεῖλδν, λεπτόν, φίλδν, πλησίσιον, ευαές, θερμόν, χειμερίον.

Πνεύμων, Πλεύμων, ὄνως, ὁ, pulmo : the lungs. Τόδ' αὖ πνευμῶνα λαΐζειν Orest. 526. Ran. 476. Πνεύμων is the term employed by the more ancient, πλεύμων by the more recent Attic writers. See R. P. Orest. 271. Brunck. Trach. 567. and Blomf. Sept. Th. 61.

Πνέω, ποῖτ. Πνεῖω, f. πνεύσονται et πνευσούμαι, spiro, anhele : to breathe, blow. Εἰ μή γὰρ πῦρ πνέουσι Alcest. 509. η. 119. Ἐπὶ πνέω, κἀτὰ πνέω, ἀημί, φουσῶ, ῥαῶ.

Πνίγευς, ἔως, ὁ, furnus : an oven. Λέγοντες ἀνὰ πείθοουσιν ὡς ἐστὶν πνίγευς Nub. 96. SYN. Ἰπνός, κἄμινος.

Πνιγρὸς, ἄ, ὄν, fervens ; suffocans : sultry ; choking. Κρῆσσαντὶ σαυτὸν παῖε πνιγρὰν λέγεις Ran. 122.

Πνίγος, ἔως, τὸ, æstus velut nos suffocans : sultry heat. Μῆτρίφ πνίγει κοδικ ἀπὸ δράντες Av. 726. SYN. Καυμά, θάλαπτος.

Πνίγω, ῥω, suffoco ; coquo in vase clauso : to choke, strangle ; stew. Ἐπνιγμὴν τὰ σπλάγχνα Nub. 1019. SYN. Ἀποπνίγω, κἀτὰ πνίγω, ἀγχω.

Πνὴθ, et Πνοή. See Πνευμά.

Πνώ, f. πνώω, pf. p. πέπνυμαι, sapere facio : to make wise. Ἀνθρώπων πέπνυσθ' ἰδοί ψ. 210.

Πνίξ, gen. πνυκός, ὁ, Pnyx : a place in Athens dedicated to public assemblies. Ναὶ ναὶ διακρίνον δὴ τὰ πλὴν μὴ 'ν τῇ Πνυκί Eq. 749.

Πῶα, Ποῖα, ἄς, ἡ, herba, gramen : herb, grass. Ἀντὶ ποῖας Μηδικῆς Eq. 606. Vix invenias πῶα apud Poëtas. SYN. Χλόη, βότανη, χόρτος. Ερ. Τέρευνά, εὐώδης, χλόερα, ἀπᾶλη, μαλάκη, βλωθρά, λειμωνίς, ἐρίθλης.

Πῶδαγος, οὐ, ὁ, pedissequus, dux : an attendant, guide. Ἐγὼ δὲ σὺ πῶδαγος ἐσπόμην πατρί Antig. 1196. SYN. Ἀγωγός, ὁδαγός, πομπεύς, ἀκκλουθός.

Πῶδαγρᾶ, podagra laboro : to be gouty. Πᾶρ τῷ μὲν γὰρ πῶδαγρῶντος Plut. 559.

Πῶδαλείριος, ου, ὁ, Podalirius : son of Æsculapius. Πῶδαλείριος ἦδ' Ἰφιδάμων B. 732.

Πῶδαρος, ἡ, ὄν, eujas ? e qua regione ? of what country ? 'Ανθρωπὲ πῶδαρος χοιροπάλας Μεγάρικος Acharn. 818.

Πῶδαργη, ης, ἡ, Podarge. Π. 150.

Πῶδαργος, ου, ὁ, Podargus : the name of a horse. Θ. 185.

Πῶδαρκης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, valens pedibus, velox : powerful in or swift of foot. A. 121. Πῶδαρκης is also a P. N. B. 704. SYN. see Πῶδαρκης.

Πῶδένδυτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quo pedes circumdantur : covering the feet. 'Η νέκρορ πῶδένδυτον Choëph. 985. SYN. Πῶδῆρης, πῶδηνέκης, πῶδιστήρ.

Πῶδῆων, ὠνός, ὁ, pediolus : a foot. Theoc. 22. 52.

Πῶδηνέκης, Πῶδῆρης, ἔως, et Πῶδιστήρ, ἦρος, ad pedes pertingens : reaching down to the feet. Apoll. 1. 324. Bacch. 821. Choëph. 987. SYN. Πῶδένδυτος.

Πῶδημέως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ventos velocitate æquans : swift-footed as the wind. Σ. 166. SYN. Ἰσάνεμος, ἁελλόπους. See Πῶδαρκης.

Πῶδῆρης. See Πῶδηνέκης.

Πῶδῆς, οὐ, ὁ, Podes. P. 590. Ερ. Ἀφνειός, ἀγαθός, ἀμύμων.

Πῶδισκός, ου, ὁ, pedunculus : a little foot. Anacr. 44. 4.

Πῶδιστήρ. See Πῶδηνέκης.

Πῶδίστηρῶν, ου, τὸ, mantle ad pedes abstergendos : a towel for wiping the feet. Χωρὶς πῶδίστηρων τῷ Ἀγαμ. 899.

Πῶδακεία, Πῶδακία, ας, ἡ, velocitas pedum : swiftness of foot, fleetness. B. 792. Anacr. 2. 3. SYN. Ἐλαφρότης.

Πῶδακειστάτος, ατ, ut alii legunt, Πῶδακί-
έστατος, Ap. Rh. 1. 180. superlat. a seq.

Πῶδακῆς, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, pedibus velox : swift-footed, fleet, quick. Sept. Th. 619. SYN. Πῶδας ὠκὺς, πῶδηνέμους, πῶδαρκῆς, ἀερόπους, ἁελλόπους, τὰχὺς, τὰχύπους, τὰχύδρομος, ἰδὺς, ἐλαφρὸς, οἷζυς.

Πῶθεινός, ἡ, ὄν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, desideratus, amabilis : desirable. Helen. 622. SYN. Τρίποθητός, ἐπευκτός.

Πῶθεν (Πόθεν), unde ? from whence ? how ? Plut. 83.

Πῶθεν (Ποθεν), alicunde : from some or any place. Σ. 322.

Πῶθέρω, Dor. pro Πρῶσέρω, q. v.

Πῶθέσπερος, η, ὄν, vespertinus : towards evening. Theoc. 8. 16. SYN. Ἐσπερίος.

Πῶθῶ, Ion. imp. πῶθῆσκον, f. ἡσω, desidero : to desire, regret. Iph. T. 543. A. 492. SYN. Ἀγάπῶα, ὀρεγόμεαι, λάω, ἐπιθυμέω, ἐφίμει, λί-
λαίμει.

Πῶθῆ, ἡς, ἡ ; Πῶθος, ου, ὁ, desiderium : desire, regret, loss. A. 240. Helen. 960. SYN. Ἰμερός. Ερ. Ἀμφιδάκρυτος, ἀργάλλεα, ἰμερόεσσα, δόλδεσσα, βάρεϊα, γλυκερά, γλυκεῖα, διεμῆ.

Πῶθῆκω, Dor. pro Πρῶσῆκω, q. v.

Πῶθι (Πόθι), ubi ? where ? Πῶθι τοὶ πόλιν ἦδ' ἑ
τόκῃς α. 170.

Πῶθι (Ποθι), alicubi ; aliquando : somewhere ; at some time. Τῷ δ' ὡς πῶθι Μοῖρᾶ κράταιη Ω. 209.

Πῶθῶρᾶ, et Πῶθῶρημί, Dor. pro Πρῶσῶρᾶ, q. v. Πῶθος. See Πῶθῆ.

Ποί, quò ? whither ? Plut. 605.

Ποι, aliquo : any or some where. Plut. 446. Ποῖα. See Πῶα.

Ποιάντις, α, ὄν, Poeantius : of Pœas. Εὐ δὲ Φίλοκτῆτην Ποιάντιον γ. 190.

Ποίας, αὐτός, ὁ, Pœas : father of Philoctetes. Philoct. 5. See above. Ερ. Ἀγαυός, ἀγλαός, ἀμύμων.

Ποῖεω, ἡσω, facio : to make ; to do ; to make verses. Τοὺς μέμνηντος ποιεῖ Bacch. 297. Ζεὺς ἐποίησεν θεούς Helen. 1658. SYN. Πράσσω, ἀνύτω, ἐργάζομαι, τίθημι, καθίστημι, δρῶ, κἀτα-
σκευάζω.

Ποίηεις, εσσά, ἐν, Ποιηρός, ἄ, ὄν, herbosus : grassy. Πόλυπυρον ποιήεντος π. 396. Bacch. 1037. SYN. Δεχέποιος, χλόερός.

Ποίητης, οὐ, ὁ, ποιῆτα : a poet, author. 'Ὁν ποιήτης ου κόμω. Nub. 545. Γόνιμον δὲ ποιητὴν ἂν οὐχ εὖροις ἐτι Ran. 96. SYN. Μουσὸπῶλος, αἰδὼς, μουστοπίοις. Ερ. Σόφος, ψυχρός, δρηνη-
τικός. ΠΗ. Μουσῶν ὄρνυς, ἱερεὺς, δερῶτων.

Ποιητός, η, ὄν, factus ; factitius : made ; pre-
tended. Οἱ δ' ἐκβαλόντες δακρυῖα ποιητῷ τρώφῃ Helen. 1546. SYN. Εὐ ποιητός, τέχνηεις.

Ποικιλείμων, ὄνως, veste variata indutus : star-
studded. P. V. 24. SYN. Ποικίλος.

Ποικιλία, ας, ἡ, varietas ; subtilitas : variety, subtlety. Eur. fr. Æol. 9. 2. See Ποικίλος.

Ποικίλλω, ἰλῶ, vario, orno ; vatre fingo ; per-
plexe loquor : to diversify, embellish ; to act cunningly ; to speak ambiguously. Cycl. 339. SYN. Διόλλω, δαιδάλω, παρалаττω, προσ-
ποιεῖμαι.

Ποικίλλα, ἄτῶς, τὸ, ornatus versicolor ; vestis
acu picta : embroidery ; an embroidered vest. Choëph. 1000. SYN. Ποικιλία.

Ποικιλῶσουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Ποικιλῶφρων, ὄνός, et Ποικιλῶμῆτης, ου, varia et multiplicia habens consilia, astutus: having various designs, artful. Hes. Theog. 521. Hes. 130. A. 482. SYN. Ἀγκυλῶμῆτης, δολῶμῆτης, κερδᾶλῶφρων, κερδᾶλῶς, ποικίλος, πόλλυσουλός, πόλυμῆχάνος, δολῆρος.

Ποικιλῶγῆρῶς, ὄς, ὁ, ἡ, varie sonans: sounding with varied notes. Olymp. 3. 13. See Γῆρῶς.

Ποικιλῶδεῖρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui collum est maculosum: having a spotted neck. Hes. Op. 201.

Ποικιλῶδέρμων, ὄνός, varia habens cutem: having a spotted skin. Iph. A. 227.

Ποικιλῶθριξ, τριχός, varios habens capillos: having different coloured locks or hair. Alcest. 600. See Λευκοθριξ. SYN. Στικτός, κατάστικτός, αἰδλός.

Ποικιλῶθρόνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchrum sedile habens: having a beautiful throne. Ποικιλῶθρόν' ἀθανάτ' Ἀρρῶδιτα Sappho.

Ποικιλῶμῆτης. See Ποικιλῶσουλός.

Ποικιλῶμορφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, varium habens formam: variously formed. Plut. 530.

Ποικιλῶνωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, varium habens tergum: having a variegated back. Pyth. 4. 444.

Ποικιλόπατρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, varium habens alam: having a many-coloured wing. Hipp. 1265.

Ποικίλος, η, ὄν, varius; versutus; dubius: variegated, beautifully carved or painted; deceitful; doubtful. Ποικίλους ἠμπέσχετο Med. 1156. SYN. Παμποικίλος, αἰδλός, παναἰδλός, ποικιλμορφός, ἑτερόχρῶς, πόλυελεκτός, στικτός, ποικιλῶφρων.

Ποικίλοςτάλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, variis rebus instructus: furnished with various things. Philoct. 343.

Ποικιλῶτραυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, varie balbutiens: variously stammering, sounding. Ποικιλῶτραυλὰ μέλη Theoc. Ep. 4. 10. SYN. Ποικιλῶγῆρῶς.

Ποικιλῶφρῶμιγξ, ιγῆος, quæ suaviter cithara canitur: sweetly played on the lyre. Olymp. 4. 4.

Ποικιλῶφρων. See Ποικιλῶσουλός.

Ποικιλῶδός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, perplexe canens: enigmatical. CE. R. 230.

Ποικίλος, varie, ambigue: variously, ambiguously. Bacch. 876. See Ποικίλος.

Ποιμάνω, Ion. imp. ποιμάνεσκόν, pasco; rego; curo; delinio: to feed; direct; take care of; soothe. A. 245. i. 188. SYN. Βουκόλῶ, νόμειν, νέμειν, βόσκω, διέπω, εκκόμειν, διεράπειν.

Ποιμανῶριον, ου, τὸ, grex hominum: a flock or host of men. Pers. 76. See below. SYN. Ποίμνη, ποιμνίον, ἀγέλη, στρατεύμα, πληθδός.

Ποιμάνωρ, ὄρς, ὁ, pastor hominum; dux: a shepherd of men; a commander. Pers. 246. See Στρυγάνωρ. SYN. see Ποιμήν.

Ποιμνικός, η, ὄν, pastoralis: pastoral. Τῆνός δ ποιμνικός Theoc. l. 23. SYN. Νόμῖς, Βουκόλικός.

Ποιμῆν, ἑνός, ὁ, pastor; dux: a shepherd; a leader. Hipp. 74. SYN. Ποιμάνωρ, μηλῶδότης, νόμειν, βότῃρ, Βουκόλός, ποιμνίων ἐπιστάτης, κηδέμων, αρχός, βασιλεύς. Ep. Ἀγραυλός, ἀγριώτης, ὀρεσιδρόμος, εσθλός.

Ποίμνη, ης, et ηθῆν, η, et dimin. Ποίμνιον, ου, τὸ, grex: a herd, flock. P. V. 674. Εὐτὶ κοῦντὰ ποιμνίων Rhes. 270. SYN. Ἀγέλη, πῶν, βόσκημα, λάς. Ep. Χρυσέωμᾶλλός, εὐβῶτῳτάτη, εὐκραιπός, εὐθρίξ.

Ποιμνήϊός, α, ὄν, et Ποιμνίτης, ου, pastoralis:

of a flock, pastoral. Αἰτ' κατὰ στάθμον ποιμνήϊον B. 470. Ποιμνίτας ὑμῆαιον Alcest. 593.

Ποίμνιον. See Ποίμνη.

Ποινάτωρ, ὄρς, ὁ, ἡ, qui poenam exigit: an avenger. Ἀγᾶμέμνωνος ποινάτορ' εἶχεν ἐν δόμοις Eur. El. 23. SYN. Τίμωρς, τιμνῶτωρ.

Ποινᾶν, ἄσω, mulcto, punio: to fine, punish. Ποινασόμεσθ' ἂν δὲ Iph. T. 1434. SYN. Κολάζω, αἰκίζω, ἀποτίννυμι, ζημῖον, τιμωρόμαι.

Ποίνη (Dor. Ποίνα), ης, ἡ, compensatio, multa, poena: a compensation, fine, punishment. Troad. 362. Ποίμαι in the plural is sometimes personified, and denotes the Furies: see Εὐμεινίδες. SYN. Ἀμιοδῆ, βλάξη, τίσις, κολᾶσις, τιμωρία, ἄποιον. Ep. Αντίπαλος, δολιῶφρων, κρύσεσά, βῆρειά, ἐχθρά, βράδυνος.

Ποινῖμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ultor, vindex: retributive, avenging. Ποινίμοι τ' ἔρινυες Aj. 843. SYN. Ποινάτωρ, ἀμύντωρ.

Ποιῶλλόγῶν, herbas colligo: to gather ears of corn, to glean. Ἄ πρὰν ποιῶλλογευσά Theoc. 3. 32.

Ποῖονός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, herbivorus; herbosus: grass-eating; grassy. Νῦν ἐν ποῖονόμοις ματρὸς ἀρχαίος τόπος Aesch. Sup. 50.

Ποῖός, α, ὄν, qualis? of what sort? Κρῶνιδη ποῖον τὸν μῦθον εἶπας A. 552.

Ποιπνῶν, ὄσω, satago, opus facio sedulo, ministro diligenter: to busy oneself, labour at diligently, to serve. Διὰ δώματ' ἀποιμνόντα A. 600. SYN. Πόλευν, ὑπηρέτῶν, διακονῶν.

Ποίφηνγυα, ἄτῶς, τὸ, vehemens spiritus emissio; gloriatio: a puff of wind; a boast. Sept. Th. 266. SYN. Βύῆ.

Πόκ'α, Dor. pro Πότ'ε. Πᾶ πόκ' ἀρ' ἡθ' ἐκὰ Δάφνις Theoc. l. 66.

Πόκας, ἄδός, ἡ, coma: combed hair. Ἄλλ' ἐκπυκίω σοι τὰς πόκαδας οὐπὸτ' ἐμὰ Διὸς σὺ γ' ἄλει (hipponact. vers.) Thesm. 567. SYN. Θρίξ, πλόκαμῖς.

Πόκ'ιζομαι, ξῶμαι, vello: to clip, pluck. Theoc. 5. 26. SYN. Πείκω, κείρω.

Πόκός, ου, ὁ, et Πόξ, πόκός, ἡ, vellus: a fleece. Eur. El. 513. Ran. 187. SYN. Κῶός, κῶας, ἑρίον, δέρος.

Πόλεμαρχός, ου, ὁ, dux belli; unus ex Archontibus: a commander in war; one of the nine Archons at Athens. Vesp. 1042. SYN. Στράτηγός, στρατάρχος, ἡγέμων.

Πόλεμῶν, ἡσων, Πόλεμίζω, Πτόλεμίζω, f. ἴσω et ἴξω, bellum gero, pugno; dissideo: to wage war, fight; to differ with, quarrel. Ion 1385. Thesm. 814. T. 206. SYN. Διᾶπτόλεμῶν, εκστράτεῦμαι, μάχομαι, μάρναι.

Πόλεμηδόκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pugnam excipiens et sustinens: fight-receiving and sustaining. Pyth. 10. 22.

Πόλεμηῖός, Πόλεμικός, et Πόλεμῖός, α, ὄν, bellicosus, ad bellum pertinens, hostilis: warlike, belonging to war, hostile. Πόλεμηῖά ἐργὰ μέμηλε μ. 116. Εἶναι σφέτεραν τὴν δὲ σφέτεραν τὸν πόλεμῖον Pax 673. Vesp. 1158. SYN. Δῆῖός, μάχιμός.

Πόλεμίζω. See Πόλεμῶν.

Πόλεμικός, et Πόλεμῖός. See Πόλεμηῖός.

Πόλεμιστήριος, α, ὄν, habilis ad bellum, bellicosus: fit for war, martial. Πόσους δρόμους ἔατ' τὰ πόλεμιστήρια Nub. 28. SYN. Πόλεμικός, πόλεμῖός.

Πόλεμιστής, Πτόλεμῖστος, οὔ, ὁ, et Πόλεμίστρις, ας, ἡ, bellator, bellatrix: a warrior. E. 602.

X. 132. Choëph. 418. SYN. Προμάχως, μάχη-της. EP. Ἐλέγχιστος, κύρῳδιξ, τῶλανυδός, τῶλᾶφρων, γέρων, θαρσάλεος, δῶος, ῥηξήνωρ, δᾶήμων.

Πόλεωκλόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bellum ciens: war-stirring. Πόλεμόκλόνον ἐργὸν Ἄρην Batrach. 4.

Πόλεωκραντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a bello confectus: finished by war. Sept. Th. 149.

Πόλεμος, ἐτ Πόλεμῶς, ου, ὁ, bellum: war. Herc. F. 1124. A. 492. SYN. Δῆρις, μάχη, διήτης, μῶθος. EP. Αἰματώεις, δῆδός, δύσηλέγης, δύσηχης, κᾰκός, λευγάλεός, ἀλδός, ὁμοῖός, πόλυ-αἶξ, gen. ικός, στυγέρος, ανὺς, ἁλίστος, ἀρηκ-τός, δᾰκρυῖεις, θρασύς, πόλυδᾰκρύς, φθισήνωρ, ἑλᾰφρός, ἐπιδήμιος, ὀκρυῖεις, ἀργάλεός, τλήμων, οὐκείος, χᾰλέπος, ἀντιεῖος, ἐχθροδότης, πευκεδάνος, δεινός, φθισιμερότης, οἰζυρός, ἀλεγεινός, κυδάλι-μός, δειλαιός, τραχύς, ἱπποχάρμης, βάρυπενθής.

Πόλεμοφθόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, bello consumens: consuming by war. Pers. 658.

Πόλεω, verso; versor alicubi, habito: to turn about; to dwell in. Antig. 342. SYN. Διᾰγω, ἀναστρέφωμαι, διᾰτρίβω.

Πόλεω, versor; aro: to be occupied about; to plough. Orest. 1265. SYN. Πόλεω, ἀναστρέ-φωμαι, ἀροτρίᾰζω, ἄρω.

Πόλαινύμαι, incanescio: to be hoary. Pers. 114. See Πόλῶς. SYN. Λευκαίνύμαι.

Πόλιρχος, ου, ὁ, civitatis rector, princeps urbis: governor of the state. Nem. 7. 125. See Πόλιρχεω. SYN. Αστυνόμος, πόλισσος, πόλιού-χος, πόλισσυνός.

Πόλιās, ἄδός, ἡ, urbem tutans, epith. Minervæ: city-protecting. Τι δ' οὐκ Ἀθηναίαν ἔωμεν Πόλιᾰδα Av. 828. SYN. see Πόλιούχος.

Πόλιζω, ἰσω, urbem condo: to found a city. Apoll. 3. 1094. SYN. Κτίζω, ἰδρῶ, οὐκὸδῶμew.

Πόλιτης, ἐτ Πόλιτης. See Πόλιτης.

Πόλιθόχος, See Πόλιθόχος.

Πόλιθροτάφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cana habens tempora: hoary-headed. Παῖδας πρωθήβας πόλιθροτάφους τὲ γέροντας Θ. 518. SYN. Γέρων, πρεσβύτης, πᾰλαιός.

Πόλιρχεω, obsideo: to besiege. Καὶ πεζῶμα-χῶν καὶ πόλιρχῶν Vesp. 683. SYN. Πέριστημί. PHER. see Sept. Theb. 118.

Πόλις, ἂ, ὄν, canus, albus: hoary. Θυγάτηρ ἄνανδρος πόλιᾰ παρθενέεται Helen. 282. SYN. Λευκός, λευκανθής, γέρων, πόλιθχρος.

Πόλιούχος, Πόλιθόχος, Πόλισσοῦχος, Πόλις-σός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, urbem tutans: city-protecting. Πόλιούχος Ἀθᾰνά Nub. 602. Καὶ πόλισσοῦχον Δεῶ. Ἐsch. Th. 69. Πόλισσος, Hom. Hymn. 7. 2. Πόλιθόχος, ex Apol. R. et ex Epigr. citat H. Steph. SYN. Πόλιās, ἐρυσίπτωλις.

Πόλιθχρος, ω, ὁ, ἡ, canum colorem habens: hoary. Ὅρνιθ' ὅπως κηφῖνᾰ πόλιθχρῶς κύκνος Bacch. 1354. SYN. see Πόλις.

Πόλις, ἐτ ποῖ. Πτόλις, ἴος, ἐτ Attice ἔως, ἡ, ἐτ Πόλισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, civitas: a city, state. Ἐπὶν πόλις ἀμφικάλυψη Δ. 511. B. 130. Av. 564. SYN. Ἀστυ, πτόλιεθρον. EP. Εὐδμητός, πόλυ-σκαρόθος, αἰπεινὴ, αἰπεῖᾰ, ἄκρα, ἐνᾰλός, εὐ ναίε-ταιωσᾰ, εὐ ναυμένη, ἐνᾰλός, εἰνᾰλία, ευρύγυνᾰ, ευτείχης, ευτείχεδός, ἱερά, ἰμερόεσσα, καλλιγύναιξ, λευκή, πόλυχρυσός, ἀμῆατος, ἀπόρητος, ἀρήκτος, κλυτή, καλλιπλουτός, φιλάρματός, βάρεῖαρος, πᾰ-λίγγλωσος, νέπτολις.

Πόλισμα. See Πόλις.

Πόλισσινός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in urbe degens: civi-

tatem regens: living in the city; governing the state. Choëph. 851. SYN. see Πόλιρχος.

Πόλισσός. See Πόλιούχος.

Πόλιτεία, as, ἡ, constitutio reipublicæ: the con-stitution of a state. Πρὸς πόλιτεῖαν ἂ δεῖ Eq. 219,

Πόλιτης, Πόλιτης, ου, ὁ; Πόλιτης, ἐτ Πόλι-τῖς, ἴδός, ἡ, subst., civis: a citizen, a subject. Tives πόλιτων ἐξᾰμῖλλανται σὲ γῆς Orest. 425. Κοσμησάμενος πόλιτης B. 806. Hipp. 1124. Χαίρετέ δ' ὑμεῖς πολλὰ πόλιτιδὲς Eur. El. 1333. Πόλιτης is also a P. N., one of the sons of Priam. B. 791. SYN. Αστός, ἐνδημός, δημότης. EP. Κᾰκός, ἀγάθος, ὑψίπῳλις, ἀργός, κλεινός, τίμιος, σφόδρος, σεμνός, κᾰκὸδᾰγός.

Πόλιχνη, ης, ἡ, oppidulum: a small town. Ἀπὸ Ξανθοῦ πόλιχνης Call. 4. 41.

Πολλάκις, Πολλάκι, sæpe: often. Πολλάκις ἐκ Τροίης Call. 4. 41. Πολλάκι γὰρ σὺ πατρός A. 396. SYN. Θᾰμά, πολλὰ, πόλυ, δᾰμῖνᾰ, δᾰ-μάκις.

Πολλάχου, multis modis: in many ways. Πολλάχου τὸ σῶμα δ' οὐ Helen. 587.

Πολλοδὲκάκις, multidecies: many times ten. Καὶ πολλοδὲκάκις ὥς ἀπολείσθῃ τῆμερον Pax 243. See Ἐξάκις.

Πόλως, Ion. pro Πόλως, q. v. H. 156.

Πόλος, ου, ὁ, polus; cælum: a pole; the sky, heaven. Orest. 1702. SYN. Οὐρανός. EP. Φᾰεινός, χρυσήρης, οὐρανός, Ἀτλάντειος, ἀγῆ-ραντός, αστέρεις, αστέροφθοῖτος.

Πολλοστός, ἡ, ὄν, multesimus, longissimus: very long. Pax 559.

Πόλυαιμόνιδος, ου, ὁ, Polyæmonides: the son of Polyæmon. Καὶ Πόλυαιμόνιδην Θ. 276.

Πόλυαιμων, ὄνός, cruentus: bloody. Æsch. Sup. 847. SYN. Αἰματώεις.

Πόλυᾰνέτος, Πόλυανός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multum lau-datus: highly praised. Heracl. 761. K. 544. SYN. Ἐρικύνθος.

Πόλυαἶξ, ικός, impetuus: impetuous. Ἴξῃ δ' ἐπ' εσχάτην πόλυαἶκος πόλεμοιο T. 328. SYN. Ἀστατός, δοῦρος, φοιτάλεος, σφόδρος.

Πόλυανός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Πόλυανωρ, ὄρος, adj. multos habens homines vel maritos: populous, having many husbands. Τῶν μεγᾰλᾰύχων καὶ πόλυᾰνδρων Pers. 539. See also Agam. 61. SYN. Εὐάνδρος.

Πόλυανθέμις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Πόλυανθῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, multis germinibus efflorescens: having many flowers. Anacr. 58. 3. ξ. 353. SYN. Εὐάνθέμις, ευανθῆς, ανθέμις.

Πόλυάρματός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multos currus habens: having many chariots. Τᾰ πόλυάρματᾰ ἀντι-χαρείσᾰ Antig. 149.

Πόλυάρητος, ου, Πόλυεκτός, ὁ, ἡ, multis votis expetitus: much prayed for. Παῖδός παιδὶ φίλᾰ πόλυάρητος δὲ τοῖ ἐστι T. 404. Eum. 540. SYN. Πόθεινός, τίμιος, πόλυθεστός, πόλυήρατός, πόλυ-πῳθητός.

Πόλυαστρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sidereus: starry. Ion 869. SYN. Αστέροεις.

Πόλυεᾰφής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, maceratus: well dyed or soaked. Pers. 280. See Βᾰφῆ.

Πόλυεινθῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, valde profundus: very deep, fathomless. δ. 406. SYN. Βυσσῆεις, βάθυσ.

Πόλυεός, ου, ὁ, Polybus. Πόλυεός δὲ νιν ἁλ-εόντες ἱπποδουκόλοι Phœn. 28.

Πόλυεοσκός, Πόλυεῶτος, ου, ὁ; Πουλύεῶτειρά, as, ἡ, multum alens: much-nourishing or feed-

ing, genial. Olymp. 7. 115. Sept. Th. 773. Γ. 265. SYN. Πόλυφόρος, πόλυθρέμων, πόλυ-
γνός, εύκαρπός, κάρπιμος, πόλυκαρπός.

Πόλυξότρις, ὅς, racemis abundans: abound-
ing in clusters of grapes. *Ὅς τὴν πόλυξότρυν
ἀμπέλον φῦει βρῦτοίς Bacch. 640. SYN. Αμ-
πέλοεις.

Πόλυβουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multi consilii: very
wise. P. 282. SYN. Ποικιλόβουλός, ποικιλό-
φρων, πόλυμητις, πόλυμήχανός, συνέτος, αἰδρίς,
ἐχέφρων.

Πόλυβοτης, ου, multos boves habens, dives:
having many oxen or cattle, rich. I. 296.

Πόλυβρόχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multis laqueis constans:
having many meshes. Herc. F. 1029.

Πόλυβομός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multas aras habens:
having many altars. Call. 4. 266.

Πόλυγῆθος, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, multum exhilarans:
greatly delighting. Pyth. 2. 51.

Πόλυγλωσσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multiloquus; loquax:
many-tongued; loquacious. Καὶ πόλυγλώσσῳ
βῶρ Soph. El. 641. SYN. Λάλος, ἀδύλεσχος,
σπερμολόγος, στωμύλος.

Πόλυγναμπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multos flexus habens,
flexilis: entwining. Πόλυγνάμπω τέ σέλινω
Theoc. 7. 68.

Πόλυγνωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multis notus, celebr:
well known. Nem. 10. 70. See above. SYN.
Εἰ γνωστός.

Πόλυγομφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multis clavis compactus:
well nailed. Pers. 71.

Πόλυγνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fecundus: fertile. Æsch.
Sup. 700. SYN. Πόλυκαρπός.

Πόλυδαίδαλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multa arte factus:
curiously wrought. Πόλυδαίδαλόν ἠρήρειστο H.
252. SYN. Εὐποίητός, ποικίλος.

Πόλυδάκρυς, ὅς, Πόλυδάκρυσ, et Πόλυδάκρυ-
τός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multas lacrymas effundens; fle-
bilis: causing or shedding many tears; lament-
able. Φέρον πόλυδακρυν Ἄρηα Γ. 132. Apoll.
2. 918. Πόλυδάκρυτος δὲ τοῖ ἐστὶν Ω. 620.
SYN. Ἀριδάκρυς, πόλυθρηνος, πόλυθρήνητος.

Πόλυδαμνά, ης, ἡ, Polydamna. Πόλυδαμνᾷ
πῶρεν Ὠάνος πάρακοιτις δ. 228.

Πόλυδειράς, ἄδός, Πόλυδειρός, multa cacumina
habens: many-peaked. Πόλυδειράδός Οὐλύμ-
ποιο Θ. 3. Nonn. D. 25. 199.

Πόλυδενδρῆός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Πόλυδενδρῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ,
arboribus abundans: abounding in trees, woody.
ψ. 359. Bacch. 552.

Πόλυδερκής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, multa cernens: much-
seeing. Hes. Theog. 451. SYN. Πανδερκής, πάν-
οπτής.

Πόλυδεσμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multis ligatus vincu-
lis: having many chains. η. 264. SYN. Πόλυ-
γομφός.

Πόλυδεύκης, ἔος, ὁ, Pollux. Apoll. 2. 100.
Ερ. Διωμήτης, πῦρ ἀγάθος, διός, κράτερός. PHR.
see Hom. Hym. 32.

Πόλυδίβος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, siticulosus, multum de-
sideratus: thirsty, much desired. Πόλυδίβιν
Ἀργὸς ἱκοίμην Δ. 171. SYN. Διψάλεός, τρίποθ-
τός.

Πόλυδόωνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multum jactatus: much
tossed. P. V. 813.

Πόλυδρόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vagus: running much,
wandering. Æsch. Sup. 745.

Πόλυδώρη, ης, ἡ, Polydora. Π. 175.

Πόλυδωρός, ου, ὁ, (1) Polydorus: Polydorus;
(2) valde dotatus: well portioned. Hec. 3.

Z. 394. Ερ. (1) Αντίθεός, Πριάμειδος, τάλας,

νέωτάτος Πριάμειδων, ἄκλαυστός, ἀτάφος. SYN.
(2) Εὐκατέωνός, πόλυκατέωνός.

Πόλυειδός, ου, ὁ, Polyidus. E. 148.

Πόλυεϊκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multiflexuosus: much-
winding. Phoen. 323.

Πόλυέπης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, verbosus: wordy. Agam.
1103. SYN. see Λάλος.

Πόλυέτης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, longævus: for or after
many years, aged. Helen. 650. SYN. Χρόνιος,
γηραιός.

Πόλυευκτός. See Πόλυάρητος.

Πόλυζήλός, et Πόλυζήλωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multo
studio expetitus vel expetendus: sought or to
be sought with much emulation Τὸν πόλυζήλον
πῶσιν Trach. 185. Hipp. 168. SYN. see Πόλυ-
άρητος.

Πόλυζυγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multa habens transtra:
many-benched. Πάρα νηὶ πόλυζυγῷ B. 293.
SYN. Πόλυκληγίς.

Πόλυήρατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perjucundus, optabilis:
very delightful, most desirable. Πόλυήρατὸς ἐς
γάμου ὥρην o. 126.

Πόλυήρης, ἔος, et Πόλυήρητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mul-
tisonus: loud-sounding. τ. 521. Alcest. 941.
SYN. Ηχῆεις, ἐρίερός, πόλυφωνός, πόλυθρόός.

Πόλυθαρός, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, multa fiducia præditus,
audax: having much confidence, bold. Apoll.
2. 914. SYN. Εὐθαρός, πάντολμός, τάλαστρον.

Πόλυθέος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui multos deos colit vel
habet: worshipping or having many gods. Æsch.
Sup. 430.

Πόλυθέρης, ου, ὁ, Polytheres. χ. 287.

Πόλυθεστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, percarus: very dear.
Call. 5. 48 SYN. see Πόλυάρητος.

Πόλυθρῆός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, feris abundans: abounding
in wild beasts. Hipp. 144.

Πόλυθρέμων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, multos alens: very
nourishing, rich. Ἄλλους δ' ὁ μέγας καὶ πόλυ-
θρέμων Pers. 33. SYN. Πόλυδοσκός, πόλυεστός,
πόλυτρόφος, πλούσιός, πόλυτάμιαν, πόλυήλός.

Πόλυθρηνός, Πόλυστῶνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, luctuosus:
mournful. Agam. 691. (See above.) Helen.
211. SYN. Πόλυδάκρυς, πόλυδάκρυτός, πόλυκά-
κρυτός, πόλυπενθής, πόλυκλαυτός, πόλυκηδής, Βά-
ρυνεθής.

Πόλυθρόός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sonorus: much-sounding,
noisy. Æsch. Sup. 827. See Πόλυθρέμων.
SYN. see Πόλυήρης.

Πόλυθύρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, "ex multis foliis vel plicis
constans" (Markland. in l. c.): consisting of
many sheets or leaves. Δέλτον μὲν αἰδὲ πόλυθύροι
διαπτύχαι Iph. T. 728.

Πόλυθύτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multa habens sacrificia:
of or composed of many sacrifices or victims.
Iph. A. 185. See Βούθυτός.

Πόλυιδός, ου, ὁ, Polyidus. Πόλυιδον μάντιός
νίδος N. 663. Ερ. Γέρων, ἀγάθος.

Πόλυιδρεία, ας, ἡ, multa scientia: much know-
ledge, ability. Νῶον πόλυιδρείησιν β. 346. SYN.
Εμπειρία, ἐπιστήμη.

Πόλυιδρίς, ἔως, multa callens: knowing much,
learned. Ἠλύθ' ἀνὴρ πόλυιδρίς ἐμοῦ o. 458. SYN.
Ἐμπερὶός, πόλυπερὶός, ἐπιστήμιαν, δάμιαν.

Πόλυιπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, equis abundans: pos-
sessing many horses. N. 171.

Πόλυίχθυσ, ου, ὁ, ἡ, piscibus abundans:
abounding in fish. Οἰδμ' ἄλιον πόλυίχθυν Hom.
Apoll. 417. SYN. Ιχθυόεις, πόλυκήτης.

Πόλυκαγκής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, admodum aridus, sic-
cus: much parched, dry. A. 641. SYN. Ξηρός,
κατάξηρός.

Πολυκάνης, ἔως, Πολυκτάνους, Πολυφώνος, ου, δ, ἡ, multos interficiens : killing many. Agam. 1140. (See Δορυκάνης.) Τῆς πολυκτάνου φόνους Orest. 1141. Herc. F. 420. SYN. Δορυκάνης, πολυφθόρος, πολυκτάνος.

Πολυκάπνους, ου, δ, ἡ, fumo abundans : abounding in smoke. Μῆ σ' αἰθάλωσῃ πολυκάπνον στῆγος πέπλους Eur. El. 1140. SYN. Ψάδεϊς, κάπνάδης.

Πολυκαρπός, ου, δ, ἡ, fructuosus : fruitful, productive. α. 220. SYN. Καρποφύρος, εὐκαρπός.

Πολυκάστη, ης, ἡ, Polycaste. γ. 464.

Πολυκέρδεϊα, as, ἡ, magna prudentia agendi commodum et dextre : great cunning. Πολυκέρδεισιν ἄνωγε α. 166. SYN. Δόλος, πανουργία, ποικιλόφροσύνη.

Πολυκερδής, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, astutus, vaser : crafty, cunning, knavish. Apoll. 3. 1363. SYN. Δολομήτης, πόλυμητις, ποικιλόφρων, κερδαλέος, πανουργός.

Πολυκέρως, ωτός, multa habens cornua : many-horned. Aj. 55. SYN. Ευκέρως.

Πολυκεστός, ου, δ, ἡ, varie acu pictus : much-embroidered. Γ. 371. SYN. Δαιδάλεος, ποικίλος, αἰδύς.

Πολυκεσθής, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, valde luctuosus : very lamentable. ψ. 351.

Πολυκήτης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, belluis abundans : abounding in large beasts. Theoc. 17. 98. SYN. see Πολύχθους.

Πολυκλαυτός, aut Πολυκλανστός, ου, δ, ἡ, et η, ὄν, multum defletus vel deflens : greatly lamented or lamenting. Ἐνὺς ἀερθεν τὴν πολυκλαυτήν Agam. 1503. The form πολυκλαυτός is preferable to that of πολυκλανστός. See Heinrich. Mus. v. 236. p. 132. SYN. see Πολύθηρνος.

Πολυκλειτός, ου, δ, ἡ, multum celebratus : renowned. Olymp. 6. 120.

Πολυκλήϊς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, multis transtris instructus : many-benched. Νῆϊ πολυκλήϊδι ψ. 324. SYN. Πολύστους.

Πολυκληρὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, locuples : rich. Πολυκληρῶν ἀνθρώπων ξ. 211.

Πολυκλητός, ου, δ, ἡ, longe evocatus : called from afar. Πολυκλητοὶ ἐπικούροι K. 420.

Πολυκλυτός, ου, δ, ἡ, multis aliuens vel strepens undis : washing or boisterous with waves. Πολυκλύστω ἐνὶ πόντῳ τ. 277. SYN. Πολύφλοισθός.

Πολυκμητός, ου, δ, ἡ, multum laboris et æumnæ habens, elaboratus : occasioning much labour, highly wrought. Πολυκμητοῦ δαλάμοιο δ. 718. SYN. Πολυδαίδαλός, εὐτικτός.

Πολυκνήμις, ου, δ, ἡ, cui multa sunt juga et saltus : hilly and woody. Πολυκνήμῳ τ' ἔπειράων B. 497.

Πολυκνιστός, ου, δ, ἡ, multo nidore redolens : fragrant. Πολυκνίσσου ἐκάτόμης Apoll. 3. 879. SYN. Ευώδης.

Πολυκύνος, ου, δ, ἡ, omnibus communis, publicus : very common, public. Aj. 1193. SYN. Πάγκυνος.

Πολυκοιρανία, as, ἡ, multorum imperium : the government of many, ochlocracy. Οὐκ ἀγάθον πολυκοιρανίῃ B. 204.

Πολυκοίρανός, ου, δ, ἡ, πολυκρατής, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, præpotens : ruling many, very powerful. Ran. 1270. (See Κοίρανός.) Choëph. 404. See Κράτος. SYN. Ἐρισθένης, γαγκράτης.

Πολυκόλυμθος, ου, δ, ἡ, multum natans : swimming much. Ran. 245.

Πολυκρανός, ου, δ, ἡ, multa habens capita : many-headed. Ὁ πολυκρανός γ' ἰδεῖν Bacch. 1005. SYN. Ἐκατογέφαλός.

Πολυκράτης. See Πολυκοίρανός.

Πολυκρότός, ου, δ, ἡ, multis plausibus resonans : astutus : loudly applauding ; crafty. Πολυκρότον ἡδύγελωτα Hom. Hym. 18. 37.

Πολυκτεάνος, ου, δ, ἡ ; Πολυκτηήμων, ὄνος, Πολύκτητῆς, ου, δ, ἡ, qui multa acquisivit et possidet, dives : having many possessions, rich. Olymp. 10. 44. (See Κτεάνον.) Ion 583.

Androm. 765. SYN. Ἀφνειός, πόλυκτηρς, πολυπάμμων, πολυλήϊος, πολυμήλιος, πλούσιος, δαετός.

Πολυκτόνός. See Πολυκάνης.

Πολυκτόριδης, ου, δ, patronym. a (2) Πολύκτωρ, ὄρος, δ, (1) Polycetorides : the son of Polycetor ; (2) Polycetor : Polycetor. Πείσανδρος τῷ Πολυκτόριδης χ. 243. p. 207.

Πολυκώκυτος, ου, δ, ἡ, multum lugens, luctuosus : very sad, mournful. Βῆς πολυκώκυτους Theogn. 244. SYN. see Πολύθηρνος.

Πολύκωμος, ου, δ, ἡ, comessionibus abundans : full of revels. Anacr. 42. 14.

Πολύκωπος, ου, δ, ἡ, multos habens remos : many-oared. Trach. 658.

Πολυλήϊος, ου, δ, ἡ, multas segetes habens, dives : having many crops, rich. Πολυλήϊος ἀλλὰ ἔμοῖρα E. 613. SYN. see Πολύκτημων.

Πολύλυστος, aut Πολύλλυστός, et Πολύλλυτῆς, ου, δ, ἡ, multum invocatus : much entreated, supplicated. Πολυλλιστοῖσι μένουσα Hom. Apoll. 347. Ncnn. Jo. 204. 2. See Διτή. SYN. Πρόσικτωρ.

Πολύμαθής, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, multa doctus : who has learned much. Ἀνδρῶν παρόντων πολυμάθων καὶ δεξιῶν Vesp. 1170. SYN. see Πολυίδρις.

Πολύμετρος, ου, δ, ἡ, copiosus : plenteous. Οὗτός ποτ' ἐκ γῆς πολυμέτρον λάβων στάχυν Eur. fr. Mel. 1. 6.

Πολυμήλη, ης, ἡ, Polymele. Π. 180.

Πολυμηλός, ου, δ, ἡ, multas oves habens ; multa poma ferens : rich in sheep ; producing many apples. B. 705. SYN. see Πολυθρέμων.

Πολυμήστωρ, ὄρος, δ, Polymestor. Hec. 7.

Πολύμητις, ἰδὸς, multo consilio præditus, sagax : full of sense, wise. Πολύμητις Ὀδυσσεύς Vesp. 351. SYN. Πολύθευλός, ποικιλόθευλός, ποικιλόφρων, μητίετης, πολύφρων, περισσόφρων, πολυπαίπαλός.

Πολύμηχανία, as, ἡ, calliditas, solertia : much contrivance, ingenuity. Δδλον πολύμηχανίην τε ψ. 321. SYN. Σόφια, πρόμηνη, πύλυπλκία, ποικιλόφροσύνη, παπαλήμη.

Πολύμηχάνος, ου, δ, ἡ, callidus, solers : much-contriving, clever, ingenious. Πολύμηχάνος ἐστὶν α. 205. SYN. Πολύθευλός, πόλυμητις, πύλυπαίπαλός, μηχανορράφός, πανούργος.

Πολυμίτης, ου, δ, ἡ, multis liciis textus : having many threads, woven. Æsch. Sup. 439. See Μίτρος.

Πολυμνήστειά (subaud. μέλη), ὡν, τὰ, carmina a Polymnesto quodam inventa : the strains of Polymnestus. Eq. 1287.

Πολύμνηστος, η, ὄν, et δ, ἡ, multum ambitus : much courted. Agam. 1434.

Πολυμνήστωρ, ὄρος, δ, memoria pollens : having a powerful memory. Æsch. Sup. 544. SYN. Ευμήμων, μνήμων, μνημονικός.

Πόλυμοχθός, Πόλυπόνος, ου, δ, ἡ, ærumnosus : causing or undergoing much labour, wretched.

Phoen. 796. Herc. F. 1184. Ep. Ἀθλῖος, πάν-
αθλῖος, μοχθηρὸς, ἐπιπνύσος.

Πόλυμνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, verbusus : of many words,
loquacious. Πόλυμνον ἔδντα β. 200. SYN.
Ἀδλῖος, ποικιλύμνος, πόλλυλγος, σταμύλδος.

Πόλυμας, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multa habens delubra :
having many temples. Πόλυώνυμέ καὶ πόλυας
Theoc. 15. 109.

Πόλυναύτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multos nautas habens :
having many sailors. Pers. 85.

Πόλυνείκης, ἔος, ὁ, Polynices : one of the
sons of Œdipus. Sept. Th. 574. See on the
word Ἐπεόκλης.

Πόλυνείκης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, contentiosus : conten-
tious. Sept. Th. 829.

Πόλυνέφελος, ου, nubibus obductus : having
many clouds, cloudy. Nem. 3. 17.

Πόλυνηός, ου, ὁ, Polynēus. Δ. 114.

Πόλυνίφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, multa nive tectus, niv-
osus : covered with snow. Helen. 1325. See
Νίφας. SYN. Νιφόσθαλδος, νιφόβλης, χιωνώδης,
νιφέταδης, νιφόεις, χιωνῶς.

Πόλυξενός, et Ion. Πόλυξενός, ου, ὁ, ἡ,
qui multos hospites habet : entertaining many
strangers, hospitable. Æsch. Sup. 163. Alcest.
584. Πόλυξενός is also a proper name, B. 623.
SYN. Φιλόξενός, εὐξενός.

Πόλυξενη, ης, ἡ, Polyxena : the daughter of
Hecuba. Hec. 40. PHR. For an account of
the sacrifice of Polyxena, see Hec. 519—580.

Πόλυξεστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, expolitus, pulchre fac-
tus : highly polished, beautifully made. Φασὶ
πόλυξεστοίς C. C. 1570. SYN. Πόλυκμητός.

Πόλυξω, ὄος, ἡ, Polyxo. Apoll. 1. 668.

Πόλυλοδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, divitiis abundans : very
wealthy. Eur. fr. Archil. 33. 1. SYN. see
Πόλυκτεᾶνός.

Πόλυόρνιθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, avibus frequens : having
many birds. Iph. T. 436. See Ὀρνῖς, ἰθός.

Πόλυόχλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, populosus : populosus.
Οὐ σῆς ἔρωμεν πόλυόχλου τύραννιδος Rhes. 166.
SYN. Πόλυάνθρωπός.

Πόλυπαῖπάλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, versutus, astutus :
cunning, crafty. Πόλυπαῖπάλοι ἠπερόπνεον ο.
418. SYN. see Πόλυθεουλός.

Πόλυπάμμων, ὄνος, multa possidens, dives :
possessing much, wealthy. Δ. 433. SYN. see
Πόλυκτεᾶνός.

Πόλυπειρὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multa expertus, callidus :
of much experience. Lysit. 1109. SYN. see
Πόλυῖδρις.

Πόλυπενθής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, in multo luctu : in
much sorrow, sad. ξ. 386. SYN. Πόλυθρηνός.

Πόλυπημόνιδης, ου, ὁ, Polypemonides : the son
of Polypemon. Πόλυπημόνιδά ἀνακτος ω. 304.

Πόλυπῆμαν, ὄνος, multa damna afferens, nox-
ius : bringing many losses or distresses, cala-
mitous. Apoll. 4. 228. SYN. Βλάξερὸς, λωθήςεις,
δηλήμων, πόλυσίνης, ζημιώδης, λυμαντήριδς.

Πόλυπῆμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multo stamine textus :
richly woven. Eur. El. 191. SYN. Πόλυτέλης.

Πόλυπιδας, ἄκος, Πόλυπιδάκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fon-
tibus abundans : abounding in springs. Ἴδην δ'
ἴκανον πόλυπιδάκω O. 151. T. 218. SYN. Εὐ-
ῤῥός, καθῤῥός, πόλυπιδάκος.

Πόλυπικρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, valde amarus : very
bitter. Μη πόλυπικρά καὶ αἰνὰ Π. 255. See Πίκρός.
SYN. Πικρότάτος.

Πόλυπίνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, valde sordidus : very
squalid. Rhes. 712. See Πινός.

Πόλυπλάγκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Πόλυπλάνης, ἔος, Πό-
Pros. Lex.

λύπλάνητος, et Πόλυπλάνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multivagus :
wandering much, roving. Herc. F. 1190. Helen.
203. 1318. Phoen. 671. See Πλάνη. SYN. Πέ-
ρφοίτος, περίστρόφος.

Πόλυπλέθρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui multorum jugerum
est : of many acres, extensive. Πολλῶν μὲν ἀρ-
χεις πόλυπλέθρους δὲ σοι γῆας Alcest. 703. SYN.
Εὐρύχωρος, πλάτῤῥος, μέγας.

Πόλυπλῦκία, ας, ἡ, versutia, dolus : cunning,
deceit. Πόλυπλῦκίαις τ' ἐφίλησαν Theogn. 67.
SYN. Πόλυμηχανία, πάνουργία.

Πόλυπλόκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multis nexibus implicans
vel implicitus, multiplex : entangling or entangled.
Πουλυπού ὀργῆν ἰσχὲ πόλυπλόκου Theogn. 215.
SYN. Πόλυπτόχος, ποικίλος, δολιόφρων.

Πόλυπόκλιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, variegatus : variegated.
Iph. T. 1150. See Ποικίλος.

Πόλυποίτης, ου, ὁ, Polypoetes. Ψ. 848. Ep.
Κράτερὸς, ξανθός, ἰσθθεός, μένεπτόλεμος, υἱὸς Πει-
ρίθοιο.

Πόλυπνός. See Πόλυμοχθός.

Πόλυπτόαμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multos habens fluvios :
having many rivers. Herc. F. 409. See Πό-
τάμος. SYN. Πόλυπιδας, πόλυπιδάκος.

Πόλυπτόνις, ἄ, ὄν, valde venerandus : highly
to be honoured. Πόλυπτόνιαν ἐγκάλεοντες Apoll.
1. 1125.

Πόλυπους, πόδος et που, multos pedes habens :
many-footed. Soph. El. 488. Πόλυπους or Που-
λύπους is also the name of an animal, the poly-
pyus, ε. 432. Πουλυπού ὀργῆν ἰσχὲ πόλυπλόκου
Theogn. 215. See Damm. in v. Πόλυπους.

Πόλυπραγμόνῳ, ardelionem ago : to act the
busybody. Plut. 914. SYN. Περὶεργάζομαι, πό-
λυπραγματέω.

Πόλυπραγμόσυνη, ης, ἡ, sollicitudo de multis
negotii nihil ad nos pertinentibus : a meddling
interference. Πόλυπραγμόσυνης νῦν ἐς κέφαλήν
τρέποιτ' ἐμοί Acharn. 833. SYN. Περὶεργία.

Πόλυπράγμων, ὄνος, curiosus : meddling, in-
quisitive. Κοὺ πόλυπράγμων Av. 471. SYN.
Περὶεργός, φίλοπράγμων, ἐπιμέλης, παραγμά-
τικός.

Πόλυπρεμνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multos habens stipites
vel truncos : having many stumps or trunks.
Κύκλᾳ πόλυπρεμνοῖς Apoll. 4. 161.

Πόλυπτόλῖς, ἔως, multas urbes habens : con-
taining many cities. Πόλυπτόλῖ χαίρῃ Χιτώνη
Call. 3. 225.

Πόλυπτόχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multas plicas vel valles
habens, sinuosus : having many folds or valleys,
winding. Εν κῶρυφῇσι πόλυπτόχου X. 171. SYN.
Πόλυπλόκος, πτόχωδης.

Πόλυπτοργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multis turribus munitus :
defended by many towers. Hom. Hym. 2. 242.

Πόλυπτορός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tritico abundans : abound-
ing in wheat. Æsch. Sup. 564. See Πυρός.
SYN. Πυρόφωρος, πόλυκαρπός.

Πόλυρραπτός, Πόλυρράφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multum
consutus : well sewed. Πόλυρραπτὸν τέ φάρετρην
Theoc. 25. 265. Aj. 575. See Ράφῃ.

Πόλυρρην, ης, multos agnos habens, dives
pecoris : having many lambs, rich in cattle,
wealthy. Πόλυρρηνες Τῖεᾶρηνοί Apoll. 2. 377.
SYN. Πόλυμηλός, πόλυβούτης, πόλυκτεᾶνός.

Πόλυρρύνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, corio multiplici indutus :
covered with many hides. Ἄν δὲ πόλυρρύναν
νόμα σάκος Apoll. 3. 1230.

Πόλυρρόδδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rosis abundans : abound-
ing in roses, rosy. Χωρῶμεν ἐς πόλυρρόδδους
Ran. 448.

Πολύρροθος, ου, ό, ή, multiloquax: loquacious. Φρομιόις πολύρροθοις Sept. Th. 7.

Πολύρρύτος, ου, ό, ή, multifluus, copiose fluens: flowing copiously, streaming. Πολύρρύτον γάρ αἶμα' ὑπεξαίρουσι τῶν Soph. El. 1419.

Πόλυς, ποῖετ, Πουλύς, Ion. Πολλός, πολλή, πόλυ, ποῖετ, ποῦλυ, Ion. πολλόν, gen. οὔ, ής, οὔ, et έός, multus, magnus, vehemens: much, many, great, violent. Εκ μέλειον πόλυσ έρρέεν Π. 110. Πουλύς όμιλος Σ. 109. Πολλός δ' έπέληλάτo χαλκός N. 804. The last syllable of πόλυσ sometimes is long in Homer, as in N. 705.; but this arises from the effect of the metrical ictus. SYN. Μέγας, πάμπόλυς, άπλετός, σύγχυός, ικανός, άσπότης.

Πόλυςίνης, έός, ό, ή, valde noxius: very injurious. Μύχου δ' άφερκτός πόλυςίνους κύνός δίκην Choëph. 440. SYN. see Πόλυπήμων.

Πόλυςιανός, ου, ό, ή, frumento abundans: cibo repletus: abounding in food, full of food. Ουκ ήν μάν πόλυσιανός Theoc. 21. 40.

Πόλυσκαρδμός, ου, ό, ή, tripudians, exultans: dancing, bounding. Πόλυσκαρδομοί Μύριννης B. 814. SYN. Τάχυσ.

Πόλυσκήός, ου, ό, ή, umbrosus: having much shade, shady. Λέιπεν δέ πόλυσκήόν άλσός Apoll. 4. 166. SYN. see Σκίζεις.

Πόλυσπέρης, έός, ό, ή, multum disseminatus: widely scattered. Πόλυσπέρεας ανθρώπου λ. 364.

Πόλυσπόρος, ου, ό, ή, segete abundans, fertilis: abounding in seeds, fertile. Av. 952.

Πόλυσταφύλος, ου, ό, ή, uvis abundans: abounding in grapes. Ειρέτριαν τέ πόλυσταφύλον B. 537.

Πόλυσταχύς, ύός, multas spicas edens: producing many ears. Δάματερ πόλυκαρπέ πόλυσταχύ Theoc. 10. 42.

Πόλυστεφής, έός, ό, ή, multis sertis redimitus: covered with garlands. Προς πόλυστεφή μύχον Eumen. 39.

Πόλυστιός, ου, ό, ή, lapillis abundans: pebbly. Πόλυστιόν τέ Μετώπην Call. 1. 26.

Πόλυστομέω, multum loquor: to talk much. Ου πόλυστομέιν χρέων Æsch. Sup. 511. SYN. Μακρολόγέω, περίλαλέω, φλάρέω, στωμίλλω, ληρέω.

Πόλυστώνος. See Πόλυθρηνός.

Πόλυσχιστός, ου, ό, ή, in multas partes fissus aut qui findi potest: divided or which may be divided into many parts. Εν πόλυσχιστων μία C. C. 1592. SYN. Σχιστός.

Πόλυτειρής, έός, ό, ή, stellatus: studded with stars. Arat. 604.

Πόλυτέκνος, ου, ό, ή, multos habens liberos: having many children. Ουδ' εις άμιλλαν πόλυτέκνον σπουδήν έχων Med. 557.

Πόλυτίμητος, ου, ό, ή, et η, ύν, valde honoratus: highly honoured. Δέξαι δῆτ' ω πόλυτιμήτη Pax 978. SYN. Πάντιμός, πόντιός, σέβασμιός, πόλυμνος, αιδοίός.

Πόλυτας, αντός, Πόλυτλήμων, ύνός, Πόλυτλητός, ου, ό, ή, multa passus: patiens; æmiposus: much-enduring; patient; calamitous. Πόλυτλας διός Όδυσσεύς ε. 171. σ. 318. λ. 38. SYN. Τλησίπυός, πόλυπυός, τλήμων, παντλήμων.

Πόλυτρήρων, ύνός, columbis abundans: having many doves. Πόλυτρήρωνά τέ Μέσσην B. 582.

Πόλυτρητός, ου, ό, ή, multa foramina habens: porous. Πόλυτρητοισι καθαίρειν χ. 439.

Πόλυτρυπός, ου, ό, ή, multum peregrinatus; multiplex, varius; versutus: much travelled: various; cunning. Μοῦσα πολύτρυπόν α. 1. SYN. Πολύμηχάνος, πόλυποικίλος, κερδαλέος, δόλοπλόκος.

Πόλυτρυφός, ου, ό, ή, multos alens, almus: nourishing many, genial. Χαίρε πολύτρυφέ Call. 6. 2. SYN. Πόλυφορβός, πόλυθρέμμων, βιόδαρός, βιόσοδός.

Πόλυτρυμητός, Πόλυτρυμνος, ου, ό, ή, multum hymnis celebratus: much celebrated in song. Εν πόλυτρυμητώ Διός άλσει Nem. 2. 8. Eq. 1325. SYN. Ευκληής, πόλυτίμητός, πόλυώνυμός, έπίδοξός, πόλυφάτος.

Πόλυτρυμία, as, ή, Polyhymnia: one of the Muses. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 11. 196. See on Εράτω.

Πόλυφάγος, ου, ό, ή, multum vorans: voracious. Av. 1065. See Φάγω.

Πόλυφάρμακός, ου, ό, ή, medicamentis vel venenis abundans: abounding or skilled in drugs. Πόλυφαρμακού es μεγά δάμα κ. 276.

Πόλυφάτος, Πόλυφημος, ου, ό, ή, multorum sermone jactatus: much talked of, celebrated. Pyth. 11. 71. (See Άφάτος.) β. 150. SYN. Αμφιθέτης, πόλυανός, πόλυαίνετός, πόλυάνυμός, διάπυστός.

Πόλυφειδής, έως, ό, Polyphideus. ο. 249. Ερ. Μάντις, υπέρθυμος, βροτών όχ' άριστός.

Πόλυφημός, ου, ό, Polyphemus. Cycl. 25. Ερ. Αντιθέος, κράτερός, απόδολός, δύσερως, βόδοστρος, μόνδερικτός, άνικητός.

Πόλυφημός, adjective. See Πόλυφάτος.

Πόλυφθόρος, et (2) Πόλυφθορός, ου, ό, ή, (1) multos occidens: destroying many, ruinous: (2) dirutus: ruined. Τάς πόλυφθόρους τύχας P. V. 654. SYN. Πόλυκάνης, πόλυφθόνός, πόλυπήμων.

Πόλυφίλος, ου, ό, ή, multos amicos habens: having many friends. Pyth. 5. 5. See Φίλος.

Πόλυφιλητός, ου, ό, ή, multas potiones amatorias expertus: one who has tried many love-potions, amorous. Ανήρ τις πόλυφιλητός Theoc. 23. 1. SYN. Έρωμάνης, δύσερως.

Πόλυφλοισθός, ου, ό, ή, multo strepitu resonans, sonorus: loud-sounding, roaring. Πόλυφλοισβοί δ' άλάσσης ν. 85. SYN. Ερίερόμος, πόλυηχής.

Πόλυφλοίτης, ου, ό, Polyphœtes.

Πόλυφόνός. See Πόλυκάνης.

Πόλυφόντης, ου, ό, Polyphontes. Sept. Th. 444.

Πόλυφορβός, η, ύν, et ου, ό, ή, multos pascens: feeding many. Ε. 301. SYN. see Πόλυτρυφός.

Πόλυφράδης, έός, ό, ή, Πόλυφράδμων, Πόλυφρων, ύνός, valde consultus aut prudens: very wise or prudent. Πόλυφράδέεσσι δόλωθείς Hes. Theog. 494. Apoth. 1. 1411. Σ. 294. SYN. see Πόλυφρούλος.

Πόλυφροντίς, ίδός, ό, ή, multis curis plenus: having many cares. Πόλυφροντιδές τέ βουλαί Anacr. 39. 6. SYN. Πόλυκηδής.

Πόλυφροσύνη, ης, ή, variarum rerum peritia, prudentia: skill, judgment. Σφῆσι πόλυφροσύναις Theog. 712. SYN. see Πόλυδρέαια.

Πόλυφρων. See Πόλυφράδης.

Πόλυφωνός, ου, ό, Polyphonus. Batrach. 211. Πόλυχαλκός, ου, ό, ή, æratus; dives: brazen; rich. γ. 2. SYN. Χαλκήρης, ισχυρός, χάλκεός.

Πόλυχανδής, έός, ό, ή, valde capax: very

capacious. Πόλυχανδεά κρωσσόν Theoc. 13. 46.

Πόλυχειρ, εἰρὸς, multas manus habens: many-handed, having numerous forces. Pers. 85.

Πόλυχορδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multas habens chordas: many-stringed. Theoc. 16. 45.

Πόλυχρονίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, longævus; vivax: aged, ancient; long-lived, durable. Τέρμα πόλυχρονίου Call. 5. 128. SYN. Πόλαιγενής.

Πόλυχρυσός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multum auri habens, dives: having much gold, wealthy. Τὰς πόλυχρύσου C. R. 151.

Πόλυχωστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in altum congestus: piled or heaped up on high. Choëph. 345.

Πόλυψάμαθος, Πόλυψαμμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, arenosus: sandy. Χωμά πόλυψάμαθον Æsch. Sup. 877. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat πόλυψαμμός ex Jacobs. Anthol. 269. SYN. Ψάμαθδης.

Πόλυδώνυός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multos labores habens; molestus; addictus: causing much pain; troublesome; distressed. Ἔδυν πόλυδώνυός ἰός Theoc. 25. 238. SYN. Ἐπάδώνυός, ὀδύννηος.

Πόλυωνυμία, ας, ἡ, multitudo nominum, fama: a number of names, renown. Καὶ πόλυωνυμίην Call. 3. 7. SYN. Ευφημία.

Πόλυώνυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multi nominis et famæ: having many names, renowned. Pyth. 1. 32. See above. SYN. Πόλυφάτος, πόλυμμητός, πόλυμνος.

Πόλυωπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, multos habens oculos, vel multa foramina: many-eyed, having many orifices. χ. 386. SYN. Πόλυτρητός, πόλυερύχος.

Πόλυωφέλως, valde utiliter: very usefully. Thesm. 304. SYN. Συμφέρωντας, λυσίτελώς.

Πόμᾶ. See Πώμᾶ.

Πομπάιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, deductorius; deductus: conducting, propitious; conducted. Med. 757.

Πομπεύς, ἑως, et Ion. ἡός, Πομπῆς, ου, ὁ; Πομπήμων, ὄνός, dux: a guide, conductor. v. 364. Bacch. 953. Apoll. 2. 675. SYN. Πρόμποπος, ἄγωγός, ἡγέμων, πόμπιμος, ὀδηγός. Ερ. Κραιπνός, ἀγαυός, ἀπήμων, σωτήριός.

Πομπεύς, comitor, deduco: to attend, conduct. v. 422. SYN. Πάράπεμπω, διαπέμπω, πρόπεμπω, προδῶ, ὀδηγέω.

Πομπή, ἡς, ἡ, missio; deductio; pompa; impulsus: a mission, message; guidance; procession; impulse. Herc. F. 579. SYN. Ἀπόπομπή, ἀποστύλη. Ερ. Ἀμήμων.

Πομπήμων. See Πομπεύς.

Πόμπιμος, η, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, deductorius; qui deducitur: fit or able to convey; conducted. Πάτερ γέραιε πομπίμαν (iamb. dim.) Phcen. 1726. SYN. See Πομπεύς.

Πομπῆς. See Πομπεύς.

Πομφύλλω, ξω, largiter profundo: to burst forth. Pyth. 4. 215. SYN. Βρύω.

Πόνεω, ἦσω, laboro; patior, doleo; ægroto: to labour, work; to endure, to be distressed; to be ill. Rhcs. 161. SYN. Διάπνέω, πράσσω, πάσχω, ἀνέχουμαι, μοχθέω, κάμνω, τάλαιπωρέω, κάκοπάθεω, νόσέω.

Πόνημᾶ. See Πόνος.

Πόνηρία, ας, ἡ, misera vitæ conditio; improbitas, vitium, nequitia: wretchedness, want: villany. Τί οὖν ἐτι ζῶ τῶν κῶρακων πόνηρία Thesm. 868. SYN. Κάκουρηια, πᾶνούρημα, μοχθηρία, φαυλότης, κᾶκη, κάκότης, ἀπύρια.

Πόνηρός, ἂ, ὄν, laboriosus, miser; improbus: toilsome, wretched; wicked. Hec. 594. SYN.

Ἐπίπνυός, μοχθηρός, ἀθλιός, δυστυχής, ἀτυχής, κᾶκός, μίᾶρός, ἀναδής, φλαυρός, ἀσελγής.

Πόνος, ου, ὁ; Πόνημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, labor; ærumna; morbus: labour, work; distress; disease. Med. 335. Iph. T. 165. SYN. Κάμᾶτος, μόγος, κόπος, ἐργόν, ὅτλος, λύπη, ἄνία. Ερ. Ἄλιός, οἰζυρός, δύσκλητός, δεινός, γλυκὺς, ἀμέγαρος, ἀκάμᾶτος, θυμαλγής, κρατέρος, γυνεῖαρος, λευγᾶλός, αἰπός, κάλός, κᾶκός, ἀμέτρητός, χιλεπός, μέγας, δῖπλοῦς, πόλῦς, εὐσεβής, ευκλής, μυρίος, δύσλῦτός, εὐφημός, μακρός, ἀτελεστός, ἀπειρεσίος.

Ποντεύς, ἑως, ὁ, Ponteus. 3. 113.

Ποντιάς. See Πόντιος.

Ποντίζω, ἴσω, in pontum mergo: to plunge or drown in the sea. Soph. El. 508. SYN. Κάταποντίζω.

Πόντιος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ; Ποντιάς, ἄδός, ἡ, marinus, maritimus: of the sea, marine, maritime. Ποντίους εφθαρμένους Cycl. 300. Αὔρα ποντιάς αὔρα Hec. 444, answered by ἡ νάσων ἀλίηρει. SYN. Ἄλιός, ἐνάλιός, θαλάσσιος, πελάγιος.

Πόντισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, submersio; naufragium: an immersion; a wreck. Helen. 1547.

Ποντίμεδων, ὄντος, ὁ, pontum regens: sea-ruling. Sept. Th. 123.

Ποντόνυός, ου, ὁ, Pontonous. η. 179.

Ποντόπῶρεύς, Ποντόπῶρεῖν, et Ποντόπῶρεω, mare pervado: to pass over the sea. η. 267. ε. 277. λ. 11. SYN. Διαπῶρεω, ναυτιλλῶμαι.

Ποντόπῶρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mare trajiciens: sea-passing. H. 72. SYN. Θαλασσοπαγκτός.

Ποντόπσειδῶν, ὄνός, ὁ, ponticus Neptuneus: Neptune, god of the sea. Plut. 1050. SYN. See Πῶσειδῶν.

Πόντος, ου, antiq. ὄθεν, acc. ὄν, antiq. ὀνδῆ, ὁ, (1) pontus, mare: the sea, the ocean; (2) Pontus, vel mare Euxinum: the Euxine, or Black Sea. B. 210. Apoll. 1. 2. SYN. Θαλασσᾶ, ἕλς, ὠκεῖνός, σῶλός, πελάγος. Ερ. Πελάγιός, ἀμύρτος, μέλας, κῶανεύς, εὐξείνός, ἀξενώτατός, δεινός, ευήνέμος, ἀπειρῶν, ἀμειλίχος, ἀτριγέτος, ευρύς, ἡρόειδης, τοῖειδης, ιχθυοῖς, κυμαίνων, μεγάκρης, οἰνός, πᾶλκλυστός, ἀτριγέτος, ἀμειλίχος, νιφῶεις, χειμωνιτύπος, πόλιος, πόλυφλοιστός, βάθυρρύος, ἀγρίος, ἐρίγδοντος, πικρός.

Πόξ. See Πόκος.

Πῶπαξ. See Πῶποι.

Πῶπᾶν, ου, τὸ, placentula lata, tenuis, et rotunda: a broad thin round cake. Εἰ που πῶπᾶν ἐῖ τι κατὰλελειμμένον Plut. 680. SYN. Πάκοῦς, ψαιστόν.

Πῶποι, et Πῶπαξ, interjectio notans indignationem, luctum, aut admirationem magnam, aut alium ejusmodi motum animi; heu! proh! oh gods! O strange! alas! C. R. 167. Eumen. 143. SYN. Φεῦ, πᾶπᾶ.

Ποπύζω, f. ὤσω, et Ποπυλιάζω, sibilo; concrepo digitis; noctuæ more ejulo; demulceo: to hiss; to crack; to screech as an owl; to pat. Plut. 732. Καὶ αὐτὸ τί ποπυλιάσδει Theoc. 5. 89. SYN. Συρίττω, κηλέω.

Πόρδαλις. See Πάρδαλις.

Πορδή, ἡς, ἡ, crepitus ventris: breaking of wind. Nub. 395.

Πόρεῖα, ας, ἡ, profectio; iter; trajectory: a setting out; journey; ferrying over. Thesm. 1055. SYN. Ὀδοιπορία, βαδισίς, ὁδός, πορεμᾶ. Ερ. Πόλυσκαρμός, ὁμόστολός, τάχειᾶ, ἀλίπλαγκτός, ἀελλᾶς, πόλυμοχός.

Πόρευνμα, ἄτος, τὸ, profectio; expeditio: a journey; an expedition. Eumen. 239. SYN. see Πόρος.

Πόρευσίμους, et Πόρευτός, ἡ, ὄν, permeabilis: that may be travelled, fit for passing. "Ηνπερ ἦν πόρευσίμων Eur. El. 1046. Agam. 278.

Πόρευτός, α, ὄν, proficiscendus: must go. Iph. A. 1016.

Πόρευτός. See Πόρευσίμους.

Πόρεω, ire facio, mitto, trajicio: to cause to go, despatch, convey. Herc. F. 835. SYN. Διάπορθεμύω, βιβάζω, πέμπω, στέλλω, ἐπιστέλλω. — In the mid. voice, Εκπόμενμαι, στέλλομαι, ὀδεύω, ἀπειμῖ.

Πόρεω, et redupl. Πέπορέω: praebeo: to afford, grant. Apoll. 3. 148. Πέπορεῖν legitur ab Heynio in Pyth. 2. 105., sed aliter legunt πέπαρεῖν. SYN. Πορεύω, δίδωμι, παρέχω.

Πορθεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, Portheus. E. 115.

Πορθέω, ἥσω, diruo, vasto: to destroy, lay waste. Eur. Sup. 1224. SYN. Εκπέρθω, ἐξάλαιπάζω, πέρθω, καταστρέφω, ἀνατρέπειω, ἀναιρέω, κατασκάπτω, κατὰβάλλω.

Πορθήτης, οὗ, Πορθήτωρ, ὁρὸς, ὁ, eversor, vastator: one who overturns, a plunderer. Troad. 215. Agam. 880. SYN. Λυμαντής, λυμῆων, ἀναστᾶτης.

Πόρθεμνμα, ἄτος, τὸ, transvectio: a ferrying or conveying over. Agam. 1535.

Πορθεμὺς, ἔως, et Ion. ἦδς, ὁ, ἡ, portitor: a ferryman. Eccles. 1086. SYN. Ναύτης, κωπηλάτης.

Πορθεμύω, transfretō, fretum trajicio: to ferry over, convey across. Iph. T. 267. SYN. Διάπέμπω, διακπερᾶω, διαβαίνω, διαπόρεύω.

Πορθημῖον, οὐ, τὸ, naulum: the fare. Πορθημῖον οὐτὶ φέρονται Call. fr. 110. l. SYN. Ναυλόν. EXR. Ὁ μισθὸς τοῦ ναύτου Suid.

Πορθμῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, linter quo transfretamus: a ferry-boat, ship. Πορθμῖδ' ἡ καθήσμαι Helen. 1060. ER. Γλαφύρα, κυᾶνα.

Πορθμός, οὐ, ὁ, trajectus; linter; fretum: a passage over; a ferry; a streight. Pers. 69. SYN. Πόρθμεμνμα.

Πόριζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, viam aperio, invenio, suppedito: to open a passage, devise, supply, furnish. Alceest. 225. SYN. Εκπρίζω, εξευρίσκω, τεχνάζομαι, ἐξετάζω, πύρεω, παρέχω, εὐνδῶ.

Πόριμὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, pervius; transiens; industrius: penetrable; penetrating; industrious, useful. Καὶ πόριμον αὐτῇ τῇ πόλει δ' ἀμύχανον Ran. 1429. SYN. Πόρευσίμους, εὐπόρος, κερδαλέος.

Πόρις. See Πόρταξ.

Πόριστής, οὐ, ὁ, qui suppeditat; qui vectigalia colligit: one who supplies; a tax-gatherer. Ran. 1505. SYN. Εκλογιστής.

Πόρκης, οὐ, ὁ, circulus quo cuspis hastae cum hastili firmiter jungitur: a ring which fastened the extremity of the spear to the shaft. Z. 320.

Πορνεῖον, οὐ, τὸ, lupanar: a brothel. Vesp. 1283.

Πόρνη, ἡς, ἡ, et (2) dimin. Πορνιδίον, οὐ, τὸ, scortum, meretrix: a harlot. Eq. 1400. Μήλω Βληθείς ὑπὸ πορνιδίον Nub. 984. SYN. Ἐταίρη, ἑταιρίς, ἑταιριστρία, κάσσυρα, κάσπαλδᾶς.

Πορνιδόσκω, meretricem alo: to keep a mistress. Pax 849.

Πόρνος, οὐ, ὁ, cinædus, scortator: a pathic, profligate. Plut. 155. SYN. Μάχλος, μῆαρος.

Πόρως, οὐ, ὁ, trajectus; via; vectigal; emo-

lumentum: a passage; way, stream; tax, supply; gain. Iph. T. 116. SYN. Πορθμὸς, κέλευθος, τρίψος, μηχανή, φόρος, τέλως, δασμὸς, κέρδος. ER. Εὐκτιμένους, ημάθδεις, εὐξείνους, ἀξένους, σχιστός, ἀπόρος, αγγίπλους, Ἀχερούσιος, ἱέρως, ἀλμυρὸς, πορφύροστρωτός, μορμύρων, σκότης, ἀμειλίχως.

Πορτακίζμαι, Πορτάω, f. ἄσω, fibulo: to clasp, buckle. Πορτακισάμενος φροῦδὸς ἀμπταμένους ἔβα Lysist. 106. Καὶ τήνδ' ἐμὴ πόρτασον P. V. 61. SYN. Σφίγγω, περύνω.

Πόρταξ, ἀκὸς, ὁ; Πόρτη, ἡς, ἡ, fibula: a buckle. Ὡς ἡδὺς ἐν πόρτακι Troad. 1186. Phæn. 60. SYN. Ὁχάνων, περύνω.

Πόρταμα, ἄτος, τὸ, indumentum fibulatum: a buttoned vest. Σάμα θεῖς πορταμάτων Herc. F. 954.

Πορτάω. See Πορτακίζμαι.

Πόρτη. See Πόρταξ.

Πόρῳ, Ἄεol. Πόρσω, longe, procul, eminus: afar, at a distance. Nub. 212. Olymp. 3. 79.

Πόρῳθεν, e longinquo: from a distance. Trach. 1006. SYN. Μάκροθεν, ἀπὸθεν, ἐκᾶθεν.

Πορταίνω, Πορσύνω, f. ὑνώ, praebeo, suppedito: to provide, supply. Isth. 6. 11. Med. 1016. SYN. Πόρεω, παρέχω, ἐντρέπιζω, ἐτοιμάζω, ὑπηρετέω.

Πόρσω. See Πόρῳ.

Πόρταξ, ἀκὸς, Πόρτις, Πόρις, ἴος, ὁ, ἡ, vetulus, juvenecus: a calf, heifer. Ὡς τις περὶ πόρτακι μήτηρ P. 4. E. 162. Bacch. 726. SYN. Μόσχος, δαμάλις, δαμάλην.

Πορτίτροφός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, vetulus nutriens: nourishing calves. Ἡμῖν ἂν ἡπειρον πορτιτροφόν Hom. Apoll. 21.

Πορφύρα, ας, ἡ, purpura: purple. Πορφύρας ἰσάργυρον Agam. 932.

Πορφύρεός, α, ὄν; Πορφύρεϊδής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, purpureus: of a purple colour, purple. Τάπησὶ τέ πορφύρεοισιν I. 200. Troad. 124. SYN. Μέλας, σκότηνός.

Πορφύρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, pertinens ad purpurarum venationem: of those who seek purple. Πορφύρευτικά στέγα Iph. T. 264.

Πορφύρις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, et (secunda significatione) Πορφύριον, ὧνός, ὁ, (1) vestis purpurea: a purple dress; (2) avis quaedam: a purple-crested water-fowl. Πορφύρις κέρχρη κόλυμψις ἀμπέλῖς φήνη δροῦσφ Av. 304. Πέμψω δὲ πορφύριανός es τὸν οὐρανόν 1249.

Πορφύροστρωτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, purpura stratus: spread with purple. Πορφύροστρωτος πύρος Agam. 883.

Πορφύρω, purpureo colore nigricō; perturbor: to assume a purple hue; to be disturbed or uneasy. Ὡς δ' ὅτε πορφύρη πέλαγος E. 16. SYN. Μέλαινόμαι, τάρασσμαι, μέριμνάω, καλχαίνω.

Πόσειδᾶων, Πόσειδῶν, ὧνός, ὁ, Neptuneus: Neptune, the fabled god of the sea. Πόσειδᾶων καὶ Ἀθήνη T. 115. Hippol. 45. ER. Εὐνδοίγαῖος, γαιήχους, ἐνδοσίχθων, πόντιος, ποντήμεδων, ἀγλαοτρίαινης, ἀλῖος, ευρύκρεῖων, περικλυτός, ἐρικυδής, ευρύμεδων, ποντήποσειδῶν, τίνδακτωρ γαίας, Ἰσθμῖος, ἀφθίτος, κρείων, κλυτός, ορσοτρίαινης, κυανόχαίτης, ἐμμένεος ἡτὸρ ἔχων, μέγαλοσθενής, πρόφρων, ἀναξ, πάτηρ, ἐλελίχθων, πέτραϊός. RH. Γαίης κινητήρᾳ, καὶ ἀνρῳγέτοῖδ' ἀλάσσης Πόντιον (accus.).

Πόσειδωνίης (aut Dor. Ποσειδανίος), Πόσιδῆϊος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, Neptunius, Neptuno sacer: of Neptune, sacred to Neptune. Πόσειδανίος Ἄμυ-

Πραγμαῖόν, ου, τὸ, res parva : a little affair. Οὐδ' ἐλικομένους περὶ πραγματίου Nub. 1004.

Πραγματῶδιδίφης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, qui litem scrutatur : a pettifogger. Av. 1224. See Διφᾶω. SYN. Δι-κὸλόγος.

Πράγος. See Πράγμα.

Πρακτῆριος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Πρακτικός, ἡ, ὁν, efficax, strenuus : fit for acting, efficacious. Καὶ τύχη πρακτῆριος Æsch. Sup. 532. Eq. 91. SYN. Δραστηρίος.

Πρακτικός. See above.

Πράκτωρ, ὄρος, Ion. Πρηκτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, actor ; mercator ; coactor tributorum : a doer, performer ; a merchant ; a tax-gatherer. Ran. 1322. §. 162. SYN. Εργάτης, ἐμπόρος.

Πραμνεῖος οἶνός, et Πράμνιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vinum quoddam (vid. Schol. Hom. κ. 235. et Damm.) : "a wine made from dried grapes, of peculiar body and roughness ; or produced at Πράμνη." Donn. Lex. A. 638. Δαίμωνος τοῦ Πραμνίου Eq. 107.

Πράν. See Πρώνη.

Πραξάγρας, ου, ὁ, et (2) Πραξάγορα, as, ἡ, (1) Praxagoras, (2) Praxagora. Πραξάγορας τὰδ' ἐδωρά Anacr. 189. Eccles. 124.

Πραξίνῃ, ης, ἡ, Praxinoë. Πραξίνῃα πολλῶ μὲν Theoc. 15. 5.

Πράξις, Ion. Πρῆξις, ἔως, ἡ, actio, effectus : an act, effect, conduct. Hipp. 1008. γ. 82. SYN. Πράγμα. Ερ. Φόνια, κοινή, ωκεῖα, ἀδικός, ἀγάθη, φίλη.

Πραξιτέλης, ἔος, ὁ, Praxiteles : a celebrated sculptor. Ἔργον Πραξιτέλους Theoc. 5. 105.

Πραῶνως, leniter : gently. Αἰσχὺλ' ἀλλὰ πρα-ῶνως Ran. 856.

Πρᾶος, comp. ὑτέρος, superl. ὑτάρτος, Πραῦς, et Ion. Πρῆς, superl. ὑτάρτος, placidus, mitis : mild, gentle. Ὁ Δῆρ' δ' οὐδ' ἡμῖν πρᾶος οὐδ' ὑπέσπασε Bacch. 436. Et πρᾶ in πρᾶος est æque longa. Pind. Pyth. 3. 125. Πρῆτάτων πρᾶταμόν Ap. R. 2. 937. SYN. Ἡμέρος, μάλακος, ἡπίος.

Πράπις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, pectus, mens, ingenium : the breast, heart, understanding. Ἡφαιστος ποίησε εἰδυῖναι πρᾶπιθεσσι A. 608. SYN. Φρήν, ἐπί-νοια.

Πράσια, ἄς, ἡ, area in horto : a plot in a garden, a row. Ἰὼ πρᾶσία τρίςθάλια καὶ πεν-τάκις Pax 242.

Πρασσαῖος, ου, ὁ, Prassæus : the name of a frog. Batrach. 251.

Πρασσοφάγος, ου, ὁ, Prassophagus : leek-eater, the name of a frog. Πρασσοφάγος δ' ἐσίδων Batrach. 229.

Πράσσω, aut Πράττω, Ion. Πρήσσω, f. ξω, facio, ago : to make, do, fare, &c. Αυτομάτᾳ πράξας τὰγαθ' Helen. 718. Ῥίμψα πρήσσαντ' ἐκέλευθον Ξ. 282. SYN. Διάπράσσω, ποίεω, ἄνωω, ἐργά-ζομαι.

Πρατὸς, ἡ, ὁν, vendendus, vendibilis : saleable, for sale. Trach. 276. Πρα est longa, ut πρᾶ in πέτρας, δρατὸς, &c. SYN. Ὀνιδός.

Πραυμῆτις, ἰός, leni et miti consilio agens : acting mildly. Olymp. 6. 71. See Πραῦς in Πρᾶος.

Πραῦνα, Ion. Πρηῖνα, lenio, mansuefacio : to soften, assuage, tame. Οργήν τε πρᾶνουσά καὶ δυσθυμίας Phryx 11. 3. Apoll. 3. 190. SYN. Κατὰπραῖνα, κηλέω, δέλω, μάλασσω, τιθάσσω, εκμειλίσσω, πέπαινω, εξιδέσκουμαι.

Πραῦς, Ion. Πρηῖς. See Πρᾶος.

Πρέμων, ου, et ὀθεν, τὸ, stipes, stirps, caudex : a trunk, stem, root. Lysist. 267. SYN. Κορυμῶς, ἐνοῦς.

Πρέποντως, convenienter, decenter : becomingly, suitably. Av. 563. SYN. see Εὐκόσμως.

Πρεπτός, ἡ, ὁν, et Πρέπδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, decens, conveniens : befitting, proper, suitable, becoming. Eumen. 917. Plut. 797. SYN. Πρόσφορός, ἐξυμφορός, ευπρέπης, εὐσχημων, καλός.

Πρέπω, decorus sum ; excello : to become, to be proper or becoming ; to excel. Alcest. 528. SYN. Διάπρεπω, μετὰπρεπω, κράτιστεύω, διάφερω, λάμπω. SYN. of Πρέπει, impers. πρόσκει, εἰκέ, χρῆ, ευλόγως ἔχει.

Πρέπδης. See Πρεπτός.

Πρέσβᾶ, Πρέσθειρᾶ, as, Πρεσβῦτις, et Πρέσθης, ἰδὸς, ἡ, ætate provectora ; veneranda : aged ; venerable. Πρέσβᾶ Διὸς δὴγαθήρ T. 91. Apoll. 4. 800. Χεῖρᾳ τῇ πρεσβύτιδι Hec. 830. Πρεσθῆιδᾶ τιμῇ Hom. Hym. 28. 3. SYN. (2) Σεμνός, ἐντιμός.

Πρεσεία, as, ἡ ; Πρέσθειμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, vetustas ; legatio ; dignitas : age ; an embassy ; dignity. Pers. 4. Rhcs. 933. SYN. Κηρύκειμᾶ.

Πρέσθειρᾶ. See Πρέσβᾶ.

Πρέσθειμᾶ. See Πρεσεία.

Πρεσθεῖν, ἔως, Ion. ἡός, ὁ, senex ; legatus : an old man ; an ambassador. Acharn. 93. SYN. Πρέσβυς.

Πρεσθεῖω, honoro ; antecello ; legationis munere fungor ; natus major sum : to reverence ; to be pre-eminent ; to be an ambassador ; to be the elder. Hipp. 5. SYN. Τιμᾶω, προτιμᾶω, πρεσβεῖς εἰμῖ.

Πρεσθήϊον, ου, τὸ, donum honoris et virtutis causa datum : an honorary reward. Πρεσθήϊον ἐν χερί δῆσω Θ. 289. SYN. Τιμῖον.

Πρέσθης. See Πρέσβᾶ.

Πρέσθιττος. See Πρέσβυς.

Πρέσβος, ἔος, τὸ, honor, reverentia : an object of reverence. Pers. 629. SYN. Κῶδός.

Πρεσβυγῆνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, natus maximus : the oldest. Πρεσβυγῆνης Προῖαμω Troad. 595. SYN. Πρεσβυτάτος, πρωτογόνος, προτερηγῆνης.

Πρέσβυς, ὄος, comp. ὑτέρος, superl. ὑτάρτος et πρεσβυστός, ἡ, ὁν, et Πρεσβύτης, ου, senex, antiquus, honoratus : old, honored ; subst. an old man. Ὡ πρεσβῦ πρεσβῦ τοῦ φθόνου μὲν τὸν ψόγον Thesm. 146. Πρεσβυτάτων καὶ ἄριστον ν. 142. Πρέσβιστός occurrit Sept. Th. 386. Χαῖρ' ὦ πρεσβυτᾷ παλαιωγῆνός Nub. 357. SYN. Γέρον, γερουσίος, πρεσβεῖς, τιμῖος, ἐνδοξός.

Πρεσβύτης. See above.

Πρεσβῦτις. See Πρέσβᾶ.

Πρεσβυτικός, ἡ, ὁν, senilis, priscus : old, antiquated. Πρεσβυτικὸν τὶ τὸν τρῶπον μιμουμέναι Eccles. 278. SYN. Γεροντικός, γέρον, παλαιός, ἀρχαῖος.

Πρεσβυτῶδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, senes excipiens : receiving old men. Æsch. Sup. 675. See Πρεσβύτης.

Πρεμνεῖα, as, ἡ, benevolentia, placabilitas : kindness, gentleness. Orest. 1317. See Δυσμνεῖα. SYN. Ευμνεῖα, εὐνοῖα, ἡμερότης, ἡπίδτης, ευοργησία.

Πρεμνῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, propitius, placabilis, mitis : propitious, placable, auspicious, gentle. Dan. 9. SYN. Ευμνῆς, πρᾶος, εὐνός, φίλόφρων, ἡπίος, πρόφρων.

Πρεμνῆς, miti vel propitio modo : mildly, propitiously. Pers. 225. SYN. Ευμνῶς, ἡτίως, ἀγάνως.

Πρηγορέων, ὠνός, ὁ, ingluvies ; gula : the craw, crop, or maw in birds ; the throat. Av. 1113. SYN. Λαιμός.

Πρήθω, σω, incendo: to set on fire, burn. Sept. Th. 430. SYN. Καίω, ἀνὰπρήθω, ἐκπρήθω, πῖμπρημί, ἀνάπτω, κατὰφλέγω.

Πρηκτήρ. See Πράκτωρ.

Πρημαίνω, vehementer spiro: to blow hard. Nub. 336. EXP. Λάσρως φυσάω.

Πρηνής, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, pronus: prone, steep. E. 58. SYN. Κατὰφέρης, προπέτης, κατὰφύρος.

Πρηξιδίκη, ης, ἡ, Praxidice. Πρηξιδίκη μὲν ἔρεξεν Anaer. 193.

Πρήξις. See Πράξις.

Πρήσσω. See Πράσσω.

Πρηστήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, turbo igneus e nubibus prompens: a scorching wind or storm. Lysist. 974. On the strict meaning of this word, see J. Pollux, ii. 134. and Schol. Aristoph. Ran. 476. SYN. Ἄελλᾶ, λαίλαψ, αστράπη, κέραννός.

Πρήνω. See Πραίνω.

Πρηῦς, Ion. pro Πραῦς. See Πρᾶς.

Πρήων. See Πράν.

Πρίμαι, emo, redimo, conduco: to buy, ransom, hire. Πόσιν πρίσθαι χρημάτων ὑπερβολῇ Med. 235. SYN. Ὠνέδμαι, ἀγοράζω, ἐκπρίμαι, πῖπράσκα, πέρνημι.

Πριάμιδης, ου, ὁ, Priamides: a son or descendant of Priam. Νεώτατος δ' ἦν Πριάμιδων ὁ καὶ μὲ γῆς Hec. 13.

Πριάμις, ἰδός, ἡ, Priameia: of Priam. Ὅν εἶδον εἶδον ἐν πύλαισι Πριάμισι Orest. 1489. See below.

Πριάμωδ, ου, ὁ, Priamus: Priam. Ουχ ἤδὲ Πριάμων τοῦ μεγ' ὀλβίου δάμαρ Hec. 491. EP. Ἀγακλῆς, ἀναξ, βασιλεὺς, διωτρέφης, δαΐφρων, Δαρδανίδης, εὐμμελίος, θεοειδής, γέρων, μέγας, μέγαλλητωρ, διός, εὐτέκνυς, πολυτέκνυς, Λαομέδων-τίδης, δεῦφιν μήστωρ ἀτάλαντος, ισθθεος φός.

Πρίηπος, ου, ὁ, Priapus: the god of gardens and vineyards. Ἦνθ' ὁ Πρίηπος Theoc. 1. 81. EP. Μέλᾳρχαιανός.

Πρίν, adv. prius, ante; priusquam; donec: before; before that; until. Ατρείδῃ σὺ δ' εἴ' ὥς πρίν ἔχων B. 344. Πρίν is often long in Hom., as Z. 81. I. 403. α. 393. &c. by the effect of the metrical ictus; sometimes also in Attic writers, as Prom. 481. Eccl. 857.

Πρινίδιον, ου, τὸ, parva ilex: a small holm oak. Καὶ πρινίδιοι οικήσουσιν Av. 616.

Πρινίνος, ἡ, ὄν, et Πρινώδης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, iligneus, durus: of holm oak, oaken, strong. Acharn. 667. Vesp. 382. See below. SYN. Στέρεῦς, σκληρὸς.

Πρίνω, ου, ὁ, ilex: a holm oak. Σὺ δ' εὐθὺς ὥσπερ πρίνω εμψηθεὶς βῆς Ran. 882.

Πρινώδης. See Πρινίνος.

Πριστός, ἡ, ὄν, serratus: cut with a saw, sawn. Eur. fr. Tel. 25. SYN. Εμπρισθεὶς, τμητός.

Πρίω, serra seco; constringo; frendeo: to cut with a saw; to bind; to gnash. Σάφες δ' ἂν εἶπεν οὐδὲ ἐν μὴ πρίε τοὺς ὀδόντας (vers. hipponact.) Ran. 927. SYN. Ἀπὸπρίω, κατὰπρίω, σχίζω, κόπτω, δέω, δεσμεύω.

Πρίων, ὄνός, ὁ, serra: a saw. Μορφῇ μάλιστα εικαστὸν ὥστε πρίονος Trach. 701. EP. Ὀδον-τωτός.

Πρό, præp. cum genitiv., ante, coram, præ, pro: before, in presence of, previous to, in comparison with, for, on account of. Hec. 520.

Προάγρενω, σω, prædico, prænuncio: to proclaim, announce beforehand. Lysist. 1214. See Ἀγρενέω in Ἀγοράδωμαι. SYN. Προείπών, πρό-λέγω, προκηρύσσω.

Προάγω, ἀζω, produco, promoveo, deduco,

præeo: to bring forward, promote, conduct, go before. Αλλὰ καὶ ὡς προάγειν Hom. Apoll. 272. SYN. Κἀτάγω, πρόελαύνω, πρόπέμπω, παρπέμπω, ἡγεύμαι.

Προάγωγεύω, prostituo: to prostitute. Αυτὸς ἑαυτὸν προάγωγεύων Nub. 976. SYN. Προῖσ-τημί, κατὰπορνεύω.

Προάγωγός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, leno: a pimp, a prostitute. Οὐ προάγωγὸς κατέδειξ' οὗτος Ran. 1079.

Προαίρεω, 2. a. εἰλὼν, promo; constituo; præfero: to draw forth; to settle; to choose. Thesm. 419. SYN. Προφέρω, ἐκφέρω, προκρίνω.

Προάλλης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, declivis, proclivis: sloping, precipitous. Χάρω' ἐν προάλει Φ. 262. SYN. Πρηνής, προπέτης, προχειρὸς.

Προάναβάλλομαι, præludo: to prelude. Pax 1267. SYN. Προκἀταρχομαι.

Προάστειον, ου, τὸ, suburbium: suburbs. Ξεστὸν ἐκ προαστίου Alcest. 852.

Προαυδάω, prædico, denuntio: to tell beforehand, denounce. Av. 556. SYN. Προῖρέω, πρό-λέγω, παραγγέλλω, ἀπαγγέλλω.

Προῖσθην, inter progrediendum: forward, moving on. Εκτὸς οδοῦ προῖσθην Hes. Op. 727.

Προῖσθός, εἶᾶ, ὅ, profundus: deep. Ευρύς τε προῖσθός τε Apoll. 4. 283.

Προῖσθω, f. θήσθωμαι, Προῖσθω, Προῖσθην, prægredior, procedo, succedo: to go forward, proceed, turn out, succeed. Med. 1114. Π. 609. N. 18. SYN. Προῖρχομαι, προχωρῶ, ἐκβαίνω, προῖσθίζω, προῖσθω, προῖσθω, προῖσθω, προῖσθω.

Προῖσθω, ου, Bacchicus: Bacchean. Bacch. 407.

Προῖσθω, Ion. προῖσθωσκὼν, projicio, emitto, affirmo, periclitor: to throw forward or on, send forth, allege, risk. Rhes. 183. ε. 331. SYN. Ἀπὸ-βάλλω, προτέλω, ἀπορήπτω.

Προῖσθός, εὖς, ἡ, progressus, proventus: advance, produce. Κεμήλιᾳ τε προῖσθιν τε β. 75. SYN. Προῖσθῇ, ἐπιδόσις, πρόσδοδος.

Προῖσθῶν, ου, τὸ, ovicula: a little sheep. Βληχάμενός τε προῖσθῶν (iamb. dim.) Plut. 293.

Προῖσθῶν, ὄνός, qui inter oves discernit: one who distinguishes sheep. Ὅστις δ' ἀγαθὸς προῖσθῶν ἄγων Agam. 768.

Προῖσθῶν, ου, τὸ, ovicula, pecus: a sheep, cattle. Κάπειτα τοῖσι τοῖς προῖσθῶσι μοῖδ' ὀκκεῖ Vesp. 34. SYN. Ὀῖς, μῆλ' ὄν. EP. Εἰροπῶν, εὐτρέφες.

Προῖσθῶν, ου, τὸ, ovium venditor: a sheep-seller. EP. 138. See above.

Προῖσθῶν, αὐτός, τὸ, progressus: an advance, a capering. Plut. 759.

Προῖσθῶν, Προῖσθην. See Προῖσθην.

Προῖσθῶν, See Προῖσθην.

Προῖσθῶν, αὐτός, τὸ, eminentia, munimentum: a jutting out, a barrier, protection, defence. Eur. Sup. 219. SYN. Προῖσθῶν, ἐρύμᾳ.

Προῖσθῶν, ἡτός, ὁ, ἡ, prominens, jutting out. Εἰσθήκει προῖσθῶν Apoll. 4. 1681.

Προῖσθῶν, ου, ὁ, ἡ, projectus: cast out, exposed. Aj. 831. SYN. Ἐκλεθῶν, ἀπὸελεθῶν.

Προῖσθῶν, progressior: to go forth. Προ-ελαῶσκειν ἀλλ' αὐτοῦ ἄκην Φ. 239. SYN. Εκ-βαίνω, ἐκπορεύομαι, ἐξίμι, προβαίνω.

Προῖσθῶν, ἡσω, clamo præ aliis, exclamo: to shout above others. M. 277. SYN. Προφώνεω, ἐκβῶ.

Προῖσθῶν, ου, ὁ, ἡ, exporrectus: stretched

out. Theoc. 24. 123. SYN. Προῦλης, προ-
ελητός.

Προῦλλη, ἥς, ἡ, objectus; propugnaculum:
interposition; defence against. Orest. 1496.
SYN. Προελημά, εἰλαρ.

Προῦλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ante positus, prominens; et
subst. ὁ, promontorium; propugnator: placed
before, jutting out; subst. a promontory; a
champion. Nub. 1161. SYN. Προῦλης, προ-
ελητός, πρῶν, πρῶμαχος, πρῶμος, πρῶμολός, προ-
στάτης.

Προῦλεῦω, consuio, provideo: to deliberate
for. Eq. 1339. SYN. Προῦδέω.

Προῦλούμαι, pf. m. ἐξουλά, potius cupio:
to prefer. A. 113. SYN. Προκρίνω, προτιμάω.

Προῦλουπάις, παιδός, consilio prognatus, vel
posteris consulens (vid. Blomf. in l. c.): counsellor-
born, or consulting for posterity. Agam. 377.

Προῦλός, ου, ὁ, qui ante alios consulat; se-
nator: a counsellor: a senator. Lysist. 609.
SYN. Βουλευτής, μητιέτης, σύμβουλος.

Προῦδῶ, ὅσω, emungo: to snuff. Λύχρον προ-
ευσὼν Vesp. 249, 250. SYN. Ἀπομύττω, προ-
μύσσω.

Προῦμῖον, ου, τὸ, vestibulum aræ: the ves-
tibule of the altar. Ζηνὸς εἰ προῦμῖον Heracl.
80.

Προῦγένης, ου, ὁ, promissam barbam habens:
having a long beard. Theoc. 3. 9. SYN. Ευγέ-
νειος, ευπῶγων.

Προῦγέστηρς, α, ὄν, major natus; venera-
bilior: older; more venerable. δ. 205. SYN.
Πρεσβύτερς, παλαιότερς.

Προῦγενήτωρ, ὄρς, Προῦγόνς, ου, ὁ, proge-
nitor: a forefather, ancestor. Hipp. 1377. Av.
543. SYN. Προπάτωρ, προῦγέστηρς, πρῶτε-
ρηγένης.

Προῦγινώσκω, Προῦδάμῃ, ante cognosco aut
constituo: to know or determine before. Καὶ
προῦγινώσκειν ἔχρην Hipp. 1075. Ἡ ἐπὶ προῦδαῖς
ἄλῃται δ. 396.

Προῦγίνομαι, præcedo; procedo: to precede;
to proceed. Apoll. 3. 1291. SYN. Προῦάγω,
προῦδαίνω, προῦμῶλω, προῦχωρῶ.

Προῦγόνς. See Προῦγενήτωρ. Προῦγόνς has
also the signification of step-son, Ion 1328.

Προῦγράφω, ψω, prius scribo; proseribo: pre-
viously to write; to proscribe. Σκόπειν ὅ τι ἂν
προῦγράψωμεν ἐν τοῖς πινάκιοις Av. 450.

Προῦδάμῃ. See Προῦγινώσκω.

Προῦεῖδω, σω, ante metuo: to fear previously.
Æ. R. 90. SYN. Προῦδεῖμαι, προῦδειμαίνω.

Προῦεῖλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui ante vespem aliquid
agit: before the evening, in the afternoon.
Theoc. 25. 223.

Προῦδείκνυμι, ξω, præmonstro: to show pre-
viously. Eur. A. 456. SYN. Προῦσημαίνω, προῦ-
φαίνω, επαγγέλλω.

Προῦδέρκωμαι, Προῦδῆλω, et Προῦεῖδω, præ-
video: to see or look before or forward. P. V.
256. Ran. 1521. Nem. 1. 40. SYN. Προῦλεύσω,
προῦγινώσκω.

Προῦδῆλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus: very plain.
Orest. 187. SYN. see Ἀριδῆλός.

Προῦδιδάσκω, ξω, prius doceo: to teach before
or previously. Ὅ τι περ μέλλεις προῦδιδάσκειν
Nub. 476.

Προῦδιδωμί, δώσω, prodo; prius do: to be-
tray, desert; give previously. Προῦδιδωσί παιδάς
τ' ἐκτεκνούμενος λάθρα Ion 441. SYN. Ἀπο-
λείπω, ἐκλείπω.

Προῦδικός, ου, ὁ, justitiæ defensor; patronus:
a supporter of justice; a patron. Agam. 438.
See Δίκη. Προῦδικός is also a P. N. Nub. 360.
Av. 693. SYN. Συνήγορός, προστατής, συν-
δικός.

Προῦδοκῆ, ἥς, ἡ, angustus locus insidiis aptus:
a place where a person lies in wait for game, an
ambush. Δ. 107. SYN. Ἐνέδρα, λῆχος, ἐγ-
κρυμῆ.

Προῦδῶμος, ου, δ, atrium, vestibulum: an en-
trance-hall, vestibule. Apoll. 3. 278. SYN.
Προῦθῶρον, προῦθῶραιον, αἶθουσα, παστάς.

Προῦδῶσια, ας, ἡ, proditio: a betraying, trea-
chery, treason. "Ἡ μὲ προῦδῶκεν κἀλὴν γὰρ προ-
δῶσιαν δικαίᾳ δρᾶν (troch. tetr.) Helen. 1632.

Προῦδότης, ου, ὁ; Προῦδότης, ἰδός, ἡ, proditor: a
traitor, betrayer. Ion 863. Thesm. 400.

Προῦδότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, proditus: betrayed. Hipp.
591.

Προῦδουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, servus: a slave. Agam.
918. SYN. see Δουλός.

Προῦδρόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, præcurrens: running be-
fore, or forward. Ἐγὼ δὲ προῦδρόμος σῆς πάρα-
σκευῆς χάριν Iph. A. 424. SYN. Προῦρηγῆτης,
πρῶρηγῆτηρ, προῦτρέχω.

Προῦδρία, ας, ἡ, prior sedes: a first or front
seat. Ἰδοὺ προῦδρίαν οἶον ὀψύμαί σ' ἐγὼ Eq.
703.

Προῦδέργω, prohibeo, arceo: to prevent, hinder.
Λ. 568. SYN. Ἀπείργω, κἀθείργω, κωλύω, ἐμ-
πόδιζω.

Προῦεῖδω. See Προῦδέρκωμαι.

Προῦεξέπιστάμαι, aut Προῦξ, probe novi ante:
to know well before. Πάντᾳ προῦεξέπιστάμαι
P. V. 101. SYN. Προῦγινώσκω, προῦδάμῃ, προ-
εἶδω.

Προῦεξερευνάω, aut Προῦξ, ante scrutor: to
examine or investigate previously. Προῦξερευ-
νήσω στίθων Phœn. 92. SYN. Εξεξερευνάω, ἐξ-
ετάζω.

Προῦεξερευνητής, aut Προῦξ, οὐ, ὁ, scrutator
ante: a previous examiner. Προῦεξερευνητὰς
στάτου Rhes. 292.

Προῦεξέφίεμαι, aut Προῦξ, prius mando vel
jubeo: to order or command previously. "Ὡς σὺ
προῦεξέφίεσο Trach. 761. SYN. Εντέλλω, προ-
ευνέπω.

Προῦεῖρῶ, f. ὥσω, protraho, deduco: to draw
forward, to bring to. Προῦεῖρυσσάμεν ἡπειρόνδε
ι. 73. SYN. Κάθελκω.

Προῦερέσω, ἔσω, promoveor remigando: to
row forward. Σπουδῇ δ' ἐς λιμένα προῦερέσσάμεν
ν. 279.

Προῦέχω, ante habeo; promineo; præsto: to
hold before; to jut out; to excel. Τῆς κωλῆς
προῦέχων Nub. 989. SYN. Πρότεινω, ὑπέρεχω.

Προῦγῆμαι, prægredior: to lead the way be-
fore. Plut. 1195. SYN. Κάθηγῆμαι, ὑφηγῆμαι,
πρόεμποι.

Προῦγηγῆτηρ, ἦρς, Προῦρηγῆτης, οὐ, ὁ, et Προῦ-
γήτειρά, ας, ἡ, dux viæ: a guide, leader. Bacch.
1148. Æ. R. 1292. Apoll. 3. 1181. SYN. Ἠγέ-
μῶν, ἄγός, ὁδηγός.

Προῦηκῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, præacutus; prætentus:
sharp; stretched out. μ. 205. SYN. Οξέηκτος,
ευμήκης.

Προῦήκω, progredior: to advance. Nub. 513.
SYN. see Προῦδαίνω.

Προῦήμᾱρ, ante diem: before day. Simon. 230.
47. See Ἡμᾱρ.

Προῦθῆλυμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, e radice erutus; con-

gestus; plucked up by the roots, extirpated; heaped up. N. 130. SYN. Πρόρριζος, αὐτορριζός, πύκνος, συνέχης.

Πρόθεσις, vaticinor: to prophesy. P. V. 219. SYN. Πρόμαντεύμαι, προείπον, δεσπιδέω, χρησμοδόγη.

Πρόθω, προθέεσκω, praecurro, antecurro: to run forward, outstrip. A. 291. X. 459. SYN. Προτρέχω.

Πρόθνησκω, 2. a. εἶθάνω, morior pro: to die for. Παίδων πρόθνησκεν πατέρας οὐδ' Ἑλληνικόν Alcest. 700.

Πρόθνηωρ, ὄρος, δ, Prothöenor. B. 495.

Πρόθνης, ου, δ, Prothois. B. 756.

Πρόθρῶσκω, 2. a. εἰθρῶν, prosilio: to spring forward. Οὐράνθεν πρόθρῶρυσά Apoll. 4. 641. SYN. Προθήδω, ἀνθρῶν, ἀντέλλω, προπίπτω, εἰσρομάμαι.

Πρόθυμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, quod sacrificio praemittitur: an offering before the regular sacrifice. Ἐπεὶ δὲ βωμῷ πόπανά καὶ πρόθυμάτα Plut. 660.

Πρόθυμῶμαι, alacri sum animo; valde cupio: to be in high spirits; to be zealous, to desire much. Καὶ μὴν πρόθυμῶμαι γὰρ σαυλδπρακτικῶν Vesp. 1173. SYN. Ἐπιθυμῶ, σπουδάζω, ἐπείγμαι, ευθυμῶ, δαρβῶ.

Πρόθυμᾶ, as, ἡ, animi alacritas, studium: promptness, zeal. Πρόθυμᾶς γὰρ οὐδὲν P. V. 349. SYN. Ἐπιθυμᾶ, ὄρη, σπουδῇ.

Πρόθυμος, ου, δ, ἡ, promptus, alacer: ready, zealous. Πρόθυμὸν εἶχ' οφθαλμῶν Med. 1143. SYN. Μεμᾶς, πρόφρων, πρῆχειρς, ἔτοιμος, σπουδαῖος, ἀκνός.

Πρόθυμος, promptus, alacriter: readily, earnestly. Plut. 257. See above. SYN. Ἐτοίμως, ασμένως, ἡδῶς, ἰαρόως, σπουδαίως.

Πρόθυραῖον, Πρόθυρον, ου, τὸ, prima exterior janua domus: the front door, threshold. Ἐκδοσμητα πρόθυραῖα Hom. Hym. 3. 384. Vesp. 870. SYN. Προπύλαιον, πρόπύλον, πρόδομος. Ερ. Εὐτευκτόν.

Πρόθυω, ὅσω, ante vel pro sacrificio: to sacrifice before or for. Παιδὸς πρόθυσων ξενία Ion 804.

Προῖάλλω, ἄλῳ, ante mitto: to send forward. Αἰγρόνδε προῖάλλε ο. 369. SYN. Προπέμπω, προτίθημι, ἀποστέλλω.

Προιάπτω, ψω, praemitto: to send forward, or before the time. Ψυχὰς αἰδι προῖαψεν A. 3. SYN. Προπέμπω, προῖάλλω.

Προῖμα, Προῖεω, projicio, abjicio, negligo: to send forward or away, throw out, neglect, omit. Ες πόντον προῖησὶ μ. 253. Οἰχόμενον σὺ δὲ με προῖες ω. 332. SYN. Ἐπιπροῖημι, προπέμπω, προρίπτω, δλιγρωῶ.

Προῖκᾶ, gratis: gratuitously. ΑΛΛ' οὐκ ἂν εἴ τί προῖκᾶ πρόσγαγείν σ' εἶδε Eq. 575. SYN. Ἀμισθί, δωρεάν.

Προῖκτης, ου, δ, mendicus: a beggar. ρ. 347. SYN. Πτωχός, πένης, βωμολόχος, ἀγύρτης. Ερ. Ἀναδής, δαρσάλεος.

Προῖξ aut Προῖξ, gen. προικός, donum; dos: a gift; a dowry. Προικὸς χάρισασθαι ν. 15.

Προῖστημι, f. στήσω, ante colloco, propono: to place before, propose. Προῖστώσω λόγῳ Cyel. 319. SYN. Προτίθημι, πρόσάλλω, προφέρω.

Προῖτιδες, ων, αἱ, Proetides: the name of one of the seven gates at Thebes. Πρὸς πύλαισι Προῖτισι Sept. Th. 373.

Προῖτος, ου, δ, Proetus. Sept. Th. 391.

Προῖωξίς, ἔως, ἡ, persecutio: pursuit. Εν δὲ

προῖωξίς τε πᾶλῳξίς τε τῆτυκτο Hes. Scut. 154. SYN. Δίωγμά, δίωγμός, ἰωχηή.

Προκάθεῖνω, prius dormio: to sleep first. Vesp. 104.

Προκάθίζω, et Προκάθημαι, ante consideo: to sit down before. Κλαγγηδὸν προκάθιζόντων B. 463. Rhcs. 6. SYN. Προῖστάμαι.

Προκάκῳπάθῳ, malis ante affligo: to be previously afflicted with misfortunes. Aesch. Sup. 871. See Κάκος and Πᾶθος.

Προκάκός, η, ὄν, malus palam: manifestly bad. Pers. 980. See Κάκος.

Προκάλέθω, et Προκάλίζωμαι, evoco; laccio; hortor; appello: to call out; to challenge; to urge on; to appeal to. Προκάλούμεθ' ευγένειαν Herc. F. 308. Σ. 228. SYN. Εκκάλεω, πᾶράκαλεω, προτρέπω, ἐρεθίζω, ἐπαγω.

Προκάλυμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, velamen: a veil. Προκάλυμᾶτων ἐπλευσε Agam. 673. SYN. Κάλυμᾶ, περίκαλυμᾶ, κάλυπτρα.

Προκάλπτω, ψω, praetendo, velo: to place before as a covering, to pretend, to cover. Προῦκάλυστ' ὁμᾶτα Med. 1144. SYN. Κᾶτάκαλπτω, προτείνω, πρόσάλλω, κάλυπτο.

Προκάμνω, 2. a. ἐκᾶν, ante vel pro laboro: to labour or be weary beforehand or for. Μὴ προκάμητῃ πόδα Herc. F. 118. SYN. Προπῶνέμαι.

Προκάς. See Πρόξ.

Προκάτᾶγγινώσκω, f. γνώσθωμαι, ante damno: to condemn previously. Vesp. 919. SYN. Πρόκρινω, κατᾶγγινώσκω.

Πρόκειμαι, objectus sum ante; proponor: to be placed before; to be proposed. Orest. 838. SYN. Πᾶράβάλλωμαι, πᾶράκειμαι, διάτάσθωμαι, προῖστάμαι.

Πρόκηδῶμαι, et Πρόκηραίνω, curam gero de: to be anxious for. P. V. 650. Trach. 29. SYN. Μερμινᾶω, κήδωμαι, προμηθεύωμαι, φροντίζω, ἐπιμελέωμαι.

Πρόκηραίνω. See above.

Πρόκηρύσσω, ξω, ante praedico, per praenem edico: to proclaim previously, or by a herald. Antig. 34. SYN. Κηρύσσω, ἀνᾶκηρύσσω, ἀνᾶγρεύω.

Πρόκλυτος, ου, δ, ἡ, ante vulgatus: heard of long ago. Πρόκλυτ' ἀκούοντες T. 204. SYN. Διάδότητος, πόλιθρύλλητος, ὄνμαστος.

Πρόκλῳ, f. κλαῖω, prius defleo: to weep or lament before. Προῦκλαῖον οἰζῶντος Trach. 965. SYN. see Κλαῖω.

Πρόκνη, ης, ἡ, Progne: Ταῦτᾶ χρῆ δρᾶν ἡ Πρόκνη Av. 665. SYN. Ατθίς, παιδολέτερά.

Πρόκόπτω, progredior, proficio (vid. Monk. Hipp. 23.): to advance, to profit. Alcest. 1098. SYN. Προῖαγω, πρόσάλλω, ἐπιδιδωμί, προχωρῶ.

Πρόκρινω, ἰνῳ, praefero: to select in preference. Πάντων πρόκρινας σαφρῖνέστατον βρῶτῶν Helen. 47. SYN. Εκκρίνω, κρίνω, ἀποαίνωμαι, εἰσαιρεῶ, εκλέγω, προτιμᾶω.

Προκρίς, ἰὸς vel ἰδός, ἡ, Procris. Vid. Ov. Metam. vii. 493. 672—865. Φαίδρην τε Πρόκριν τὴ ἰδὼν λ. 320.

Πρόκροσσαι, ὦν, αἱ, subaud. νῆες, naves ita collocatae ut puppes altæ quasi murum pinnis eminentibus constituent: ships drawn up in a line, so that the high sterns look like a wall with projecting pinnacles. Τῷ ῥα προκρόσας ἔρυσαν E. 35.

Πρόκρούστης, ου, δ, Procrustes. Οἰμοὶ Πρόκρούστης τημέρον γενήσῳμαι Eccles. 1013.

Πρόκρουος, σω, pulsando extendo, trudo, sub-agito: to stretch out by hammering, to push. Τὴν γραιὴν πρόκρουσιν πρῶτον Eccles. 1017.

Πρόκυλινδουμαι, Προπρόκυλινδουμαι, et Πρόκυλινδουμαι, provolvor ad pedes alicujus: to roll or fall before. Πρόκυλινδεται οὐδ' ἐτέρωσε Ξ. 18. X. 221. Av. 501. SYN. Προπίπτω, γοναζουμαι, προσκύνω, προπίπτω.

Πρόκύπτω, ψω, procumbo: to incline or bend forward. Ran. 412. SYN. Κύπτω, ἐπιρρέπω, ἐπικύπτω.

Πρόκυον, ὄνυς, δ, Procyon: the name of a star which precedes the dog-star. Καὶ Πρόκυον διδύμοις Arat. 450.

Πρόκωμιον. See Προοίμιον.

Πρόκωπος, ου, δ, ἡ, gladium capulo tenens; distriatus: holding a sword by the hilt; drawn (as said of a sword). Orest. 1485.

Πρόλαγχάνω, ante sortior: to choose before. Eccles. 1159. See Δαγχάνω.

Πρόλαζουμαι, et Πρόλαμβάνω, prius apprehendo, anticipo: to seize first, anticipate, surprise. Πρόλαζουμαι γοῦν τῷ χροῶν τῆς ἡδονῆς Ion 1027. 410. See Δαμβάνω. SYN. Φθάνω, προφθάνω.

Πρόλεγω, prædico, edico: to speak first, proclaim. Vesp. 886. SYN. Προμηνύω, προφωνέω, πρόσσημαίνω.

Πρόλειπω, relinquo, deficio: to leave, fail, faint. Thesm. 927. SYN. see Λείπω.

Πρόλεσχός, ου, δ, ἡ, garrulus: chattering. Æsch. Sup. 208. SYN. Στάμυλλος.

Πρόλεισσω, prævideo: to see before-hand. Philoct. 1360. SYN. see Προδέρκωμαι.

Πρόλογος, ου, δ, prologus: a prologue, an introduction of the subject of a tragedy, first adopted by Euripides. Ran. 1117.

Πρόμαλδος, ου, ἡ, salix: a willow. See the Schol. in l. c. 'Ἐξείης πρόμαλοι τῷ Ἀπολλ. 3. 201.

Πρόμαυνάω, 2. a. ἐμαῶν, prius disco: to learn previously. Εἰτ' αὖ πρόμαθεῖν ἄσμι' ἐδίδασκεν Nub. 966. SYN. see Προγινώσκω.

Προμαντεύουμαι, vaticinor: to foretell. Eur. fr. Melan. 17. 1. SYN. see Προθεσιζώ.

Προμαντῖς, ἔως, δ, ἡ, præsagus: prophetic. Androm. 1061.

Προμαχίζω, et Προμαχουμαι, in prima acie pugno; defendo: to fight in the first ranks for or with; to be the champion of. Ἀχιλλῆϊ πρόμαχιζε T. 376. P. 358. SYN. Ἰπερμαχουμαι, ὑπερασπίζω.

Προμάχος, et Πρόμος, ου, δ, qui in prima acie pugnat; propugnator: one who fights in the front rank; a champion. Ἴθυσεν δὲ διὰ πρόμαχων Π. 582. Troad. 31. Πρόμαχος is also a P. N. in Ξ. 476. SYN. Προστάτης, ὑπερασπιστής.

Προμελεῖται, ἦσω, ante meditator: to premeditate, practise. Thesm. 1177. SYN. Πρόλογίζουμαι.

Προμήθευς, α, ὄν, Prometheus: Promethean. Apoll. 3. 844.

Πρόμηθειά, Πρόμηθεια, ας, ἡ, providentia, cura: superintendence, care. Æsch. Sup. 186. Καὶ λάβων πρόμηθειαν Hec. 783. SYN. Πρόνοιά, προθυμία, ἐπιμέλειά.

Πρόμηθεύς, ἔως, δ, Prometheus. P. V. 251. Ερ. Αγκυλόμητις, πυρφόρος, σφιστής, ἰαπετιώνιδης, δδλομητις, δδλοφρόνων, παῖς ἰαπετιοῦ, ποικιλοβουλός. PHR. see P. V. 445—515.

Πρόμηθεύς, Πρόμηθης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, providus: provident. Æsch. Sup. 708. Soph. El. 1078.

Πρόμηθεια. See Πρόμηθειά.

Πρόμηθειῶς, prudenter: prudently. Αὐτὸ καὶ πρόμηθειῶς Av. 1510. SYN. Περίφραδews, ἐπιμελῶς, δεξιῶς, ξυνέτως.

Πρόμηνυω, ὅσω, pramonstro: to declare before. Antig. 84. See Μηνύω. SYN. Πρόερω, πρόσσημαίνω, προδιδάσκω, πρόλεγω.

Πρόμητωρ, ὄρος, ἡ, avia: a grandmother, female ancestor. Phcen. 687.

Πρόμηνυμί, prius misceo: to mix in preference. Παλλάκιδι προμήγῃναι I. 452.

Προμυῶμαι, ambio nuptias pro alio; præ-sagio: to court for another; to presage. Æ. C. 1075. See below. SYN. Προμαντεύουμαι.

Προμνηστίνος, η, ὄν, alter post alterum: one after another. Αἱ δὲ προμνηστῖναι ἐπ' ἡξῶν λ. 232.

Πρόμνηστριά, ας, ἡ, pronuba; conciliatrix: a female matchmaker; a procuress. Εἰθ' ὀφέλ' ἡ προμνηστρί' ἀπολέσθαι κάκως Nub. 41.

Πρόμυλλω, inus; 2. a. ἐμυλλῶ, progredior: to advance. δ. 22. SYN. see Πρόβαίνω.

Πρόμυλλη, ἡς, ἡ, vestibulum: a porch, vestibule. Apoll. 1. 1174. SYN. Πρόθυρον, πρόθυραιον, προθύμους, προπύλαιον.

Πρόμυς. See Προμάχος.

Πρόμωχθεῶ, prius laboro: to labour previously. Eur. Sup. 1244. SYN. Προπυνεύουμαι.

Πρόναια, ας, ἡ, Pronæa: an epithet of Minerva, so called from a statue erected to her honour, in front of the temple at Delphi. See Herod. viii. 37. and Meurs. Lect. Att. p. 87. Ὅθ' ἰδρόντο Πρόναϊν Call. fr. 220.

Πρόναος, ου, δ, ἡ, ante templum situs: placed in front of a temple. Βωμοὺς πρόναους καὶ πόλισσούχων ἔδρας Æsch. Sup. 503.

Πρόνέμω, distribuo; procedo: to distribute; to advance. Isthm. 8. 37. SYN. Πρόβαίνω.

Πρόνυῶ, ante animadverto: to perceive beforehand. Nub. 975. SYN. Προσκοπέω, πρόγινώσκω, προδιδάσκωμαι, προδέρκωμαι.

Πρόνοιά, ας, ἡ, prudentia: forethought, prudence. Ὡ τυχὴ πρόνοιά δ' ἡ' μὴ σωθῶν οὐς ἐγὼ δέλω (troch. tetr.) Iph. A. 864. SYN. Πρόμηθειά, φροντίς, ἐπιμέλειά, ἐπίνοιά. Ερ. Θεία, σόφῃ, ἡσυχός.

Πρόνυμους, ου, δ, ἡ, ante pascens: feeding before. Æsch. Sup. 699.

Πρόνυδος, ου, δ, ἡ, prudens: prudent. Æsch. Sup. 976. SYN. Πρόμηθεύς, πρόμηθης, εὐνός, φρόνιμος.

Πρόνυξ, ante noctem: before night. Simon. 230. 47.

Πρόνυπης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, præceps, pronus; promptus: prone; ready. Androm. 727. SYN. Πρηγής, κατὰφέρης, πρόπετης, πρόνυπῖος, κρημνώδης, ἀποτύμιος.

Πρόνυπῖος, ου, δ, ἡ, ante vestibulum: before the vestibule. Πῶς πρόνυπιος Bacch. 634. Πρόνυπῖος is also used as a substantive, signifying a vestibule, porch, Hipp. 376. and Bacch. 629. See Hesychius and Jul. Pollux. SYN. see Πρόθυρον.

Πρόξ, πρόκος, Πρόκας, ἄδως, δ, ἡ, hinnulus, dama: a fawn, hind. Apoll. 2. 279. Θῶαι πρόκῶν ἀδέρητοι Hom. 5. 71. SYN. Νέερος, κέρως, δορκῶς.

Προξένω, hospitio excipio nomine civitatis; supposito: to entertain in the name of the state; to supply, furnish. Trach. 727. SYN. Ξενίζω, προϊστάμαι.

Προξένια, as, ἡ, hospitium: hospitality. Ποῖ πῦτ'ε τρέφει τινὰ προξένιον Med. 360. SYN. Ξένια.

Πρόξενός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui peregrinos nomine civitatis hospitio excipit; hospes publicus; conciliator: a public entertainer; a public guest; a match-maker. Androm. 1092. SYN. Ξένος, προστάτης, φίλος.

Προοίμιον, Προκώμιον, Φροίμιον, ου, τὸ, præludium: a prelude. Τί χρημὰ μ' ουκτροῖς ἐκάλεσας προοίμιος Herc. F. 1170. Nem. 4. 17. Troad. 888. SYN. Πρόλογος.

Πρόδυνμι, f. ὠδῶσα, ante juro: previously to swear. Εκμαρτύρησον προδύμους τὸ μ' εἰδέναι Agam. 1167.

Πρόδυνάμζω, ἄσω, primum nomiao: to name first. Δανῆην δὲ πρῶνύμασσε Dan. 20.

Πρόδοπτός, aut Προϋπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conspicuus: conspicuous, manifest. Προϋπτὸν ἐς Ἄδην Hipp. 1368. SYN. Πρόδηλός, δηλός, φάνερός, πρόσφάνης.

Πρόδφείλω, aut Προϋφείλω, ante debeo: to owe previously. Κάμοι γάρ τί προδφείλει κῆκόν Iph. T. 524.

Πρόπάλαι. See Πάλαι.

Πρόπαρ, prær., ante: before, in front of. Πρόπαρ Ισμηνοῦ κατάδεύει Phœn. 841. SYN. Πρό.

Πρόπαριθέ, Πρόπαροιθέν, adv. et prær., ante, in prospectu: before, in sight. Ηἴδνος πρόπαροιθέ βάθειος B. 92. Ψ. 582. SYN. see Ἐμπροσθεν.

Πρόπας, πασά, πᾶν, universus, totus: the whole, all. Ερβέτω πρόπας στόλος Phœn. 633. SYN. Πᾶς, ἅπας, ξύμπας.

Πρόπαρχω, f. πείσῶμαι, 2. a. ἐπάθων, ante patior: to suffer or experience before. C. C. 229.

Πρόπάτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, avus, progenitor: a grandfather, an ancestor. Orest. 1441. See Πάτηρ. SYN. Πρόγενήτωρ, πρόγονός, προγένεστέρος.

Πρόπέμω, ψω, præmittō; deduco: to send forward; to conduct. Hipp. 1102. SYN. Πρόιμι, παράπέμω, προῖάλλω, ἀνάγω.

Πρόπτεϊά, as, ἡ, proclivitas, protervitas: readiness, petulance. Τὴν πρόπτεϊάν ὄρα Call. Ep. 43. 2.

Πρόπτης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, pronus, præceps, proclivis; protervus: leaning down, headlong; petulant. Hec. 149. SYN. Πρὶνωτής, πρηνής, αὐθάδης, ἀναιδής, κατὰφέρης, ἐπιρρήπης.

Πρόπληκίζω, ἴσω, contumelia adificio: to insult. Πρόπληκίζε σοῦ γὰρ C. R. 427. SYN. Ὀνειδίζω, λοιδορέω, ὕβριζω, ἐρεθίζω, κερτύμω, λασδαῖμαι, δεινάζω.

Πρόπινω, propino: to drink to one, to pledge. Call. Ep. 37. 2. See Πίνω.

Πρόπίπτω, 2. a. ἐπέσυν, et Πρόπῖνέω, ante cado aut nuto: to fall before, lean forward. Eur. Sup. 71. Soph. El. 1380. SYN. Πάραπίπτω, προσπίπτω, προσπῖνέω, γουναζέμαι, πρὸκύλινδμαι.

Πρόπδίζω, procedo: to proceed. N. 158. SYN. see Πρόβαῖνω.

Πρόπλευμὰ, αῦτος, τὸ, ministerium: service, attendance on. Ion 113. SYN. Ἱππηρέτημὰ, δερᾶπεια.

Πρόπδλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, minister: an attendant, minister. Helen. 569. See the obss. on the word ἀμφίπδλός. SYN. Πρόσπδλός, ἀμφίπδλός, ὑπηρέτης. Ep. Ἱέρους, ἁγίος, μάκαρ.

Πρόπομπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, prævius: going before,

conducting. Eumen. 206. SYN. Πρόηγητήρ, προηγήτης, ὀδηγός.

Πρόπυνέω, ante laboro: to labor or be distressed previously. C. R. 685. SYN. Πρόμοχθεώ, προπάσχω.

Πρόποντις, ἰδός, ἡ, Propontis: the sea of Marmora. Πρόποντιδός ἐνθά Κίανων Theoc. 13. 30.

Πρόπδός, ἔως, ἡ, propinatio: drink. Simon. 101. 6. SYN. Πδός, πδτον, πώμα.

Πρόπδτης, ου, ὁ, propinatorius: drinking to. Rhes. 357.

Πρόπράσσω, ξω, prius exigo: to require first. Choëph. 820.

Πρόπρέαν, ὠνός, benevolus, promptus: kind, ready. Nem. 7. 126. SYN. Πρόπρηνης, πρῶφρων, προθυμός.

Πρόπρηνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, pronus: prone, extended. Φασγᾶνφ αἶξας ἡ προπρηνεῖ τύψας χ. 98. SYN. see Πρηνης.

Πρόπρῶ, ante, coram: before. Πρόπρῶ μάλ' ἐνδὸθι Σούρτιν Apoll. 4. 1235. SYN. Πρῶ, πρόπαροιθέ.

Πρόπρδιδιάζωμαι, ante vim infero: to use violence first. Προπρδιδιάζόμενοι ἡ δ' ἔσπετῶ Apoll. 1. 386.

Πρόπρδκάταγδην, procurrento cum impetu: with impetuosity, forward. Προπρδκάταγδην κοίλης ἁλός Apoll. 2. 597.

Πρόπρδκύλινδμαι. See Πρδκύλινδμαι.

Πρόπρυνμὰ, radicitus: by the roots. Πρόπρυνμὰ δ' ἐκβδλὰν φέρει Sept. Th. 767. SYN. Παντέλης, ἐσχατός.

Πρόπύλαιον, et Πρόπύλον, ου, τὸ, vestibulum: a porch, vestibule. Lysist. 265. Soph. El. 1375. See Πύλη. SYN. see Πρόθυραιον.

Πρόπυργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ante turres situs: before the towers. Agam. 1139.

Πρόρῶω, aut Προρῶω, et Ion. imp. προῖρεσκόν, profluo; profluere facio: to flow forward or on, or cause to do so. Πδτάμφ ἁλᾶδε προῖεοντι E. 598. Apoll. 3. 225. SYN. Ἀπορῶω, ἐκρέω, κάταρῶω.

Πρόρρητός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, prædictus: told before, foretold. Trach. 686.

Πρόρριζός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui una cum radice projicitur: ruined root and branch. Πρόρριζός δεινὴ δὲ Ξ. 415. SYN. Πρόθελυμνός.

Πρόσάγδρωει, compello: to address. Ὡ ἄνθρωπε βούλει μὴ πρόσάγδρωειν ἐμέ Acharn. 1113. SYN. Προσκάλέω, πρδσνύμαζω, ὀνύμαζω, πρδσανδᾶω.

Πρόσάγω, ξω, 2. a. ἡγάγῶν, adduco; appello; concilio: to lead or bring to; to bring to land; to attract. Τὸν νοῦν μου πρόσάγεις Vesp. 697. SYN. Ἐπάγω, κατὰγω, ἐπέχω, προστίθημι, προσβάλλω, προσφέρω.

Πρόσάδω, et Dor. Πδτᾶειδω, accino: to sing to. Καὶ διδασκοίμην πρόσάδωειν Μορσίμου τράγωδιαν Ep. 401. Theoc. 2. 11. SYN. Σύνάδω, ἐπίμελπω.

Πρόσάισσω, ξω, accedo: to approach. Πρόσαῖξας λᾶξέ γούνων χ. 365. SYN. Ἐπάισσω, ἐπδρῶν, προσπᾶδω.

Πρόσαιτέω, insuper peto; mendico: to ask in addition; to beg. Acharn. 429. SYN. Πτωχεύω, ἐπαιτέω.

Πρόσάλειφω, ψω, allino: to anoint over, besmear. Ερχόμενῃ πρόσάλειφέν κ. 392. SYN. Ἐπάλειφω, ἐπίχρίω, μύρω.

Πρόσάλλισκόμεαι, insuper capior: to be convicted besides. Acharn. 701. See Ἀλλισκω.

Πρόσάμεισις, ἔως, ἡ, gradus: a step, an ascent. Κλιμάκων πρόσαμείσεις Phoen. 499. SYN. Βῆμα, βάθμεις.

Πρόσάμεισμαι, aut Dor. Πῶτάμεισμαι, respondeo: to answer, reply. Δάφνις πῶτάμεισέτο Theoc. 1. 100. SYN. Μετάμεισμαι, ἀμεισμαι, ἀπάμεισμαι, ἀποκρίνομαι.

Πρόσάμέλω, aut Dor. Πῶτάμέλω, mulgeo insuper: to milk besides. Πῶτάμέλωται es δὴ πῆλλας Theoc. 1. 26.

Πρόσάμυνω, ὕνω, insuper auxilior: to assist additionally. Πρόσάμυνόμεν ἡ καὶ οὐχί B. 238. SYN. Προσθήκω, πρόσαρκω, ἄμυνω.

Πρόσαμφίω, f. ἰώ (others say Πρόσαμφίῳ or -ίω, ἰώ), insuper induo: to put on besides. Πρόσαμφίῳ τῷδὲ σὺ δ' οἴμωζ' ὦ πώνηρ εἰσοῖ (vers. hipponact.) Eq. 891. SYN. Ἐπαμφίεννυμι.

Πρόσαμύνω, surgo insuper: to arise besides. Eur. Sup. 698. SYN. Ἐπανάτέλλω, ἀνάτέλλω.

Πρόσαντης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, arduus, adversus: steep, difficult, adverse. Orest. 781. SYN. Κατάντης, ἀνάντης, δυσχέρης, ἐναντίος, σκληρός.

Πρόσαπόθᾶλλω, ἐάλω, insuper abjicio: to throw away besides. Nub. 1258. SYN. Πρόσαπόλλυμι.

Πρόσαπόλλυμι, f. ὀλέσω, insuper perdo: to destroy besides. Hipp. 1371. SYN. Προσδιάφθειρω.

Πρόσάπτω, et Πρῶτιάπτω, ψω, adjungo: to join to. Med. 1379. Ἀχιλλῇ πρῶτιάπτω Ω. 110. SYN. Σύνάπτω, προστίθημι, πρόσαρμόζω, ἐπιβάλλω.

Πρόσαρκω, ἔσω, auxilior: to assist. Καὶ τὰχὺν πρόσαρκεσαι Hec. 850. SYN. see Πρόσάμυνω.

Πρόσαρμόζω, ὅσω, adapto: to fit, apply. Τῷ πρόσαρμόσω στόμα Herc. F. 484. SYN. Πρόσαγω, προσάπτω, προσβάλλω, ἐφαρμόζω.

Πρῶσάρα, pf. m. ἀρηρά, applico: to apply, to fit on. Πρόσάρητόν τ' αὐτῷ ἰδέσθαι E. 725. SYN. see Πρόσάπτω.

Πρόσαναίω, specto; resplendo: to behold; to shine. Apoll. R. 1. 1231.

Πρόσαναίνομαι, areo: to be parched. P. V. 151. SYN. Ξηραίνομαι.

Πρόσανυδῶ, alloquor: to address. Πάντας μύθοισι πρόσανυδῶν Pers. 159. SYN. Προσφάγγωμαι, προσθρῶω, πρόσφημι, προσείπον, προσέρρω, προσφανέω, πρόσγηγρῶω, πρόσάγηγρῶω, προσμυθέομαι, πρόσεννέπω.

Πρόσανυλεῖς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, villanus: rustic. Τὰς πρόσανυλεῖους τύχας Rhes. 269.

Πρόσανυλέω, Dor. Πῶτανυλέω, accino tibia: to play by way of accompaniment. Eccles. 892. Theoc. 6. 71. SYN. Πρόσάδω, ἐπανυλέω.

Προσβαίνω, 2. a. ἔσχω, accedo: to come to. Cycl. 701. SYN. Προσχωρέω, ἐπιβαίνω, πῶτινισσάμαι, ἀφικνέομαι, ἐφικνέομαι.

Προσβάλλω, ἄλω, admoveo; infligo; irruo: to apply; to inflict; to assail. Προσβάλλωμεν ἐκ λόχου Phoen. 736. SYN. Ἐπιβάλλω, πρόσάρω, πρόσαρμόζω, πρόσάπτω, προστίθημι, προσκρούω, ἐπέρχομαι.

Πρόσβάσις, ἔως, ἡ, aditus: an approach. Ὡς πρόσέσιν τῶνδ' ὀρθίαν οἰκῶν ἔχει Eur. El. 489. SYN. Πρόσῶδός, εἰσῶδός.

Προσβιάζομαι, insuper cogo: to force besides. Plut. 16. See Βία. SYN. Ἀναγκάζω, πρόσάγω.

Προσβιάζω, accedere facio: to move forward. Εὐ πρόσβιάσεις μ' ἀλλ' ἑτέρα ποι σκεπτέον Eq. 35. SYN. Πρόσάγω, πρῶάγω.

Προσβιάζω, transeo ad: to pass to. Av. 425. See above. SYN. Προσβαίνω.

Προσβλέπω, Dor. Πῶτίβλέπω, ψω, adspicio: to look to, to see. Αἰσχρύνομαι σὲ προσβλέπειν Hec. 954. Ὅμμασι τοῖς ὀρθοῖσι πῶτίβλέπεν Theoc. 5. 36. SYN. Ἀπόβλεπω, πρὸσὀπτομαι, προσδέρκομαι, προσλεύσσω, πρὸσὐρῶ, πρὸσὀσσομαι.

Προσβῆλῃ, ἡς, ἡ, adjectio; impetus; casus: an addition; attack; case. Eur. El. 829. SYN. Προσθήκη, συντυχία, ἐπιδρῶμη, ἐπιφόρα.

Πρόσβορρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, septentrionalis: looking towards the north. Ion 937. SYN. Βόρειος, ἀρκτικός.

Προσγέλλω, f. ἄσω, arrideo: to smile upon. Med. 1037. See Γέλλω.

Προσγίγνομαι, accedo: to be added to, belong to. Androm. 700. SYN. Πάραγίγνομαι, πρὸσέρχομαι.

Πρόσδεγμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, receptio: a reception. Trach. 628. SYN. Ἰπὸδῶχῃ, ἀντίληψις.

Προσδέρκομαι, 2. a. ἐδράκων, adspicio, inspicio: to look to or upon. P. V. 53. SYN. see Προσβλέπω.

Πρόσδετός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alligatus: bound to. Rhes. 303.

Πρόσδεύομαι, aut Dor. Πῶτιδεύομαι, opus habeo: to have need of. Οὐδὲν ἐγὼ τήνω πῶτιδεύομαι Theoc. 5. 63. SYN. Χράσσομαι.

Πρόσδεχομαι, et Πῶτιδεχομαι, ξδμαι, admitto; expecto: to admit, receive; to expect. Phoen. 1720. B. 137. SYN. Ἀναδεχομαι, ὑποδεχομαι, εἰσδεχομαι, προσδῶκω.

Πρόσδῶω, insuper indigeo: to require in addition. Herc. F. 90.

Προσδιαφθείρω, f. φθέρω, insuper perdo: to destroy besides. Προσδιαφθέρω ξυνών Philoct. 76. SYN. Πρόσαπόλλυμι.

Προσδίδωμι, f. δάσω, insuper do: to give besides or to. Eq. 1222. See Δίδωμι. SYN. Ἐπιδίδωμι.

Προσδύκω, expecto: to expect. Alcest. 1110. SYN. Κάραδύκω, προσδεχομαι, ἀνέμενω, ἐλπίζω.

Προσδοκῆτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, expectatus: expected. P. V. 971.

Προσδορπῖος, aut Πῶτιδορπῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad cœnam utilis: useful for supper. Ὅτι οἱ πῶτιδορπῖον εἰν ι. 249.

Πρόσδεῶφίω, solidum reddo; incrusto: to render firm; to inlay. Πρόσδεῶφισται κοιλὸγάστῳ κύκλου Sept. Th. 492. SYN. Ἐδάφίω, κάταστράννυμι.

Πρόσδερεύω, adsideo; obsideo: to sit near; to besiege. Ἡ πρόσδερεύον πύρᾳ Orest. 397. SYN. Ἐπιμέλῶμαι, προσμένω, παρέξομαι, προσκάθίζω, παρέδρεύω.

Πρόσδεῖρία, as, ἡ, assiduitas: constant attention. Ἡ πρόσδεῖρία νόσον Orest. 298. SYN. Ἐπιμελεία.

Πρόσδερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, assiduus: assiduus. Τῶτ' ἐκ πρόσδερον λιγυῖος διάστρῳπον Trach. 796. SYN. Ἐφδερός, ἐπιμέλῃς, συνέχης.

Πρόσειδω, et Πῶτειδω, 2. a. εἶδον, adspicio; med. similis sum: to look, see; midd. to look like. Βοστρύχοις πρῶσειδέται Choëph. 172. Καὶ κέ μ' ἴσως πῶτιδῃ Theoc. 3. 39. SYN. see Προσβλέπω.

Πρόσεικάω, ἄσω, adsimulo; comparo: to liken; to compare. Eur. El. 559. SYN. Εἰκάζω, ἀπεικάζω, ὁμοῖω, παρᾶβάλλω.

Πρὸσεῖλω, *ad similitudinem*: to be like. *Soph. El. 618.* *SYN.* Εἶλω, εὐκαί.

Πρὸσειλῶ, *aut* Πρὸττειλῶ, *advolvere*: to roll or drive towards. *Ἀπὸ στρατῶν προττειλεῖν K. 347.* *SYN.* Πρὸελαύνω, σύνελαύνω, προδύκω.

Πρὸσειλὺς, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *apricus*: sunny. *P. V. 460.*

Πρὸσειμι, *advenire*: to approach. *Πρὸσειμι δῶμά καὶ βρέτας τὸ σὺν θεῷ Eumen. 240.* *SYN.* Πρὸσέρχουμαι, προσβαίνω, ἀφικνεῖσθαι, ἐπιβαίνω.

Πρὸσειμι, *adsum, adjicere*: to be present, to be added to. *Orest. 755.* *SYN.* Πάρεμι.

Πρὸσεῖω, *ante concutio*: to shake first or forward. *Helen. 444.* *SYN.* Προττεινω.

Πρὸσεκτίλλω, ἰλῶ, *simul evellere*: to pluck out also. *Av. 287.* *SYN.* Εκτίλλω, ψάλλω.

Πρὸσελκίω, *f. ὥσω, et* Πρὸσέλκω, *attrahere; med. compleretur*: to draw towards; *mid.* to embrace. *Πρὸσελκισαί νῦν ὑστατον δέω μὲν Iph. A. 1451. Olymp. 6. 42.* *SYN.* Ἐφέλκω, ἐπάγω, προσβάλλω.

Πρὸσεμβαίνω, *2. a. ἐνέθην, super ingredior; insulto*: to tread upon; to insult. *Aj. 1348.* *SYN.* Ἐπεμβαίνω, ἐνάλλομαι, ἐπεγγελάω, ἐφάλλομαι.

Πρὸσεμφέρης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, *ad similitudinem*: like. *Eur. fr. Thes. 5. 13.* *SYN.* Εμφέρης, ὁμοῖος, ἀλγικίος, πρόσμοῖος, ἱκέλὺς, πᾶρπλησίος.

Πρὸσεννέπω, *et inus. Prōstēnw, 1. a. εἰπᾶ et* εἰπαί, *2. a. εἰπὼν et* εἰπὼν, *Prōstērw, Προσέρω, Προσέρω, adloquor*: to address. *Choëph. 104. Iph. T. 371. Vesp. 21. Alcest. 963.* *SYN.* see Πρὸσανδᾶω.

Πρὸσεξευρίσκω, Πρὸσσευρίσκω, *2. a. εὐρὼν, in super invenio*: to discover besides, or something new. *Eq. 1283. Soph. El. 1352.* *SYN.* Ἀνευρίσκω, εξευρίσκω.

Πρὸσἐπιπρῶκω, ἦσω, *insuper pejoro*: to be perjured besides. *Lysist. 1238.*

Πρὸσἐπιτέρπουμαι, *insuper delector*: to be delighted besides. *Ran. 232.*

Πρὸσέπω. See Πρὸσεννέπω.

Πρὸσσεργάζουμαι, ἄσθωμαι, *insuper facio*: to do more. *Here. F. 1007.* *SYN.* Ἐπεργάζουμαι.

Πρὸσσερεύουμαι, *eructo*: to dash against. *O. 621.* *SYN.* see Ἐρεύγω.

Πρὸσέρω. See Πρὸσεννέπω.

Πρὸσέρizw, *aut* Dor. Πῶτέρισδω, *certo*: to contend. *Αὐτὸθῆ μοι πῶτέρισδῃ Theoc. 5. 60.*

Πρὸσέρπω, Πῶθέρπω, *adpropere*: to creep to, approach. *P. V. 127. Theoc. 4. 48.* *SYN.* Ἐφέρπω, ἀνέρπω, πρὸσέρχουμαι, πρόσσειμι.

Πρὸσέρχουμαι, *aut* Dor. Πῶτέρχουμαι, *2. a. ἡλθὼν, Dor. ἡνθὼν, et* Πρὸσῖκνεῖσθαι, *f. ἱξῶμαι, advenire*: to approach. *Πρὸσέρχεται γάρ Plut. 861. Οὐδὲν ἐφ' ἧπαρ πρὸσῖκνεῖται Agan. 765.* *SYN.* Πρόσειμι, πρόσέρπω, ἐπέρχουμαι, προσβαίνω, ἐγγίζω, προσμύλλω, ἐφικνεῖσθαι, προσσείχω, προσπελάζω, πλησιάζω.

Πρὸσσευρίσκω. See Πρὸσεξευρίσκω.

Πρὸσεύχουμαι, ἔδωμαι, *precor*: to pray to. *Hipp. 115.* *SYN.* Ἐπεύχουμαι, εὐχῶμαι, δέδωμαι, ἱκετεύω, λιπαρέω, ἀντιδίδλω, λισσομαι.

Πρὸσέχω, Πρὸσίσχω, *et* Προσχεῖθωμαι, *intendo; appello*: to direct to, keep upon; to land. *Paides πρόσσχόν ὅμι' Herc. F. 926. Orest. 356. Theoc. 25. 253.* *SYN.* Προσβάλλω, πρόσάγω, προσφέρω, πλησιάζω, ἐξοκέλλω.

Πρὸσσηγῶρέω, *adloquor*: to address. *Phoen. 1004.* *SYN.* see Πρόσανδᾶω.

Πρὸσσηγῶρημᾶ, ἄτῶς, τὸ, *adloquium*: an address. *Eur. Sup. 813.* *SYN.* Πρόσφθεγμᾶ, πρόσρησις.

Πρὸσῆγῶρὺς, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, *qui adloquitur vel salutatur*: one who addresses, or is addressed. *CE. R. 1338.*

Πρὸσῆκω, *aut* Dor. Πῶθῆκω, *pf. ἡκᾶ, pertinere, convenio*: to belong, suit. *Χρεία δὲ πρὸσῆκει Pers. 148.* *SYN.* Κάθῆκω, πρέπω, διατεινόμεναι.

Πρὸσῆμαι, Προσθακέω, Πρὸσιζάνω, Πρὸσίζω, *et* Προσκάθιζω, *adsideo*: to sit down at, near, or upon. *Æsch. Sup. 388. CE. C. 1166.* (See Θακέω.) *Ὁμᾶσιν πρόσίζανει Sept. Th. 693. Τῷ σὺ πρὸσίειν ἀνδρὶ Androm. 227. Helen. 894.* *SYN.* Πᾶρέζουμαι, πᾶρημαι, πᾶρίζω, πρὸσ-εδρεύω.

Πρὸσῆμαινω, ἄνῶ, *ante significo; portendo*: to signify or tell beforehand; to portend. *Med. 723.* *SYN.* Πρόσαγγέλλω, πρὸμηνύω, πρὸσᾶγρεύω, πρὸθεσιζῶ.

Πρὸσῆφῶς, *aut* Dor. Πῶταφῶς, *α, ὅν, orientalis*: eastern. *Καὶ τὸ πῶταφῶν τὸ Λακινῶν Theoc. 4. 34.* *SYN.* Ἐώϊος, ἐφῶς, ἡφῶς.

Προσθακέω. See Πρόσῆμαι.

Πρόσθῃ, Πρόσθεν, *ante*: before. *Τοῦ πρόσθῃ Κάδμου CE. R. 263. Στῇ δὲ πρόσθ' αὐτοῦ E. 170. N. 66.* *SYN.* Ἐμπροσθέν, πᾶρὺς, πρῖν, πρὸπαροιθὲν, πρὸτοῦ.

Προσθήκη, *ης, ἡ*; Πρόσθημᾶ, ἄτῶς, τὸ, *additamentum*: addition, aid. *CE. R. 38. Eur. El. 192.* *SYN.* Προσθῆλῃ, ἐπιφῶρᾶ, ἐπιδοσίς.

Προσθηγγάνω, *2. a. ἐθίγῶν, attingo*: to touch. *Iph. A. 339. Προσθίγω γένειάδος Hec. 344.* *SYN.* Προσψάνω, ἄπτουμαι, ἀντιλάζουμαι, ἐπιλαμ-βαίνουμαι, ἐπιψάνω.

Πρόσθιος, *α, ὅν, anterior*: front. *Προσθίαν καθαρμόδας Rhes. 210.*

Προσθόδδῶς, *ου, qui pro ædibus stat, ædes defendens*: standing before, defending a home. *Choëph. 316.*

Προσθρῶεω, *adloquor*: to address. *P. V. 617.* *SYN.* see Πρόσανδᾶω.

Πρὸσιζάνω, Πρὸσίζω. See Πρόσῆμαι.

Πρὸσῖκνεῖσθαι. See Πρὸσέρχουμαι.

Πρὸσίκτηρ, ὄρὺς, ὁ, *supplex*: a suppliant. *Οὐκ ἔμοις πρὸσίκτηρες Eumen. 119.* *SYN.* see Ἰκέτης.

Πρόσιπτημι, *advolo*: to fly to. *Σχετλίᾳ πρὸσ-ἐπτάτο P. V. 665.*

Πρόσιστημι, *antestito*: to place before or near. *Sept. Th. 120.* *SYN.* Κάθιστημι.

Πρὸσίσχω. See Πρόσέχω.

Προσκάθιζω. See Πρόσῆμαι.

Προσκαίω, *f. καύσῶμαι, insuper incendio*: to burn besides. *Vesp. 933.* *SYN.* see Ἐπικάλω.

Προσκάλῶ, ἔσω, *arcesso*; *in jus voco*: to call to, ask assistance; to summon, go to law with. *Προσκαλεῖ σὺ φάτορον Av. 1426.* *SYN.* Κάλῶ, ἐπικάλῶ, πᾶρᾱκάλῶ, πρὸσάγω, πᾶραγ-γέλλω.

Προσκάρδιος, *aut* Dor. Πῶτίκάρδιος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ, in corde*: at the heart. *Φέρει πῶτίκάρδιον ἔλκος Bion. 1. 17.*

Προσκατάτιθμι, *f. θήσω, insuper depono*: to put down besides. *Nub. 1235.* See Τίθμι.

Πρόσκεμαι, *f. κείσῶμαι, adjaceo*: to be adjacent to; to press or urge upon. *Iph. T. 317.* *SYN.* Ἐγκειμαι, ἐπικειμαι, πᾶρίσταμαι, πρὸσεγ-γίζω.

Προσκέπτουμαι, ψῶμαι, *ante contemplan*; pro-

spicio alicui : to look at first ; to have regard to. Androm. 256. SYN. Δαίσεκέπτῳμαι, πρὸνύεω, προσκοπέω, πρὸδύγιζμαι.

Προσκέφαλαιον, ου, τὸ, pulvinar : a pillow. Καίτοι τὸ δεῦνὰ προσκέφαλαιον οὐκ ἔχεις Lysist. 926. SYN. Πρόσκρανον, ὑποκέφαλαιον.

Προσκηδής, ἐδς, ὁ, ἡ, necessarius : allied, intimate. φ. 35. SYN. Οικεῖδς, ἐπιτήδεῖδς.

Προσκινέωμαι, ἡσῳμαι, admoveor : to move towards. Lysist. 227. See Κινέω. SYN. Προστίθεμαι, πρὸσάγω, πρὸσθιμύλω.

Προσκλίνω, aut Dor. Πῶτίκλινω, f. ἰνῳ, accolino : to incline towards. Καλῇ πρὸσεκλινέ κῶρων φ. 165. SYN. Ἐπικλίνω.

Προσκῶπέω, Προσκῶπέμαι, prospicio, provideo : to look forward to, provide for. Heracl. 471. SYN. Προσεκπέτῳμαι, πρὸδελέπω, πρὸδράω, πρὸμυλεῖται, ἐπιστρέφῳμαι, πύριζω.

Προσκοπῶ, impingo, offendo : to strike against, stumble. Vesp. 275. SYN. Προσπαίω, ἐπύρουω, κατὰφέρῳμαι.

Πρόσκρανον, aut Πῶτίκρανον, ου, τὸ, pulvinar : a pillow, a cushion. Ἐμβάλε καὶ πῶτίκρανον Theoc. 15. 3. SYN. Προσεκφέλαιον.

Προσκύλλω, advolvo : to roll to. Ἀρῦσας τί προσκύλλει γ' οἶμοι δέιλαιος Vesp. 202. V. Κύλλω.

Προσκύνεω, ἡσῳ, Προσκύνω, ὕσω, veneror : to worship. Καὶ προσκυνέσθαι βαβάρων ὑπ' ἡέλες Troad. 1014. Προσκύναι δ' ὥσπερ θεόν Philoct. 657. SYN. Κύνεω, πρὸσεύχῳμαι, προσπίπτω.

Προσκύνω, ψω, inclino me ad aliquid : to bend towards or forward. Vesp. 608. SYN. Προκύντω, προσκλινῶμαι.

Προσκύρεω, ἡσῳ, Προσκύρω, f. ρσω, consequor : to come to, meet with. Choeph. 11. OE. R. 1299. See Κύρεω and Κύρω. SYN. Ἐφικνέμαι, πρὸσάγω, πᾶρᾱγίνῳμαι.

Προσκύω, See Προσκύνεω.

Προσλάζῳμαι, comprehendo : to lay hold of. Γεραίης χειρὸς προσλαζῳμέναι Hec. 64.

Προσλαμβάνω, f. λήψῳμαι, 2. α. ἐλαδῶν, insuper accipio : to receive or take besides. Προσλαβεῖν τῇ ξυμφύρᾳ Iph. A. 1145. SYN. Ἐπιλαμβάνω.

Προσλέγω, aut Dor. Πῶτίλεγω, insuper dico ; adloquor : to say besides ; to address. Τολίφ πῶτίλεγάτῳ μύθῳ Theoc. 25. 192. SYN. see Πρόσανδᾶω.

Προσλεύσσω, adspicio : to look at. OE. R. 1376. SYN. see Προσθλέπω.

Προσμανθάνω, 2. α. ἐμαθῶν, addisco : to learn besides. Νῆ τὸν Δι' ἡδῶμαι γέ τουτὶ προσμαθῶν Thesm. 20.

Προσμάσσω, aut Dor. Πῶτίμάσσω, ξω, adjungo : to join or add to. Τὸν Πειραιᾶ πρόσμαζεν Eq. 815. SYN. Προσπείζω, προστίθημι, πρόσδᾶπτω.

Προσμένω, permaneo ; expecto : to remain ; to wait for. OE. R. 847. SYN. Εμμένω, πᾶρᾱμένω, διατέλλω, προσδύκῳ, προσδεχῳμαι, πρόσκειμαι.

Προσμηχᾶνᾶμαι, artificiose adfigo : to fasten to with art. Sept. Th. 537. See Μηχᾶνᾶμαι.

Προσμίγνυμι, f. μίξω, admisceo ; accedo ; conflo : to mingle ; to approach ; to engage. Philoct. 105. SYN. Ἐπιμίγνυμι, ὑποδύμαι, ὑπὸδεχῳμαι, προσγίγνυμαι, προσθάλλω.

Προσμύλλω, inus. 2. α. ἐμύλλω, accedo : to approach. Trach. 1111. SYN. see Πρόσέρχῳμαι.

Προσμυθεῳμαι, aut Πῶτίμυθεῳμαι, et Πρῶτίμυθεῳμαι, adloquor : to address. Κατὰ καιρὸν

ἔπος πῶτίμυθέσῳται Theoc. 25. 66. λ. 142. SYN. see Πρόσανδᾶω.

Προσνέωμαι, attribuo : to assign, allot, enroll. Av. 563. SYN. Νέωμαι, ἀποδίδωμι, προστάσσω, ἀνστήθεμαι.

Προσνήχω, adnato : to swim or float to. Theoc. 21. 18. SYN. Νήχῳμαι, κύλυμνᾶω.

Προσνίσσῳμαι, aut Πῶτίνισσῳμαι, accedo : to approach. Οὐδ' ὅσ' ἐς Ορχομένῳν πῶτίνισσεται I. 381. SYN. see Πρόσέρχῳμαι.

Προσνωμάω, me moveo ad : to move towards. Philoct. 717. SYN. Νωμάω, πρὸσέρπω.

Πρὸσδιδῶν, ου, τὸ, carmen quod canebatur in supplicationibus, maxime Apollinis : a solemn hymn. Av. 853.

Πρὸσδῶδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aditus ; supplicatio ; proventus : approach ; approach to an altar ; produce, revenue. Alcest. 877. SYN. Εἰσδῶδς, ἐφδῶδς, ἀφίξῳ, παρουσία, εσφῶρᾳ, πῶρδς.

Πρὸσόζω, aut Dor. Πῶτόσδω, redoleo : to smell. Γλυφᾶνοι πῶτόσδον Theoc. I. 28. SYN. Ὅζω, ἀπόζω, οζάλω.

Πρὸσοιστῶς, α, ὄν, adferendus : must be brought or added to. Thesm. 1132.

Πρὸσοίχῳμαι, proficiscor : to go. Pyth. 6. 4.

Πρὸσῳμαρτέω, comitor : to accompany. Theogn. 609. SYN. Πᾶρῳμαρτέω, ὁμαρτέω, ἀκλουθεῳ, ἐπῳμαι, ὅπαδεω, σύνδοιπῶρεω.

Πρὸσῳμιλέω, versor una : to associate with. Μοῦσᾳ καὶ ἡμῖν ἡ πρὸσῳμιλεῖ Med. 1081. SYN. Καθῳμιλέω, ὅμιλέω, συντηγῳᾶν, σῳνεμί, συγγίγνυμαι, συμπεριφέρῳμαι.

Πρὸσῳμοῖδς, α, ὄν, assimilis : like. Av. 685. SYN. Ὅμοῖδς, πᾶρῳμοῖδς, ἄλλῳκῳδς, πρὸσεμφέρῳς, πρὸσεῳκῳς, ἑοῳκῳς, πρὸσφῶρδς, προσφῶρδς, εμφῶρδς.

Πρὸσῳπτῳμαι, et Πρὸσῳρᾶω, Dor. Πῶθῳρημι, et Πρῶτίσῳμαι, adspicio : to look upon. Alcest. 209. 885. Theoc. 6. 22. Ἦ σ' εὐ γιγνώσκων πρῶτίσῳσαι X. 356. Steph. in Thesaur citat et πῶθῳρᾶω ex Epigr. SYN. see Προσθλέπω.

Πρὸσῳρᾶω, See above.

Πρὸσουδίζω, ἰσω, adfigo : to dash against. Σφ πρὸσουδίσας πέδῳ Iph. A. 1151.

Πρὸσουρέω, mingo : to make water on. Πρόσουρησᾶντᾳ τῇ τράγῳδιᾳ Ran. 95.

Πρὸσουρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vicinus (vid. Brunck. in l. c.) : a neighbour. Ἴν' αὐτῳς ἡν πρὸσουρδς οὐκ ἔχων βάσιν Philoct. 691. SYN. Γείτων, ὁμῶρδς, πρὸσοῳκῳς, ὁ εγγῳς, πλησίῳχωρῳς, αστῳγείτων.

Πρὸσῳφέλω, insuper debeo : to owe besides. Ran. 1133.

Πρὸσῳψῳς, ἔως, ἡ, adspectus : sight, look, presence. Helen. 635. SYN. Ὀψῳς, πρὸσωπῳν, δεῳμᾶ. Ep. Ἠδεῳᾶ, ἀθλίᾳ, πάνυσῳτᾳτῳ, σκυθρῳπῳδς.

Πρὸσπαῳδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) contra feriens ; striking against ; (2) recens : recent. Γῆνοιτ' ἂν εἰ πρὸσπαῳ μῇ τῳχῳ κακᾳ Agam. 338. SYN. Πρόσφατῳς, νέῳς, νεῳχῳς, αἰφνιδῳδς, πῳταλῳδς, νεῳρῳδς.

Προσπαῳω, σῳ, contra ferio : to strike against. Antig. 855. SYN. Ἐπίπαῳω, προσθάλλω, προσπίπτω.

Προσπάλλω, contra luctor : to struggle against, wrestle with. Isth. 4. 90. See Πάλλω. SYN. Αντίπαλλω, ἐναντιῳδῳμαι, ἀντᾳγωνίζῳμαι, ἀντίπαῳω, ἀντῆρεῳω, ἀθλεῳω.

Προσπασῳάλέω, Προσπατᾶλέω, clavis adfigo : to nail to. Ὡσπερ κῳτῳν προσπατᾶλέωσῳ τουτᾳ Plut. 943. SYN. Προσπῳγγνυμι.

Προσπλάζω, Προσπλάζω, Προσπλίννμι, appropriare facio; appropinquo: to cause to approach; to approach. *CE. R. 1101. M. 235. v. 95. SYN. Πλησιάζω, προσάγω, εγχερίμπτω, ἐφίστημι, πρόσέρχουμαι, γειννιάζω.*

Προσπέμπω, insuper mitto aut ad: to send besides, or to. *Eq. 473. SYN. Ἐπιπέμπω, ἐπιστέλλω.*

Προσπέρδω, 2. a. ἐπαρδών, pedo contra: to break wind at. *Ran. 1074. SYN. Κατάπέρδω.*

Προσπλήννμι, f. πήξω, adfio: to fasten. *Ἡ προσπλήννμι Eur. fr. Scir. 2. 1. SYN. Προσπασσάλεω, πρόσπατο, πρόσπείδω, ἐμπέδω.*

Προσπηχύνουμαι, ulnis amplexor: to embrace. *Ἐτάροι πρόσπηνχύναντο Call. 1. 46. SYN. Ἐναγκάλλίζουμαι, περίπλεκω, προσπτύσσω.*

Προσπνέω, ἴσσω, insuper premo: to press besides. *Καὶ προσπνέει χρημάτων ἀχνηνία Choëph. 295.*

Προσπλίννμι. See Προσπλάζω.

Προσπίπτω, 2. a. ἐπείδω, Προσπίννέω, 2. a. ἐπίννυν, accido ad; occurro; adior: to fall down before; meet; to fall on, attack. *Hec. 139. Helen. 64. SYN. Πάραπίπτω, ἱκέτεω, εἰσπίπτω, ἐπύρουω, ἐπίτυγχάνω, προστυγχάνω.*

Προσπλάζω. See Προσπλάζω.

Πρόσπλαστὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui adiri potest: accessible. *P. V. 741. SYN. Πρόσσηγος, προσβάτος, πρόσυτος, ευπρόσδοτος.*

Προσπνέω, ποῖε, Προσπνεύω, f. εὔσω, adfio: to breathe upon. *Ὅς ἦδ' ἔμοι πρόσπνευσέ χοιρέων κρέων Ran. 340. Theoc. 17. 52. SYN. Ἐπίννέω.*

Προσποιέω, Προσποιέουμαι, vindico; acquirō; simulo: to claim; to gain; to pretend. *Προσποιῇ τῶν χρημάτων Eccles. 871. SYN. Περὶποιέουμαι, ἀντέχουμαι, προσπλάσσω, προστίθμι, πρόσβάλλουμαι, σχηματίζουμαι, σκηπτέουμαι.*

Προσπλάζω, famulus: to be a servant, attend upon. *Troad. 266. SYN. Αμφιπύλεω, ὑπηρετέω. Πρόσπλάζω, ου, ὁ, ἡ, famulus: a servant. Orest. 622. SYN. Αμφιπύλος, Δεράπων, πρόπυλος, Δεράπεινα, δμῶς.*

Προσπόρπατος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, fibula adnexus, adfixus: fastened. *Ὡς δεσμῷ προσπόρπατος P. V. 144.*

Προσπταίω, impingo; erro: to strike against, stumble; to err. *Plut. 121. SYN. Πταίω, προσπίπτω, ἀμαρτάνω, ἀμπαλέκω.*

Πρόσπτυγμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, amplexus: an embrace. *Troad. 784. SYN. Περὶπλόκη, ἀσπασμῷ, πέρυβλη, ἀσπασμός.*

Προσπτύσσω, Προσπτύσσομαι, amplexor: to embrace, salute. *Phen. 1685. SYN. Περὶπτύσσω, ἀσπάζουμαι, περίπλεκω, ἀγκάζουμαι.*

Προσραίνω, adsperso: to sprinkle. *Eccles. 379. SYN. Διαρραίνω, ἐπυραίνω, προσπασσω, προσβάλλω.*

Προσρέω, i. q. Πρόσεννέω, q. v.

Προσρηγνύμι, ρήξω, insuper frango: to break besides. *Πρὸς δ' ἀμφω ῥήξῃ τένοντε E. 307. SYN. Διαρρηγνύμι, κατάρρηγνύμι.*

Πρόσρησις, ἔως, ἡ, salutatio: an address, salutation. *Helen. 1165. SYN. Προσφθεγμᾶ, πρόσρηγνύμι, προσρηγνύμι, ἀσπασμῷ, προσφώνημα.*

Προσσαινώ, adulor, delecto; detrecto: to flatter, delight; to decline. *Hipp. 866. SYN. Σαίνω, δέλω, κολάκω, ευφραίνω, θαπείνω.*

Προσσεῖω, colo præterea: to honour besides. *Sept. Th. 1025.*

Προσστάζω, aut Πότιστάζω, ζω, adstillo: to drop into. *Pyth. 4. 244.*

Προσστείχω, 2. a. ἐστίχων, accedo: to go to. *Πρόσείστικε μακρὸν Ὀλυμπον v. 73. SYN. see Πρόσέρχουμαι.*

Πρόσω, ποῖε, pro Πρόσω, q. v.

Προστάλαιπυρῶ, adhuc duro: to endure still. *Καὶ προστάλαιπυρῶσ' Lysist. 767.*

Προστάσια, as, ἡ, imperium: presidency. *Πολλὼν προστάσι Call. Ep. 41. 4. SYN. Πρόεδρία.*

Προστάσσω, aut Προστάττω, ζω, impero: to enjoin, command. *Eur. Sup. 196. SYN. Διάτασσω, συντάσσω, ἐπιστέλλω, ἐντέλλω, ἐπισκήπτω.*

Προστάτew, præsum; tueor: to preside over; to defend. *Heracl. 207. See Προστάτης. SYN. Προδίστημι, πρόηγέουμαι, αἰνύν.*

Προστάτηριος, α, ὄν, tutularis: tutelary. *Δεῖμα προστάτηριον Agam. 949. See below.*

Προστάτης, ου, ὁ, præpositus, præses; supplex: a leader, president; a suppliant. *Προστάτων φηλούμενοι Eur. Sup. 254. SYN. Πρόδικος, ἱκέτης.*

Προστείχω, antevenio: to advance. *CE. R. 79. Προστέλλουμαι, mittor: to be sent forward. Sept. Th. 411.*

Προστένω, ante gemo: to lament previously. *Agam. 244. SYN. Ἐπιστένω.*

Πρόστερνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ante pectus adpositus: before the breast. *Choëph. 27.*

Προστέρω, aut Πότιτέρω, oblecto: to delight, charm. *Αλλὰ σὲ μὲν Δεράπων πότιτερπετῶ O. 401. SYN. Ἐπιτέρω, πρόσρηγνέω.*

Προσθήκω, ζω, adhæreo: to stick. *Trach. 838. SYN. Πρόσκειμαι.*

Προστίθμι, f. θήσω, adjicio: to add to. *Προστίθεις ἐμὸν τέκνον Eur. Sup. 27. SYN. Ἐπὶτίθμι, ἐπίσθλω, πρόσάπτω, προσφῆρω.*

Προστίδω, stercore inquino: to daub. *Τὸ φθαμῷ μου πρόσέτιλιν Nub. 411.*

Προστυμῶν, ου, τὸ, ostium: the mouth of a river. *Ναῖον ἀρθέν' ἀπὸ προστυμῶν Æsch. Sup. 3. SYN. Στυμᾶ, στυμῶν, πρόχρη. Ep. Δεπτόεσθες.*

Προστρέπω, oro: to pray, entreat. *Eur. Sup. 1205. SYN. Ἰκέτεω, σέβουμαι, πρόσεύχουμαι.*

Προστρέχω, 2. a. ἐδράμω, accuro; consequi conor: to run towards; to try to win. *Thesm. 572.*

Προσπρίεωμαι, infligo; imprimo, affigo: to inflict; to stamp, affix. *Eumen. 238. See Πρίεω. SYN. Πάραπρίεω, ἐπίσθλω.*

Πρόστριμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, attritio; trames; a rubbing; a track. *Agam. 403.*

Προστρῶπαις, ου, ὁ, quem supplicamus; vindex; supplex: addressed in prayer; avenging; suppliant. *Τὸν προστρῶπαιον τὸν τῷ γενναίῳ καλεῖν Heracl. 1015. SYN. Πρόστρῶπος, ἱκέτης.*

Προστρῶπῃ, ἡς, ἡ, supplicatio: a petition, supplication. *CE. C. 558. SYN. Ἰκέσια, ἀπὸστρῶπῃ, κατὰρ, ἄγος.*

Πρόστρῶπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, supplex: suppliant. *CE. R. 41. SYN. Προστρῶπαις, ἱκέτης, πρόσικτωρ.*

Προστυγχάνω, 2. a. ἐτύχων, occurro, consequor: to meet with, obtain. *Τὰ προστυγχόντα ξένῳ ἐνυμῶραν μάθων Alcest. 770. The neuter participle is used in the sense of obvium, "chance," or, "which casually occur," as in the passage quoted. SYN. Ἐπίτυγχάνω, ἐπιλαμβάνω, συμβαίνω, προσπίπτω.*

Πρόσφαγμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, victima: a victim. *Alcest.*

861. SYN. Σφαγῖον, ἱερεῖον, θυμᾶ, θυσία. Ερ. Φῖλον, ἀνδρῖον.

Προσφάσω, ξω, macto ante: to sacrifice before. Helen. 1254.

Πρόσφατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, recens: recent, new. Καὶ πρόσφατος ἐν μεγάροις Ω. 757. SYN. see Πρόσ-
παῖς.

Προσφέρης, εὖς, similis: like. Helen. 558. SYN. Εμφέρης, ὁμοῖς, πρόσμοις, πρόσεμφέρης, ἀλγικῖος, πρόσφῶρος.

Προσφέρω, οἶσω, affero; adhibeo; efficio: to bring to; to apply; to cause. Phœn. 498. SYN. Ἐπιφέρω, εἰσκόμιζω, πρόσάγω, πᾶρέχω, πᾶρᾶφῶρεω.

Πρόσφημι, Προσφθέγγμαι, adloquor: to address. Τόνδ' ἀπόμειδόμενος πρόσφῃ Α. 84. Ε. C. 122. SYN. see Πρόσανδάω.

Προσφθέγγμαι. See above.

Πρόσφθεγκτός, αὐτός, τὸ, adloquium: an address, salutation. Orest. 75. SYN. Πρόσρησις. Ερ. "Τσάτων, χρὸνῖον, φίλον, ἀθλῖον, λολισθῖον.

Πρόσφθεγκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dignus quem adloquaris: fit to be addressed. Philoct. 1067.

Πρόσφθείρμαι, depereo: to be undone. Eccles. 248. SYN. Ἐπιμάλνμαι.

Πρόσφθογγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, saluatorius: saluting. Pers. 158.

Προσφιλεῖα, ας, ἡ, amicitia, benevolentia: friendship, kindness. Sept. Th. 511. A est brevis, utin dysmeneia. SYN. Φιλία, φίλυτης, φίλῶφρῶσση. Προσφίλης, εὖς, gratus, amicus: grateful, friendly. Προσφίλης γ' ἀπολλύσαι Hipp. 1396. SYN. Φίλῶς, ἀγάπητος, ευμένης, φίλητος, πῶθητος.

Προσφίλῶς, amice, grate: in a friendly or agreeable manner. Προσφίλῶς αὐτῇ δὲ κεῖ Soph. El. 442. SYN. Ευμένῶς, φίλῶφρῶνως.

Προσφορά, ἄς, ἡ, commodum: advantage. Προσφορὰ δηλώσεται Ε. C. 581. SYN. Προσ-
θηκη, πρῶσῶδς.

Προσφῶρημά, αὐτός, τὸ, ferculum; cibus: a dish: food. Eur. El. 423.

Πρόσφῶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, commodus, aptus, similis: convenient, fit, proper, suitable, like. Alcest. 149. SYN. Καίριος, ἐπιτήδειος, χρήσιμος, ἱκανός, προσφέρης.

Προσφύς, εὖς, adhærens, aptus: growing or clinging to, fit. Προσφύ' ἐξ αὐτῆς τ. 58. SYN. Πρόσφῶρος, ἐγγνής.

Προσφύω, ὤσω, adhærerere facio; concilio; confirmo: to cause to grow or cling to; to attach; to confirm. Æsch. Sup. 284. See Φύω. SYN. Πρόσῃχμαι, ἀποδέκνυμαι, πᾶρᾶφύω, προσ-
φῆρμαι.

Προσφώνεω, adloquor: to address. Προσ-
φωνεῖν φίλους Med. 662. SYN. see Πρόσανδάω.

Προσφωνῆεις, αὐτῷ φωνῆεις, εἰσά, ἐν, loquens: speaking. Πῶτι φωνῆεις τῇ γένειοι ι. 456. SYN. Αὐδῆεις, φωνῆεις.

Προσφώνημά, αὐτός, τὸ, adlocutio: an address. Alcest. 1163. SYN. see Πρόσρησις.

Προσχαῖνω, hianti ore edo: to utter with open mouth or loudly. Agam. 893.

Προσχεῖθμαι. See Πρόσῃχω.

Πρόσχημά, αὐτός, τὸ, species, prætextus; deus: a show, appearance, pretext; ornament. Ran. 913. SYN. Σχημά, εἶδος, πρῶφᾶσις, σκηψίς, πρὸ κάλυμμά.

Προσχρίζω, insuper pto: to ask besides. P. V. 662. SYN. Βοδύμαι, χρίζω, πρῶσαιτέω.

Πρόσχωμά, αὐτός, τὸ, agger: alluvial earth, mound. P. V. 872. SYN. see Χωμά.

Προσχωρέω, progredior; vicinus sum; obsequor: to proceed; to join on with; to conform to. Προσχωρεῖν λόγῳ Philoct. 964. SYN. Πρὸσῃρχμαι, ὑπέκω, ὑπάκούω.

Πρόσχωρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adjacens: neighbouring, adjacent. Ε. C. 493. SYN. Γείτων, πλησιό-
χωρῶς, πρῶσοιούς.

Πρῶσα, ποῖτ. Πρόσσω, ultra, longe: onwards, forward, beyond, far. Sept. Th. 999. Γ. 109.

Πρῶσῶδός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, (1) consonus: in concert with; (2) accentor: one who accompanies in singing. Phœn. 1513. SYN. Ξυνῶδός, ξύμφωνός.

Πρῶσῶθεν, e longinquo: from or at a distance. Hipp. 101. SYN. see Ἀπαθεν.

Πρῶσῶπῶν, ου, τὸ, vultus: the face, countenance. Hec. 343. SYN. Πρόσῳψις, βλεμμα, ὤψ. Ερ. Ξυνηρέφες, ευγνές, κάλῶν, ευφύες, στύγῶν, γέλῶν, ἀνθίλῶν, λευκῶν, ἡδύ, δυστύχες, νεῦρον, βλοδύρον, χᾶριεν, ἱμερτόν, τηλαυγές, αμειρόστιον, ἀγλάῶν, ἐρατεινόν, παιδρῶν, μειλίχῶν, γλυκερόν.

Πρῶσῶτάτος, η, ὢν, qui longissime ante est: very far before. Aj. 742.

Πρῶσῶφέλλω, adjuvo: to assist besides. Alcest. 42. SYN. Ἐπωφέλλω, ἐπαμύνω, πρῶ-
σάμυνω, προσεῖθηθῶ, ἐπαρήγω.

Πρῶσῶφέλλημα, αὐτός, τὸ, subsidium insuper: additional assistance. Med. 611. SYN. Ωφέ-
λησις, ἀρωγή.

Πρῶταινι, adv. et præp., recenter; ante: newly; before. Ὑμᾶς δὲ βάντας χρή πρῶταινι ταξέων Rhes. 524. Hoc loco *νι* in πρῶταινι est brevis ex Porsoni canone. Vox rarissima est, ait Musgr., et vix alibi exstans.

Πρόταρβέω, timore ante corripior: to be previously alarmed. Herc. F. 963. SYN. Πρόφθ-
εῖθμαι.

Πρότάσσω, αὐτῷ πρῶτάτω, ξω, præstituo: to prescribe, to order previously. Æsch. Sup. 842. SYN. Πρόκάθιστημι, πρῶτιθῆμι.

Πρότέλλω, porrigo: to stretch out, offer. Bacch. 234. SYN. Εκτείνω, πᾶρατείνω, πρῶ-
βάλλω, προσφέρω.

Πρότελειᾶ, ὦν, τὰ, sacrificia antenuptialia: antenuptial sacrifices, preludes. Πρῶτελειᾶ δ' ἡδὴ παιδὸς ἐσφάξας δεῖ Iph. A. 718. SYN. Αἰ
πρὸ γάμου θυσία.

Πρότέλλω, initio: to initiate. Iph. A. 433. SYN. Τέλλω, μύεω, παιδεύω, ἐκδιδάσκω.

Πρότέμνω, 2. a. ἐτάμνω, proscindo: to cut, plough. Apoll. 3. 1386.

Πρότένης, εὖς, extensus: stretched out. Apoll. 1. 756.

Πρότενθεω, prægusto: to taste before others, to be gluttonous. Διὰ τοῦτο προτένθενσάν Nub. 1202. SYN. Πρόλαμῶν.

Πρότένης, ου, ὁ, belluo: a glutton. Nub. 1202. SYN. Αἰχνός, ἀκράτης.

Πρότερηγνής, εὖς, prius natus: born before, more ancient. Apoll. 4. 268. SYN. see Πρῶγε-
νήτωρ.

Πρότερὸς, α, ὢν, prior: former, before, previous, preferable. Orest. 481.

Πρότέρω, Πρότέρω, longius: further. Γ. 400. Apoll. 1. 306. SYN. Πορρωτέρω, μακρότέρω.

Πρότευχῶμαι, ante fio: to be done before. ΑΛΛΑ τὰ μὲν πρῶτερχθαί T. 65. SYN. Πρῶ-
γίγνῶμαι.

Πρότιάπτω. See Πρόσάπτω.

Πρότιᾶν, οὐός, ὁ, Protiāon. Αντίνῳ Πρό-
τιᾶνός νίει O. 455.

Πρότειλέω. See Πρόσειλέω.

Πρότειμι, f. θήσω, propono : to place before, propose. Προβήκας λῶγων Med. 546. See Τίθημι. SYN. Ἀνατίθημι, πρότασσω, πρότεινω, πρόσβαλλω, πρόφέρω.

Πρότιμάω, ἥσω, Πρότιω, ἴσω, praefero : to honour before, to prefer. Οὐδὲν πρότιμᾷ μῆχα-νίσασθαι τέκνοις Med. 344. Τὸν μὲν πρότισας τὸν δ' ἁτιμάσας ἔχει Antig. 22. SYN. Πρόκρινω, ἐκλέγμαι, πρότιθημι, ἐπιστρέφωμαι.

Πρότιμυθόμαι. See Προσμυθόμαι.

Πρότισοῦμαι. See Πρόσποττοῦμαι.

Πρότμησις, ἔως, ἡ, umbilicus : the navel. Δουρί κατὰ πρότμησιν A. 424. SYN. Ὀμφαλός.

Πρότνός, ου, ὁ, rudens : a cable. Hec. 112. SYN. see Κάλωσ.

Πρότρεπω, adhortor : to exhort, encourage. C. R. 1446. SYN. Προβάλλωμαι, παρὰβάλλω, ἐπείγω, μετὰτρέπομαι.

Πρότρύπαδην, concitato cursu : precipitately. Προτρύπαδην φθέοντο E. 700. EP. Προθύμωσ.

Πρότρυγητήρ, ἦρδς, ὁ, providemiatior : the name of a bright star on the right wing of the Virgin. Δεξιτέρη πτέρυγι πρότρυγητήρ δ' αὐτὴ καλεῖται Arat. 137.

Πρότυπα, ante verbero : prorumpo ; appello : to strike before ; to push forward, to burst forth ; to land. Apoll. 1. 953. SYN. Προβάλλω, προ-κρούω, προκόπτω.

Προῦμνυμι. See Πρόδωμνυμι.

Προῦννέπω, praedico : to say before. Med. 352.

Προῦξέπιστάμαι. See Προῦξεπ.

Προῦξερυνάω. See Προῦξερ.

Προῦξερυννητής. See Προῦξερ.

Προῦξέφίλει. See Προῦξεφ.

Προῦπτός, contr. a Πρόπτος, q. v.

Προῦργιαίτερός, α, ου, potior : more advantageous. Τῶνδ' ἐπ' προῦργιαίτερα Lysist. 20.

Προῦργου, contr. a πρὸ ἔργου, utiliter : profitably, expediently. Τί τῶν προῦργου ποεῖν Plut. 623. : something useful.

Προῦφέλω. See Προῦφέλω.

Προφαίνω, praemonstro ; prae luceo : to show before ; to shine forth, appear. O. 378. SYN. Ἐπιφαίνω, περὶστίλω, προδίδεννυμι.

Προφαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conspicuus : conspicuous. Olymp. 1. 187. SYN. Ἐπίσημος, ἀποδλεπτός.

Προφάσίζμαι, praetendo ; culpo : to urge as a pretence ; to blame. Lysist. 756. See below. SYN. Αἰτιάσθαι, σκήπτωμαι, προφάσιν ποιοῦμαι.

Προφάσις, ἔως, ἡ, praetextus, causa : a pretext, reason. Τίς γὰρ πύραιθεν προφάσις Ἀργείων στρατὸν Rhcs. 78. SYN. Σκηψίς, αἰτία, ἀφορμή, προχάνη.

Προφάτρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pronuntiatus : pronounced. En Nemea προφάτον Olymp. 8. 21.

Προφέρης, ἔδς, inus ; cuius compar. πρόφε-ρέστερός, superl. πρόφερέστατος et πρόφέρτατος, ἡ, ὄν, praestans : distinguished. Εἰ ἐτὶ σῆς ψυχῆς πρόφερέστερόν Apoll. 3. 730. Πρόφέρ-τατος, C. C. 1531. SYN. see Ἐξόχως.

Πρόφέρω, ὁίωω, profero ; objicio ; antecello : to bring forward ; to upbraid with ; to excel. Med. 1088. SYN. Εκφέρω, πρόσβαλλω, πρὶα-ρέωμαι, πρὸτρέπω, ὀνειδίω, πρόχω, διάφέρω.

Πρόφεύγω, profugio : to flee forward, escape. Z. 502. SYN. Φεύγω, ἀποφεύγω.

Πρόφητεύω, praedico : to predict. Ion 372.

SYN. Πρόφημι, προθεσπίζω, δεσπίζω.

Πρόφήτης, ου, ὁ ; Πρόφητις, ἴδς, ἡ, propheta :
Pna. Lex.

a prophet. Aves 972. Ion 42. SYN. Μάντις, μαντιπύλος, χρησμάδος, δεδορῶς, χρησμολόγος, δέσπις, ὑπόφητης. EP. Ἰέρως, ἐτήτυμος, τίμιος.

Προφθάνω, aut Πρόφθημι, pravenio : to be beforehand with, to get the start. Δόγῃ ἐνὸς στυμᾶτι προφθῆναι δέλων Phoen. 1400. SYN. Φθάνω.

Πρόφθόξωμαι, ante metuo : to fear before. Aesch. Sup. 1053. SYN. Πρόταρξω, φθέξωμαι, δειμαίνω, δίδω.

Πρόφθόρευμαι, ultro citroque cursito : to run up and down. Av. 4.

Πρόφθωσδὲ, in lucem : forward, to the light. Π. 188.

Πρόφράζω, ἄσω, praenuntio : to tell before. Πρόπτεφραδμὲνὰ πολλὰ Hes. Op. 2. 273. SYN.

Πρόταγγέλλω, πρόλέγω, προσημαίνω.

Πρόφρασσά. See Πρόφρων.

Πρόφρωνέως, Πρόφρώνως, lubenter : willingly, zealously. Προφρώνέως ῥύοισθ' E. 224. Eumen. 930. SYN. Προθύμωσ, ευμένως.

Πρόφρων, ὄνδς, fem. Πρόφρασσά, ἡς, benevolus, lubens : kind, zealous, willing. Χαίρε πρόφρων σε χθονίος D' Ermijs Alcest. 759. "Ὅτε οἱ πρόφρασσά παρέστης K. 290. SYN. Ευμένης, πρό-θυμὸς, εὐνός, φίλιος.

Πρόφύλασσω, aut Πρόφύλαττω, ἔω, pro statione excubias ago : to guard in front of. Σοὶ δὲ βιγούν καὶ προφύλαττειν Acharn. 1146. SYN. Διάφύλασσω, προσκώπεω.

Πρόφυράω, ante misceo vel praeparo : to mingle or to prepare before. Πρόπτεφύραται λῶγος εἰς μοι Av. 462. SYN. Ευτρέπιζω.

Πρόφύτεύω, ante genero : to generate or form before. Δεινὰ δεινὰς προφύτεύσαντες Soph. El. 198. SYN. Προσκέπτομαι.

Πρόφυνμι, nascor ante : to be born or be before. "Ὅς προφυν πάτηρ Aj. 1291. See Φύμι. SYN. Προγίγνυμαι.

Πρόφωνέω, praedico, praemoneo : to tell beforehand, threaten. C. R. 223. SYN. see Πρόλέγω.

Πρόχαίρω, gaudium praecipio (vid. Blomf. Gloss. in l. c.) : to rejoice beforehand. Agam. 243.

Πρόχαλκεύω, procudo : to forge, make. Choëph. 636. SYN. Χαλκεύω.

Πρόχάνη, ἡς, ἡ, praetextus : a pretext. Ἐπὶ προχάνῃ τὸν ἐφοῖτα Call. fr. 26. 1. Πρόφέτατος, C. C. 1531. SYN. see Πρόφάσις.

Πρόχειρίζω, promo : to bring forth. Πρόχει-ρίομαι καξέτασσω τὴν οὐσίαν Eccles. 729. SYN. Πρόφέρω, ἀναφαίνω, ευτρέπιζω.

Πρόχειρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ad manum, promptus : handy, ready. Heracl. 726. SYN. Ἐτοιμός, ευ-χέρης, ἐπιδέξιος, δεξίος.

Πρόχέω, f. ὕσω, profundo : to pour forth. Es πεδῖον προχέοντο B. 465. Πλήρη προχέουσιν Eur. Fr. incert. 155. 5. SYN. Εκχέω, εκπέμπω. Πρόχυν, funditus : utterly. Πρόχυν ἐπεὶ πολλῶν ἀνδρῶν ἔ. 69. SYN. Παντέλως.

Πρόχυν, ἡς, ἡ, ostium fluvii ; profluxus : the mouth of a river ; flood. Εἰτ' ἀρὰ Νείλου προ-χούσις ὑδάτων Nub. 272. EP. Ἀργυρεά, δρο-σερά.

Πρόχους, aut Πρόχους, ου, ἡ, aqualis : an ewer, basin. a. 136. Habemus quidem in Nub. 272. χρυσέοις (dissyll.) ἀρτεσθὲ πρόχουσι ; ubi H. Steph. ait : "Dici aiunt et πρόχους alia declinatione, habens sc. gen. casum πρόχουντος ; ubi nota etiam genus masculinum." Brunck ta-
men legit h. l. χρυσέως, quem vide.

Πρόχθρεώ, *præsilio*: to dance on. Phoen. 802. *SYN.* Χθρεώ, ἀναχθρεώ.

Πρόχους. See Πρόχους.

Πρόχρλω, *ίσω*, ante inungo: to anoint previously. *Τῆς οὐδς φ' προύχριον ἐς μέσσην φλόγα* Trach. 698.

Πρόχῡσις, *ἔως, ἡ*, alluvio: a heaping up, a mound. *Δασυρίης πρόχῡσιν χθόνος* Apoll. 2. 966. *SYN.* Χῡμά.

Πρόχῡτης, *οὐ, δ*, mola salsa: a salt cake. *Πρόχῡταις καθαρῶϊοι* Iph. A. 1471. *SYN.* see Οὐλόχῡται.

Πρόχῡτός, *ἡ, ὄν*, projectus: projecting. *Πέτρησι πρόχῡτῃσιν* Hom. Apoll. 383.

Πρόχωρεώ, *procedo, succedo*: to proceed, succeed. Phoen. 1281. *SYN.* see Προέρχουμαι.

Πρύλλῃς, *ἔδς, δ*, miles pedes: a foot soldier. *Ἠγέμενα πρύλλων Αντήνῳρος ἀγλαῶν υἱόν* O. 517. *EP.* Πεζός.

Πρύλῃς, *ἔως, ἡ*, saltatio armata: a dance of soldiers. *Οὐλὰ δὲ Κούρητές γέ περὶ πρύλῃν ὠρχήσαντο* Call. 1. 82.

Πρύμνα, *ης, et antiq.* πρύμνηθέν, *ἡ*, puppis: the stern or poop of a ship. Sept. Th. 2.

Πρυμναῖος, Πρυμνήσιος, et Πρυμνήτης, *οὐ*, ad puppim pertinens: belonging to the poop or stern. *Πρυμναῖά νῆὸς ἀπὸ πείσμάτ' ἔκοψεν* Apoll. 4. 208. *Herc.* F. 477. *Med.* 768. *Πρυμνήσιον* is also used as a substantive, *σχαινῶν* being understood, and denotes the cable astern, by which the ship is moored: see Damm. in v.

Πρυμνός, *ἡ, ὄν*, gen. antiq. πρυμνόθεν, *extremus, postremus*: the last, hindermost. N. 532. *SYN.* Πύματός, ἑσχατός.

Πρυμνοῦχος, *οὐ, δ, ἡ*, puppes tenens: ship-detaining. Eur. El. 1022.

Πρυμνώρειά, *ας, ἡ*, radix montis: the foot of a mountain. E. 307.

Πρῦτανεῖα, *ων, τὰ*, pecunia quam deponabant actor et reus iudicio disceptaturi: bail money. *Πρῦτανεῖα μεταλλ' ἀγρὰς λιμένας* Vesp. 659.

Πρῦτανεῖον, *οὐ, τὸ*, locus Athenis in quo Prytanes iudicia exercebant (vid. Potter. Antiq. lib. 1.): the Prytaneum. *Σίτησιν αὐτὸν ἐν Πρῦτανεῖῳ λαμβάνειν* Ran. 764.

Πρῦτανεῦω, (1) senator sum apud Athenienses: to be one of the Prytanes; (2) *præsum*: to command, to rule. Acharn. 60. See above. *SYN.* Εὐθύνω, Διοικεῶ, ἐπιστάτῃω, Βασίλειῶ, τᾶμεινῶ.

Πρῦτάνῃς, *ἔως, δ*, (1) senator Atheniensis ex numero 500: one of the senate of 500 at Athens; (2) summus magistratus: a prince; (3) P. N. (see E. 678.): Prytanis. Troad. 1279. See Πρῦτανεῖον. *SYN.* Ἀρχων, Βασίλειῶς, προστάτης, ἑξαρχός.

Πρῶ. See Πρωῖ.

Πρῶν, *Dor.* Πρᾶν, et Πρωῖζᾶ, nuper, olim: lately, formerly. *Τὸν σὺ πρῶν κτείνᾳς* Ω. 500. *Πρᾶν πικρὰ τὸν χάριεντᾶ* Theoc. 2. 115. *Χοιζᾶ τῇ καὶ πρῶζι* δ' ἑς Αὐλιδᾶ B. 303. *SYN.* Ἀρτίως, νέωσσι.

Πρωθήσης, *ου, puber*: youthful, young. α. 431. *SYN.* Ἐφηδός, νέος, ἀκμάζων.

Πρωῖ, et Attic. Πρῶ, mane; tempestive: in the morning; early. *Πρωῖ δ' ὑπ' ἡοίῳ* Σ. 303. Vesp. 404. "*Πρωῖ* dissyllabum non agnoscit Atticus sermo, nec semel quidem apud Comicum occurrit." Brunck, Lysist. 612. See also Ruhnken. Timæ. p. 160. *SYN.* Ἐωθεν.

Πρωῖζᾶ. See Πρῶν.

Πρωῖος. See Πρῶμος.

Πρωκτίζω. See Εξέπισσθ' πρωκτίζω.

Πρωκτός, *οὐ, δ*, podex: the posteriors. Plut. 152. *SYN.* Πυγή.

Πρωκτόπεντετήρης, *ἰδός, ἡ*, quinque anni (vid. Meurs. in Græc. Fer.): five years. Pax 876.

Πρωκτότηρέω, *nates specto; custodio*: to watch the posteriors; to watch. Eq. 878.

Πρῶμος, Πρωῖος, Πρῶδός, *α, ὄν*, matutinus, tempestivus: in the morning, early. *Ἀττὰ μὴ 'στὶ πρῶμᾶ* Vesp. 264. Sed alii legunt Πρῶᾶ. *Πρωῖον ὄφρ' ἀνέχοιτο* O. 470. Pax 1001. *SYN.* Ὀρβήριος.

Πρῶν, *ωνός, Πρῶων, Πρῶν, ὄνός, δ, collis; cacumen montis; præcipitium*: a hill; the top of a mountain; a precipice. Cycl. 116. Π. 299. Hes. Scut. 437. *SYN.* Βουνός, λόφος. *EP.* Ἀμφί-ζευκτός, κοινός, ἀλλός, βησσηίης, ἄκρός.

Πρῶξ, *ωκός, δ*, gutta roris: a dew-drop. Theoc. 4. 16. *SYN.* Στάγῳν δρόσου.

Πρῶδός. See Πρῶμος.

Πρῶρα, *ας, et antiq.* αθέν, *ἡ*, prora; navis: the prow; a ship. *Es πρῶραν εἶρπῃ κατὶ Helen.*

1581. *EP.* Ωκεῖα, κῶανέμεβόλος, ἐνάλιος, ἐνάλιος.

Πρωράτεύω, in prora navem rego: to be a boatswain. *Κῆρ' ἐντευθεν πρωρατεῦσαι* Eq. 540.

Πρωταγρίον, *ου, τὸ*, captura prima: the first booty. *Πρωταγρίον δέξιον εἶη* Call. 3. 104. *SYN.* Πρωτόλειᾶ.

Πρωτάρχος, *ου, δ, ἡ*, a prima origine proveniens: arising from the origin, original. Agam. 1163. *SYN.* Αρχός, κύριος.

Πρωτέσιλαός, *ου, δ*, Protesilaus. *Μεγαθύμου Πρωτέσιλαός* B. 706. *EP.* Ἀρήϊος, ἥρως, μέγα-θυμός, ἦψ.

Πρωτεύς, *ἔως, δ*, Proteus. Helen. 4. *EP.* Μαντίπυλός, γέρον, ἀθῶνάτος, νημερτής, ἀλῖος, Πόσειδάωνος ὑποδῶμος, πύλῳτρός, ποντοπόρος. *PHR.* see δ. 385—388.

Πρωτηρότης, *ου, qui primus arat*: one who ploughs first. Hesiod. Op. 488.

Πρώτιστος. See Πρώτος.

Πρωτόδολός, *ου, δ, ἡ*, primum percussus: first struck. Troad. 1061.

Πρωτόγενεῖα, *ας, ἡ*, Protogenia. Olymp. 9. 63.

Πρωτόγονός, *ου, δ, ἡ*, Πρωτόφυής, *ἔδς*, primogenitus: first born or produced. Iph. T. 209. Apoll. 3. 850. See Φύή. *SYN.* Πρότερηγένης, πρωτότοκος (i. e. πρωτότοκος).

Πρωτόθρονός, *ου, δ, ἡ*, primo throno sedens: sitting on the first throne or seat. *Ιμεράσιη πρωτόθρονῃ* Call. 3. 228.

Πρωτοκτόνός, *ου, δ, ἡ*, qui primus occidit: slaying first. Eumen. 721.

Πρωτόλειᾶ, *ων, τὰ*, primitiæ spoliū: the first fruits of the spoils. *Πρωτόλειᾶ διγγᾶν* Orest. 376.

Πρωτόμαντις, *ἔως, ἡ*, prima vates: the first prophetess. Eumen. 2. See Μάντις.

Πρωτόμυρός, *ου, δ, ἡ*, prius factō functus: meeting fate first. Pers. 576.

Πρωτοπάγῃς, *ἔδς*, nuper compactus: lately constructed. *Καλὴν πρωτοπάγῃ* Ω. 267.

Πρωτοπήμων, *όνός*, primum damnum adferens: causing the first calamity. Agam. 217.

Πρωτοπλός, *ου, δ, ἡ*, primo navigationem expertus: first sailing. *Πρωτοπλόν κοῦρω δὲ* Σ. 35.

Πρώτος, Πρώτιστός, *η, ὄν*, primus; longe primus: first; by far the first. Hec. 782. Nub. 553. *SYN.* Πρώτερός.

Πρωτόφυής. See Πρωτόγονός.

Πρώων. See Πρών.

Πταίρω, sternuto : to sneeze. ρ. 541.

Πταίσμα, ἄτος, τὸ, lapsus ; culpa, error : a slip ; an error, a fault. SYN. Πτωμά, πῆσημα, σφάλμα, λύπη, λώβη, ἁμάρτημα.

Πταίω, sw, labor ; erro : to stumble ; to err. P. V. 962. SYN. Πάραπταίω, προσκρούω, προσβάλλω, ἁμαρτάνω, σφάλλῃμαι.

Πτάξ. See Πτάξ.

Πταρμός, οὐ, ὅ, sternutatio : sneezing. Av. 720.

Πτέλεα, as, ἡ, ulmus : an elm. Φ. 350. EP.

Ἐυφυλλός, αἰπεινὴ, ευφύης.

Πτελέατικός, ἡ, ὄν, Pteleaticus : of Pteleum.

Τὸν Πτελέατικὸν οἶνον Theoc. 7. 65.

Πτελέως, οὐ, ἡ, Pteleus. B. 697.

Πτερέλαος, ου, ὁ, Pterelaus. Ἐς ἀσπίδα τὰν Πτερέλαον Theoc. 24. 4.

Πτερῖνος, η, ὄν, Πτέρους, εσσα, ἐν ; Πτέρω-φῶρος, Πτέρωγῶτος, Πτέρωτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, alatus : winged. Θούνηες εὐξήμεσθαι τοῖς πτερῖνοις θεοῖς Av. 903. Ion 200. Orest. 311. Χρησμός περὶ σου πτέρωγῶτος Eq. 1084. Av. 1198. SYN. Κατάπτερως, πτηνός, τὰχὺς, τάνυσίπτερως, εὐ-πτερός, πτεέινος.

Πτερίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, filix : fern. Ἀπᾶλὰν πτερὶν ᾧδὲ πάτσεις Theoc. 5. 55.

Πτερνά, ης, ἡ, calx : the heel. X. 397. SYN. Σφύρον, τάρσος.

Πτερνοτρώκτης, Πτερνῶφάγος, ου, ὁ, qui calcem corrodit, nomen muris : the name of a mouse. Πτερνοτρώκτου βασιλῆος Batrach. 29. 222. See Φάγω.

Πτερόδνητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pennis agitatus : moved by wings. Av. 1390.

Πτέρους. See Πτερῖνος.

Πτέρων, οὐ, τό ; Πτέρυξ, ὕδος, ἡ, ala : a wing. P. V. 402. Πτέρυγος λάβεν ἀμφιᾷχυναν B. 316. EP. Παρθενῶν, οὐρίων, φίλων, φοιτᾶς, χρυσῶν, κολπαδῶς, δῶδον, ὠκὺ, ὠκυπλάνων, ἀγλᾶδον, κοῦφον, λαίψηρον, ῥαδινὸν, ἐλαφρὸν, εὐσθῶν.

Πτέρωμαι, plumescit ; alis attollo vel attollo : to feather ; to raise or rise on wings. Iph. T. 1347. SYN. Ἀναπτέρω, κουφίζω.

Πτερόποικίλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, varias alas habens : with variegated wings. Av. 248. See Ποικίλος. Πτερορρῦω, pennas amitto : to lose the feathers. Πτερορρῦεῖ τέ καθῆις ἑτέρᾳ φύμεν Av. 106.

Πτερόφῶρος. See Πτερῖνος.

Πτερύγιζω, ἰω et ἰσω, tento volatum, volito : to try the wings, to flutter. Πάλιν πᾶρ' ὕμων πτέρυγας ἀπέπτατο Av. 795.

Πτερύγωτός. See Πτερῖνος.

Πτερύγωνης, ἔδος, rapide volans : fleet-winged. Τὸν πτερύγωνῃ τόνδ' ὠιονόν P. V. 294. SYN. Εὐπτερὸς, τὰχύπτερὸς, ὠκυπτερὸς, πτέρους.

Πτέρυξ. See Πτέρων.

Πτερώσις, ἔως, ἡ, pennarum productio : plumage. Av. 97.

Πτερωτός. See Πτερῖνος.

Πτηνός, ἡ, ὄν, volucris : winged. Orest. 1175. SYN. see Πτερῖνος.

Πτήσις, ἔως, ἡ, volatus : flight. Πτήσιν οἰωνὸν κέθρως P. V. 497.

Πτήσσω, ἔω, et Πτώσσω, expavesco : to crouch through fear. Aj. 171. E. 634. SYN. Εκπήσσω, κατάπησσω, κατάπησσύμαι, πτώδῃμαι, φθῆδῃμαι, πτωκάω.

Πτίλον, ου, τὸ, pluma : a feather. Τούτῃ πτίλον σοι τῆς κέφαλῆς νῦν μου λάσοι Acharn. 585. SYN. Πτέρων, ἰουλός.

Πτῶω, Πτοιῶω, ἦσω, trepidum facio : to alarm. Επτόημένοι φρένας P. V. 881. Apoll. 1. 1232. SYN. Εκπλήσσω, φθῆω, αἰτῶω, τάραττω.

Πτοιῶω. See above.

Πτολέμαῖος, ου, ὁ, Ptolemæus : Ptolemy. Theoc. 14. 59. PHR. see Theoc. 14. 60—64. and Theoc. 17.

Πτολέμαῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Ptolemais. Δίξεσθαι φυλῆς Πτολέμαῖδος Call. Ep. 11. 3.

Πτολέμίζω. See Πδλεμίζω.

Πτολέμίστης. See Πδλεμίστης.

Πτολέμους. See Πδλεμους.

Πτολίεθρον, ου, τὸ, oppidum : a town. Πύλον αὐτὸ πτολίεθρον γ. 485. SYN. see Πδλῖς. EP. Αἰπεινόν, εὐ ναυμένον, ἐφᾶλδον, ἰέρων, ἀλιστεφᾶ-νόν, ἐντεκμῆνόν, ἐπῆράτων, ἱμερτὸν, ευρύγαυον.

Πτολίπορθῖος, Πτολίπορθός, ου, ὁ, urbium populator : ravager of cities. Πτολίπορθῶν οἰκάδ' ἰκέσθαι ι. 530. Agam. 763. SYN. Πυρ-γῶδαῖκτος.

Πτολῖς. See Πδλῖς.

Πτόρθος, ου, ὁ, ramus : a branch. Hec. 20. SYN. Κλάδης, ἑρνός, κλών, κλάδισκός, κλήμα, δάλλος.

Πτύγμα, ἄτος, τό ; Πτύξ, ὕχος, Πτύχη, ης, ἡ, plica : a fold, a recess. Πτύγμ' ἐκάλυψεν B. 315. Κατὰ πτύχας Ουλύμποιο Λ. 77. Orest. 1648. SYN. Παλκή.

Πτυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, plicatus : folded. Z. 169. SYN. Πλεκτός.

Πτύξ. See Πτύγμα.

Πτύον, ου, τὸ, ventilabrum : a fan. Αἰθῆς ἐγὼ πᾶσαι μέγα πτύον Theoc. 7. 156. SYN. Λίκμος.

Πτύσσω, ξω, plico : to fold. ζ. 252. SYN. Πλέω, κάταπτύσσω.

Πτύχη. See Πτύγμα.

Πτώω, f. πτύω, spu ; contemno : to spit ; to insult, despise. The penult of Πτώω is long in the pres. and imperf., and short in the future and aorists. Αἰμά παχὺ πτύοντᾱ Ψ. 697. Αλλὰ πτύσας ὥσπερ τε δισμῆνῃ μέθης Antig. 653. SYN. Ἀποπτοῦω, αἰμάω.

Πτωκάω, expavesco : to be alarmed at. Δ. 372. SYN. Πτώεμαι, πτήσσω, πώσσω, εκπλήσσομαι.

Πτωκάς, ἀδὸς, ἡ, timida : timid. Πτωκάσιν αἰνυίρσῃ Hom. Hymn. 42. 2.

Πτώμα, ἄτος, τὸ, casus ; clades ; cadaver : a fall ; disaster ; a corpse. Orest. 1195. SYN. Πταίσμα, πᾶθος, ξυμφύρα, ἐρείπιον, πῆσημα, πῆσος.

Πτώξ, πτωκός, Πτάξ, πτάκός, ὁ, ἡ, animal pavidum, lepus : a timid animal, a hare. Eumen. 327. Μῶγερὰν πτάκᾱ θυόμενοισι Agam. 134. SYN. Λαγώς δειλός.

Πτώσιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, caducus : ready to fall, falling. Agam. 1091. See Blomf. on l. 9. Σι brevis est, ut οἱ in ἀλώσιμος. SYN. Ἐρείψιμος.

Πτώσσω. See Πτήσσω.

Πτωχεία, as, ἡ, mendicitas, paupertas : beggary, poverty. Plut. 549. SYN. Ἀχηνία, ἀπῶρία, χρεία, πένια, ἐνδεία.

Πτωχεύω, et Ion. imp. πτωχεύεσκον, mendico : to beg. ο. 308. σ. 2. SYN. Ἐπαιτέω, πρόσαιτέω, ἀπῶρεω.

Πτωχικός, ἡ, ὄν, mendico conveniens : beggarly, mean. Πτωχικοῦ βακτηρίου Acharn. 448. SYN. see Πτωχός.

Πτωχίστερὸς. See Πτωχός.

Πτωχοποιός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, ad mendicantem redigens: reducing to beggary. Καὶ πτωχοποιεῖ καὶ βακιδιστραπτᾶδῃ Ran. 842.

Πτωχός, compar. πτωχίστερὸς, ἡ, ὅν, mendicus: a beggar, poor. Plut. 552. Acharn. 424. SYN. Ἐπαίτης, πένης, εὐδέης. ΕΡ. Πανδμήϊος.

Πυγή, ἥς, ἡ, et (2) dimin. Πυγίῶν, οὐ, τὸ, nates; nates exiles: the buttocks; small buttocks. Γλώτταν βαίαν πυγὴν μεγάλῃν Nub. 1000. Τῶν πυγίδων ἐκάθησθε Acharn. 613. SYN. Πρωκτός, αρχός.

Πυγίζω, prædico. Αυτὸ πυγίζεις ἄγων Thesm. 1120.

Πυγμαῖοι, ὧν, Pygmæi: the Pygmies. Ανδρᾶσι Πυγμαίοισι Γ. 6.

Πυγμαχία, ας, Πυγμῆ, ἥς, ἡ, pugilatus: boxing. Εἰδὸς πυγμαχίης Ψ. 665. 669. ΕΡ. Ἀπηνής, ὑπερόπλος.

Πύγμαχος, Πύκτης, οὐ, ὁ, pugil: a boxer. Isthm. 8. 135. (See above.) Theoc. 22. 69. SYN. Ἀθλητής, αγωνιστής.

Πυγμῆ. See Πυγμαχία.

Πυγοστῆλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nates ornans: ornamenting the buttocks. Μηδὲ γυνή σέ νύον πυγοστῆλος Hes. Op. 371.

Πύγουςιός, α, ὅν, mensuram cubiti æquans: a cubit wide. Βοθρὸν ὀρύξαι ὅσον τὲ πύγουςιόν κ. 517.

Πύελος, οὐ, ἡ, balneatorium vas; alveus in quo lac aut alius liquor excipitur: a bathing utensil; a dish or bowl. The first syllable of Πύελος is long in Epic writers, as in Homer, τ. 553., πᾶρά πύελον ἥχι πάρος περ; but uniformly short in Attic writers, as in Καὶ τὴν πύelon κατὰκλυζε καὶ δέρμαιν' ὕδωρ Pax. 843. SYN. Σκίφος, λάρανος.

Πυθαγγέλος, οὐ, ὁ, Pythangelus. Ran. 87. See below.

Πυθαγόρας, οὐ, ὁ, Pythagoras. Κᾶγὼ Πυθαγόρας ὧς ἐκέλευε λέγω Call. fr. 128. 2. ΕΡ. Σόφως, Σάμιος.

Πυθαγόρικτος, οὗ, ὁ, Pythagoræ sectator: a follower of Pythagoras. Ἀφικέτο Πυθαγόρικτᾶς Theoc. 14. 5.

Πυθικός, Πύθιος, α, ὅν; Πυθίας, ἁδός, ἡ, Pythius: Pythian. Μάντεσιν τὲ Πυθίοκοις Androm. 1092. Χρόνῳ δ' ἔβα Πυθίαις ἀποστολαῖσι Phœn. 1058., answering to ἔβας ἔβας ὦ πτεροῦσά γὰς λᾶχυνά. Πύθιον κάλῃουσιν ἐπώνυμῳ Hom. Apoll. 373. Πυθίās occurs Av. 858.

Πυθιονικός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui Pythia vincit: conquering at the Pythian games. Pyth. 8. 5. See above, and Νίκη.

Πύθιος. See Πυθικός.

Πύθμην, ἐνός, ὁ, fundus: the bottom. Πύλαις διπλάις ἐνήλατ' ἐκ δὲ πυθμῆνων Œ. R. 1261. SYN. Βένθος, βυσσός.

Πυθῶ. See Πυθώ.

Πυθόκραντος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ab Apolline perfectus: accomplished by Apollo. Καὶ γὰρ τὰ πυθόκραντᾶ δυσμᾶθ' ὁ ὅμως Agam. 1226.

Πυθόμαντις, ἑως, Delphi oracula edens: oracular at Delphi. Τὸν Πυθόμαντιν Λοξίαν Χρήσαντ' ἐμοί Choëph. 1017.

Πυθόχρηστος, et Πυθόχρηστος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, Delphi prædictus vel prædicens: foretold or foretelling at Delphi. Choëph. 927. 901. See above.

Πύθω, σω, putrefacio: to rot. Λεβί' οστέα

πύθεταί ὁμῶς a. 161. SYN. Σήπω, ἀποθήπω, μυδαίνω.

Πυθώ, ὅς, οἱ, ὦ, et Πυθών, ὧνός; acc. antiq. Πυθῶδε, ἡ, Delphi: a city in Phocis, famous for an oracle of Apollo. Φοῖβον Ἀπόλλωνος Πυθῶ ἐνὶ πετρῆσσι I. 405. Οἱ Κύπρισσόν ἔχον Πυθῶνᾶ τὲ πετρήεσσον B. 519. SYN. Δελοφοί. ΕΡ. Πέτρηεσσά, πῶλυχρυσός, αἰπεινὴ, σεμνή.

Πύκᾱ. See Πύκινῶς.

Πύκᾱζω, ἄσω, denso; tego; orno: to thicken; to cover; to adorn. Μῆτερ πύκαζε κρᾶτ' ἐμὸν νικηφόρον Troad. 355. SYN. Κάλύπτω, σκεπάζω, περικάλυπτα, σκιάζω, κοσμέω, στέφανῶ, πύκνῶ.

Πύκμηδης, ἑός, ὁ, ἡ, prudens: prudent. Γραίης Πύκμηδῆος a. 438. SYN. see Πύκινόφρων.

Πύκινος, et Πύκνός, ἡ, ὅν, densus, frequens; prudens; elegans: thick, crowded; prudent; elegant. Πύκινῆς ἐνέκρυσε φάλαγχι N. 145. Καὶ πάρασπιστὰς πύκινους Phœn. 1181. SYN. Σύχρυνός, συνέτος, Πύκμηδης, Πύκινόφρων, φρόνιμος, εὐβουλός.

Πύκινόφρων, ὄνός, prudenti mente præditus: of a prudent mind. Ζηρὸς Πύκινόφρονᾶ βουλὴν Hom. Merc. 535. SYN. Πύκμηδης, Πύκινός, δαΐφρων, περίφρων, περίσπῳφρων, συνέτος.

Πύκινῶς, Πύκινῶς, et Πύκᾱ, dense, frequenter; prudenter; eleganter: thickly, densely; prudently; elegantly. Τέρποντες Πύκινῶς ἀκᾶχῆμῶν T. 312. Thesm. 445. (See Πύκνός in Πύκινός.) Πύκᾱ δ' ἐτρέφε δᾶ Ὀδῶν E. 70. SYN. Πύκινῶς, Πύκινῶς, σύχρυνός, ἐπιμέλᾱς, φρόνιμος, πέριφραδέως, συνέτῳς, ἀθρόως.

Πύκνόπτερος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, firmas alas habens: strong in the wing. Œ. C. 17. See Πύκνός in Πύκινός.

Πύκνός. See Πύκινός.

Πύκνόστικτός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, crebris maculis distinctus: thickly spotted. Œ. C. 1092. See Πύκνός in Πύκινός.

Πύκνότης, ἡτός, ὁ, et Πύκνωμά, ἁτός, τὸ, densitas; crebritas; prudentia: thickness, solidity; frequency; prudence. Πάταγειν διὰ τὴν Πύκνότητᾱ Nub. 383. Œsch. Sup. 243. SYN. Σύχρυνός, συνέτος, φρόνημα, φρόνησις.

Πύκνω, denso: to thicken. Nub. 702. See Πύκνός. SYN. Πάχυνω, πήγνυμι, Πύκᾱζω, ογκῶ.

Πύκνωμα. See Πύκνότης.

Πύκνωσις. See Πύκινός.

Πυκτάλιζω, et Πυκτεῖω, pugilor: to box. Πρὸς ἑρωτᾶ Πυκτάλιζω Anacr. 69. Cycl. 229. SYN. Πυκτόμαχέω, μάχουμαι.

Πύκτης. See Πύγμαχος.

Πυκτίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, animal quoddam: an animal.

Αἰελοῦρας πυκτίδας Acharn. 879.

Πύλαδης, οὐ, ὁ, Pylades: the friend and relative of Orestes. Πύλαδῃ στᾶθῶμῃν ἐκπῶδῶν ὧς ἀν σάφῳς Choëph. 18.

Πύλαι, ὧν, αἱ, Thermopylæ. Εὐ Πύλαις Πυθῶι πόσσους Lysit. 1131.

Πύλαιμάχος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui ad Pylum pugnat: fighting at Pylos. Παλλάς ἡ Πύλαιμάχος Eq. 1172. See Πύλος.

Πύλαιμενης, ἑός, ὁ, Pylæmenes. Ἐπᾶλτῷ Πύλαιμενὸς βασίλῃος N. 643. PHN. Πύλαιμενὸς ἄσσιον κῆρ, ἀτάλαντός Ἄρῃ, αρχὸς Πάφλαγῶν.

Πύλαος, οὐ, ὁ, Pylæus. Ἰπυθόδός τε Πύλαος τ' B. 842.

Πύλαρτης, οὐ, portas clausas habens: having the gates shut. Ἰόντᾱ Πύλαρταο κρᾶτέροιο N. 415. Πύλαρτης is a P. N. in Homer, A. 491.

Πύλατις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, apud Thermopylas celebrata:

celebrated at Thermopylae. Trach. 640. See Πύλαι, P. N., and Οἰάτις.

Πύλαωρος, Πύλωρος, Πύληδοκός, ου, ό, ή, janitor : a porter. Ἀγακλειτοὺς πύλαωρούς Φ. 530. Herc. F. 1268. Hom. Merc. 15. SYN. Θύρωρος, φύλαξ. EP. Ἰέρους, τράπεζεύς.

Πύλη, ης, ή; Πύλωμα, ἄτος, τό, porta : a gate. "Ἦκω νεκρῶν κευθμῶνά καὶ σκότον πύλας Hec. 1. Phoen. 1129. SYN. Θύρα, πρὸδομός. EP. Ευωπός, ευρεῖα, κούανῃ, ὀλδή, χαλκεῖα, δίκλῖς, ὕψηλῃ, στεινὰρά.

Πύληγενής, ἔος, Pylo ortus : sprung from Pylos. Τοῦ Νηληϊάδα Πύληγενέες δὲ οἱ ἱπποὶ Ψ. 303. SYN. Πυλῖος.

Πύληδοκός. See Πύλαωρος.

Πύληνη, ης, ή, Pylene. Καὶ Ὀλέων ηδὲ Πύληνην B. 639.

Πυλῖος, α, όν, Pylius : Pylian, of Pylos. Πόθῃ Πυλίοισιν ἐτύχθη P. 704. EP. Πύληγενής.

Πύλος, ου, et antiq. ὅθεν, ή, Pylos. Es Πύλῶν ὀφρά πύθηται δ. 713. EP. Ημᾶθεσσα, ηγάθεα, ἱέρα, ζᾷθεα, Νηληϊός.

Πύλω, portis munio : to fortify with gates. Καὶ νῦν ἅπαντ' ἐκείνᾳ πέπύλωται πύλαις Av. 1158. See Πύλη.

Πύλωμα. See Πύλη.

Πύλων, ωνός, ό, Pylon. Αυτὰρ ἔπειτ' Πύλωνα M. 187.

Πύλωρος. See Πύλαωρος.

Πύματός, η, όν, extremus : last. 'Αλλ'ὅτ' ἐ' εν πύματοισι α. 369. SYN. Ἐσχάτος, ὑστάτος, πάν- ὑστάτος, ὀπίστανός, τέλενταῖος.

Πυνθάνομαι, Πεύθομαι, (1) audio, cognosco : to hear, to know; (2) sciscitor : to inquire, to ask. Ἐγνων ἄταρ τίς ὦν γέ πυνθάνει τάδε Androm. 875. A. 21. SYN. Ἀπαπνυνθάνομαι, εκπυνθάνομαι, ἐπίστανμαι, ἀκούω, ἐρωτάω, μαν- θάνω, διδάσκωμαι, εξιστόρεω, πᾶραλαμῆανω, αἰσ- θάνομαι.

Πύξ, pugnis : with the fists. Ran. 548. SYN. Πυγμή.

Πύξινος, η, όν, buxinus : of the box-tree. Πύξ- ῖνον ομφαλῶν τ' Ω. 269.

Πύξος, ου, ή, buxus : the box-tree. Bion 2. 3.

Πύος, ου, ό, colostrum : beasting milk. Καὶ πύω καὶ πύριάτη Vesp. 710.

Πύρ, πύρος, τό, ignis : fire. Μὴ πύρι δέχεσθαι μητ' προσφανεῖν τινά Orest. 47. SYN. Φλόξ, Ἡφαιστός, αἰθῶς, πυρός. EP. Ἀμαυρόκετον, ἀνή- φαιστόν, λάβρυν, κέρανῖνον, αἰθάλδεν, σεμνύν, πάμφαγον, δῖον, ἐπίσωμίον, καθάρσιον, ευάλιον, κέραννοφᾶές, αστραπυφόρον, ἀθανάτων, κλεινόν, αἰθομένον, αἶνᾶον, στερῆον, δερῖνον, κήλειον, μά- λερν, αἰδολῶν, ἀκομάτων, δεινόν, δεσποιδᾶες, μέγα, ὀλδον, ἀνών, ἀγρίον, σπονδῆν, φαεινόν, δανᾶτη- φόρον, λευγαλέον, δάλερνον, ἀνίκητον, ουλομένον.

Πύρα, Πυρκαῖα, ἄς, ή; Πύρον, οὔ, τό, pyra, rogos : a funeral pile. Τῆμῶς ἀρ' ἀμφὶ πύρην H. 434. Νεκρὸς πυρκαῖης H. 431. Choeph. 478. EP. Θερμῇ, ἀλέγεινῃ, ἀνῇ.

Πύραγχα, ας, ή, forceps fabrorum ferrariorum : tongs. Εὑποίητόν τε πύραγχνον γ. 434.

Πύραϊθω, combusto : to burn. Τίς γὰρ πύ- ραϊθειν πρόφασίς Ἀργείων στρατόν Rhes. 78. SYN. Καίω, κατὰφλέγω, πίμπρημι, αἰθάλω, πυρ- πύλω.

Πυραίχμης, ου, ό, Pyraechmes. Καὶ βάλε Πυ- ραίχμην Π. 287.

Πυράκτεω, in igne verso : to turn in the fire. Λάβων ἐπύράκτεον α. 328.

Πυράμοις, οὔντος, ό, placenta triticea : a kind

of sweet cake made of wheat and honey. Τοῦ γὰρ τέχναζειν ἡμέτερός ὁ πυράμοις Thesm. 94.

Πύρασός, ου, ό, Pyrasus. Δύσανδρον καὶ Πύ- ρασον Λ. 491.

Πύραυγῆς, ἔος, ό, ή, igne fulgens : shining with fire. Ηνὸρῆς σκηπτοῦχ' ἐπύραυγᾷ Hom. Hymn. 7. 6.

Πυργγῶν, turmatim : in crowds. O. 618. SYN. Ἰαδῶν, ἀγὼρῶν.

Πυργγῶ, turribus claudo, obsideo : to shut up in the tower, invest, besiege. Sept. Th. 22. SYN. Κύκλω, πῶλιρκέω.

Πυργιδῖον. See Πύργος.

Πύργινός, η, όν; Πυργῶτις, ἰδός, ή, turreus : of a tower. Pers. 866. Γ. brevis est, ut δι in λίθινός Sept. Th. 338.

Πυργόδαικτης, ου, ό, ή, turre vastans : tower- destroying. Pers. 108. See Αυτοδᾶικτός.

Πύργος, ου, ό, dim. Πυργιδῖον, ου, et Πύργωμα, ἄτος, τό, turris, ædificatio : a tower, edifice. Alcest. 322. Καὶ πυργιδίους καὶ γυπάριους Eq. 790. Phoen. 294. SYN. Τεῖχος. EP. Ὀρθίος, ασφάλης, μέγας, ευαυγῆς, ἄθραυστός, ἄκρος, ἐχ- θρός, λαῖνός, ὕψηλός, εὐδομητός, δεῖος, δεῶδμη- τός, ἡλίσιατός, προῦχων, πέτρῃς.

Πυργῶτις. See Πύργινός.

Πυργόφυλας, ἄκός, ό, ή, custos turrium : a keeper of the towers. Sept. Th. 154. See Φύλαξ.

Πυργῶ, in altum tollo, amplifico : to raise on high, exaggerate. Orest. 1585. SYN. Τύσω, αὔξω, μεγάλυνω.

Πυργῶδης, ἔος, ό, ή, turritus : full of towers. Trach. 273.

Πύργωμα. See Πύργος.

Πυρδαῖς, ἔος, ό, ή, igni urens : burning with fire. Choeph. 597. See Ἡμιδαῖς.

Πύρεϊον, et Ion. Πύρηϊον, ου, τό, igniarium : wood for kindling a fire. Καὶ πύρεϊ' ὁμοῦ τάδε Philoct. 36. 'Ερμῆς τοι πρώτιστ' ἀπύρηϊά Hom. Merc. 111.

Πύρεσσω, aut Πύρεττω, febris laboro : to be in a fever. Ὡμοι πύρεσσω συγκέκοιμένος τάλας Cycl. 228.

Πύρετός, οὔ, ό, febris, ardor : a fever, glowing heat. Πέρσιον καὶ τοῖς πύρετοῖσιν Vesp. 1036. SYN. Φλόγμος, πύρ, καῖμα. EP. Αἰών, λάερός.

Πύρηϊον. See Πύρεϊον.

Πυρφορός, Πυρφόρος, ου, ό, ή, triticum ferens : wheat-bearing. Ἴξον δ' ἐς πεδῖον πυρ- φόρον γ. 495. Phoen. 653. SYN. Πῶλλυήϊός, εὐκαρπός, καρποφόρος.

Πύριάτης, ου, ό, decoctum lac : scalded cream. Καὶ πύω καὶ πύριάτη Vesp. 710.

Πύριγενέτης, οὔ, et Πύριγενής, ἔος, ό, ή, igni genitus : forged in the fire. Sept. Th. 192. Hipp. 1218. See below.

Πύριδαπτός, ου, ό, ή, ab igni consumptus : consumed by fire. Δεῦρ' ἱτ' ἐσεμναὶ πύριδαπτο (anap. dim.) Eumen. 1044.

Πύριδῖον, ου, τό, igniculus : a little fire. Lysist. 1206. See Πύρ, πύρος; and Πυργιδῖον in Πύργος.

Πύριχης, ἔος, ό, ή, in igne acutus : sharpened in the fire. Πύριχῆα μοχλῶν ἐλόντες ι. 387.

Πύριθαλπῆς, ἔος, ό, ή, igni calefactus : warmed by fire. Πύριθαλπέος ὑψόθ' πέτρης Apoll. 4. 926.

Πύρικαυστός, ου, ό, ή, igni ustus : burnt with fire. Ὅποτε σκάλος πύρικαυστός N. 564.

Πύρικμητός, ου, ό, ή, in igne fabricatus : formed in the fire. Δεινὸν δὲ πύρικμητοί τε

λέθητες Call. 4. 145. *ΣΥΝ. Πύριγένετης, πυρί-γένης.*

Πυρίλαμπος, ἔος, ὁ, Pyrilaampus. Τὸν Πυρίλαμπος ἐν ᾧρα Δῆμον κἄλόν Vesp. 98.

Πύριμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, triticeus: of wheat. Πύριμον σπάθῃ κδλοῖαν φασγάνου μέλανδετον (troch. tetr.) Eur. fr. Eurysth. 2. 2.

Πύριπνέω, f. πνεύσω, ignem spiro: to breathe flames. Ion 201. See below. ΣΥΝ. Πῦρ πνέω.

Πύριστακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ignem stillans: streaming with fire. Τῇ πύριστακτῳ πέτρα Cycl. 298.

Πύριφάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, igni absumptus: wasted by fire. Μῆπύτῃ πυρίφάτον Æsch. Sup. 641., answered by Δῖον ἐπιδόμνοιο.

Πύριφλέθων, οντός, ὁ, Pyriphlegethon: the name of a river in Tartarus. Eis Ἀχέροντᾶ Πύριφλέθων τῷ ῥέουσι κ. 513.

Πύριφλέγων, οντός, Πύριφλέγης, et Πύριφλεκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ardens: blazing. Bacch. 1006. Lycophr. 699. Ion 194. See above.

Πυρκαῖα. See Πύρά.

Πυρκαῖος, α, ὄν, maturus, edulis: ripe, eatable. Theoc. 1. 46. ΣΥΝ. Ὠρίμος, τράξιμος.

Πύρνον, ου, τὸ, panis triticeus: a small loaf made of wheat. p. 362. ΣΥΝ. Ἀρτός, ψωμός.

Πύρνον. See Πύρά.

Πύρσις, εσσα, ἔν, igneus, rutilus: fiery, red. Πύρσις ἀνὰ πάλῃ αἰσθήρ Apoll. 3. 1376. ΣΥΝ. Πύρῳδης, πύρῳπος, ἐμπύρδος, πυρρός, πυρσός, πυρσῳδης.

Πύρροράγης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, igne ruptus; inutilis: cracked by the fire; useless. Δἄλον τί καὶ πύρροράγης Acharn. 933. See Πῦρ, πύρδος.

Πύρδος, οὐ, ὁ, triticum, frumentum: wheat, corn. Μελίηδεᾶ πυρδὸν ἔδοντες Κ. 569. ΣΥΝ. Κριθή, σίτος. Ερ. Μελίφρων, ἡδύς.

Πυρρόφρως. See Πυρρῳφρως.

Πύρῳω, ὥσω, accendo; accenso igne lustro: to set on fire; to purify by fire. Ὡς πύρῳοντες δόμους Orest. 1559. ΣΥΝ. Ἀναπύρῳω, καθαίρω, καθάρίζω.

Πυρπάλυμος, η, ὄν, igneam manum vel vim habens: fiery, destructive. Olymp. 10. 96. See Πάλαμν.

Πύρπνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ignem spirans: breathing fire. Eur. El. 473.

Πυρπῳλέω, circa ignem versor; igne depulor: to be engaged about a fire; to burn, lay waste with fire. κ. 30. ΣΥΝ. See Καίω.

Πυρπῳλημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, vastatio per ignem: devastation by fire. Helen. 766.

Πυρπῳλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ignitus: fiery. Eur. Sup. 650.

Πύρρῳσός, ου, ὁ, Pyrrhasus. Οἱ δ' εἶχον Φύλακην καὶ Πύρρῳσον B. 695.

Πυρρίας, ου, ὁ, Pyrrhias: the name of a slave. Καὶ ξένοισ καὶ πυρρίαις Ran. 730.

Πύρριχος, η, ὄν, Pyrrichus; rufus: Pyrrhic; red. Πύρριχῃ, with ὀρχησίς understood, signifies the Pyrrhic or war dance. Τὴν Πύρριχην τίς ἐμάθε τὴν Κινησίον Ran. 153. ΣΥΝ. (2) Πύρρως, πυρσός, πυρρῳτρίχος, ἐρῳθρός, ξανθός, ξανθόκυμός.

Πυρρῳθριε, τριχος, et Πυρρῳτρίχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rufos capillos vel pilos habens: having red hair, chestnut-coloured. Iph. A. 225. See Ξανθόθριε.

Πυρρῳπίπης, ου, ὁ, ruforum puerorum amator: a lover of red-haired boys. Τὸν Ἰουλίον τ' ἄν οἶμαι γέροντᾶ πυρρῳπίπην (vers. hipponact.) Eq. 407.

Πυρρός. See Πυρσός.

Πύρρως, ου, ὁ, Pyrrhus, also called Neoptolemus, the son of Achilles. Theoc. 15. 140.

Πυρσάλινω, rufum reddo: to make red. Troad. 229.

Πυρσεύω, face accensa signum do, accendo: to make a signal by a lighted torch, to light. Eur. El. 694. ΣΥΝ. Ἀνάκτω, λάμνω, δαδονχέω.

Πυρσός, οὐ, ὁ, fax: a torch. Phoen. 1392. ΣΥΝ. Δᾶϊς, λαμπάς, φάνος. Ερ. Ἐπῆτριμὸς, ἐμφάνης, ἐπῆτῳμὸς, γάμῳλῳς.

Πυρσός, Πύρρως, η, ὄν, fulvus, rufus: tawny, red. Phoen. 32. Eq. 896. ΣΥΝ. Πύρριχος, πύρρως.

Πυρσῳνωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tergum rufum habens: red-backed. Herc. F. 398.

Πυρσῳω, ignes excito: to raise fires. Rhes. 43.

Πυρσῳδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, ignitus: lighted. Bacch. 146.

Πυρρῳρέω, ignem fero: to carry fire. Sept. Theb. 332.

Πυρρῳρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ignem ferens: bearing fire. Phoen. 699. ΣΥΝ. Λαμπᾶδῳφρῳός.

Πύρῳδης, ἔος, Πύρῳπος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, igneus: fiery-looking, fiery, red. Τὰς τῷ πύρῳδῳι Δῖος ἀστῳρῳπάς Av. 1746. Pr. V. 688. ΣΥΝ. Πύρρως.

Πύρῳσις, ἔως, ἡ, fama; interrogatio: a report; a question. Sept. Th. 54. ΣΥΝ. Φῳμη, βάξις, ἀκῳή, ᾠρῳός, ᾠρῳλλημᾶ, λῳγός.

Πύρῳαῖος, α, ὄν, viminalis: made of wicker. Ὡς Δῖτῳρῳφῳς γῳ πύρῳαῖᾶ μόνῳν ἔχῳν πῳτέρά Av. 798. Nec tamen hic nec alibi quantitas secundæ determinatur. ΣΥΝ. Δύρῳνός.

Πῳ, quodammodo: somehow. A. 108.

Πῳῳων, ὠνός, ὁ, barba: a beard. Eccles. 99. ΣΥΝ. Γῳνείῳν. Ερ. Δᾶσῳκῳός, ξανθός, λᾶσῳός, βᾶθῳς.

Πῳῳῳω, vendo: to sell. Cycl. 260. ΣΥΝ. Ἀπῳμῳπῳῳῳ, πῳπῳράσκῳ, ἀπῳδῳδῳῳμαι, ὠνῳῳμαι.

Πῳῳῳῳμαι, Ion. Πῳῳῳῳσκῳμαι, vendo; versor; ventito: to traffic; to be engaged in; to frequent. δ. 384. λ. 239. ΣΥΝ. Πῳῳῳῳῳμαι, πῳῳῳῳῳ, δῳῳῳῳῳῳῳ, φῳιτᾶῳ, ἀναστῳρῳῳῳμαι, πῳρῳῳῳῳμαι.

Πῳῳῳς, ου, ὁ, venditor: a seller. Eq. 1131. ΣΥΝ. Πῳῳῳτῳρῳ, ἀπῳμῳπῳῳτῳρῳς.

Πῳῳῳῳός, η, ὄν, equinus: of a colt. Πῳῳῳῳῳς ῳνῳδῳ τῳρίχα Rhes. 780.

Πῳῳῳῳῳν, ου, τῳ, equuleus: a young colt. Αυτῳν ῳσῳερ πῳῳῳῳῳ Pax 73.

Πῳῳῳῳῳῳῳνῳ, pullos domo: to tame colts. Rhes. 624.

Πῳῳῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pullus: a colt: the young of other animals. Rhes. 613. ΣΥΝ. Νῳῳσῳός, μῳσῳχός, σῳκῳῳνός. Ερ. Ζῳγῳφῳρῳός, νῳῳῳζῳ, μῳνῳμῳπῳ, χρῳσῳδαῳδῳῳός, δῳῳῳαῳῳς, δῳῳῳῳς, βᾶῳῳῳς, νῳῳῳῳῳς, ῳρίᾶῳῳῳν, ἁγῳλῳῳῳς, ᾶῳῳῳς, ῳῳῳῳῳῳῳς, τᾶῳχῳῳῳῳῳς, ξανθός, σῳρῳῳῳός, ᾶῳῳῳῳς.

Πῳῳᾶ, ᾶῳός, τῳ, (1) operculum: a cover, lid; (2) haustus: a draught; (3) poculum: a cup. Iph. T. 954. Πῳῳᾶ is invariably found in the sense (1) in Homer, and in the sense (2) and (3) in Euripides. On Hec. v. 392. Porson remarks: "Πῳῳᾶ, haustus, occurs Nem. 3. 136. ΣΥΝ. (1) Φῳαγῳός, (2) πῳῳός, πῳῳῳς, (3) δῳῳῳς, ῳῳῳῳῳῳ, κῳῳῳῳ.

Πῳῳς, quomodo? how? Plut. 86.

Πῳῳς, quodammodo: somehow, anyhow. A. 66.

Πωτᾶμαι, volito: to flutter about. Apoll. 1. 1085. SYN. Πωτᾶμαι, πωτῶμαι, πέτῶμαι.

Πώτημα, ἄτος, τὸ, volatus: flight. Eumen. 250. SYN. Πηΐσις.

Πῶν, ἔδος, τὸ, grex: a flock, a herd. "Οσο" ὄων μετὰ πῶν διέρχεται Γ. 198. SYN. Ποιμνὶον, ἄγελη, ποιμνη, βοσκήματά.

P.

Πασδίω, ἴσω, virgis caedo: to scourge. Lysist. 587. SYN. Μαστίλω.

Πασδόνυμεν, certamen guberno: to act as umpire. Trach. 516.

Πάσδος, ου, ἡ, baculus: a stick, staff, wand. Av. 527. SYN. Ρῶπαλον, σκυτάλη, βακτηρία, βάκτρον, σπάθη, σκήπτρον. Ερ. Περὶμήκης, βήτη λάτῃς, κάλῃ, περικαλλής, χρυσεῖα, τριπέτηλος, ἀκήριος, δηνέκης.

Πασδύχος, ου, ὁ, qui virgas gestat, lictor, viator: rod-bearer, lictor, attendant. Pax 733. SYN. Μαστίκτωρ, Βράσειυθς.

Παγίλω, uvas lego: to gather grapes. Τὰ πύθ-
εσπέρᾳ παγίζονται Theoc. 5. 113.

Πάδαμανθός, ου, ὁ, Rhadamanthus: one of the three judges in hell. Ψεύ-
δεσθ' ἔγωγέ τῷδε τοῦ Πάδαμάνθυος Cycl. 273.
Theoc. 2. 34. Ερ. Αντίθεός, ξανθός, παρῆδρος
Κρόνου.

Πάδιος, ἡ, ὁν, gracilis; agilis: slender;
nimble, moving. Πάδιονος δ' ἐπεπεμπὸν ἄκοντας
Stesichorus ap. Blomf. P. V. 407. SYN. Ἀπά-
λως, λεπτός, ελαφρὸς, κωκίς.

Πάδιος, Ρηιδίος, Ρηιδίος, α, ὁν, compar. ῥάων,
ρηιτέρως, superl. ῥαστὺς, ράιστὺς, ρηιτᾶνὺς, fa-
cilis: easy. Αἰῶνά Δέσθαι ῥάδιον γάρ εστί σοι
Hec. 743. Theogn. 574. Ρηιδίη κρημνοὶ γάρ
M. 56. SYN. Εὐκόλως, ευχέρης, εὐπύρος, πρό-
χειρός.

Πάδιος, Ρηιδίος, facile: easily. Τύχοις ἄν
αυτοῦ πάδιος ὅσον Δέλῃς Orest. 693. Ρηιδίως
τοίη οἱ Δ. 390. SYN. Ρεῖα, ρεῖα, ευχέρως.

Πάζω, ἄσω, guttis conspergo: to bedew, be-
sprinkle. Πάσάτε τ' ἐν δὲ ῥόνοις v. 150. SYN.
Ράινω.

Πάθαμιγξ, ιγγός, ἡ, gutta: a drop. "As ἄρ'
ἄφ' ἱππέων ὤπλων ῥάθαμιγγές ἐβαλλον Γ. 501.
SYN. Πάνις, λίβας, στάγων, στάγμα, ψάκας. Ερ.
Αἰματῶσεσά, δαμνίη.

Πάθαπιγίω, planta pedis nates alicujus ferio:
to kick the posteriors. Εκ τῆς πόλεως ῥάθαπι-
γίωΝ Eq. 796.

Παθυμία, ας, ἡ, ignavia: indolence. Καὶ πα-
θυμίαν Med. 220. See below. SYN. Αργία,
ἀμελεία, νωθρεία, βλακεία.

Παθυμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ignavus: indolent. Ουδὲς
γάρ ὢν ῥάθυμος Eur. fr. Archel. 7. 2. "Pa longa
ut in ῥάδιος. SYN. Αργός, ὀκνηρός, νωθρός, βλάξ,
σχοδακός, ἀπράγμων.

Ραιεύς, ἡ, ὁν, incurvis cruribus: in-kneed.
Archel. fr. 9. 4. SYN. Στρέβλος.

Ραίνω, spargo: to sprinkle, scatter. Ran. 1441. SYN. Περὶρραίνω, ῥάζω, βρέχω, καταρ-
ραγίζω.

Ράιστὺς. See Ράδιος.

Ράιστηρ, ἥρος, ὁ, malleus: a hammer.
Apoll. 3. 1253. SYN. Κέστρον, σφοδρά.

Ραιστήριος, α, ὁν, corrumpens: destructive.

Ραιστήριᾶ νηὼν Apoll. 4. 921. SYN. Λοιγύς,
λυμαντήριος, δλεθρίος, δλδς.

Ραίω, frango, corroppo: to break, destroy,
spoil. P. V. 197. SYN. Φθείρω, ἀναιρέω, ἀπορ-
ραίω, θραύω, πορθεῶ, ὑβρίζω.

Ράκιον, ου, τὸ, vestis vilis et detrita: a vile
and worn-out garment, rags. Ἐνέβυσσάμεν ῥά-
κιοισὶ κατακτώσμεν Vesp. 128.

Ράκιονσυρραπτάδης, ου, ὁ, qui vestes viles et
detritas consuit: a patcher up of rags. See
passage in Πτωχόποιδς.

Ράκιδυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lacerus: torn. Rhes. 708. See Ράκος and Ἀδύτος.

Ράκίς, ἔδος, Ράκωμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, lacerum frag-
mentum: a rag, patch, fragment. Σώματα
μεγα ῥάκος P. V. 1059. Acharn. 431. SYN.
Ράκινον, τρίςων, τρίςάνων, τρύχος, φάρος.

Ράμνος, ου, ἡ, rhamnus alba: white-thorn.
Theoc. 4. 57. SYN. Βάρδος.

Ραμνοσύς, ἰδός, ἡ, Rhamnusis. Ἐλένη Ραμ-
νοσύδι Call. 3. 232.

Ράμφος, ἔδος, τὸ, rostrum: a beak or bill.
Av. 99. SYN. Ρύγχος, δερτρών.

Ράνις, ἰδός, ἡ, gutta, pluvia: a drop, rain.
Πῶσιν σὺ δ' οὐδὲ ῥάνιδ' ὑπαιθρίας δρόσου Androm. 226. SYN. Ράθαμιγξ, στάγων, λίβας, στάλαγμος,
ψέκας. Ερ. Ἐγρᾶ, αἰματὸρρύτος, αἰμακτῆ.

Ραντήριος, α, ὁν, conspersus: streaming. Καὶ
πῶδον ραντήριον Agam. 1060.

Ραπτός, ἡ, ὁν, consutus: patched. ω. 227.
SYN. Ραφείς.

Ράπτω, ψω, consuo, compono: to join or
patch together. Androm. 903. SYN. Συρράπτω,
συντιθῆμι, καταρτίζω, μηχανάδωμαι, ἀκείδωμαι.

Ράστὺς. See Ράδιος. Hippol. 1050.

Ράφανη, ἡς, Ράφάνις, ἰδός, ἡ, raphanus: a
radish. Ου τρώγω ῥάφανας Balrach. 53. Κεφά-
λαιον τῆς ῥαφάνιδος Nub. 977.

Ράφευς, ἔως, ὁ, sutor, sartor: a stitcher,
patcher. Τοῦδὲ τοῦ φῶνον ῥάφευς Agam. 1594.
SYN. Ἀκαστής.

Ράφη, ἡς, ἡ, sutura, compages: a seam,
patch. Phoen. 1175. See above.

Ραχία, ας, ἡ, littus scopulosum: a rocky
shore. Χρίπτουσά ῥαχίαισιν ἐκπέρᾳ χθόνα
P. V. 738. Secunda tamen non decernitur.

Ράχιζω, per spinam dissecō: to cut up. Κύκλω
ῥάχιζων καδύκει μὲν εσθ' ὅτε Aj. 56. SYN.
Διάκόπτω, σφάζω.

Ράχίς, ἔως, ἡ, spina dorsi: the back bone.
Πύλων ἔπ' ἐξοδοῖσιν αμείρας ῥάχιν Rhes. 510.
SYN. Νωτός. Ερ. Ἐδραία.

Ραφρῶδεω, carmina contexto: to make verses,
chant. Eccles. 678. SYN. Ἀδω, φλύαρεω.

Ραφρῶδς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, carminum contextor: a
minstrel, bard. OE. R. 391.

Ράων. See Ράδιος. Med. 321.

Ρεᾶ, poet. Ρεᾶ, ας, ἡ, Rhea. P. V. 862.
Bacch. 59. Ερ. Παρρᾶσία, μήτηρ, κωπέδιλδς,
πανδᾶματερά, νυκτόμος, πόντιᾶ, Δεοπέσια.

Ρεᾶ, Ρεῖα, facile: easily. Ἴπποι δὲ ῥεᾶ τάφρον
ὑπερδρόνται ὀρυκτῆν Θ. 179. Ρεῖα διακρίνέωσι
B. 475. SYN. see Ράδιος.

Ρέγκω, vel Ρέγχω, sterto (vid. Steph. Thes.
in v.): to snore. Ἀλλ' εἰ δοκεῖ βέγγωμεν Nub. 11. SYN. Κνώσσω.

Ρεῖθρον, Ρεῖθρον, ου, Ρεῖος, ἔδος, Ρεῖμᾶ, ἄτος,
τό; Ρῶη, ἡς, ἡ; Ρῶος, ου, ὁ, alveus; flumen: a
channel; a stream, river. Ἰαρθάνου ἀμφὶ ῥεῖθρα
H. 135. P. V. 815. 408. Iph. T. 1438.
Bacch. 277. Eur. Hyps. Fr. 10. Ρεῖθρον is

also the name of a harbour in Ithaca, *a.* 186. SYN. 'Ρῶς, νῆμα, κροῦνός, ἀπορράξ. EP. Χλῆρόν, πτοῦμιον, κελᾶδον, ἀλεγεινόν, δεινόν, ἐρατεινόν, κᾶλόν, αἰτῷ, ἱερὺν, κᾶλλιρρόν, στένον, μᾶλᾶκόν, ηχῆέν, ἱμερόεν.

'Ρέω, Ion. imp. ῥέξεσκόν, *f.* ῥέω, facio; sacrifico: to make, do; to sacrifice. Γυναικῶν ἢ τὰδ' ῥέξει χ. 158. 209. SYN. Τέλλω, ἐπιτέλλω, ποῖω, πράσσω, ἱερεύω.

'Ρεῦός, ἔος, τὸ, membrum; facies: a member, limb; a face. Π. 856. SYN. Μέλδος, πρὸςωπόν, ἀρθρόν.

'Ρεία. See 'Ρέα.

'Ρεῖα. See 'Ρέα.

'Ρεῖθρόν. See 'Ρεῖθρόν.

'Ρεκτήρ, ἥρδς, ὁ, operator: a performer. Hes. Op. 189. SYN. Πράκτωρ, ἐργάτης, ποιήτης.

'Ρεός. See 'Ρεῖθρόν.

'Ρέω, vergo: to incline to, come to. Eur. fr. Meleag. 15. 2. SYN. Ἐπιρρέπω, κλίνω, φέρωμαι.

'Ρεύμα. See 'Ρεῖθρόν.

'Ρέω, 'Ρῶω, aut 'Ρῶω, fluo; fundo: to flow, stream; to pour. 'Ρεῖ δ' οἶνω Bacch. 143. 'Ἦν πολλή ρῆη Hippol. 445. SYN. (1) Ἐρῶω, κᾶταρρῶω, (2) χέω.

'Ρέω, dico: to say. Ουδὲν ἐρρήθη πέρασ Iph. T. 91. SYN. see Ἐρῶω.

'Ρησαῖος, ου, ὁ, Rhebaeus amnis: a river in Paphlagonia. Apoll. 2. 791.

'Ρήσας, ου, ὁ, Rebas: a river in Bithynia. 'Ρήσαν ακίρρην πτόταμόν Apoll. 2. 652. SYN. Σαλυδισσός.

'Ρηγμῖν, ὠδς, ἡ, littus: a shore. Ἄκρας ἐπὶ ῥηγμῖσιν ἀξένου πύρου Iph. T. 254. SYN. Αργιᾶλος, ακτή, δῖς, ὄχθη, ἡῖων. EP. Βάθειᾶ.

'Ρηγνυμί, 'Ρήσσω, 'Ρηγνύσκω, *f.* ῥήξω, frango: to break. 'Ρήγνυσθ' δὲ τεῖχος M. 440. Σ. 571. H. 141. SYN. Σχίζω, κᾶταρρήγνυμι, ἀγνυμί, ἀράσσω, παῖω, κλάω, κᾶτᾶκλάω.

'Ρῆγος, ἔος, τὸ, stragula: a coverlid, bed-clothes. Π. 180. SYN. Στραυμνή. EP. Σιγᾶλδέν, κᾶλόν, πορφύρεόν, ἀλιτόρφυρόν.

'Ρηιδίος. See 'Ρᾶδιός.

'Ρηιδίως. See 'Ρᾶδιος.

'Ρηιτέρος, 'Ρηιτάτος et 'Ρηιστός. See 'Ρᾶδιός.

'Ρηιτέροι πόλεμίζειν Σ. 258. φ. 75. δ. 565.

'Ρηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, qui frangi potest: easy to be broken, fragile. Apoll. 3. 847.

'Ρῆμα, ἄτος, τὸ, verbum: a word. Ran. 97. SYN. Ἐπός, λόγος, ῥῆσις, μῦθος. EP. Αἰμυλῶν, κᾶλόν, ποικιλῶν, ἱπποθαμῶν, ὑπέρειόν, αἰδλόν, δριμύ.

'Ρηματίων, ου, τὸ, vocula: a little word. Ἐν ἂν λέξῃ ρηματίσιον Nub. 942.

'Ρηναῖα, ας, ἡ, Rhenæa: an island in the Ægean sea. 'Ρηναῖά τέ πετρήσσα Hom. Apoll. 44.

'Ρηξηνδρία, ας, ἡ, fortitudo: courage. Καὶ ῥηξηνδρίην ξ. 217. SYN. see Ανδρεία.

'Ρηξήνωρ, ὄρds, strenuus: courageous, earnest. Π. 575. SYN. see Ανδρείος.

'Ρήξις, ἔως, ἡ, ruptura: a rupture. Phoen. 1271.

'Ρῆσις, ἴος, et Attic. ἔως, ἡ, locutio: discourse. φ. 291. SYN. 'Ρῆμα, λέξις, δόγμα. EP. Πάλιγγλωσσός.

'Ρῆσds, ου, ὁ, Rhesus. Rhes. 276.

'Ρῆσσω. See 'Ρήγνυμι.

'Ρήτηρ, ἥρds, et 'Ρῆτωρ, ὄρds, ὁ, orator: a speaker, proposer. I. 443. Hec. 123. SYN. Δημήγηρds, σὺνήγηρds.

'Ρήτος, ἡ, ὄν, loquendus; dictus: which may be spoken; appointed. Hipp. 847. SYN. Φᾶτος, ειρημενός, φᾶνέρος.

'Ρήτρα, ας, ἡ, pactio: an agreement. ξ. 393. SYN. 'Ρῆσις, συνθήκη, σύμβασις, ὁμολογησία, ξύνθημα.

'Ρήτωρ. See 'Ρήτηρ.

'Ριγεῖδανός, et 'Ριγηλός, ἡ, ὄν, horribilis: horrible. 'Ριγεῖδανῆς Ἐλένης T. 325. Hesiod. A. 131. SYN. Φρικώδης, φῶβέρος, χᾶλέπος, εκπληκτικός, δεινός.

'Ριγέω, horreo, frigeo: to shudder, to be cold. 'Ριγησεν δὲ ἰδῶν Δ. 279. SYN. Ορφώδεω, φῶβεύμαι.

'Ριγηλός. See 'Ριγεῖδανός.

'Ριγίω, ὄνds, compar., et ῥίγιστός, ἡ, ὄν, magis seu maxime horrendus: more or most horrid. Μίξαντες δᾶι χεῖρας ὅ τι καὶ ῥιγίον ἄλγος Apoll. 4. 403. 2. 292.

'Ρίγds, ἔds, τὸ, frigus: cold, shivering, horror. 'Ρίγος καὶ κᾶματος ε. 472. SYN. Ψυχός, κρύος, φῶβός.

'Ριγῶω, frigeo: to be cold. Ἐφᾶμην ῥιγῶσέμεν ἔμπης ξ. 481. " 'Ριγῶν Dor. for infin. ῥιγῶν, occurs in Vesp. 446. Av. 935." Donneg. Lex. SYN. Φρίσσω, ψύχῶμαι, ψυχραίνω.

'Ρίζα, ἡς, et antiq. ἠθέν, ἡ, 'Ρίζωμᾶ, ἄτος, et 'Ριζιόν, ου, τὸ, radix: a root. 'Ρίξας ἀνεσπᾶρασσόν Bacch. 1093. Sept. Th. 409. Ἔστι γὰρ τι ῥιζιον Av. 65. EP. Ευγενῆς, αἰμᾶτωψ, δινηκέης, μέγᾶλη, πικρὰ, λυγρὰ, θάλλουσα, ῥᾶδινῇ, δυσπᾶλῃ, ευηράτος, ἐχπευκής, βάθειᾶ.

'Ριζῶω, radicibus firmo; stabilio: to root or fix firmly; to strengthen. Γῆθ' ἐν ἐρρίζωμένον C. C. 1591. SYN. Ἐπιρρῶνυμι.

'Ρίζωμᾶ. See 'Ρίζα.

'ΡΙκνός, ἡ, ὄν, curvus, rugosus, tenuis: crooked, wrinkled, slender. Βάκτρον σικτηγμένον ῥικνοῖς πύσιν Apoll. 2. 198. SYN. 'Ρυσός, ισχνός, ασθενής.

'Ρίμφα, celeriter: quickly. 'Ρίμφα Μελαντίους ἀρήκοός Apoll. 4. 1707. SYN. Τᾶχως, ρεᾶ, ρεῖα, ῥαδίως.

'Ριμφάρματός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui citato cursu est: of rapid chariots. Πώλοισιν ἡ ῥιμφάρματοις C. C. 1062.

'Ριν, et 'Ρις, ὠδς, ἡ, naris, nasus: a nostril, nose. Αμερῶσιν ὑπὸ ρινᾶ Δ. 445. SYN. Μυκτήρ. EP. Παλᾶτῖα, τέτρημένη, πύματη.

'Ρινᾶω, abrado: to thin with the file. Ψῆγμ' ἄπυρον χρυσοῖδ' σιδηρείων ἄπ' ὀδόντων 'Ρινθέν Antiphil. 21.

'Ρυνηλάτew, naribus investigo: to smell out, trace by scent. 'Ρυνηλάτουση τῶν παλαι πεπραγμένων Agam. 1156. See 'Ρίν. SYN. Ἰχνεύω, ἔρευνᾶω.

'Ρινημά, ἄτος, τὸ, ramentum: a filing. Eur. fr. Tel. 25. SYN. 'Ρινᾶω.

'Ρινός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, corium; scutum: a hide, skin; a shield. Ἔσασθ' ὁ ἐκτοσθεν ῥινὸν πόλειοις λύκοι K. 334. SYN. Βύρα, σκῆτος, δερμά, διφθέρα, ασπίς. EP. Παναῖλδος, στικτός, βδεῖds, λεπτότάτος, λασιός, δασυρήξ, αἰματίεις.

'Ρινὸσπρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui clypeos coriis obductos perforat: hide-piercing. 'Ρινὸσπρος καὶ πρῶτος Φ. 392.

'Ρῖον, ου, τὸ, cacumen prominens in vertice montis: a peak, promontory. Κῶμᾶ πῶτ' σκαῖον ρῖον ωθεῖ γ. 295. SYN. Ἄκρον, ἀκράρειᾶ, ἀκρωτήριον, κορυφή, κοδόφω.

'Ρισή, ἡς, ἡ, vehemens impetus, jactus: a

violent impulse, throw, stroke. Πτερυγῶν ῥιπαῖς ὑποσυρίσεις P. V. 126. 'ΡΙπη is also a P. N. in B. 606. SYN. 'Ορμή, βόλλη, πνὴ, ῥιπίς. EP. Πέτριον, κωλύπλων, αὐθαδέσσο, παμφεγγής, λευγάλεα, φοιτᾶς, θῶα, ὀλῶα, ἀνέμωκῆς.

'ΡΙπίς, ventilo, follihus accendo: to fan, blow up a fire. ΑΛΛ' ἀνέγειρει καὶ ῥιπίει basket. 360. SYN. Λίκμα, φυσᾶ, ἀναρρίπτω, σπτάω.

'ΡΙπίς, ἰδός, ἡ, follis: a pair of bellows. Δεῦρὸ καὶ τὴν ῥιπίδα Acharn. 888. SYN. Πτύον.

'ΡΙψ, ἰπός, ἡ, crates: a wicker basket, crate. Φράξέ δέ μιν ῥίπεσσι διάμπερες ε. 256. SYN. Ταρπός, ψιάθους.

'ΡΙπτάω, Ion. imp. ῥιπτάεσκον, 'ΡΙπτέω, 'ΡΙπτω, et Ion. imp. ῥίπτασκον, projicio: to throw, dash. 'ΡΙπτάων κατὰ δαμά θεός Ζ. 257. Hom. Hymn. 3. 279. Eccles. 503. Iph. A. 39. O. 23. SYN. Ἀπορίπτω, κατὰσάλλω, κάταρρίπτω.

'ΡΙπτός, ἡ, ὅν, præcipitatus: headlong. Trach. 357.

'Ρίς. See 'Ρίν.

'ΡΙψασπίς, ἰδός, et 'ΡΙψόπλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, clypeo vel armis abjectis fugiens, ignavus: throwing away arms, cowardly. Nub. 353. Sept. Th. 303. SYN. see Δειλός.

'ΡΙψόπλος. See above.

'Ρῶα, Dor. pro 'Ροιά, q. v. Vesp. 1268. "Ad-dere juvat, ῥῶα in omnibus Lex. quotquot novi, in a Steph. Thes. usque ad alteram ed. Schneiderianæ Lex. falso accentu (ῥοά) notari." Bast. Confer Blomf. in Pr. V. 23. Gloss.

'Ρῶδανός, ἡ, ὅν, facile motus, agitatus (vid. Damm.): easily moved. Πάρὰ ῥῶδάνων δονάκηα Ζ. 576. 'Ρῶδανός is also a P. N. denoting the river Rhone, Apoll. 4. 627. See the Schol. and Hoëlz. in l.

'Ρῶδειά, ας, ἡ, Rhodia. Κλυμένη τῇ 'Ρῶδειά τῇ Hes. Theog. 351.

'Ρῶδιαῖος, 'Ρῶδεός, 'Ρῶδινός, η, ὅν, et 'Ρῶδεις, εσσα, ἐν, roseus: rosy, rose-coloured. Στεφάνος ῥῶδιαῖος Anacr. 142. Apoll. 3. 1019. 'Ρῶδινους σὺναρμόσαντες Anacr. 6. 2. Med. 837. SYN. Ἐρύθρος, εὐάδης.

'Ρῶδιός, α, ὅν, Rhodius: Rhodian, of Rhodes. 'Ρῶδιον ἀγέρας B. 654. 'Ρῶδιός is also the name of a river, M. 20.

'Ρῶδδάκτυλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, roseos digitos habens: rosy-fingered. 'Ρῶδδάκτυλος ἦώς Ω. 778.

'Ρῶδεις. See 'Ρῶδιαῖος.

'Ρῶδμηλόν, ου, τὸ, mala rosea: a rosy cheek. Theoc. 23. 8.

'Ρῶδον, ου, τὸ, rosa: a rose. Nub. 910. EP. Ἐλευθερίον, εὐκαρπὸν, κἄλὸν, τερπνόν, φωνικόν, πειρῶν, εἰαρινόν, δερῖνον, δροσύν, ἀγῆτον. PHR. Εἰάρος μελῆμα, φέριστόν ανθός, χάρμα δῶδων, χᾶρισίν ἁγαλμᾶ, μελῆμα μύθοις.

'Ρῶδση, ης, ἡ, Rhodope. Theoc. 7. 77.

'Ρῶδσηχῖς, εὖς, roseos habens cutibet: rosy-armed. 'Ρῶδσηχῆς δὲ Νύμφαι Anacr. 53. 21.

'Ρῶδός, ου, ἡ, Rhodus: a celebrated island in the Aegean sea. B. 654.

'Ρῶδῃχρους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, roseum colorem habens: rosy-coloured. 'Ρῶδῃχρους δὲ κ' Αφροδίτα Anacr. 53. 22.

'Ρῶή. See 'Ρῆθρον.

'Ρῶθῆ, obmurmuro: to murmur against. Antig. 259.

'Ρῶθιάω, cum impetu remigo; cum impetu voro, more porcorum: to row violently; to devour with noise. Οἶον ῥῶθιάζουσι ὦ παλῆτιμῳ 'Ηρακλῆι Acharn. 807. SYN. 'Ροχθῆω, ὀρῶα.

'Ρῶθιάς, ἄδός, ἡ; 'Ρῶθῖος, α, ὅν, impetuosus: violent, dashing. Ἐρελ δὲ κώπης ῥῶθιάδος ξύνεμ' ἔδλῃ Pers. 402. ε. 412.

'Ρῶθος, ου, ὁ, strepitus undarum; tumultus: the dashing of waves; a tumult. Hes. Op. 218. SYN. Θῶρύβος, ῥοῖσδός, ἀραγμός, ῥύμη.

'Ροιά, ἄς, ἡ, malus Punica: a pomegranate. 'Ορχναι καὶ ῥοιαί η. 115.

'Ροῖσδῶ, 'Ροῖξῶ, strido: to make a noise. μ. 106. K. 502. SYN. 'Ροχθῆω, βρυχάδουμαι, ηξῆω, σμάργῆω, αὐρώσω, σνρίσσα.

'Ροῖσδῆσις, εὖς, ἡ, 'Ροῖσδός, 'Ροῖζός, ου, ὁ, et 'Ροῖζημά, ἄδός, τὸ, stridor: a noise. Iph. A. 1086. Antig. 1004. P. 361. Av. 1182. SYN. 'Ηχός, ῥῶθος, ψῶθος. EP. Ἀκμάτος, οξεία, ἡρία.

'Ροῖξῶ. See 'Ροῖσδῶ.

'Ροῖζός, et -ημά. See above.

'Ροικός, ἡ, ὅν, incurvus: crooked. Theoc. 4. 49. SYN. 'Ρίκνός, καμπύλος, σκολιός, ῥαιδός.

'Ρόμσός, ου, ὁ, tornus; rotatio; instrumentum in orgiis Corybanticis adhibitum: a top; a whirling round; a bacchanalian drum or cymbal. Helen. 1361. SYN. Βέμιξι, δίνος, τρῶχος, ῥόπτρον. EP. Χαλκῆος.

'Ρῶός. See 'Ρῆθρον.

'Ρῶπάλισμός, οὐ, ὁ, satyriasis: excitement. See Schol. in l. c. Τοῖς ἀνδράσι καὶ ῥῶπάλισμός Lysist. 553.

'Ρῶπάλων, 'Ρόπτρον, ου, τὸ, clava, fustis: a club, stick. Μέγα ῥῶπάλων παρὰ σηκῷ ι. 319. Hippol. 1172. SYN. Κόρυνη, βάκτρον, ξύλδον. EP. Μεγά, χαλκῶσᾶρες, ἀναθῆν.

'Ρῶπη, ἡς, ἡ, inclinatio, momentum: inclination, impulse, consequence. OE. R. 961. SYN. Νεῦμα, δυνάμεις, βόηεἰα.

'Ρόπτρον. See 'Ρῶπάλων.

'Ρῶφέω, sorbeo: to sup up, swallow. Eq. 51. SYN. Ἀναρῶφῶ, κατὰπίνω, βροχθίζω, κάπτω, κατὰεροχθίζω.

'Ροχθῆω, strepitum asperum edo: to make a hoarse noise, to roar. μ. 60. SYN. 'Ροῖξῶ, βρεθνύδουμαι, ηξῆω, βῶα.

'Ρῶαχῆτος, ου, ὁ, tumultus: a tumult. Τὸν τῶν Ἀσωναίων γὰ μὲν ῥῶαχῆτον Lysist. 170. Pu brevis esse videtur, quippe quæ ex ῥῶα, fluo, oriatur. EXP. "Ῥῶαχeton, δόρυον, ἡ τὸν βέοντα οχετόν." Hesych.

'Ρυγχιόν, ου, dimin. a 'Ρύγχος, εὖς, τὸ, rostrum, maxilla, os: a beak, jaw, face. ΑΛΛ' ἀμφίθεσθῇ καὶ τὰδὶ τὰ ῥυγχία Acharn. 744. Av. 1155. SYN. 'Ράμφος, χάσμα.

'Ρῦδδον, affluenter, abundanter: copiously, abundantly. Ἐγὼ ῥῦδδον ἀφνειοί ο. 425. SYN. Χύδην, σφοδρά, πᾶν.

'Ρυφένια, ας, ἡ, opulencia: wealth. EN δὲ ῥυφένην Call. 1. 84. SYN. Εὐπρία, ὀλῆς.

'Ρῦμίζω, concinno: to arrange, adjust. "Ωδ' ἐρῶθμισμα Ζηνί P. V. 249. SYN. Κᾶταρῦθμιζω, κοσμέω, καλλωπίζουμαι, εὐθύνω, εὐτρεπίζω.

'Ρῦμός, οὐ, ὁ, rhythmus, modulatio, ordo: rhythm, measure, arrangement, harmony, order. Οἱ ῥῦμοι πρὸς ἀλφίτα Nub. 648. SYN. Εὐσημῶσύνη, ἐμμελεῖα, μέτρον, τάξις, κᾶνων, μέλῶς. EP. Λιγύρος, ἡδύς, φρένυθελγής, Φυργίος.

'Ρῦμά, ἄτος, τὸ, tractio; auxilium; perfugium: a dragging; a defence, assistance; refuge. "Ἀπασί κοῖνον ῥύμα δαιμόνων ἐδρα Heracl. 261. SYN. 'Ἐρῦμα, φύλακῇ, κατὰφύγη.

'Ρύμβος, ου, 'Ρυμβών, ὄνός, ὁ, tortus: a twirling round, coil. Eur. fr. Pirith. 2. 2. Apoll. 4. 144. SYN. see 'Ρόμσός.

Ῥύμη, ης, ἡ, impetus; cursus; vicus: force, impulse; course; a street. Ῥύμῃ τοῦ ῥόισδου καὶ τῆς ῥύμης Nub. 406. SYN. Ὀρμή, ῥέσθς.

Ῥύμα, ἄτος, τὸ, sordes: filth. Lysist. 377. SYN. Ῥύπον, καθαρά.

Ῥυμός, οὐ, ὁ, temo: the pole of a carriage. Ρυμοῦ ἐξεῖροι ἢ ἐκφέροι K. 505. EP. Ἐύεστος, ἀργυρῆς.

Ῥύμαι, Ion. imp. ῥυσκῶμην, f. ῥύσμαι, traho ad me; tueor, custodio: to draw to oneself; to defend, guard. Φυλάσσει τε ῥύεται τε o. 35. Εἰρήνῃ ἡμᾶς τοῦτ' ἴσον ναοῖς θῶν Helen 800. Ω. 730. The first syllable of Ῥύμαι is in the present generally short in Homer, but long at the beginning of the verse in the arsis, in the opt. always long, even in the thesis, and short in the tragic writers; the same syllable is always long in the future and 1st aorist. SYN. Ἀναρ-ῥύμαι, φυλάσσω, ἐκφυλάσσω, ἐκσάω, σάω, ἔλευθερώ.

Ῥυπάαι, vel potius Ῥυπαῖαι, nautica acclamatio: the cry of sailors working together. Κάμει καὶ τὸ ῥυπαῖαι Vesp. 909.

Ῥύπα, sordeo: to be filthy or dirty. Μᾶλ' ἀπὲρ ῥυπόωντ' ἀθήρριαι ζ. 88. SYN. Πύδος.

Ῥύπον, ου, τό; Ῥύπος, ου, ὁ, sordes; cera sigillaris: fifth; sealing-wax. Αὐτὰρ ἐπεὶ πλυνάν τ' ἐκθήραν τε ῥύπα πάντα ζ. 93. Lysist. 1199. SYN. Πύδος, λύμα, λύμη, κηλῖς.

Ῥύπω, fædo: to befoul. Τὰ μοι βέρυπω-μένα κείται ζ. 59.

Ῥυπαῖαι. See Ῥυπαῖαι.

Ῥύπτω, sordes eluo: to wash away filth, cleanse. Acharn. 17. SYN. Κάθαίρω, ἀπομάσσω, πλύνω.

Ῥυσός, Ῥυσός, ἡ, ὄν, rugosus: wrinkled, rugged. Eur. Sup. 51. Χωλαί τε ῥυσσαί τε I. 499. Ρυ longa in ῥυσός, ut in sequentibus, quæ ex eadem origine trahendi profiunt. SYN. Ῥικνός.

Ῥυσιάζω, bona alicujus tanquam pignus vi abripio; abripio: to take away by way of pledge; to take away. Κοῦ ῥυσιάζω τὰμ' ὃν εἰρίσκω φίλα Ion 525.

Ῥυσισμάς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aram defendens: altar-defending. Eumen. 923. See Ῥυσίπολῖς.

Ῥυσιδίφρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, currum trahens: drawing a chariot. Isthm. 2. 31. See Ῥυσίπολῖς and Δίφρος.

Ῥύσιος, α, ὄν, vim liberandi habens; supplex: able to deliver; suppliant. The neuter Ῥύσιον is used as a substantive, and denotes a ransom, pledge. Καὶ μήτ' ὄνις ῥυσίων ἐφάψεται Æsch. Sup. 417. SYN. Λυτήριον, λυτρὸν, τίμημα.

Ῥυσίπολῖς, ἔως, urbem liberans: delivering the city. Sept. Th. 122. Ῥυσίπολῖς follows the quantity of Ῥυσίπολῖς, q. v. Ρυ is long, as in Ῥύσιος.

Ῥυσκῶμην. See Ῥύμαι.

Ῥυσμός, οὐ, ὁ, rerum series, tractus: a series, a course. Call. Ep. 44. 5. SYN. Σχημα.

Ῥυσσάλεος, i. q. Ῥυσσός. Ῥυσσάλεον ἐδανού Nicand. A. 180.

Ῥυσός. See Ῥυσός.

Ῥυστάζω, Ion. imp. ῥυστάζεσκον, per vim traho: to drag. Ῥυστάζοντ' ἀεικέλιος v. 319. Ω. 756. SYN. Ἐλκω, ἐλκυστάζω, εἰλκῶ, ἔρω, ῥυσιάζω.

Ῥυστακτός, ὄδς, ἡ, vis illatio, vexatio: ill-treatment, annoyance. Ῥυστακτός ἐξ ἀλέγειν ζ. σ. 223.

Ῥυτᾶ, ὄν, τὰ, habenæ: reins. Ῥυτᾶ χαλαρόντες Hes. Scut. 308.

Ῥυτήρ, ῥήρς, Ῥύτωρ, ῥρς, ὁ, lorum; qui trahit; custos: a thong or rein; one who draws; a defender, guardian. Βήσατό ῥυτήρας δὲ χεῖροιν Apoll. 3. 1236. Thesm. 108. SYN. Ῥυτᾶ, ἡνία, ἱμάς, χαλινός, ῥύτωρ, σωτήρ.

Ῥυτίον, οὐ, τὸ, Rhytium: a city in Crete. Φαιστόν τε Ῥυτίον τε πόλεις B. 648.

Ῥυτίς, ἰδός, ἡ, ruga: a wrinkle. Εν τῷ πρόσ-ωπῳ τῶν ῥυτίδων ὄσας ἔχει Plut. 1052.

Ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, fluens: flowing. Ἀ γὰρ ῥυτοῖς ναυμοῖσιν ἐξομύρεται Hipp. 649. SYN. Κατάρ-ῥυτός.

Ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, tractus: drawn. Ρυτοῖσι λάεσσ' καὶ ἐθρίγκωσεν ἀχέρω ξ. 10.

Ῥύτωρ. See Ῥυτήρ.

Ῥῶ, fluo: to flow. See Ῥέω.

Ῥωγᾶλεός, α, ὄν; Ῥωγᾶς, ἄδός, lacer, ruptus: torn, burst. Πικρὰ Ῥωγᾶλεον ἐν δὲ στρόφος σ. 108. Apoll. 4. 1448. SYN. Ῥηκτός, σχιστός.

Ῥωμύς, Ῥωμύς, οὐ, ὁ; Ῥῶς, ὥγος, ἡ, rima: a cleft, opening. Bion 11. 2. ψ. 420. χ. 143. SYN. Ῥήγμα, ὄπη, ἀπορροή.

Ῥώμη, ης, ἡ, robur: strength. Herc. F. 102. SYN. Ἰς, δύναμις, αλκή, ισχύς. EP. Ασθένης, ἀνηθητρία, ἀμάθης, βιαίος.

Ῥῶς. See Ῥωμύς.

Ῥώμαι, vehementer moveor; valeo: to move quickly; to be well. Τεύχεσιν ἐρώσαντ' ω. 69. SYN. Κινεῖμαι, ἐπείγω.

Ῥωπήιον, ου, τό; Ῥῶψ, ὠπός, ἡ, virgultum: a bush, shrub. Κατὰ Ῥωπήϊα πυκνά ξ. 473. 49. SYN. Φρύγανον. EP. Δασεία, χλωρὰ.

Ῥωμύς. See Ῥωμύς.

Ῥῶψ. See Ῥωπήιον.

Σ.

Σαγγαρίος, ου, ὁ, Sangarius: a river in Phrygia. Πᾶρ ὄχθας Σαγγαρίοιο Γ. 187.

Σάχη, ἡς, ἡ, armatura: armour. Τὸ πάνσοφον δ' εὐρήσῃ τοξήρη σάχην Herc. F. 187. EP. Ἰπέρκομπός, παντῆλης, φέρασις, τοξήρης.

Σάγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, involucre: a covering. Vesp. 1142. SYN. Θήκη.

Σάθρος, ἂ, ὄν, putris; debilis; futilis: rotten; weak; paltry. Τοῦτ' ἐς γυναικας δολίον ἐστὶ καὶ σάθρον Bacch. 479. SYN. Σάθρος, ασθένης, μυδάλεις, βλάς, μάλακός, φλύαρος, οντιδανός.

Σαῖνω, blandior (vid. Blomf. Gloss. Sept. Th. 379.): to fawn upon, flatter. Apoll. 3. 882. SYN. Κολάεω, ὑπόσαινω, ὑπακόλλω, δωπεύω.

Σαίρω, verro: to sweep. Hec. 363. SYN. Κόρῶ, τρίβω, κοσμεῶ, καθαίρω, κάλλυνω. Σάκεσπάλδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui scutum vibrat: shield-brandishing, valiant. Ἀτρώμον οἶον ἔχεσκε σάκεσπάλδς E. 126.

Σάκεσφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, clypeos gestans: shield-bearing. Phœn. 139. See above.

Σάκος, Σάκος, Σάκης, ου, ὁ, saccus: a sack. Acharn. 745. Οὐκ ἀφήσεις τὸν σάκον Acharn. 822. Plut. 681. SYN. Θουάκιον. EP. Ἐρυμνός.

Σάκος, ἔος, τὸ, clypeus: a shield. Ἐπίσημ' ἔχων οὐκ εἶνεν ἐν μέσῳ σάκει Phœn. 1123. SYN. Ασπίς. EP. Φίλον, δεινόν, μεγάλ, πρόσθλυνον, φάεινον, δαδάλειον, πικὰ ποίητον, χαλκήρες, αἰδ-λόν, κᾶλδον, ἐπτάθειον, ευρύ, δλίγον, πᾶναἰδλόν,

στῖβάρων, τέτραθελυνών, χάλκεον, εὐκύκλον, χαλκοδῶρον, χαλκήλατον.

Σάκος, ου, ὁ. See Σάκκος.

Σάκος, ου, ὁ, barba prægrandis: a very large beard. Ἀπασά καὶ μίσει σάκον πρὸς ταῖν γυνάβων Eccles. 502.

Σάκτης. See Σάκκος.

Σάκτωρ, ὁρὸς, implens: filling. Pers. 921.

Σάλαμίνιος, α, ὢν, Salaminius: of Salamis.

Σάλαμίνιος γὰρ ἐστὶν Eccles. 38.

Σάλαμίνιος, ἰδὸς, Σάλαμίνιος, ἰνὸς, ἡ, Salamis: of Salamis. Ad Σάλαμίνιοι Pers. 956. Blomf. scribit: "Dicebant Σαλαμίνιδες vel Σαλαμινιάδες. Sic λειμωνίδες et λειμωνιάδες Soph. Aj. 602. Philoct. 1454. κρηνίδες et κρηνιάδες. Vid. Valck. ad Theoc. l. 22." Σαλαμίνιος Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpy, citat ex Lobeck. Aj. p. 271.

Σάλαμς, Σάλαμν, ἰνὸς, ἡ, Salamis: an island near the coast of Attica. Ἐλπόμεαι ἐν Σάλαμνι H. 199. Ερ. Ἐντικίμενη, αργιᾶλδος, κλεινή, ἀλίπληγτος, ευδαίμων, περίφραντος, πέλειθθρέμμων.

Σάλασσα. See below.

Σάλαεω, Σάλασσω, agitor: to be agitated or tossed. Ἦδη σάλευει κανάκουφσαι κάρα C. R. 23. Σάλασσω Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat ex Jacobs. Anth. 7. 95. SYN. Ἀνασάλεω, δύνεμαι, κυμαίνεμαι, τάρσασθαι.

Σαλμυδήσιος, α, ὢν, Salmydesius: of Salmydesus, a bay in the Euxine sea. Σαλμυδησία γυνῶς P. V. 751.

Σαλμωνεύς, ἔως, Ion. ἡδς, ὁ, Salmoneus. Eur. fr. Acol. 23. 4.

Σαλμωνίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Salmonis: a promontory in Crete. Σαλμωνίδος ἀκρὸς Apoll. 4. 1693.

Σάλος, ου, ὁ, salum; jactatio: the sea, surge; a tossing about. Ἀλλῶτ' ἐν πόντῳ σάλλω Hec. 28. SYN. Ἄλμη, κλύδων, κλύδάνων.

Σαλπίζω, ἰξέω, tuba cano: to sound a trumpet. Δεινὸν ἐσάπλιζον Batrach. 200. SYN. Κηρύσσω, βυκιάζω.

Σάλπιγξ, ἰγγὸς, ἡ, tuba: a trumpet. Pax 1240. SYN. Βυκάνη. Ερ. Τυρηνική, βέρυδουπὸς, πόλεμική.

Σάμη, ης, ἡ, Same: an island in the Ionian sea. Εκ δὲ Σάμης πῖσιρὲς τέ π. 249.

Σάμιος, α, ὢν, Samius: of Samos. Κεῖμαι τοῦ Σάμιου Call. Ep. 51. 6.

Σάμοθράκη. See Σάμος.

Σάμοθρᾶξ, ακὸς, ὁ, Samothracius: Samothracian. Θῆκὲ δέοις Σάμοθρᾶξί λέγων Call. Ep. 50. 3. See below.

Σάμος, Σάμοθράκη, ης, ἡ, Samos, Samothrace: Samos, an island in the Ægean sea, on the coast of Asia Minor; also another at the mouth of the river Hebrus in Thrace, called by way of distinction Samothrace. Κύρῳφς Σάμου ὕλη-έσης N. 12. Ἀλλ' εἰ τίς ὑμῶν ἐν Σάμοθράκη τυγχάνει Pax 276.

Σαμφόρας, ου, ὁ, Samphoras: the name of a horse in Aristoph. having a sigma on his thigh. Nub. 1298.

Σανδάλισκος. See Σανδάλων.

Σανδάλων, ου, τὸ, dimin. Σανδάλισκος, ου, ὁ, sandalum: a sandal. Σανδάλᾳ δ' αὐτίκ' ἐριψέη Hom. Merc. 79. Ran. 407. SYN. Ἰπὸδημᾶ, ἀρσίλη.

Σάνιδιον, ου, τὸ, dimin. a Σάνις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, asser; tabula: a board, tablet. Χυτρίδιᾳ καὶ σάνιδιᾳ κάμφορέϊδιᾳ Pax 202. Ἡ σάνιδᾶ παίσας' ἡ λῦγους πέμψας' ἄνω Orest. 1219. SYN. Πίναξ, δέλτος. Ερ. Εὐ ἀρρύτιδᾶ, κολλητῇ, εὐξέστως,

κληϊστῇ, μακρᾶ, ὕψηλῇ, Θρήσση, εἰευγμένη, εὐ-τυκτός.

Σάνιδότρεω, tabulam perforo: to bore a hole in a board. Τῇ σάνιδότρησας ἐξόπιστόπρωκτίσων Thesm. 1144.

Σάνις. See Σάνιδιον.

Σᾶος. See Σᾶος.

Σᾶοφρόσυνη. See Σαφροσύνη.

Σᾶοφρων. See Σᾶφρων.

Σᾶω. See Σᾶω.

Σάπειρες, ων, οἱ, Sapires: a nation in Scythia. Ἐξείης δὲ Σάπειρες ἐπὶ σφίσι Apoll. 2. 397.

Σάπρος, ἂ, ὢν, putris: rotten. Τὰνθᾶδ' εἰρήνης σάπρας Pax 554. SYN. see Σάθρος.

Σαπφά, ὕος, ἡ, Sappho: a celebrated poetess of Lesbos. Mosch. 3. 92. Ερ. Παρθένος, ἡδύφωτος, εὐπλόκαμος.

Σαργάνη, ης, ἡ, vinculum: a chain. Βρόχου τύχειν ἐν σαργάνας Æsch. Sup. 795. SYN. see Δεσμός.

Σαρδανάπαλος, ου, ὁ, Sardanapalus: the last king of Assyria. Av. 1021. Πα est longa, ut in Latinis: In scaphum mœchæ Sardanapalæ tuæ Martial. 11. 11.

Σαρδάνιος, Σαρδόνιος, α, ὢν, Sardonius: Sardinian. Σαρδάνιον μεγὰ τοῖον v. 302. Theoc. 16. 86.

Σάρδεις, ἔων, αἱ, Sardis: the capital of Lydia. Bacch. 445.

Σαρδῆνη, ης, ἡ, Sardene. Hom. Hymn. 34. 3. Σαρδιάνιος, Σαρδιανός, ἡ, ὢν, Sardonius: of Sardis. Βάμμᾳ Σαρδιανικόν Acharn. 112. Eur. fr. Plisth. 5.

Σαρδόνιος. See Σαρδάνιος.

Σαρδῶ, ὕος, ἡ, Sardinia: an island in the Mediterranean. Vesp. 700.

Σαρκάσις, diducto rictu irrideo: to grin at. Pax 481.

Σάρκινος, η, ὢν, carneus: fleshy. Τὸν σάρκινον ἰχθύν Theoc. 21. 66. SYN. Εὔσαρκος, πῶ-λυσαρκος.

Σάρξ, ἀρκὸς, ἡ, caro: flesh. Med. 1186. SYN. Κρέας, σῶμᾶ, βρόττος. Ερ. Ἀπάλλῃ, φωνήεσσα, λευκή, νεᾶρά, πόλια, τερεινὰ, τάλαινᾶ, χιόνεᾶ.

Σάρρον, ου, τὸ, vericulum: a besom. Κάκρον σάρρον οἰσθᾶ καὶ αὐτῇ Call. 4. 225.

Σαρπηδόνιος, α, ὢν, Sarpedonius (vid. Schol. in l. c.): of Sarpedon. Σαρπηδονίην ὀθί πέτρην Apoll. 1. 216.

Σαρπηδών, ὄνυς, Σαρπήδων, ὄντος, ὁ, Sarpēdon. Σαρπηδονί φαιδμίος Ἐκτωρ Π. 649. Σαρπηδοντός ἐταῖρον M. 379. Ερ. Ἀναξ, Δῖος υἱός, Λυκίων ἄγος, χαλκὸκύρυστης, αρχὸς, δῖος, βουληφόρος.

Σάρωνικός, ἡ, ὢν, Saronicus: Saronic, the name of the gulf of Ægina. Ερχόμενοι Ἐφύ-ρηνδε Σάρωνικό Callim. Del. 41.

Σάρωνις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, quercus hians ætate: a decayed oak. Ἡ πολλὰς ἐφύπερθε σάρωνιδᾶς Call. 1. 22. SYN. Δρύς.

Σάτινῃ, ης, ἡ, currus: a chariot. Ποιῆσαι σά-τινας καὶ ἀρμυτᾶ Hom. 5. 13. SYN. Ἀμαξᾶ, ὄχος.

Σατνίεις, εντός, ὁ, Satniois: a torrent in the Troad. Ναεῖ δὲ Σατνιέντος Z. 34.

Σατνίος, ου, ὁ, Satnius. Σατνίον οὐτάσῃ δουρὶ Ξ. 443.

Σατύρος, dimin. Σατύρισκος, ου, ὁ, Satyrus: a Satyr. Ὅταν Σατύρους τόνιν ποιῆς κάλειν ἐμέ Thesm. 157. Theoc. 4. 62. Ερ. Κάκονημύς.

Σαυλόδμαι, exhilaror: to be delighted. Βαρ-εῖτων σαυλούμενοι Cycl. 40.

Σαῦλος, η, ὄν, delicatus: delicate. Hom. Merc. 28. SYN. Ἄερος, ἡσυχός, κοφός, τρυφρός.

Σαῦρα. See Σαῦρος.

Σαυρομάται, ων, οί, Sarmatæ: a nation in the north of Europe and Asia. Σαυρομάτας τοῖς σοῖσιν Apoll. 3. 353.

Σαῦρος, ου, ὁ; Σαῦρα, as, ἡ, lacertus: a lizard. Theoc. 7. 22.: 2. 58.

Σαυροτήρ, ἡρός, ὁ, ferramentum infimum in extremo hastili: an iron point at the lower extremity of a spear. K. 153.

Σαυτοῦ. See Σέαντοῦ.

Σάφα, Σάφως, Σάφηνως, clare: clearly, truly. Ὡν δόκεις σάφ' εἶδέναι Orest. 253. Plut. 40. Theogn. 957. SYN. Φανέρως, ἀληθώς, ἀνάφανδον, δῆλα, ἐμφάνως, λαμπρῶς, ἐναργῶς.

Σάφηνειά, as, ἡ, perspicuitas: clearness. Καὶ σάφηνεια λόγου Sept. Th. 67. Ultima brevis est ut in ευμαρειά. SYN. Ἐνάργεια, ἀκρίβεια.

Σάφηνιζω, ἴσω et ἴω, clare explico: to explain clearly. Σοὶ σάφηνισαί μόνον P. V. 642. SYN. Διάσάφειω, δηλῶ, ἐρμηνεύω, φανέρω.

Σάφηνης, Σάφης, εἰς, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus: clear, plain. Olymp. 10. 67. Bacch. 1078. See above. SYN. Ἀριδηλός, φανέρως, δῆλός, ἀληθής, εὐκρινής, ἐναργής.

Σάφηνως. See Σάφα.

Σάφως. See Σάφα.

Σάώζω. See Σάώζω.

Σάωτήρ. See Σωτήρ.

Σθέννυι, Σθέννω, f. σθέσω, extinguo: to extinguish. Σθέννυντας H. Steph. citat ex quodam vel. epigr. Σθέννυεις (νύ, ut in δεικνύω) invenias in Pyth. 1. 8. SYN. Ἀποσθέννυμι, ἐξάλειψω, κατασθέννυμι.

Σθέννω. See above.

Σέαντοῦ, contr. Σαντοῦ, ἡς, οὔ, pronom., tui ipsius: of yourself or thyself. Vesp. 778. Med. 610. SYN. Σοῦ, εαντοῦ.

Σέβάζομαι, Σέβίζω, Σέβω, veneror, subvereor: to worship, venerate, fear. Σέβασσάτ' οὐ γὰρ τὸ γέ θυμῷ Δ. 417. Pyth. 5. 106. Phoen. 1341. SYN. Πρόσεύχομαι, ἐντρέπομαι, προσκυνεῖν, αἰδεῖν, ἀγάζομαι, δερᾶπνέω.

Σέβας, τό, veneratio: veneration. Alcest. 1018. Σέβας eandem quantitatem habet ac σέλας. SYN. Τιμή, αἰδώς, δαυμά.

Σέβίζω. See Σέβάζομαι.

Σέβω. See Σέβάζομαι.

Σειρά, as, ἡ, catena, funis: a chain, a rope. χ. 175. SYN. Δεσμός, ἄλυσις, σχοίνος. Ep. Χρυσεία, εὐπλέκτη, ἐλικώδης.

Σειραῖος, Σειραφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, funarius: of a rope. Herc. F. 1005. Κεντῶν ὑπὸ τὸν πρῶκτον σέτον σειραφόρον Nub. 1282. 1303.

Σειρήν, ἡνός, ἡ, Siren: the name of certain sea-nymphs. Helen. 169. Ep. Πτερόφορος, νέανις, παρθένος, χθόνος κύρα. PHH. see Apoll. 4. 892—914.

Σειρίω, fulgeo: to shine. Οἷα σειρίαι καὶ μιν κἀλῆουσ' ἀνθρώποι Σειρίων Arat. 332.

Σειρίς, ου, ὁ, Sirius: the dog-star. See passage in Σειρίω. SYN. Κῶν Ωρίωνος. Ep. Δίψις, αὐθάλεις, ἀζάλεις.

Σεισίχθων, ὄνός, terram quatens: earth-shaking. Isthm. 1. 76. SYN. see Εννόςγαιος.

Σεισμός, οὔ, ὁ, motus, an earthquake, shock. Iph. T. 1167. SYN. Τρόμος, ἐνδοῖς, κίνησις.

Σειστός, ἡ, ὄν, concussus: shaken. Acharn. 346.

Σείω, quatio: to shake. Med. 1188. SYN. Ἀνάσεια, αἰθίσσω, πάλλω, τινάσσω, ἐκτινάσσω, τάράττω, κινέω.

Σελάγειν, Σελάγεῖν, fulgeo: to blaze. Opp. K. 3. Σελάγειτό δ' ἂν ἄστυ Eur. El. 714. SYN. Σειρίω, λάμπω, ἐκπύρω, αυγάω, στίλβω, μαρμαίρω.

Σελάγος, ου, ὁ, Selagus. Καὶ βάλεν Ἀλφειον Σελάγου υἱόν E. 612.

Σελάς, ἀός, τὸ, fulgor: a blaze. Νηὸς καὶ δόμνης σέλας οφθαλμοῖσιν ἰδέσθαι O. 600. SYN. Αυγή, φῶς, φέγγος, φλόξ, πῦρ. Ep. Δικρύφον, παμφαῖς, καλλιφεγγές, φλόγερὸν, λαμπρὸν, κῦανωπὸν, λαθρὸν, χρυσόφεγγές.

Σελασφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fulgorem ferens: light-bearing. Eumen. 1025.

Σεληναία, Σέληνη, ης, ἡ, luna: the moon. Phoen. 179. Helen. 114. SYN. Μήνη. Ep. Ασπερώπης, πάννυχος, δεῖα, ἀνασά, διὰ, εὐπλοκάμους, δεῖα λευκάλενος, λαμπρά, πρόφρων, πλήθουσα, φαεινή, αἰγλήσασα, βδωπῆς, δρύσεσσά, κερὰ, δόνη, Τιτηνῆς, φέσφορος, διχόμηνος, χρυσόκυκλός, χρυσήνις, εὐωπῆς, πρεσβίστη ἀστρων. PHH. Νυκτὸς ἀφεγγές ὁμά.

Σεληπιάδης, ου, ὁ, Selepiades: the son of Selepias. Σέληπιαδα ἀνακτος B. 693.

Σέλιον, ου, τὸ, apium: parsley. Οὐδ' ἐν σέλιον που 'στὶν οὐδ' ἐν πηγᾶν Vesp. 480. Ep. Μάλακός, χλωρός, δάλλων, δαλέρως. PHH. Βόταν ἑλόντος.

Σελλός, οὔ, ὁ, Sellus: the name of the priests of Jupiter at Dodona. Trach. 1169. Ep. Ἰπτόφτης, ὀρεῖος, χάμαικοίτης, χάμαιεύνης, ἀνιπτόπους.

Σέλμα, ἄτος, τὸ, transtrum; tabula: a bench, deck; a board. Helen. 1565. SYN. Ζυγόν, ἐδωλῶν, θρανός, κληῖς.

Σέμελη, ης, ἡ, Semele: the mother of Bacchus. Hipp. 456. SYN. Ευωπῆς, Καμηῆς, εὐειδῆς, λευκάλενος, τὸ καὶ Διδόνου.

Σεμνόμαντις, εως, ὁ, vates venerabilis: a venerable prophet. CE. R. 556.

Σεμνόνθεω, magnifice loquor: to speak grandly. Τὶ σεμνόνθεῖς οὐ λόγων εὐσχημῶν Hipp. 492. SYN. Αυχέω, κομπάζω.

Σεμνόνπρωσις, gravitatem in vultu exhibeo: to cast a grand look. Κάφ' ἡμῖν σεμνόνπρωσις Nub. 363.

Σεμνός, et Σεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, venerabilis: venerable, grand, dignified. Alcest. 789. P. V. 837. SYN. Εὐσεπτός, σεμνόντιμος, εὐσχήμων, κἄλός, τίμιος, ἐντίμος.

Σεμνόντομος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gravis ore: grand in speech. P. V. 989. SYN. Μεγάληγορός.

Σεμνότης, ητός, ἡ, gravitas: majesty, dignity. Iph. A. 1344. SYN. Αἰῶμα, τιμή.

Σεμνόντιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, venerandus: revered. Ὡς σεμνόντιμος καὶ ξυνοικήτωρ ἐμοί Eumen. 836. SYN. see Σεμνός.

Σεμνόν, et Σεμνόνω, venerandum et augustum reddo: to render grand or majestic. Helen. 865. Av. 728. SYN. Καλλίνω, κοσμέω, in the mid. v. κομπάζω, γαυρῶ, μέγα φρονέω, λαμπρύνω, ἀλαζονεύω.

Σεμνός, graviter: gravely, decently. Æsch. Sup. 201. SYN. Αἰνός, ἐντίμος.

Σεπτός. See Σεμνός.

Σερίφιός, ου, ὁ, Seriphus: of Seriphus. Ἀπεδτό φήνας κύνιδιον Σερίφιων Acharn. 542.

Σερόφος, ου, ὁ, culex: a gnat like an ant. Vesp. 352.

Σέσωφρόνισμῆνως, prudenter : prudently. Aesch. Sup. 732.

Σεύς, ἔως, ὁ, tinea : a nit. Lysist. 730.

Σεύω. See Σύω.

Σηκάω, stabulo includo : to fold or pen. Θ. 131. SYN. Συγκλείω, κατὰκλείω, καθείργω, καθείργονυι.

Σηκίς, ἰδός, ἡ, ancilla : a maid-servant. "Ὅτι τὴν θύραν ἀνέφξεν ἡ σηκίς λάθρα Vesp. 765. SYN. Ὁρᾶπανᾶ, ἀμφίπολός, λάτρης, διάκονός, δούλη.

Σηκίτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, stabulo inclusus : kept in the stall or fold. Ἀρνᾶ τῷ σηκίταν λάψη Theoc. 1. 10. SYN. Ὑπαυλός.

Σηκοκόρρος, ὁ, qui hircorum stabula curat : one who attends to goat-stables, goat-herd. ρ. 224.

Σηκός, οὐ, ὁ, et Σηκωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, septum ; fanum : an inclosure, fold, den ; a temple. Phoen. 1024. Eur. El. 1272. SYN. Ἐπαυλὶς, στᾶθμός, ποιμνῆϊόν, ναός, περίσῆλος, στῆγι. Ερ. Βρομίος, ἄσῆτος, ἱέρους, Λυκαῖος, κατηρέφης, ἀγῖος, βᾶθός.

Σημά, ἄτος, τὸ, signum ; portentum ; vexillum ; sepulchrum : a sign, device ; a portent ; a standard ; a tomb. Phoen. 1273. SYN. Σημεῖον, ἐπισημά, τέρᾶς, μνήμα, σύμβολον, τέκμαρ, τάφος. Ερ. Ταυροῦπον, λευκόν, περίτροχόν, ἀφίρραδες, ἔγλων, κᾶκόν, μέγα, λυγρόν, ἄγανόν, ἐνδέξιόν, ἐναίσιμόν, λίπαρόν, πόλυστόνόν.

Σημαῖνον, ἀνῶ, signo ; nuncio ; impero : to sign, signify ; to announce ; to give orders, command. Heracl. 830. SYN. Ἀποσημαίνω, δηλῶω, μνηῶω, προφαίνω, προσταῖσω, ἐπιτάσσω, ἀρχω, δεσπόζω.

Σημαντήρ, ἥρως, et Σημαντήρ, ὀρός, ὁ, qui signum dat : one who gives a signal, a director. Apoll. 1. 575. 355. SYN. Ἡγέμων, δίακτωρ, δεσποτῆς, ποιμήν.

Σημαντήριον, et Σήμαντρον, ου, τὸ, sigillum : a seal. Πάντᾳ σημαντήριον Agam. 592. Iph. A. 525. SYN. Σφραγίς, σημεῖον, σφραγιστήριον, σφραγισμᾶ.

Σηματουργός, οὐ, ὁ, qui insignia facit : an enginaver. Ὁ σηματουργός δ' οὐ τίς Sept. Th. 487.

Σημάντωρ. See Σημαντήρ.

Σημεῖον, et Σημήϊον, ου, τὸ, signum : a sign, device. Ion 1157. Call. 3. 219. SYN. Σημά, σημαντήριον, σήμαντρον, τέρᾶς, ἄγαλμα, σφραγίς. Ερ. Σάφροσῶτον, δηλόν.

Σήμερον, et Τήμερον, hodie : to-day. Rhes. 679. Eq. 68.

Σημήϊον. See Σημεῖον.

Σηπίας, ας, ἡ, sepia : a cuttle-fish. "Ὅσπερ εἰ τις σηπίας Eccles. 126.

Σηπιάς, ἄδός, ἡ, Sepias : a promontory in Iolchus. Ἐδύνε δὲ Σηπιάς ἄκρη Apoll. 1. 582.

Σήπω, putrefacio : to rot. Ω. 414. SYN. Πύθμαι, πυτῆσαι.

Σήραγξ, αργός, ἡ, fissura, antrum : a cleft, cavern. Theoc. 25. 222. SYN. Κοιλᾶς, χάσμα, σπείος, σπήλαιον, ἄντρον, κοιλόν.

Σήσᾶμον, ου, τὸ, sesama : Indian corn. Νέμμεσθᾶ δ' ἐν κήποις τὰ λευκὰ σήσᾶμα Av. 159.

Σησάμους, μουντός, ὁ, placenta e sesamo et melle : a cake made of sesame and honey. Thesm. 570. See above. SYN. Πλάκοις, μάζα.

Σηστός, οὐ, ἡ, Sestus. B. 836.

Σθενᾶρος, ἄ, ὄν, validus : powerful. Μάλλον βράχλιον σθενᾶρος ασθένοὺς μένει Eur. El. 389. SYN. Ἰσχυρός, κράτερός, ἐρισθενής, μέγαλοσθενής, ἐρρωμένους, ῥωμᾶλέους.

Σθενᾶρος, ου, ὁ, Sthenelaus. Καί ρ' ἐξᾶλε Σθενᾶρον Π. 586.

Σθενᾶρος, ου, ὁ, Sthenelus. Heracl. 362. Ερ. Περσηϊάδης, ἰφθίμος, Κάπανῆϊός νιός. PHER. see Apoll. 2. 913.

Σθενόβοιᾶ, ας, ἡ, Sthenoboea : called also in Homer Antæa, the wife of Proetus king of Argos. Ran. 1049.

Σθενός, ἔδος, τὸ, robur : strength. Eur. fr. Androm. 11. SYN. Ἴς, ἀλική, ισχύς, βία, κράτος, δυνάμεις, ῥώμη. Ερ. Βράχῳ, μέγα, θεῖον, πιστόν, ἄμαυρόν, ἐπιέκτον, εσθλόν, οὐκ ἀλάπδον, ἀρήϊον, μάλερόν, θράσῳ, δεινόν, πικρόν, ἄγναμπτόν, βάρῳ, ἄμεγαρτόν, ὀλῶν.

Σθενω, polleo : to be strong or powerful. Iph. T. 912. SYN. Δυνᾶμαι, ισχύω, δυνάμιν s. σθενός ἔχω.

Σιά, Lacon. pro Θεᾶ, q. v. Καὶ τῶν σῖαν δ' αὐ τὰν κράτισταν Lysist. 1320.

Σιάλλος, ου, ὁ, porcus saginatus : a fattened hog. Αἰγᾶς ἂν ἱεμένους σιάλους δ' εὐοντᾶς ἐν αὐλῇ β. 300. Ερ. Εὐνέωρος, ζᾶτρεφής, πίων, εὐτράφης, λίπαρός.

Σίσυλλα, ἡς, ἡ, Sibylla : the Sibyl. Τὴν Σίσυλλαν ἐσόιε Pax 1116.

Σίσυλλᾶ, Sibyllam ago : to play the Sybil. Ἀδει δὲ χρησμούς εἰθ' ὁ γέρον σίσυλλᾶ Eq. 61. See above.

Σίσυρτίος, ου, ὁ, Sibirytius. Κλεισθένης ὁ Σίσυρτίου Acharn. 118.

Σίγᾶ, silenter : in silence. Σίγᾶ πᾶς ἔστω λέως Hec. 530.

Σιγαῖδεις, εσσᾶ, ἐν, fulgens : resplendent. Ἡνιά σιγαῖδεντα Α. 128. SYN. Θαύμαστός, λαμπρός.

Σιγᾶω, sileo : to be silent. Ἀγαμέμνωνος τοῦν-θενδὲ σιγαῖω φίλαι Hec. 713. SYN. Σίωπάω, ἡσύχάζω, νήνέμω ἔστην, κατὰσιγάζω, ἄφωνός εἰμι.

Σίγειον, ου, τὸ, Sigeum : a town of the Troad. Philoct. 355. Σι longa est, ut apud Latinos. Fata Phrygum num Sigeis occumbere campis Aen. 7. 294.

Σιγή, ἡς, ἡ, silentium : silence. Οὐ γάρ τί σιγῇ διέπέρασᾶς Ἑλλάδα Eur. Sup. 128. SYN. Σιωπῇ, νηνεμία. Ερ. Ἀλέγεινῃ, νεόπενθης, σφῆ, νόημα.

Σιγηλός, Σιωπηλός, ἡ, ὄν, silens : silent. Bacch. 1038. Call. 2. 12. See Σιγή and Σιωπῇ. SYN. Σιωπηλός, ἡσύχος, ἡσύχαιός, ἄφωνός, ἄκων, σιγαῖλός.

Σιγητέος, α, ὄν, tacendus : must not be mentioned. Helen. 1386. See Σιγᾶω. SYN. Οὐ λεκτός, ου διδακτός.

Σιγύννος, ου, ὁ, jaculi genus : a kind of javelin. Ηδὲ σιγύννους Apoll. 2. 99. In the plural it is also a P. N., a people of European Scythia beyond the Danube, Apoll. 4. 320. SYN. Ἀκύντιον, βέλός.

Σιδηρέος, Σιδηρεῖος, α, ὄν, ferreus : of iron, hard. Ἀμφὶ σιδηρεᾶ ἐργᾶ Apoll. 2. 376. H. 144. SYN. Σιδηροβριθής, σιδηρίτης, σκληρὸς, ἄδᾶμά-τινός.

Σιδηρίτης, ου, ὁ, circa ferrum occupatus : occupied about iron. Nem. 5. 35. Πι longa, ut πλι in Ὀπλίτης. SYN. Σιδηρεὺς, σιδηρουργός, σιδηροτέκτων.

Σιδηροβριθής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, ferro gravis : laden with iron. Σιδηροβριθὲς ἐλάβε δεξιᾷ ξύλον Eur. fr. Meleag. 4. See Σιδηρός.

Σιδηροβρώς, ὠτός, ὁ, ἡ, ferrum edens : eating

iron. Σιδηρῶσῳτι δηγάνη νῆκεδνὴς Aj. 820. See Σιδηρός.

Σιδηρόκης, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, ferro confectus: despatched by the sword. Σιδηρόκησιν ἡσυχος δακεῖ πέσῳν Aj. 325. See below.

Σιδηρόμητωρ, ὀρός, ὁ, ἡ, ferrum producens: mother of iron. Τὴν σιδηρόμητῳ P. V. 309.

Σιδηρόνυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ferrum dirigens; ferro distribuens: directing the sword; distributing by the sword. Καὶ σφέ σιδαρόνυμω Sept. Th. 788.

Σιδηρόνωτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ferreum dorsum habens: iron-backed. Phoen. 1146. See Σιδηρός.

Σιδηρόπληκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a ferro percussus: struck by the sword. Sept. Th. 906. See below.

Σιδηρός, ου, ὁ, ferrum; gladius; culter: iron; the sword; a knife. Τέμνει σιδήρῳ πνευμάτος διαρρόδας Hec. 565. Ep. Κούριμος, δικτὸς, οἶος, στρεπτός, αἰῶν, μέλας, μέλανδότης, κρύδεις, κικρῶς, χρηματόδοαίτης, ξένος, πόντιος, ὀλοῦς, κράτερὸς, ἀνδρόφονος, βάρυπτομὸς, καρχαρόδους, δασπλῆς.

Σιδηρότεκτων, ὄνος, ferri artifex: a worker in iron. Οἱ σιδηρότεκτονες P. V. 739.

Σιδηρόφρων, ὄνος, ferreus animo, immitis: iron-hearted, cruel. Σιδαρόφρων ξυνήψῃ Phoen. 683. See above. SYN. Σκληρός, ἀμείλιχος, σκληρόψυχος.

Σιδῖον, ου, τὸ, cortex mali Punici: the rind of a pomegranate. Κάκ τῶν σιδῖων βάτραχους ἐπολεῖ πῶς δόκεῖς Nub. 881.

Σιδόνες, ων, οἱ, Sidones: the inhabitants of Sidon. Πολλὸν ἐπεὶ Σιδόνες πολυδαίδαλοι Ψ. 743.

Σιδωνίος, Σιδωνίος, α, ὄν, et Σιδωνίᾱς, ἄδης, ἡ, Sidonius: Sidonian. Σιδωνίῳ βασιλεὺς ο. 118. Helen. 1530. 1450. Et subst. Σιδωνία, as, Sidonia. Ἠγάγῃ Σιδωνήθεν Z. 291.

Σιδὼν, ὠνός, ἡ, Sidon: a celebrated city of Phoenicia. Εκ μὲν Σιδῶνος πολυχάλκου εὐχόμεαι εἶναι ο. 424.

Σιδωνίᾱς, et -ds. See above.

Σίζω, strido, sibilo: to crackle, hiss. Acharn. 1158. SYN. Ηἰῶ, συρίττω, τρίζω, ψιθύριζω.

Σικανία, as, ἡ, Sicania: Sicily. See Damm. P. R. Πάλαξ' ἀπὸ Σικανίης ω. 306.

Σικελία, as, ἡ, Sicilia: Sicily. Τῆς καλλιάρπου Σικελίας λευρὰς γῆρας P. V. 377. Ep. Πάλλημλος, πλείρα, περίρρυθτος.

Σικελίδης, ου, ὁ, Sicelides. Σικελίδων νίκημί τῶν εκ Σάμῳ Theoc. 7. 40. Σι in hac v. et in Σικελικός videtur posse produci per arsin.

Σικελικός, Σικελός, ἡ, ὄν, adj., Siculus: Sicilian. Τὸν Σικελικὸν τίμημα κλεῖος σκύκινος Vesp. 897. Es Σικελὸς πέμψωμιν υ. 383.

Σικυννίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Sicinnis: a dance of satyrs. Ποίμνας τι ταῦτά μων κρότος σικυννίδων Cycl. 37. Hic tamen locus quantitate primæ non determinat. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 8. 343.

Σικύος, ου, ὁ, subst., cucumis: a cucumber. Σικύον πρῶτον μήλων ῥοίων Pax 966.

Σικύων, ὠνός, ἡ, Sicyon: a city in the Peloponnesus. Εν ταυτῷ τῷ μεταξὺ Κόρινθου καὶ Σικύωνος Av. 968.

Σιχαλῶν, odio habeo: to hate. Call. 29. 4. SYN. see Εχθαίρω.

Σιληνία, ων, αἱ, Sileniae: a shore in Salamis so called. Στῦφλος παρ' ακτὰς εἰνέται Σιληνίων Pers. 508. Qui tamen locus non determinat primæ quantitatē.

Σίληνος, ου, ὁ, Silenus: the nurse and attendant of Bacchus. Σιληνὸν εν μέσοισι Anacr. 38. 12. Silenum pueri somno videre iacentem Virg. Buc. 6. 14. Ep. Λάχνηες, λασιὸς, δασύτριξ.

Σίλφιον, ου, τὸ, sylphium, laserpitium: a spice. Καὶ τὸ βάττον σίλφιον Plut. 925.

Σιμαίθα, ης, ἡ, Simætha. Ἡ ῥᾶ μὲ Σιμαίθα τῶσόν ἐφθασᾱς Theoc. 2. 114.

Σιμελλήσις, α, ὄν, Σιμελλήσις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, qui ad alveare pertinet: belonging to the hive. Σιμελλήσις ἐργὰ μέλισσῶν Apoll. 3. 1035. 1. 880.

Σίμελλος, ου, ὁ, alveare: a hive. Hes. Theog. 598. SYN. Σμήννος.

Σίμοις, εντός, ὁ, Simois: a river near Troy. Ἡξει δὴ Σίμδεντᾷ Iph. A. 751. Ep. Καλλιρόδος, διὸς, δειῖος, φρυγίος, ἰδαῖος.

Σίμδεντις, et contr. Σίμουντις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, et Σίμουντίος, α, ὄν, Simoentius: of the Simois. Androm. 1172. Eur. El. 441. Helen. 250. See above.

Σίμοιςιός, ου, ὁ, Simoisius. Ηἰθῶν δαλέρον Σίμοιςιόν Δ. 474.

Σίμος, ἡ, ὄν, simus; arduus: snub-nosed; lofty. Τοῖς γὰρ σιμοῖς καὶ τοῖς αἰσχροῖς Eccles. 705. Σίμος with perispom. is a P. N. in Theoc. 14. 53.

Σίμουντις, et -iōs. See Σίμδεντις.

Σίμων, ὠνός, ὁ, Simon. Πῶς δὴτ' ουχὶ Σίμων' ἐνέπηρεσε Nub. 396.

Σινάμαρος, See Σινόμεαι.

Σινάμαρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, noxius: hurtful. Anacr. 126. See above. SYN. Σίντης.

Σινδὼν, ὄνος, ἡ, linteum tenue: fine linen. Antig. 1222.

Σίνηπι, ἔως, ἔδος, ἰδὸς, τὸ, et Σίνηπύ, ὕς, τὸ, sinapi: mustard. Ηδὲ σίνηπι κάκηπέλεοντᾷ Nicand. Ther. 878. Εμπριοντᾷ σίνηπυ Id. Alex. 533. SYN. Νάπυ.

Σίνις, ἰδὸς, ὁ, Sinis; rapiens: the name of a robber killed by Theseus; plundering. Βῶν σίνιν Ευρύπλοιο Callim. Apoll. 91. Occidit ille Sinis Ovid. M. 7. 440. SYN. (2) Κλέπτης, λήστης.

Σινόμεαι, Ion. imp. σίνεσκόν, Σινάμαρῶ, lædo: to hurt. Τὴν δὲ κ' ἀμυναίμην ὅτε μοι σίνοιτὸ γ' ἑταίρους μ. 114. ζ. 6. Γυνὴ δὲ σινάμαρου μὲν χραίει σὺ δ' εἰ Nub. 1065. SYN. see Βλάπτω.

Σίνος, ἔδος, τὸ, injuria: injury, loss. Δρόσοι κάτεψεκαζὼν ἐμπέδον σίνος Agam. 544. SYN. Βλάση, ζημία, πῆμα, ἀπή. Ep. Λύγρῳν, κρυπτάδιον, ἀλέγεινδον, αἰνόν, αργαλέον, ὀλοῦν.

Σίντης, ου, noxius: harmful. T. 165. SYN. Κάκοτρογός, δηλήμων, σινάμαρος, αργαλέος.

Σίντιες, ων, οἱ, Lemnii: the inhabitants of Lemnos. Μετὰ Σίντιᾱς αργιόφονους Δ. 294. SYN. Λήμνιοι.

Σιντηῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Lemnia: an epithet of Lemnos. Σιντηιδᾷ Λημνὸν ἐναιον Apoll. 4. 1759. Some here read Σιντιᾶδᾷ: but cf. Apoll. 1. 608.

Σινώπη, ης, ἡ, Sinope. Χθόνος ἐνθά Σινώπην Apoll. 2. 948.

Σῖον, ου, τὸ, sium: water-cresses. Τᾷ δὲ τοῖ σῖᾳ καρπὸν ἐνέκειαι Theoc. 5. 125.

Σῖος, for Δῖος. Τοιοῦ γοῦν ναὶ τῷ σῖᾳ Lysist.

Σῖραιον, ου, τὸ, defrutum: sodden wine. Αντι σῖραιον μελῖτος σικκρόν Vesp. 873.

Σισύμβριον, Σίσυμβρόν, ου, τὸ, serpyllum sylvestre: wild thyme. Καὶ μύρτᾳ καὶ μήκωνᾳ

καὶ σισυμβρία Av. 160. Καὶ μὴν καὶ σισυμβρὰ πέλεῖ ἐπιγυμνάτῳ νούσων Nicand. Θ. 896.

Σισύρα, ας, ἡ, sagum pelliccum : a goat-skin garment. Ἰνα μὴ ᾿γχεσάμῃ ἐς τὴν σίσυραν φάνῃ γάρ ἦν Eccl. 347. SYN. Περὶδλημὰ, ἱμάτιον, διφθέρα.

Σισυφεὺς, Σισυφίδης, ου, ὁ; Σισυφίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Sisyphus : of Sisyphus. ΑΛΛ' οὐτὲ Σισυφεῖον εἰσάρῳ πέτρων Herc. F. 1094. Aj. 190. Ἄπασά τε Σισυφίς ακτά Theoc. 22. 158.

Σισυφός, ου, ὁ, Sisyphus. Ἐνθα δὲ Σισυφὸς ἐσκέν Z. 153. Ep. Αἰδῶμητις. PHN. see L. 596—602.

Σιτεῖσθαι, Ion. imp. σιτεσκόμην, pasco : to feed. Ἀπὸ τῆς μάξης ἥς σιτεῖται Eccles. 665. v. 208. SYN. Βρώσσω, ἐδομαι, ἐσθίω, βόσκειμαι, διατᾶμαι.

Σιτήσις, ἔως, ἡ, nutritio : maintenance. Ran. 776. See above.

Σιτίζω, nutrio : to nourish, to maintain. Κἄθ' ὥσπερ αἱ τίτθαι γέ σιτίσεις κἄκως Eq. 716. SYN. Σιτέω, τρέφω, πᾶλεύω.

Σιτιρὸς. See Σίτρος.
Σιτνὸνμὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cibum distribuens : one who supplies food. Σιτνὸνμου μέλεος πῶθ' ἐλπίδος Philoct. 1091.

Σιτποῖω, panem conficio : to make bread. Ἡ σιτποῖεν κἂν πέδω κοίτας ἔχειν Troad. 496. SYN. Ἀρτῷποιω.

Σιτποῖος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, panem conficiens : making bread. Προσθεῖς ἀνάγκην σιτῷποιον ἐν δμοῖς Hec. 362. SYN. Ἀρτῷποιός.

Σιτὸς, ου, ὁ, plur. Σιτᾶ, ὠν, τὰ, et Σιτῶν, ου, τὸ, cibis : food, meat. Ὡν οὐτὲ σιτὰ διὰ δέρης ἐβέξατο Orest. 41. Σιτᾶς στένᾳχούσης σιτίων μετρουμένων Acharn. 522. SYN. Βρώμᾶ, ἀρτὸς, ἐδᾶρ, εἰδᾶρ, ἐδεσμά. Ep. Γλυκερός, μέλιφρων, πᾶλῆς, κᾶβαιμὸς, ἀφθύνος, μέλιθῆς, ἐλευθερίος.

Σιτφάγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pane victitans : food-eating. Ἀνδρὶ γέ σιτφάγῃ t. 191.

Σιττᾶ, vox pastorum gregem ad festinandum compellentium : a word employed by shepherds in driving on their flocks. Οὐκ ἀπὸ τὰς κράνας σιττ' ἀμνίδες Theoc. 5. 3.

Σιτῶν. See Ἰταν.

Σιφλός, ἡ, ὄν, deformis : mutilus ; debilis : deformed ; maimed ; weak. Τοῦνέκ' ἐν πᾶδι σιφλὸς Apoll. 1. 204. SYN. Ἄμορφος, χαλὸς, ἀσθενής.

Σιφλῶω, mutilo ; debilito : to mutilate ; to render weak. Θέδς δὲ ἔ σιφλώσειε E. 142. SYN. Βλάπτω, ἀφάνίζω, τύφλω.

Σίφων, ὠνός, ὁ, fistula : a pipe. Ὡς διὰ μακροῦ γέ τὸν σίφωνα τὸν φίλον Cycl. 438.

Σιφωνίζω, elicio : to extract. Ἐπειτὰ σιφωνίζομεν τὸν ὠνὸν ἐπιτρίσειης (vers. hipponact.) Thesm. 557. SYN. Εξέρνω, ἐφέλω.

Σιωπᾶω, sileo : to be silent. Ὡν σιωπᾶσθαι χρῶν Ion 435. SYN. see Σιγάω.

Σιωπή, ἡς, ἡ, silentium : silence. Ἀρκεῖ σιωπῇ γάρ μᾶθ' ὁ βούλῃμαι Herc. F. 1117. SYN. see Σιγή.

Σιωπηλός. See Σιγηλός.

Σκάζω, titubo, vacillo, claudico : to totter, halt, hobble. T. 47.

Σκαῖος, ἂ, ὄν, (1) lævus, stultus : left, foolish ; (2) Scævus : Scæan. Ὅπου δ' Ἀπόλλων σκαῖος ἢ τίνες οὐφοί Eur. El. 972. SYN. Λαῖος, ἀριστέρος, ἀνέμῳλῖος, ἀπὸπὸς, ἀδικός.

Σκαιὸσση, ἡς, ἡ, et Σκαιότης, ὀητήτος, ἡ, stultitia, imperitia : folly, awkwardness. Ζῶειν

σκαῖοσσαν Ge. C. 1213. Antig. 1028. SYN. Μωρία, ἀγριότης, δυσχερεῖα, ἀπειρία.

Σκαίρω, Ion. imp. σκαίρεσκόν, salio : to dance. Apoll. 1. 1135. 4. 1402. SYN. Σκιρτᾶω, ἀλλομαι, ἀναχόρεω.

Σκαῖος, sinister, stolidus : unluckily, awkwardly, foolishly. Plut. 60. See Σκαῖος.

Σκάλαυρματίον, ου, τὸ, nugæ : trifles. Ὅστις σκάλαυρματί' ἀττὰ μικρὰ μανθάνων Nub. 630.

Σκάλαυρμα, fodico : to pierce. Καὶ βούληται σκάλαυρῆναι Eccles. 610.

Σκάλεω, Σκάλλω, fodio : to dig. Καὶ σκάλεοντ' ἀνθρώκας Pax 440. Ψ. 191. SYN. Σκάπτω, ὀρύσσω, κινέω, διαξάινω, σκάφεω.

Σκάλλω. See above.

Σκαλμός, οὔ, ὁ, scalmus, paxillus ad quem alligator remus : the peg to which the oar is fastened. Iph. T. 1348.

Σκάλοψ, ὅπς, ὁ, talpa : a mole. Acharn. 879.

Σκα brevis, ut in σκάλεω.

Σκάμάνδριος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, Scamandrius : of the Scamander, a river in the Troad. Σκάμανδριος γάρ τασδε Troad. 1141. See below. Σκάμάνδριος is also a P. N. in Homer, Z. 402. E. 49.

Σκάμανδρος, ου, ὁ, Scamander. Βῶθ Σκάμανδρος δεσπότης κληρουμένων Troad. 29. Ep. Διὸς, διηΐεις, ἡΐεις, ἐύρρῶς, βάθιδίνης.

Σκαμβωνίδης, ου, ὁ, Scambonides. Φησὶν ὁ Σκαμβωνίδης Vesp. 81.

Σκανδάληθρον, ου, τὸ, decipula : a gin or trap. Σκανδάληθρ' ἰστὰς ἐπ' αὐν Acharn. 687. SYN. Ῥόπτρον.

Σκάνδειά, ας, ἡ, Scandia. Σκάνδειαν δ' ἀρὰ δῶκέ K. 268.

Σκάνδιξ, ἰκὸς, ὁ, scandix, olus quoddam sylvestre : a wild pot-herb. Σκάνδικά μοι ὀδς μητρὸθεν δεδεγμένος Acharn. 478.

Σκάπανη, ἡς, ἡ; Σκάφιον, ου, τὸ, ligo : a spade. Κόχρετ' ἔχων σκάπανον τέ Theoc. 4. 10. Σὺ δὲ κοφίχῃ γε σκάφιον ἀπὸτέτιλμένῳ Av. 807. SYN. Δικελλὰ.

Σκάπτων. See Σκήπτρον.

Σκάπτω, ψω, fodio : to dig. Herc. F. 994. SYN. Κάτασκάπτω, σκάλεω, σκάλλω, ὀρύσσω.

Σκαρδάμωσος, nicto, conniveo : to wink, blink. Οὐ σκαρδάμωσειεν οὐδέ Cycl. 619. SYN. Μῶω, καμῶω, νυστάζω, βλεφάριζω.

Σκαρθμός, οὔ, ὁ, pes : a foot. Apoll. 3. 1259. SYN. see Πούς.

Σκάρφη, ἡς, ἡ, Scarphe : a city in Locris. B. 532.

Σκάτῳφάγος, ου, ὁ, merdivorus : dirt-eater. Μᾶ Δι' οὐκ ἔγων' ἀλλὰ σκάτῳφάγον αἰ τάλαν Plut. 706. See Φάγω.

Σκάφεύς, ἔως, ὁ, fossor : a digger. Eur. El. 252. See Σκαφός.

Σκάφη, ἡς, Σκάφῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, scapha, cymba : a tray, bowl. Ὁ τὴν σκάφην λαδὼν προΐτω τὰ κηρία Eccles. 742. Γαυλοὶ τε σκάφιδες τέ t. 223.

Σκάφιον, ου, τὸ, poculum : a cup, bowl. Σὺ δὲ κοφίχῃ γε σκάφιον ἀπὸτέτιλμένῳ Av. 806. See another sense in Σκάπανη. SYN. Ἐκπωμά, πότηριον.

Σκάφῖς. See Σκάφη.

Σκάφρος, ἔως, τὸ, aliquid cavatum ; alveus ; navigium : any thing hollowed out ; the hold of a ship ; a ship. Μὴ διαπτάσθαι σκάφος Med. 1. SYN. Πλοῖον, κύμηξ, ναυκληρίον. Ep. Γλαφῦρὸν, δῶον, πᾶλῳκαπὸν.

Σκεδάζω aut Σκεδᾶω, f. ἄσow et ᾶ, Σκεδάννυμι,

Σκίδνημι, dispergo: to scatter, disperse. *Αλλ' ἀγέ πείρησαι σκεδάσαν δ' ἀπὸ κήδεά θυμού δ*. 149. *Αυτοὶ δ' εσκίδναντο* A. 487. *Σκεδάννυμι* Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat ex Jacobs. *Anth.* 12. 319. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀποσκεδάννυμι, σκίδνημι, εγχεῶ.*

Σκερός, ὁ, ὄν, lucidus: clear. *Eur. fr. Alcmae.* 12. 2.

Σκερόως, lucide: clearly, distinctly. *Eurip. Alcmaeon. fr.* 12. 2. *ΣΥΝ. Ἀκριβώς, τῶρως, ἀληθῶς, διαμπερές.*

Σκείρων, *ωνός, ὁ*, Sciron: a robber in Attica, slain by Theseus. *Hipp.* 1203.

Σκέλισκος. See Σκέλος.

Σκέλλω, Σκίλῶ, Σκλήμι, findo astu: to cleave or split by heat. *Σκλήρη ἀμφὶ πέρι χροῦ* Ψ. 191. *Εσκληίκει* Ap. Rh. 2. 201. *Σκλήμι* citat Wakef. ap. novam ed. Steph. ex Nicand. Θ. 718. *ΣΥΝ. Ξηραίνω, ισχραίνω.*

Σκέλος, ἔος, dimin. Σκέλισκος, *ου, ὁ*, tibia, crus: the shin-bone, leg. *Phoen.* 1415. *Eccl.* 1160. *ΣΥΝ. Κνήμη, αστραγάλος.*

Σκέπαζω, Σκέπαω, operio, tego: to cover, conceal. *Anacr.* 21. 10. v. 99. *ΣΥΝ. Κάλυπτα, κρύπτω, στέγάζω, στέγω, φύλασσω, κάτασσεγνῶω.*

Σκεπαρῶν, *ου, τὸ*, ascia: a hatchet. *Ἡ σκεπαρῶν ι.* 391. *ΣΥΝ. Αἶγινη.*

Σκέπας, *τὸ*, præsidium: a protection. *Σκέπας ἦν ἀνέμοιο μ.* 336. *ΣΥΝ. Στέγασμα, κάλυμμα, ἐπικάλυμμα, ἐπίσλημα, πρόβολη. Ερ. Ἄβρον, λεπτῶν.*

Σκεπάω. See Σκεπάζω.

Σκεπτῶς, α, ὄν, considerandus: must consider. *Eq.* 35. *ΣΥΝ. Ὁρατῶς.*

Σκεπτῶμαι, circumspicio; considero: to look about or to; to consider. *Troad.* 924. *ΣΥΝ. Δίσκοκέπτωμαι, σκόπῶ, ἐπισκοπῶ, περισκέπτωμαι, λόγιζομαι, ενθυμέομαι, μελέτῶ, φύλασσομαι, ὕρω, σκόπιωρέομαι.*

Σκερβόλλω, convitior: to abuse. *Eq.* 821. *ΣΥΝ. Δοιδιρέω, διαβάλλω, κερτῶμέω, αιτιάομαι, κερβόλλω.*

Σκερόβλος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, convitiatorius: abusive. *Call. fr.* 281. *ΣΥΝ. Δοιδιρός, κέρτῶμος.*

Σκευάω, ἄσω, paro: to prepare. *Σκευάσας φασὶν φέρον* Acharn. 739. *ΣΥΝ. Κάτασκευάω, εντρῆπιζω, εξαρτῶ, τάσσω, ἀπεργάζομαι, μηχανάομαι, ὀπλιζῶ, στέλλω.*

Σκευᾶριον, *ου, τὸ*, dimin. a Σκεῦδος, ἔος, τὸ, vas, supellex: a vessel, furniture. *Καὶ μὴν ὅπτε τι σκευᾶριον τοῦ δεσπότη* Plut. 1139. *Eq.* 979. *ΣΥΝ. Τεῦχος, ἐπιπλᾶ, ὀπλᾶ.*

Σκευαστῆς, α, ὄν, praeprandus: must prepare. *Pax* 855.

Σκευή, ἡς, ἡ, apparatus: arrangement, dress. *Rhes.* 202. *ΣΥΝ. Στόλη, στολὸς, κάτασκευή, ὀπλίσις.*

Σκευόποιος, *οὔ, ὁ*, qui personas parat: a vizard-maker. *Τῶν σκευόποιων εἰκάσαι πάντως γέ μὴν* Eq. 232.

Σκεῦδος. See Σκευᾶριον.

Σκευφόρος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, qui impedimenta portat: a baggage-bearer. *Ran.* 499.

Σκέψις, ἔως, ἡ, consideratio: consideration. *Ran.* 974. *ΣΥΝ. Νόημα.*

Σκηναῶ, aut Σκηνῶ, tentorium figo: to pitch a tent. *Ὅδοιπλάνουντες εσκηνημένοι* Acharn. 69.

Σκηνή, ἡς, ἡ; Σκηνήμα, Σκηνωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, tentorium; casa; domicilium: a tent; a cottage, abode. *Hec.* 721. *Choeph.* 245. *Ion* 1133.

ΣΥΝ. Περὶπέτασμα, κλισία, οἰκία, οἰκημα. Ερ. Σκίερα, ἀτοιχὸς, δεσποσύνης, σμικρὰ, ἱέρα, τιμή-εσσα.

Σκηπᾶνιον. See Σκηπτῶν.

Σκηπτὸς, *οὔ, ὁ*, fulmen; turbo: a thunderbolt; a whirlwind, storm. *Pers.* 721. *ΣΥΝ. Τυφῶς, κέρανδος, τᾶραχη.*

Σκηπτουχία, ας, ἡ, sceptri gestatio; imperium: the bearing of the sceptre; sway. *Ὅστ' ἐπὶ σκηπτουχίᾳ* Pers. 302.

Σκηπτουχὸς, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, sceptrum gestans: sceptre-bearing. *β.* 231.

Σκήπτρον, Dor. Σκάπτων, et Σκηπᾶνιον, *ου, τὸ*, sceptrum: a sceptre, staff. *Troad.* 151. *Nem.* 11. 4. *Ἡ καὶ σκηπᾶνιῳ διέπ' ἀνέρας* Ω. 247. *ΣΥΝ. Σκίπων, βάσδος, βάκτρον. Ερ. Ὀλεῖον, βά-σילהιον, πάλαιον, ἀφθιόν, πάτρώϊον, θυμαρές, πᾶχυ, χρύσειον, ψιλόν, αργυρόηλον, δίκασπῶλον, ἀγλάον.*

Σκήπτω, Σκήπτῶμαι, immitto cum impetu; incido, incumbo; simulo: to dash or hurl upon; to fall down or upon, lean upon; to pretend. *Helen.* 833. *Ξ.* 457. *ΣΥΝ. Ενσκήπτω, ἐπισκήπτω, ἐμπίπτω, κάτασκήπτω, περὶβάλλω, ἐπ-ἐριζῶ, στηρίζω, προφάσιζομαι.*

Σκηρίπτα, inniti facio: to make to rest upon. *Apoll.* 2. 669.

Σκήψις, ἔως, ἡ, praetextus: a pretext, a plea. *Med.* 742. *ΣΥΝ. Προφάσις, ἀνάδολη, πρόσχημα, φροντίς.*

Σκιά, ἄς, Σκιάς, ἄδός, ἡ, umbra: a shade, shadow. *Πρώτων ἡγουμαι σκίαν* Med. 1221. *Χλωραὶ δὲ σκιάδες μάλακ' Theoc.* 15. 119. *Ερ. Αντίστοιχος, κόμφη, πέτραλα.*

Σκιάδειον, *ου, τὸ*, umbella: an umbrella. *Ἐρ-ρίπται τὸ σκιάδειον* Thesm. 829. *ΣΥΝ. Σκιά, σκηνή.*

Σκιάζω, Σκιάω, obumbro: to overshadow. *Phoen.* 61. *Σκιδῶντὸ τέ πᾶσαι ἄγναι β.* 388. *ΣΥΝ. Σκεπάζω, ἐπικρύπτω, σκότηζω, ζόφω, ἀμαν-ρῶω.*

Σκιάθος, *ου, ἡ*, Sciathus: an island in the Aegean sea opposite to Mount Pelion. *Φαίνετο εἰνάλῃ Σκιάθος* Apoll. 1. 583.

Σκιάπους, πῶδός, latos pedes habens: broad-footed. *Πρὸς δὲ τοῖς Σκιάποσι* Av. 1553.

Σκιάροκῶμος, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, umbrosa coma vestitus: clad with foliage. *Σκιάροκῶμον τ' ἐν ἐρνεσὶν ὕλας* Bacch. 864., answered by νυμῖμον ἅε φύσει τί πέφυκός.

Σκιάς. See Σκιά.

Σκιάτροφέω, in umbra nutrio: to nourish in the shade. *Μὴ σκιάτροφούμενος* Eur. fr. Bell. 17. 8.

Σκιάω. See Σκιάζω.

Σκίδνημι. See Σκεδάννυμι.

Σκίερὸς, ὁ, ὄν, Σκίοειδης, Σκίοδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, et Σκίοεις, εσσα, ἐν, umbrosus: shady. *Iph. T.* 1247. *Av.* 687. *Eur. Sup.* 769. *E.* 525. See Σκιά. *ΣΥΝ. Δάσκιος, κάτασκιός, δενδρῆεις, καλλιφυλλός, σκότεινός, σσηνρῆφης.*

Σκίλλα, ἡς, ἡ, squilla: a sea-onion. *Theoc.* 7. 107.

Σκίμαλιζω, talitro, ludificor: to filip, to point at with contempt. *Ὅπως ἂν αὐτοὺς ῥημάτων σκίμαλιζω* Acharn. 444. et *Pax* 549. Sed frustra in his locis quantitatem primae quaerimus. *ΣΥΝ. Χλευάζω.*

Σκίμπους, πῶδός, ὁ, grabatus: a pallet, couch. *Nub.* 709.

Σκίμπτω, facio incumbere: to cause to rest

upon, to fasten. Pyth. 4. 399. **ΣΥΝ** ἔπερειδω, σκήπτω, σκηρίπτω.

Σκιδείδης, Σκίδεις. See Σκίερös.

Σκίπων, ὠνός, ὅ, baculus : a staff. Κάγω σκόλιφ σκίπωνι χέρös Hec. 65. **ΣΥΝ**. see Βάκτρον.

Σκίρα, ὠν, τὰ, Scira : a festival at Athens which gave name to the month Σκίραφθρίων. Ὅσα Σκίροις ἐδοξε ταῖς ἑμαῖς φίλαις Eccles. 18.

Σκίρρος, οὔ, ὅ, externa pars casei : the rind of cheese. Vesp. 920.

Σκίρτω, ἥσω, salio, lascivio : to leap, frisk. Phoen. 1141. **ΣΥΝ**. Ἀνασκίρτω, ἀλλόμαι, σκαίρω, ἀναστρέφμαι.

Σκίρτημα, ἄτος, τὸ, saltus : a leap, struggle. Bacch. 165. **ΣΥΝ**. Πήδημά, ἀλμά.

Σκίταλοι, ὠν, οἱ, homines viles et improbi : worthless men. Ἄγε δὴ Σκίταλοι καὶ Φένακες ἦν δ' ἐγὼ Eq. 634. **ΣΥΝ**. Εὐτέλης, πόνηρός.

Σκιδώτης. See Σκίερös.

Σκιδώνη, ἡς, ἡ, Scione : a town in Thrace. Τηρεῖν Σκιδώνην ἀντί Vesp. 210.

Σκλέω, vel Σκλήμι. See Σκέλλω.

Σκληρός, ὁ, ὄν, durus, asper : hard, cruel. Androm. 260. **ΣΥΝ**. Ἀπνήης, ἀγρίος, στερβός, ἀτέραμνός, χάλεπός, τραχὺς, στερεός, δεινός.

Σκληρῶς, duriter, aspere : hardly, cruelly. Eq. 783. **ΣΥΝ**. Χάλεπῶς, δεινῶς.

Σκνιπαῖος, ὁ, ὄν, tardus : slow. Ερχόμεναι σκνιπαῖον Theoc. 16. 93. **ΣΥΝ**. Βρῆδῦς.

Σκόλιον, οὔ, τὸ, carmen conviviale : a convivial song. Ἐτίθει νόμους ὥσπερ σκόλιᾶ γέγραμμένους Acharn. 531.

Σκόλιος, ὁ, ὄν, obliquus : crooked, wrong, unjust. Κάγῳ σκόλιῳ σκίπωνι χέρös Hec. 65. **ΣΥΝ**. Δόχμιός, στρέβλός, ἀδικός, δυσχέρης.

Σκόλοψ, ὁπος, ὅ, palus, vallis : a pale, stake, palisade. Σ. 177. **ΣΥΝ**. Σταυρός, σκῶλός, χάραξ.

Σκόλυμος, οὔ, ὅ, scolymus : a kind of thistle, an artichoke. Ἥμος δὲ σκόλυμός τ' ἀνθεῖ Hes. Op. 580.

Σκόμερös, οὔ, ὅ, scombrus : a mackerel. Eq. 1008.

Σκοπάδαι, ὠν, οἱ, Scopadæ : the inhabitants of Scopia, a town in Thessaly. Πολλοὶ δὲ Σκοπάδαισιν Theoc. 16. 36.

Σκοπέλος, οὔ, ὅ, Σκοπί, et Σκοπίᾶ, ἄς, ἡ, scopulus : a beacon, a cliff. Ion 277. Agam. 300. Ὡς δ' ὅτ' ἀπὸ σκόπῃς εἶδεν Δ. 275. **ΣΥΝ**. Ἀπορῶς, ἐρίπη. Ερ. Ἥλιεῦτός, ηἱριός, τηλέφανης, τηλαγῆς, παιπᾶλδεις, αργυῖαλός, κυματόπληξ, λοφῶεις, στυφέλλος.

Σκοπέω, specular : to explore, look to, consider. Eur. El. 427. **ΣΥΝ**. Σκέπτομαι, περίσκεπτομαι.

Σκοπή, et Σκοπίᾶ. See Σκοπέλλος.

Σκοπιάζω, et Σκοπιώρεμαι, e specula observo : to watch, spy. Μᾶλᾶ περ σκοπιάζων Ξ. 58. Vesp. 361. **ΣΥΝ**. see Σκέπτομαι.

Σκοπός, οὔ, ὅ, specularior ; præsēs ; meta : a spy, inspector ; a superintendant ; a mark. Eur. El. 354. **ΣΥΝ**. Κάτοπτῆς, ἐπόπτῆς, κάτοπτῆρ, κατὰσκοπός, δεατῆς, ἐφόρος, τέρμα, τύπος.

Σκορδινάδαι, pandiculus : to yawn. Σκορδινάμαι πέρδουμαι Acharn. 30.

Σκορδόδαμη, ἡς, ἡ, muria allio condita : garlic-pickle. Eccles. 292.

Σκορδίζω, allio inficio vel alo : to give a taste of, or to feed with garlic. Eq. 946.

Σκορδιδόν, dimin. a Σκορδιδόν, οὔ, τὸ, allium : Pros. Lex.

garlick. Ἀλλὰ σκόρδοις ὑπὸ τρυφῆς ἐκαστὺτε Plut. 818. Vesp. 1167.

Σκοτεινός, Σκοτίος, ὁ, ὄν, Σκυτόεις, εἰσα, ἔν, tenebricosus ; spurius : darksome, dark, gloomy ; spurious. Phoen. 283. Ὡς στερῶν Διὸς ὦ σκότια Νύξ Hec. 68. Hes. Op. 553. **ΣΥΝ**. Ορφναῖος, ἀφεγγής, λαθραῖος, νόθος, κνέφαῖος, ἀφῶτιστος.

Σκότια, ἄς, ἡ, Σκοτύς, ἔος, τὸ, et Σκοτύς, οὔ, ὅ, tenebræ : darkness. Phoen. 346. (See Σκοτίος.) Iph. T. 1026. Hippol. 419. "Σκότος, in masculino genere magis Atticum est, monente post alios Porson ad Hec. 819." Monk. Hipp. 192. **ΣΥΝ**. Κνέφας, ὄρφνη, ηλύγη. Ερ. Ἀερία, στυγερὰ, φθονερὰ.

Σκοτίος. See Σκοτεινός.

Σκοτῶδινίᾳ, vertigine tenebrosa laboro : to have a dizziness. Acharn. 1219. See Δίνη. **ΣΥΝ**. Ιλιγγία.

Σκοτῶμήνιος, οὔ, ὅ, ἡ, illunis : moonless. Νύξ δ' ἄρ' ἐπῆλθε καὶ σκυτόμήνιος Ξ. 457.

Σκοτός. See Σκοτία.

Σκοτῶω, tenebras obduco : to darken. Aj. 85. **ΣΥΝ**. Ἀμαυρῶω, συσπιάζω, κνέφάζω.

Σκυδνᾶναι, Σκυζῶμαι, succenseo : to be angry with. Ω. 592. I. 198. **ΣΥΝ**. Οργίζωμαι, οργαίνω, δυσκόλινω, στυγνάζω, σκυθροπάζω.

Σκυζῶμαι. See above.

Σκυθαίνω. See below.

Σκυθῖος, οὔ, ὅ, Σκυθῶν, ἡς, ἡ, Scythia ; Scythicus : a Scythian ; Scythian. Μῆγαδες Σκυθαῖ οὐτ' Ἰγνυνοί Apoll. 4. 320. Σκυθῆν ἐς οἶκον Pr. V. 2. Lysist. 184.

Σκυθία. See Σκυθικός.

Σκυθίζω, more Scythico uttor : to imitate the Scythians. Εσκυθισμένον ξυρῶ Eur. El. 241.

Σκυθικός, ἡ, ὄν, Scythicus : Scythian. Καὶ πόντου Σκυθικοῦ Theoc. 16. 99.

Σκυθράζω, Σκυθροπάζω, vultu sum tetrico et mesto : to be sullen-looking. Χ' ὦ μὲν σκυθράζει δεσπότης δ' ἀνιστορεῖ Eur. El. 830. Lysist. 7. **ΣΥΝ**. see Σκυδνᾶναι.

Σκυθροπτός, οὔ, ὅ, ἡ, vultu tristi : sullen-looking. Τοῦ νῦν σκυθροποῦ καὶ ξυνεστῶτος φρένων Alcest. 813. **ΣΥΝ**. Βλῶστρος, στυγνός, χάλεπός, στρυφνός, δύσκολός.

Σκυλαξ, ἄκος, Σκυμνός, οὔ, ὅ, catulus, canis : a whelp, cub, dog. Ὅν ὠμῶσιτοι σκυλάκες ἄς ἐθρέψατο Bacch. 334. Σ. 419. **ΣΥΝ**. see Κῶων.

Σκύλευμα. See Σκυλῶν.

Σκυλεύω. See Συλάω.

Σκύλλα, ἡς, ἡ, Scylla : a marine monster in the Straits of Messina. Καὶ Σκύλλαν ἡ Τυρσηὸν ὥκησε σπῆος Med. 1356. Ερ. Δεινὴ, πέτραία, κύων, ὀλοφῶρων, Αυσονία, πόντιᾶ. Phr. see μ. 95—105.

Σκύλλω, lacero, fatigo, vexo, cutem detraho : to tear, weary, harass, excoriate. Pers. 583. **ΣΥΝ**. Σύρω, σείω, ριπτάζω, τείρω, ἐνδύχλω.

Σκύλλοδεψέω. See Σκυρτόμωω.

Σκύλλοδέψης, οὔ, ὅ, coriarius : a currier, tanner. Ες τῶν σκυλλοδέων ἡν δ' ἐπικλίνῃ τῇν δῶραν Eccles. 420. **ΣΥΝ**. see Σκυτεύς.

Σκύλον, οὔ, et Σκύλευμα, ἄτος, et Σκύλλος, ἔος, τὸ, spoliū : spoil. Καὶ σκύλα γράφεις πῶς ἐπ' Ἰνᾶχον ῥοαῖς Phoen. 583. 871. Περὶ σκύλλος αὖθις ὀπάζει Nicand. A. 270. **ΣΥΝ**. Ἐλώριον, λεία, λῆις, λαφυρὰ (τὰ), ἔλωρ. Ερ. Κάλλιστόν, δούρι-θήρατόν, βρότῶν.

Σκυμνός. See Σκυλάξ.

Σκυρός, οὔ, ἡ, Scyros : an island and town D d

near Euboea. Σκυρόν ἐλὼν αἰπεῖαν I. 664. Ep. Ἀργιστότος, ηνέμεσσοῦ, ἐνάλια.

Σκυρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, complanatus: level. Pyth. 5. 124. In Nicand. Θ. 76. Schn. legit Ἡμὸς ὅταν σκυρώσῃ βόες: Schol. ἀντὶ τοῦ οργῶσιν ἡ σκυρτώσιν ἢ ἐκμαίνονται.

Σκυτάλη, ἡς, ἡ; Σκυτάλην et Σκυτάλην, ου, τὸ, lorum; scytale: a thong; a wand, the scytale. Εἴπερ γὰρ χ' αὐτὴ 'στι σκυτάλη Λακωνική Lys. 991. Eccl. 76. Av. 1283. See also Theoc. 17. 31. SYN. Ῥοπάλην, ῥάεδος, ἱμάσθη.

Σκυτάλην, et -λήν. See above.

Σκυτεὺς, ἑως, et Σκυττόμους, ου, ὁ, coriarius: a tanner or currier, shoemaker. Σκυτῆς βάλανης αλφίταμοιοί Av. 491. H. 221. SYN. Βυροῦ-δέψης.

Σκυτίνος, η, ὄν, coriaceus: leathern. Ἀμαξίδας τε σκυτίνας ἐιργάζετο Nub. 870. SYN. Δερμά-τίνος.

Σκυτὸς, ἑὺς, τὸ, cutis, corium: a hide. Ἦν τὸτ' ἐν τοῖς σκυτέσιν Pax 669. SYN. Δέρμα, βύρα, δόρα.

Σκυττόμω, et Σκυλλοδεψέω, coriarius sum: to be a tanner, leather-cutter, or shoemaker. Ἡ σκυττόμειν ἡ σκυλλοδεψέω Plut. 514.

Σκυττόμικος, ἡ, ὄν, ad artem sutoriam pertinens: of a shoemaker or cobbler. Τὸ σκυττόμικόν πληθὺς οἱ δ' ἐκ τῶν ἀγρῶν Eccles. 432.

Σκυττόμους. See Σκυτεὺς.

Σκύφος, ου, ὁ, et ἑὺς, τὸ, poculum: a bowl, a cup. Οὗτός αὐτ' οἶνον σκύφου Cycl. 256. 389. SYN. Δεπᾶς, κισσύειδον, πύττηρόν, κύπελλον. Ep. Κισσινόν, χρυσῷτευκτόν, ἀργυρεῖον, ευρὺ, δόρα-τέον.

Σκόληξ, ηκός, ὁ, vermis: a worm. Vesp. 1101.

Σκῶλός, ου, ὁ, palus aridus: a dry stake. N. 564.

Σκῶμμα, ἄτος, et dimin. Σκωμματίων, ου, τὸ, vituperium: a banter, jeer. Plut. 316. Vesp. 1280. SYN. Παιδία, λοιδορία, γέλοισιν, βωμολοχία.

Σκωπῆτης, ου, ὁ, vituperator: a banterer, jester. Vesp. 788. SYN. Λοιδόρος, γέλοισατής, βωμολοχός.

Σκώπτω, vitupero: to banter, disparage. Nub. 992. SYN. Κατάγελᾶω, λοιδορέω, ληρεῶ, ἐρεσχέλω.

Σκῶρ, gen. σκάτος, τὸ, merda: ordure. Ran. 146. See Σκατόφαγος. SYN. Κόπρος, βόρβόρος.

Σκωράμης, ἰδός, ἡ, sella familiaris: a close-stool. Σκωράμης κωμφδική Eccles. 371. SYN. Λασάνον.

Σκῶψ, ωπός, ὁ, avis inauspicata ex genere noctuarum: a kind of owl. Theoc. 1. 36. SYN. Γλαύξ.

Σμαράγγω, et Σμαράγίζω, resono: to roar. Ἄπ' οὐρανὸν ἐν σμαράγῳ Φ. 199. Hes. Theog. 693. SYN. Ηχέω, φθέγγομαι, ψόφω.

Σμαῖμαι, et Σμήχω, detergo: to wipe. Πέξεται λίπαρον σμασμένα πλοκάμων Call. 5. 32. Pax 1307. SYN. Τρίβω, ἀποσμήχω, ἀπομάσσω, καθαίρω, ὁμῶρηνυμι.

Σμερδάλεις, et Σμερδνός, η, ὄν, terrificus: terrible. Σμερδάλει κερῶλη μ. 91. O. 687. SYN. Φοβέρους, φρικώδης, δεινός.

Σμηνός, ἑὺς, τὸ, examen: a swarm. Nub. 297. SYN. Σίμελδος, ἑμῶς.

Σμήχω. See Σμαῖμαι.

Σμικρός. See Μικρός. Κίρκον δ τε σμικρῆσσι φθονο P. 757.

Σμίλαξ, ἁκός, ἡ, smilax, taxus: a herb called bindweed. Στεφάνους δρύος τε σμίλακος τ' ἀνθεσφόρου Bacch. 692. "Utroque modo scribitur σμίλαξ et μίλαξ, ut σμάραγδος et μάραγδος."

Barnes. Ep. Χλόηρα, καλλίκαρπός, πύλυφυλλός.

Σμιλεμά, ἄτος, τὸ, ramentum: a paring. Σχυνδάλωμιν τε πᾶραξόνια σμιλεμάτ' ἔργων Ran. 819.

Σμίλη, ἡς, ἡ, scalprum: a graver, pen-knife. Thesm. 779. See above. SYN. Γλυφάνος.

Σμινθεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, epith. Apollinis (vid. Damm. in P. N.): a name of Apollo. A. 39.

Σμῖνθη, ἡς, ἡ, ligo: a spade. Παλῶ γαυλὸν κτάμαι σμῖνθην Av. 602. SYN. Δικελλὰ, ἀξίνη, σκάφειδον.

Σμύγερὸς, ἂ, ὄν, patiens, ærumnosus: enduring, calamitous. Μετὰ δὲ σμύγερῶτάτοιο ἀνδρῶν Apoll. 2. 374. SYN. Μόγερὸς.

Σμύγερως, ærumnose: wretchedly. Ἀτην οὐ σμύγερως δεινὸν Apoll. 4. 381.

Σμύρρα, ἡς, ἡ, myrrha: myrrh, frankincense. Ion 1175. This word is also a P. N., a city of Ionia, in Asia Minor. Hom. Hymn. 8. 4. Ep. Αἰθερία, εὐόδης, Ἀσσυρία.

Σμύχω, ἑω, a. 2. ἐσμύχην, attoro: to waste away. Κῆρ ἄχεϊ σμύχουσα Apoll. 3. 446. SYN. Ἀποσμύχω, ἀναλίσκω, τρύχω, διαφθείρω, καίω.

Σμῶδις, ἰγγός, ἡ, vibex: a weal. B. 267. SYN. Κονδύλη, μώλωψ, τύλη.

Σθεῖρος, ἂ, ὄν, tetricus, durus: sullen, stern, severe. Ὡς σθεῖρος ὦ Δάματ' ἐισέλκ' ἔθεν Plut. 872. SYN. Ἱπέρηφάνος, χαλέπος, αὐθάδης.

Σθεῖρας, tetric: sullenly, sternly. Pax 83. See above. SYN. Ἱπέρηφάνος, δεινός.

Σθεῖω, expello: to drive away, move. Acharn. 211. SYN. Ἀποσθεῖω, κινέω, ὀρμάω, ὠθεῖω, ἀπ' ἐλαίνω, πτώω.

Σόλοι, ων, οἱ, Soli: a town in Cyprus. Pers. 892.

Σόλος, ου, ὁ, discus ferreus: an iron quoit. Ψ. 839. SYN. see Δίσκος. Ep. Αυτοχχάνος, ευδινητός.

Σόλυμοι, ων, οἱ, Solymi: a nation bordering upon Lycia. Τηλοθὲν ἐκ Σόλυμων ὄρεων ε. 283. Ep. Κυδάλιμοι.

Σόλων, ὠνός, ὁ, Solon: the Athenian law-giver. Av. 1660. Ep. Πάλαιος, φίλοδηνός.

Σόδμαι, festino: to hasten. Σοῦσθε νῦν ὦ ξανθαί Call. 5. 4. SYN. Ὀρμάω, σπεῖδω.

Σός, Σαῦς, et Σῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, salvus: safe. A. 344. Μὴ μ' ἐρεθίξῃ σάωτέρως A. 32. Hec. 980.

SYN. Ἱγίης, ἀκέραιος, ἀσάβηξ.

Σόρπηγος, οὔ, ὁ, sandapilarum fabricator: a coffin-maker. Nub. 844.

Σόρος, οὔ, ἡ, sandapila: a coffin, bier, tomb. Vesp. 1365. SYN. Φερέτρον, δίκη, τάφος, μνήμα. Ep. Λιθίνη, ἑγχαλκός.

Σός, et Τέος, η, ὄν, tuus: thine. Hec. 251. Heracl. 911.

Σουνιάρατος, ου, ὁ, Sunii adoratus: prayed to at Sunium. Eq. 560. See below, and Κατά-ρατος.

Σουνιέρακος, ου, ὁ, qui velut accipiter Sunium defendit: one who like a hawk protects Sunium. Ὡς Σουνιέρακ' χαῖρ' ἀναξ Πελαργικέ Av. 868. See Ἱέραξ, ἁκός.

Σούνιον, ου, τὸ, Sunium: a town and promontory in Attica. Κευθμῶνēs ἡ τὲ Σούνιφ Cycl. 293.

Σουσοῦ, ὠν, τὰ, Susa: one of the chief cities of Persia. Pers. 16.

Ζουσιγένης, ἔος, δ, ἡ, Susis genitus : born at Susa. Περσῶν Ζουσιγένῃ δῶν Pers. 649.
Ζουσίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Susis : a country in Asia, the capital of which was Susa. Pers. 124.

Σοφία, ας, ἡ, sapientia : wisdom, philosophy. Εὐ εἰδῆ σοφίης O. 412. SYN. Φρόνησις, ἐμπειρία, νοῦς, ἐπιστήμη, εὐουλία. ΕΡ. Κλεινότης, ἀγνή, διὰ, ἐράτη, ἱερὰ, ἀμερσία.

Σοφίζω, Σοφίζομαι, sapientem reddo ; sapiens, peritus sum ; comminiscor : to render wise ; to be wise, clever ; to contrive. Bacch. 196. SYN. Τεχνάζομαι, λόγοις ἀπατάω.

Σοφισμῶ, ἀτός, τὸ, commentum : a contrivance, device. Bacch. 30. SYN. Πλάσμῶ, ἐνθύμημῶ, διδασμῶ, ἀπάτη. ΕΡ. Θέσσῶλον, κῶκον, κομψόν, δολιόν.

Σοφιστής, οὐ, δ, sophista, doctus artifex : a sophist, clever contriver. Heracl. 993.

Σοφός, compar. σοφώτερος, superl. σοφώτατος, ἡ, ὄν, sapiens : wise. Eur. Sup. 1063. SYN. Σύνετός, ἐμφρων, πεπαιδευμένος, ἐννός.

Σοφοκλῆς, contr. Σοφοκλῆς, ἔος, δ, Sophocles : a celebrated tragic poet. Οὐ καὶ Σοφοκλῆς ἀντέλεξετὶ τοῦ θρόνου Ran. 786. 1512.

Σοφῶς, sapienter : wisely. Alcest. 715.

Σπαθῶ, texo ; profuse insumo (vid. Brunck. in l. c.) ; comminiscor : to weave ; to spend lavishly ; to contrive. Ὡ γυναι λίαν σπαθῶς Nub. 55. SYN. Ἰφαίνω, ῥάπτω, δαπάνω, ἀναλίσκω.

Σπαθή, ης, ἡ, radius textorius : a shuttle. Choëph. 226. See above.

Σπαίρω, palpiro : to quiver. Apoll. 4. 874. SYN. Ασπαίρω, πάλλομαι, ἄλλομαι.

Σπᾶνίω, penuria laboro : to suffer from poverty. Οἰκίαις σπᾶνίζομεν Helen. 1259. SYN. Δέδομαι, ἀπὸρῶ.

Σπᾶνίος, Σπαρνός, ἡ, ὄν, rarus : rare, scarce. Πηκτοῦ γαλακτός τ' οὐ σπᾶνιά τυρεύματα Cycl. 190. Alcest. 489. Call. 3. 19. SYN. see Ἀραιός.

Σπᾶνίς, ἔως, ἡ, penuria : poverty, want. Οὐ σπᾶνις γυναικ' ἔχειν Iph. A. 1163. SYN. Ἐνδεῖα, ἀπύρια.

Σπᾶνιότης, ἡ, ὄν, inops : poor. Τὴν νῦν σπᾶνιστοῖς δέξεται δωρήμασι (E. C. 4. SYN. Εὐτέλης, σπᾶνίος, μικρός, ἐλλιπής.

Σπαράγμῶ, ἀτός, τό ; Σπαράγμος, οὐ, δ, laceratio : a rending. Androm. 818. Bacch. 724. See below. SYN. Ἄμυγμῶ, διάρρηξις, ἀνδοχίσις.

Σπαράσσω, lacero : to tear. Εὐπᾶραξ' ἀπ' οὐτέων Med. 1214. SYN. Ἄμύσσω, διάσπῶ, κάτασπαράσσω, κάταρρήγνυμι, λικίζω, ἀνασχίζω.

Σπαργάνίζω, Σπαργάνω, et Σπάργω, fasciis involvo : to wrap in swaddling-clothes. Τῷ δὲ σπαργάνισσά μεγαν λίθον Hes. Theog. 485. Ion 955. Hom. Apoll. 121. SYN. Δέω.

Σπαργανιώτης, οὐ, δ, fasciatus : bandaged, swaddled. Θάρσει σπαργανιώτᾳ Διός Hom. Merc. 301.

Σπαργάνων, οὐ, τὸ, fascia : swaddling-clothes. Σπαργάνοισι δ' οἷς ἔχει Ion 32. SYN. Ταῖνια, τελεμών, δεσμός.

Σπαργάνω. See Σπαργανίζω.

Σπαργῶ, tumeo : to swell. Cycl. 55. SYN. Ἀνοιδῶ, οἰδαίνω, ανθῶ, οργῶ, συγκόδμαι

Σπάργω. See Σπαργανίζω.

Σπαρνός. See Σπᾶνίος.

Σπάρτη, ης, antiq. ηθῆν, ἡ, Sparta : the capital of Laconia. Orest. 65. ΕΡ. Ευρεῖα, καλλιγυναιξ, ευρύχορος, κυδιᾶνεῖρα, κρᾶτερᾶ.

Σπαρτιάτης, οὐ, δ ; Σπαρτιάτις, ἰδός, ἡ, Spartanus : Spartan. Τοῖς Σπαρτιάταις δόξα Androm. 723. Helen. 115.

Σπαρτιῶν. See Σπάρτων.

Σπαρτοί, ὦν, οἱ, Sparti, quos e draconis dentibus a Cadmo in terram satis ortos fingebant : an epithet of a particular family in Thebes, fabled to have sprung from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus. Sept. Th. 403. ΕΡ. Γηγῆνης.

Σπάρτων, dimin. Σπαρτιῶν, οὐ, τὸ, funis, vel, ut Salmasio placet, "non rudens, sed funiculi vel lora quibus naves consuebantur" (vid. et Varr. ap. Gellium, lib. 17. c. 3.) : a rope, string. B. 135. Σπαρτίοις ηρημένην Pax 1247. SYN. Κἄλως, μήρινθος, σχοῖνός, σχοινίον.

Σπασμός, οὐ, δ, convulsio, tentigo : a convulsion, irritation. Lysist. 845.

Σπᾶτίλη, ης, ἡ, stercus humanum liquidum (vid. Suidam in v.) : human excrement. Ὡς κείνός ἀναιδώς τὴν σπᾶτίλῃν ἡσθίεν Pax 48. SYN. Κύπρος.

Σπᾶω, f. ἄσω, traho : to draw, tear away. Τόνδ' ὑπόπτερον σπᾶσας Orest. 1461. SYN. Ἀποσπᾶω, διασπᾶω, ἔλκω, σύρω, σπάρᾶσσω.

Σπειῶς. See Σπεῖος.

Σπειρά, ας, ἡ ; Σπειραμῶ, et Σπειρημῶ, ἄτός, τὸ, spira : a coil, fold. Σπειραίς ἑωξέ Med. 481. Choëph. 242. (Pa longa, ut penult. in δεαμῶ, &c. a perf. pass. σπειρώ, δεῶω, &c.) Nicand. A. 417. ΕΡ. Δικτυόκλωστος, βεῖοι.

Σπειρόν, οὐ, τὸ, velamen ; velum : a covering, garment ; a sail. ε. 318. SYN. Ἰματίον, στέγασμῶ, ῥάκός, φάρός.

Σπειρώ, f. ἐρῶ, et Σπερμαίνω, sero, spargo, genero : to sow, plant, spread, beget. Phoen. 18. See also Hes. Op. 2. 353. SYN. Φυτεύω, γεννᾶω.

Σπῆλέθος, et Πῆλέθος, οὐ, δ, merda : dung. Καὶ τῶν σπῆλέθων κοινωνοῦμεν Eccles. 596. Acharn. 1169.

Σπένδω, Ion. imp. σπένδεσκόν, f. σπείσω, libo : to pour a libation. Bacch. 309. Π. 227. SYN. Ἀποσπένδω.

Σπεῖος, poet. Σπειῶς et Σπήϊος, ἔος, τὸ, et Σπήλυγξ, υγγός, ἡ, spelunca : a cave. Δ. 279. ε. 194. π. 232. Σ. 402. SYN. Σπήλαιον, ἀντρὸν, κοίλωμῶ, φωλεός, κοιλάς. ΕΡ. Αργυφῶν, γλαφύρον, ηἱρέοειδῆς, κάττηρέφες, στενόν, ὕψηλον, βάθῳ, ἀφεγγές, κοῖλον, φόνιν.

Σπέρμῶ, ἀτός, τὸ, semen, genus : seed, origin, race. Orest. 546. Σπῆ. Σπῶρος, γόνος, γονή. ΕΡ. Πόλυμνηστον, πόλυονῦμον, ἀχάριστον, μαντικόν, δηλὸν, γενναῖον, δύστηνον.

Σπερμαίνω. See Σπείρω.

Σπερμιλόγος, οὐ, δ, qui semina legit, scurra : a seed-pecker, a jester. Av. 580.

Σπερχεύς, οὐ, δ, Sperchius : a river in Thesaly. Pers. 493. ΕΡ. Διπέτης, ἀκάμας.

Σπέρχισ, ἰός, δ, Sperchis. Theoc. 15. 98.

Σπερχύνς, ἡ, ὄν, celer : quick, hastening. Sept. Th. 271. SYN. Οκύς, τάχως, ἐπισπερχής, ευπέτης, ἐλάφρος.

Σπέρχω, vehementer cupio ; festino : to desire eagerly ; to hasten on. γ. 283. SYN. Ἐπισπέρχω, ἐπείγω, σπεύδω, ἐπισπεύδω.

Σπεύδω, σω, festino, urgeo : to hasten, urge on. Heracl. 735. SYN. Κάτασπεύδω, τάχυνω, ἐπείγω, σπερχῶμαι, ἐρεθίζω, παϊφάσσω.

Σπήλυγξ, et Σπήϊος. See Σπεῖος.

Σπιλάς, ἄδδς, ἡ, petra ad mare vel in mari sita : a rock in or on the sea. Προβλήτης ἔσαν

σπίλαδες τε ε. 405. SYN. Πέτρα, ἀπορρώξ. ER. Σικληρά, γλαφύρα, οξεία, τηρχεία.

Σπινθήρ, ῥῆος, ὁ, Σπινθάρης, ἰδὸς, et Σπινθάρυς, ὕγος, ἡ, scintilla: a spark. Pax 609. Σπινθάρειδες πατώντω Hom. Apoll. 442. Σπινθάρυεσσι πύρος Apoll. R. 4. 1544. SYN. Μαρμαρύνη. ER. Λαμπρός, βλοσυρός, πορφύρεός, αιθαλέις.

Σπινός, ου, ὁ, linaria viridis: a bird called a siskin. Τὴν κίχλην καὶ τὴν σπίνω Pax 1149.

Σπλαγχνεύω, extorrum particeps sum: to feed upon entrails. Av. 984.

Σπλάγγυνον, ου, τὸ, viscera, cor: bowels, heart, disposition. Med. 222. SYN. Ἐγκάτα, κέαρ, ἡδὸς.

Σπλήν, ἡνός, ὁ, splen: the spleen. Thesm. 3.

Σπογγία, as, ἡ, Σπογγῖον, ου, τὸ, et Σπόγγος, ου, ὁ, spongia: a sponge. Σπογγίαν ἤτησά σε Ran. 487. Acharn. 462. Vesp. 598.

Σπογγίζω, f. ἰώ, abstergo: to wipe away. Thesm. 247. SYN. Ἀπομάσσω, ἀποψάω, ἀποσμάω.

Σπογγῖον et Σπόγγος. See Σπογγία.

Σπυδῶ, in pulverem dejicio; pulso: to cast into the dust; to beat. Agam. 653. SYN. Κονίζω, παίω.

Σπυδῖα, as, et Σπυδός, ου, ἡ, cinis: dust, ashes. 'Ὡς δ' ὅτι τις δαλὸν σπυδῖ ἔνεκρυψέ ε. 488. Eur. Sup. 836. SYN. Κόνις. ER. Ψάφρα.

Σπυδίζω, in pulverem redigo: to reduce to ashes. Vesp. 328. SYN. Εκκαίω.

Σπυδός. See Σπυδῖα.

Σπυλάς, ἄδός, ἡ, vestis coriacea: a leathern garment. Ἐχέ τὴν σπυλάδα πάντως δ' ἔμοι βίγῳν δόκεις Av. 935. SYN. Σάγος, διφθέρα.

Σπονδή, ἡς, ἡ, libatio, induciæ: a libation, treaty, truce. Phoen. 95. SYN. Χοή, δῶσια, ευχή. ER. Ἀκρητός, νεκτάρεια.

Σπονδοφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui libationes offert vel inducias fert, fetialis: libation-offering, truce-bearing. Acharn. 216.

Σπορά, as, ἡ, et Σπόρος, ου, ὁ, semen, progenies, sexus: seed, production, sex. Hec. 653. Theoc. 16. 94. SYN. Γόνος, γόνη, σπέρμα.

Σποράς, ἄδός, ἡ, sparsus: scattered. Ἡ νησιώτην σποράδᾳ κέκτηνται βίον Rhes. 697.

Σποργίλος, ου, ὁ, Sporgilus. Οὐ γὰρ ἐστὶ Σποργίλος Aves 300.

Σπορίμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sativus: fit for sowing. Φαινόμενος σπορίμοις Theoc. 25. 219.

Σπόρος. See Σπορά.

Σπουδάζω, ἄσω, festino; studeo: to hasten; to be anxious. Hec. 805. SYN. Ἐπιτηδεύω, μέλειμαι, πρόθυμῆμαι, σπεύδω, σπουδῇ ἔχω, τίθεμαι.

Σπουδαῖος, α, ὁ, studiosus, anxious, serius; probus: zealous, industrious, anxious, serious; good. Lysist. 96. SYN. Ἐπιμέλης, πρόθυμος, σπερχνός, χρηστὸς, σφδός, ἀγαθός.

Σπουδαρχίδης, ου, ὁ, magistratus ambiens: anxious for offices of state. Χρηστὸς οὐ σπουδαρχίδης Acharn. 595.

Σπουδαστὴς, α, ὁ, studendus: must be diligently attended to. Iph. A. 902.

Σπουδῇ, ἡς, ἡ, festinatio, studium: haste, zeal. Hec. 129. SYN. Τάχος, πρόθυμία, ἐπιθυμία, ἐπιμέλειά, ἀρετή.

Σπυρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, et dimin. Σπυρίδιον, ου, τὸ, sporta, corbis: a basket. Καὶ Κωπαῖδων ελθεῖν σπυρίδος Pax 1005. Δός μοι σπυρίδιον δῖαυε-

καυμένον λύχνω Acharn. 428. SYN. Κόφινος, κένον, τάλάρος.

Στάγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, Στάγων, ὄνος, Στάξ, ἄγος, ἡ, Στάλαγμος, ου, ὁ, et Στάλαγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, gutta: a drop. Pers. 618. Νίφαιτό δ' αἶμα στάγονά δ' ἐκ παρήτων Bacch. 756. Apoll. 4. 626. Antig. 1239. Φόνου στάλαγμα σὴν κατέσταζον γένυν Hec. 241. SYN. Δίψας, ῥάθμιγξ, ψέκας. ER. Δροσέρων, ὕγρον, αἰμάτηρον, ὕδρηλον, χλωρόν, νυτίον, ὑγρόβαλον.

Σταδαῖος, Σταδῖος, et Στάτος, ἡ, ὁ, statarius: standing, erect. Ἐγχετὶ σταδαῖα καὶ φέρασπιδες σάγαί Pers. 245. Καὶ ἐν σταδῇ ὁσμήν N. 314. 'Ὡς δ' ὅτε τις στατός ἵππος Z. 506. SYN. Ἐδραῖος, βεθαῖος, ὀρθῖος.

Σταδιδόραμῆμαι, stadio contendō: to strive in the course. Herc. F. 859. See below, and Δραμημα.

Σταδῖον, ου, τὸ, stadium; curriculum: a distance of 600 Greek feet, or about 200 yards; a course. Ὅδοι περίελλεῖν σταδῖα πλεῖν ἢ χίλια Aves 6.

Σταδῖος. See Σταδαῖος.

Στάξ, ξω, Στάλω, Στάλασσω, stillo: to drop. Θύρσαν γλῦκεια μελίτος ἑσταζον ῥοαί Bacch. 700. Στάλω Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valpiana citat ex Jacobs. Anthol. 9. 185. Στάλασσω invenias in Phoen. 1403. Vide Στάλαγμος in Στάγμα. SYN. Ἀποστάζω, κατάσταζω, ψέκάζω, λείβω, βέω.

Σταθευτός, ἡ, ὁ, adustus: parched. 'Ὁφει σταθευτός δ' ἡλίου φοίρη φλόγῃ P. V. 22. SYN. Φλόγιζομένους.

Σταθεύω, torreo: to parch, burn. Lysist. 378. See above. SYN. Οπτᾶω, θάλπω, αἰθύσσω.

Στάθμια, metior, conjicio: to measure, conjecture. Πλεθρου σταθμίσας μήκος εἰς ευγώνιον Ion 1137. SYN. Εξετάζω, εικάζω, στόχάζω, ὑποτύπω, τέκμαίρομαι, δοξάζω.

Στάθμη, ης, ἡ, regula: a rule, a measure. Ion 1514. See above. SYN. Κάνων, λάβη.

Στάθμυς, ου, ὁ, plur. Στάθμοι, et Στάθμα, stabulum; postis; libra, pondus: a stall, a fold; a door-post; a pound, a weight. Μάλιστα μύριον γέ δους χρυσοῦ στάθμόν Bacch. 800. SYN. Αὐλῖς, ἐπαυλῖς, πάραστας, ζυγός, τάλαντον. ER. Αργυρέος, ποιμητῖος, οἰσπόλος, ἀκρός, μυρίος, κοῖλος, οἰκέος, περιμήκης.

Στακτός, ἡ, ὁ, stillans, liquidus: dropping, liquid. Plut. 529. SYN. Ἰγρός, χυτός.

Στάλαγμα, et Στάλαγμος. See Στάγμα.

Στάλασσω, et Στάλω. See Στάξ.

Στάλιξ, ἰδός, ἡ, paxillus quo sustentur retia: a peg supporting nets. Αμπαῖων σταλῖκες Theoc. Ep. 3. 4. SYN. Ἰκριδῖον, πάσσαλός.

Στάμιν, ἰνός, ἡ, statumen: a rib in a ship. Ἀράρην δάμεινι σταμίνεσσιν ε. 252.

Σταμνῖον, ου, τό, Στάμνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, urna, urceolus: an urn, pitcher. Φέρετω κύλικά τις ἐνδόθεν καὶ σταμνῖον Lysist. 199. Plut. 545. SYN. Κάλπις, κεράμυς, ἀμφορεύς.

Στάξ. See Στάγμα.

Στάσιζω, f. ἰάσω, seditionem excito: to excite sedition, to be factious, to quarrel. Lysist. 768. See below. SYN. Διαστάτew, διστοταί, διχοστατew, ἐρίζω, ἀνᾱκινew, νευωτέρίζω.

Στάσιάρχος, ου, ὁ, auctor seditionis; coetus principes: an author of sedition; the head of a party. Καὶ στάσιάρχος τὰδε πεισοῦνόμεναι Aesch. Sup. 13.

Στάσις, ἐως, ἡ, factio, seditio; status: a fac-

tion, sedition; a state or condition. Androm. 475. See above. SYN. Δίχυστάσια, κατά-στημά, δαρύεος, τάραχῃ.

Στάσιωρον, ου, τὸ, caula montana (H. Steph. Vide tamen notas virorum eruditorum in l. ci-tato) : a mountain fold or den. Μηλοῦστα στα-σίωρον Cycl. 53. EXP. Στάθμῳ ὄρευνῶν.

Στάτηρ, ἥρος, ὁ, stater : a silver or gold coin, in silver worth about half a crown, in gold 13 shillings. Καὶ τοῦτ' πλεῖν ἢ μυρίων ἐστ' ἀξίον στατήρων (vers. hipponact.) Nub. 1041. SYN. Τετραδραχμὸς.

Στάτιζω, sisto; sto : to place; to stand. Διμοαὶ στατίζουσ' ἄς ἔπερσ' ἐμὸς πᾶτήρ Eur. El. 316. SYN. Ἰστημί, πᾶριστήμι.

Στάτος. See Σταδαῖος. Ὅτε τις στατὸς ἵππος Z. 506.

Σταυρὸς, οὐ, ὁ, vallis : a stake. Ω. 453. SYN. Σκόλοψ.

Στάφις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, uva passa : a raisin. Ἄ στα-φύλῃς στάφῖς ἐστὶ Theoc. 27. 9.

Στάφυλλῃ, ἡς, Στάφυλλῖς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, uva : a grape. Ἄνὰ σταφύλλαι παντοῖαι ἔασιν ω. 342. Theoc. 27. 9. SYN. Βότρυς. EP. Βακχίᾳς, ἀμπελῶδες, πῖον.

Στάφυλλῃ, ἡς, ἡ, perpendiculum architecto-nicum : a plummet. Στάφυλλῃ ἐπὶ νῶτον ἔισας B. 765.

Στάφυλλῖς. See Στάφυλλῃ.

Στάχυς, ὕος, ὁ, spica, seges : an ear of corn, a crop. Σπαρτίων στάχυς ἔβλαστέν Herc. F. 5. SYN. Λήϊον. EP. Χρυσόπῃλῃς, γηγενῆς, πύριμος, πόλυμπερος, ἀγλαῖος.

Στέαρ, ἄτος, τὸ, sebum, adeps crassus et densus : suet. Εκ δὲ στέατος (here scanned as a trochee) ἐνεικε μέγαν τρῶχον φ. 178. Draco, Strat. p. 40, asserts that α was long with the Attic, short in the Epic writers. SYN. Πιμέλῃ, λίπος.

Στέγάζω. See Στέγη.

Στέγανός, Στέγνός, ἡ, ὄν, opertus, tectus : covered, reserved. Δευκὴς χῖνος πτέρυγι στέ-γανός Antig. 114. Cycl. 323. SYN. Κάτηρέφης, συνέχης, σίωπηλός.

Στέγαστρον. See Στέγη.

Στέγη, ἡς, ἡ; Στέγος, ἑὸς, et Στέγαστρον, ου, τὸ, tectum; domus : a covering; a house. Hipp. 470. Pers. 146. Choëph. 971. EP. Πάν-δημος, ἀξένος, νυμφιδῖος, τύραννική, πορφυρεντική, ἀκλήϊστος.

Στεγνός. See Στέγανός.

Στέγος. See Στέγη.

Στέγω, Στέγάω, tego : to cover, protect. Hipp. 845. Soph. El. 781. SYN. Κάλυπτα, κά-ταστέργάζω, ἄμυνω.

Στεῖβα, calco : to tread upon. Helen. 868. SYN. Πάτew, περίβαλλω, ἐπεμβαίνω.

Στειλεῖ, et Στειλεῖον. See Στελέα.

Στεινόπρος, Ion. pro Στενόπρος, φ. v.

Στεῖνός, ἑὸς, τὸ, angustia; angustus locus : narrowness; a narrow place. Ψ. 419.

Στείνω, in arcum cogo, oppleo; med. suspiro : to crowd, cram; midd. to sigh. Ξ. 34. Hes. Theog. 160.

Στείνωπός, Ion. pro Στενώπός, φ. v.

Στεῖρᾶ, as, aut Ion. Στεῖρη, ἡς, ἡ, carina navis; juvenæ quæ nunquam peperit : the keel of a ship; a steer. β. 428. λ. 30.

Στειπτός, Στιπτός, ἡ, ὄν, calcaus : trodden. Philoct. 33. Acharn. 180.

Στεῖρός, Στερίφός, ἡ, ὄν, sterilis : barren. κ.

522. Στερίφῃ γὰρ εἰμὶ κοῦκ ἐκῆυσά πάπυτ' Thesm. 648. SYN. Ἀγνός, ἀπόκος, ἀκαρπύς.

Στείχω, Στίχᾶω, ordine incedo, vado : to march in order, to go. Med. 973. Βάθειος ἐστι-χῶντο B. 92. SYN. Βάδιζω, πορεύομαι, ὑπόχω-ρέω, ἐρχομαι.

Στελέα, Ion. Στειλεῖ, ἡς, ἡ; Στειλεῖον, οὐ, τὸ, manubrium : a socket, handle. Αἰθῖς ἐπὶ στελέῃ Apoll. 4. 957. φ. 422. ε. 236. SYN. Λάβῃ, ἀφή, κόπη.

Στελέχος, ἑὸς, τὸ, stipes, caudex : the stump or stem of a tree. Lysist. 336. SYN. Ρίζα, κορ-μὸς, κλαδός.

Στέλλω, ἐλῶ, instruo : to arrange, adorn, pre- pare for. Iph. T. 70. SYN. Ἀναστέλλω, συ-στέλλω, συόλιζω, σκενάζω, παρασκενάζω, περί-βάλλω, κοσμεῶ, περιστέλλω.

Στέμμα, ἄτος, τὸ, corona : a garland. Ion 480. SYN. see Στεφάνος.

Στεμματώω. See Στέφα.

Στέμφυλᾶ, τὰ, fraces, olivarum vel uvurum pressuram reliquæ : the remains of olives or grapes pressed. Βρύων μελίτταις καὶ πρόσβατοῖς καὶ στεμφύλοισι Nub. 45. SYN. Βρύτῃ, τά.

Στεναγμά, ἄτος, τὸ, Στεναγμός, οὐ, ὁ, et Στό-ναχῃ, ἡς, ἡ, gemitus : a groan. Heracl. 479. Phœn. 1054. Πάτροκλον τῶν δὲ στόναχῃ Ω. 512. SYN. Στόνός, οἰμωγῇ, ὀλδουρμός. EP. Ἴδῳ. PRR. Πένθιμος στεναγμάτων εισβόλῃ.

Στενάζω. See Στένω.

Στενακτεῖς, α, ὄν, ingemiscendus : must be lamented. Eur. Sup. 301.

Στενακτός, ἡ, ὄν, gemens; gemendus : la- menting; to be lamented, mournful. Herc. F. 909. SYN. Γόερὸς, ἀξιοθρήνός, στενακτεῖς.

Στενάχιζω, et Στενάχω. See Στένω.

Στενόκώκυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lamentum ciens : caus- ing bitter groans. Lysist. 449. See Κωκυτός.

Στενόλεσχέω, de rebus male subtilibus garrio : to chatter ignorantly about subtleties. Nub. 319. SYN. Λεπτοδολῶ, στωμίλλω.

Στενόπορθός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, arcum fretum habens : having a narrow channel. Iph. A. 167.

Στενόπυρός, Ion. Στεινόπυρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, an- gustus meatus habens : having a narrow passage, narrow. Androm. 1132. Iph. T. 891.

Στένός, Στενύρός, ἂ, ὄν, angustus : strait, narrow. Troad. 437. Μούνος στενυργῇ ξυντύ-χων ἐν ατραπῇ Simon. 200. SYN. Στενόπυρός, στενώπός, λεπτός, στενόχωρός.

Στέντωρ, ὀρός, ὁ, Stentor. E. 785.

Στενύτρος. See Στένός.

Στένω, Στενάω, Στενάχιζω, Στενάχω, gemo : to groan. Alceest. 307. Phœn. 1654. π. 188. Βάρυ δὲ στενάχοντός δ. 95. SYN. Στόναχέω, οἰμάζω, στονάχιζω, ἀναστενῶ, ὀδυρόμαι, ὀδύλλω.

Στενώπός, Ion. Στεινώπός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, angustus : narrow. Œ. R. 1399. Ap. R. 2. 1193. SYN. see Στένός.

Στεργήρῳ, ου, Στεργήμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, amoris illecebræ : an enticement to love, a charm. Hipp. 256. Trach. 1138. SYN. Φίλῃα, ἔρως, φίλτρον, δέλταρ.

Στέργω, amo ut parens; diligo; contentus sum; cupio : to feel natural affection; to love; to be content; to desire. Œ. R. 11. SYN. Ἀγαπάω, φιλῶ, ἀρκῶμαι, ἀρεσκόμαι, ἡμεῖρω.

Στέρεος, Στερβός, ἂ, ὄν, firmus : strong. P. V. 180. Androm. 98.

Στερέφρων, ὄνός, dura mente præditus : hard- hearted. Aj. 526. SYN. Δυστράπελός.

Στέρῶ, Στέρλισκω, privo: to deprive. Hipp. 839. Eur. Sup. 1103. SYN. Ἀποστέρῶ, ἀμείρῶ, ἀφαίρῶ, ορφάνιζω, πέρισυλάω, ζημιῶ.

Στέρῶς, firmiter: firmly. K. 263. SYN. Χάλεπῶς, ισχυρῶς, βέβαίως.

Στερίφος. See Στερίς.

Στερκτός, ἡ, ὄν, amabilis: lovely. CE. R. 1338. SYN. Ἀγάπητός, ἔραστός.

Στέρνον, ου, τὸ, pectus: the chest, breast. Phoen. 134. SYN. Στήθος. EP. Κάλλιστόν, ἱμερόεν, λαχρήν, λασίον.

Στερνοτύπης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, pectora tundens: beating the breast. Eur. Sup. 614. See Τύπος.

Στερουχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in gremio continens: holding in the lap. CE. C. 691. SYN. Πεδιούχος.

Στέρμαι, privor: to be deprived of. Phoen. 592.

Στερόπη, ἡς, Στεροψ, ὄπς, ἡ, fulgor; fulgur: brightness, splendour; lightning. Aesch. Sup. 35. Antig. 1127. SYN. Αστροπή, αστερόπη, σεῖα.

Στερόπηγέρτης, ου, ὁ, qui fulgur concitat vel congregat: lightning-exciting or gathering. II. 298.

Στεροψ. See Στερόπη.

Στερρός. See Στερεός.

Στερέφς, ἔος, τὸ, corium: a hide. Apoll. 4. 1349. SYN. Δέρμα.

Στεῦμαι, statuo; promitto: to resolve; to promise. Pers. 49. SYN. Ἵπδ' ἔχουμαι, ὑπόσχωμαι.

Στεφάνη, ἡς, ἡ, cinctura, ora: an inclosure, border. Πύργων ἐπ' ἄκρας στεφάνας ὅθι σοι Troad. 786. EP. Κἄλλ', εὐτυκτός, χρύσεια, εὐχαλκός, χαλκεία, θυσανδουεσσά.

Στεφάνηπλόκευ, coronam plecto: to weave a garland. Στεφάνηπλόκουσ' ἔσοσκ' Thesm. 455.

Στεφάνηφόρεω, coronam gesto: to wear a crown or garland. Herc. F. 777. See above.

Στεφάνηφόρια, Στεφάνηφόρια, as, ἡ, coronæ gestatio: the wearing of a crown. Eur. El. 862. Herc. F. 777. See below.

Στεφάνηφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, coronam gestans: crown-bearing. Στεφάνηφόρους ἀπωθῇ Bacch. 523. SYN. Κάταστεφής, ἐπηρέφής, πόλυστεφής, περίστεφής.

Στεφάνίζω. See Στέφω.

Στεφάνισκος, ου, ὁ, corolla: a little crown, a chaplet. Anaer. 5. 15. See below.

Στεφάνος, ου, ὁ; Στεφάνωμᾶ, ἄτος, Στεφός, ἔος, τὸ, corona; honos: a crown, garland; honour. Κάκοισιν οὐδὲς στεφάνῳ ἀνθαυρήσεται Herc. 654. Herc. F. 355. Med. 945. SYN. Στέμμα, περίδημᾶ. EP. Χρυσέος, χρυσόευνεκτός, πλεκτός, χλωροκόμς, κλεινωτάτος, καλλινικός, ουρανίος, καλλιπαῖς, πάτρωος, καλλιχόρος, κισσίνος, χρυσήλατός, περίθεδός, ἱερός, ἄσρος, χλοῦρος, νεοθῆλης, ἡδὺ πνέων, ἡδύπνους, τηλαυγής, βόδοις, εἰαρινός, ουρανίος, ταῦφυλλός, χρυσόκομς.

Στεφάνοφόρια. See Στεφάνηφόρια.

Στεφάνωα, See Στέφω.

Στεφάνωδης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, coronis aptus: fit for crowns or garlands. Iph. A. 1058. See Στεφάνος.

Στεφάνωμᾶ. See Στεφός.

Στεφός. See Στεφάνος.

Στέφω, Στεμματῶα, Στεφάνίζω, Στεφάνωα,

corono: to crown. Alcest. 774. Heracl. 530. Eq. 1221. Orest. 914. SYN. Ἀναστέφω, πέριστέφω, κοσμέω, περίκοσμέω, πύκάζω.

Στήθος, ἔος, τὸ, pectus: a breast. Sept. Th. 559. SYN. Στέρνον, θάραξ. EP. ἱμερόεν, λαχρήν, φίλον, ἀπάλον, αργυφέον, μετὰμάστιον, μέσον, γυρόν.

Στήλη, ἡς, ἡ, columna, cippus: a pillar, buttress, monument. Av. 1054. SYN. Κίον, στῦλος, μνήμα. EP. Προδελής. PHR. Πάριον λίθου λευκοτέρα.

Στημορράγγω, staminibus ruptis scindo, vel scindor: to rend, or to be rent by tearing the warp asunder. Στημορράγοῦσι ποικίλων εσθημάτων Pers. 841.

Στήμα, ὄνός, ὁ, stamen: the warp. Lysist. 519. EP. Λεπτός.

Στήριγμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, fulcrimentum: a strengthening, support. Iph. A. 617. SYN. Ἐρεισμά, ἐχμᾶ, ὑποδ' ἄθρον, στέρεωμᾶ.

Στηρίζω, ξω, firmiter figo, fulcio, firmo: to fix firmly, prop up, establish. Bacch. 1072. The active form of Στηρίζω frequently occurs in a neuter signification. SYN. Ἐρείδω, κράτυνα, ἴστυμι, ἐμπεδῶα.

Στησιχόρος, ου, ὁ, Stesichorus: a Greek lyric poet of Himera in Sicily. Simon. 10. 4. Stesichoriquē graves Camoenae Horat. Od. 9. 4. 8.

Στία, as, ἡ, lapillus: a pebble. Στιάων εἰσω δὲ μέλας λίθος ἠρήρειστο Apoll. 2. 1176. SYN. Ψήφος, λίθαξ.

Στιβάρος, ἂ, ὄν, firmus; gravis: strong; heavy. Ὁχρὲν' ἐπεὶ β' ἄλιον στίβαρης ἀπὸ χειρὸς ὄρουσεν N. 505. SYN. Στερρός, στερεός, βριάρος, αστεμφής, βάρυς, ισχυρός, κράτερός.

Στιβάρως, firmiter; graviter: strongly; heavily. M. 454. See above. SYN. Στερέως, στερρός, ισχυρός.

Στιβός, ἄδος, ἡ, stramentum: a pallet bed. Ἡμῶν δ' ἕκαστος στίβαδ' ἀπ' ἀρεκατπύετο Plut. 663. SYN. Στρωμνή, λέχος. EP. Χάμαι πέτης.

Στίβη, ἡς, ἡ, pruina: hoar-frost. Στίβη ὑπὸ ἡρ. 25. SYN. Πάχνη, αἰθρός, παγέτος. EP. Κάκη.

Στίβος, ου, ὁ, trames: a track, way. Προῦξερευνησ' ὁστίον Phoen. 90. SYN. Τρίβος, ὁδός, ἀτράπος, πάτος, ἵχνος. EP. Μεγὰς, περίφερής.

Στίγμα, ἄτος, τό; Στιγμός, οὗ, ὁ, punctio, nota: a puncture, mark, spot. Hes. Scut. 166. Aeschyl. Suppl. 846. SYN. Κηλὶς, ποικιλμᾶ, σπιδός.

Στιγματίας, ου, ὁ, stigmatē notatus: stigmatised, branded. Στιγματίας δ' ἀρπάλεος Lysist. 331., followed by ἀράμενη ταῖσιν ἐμαῖς.

Στιγμός. See Στίγμα.

Στίζω, ξω, pungo: to prick, brand. Ἐγὼ δ' ἀπὸ λαλα στίζομενος βακτηρία Vesp. 1287. SYN. Κάταστίζω, κεντέω, νύσσω, ποικίλλω, στίγματιζω.

Στικτός, ἡ, ὄν, maculosus: spotted. Bacch. 823. SYN. Κάταστικτός, αἰδός, ποικίλος, κατάστικτός, αἰδλόνωτός, βάλιός, κηλιδωτός.

Στιλβίδης, ου, ὁ, Stilbides: a famous Athenian soothsayer, in the Peloponnesian war. Ἡ σχίζα γοῦν ἐνημμένη τὸν Στιλβίδην Pax 1031.

Στίλβω, fulgeo: to shine, flash out. Orest. 474. SYN. Ἀποστίλβω, αστράπτω, λάμνω, αργάζω.

Στίλη, ἡς, ἡ, stilla; nummus minimus: a

drop; a mite. Τῖ οὐκ ἀποδοικόμεν ὅσον ὅσον στίλβον Vesp. 213.

Στιλπνός, ἡ, ὄν, fulgidus: shining, bright. E. 351. SYN. Λαμπρός, αστράπτων.

Στιλξ, ἰχθός, ἡ, ordo militaris: a rank of soldiers. Τῖ ὁρῶντά μῶν τάσσαντά πόλεμιον στίχας Heracl. 676. SYN. Στοιχῆς, τάξις, στίφος. ΕΡ. Πύκνῃ, κράτερᾳ, δολίχῃ.

Στιπτός, id. q. Στειπτός, q. v.

Στιφός, ἔδς, τὸ, turba, caterva: a crowd, a troop. Πόλεμον στίφος παρέχοντες Pers. 20. SYN. Ὀμιλός, πληθός, τάξις, στίξ, ἀγέλη, ἰλη, τέλδς.

Στίχῳ. See Στείχῳ.

Στιχηγῶρεῶ. See Στοιχηγῶρεῶ.

Στιχίος, οὐ, ὁ, Stichius: a Boeotian general in the Trojan war. Ἐκτωρ μὲν Στιχίον τέ O. 329.

Στιχός, οὐ, ὁ, ordo, modus: order, row, measure. Πρῶθ' ὅλον με τὸν στίχον Ran. 1237. SYN. Μέτρον.

Στλεγγίς, ἰδός, ἡ, strigil: a scraper. Ἐπεὶ τὸς οὐκ εἰρήχ' ὄρες ὡς στλεγγίδας Thesm. 556. SYN. Ψήκτρα.

Στόα, ποῖτ. Στοῖα, ἄς, ἡ, porticus: a porch. Acharn. 548. Eccl. 680. SYN. Αἰθουσά.

Στοιθεῖ, ἡς, ἡ, verbum supervacaneum, complemento versus serviens: a word foisted in. Ran. 1178.

Στοιχαῖδες, ὡν, οἱ, Stoechades: five islands on the coast of France. Στοιχαῖδες Αργήης Apoll. 4. 554.

Στοιχεῖν, οὐ, τὸ, elementum; umbra solis: element, first principle; a line on a dial. Eccles. 652.

Στοιχηγῶρεῶ, sive (ut Blomf. legit) Στιχηγῶρεῶ, ordine narro: to tell in order. Pers. 436. See Στιχός.

Στοιχίω, ἰσω, ordino: to set in a row, arrange. P. V. 493. SYN. Περίστοιχίω, μακρηγῶρεῶ, διάκοσμεῶ, διατάσσω.

Στόλη, ἡς, ἡ; Στόλισμα, ἄτὸς, τὸ, vestis: a garment, clothing, dress. Iph. A. 73. Hec. 1138. SYN. Εσθῆς, στολμός, ἀμπεχόνη, στολῖς, κόσμος. ΕΡ. Μελαινά, γυναικόμιμος, δῆλειά, ἀεικίς, δυσπίνης.

Στόλιδω, Στόλίω, induo: to put on, clothe. Phoen. 1768. (See Στολῖς, ἰδός.) Eur. Sup. 669. SYN. Αμφίσβαλλω, ἀμφιστέλλω, ἀμπίσχω, ἀμπεχῶ, περίσβαλλω, ἀμφιέννυμι.

Στόλις, ἰδός, ἡ, plica: the fold of a garment. Στολιδὲς ὑπὸ σφύροισι τείνουσιν σθέν Βαech. 924. SYN. Στολή, δέρμα. ΕΡ. Κρόκεσσά, παμποίκιλός.

Στόλισμα. See Στολή.

Στολμός, οὐ, ὁ, amictus: a clothing, dress. Herc. F. 525. SYN. Στολισμα, στολή.

Στόλδς, οὐ, ὁ, praeparatio; expeditio: arrangement; an expedition by land or sea. Hec. 1123. SYN. Πάρασκευή, στρατεία, ἐξόδος, πλοῦς, πληθός.

Στόμα, ἄτὸς, Στόμιον, οὐ, τὸ, os: a mouth, entrance. Ἀπὸ στόματων ὅπ' ἀκούσαι μ. 187. Δύντες πρὸς αὐτὸ στόμιον εἰ τὸν Αἰμόνος Antig. 2117. SYN. Εἰσβολή, ἐκβολή, εἰσόδος, μάσταξ. ΕΡ. Νεκτάρειν, τέρειν, κάλδιν, ἡδύν, λίγυρὸν, γῶρεον, ἰμέρδον, δολίον, αἰδῶν, ἀμπερσίον, ἀνυσίον, δεινόν, ἀφυλλόν, σάφροστάτον, ἄκρον, εὐπρόσγηδον, ἐτήτυμόν, πόντιον, εὐρημόν, ἄθροδον, ἀφενδὲς, ἀχιάλινον, εἰρῶδον, ἑλεῖνδον, ἐλευθέρων, νεκτάρειν, ἐρῶν, μακρόν, βάρύφθογο-

γόν, σκαῖον, ἀπύλων, μέγα, φθονέρον, σεμνόν, κάκογλωσσόν.

Στόμαλιννόν, οὐ, τὸ, aestuarium: a lake or inlet near the sea. Καὶ μὲν ἐς στόμαλιννόν ἐλαύνεται Theoc. 4. 23.

Στόμαργός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, loquax: babbling, trifling. Med. 525. SYN. Στόμαλγῆς, φλύαρός, ἀλάζων, ὑπέρκομπός, σπερμιλλόγῶς.

Στόμαστουργός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ore opus suum conficiens: one who mouths. Ran. 847. See Στόμα.

Στόμαχός, οὐ, ὁ, guttur: the throat, gullet. Ἡ καὶ ἀπὸ στόμαχους ἀρνῶν Γ. 292. SYN. Λαίμδς, φάρυγξ.

Στόμιον, οὐ, τὸ, os: the mouth. See Στόμα.

Στόμιον, οὐ, τὸ, frænum: a bit, bridle. Γνώμη στόμιον ἀτέρ ευθύων P. V. 295. SYN. see Χάλινός.

Στόμωδ, ὥσω, os obturo; acuio: to stop the mouth; to sharpen. Iph. T. 288. SYN. Οξύνω, παροξύνω, ἀποστύμωδ.

Στόμαζω, magnifice loquor: to talk big. Vesp. 720. SYN. Ἀλαζυνεύδω, κομπάζω, μέγα-λαυχεῶ, ὑψηλόλογεῶ, καυχᾶσθαι.

Στόμαφας, ἀκός, ὁ, ἡ, grandiloquus: speaking big, braggart. Ψόφου πλέων αὐσώτατον στόμαφακά κρημνποῖον (vers. hipponact.) Nub. 1370. SYN. Κομπαστής, ἀλάζων, μέγαλληγῶρδς, καυχῆτης.

Στόμωσις, ἔως, ἡ, acumen: an edge. E. R. 795.

Στόνᾳχεῶ, Στόνᾳχίω, gemo: to groan. Στόνᾳχῆσεται ἐξὸνδμήναι Hom. Hymn. 4. 253. ι. 13. SYN. see Στένω.

Στόνᾳχή. See Στέναγμα.

Στόνᾳχίω. See Στόνᾳχεῶ.

Στόνδεις, εσσά, ἐν, gemebundus: groaning. E. R. 187. SYN. Ἀγαστόνδς, γυῖερδς, πένθιμδς, στένακτός.

Στόνδς, οὐ, ὁ, gemitus: a groan. Sept. Th. 135. SYN. see Στέναγμα.

Στόνυξ, ὕχδς, ὁ, praecuta cautes: a sharp rock. Πετράϊω στόνυχι χρίμψε σφύρον Apoll. 4. 1679.

Στόρεῶ, Στόρνυμι, Στρώννυμι, f. στρώσω, sterno: to spread, to prostrate. Στόρεσας δέλω πρόπλινειν Anacr. 4. 3. Στόρνουσι legitur in Heracl. 702. Ἐστροφται λῆχος Med. 381.

Στόρχαζομαι, collineo ad scopum; conjicio: to aim at a mark; to conjecture. Antig. 241. SYN. Ευστόχεῶ, οἶμαι, εἰκάω.

Στόρχασμα, ἄτὸς, τὸ, collineatio ad scopum: an aim. Baech. 1194.

Στραγγεύδω, tempus tero: to linger. Nub. 131. SYN. Ἀνάσβαλλω, διάτρίβω.

Στραγγουρία, as, ἡ, stranguria: a strangury. Φάρμακον στραγγουρίας Vesp. 806.

Στραγγουρίδω, stranguria laboro: to be afflicted with a strangury. Στραγγουρίῳ γὰρ εχθὲς Thesm. 622.

Στράπτω, ψω, fulguro; fulgeo: to lighten; to shine. E. C. 1514. SYN. Αστράπτω, ἀποστράπτω, ἀπολάμπω.

Στράταρχός. See Στράτηγός.

Στράτεία, as, ἡ, expeditio militaris: an expedition. Iph. A. 495. ΕΡ. Δυστύχεσάτη, ὀλέθριδς, χιλιδναυς.

Στράτευμα, ἄτὸς, τό; Στράτιᾶ, ἄς, ἡ; Στράτῶς, οὐ, ὁ, exercitus: an army. Πᾶν στράτευμα Ἑλληνικόν Hec. 38. Καὶ μὴν Δανάων ὀδ' ἀπὸ στρατίᾶς Troad. 232. Baech. 1345. SYN.

Στῶλος, ἐξῶδος, στρατόπεδον. Ep. Ναυσίπυρον, χιλίωναν, βάρεάρων, ευρύ, πόλυ, ἄλιον, ἀικέλιον, φιλοπτόλεμον, ὀλόν, ἀννήθμον, κρᾶτερ, ἀμείλιχον, ἀρήιον. PHE. Κῆμα χερσαῖον στρατοῦ.

Στρατεύω, exercitum in expeditionem duco; milito: to lead an army on an expedition; to serve in war. Herc. F. 821. See above.

Στρατήγειω, Στρατήλατέω, exercitum duco: to lead an army. Διούν γέροντων δὲ στρατηγείται φύγη Heracl. 39. Οὐνέκα στρατηλάτειν Orest. 708. SYN. Ἠγεμόνευω.

Στρατήγία, ας, ἡ, munus imperatorum, peritia imperatoria: the office of a general, generalship. Τὴν δ' ἐμὴν στρατηγίαν Androm. 676. See above. SYN. Ἠγεμόνευμα.

Στρατηγικῶς, imperatorie: in a general-like manner. Αυτὸ καὶ στρατηγικῶς Av. 361. See Στρατήγειω.

Στρατήγιον. See Στρατόπεδον.

Στρατήγης, ιδὸς, ἡ, praetoria: of a general. Ἦν στρατήγιον πύλαις Aj. 49. Στρατήγης with Αρχὴ understood is used substantively and denotes praetura, a government, a command; see Eccles. 830. and 865. SYN. Στρατιώτης.

Στρατήγος, Στραταρχός, Στρατηλάτης, ου, ὁ, dux exercitus: a general. Rhcs. 132. Pyth. 6. 31. Orest. 567. Τὸν στρατηλάτην ἄγων Heracl. 862. SYN. Αρχός, ἡγέμων.

Στρατηλάτew. See Στρατήγειω.

Στρατηλάτης. See Στρατήγος.

Στρατιά. See Στρατευμά. Στρατία is also a P. N., Hom. B. 606.

Στρατιός, ὄν, ad exercitum s. ad bellum pertinens, militari more: belonging to an army or war, in a soldier-like manner. Μεγά καὶ στρατίον κατέπαρδεν Vesp. 616. Exp. Μεγά, φύβρον.

Στρατιώτης, Στρατωνίδης, ου, ὁ, et Στρατιώτης, ιδὸς, ἡ, miles, milites: a soldier, military. Εἰ μὴ κατέκνησας τοῖς στρατιώταις ἀλάβες Vesp. 965. ΑΛΛ' εἰ ὅτου πέρ ὁ πόλεμος στρατωνίδης Acharn. 596. Agam. 46. SYN. Ὀπλίτης, τευχιστής, αἰχμητής, ασπιστής, πύλεμιστής, μάχητής.

Στρατιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, militaris: military. Μῶν οὖν ὅμοιον καὶ γυλίου στρατιωτικοῦ Pax 527. SYN. Πόλεμικός, μάχιμος.

Στρατιώτης. See Στρατιώτης.

Στρατόμαντις, ἔως, ὁ, augur exercitus: soothsayer of the army. Κεδνὸς δὲ στρατόμαντις ιδῶν Agam. 120.

Στρατόνικη, ης, ἡ, Stratonice. Καὶ Στρατόνικη ὑμῶν οὐδεὶς Thesm. 807.

Στρατόπεδον, Στρατήγιον, ου, τὸ, castra, exercitus: a camp, army. Σκυλευμάτ' ἡ πᾶν στρατόπεδον πέρσειν δόκει Rhcs. 589. Προσμύλῶν στρατήγιον Aj. 721.

Στρατός. See Στρατευμα.

Στρατών, exercitum colloco: to post or encamp an army. Οἱ ῥά τὸτ' ἐστράτωντὸ Γ. 187. SYN. Σκηνώω.

Στρατωνίδης. See Στρατιώτης.

Στρέβλη, ης, ἡ, instrumentum nauticum: a screw. Aesch. Sup. 450. See below.

Στρέβλος, ἡ, ὄν, detortus, tortuosus: distorted, crooked. Ἐλθωσι στρεβλοῖσι πάλαιαμάσιν ἀντιλῶγοντες Ran. 878. SYN. Στρεπτός, καμπύλος, δύσκολος, σκολῖς, στράβος.

Στρέβλος, torqueo, distorqueo: to twist, distort, rack. Plut. 875. See above. SYN. Στρέφω, παοστρέφω, διαστρέφω, βάσανίζω, αικίζω.

Στρεπταγλός, ἡ, ὄν, fulgorem torquens (vox dithyramb. ab Aristoph. conficta): light-whirling. Nub. 334.

Στρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, tortus: twisted, pliant. Cycl. 225. SYN. Στρέβλος.

Στρέγγυμαι, paulatim tabesco: gradually to waste away. μ. 351. SYN. Στραγγεύμαι.

Στρέφεινέω, contorqueo: to turn and twist. Στρέφεινέθηεν δὲ οἱ ὅσσε Π. 792. SYN. Περὶ στρέφω, πείριδινέω, δινέω, τρῶχιδινέω, στρόφιδινέω.

Στρέφω, ψω, Ion. imp. στρέψασκόν, verto, torqueo: to turn, twist. Med. 1172. Σ. 546. SYN. Στρέφω, μεταστρέφω, κύλλω, δινέω, γνάμπτω, στρέβλω, στρόφάλιζω, στρωφῶ, τρέπω, στρόβέω.

Στρεψιάδης, ου, ὁ, Strepsiadēs. Ποῦ Στρεψιάδης ἐξεῖ τὸν ασκάντην λάβων Nub. 633.

Στρεψόδικέω, jus perverto: to pervert justice. ΑΛΛ' ὅσ' ἑμαυτῷ στρεψόδικῆσαι Nub. 433.

Στρεψόδικόπανουργία, ας, ἡ, versutia in pervertendis causis: villany in perverting justice. Πίκαν τὰχ' ὅψει στρεψόδικόπανουργίαν Av. 1468.

Στρήνης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, asper, acutus: sharp, rough. Apoll. 2. 323. SYN. Τραχύς. Exp. Ἀνὰ τέταμένος, καὶ μέγας, καὶ οξύς, καὶ διάτῶρος. Schol. in l. c.

Στρίβιλικίγξ, ne nauci quidem: not a whit. Οὐδ' ἂν στρίβιλικίγξ ἀλλ' ἀπὼν οἴμωζε ποι Acharn. 1035.

Στρέβω, agito: to agitate. Agam. 1187. SYN. Κινέω, στρέφω.

Στρόβιλος, Στρόμβος, ου, ὁ, turbo: a top, a whirlwind. Εὐδαιμόνεστέρος φάνει τῶν Καρκίνου στρόβιλων (vers. hipponact.) Pax 864. P. V. 1120. SYN. Τρόχος.

Στρόβος, ου, ὁ, vertigo: a turning. Agam. 640. SYN. Στρόφος, στρόβιον.

Στρογγύλος, η, ὄν, rotundus, globosus: round, globular. Στρογγύλαις ξυντρίβόμεν Nub. 1127. SYN. Τρόχιδειδης, μηνυδίδης, κύκλोटέρης, ἐγκύκλως.

Στρόμβος. See Στρόβιλος.

Στρουβὸν, ου, τὸ, dimin. a Στρουβός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, passerulus; passer: a little sparrow; a sparrow. Av. 1077. 877.

Στρουβός. See above.

Στρόφᾶδες. See Στρόφᾶς.

Στρόφαῖος, α, ὄν, versutus: shuffling, cunning. Plut. 1154. SYN. Στρέβλος.

Στρόφάλιγξ, ιγγός, ἡ, circumversio, gyros: a turning round, vortex, whirlwind. Πέριστρέφεται στρόφάλιγγι Arat. 43. SYN. Στρόμβος, στρόβος, συστρόβη.

Στρόφάλιζω, verto: to turn. Τῇ δὲ παρ' ἡλᾶκατα στρόφάλιζέτε σ. 314. SYN. see Στρέφω.

Στρόφᾶς, ἄδως, ἡ, quae circumagitur, tortuosa: turning round. Trach. 131. Στρόφᾶδες is also the name of two islands in the Ionian sea near Zacynthus, so called because it was believed that they were floating islands. See Apoll. 2. 296. Ζεύεσθαι Στρόφᾶδας δέ, &c., and Hygin. fab. 19.

Στρόφεις, ἔως, ὁ, cardo: a hinge. Thesm. 487. SYN. Στρόφιγξ.

Στρόφειω, Στρωφῶω, verto: to turn. Pax 175. N. 557. SYN. see Στρέφω.

Στρόφη, ἡς, ἡ, versio; strophe; versutia: a turning, distortion; strophe; trick. Herc. F. 927. SYN. Τρόπη, κάμψη, διαστρόφη, φώδη.

Στρόφιγξ, ιγγός, ἡ, cardo: a hinge,

pivot; a winding. Phœn. 1142. SYN. Στρυφή, στρόφειν, περίστροφά.

Στρώφιον, ου, τὸ, zona, redimiculum : a zone, kerchief for the head. Τὸ στρώφιον ἤδη λύεται μείμησθ' νῦν Lysist. 931. SYN. Στρώφος, περίδεσμός.

Στρώφιος, ου, ὁ, Strophius : the father of Py-lades. Agam. 854. See above.

Στρώφης, ἰδὺς, ἡ, homo versutus; laqueus : a shuffling fellow; a noose or knot. Πλεκτὰς ἱμάντων στρώφιδας ἐξάνησθαι Androm. 716. SYN. Πλεκτάνη.

Στρώφδινεῖν, in gyros circumagor : to wheel about. Στρώφδινονται (anap. dim.) Agam. 50. SYN. see Δινεῖν.

Στρώφος, ου, ὁ, funiculus; cingulus; tormina intestinorum : a cord, rope; a girdle; the gripes: Sept. Th. 869. SYN. Στρώφιον. EP. Χρύσεός.

Στρυμωδῶρς, ου, ὁ, Strymodorus. Τὴν Στρυμωδῶρον Θραττᾶν Acharn. 273.

Στρυμνῖος, α, ὄν, Strymonius : of the river Strymon. Pers. 874. See below.

Στρυμῶν, ὄντος, ὁ, Strymon : a river which separates Thrace from Macedon. 'Ρέεθρὸν ἀγνοῦ Στρυμῶνος θεοῦς δὲ τις Pers. 503. PHR. see Rhes. 345—350.

Στρυφνός, ἡ, ὄν, acerbus : harsh, severe. Στρυφνὸν καὶ πρίνινδον ἦθος (parcemic) Vesp. 872. According to Draco, p. 83. the υ was always long. SYN. Σκληρὸς, χάλειπός, στερῆς, τραχύς, ἄγριος.

Στρωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, et Στρωμνή, ἡς, ἡ, stratum, lectus : a coverlid, couch, bed. Nub. 37. Phœn. 432. SYN. Δέμιον, κάπαστρωμά, ευνή, κάλυμμά, λεκτρὸν, κοίτη.

Στρώννυμι. See Στρέων.

Στρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, stratus : spread, covered. Helen. 1260.

Στρωφᾶω. See Στρώφω.

Στυγάνωρ, ὄρς, odio viros prosequens : man-hating. "Ἴξε στυγάνωρ" αὐ Θέμισκυράν ποτε P. V. 749.

Στυγῆρὸς, et Στυγνός, ἡ, ὄν, invisus, tristis : hated, sad. Ἀλδχ' τὲ σὺ στυγῆρὸν θάνατον Med. 990. Στυγνὸν δ' ὄφρυν νείφος αὐξάνεται Hippol. 172. SYN. Στυγνός, ἀπεχθής, μισητός, γοῆρὸς, λυπηρὸς, σκυθρωπός, χάλειπός, ἐπιφθόνος.

Στυγερώπης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, torvo aspectu adspiciens : beholding with a stern look. Hes. Op. 194. See above. SYN. Σκυθρωπός, στυγῆρὸς.

Στυγερῶς, horrendum vel tristis in modum : horribly. "Ἢ κεν τις στυγερῶς Apoll. 2. 18. SYN. Φοβερῶς, χάλειπός, ἐπιπόνος.

Στυγέω, f. ἴσω et στύγω, 2. α. ἐστύγων, odio prosequor : to hate. Χῶσοι στύγουσιν ἀνδρίους μιάστροφας Eur. Electr. 683. SYN. Ἀποστύγῶ, μισέω, ἀπεχθαίρω, εχθραίνω, δυσχεραίνω.

Στυγμῆ, ἄτος, τὸ, quod aliquis odio habet : a hated object. Orest. 474. See above. SYN. see Στυγός.

Στυγητός, ἡ, ὄν, odio dignus : detestable. Ηρᾷ στυγητὸς πρὸς βίαν γυμνάζεται P. V. 612. SYN. see Στυγερὸς.

Στυγίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Stygius : Stygian. Helen. 1338. See Στύξ, Στυγός.

Στυγνός. See Στυγῆρὸς.

Στύγος, ἔος, τὸ, odium : hatred. "Ὡ δ' ἐμὲ μᾶνές τε καὶ θεῶν μέγα στύγος Sept. Th. 650. SYN. Μῖσός, στυγμῆ.

Στυλός, ου, ὁ, columna; fulcrum : a pillar ;

a support. Κῶμῶντ' αἰσῶ στυλὸν Εὐίου θεοῦ Eur. fr. Antiop. 32. 2. SYN. Κίον, στήλη.

Στυμφαῖδης, ὡν, αἱ, Stymphæides : of Stymphæ, a town in Epirus. Καὶ ἐν Στυμφαῖδῃ εἶεν Call. 3. 180. EXP. Ηπειρωτικά.

Στυμφαλίδης, ὡν, αἱ, Stymphalides : of Stymphalus, a town, river, lake, and fountain in Arcadia. Πλωιδὰς ὀρνίθας Στυμφαλίδας Apoll. 2. 1055.

Στυμφαλός, ου, ἡ, Stymphalus. B. 608.

Στύξ, ἡγός, ἡ, Styx : a river in hell. Κῶκυτός δ' ὅς δὴ Στύγος ὑδάτος κ. 514. EP. 'Ριγίστη, ὀπιδνότητη, ἀφθιτός, κωκάνεια, κελαινά.

Στυπαιδώνης, ου, ὁ, lini venditor : a tow-seller. Eq. 129.

Στυπός, ἔος, τὸ, stipes, caudex : a stem, trunk. 'Εσκέ δὲ τι στιβάρων στυπός Apoll. 1. 1117. SYN. Πρέμνῶν, στελέχος, κορμός. EP. Ηρόμηκες.

Στυρά, ὡν, τὰ, Styra : a town in Eubœa. Ηδ' οὐ Στυρά ναϊετάσκειν B. 539.

Στυφῆδανός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, decrepitus : worn out, battered. "Ὁ οὗτος οὗτος στυφῆδανὲ καὶ χοιρόθλιψ Vesp. 1364. This is the reading adopted by Brunck, instead of Τυφῆδανὲ. See Toup. in Suid. iii. 142.

Στυφέλιζω, ξω, disjicio; coercio; verberibus aut contumeliosis incesso : to disperse; to restrain; to beat or insult. 'Αλλοις ἐπ' ἐνώμα στυφέλιζων Antig. 139. SYN. Ὠθέω, ἀναστρέφω, πρῆπλάκιζω, λοιδορέω, κᾶκω, ὀνειδίζω.

Στυφέλισμός, οὔ, ὁ, injuria, contumelia : ill usage, insult. Ηνέσχέτο καὶ στυφέλισμούς Eq. 534. SYN. Λοιδόρια, ὕβρις, μέμψις, ὀνειδισμός, λάσθη.

Στυφέλος, et Στυφλός, ἡ, ὄν, asper, durus : rough, hard. Στυφέλλῃ βρέμει ἀκτὴ Apoll. 2. 323. Κεῖται δὲ χωρὶς σώμᾳ τὸ μὲν ὑπὸ στυφλοῖς Bacch. 1126. SYN. Τραχύς, σκληρὸς, τῶρα-χώδης, στερρός.

Στυφόκομπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cothurnix quædam : a kind of quail. "Ἦτο στυφόκόμπον τὴν κέφαλῃν πέπληγμένῳ Av. 1299.

Στύω, tenting laboro : to swell with lust. Βούλομαι καὶ στύομαι Acharn. 1220.

Στωμυλέωμαι, Στωμύλλω, et Στωμύλλομαι, loquax sum, nugar : to babble, to trifle. "Α στωμυλείται τοιαῦτ' ἀπὸ καθήμενα Eq. 1376. Pax 994. Thesm. 1083. SYN. Φλύαρέω, κὺλακεύω.

Στωμυλία, ας, ἡ, et Στώμυλᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, loquacitas : babbling. Καὶ στωμυλίαν ἐδιδάξας Ran. 1100. 973. SYN. Δαλία, ἀδόλεσχία, φλύαρία, αγκυνοῖα, πανουργία.

Στωμυλίσσυσλεκτάδης, ου, ὁ, qui fabulas colligit : a collector of chit-chat. Σὺ δὲ μὲ ταῦτ' ὦ στωμυλίσσυσλεκτάδῃ Ran. 841.

Στωμύλλω, et -ῶμαι. See Στωμυλέωμαι.

Στώμυλᾶ. See Στωμυλία.

Στωμυλός, ὄν, garrulus, nugator : babbling, trifling. Στωμυλὸς δευδὸς λέγειν Acharn. 428. SYN. Ἀδόλεσχός, ἀλλός, φλύαρός, ευτράπελός.

Σὺ, σοῦ, et Dor. Τύνη, τυ : thou, you. Καὶ σὺ πρὸς τέκνον ἐτι Med. 1011. Τύνη δ' Ἠφαίστοιο T. 10.

Συβάρειω, Sybaritico more vivo : to live like a Sybarite. Pax 343. See below. SYN. Τρύφᾶω.

Συβάρης, ἑως, ἡ, Sybaris : a city near Tarentum. 'Ἄκουε μὴ φεύγ' ἐν Συβάρει γυνή ποτε Vesp. 1435.

Συβάριτης et Συβέρτης, ου, ὁ, et Συβάριτης, ἰδός, ἡ, Sybarita : a native of Sybaris. Ἄνηρ Σὺ-

ἑαρίτης ἐπέπῃεν ἐξ ἁμαρτος Vesp. 1427. Theoc. 5. 5. Ρεῖτω χά Σὺδᾶρίτης ἐμὴν μελί Theoc. 5. 126.

Συδᾶριτικός, ἡ, ὄν, Sybariticus: Sybaritish. Αἰσθητικὸν γέλοιον ἡ Σὺδᾶριτικόν Vesp. 1259. See above.

Συδάρτης. See Σὺδᾶριτης.

Συδῖνη, ἡς, ἡ, theca ex corio suillo confecta: a case made of hog's skin. Thesm. 1197. See Jacobs. Anthol. 6. 143: 8. 23.

Συδῖσιν, ου, τὸ, grex suum: a herd of swine. Τόσσα σὺν συδῖσι ξ. 101.

Συδῶτης, et Συφορβός, οὗ, ὁ, subulcus: a swine-feeder. Τοιοῖ δὲ μύθων ἥρχε συδῶτης ρ. 184. Φ. 282. SYN. Ὑφορβός.

Συγγάμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conjux: a married person, husband, wife. Καὶ συγγάμοισι δυσμῆνες μάλιστα αἰεὶ Androm. 182. SYN. Σύνάμω, συνάδρος, σύζυγος, σύνεινός, συνοικὼν, σύλλεκτρος, συγκοίτης, γάμευτος, κηδεστής.

Συγγείτων, ὄντος, vicinus: neighbouring. Eur. Sup. 396. SYN. Σύγχωρτός, γείτων, πλησιώχωρός.

Συγγελάω, ἄσω, una rideo: to laugh along with. Eur. fr. Erechth. 2. 22. See Γελάω, ἄσω.

Συγγενεῖα, as, ἡ, cognatio: relationship. Εἰσηλθε συγγενεῖαν ἐννοουμένην Iph. A. 492. SYN. Κῆδος, κήδευμά.

Συγγενεῖρα, as, ἡ, communis mater vel soror: a common mother or sister. Συγγενεῖτερ' ἀδελφῶν Eur. El. 746. Pa ergo est brevis.

Συγγενής, ἔος, et Σύγγονός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adj. et subst., cognatus: related to, kindred, a kinsman. P. V. 14. Hipp. 1376. SYN. Ὁμόγενής, ὁμαιμός, σύγγονός.

Συγγενῶς, more consanguineo: in a kindred manner. Herc. F. 1284.

Συγγεωργός, οὗ, ὁ, socius in agro colendo: a fellow-husbandman. Plut. 223.

Συγγηθῶ, una gaudeo: to rejoice with. Helen. 726. SYN. Συγχαίρω, σὺνήδδομαι.

Συγγινόμεαι, una sum, adjuvo: to be with, to assist. Choëph. 239. See Γινόμεαι. SYN. Συμμάχῃομαι, συνεργῶ, σίνειμι, σίνουσιάζω, συμπράσσω, συμπάραστᾶτε, σὺνήδδομαι.

Συγινώσκω, f. γινώσδομαι, ignosco: to pardon. Androm. 832. See Γινώσκω. SYN. Συγχωρῶ, συγγνώμην ἔχω, φειδόμεαι.

Σύγνοιᾶ, as, Συγγνώμη, ἡς, et Συγγνωμὸσιν, ἡς, ἡ, venia: pardon. Σύγνοιαν ἰσχεῖν ὡς βιάζομαι τᾷδε Antig. 66. Vesp. 367. Τούτων δέμειναι συγγνωμὸσιν Trach. 1267. SYN. Ἀφεῖσις, χάρις, ἀνείσις.

Συγγνώμων, ὄντος, facilis in danda venia: forgiving. Med. 866. SYN. Ἐλέημων, οἰκτίρμων. Συγγνωστός, ἡ, ὄν, ignoscendus: pardonable. Hec. 1089.

Συγγυγίλλω, ἴσω, contorqueo: to roll with. Εὐστράτας καὶ συγγυγίλλισας Lysist. 974. SYN. Μέταστρέφω.

Σύγγονός. See Συγγενής.

Συγγραφεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, conscriptor: a writer. Acharn. 1151. See Γράφειν. SYN. Αἰγυγράφός, γράφειν.

Συγγραφέω, ψω, conscribo, pingo: to compose, paint. Thesm. 432. See Γράφω.

Συγκάβαρμός, ὅσω, concinno: to fit together. Τόνδε συγκάβαρμόσαι Aj. 922.

Συγκάβελλκῶ, una deorsum traho: to drag down along with. Αἰδὸς δέλοντος συγκάβελλκυσθήσεται Sept. Th. 610. See Ἐλκῶ.

Συγκάθεύδω, una dormio: to sleep along with. Eccles. 1001. SYN. Συγκάταδάρθῶ, συγκοιμάομαι, σὺνεύδω, σὺνενάζομαι, παράκαθεύδω, συγκοιτάζομαι.

Συγκάθημαι, consideo: to sit together. Vesp. 32. SYN. Πάρεζομαι, συνθακῶ, σὺνδρεύω, σὺνεδριᾶμαι.

Συγκάθιμι, f. ἦσω, una demitto: to let down together, to deposit. Helen. 1067. See Ἴμι.

Συγκάθιστημι, f. συγκάτασθήσω, una constituo: to settle along with, to confirm. Hipp. 294. SYN. Κάθιστημι, διατίθιμι, ἰδρύω, ἀνορθῶ, συντάττω.

Συγκάλέω, ἔσω, convoco: to call together. Συγκάλῶν ἐγχωρίου Æsch. Sup. 526. SYN. Κάλέω, σὺνάγω, σὺνᾶγείρω.

Συγκάλυμνος, οὗ, ὁ, velamen: a covering. Av. 1496. SYN. Κάλυμμά.

Συγκάλυπτῆς, α, ὄν, contendus: must be covered up. P. V. 532. See Κάλυπτος.

Συγκάλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, contactus: covered up. P. V. 505. See below. SYN. Ἐπηρεφής.

Συγκάλυπτο, contego: to cover up. Ἄ συγκάλυψαι παῖδες Phœn. 886. SYN. Περικάλυπτο, κατὰκάλυπτο, κρύπτο, πῆριστέλλω.

Συγκάμνω, Σὺνᾱπόκᾱμνω, simul laboro; adjuvo: to labour along with; to assist. P. V. 1095. Iph. T. 1347. SYN. Συμμοχθῶ, σὺνεργάζομαι, συμπῶνῶ, συσπειδῶ, σὺνᾱρήγω, συμπράσσω, σὺνεκκίμζω.

Συγκάσιγγινητή, ἡς, ἡ, Σύγκασίς, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, qui una frater vel soror est: an own brother or sister. Ὡ συγκάσιγγινητή τέ Iph. T. 801. Alcest. 421. SYN. Αὐτοκάσιγγητός, αὐτάδελφός, σὺνῶμαιμων, σύγγονός.

Σύγκασίς. See above.

Συγκάταβαίνω, f. ἐθῶμαι, una descendo; consentio: to go down with; to concur. Eumen. 1049. SYN. Σὺνέξειμι, προσκάταβαίνω.

Συγκάταγῶ, ἔω, una deduco: to restore together. Ἡ τὸν τύραννον συγκάταγειν ἡ παιδίον Thesm. 339.

Συγκάταδάρθῶ, una dormio: to sleep together. SYN. see Συγκάθεύδω.

Συγκάταεἶννυμι, ζεύξω, conjungo: to join together. Συγκάτεσκεται κᾱκῇ Aj. 123. SYN. Κάταεἶννυμι.

Συγκάταίθω, comburo: to set fire to together. Antig. 1202. SYN. Κάτακαίω.

Συγκάτακειμαι, una jaceo: to lie near, or with. Eq. 612. SYN. Πρόσκεμαι, σύγκειμαι, συγκάτακλινόμεαι, παράκειμαι, λέχους κοινωνῶ.

Συγκάτακλίνω, Συγκλίνω, ἰνῶ, accumbere facio: to cause to lie down with. Nub. 49. Alcest. 1109. See Κλίνω.

Συγκάτακτείνω, Συγκάτᾱκτενῶ, una interficio: to slay with, to join in killing. Καὶ συγκάτεκταν γάρ Orest. 1088. Aj. 230. SYN. Συμφυνῶ, συγκάτεργάζομαι, συσφάττω.

Συγκάταμίγνυμι. See Συμμίγνυμι.

Συγκάτασκάπτω, ψω, una diruo: to destroy with. Rhes. 392. SYN. Σὺναιρῶ, συνδιαφθείρω.

Συγκάτεργάζομαι, una conficio: to despatch along with. Herc. F. 1018. SYN. Συγκάτακτείνω.

Συγκάτευχῶμαι, Σὺνενύχδομαι, una precor: to pray together. Antig. 1336. Helen. 646.

Συγκάτοικῶ. See Σὺνναίω.

Συγκάτοικίζω, ἴσω, colloco: to place along with. Hipp. 642. SYN. Κάτοικίζω.

Συγκάτοικτίζω, f. ἰῶ, commiseror: to pity.

Trach. 535. SYN. Συναλγέω, συγκλάω, συμπάσχω, συλλυπῶ.

Συγκειμαι, una positus sum; consto; constituor: to lie together; to consist or be composed of: to be settled. Rhcs. 215. SYN. see Συγκ- κατάκειμαι.

Συγκελεύω, σω, una jubeo vel hortor: to join in commanding or encouraging. Iph. A. 892. SYN. Συμπάραυνέω.

Συγκεράννυμι, Συγκίρνημι, commisceo: to mingle together. Ion 409. Eccles. 836. SYN. see Συμμίγνυμι.

Συγκίρνημι. See above.

Συγκλάω, άσω, confringo: to break off. Ευγκλάσασα τέτταρα Eccles. 1031. SYN. Συνάρασσω, συνθλάω, συνθραύω, συντρίβω, άποτρίβω.

Συγκλείω, Συγκληρίζω, σω, concludo: to close. Hipp. 500. Ion 244. SYN. Κατάκλειω, καθείργω, συνέιργω.

Συγκληρίζω. See above.

Σύγκληρδς, ου, ό, ή, consors: a colleague. Heracl. 32. SYN. Μέτ'όχδς.

Σύγκλητδς, ου, ό, ή, convocatus: called together, convened. Iph. A. 301.

Συγκλινής, ές, ό, ή, prope accubans: reclining near, inclining towards. Τό συγκλινές επ' Αίαντι Ran. 1294. Sic ευκρινής habet secundam brevem a κλίνω, κλινώ, ut in illo Hesiodi, Op. 2. 288.: Τήμος δ' ευκρινές τ' αύραι. Tamen επικλινής a κλίνω habet penult. longam in loco q. v. ad vocem.

Συγκλίνω. See Συγκατάκλίνω.

Συγκλδνέω, conturbo: to throw into confusion. N. 722. SYN. Συντάρασσω, συγκρούω.

Συγκοιμάδμαι, una dormio: to sleep with. Agam. 1229. SYN. see Συγκάθεύδω.

Συγκοίμημα, άπδς, τδ, concubitus: a concubinage. Androm. 1262. SYN. Σύνουσία.

Σύκοιτδς, ου, ό, ή, consors lecti: a bed-fellow. Pyth. 9. 42. SYN. Σύνευνδς, όμεινέτις, σύλλεκτρός.

Συγκολλάω, conglutino; compono: to glue together; to settle. Vesp. 1036. SYN. Συναρμόζω, συνίστημι, συντίθημι, συνάπτω, προσκολλάδμαι.

Συγκολλήτδς, ου, ό, consarcinator: a vamped, forger. Nub. 446. SYN. Συναρμιστής.

Συγκόλλω, apte: fitly. Aesch. Sup. 316. SYN. Αρμόδιως, πρόσσηκτως.

Συγκόμιζω, conveho: to carry together, convey. Aj. 1048. SYN. Εκκόμιζω, εκφύρέω, κηδεύω, συνεκκόμιζω, συνεκφέρειω.

Συγκόπτω, concido: to cut to pieces. Nub. 1426.

Σύγκρασις, έως, ή, commistio: a mixture. ΑΛΛ' εστ'ι τις σύγκρασις άστ' έχειν κάλως Eur. fr. Acol. 6. SYN. Σύμμιξις, επίμμιξις.

Σύγκρατδς, η, όν, commistus: mingled, joined. Καί μὴν έσθ'όω τδδ'ε σύγκρατον Androm. 494.

Συγκράτνω, ύνω, commolior: to seize firmly. Bacch. 1092. See Κράτνω.

Συγκρίνω, ύνω, secerno: to separate, select. Apoll. 4. 681. See Κρίνω. SYN. Διάκρίνω, εκκρίνω, εκλέγω.

Συγκρότνω, collido: to beat together. Eq. 469. SYN. Συγκρούω, συμπλάτ'άγέω, συνάγω, συγκαθίστημι, συσκευάζω.

Συγκρούω, complodo: to clap. Pax 1061. SYN. Συγκρότ'έω, συμβάλλω, συνάπτω, συνάραττω, συνωθέω.

Συγκρύπτω, ψω, celo: to conceal. Iph.

T. 1053. SYN. Συγκάλύπτω, κρύπτω, κάλύπτω.

Συγκτερείζω, una sepelio: to join in burying. Apoll. 2. 840. SYN. Συνθάπτω.

Συγκικαώ, commisceo: to throw into confusion. 'Ηστραπτ' έσρόντα ξυνέκυκα την Έλλαδα Acharn. 530. SYN. see Συμμίγνυμι.

Συγκιναγδς, ου, ό, ή, venationis socius: a companion in hunting. Ω συγκιναγέ καί ξυνεκτράφεις έμοι Iph. T. 710. SYN. Συνθηρευτής.

Συγκίπτω, simul inclino: to bend together. Vesp. 570. SYN. Συγκλίνω, ύποκύπτω, συγκάμπτω.

Συγκίρω, f. ρσω, evenio: to happen. Ion 1447. See Κίρω. SYN. Συντυγχάνω, επιπίπτω, συμβαίνω, επιτυγχάνω.

Συγκωμάζω, f. σω, Dor. ξω, simul comessor: to revel together. Olymp. 11. 16. SYN. Συγχορεύω, μετάδαινύμαι, συνευαχέω, συμπίνω.

Σύγκωμδς, ου, ό, ή, socius comessationis: a fellow-reveller. Acharn. 263.

Συγχαίρω, una gaudeo: to rejoice with. Pax 1317. SYN. Σύνηδύμαι, επιχαίρω, επιγηθέω.

Συγχειμάζω, una in hibernis sum: to winter with. Plut. 848.

Συγχεώ, f. εύσω, l. a. έχά et έχενά, commisceo; confundo; mœrore adificio: to mingle together; to confound; to distress. Iph. A. 37. SYN. Συμμίγνυμι, συγκικαώ, συντάρασσω, συγκεράννυμι.

Συγχορεύω, una choreas exerceo: to join in the dance. Av. 1761. SYN. Συγκωμάζω.

Σύγχορτδς, ου, ό, ή, conterminus: bordering on. Aesch. Sup. 6. SYN. Όμδρδς, γείτων, πλησιόχωρδς.

Σύγχυσις, έως, ή, confusio: confusion, disorder. Σύγχυσίν τε μὴ νέων Iph. A. 354. SYN. Τάραχή. Ep. Πικρά.

Συγχάννυμι, f. ώσω, aggere communio: to pile up. P. V. 1085.

Συγχαρέω, ήσω, concedo: to yield. Iph. T. 742. SYN. Ίπέικω, μέθιμι, σύμφημι, πάραχωρέω, συγγινώσκω, συμφωνέω.

Συγχαρητέος, α, όν, concedendus: must be conceded. Cē. C. 1426. SYN. Συγγνωστδς.

Σύδην, tumultuose: tumultuously. Τών λειμμένων σύδην Pers. 486. SYN. Τάχ'έως, μίγδα.

Συέννέσις, έως, ό, Syennesis: a Persian, vice-roy of Alicia. Συέννέσις τε πρώτδς εις ευφυχίαν Pers. 332. Qui tamen locus primæ quantitatē non determinat.

Συζεύγνυμι, f. ζεύω, conjungo: to join together, to unite. Φίλοι γυναικες τινί πότμω σύνεζυγην Helen. 254. SYN. Σύνάπτα, συντίθημι, συγκαλλάω.

Συζύγιος, α, όν, conjugalis: conjugal. Συζύγια χάριτες Hipp. 1142. Συζύγια is used as a subst., conjunctio, union, in Hipp. 1128.

Σύζυγδς, ου, ό, ή, conjux: a yoke-fellow, husband, wife. Έμ'ών έάν δ'ε σύζυγον λάβω τινά Plut. 945. SYN. Σύγγαμδς, όμύγαμδς.

Σύζωια, άπδς, τδ, cingulum: a girdle. Aesch. Sup. 471. See above. SYN. Ζώνη, ζώμα.

Συζώννυμι, f. ζώσω, accingo: to gird together. Thesm. 255. See Σύζυγδς. SYN. Αναζώννυμι.

Συκάζω, Συκόλδγέω, ficus lego: to gather figs. Av. 1699. Pax 1347. See Συκόν. SYN. Συκά τρύγ'άω.

Συκῆν, Συκῆ, ἥς, ἡ, ficus: a fig-tree, a fig. ω. 340. Οὐ φῦτόν οὐ συκῆ οὐκ ἀμπελος ω. 245. ΕΡ. Γλυκεῖα, ἀγρία, μέλαινα, διφῶρς, εὐκαρπὺς.

Συκιδίων, ου, τὸ, ficus: a little fig. "Ὡστὲ σὲ τὰ τ' ἀμπελίαν καὶ τὰ νῆα συκιδία (trisyll.) Pax 598.

Συκίνος, η, ὄν, ficulnus: of a fig-tree or fig. Καὶ σῦκινον τοῦτον τὸν ἰσχυρὸν δέον Plut. 946.

Συκίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, plantarium ficuum: a fig plantation. Εἰτὰ πὰρὰ τὸνδὲ νῆα μοσχιδία συκιδίων Acharn. 996.

Συκιδόγω. See Συκάζω.

Συκόν, ου, τὸ, ficus, fructus; ficosus tumor: a fig; a swelling in the eye. Στάφυλῃ σῦκον δ' ἐπὶ σόκῃ η. 121. SYN. Συκῆ, συκῆ.

Συκοπέδιλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ficulneus calceos gestans, vox comica notans sycophantam: wearing fig-tree slippers. Πλὴν Δωροῦ συκοπέδιλε Eq. 529.

Συκοφαντέω, falso calumnior: to accuse falsely. Συκοφαντήσιν τινά Vesp. 1196. SYN. Διάβαλλω, λοιδορέω, ὑνειδίζω.

Συκοφάντης, ου, ὁ, Συκοφαντρία, as, ἡ, sycophanta: a false accuser. Καὶ συκοφάντης εἰ τίς ἦν ὠνείδισας An. 533. Καὶ σὺ συκοφαντρία Plut. 971.

Συκοφαντία, as, ἡ, calumniosa delatio: a false accusation. "Ὡς οὐτὸς ἦδῃ Καίκας καὶ συκοφαντίας πνέι (vers. hipponact.) Eq. 437.

Συκοφαντρία. See Συκοφάντης.

Συλῶ, Συλεύω, Συκυένω, spolio; eripio: to plunder; to snatch from. Μὴ τί συλάται βίος Hipp. 799. Ω. 436. Phœn. 1432. See Συκλύν. SYN. Ἀποσυλῶ, ἀποσπέρω, ἀφαιρέω, ἐρημόω.

Συλήτωρ, ὄρς, ὁ; Συλήτειρά, as, ἡ, prædator, prædatrix: a plunderer. Æsch. Sup. 934. Herc. F. 377. See above. SYN. Ληστής, ληστής.

Συλλάβῃ, ἥς, ἡ, syllaba; plica: a syllable; a fold. Eur. fr. Palam. 2. 2. See Λάβῃ.

Συλλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, (1) comprehendo: to seize; (2) cum dat. adjuvo: to assist. Τῷ γὰρ πονούντῃ καὶ δέδς συλλαμβάνει Eur. fr. Tem. 3. SYN. Λαμβάνω, συµµάρπτω, συνάλλωσκω, συμπύννω, συγκάμνω, συµβήθηένω.

Συλλέγω, ξω, colligo: to collect. Acharn. 397. SYN. Συνᾶθροίζω, συνάγω, συνάγειρω, συναίρω, θησαυρίζω.

Συλληθῶν, summam: summarily. Plut. 646. SYN. Συντόμως, ἀπλῶς, ὕλως, βράχῃς.

Συλληπτωρ, ὄρς, ὁ, adjutor: an assistant. Iph. T. 95. SYN. Συνεργός, συνᾶρωγός, σύμμαχος, συµβήθης, ἀλεξητήρ.

Συλλογή, ἥς, ἡ, collectio: a collection. Sept. Th. 663. SYN. Ἀθροισµά, συναΐς.

Σύλλογος, ου, ὁ, concio: an assembly. Helen. 877. SYN. Συνόδος, δηγήρις, ἐκκλησία, ἄθροισις, πᾶνήρις.

Συλλῶ, ὕσω, una solvo; concilio: to help to unbind; to settle. Aj. 1317. See Λῶ. SYN. Διάλλω, συναλλάσσω, λῶ.

Συμβαίω, ἐθήσομαι, accedo; convenio; consensio: to happen; to meet; to agree. Iph. T. 1056. SYN. Συνέρχομαι, συγγίνομαι, συγχωρέω, εντυγχάνω, συβάλλω, συμφωνέω, συντίθεμαι.

Συμβακχεύω, una bacchor: to join in Bacchanian revels. Bacch. 715.

Σύμβακχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui una cum aliis bacchatur: a fellow-bacchanalian. Troad. 502. SYN. Βάκχη.

Συμβαίνω, ὕσω, una solvo; concilio: to help to unbind; to settle. Aj. 1317. See Λῶ. SYN. Διάλλω, συναλλάσσω, λῶ.

Σύμβασις, ἔως, ἡ, compositio: agreement. Σύμβασιν ποιοῦμένου Eur. Sup. 749. SYN. Συνηµόσυν, καταλλάγῃ, συναλλάγῃ, ὁµολογία, ξυνθήκη.

Συµβδαιών, ου, τὸ, pactum; necessitudo: a contract; intimacy. Ion 414. SYN. Συνθήκη, σύµβασις, συναλλάγῃ, σύµβδλόν.

Συµβδῶ, obvius fio (vid. tamen Gloss. Blomf. in l. infr. c.): to meet, to give the watchword. Sept. Th. 345. SYN. Συναντῶ, συντυγχάνω, συµβάλλομαι, συγκίρω.

Συµβδῶ, ἥς, ἡ, pactum, congressus: an engagement, conflict. Pers. 356. SYN. Μάχη. ΕΡ. Βαρεῖα.

Σύµβδλόν, ου, τό; Σύµβδλδς, ου, ὁ, indicium, tessera, auspiciu, pactum: a proof, token, augury, compact. Ion 1385. P. V. 496. Σύµβδλδς is also used in the sense of obvius; augur: one who meets another; an augur. Æsch. Sup. 511. SYN. Σηµεῖον, τέρας, σύνθηµά, οἰωνισµά.

Συµβουλεύω, consulo, suadeo: to deliberate, advise. Nub. 794. SYN. Συµμητιᾶμαι, βουλεύω, συµπᾶραινέω, συγκελεύω.

Συµβουλόμαι, una volo: to wish along with. Hec. 373.

Σύµβουλδς, ου, ὁ, consiliarius: a counsellor. Pers. 180. SYN. Συµφράδμων, βουλευτής, συνίσταω, συνέδρδς.

Συµῶ, ὕσω, constipo: to crowd together. Συµεῖσυσμένοι πύκνον Vesp. 1105. See Επίῶ.

Συµμανθᾶνω, condisco: to learn together. Aj. 869. See Μανθᾶνω.

Συµάρπτω, ψω, corripio: to grasp, to seize. Cycl. 396. SYN. see Συλλαµβάνω.

Συµάρπτω, ὕρδς, ὁ, qui una testis est: a joint witness. Antig. 846. See Μάρτυρ.

Συµαρτῦρέω, una testor: to bear testimony along with or to. Καὶ σὺ μοι συµαρτῦρῃς Hipp. 286. SYN. Ἐπίµαρτῦρέω, συνέπαινέω.

Συµμάχῳ, Σύνεκαχέω, auxiliior: to be an ally in battle, to assist. Eur. fr. Pirith. 6. 3. Lys. 1156. See Σύμμαχος. SYN. Συνάρηγῳ, συμπαρσάτῳ, συνᾶµιλλᾶμαι, συνίστάμαι, ἐπικουρέω, συνᾶµνω.

Συµμάχια, as, ἡ, societas in bello: an alliance in war. Ἡ συµμάχια δ' οὐ διὰ σὲ τοῖς Αἰγυπτιῶσι Plut. 178. SYN. Ὀμαιχμία, κοινωνία, ἀρηΐς, φίλια.

Συµμαχικός, ἡ, ὄν, socialis: auxiliary. Τὸ συµμαχικὸν αὐ τοῦθ' ὅτ' ἐσκόποῦµεθα Eccles. 193. See below.

Σύμμαχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pugnae socius, defensor: an ally in war, a supporter. Σύμμαχος πέφυκε πῶς Eur. fr. Alop. 2. SYN. Συνασπιστής, ἐπικουρός, συλλήπτωρ, ἀλεξητήρ, συνᾶρωγός.

Συµμετέχω (a. 2. συµμετέσχον), Συµμετίσχω, una particeps sum: to share with. Συµμετασχόντες δῶρδς Eur. Sup. 658. Antig. 537. SYN. Μετέχω.

Συµμετρέω, una metior: to measure with. Συµμετροῦµένος χρόνῳ OE. R. 73.

Σύµμετρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, accommodatus, similis: suitable, proper, like. Συµμετρον τῷ σῶ κᾶρα Ghoëph. 221. SYN. Ὀμοῖδς, σύνφοδς.

Συµμηστωρ, ὄρς, ὁ, consiliarius: a counsellor. Apoll. 1. 228. SYN. Σύµβουλδς.

Συµμητιᾶμαι, una consilium in eo: to consult

together. Κάλειον συμηγιάσθαι K. 197. SYN. see Συμβουλεύω.

Συμμίγῃς, εἶδος, Σύμμικτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, commistus : mixed together, blended. Sept. Th. 738. See Ἀμμίγᾶ. Eur. fr. Thes. 7. 1. SYN. Μικτός, συμπλεκῆς, σύμφυρτος.

Συμμίγνυμι, Συμμίσγω, et Συγκάτἀμίννυμι, commisceo : to mix together. Εσθλὸν ου συμμίγνυται Ion 1017. Theog. 214. Here. F. 674. SYN. Ἀνάμιννυμι, συγκεράννυμι, συγκίρηνυμι, συγκύκλω, συμβάλλω, συντάρασσω, συμπἀράμιννυμι, σύμφωρ.

Σύμμικτος. See Συμμίγῃς.

Συμμίσγω. See Συμμίγνυμι.

Σύμμοιλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, concinens : harmonizing with. Ion 163. SYN. see Σύμφωνος.

Συμμοχθεῖω, simul laboro : to labour with. Iph. T. 691. SYN. see Συγκάμνω.

Συμμύω, ὥσω, comprimo : to be closed. Σὺν δ' ἔλκεᾶ πάντα μέμκεν Ω. 420. See Μύω. SYN. Συγκλείδωμαι.

Συμπαίω, colludo : to play with. Ω. R. 1109. SYN. Συγκωμάζω, συγχαίρω, συνᾶθύρω. Συμπαίστριᾶ, as, ἡ, socia lusum : a play-fellow. Συμπαίστριᾶς (iamb. monom.) Ran. 412.

Συμπαίω, impingo : to dash against. Soph. El. 727. SYN. Εισπαίω, πταίω, προσκρούω, προσβάλλω, προσκόπτω.

Συμπάραυνῶ, simul hortor : to recommend. Av. 852. SYN. Συγκέλευω.

Συμπἀράμιννυ, commisceo : to mix together. Plut. 719. Nu brevis, ut in δεικνύω. SYN. see Συμμίγνυμι.

Συμπἀραστᾶτέω, Συμπἀρίστημι, f. ἦσω, adsto ; auxilium fero : to stand by ; to succour. Ζηνὶ συμπἀραστᾶτεῖν P. V. 226. Ω. C. 1340. See Ἰστημι. SYN. Συμμάχέω.

Συμπἀραστᾶτης, ου, ὁ, adjutor : an assistant. Philoct. 675. See above. SYN. see Σύμμαχος.

Συμπἀρίστημι. See Συμπἀραστᾶτέω.

Σύμπας, αἰᾶ, ἄν, simul omnis : all together. Hipp. 1277. See obs. in Ἄπας. SYN. Ἄπας, πᾶς.

Συμπᾶτάσσω, ξω, collido : to dash against. Καὶ ξυμπᾶτάξαντες μέσον πάντα στράτον Eur. Sup. 709. SYN. Συγκρούω, συμπαίω, συμπλήσσω.

Συμπέμπω, ψω, simul mitto : to send with. Iph. T. 1330.

Συμπευθεῖω, una lugeo : to mourn together. Choëph. 193. SYN. Συναλγέω, συσπένάζω.

Συμπεραίνω, ἄνω, una perficio : to help to finish, to close together. Med. 883. SYN. Συγκάμνω, συντέλλω, συνεργάζομαι.

Συμπερῶ. See Συμπορθεῖω.

Συμπέγγνυμι, ξω, compingo : to fix together. E. 902. SYN. Σύνᾶπτο, συμμίγνυμι, συνάγω, συνᾶθροίζω, συγκολλάω, συνδέω.

Συμπίνω, una bibo : to drink along with. Συμπῆς εκ κραυπᾶλης Acharn. 276. See Πίνω.

Συμπίπτω, Συμπίτνω, incido, contingo : to fall upon or together, to happen. Trach. 20. P. V. 441. SYN. Εμπίπτω, εμβάλλω, συντυγχάνω, συνέρχομαι, κάταντάω, προσπίπτω.

Συμπλάσσω, confingo : to form. Hes. Theog. 571. SYN. Μηχανάομαι, τέχναζομαι, συμπλέκω.

Συμπλάτᾶγέω, manibus complosis strepo : to clap the hands. Χερσὶ τῇ συμπλάτᾶγησέν Ψ. 102. SYN. see Συγκρότῶ.

Συμπλέκω, ξω, complico, conjungo : to fold or

join together. Bacch. 789. SYN. Εμπλέκω, σὺνείρω, συναρμύττω, συνδέω, συγγίνομαι.

Συμπλέω, εἶσω, una navigo : to sail together or with. Iph. T. 601. PHR. Κονὴ ναυτίλλομαι.

Συμπληγᾶς, et Πληγᾶς, ἄδως, ἡ, rupes ad maris et speciatim Euxini fauces : a rock at the entrance of the sea, especially of the Euxine. Ἕκουσιν εἰς γῆν κυάνειαν Συμπληγᾶδα Iph. T. 242. Apoll. 2. 527. Generally used in the plural : Κόλλων ἐς αἶαν κυάνεας Συμπληγᾶδας Med. 2. PHR. see Apoll. 2. 318—324.

Συμπλήγηδον, collidendo : dashing at the same time. Theoc. 24. 55. SYN. Συλλήδην.

Σύμπλους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, una navigans : sailing along with. Helen. 1206. SYN. Συναύτης, συνναυδάτης.

Συμπνέω, πνεύσω, conspiro : to conspire, combine. Agam. 180. SYN. Συμφυσᾶω.

Συμπῶδιζω, impedio : to fetter. Ran. 1512. SYN. Εμπῶδιζω, σὺνείργω, κωλύω.

Συμποίεω, una facio : to co-operate. Thesm. 158. See Ποίεω. SYN. see Συμπόνεω.

Συμποιμαίνω, una pasco : to feed together. Alcest. 594.

Συμπόνεω, una laboro : to labour with, assist. Helen. 328. SYN. Συμποῖεω, συγκάμνω, συνεργάζομαι, συμπράσσω, συλλαμβάνω, ἐπικουρέω, συνδράω, σὺνἐφάπτωμαι.

Συμπόνηρέυομαι, simul eum alio male ago : to act evilly with. Lysist. 408.

Συμπόρευομαι, una proficiscor : to journey together. Iph. T. 1489. SYN. Σύνερχομαι, σύνδμαρτέω.

Συμπορθεῖω, Συμπερῶ, simul depopulo : to assist in laying waste. Καὶ ξὺν γὰ πέρας Helen. 105. Orest. 879. SYN. Σύνόλλυμι, συμφθείρω.

Συμπόσιον, ου, τὸ, compotatio : a drinking party. Οὕτω τοιοῦτον ξυμπόσιον ὅπωπ' ἐγὼ Lysist. 1225. SYN. Σύνεστια, σὺνδειπνόν, δαῖς.

Συμπότης, ου, ὁ, compotator : a drinking companion. Vesp. 21. SYN. see Συναῖτωρ.

Συμπότηκος, ἡ, ὅν, convivialis : convivial. Συμπότηκος ἐστὶ καὶ ξυνουσιαστικός Vesp. 1214.

Συμπράκτωρ, ὄρως, ὁ, qui aliquid cum alio facit : a fellow-performer. Οὐδὲ συμπράκτωρ ὁδοῦ Ω. R. 116. SYN. Συλλήπτωρ, σὺνεργάτης, ἀκόλουθος, σύμμαχος.

Συμπράσσω, ξω, una facio : to co-operate, assist. P. V. 303. SYN. see Συμπόνεω.

Συμπρέπῃς, εἶς, ὁ, ἡ, decens : becoming. Sept. Th. 13. SYN. Εμπρέπῃς, πρέπων, προσήκαν, κόσμιος.

Συμπροξένεω, more hospitali adjuvo : hospitably to assist. Helen. 146. SYN. Συμπράσσω, προξένεω.

Συμπροπέμω, una deduco : to conduct with. Ran. 413. SYN. Σὺνᾶκόλουθεω, σύνδμαρτέω, πρόπέμω, πᾶράπέμω.

Συμπυκτός, ὅν, complicatus ; quadratus : folded together ; squared. Ran. 800.

Συμπύσσω, ξω, complico : to fold together. Trach. 691. SYN. see Συμπλέκω.

Συμπυκνᾶομαι, simul audio, vel quæro : to hear or inquire with. Καὶ ξυμπυκθέσθαι παρθένου δεσπίζματα Helen. 327.

Συμπύρω, ὥσω, et Συμφλέγω, simul incendo : to burn together. Σὺ συμπύρωσας δαῖτ' ἀναλώσεις πικράν Cycl. 308. Theoc. 22. 211. SYN. Συγκαίω, σὺνεμπερῶ, κατὰφλέγω.

Συμφερτός, ἡ, ὅν, collatus : brought together. N. 237. SYN. Ἀθροῖς.

Συμφέρω, Συμφόρῳ, confero; congredivor; im- pers. juvat: to contribute, to meet together; im- pers. it is advantageous. Herc. F. 1358. Apoll. 1. 39. SYN. Συγκομίζω, συνάγω, συνᾶθροίζω, συμδάλλω.

Συμφεύγω, confugio: to escape, to go into exile with. Phoen. 1693. SYN. Σύνᾰποδρᾶω, κατᾰφεύγω.

Σύμφημι, φήσω, adsentior: to agree with. Hipp. 266. SYN. Ὀμόλογέω, συμφράζομαι, συναίνεω, συναγορεύω, συναυδάω.

Συμφθείρω, una perdo: to assist in destroying or ruining. Androm. 939. SYN. Συμπορθέω, συναίρεω.

Σύμφθογγός. See Σύμφωνός.

Συμφίλῳ, una amo: to love together. Antig. 523. See Φίλῳ.

Συμφλέγω. See Συμπύρῳ.

Συμφόνεω, una interficio: to assist in killing. Herc. 391. SYN. Συγκατακτείνω, συγκάτεργάζομαι, συνδαίζω.

Συμφόρᾶ, ἄς, ἡ, casus: an event, good or bad. Helen. 456. SYN. Συντυχία, ἀτυχία, τύχη, δολιχίς, δυστυχία, κάκότης. Er. Θέλητός, χάλεπῇ, ἀνδρῶς, κάκῃ, παιδῶποιός, σκληρᾶ, ἐμφάνῃς, πίκρᾶ, λῦγρᾶ.

Συμφόρῳ. See Συμφέρω.

Σύμφωρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, commodus, utilis: convenient, advantageous. Eur. El. 633. SYN. Χρησίμῳ, ὀνήσιμῳ, ἐπιτήδεός, ωφέλιμῳ, λυσίτελής.

Συμφράδμων, ὄνός, ὁ, consiliarius: a counsellor. B. 372. SYN. Σύμβουλος.

Συμφράζομαι, ἄσῳμαι, simul consulto: to consult with, devise. Ὅφρᾶ δῶλον συμφράσσεταί Apoll. 4. 439. SYN. Συμβουλεύω, σύμφημι, συννέω.

Συμφρουός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui una custodit: a guardian. Philoct. 1453.

Σύμφρων, ὄνός, qui eadem est mente cum alio: having the same mind, consenting. Agam. 109. SYN. Ὀμόφρων, συμφράδμων, σύμφωνός.

Συμφύγᾶς, ἄδός, ὁ, ἡ, socius exsilii: a fellow exile. Ἰνᾶ συμφύγᾶδας λήψομαι οὐκράς Bacch. 1372.

Σύμφυρτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, commixtus: mixed together. Hipp. 1229. SYN. see Συμμίγῳ.

Συμφύρα, et Συμφυράω, commisceo; foedo: to mix together; to disfigure. Πᾶν συνέφυρε πρόσ- ωπὸν Theoc. 22. 111. Συμφυρᾶ Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat ex Jacobs. Anthol. 11. 234. SYN. see Συμμίγνυμι.

Συμφυσᾶω, una sufflo; conspiro: to blow together or violently; to agree. Eq. 466. See Φυσᾶω. SYN. Συμπνέω.

Συμφύτευω, una auctor sum: to join in forming. Καὶ ἐμφύτευσαι τοῦργον CE. R. 355. SYN. Συμβουλεύω.

Σύμφυτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, congenitus: congenial, native. Αὐτὰν ἐμφύτῳ αἰὼν Agam. 106. SYN. Ἐμφύτός.

Σύμφωνός, et Σύμφθογγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consonus, concors: agreeing in sound, harmonious. Hom. Merc. 51. Agam. 1158. SYN. Σύμμολος, σύν- φῶός, συναυλός, ὁμόφωνός, σύμφρων, συγγνώμων, συναρθρός.

Συμᾶω, ἡσω, corrado: to sweep away. Nub. 971. SYN. Συντρίβω, συνᾰφαίρεω.

Συμψηφίζομαι, una suffragium do: to vote with. Lysist. 142. SYN. Σύμφημι, συνδύκῳ.

Σύν, prap. cum dat., cum: with. Ἀμουσᾶ-

τῷτασι συν φῶαίς Phoen. 820. SYN. Μετᾶ, ἅμᾶ.

Συνάγειρω, et Σύνᾰθροίζω, colligo: to collect. Πᾶλιν βῖστον συνάγειρων δ. 90. Rhes. 609. See Ἀθροίζω. SYN. Συλλέγω, συνάγω, ἀγειρω, ἄθροίζω.

Συνάγω, confero: to bring together. Εὐλόγῳς ἐξηγήσεν Sept. Th. 504. SYN. Συμφέρω, συλλέγω, συναθροίζω, συνάγειρω, συνάπτω, συγκο- μίζω, συστέλλω, συναρμύζω.

Συνάγνυμι, 1. a. ἑαξᾶ, confringo: to dash to pieces. Τὰς οἱ ἐυνᾶξαν ἄλλα ξ. 383.

Συνάγωνίζομαι, certaminis socius sum: to assist in the combat. Thesm. 1070. See Ἀγών. SYN. Συμμάχῳ, συλλαμβάνω, συμπράσσω, ἁμύνω.

Συνᾶδῳ, concino: to sing together, to agree. Συναδέτω δὲ Χαίρις Av. 858. SYN. Συναυδάω, συναυλῳ, σύμφημι.

Συνᾰείρω, simul tollo: to raise with. Ἐμοὶ σὺν μοχλὸν ἄειρας ι. 332.

Συνᾰθροίζω. See Συνάγειρω.

Συνᾰθροίω, colludo: to play with. Τῇσιν ἅλῃ συνᾰθροῖν Mosch. 2. 30. SYN. see Συμπαίζω.

Συναίμῳ, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consanguineus: of the same blood, kindred. Phoen. 831. SYN. Ὀμαιμῳ, ὁμογενής, ὁμογενέτωρ, σύγγονός, συνῳμαίμων.

Συναίνεω, et Συνέπαινω, collaudo: to praise, approve of. Agam. 468. 1076. SYN. Αἰνέω, κατᾰνέω, ἐπαινέω, σύμφημι, εὐλόγῳ, εγκωμιάζω.

Συναίνυμαι, colligo: to collect. Συναίνυτο κάμυλᾶ τόξα Φ. 502. SYN. Συλλέγω, συλλαμβάνω, ἄθροίζω.

Συναίρεω, 2. a. εἰλῶν, contrahio; aufero: to contract; to take away. v. 95. SYN. Συνάγω, συντρίβω, σὺνᾰφαίρεω.

Συναίρω, ἄρᾶ, una tollo, una perpetro: to take with, perpetrate with. P. V. 671.

Συνᾰίσσω, una irruo: to rush together. Hes. Scut. 189. See Ἄισσω. SYN. Συμφέρομαι, συν- ὀροῦω, συμδάλλω.

Συναίτιός, α, ὄν, qui simul cum alio causa est alicujus rei: a joint cause. Αὐτῷς ἡ ἐυν- ευνός ἡ ἐναίτια Agam. 1085. SYN. Μεταίτιός, παρᾰίτιός, αἰτίός.

Συνακλόουθεω. See Σύνᾰμαρτέω.

Συναᾰλάζω, ἔω, simul clamorem edo militarem: to join in the war cry. Herc. F. 11. See Ἀλάζω.

Συναλγῳ, una doleo aut de: to lament with or over. Alcest. 649. SYN. Συγκλάω, συμ- πενθέω, συμπάσχω.

Συναλγῶν, ὄνός, particeps doloris: participating in sorrow. Eur. Sup. 85. SYN. Συμ- πάθῳ, ἐυνᾰφῶός, αἰτίός.

Συναλέγω, cordi habeo: to mind. Isthm. 8. 103. See Ἀλέγω. SYN. Μέρμᾶω, φροντίζω, ἐπίμελέομαι.

Συναλιάζω, congreco: to assemble. Τίς δ' αὖ συναλῖαζε τόνδῃ τὸν στῆλον Lysist. 93. SYN. Συνάγειρω, συλλέγω, συνᾰθροίζω, συνάγω.

Συναλλάγῃ, ἡς, ἡ, interventus: interposition, intercourse. Δαιμόνων ἐναλλάγῃς CE. R. 34. SYN. Διαλλάγῃ, κοινωνία.

Συναλλάσσω, ἔω, congredivor cum aliquo; concilio: to have intercourse with; to reconcile. Androm. 1234. SYN. Κοινωνέω, συντυγχᾶν, συγχαρῳ, συμβάλλω, σπένδῳ, ὁμόλογῳ.

Συνᾰουάω, contundo: to shatter. Μεχρί σὺν- ηλοῖσῃ παρήϊᾶ Theoc. 22. 128. SYN. Συγκλάω, συγκροῦω, συντρίβω.

Συνᾰῶ, simul: together. Τρῖηκόσιοι ταῦροι

σύν' αμ' ἐστίχωντο Theoc. 25. 126. One of the Vatican MSS. has σύν αμα στίχωντο.

Συνάμα, colligo : to collect. Ασπράγλους συνάμησάτο Apoll. 3. 154. SYN. Συμῶ, συλλέγω.

Συναμπέχω, et Συναμπίσχομαι, tego : to veil or cover. P. V. 530. Herc. F. 1102. SYN. Συγκάλυπτα, περίστέλλω, ἀμφικάλυπτα, ἀμφιέννυμι, περιβάλλω.

Συνάμυνω, ὠνῶ, una opitulator : to aid together. Τοῦτω ξυνάμυνεῖν εἰ τις ἐκ δῶμων λαδῶν Iph. A. 62. SYN. Συμδῶθεω, συμμάχῳ, ἐπαρήγω.

Συναναγκάζω, ἄσω, simul cogo : to extort. Iph. A. 395. See Ἀναγκάζω. SYN. Κατάναγκάζω, ἐκσίδῳμαι.

Συνανέρχομαι, simul adscendo : to go up with. Apoll. 2. 915.

Συναντάω, Συναντίζω, f. ἄσω, et Συναντόμαι, obvius fio : to meet. Ion 536. Ξυνηντίασον καὶ ὁδοῦ μ' ὁ δ' ἠγέμεν (E. R. 813. Ion 830. SYN. Συντυγχάνω, ἐπιτυγχάνω, συμφερόμαι, προστυγχάνω, συμβάλλομαι, ἀντάω.

Συνάντησις, ἔως, ἡ, occursus : a meeting. Ion 537. SYN. Ἀπάντημά, ἀντησις.

Συναντίζω. See Συναντάω.

Συναντλέω, simul haurio vel laboro : to draw or labour with. Ion 198. SYN. Ξυνεργάζομαι, συγκαμνω.

Συναντόμαι. See Συναντάω.

Συνάνωτα, simul conficio : to contribute to destroy. Agam. 1092. See Ἄνωτα.

Συνάσιδος. See Σύνωδος.

Συνάφρος, aut Ion. Σηγήφρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, comes : a companion. Φόρμιγγι συνάφρος Nem. 4. 9. answered by Τιμόκριτος ἀλῖψ. SYN. Σύνπαδός, ἀκόλουθος, συνθιάσφωτης.

Συνάποδρμη, una fugio : to run away along with. Καὶ συνάποδρᾶναι δεῦρ' ἐπιχειρήσειέ μοι Ran. 81. SYN. Συμφεύγω.

Συνάποκμνω. See Συγκαμνω.

Συνάποκειμαι, repositus sum : to be treasured up together. Εὖν γ' ἀποκειται (E. C. 1752. SYN. See Συγκατάκειμαι.

Συναπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, continuus : connected. Eccl. 504. SYN. Συναφής, σύνδετος, συνέχης.

Συνάπτω, connecto : to join together. Helen. 55. SYN. Πρόσάπτω, συζεύγνυμι, συνδew, σύνάγω, συντίθημι, συγκαλλᾶω, συνέιρω.

Συνάρδασσω, ξω, confringo : to break to pieces. Herc. F. 1133. See Ἀράσσω. SYN. Συντρίβω, συνθραύω.

Συνᾶρεσκω, ἔσω, comprobo : to approve of. Καὶ δέμεις ἦν ἀμφω συνᾶρεσσάμεν Apoll. 4. 371. SYN. Ευδῶκεω.

Συναρθρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, connexus : joined, agreeing. Agam. 245. SYN. Συμφωνός, q. v.

Συνάριστευω, excello cum alio : to excel along with. Troad. 806. See Ἀριστεύω.

Συναρμόζω, ὄσω, apte compono : to fit, adjust, close. Ξυνάρμοσον δὲ βλεφάρᾳ μου τῇ σῇ χερὶ Phoen. 1465. SYN. Συνανάπτω, συναρτύνω, συντίθημι, συνέιρω, συμπήγνυμι.

Συναρπάζω, ἄσω, corripio, diripio : to seize, plunder. Εν χερσὶν γυνήρπασαν Orest. 1503. SYN. Ἀρπάζω, ἀφαρπάζω.

Συναρτάω, connecto : to join together. Med. 564. SYN. Συνδew, συνέιρω, συναρμόζω, συμπλέκω.

Συναρτύνω, ὠνῶ, simul struo : to devise. Ξυναρτύνασθέ μένοιην Apoll. 4. 356.

Συνάρω, apte compono : fitly to put together.

Καλὴ συνάρηρην αἰοιδῇ Hom. Apoll. 164. SYN. see Συναρμόζω.

Συνάρωδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, una defensor : a joint defender. Συνάρωγέ δέμιστος Hom. Hymn. 7. 4. SYN. Αρωγός, ἀλεξητήρ, σύμμαχος.

Συνᾶσθφει, una desipio : to join in folly with. Καὶ τοῦτο λυπρὸν ξυνᾶσθφειν τοῖς μὴ σφοῖς Phoen. 405.

Συνασπίζω, una auxilior : to assist together. Cycl. 39. SYN. see Συμμάχew.

Συνασπιστής, ου, ὁ, commilito : a fellow-soldier. Ec. C. 379. SYN. see Σύμμαχος.

Συνασχαλάω, simul doleo : to grieve along with. P. V. 167. See Ασχαλάω. SYN. see Συμπενηθew.

Συναυαίνω, ἄνω, simul exsiccō : to burn up with. Καὶ ξυναυανῶ κόρας Cycl. 642. SYN. Αναίνω, ζηραίνω.

Συναυδάω, consentio : to consent. Aj. 943. SYN. see Συμφημι.

Συναυλία, as, ἡ, contubernium, concentus : a joining together, concert. Ξυναυλίαν πενήσμεν Eq. 9. SYN. Συζυγίον, συνοικία.

Συναυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, contubernalis ; consonus : dwelling with ; agreeing with. Eur. El. 879. SYN. Συνοικὸς, κοινωνός, ὁμαυλός, σὺναυδός, σύμφωνός.

Συναύδομαι, coneresco : to increase with. Eur. El. 544.

Συνδαίζω, simul occido : to kill together with. Aj. 361. See Δαίζω. SYN. see Συμφωνew.

Συνδαίτωρ, ὄρος, Σύνδειπνός, ου, ὁ, conviva : a fellow guest. Eumen. 352. Ion 1172. SYN.

Συμπότης, σύνδειπνός, συνθουήτωρ, σὺνέστιός, δαιτῶν, σὺσσιτός, συντράπεζός, ὁμοτράπεζός.

Συνδαίω, simul epulor : to feast with. Helen. 1438.

Σύνδειπνός. See Συνδαίτωρ.

Σύνδεσμά, αν, τὰ, nexus, vincula : joints, fastenings. Med. 1190. SYN. Δεσμός.

Συνδέτεός, α, ὢν, colligandus : must be tied together. Eccles. 785. SYN. Ζευκτεός.

Σύνδετός, η, ὢν, colligatus : bound together. Aj. 65.

Συνδέω, ἡσω, colligo : to bind together. Ly-sist. 445. SYN. Ξυνείρω, συνάπτω, συζεύγνυμι, συμπλέκω.

Συνδιᾶφέρω, f. οἶσω, l. a. ἡνεγκά, cum alio perfero : to endure along with. Eq. 594. SYN. Ξυνάγωνιζομαι.

Συνδικάζω, ἄσω, una judico, ulciscor : to assist in administering justice, to avenge. Med. 158. See below. SYN. Ἐπεξέρχομαι, ἐκδικew.

Συνδικαστής, ου, ὁ, qui simul judex est : a brother judge. Οἱ ξυνδικασταὶ πᾶράκαλόντες τουτοῖν Vesp. 215.

Συνδικew, patrocinator : to defend the cause of another. Καὶ ξυνδικήσαν αὐτὸς Eumen. 582. SYN. Σύνηγυρew, πρὸςίτωμαι.

Συνδίκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui causam alterius defendit, patronus : an advocate, patron. Æsch. Sup. 734. See below. SYN. Προστάτης, σὺν-ηγυρός.

Συνδίκως, jure : with justice. Ξυνδίκως τίθεις ἀρᾷ Agam. 1591. SYN. Δίκη, δικάϊως.

Συνδιόλλυμι, f. ὀλέσω, Att. ὀλλῶ, l. a. ὠλέσᾳ, una perdo : to destroy along with. Eur. fr. Cēdip. 7. 2. SYN. see Συμφωνew.

Συνδῶκεω, consentio : to agree. Iph. T. 71. SYN. Συναίνew, σύμφημι, ὁμόφωνew, ὁμόλογew.

Συνδουλεύω, una servio : to be a fellow-slave. Hec. 203.

Σύνδουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, conservus : a fellow-slave. Med. 64.

Συνδράω, άσω, una facio : to assist in doing. Orest. 400. See Δράω. SYN. see Συμπράττω.

Συνδρόμας, άδός, ἡ, concurrens : running together. Πῶς τὰς συνδρόμαδας Iph. T. 423. SYN. Συμπληγάς.

Σύνδρομος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, una currens ; consensuens : running with, meeting ; agreeing. Call. 5. 110. SYN. Σύνπαδός, σύμφωνός.

Συνδρόμως, una currendo : with equal speed, concisely. Agam. 1155.

Συνδύας, άδός, ἡ, compar : a partner. Ξυνδυάδος φίλιας άλδχου Alcest. 488. SYN. Σύζυξ.

Σύνδυο, bini : two together. Σύνδυο κοιμήσαντο Hom. Hymn. 5. 74.

Συνδυοτύχῳ, pari calamitate laboro : to be unfortunate together. 'Ως αν Μενέλῳς Ξυνδυοτύχῃ Orest. 1098. SYN. Συγκάμνω.

Συνδώδεκά, duodecim simul : twelve together. Συνδώδεκά πληθει Troad. 1068.

Συνεδρία, as, ἡ, consessus : an assemblage. 'Εχθροι τέ καλ στέργηθρά καλ σνεδρίαί P. V. 501. SYN. Σύνδός, συγκλησία, εκκλησία, κοινωνία.

Συνεδριάζομαι, consideo : to sit together, assemble. Συνεδριάζασθαί άνωγεν Apoll. 1. 328. SYN. Συγκάθίζομαι, συγκάθημαι.

Συνέδρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consessor ; adjutor : one who sits with or near ; a counsellor. Iph. A. 192. See 'Εδρα. SYN. Πάρεδρος, έφεδρος, σύνθρονός, σύμβουλός, σύνθακός.

Συνέεργω, Συνεργάθω, concludo ; colligo : to inclose ; to collect, unite. ξ. 72. "Όσον συνέεργάθων άκραί Ξ. 36. SYN. Κάθειργω, συνέχω, συγκαλέω, σύνελεω, σύνειρω.

Συνείκισσι, viginti simul : twenty together. Ουτε Ξυνείκισσι φωτών ξ. 98.

Συνείδω, f. είδωμαι, pf. m. οιδά, part. είδώς, simul cognosco ; conscius sum : to be privy to ; to be conscious. Orest. 390. SYN. Σύνιμι.

Συνείλισσω, convolvo : to roll together. Ion 1164. SYN. Συνείλω, συμπτύσσω.

Συνεμί, una sum : to be with. Eccles. 38. SYN. Μείμι, πάρεμι, όμιλέω, συγγίνωμαι.

Συνεμί, i. q. Συνέρχομαι, q. v.

Συνείρω, connecto : to join together. Av. 1079. SYN. Συνδέω, σνάνάπτω, συμπλέκω, συναρμώζω.

Συνεισβαίνω, simul ingredior : to embark with. Med. 477.

Συνεισέρχομαι, simul intro : to go in with. Helen. 335.

Συνεκθνήσκω, simul morior : to die together. Cycl. 568. SYN. Συνθνήσκω, σνυεκπνέω.

Συνεκκλέπτω, furti particeps sum : to join in stealing. Troad. 1011. SYN. 'Ιπδκλέπτω.

Συνεκκώμιζω, simul exporto vel sustineo : to bear out or support with. Hipp. 467. SYN. see Συγκώμιζω.

Συνεκμάχῳ. See Συμμάχῳ.

Συνεκμόχλειώ, simul januam refringo : to assist in breaking down a door. Lysist. 430.

Συνεκπνέω, pneúσω, simul animam efflo : to expire with. Iph. T. 684. SYN. Συνεκθνήσκω, συνθνήσκω.

Συνεκπύνῳ, ήσω, adjuvo in perficiendo : to assist in completing. Eur. fr. Androm. 7. 4. SYN. see Συμπύνῳ.

Συνεκπῶτῆς, α, όν, simul ebibendus : must be drunk up together. Plut. 1086.

Συνεκοζώω, confero operam ad salutem aliqujus : to join in delivering. OE. C. 566.

Συνεκτρέφω, θρέψω, simul educo : to bring up with. Iph. T. 710. SYN. Σνντρέφω.

Συνεφέρω, una educo : to bring out with, to deliver. Eur. fr. Dict. 7. 1.

Συνελκύω, ύσω, et Συνέλεω, ξω, simul traho : to draw together. Τήνδῃ καλ Ξυνέλκυσον Pax 417. 468. SYN. Σννάγω, σνναίρω.

Συνεμβάλλω, simul injicio : to cast in together. Lysist. 246.

Συνεμβάλλῃ, ής, ἡ, et Σννέμβάλλων, ου, τδ, collisio ; commissio ; impetus : a dashing ; a fastening ; impetuosity. Pers. 402. Agam. 956. SYN. Πρόδδλῃ.

Συνεμπόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, commerciator, socius : a fellow-merchant or traveller. Ran. 396. SYN. 'Όμοστόλός, σννδοιοπόρος.

Συνεμπρήθω, comburo : to burn up or together. Rhes. 485. SYN. see Συμφλέγω.

Συνεξαίρω, 2. a. είλδν, adjuvo in expugnando : to assist in destroying. Troad. 24. SYN. Συμπορθῳ, σνναίρω, συμφθείρω.

Συνεξάκούω, κούσσω, simul exaudio : to hear clearly along with one. Trach. 376. See Άκούω.

Συνεξάλλνω, f. έλάσω, simul expello : to drive away with. Agam. 1596. See Ελαύνω.

Συνεέρχομαι, una exeo : to go out or away with. Hec. 1098.

Συνεευρίσκω, 2. a. εύρδν, una excogito : to help in discovering. Thesm. 601. SYN. Συμφράζομαι.

Συνέσχυμός, ού, ὁ, junctura : a joint. Αυχένδς εν Ξυνέσχυμῳ Ξ. 465.

Συνέπαιδῳ, una accino : to sing or celebrate together. Iph. A. 1491. See Αείδω. SYN. see Σννάδω.

Συνεπαίνῳ. See Σνναίνῳ.

Συνεπείκεμαι, simul incumbo : to assail together. Eq. 266.

Συνεπιψεύδομαι, una pariter mentior : to support another in a lie. Λάγδνς σννέπιψεύδονται Call. 3. 123.

Συνεπόμε, 2. a. εσπδην, comes sum : to accompany. Hipp. 1226. SYN. see Σννδμαρτέω.

Συνεπόμεννμ, una jurejurando confirmo : to confirm by an oath along with. Lysist. 237. SYN. see Σννόμεννμ.

Συνεπότηρνω, ύνῳ, simul instigo : to excite at the same time. Ξν δ' εσποτρύνει πέλας Soph. El. 299.

Συνεράω, pariter amo : to love together with. Bion 16. 8. SYN. Συμφίλω, αντέρῳ.

Συνεργάζομαι, co-operor : to co-operate. Antig. 41. SYN. see Συμπράσσω.

Συνεργάτης, et Συνεργός, ού, ὁ, et Συνεργάτις, ίδός, ἡ, operis socius : a co-operator. Ουδῃ σκδτον φρίσσοισι τδν Ξυνεργάτην Hipp. 419. Ion 448. Eur. El. 100. SYN. Συμπράκτωρ, συλληπτωρ, σννέριθός, σύμμάχός, επίκουρός.

Συνεργῳ, Συνέργω, et Συνέρδω, simul facio : to co-operate. Helen. 1426. Trach. 83. Soph. El. 350. SYN. Συμπράσσω, q. v.

Συνεργός. See Συνεργάτης.

Συνέργω. See above.

Συνέρδω. See above.

Συνέριδῳ, comprimo : to press together, fasten. Iph. T. 458. SYN. Κάτῃγήννμ.

Συνερίθως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, socius laboris : a fellow workman. Pax 786. See Ἐπρίθως. SYN. Συνεργάτης, συνεργῶς, συμπράκτωρ, βῆθθός.

Συνεργητικός, ἡ, ὄν, bene constringens : able to connect together, or to reason. Συνεργητικός γάρ ἐστὶ Eq. 1378.

Συνέρχουμαι, et Συνειμί, convenio : to come together. Helen. 1468. Z. 120. SYN. Συγγίγνυμαι, συμπίπτω.

Συνέσις, ἑως, ἡ, sapientia ; conjunctio : wisdom ; a union. Σώζει σε συνέσις ἀλλὰ βαῖν' εἰσω δῶμων Orest. 1539. SYN. Φρόνησις, νόημά, ἐπιστήμη.

Συνεσπίντω, f. πέσομαι, simul incido : to rush upon with. Eccles. 1087. SYN. Συνέγκειμαι, συμπίπτω, συντυγχάνω.

Συνεστῆς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, convictor, conviva : an inmate, guest. Alcest. 1170. See Ἑστία. SYN. Συντράπεζος, συνθονάτωρ, συνδαίτωρ, δαιτύμων, συμπίπτης, σύνουκός, ὁμοτράπεζός.

Συνετός, ἡ, ὄν, prudens : intelligent. Ἐγὼ τὰ τ' οὐκτὰ συνέτος ἐμὶ καὶ τὰ μὴ Iph. A. 1255. SYN. Φρόνιμος, σώφρων, σφῶς, πευκάλιμος, ἐμπερός.

Συνετῶς, prudenter : prudently. Iph. A. 466. See above. SYN. Εμπείρως, φρόνιμως, πινυτῶς, πύκνως.

Συνεύδω, et Συνευνάζουμαι, una dormio : to sleep together. Eur. El. 1145. CE. R. 982. SYN. see Συγκάθευδω.

Συνευνέτης, et Συνευνός, ὁ, et Συνευνέτις, ἰδός, ἡ, tori participes : partner of a bed. Med. 242. Eccles. 948. Androm. 900. SYN. Ὁμευνέτης, ὁμογάμος, ὁμολεκτρός, σύλλεκτρός, σύγγαμος, σύζυξ, σύζυγος.

Συνευτυχέω, simul felix sum : to be successful with. Hipp. 1118. See Τύχη.

Συνευφράζουμαι, ἄσδομαι, fausta precor : to pray for blessings on. Συνευφράσασθαί ἰούσιν Apoll. 3. 917.

Συνεύχουμαι. See Συγκάτευχουμαι.

Συνεφάπτουμαι, una prehendo, adjuvo : to lay hand to a work with somebody, to assist. Olymp. 10. 117. SYN. see Συμπονέω.

Συνέχες. See Συνέχεως.

Συνέχης, ἑός, ὁ, ἡ, continuus : continuus. Eur. fr. Archel. 29.

Συνέχεως vel Συννέχεως, et Συνέχης, et Συνέχως, continenter ; crebro : continuously ; frequently. Συννέχεως ἐμάχοντο Hes. Theog. 636. Δούδ ἡμαῖα συνέχης αἰεὶ i. 74. Συνέχης ἀργύρεσσιν Ap. Rh. 2. 738. In his locis συν producit per arsin. Συνέχως invenias in Iph. A. 1008. SYN. Σύχνως.

Συνέχθω, una odi : to join in hating. Antig. 523.

Συνέχω, contineo : to keep together. Bacch. 386. SYN. Κάτέχω, περίεχω, σύνειργω, συστήλλω, συλλαμβάνω.

Συνηβῶ, Συννέδω, una pubesco : to grow up to maturity with. Anacr. 76. 4. Dan. 105. SYN. Συνεανιεύομαι.

Συνηβῶλια, ας, ἡ, congressus : an engagement. Συνηβῶλιν κέχαροντο Apoll. 2. 1161. SYN. Συμβῶλη.

Συνηγορέω, patrocinor ; assentio : to patronise, plead for ; to agree. Nub. 1085. SYN. Συνδικέω, σύμφημι, σύνάδω.

Συνηγορικός, ἡ, ὄν, patrocinandi vim habens : able to defend in a cause. Αυτὸς δὲ φέρει τὸ συνηγορικόν Vesp. 691.

Pros. Let.

Συνήγορός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, patrocinans, patrocinator ; consonans : advocating, an advocate ; agreeing : Trach. 1167. SYN. Σύνδικός, προστάτης, σύμφωνός.

Συνήδουμαι, pari gaudio adficior : to rejoice with, congratulate. Rhes. 958. SYN. see Συγχαίρω.

Συνήθειά, ας, ἡ, consuetudo : intercourse, familiarity. Ρεῖθά συνηθείησιν Hom. Merc. 482. SYN. Ὀμιλία, ἑθός, οικειότης.

Συνήθης, ἑός, ὁ, ἡ, consuetus, familiaris : accustomed to, familiar with. Hes. Theog. 230. SYN. Ἑθῶς, οικεῖος, ἐπιτήδεός.

Συνήλιξ, ἰκός, æqualis : of the same age. Ἰστ' ἐμοὶ ξυνήλικες Pers. 789. SYN. see Ὀμήλιξ.

Συνημῶσυν, ης, ἡ, societas : fellowship, compact. Συνημῶσυνας ἀγόρευε X. 261. SYN. Συνθήκη, σύμβασις, ἀρμός, σπονδή, σύνθημά.

Συνήμων, ὄνός, ὁ, socius : an ally. Apoll. 4. 1210. SYN. Συνήθης, σὺνάδρος, σύμμαχος.

Συνήδρος. See Σὺνάδρος.

Συνηπερόπτεύω, simul decipio : to assist in deceiving. Lysist. 845.

Συνηπρέτμω, una remigo : to row together, to agree. Ἡ πάρος ξυνηπρέτμην Aj. 1329. SYN. Συντρέχω, ὁμορρόθω.

Συνηπρέφω, obfusco : to cover, darken. Eur. fr. Phaeth. 5. 3.

Συνηπρέφης, ἑός, ὁ, ἡ, contectus, densus : covered, thick. Orest. 947. SYN. Κάτηπρέφης, σύσκιος, στύγνός.

Συνθακέω, consideo : to sit together. Heracl. 994. See below. SYN. see Συγκάθεζουμαι.

Συνθακός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, consessor : one who sits with, an associate. Σύνθακός ἐσται ναυτίλοις σωτήριος Orest. 1654. SYN. see Σύνεδρός.

Συνθάλλω, demulceo : to soothe with. P. V. 706. SYN. Πάρηγορέω, κατὰβάλλω.

Συνθάπτω, una sepelio : to bury together, assist in burying. Aj. 1395. SYN. Συγκτερέλζω.

Συνθέλω, consensio : to consent. Herc. F. 832. SYN. Ἐθέλω, σύμφημι.

Συνθερίζω, una meto : to reap with. Acharn. 949.

Συνθέσια, ας, Σύνθεσις, ἑως, ἡ, compositio : putting together, agreement. Συνθέσιαί τε καὶ ἄρκιᾱ B. 339. Pyth. 4. 299. SYN. Συνθήκη.

Συνθέτος, ου, et ἡ, ὄν, compositus, fictus : composed, fictitious. P. V. 707. SYN. Ψευδής.

Συνθῶ, f. θεύσδομαι, una cuto ; bene cedo : to run together, to go off well. v. 245. SYN. see Συντρέχω.

Συνθεωρέω, simul adspicio : to see at once, or along with. Vesp. 1182.

Συνθήγω, exacuo : to irritate. Hipp. 689.

Συνθήκη, ης, ἡ, foedus : a contract. Pax 1065. SYN. Σύμβασις, σύνθησῶλια, συμβῶλη, ἀρμός, σπονδή, σύνθεσις, συνθέσια.

Σύνθημα, ἄτος, τὸ, compositio ; signum : an agreement ; a signal. Rhes. 680. SYN. Σῆμα, σημεῖον, σύμβολον, μάθημα, συνθήκη.

Συνθηματίας, ας, ὄν, locatitius, conductus : made at a fixed price, ordered. Στεφάνους συνθηματίαςους Thesm. 465.

Συνθηρᾶω, Συνθηρεύομαι, una venor : to hunt together. Philoct. 1005. Thesm. 163. SYN. Σύνᾱκδουθεω.

Συνθηάσῃτης, ου, ὁ, compotor ; sodalis : a fellow reveller ; a companion. Δυὸ πρεσβυτὰ ξυνθηάσῃτα Plut. 508. SYN. see Σύνάδρος.

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Συνθνήσκω, una morior: to die with. Hec. 396. SYN. Συνεκθνήσκω, συνεκπνέω, συνἀπόλυμι, συνδιαφθείρομαι.

Συνθνοῖμαι, ὄρος, ὅ, conviva: a guest. Πικρὸν γὰρ συνθνοῖναι τὸ ἦν δὲδς δ' ἄλλῃ Eur. El. 638. SYN. see Συνδαίτωρ.

Συνθρανῶ, Συνθραῶ, confringo: to dash to pieces. Συνθρᾶνεται δ' ἅπαν Bacch. 623. Orest. 1586. SYN. Συντρίβω, συγκλάω.

Συνθραῶ. See above.

Συνθῶ, ὕσω, una sacra facio: to offer incense with. Eur. El. 795. See ὅω.

Συνίζανω, subsidio: to sink. Σάρκες δ' οἱ μὲν ἰδρωτί συνίζανον Theoc. 22. 112.

Συνίημι, 1. a. ἔηκα et ἦκα, committo; intelligo: to engage; to understand. The antepenult. is always short in Homer, but in the Attic poets generally long. Ὡδ' ἐμέθεν ξυνίει ἐπὸς ζ. 289. Εἰτ' οὐ ξυνίης τὴν ἐπινοίαν τοῦ θεοῦ Plut. 45. SYN. (1) Συμβάλλω, συμμίγνυμι, (2) αἰσθάνομαι, γινώσκω, ἐπιστάμαι, μαθάνω.

Συνίστημι, conscius sum: to be conscious. Hec. 858. See ἴστημι. SYN. Συνίδω, συνίημι.

Συνίστημι, f. συστήσω, constituo: to settle. Eq. 863. SYN. Συντάσσω, συναρμόζω, συστήλλω, συνᾶγω.

Συνίστωρ, ὄρος, ὅ, conscius: privy to. Agam. 1058. SYN. Συνειδὺς, συναίτιος.

Συνισχᾶνω, cohabeo: to restrain. Τῷ χρόνῳ συνισχᾶνει Iph. A. 694.

Συναίω, Ion. Συνναίεσκω, item Συνοικέω, et Συγκατοικέω, una habito: to dwell together with. Sept. Th. 179. Ap. Rh. 2. 657. Hippol. 1220. OE. C. 1322. SYN. Συναυλίζομαι.

Συναυεῖς, Συναυεῖς, οὐ, ὅ, navigationis socius: a brother-sailor. Ἡ ταῦτά δὲ φοῖνις τέ χ' οἱ ξυναυεῖται Philoct. 565. Cycl. 702. SYN. Συνέμπροδς, ὁρόστολδς, σύμπλοδς.

Συναυμάχῃω, una navali decerto: to fight by sea along with. Ὅστις ἀν ξυναυμάχῃ Ran. 702.

Συναυεῖς. See Συναυεῖς.

Συνεῖδω. See Σύνειδω.

Συνεῖω, annuo: to consent. OE. R. 1510. SYN. Συναίνεω, σύμφημι.

Συνεφέω, obnubilo: to render gloomy. Eur. fr. Dan. 1. 7. SYN. Συσκιάω.

Συνεφέης, εὖς, ὅ, ἡ, nubilus, tristis: cloudy, gloomy. Phoen. 1328. SYN. Σκοτεινός, σκυθρωπός.

Συνεχέω. See Σύνεχέω.

Συνήχομαι, ξύμαι, simul nato: to swim with. Eccles. 1098.

Συνικᾶω, simul vinco: to conquer with. Alcest. 1122. See Νικᾶω.

Συννέω, mecum reputo: to consider. Orest. 627. SYN. Συμφράζομαι, εννέω, συλλογίζομαι.

Συννοιά, as, ἡ, consideratio: understanding, thoughtfulness. Ἡ ξυννοιά βουλευεῖ πάλαι Antig. 279. SYN. Λόγισμός, σύνεσις, έννοιά, φρήν.

Σύννομδς, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, qui iisdem pascuis utitur; conjunctus: having the same pasture or share; a partner. Sept. Th. 347.

Συννόςσω, una aegroto: to sicken along with. Iph. A. 407. SYN. Συγκάμνω.

Συννυμφόκομος, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, qui cum alio sponsam curat: one who joins with another in attending a bride. Iph. A. 48.

Συνόδδς, οὐ, ἡ, congressus, conventus: a

meeting, engagement. Hec. 106. SYN. Σύμβασις, εκκλησία, συμβόλη, πάνηγυρις. Ep. Κυᾶνεα.

Συνοικέω. See Συναίω.

Συνοικήτωρ, ὄρος, ὅ; Συνοικός, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, qui una habitat: one who dwells with. Eumen. 836. Plut. 1148. SYN. Συναυλός, ὁμέστιος.

Συνοικία, as, ἡ, cohabitatio: a dwelling together. Δυσμένη ξυνοικίαν Aesch. Sup. 275. SYN. Συναυλία.

Συνοικίζω, ὕσω, una habitare facio: to cause to dwell together. Ἡράκλει ξυνοικίσας Herc. F. 68.

Συνοικιστήρ, ἡρὸς, ὅ, qui una condit urbem: a joint founder. Olymp. 6. 8.

Συνοικός. See Συνοικήτωρ.

Συνοίκουρδς, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, socius in custodienda domo: a companion in guarding a house. Hipp. 1072. SYN. Συνοικός.

Συνοίμῖδς, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, consonus: in the same tune, harmonising with. Συνοίμῖδς ἡμῶν αἰδον Apoll. 2. 161. SYN. Συνφδδς, σύμφωνός.

Συνόλλυμι, una amitto vel perdo: to lose or destroy with. Helen. 104.

Συνόμῃμων, ὄνδς, ὅ, ἡ, consanguineus: a kinsman. P. V. 417. SYN. see Συναίμδς.

Συνόμαρτεω, Συνακόλουθεω, comitor: to accompany. Ξὺν δ' ὁμαρτοῦσιν φίλοι Orest. 940. Ran. 401. See Ἀκόλουθεω. SYN. Συνέπομαι, συμπαρόνθεω, παράκολουθεω.

Συνόμηλις, ἰκός, equals: of the same age. Ἄμμες γὰρ πᾶσαι συνόμηλικές Theoc. 8. 22. SYN. see Ὅμηλις.

Συνόμνυι, conjuro: to confirm with an oath, to conspire. Agam. 633. SYN. Συνέπόμνυι, συνίσταμαι.

Συνόμωδης. See Σύνωμδης.

Συνόπαδδς, aut Ion. Σύνωπηδδς, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, comes: an attendant. Ξείνῳ σύνωπηδδς εἶσα Apoll. 4. 745. See Ὀπαδδς. SYN. Ὀπάν, ἀκόλουθδς, ὁρόστολδς.

Συνόπλδς, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, armorum socius: associated in arms. Herc. F. 126. See Ὀπλδν. SYN. Συστρατίωτης.

Συνοργίζομαι, una irascor: to share in anger. Call. 6. 72. SYN. Συνασχάλλω.

Συνόρῖνα, concito: to rouse with or together. Κεᾶρ συνόρῖνεται ἀτῆρ Apoll. 3. 56. SYN. Συντάρδσω.

Συνόρουω, congredior: to rush together, engage. Apoll. 2. 88. SYN. see Συμβάλλω.

Συνουρδς, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, conterminus: neighbouring to. Agam. 478. SYN. Ὀμῶρδς.

Συνουσία, as, ἡ, consuetudo familiaris, congressus; convivium: familiar intercourse; conviviality. Αἶλαξεί ξυνουσία Eumen. 285. SYN. Ὅμιλία, μέτουσία, σύνδδδς, συνοικία.

Συνουσιόστικδς, ἡ, ὅν, facilis ad coetus convivialis: fond of conviviality. Vesp. 1209. See above. SYN. Ευτράπελδς.

Συνόφρῶδμαι, supercilia contraho: to contract the eyebrows, to be sad. Alcest. 793. See Ὀφρῦς, εὖς. SYN. Σκυθράζω, σκυθρωπάζω.

Συνόφρῖς, εὖς, cui supercilia coeunt: having the eyebrows united. Τί λεληθῆτας σύνοφρῦν Anacr. 28. 16.

Συνόχη, ἡς, ἡ, conjunctio viarum; angustia: the union where two ways meet; a narrow part. Ψ. 330.

Συνόχδς, οὐ, ὅ, ἡ, continuus: continual. Bacch. 162. SYN. Σύνεχης, πρόσεχης.

Συνδῶω, contraho: to contract. Ἐπὶ στήθος
συνδῶκότε B. 218. SYN. Συνῶω.

Συνστάθειω, simul asso: to roast along with.
Καὶ ξυσσάθεισω τοῦτων Lysist. 844.
Συνσφῶρῶνέω, sapio cum: to be wise with.
Iph. A. 407.

Συντάλαιπωρῶ, condeolo: to be miserable
with. Συντάλαιπωρήσμεν Lysist. 1225. SYN.
Συγκάμνω, συναλγέω, συνδυστέχω.

Συντάνω. See Συντείνω.

Συντάρσσω, ξω, conturbo: to disorder, dis-
turb. Heracl. 379. See Τάρσσω. SYN. Σύν-
δρινω, συμμίγνυμι.

Συντάσσω, ξω, compono: to arrange together.
Herc. F. 190.

Συντείνω, et Συντάνω, contendo; concito me:
to strain every effort; to hasten on a road.
Hec. 188. Pyth. 1. 158. See Τάνω. SYN.
Παράτεινω, σπουδάξω, συνδρίνω, διατείνωμαι.

Συντέκνω, una liberos procreo: to beget
children with. Thesm. 14. See Τέκνω. SYN.
Συντέκνωποιέω.

Συντέλειω, conficio: to complete, establish.
Pyth. 9. 100. SYN. Συνεργάζομαι, συνί-
στημι.

Συντέλειᾶ, as, ἡ, collatio: a collection or
assemblage. Sept. Th. 237. A final. brevis, ut
in Ευσέβειᾶ. SYN. Ἀθροισμῶ, κοινωνία.

Συντέλης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, impensæ socius: sharing
in the expense, tributary. Agam. 515.

Συντέμνω, concido; brevis sum: to cut off;
to be concise. Hec. 1162. SYN. Συντρίβω,
συνθραύω.

Συντέτᾶμένως, enixe: strenuously. Καὶ συν-
τέτᾶμένως κού κατέβλακεμένως Plut. 325.

Συντέτραίνω, perforo: to penetrate. Choëph.
444. SYN. Διάπερᾶω, συντίτρω.

Συντέχνος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui ejusdem artis est peritus:
a fellow artist. Τῶν ἑαυτοῦ ξυντέχνων Ran.
775. SYN. Ὀμότεχνος.

Συντήκω, liquefaciendo consumo; liqueo: to
cause to melt away; to waste away. Iph. A.
398. SYN. Συμφθείρω, εκτήκω.

Συντίθημι, f. θήσω, compono; comprehendo;
med. paciscor: to put together; to comprehend;
midd. to bargain. Συντίθεις ἅπαν γένος Med.
745. SYN. Συμβάλλω, συνίστημι, συζεύγνυμι,
συμπλέκω, ὁμολόγῶ.

Σύντομος, ου, δ, ἡ, concisus, brevis: concise,
brief. Pers. 704. SYN. Βραχύς, σύνεσταλ-
μένος.

Σύντομος, et superl. Συντόμωςτάτως, concise:
concisely. Eumen. 418. C. C. 1579. SYN.
Σύντομᾶ, βραχέως.

Σύντονος, ου, δ, ἡ, continuus: unremitting.
Hipp. 1358. SYN. Ἐντόνος, σπερχνός, δοῦρίς.

Συντράπεζος, ου, δ, ἡ, ejusdem mensæ parti-
cipes: eating at the same table. Καὶ ξυντράπεζον
αἰεῖς ἔχειν βίον Androm. 656.

Σύντρεῖς, ἰᾶ, tres simul: three together. ι. 429.
See Τρεῖς.

Συντρέφω, θρέψω, simul nutrio: to bring up
together. Helen. 1036.

Συντρέχω, 2. a. ἐδράμω, concurro; convenio:
to run together; to correspond, agree. Orest.
1214. See Τρέχω. SYN. Συνθεῶ, συντρέχάξω,
συμπίπτω.

Συντρίανω, tridente concutio: to shake with
the trident. Συντρίανώσιν πύλιν Herc. F. 941.
SYN. Συντρίανόσω, συγκλονέω, συντάρσσω.

Συντρίβω, ψω, contero: to break to pieces.

Cycl. 699. See Τρίσω. SYN. Συνθραύω, συν-
θλίβω, ἀνίωω, κατὰκλάω, καταρρήγνυμι.

Σύντροφός, ου, δ, ἡ, simul nutritus: reared
with. Iph. T. 1120. SYN. Ὀμότροφός, οἰκείος.

Συντρόχᾶς, concurro: to meet. Anacr. 7. 4.
SYN. see Συντρέχω.

Συντυγχάνω, obviam fio; colloquor: to meet
with, occur; to converse with. Συντύχων κατα-
κτανή Rhes. 861. SYN. Εντυγχάνω, συναντάω,
συνέρχουμαι, συμφέρουμαι, συμπίπτω.

Συντύρῶ, in caseum cogo: to make into
cheese. Eq. 479. See Τυρός. SYN. Συμπήγνυμι,
συγκύκω.

Συντύχια, as, ἡ, eventus; congressus; casus:
an occurrence; meeting; event. Συντύχια
κρείσσαν ἐκύρησεν Hec. 215. SYN. Τύχη,
συμφυρά.

Συνωδίνω, simul dolore adficior: to be dis-
tressed along with. Helen. 733. See Ωδίνω.
SYN. Συναλγέω, συμπάθω.

Συνωδός, et Συναίδος, ου, δ, ἡ, concinens:
harmonising with. Med. 1004. Herc. F. 787.
See Αἰοδός. SYN. Σόμφωνος, συνοίμιος, ὁμαυλός.

Συνωμοσία, as, ἡ, conjuratio: a conspiracy.
Τῶν ὅλων πάντων τὰς ξυνωμοσίας ἐρᾶ Eq. 474.
SYN. Σύστασις.

Συνωμοτῆς, et Σύνωμωτῆς, ου, δ, qui eodem
jurejurando adstrictus est: one bound by the
same oath, a conspirator. Eq. 862. Lysist.
1006. SYN. Ἐνώμοτός.

Συνώνυμος, ου, δ, ἡ, commune nomen habens:
having a common name. Γαῖα τις ξυνώνυμος
Helen. 494.

Συνωρίζομαι, copulo: to join together. Bacch.
194. SYN. see Συνεύννυμι.

Συνωρικεύομαι, bigas agito: to drive a pair of
horses. Nub. 15. Π. brevis, a ξυνωρικά, perf.
activi ξυνωρίζω.

Συνωρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, biga, par: a couple of horses
or mules drawing a carriage, a pair. Τὴν μὴν
ξυνωρίδα C. C. 895. SYN. Ζεύγος, συζυγία.
Ep. Εὐτέκνος, πόλις.

Συνωφέλλω, una adjuvo: to join in assisting.
Ξυνωφέλουντᾶ μοι Philoct. 871. SYN. Σύν-
άρῃω, συμβοήθω.

Συνωχᾶδων, continenter: continuously. Ασπρά-
των ἐστέιχῃ συνωχᾶδων Hes. Theog. 690. SYN.
Συνῶχᾶ, συνέχεως, συνέχως.

Συοκτόνος, ου, δ, ἡ, apri intersector: a boar-
slayer. Ἰάσιοι συοκτόνων Call. 3. 216. SYN.
Συόφοντης.

Σύρα, as, ἡ, Syra. Βομβύκα χάριεσσά Σύραν
κἀλοντὶ τῷ πάντες Theocr. 10. 26.

Σύρακκοι, et Σύρακουσαι, ὦν, αἱ, Syracusæ:
a celebrated city in Sicily. Pyth. 2. 1. Olymp.
6. 8. See below.

Σύρακκοῖος, et Σύρακούσιος, α, ὄν, Syracusanus:
Syracusan. Ἡδὴ βαστάζουσι Σύρακκοῖοι
μέσᾳ δοῦρα Theoc. 16. 78. Av. 1297.

Σύρακουσαι, and -οῖς. See above.

Σύρδην, melius Φύρδην, q. v. (Vid. Blomf. Pers.
54.)

Σύριγξ, ἄτος, τὸ, sibilus: a whistling. Bacch.
920. See below. SYN. Ψύρισμα.

Συρικτής. See Συρικτής.

Σύριγξ, ἰγγός, ἡ, fistula; modiolus rotæ; vena;
thea: any hollow tube, a pipe; the nave of a
wheel; a vein; a repository for spears. Ἐπὶ
γὰρ δερμὶ σύριγγες ἄνω Aj. 1411. SYN. Αἰδλαξ,
δύναξ. Ep. Νυκτίερὸς, πρεσβυτάτης, ἀρματεῖς,
κἀλᾶμεισά, εὐφοργῶς, ευκἐλᾶδος, λίγυρᾶ, εν-
E e 2

νεῶφωνος, κἄλῃ, περί χεῖλος ἐλικτός, ποιμένικῃ, (2) ἐλὶτροχος, (3) δερμή, αἰματώσεσά.

Συρίζω, Dor. Συρίδος, sibilo; fistula cano: to whistle, rattle; to pipe. Φιμοὶ δὲ συρίζουσι βάρεον τροπον Sept. Th. 459. Theoc. 1. 3. SYN. Υψιρίζω.

Συρικτής, et Συρικτής, οὐ, et Συριστήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, sibilator; qui fistula canit: a whistler; a piper. Πᾶ πῶχ' ὁ συρικτὰ προσφιλές ἥσ' μέλος Theoc. 8. 34. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat συρικτης ex Jacobs. Anth. 11. 226., et suristhēr ex Jacobs. Anth. 7. 58.

Συρίος, α, ὄν, Syrius: Syrian. Νέκταρι Συρίας δ' ὡς λιθάνου κάπνους Bacch. 144.

Συριστήρ. See Συρικτής.

Συρμαία, ας, ἡ, potus ex planta quadam ῥαφάνις et sale, purgationi serviens: a purging draught. Pax 1253.

Συρράπτω, consuo: to sew together. Hes. Op. 542. SYN. Κάταρράπτω, καττύω.

Συρρήγνυμι, f. ῥήξω, confringo: to break down. S. 137. SYN. Συνθραύω, συνῥάσσω, συντρίβω.

Σύρτις, ἔως, ἡ, Syrtis: the name of two quicksands on the coast of Africa. Σύρτιν ἰν' οὐκ ἐρί νόστως Apoll. 4. 1235.

Σύρφαξ, ακὺς, Σύρφετός, ου, ὁ, colluvies: filth, scum. Τὸν μὲν σύρφακά τὸν ἄλλον Vesp. 673. Hes. Op. 2. 224. SYN. Λύμα.

Σύρω, traho: to draw along. Σύρων ευχόμενοις τὲ θεοῖς Batrach. 74. SYN. Ἐλκω.

Σὺς, Ἄεol. pro ὄτς, ὕς, ὁ, ἡ, sus; aper: a sow; a boar: Ἡ σὺων μορφώτρια Troad. 439. Ψ. 22. SYN. Χοῖρος, κάπρος, κᾱπρὺς. Ep. Ἀγρίως, ἀργιόδους, μάλᾳ πίων, πεντάετηρὸς, δαλῆθων ἀλοιφῇ, μέγας, ἀναίδης, λᾱσιὺς, πᾶχὺς, λυσσᾱλέος.

Συσκεῖδω, una dissipo: to scatter together. Ran. 904. SYN. Ἀποσκέδάννυμι.

Συσκευάζω, paro: to prepare. Vesp. 1251. 1243. SYN. Ευτρέπιζω.

Συσκηνήτριά, ας, ἡ, contubernalis: a female tent-fellow, a mate. Σοῦ ὅτι συσκηνήτριά Thesm. 431. SYN. Συνοικὺς.

Συσκιάζω, obumbro: to shade, to cover. Bacch. 1041. See Σκιάζω. SYN. Συγκάτᾱ-κάλυπτω, σκιάζω, κατάσκιάζω.

Συσπλαγχνεύω, exta simul edo: to eat entrails with. Pax 1116.

Συσπουδάζω, una studiose operam navo: to co-operate earnestly with. Pax 678.

Συσσεύω, concutio: to shake together. Τόσον φᾱς συνέσευσέ βῶαν Hom. Merc. 94. SYN. Συγκλινῶ, συντάρσσω, συγκροῖω.

Συσσιτέω, uua cibum capio: to eat with. Καὶ Μιλτιάδῃ ξυνέσσιτε Eq. 1302. SYN. Συναριστάω, συνδαίω.

Συσσιτῖον, ου, τὸ, convictus: an eating together. Ἀρχεῖν κατὰσσησάι τέ τὰ ξυσσιτία Eq. 710. SYN. Συμπόσιον, σύννοικία, ἀριστῖον.

Σύσσιτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, convictor: a messmate. Παύσανᾱ κάλει τὸν ξύσσιτον Plut. 602. SYN. Ὁμέστιος, σύνεστιος, σύννοικος, σύντροφός, σύνδειπνός.

Συσσώζω, simul servo: to join in preserving. Helen. 1388. SYN. Σώζω.

Σύστασις, ἔως, ἡ, coetus: a band. Ἦν ἄρ' εἰς δὲ συστάσει Androm. 1077. SYN. Σύνδός, ὅμιλος, σύνουσία, σύνωμοσία, στίφος.

Συστέλλω, ἐλῶ, compono; contraho; consterno: to settle, to lay out for burial; to gather

in, contract; to overpower. Troad. 380. SYN. Πέριστέλλω, ὑποστέλλω, συντίθημι, συνείργω, κατὰβάλλω, κατάρσσω.

Συστενάζω, congemio: to groan or lament together. Ὡς ξυστενάζειν οἰδᾱ Ion 935. SYN. Συναλγῶ, συγκλάω, συμπενοῦω, οὐκτεῖρω.

Συστάλλω, apparo, orno: to prepare, furnish. Orest. 1434. SYN. Συσκευάζω, κατὰκοσμεῶ, ασκέω, καλλωπίζω.

Συστρατήγος, οὐ, ὁ, collega prætorii: a joint commander. Καὶ ξυστρατήγους εἰς δ' ἀνὴρ ου πάνθ' ὄρᾱ Phœn. 757.

Συστρέφω, ψω, contorqueo: to twist round. Thesm. 61. SYN. Πέριτρέφω, συνειλίσσω, στρέβλω, συστέλλω.

Συσφάζω, una macto: to slay together. Καὶ συσφάγῃναι καὶ πύρωθῃναι δέμας Iph. T. 686. SYN. See Συγκάτακτεῖνω.

Συφέως, Συφεῖος, οὐ, ὁ, suile: a pig-stye. Κατὰ σφῆροισιν ἐέργνυ κ. 238. 389.

Συφορβός. See Συδῶτης.

Σύχνης, ἡ, ὄν, frequens, multus: frequent, much. Πληγαὶ σύχναλ κατ' ἀστυ Av. 1014. SYN. Πόλως, δαμίνος, ἄρρὸς, σινέχης, πικίνος.

Σῦω, Σείω, urgeo: to cause to hurry on. Δεξιτέρῃς σῦτὸ δ' αἰμᾱ Φ. 167. Z. 133. SYN. Κινεῶ, ὀρμαῶ, πῶρεῦμαι.

Σφάγειον, ου, τὸ, vas quo sanguis victimarum excipitur: a vessel for receiving the blood of victims. Cycl. 394. See below. Σφάγειον has the signification of σφάγιον, a victim, Troad. 749., if the reading be correct. See Musgrave's note and Blomfield's Glossary, Agam. 1060.

Σφάγευς, ἔως, ὁ, occisor; culter serviens mactationi: a slayer; the knife used at sacrifices. Ὅ μὲν σφάγευς ἐσθηκέν Aj. 815. SYN. Ὀλέτηρ, φύνεύς.

Σφάγη, ἡς, ἡ; Σφάγιασμός, οὐ, ὁ, caedes; jugulum; vulnus: slaughter; the throat; a wound. Αἰμᾱ τᾶν ἐμῶν σφάγῶν Trach. 572. Eur. El. 200. See below. SYN. Φόνος, ἀναιρέσις. Ep. Δεινῇ, ὀλέθρῃ, δακρύεσσαν, αυτοκτόνος, πολυθύτης, ἀνυσίος.

Σφάγιαζω, Σφάζω, et Σφάττω, macto: to slay. Ὡς ἡσθην σέρφω σφάγιαζόμεν Av. 571. Troad. 134. Agam. 1408. SYN. Ἀποσφάττω, δῦω, φονεῖω, πέφνω, κατὰπέφνω, ἀποκτεῖνω.

Σφάγιασμός. See Σφάγη.

Σφάγιον, ου, τὸ, victima: a victim. Ἄ δ' Αὔλις ἐλάβε σφάγι' ἐμῆς ὁμοσπύρου Orest. 651. SYN. Ἱερεῖον, θῦμᾱ, θῦσια. Ep. Ἀρρητὸν, φονῖον, ἐπιχώριον, μῦσᾱρον, χειρὸδακτὸν, αἰμὸ-βάφης.

Σφάγιος. See Σφακτός.

Σφάδάζω, luctor; palpo: to struggle; to palpitate, quiver. Ἡ δ' εσφάδαζε καὶ χεροῖν ἐντῇ διφρου Pers. 199. SYN. Δονέεμαι, χάλειπαι, σπάδμαι, ασπαίρω, αστάτew, διαπῶρεω, σφύζω.

Σφάζω. See Σφάγιαζω.

Σφαῖρα, ας, ἡ, globus; a sphere, ball. S. 377. Ep. Εὐκίκλος, περίηγος, περίφερης, κἄλῃ, πορφύρεα, εὐτρόχᾱλός.

Σφαιρηδόν, in modum pilæ: like a ball. N. 204.

Σφαιρῶ, in pilam cogo: to form into a ball. Theoc. 22. 46.

Σφακέλλος, ου, ὁ, dolor quivis acutus; caries: an acute pain, paroxysm; mortification. Ἐπὸ μ' αὖ σφακέλος καὶ φρένῳπληγείς P. V. 903. SYN. Σπασμός.

Σφακός, ου, δ, saliva: sage. Κῆθ' ὃ μὲν ἔτριβε
κεδρίδας ἀνθον σφακον Thesm. 486.

Σφακτός, Σφαγίος, α, ὄν, mactatus: slain.
Hec. 1060. Antig. 1291. See Σφαγίων.

Σφαλέριος, ἄ, ὄν, lubricus: tottering, slippery,
dangerous. Eumen. 377. See below. SYN.
Ἐπισφάλῃς, ασθενής, ὀλισθηρός, ἀπατήλιος, ἀπαρ-
τηρός, γλίσχρος.

Σφαλέριος, lubricus, dubie: in a slippery, doubt-
ful, dangerous manner. Ἀπὸ μὴ σφαλέριος ἐπὶ
τὴν γαίαν Iph. A. 600.

Σφάλλω, ἰ. σφάλω, supplanto; fallo: to sup-
plant, throw down; to deceive. Med. 201. SYN.
Ἀποσφάλω, κατὰσφάλω, ὑπόσκέλλω, πταίω,
ὀλισθαίνω.

Σφάλμα, ἄτος, τὸ, lapsus; error; infortunium:
a fall, overthrow; a mistake; a misfortune.
Androm. 54. SYN. Πτῶμα, πέσσημα, ἁμάρτημα,
δυστυχία, πταίσμα, πλάνη.

Σφαράγεω, gutture stridorem edo, crepito: to
make a rattling noise with the throat, to rattle.
Οὐβάτᾳ δὲ σφαράγευντὶ ι. 440. SYN. Βρύχαι-
μα, σμαράγεω, δονπέω, βροντᾶω.

Σφαράγιζω, cum strepitu excito: to raise with
a noise. Κῶνιν δ' ἅμᾳ εσφαράγιζον Theog. 706.

Σφάττω. See Σφαγιάζω.

Σφεδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, vehemens: vehement. Φεύ-
γον δὲ σφεδάνον ἐφέπ' ἔγχρ' Φ. 542. SYN.
Σφδρόρος, χάλεπτος, δεινός, στερερός, ισχυρός, ἐμ-
βριθής.

Σφέλας, ἄτος, τὸ, scabellum: a footstool.
Ἀμφὶ κάρη σφέλα ἀνδρῶν εκ πάλαιμάν ρ. 231.
SYN. Ορανίον, δρηνύς.

Σφενδάμνινος, ἡ, ὄν, acernus: of a maple-tree.
Ἀτέραιμονες Μάρσθωνόμαχαι σφενδάμνινοι Acharn.
181. SYN. Ισχυρός, στερῆς, πρίνινος.

Σφενδόνᾶω, funda utor: to sling. Phoen. 1199.
SYN. Ἀπορρίπτω.

Σφενδῶνη, ἡ, funda; pala annuli: a sling;
the bezil of a ring. Hipp. 865.

Σφετέρω, vindico ad me: to claim as one's
own. Aesch. Sup. 38.

Σφετέρος, α, ὄν, suus; proprius; vester:
their; proper; your. α. 7. SYN. Σφωίτερος,
ὕμετέρος.

Σφηκία, ἄς, (2) Σφηκία, ας, ἡ, (1) nidus ves-
parum: a wasp's nest; (2) examen vesparum:
a swarm of wasps. Σφηκίαν διασκεδῶ Vesp. 229.
Cycl. 473.

Σφηκίσκος, ου, δ, palus acutus: a sharp stake.
Plut. 301. SYN. Σκῆλοψ.

Σφηκός, constringo: to bind fast. P. 52. SYN.
Δεω, σφίγγω, συσφίγγω, γομφῶω.

Σφηκόωδης, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, gracilis: wasp-like,
slender. Plut. 562. SYN. Ισχνός, λεπτός, λα-
γάρδος.

Σφήκωμα, ἄτος, τὸ, galeæ pars cui crista in-
scritur: the fastening of a crest to the helmet.
Pax 1215.

Σφήν, ἡνός, ὁ, cuneus: a wedge. P. V. 64.
SYN. Γόμφος, ἡλός.

Σφήξ, ἡκός, ὁ, ἡ, vespa, crabro: a wasp,
hornet. Vesp. 1103. EP. Αἰδλός, πικρός, δά-
φρινός, δλδός, λευγάλλος, ἐνδιδίς.

Σφήττιος, α, ὄν, Sphettius: Sphettian. See
Robinson's Grec. Antiq. Χαίρεφῶν ὁ Σφήττιος
Nub. 156.

Σφίγγω, constringo: to bind tight. Theoc. 7.
17. SYN. Σφηκός, συστέλλω, συνείργω, συμ-
πλέκειμαι, περίπλεκω.

Σφιγξ, ιγγός, et Bæot. Φίξ, ἡκός, ἡ, Sphinx:

a fabulous monster of Thebes. See Lempriere.
CE. R. 130. 'Η δ' ἀρὰ Φίξ δλγὴν Hes. Theog.
326. EP. Μιάφιγνος, κίων, μὲξπάρθενός, δυ-
ξινετός, δήϊος, ἀγρία, δεινὴ, βαφωδός, χρησιμωδός,
ωμόσυντός, ὀλδὰ, παρθένος, πτέρδεσσα. PHN. see
Phoen. 1034—1061, and 819—824.

Σφδρόρα: See Σφδρόρος.

Σφδρόρος, ἄ, ὄν, vehemens: vehement, strong.
Εὔνοος γὰρ ὡν σοι πυθάνομαι πάνν σφδρόρα Plut.
25. The only form which occurs of this word,
in the Greek poets, is σφδρόρα, the neuter plur.
used adverbially, and synonymous to Σφδρόρος.
M. 124. SYN. Ἄγαν, λίαν, πάνν, δεινῶς.

Σφδρόρνόμαι, vehemens sum: to be violent.
Ἄτὰρ σφδρόρνει γ' ασθενεί σφσίσιματι P. V. 1047.
SYN. Ἐπαίρομαι, κομπάζομαι, ὀρμάομαι.

Σφονδύλη, ἡ, insectum de blattarum ge-
nere: a kind of cock-roach. 'Ews (monosyll.)
ἡ σφονδύλη φεύγονσά πονηρότατον βδεῖ Pax
1077.

Σφονδύλιος, ου, ὁ, et Σφόνδύλος, vertebra: the
spine. Σφονδύλιαν ἐκπαλ' T. 483. Σφονδύλιος
τ' ἐνήρμυσεν Eur. El. 841.

Σφραγίδιον, ου, τὸ, dimin. a Σφραγίς, ἰδός, ἡ,
sigillum; signum: a little seal; a seal. Ἐδιδαξέ
δριπῆδεσ' ἔχειν σφραγίδα Thesm. 434. Σφρα-
γίδα φύλασσ' ἦν ἐπὶ δέλτῳ Iph. A. 155. SYN.
Σήμαντρον, σημεῖον, σφράγισμα.

Σφραγίς, ἰδω, signo: to seal. Καὶ σφρα-
γίσεις λύεις τ' ὀπίσω Iph. A. 38. SYN. Σημαῖνα,
κάτσημαῖνα.

Σφραγίς. See Σφραγίδιον.

Σφράγισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, sigillum: a seal. Hipp.
867. See Σφραγίζω. SYN. see Σφραγίδιον.

Σφριγᾶω, tumeo; irascor: to swell; to be
enraged. Καὶ μὴ σφριγῶντὰ θυμὸν P. V. 388.
SYN. Ανθῶ, ἀκυάζω, οἰδαίνω, βράζω, σκιρτᾶω,
οργίζομαι, ογκνύομαι.

Σφύζω, palpiro: to throb. Theoc. 11. 71.
SYN. Ασπαίρω, σφᾶδάζω, πηδᾶω, αλγῶω, ἀνιά-
ομαι.

Σφύρα, seu Σφύρα, seu Σφυρά, as seu ἄς, ἡ,
malleus: a hammer. Ἀκυδᾶ τε σφύραν τέ γ.
434. SYN. Κέστρα, ῥαστήρ.

Σφύρας, aut Σπύρας, ἄδος, ἡ, stercoris caprini
globulus: a piece of goat's dung. Ναννφύεις
σφύραδων ἀποκνίσματᾳ Pax 790.

Σφυρήλατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, malleo ductus, durus:
beaten out with a hammer, hard, solid. Σφακί
σιδρηλὴ σφυρήλατος οἶα Κόλοσσος Theoc. 22.
47. SYN. Στερῆς.

Σφυρομάχος, ου, δ, Sphyromachus. 'Ὅς Σφυ-
ρομάχος πῶτ' εἶπεν εἰ μὲμνησθ' ἐτι Eccles. 22.
Sed hic loc. quantitatem secundæ non deter-
minat: et Brunck. nescit an alibi hujus viri
mentio occurrat.

Σφύρον, οὔ, τὸ, malleolus pedis: the ancle,
the heel. Σφύριξ αἰματώδεσσα κατὰ σφύρον αὐτῶρ
Apoll. 4. 1647. SYN. Ταρσός. EP. Κάλῶν, κοῦ-
φῶν, μόνδρηλόν.

Σχᾶδων, ὄνος, ὁ, favus vesparum: the comb of
wasps. Πληρῆς δὲ σχᾶδωναν Theoc. 1. 147.

Σχάζω, ἰ. ἄσω, et Σχᾶω, findo; relaxo; de-
mitto; cohabeo: to slit; to relax; to dismiss;
to check. Γῆριν ἀφθογγον σχᾶσας Phoen. 974.
Nub. 409. SYN. Ἀποσχάζω, κατὰκόπτω, ἀνιήμι,
χᾶλᾶω, μετὰδᾶλλω, κατὰπανᾶω.

Σχεῖδια, ας, ἡ, ratis: a raft, ship. Τὰς ποντῶ-
πῶρους ἐσχε σχεῖδιας Hec. 110. SYN. Πλοῖαριον,
ναῦς. EP. Ευρεῖα, πολυδεσμός.

Σχεδῖος, α, ὄν, (1) qui præsto est: near, im-

mediate ; (2) P. N. Schedius. Choëph. 157. Τυτθὸν ο δὲ Σχεδίων P. 806.

Σχεδῶν, Σχεδῶν, prope, præsto : near, at hand. o. 223. Δ. 247. SYN. Πλησίον, ἐγγύς, πέλας, ἀγγί, βᾶδην, αυτοσχεδῶν, σχεδῶν.

Σχεθῶ, f. σχήσω, habeo, inhibeo, contineo, detineo : to have, to restrain, contain, detain. Τιν' ἐπινόαν ἐσχέθες Phœn. 419. SYN. Ἐχω, ἴσχω, κἀτέχω, κἀθέρω, ἐπέχω.

Σχελῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, segmentum carnis taurinæ : a side of beef. Αλλά σχελιδᾶς ἐδηδῶς ὠνήσῃαι Eq. 361.

Σχερία, as, ἡ, Scheria : an island of the Phæaciæ, afterwords called Κερκύρα, and now Corfu. Εἶσεν δ' ἐν Σχερίῃ ζ. 8. Ερ. Ἐρατειῇ, ἐρίσῳδς.

Σχερίς, ἔως, ἡ, facies, forma : shape, form. Sept. Th. 503. SYN. Σχήμα, κατάστασις.

Σχετήριον, ου, τὸ, remedium ad sedandum : a sedative. Αλλ' ἡδὺ λιμὸν καὶ τὸδε σχετήριον Cycl. 135. SYN. Κηλητήριον.

Σχετλιάζω, conqueror tanquam acerba passus : to complain. Ου δεῖ σχετλιάζειν καὶ βῶν πρὶν ἂν μᾶθῃς Plut. 476. SYN. Δυσχεραίνω, χάλειπαίνω, δυσφῶρῶ, ὀδύρομαι.

Σχετλῖος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, miser ; asper ; scelestus : wretched ; cruel ; wicked. Ὡ σχετλῖος πάθων ἐγὼ εἰς τινὰ Androm. 1182. Κάκοις πρὸς αὐτῆς σχετλῖος ἐλαυνόμεαι Androm. 31. SYN. Ἀτυχής, κακὸδαίμων, τλήμων, ὀδυνηρὸς, σκληρὸς, ὤμδος, χάλειπός, ἐπαχθής, ἀδικός, ἀναιδής, πονηρὸς, μοχθηρὸς, δυστυχής.

Σχήμα, ἄτος, τὸ, habitus, cultus ; decus, ornamentum : form, fashion, figure ; beauty, ornament. Hec. 617. SYN. Τῦπος, σχεσις, χάρακτῆρ, δόξα, πρῶτον, αξιωμα, κόσμος, εἶδος, κόμπος. Ερ. Ευγὲνὲς, σεμνὸν, λαμπρὸν, φαλὸν.

Σχημάτιζω, effingo ; simulo : to form, arrange ; to pretend. Εσχημάτισται δ' αἰσιπὶς Sept. Th. 461. SYN. Ρυθμίζω, πλάσσω, πλαστονργέω, συντάσσω, κατὰκοσμεῶ, μορφῶ, ὑποκρίνομαι, προσποιεῖμαι, κατὰσκευάζω, ἐκτῦπῶ.

Σχίζα, ης, ἡ, lignum fissum : cleft wood, a log. Καὶ δ' ἐπὶ σχίζης Γ. 459. Ερ. Ἀφυλλός.

Σχίζω, ἴσω, findo, scindo : to cleave, cut. Agam. 606. SYN. Ἀνασχίζω, κατὰσχίζω, ῥήγνυμι, διατμήγω, διατέμνω, ῥάκω, τέμνω, κόπτω. Σχισμός, ου, ὁ, fissura, scissura : a cleft, a rent. Agam. 1118. SYN. Πήγμᾶ, σπάραγμός, ῥάγας, ῥαγή.

Σχινός, ου, ἡ, lentiscus ; squilla : the mastich-tree ; a sea-onion. Καὶ σχινὸν εἴτ' ὀρεῖ διέμενος Σφηττίφ Plut. 720.

Σχιστός, ἡ, ὄν, fissus : cleft, divided. C. E. R. 733.

Σχοινίως, ης, ὄν, juncus : made of rushes. Σχοινίως ἵπποισι γὰρ Eur. fr. Autol. 2.

Σχοινίον, ου, τό ; Σχοινίς, ἰδός, ἡ, funiculus e juncu tortus : a cord made of rushes. Ὡσπερ οἱ τὰ σχοινία Pax 36. Τὰν λεπτὰν σχοινιδὰ βρόχον Theoc. 23. 51. SYN. see Σπαρτίον.

Σχοινός, ου, ὁ, juncus : a rush. Plut. 541. Σχοινός, ἡ, is P. N., Schœnus, a city in Bœotia. B. 497. See Damm.

Σχολάζω, ἄσω, otior, moror : to be at leisure, to loiter. Aesch. Sup. 215. SYN. Βράδυνω, ῥαθυμεῶ, σχολῶν ἄγω, εὐσυχῶ, ἀπραγῶ.

Σχολή, ἡς, ἡ, otium, vacatio, tarditas : leisure, exemption from business, slowness. Androm. 730. SYN. Διὰτριβή, ἀνέσις, ἀπραγμῶσυν, βράδυτης, ἀργία. Ερ. Φιλάτῃ, τερπνῇ, κᾶκῃ.

Σώεσκα. See Σῶω.

Σῶω, Σῶω, et (ut aliqui dicunt) Σῶόςω, servo : to preserve, keep. Phœn. 1435. Εξ ὑδάτος ταπρῶτᾶ σοῖο δὲ μὴν Callim. Del. 22. Ερρύσάτῳ καὶ ἑσάσωε O. 290. SYN. see Σῶω.

Σωκέω, valeo, possum : to be powerful, to be able. Soph. El. 118. SYN. Ισχύω, δυνάμαι, σθένω, βῆθεω.

Σώκω, ου, ὁ, servator ; qui potens est : a preserver ; one who is mighty. T. 72. Σώκω is also a P. N. A. 427.

Σωκράτῶ, Socratem ago : to imitate Socrates. Ερρύπων ἑσωκράτου Av. 1282.

Σωκράτης, ἔως, ὁ, dimin. Σωκράτιδιον, ου, τὸ, Socrates ; Socrates parvus : the celebrated Athenian philosopher ; the little Socrates. Τὸν στεφάνον ἐπὶ τὶ στεφάνον οἶμοι Σώκράτες Nub. 256. Ὡ Σωκράτιδιον φίλτατον τὶ ὄν γέρον Nub. 746. Ερ. Μήλιδς, κακὸδαίμων, σφῶδς.

Σῶμα, ἄτος, τὸ, corpus : a body. Hec. 31. SYN. Δεῦμα, χρώς. Ερ. Μεγά, ἀπαπτόν, ἀκλαυστόν, χρήσιμόν, γυμνόν, αἱμάτοσταγές, λευκὸν γῆρα.

Σώπυλις, ἰδός, ὁ, Sopolis. Σώπυλιν ἐστένόμεν Call. Ep. 18. 2.

Σωρὸς, ου, ὁ, acervus : a heap. Plut. 269. SYN. Χῶμα, σάγμα, θιν, ὀγκός.

Σῶς. See Σῶδς.

Σωσθάνης, ου, ὁ, Sosthānes. Ἰππων ἐλάτῃρ καὶ Σωσθάνης Pers. 32.

Σωσίας, ου, ὁ, Sosias. Σωσίας πρὸς Δερκῆλον Vesp. 78.

Σωσιπόλις, ἔως, civitatem servans : preserving the state. Ὁ σωσιπόλις οἶμοι τᾶλας ἀπὸλλύμαι Acharn. 163. See Πῶλις. SYN. Πῶλισσός, βυσιπτόλις, πόλισσοῦχος.

Σωστῆς, α, ὄν, servandus : must be preserved. Lysist. 501.

Σωστράτῃ, ης, ἡ, Sostrate. Ὡσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτῃν Nub. 678.

Σώτειρα, as, ἡ, (2) Σωτήρ, et Σαωτήρ, ἡρὸς, ὁ, (1) servatrix, (2) servator : a preserver. Σώτειράν εἶναι θεῶν (monosyll.) τέ κωνθρώπων μύνην Med. 528. 361. Call. 4. 166. See Σῶω in Σῶόςω. SYN. Σωτήριδς, φύλαξ.

Σωτήρ. See Σώτειρα.

Σωτηρία, as, ἡ, salus : safety, preservation. Σοι φέρων σωτηρίαν Troad. 755. SYN. Φύλακῃ, ευθυρία, φάος. Ερ. Νικηφόρος, κλεινή, καλή.

Σωτηρίδς, α, ὄν, salutaris : preservative. Ναυτίλοις σωτήριος Orest. 1654.

Σωφρόνεια, modestia utor, sana mente sum : to be discreet or wise. Hipp. 1037. SYN. Νοῦν ἔχω ; σῶφρων, σφῶδς, φρόνιμος, κόσμιος εἰμί.

Σωφρόνιζω, ad sanam mentem reduco : to render discreet. Herc. F. 865. SYN. Ευθύνα, παιδεύω, φρένῶ.

Σωφρόνικῶς, Σωφρόνως, modeste, prudenter : with moderation, prudently. Ὅτι σωφρόνικῶς κοῦκ ἀνῆλθας Eq. 542. Phœn. 1128. SYN. Σέσωφρόνισμένως, εγκράτῶς, μέτριως.

Σωφρόνισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, prudens monitum : a prudent suggestion. Σωφρόνισμάσιν πατρός Aesch. Sup. 999. SYN. Παράγγελμα, νουθέτημα.

Σωφρόνως. See Σωφρόνικῶς.

Σωφρόσυνη, Σαφρόσυνη, ης, ἡ, modestia : moderation, discretion. Ὅδ' ὁ σωφρόσυνη πάντας ὑπερσᾶν Hipp. 1362. Καὶ τέ χαλιφρόνεντᾶ σασφρόσύνης ἐπέσησαν ψ. 13. SYN. Σόφια, αἰδῶς, ἄγνεια, τὸ σῶφρων. SYN. Κλεινή, ἀγνή,

ἀρίζηλος. ΡΗΗ. Δωρήμα κάλλιστον θεῶν, οὐδὲν προσβυτέρων τῆς σωφροσύνης.

Σάφρων, Σάφρων, ὄνός, prudens, modestus: prudent, moderate. Med. 909. Οὐκ ἂν μέ σάφρονα μυθήσαιο Φ. 462. SYN. Δάφρων, ἔμφρων, φρένῃρης, φρόνιμος, μέτριος, σπουδαῖος.

Σώω, Ion. imp. σώσκων, servo: to preserve. Apoll. 4. 197. Θ. 363. SYN. Σώζω, σᾶω, σῶω, σᾶώζω, εκσᾶώζω, διασᾶώζω, ἐρύω, τηρέω, διατηρέω, φύλασσω, λυτρώω.

T.

Ταγέω, Ταγεύω, impero: to command. Pers. 770. Πύλων ἐπ' ἐξδοιοῖσι τάγευσαι τάχος Sept. Th. 58. SYN. Τάσσω, ἀρχω, ἡγέμενέω, σημαίνω.

Τάγη, ἡς, ἡ, praefectura: a command. Τὰς τάγας ἔσχη πύκα Lysist. 105. The first syllable of ταγός, ταγέω, and ταγεύω, is long, of τάγη, and τάγοιχος, short: Brunck. Eq. 159. assigns as the reason, that the former are deduced from the perf. middle τέταγα, the latter from the 2nd a. ἐτάγον. See Dawes. Misc. Crit. p. 245. Blomfield, P. V. 96. Gloss. and Agam. 109. note. SYN. Αρχή, ἡγέμενευμά.

Τάγηνον, ου, τὸ, sartago: a frying-pan. Τὸ μὲν τάγηνον τευθίδων (iamb. dim.) Eq. 929. SYN. Ἡγᾶνδον, τήγανδον.

Ταγός, οὔ, Τάγοιχος, ου, ὁ, dux: a leader or commander. Νέων γέ ταγοὶ πᾶν λειπεμένων σῶθην Pers. 486. Θράσος ταγοῦχος ὡς ἀνὴρ ἐπισκόπεϊ Eum. 296. SYN. Ἄγος, ἡγεμὼν, στρατήγος.

Τάγοιχος. See above.

Ταινᾶριος, α, ὄν, Tænarius: of Tænarus. Ταινᾶριν ᾤδηλος ὑπὸ χθονᾶ Apoll. 1. 102.

Ταινᾶρος, ου, ὁ, Tænarus: a promontory of Laconia, now Matapan. Ἡ 's Κερβερίου ἡ 's ποράκας ἡ 'πὶ Ταίναρον Ran. 187.

Ταινία, as, ἡ, tænia: a fillet, a border. Καὶ ταινίη δὲ μαστῶν Anaer. 20. 13. SYN. Ζώνη, στέφανη, διάδημα, κόσμος, στέμμα.

Ταινίωω, redimio fascia; orno: to bandage; to adorn. Καὶ ταινίωσαι καὶ πᾶρθον τὰς ληκύθους Eccles. 1032. SYN. Περῖειλέω, περῖδέω, στέφανω, κοσμέω.

Τάκερος, α, ὄν, liquefactus: melting. Ἀημος κῆυμος τρέφουσα τάκερός καὶ κάλους Aristoph. ap. Steph. SYN. Ἄσρος, ἀπάλος, τέτρηκός, ὕγρος, μάλακός.

Τάλαεργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, patienter laborem subiens: patiently labouring, toilsome. Γῆνη τάλαεργός ἐλίσσει Apoll. 4. 1062. SYN. Πόλυμοχος, γλήμων, τάλαίφρων.

Τάλαῖωνίδης, ου, ὁ, Talaionides: the son of Talaüs. Μηκιστέως (trisyll.) υἱὸς Τάλαῖωνίδαο ἄνακτος Ψ. 678.

Τάλαιπαρῶω, ærumnas et labores perpetuo: to suffer troubles and hardships. Eis οἶον ἦκω τί δὲ τάλαιπαρεῖν μὲ δει Orest. 665. SYN. Τάλαω, ὅτλω, ἀνιάμαι.

Τάλαιπαρὸς, Τάλακίριος, α, ὄν, ærumnosus: wretched. Τὴν τάλαιπαρον πόλιν Troad. 1267. Ζείνος τάλακίριος ἐνθάδ' ἵκάνω η. 24. SYN. Ἄθλιος, κακόδαμων, ἐπιπόνος, κόπῳδης, μέλεις, τάλαος.

Τάλαιπαρως, ærumnose: wretchedly. Καὶ νῦν τάλαιπαρως ἐγὼ γ' ὦ φιλάτῃ Eccles. 54. SYN. Ἀθλίως, κῶκως.

Τάλαίφρων, Τάλαφρων, Τάλασίφρων, ὄνός, et Τάλακάρδιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui animo patienti est: enduring, patient. Antig. 866. Ἐφῶθησέ τάλαφρόνα Ν. 300. Ἀμφὶ μ' Ὀδυσσῆος τάλασίφρονός Δ. 466. Hes. Scut. 424. See Καρδία. SYN. Τάλαεργός, τάλαπενθής, τάλαπάθος, τολμηρός, τάλαυρὸς, τάλαός, τάλας.

Τάλακάρδιος. See Τάλαίφρων.

Τάλαντον, ου, τὸ, libra; talentum: a balance; a talent, consisting of sixty minæ, and worth about 193l. ΑΛΛ' ἦν τάλαντά τις λάβη τρία καὶ δέκα Plut. 194. SYN. Στάθμος, ῥόπη, ζυγός, πλάστιγξ.

Τάλαντοῦχος, ου, ὁ, qui libram tenet: one who holds the balance, an umpire. Agam. 427. See above. SYN. Ζυγοστάτης.

Τάλαντώω, libro: to balance. Æsch. Sup. 830. See Τάλαντον. SYN. Ζυγοστάτέω, σταθμάζωμαι.

Τάλαός, α, ὄν, Τάλας, αινά, ἄν, miser: wretched. Ἀπῆνές ἐφημέριοι τάλαοὶ Av. 688. Ὁ σωσί-πυλὶς οἰμοὶ τάλας ἀπὸλλύμαι Acharn. 163. Τάλαός is also a P. N., Apoll. 1. 118. SYN. Τάλαεργός, ἀθλιός, τάλαίφρων, κακόδαμων, δυστυχής.

Τάλακίριος. See Τάλαίπαρὸς.

Τάλαπενθής, ἐός, mærorem perferens: grief-enduring. Ἐχων τάλαπενθεῖ θυμὸν ε. 222. SYN. see Τάλαίφρων.

Τάλαρος, dimin. Τάλαρίσκος, ου, ὁ, qualus, calathus: a basket. Ὅν αὐτὸς αὐτοῖς τοῖς τάλαροις κατήσθιε Ran. 560. Theoc. 15. 113. SYN. Σπύρις, κάλαθος, κανέον, κάλαθισκός, κόφινος, φορμός. Ερ. Πλεκτός, ἀργυρεὺς, δινήης.

Τάλας. See Τάλαός.

Τάλασῆϊός, α, ὄν, lanificus: of wool. Τάλασῆϊά ἐργά μὲμνηεν Apoll. 3. 292.

Τάλασίφρων. See Τάλαίφρων.

Τάλαυρὸς, η, ὄν, durus, fortis: hard, brave. Τὸ μοι ἐστὶ τάλαυρινον πόλεμίζειν H. 239. SYN. see Τάλαίφρων.

Τάλαφρων. See Τάλαίφρων.

Τάλαω, perpetuo: to endure. Ἐπιόντ' ἀτάλασση O. 104. SYN. Τλήμι, καρτέρεω, ὑπόμεινω, ἀνᾶτλημι.

Ταλθύσιος, ου, ὁ, Talthybius: the herald of Agamemnon. Ταλθύσιος ἦκε Δαναῶδων ὑπέρτης Hec. 501. Ερ. Ὀτρηρὸς, Δεράπων, Δεῖος, κήρυξ. ΡΗΗ. Θεῶ ἐν ἀλίγκιός αὐδῇ.

Τάλις, ἰδὺς, ἡ, virgo nubilis: a marriageable young woman. Τάλιδος ἡκε μὲρον Ἀντίγονης Antig. 629. SYN. Νύμφη.

Τάλως, ω, ὁ, Talus. Vid. Val. Flacc. x. et Plat. in Minoe. Ὁμᾶσι χαλκείοις Τάλω Apoll. 4. 1670.

Τάμεσίχρως, ὄς, corpus seu cutem incidens: cutting the body or skin, keen. Ἄς εἶχον τάμεσίχρῶς Ν. 340.

Τάμια, as, seu -η, ης, ἡ; Τάμιās, ου, ὁ, dispensatrix, promus, condus: a dispenser, steward, house-keeper. Εν δὲ γῆνι τάμει γ. 479. Καὶ τάμια παρὰ νηυσὶν ἔσαν T. 44. SYN. Ἐφόρος, οἰκονόμος, δέσπονα, δεσποτής. Ερ. Αἰδοίη, ἀμφιπόλος, ὀτρηρὴ, δικάλα.

Τάμειω, Ion. imp. τάμειεσκόν, dispenso: to act as a steward, dispense. Ἡμεῖς τάμειοῦμεν ὕμιν Lysist. 495. Antig. 949. SYN. Διοικεῶμαι, οἰκονόμω, ἀποσᾶώζω, φύλασσω, ἀποτίθημι.

Τάμῖος, ου, ἡ, coagululum: rennet. Καὶ τυρὸν

παῖα τὰ μύσον δριμεῖαν ἐνείσα Theoc. 11. 66. SYN. Πύτια, ὄπδς.

Τάμνω. See Τέμνω.

Τανάκηκς, et Τανύτης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, protensam habens aciem, acutus: long-pointed, sharp. Κτεῖνας τανάκηκί χαλκῷ δ. 257. κ. 439. SYN. Προμήκης, εὐθηκτός, ευμήκης, οξυθηκτός.

Τανᾶδειρὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, protensum collum habens: long-necked. Av. 1393. See below. SYN. Δόλιχαύχην.

Τανᾶός, ἄ, ὄν, extensus, longus: extended, long. 'Ηλιάδες τανᾶήσιν Apoll. 4. 604. Τανᾶός is also the name of a river in the Peloponnesus, Eur. El. 410. SYN. Προμήκης, μάκρὸς, ἐπίμήκης, τανᾶκηκς, τανύτης.

Ταναύπους. See Τανύπους.

Τανηλέγης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, longam quietem adferens: bringing a long sleep. Κάθελρσί τανηλέγος δανάτοιο β. 100.

Ταντάλειος, α, ὄν, et Ταντάλιδης, οὐ, e Tantalus: of Tantalus. Iph. T. 989. Τῶν Ταντάλιδων ἐξ αἰμάτων ὄν Iph. T. 200.

Ταντάλιζω, Ταντάλω, vehementer concutio (vid. Hesych.): to shake violently, shatter. Anacr. 102. Ἐπὶ γὰρ πῶς ταντάλωεις Antig. 137., answered by μεγάλων μὲς ἡλθέ Νίκα. SYN. Σάλευω, σάλασσω, διάσειω, ἐκτρίνασσω, κρᾶδαίνω.

Ταντάλος, οὐ, ὁ, Tantalus. 'Ὡς λέγουσι Τάνταλος Orest. 5. PHR. see l. 581—586, and Orest. 5—9. and Porson's note.

Ταντάλω. See Ταντάλιζω.

Τανύγλωσσος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, linguam protensam habens: long-tongued. 'Ιρηνέες τῆ τανύγλωσσοί τε κῶρῶναι ε. 66.

Τανυγλώχιν, ἰνός, cuspidem promissam habens: long-barbed. Πρόξηκᾶ τανυγλώχινᾶς ὄστος Θ. 297.

Τανυδρόμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, longum curriculum absolvens: completing a long race. Eumen. 377. See above.

Τανύτης. See Τανάκηκς.

Τανυθεῖρᾶ, ας, ἡ, et Τανυθριε, τριχὺς, promissam comam habens: long-haired. Olymp. 2. 40. (See Τανυγλώχιν and Ευθεῖρᾶ.) Hes. Op. 514. See Βᾶθυθριε. SYN. Δᾶσυθριε, λαΐσις, τριχωτός.

Τανυπέπλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, extenso peplo amictus: long-robed. Πάρ δ' Ἑλένη τανυπέπλος δ. 305. SYN. Ἐλκεσίπεπλος.

Τανύπους, et Τάναπους, πόδος, pedes protensos habens: broad-footed. Ξεμᾶς ἔρινυς τανυπόδας μάθειν ἐμέ Aj. 837. Hom. Merc. 232. SYN. Τάνυσφόρος.

Τανυπτερυξ, ὕδος, et Τανυσίπτερός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, cui alae sunt extensae: with outstretched wings. Ευκῦᾶ τανυπτερυγί λιγυφῶν T. 350. 'Ὀρνιθες τανυσίπτεροί ε. 65.

Τανυρρίζος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, radices extensas habens: deeply rooted. Αἰγυροί τε τανυρρίζοι Hes. Op. 210. SYN. Βᾶθυρίζος.

Τανυστός, ὕδς, ἡ, extensio: extension, stretching. Ἐπρὶν ἀποτραπᾶσθαι τανυστοῦς ὄφρα ἰδῶμεν φ. 112. SYN. Ἐκτάσις.

Τανύσφιρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, longa crura habens: long-legged, graceful. Εἰσὶ τανύσφироί Ωκεῖναι Hes. Theog. 564. SYN. Τανύπους, ταναύπους, τὰχιπους.

Τανύφλοιος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, corticem habens longum: long-barked. Μελίην τε τανύφλοϊόν τε κρᾶνεια Π. 767.

Τανύφυλλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, folia habens lata: broad-

leaved. Κῶμην τανύφύλλου ἐλαίης ψ. 195. SYN. Ἐρίφυλλος.

Τανύω, f. ὕσω, extendo: to stretch out. 'Ὡς ἄρ' ἀπὲρ σπουδῆς τανύσε μέγᾳ τόξον Ὀδυσσεύς φ. 409. Ξεστήν ἐτάνυσσε τράπεζαν δ. 54. SYN. see Τείνω.

Ταξίαρχος, cohorti praesum: to command a band. Pax 443. See below. SYN. 'Ηγέμενέω, ταγέω, ταγεύω, στρατηγέω, σημαίνω.

Ταξίαρχος, οὐ, ὁ, ordinum ductor: the captain of a band. Ταξίαρχον προσέλεπον Pax 1138. Av. 318. SYN. Στρατήγος, πόλεμαρχός, στρατάρχος, ἡγέμων.

Ταξιῶν, in acie constituo: to post. Olymp. 9. 118. See above. SYN. Τάσσω.

Τάξις, ἔως, ἡ, ordo: arrangement, rank; a band of soldiers. Τάξιν εἶχε πρὸς πύλαις Phoen. 1135. SYN. Λόχος, στόλος.

Τάπεινός, ἡ, ὄν, humilis: humble. Ζῶ σοι τάπεινός ἀλλὰ Herc. F. 1406. SYN. Χάμαιπέτης, χθᾶμᾶλός, μικρός, γλίσχρός, ἄδοξός.

Τάπεινότης, ἡ, ὄν, dejection: dejection. Menander. See above. SYN. Κάτῃφείᾶ.

Τάπης, ἡ, tapes: tapestry, a covering. Καὶ φορμὸν ἔχειν ἀντὶ τάπητος Plut. 542. SYN. Στρώμα. Ep. Φαῖνός, πορφύρεός, ἀλινόπορφύρος, οὐλός, ῥοδόεις, μάλᾶκατέρος ὕπνου.

Τάραγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, Τάραγμός, οὐ, ὁ, Τάραξις, ἔως, et Τάραχῆ, ἡς, ἡ, perturbatio, consternatio: alarm, disturbance, consternation. Herc. F. 1082. Καὶ τάραγμον ὀμιᾶτον Iph. A. 1128. Thesm. 144. Τάραχῇ γ' ἀδελφᾶν τις δι' Iph. A. 508. SYN. Σύγχυσις, θόρυβός, ἐκπληξις.

Τάρακτης. See Τάρακτωρ.

Τάρακτρὸν, οὐ, τὸ, quod perturbat: a thing which raises commotions. Pax 654. See Τάρασσω.

Τάρακτωρ, ὄρος, et Τάρακτης, οὐ, ὁ, perturbator: a disturber. Sept. Th. 569. Lycophr. 43. See Τάρασσω.

Τάραξικάρδιος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, animum perturbans: heart-distressing. Καὶ τάραξικάρδιον Acharn. 315. SYN. Διαθιγνός, θυμὸν κατέδω.

Τάραξιπὸστράτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui equestres copias perturbat: one who throws the cavalry into confusion. Καὶ τάραξιπὸστράτον Eq. 247.

Τάραξις. See Τάραγμα.

Τάρασσω, ξω, perturbo: to trouble. 'Ὅταν τάρᾳξ Κυπρίς Hipp. 973. SYN. Ἀνατάρσσω, συντάρσσω, θόρυβέω, συγχέω, κύκω, ὀρίνω, ἐμπλήσσω.

Τάρᾳχῆ. See Τάραγμα.

Ταρσᾶλέος, α, ὄν, timidus: fearful. Ταρσᾶλέον καὶ μητρός Hom. Merc. 165. SYN. Ἀτυγηλός, φόβερὸς, δειλαῖος, δειλήμων, ταρσδύνος, ἐμφόβος.

Ταρσέω, Ion. imp. τάρσεσκον, timeo: to fear. Trach. 725. Hom. Hymn. 4. 252. SYN. Τρέω, δεῖω, δειμαίνω, ορῶδew, φόβειμαι.

Ταρβός, ἔδς, τό; Ταρβόσυνη, ἡς, ἡ, terror, metus: terror, fear. Phoen. 372. Ταρβόσυνη φᾶν γὰρ μῖν σ. 341. SYN. Δειμᾶ, δειλία, φόβος, δέος, ἐκπληξις, ορῶδία.

Ταρβόσυνός, ὁ, ὄν, pavidus: trembling. Sept. Th. 226. See above. SYN. see Ταρσᾶλέος.

Τάριχεύω, sale condio; exsicco: to salt, embalm; to dry. Κάκως τάριχευθέντᾶ Choeph. 290. SYN. Ξερναίνω, ἀλίχω, τέμαχίζω.

Τάριχος, οὐ, ὁ, et ἔδς, τὸ, et Τάριχίον, οὐ, τὸ, salsamentum piscium; caro sale condita: salt fish or meat. Σᾶπρος τᾶριχος τὴν ὀργάνον φιλεῖ Clearchus Solensis apud Steph. Ἄλλ' ἐπὶ τᾶ-

ρίχη τοὺς λῦφους κρᾶδαινέτω Acharn. 967. Eis ἄγρον τὰριχίον Pax 262. SYN. Πάροψώνημά. EP. Γάδειρικός, χρηστὸς, σῆπρος.

Τάρνη, ης, ἡ, Tarne: a city of Mæonia or Lydia. E. 44.

Ταρρὸς, Ταρρὸς, οὐ, ὁ, pl. Ταρρᾶ, τὰ, crates super qua casei siccantur: ala avis; palmula remi, manus vel pedis: a wicker basket for drying cheese; the flat part of a wing; an oar; the palm of a hand or foot. Nub. 226. A. 377. SYN. Τάλλαρὸς, κώπη, πτέρυν, ποὺς, χεῖρ. EP. Κάτῆρης, δῶδς, λυσώδης, κραιπνὸς, σκληρὸς.

Ταρτάρεϋς, α, ὄν, Tartareus: of Tartarus. Herc. F. 909. See below.

Τάρταρὸς, οὐ, ὁ, pl. Τάρταρᾶ, τὰ, Tartarus: the lowest region of hell. Κῆρας ἑνᾶκάλων τὰς Ταρτάρου Herc. F. 866. EP. Ευρύς, μέγας, ἡέριεϋς, ἀναύητὸς, βάθυσ, κνέφαῖδς, μέλαμβάθυσ, ἀχλύδεις. PHR. Ἄδυσσά χάσματᾶ Ταρτάρου.

Ταρτήσιος, α, ὄν, Tartessus: of Tartessus, a town in Spain. Ταρτησία μῦρανᾶ Ran. 475.

Ταρφεῖδς, ἄ, ὄν; Ταρφῆς, et Ταρφῦς, εὖς, densus, frequens: thick, crowded, frequent. Ταρφεῖας κατέχευαν M. 158. O. 472. Sept. Th. 531. SYN. Πύκνὸς, δᾶσϋς, τραχύς, πῶλϋς, πλήρης.

Ταρφῦς, εὖς, τὸ, densitas sylvæ: a thicket. O. 606. SYN. Πύκνωμα.

Ταρφῦς. See Ταρφεῖδς.

Ταρχῶς, ὕς, sepelio: to bury. Ἐπὶ χθονὶ ταρχῶσιν Apoll. 3. 208. SYN. Θάπτω, εκφέρω, κηδεύω.

Τάσσω, ξω, ordino; mando: to arrange; to enjoin. Androm. 1088. SYN. Κοσμέω, ευτρέπιζω, κέλεύω, κάταρτῶ, ευθύνω, διάτάσσω, ευθετέω.

Ταῦγέτὸς, Ion. Τηῦγέτὸς, οὐ, ὁ, Taygetus: a mountain in Laconia. Ἐγὼ δέ καὶ κᾶ ποττὸ Ταῦγέτόν γ' ἄνω Lysist. 117. Tāygeta o qui me gelidis in montibus Hami Virg. G. 2. 488. EP. Μέγας, ἑραννὸς.

Ταύρειος, α, ὄν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, taurinus: of a bull. Helen. 1581.

Ταυρηδὸν, more taurino: like a bull. Ran. 816.

Ταυρικός, η, ὄν, Tauricus: of the Tauri, a people of European Sarmatia. Ταυρικός μ' ὄρους χθονὸς Iph. T. 85.

Ταυρδῆέτὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, taurino glutine junctus (vid. Toup. Epist. Crit. p. 118.): glued. Eur. fr. Cret. 2. 8.

Ταυρδῆεως, ω, taurina habens cornua: having a bull's horns. Bacch. 100.

Ταυρὸκρανὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, taurinum caput habens: having the head of a bull. Ταυρὸκρανὸς ἀγκάλας Orest. 1373.

Ταυροκτῆνέω, Ταυροσφάγω, ταυрум macto: to slay a bull, to sacrifice. Ταυροκτῆνέι μὲν δάδει Trach. 762. Ταυροσφάγουντες εἰς μέλαν δέτον σάκος Sept. Th. 43.

Ταυροκτῆνὸς, Ταυροσφάγος, et Ταυρὸφόνος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ταυрум interficiens: bull-slaying. Ταυροκτῶνων λέοντων Philoct. 400. Trach. 609. Theoc. 17. 20.

Ταυρομορφὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tauriformis: bull-formed. Ion 1260. SYN. Ταυροειδής.

Ταυροπόλλος, οὐ, Ταυροπόλη, ης, ἡ, Epith. Dianæ, vel quod apud Tauros colatur, vel quod taurorum gregibus præsit: frequenting the Tauri, or presiding over bulls. Iph. T. 1458. Aj. 172.

Ταυροπούς, πῶδς, tauri pedes habens: having a bull's foot. Iph. A. 275.

Ταῦρος, οὐ, ὁ, taurus: a bull. Nub. 661. Ταῦροι is also the name of a nation. Iph. T. 30. See Ταυρικός. SYN. see Βοὺς. EP. Μέγας, ἄλθων, ἐρύγμηλὸς, λασίαύχην, παμμέλας, ζῆτρεφής, ἄδμης, δασύρριξ, οὐρείς, ὑβριστής, ἀγραυλὸς, εἰλίπους, ἐλῖξ, κνημαργὸς, μώνυς, πέλωρὸς, ἄχᾶλινος.

Ταυροσφάγω. See Ταυροκτῆνέω.

Ταυροσφάγος. See Ταυροκτῆνὸς.

Ταυροφάγος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, taurorum vorator: a bull-eater. Μηδὲ Κράτινου τοῦ ταυροφάγου Ran. 357.

Ταυρὸφόνος. See Ταυροκτῆνὸς.

Ταυρῶ, tauri formam induo; exaspero: to put on the form of a bull; to enrage. Bacch. 910. SYN. Ἀπὸταυρῶ, ἀγρίω.

Τάφεις, εἰς, ὁ, qui sepulcrum dat: one who buries another, an undertaker. Cē. C. 582. See below.

Τάφη, ης, ἡ, sepultura: burial. Πλὴν ἐν εἰ χερσὶ τάφας Helen. 1062. SYN. Κῆδος, τάφος, κτέρεᾶ, εντάφια, εκφορά.

Ταφήνιος, α, ὄν, sepulchralis: sepulchral. Οἱχθόμενοι τάφῃ λαιμὸτῶμησαν Apoll. 2. 842. SYN. Ἐπιτυμβιδίος, ἐπικήδειος, ἐπιτάφιος.

Ταφῖος, α, ὄν, Taphius: an inhabitant of Taphos or Cephalenia, one of the Echinades. Ταφῖων ἡγήτορι Μέντη α. 181. SYN. Τηλέσθας, Κεφαλλην. EP. Φιλήρετμος, ληϊστήρ, ληϊστωρ.

Τάφος, οὐ, ὁ, sepulcrum; funus; terror: a tomb; a funeral; awe, alarm. Eis ἐμὸν στάζει τάφον Heracl. 1041. EP. μέσοισι τάφος δ' ἔλεν ω. 440. SYN. Σῆμα, μνήμα, ἡρίον, τύμβος, τάφη, (2) δάμπος, ἐκκληγίς. EP. Ἐρημὸς, δῦραιδς, λαίνος, βασιλικὸς, χωστὸς, χθονίος, ἀεληνηστὸς, ἑρεμνός, μὲνδεύς.

Ταφρὸς, οὐ, ἡ, fossa: a trench, a ditch. Ἐκτος τάφρον τῶνδ' ὧ μαχουμένουσ τάχα Phoen. 726. SYN. Βόθρος, λάκκος, ἑρκὸς. EP. Ὀρικτῆ, βάεῖα, ευρεῖα, κοίλη, μεγάλη.

Τάχᾶ, Τάχῆως, velociter; forsan: quickly; perhaps. Νῦν μὲν πειράται τάχᾶ δ' ἱξεται B. 193. Ἀπὸδῦναι τάχῶς τοῦ δᾶνᾶτου δ' ὦ παιδίον Thesm. 731. SYN. Ὀκτᾶ, αὐτίκᾶ, ευθὺς, καρπᾶλῖμος, εν τάχει, ἴσως, συντόμως, κραιπνῶς, τάχῶς.

Τάχῆως. See above.

Τάχινος. See Τάχῶς.

Τάχῶς, εὖς, τό; Τάχύτης, ητὸς, ἡ, celeritas: celerity. Καὶ τὸ δεσπότην τάχος Troad. 1135. Τίθει τάχῆτητὸς ἄεθλα Ψ. 740. SYN. Ὀκῆτης, δρῶμῶς, κορυφῆτης.

Τάχύεᾶτης, Τάχυπὸρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui celeriter incedit: quick-going. Rhē. 134. Helen. 1271. See Τάχυεουλὸς and Ἀεᾶτὸς. SYN. Τάχύρης, ακῦπὸρος.

Τάχυεουλὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, promptus consilio: quick of counsel, rash. Ἐν Ἀθηναίοις τάχυεούλοις Acharn. 630.

Τάχύρης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, qui celeriter remigat: quickly rowing. Θεῖναι ξὺν ὄχῳ τάχύρει Aesch. Sup. 33.

Τάχυνω, ἔνω, accelero: to hasten. Μη τάχυν' ἄνω δικῆς Androm. 548. SYN. Σπειδω, σπέρχομαι, κατέπειγμαι, ἐπιτάχυνω.

Τάχῦπειθς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, credulus: credulous. Ἐγὼ δέ οἱ ᾶ τάχῦπειθς Theoc. 2. 138. SYN. Ευπειθής, ευπίθς, εὔπειστος.

Τάχυμῶρος, Τάχυότῆρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, brevis ævi: short-lived. Agam. 470. Olymp. 1. 154. See

above, and Πῶτος. SYN. Ωκυμῶρος, ὀλιγόχρο-
νός, δλιγόδρανής.

Ταχύπομος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celeriter deducens :
quickly-conveying. Aesch. Sup. 1054. See
Ταχύπειθής.

Ταχύπῶρος. See Ταχύδατης.

Ταχύπους, πῶδος, celeres pedes habens : swift-
footed. Στείχει ταχύπουν ἰχθὺς ἐξάνυν
Troad. 234. SYN. Αργίπους, ταχύπῶρος, ταχύ-
δατης, ταχύδάμων, ἀερίπους.

Ταχύπῳλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celeres equos habens :
having swift horses. Δανάοι ταχύπῳλοι C.
161.

Ταχύπτερος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celeriter volans : rapidly
flying. Καὶ ταχύπτεροι πνῶαι P. V. 88.

Ταχύρροθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, velox, trepidus : rapid,
alarming. Sept. Th. 271. See above.

Ταχύρρωστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, præpes : fleet, rapid.
C. C. 1081. See below.

Ταχύς, εἶα, ὅ; Ταχύνος, ἡ, ὄν, celer : swift,
quick. Καὶ ταχύν προσαρκέσαι Hec. 850.
Ἔρως ταχύνος φρενᾶς Theoc. 2. 7. SYN. Ωκὺς,
Ἰδὼς, λαυήρως, οὐδὺς, ταχύπῶρος, ταχύπτερος,
ταχύήρης, ταχύρρωστος, ταχύπους, βαλὺς, ἐα-
φρός.

Ταχύτης. See Ταχύς.

Τάως, ὦ, Τάων, ὦνος, ὁ, pavo : a peacock.
Τηρεὺς γὰρ εἰ σὺ πότερὸν ορνίς ἢ τάως Av.
102. Opp. K. 2. 589. Ep. Μηδικός, χρυσόπ-
τερός.

Τέγγω, madefacio : mollio : fundo : to wet,
bedew : to soften : to pour. Med. 918. SYN.
Βρέχω, νοτίγω, μάλασσω, ὑγραίνω, ὑδραίνω,
στάζω, σταλάσσω.

Τέγεα, as, ἡ, Tegea : a city in Arcadia.
Apoll. 1. 162. Ep. Εὐμυλός.

Τέγες, ὄν, tectus : altus : covered : lofty.
Z. 248. SYN. Στεγάνος, κάτηρέφης, ὑπερώϊος.

Τέγος, ἔδος, τὸ, tectum : a roof, a house.
Apoll. 2. 1087. SYN. Στεγὺς, στέγη, ὀρόφος,
δωμά, δῶμος. Ep. Ἰέρων, ὕψηλόν.

Τέθμιος, α, ὄν, legitimus, solemnis : legitimate,
solemn. Τέθμιαί εὐτέ σφιν Καρνεϊαδῆς Call. 2.
87. SYN. Θεσμῖος, νομίμος, ἱερός.

Τέθμος, οὗ, ὁ, lex : a law, institution. Ἡρά-
κλεος τέθμόν Nem. 10. 61. SYN. Θεσμός, νόμος,
τὰ νομίμια.

Τέθναθι, imp. a Τέθνημι, i. e. Ονήσκω, mo-
rere : die. Τέθναθι κηρὰ δ' ἐγὼ X. 365. Nub.
1438. SYN. see Ονήσκω.

Τέθριππῶδων, ὄνος, quadrijugus : riding in
a carriage and four. Orest. 983. See below.

Τέθριππος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor equos habens :
drawn by or having four horses. Οὐ τέθριππος
ἦν ὄχος Hippol. 1207. SYN. Τετραῖρος, τέτρω-
ρος, τετραδάμων.

Τείνω, ἐνώ, tendo, extendo : pertineo : to
stretch : to pertain. Hipp. 797. SYN. Εκτείνω,
τάνω, παρᾶτεινω, τίταίνω.

Τείρος, ἔδος, τὸ, signum coeleste : a star.
Σ. 485. SYN. see Ἀστέρων.

Τειρεσίας, ου, ὁ, Tiresias : a famous Theban
prophet. Οἰωνόμαντις Τειρεσίας ἔχει φράσαι
Phoen. 779. Ep. Μάντις, Θεβαῖος, ἀλάος, ἀναξ,
ορθόμαντις, πρόφητης ἐξ ὄχδους, σχετλιός, θεῶπρ-
πος, στέφανηφόρος.

Τείρω, vexo, attero : to harass, wear away.
Helen. 419. SYN. Τρύχω, ἀνῶω, κάκωω, λυπέω,
δρῦπτω, τριέω.

Τειχεσίπληκτος, ου, ὁ, moenium oppugnator :
a destroyer of walls. Ἀρῆς Ἄρες βροτύλογι

μαίφρον ἔειπληκτα E. 455. Some read
Τειχεσίπληκτος, others Τειχεσίεληκτος. SYN.
Πορθήτωρ.

Τειχίζω, ἴσω, murum aedifico, munio : to
build a wall, fortify. Av. 839. SYN. Δέμω,
κράτνω, ὀχυρῶω, ἐρμυνῶω.

Τειχίδεις, εἰσα, ἐν, muris circumdatus : well
fortified. Γόρτυνα τῇ τευχίδεσσαν B. 646. SYN.
Τετειχισμένους.

Τειχίον. See Τείχος.

Τειχισμᾶ, ἀτος, τὸ, munimentum : a fortifica-
tion. Herc. F. 1087. SYN. Ἐρύμᾶ, εἰλᾶρ, πρό-
εδλός, ὀχυρμᾶ. Ep. Αυτομορφόν.

Τειχομάχῳ, murum oppugno : to assault a
fortification. Nub. 481. See Μάχη. SYN.
Πόλιρκῳ.

Τειχομάχος, ου, ὁ, muri oppugnator : a be-
sieger. Acharn. 570. See Μάχη.

Τείχος, ἔδος, Τειχίον, ου, τὸ, murus, muni-
mentum, domus : a wall, fortress, house. Orest.
240. Μεγὰ τευχίον αὐλῆς π. 343. SYN.
Περίεδλῃ, θρικτός. Ep. Ἰέρων, ἐπτάπυλόν,
πᾶτρώδον, λαῖνον, παλαιόν, ἄκρον, ἀρήϊον, αἰπύ,
χάλκεον, ἐρμυνόν, μακρόν, ἠλιεᾶτόν, κλυτόν,
ουρανίον.

Τείως. See Τέως.

Τεκμαίρω, certis signis ostendo : conjicio : to
prove clearly : to conjecture. P. V. 344. See
below. SYN. Ἀναφαίνω, δεικνυμί, σημειῶμαι,
εὐκάζω, συμβάλλω, σκέπτομαι.

Τεκμᾶρ, Τεκμᾶρ, Τεκμηρίον, ου, τὸ, certum
signum : a distinct proof, sign, mark. Οὐτέ
χειμάτος τεκμᾶρ P. V. 463. δ. 373. Hipp.
929. SYN. Σήμᾶ, σημειῶν, τέλός. Ep. Ασφᾶλές,
σάφες, ἑναργές, πιστόν, μέγιστόν.

Τεκμηρίον. See above.

Τεκμηρσᾶ, ης, ἡ, Tecmessa : the wife of Ajax.
Τεκμηρσᾶν οἶκτῳ τῷδε Aj. 895. See Τεκμᾶρ.
Ep. Δαῖα, δυσμῶρος, δουρίληπτος.

Τεκμᾶρ. See Τεκμηρίον.

Τεκνιδίον. See Τεκνών.

Τεκνὸν γόνος, Τεκνῶποιός, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, parens : a
parent. Sept. Th. 923. Troad. 847. See below.
SYN. see Παιδογόνος.

Τεκνοκτόνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, liberorum intersector :
a destroyer of children. Καὶ τεκνοκτόνον μῦθος
Herc. F. 1146. SYN. see Παιδοκτόνος.

Τεκνὸν λείπειρα, as, ἡ, quæ liberos amisit :
who has lost her young. Soph. El. 107. See
above.

Τεκνόν, dimin. Τεκνιδίον, ου, item Τεκός,
ἔδος, τὸ, proles, filius vel filia : offspring, son
or daughter. Ἡ σκυλὶν οἰωνοῖσιν αἰθέρος τέκνους
Eur. El. 897. Ὡ τέκνα Κάδμου τοῦ παλαιοῦ νεᾶ
τρώφῃ C. R. 1. Ὡ γλυκυτάτων σὺ τέκνιδιον
καὶ οὐκ πατρός Lysit. 889. (Qui locus secundæ
syllabæ quantitatem non determinat, nec scio
alterum.) Androm. 1243. SYN. Γενεᾶ, βρέφος,
γόνος, ἐκγόνον, παῖς. Ep. Ἀγλαόν, ἐρικυδές,
κάλλιμόν, νήπιόν, περικαλλές, τηλέκλυτον, φίλον,
γλυκερόν, παλιδίον, ἐρατεινόν, θυμῆρες.

Τεκνῶποιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, prænam ob liberos
exigens : child-avenging. Μνᾶμων μῆνιν τεκνῶ-
ποιος Agam. 150.

Τεκνῶποιός. See Τεκνὸν γόνος.

Τεκνῶω, liberos procreo : to beget children,
generate. Εἰ γὰρ τέκνώσεις παιδᾶ Phoen. 19.
SYN. Γενῶω, φύω, φύτεύω, φιτεύω, τίκτω, παιδῶ-
ποιέωμαι.

Τέκός. See Τεκνών.

Τεκταίνω, fabricor : to fabricate, construct.

Iph. T. 952. SYN. Τέχναζω, τεύχω, κατασκευάζω.

Τεκτόνιδης, ου, ό, Tectonides : the son of Tecton. Πάλλυνθου Τεκτόνιδας δ. 114.

Τεκτόσυνη, ης, ή, ars fabrilis : the art of a mechanic. Androm. 1006. See Γηθόσυνη.

Τέκτων, όντος, ό, faber, artifex : a mechanic, contriver. Τεκτόνων μοχθήμασι Ion 1129. ΕΡ. Κλιτύς, δάμνων, σόφος.

Τελαμών, ώντος, ό, (1) lorum, fascia : a leathern thong, bandage ; (2) Telamon : Telamon. Τη ρά δύω τελαμώνε Ξ. 404. P. 284. SYN. Ίμας, δεσμός. ΕΡ. Χρύσεός, φάεινός, εϋδμητός, αργυρέος, πλατύς, (2) αντιθέος, κρατέρος, Αιάκιδης, άμύμων, άγαυός, άρηφίλιός.

Τελαμωνιάδης, ου, ό, e Telamone satus : the son of Telamon. ΑΛΛ' ήτοι Τελαμωνιάδην N. 709.

Τελαμωνίος, α, όν, Telamonius : of Telamon. Τελαμωνίου δ' Αίαντός Helen. 847.

Τελέω, orior : to spring up. Med. 1092. SYN. Εμί, ύπάρχω, γίγνομαι.

Τελείος, et Τελέος, α, όν, et Τελής, εσσά, έν, perfectus : complete. Sept. Th. 153. Ion 1418. A. 315. SYN. Τελεσφόρος, παντέλης.

Τελείω, et Τελείω. See Τελέω.

Τελεϋμνός, ου, ό, ή, qui numerum mensium implevit : that has its full number of months (a child). Trach. 826.

Τελέος. See Τελείος.

Τελεσιδώτειρά, as, ή, donatrix finis : one who gives an end. Τελεσιδώτειρ' Heracl. 899. See below.

Τελεσιφρων, όντος, perficiens animi propositum : executing its intent. Ορθώνυμον τελεσιφρων Agam. 681., corresponding to δῶ' eis τό πάν ετητύμως.

Τελεσφόρια, as, ή, institutum : an institution. Steph. ed. Valp. citat Callim. H. in A. 78. in Cer. 130.

Τελεσφόρος, ου, ό, ή, ad finem perducens, et productus : bringing to an end, accomplished. T. 32. SYN. Τελείος.

Τελέτη, ης, ή, finis ; initiatio ; caeremonia : an end ; an initiation ; a sacred rite. Bacch. 457. SYN. Τελός, θυσία. ΕΡ. Μονόήμερος, νύκτερος, άρηγτός.

Τελευταίος, α, όν, ultimus : last. Ion 1148. SYN. Έσχάτος, ύστατός.

Τελευταίω, finio : to end. Helen. 1665. SYN. Πληρώω, τέλειω, τέλειω, λήγω.

Τελευτή, ης, ή, finis : an end. Med. 1385. SYN. Τελός, απαλλάγή. ΕΡ. Πικρά, γλυκερά.

Τελέω, Τελείω, et Τελείω, perficio : to complete. Aj. 528. A. 5. Trach. 1273. SYN. Διάτελέω, τέλευταιώ, πείραινω, τολυπέω, άνύω, τελεσφόρεω, άπεργάζομαι.

Τελέως, perfecte : completely. Trach. 1279. SYN. Εντέλως, άπαρτί.

Τελής. See Τελείος.

Τέλθος, έός, τό, tributum, debitum, merces : tribute, debt, reward. Call. 6. 106. SYN. Χρέος. Τέλλω, orior : to arise. Soph. El. 699. SYN. Άνάτελλω.

Τελαμά, άπος, τό, lacuna : a slough. Av. 1592. SYN. Σήραγξ, τενάγος, βάθρον, ιλός, συστάς.

Τελάς, έός, τό, finis ; tributum ; munus : an end ; a tribute : an office. Hec. 413. SYN. Τελευτή, πέρας, όρος, τέλετή, δαμός. ΕΡ. Πικρόν, δανάτηφθόρον, διρρήμιον, τριρήμιον, κάκον, δυστέκμαρτόν, ωκύμρόν, έρόν, αίσίμιον, εύολέον.

Τέλσον, ου, τό, finis : an end, extremity. N. 707. SYN. Τέλος, πέρας.

Τελώνης, ου, ό, publicanus : a farmer of taxes and tolls. Eq. 248.

Τεμάχός, έός, τό, frustum abscissum : a slice. Κεστράν τεμάχη μεγάλαν άγάθων Nub. 339. SYN. Κερμάτιον, μόριον.

Τεμένιος, α, όν, ad lucum pertinens : of a grove or sacred inclosure. Βωμούς όρίζει τεμένίαν τέ φυλλάδα Trach. 756.

Τεμένιος, έός, τό, agri portio a caeteris resecta ; nemus sacrum : land set apart for an individual ; a sacred grove or inclosure. Z. 194. SYN. Άλσός, ναός. ΕΡ. Κάδον, άγλάδον, περίκαλλές, έρόν, πεντηκοντόγιον, Κυλλήνιον.

Τεμέση, ης, ή, Temese : a city in Cyprus. α. 184.

Τέμνω, et Τάμνω, f. τέμνω, 2. a. έτămνω, seco : to cut. γ. 175. A. 88. SYN. Απότημνω, κόπτω, σχίζω, τμήσσω.

Τέμπεα, ων, τὰ, (1) Tempe : a beautiful valley in Thessaly, through which the river Peneus runs ; (2) loca arboribus consita et pratis virentibus amœna : any delightful valley. Theocr. 1. 67. ΕΡ. Αυδήεντα.

Τενάγος, έός, τό, locus palustris : a marshy place. Πάντη γάρ τενάγος πάντη Apoll. 4. 1237. SYN. Τελαμά, σήραγξ, ιλός.

Τενάγωης, έός, ό, ή, cœnosus, palustris : muddy, marshy. Apoll. 4. 1264. See above.

Τέναγων, οντός, ό, Tenagon. Τενάγων τ' άριστος Βακτριών ιθαγενής Pers. 311.

Τένω, rodo : to gnaw. Hes. Op. 522. SYN. Εσθίω, έδω, τρώγω, κάτσεσθίω, λίχνεύω.

Τενέδος, ου, ή, Tenedos : an island in the Aegean sea. γ. 159. ΕΡ. Ίμερτή, αγκιχιάλος.

Τενθεία, as, ή, gulositas : gluttony. Av. 1690. SYN. Αδηνάγια, λίχνεα.

Τένθος, ου, gulosus : gluttonous. Pax 1009. SYN. Αδηνάγος, λίχνος.

Τενθρηδών, όντος, ό, Tenthredon. B. 756.

Τένων, οντός, ό, tendo ; cervix : a tendon ; the neck. Med. 1163. SYN. Αυχήν. ΕΡ. Κράτερός, πάχυσ, βάθυσ.

Τέος, ποët. pro Ξός, q. v.

Τέραζω, et Τεράτευμαι, portenta narro : to tell of prodigies. Ούτω δ' έιπέ τεράζων Agam. 123. Τεράτευόμενος ήρειδέ κατά των ίππέων Eq. 624. SYN. Ψευδόμαι, ράχιζω.

Τέραμνόν, et Τερεμνόν, ου, τό, tectum, domus : a roof, house. Hipp. 538. Orest. 1366. SYN. Έτρεφών, στήγη, σκήνωμα. ΕΡ. Νυμφιδίον.

Τεράς, άπος, άος, et Τεράτευμα, άπος, τό, signum, portentum : a sign, prodigy. Δίδς τεράς αιγιάχοιο M. 209. Ω δαιμόνια παύσασθέ των τεράτευμάτων Lys. 763. SYN. Τέκμαρ, σήμα, πέλαω, σημείων, δαύμα. ΕΡ. Ούρειον, άγρίον, δαίον, δεξιόν, δύστηνον, πελώριον, άποφάλλον, άγρίωνον, σμερδαλέον, άπιστόν, μέγα.

Τερασκόπος, ου, ό, haruspex : a soothsayer. Bacch. 244. SYN. Οιωνοσκοπος, μάντις.

Τεράτεια, as, ή, prodigiosa narratio : a marvellous story. Καί τεράτειαν καί περίλεξιν Nub. 317. SYN. Ψευδός.

Τεράτευμα. See Τεράς.

Τεράτεύομαι. See Τεράζω.

Τεράτωδης, έός, ό, ή, portentosus : prodigious. Καί σεμνόν καί τεράτῶδες Nub. 363. SYN. Πέλαιπος, πάραδοξός.

Τεράτωπος, ου, ό, ή, portentosus adspectu : prodigious to behold. Άφαρ τεράτωνών ιδέσθαι

Hom. Hymn. 18. 36. SYN. Ἀγρίωνος, τέρα-
τάδης.

Τέρμενον. See Τέρανον.

Τέρεθρον, ου, τό, terebrum: an auger, a wim-
ble. Τόφρα δ' ἐνεκὲ τέρετρα Κάλυψο ε. 246.
SYN. Τρύπανον.

Τέρηδον, ὄνως, ὁ, teredo, vermis lignum te-
rebrans: a timber-worm. Eq. 1308. SYN. Σῆς,
σκόληξ,

Τέρην, εἰνά, ἐν, tener: tender. Χρῶα χ' ὡς τε-
ρεῖνά νύμφα Cycl. 513. SYN. Ἄσρος, ἀπᾶλδς,
πρῦφρός, χλωρός, μᾶλᾶκός.

Τέρθρον, ου, Τέρμα, ἄτος, τό; Τέρμων, ὄνως, ὁ,
terminus, meta: a limit, boundary, goal, end.
Eur. fr. Eurysth. 3. 2. Orest. 1336. Troad. 1061.
SYN. Τέλως, καμπτήρ, ὄρος, ἐσχάτια, τὸ ἐσχάτον.

Τέρμινθος, ου, ἡ, terebinthus: the turpentine-
tree. Theoc. Ep. 1. 6.

Τερμίδεις, ἐσσά, ἐν, ad pedes usque demissus:
reaching down to the feet. Καί τερμίδεντᾶ χί-
τῶνα τ. 242. SYN. Πόδῆρης, πόδηνέκης, μακρός,
μεγᾶς.

Τερμῖος, Τερμῶνις, α, ὄν, terminalis, ultimus:
concluding, last, remotest. ΕΛΘΟΝΤΙ ΧΩΡΑΝ ΤΕΡ-
ΜΙΑΝ ὅπου Δέων C. C. 89. P. V. 117. SYN. Ἑσ-
χάτος, τέλευταιός.

Τερμῶνις. See Τερμῖος.

Τέρμων. See Τέρθρον.

Τερπιάδης, ου, ὁ, e Terpio natus: the son of
Terpio. Τερπιάδης δὲ τ' αἰδὸς χ. 330.

Τερπικέραυνός, ου, ὁ, fulmine gaudens: de-
lighting in thunder. Δῖι τερπικέραυνω η. 164.

Τερπνός, ἡ, ὄν, jucundus: delightful. Hipp.
108. SYN. Ευτερπής, ἀσπᾶσις, ἐπιτερπής, ἡδύς,
γλυκύς, χάρις.

Τερπνός, jucunde: with pleasure. Bacch. 802.
SYN. Ἠδέως, ἀγᾶνως.

Τέρπω, delecto: to delight. Androm. 207.
SYN. Ευφραίνω, ἐπιτέρπω.

Τερπωλή, ἡς, Τέρψις, ἔως, ἡ, delectatio: de-
light. σ. 37. Eis τέρψιν ἡλθες ὦν ἐχρηζες εἰσ-
ιδεῖν Phoen. 202. SYN. Ἠδὸνῃ, ευφροσύνη, θυ-
μῷ, ἀγανόφροσύνη, γηθσύνη, χαρμύνη.
Βράχῃ, λυγρὰ, ἄλυτος, ψυχρὰ, ἡδεῖα, Δεσπέσια.

Τερσαίνω, Τέρσω, abstergo, siccō: to wipe off,
dry. Π. 219. η. 124. SYN. Ξηραίνω, ἀναίνω.

Τερψιμρότος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, homines delectans: de-
lighting mortals. Hom. Apoll. 411.

Τέρψις. See Τερπωλή.

Τερψίχωρη, ἡς, ἡ, Tersichore: one of the nine
Muses. See on the word Ἑρᾶτω. Γεῖνᾶτὸ Τερψί-
χωρη Apoll. 4. 896. Ep. Χάριεσσά, εὐειδής.

Τεσσαράβοις, Τετράβοις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor
boum pretio aestimatus: worth four oxen. Τῶν
δὲ ἑτεσσαράβοιον Ψ. 705. Call. 3. 53.

Τεσσαράκοντᾶ, quadraginta: forty. Τεσσαρά-
κοντὰ μέλαινα B. 759.

Τεσσαράκοντᾶτης, ου, quadraginta anno-
natus: forty years old. Τοῖς δ' ἅμᾳ τεσσαρά-
κοντᾶτης Hes. Op. 439.

Τεσσαράκοστος, ἡ, ὄν, quadragesimus: fortieth.
Τῆς τεττάρᾶκοστῆς ἦν ἐπὶ ῥίον' Ευριπίδης Ecclēs.
825.

Τεσσαρῆς, poet. Τέτρες, ἄ, τὰ, quatuor: four.
Παῖδες γενόμενοι τεσσαρῆς ῥίξης μῖας Ion 1576.
Hes. Op. 696. SYN. Πισυρῆς.

Τετάνος, οὐ, ὁ, tetanus, distensio: distension.
Χῶ τετάνος ὥσπερ ἐπὶ τρῶχῳ στρέβλουμένον
Lysist. 846.

Τέταρτος, Τέτρᾶτος, ἡ, ὄν, quartus: fourth.
Eumen. 18. Τὸ δὲ τέταρτον ἵκετὸ τέκμων N. 20.

Τετρω, invenio: to find. Ἀμύμονᾶ τέτρεν
ἄκουιν Z. 374. SYN. Κατάλαμαῖνω, εὐρίσκω.

Τέτρες. See Τεσσαρῆς.

Τέτρεω. See Τῶρεω.

Τετράβδιον, ὄνως, quadrupes; quadrijugus:
four-footed; drawn by four horses. Ἄ λῆχων
ἐπέσας τετράβδιον Helen. 375. SYN. Τέτραπους,
τετρασκελὴς, τετράροος, τέθριπποςδάμων.

Τετράβδευσις. See Τεσσαράβοις.

Τετράγυος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor jugera habens
(vid. Damm.): consisting of four acres. Τετρά-
γυον δ' εἰς σ. 373.

Τετράγωνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor angulos habens:
quadrangular. Γενῆται σοι τετράγωνος Av. 1005.

Τετράετης, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, Τετράενης, ὄν, qui quatuor
annorum est: four years old. Τετράενης δὲ πῖθων
Theoc. 7. 147. See also Callim. 1. p. 502.

Τετράζυγος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quadrijugus: drawn by
four horses. Οἷτινες τετράζυγων Helen. 1038.

Τετράθελυμνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quadruplex: four-
fold. Σάκος δὲτὸ τετράθελυμον χ. 122.

Τετράων, terebro: to bore, to perforate. Τέ-
τρηεν δ' ἄρᾳ πάντα ε. 247. SYN. Διάτῶρεω.

Τετράκι, Τετράκῖς, quater: four times. Τρίς
μᾶκρες Δανάοι καὶ τετράκῖς ε. 306. "Τετράκι
Callim. Ep. 8. Anal. 1. p. 5." Schæf. in ed.
Valpiana Stephani Thes.

Τετράκνημος, ου, Τετράκνήμων, ὄνως, quatuor
habens radios: having four spokes. Pyth. 2. 73:
4. 382. See below.

Τετράκυκλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor rotas habens:
four-wheeled. "Ελκον τετράκυκλον ἀπῆλθον Ω.
324. The second syllable in Τετράκυκλός is long,
ι. 242. Εσθλαὶ τετράκυκλοὶ ἀπ' οὐδὲος οχλίσ-
σειαν, if τεσσαράκυκλοὶ be not the true reading.

Τετράμετρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui quatuor metrorum
est: containing four measures. Ἦγεῖ πότερον
τρίμετρον ἢ τὸ τετράμετρον Nub. 642. Vid. inf.

Τετράμοιρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quadruplum continens:
containing a fourth part, fourth. Οἱ τετράμοιρον
νυκτὸς φρουρὰν Rhēs. 5. SYN. Τέταρτος, τέ-
τρατος, τετράτρυφος.

Τετράορια, ας, ἡ, quadriga: a chariot and four.
Olymp. 2. 8. See below.

Τετράροος, Τετράροος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quadrijugus;
quadupes: drawn by four; four-footed. Τε-
τράροον φάσμα ταύρου Trach. 508. answering to
νίκας αἰ καὶ τὰ μὲν θῶον (monosyll.) Hipp.
1224. SYN. Τετράζυγος, τετράβδιον, τέθριππος,
τέτραπους, τέθριπποςδάμων.

Τετράπᾳλαι, jamdudum: very long ago. Ξεῖν'
Ἄλικαρνησοῦ τετράπᾳλαι σπῶδι Call. Ep. 2.
4. SYN. Πρῶτᾳλαι, πᾳλαι, χρόνῳ.

Τετράπηχυς, ἔως, qui quatuor cubitorum est:
four cubits high. Εἰ γενναῖους καὶ τετράπηχῃς
Ran. 1016.

Τετράπλη, quadrupliciter: fourfold. Τριπλῇ
τετραπλῇ τ' ἀπὸτίσθμεν A. 128.

Τετράπυδον, more quadrupedum: like a
quadruped. Ἐπὶ γῆς πᾳλαίην τετράπυδον ἐσ-
τᾶναι Pax 896.

Τετράπλοος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quater aratro versus:
four times ploughed. Καὶ τετράπλοισιν ὅμοιος
Theoc. 25. 26.

Τετράπους, πῶδός, quadrupes: four-footed.
Hec. 1041. See above. SYN. Τέτρασκελὴς, τε-
τράβδιον, τετράροος.

Τετραπτερυλλίς, ἰδός, ἡ, locusta: a grass-
hopper. Τῶν ορτᾶλίων ἡ τῶν τετραπτερυλλίδων
Acharn. 871. SYN. Ἄκρις, τέττιξ.

Τετράπτιλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, quatuor pinnas habens:

four-winged. Βούλει μᾶχέσθαι Γηρύδῃ τετραπύλος Acharn. 1081.

Τετραπόλεις, ἑως, δ, ἡ, quatuor urbes habens: containing four cities. Ὡ γέρον τετραπόλιν Heracl. 81.

Τετραρχία, ας, ἡ, tetrarchia: a tetrarchy. Εν νέῳ τετραρχίᾳ Alcest. 1173.

Τετράς, ἄδδς, ἡ, quaternio: the number four, a party of four, a period of four days. Οἱμοι πλικοῦντος τοῦ ἑν τετράδι πέπεμμένον Plut. 1126.

Τετρασκελής, ἑδς, δ, ἡ, quadrupes: four-legged. Τυφῶνᾶς ἡ Γίγαντας ἡ τετρασκελεῖς Herc. F. 1263. SYN. see Τετράπους.

Τετραστάτηρος, ου, δ, ἡ, quatuor stateras æquans: of four staters or half-crowns. Τετραστάτηρον καὶ τὸν Eccles. 413.

Τετράτῳς. See Τετράτος.

Τετράρῳφος, ου, δ, ἡ, in quatuor partes fractus: broken into four parts. Ἄρτον δειπνήσας τετράρῳφον Hes. Op. 440. SYN. see Τετράμοιρος.

Τετράφαλλῳς, Τετράφᾶλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, quatuor conas habens: having four cones or plumes. Κύνῃν δὲ τὸ τετράφαλλον A. 41. X. 315.

Τετραρχᾶ, quadrifariam: in four ways. Τριχθᾶ τὲ καὶ τετραρχᾶ ι. 71.

Τετρεμαῖνω. See Τρέμα.

Τετρωῳς. See Τετράροῳς.

Τέττα, "possit esse vocativus ab ὁ τέττης, ου, et est, ut τάτα, ἄττα, ἄππα, πάππα, titulus juniorum ad seniores," Damm.: respected sir. Τέττα σίαπῇ ἡσὺ Δ. 412.

Τέτταρες, i. q. Τέσσαρες, q. v. Vesp. 440.

Τεττιγὸφόρος, ου, δ, ἡ, cicadifer: wearing the cicad. "Ὅδ' ἐκείνους ὄρνι τεττιγὸφόρος Eq. 1328.

Τέττις, ἡγῳς, δ, cicada: the cicad, or balm-cricket. Οἱ μὲν γὰρ οὖν τέττιγες ἑνᾷ μῆν' ἡ δύο Aν. 39. SYN. Τέτραπτερυλλίς. Ερ. Λᾶλδς, ηχέτης, κύανόπτερος, σῶρος, γηγένης, φίλυμνος, ἀπάθης, ἀναιμωσάρκος, αἰθάλιν, λίγυρος, οξυμέλης, λειριόεις.

Τετῳκω. See Τεῳχω.

Τευθίς, ἰδῳς, ἡ, loligo: a sleeve-fish. Τὸ μὲν τᾶγνον τευθίδης ου, δ, ἡ, cicadifer: wearing the cicad. Eq. 926.

Τευθρανίδης, ου, δ, Teuthranides: the son of Teuthras. Τευθρανίδην ὡς ἑναῖεν Z. 13.

Τευθρας, αντῳς, δ, Teuthras. Αντίθεον Τεῳθραντᾶ E. 705.

Τευκρίς, ἰδῳς, ἡ, Trojana: Trojan. Θουρίδς ὄρνις Τευκρίδ' ἐπ' αἶαν Agam. 111. SYN. see Τρωικός.

Τευκρός, ου, δ, Teucer. Helen. 87. Ερ. Ἄναξ, Τελαμώνιδς, αντῳς, δαῖφρων, εὔμηλῃς, ἐκηέυλδς, ἄριστος Ἀχαιῶν, ἀμύμων.

Τευμησῳς, ου, δ, Teumesus: a mountain and village in Boeotia. Phoen. 1116. Ερ. Λέχ-ποῖς.

Τεῳτλῳν, dimin. Τεῳτλῳν, ου, τὸ, beta: beet. Batrach. 161. Ἐπυλλίος καὶ περίπατος καὶ τευτλῳσι λευκοῖς (hipponact. vers.) Ran. 941.

Τευχεοφόρος, Τευχοφόρος, Τευχστής, ου, et Τευχστήρ, ἡρῳς, δ, armiger: an armour-bearer, warrior. Choeph. 617. Rhcs. 3. Call. i. 77. Pers. 900. SYN. see Ὀπλίτης.

Τευχστής, et -ἡρ. See above.

Τεῳδῳς, ἑδς, τὸ, vas; instrumentum bellicum: a vessel; instrument of armour. Hec. 607. SYN. Ζκεῳδς, αγγεῳν, κύτῳς, ὅπλῳν. Ερ. Πόντῳν, πάχχρυσῳν, λευκῳν, αἰμάτῳν, πλῆρες, χρυσῳλᾶτῳν, ἄρῳν, κένῳν, δῆῳν, κλῳτῳν, αἰδῳν,

μάρμαιρον, πῆρικαλλῆς, πῳλέμῳν, χρῳσεῳν, παμφάνῳν, σιγᾶλῳν.

Τευχοφόρος. See Τευχεοφόρος.

Τεῳχω, Τεῳκω, fabricor, paro: to make, prepare. E. 61. Δεῳπῳν ἐν μεγάροις τεῳκεῳν αἰς ο. 77. SYN. Τεκταῳνω, τεχνᾶζῳμαι, εντρεπῳζῳ, παρᾶσκευᾶζῳ, ποῳεῳ, ὅπλῳζῳ.

Τεῳφρα, ας, ἡ, cinis: ashes. Cycl. 634. SYN. Αἰθᾶλ, σπῳδῳς. Ερ. Μῆλανᾶ, λεπτῳ, οἰκτροτάτῳ, βᾶθεᾶ, ἀμπεδῳσεᾶ.

Τεχνᾶζῳ, Τεχνᾶω, et Τεχνᾶῳμαι, arte paro, vel ago: to contrive ingeniously. Τοῦ γὰρ τεχνᾶζειν ἡμετέροῦς ὁ πυρᾶμοῦς Thesm. 94. η. 110. Heracl. 1003. SYN. Μηχανᾶῳμαι, τεῳχω, τεκταῳνω, κατᾶσκευᾶζῳ, ἀπαῳτᾶω.

Τεχνᾶσῳμᾶ, Τεχνῳμᾶ, ἄτῳς, τὸ, artificium, opus: an artifice, work. Orest. 1577. Iph. T. 1356. See below. SYN. Δῳλῳς, μηχανῳν, μηχανῳμᾶ, σῳφισμᾶ, ἐργῳν, πᾶλαισμᾶ, πᾶλᾶμῳμᾶ.

Τεχνᾶω. See Τεχνᾶζῳ.

Τεχνῳ, ης, ἡ, ars; dolus: art; artifice. Δειναὶ γὰρ αἱ γυναικῆς εὔρισκεῳν τεχνᾶς Iph. T. 1032. SYN. Τεχνῳμᾶ, τεχνᾶσῳμᾶ, ἐπιστῳμᾶ, δῳλῳς, πᾶνουργῳα. Ερ. Μαντική, ἐμπῳρῳς, δῳλία, ξενοκτόνῳς, γυναικεῳα, σκληρᾶ, ἀπηνῆς, αἰφειδῆς, ἐρᾶτῳ, δυστέκμαρτῳς, πῳνῳτῳ, φαρμᾶκῳσεῳ, πῳκῳνῳ, πῳλῳμῳτῳς.

Τεχνῳνῆς, εῳσᾶ, ἐν, arte excultus vel excolens: artfully made; skilful. Τεχνῳνῆς Ἡφαιστῳς ἐμῳ-σᾶτῳ Apoll. 3. 229. See Τεχνῳ. SYN. Δαῳδᾶλῳς.

Τεχνῳνέντῳς, artificiose: with skill. Εῳξῳδᾶ τεχνῳνέντῳς Apoll. 1. 561. See Τεχνῳ. SYN. Εῳδ, κᾶλῳς, ἐπιστᾶμένῳς.

Τεχνῳμᾶ. See Τεχνᾶζῳμᾶ.

Τεῳς, Τεῳως, interea; donec; tamdiu: in the mean time; until; so long as. Heracl. 725. δ. 91. SYN. Ἐῳς, ἐπῳ τῳσῳντῳν, πᾶλαι.

Τῳ, imper. ab inus. Τᾶω, accipe: take. Τῳ τῳδῳε φάρμακῳν κ. 287. Εξρ. Λᾶξῳ, δῳξᾶ.

Τῳγᾶνῳν, sartago: a frying-pan. Ἀπῳ τηγᾶνου τ' ἐφᾶσκῳν ἀφῳς φᾶγεῳν Pherecr. ap. Athen. 228. SYN. Τᾶγῳνῳν, ἡγᾶνῳν.

Τῳθῳ, aut Τῳθῳ, ης, ἡ, nutrix; avia: a nurse; a grandmother. Lysit. 549. SYN. Τῳθήρ, μᾶμῳμῳ, μητρομῳκῳτῳρ.

Τῳθῳς, εῳς, τὸ, ostreorum genus: a kind of oyster. Τῳθῳεῳ διφῳν Π. 747. SYN. Ὀστρεῳν, κῳγχῳ.

Τῳθῳς, ῳς, ἡ, Tethys: the greatest of the marine deities. Hes. Theog. 337. SYN. Θᾶλασσᾶ. Ερ. Αρχαῳα, ἱῳρᾶ, πῳλύτεκνῳς, μῳτῳρ, λευκῳλῳενῳς, βῳτῳᾶνεῳρᾶ.

Τῳθῳς, α, ὢν, Teius: of Teos, a maritime town of Ionia. Ἴεῳκῳς ἐκείνῳς κανᾶκρεῳν ὁ Τῳῳος Thesm. 161.

Τῳκεδῳν, ὢνῳς, ἡ, tabes: a consumption. Apoll. 4. 902. Ερ. Στῳγῳεῳρᾶ.

Τῳκτῳς, ἡ, ὢν, liquefactus: melted. Androm. 266.

Τῳκῳ, Τῳκῳμαι, liquefacio; tabesco: to make to melt away; to pine. Μηδῳε τῳ θυμῳν τῳκῳε πῳσῳν γῳδῳσᾶ τ. 264. Τῳκεῳτῳ δᾶκῳρῳ δ' ἐδεῳεν δ. 522. SYN. Εκτῳκῳ, ἀπῳτῳκῳ, μᾶραῳνῳμαι, ἀπῳμᾶραῳνῳμαι, φθῳνῳῳμαι.

Τῳλανῳγῳς, ἑδς, δ, ἡ, longe splendorem spargens; conspicuus: shining from afar; conspicuous. Aν. 1092. SYN. Τῳλεφᾶνῳς, λαμπῳρῳς, ἐκδηλῳς, πῆρικᾶνῳς.

Τῳλῳ, Τῳλῳθεν, Τῳλῳθῳ, Τῳλῳσεῳ, et superl. Τῳλῳτᾶτῳ, procul: far off. K. 153. B. 849. Π.

233. Δ. 455. η. 322. SYN. Ἐκάς, μακρόθεν, πόρρω, ἀπὸ τηλέ, μακρὰν, μακρότατα.

Τηλεδάπρος, ὁ, ὄν, longinquus, peregrinus : distant. Τηλεδάπρῳ πρὸς δ' αὐτοῖ ὀνησόμεθ' ξ. 415. SYN. Τηλουρός, ξένος, ἐκδημῶς, ἀλλοδαπός.

Τηλεθάω, floreο : to flourish, to bloom. Πέφυκει τηλεθόωντα η. 114. SYN. see Θάλλω.

Τηλεκλειτός, Τηλεκλύτος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, procul celebrer fama : far-famed. Τηλεκλειτόν τ' ἔφι-ἀλτην λ. 307. Τηλεκλύτα τέκνα Πόδαργος T. 400. SYN. see Ἀγακλύτος.

Τηλέκλῃς, ἦς, ὁ, Telecles. Ἐνῆράτῳ Τηλεκλῆα Apoll. I. 1040.

Τηλέκλητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, e longinquo arcessitus : invited from afar. Τηλέκλητόν τ' ἐπικουροὶ M. 108.

Τηλεκλύτος. See Τηλέκλειτος.

Τηλεμάχος, ου, ὁ, Telemachus : the son of Ulysses. Τηλεμάχος ου γὰρ ἐπ' ἐγόμενι πῶσει πόσιν Orest. 582. Ερ. "Ἡρώς, ὑψάγδρας, δαΐφρων, δέουειδης, δέουεικῆλος, πδλῦμιυθός, μέγ' ἀλῆτωρ, μέγαθυμῶς, πέπνυμένος, μένος ἀσχετὸς, φίλος υἱὸς Οδυσσῆος.

Τηλέμος, ου, ὁ, Telemus. Theoc. 6. 23.

Τηλεπαιγκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, longe errans : far-wandering. P. V. 595.

Τηλεπομπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a longinquo missus : sent from afar. Agam. 291.

Τηλεπόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, longe penetrans : far-penetrating, deep. Nub. 964.

Τηλεπύλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, portas longe a se invicem collocatas habens : having gates far apart from each other. Ηδ' ὥς τηλεπύλον Δαιστρυγόνειν ἀφίκανεν ψ. 318. Τηλεπύλος is considered by Wolf as a proper name. See Damm. in v. and Schol. Hom. κ. 82.

Τηλεσκοπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, longe prospiciens : far-surveying. Nub. 289.

Τηλεφάνης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, procul conspicuus : conspicuus from afar. Τηλεφάνεις σκοπῖας ἀφύρῳ μέθα Nub. 281. SYN. see Τηλαυγής.

Τηλεφίδης, ου, ὁ, Telephides : the son of Telephus. Τηλεφίδην κατένηράτῳ χαλκῷ λ. 518.

Τηλεφίλον, ου, τὸ, papaveris folium : a poppy-leaf. Ουδὲ τὸ τηλεφίλον Theoc. 3. 29.

Τηλέφως, ου, ὁ, Telephus. Ran. 864.

Τηλία, ας, ἡ, cribri circumferentia ; tabula ; arca (vid. Bruckn. ad loc.) : the hoop of a cask or sieve ; a board ; a meal-tub. Ἀτὰρ οὐκ ἔσερ-ρήσεις γὰρ ποῦ 'σθ' ἡ τηλία Vesp. 147. SYN. Σάνις, κόσκινός.

Τηλίκος, η, ὄν, et Τηλικούτος, αὐτη, οὗτ', tantus statura aut ætate : so great in age or size, such. 'Ἡδὲ μὲν γὰρ τοι παῖς τηλίκός σ. 174. Eccles. 1031. SYN. Τάσος, τῶσοῦτος.

Τηλοθὲν, -θί. See Τηλέ.

Τηλόδρος, et Τηλουρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, longinquus : distant. Εν τοῖσδ' ἐκείνου τηλόδρος ναῦ δόμοις Eur. El. 251. Orest. 1319. SYN. Τηλεδάπρος, τηλεπόρος.

Τηλοδσέ, -τάτω. See Τηλέ.

Τηλουρός. See Τηλόδρος.

Τηλυγέτος, η, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, natus cum pater jam senex vel absens est ; dilectissimus ; unicus : born when the father is advanced in age or in a distant land ; dearly loved ; the only. Παῖδ' αὖ τέ τηλυγέτην. SYN. Ἀγάπητος, οφίγυνός, μοῖνός.

Τηλωπός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, longe e conspectu : far out of sight. Aj. 564. SYN. Ἐκδημῶς, ἐκτόπιος, μακρός.

Τημελέω, curo : to mind, observe. Iph. T.

312. SYN. Ἐπιμελέομαι, μελετάω, φροντίζω, σπουδάζω, μερίμνω.

Τημέρον. See Σήμερον.

Τήμος, Τημόσδε, et Τημουτός, tunc : then. Apoll. 4. 252. Theoc. 10. 49. Call. 3. 175. SYN. Τότε, τηνικά, τηνικάδε, τηνικάτ'α, τόκ'α, τόφρα.

Τηνεῖ, Τηνοθὲν, Τηνοθί, Τηνωθῆ, ibi : there. Τηνεῖ γὰρ φοιτῇ Theoc. 2. 98. Acharn. 754. Theoc. 8. 44. 3. 10.

Τήνελλα, ης, ἡ ; Τήνελλος, ου, ὁ, lyræ harmonia victoriam clamans : a triumphal song. Τήνελλα δῆτ' εἶπερ κάλεις (iamb. dim.) Acharn. 1228. Eq. 276.

Τηνικά, Τηνικάδε, et Τηνικάτ'α tum ; ideo : then, therefore. Τανικά κεκρακὼς ἀπαυέται Theoc. 1. 17. Pax 1142. Av. 1487. SYN. see Τήμος.

Τήνιος, α, ὄν, Tenius : of Tenos, one of the Cyclades. Σκρόδων κέφαλὰς τρεῖς Τηνίων ἐπειτ' ἔφλα Plut. 718.

Τηνοθὲν, and -θί. See Τηνεῖ.

Τήνιος, Dor. pro Ἐκείνιος, q. v. Item P. N., Tenos : an island. (See Τήνιος.) Pers. 887.

Τηνωθῆ. See Τηνεῖ.

Τηρεία, ας, ἡ, Teria : a city in the Troad. Καὶ Τηρείης ὄρος αἰπὲ B. 829.

Τηρείας, α, ὄν, e Tereo : of or belonging to Tereus. Æsch. Sup. 62.

Τηρέος, ἔως, ὁ, Tereus. Av. 101.

Τηρέω, observo : to watch. Thesm. 416. SYN. Δῖατηρέω, φύλασσω, δερᾶπείω, τημελέω, σκόπew, σκέπτuμαι, φρουρέω, σκοπιάω.

Τηρσίς, ἔως, ἡ, observantia : the watching. Eur. fr. Antig. 6. 2. SYN. Φυλάκη, δερᾶπεία.

Τηρός, ὄν, custodiens : guarding. Æsch. Sup. 256. SYN. Φύλαξ.

Τητῶω, privo : to deprive. Hec. 324. SYN. Ἀφαιρέω, στέρεω, στέρσκοω.

Τῆτ'ε, hoc anno : this year. Acharn. 15.

Τηυγέτος. See Ταυγέτος.

Τηυσίος, α, ὄν, irritus : vain. Τηυσίοι δὲ πόδες φέρον Apoll. 3. 651. SYN. see Μάταιος.

Τί, i. e. τι et τί. See Τίς, i. e. Τίς et Τίς.

Τιάρα, ας, ἡ, tiara : a turban. Εγνώρισεν τιάρας Anacr. 55. 4.

Τισᾶρηνίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Tibareni : of the Tibareni. Πάρε Τισᾶρηνιδὰ γαῖαν Apoll. 2. 1012.

Τισᾶρηνι, ὦν, οἱ, Tibareni : a nation in Scythia. Πδλῶρρηνες Τισᾶρηνι Apoll. 2. 377.

Τίτω, ἥσω, crucio, angō : to torment, fret. Τίφθ' οὕτω τέτῃσθον Θ. 447. SYN. Τρυχώω, ἀνιάω, πάλαιπαρέω.

Τίτ, cur ? why ? Ὡ Μενελαέ τίτ' δε σὺ Z. 55. SYN. Τί, διὰτί, τίπτέ.

Τιθαβώσσω, mellifico : to make honey. Ἐπει-τὰ τιθαβώσσωσι μέλισσαι v. 106.

Τιδάσεντης, οὐ, ὁ, delinitor : a soother, a tamer. Ἰνὰ γινῶσκης τὸν τιδάσεντήν Vesp. 704.

Τιδασός, ἡ, ὄν, mansuetus : tame. Eumen. 357. See above. SYN. Ἡμέρος, πρᾶός.

Τίθημι, et inus. Τίθεω, f. θήσω, pono, facio : to place, cause. Μὲτ' ἀμφοτέρωσι τίθησι Δ. 83. Μητρί φίλῃ εν χειροῖ τίθει Α. 585. SYN. Ἀνά-τίθημι, καθίστημι, τάσσω, πρόβάλλω, ποίεω.

Τιθνεόμαι, nutrio, servo : to nourish, to pre-serve. E. C. 1049. See below. SYN. Τρέφω, ἀνατρέφω, σώζω, δερᾶπείω.

Τιθνός, οὐ, et (2) Τίθνην, ης, ἡ, (1) qui nutrit : one who nourishes or tends ; (2) nutrix : a nurse. Πδνων τιθνοὺς ἀπὸ διδοῦσά σοι τρῶφάς

Iph. A. 1230. Hec. 281. ΣΥΝ. Θρέπτειρά, θρέπτρια, τροφός. ΕΡ. Εύζωνός, ευπλοκάμους, βαθύκολλπος, γεραιά.

Τίθρασιος, α, ὄν, Tithrasius : of Tithrasus, a place in Libya. Διάσπασονται Γοργόνες Τίθρασιαι Ran. 480. Qui tamen locus primæ quantitatem non determinat.

Τίθυμαλλον, ου, τὸ, herba lactaria : spurge. Τίθυμαλλον ἐμβάλλοντά τοῦ Λακωνικοῦ Eccles. 405.

Τιθωνός, οὔ, ὁ, Tithonus. Λαυμέδων δ' ἄρ' αὖ Τιθωνὸν τέκετο Πριάμῳ τε Υ. 237. ΕΡ. Ἀγανός, χάριεις, ῥόδοις.

Τίτω, f. τέω, 2. a. ἐτέκον, pario, gigno : to produce, beget, bear. Phœn. 54 ΣΥΝ. Τέκνω, γενναῶ.

Τίλλω, f. ἱλῶ, vello : to pluck or tear. Av. 365. ΣΥΝ. Ἀπὸτίλλω, ἐκτίλλω, ἀποκνίζω, ξαίνω, ψάλλω.

Τιμῶς, οὔ, ὁ, vulsio : a tearing. Æsch. Sup. 846.

Τιμαγῆτος, ου, ὁ, Timagetus. Τὰν Τιμαγήτοιο πάλαιστραν Theoc. 2. 8.

Τιμαγόρας, ου, ὁ, Timagoras. Τιμαγόρα πολλῶν ὀργήν Theogn. 1055.

Τιμαλφῶ, honoro, celebro : to honour, extol. Διόσδοτος σκηπτροισὶ τιμαλφούμενον Eum. 629. ΣΥΝ. Σε τιμῶ.

Τιμαῖρος, Ion. Τιμηῖρος. See Τιμαῖρος.

Τιμαῖχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, honorem habens : possessing honour. Θέων τιμαῖχος ἐστί Hom. Hymn. 4. 31. ΣΥΝ. See Τιμήεις.

Τιμαρχός, ου, ὁ, Timarchus. Ἡ δίκη Τιμαρχὸν ἐν Αἰδὸς Call. Ep. 11. 1.

Τιμῶ, æstimo, honoro : to value, honour. Τόνδ' ἐτιμήσεις νέκυν Phœn. 1684. ΣΥΝ. Τίω, τιμαλφῶ, σέβασζομαι, πρεσβεῶ, αἰδέομαι, γέραίω, κυδαίνω, διὰ τιμῆς ἔχω, θεράπευω.

Τιμαῶ. See Τιμαῖρος.

Τιμή, ἡς, ἡ, honos, pretium : honour, value, price, prerogative. Φοῖδ' ἀδικεῖς αὐ τιμὰς ἐνέρων Alcest. 30. ΣΥΝ. Γέρῶς, κλέος, σέβας, κύδος, αξιωμα, αξιωσίς, τιμημῶ, δόξα, ευδοξία. ΕΡ. Μέγλη, βάσιληϊς, πρεσβηϊς, αξία, μαντεῖος, πολυβυτός, δημηγόρος, ξενοκτόνος, πάτρωος, ἀθανάτος, γέραςμῖος, ὑψηλῶν, βοθύτης, δαφνηφόρος.

Τιμήεις, εσσα, ἐν, Τιμῖος, α, ὄν, pretiosus, honoratus : precious, honoured. Τιμήεις τὲ γάμος καὶ αἰοδίμος Apoll. 4. 1143. Εὐ δεῖος τὲ τίμιον Troad. 49. ΣΥΝ. Ἐντιμὸς, τιμάχος, αξιότιμος, γέραρος, σέβασμῖος, ἐριτιμὸς, ἐνδοξός, περῖελε-πτός.

Τιμημῶ, ἄτος, τὸ, æstimatio, mulcta : a valuation, a rate, a penalty. Vesp. 897. See Τιμή. ΣΥΝ. Ζημία, ἀντάλλαγμα, αξία.

Τιμηῖρος. See Τιμαῖρος.

Τιμητῶς, α, ὄν, in honore habendus : must be honoured. Orest. 478. See Τιμῶ.

Τιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, censorius : pertaining to a censor. Ὅπως τάχιστ' ἡ πινάκιον τιμητικόν Vesp. 167. See Τιμῶ.

Τιμίς. See Τιμήεις.

Τιμοδημὸς, ου, ὁ, Timodēmus. Call. Ep. 40. 3. See Τιμή.

Τιμοδημίδης, ου, ὁ, a populo honoratus : honoured by the people. Nem. 2. 27. See Τιμή and Δαμηπείδης. ΣΥΝ. Ὑψιπόλις.

Τιμοθέος, ου, ὁ, Timotheus. Ὁ Τιμοθέου δὲ πύργος Plut. 180.

Τιμοκλειά, ας, ἡ, Timoclia. Τιμοκλεῖ ἐπεστά- τει Thesm. 373.

Τιμοκρέων, οντός, ὁ, Timocreon. Κεῖμαι Τιμοκρέων Ῥοδῖος Simon. 58. 2.

Τιμοκρίτος, ου, ὁ, Timocritus. Κάττερὸς ἐν πόλεμῳ Τιμοκρίτος Anacr. 164.

Τιμονῆ, ἡς, ἡ, Timonoë. Τιμονῆ δὲ τίς ἐσσί Call. Ep. 16. 1.

Τίμως, ου, ὁ, pretium : price. Choëph. 903. See Τιμῶ. ΣΥΝ. Τιμή, ἀντάλλαγμα, τιμημῶ.

Τίμων, ωνός, ὁ, Timon. Τίμων μισάνθρωπος ἐσοικέω Call. Ep. 3. 1. ΕΡ. Σκληρὸς, ἀπηνής, ἀγρίος.

Τιμώνας, ακτός, ὁ, Timōnax. Εὐχῆ Τιμώνανκτὶ δέων κήρυκ' Anacr. 197.

Τιμαῖρος, (1) cum dat. defendo, ulciscor : to defend, avenge ; (2) cum acc. punio : to punish. Ξυνήκα Πάλαμῆδους σὲ τιμαρεί φόνος Orest. 427. ΣΥΝ. Εκδικέω, ζημιῶ, μετέρχομαι, κολάζω, βήθηω, αἰνῶ, ἐπικουρέω, ἀρκέω, ἀρήγω.

Τιμαρία, ας, ἡ, vindicta, pœna : vengeance, punishment. Αἱμάτων τιμαρία Orest. 394. See above. ΣΥΝ. Ποινή, δίκη, τίσις.

Τιμαῖρος, Τιμαῖρος, Ion. Τιμηῖρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Τιμαῖω, ὄρος, ὁ, ultor, defensor : an avenger, defender. Τάνδ' ἐτιμαῖρος ἐμοῖς Herc. F. 167. Καὶ τάφων τιμαῖρον Eur. fr. Dan. 7. 4. Apoll. 4. 1309. Æsch. Sup. 43. ΣΥΝ. Τίτης, ποινιγῆρ, ἀμύντωρ.

Τινάτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, quassator : one who shakes. Trach. 502. See below.

Τινάσσω, quatio, vibro : to shake, brandish. Πιστὸς τινάσσων χειρὶ πύρπνυν βέλος P. V. 953. ΣΥΝ. Ἀπὸτινάσσω, σείω, δύνω, πάλλω, κρᾶδαινω, κινέω, ἀνᾶπάλλω, ἀλάσσω.

Τίνυμι, Τίνω, Ion. imp. τίνεσκύν, f. τίσω, luo, pendo, expio, remunero : to pay, expiate, recompense. Δώσῃν τινύμενος θυμαλγῆ ω. 325. Καὶ τίνει ταύτην δίκην Orest. 7. Apoll. 2. 477. Ψυχὴν ἀφῆσω Μενέλαον δὲ τίσσομαι Orest. 1169. Τάνδ' ἐτιμῶν δίκην Eur. Sup. 743. The first syllable of τίνυμι is long in Homer, Hesiod, and Apollonius Rhodius, but short in the Tragedians, except in Œd. Col. 220.

Τίπτει, pro τί (τί) πότε, quid tandem ? why ever ? Z. 254.

Τίρυνθιός, α, ὄν, Tiryntius : Tiryntian. Alcest. 854. See below.

Τίρυνθός, ου, Τίρυνς, υνθός, ἡ, Tiryns : a city in Argolis. Διπῶν Τίρυνθὸν ἐντεκτιμένον πτόλιεθρον Hes. Scut. 81. B. 559. ΕΡ. Τειχιῶ-εσσα.

Τίρυνς. See above.

Τίς (τις), τί (τι), gen. τίνος (τινος), aliquis, quidam : some one, a certain one. Phœn. 273. Μὴ τί σὴν δάκω φρένα Phœn. 394. Ἐχει τίν' ὄγκον τᾶργῶς Phœn. 729.

Τίς (τις), τί (τί), τίνος (τινος), quis ? who ? Κρέον τί σιγάς γῆρῶν Phœn. 974. Ἡ τινὰ μου σπόλον σπδνᾶχαν ἐπὶ Phœn. 1514.

Τισιάδης, ου, ὁ, Tisiades. Ὡ Σμικυθίων καὶ Τισιάδῃ Vesp. 401.

Τίσσις, ἑως, ἡ, vindicta : vengeance. Καὶ γὰρ τίσις τῶνδ' ἐστί Helen. 1012. ΣΥΝ. Τιμαρία, ποινή.

Τίταινω, tendo, extendo : to stretch, to spread. Θρόνων ἐτίτανέ τραπέζας κ. 354. ΣΥΝ. Τείνω, ἔλκω.

Τιτάν, ἄνως, Ion. ἡνός, ὁ, Titan ; pl. Titanes : (1) the Sun ; (2) plur. the Giants, sons of Cœlus and Terra, who conspired against Jupiter. Ἀφῆλως δ' ἔλαμψε Τιτάν Anacr. 37. 7. Σ. 279. See below. ΣΥΝ. (1) See Ἡλῖος. ΕΡ. (2)

ἄριστοι ἐξ ὅχῳ πάντων, ἀγανοί, δεινοί, κρᾶτέροι, βίην ὑπερόπλιν ἔχοντες, γηγενεῖς, ἀγριοί, ὑπερφιάλοι, πόλιν ἀγαγενεῖς.

Τιτανίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Titania : Titanian, gigantic. Μέρπος Τιτανιδᾶ κούραν Helen. 331.

Τιτανοκτόνους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Titanas interficiens : Titan-destroying. Κινείσθω μέγα Τιτανοκτόνῳ Batrach. 274.

Τιτάνους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (1) calx, gypsum : clay, gypsum ; (2) P. N., Titanus : a town and mountainous country in Thessaly. Πᾶν μὲν γὰρ κύκλῳ τιτάνῳ λευκὸν τ' ἐλέφαντι Hes. Scut. 141. Οἷ τ' ἔχον Αστέριον Τιτάνοι τε λευκὰ κάρηνα B. 735. SYN. Λευκὴ γῆ.

Τιτάρῃσιδος, ου, ὁ, Titaresius : a river in Thessaly. Οἷ τ' ἀμφ' ἱερτρὸν Τιτάρῃσιδον B. 751.

Τίτης, ου, ὁ, vindex : avenging. Choëph. 65. Τι est brevis, ut in πάλιν τίτις. SYN. see Τιμόρως.

Τίτην, ης, ἡ, nutrix : a nurse. Thesm. 609. SYN. Μάμνη, τρῶφός.

Τιτῶς, ου, ὁ, dimin. Τιτθῖον, ου, τὸ, mamma : a teat, breast. Thesm. 647. Οἶμαι τί δῆθ' ὅταν ξυνὼν πάλιν τιτθῖον Pax 828. SYN. Μαζός, μαστιδίον.

Τίτίας, ου, ὁ, Titias. Αθελών Τιτῖν ἀπέκαλνυθ' Apoll. 2. 785.

Τίτρωσκω, Τρώω, f. τρώσω, vulnero : to wound. Agam. 841. Τι redupl. est brevis, ut in τίταίνα. Φ. 293. SYN. Τραυματίζω, ουτάζω, ἀμύσσω.

Τίτυοκτόνους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Tityum interficiens : slaying Tityus. Παρθενίη Τιτύοκτόνῃ Call. 3. 110.

Τιτύς, ου, ὁ, Tityus : one of the Giants. Ἦγον ἐποψύμενον Τιτῶν Γαιήϊον υἱόν η. 324. PHR. see λ. 575.

Τιτύρος, ου, ὁ, Tityrus. Ὅ δὲ Τιτύρος ἐγγυθὲν ἀσεί Theoc. 7. 72.

Τίτυσκῶμαι, dirigo ad scopum : to aim at. Οὐδ' ἀφαμαρτὲ τίτυσκόμενος κέφαλήφιν Α. 350. SYN. Στόχάζω, ἐμβάλλω, ἐντρέπιζω.

Τίφη, ης, ἡ, blatta : a bakehouse beetle. Σελᾶ-γούνη' ἂν ὑπὸ τίφης τὲ καὶ δρύαλλιδος Acharn. 925. et 920. Sed nec hic nec ille locus quantitatem primæ determinat. SYN. Σιλιφίδον.

Τίφθ', pro Τίπτῃ, q. v. Δ. 243.

Τίφως, ἔως, τὸ, palus : a marsh. Ἐρμάνθιδον ἀμυγᾶ τίφος Apoll. 1. 127. SYN. Ἐλὸς, λίμνη, τέλμα.

Τίφως, ἔως, ὁ, Tiphys : one of the Argonauts. Τίφος δ' Ἀργιάδης Apoll. 1. 105. EP. Ἀμύμων, κίθερνήτης.

Τίω, ἴσω, hoñoro, vereor : to honour, fear. Πίσυνος Δῖι οὐδὲ δὲ τίει 1. 238. Οὐτί τίει σοι δ' ἐστί η. 144. Μείζον τιονσά τῆς ἐμῆς ἐχθρας πῶλυ Heracl. 1013. In the pres. and imp. the iota is in the arsis always long, and in the thesis generally short, especially in the Tragedians, but always long in fut. aor. and perf. pass. SYN. see Τιμάω.

Τλήθυμους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, animus multa tolerantem habens : resolute-hearted. Παγκράτιον τλάθυμους ἄξει Nem. 2. 24. SYN. see Τλήμων.

Τληῖα, ας, ἡ, Tleia. Τληῖη ἱμέρδεντᾶ βίον πῶρῃ Anacr. 199.

Τλημί, f. ἴσω, tolero, audeo : to endure, have courage. Μὴ πρὸς σὲ δέων τλῆς με πρόδουναι Alcest. 285. Porson. Phœn. 1740. denies the existence of the present τλημι. SYN. see Τολμάω.

Τλημύωνς, patienter, fortiter, misere : patiently,

wretchedly. Troad. 40. SYN. Κάκως, ἄθλιως, οὐκ τρῶς.

Τλημύσση, ης, ἡ, tolerantia, miseria : endurance, misery. Τλημύσσης ὅς' ἔχοντες Hom. Ap. 191.

Τλήμων, ὄνους, tolerans, audax, miser : enduring, bold, wretched. Hec. 47. SYN. Τλήθυμους, τλητῶς, τάλασίφρων, τλησικάρδιος, πῶλυτλας, πῶλυμοχθὺς, πῶλυπῆμων, τληπαθῆς, τάλαιπαρὸς, δύσμορὸς, δύστρονός, καρτέρουμνος, τολμήεις, κάρτερός, εὐτολμὸς.

Τληπόλεμος, ου, ὁ, Tlepolemus. B. 657. SYN. Ἡράκλειδης, ης, μέγας, τιρυνθίαν ἀρχηγέτης.

Τλησικάρδιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui duro animo est : hard-hearted, cruel. Πένθειά τλησικάρδιος (iamb. dim.) Agam. 419. SYN. Σκληρὸς, ἀπηνής, τλήμων.

Τλητῶς, ἡ, ὄν, tolerandus ; tolerans : to be endured ; enduring. Alcest. 908. SYN. Φερτὸς, ἀνεκτὸς, τλήμων, ὑποιστὸς.

Τμηδην, cæsim : with a gash. H. 262.

Τμήσσω, ξω, 2. a. ἐτμάζον, seco : to cut. Αφράδῳς ἐτμήξεν Apoll. 2. 483. SYN. Τέμνω, σχίζω, ὑπότμνω.

Τμητῶς, ἡ, ὄν, secabilis ; sectus : capable of being cut ; cut. Hipp. 1240. SYN. Σχιστὸς, εὐκατὸς.

Τμῶλως, ου, ὁ, Tmolus : a mountain in Lydia. Bacch. 55. EP. Νίφους, ἱερὸς, χρυσόρῳς, ἀνθεμῶνους, κᾶλδς, ηνέμοις.

Τολ, sane : in fact, certainly. Δωδέκατη δὲ τοῖ αὐθῖς B. 287.

Τοῖς, Τοῖσδε, et Τοῖούτοις, αὐτῇ, οὐτῷ, talis : such. Τοῖς ἦν Τυδεύς H. 211. X. 420. δ. 650.

Τοῖχος, ου, ὁ, paries : a wall. Troad. 118. SYN. Τείχος, τευχίδον. EP. Διδόστρωτος, εὐδημητὸς, εὐμημητὸς.

Τοιχωρύχῳ, murum perfodio : to be a house-breaker. Ὅ δὲ λωπιδυτὲ γέ νῃ Δι' ὃ δὲ τοιχωρύχει Plut. 165.

Τοιχωρύχος, ου, ὁ, qui murum perfodit : a house-breaker. Plut. 204. See above. SYN. Ληστής.

Τόκος, ἄδος, ἡ, quæ parit vel peperit : a female breeding. Καίτοι τόκος δέργμα λέαινης Med. 190. SYN. Τέκοῦσα, γεννώσα.

Τόκεως, ἔως, Ion. ἦς, ὁ, ἡ, parens : a parent. Hec. 403. SYN. Τέκων, γόνεως, γεννήτωρ, γένετης, ὁ φύσας. EP. Φίλως, δειλὸς, κεδνὸς, μάκαρ, γερᾶρος, ἀγᾶνους.

Τόκος, ου, ὁ, filius ; partus ; usura : a child. childbirth ; the interest of money. Androm. 884 ; SYN. Τέκνον, παῖς, γέννημα, γόνος, γόνῃ, ἐργόν, δανειὸν, δανείσμαι, νείωνος. EP. Ευγενῆς, αἰνὸς, πῶλυ κλαυτὸς, δασγόνος.

Τόλμα, αὐτ Τόλμη, ης, ἡ, et Τόλμημα, ἄτος, τὸ, audacia : audacity, an attempt. Εἰ τόλμα προσγένοντο Androm. 700. Orest. 1073. SYN. Θράσος, εὐτολμία, θράσυτης, ἐχειρήμα, αὐθαδία, ἀναίδεια. EP. Ἀμύχανος, δεινῇ, γενναία, δηία, ὀλῶα, πικρά, κάκουρῶς, ἀθέος, ἀδίκους, λυπηρά.

Τολμάω, ἴσω, audeo, sustineo, patior : to dare, bring oneself to do, undergo. Med. 583. See a note by Monk, Alcest. 285. on the variorum interpretations of τολμάω. SYN. Τλημί, ἐπιδόμενῳ, θαρρῶς, καρτέρῳ, θράσυνόμενῳ, πῶλυπῶν, ἀποτολμάω.

Τολμήεις, εὐσᾶ, ἔν, et Τολμηρὸς, ἄ, ὄν, audax, firmus, patiens : daring, firm, enduring. Θυμῷ τολμηέντι K. 205. Nub. 444. SYN. Εὐτολμὸς, πάντολμὸς, θράσους, ἀγῆνωρ.

Τόλμημα. See Τόλμα.

Τολμηρός. See Τολμήεις.

Τολμητέως, et Τολμητός, ἡ, ὄν, sustinendus, audendus: must be supported or dared. Τολμητέον τὰδ Med. 1047. Helen. 815.

Τολμίστατός, η, ὄν, audacissimus: most daring. Ὡ κακῶν κακιστέ καὶ τολμίστατε Philoct. 984.

Τόλῤῥεω, machinor, conficio: to contrive, complete. Ἐπεὶ πόλεμον τόλῥευσε α. 238. SYN. Εκτέλεω, κάτεργάζομαι, μηχανῶμαι, πλέκω, τλήμι, τάλαιπαρέω.

Τόλῥη, ης, ἡ, glomus, lana pexa et conglomerata ad nendum: a ball of yarn ready for spinning. Lysist. 586. See above.

Τόμαϊός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sectilis; sectus: fit for cutting; cut. Choeph. 162. SYN. Τμητός, τμηθείς.

Τόμας, amputatione indigeo: to require cutting. Aj. 582.

Τόμη, ἥς, ἡ, Τόμος, ου, ὁ, et Τόμῳν, ου, τὸ, amputatio, pars, truncus: a cutting, section, part, trunk. Orest. 1100. Batrach. 37. Ἴππον λάβοῦσαι τόμῳν εντέμοιμέθα Lysist. 192. SYN. Τέμαχος.

Τόμος, ἡ, ὄν, compar. τώματῥεός, η, ου, secans: cutting, sharp. Aj. 815. SYN. Τέμων, οξύς.

Τόμος, ου. See Τόμη.

Τονθούρω, mussito, murmuro: to mutter. Acharn. 683. SYN. Ρογγύζω, ψιθύρίζω.

Τόνος, ου, ὁ, restis; tonus: a cord; a note. Vesp. 337. SYN. Ἠχός.

Τοξάζομαι. See Τοξέω.

Τόξαρχός, ου, ὁ, praefectus sagittariorum: a commander of archers. Pers. 562. SYN. Αρχός, ἡγέμων.

Τόξευμά, ἄτος, τὸ, jaculatio: a shot from a bow. Herc. F. 108. EP. Πτέρωτων, λυγρὸν, δερμὸν, πύκνόν.

Τοξευτήρ, et Τοξευτής. See Τοξότης.

Τοξευτός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, sagitta percussus: shot. Philoct. 335.

Τοξέω, et Τοξάζομαι, jaculor arcu: to shoot. Troad. 259. χ. 27. SYN. Οἰστεύω, βάλλω, κατὰ τοξέω, ἀκοντίζω.

Τοξήρης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, arcu instructus; ad arcum pertinens: furnished or armed with a bow; of a bow. Rhcs. 226. SYN. see Τοξότης.

Τοξικός, ἡ, ὄν, jaculandi peritus: skilled in the use of the bow. Πέπραγέ μου τὸ τοξικόν Lysist. 462.

Τοξόδαμας, αντός, et Τοξόδαμνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, arcu domans: subduing with the bow. Καὶ Μασιστρὴς ὁ τέ τοξόδαμας Pers. 30. 88. SYN. see Τοξότης.

Τόξον, ου, τὸ, arcus: a bow. Ion 108. SYN. Τόξευμά, κέρας, βίος. EP. Αγκυλὸν, καμπύλῳν, παγχρυσέον, πάλιντύνον, φαίδιμον, ἀνέμώλιον, ἐὺδόν, κύκλωτῥές, κρατῥέρον, ἐνἀγκάλῳν, κέρουλκῳν, ἐκῆσθῳν, χρυσέον, κέρωδῥέτον, ξύμμαχῳν, ἐκάτῃεθῳν, ἀμαϊμάκῥον.

Τοξοποιέω, curvo: to make into an arch; to bend. Τοξοποιεῖν τὰς ὀφρύς Lysist. 8. SYN. Ξοστρέφω.

Τοξόσυνη, ης, ἡ, ars sagittandi: skill in shooting. Μηδ' ἐπὶ τοξόσυνῃ Androm. 1183. SYN. Τοξική, τοξουλικὸν λήμα.

Τοξότευχης. See Τοξότης.

Τοξότης, Τοξόφωρος, Τοξευτής, οὔ, Τοξευτήρ, ἥρος, Τοξότευχῆς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ; Τοξότης, ἴδος, ἡ, sagittarius: a Bowman, archer. Eq. 665. Troad. 806. Ψ. 850. Arat. 684. Aesch. Sup. 296. Pros. Lex.

Call. 3. 223. SYN. Τοξήρης, τοξικός, τοξόδαμας, τοξόδαμνός, ἀκοντιστήρ, οιστευτήρ.

Τοξότης. See Τοξότης.

Τοξουλκός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, arcum trahens: bow-drawing. Pers. 55.

Τοξόφωρος. See Τοξότης.

Τόπαός, conjicio: to conjecture. Vesp. 73. SYN. Εκάζω, στοχάζομαι, ενθυμέομαι, υποπτεύω, ὑποτόπέω, σταθαῶμαι, ὑπόλαμεῖναι.

Τόπαρχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, loci rector: governor of a place. Choeph. 652. SYN. Δεσπότης, ὁ, δέσποινῶ, ἡ.

Τόπηά, ων, τὰ, supellex nautica: tackle. Πέμποσι τόπηῖα νηὸς ἐκείνης Apoll. 4. 315.

Τόπος, ου, ὁ, locus: a place. Alcest. 67. SYN. Χώρα, χωρὸς, δῶκός.

Τόρεω, Τόρεω, redupl. aor. 2. τέτορέ, terebro, sculpo, caelo; penetrabilem i. e. claram vocem mitto: to perforate, work with the chisel, carve; to have a piercing voice. Thesm. 995. Ψ. 255. SYN. Αντίτορεω, τρύπαω, διάπείρω, τέτραίνω.

Τόρῳ: See above.

Τορνεύω, Τορνῶω, torno, rotundum reddo: circumdescribo: to make round; to mark all round. Thesm. 54. Ψ. 255.

Τόρνός, ου, ὁ, tornus: a turning-wheel, or lathe. Bacch. 1056. SYN. Δῖνός.

Τορνῶω. See Τορνεύω.

Τόρῶς, ἡ, ὄν, clarus, perspicuus: clear, distinct. Aesch. Sup. 282. SYN. Φανῥός, σάφης, διάτορός, τρανής.

Τόρῳνη, ης, ἡ, tudicula: a ladle. Ἐτῶους δ' ἐπιθυμεῖ δεῖ τὸρῳνης καὶ χύτρας Av. 78.

Τόρῳνα, tudicula agito: to stir with a ladle. Eq. 1169. SYN. Κινῶω.

Τόρῳς, clare, perspicue: clearly. Aesch. Sup. 204. SYN. Φανῥῶς, εμφανῶς, σάφῶς, ἀκριβῶς, τρανῶς.

Τόσακίς, Τοσσακί, toties: so many times. Τοσσακί μὲν προῤῥαροῖθεν X. 197. Steph. citat τόσακίς ex Epigr.

Τόσος, poet. Τόσος, Τόσόσδε, Τόσοῦτός, tantus: so much, so great. Apoll. 2. 418. ε. 400. Pers. 483. Ran. 9. SYN. see Τηλικούτος.

Τόσουτῥιμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, adeo numerosus: so numerous. Πλήθος τόσουτῥιμῳν ἀνθρώπων δαυεῖν Pers. 438. See Ἀριθμός.

Τόσουτός. See Τόσος.

Τοσσακί. See Τόσακίς.

Τόσος. See Τόσος.

Τόσως, tanto: so much. Eur. El. 1093.

Τότῥε, Τύτῥνικῶ, Τουτάκίς, tune, tum; olim: then; formerly. P. V. 947. Τότῥνικῇ ἤδη τοῦτῥο E. C. 440. Call. 1. 44. A in τουτάκίς brevis est, ut in πεντάκίς. SYN. Τῥμός, τῥκῶ, τῥφῥῶ.

Τότῥνικῶ. See above.

Τουτάκίς. See above.

Τότῥῶ, tamdiu; donec; tunc: so long, so long as; until; then. Τότῥῶ δ' ἐπὶ Τρώων Δ. 221. SYN. Τότῥε, τῥῶς, ῶς.

Τῥαγῶλίω, rodo: to gnaw. Καὶ τῥαγῶλίζοντῶ τὸ μηδέν (paraeiac.) Vesp. 672. SYN. Τῥῶγω, εσθίω, λῶγαρύζομαι.

Τῥαγῶαῖός, α, ὄν, vorax: voracious. Πόδαπῶ τῶ χοιρὶ ῶς τῥαγῶαῖῶ φαίνεται Acharn. 773.

Τῥαγῶίος, α, ὄν, hircinus: of a goat. Ταὶ δῥε τῥαγῶίαι Theoc. 5. 51.

Τῥαγῶλεφός, ου, ὁ, hircocervus: a goat-stag. Ran. 937. See Τῥαγός and Ἐλαφός.

Τῥαγῶμάτῶ, ων, τὰ, bellaria: sweetmeats. Plut. 190. Tra est brevis, ut in Τῥαγός, quippe

quæ sunt ex eodem fonte. SYN. Τρωγάλλιᾶ, ἐπιφύρημάτᾳ.

Τράγικος, ἡ, ὄν, tragicus: tragic. Καὶ κοσμήσας τράγικόν λήρον Ran. 1005. SYN. Λυπηρός. Τράγισκος, dimin. a Τράγος, q. v.

Τράγοκτονός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hircos cædens: goat-slaying. Αἰμά τράγοκτονὸν ωμόφάγον χάριν Bacch. 139.

Τράγυμάσχαλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hircum olens: stinking like a goat. Γραυσοῦσαι μῖαροι τράγυμάσχαλοι Pax 813. See below. SYN. Δυσώδης, γράσων.

Τράγος, dimin. Τράγισκος, ου, ὁ, hircus: a goat. Ἀρνεῖους τέ τράγους τέ ι. 239. Theoc. 5. 141. SYN. Χιμάρος. Ερ. Ἀδύς, δασυμαλλός, δασυρίξ, λασιός, λυχμῖος. ΠΗΡ. Λευκῶν αἰγῶν ἄνηρ, αἰγὸς πύσις.

Τράγυνδω, tragedum ago: to play the tragedian. Ὅτι τράγυνδω καὶ κῶκως αὐτὰς λέγω Thesm. 85.

Τράγυνδία, as, ἡ, tragedia: tragedy. Ran. 95. See above. ΠΗΡ. Δηκυθίδης Μοῦσα.

Τράγυνδικός, ἡ, ὄν, pertinens ad tragedum: belonging to a tragedian. ΑΛΛ' ὠδυνήθην ἐτέρῳ αὐ τράγυνδικόν Acharn. 9. See Τράγυνδω. SYN. Θρηνώδης.

Τράγυνδοδιδάσκαλός, Τράγυνδοποιός, οὔ, ὁ, qui tragediam scribit et docet: a tragic writer. Ἀθανά πείσαι τὸν τράγυνδοδιδάσκαλον Thesm. 94. Ὁ τράγυνδοποιός ποιὸς Thesm. 30.

Τράγυνδος, οὔ, ὁ, tragedus: a tragedian. Εν τοῖσι τράγυνδοῖς Av. 512.

Τράμῖς, ἴδως, ἡ, linea quæ scrotum medium dividit, podex: the posteriors. Αἰθὺς γέγεννημαι πάντα τὰ περὶ τὴν τράμιν Thesm. 253. SYN. Πρωκτός, ορρός, περῖναιον.

Τρανὴς, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, manifestus, certus: manifest, certain. Ἵσμεν γὰρ οὐδὲν τρανὲς ἀλλ' ἄλωμῆθα Aj. 23. SYN. Σάφης, τὸρος, ἀληθής, εμφάνης, φανέρως.

Τρανὸς, perspicue: evidently, clearly. Ἐπεσχέ τρανὸς ὡς μάθης τύχης σθέν Eur. El. 758. SYN. Σάφως, ἀληθώς, εκδήλως, φανέρως.

Τράπεζα, ἡς, ἡ, mensa: a table. Θῆσαν τραπέζαν αἰνεῖσαι δέος περ ὧν Alcest. 2. Τράπεζα πλήρης καὶ κατάψιχεν χρόν Hippiol. 109. Ερ. Ξένια, κοινὴ, πλήρης, πλουσία, σφόδρως, καλῇ, κυνῶν πεζῇ, ἐξῆδος, πληθουσία, αργύρεα, λιπαρά, ευτρεπὲς, νυμφίδια, ζεστὴ, υπερφιάλδος, εὖζεστός.

Τράπεζος, ἔως, Ion. ἦος, ὁ, mensæ adsecla: an attendant at the table. Οἷοι τέ τράπεζῆς κύνες ἀνδρῶν p. 309.

Τράπεω, uvas calco: to tread grapes. Ἀλλας δὲ τράπευσσι η. 125. SYN. Πάτew.

Τράσιᾶ, ἄς, ἡ, tabula seu corbis ubi siccantur casei et ficus et alii fructus: a board or basket for drying cheese, figs, or other fruits. Ὁζων τρύγδος τράσιᾶς ἔριον πέρειουσας Nub. 50. SYN. Ταρβός, ταρβός.

Τραυλίζω, ἴσω, balbutio: to stammer. Nub. 862. SYN. Βαμβαίνω, βαττάριζω, ψελλίζω.

Τραυμά, ἄτὺς, τὸ, vulnus: a wound. Heracl. 684. SYN. Ἐλκός, πληγὴ, δλεθρός. Ερ. Φόνιν, ἄγριον, δεινόν, κάθαμιν, ὀλδον.

Τραυμάτιζω, vulnero: to wound. Τέτραυμάτισμενον γὰρ ὡς κύων νέβρον Eumen. 246. SYN. see Τίτρώσκα.

Τράφερός, ἂ, ὄν, compactus, densus: compact, close. Ἐπὶ τράφερὴν τέ καὶ ὕγρην v. 98. SYN. Ξηρός, χερός.

Τράχηλιά, ων, τὰ, edulia a collo animalium: meat from the neck, which was usually thrown

away. See Schol. in l. c. Καὶ τράχηλ' εσθίε Vesp. 962.

Τράχηλός, ου, ὁ, collum: the neck. Ὅς ἐς τράχηλον τὸν ἑμὸν εἰσι χᾶτερων Troad. 364. SYN. see Αυχήν. Ερ. Ἐλεφάντινός, βᾶδινός, ἀπάλως.

Τραχίν, Ion. Τρηχίν, ἡ, Trachis: a city in Thessaly. Ἡμεῖς μὲν ἐν Τραχυνί τῇδ' ἀνάστατο Trach. 39. B. 682. Herculeā Trachinē jube Ov. Met. xi. 627. See below.

Τραχινίς, α, ὄν, Trachinius: of Trachis. Πάντ' αὖ Τραχινίς ἐξεῖ Theoc. 24. 81.

Τραχὺς, aut Ion. Τρηχὺς, εἶᾱ, ὅ, asper: rough, harsh. Λεῖον τὸν τραχὺν ἔχινον Pax 1086. SYN. Δριμύς, σκληρός, ἄγριος, στύφελος, ὤμος.

Τρεῖς, τριά, tres: three. Τρεῖς τριῶν μήλων τέμνον Eur. Sup. 1211.

Τρέμω, et Τέτρεμαινω, tremo: to tremble at. Ψῶγον τρέμουσά δημότων Eur. El. 643. Τοῦτ' αὖ με ποιεῖ τέτρεμαινεν Nub. 373. SYN. see Τρέω.

Τρέπω, ψω, verto: to turn. δ. 294. SYN. Μεταστρέφω, εκτρέπω, μετάβαλλω, στρέφω, ἀλάσσω.

Τρέφω, f. θρέψω, alo: to nourish, keep. Iph. A. 749. SYN. Ἀνατρέφω, εκτρέφω, τιθηνέω, αυξέω.

Τρέχω, f. θρέξω, 2. a. ἑδράμω, item imperf. θρέξασκόν, curro: to run. Ion 531. Ἦκει γὰρ οὐκ ἄχρειόν ἐκπλεθρον δράμων Eur. El. 883. Θρέξασκόν invenias in Σ. 599. SYN. see Θέω.

Τρέω, ἔσω, timeo: to dread. Οὐδ' ἂν τρέσας εἰποιμί Med. 1222. SYN. Τρέμα, τρέμω, ορβιδέω, τέτρεμαινω, φρίττω, φόβεσμαι, ταρβέω.

Τρήμα, ἄτος, τὸ, foramen: an orifice. Eccles. 906. SYN. Τρυμάδια, τρώγη, ὀπή, τρύμα.

Τρήρην, υνός, pavidus: fluttering. E. 778. SYN. Δειλή.

Τρητός, ἡ, ὄν, perforatus: perforated. v. 77.

Τρηχίν. See Τραχίν.

Τρηχὺς. See Τραχὺς.

Τρήχω, inus., unde perf. τέτρηχά, perturbor: to be boisterous. Τετρήχει δ' ἀγόρη B. 95. SYN. Θορύβω, τάρδασσμαι.

Τρίαῖν, ἡς, ἡ, tridens: a trident. Nub. 566. See below. SYN. Τριδούς.

Τρίαίνω, tridente moveo: to move with a trident, turn up. Μόχλων τρίαίνου κἀντ' ἄρ' ἐψον ἐμπάλιν Bacch. 344.

Τριακάς, ἄδός, ἡ, trigesima dies mensis; numerus tricenarius: the thirtieth day of the month; the number thirty. Ὁ πᾶς ἀριθμὸς εἰς τριακάδας δέκα Pers. 345. See Τριάς, ἄδός.

Τριάκοντᾶ, seu potius Ion. Τρήκοντᾶ, adj. indecl., et Τρήκοντοι, ai, ἄ, triginta: thirty. Τῶν δὲ τρήκοντα γλαφύροι νέες B. 680. Call. fr. 67. See below.

Τρίακοντάφυγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, triginta transtra habens: having thirty banks of oars. Οὐνέκ' ἐν πρώστ' εἰς τρίακοντάφυγον Αργά Theoc. 13. 74.

Τρίακοντούτις, ἴδως, ἡ, quæ triginta annorum est: for thirty years. ΑΛΛ' αὐταῖς σπονδαὶ τρίακοντούτιδες Acharn. 194.

Τριακόσιοι, seu potius Ion. Τρήκόςιοι, ai, ἄ, trecenti: three hundred. Καὶ κὲ τρήκόςιοισιν ἐγὼν v. 390.

Τριακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, victor: a conqueror. Agam. 165. Tri est brevis, utpote quæ oriatur ex τρεῖς, τριά, ut in Eumen. 568. Ἐν μὲν τῷδ' ἦδη τῶν τριῶν παλαισμάτων. SYN. Νυκτοφύρος.

Τριάς, ἄδός, ἡ, numerus ternarius: the number

three. *Διοι δὲ τριάδες μετὰ δὲ σφίσιν* Theoc. 17. 84.

Τρίβαλλος, οὐ, ὁ, Triballus: a Thracian god. *Τούτοις ἐγὼ καὶ τὸν Τρίβαλλον νῦν ἐροῦ* Av. 1627. *Τρίβεισκα*. See *Τρίβω*.

Τρίβη, ἥς, ἡ, mora: delay. *Οὐ μᾶκροῦ χρόνου τρίςῃ* Antig. 1078. *ΣΥΝ. Διάτρίςῃ, σχῶλη, ἀργία, βράδυτης, ἀνάσολή.*

Τρίβωλεκτραπέλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nugacissimus: most trifling. *Τρίβωλεκτραπέλ' οἶα πέρ οἱ νῦν* Nub. 1003.

Τρίβωλος, οὐ, ὁ, tribulus: a thistle. *Καὶ τοὺς τριβόλους ἀπώλεξαι* Lysist. 576.

Τρίβος, οὐ, ὁ, semita: a path. *Τήνδ' ἀμαξήρη τριβον* Orest. 1249. *ΣΥΝ. Στρίβος, ὁδός, ἀτράπος.*

Τρίβω, Ion. imp. *τρίβωσκόν*, f. ψω, 2. a. *ἐτρίβων*, tero, consumo: to rub, wear, consume. *Εν τοῖσδε πλησίον τριβέσθαι μῦθος* Eumen. 195. *Apoll. 2. 482. ΣΥΝ. Διάτρίβω, τρύχω, τείρω, ἀναλίσκω, ἀλῶω.*

Τρίβων, ἀνδρῶν, ὁ, ἡ, exercitatus, peritus: practised, skilled. *Καὶ τριβων τὰ τοιαῦτα* Med. 684. *ΣΥΝ. Ἐμπερός.*

Τρίβων, ἀνδρῶν, ὁ, et *Τρίβωνίων*, οὐ, τὸ, pallium detritum: a threadbare cloak. *Καὶ τοὺς τριβωνας ξυνέλεγοντὶ τῶν λίθων* Acharn. 184. *Ἐπεὶ τοιούτων γ' ἀμπεχέται τριβωνίων* Plut. 898. *ΣΥΝ. Στῶλισμα.*

Τρίβωνικῶς, modo pallii detriti: like a threadbare cloak. *Τηνδὲ χλαῖνάν ἀνάλασθαι τριβωνικῶς* Vesp. 427. See above.

Τρίβωνίων. See *Τρίβων*.

Τρίγᾶμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ter uxorem ducens, vel ter nupta: thrice married. *Πρόφῃρει τριγᾶμοῦ γυναικός* Theoc. 12. 5.

Τρίγῆρων, οὐτὸς, valde senex: very old. *Τρίγῆρων μῦθος τάδῃ φωνεῖ* Choeph. 308.

Τρίγληνός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tres oculos habens: formosissimus: having three eyes; very beautiful. *Τρίγληνα μῦροντά σ.* 297. See above. *ΣΥΝ. Τρίδπις.*

Τρίγλυφος, οὐ, ἡ, sculptum triglyphum: a carved triglyph. *Ὅρα δὲ γ' εἰσὼ τριγλύφων ὅποι κενόν* Iph. T. 113. See *Τρίγῆρων*.

Τρίγλῶχιν, ἡ, ὁ, ἡ, tres cuspides habens: three-pointed. *Ἰφ τριγλῶχινὶ βάλλων* A. 507. See *Τρίγῆρων*.

Τρίγυνός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triplex: triple. *Ion 499.* See below.

Τρίγωνός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triangulus: triangular. *Τὴν τριγώνων ἐς χθόνα* P. V. 838.

Τρίδουλός, οὐ, ὁ, ejus pater et avus, sicut et ipse, servi fuere: a slave in the third generation. *(E. R. 1063.)* See above.

Τρίδραχμὸς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui pretio vel pondere trium drachmarum est: worth or weighing three drachms. *Ὅδὲ δὲ τριδράχμους τοὺς κάδους εἰς τοὺς ἄγρους* Pax 1201.

Τρίμεθλος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triplici rostro armatus: armed with a triple beak. *Av. 1256.* See *Τρί-ἑτές*.

Τρίετηρίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, subst., triennium: every three years, a festival to Bacchus celebrated every three years. *Bacch. 134.* See below.

Τρίετες, per tres annos: for three years. *Οἱ δὲ τοι τριέτες μέγαρον ν.* 377.

Τρίζυγός, et *Τρίζυξ*, ὅζος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, trijugis: being three under the same yoke. *Helen. 356.* See *Ζύγην*, *Τρίζυξ* Schæf. citat in Steph. ed. Valp. ex Jacobs. Anth. 8. 42.

Τρίζυξ. See above.

Τρίζω, strideo: to squeak. *Τρίζουσαι πύττονται* ω. 7. *ΣΥΝ. Σίζω, ψιθύρίζω.*

Τρίήκοντά, et *Τρίήκοντοι*. See *Τριάκοντά*.

Τρίηκόσιοι. See *Τριακόσιοι*.

Τρίηραρχέω, trierarchi munere fungor: to perform the office of trierarch. *Ran. 1065.* See below.

Τρίηραρχός, οὐ, ὁ, qui in publicam triremem sumptus confert: a trierarch, one who contributes to the expense of a trireme. *Θυρέβουν στρατιωτῶν περὶ τριηράρχου βόης* Acharn. 545.

Τρίηρης, ἔος, ἡ, triremis: a galley with three banks of oars. *Eq. 279.* See above. *ΣΥΝ. Τρίσκαλμος.*

Τρίκαρηνός, et *Τρίκρανός*, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triceps: three-headed. *Τρίκαρηνον Γηρύνῃα* Hes. Theog. 287. *Ἄδον τρίκρανον σκύλακ' ἀπρόσμάχον τέρας* Trach. 1100.

Τρίκη, et *Τρίκκη*, ἡς, ἡ, Triece: a town in Thessaly. *Οἱ ἐποντοὶ Τρίκης ἐξ ἱπποδύτοιο* Δ. 202. B. 729.

Τρικκαῖός, α, ὁν, Triceæus: of Triece. *Ἐνθά δὲ Τρικκαῖοι* Apoll. 957.

Τρίκη. See *Τρίκη*.

Τρίκῶρὺς, ἰδὸς, et *Τρίκῶρῦθός*, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tres cristas gestans: three-crested. *Bacch. 123.* *Orest. 1488.* See *Τρίκαρηνός*, and *Κῶρὺς*, ὁδός.

Τρικῶρσύος, α, ὁν, Tricorysius: of Tricorythus, a district in Attica. *Οὐκ ἐμπίς ἐστίν ἡδὲ Τρικῶρσύα* Lysist. 1032.

Τρικῶτῦλός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, tres cotylos continens: containing three cotyli. *Τρικῶτῦλὸν ἡ πῶς εἰπέ μοι τί μ' ἐργάσω* Thesm. 743. See *Κῶτῦλη*.

Τρίκρανός. See *Τρίκαρηνός*.

Τρίκυμια, ας, ἡ, fluctus decumanus (vid. Blomf. P. V. 1051.): the third and largest wave. *Τρίκυμια βρέμοντά* Troad. 83. See *Τρίκαρηνός*. *ΣΥΝ. Ζάλη.*

Τρίλλιστός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, ter rogatus, ter optatus: thrice prayed for, thrice wished for. *Θ. 418.* *ΣΥΝ. Τριπτόητός, τριφίλητός.*

Τρίλῶφια, ας, ἡ, crista triplex: a triple crest. *Τίς ἡ πτέρωσις τίς δ' τρόπος τῆς τριλῶφίας* Av. 94.

Τρίμετρος, ἡ, ὁν, tria metra continens: containing three metres. *Ἐγεί πότερον τὸ τρίμετρον ἢ τὸ τέτταμετρον* Nub. 632.

Τρίμηνός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, trimestris: for three months. *Ἦς τριμήνην ἡνίκ' ἂν* Trach. 164.

Τρίμυα, ἄτος, τὸ, orator vafer: a hackneyed speaker. *Nub. 260.* *ΣΥΝ. Τρίβων*, ἐπιτριπτός, πάντορυγός.

Τρίμοιρος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, triplex: triple. *Χθόνος τρίμοιρον χλαῖνάν* Agam. 845. *ΣΥΝ. Τρίμερής, τριχθαδῖος.*

Τρινᾶκρίος, α, ὁν, Trinacrius: Sicilian. *Αἰδὲ δὲ Τρινᾶκρῇ Σικάνων ἔδος* Call. 3. 57.

Τρίδδος, οὐ, ἡ, trivium: a place where three ways meet, a highway. *Μέθες παρ' αὐτὴν τριδδὸν Ἰσθμίας θεοῦ* Eur. Sup. 1222.

Τρίδδους, οὐτὸς, ὁ, tridens: a trident. *Isthm. 8. 74.* See above. *ΣΥΝ. Τρίαῖνα.*

Τρίδπη, οὐ, ὁ, Triopes. *Call. 6. 23.* See below.

Τρίεπός, οὐ, ὁ, Triopus: at videsis Hermann. *Hom. Apoll. 211.* *Οὐ μὴν Τριεπός γ' ἐνέλειπεν* Hom. Apoll. 213.

Τρίορχης, ἔος, Τρίορχός, οὐ, ὁ, accipiter quidam: a kind of hawk, a buzzard. *Κερχρῆς τριόρχης γνὺς κύμνιδις αἰτός* Av. 1181. 1206.

Τρίοψ, ὅπτος, ὁ, Triops: a promontory of F f 2

Cnidus. Τρίπος κατὰθεῖο κώλωναν Theoc. 17. 68.

Τρίπαλαι, diutissime ante: very long ago. Τρίπαλαι καθῆμαι βουλόμενός σ' ενεργεῖν Eq. 1150.

Τρίπαλαιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, antiquissimus (vid. Blomf. in l. c.): most ancient. Agam. 1452. See above.

Τρίπαλτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, perquam vehemens: very violent. Sept. Th. 985. See Τρίπαλαι.

Τρίπαρθένος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tres virgines habens: having three virgins. Eur. fr. Eurysth. 15. See below.

Τρίπηχys, ὅς, tricubitalis: three cubits long. Κλωφὶ τρίπηχει κατὰ τὸν οφθαλμὸν μέσον Cycl. 235.

Τρίπλαξ, ἄκός, Τρίπτῦχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Τρίπλασιός, α, ὄν, triplex: threefold. Τρίπλακὰ μαρμαρῆν Σ. 480. Τρίπτῦχος αὐλώπις τήν οἱ Δ. 353. Καὶ ναὶ μὰ Δι' ὅρην τρίπλοσιον Κλεονόμου Acharn. 88. SYN. Τρίπλός, τρίπλους, τρίμοιρος, τριφάσιος.

Τρίπτηλδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tria folia habens: three-leaved. Χρυσέην τριπτήτηλον Hom. Merc. 529. SYN. Τριφυλλός.

Τρίπλάσιος. See Τρίπλαξ.

Τρίπλός, η, ὄν, contr. οὗς, ἡ, οὖν, triplicatus: treble. Choëph. 779. See above. SYN. see Τρίπλαξ.

Τρίποδής, ους, ὁ, ἡ, ad tripodem pertinens: of a tripod. Μέλει τρίποδῆϊός ἐδρη Call. 4. 90.

Τρίπυθτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, desideratissimus: thrice desired. Εἶαρ ἔμοι τριπόδατον Bion 6. 15. SYN. see Τρίλιιστος.

Τρίπολιςτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ter magnus: very great. Antig. 859. See below. SYN. Διάσημος, ὑπερμέγες.

Τρίπλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ter versus: thrice turned or ploughed. Νειῶ ἐν τριπλῶν ε. 127.

Τρίπους, gen. τριπόδος, ὁ, ἡ, tripes; tripus, odis: three-footed; a tripod. Κατὰκαρφόμενης τριπόδας μὲν ὁδούς Agam. 79. SYN. (1) Τίτροθαμίον, τρισκέλης, (2) λέξης, χυτρόπους. Ερ. (2) Δυνωδέκαβοιός, ἐμπυρίστης, λοέτροχός, μέγας, τεσσαράβοιός, οὐαίος, αἰθών, ἀπύρος, πέρικαλλής, κτητός, ποίητος, ἐρίτιμος, εὐχαλκός, μαίτιπλός, χρυσήλατός, ἀνθηματῆκος.

Τριπτόλεμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Triptolemus. Acharn. 55. Τρίπτῦχος. See Τρίπλαξ.

Τρίπωλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tres equos habens: drawn by three horses. Androm. 276. See Τρίπυλός.

Τρίρρυδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, trijugus: having three poles. Δίρρυμά τε καὶ τρίρρυμά τέλη Pers. 47.

Τρίς, ter: thrice. Ἀπὸχερὶτόνηθῆναι τρίς ἐν τῇ κκλησίᾳ Pax 667.

Τρίσθαλιός, ου, Τριτάλας, αινά, ἄν, et Τρισκάκδοαίμων, ὄνός, ter infelix: thrice wretched. Εισήλθε τοῖν τρίσθαλιον ἐπὶ κῆκῃ C. C. 372. (Sed Pors. in Praef. ad Hec. disjungendo legit τρίς θαλιον. Vide Tris.) Εἰς οἰδμὰ πάτρὸς τριτάλαιναί Hipp. 736. Ὡ τρισκάκδοαίμων εἰτὰ λευκὸν ἀμπεχεῖ Acharn. 988. SYN. Ἀθλιώτατος.

Τρίσεινās, ἄδδός, ἡ, vigesimus et septimus dies mensis: the twenty-seventh day of the month. Παῦροι δ' αὐτὲ ἴσασι τρίσεινᾶδᾳ Hes. Op. 812.

Τρισκαδέκᾳ, tredecim: thirteen. Ran. 50. See Δέκα.

Τρισκαδέκαπηχys, ὅς, qui tredecim cubitorum est: thirteen cubits high. Ἀνὴρ τρισκαδέκαπηχys Theoc. 15. 17.

Τρισκαδέκατος, η, ὄν, tertius decimus: the thirteenth. Τῇ τρισκαδέκατῃ δ' ἄνεμος πέσέ τ. 302.

Τρισκάκδοαίμων. See Τρίσθαλιός.

Τρίσκαλμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tribus remorum ordinibus instructus (vid. Blomf. Gloss. Pers. 685.): having three banks of oars. Pers. 1076. SYN. Τρίηρης.

Τρισκέλης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἡ, tria crura habens: three-legged. Τρισκέλς αὐτόφλοιόν Theoc. Ep. 4. 3. SYN. Τρίπους.

Τρισκόπανιστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ter pistus: thrice-baked. Ἄρτος τρισκόπανιστός Batrach. 45.

Τρισκυάδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tres cyathos capiens: containing three cyathi. Anacr. 90. See Κυάθος.

Τρισμάκρ, αἰρά, Τρισμάκρῖος, et Τρίσδελῖος, α, ὄν, ter felix: thrice happy. Pax 1333. Καὶ τρισμάκρῖαι τοῦ π' ταῖς πλευραῖς ἐμαῖς Vesp. 1284. Ὡ δέσποτ' ὦ μακρίε καὶ τρισόλῃε Eccles. 1121. See Τρίς. SYN. Τρίς ευτυχής, τρίς ευδαίμων.

Τρισμυριόπαλαι, vox ludicra, α παλαι conficta: an immense time ago. Ἐγὼ δὲ προσδὲκῶν γὲ τρισμυριόπαλαι Eq. 1156. See below.

Τρισμύριος, α, ὄν, triginta millia; permultus: thirty thousand; very many. Ἠγέμων τρισμυρίας Pers. 320.

Τρίσδελῖος. See Τρίσμάκρ.

Τρίσδλυμπῖνικης, ου, ter in certamine Olympico vincens: thrice victorious at the Olympic games. Olymp. 13. 1. See Τρίς, Ὀλύμπιος, Νίκη.

Τρισπίθαμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tres spithamas adaequans: three spans long. Τρισπίθαμον δ' ἄψιν τάμνειν Hes. Op. 425.

Τρίσπονδος, Τρίσπονδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tres libationes accipiens, ter libatus: receiving triple libations. Χθαῖσι τρισπόνδοισι Antig. 431. Agam. 237. See Blomf. Gloss.

Τρίστος, η, ὄν, triplex: triple. Theoc. 18. 83. SYN. see Τρίπλαξ.

Τριστοιχέ, triplici ordine: in triple row. K. 473.

Τρίστοιχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tribus ordinibus instructus: arranged in three rows. μ. 91.

Τρισχιλίαι, αι, ἄ, tres millia: three thousand. Ἴππο μύριον ἑτῶν γέ καὶ τρισχιλίον Plut. 1083.

Τρίσώματος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tria corpora habens: three-bodied. Τρίσώματος τῶν Γηρύων ὁ δευτέρως Agam. 843. See Τρίπυλός.

Τρίταιός, α, ὄν, qui tertio die perficitur (vid. R. P. ad loc.): on the third day. Τρίταιον ἡδὲ φεγγὺς αωρούμενος Hec. 32. See Τρίτος.

Τρίταλαντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui trium talentorum est: of three talents. Lysist. 338. See Τρίσπορος and Τάλαντον.

Τρίτάλας. See Τρίσθαλιός.

Τρίτατος. See Τρίτος.

Τρίτῶδᾶμων, ὄνός, tribus pedibus incumbens: three-footed. Πρόσπαλός ἢ τρίτῶδᾶμονος Troad. 276. SYN. see Τρίπους.

Τριτῶγενεῖα, αs, et Τριτῶγενής, ἔδς, ἡ, epith. Minervæ: epithet of Minerva. Ὡρσέ Διὸς θυγάτηρ κυδίστη Τριτῶγενεῖα Δ. 515. Eq. 1186. SYN. see Ἀθήνη.

Τρίτος, et superl. τρίτατος, η, ὄν, tertius: third. Καὶ τρίτον γ' εἰ σοι φίλον Helen. 1416. Αὐτὰρ τῇ τρίτῃ ἀπύρον V. 267.

Τρίτῶσπονδος. See Τρίσπονδος.

Τρίτῶσπορος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tertium generatus: third sown. Καὶ τρίτοσπορὸν γόνῃ Pers. 823.

Τρίτων, ὠνός, ὁ, (1) Triton: a sea-god; (2) Nilus: the Nile. Καὶ πῶτάμους Τριτωνὸς εὐρύδους Apoll. 4. 628. See below.

Τριτωνιάς, ἄδδς, et Τριτανίς, ἰδός, ἡ, Tritonis: of Triton. Ἀλμυνης τ' ἐνὺδρου Τριτωνιάδος Ion 871. Apoll. 3. 1182.

Τριφίλητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ter amatus: thrice-beloved. Ὁ τριφίλητος Ἀδωνίς Theoc. 15. 86. SYN. see Τρίλιστος.

Τρίχᾶ, et Τριχᾶ, tripliciter: in three ways. Ἥμος δὲ τριχᾶ νυκτὸς ἔην μ. 312. Τριχᾶ τὲ καὶ τετραχᾶ Γ. 363. SYN. Τρίπλη.

Τριχάξ, ἰκός, eujas capellus et crista agitantur; bellicosus (vide tamen Damm. in v. et Hesiod. fr. 68.): having the hair and cone of the helmet waving; warlike. Δωριέες τὲ τριχαῖκες διοί τὲ Πέλασγοί τ. 177.

Τριχῆς, plur. α. Θρίξ, q. v.
Τριχηλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, trifidus: cleft in three parts. Sept. Th. 757. See Τριφίλητος.

Τριχᾶ. See Τριχᾶ.
Τριχίς, ἰδός, ἡ, piscis quidam ossa pilis similia habens: a sprat. Στέφανων τριχίδων αὐλητρίδων ὑπαπίων Acharn. 525.

Τριχῶδερῶς, ὠτός, et Τριχῶδερὸς, ὁ, tineæ, pediculus: a moth, a louse. ΑΛΛ' ἡ τριχῶδερῶτες τοὺς λῶφους μου κατέφαγον Acharn. 1110. SYN. Σῆς, σκάληξ.

Τριχοίνικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tres chœnices capiens: containing three chœnices. Πάρμεβλασόμεν τῶν τριχοίνικων ἑπῶν Vesp. 481. See Χοῖνιξ, ἰκός.

Τριχορρῶν, pilorum defluvi laboro: to have the hair falling off. Τριχορρῶνέτον ουδὲν Pax 1221. See Τριχῶδρῶς.

Τριχωμά, ἄτος, τὸ, cæsaries: the hair. Sept. Th. 663. See Τριχῶδρῶς. SYN. see Ορίξ.
Τριψιμέρως, diem tero: to waste or spend the day. Vesp. 845. SYN. Ἡμέραν, χρόνῳ τρίω; διατρίω.

Τριῶσθλον, ου, τὸ, tres oboli: three oboli. Nub. 1235. See Τρεῖς, τριά.

Τροία, as, et antiq. αθὲν, ἡ, Troja: Troy. Ναίοιτε Τροίην ἐριδῶλάκᾳ Γ. 74. SYN. see Ἰλίον.

Τροίην, ἡνὸς, ἡ, Troezen: a city of Argolis. Call. 4. 41.

Τροίηνιός, α, ὄν, Troezenius: of Troezen. Τροίηνία γυναικὲς Hipp. 375.

Τροίχηνός, ου, ὁ, Troezenus. Τίς Τροίχηνιὸς B. 847.

Τρόμερὸς, ἄ, ὄν, tremulus: trembling. Phœn. 1299. SYN. Περίφθορός, περιδέης, τρῶμικός, τρῶμῶδης, ὑπὸ τρῶπός.

Τρόμew, tremo: to tremble. σ. 79. SYN. see Τρέω.

Τρόμος, ου, ὁ, tremor: a trembling. Bacch. 597. SYN. Δεός, φέος, τάρφος.

Τρόπαία, as, ἡ, conversio: change. Sept. Th. 703. See Blomf. Gloss. Choëph. 763. SYN. Μετάτροπή.

Τρόπαιον, ου, τὸ, tropæum: a trophy, triumph. Στήσαι τρῶπαία τῶν κακῶν ἄ σοι πάρα Orest. 705. SYN. Νίκη, νικητήριον, νικηφόρια.

Τρόπαιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hostes in fugam convertens; averuncans: putting the enemy to flight; averting. Ὡ Ζεὺ τρῶπαίη Heracl. 867. SYN. Νικηφόρος, ἀλεξικακός, ἀπὸ τρῶπαιός.

Τρόπαλλις, ἰδός, ἡ, fasciculus (alliorum): a bunch (of onions). Τὸ μὲν ἄγερρον τούτων σκόροδων τρῶπαλλίδος Acharn. 813.

Τρόπew, et Τρωπάω, verto, in fugam verto: to

turn, to rout. Σ. 224. o. 666. SYN. Τρέπω, νικῶ, κατὰθεῖλλω.

Τροπή, ἡς, ἡ, versio, mutatio; fuga: a turning, change; a fight or rout. Antig. 675. SYN. Ἀμοιῆς, διαξίς, δρασμὸς.

Τρόπῖς, ἴος vel ἰδός, ἡ, carina: a keel. Περὶ τρῶπιός βεβᾶῶτα ε. 130. SYN. Εντέρῶνεία, στεῖρᾶ.

Τρόπῶς, ου, ὁ, modus, ritus, indoles: turn, manner, fashion, custom, disposition. Iph. A. 927. SYN. Ἐθός, ἡθός, σχήμα, νόμος, δεσμός, γνῶμη, φύσις. Ερ. Ἐκούσιός, φαῖλός, ποιητός, ἀναγκαῖός, χρηστός, γενναῖός, δούλός, ἐλευθέρός, ἄγριός, δυσσέξῃς, βάρβαρός.

Τρόπῶς, οὐ, et Τρόπωτήρ, ἡρὸς, ὁ, strupus: a thong which fastened the oar to the vessel. Σ. 53. Acharn. 548.

Τρόπῶω, remum strupo adligo: to fasten the oar to the vessel. Pers. 382.

Τρόπωτήρ. See the second τρῶπός.
Τρόφαλις, ἰδός, ἡ, recens caseus: fresh cheese. Ejusdem quantitatis ac δαμάλις. Vesp. 838.

Τρόφεῖα, ὦν, τὰ, educationis merces; alimentum: a return made for being maintained or educated; nourishment. Sept. Th. 473. SYN. Θρέμμα, θρεπτήριον, θρεπτήρ, τρῶφα. Ερ. Κάλᾶ.

Τρόφεις, ἔως, ὁ, nutritor: one who nourishes, a foster-father. Phœn. 45. SYN. Τρόφός.

Τρόφή, ἡς, ἡ, victus; cura alendi; proles; merces educationis: food; the care of feeding; offspring; return for education. Ε. C. 362. SYN. Διαιτᾶ, διατρίβη, παιδεία, τροφεία.

Τρόφῖς, ὁ, ἡ, densus: thick. Πολλὸν δὲ τρῶφί κύμα κύλινδεται Λ. 307.

Τρόφίμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alimentum præbens, vel accipiens: nourishing, nourished. Τρόφίμος ἐξέβα γυναικῶν τίνος Ion 686. (A double dochmiac.) SYN. Τρόφεις, τρῶφός, μῶθων.

Τρόφους, εσσά, ἐν, bene altus, tumens: well-fed, swelling. Κύματᾶ τε τρῶφυντᾶ γ. 290. SYN. Τρόφίμος, μέγας, πίων, πᾶχῦς, οιδάλων, πηγός.

Τρόφός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, altor, nutrix; alumnus vel alumna: one who maintains, a nurse; a nursing. Herc. F. 45. SYN. Τίθηνός, τίθηνη, τρῶφεις, μήτηρ, τρῶφίμος.

Τρόφῶνιός, ου, ὁ, Trophonius. Ενστρέφει Τρῶφῶνιόν Ion 303.

Τρόχᾶς. See Τρόχᾶω.

Τρόχᾶλς, ἡ, ὄν, currens; velox; rotundus: running; rapid; round. Κεῖνὸ περίγληνές τρῶχᾶλον γὰρ μιν κάλεουσι Arat. Phœn. 475. SYN. Τρόχδεις, τρῶχδεις, εὐκύκλς, κύκλδτες-ρῆς.

Τρόχᾶω, Τρόχᾶζω, et Τρωχᾶω, currō: to run. Ἀρκτοῖ ἅμα τρῶχῶσι Arat. 27. Helen. 723. X. 163. SYN. Θέω, τρέχω, κάτασπειδω.

Τρόχῆλᾶτew, aurigor; exagito: to drive a chariot; to torture. Αἰμᾶ νῦν τρῶχῆλᾶτew Orest. 36. SYN. Δίφρηλᾶτew, ἐλαύνω, δίφρεῖω, ἀρμά-τεῖω, ἡνιόχεῖω.

Τρόχῆλᾶτης, ου, ὁ, auriga: a charioteer. Κἀγὼ τὸν ἐκτρέποντᾶ τὸν τρῶχῆλᾶτην Ε. R. 806. SYN. Δίφρευτής, ἀρμάτῆλᾶτης, δίφρηλᾶτης, ἡνιόχδς, ὑφηνιόχδς.

Τρόχῆλᾶτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rotis agitatus, circum impulsus: urged by wheels, whirled round. Ἐκτόρος τρῶχῆλᾶτους Androm. 399.

Τρόχῆλῖα, as, ἡ, trochlea: a windlass. Τὴν δ' εκ τρῶχῆλῖας αὐ κατελυσπομῆτην Lysist. 723.

Τροχίλος, ου, ὁ, trochilus: a wren. Τροχίλος κύλαμνος ὡσπέρει χειμῶν ἀρα Acharn. 876.

Τροχίς, ἴδς, ὁ, nuncius, cursor: a messenger, runner. Τόνδε τὸν Δίδος τροχιν Aj. 977. SYN. Ἀγχιέλδς, δρόμεύς.

Τροχῶδινεῶ, in orbem circumago: to whirl round. Τροχῶδινεῖται δ' ὁμαῖθ' ἐλγίζην P. V. 907. SYN. Περίελαυνω, περίφερω, κύκλω.

Τροχῶειδης, ἔδς, ὁ, ἥ; Τροχῶεις, εσσά, ἐν, rotundus: round. Theogn. 7. Call. 4. 261. SYN. see Τροχᾶλδς.

Τροχῶποιεῶ, rotas facio: to make wheels. Ἡ ῥάπτειν ἢ τροχῶποιεῖν Plut. 513.

Τροχῶς, ου, ὁ, cursus: a course. Hipp. 1129. SYN. Δρόμδς.

Τροχῶς, ου, ὁ, rota; discus; massa rotunda: a wheel; a quoit; a ball. Anacr. 4. 7. SYN. Γύρδς, κύκλδς. Ep. Κυρτδς, εὐκύκλδς.

Τροχῶλιον, ου, τὸ, catinus: a dish. Αλλὰ καὶ τὰ τροχῶλια Eccles. 252. SYN. Πάροψις, λέκάνη.

Τρυγᾶίς, ου, ὁ, Trygaeus. Ποῦ ποῦ Τρυγᾶίδς ἐστίν Pax 1197.

Τρυγᾶω, ἦσω, uvas vel fruges colligo: to gather in grapes or fruit, to reap. Ἐμοῦ τρυγῆσθαι καὶ πρόσάξεσθαι τίνα Eccl. 886. SYN. Δρέπω, ἀπυλαῶω, καρπῶμαι, καρπίζω. PHR. see Anacr. 50.

Τρυγή, ης, ἥ, vindemia: the vintage. Ουδὲ τρυγῆν οἶσεις Hom. Apoll. 55.

Τρυγητήρ, ἦρδς, ὁ, vindemiator: a vintager. Ἐφῆρυν ἀπὸ τρυγητῆρων Hes. Scut. 293.

Τρυγηφόρδς, ου, ὁ, ἥ, uvarum vel frugum ferax: producing grapes or fruits. Οὔτε τρυγηφόρδς ἦδε Hom. Apoll. 529. SYN. Καρποφόρδς, εὐκαρῶδς.

Τρυγίκοδς, ἥ, ὅν, faecibus perunctus, comicus: daubed with lees of wine, comic. Τρυγίκοις ὁ διδάσκαλδς ἡμῶν Acharn. 628.

Τρυγῶδαίμων, ὄνδς, ὁ, dæmon os faecibus perunctus: a poor wretch of a comic poet. Ἄπερ οἱ τρυγῶδαίμονες οὔτοι Nub. 295.

Τρυγοιπῶς, ου, ὁ, colum vinarium: a wine-filterer. Κιττοῦ τρυγοίπου προῖατῶν βληχωμένων Pax 535.

Τρυγῶνᾶω. See Θρυγᾶνᾶω.

Τρυγωδία, ας, ἥ, comœdia: comedy. Μέλλω περὶ τῆς πόλεως τρυγωδιᾶν ποίων Acharn. 499. SYN. Κωμωδία.

Τρυγωδικῶς, ἥ, ὅν, comicus: comic. Ἥλθες πόθεινῃ μὲν τρυγωδικοῖς χόροισ Acharn. 886. SYN. Τρυγίκοδς, κωμωδικῶς, κωμικῶς.

Τρυγωδῶς, ου, ὁ, actor vel poëta comicus: a comic poet or actor. Vesp. 1537. See above.

Τρυγῶν, ὄνδς, ἥ, turtur: a turtle-dove. Τρυγῶνές ἐκκυναίσειντι Theoc. 15. 88.

Τρύζω, Ion. imp. τρύζεσκῶν, strideo: to whine, squeak. Ὡς μὴ μοι τρύζητέ I. 311. Theoc. 7. 140. SYN. Τρίζω, ψιθιρίζω.

Τρύμη, ης, ἥ, foramen a terebra; veterator: a hole made by an auger; an old knave. Κύρβις κροτάλον κινᾶδος τρύμη Nub. 447. SYN. Τρύπᾶν, ἀπὸτρυπτῶς, τρίμμά, πάνοῦργῶς.

Τρύξ, τρύγδς, ἥ, vinum recens; fæx; scoria: new wine; lees of wine; dross of metal. Ὡζων τρύγδς τράστιας ἐρίων περίουσίας Nub. 50. Ep. Γλύκεῖα, μελίηδης, πάλαια, σᾶπρᾶ, νεῶπλουτδς.

Τρύπᾶν, ου, τὸ, terebra: an auger. Τρυπᾶνφ ὁ δὲ τ' ἐνερεῖν ι. 385. SYN. Τρύμη, τέρειτρον.

Τρυπᾶω, terebro: to perforate. Ὡς δ' ὅτε τις τρυπῶ δὸρρὺ νήϊον ι. 384. SYN. Τόρεω, τρέω (obs. in pres.), πέραίνω.

Τρύπημᾶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, foramen: an orifice. Μηδέμιας ἢ τρύπημᾶ κένον Eccles. 624. SYN. Ὀπή.

Τρυσάνωρ, ὄρδς, homines alterens: man-wearing. Philoct. 208. See below, and Μέγανωρ.

Τρυσίειδς, ου, ὁ, ἥ, vitam vexans: life-harassing. Καὶ φειδωλὸν καὶ τρυσίειον Nub. 420. SYN. Ἀνίαρδς, χαλᾶπδς, λυπηρδς.

Τρυτάνη, ης, ἥ, trutina: a balance. Εἴθ' ἡ μῖαρά φάλαιν' ἐχουσά τρυτάνην Vesp. 39. SYN. Ζύγδς, τάλαντον, σάθμη.

Τρυφᾶλειᾶ, ας, ἥ, galea tres conos habens: a helmet having three cones. Καὶ λευκῶλόφους τρυφᾶλείας Ran. 1016. SYN. see Κύρδς. Ep. Αὐλῶπις, ἵππουρις, φαῖνῃ, λευκῶλόφας, ἱπποκύμδς, τρίπτυχδς, χατήσσοᾶ.

Τρυφᾶω, Τρυφῆραίνδμαι, luxurior; abundo: to live luxuriously; to abound. Ἀρ' οὖν τρυφῶμὲν θεοῦ (monosyll.) κάτασκευῆν βίῳ Eur. Sup. 225. Vesp. 686. See below. SYN. Ἀερόνῶμαι, δρύπτω, ἀσελγῶ, σπαργᾶω, ὑερίζω, ἀσωτεῦδμαι.

Τρυφῆρδς, ἄ, ὅν, mollis, delicatus: soft, delicate. Ὡδὶ προῖδς τρυφῆρόν τι διάσᾶλακῶνίσσον Vesp. 1169. SYN. Τρυφῶν, ἀπάλδς, ἄερόδς, ἀσωτῶς, ἀσελγῆς.

Τρυφή, ης, ἥ; Τρυφήμᾶ, ἄτδς, τὸ, luxus, fastus: luxury, wantonness. Εγκάθυερίζειν τρυφᾶις Troad. 990. Iph. A. 1050. SYN. Χλιδῇ, ἄερόσση, σπατάλημᾶ.

Τρυφῶς, ἔδς, τὸ, fragmentum: a fragment. Τὺ δὲ τρυφῶς ἐμπέσε πόντῳ δ. 508. SYN. Θραύσῃ, ἀπικομμᾶ.

Τρυχηρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἥ, attritus: worn, ragged. Τρυχηρὰ περὶ τρυχηρόν ἐμείνεν χρῶα Troad. 498. Hic tamen locus nihil de quantitate statuit. Nec scio alterum apud poëtas ubi occurrit.

Prima in Τρυχῶς est brevis in loco infra citato; sed in Τρίχῶς est longa.

Τρύχνδς, ἥ, ὅν, mollis: soft. Ἀ φῶνα δὲ τρύχνα Theoc. 10. 37. SYN. Μᾶλᾶκδς.

Τρύχῶς, ἔδς, τὸ, pannus lacer: a torn garment, rags. Τὰ ποῖα τρύχη μῶν ἐν οἷς Οινεὺς ὀδὶ Acharn. 418. SYN. Ρᾶκδς, ρᾶκωμᾶ, ρᾶκῖον, τριδῶνδν, τρίων.

Τρύχω, Τρυχῶς, Τρύω, attero: to wear away. Ἡ τ' ἂν τρυχῶμένδς περ α. 288. Mimnrm.

2. 12. "Τρύω primam producit. Frequentius est in comp. αποτρύω, κατατρύω. Apoll. R. 1. 1174. Τετρυμένα γούνατ' ἐκαμψεν." Blomf. ad P. V. 27. SYN. Τείρω, εκτρίβω, πτίζω, εκτήκω, κατᾶτρύχω.

Τρωᾶς. See Τρωϊκῶς.

Τρωᾶς, ων, οἱ, Trojani: Trojans. Agam. 66. SYN. Δαρδανῖναι, Λαομέδοντιᾶδαι. Ep. Αἰγνήρδς, ἱππῶδμοι, μεγάθυμοι, ἐπέρθυμοι, ἀγαοὶ, ἀλκίμοι, ἀολλῆς, δειδυμῶνδς, ἐπῖκουροι, κέντῶρδς ἵππων, μεγάλατήρδς, τηλέκλητοι, ὑπερφῖλοι, φιλοπτόλεμοι, ἀγέρωχοι, ἀπιστοὶ, ευγένεῖς, χαλκῶχίτωνδς, ὑπέρηνυρόντδς, θαρσᾶλεῖο, δειλοὶ, ἀρηίφιλοι, θωρηκταί.

Τρωγᾶλῖα, ων, τὰ, bellaria: sweetmeats. Τῶν τραγᾶλῶν καὶ μὴ φαίρει Pax 772. SYN. Τραγῆματᾶ, ἐπιφόρηματᾶ.

Τρώγη, ης, ἥ, caverna: a hole. Hom. Batr. 53.

Τρωγλῶδῦτης, ου, ὁ, qui foramina seu cava

habitat: one who inhabits holes. Τρωγλῶδῆτος δὲ μὲτ' αὐτὸν Hom. Batr. 205.

Τρωγλῶδῶν, cavernam subeo: to enter a hole. Ἡ καὶ τρωγλῶδῶντα Hom. Batr. 53.

Τρώγω, ξω, a. 2. ἐτρώγων, rodo: to gnaw, eat. Pax 1324. SYN. Κατὰτρώγω, εσθίω, ἐδομαι.

Τρωῖās. See below.

Τρωικός, Τρωῖός, Τρῶός, α, ὄν; Τρωῖās, Τρῶās, ἄδός, ἦ, Trojanus: Trojan. Τρωϊκῆς ἐξαίρετον Androm. 15. Οἱοι Τρωῖοι ἱπποῖ Θ. 106. Eur. El. 1077. Τινὰ Τρωῖᾶν (anap. monom.) Hec. 94. Τρῶες καὶ Τρῶαδες Ω. 704. Ep. of Τρῶαδες: — Εὐπλόκαμοι, Βάθυκολποι, ἑλκεσίπτελοι, πύλμοχοι, ἐλεκεῖχτωνες, δόριεττοι.

Τρωίλος, ου, ὁ, Troilus: one of the sons of Priam. Τρωίλῳ ἱππὶοῦ χάριμν Ω. 257.

Τρωῖός. See Τρωικός.

Τρώκτης, ου, ὁ, vorator; impostor: an eater; a knave. ξ. 289. SYN. Πάνουργός.

Τρῶμα, i. q. Τρῶμα. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 7. 271.

Τρώμη, i. q. Τρῶμα. Pind. Pyth. 4. 483.

Τρωξάρτης, ου, Ἄεol. αῶ, ὁ, panis rosor: a gnawer of bread. Hom. Batrach. 28.

Τρώξιμος, ου, ὁ, ἦ, edulis: eatable. Φοιτῇ σινδόμενα τὰν τρώξιμον Theoc. 1. 49. SYN. Βρώσιμος, ἐδωδῖμος, ἐδεστός.

Τρῶός. See Τρωικός.

Τρῶπᾶω. See Τρῶπέω.

Τρῶς, ὄος, ὁ, Tros. Τρῶά δ' Ἀλαστοῖδην Τ. 463. Ep. Ἀμύμων, μεγᾶλῆταρ.

Τρωτός, ἦ, ὄν, vulneratus; vulnerabilis: wounded; vulnerable. Helen. 809.

Τρώω. See Τίτρωσκω.

Τυγχᾶω, fut. τυχήσω καὶ τεύξωμαι, sum; contingo; adeoque: to be; to happen; to reach, hit. Τὴν δ' ὅπως ἐτύγχανεν Hipp. 933. Κάτα ζωστήρᾳ τυχήσας Μ. 189. SYN. Εμῖ, ὑπάρχω, συμβαίνω, εντυγχάνω.

Τυδείδης, ου, Ἄεol. αῶ, ὁ, Tydides: the son of Tydeus. Τυδείδῳ δ' οὐκ ἂν γνοίης E. 85.

Τυδεύς, ἔως, δ, Tydeus: one of the seven chieftains at Thebes, and father of Diomed. Ἐγὼ δὲ Τυδεῖ κεδνὸν Sept. Th. 403. Ep. Δαΐφρων, μεγᾶθυμός, δουρὶ κλυτός, κρατέρος, μένεπτόλემος, ὄχ' ἀριστός, ἄγανός, ἱπποδόμος, Αἰτάλιός, Οἰνεῖδης, ἱππηλάτης, ἱππότης, σᾶκεσπᾶλός, μικρὸς δέμας ἀλλὰ μάχητῆς, πρόπολός φόνου.

Τυκίζω, polio: to polish. Τούτους δ' ἐτύκισον αἱ κρέκες τοῖς ῥύγχεσιν Av. 1138. SYN. Ξέω.

Τυκισμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, ædificium: a building. Κάνοναν δὲ τυκισμᾶτά φοίβου Troad. 814. SYN. Οικοδόμημα.

Τυκός, ου, δ, instrumentum ferreum quo lapideæ untur ad poliendos lapides: an instrument used in polishing stones. Καὶ τυκοῖς ηρμοσμένα Heracl. 940.

Τυκτός, ἦ, ὄν, fabricatus: made, artificial. p. 206. SYN. Ποιητός.

Τύλη, as, ἦ; Τύλός, ου, ὁ, callus: hard brawny skin produced by labour. Τὰν τύλαν Ισμήνιχε Acharn. 954. Τύλων ψόφοντα Acharn. 553. Brasæ adds however in a note: "The penult. of Τύλη is generally long: cf. Lucill. 52."

Τύλωω, callosum reddo: to render callous. Τέτύλωμένους ἐνδὸς χεῖρας Theoc. 16. 32. SYN. Ξικληρῶω, πᾶχύνω.

Τύμνευμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, sepultura, sepulcrum: burial, tomb. Antig. 1220.

Τυμνεύω, sepelio: to bury. Helen. 1244. SYN. Θάπτω, τύμνω χέω, καὶ ποίεω.

Τυμθήρης, ἔος, ὁ, ἦ, sepulchralis: sepulchral. Thesm. 889. SYN. Τυμθῶχός, ἐπιτυμειδῶς, τυμθῶχαστός.

Τύμσός, ου, ὁ, bustum: a tomb. Med. 1206.

SYN. Χάμα, τᾶφος, σήμα, τᾶφρός, γήλῶφος, τυμθῶχῶ. Ep. Ἀμύμων, ευρύς, ἐπιεικής, μέγας, ὕψηλός, ἄκρος, ἀνδροεικμητός, πύλκλαντός, ξεστός, ἱερός, κολῶς, ἐρικύνος.

Τυμθῶχῶ, ἦς, ἦ, tumulus: a tumulus, a tomb. Φ. 323. SYN. Τύμσός, χάμα.

Τυμθῶχός, ου, ὁ, ἦ, adgerens tumulum: throwing up a tomb. Sept. Th. 1024.

Τυμθῶχαστός, ου, ὁ, ἦ, in tumulum adgestus: dug up so as to form a tomb. Antig. 848.

Τυμθῶρχός, ου, ὁ, sepulcri violator: a robber of graves, a resurrection man. Πρὸς πᾶτρός τυμθῶρχος Ran. 1179. Exp. Λωποδύτης νεκρῶν.

Τύμμη, ἄτος, τό; Τύπη, ἦς, ἦ, ictus: a blow. Theoc. 4. 55. Apoll. 3. 848. See Τύψος. SYN. Πληγῇ, κρούμᾶ.

Τυμπάνισμός, οὗ, ὁ, tympani pulsatio; exercitatio: the beating of a drum; a torture. Χῶ τυμπανισμός χοί πυκνοὶ Σάσαζιοι Lysist. 388.

Τύμπανον, τυπάνον, ου, τὸ, tympanum; palus ad quem devincti plagis cædebantur; fustis: a drum or timbrel; a whipping-post; a club. Μετὰ ταῦτ' ἐκυρυσάντις' ὁ δ' αὐτὸς τυμπάνω Vesp. 119. Ἡ κροτᾶλον τυπάνων τ' ἰαχῇ Hom. Hymn. 13. 3. Ep. Βυρσῶτονόν, βυρσῶτῆνές, ἐπιχῶρίον, βάρυσρόβον.

Τυνδάρειος, α, ὄν, Tyndareus: of Tyndarus. Τῆς Τυνδάρειας παιδὸς Orest. 368.

Τυνδάρῆος, ου, Τυνδάρῆως, ω, ὁ, Tyndarus: a king of Sparta, and husband of Leda. Τὴν Τυνδάρῆου παρὰκοῖτιν λ. 297. Helen. 17. Ep. Κράτερῶφρον.

Τυνδάρῖδης, ου, ὁ, (2) Τυνδάρῖς, ἰδός, ἦ, Tyndaro satus vel sata: (1) the son, (2) the daughter of Tyndarus. Παιδὲς Τυνδάρῖδαι Helen. 1496. 471. SYN. see Κάστωρ.

Τύνη, Dor. pro Σύ, q. v.

Τυννός, ἦ, ὄν, et Τυννοντούσι, tenuis, parvus: thin, little. Theoc. 24. 137. Nub. 876. SYN. Μικρός, παῦρος, ὀλίγος, τυτθός.

Τυντλάω, glebas frango: to break the clods. Pax 1148.

Τύπᾶνον. See Τύμπανον.

Τύπη. See Τύμμη.

Τύπισ, ἰδός, ἦ, malleus: a hammer. Ορθὸς ἐπὶ στελέθῃ τύπιδος βάρυν Apoll. 4. 957. SYN. Σφήρα, ῥαστήρ.

Τύπος, ου, ὁ, forma: a print, figure. Ὡς ἡδὺς ἐν πόρκακί σὸς κείται τύπος Troad. 1186. SYN. Τύπωμᾶ, κόμμη, σχήμᾶ, εἶδος, εἰκών. Ep. Ἡσθητῆς, γραπτός, σιδηρόνωτός, χρυσόκόλλητός, ἐράτός.

Τύπτω, f. τύψω et τυπτήσω, verbero: to beat. Nub. 441. Οὐ γάρ με τυπτήσεις, &c. Plut. 21. SYN. Πλήσσω, παῖω, κρούω, ἄρᾶσσω, κόπτω, πᾶτάσσω.

Τύπωμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, figura; vas: figure, fashion; an urn. Soph. El. 54. See Τύπος. SYN. Τύπος, ἀγῶς, τευχός.

Τύραννεύω, Τύραννέω, regno: to hold the sovereignty. Ἡ τύραννεύαν χθονός Helen. 785. Med. 963. SYN. Ἀρχω, κράτειν, κυριεύω, βασιλεύω, δεσπορίζω, ἀνάσσω, κοιρᾶνέω.

Τύραννικός, ἦ, ὄν; Τύραννός, ου, ὁ, ἦ, tyrannicus: of a tyrant or absolute monarch, royal.

Eis θρόνους τυραννικούς Ion 1572. Androm. 3. See below. SYN. Αρχικός.

Τυραννίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, regnum: absolute power, sovereignty. Τῆς τυραννίδος χάριν Hipp. 1024. Τῶδ' ἐμὴν τυραννίδα Orest. 533. SYN. Αρχή, κοίρανη, δεσποτεία, βασιλεία. EP. Πόλεος ἄλκας, ἰσθμῆος. RH. Μήτηρ ἀδικίας.

Τυραννός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tyrannus: a sovereign, a tyrant. Οὐδὲν τυράννου δυσμένεστέρον πόλει Eur. Sup. 439. SYN. Βασίλειος, ἀρχων, ἀναξ. EP. Σεμνός, λαμπρὸς, μάκαρῖος, βάρβαρος, ὠμόφρων, δημόδωρος, κράτερός.

Τυραννός, adj. See the word Τυραννικός. Τυρσάζω, turbas excito: to disturb. Pax 1007. SYN. Τάρασσω, θορῶ, φιλόνεικέω.

Τύρευμά, ἀτὸς, τὸ, et Τυρός, οὐ, et Τυροίς, εντὸς, ὁ, caseus: cheese. Πηκτοῦ γάλακτος τ' οὐ σπάνι τυρεύματα Cycl. 190. Καὶ τυρὸς ὅπας ἐστὶ καὶ βὸς γάλα Cycl. 136. Ὦνον καὶ τυροέντ' (trisyll.) μέγαν λευκοῖο γάλακτος Theoc. 1. 58. SYN. Πηκτὴ, τρῶχῆς. EP. Ὀπίας, αἰγεῖος, νεόπηκτος, ἀπάλος, πίων.

Τυρίς, α, ὄν, Tyrius: of Tyre, Tyrian. Φοινικὸγένεος παῖ τῆς Τυρίας Eur. fr. Cret. 2. 1.

Τυρῳγλύφος, ου, ὁ, casei rosor: a gnawer of cheese. Τυρῳγλύφον υἱὸς μεγάλῃ τρώος Hom. Batr. 136.

Τυροίς. See Τύρευμά. Τυρόκηστις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, radula caseo radendo: a cheese-scraper. Οὐ στήσονται λείαν' ἐπὶ τυρόκηστιδος Lysist. 231. See below.

Τυρόνωτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dorsum habens ex caseo: cheese-backed. Κάμωι πλάκουντος τυρόνωτον δὸς κύκλον Acharn. 1124.

Τυρόπωλῶ, caseos vendo; examino: to be a cheesemonger; to weigh. Ανδρῶν ποιητῶν τυρόπωλῆσαι τέχνην Ran. 1369.

Τυρόπώλης, ου, ὁ, caseorum venditor: a cheesemonger. Eq. 854. See above.

Τυρός. See Τύρευμά. Τυρσηνικός, ἡ, ὄν, Τυρσηνίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, et Τυρσηνός, ὄν, Tyrrhenus: Tyrrhene, Tuscan. Χρῆ μένευ Τυρσηνικῆς Rhes. 985. Δεῖανᾶν οὐ γυναικὰ τῆς Τυρσηνίδος Med. 1339. 1356.

Τυρά, ὄος, ἡ, Tyro: the daughter of Salmoeneus. 'Ενθ' ἦτοι πρώτῃν Τυρά ἰδὼν λ. 234.

Τυτθός, ἡ, ὄν, parvus: little. a. 435. SYN. Μικρός, ὀλίγος, βαιὸς, τυννός.

Τυφάωνις, α, ὄν, Typhaonius: of Typhoeus or Typhon. Καυκάσου ἐν κυμνοῖσι Τυφάωνι' ὅτι πέτρῃ Apoll. 2. 1214.

Τυφῶν, ὄνος, Τυφῶν, ὄνος, Τυφῶεις, ἔως, Τυφῶς, ὦ, ὁ, Typhon, Typhoeus: a famous giant. Δεινὸν τ' ἀργάλεον τὲ Τυφάωνά Hom. Apoll. 307. P. V. 362. "Ὅθι φασὶ Τυφῶεις B. 783. Τοιόνδε Τυφῶς ἐξάναξέσει χόλον P. V. 378. "Attici Τυφῶς plerumque adhibebant, ceteri Τυφῶν, teste Mæride." Blomf. Gloss. P. V. 362. EP. Θοῦρος, ἐκάτορχαρήνους, τρίσώματ' ἄγριος, ἐκάτορχεφάλας, Κίλιξ, πόλυκαρήνους, γηγενής, σμερδαλέος, πέλωρ.

Τυφλόπους, πῶδος, cæcum pedem habens: blind-footed. "Α πῶδά σὸν τυφλόπουον θέρᾶ πειμάν Phœn. 1565.

Τυφλός, ἡ, ὄν, cæcus; qui non videtur: blind; not seen. Τυφλὸν τυφλῶ στείλοντά Hec. 1033. SYN. Ἀλάος, ἀφανής, τυφλάδης, τυφλῶς.

Τυφλῶ, ὡσω, cæcum reddo: to blind. "Ὅψιν τυφλάσας οὐκ ἄγαν σφ' ἐπήνεσα Phœn. 776. SYN. Εκτυφλώ.

Τυφώγων, οντὸς, ὁ, fastuosus senex: a dis-

dainful old man. Τυφώγων εἰ κἀνάρμοστος Nub. 898. SYN. Τυφῆδανός.

Τύφω, fumum emitto; ardeo: to emit or cover with smoke; to burn. Κάτυφ' ἐκάνεπτε Antig. 1009. SYN. Κάπνιζω, κάπνω φύρα, καίω, μαρναῖναι, φλέγω.

Τύφωεις. See Τύφῶν.

Τυφῶς, ὦ, ὁ, procella acrior: a violent tempest. Also the giant Typhon. See Τύφῶν. Μεγάλῳ τυφῶ καὶ πρηστῇ Lysist. 974. SYN. Ἄελλᾶ, λαίλαψ, θυελλᾶ, κατάγεις.

Τύχη, ἡ, ὄν, fortuna: fortune. Τὴν τύχην αὐτὴν λέγοις Hec. 774. SYN. Συντυχία, ευτυχία, πέπρωμένη, ευδαιμονία, δυστυχία, συμφορά, τὸ συμβαῖναι. EP. Ἀγᾶθῃ, μακάριᾳ, θραυσάντ' ἔως, ἀσπῆρα, αἰσχροῖς, ἀφᾶνῃς, δυστυχῆς, ἀνέλπιστος, τυράννος, ευδαίμων, βάρυπότης, ἀείωκα, δυσπάλαιστος, βάρη, οἰκτρὰ, χθονίως, ἀναγκαῖα, ἐμυήκῃς, πρόσταλεις, μακάριᾳ, ἀσθενῆς, πύλοισι, λαμπρὰ, ἀστᾶτος, κἀκὸς πότης, πύλοισι, γλυκεῖα.

Τύχρη, ἡ, ὄν, fortuitus; fortunatus: happening in a chance manner; fortunate. Agam. 449. See below. SYN. Εντυχής.

Τύχρηως, fortuito; fortunate: by chance; fortunately. Ἀγάγειν τύχρηως τὰ κατ' ἄγρους Διωνύσια Acharn. 250. SYN. Εντυχῶς, ἀνελπιστᾶ.

Τύχιος, ου, ὁ, Tychius. "Ὁ οἱ Τύχιος καμῆ τεύχων H. 220.

Τωθᾶω, ὄσω, irrideo: to jeer. Vesp. 1362. SYN. Σκώπτω, χλευάζω, λοιδορέω, ἐρεθίζω.

Τῶς, id. q. Οὕτως, q. v. Γ. 415.

Τ.

Ἱάδες, ων, αἶ, Hyades: the Hyades, a constellation of seven stars. Πηλιάδας Ἱάδας τὲ Σ. 486. The first syllable of Ἱάδες is long twice in Euripides, Ion 1156. Electr. 468., and twice short in Hesiod, Op. 233. and Fr. 60. 4., and once Arat. 173.

Ἱακίνθινος, ἡ, ὄν, hyacinthinus: hyacinthine, purple. Ἱακίνθιν' ἀνθεῖ ὁμοίως ψ. 158. SYN. Πορφύρεος.

Ἱακύνθος, ου, ὁ, et (2) ὁ, ἡ, Hyacinthus: (1) Hyacinthus; (2) a hyacinth. Ἡ κάμοις Ἱακίνθου Helen. 1468. EP. (1) Ἱμῆρδοις, Ἀμύκλαϊς; (2) ἐνώδης, πύκνους, μάλακός, ἀνθεμόεις, πορφύρεος.

Ἱαλίνος, ἡ, ὄν, vitreus: of glass or crystal, transparent. Εἰς Ἱαλίνων ἐκπομάτων καὶ χρυσοῖων Acharn. 74. SYN. Λαμπρός.

Ἱάλλος, ου, ἡ, crystallus; vitrum: a crystal; glass. Ἀφ' ἧς τὸ πῦρ ἄπτουσι τὴν Ἱάλλον λέγεις Nub. 766.

Ἱάμπωλις, ἔως, ἡ, Hyampolis: a town in Boeotia. Καὶ Ἱάμπωλιν ἀμφένεμοντο B. 521.

Ἱάντιος, α, ὄν, Hyantius: Boeotian. Ἀλσὸς Ἱαντίου Ορχηστῶο Apoll. 3. 1240.

Ἱάσάλλω, Ἰολ. pro Ἱπῶσάλλω, q. v. T. 80.

Ἱέσος, ἡ, ὄν, curvus: crooked. Πυγίσματός ὅς ἐ τᾶφης Theoc. 5. 43. SYN. Κυφός, καμπύλος, γυρὸς.

Ἱέρις, ἴσω, et Ἱέριστιᾶω, contumelia adificio: to insult. Οὗτοί μ' Ἱέριζουσ' ὃν πόλις τάνιν κλίνει Orest. 430. Anacr. 57. 5. SYN. Εἰς Ἱέριζω, καθ-Ἱέριζω, ὀνειδίζω, αἰκίζω, δεινάζω, αἰσχύνω.

Ἱέρις, ἔως, ἡ, contumelia: insult, insolence.

Ἀθανάτων "Ηρας μητὲρ" eis ἐμὴν ὕβριν Bacch. 9. "Ἔρις is used in the sense of Ἐριστης, Hes. Op. 189. SYN. Αἰκεία, ἀτιμία, ὕβρισμα, ἀδίκια. ΕΡ. Ουχ ὄσια, ἀτάσθαλός, ὑπέρβιος, ἀλεγεινή, ἀθεμιστιός, ἀνή, θυμολγής.

"Ἐρισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, injury; ludibrium: an injury; a mockery. Orest. 1037. See above. SYN. Ἔρις, ἀδίκημα, ἐπήρεια, λώση, ὀνειδός.

"Ἐριστής, οὖ, superl. Ἐριστοτάτος, η, ὄν, contumeliosus: insolent. Plut. 1074. Vesp. 1303. See Ἔρις. SYN. Λωστήηρ, ὑπέρφάνος, λοιδόρος, δρᾶσος, βίαστής.

"Ἐριστία. See Ἐρίσω.

"Ἰγίαίνω, valeo: to be well. Ορθῶς γ' ὅτι ἡγήφοντες οὐχ ἰγίαίνουмен Lysist. 1228. SYN. Εὐ ἔχω, εὐθιγέω, ευρωστέω.

"Ἰγία (Ἰγία), as, ἡ, salus: good health. Ἦν εὐ πράττωσ' οὐχ ἰγία μέγαλη τοῦτ' ἐστὶ σάφ' ἰσθι Av. 604. In hoc vs. ex anapaestic et paræmiaco conficto, a fit longa ante liquidam μ. ΕΡ. Ἀγαῶδωρος, χρυσέα, καλλιπλοκάμους, μακαίρα.

"Ἰγίρος, ἄ, ὄν, et Ἰγίης, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, sanus; rectus: sound, healthy; right. Nem. 3. 29. Ἐλικτὰ κοῦδεν ἰγίης ἀλλὰ πάν περὶξ Androm. 448. SYN. Ασκηθής, ἀληθής, σῶς, εὐρωστὸς, ἐρρωμένος, ἀνδρός.

"Ἰγραινω, humecto: to moisten, water. Λευκῆς τὰκείσης χιτῶνος ὑγραίνει γυᾶς Helen. 3. SYN. Βρέχω, διασρέχω, ἄρδω, ὑδραίνω.

"Ἰγρόβελός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, humidus: moist, wet. Ἡ δ' ὑγρόβελος σταγόνος νύτιος Eur. fr. Chrys. 7. 3.

"Ἰγρός, ἄ, ὄν, humidus; mollis; viridis: moist, watery; soft; verdant. Ὅροις ὑγροῖσιν ὡς λέγουσ' ὠρισμένη Ion 298. SYN. Ἰδατοῖς, ὑδατίνος, ὑδρηλός, ἐφύδρος, ἐνυδρός, δρῶσέρος, μάλακος, ὑδαρής.

"Ἰγρότης, ητὸς, ὁ, humiditas: moisture. "Ῥήξαι τ' ἐνάμων ὑγρότητ' ἐναντιαν Phoen. 1271. See above. SYN. Ἰκμάς, ὑδαρότης, ὑγρασία.

"Ἰγρώσω, madeo: to be wet. Βολαῖς ὑγρώσαν σπότηγος Agam. 1300. SYN. Ἰγραινώμαι, διασρέχουμαι.

"Ἰδαρής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, aqua dilutus: diluted with water. Ἰδαρεῖ σαιίνω φίλδτηι (paræmiac.) Agam. 771. SYN. see Ἰγρός.

"Ἰδατηγός, οὖ, ὁ, aquæ ductor: a conveyer of water. Τis ἄνῃρ ὑδατηγὸς ἱμαῖον Call. fr. 42.

"Ἰδατίνος, η, ὄν, et Ἰδατοῖς, εσσά, ἐν, aqueosus: watery. Πολλά δ' οἶα γυναικες φόρεοις ὑδατίνα βράκη (choriamb. pentam.) Theoc. 28. 11. Ὡσεῖ νέφῃ ὑδατόεντα Theoc. 25. 89. SYN. Ἰγρός, ὑδαρής, ὑδρηλός, καθυδρός, ἐνυδρός, δρῶσέρος, μάλακος.

"Ἰδατότρεφής, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, in aqua nutritus: nourished in water. Αἰγειρῶν ὑδατοτρέφειν p. 208.

"Ἰδεῖω, et Ἰδεῖσθαι, celebros: to celebrate. Χαλκήας μὲν ὑδεῖόμεν Call. 1. 76. Apoll. 2. 530. SYN. Ἰμνέω, ἄδω, κληίζω.

"Ἰδός. See Ἰδωρ.

"Ἰδρα, as, ἡ, et Ἰδρός, ου, ὁ, hydra: a water-snake. Heracl. 950. B. 723. See Ἰδρηλός. ΕΡ. Λερναία, ὑλοδφρων, λυγρὰ, εἰδυῖα, μυριόκρανός, ἀμφίκρανός, πάλιμελαστής, πόλυφόνος, ὀλοή.

"Ἰδραίνω, ἄνω, lavo: to wash. Ἡ δ' ὕδρηά μιν p. 58. See Ἰδρηλός. SYN. Λούω, βρέχω, ὑγραινω.

"Ἰδρεία, as, ἡ, aquatio: drawing of water.

"Ἰδρείης περὶ δῆρῖν ἄμειψα Apoll. 4. 1767. See Ἰδρηλός.

"Ἰδρεύω, aquam peto: to go for water. Ἡ Πειρήνας ὑδρευομένη Troad. 208. See below. SYN. Πότιζω, ἀντλέω.

"Ἰδρηλός, et Ἰδρηρός, ἡ, ὄν, humidus: moist, wet. Στάγυνᾶς ὑδρηλὰς ὡς τὰ γ' ἐκ γαίας τρέφῃ Eur. Sup. 217. Eur. fr. Beller. 17. 6. SYN. see Ἰγρός.

"Ἰδρία, as, ἡ, vas aquarium: a water-vessel. Φερέ δευρό ταύτην τὴν ὑδρίαν ὑδρίαφύρε Eccles. 733. SYN. Αγγεῖον, κάλπισ, σκεῦδος.

"Ἰδρίαφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui vas aquarium gestat: a bearer of a water-vessel. See passage in Ἰδρία.

"Ἰδριδεῖς, ἔος, ὁ, ἡ, aquæ similis, aqueus: water-like, aqueous. Helen. 348. See Ἰδρία.

"Ἰδρόμεδουσα, ἡ, ἡ, aquæ regina: queen of the water. Γεῖνατό Ἰδρόμεδούση Batrach. 19.

"Ἰδρορρόα, ἄς, ἡ, cloaca: a gutter or sewer. Εἰς ὑδρορρόαν πέσαν Acharn. 1186. SYN. Διόρυξ, διαρρήθ.

"Ἰδρός. See Ἰδρα.

"Ἰδρόφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui aquam gestat: a water-bearer. Σάμερον ὑδρόφοροι Call. 5. 45. SYN. Ἰδρίαφόρος, ὑδρόχυτος.

"Ἰδρόχαρις, ἴος, ἡ, muris nomen: the name of a mouse. Ἰδρόχαρις δὲ τὲ πέφνε Batrach. 224.

"Ἰδρόχυτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aquam fundens: pouring out water. Κρήναισι πᾶρ ὑδρόχυτοῖς Cycl. 66.

"Ἰδωρ, ἄτος, et Ἰδός, ἔος, τὸ, aqua: water. Καὶ κεν ὑδωρ φόρεῖς Z. 457. Δασρότατον χεεῖ ὕδωρ p. 385. Γαῖαν ὅδε φέρονε Hes. Op. 61.

SYN. Χεῦμα, χῶα, νάμα, θάλασσα. ΕΡ. Ἀγλᾶν, ἀλμύρον, ἀσπετόν, ἱερὸν, ἀκρήατον, ἀμερσίτον, καλῖρῶν, δνοφῆρον, κάλλιστον, λαξερῶτον, μέλας, ὀμερίμων, ἀάτων, χειμερίον, ψυχρόν, γλυκῆρον, λευκόν, μελίηδες, λιᾶρον, σεμνόν, δινηῆν, νότερν, κυᾶνδεῖδες, πλουσίον, πύτᾶμιον, ἀστακτόν, καθάρν, ἀοινόν, λιμανόν, ἀφθιτόν, ἀφθύνν, δνοφῆρον, ἐπήρατον, πορφυρεόν, πόντιον, πηγαῖον, ναυλῦχον, μαρμαῖρεν, κουροτρόφον, καρποτόκον.

"Ἰτέτις, ἴδός, ἡ, Hyetis: a mountain near Miletus. "Τυμες δ' Ἰτέτιδος καὶ Βυελίδος Theoc. 7. 115.

"Ἰτέτος, οὖ, ὁ, pluvia: rain. Δωμάτος ἀγλᾶῃν τὲ καὶ ὑέτου Apoll. 2. 1076. SYN. Ὀμερός, δρόσος, βροχή, ὕδωρ.

"Ἰηνια, as, ἡ, indoles suilla: hogghishness. Ἰηνια iambico trimetrum concludit in Pax 894. Vide Ἰς, ὕδς. SYN. Μωρία, ἀμαθία, ὠδία.

"Ἰθαλέ, nugor, garrilo: to trifle, babble. Ἰθαλεῖς ἀπερβ' οὐκ ἂν διδαξαίμην σ' ἐτι Nub. 781. Sic tamen non determinatur primæ quantitas. SYN. Δηρεῶ, φλύαρεῶ, μωραίνω, στωμύλλω, κωτίλλω.

"Ἰδιόν, ου, τὸ, filiolus: a little son. Τὸ γὰρ ἰδιόν τηρεῖ με κάστί δύσκολον Vesp. 1347. SYN. Παῖδιον, παιδαρίον.

"Ἰεὺς, ἔος, et gen. ἰδός: item Ἰῖος, οὖ, ὁ, filius: a son. Πρὸς πόσιός τε καὶ νιέος σ. 161. Ἰῖος εὐὸ πείοντος N. 522. Ἦν οὐμὸς νιός κάλλος Troad. 980. SYN. Παῖς, τέκνον, τέκος, γόνος, ἀπὸ γόνος. ΕΡ. Οὐκῶρος, φίλος, κρατέρος, ἀριστός, ἐπέρθυμος, διωτρέφης, κυδαλίμους, κραταιὸς, δαῖφρων, ὀλῖβος, καρτέρυμνος, σχετίλιος, ερχεῖσιμαρος, εσθαλός, πινύτος, ἡβῶων, ἀρήϊος, ἀσχετός μένος, ἀγλᾶς, ἀλκίμους, ἀμύμων, γαιήϊος, ἔμμελῆς, ἰφίμους, νήπιος, περίκλυτος, τοξόφορος, ἀπαρβής, ἐριόνυιός, νύθος, τᾶχυσ, νῆς, μέγας, ἐρίκυδης, νηπιόχος, σχετίλιος, δυσάνμους.

Τίος. See Τίεος.

Τίωνος, οὐ, ὁ, nepos: a grandson. Τίωνοῖδ πέσοντος N. 207. SYN. Τίως, ἐγγόνος.

Τίκης, ου, ὁ, piscis quidam: a kind of fish. Θέος δὲ οἱ ἱέρως τίκης Call. fr. 72.

Τίλαγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, Τίλαγμός, οὐ, ὁ, et Τίλακῆ, ἦς, ἡ, latratus: a barking. Agam. 1621. Ἐπεὶ κέν ὑλαγμὸν ἀκούσῃ Φ. 575. Apoll. 3. 1216. (See Τάλακωμωρός.)

Τίλαῖος, ου, ὁ, Hylæus. Οὐδὲ μὲν Τίλαῖον Call. 3. 221.

Τίλαῖος, α, ὢν, et Τίλῆις, εσσά, ἔν, sylvanus: of the woods, woody. Οἶα δὲ θῆρ ὑλαῖος Theoc. 23. 10. a. 246. SYN. Δενδρήεις, ὑλκόμυς, ἄγριος, δάστυς.

Τίλακῆ. See Ἑλαγμά.

Τίλακίδης, ου, ὁ, Hylacides: the son of Hy-lacus. Κάστωρ Τίλακίδης ξ. 204.

Τίλακωμωρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, latrando custodem agens: a barking guardian. Κύνες ὑλάκωμωροι π. 4. Υ fit longa per arsin.

Τίλακτέω, Τίλασκω, et Τίλαω, latro: to bark. Ἄμουν' ὑλακτὸν διασῶ Alcest. 776. Æsch. Sup. 884. Κύνες ουχ ὑλάουσιν π. 9.

Τίλας, ου, ὁ, Hylas: the companion of Hercules. Αὐτὰρ Τίλαν φίλοτῆγ' Apoll. 1. 1324. Ερ. Καλὸς, εσθλὸς, ὑπάνων, προθήσης, ξανθὸς, κάλλιστος, χάριεις.

Τίλασκω, and Τίλαω. See Ἑλακτέω.

Τίλη, ἡς, ἡ, sylvia; lignum; materia: a wood; wood; materials. Θηρῶν καθ' ὕλην Κύπριν Bacch. 677. Τίλη is also a city in Boeotia, B. 500: 'Hδ' ὕλην καὶ Πετεῶνα. SYN. Δρυμὸς, δρίδων, ξύλων, φρύγανων. Ερ. Χλωρὰ, βῆθύξυλός, δύσειρέτος, σκιδάρακμὸς, ἀκροτάτη, βάθειά, δάσκειός, παντοίη, τηλεθωσά, ἀσπετός, αζάλεα, νέσθηλῆς, πύκνους, αὐγῇ, ἄγριος, λάσια, ὄρειος, πόλυδένδρεὺς, φορσῆς, ἀξύλος.

Τίλῆις. See Τίλαῖος, adj.

Τίληκοίτης, ου, qui cubat in sylvis: sleeping in the woods. Καὶ νήκοροι ὑληκοῖται Hes. Op. 527.

Τίλητόμυς. See below.

Τίληουργός, Τλουργός, Τίλητόμυς, et Τίλοτόμυς, ου, ὁ, qui ligna secat: a wood-cutter, carpenter. Ἀνέρες ὑληουργοὶ Apoll. 2. 80. Herc. F. 241. Theoc. 17. 9. Π. 114. SYN. Ξύλουργός, ξύλο-τόμυς, ξυλόκοπος.

Τίληφόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui ligna portat: a bearer of faggots. Acharn. 272. See below.

Τίληωρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, saltuarius: living in the woods. Αἴγῃ μὲν ὑλήωροί ἀπόπρωθεν Apoll. 1. 1227.

Τίληῆς, ὡν, οἱ, Hyllæi: a nation in Illyria. Apoll. 4. 525.

Τίληῆς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Hyllensis: of the Hyllæi. Ἀμφὶ πόλιν ἄγανῃν Τίληῆδ' Apoll. 4. 536.

Τίληικός, ἡ, ὢν, et Τίλλῆς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, Hyllæus: of Hyllus. Τίληικὸν ἐν λίμνῃ σχέδον δασεὺς Apoll. 4. 1125. Pyth. 1. 120.

Τίλλῆς. See Τίληικός.

Τίλλος, ου, ὁ, Hyllus: (1) a river in Lydia, (2) the son of Hercules. Τίλλ' ἐπ' ἰχθυόεντι T. 392. Trachin. 56. Ερ. (2) Κράτερὸς, σθε-νέρος, Ἡρακλείδης.

Τίλοδρόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in sylvis currens: running in the woods. Θηρῶν τ' ἄγριων ποδὲς ὑλοδρόμων Thesm. 49.

Τίλοκόμυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sylvosus: woody. Ἐπεὶ ὑλοκόμον νάπος ἦλθεν Androm. 283. SYN. see Τίλαῖος.

Τίλοτόμυς. See Ἑληουργός.

Τλουργός. See Ἑληουργός.

Τίλοφάγος, Τίλοφορβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui in sylvis pascitur: fed in the woods. Καὶ βόδς ὑλοφάγοις κρέας Hes. Op. 589. Iph. T. 262.

Τίμεδάπος, ἡ, ὢν, vestras: of your country. Ὁ γοῦν χάρακτῆρ ὑμεδάπος τῶν ῥητόρων Pax 220.

Τίμεναιός, ου, ὁ, Hymenæus deus nuptiarum; cantus nuptialis; nuptia: the god of marriage; the nuptial song; nuptials. Ἰδιοῖσιν ὑμεναίοισι κοῦχι σάφορσιν Orest. 551. SYN. Γάμος, γάμη-λευμά. Ερ. Κῆλός, φόνις, ποιμνίτης, δίκαιος, ἐράσμυς, κρύφιος, πάμφωνος, ἱμερῶεις, ωκυμῶρος, πένθιμος, νυμφιδίος, σεμνός, χάριεις, ἀτάσθαλός, εννυχίος, περίκλυτος, αινυμῶρος, νέδουξ, ανδρό-φόνος.

Τίμεναιδω, uxorem duco; Hymenæum canto: to marry a wife; to sing the nuptial song. P. V. 973. See above. Expr. Συνάπτω τὸν γάμον, Ἄδω τὸν ὑμεναῖον,

Τίμετέρος, Τίμς, ἂ, ὢν, vester: your. Δῖα τῆς χάρας τῆς ὑμετέρης Av. 557. Τίμα κτήματ' ἐδον-τές β. 140. SYN. Σφετέρος, σφωιτέρος.

Τίμην, ἐνός, ὁ, Hymen: the god of marriage. Pax 1332. Catullus in Epithal. Juliae facit primam syllabam et longam et brevem in eodem versu: Ὁ Hymen Hymenæe ἰὸ ὁ hymen hy-menæe. Qui locus ex loco Pacis jam citato sumitur.

Τίμνω, Τίμνωδew, decanto: to celebrate in song. Δωρίς ὑμνηθήσεται Ion 1590. Ion 6. SYN. Ἄνυμνω, ἐφνυμνω, καθυμνω, κληίζω, κελᾶδew, ευφημew, αἰνew, ευλόγew, αἰδew. PHR. Κλυταῖς δαιδάλλειν ὕμνων πύχαις.

Τίμνητός, ἡ, ὢν, carmine celebratus: celebrated in song. Pyth. 11. 93. See above. SYN. Εὐμνός, πολυφάτος, περίκλυτος.

Τίμνωποιός, Τίμνωδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cantator: a songster. Τῆς ὕμνωποιού παιδᾶ Rhes. 647. Herc. F. 394. SYN. Μέλωδός, αἰδοθέτης, ψαλτήρ.

Τίμνός, ου, ὁ, hymnus: a hymn, song. Καὶ αἰοῖδς ὕμνον ἀκούων Δ. 429. SYN. Μέλός, αἰοῖδῃ, φδῃ, νόμος. Ερ. Ἄλῦρος, τερπνός, ευάχρητος, ὑπό-νυμφιδίος, δούκιμος, ευᾶρεστος, δαυμαστός, ἀναξί-φόρμυξ, δαιδάλος, ἡδυέτης, κλυτός, μέλιγρης, δραστός, καλλινικός, φίλιος, φίλοτῆσιος, γλυκὺς, γέρας, ὀρθριός, ἐράτος, λίγυς, μηλόνομός, οξυ-φάνος, μακάριος.

Τίμνωδew. See Τίμνω.

Τίμνωδία, ας, ἡ, hymnorum cantio: a singing of hymns. Γαίαν βιάσθαι μακάριαις ὕμνωδιας Helen. 1433. See Τίμνός.

Τίμνωδός. See Τίμνωποιός.

Τίμς. See Τίμετέρος.

Τίμνοισία, ας, ἡ, iussa suilla: a grunting muse. Eq. 986. See Τίς, ὕς, and Ἄμνοισία. SYN. see Τίμνῖα.

Τίπαγκάλιζω, ἴσω, in ulnis gesto: to bear in the arms, to embrace. Heracl. 42. See Ἀγκάλη. SYN. Ἀγκάζω, ἀγκάλιζομαι, κάτασπάζομαι, προσ-τύσσομαι.

Τίπαγκάλισμά, ἄτος, τὸ, ulnarum gestameu: an object embraced. Troad. 759. See Ἀγκάλη. SYN. Ἀγκάλισμα, ασπασμός, πρόσπνυγμά.

Τίπαγω, subduco; recedo: to withdraw; to retire. Helen. 825. See Ἄγω. SYN. Τίπεζάγω, ὑπεξαίρωμαι, ὑφαίρω, εκκλέπτω, ὑπὸσάλλω, ἀπαλλάττομαι, χωρέω.

Τίπαγωγός, ἔως, ὁ, instrumentum fabrilæ: a trowel. Av. 1149. See Ἄγωγῃ.

Τίπῳδω. See below.

*Τπαίδω, contr. Τπάδω, succino : to sing in an under tone. *Λίον δ' ὑπὸ καλὸν αἶδε* Σ. 570. *Κυκλίοισι χόροισιν ὑπάδων* Ran. 368. SYN. Ἐπάδω.

*Τπαλ, poet. pro Τπῶ, q. v.

*Τπαῖθᾶ, adv., recta : straight on. *Κοιλῇ ὑπαῖθᾶ νᾶπῃ* Apoll. 2. 737. SYN. Ἰθὺ, ἐναντιῶν.

*Τπαῖρθῖς, α, ὄν, subdivivus : under the open air. Androm. 226. See Αἰθρίδς.

*Τπαίθω, clam ardeo : to burn secretly. Trach. 1212. SYN. Αἰθω, κατὰκαίω.

*Τπάσσω, Τπάσσω, ξω, subts moveor : to move under. *Βωμοῦ ὑπαίξας* B. 310. Φ. 126. Aj. 301. See Αἰσσω. SYN. Τπεξέρχμαι, ὑφέρπω, ὑφορμῶω, ἀπῴσσω.

*Τπάκουδς. See Τπήκδδς.

*Τπάκούω, audio, parco : to hear, to obey. Ὁ δ' ἄρ' ἐμμάπῃος ὑπάκουο

*Τπάλειφω, ψω, sublimo : to anoint beneath. *Τπάλειφον εἰρήνην μετὰ τῷ ὀφθαλμῷ τᾶχϋ* Acharn. 1029. SYN. Ἐπάλειφω, χρίω, μύρδω.

*Τπάλεύδμαι, Τπάλυσκω, declinando vito : to escape narrowly. *Τῶν ὑπάλευμένων δᾶνᾶτον* ο. 275. δ. 512. See below. SYN. Τπεκφεύγω.

*Τπάλυξις, ἔως, ἡ, effugium : escape. *Κάκων ὑπάλυξιν ἔρεσθαι* ψ. 287. SYN. Φύγῃ, ἄλυξις.

*Τπάλυνκω. See Τπάλυνδμαι.

*Τπάνανκνέω, Τπάπτότρεχω, levi motu abeo : to move away lightly. Eccles. 1165. (See Κινέω.) Eccl. 284. SYN. see Τπδκινέω.

*Τπάνιδδμαι, angor : to be annoyed. Nub. 1198. See Ἀνιάω. SYN. Ἀνιάδμαι, λυπέω, ἐν-δχλέδμαι, δυσχεραίνδμαι, αλγέα.

*Τπάνιστάμαι, exsurgo : to rise up. Nub. 939. SYN. Εξεγείρδμαι.

*Τπαντάω, Τπαντίδω, obviam procedo : to go to meet. Philoct. 719. *Πρόσθεν ὑπαντίστας* Z. 17. SYN. Ἀπαντάω, προσκύρῶ, εντυγχάνω, συμ-φέρδμαι.

*Τπαδνίδς, α, ὄν, qui circa axem est : around the axle. *Φόγγον ὑπαδνίδων* Call. 5. 14.

*Τπάπυκνητέδς, α, ὄν, clam subducendus : must privately withdraw. Thesm. 924. See Κινέω.

*Τπάπτότρεχω. See Τπάπδκινέω.

*Τπαρ, τὸ, visio vera : a true vision. *Οὐκ ὄνᾳρ ἀλλ' ὑπᾶρ εσθλόν* τ. 547. Ammonius ait : Ὁ παρ ονείρατος διαφέρει ὑπαρ μὲν γὰρ εστιν ἡ ἐναργῆς ὁψις : ὄνειρον δὲ, ἡ ἐν τῷ καθεύδειν φαντασία.

*Τπαρῖρδς, ου, δ, ἡ, argentifer : producing silver. Rhes. 967. See Ἀργύρδς.

*Τπαρνδς, ου, ἡ, agnum sub se fovens : cherishing a lamb under her. Androm. 555.

*Τπαρχῇ, ἡς, ἡ, initium : a beginning. CE. R. 132. SYN. see Αρχῇ.

*Τπαρχδς, ου, δ, qui sub alio dux est : dux : a subordinate commander ; a commander. Helen. 1431. SYN. Ἐπαρχδς, αρχδς, προστάτης, ἡγέ-μων, ἐπιστάτης.

*Τπάρχω, ξω, incipio ; sum : to begin ; to be. *Οὐκὼν ὑπάρχειν τόνδῃ* Rhes. 629. SYN. Ειμί, γίνδμαι, ἐπὶγίνδμαι.

*Τπασπίδδς, α, ὄν, sub clypeo gestatus : worn under the shield. *Ανδρῶν ἰλη τῶν ὑπασπίδων* Aj. 1407.

*Τπασπιστήρ, ἦρδς, Τπασπιστής, ου, δ, armiger : an armour-bearer. Aesch. Sup. 190. Rhes. 2. SYN. Ασπιστής, τευχεσφόρδς, δούρδορδς.

*Τπασπίω, sum scutifer ; protego : to be an

armour-bearer ; to protect. Heracl. 217. SYN.

*Τπασπιστής, εἰμί, βδῆθῶ, ἐπικουρέω.

*Τπαστρός, ου, δ, ἡ, sidereus : of the stars. Aesch. Sup. 398.

*Τπάτδς, ἡ, ὄν, summus : highest. *Θεῶν ὑπά-τος καὶ ἀρίστος* T. 258. SYN. Ττέρτατδς, καθ-υτέρτατδς, κράτιστδς, μέγιστδς, πάνυτέρτα-τδς.

*Τπανγάζω, subsplendesco : to shine faintly. Apoll. 3. 1377. SYN. Τποστίλῶ.

*Τπαυλδς, ου, δ, ἡ, qui sub aula vel tentorio est : under an awning. Aj. 796. SYN. Ἐναυλδς, ἐνδομύχδς, ὑπόστῆγδς.

*Τπάφρδς, ου, δ, ἡ, spumeus : rheumy. Rhes. 707. See Ἀφρδς.

*Ττέργγυδς, ου, δ, ἡ, sponsioni obnoxius : re-sponsible. Hec. 1012. See Εγγύῃ. SYN.

*Ττεύθυνδς.

*Τπειδδμαι, suspicor ; video : to suspect ; to see. Ion 1023. SYN. Τφδρῶω, ὑπόελέπω, εικάζω.

*Τπεικᾶθω, Τπέικω, cedo : to yield. Soph. El. 361. (See Ευκάθω.) CE. R. 625. SYN. Ευκάθω, είκω, ὑπεξίστάμαι, ὑπόχωρέω, συγχωρέω, ὑπάκουω, πρόσῃχω.

*Τπεικτέδς, α, ὄν, cedendus : must give way. Aj. 668.

*Τπέικω. See Τπεικᾶθω.

*Τπειμῖ, subsum : to be under, near, or pre-sent. I. 204. SYN. Πάρεμῖ.

*Τπειμῖ, subeo : to enter. Vesp. 463. SYN.

*Ττέρρχδμαι, ὑφίστάμαι.

*Τπείνωρ, ὄρδς, δ, Hypenor. Καὶ Τπείνυρᾶ

*Τπέλωω, suggero : to suggest. Herc. F. 957. SYN. Τφηγῆδμαι, ὑπὸτίθημῖ, ὑπὸμυμῆσκα, πρό-ἀγδρεῖω.

*Τπέρ, poet. pro Ττέρ, q. v.

*Τπειρέσῖα, ας, ἡ, remigatio : rowing, oars. Ὅσοι ὑπείρεσῖον Apoll. 1. 114.

*Τπειροχίδης, ου, δ, Hyperochides : the son of Hyperochus. Εσθλὸν Τπειροχίδην A. 672.

*Τπειρόχδς, Ion. pro Ττέρόχδς, ου, δ, ἡ, supe-rior : superior. Καὶ ὑπειρόχδν ἐμμεναὶ ἄλλων A. 783. Trach. 1096. Τπειρόχδς is also a P. N. A. 671. SYN. Ἐξδχδς, πρόφῆρέστῆρδς, εζαίρετδς.

*Τπέκ, prap., ex : from under. Theoc. 22. 144.

*Τπέκδυμῖ, effugio : to escape from. *Πόνους μὲν Τρωϊκοὺς ὑπεξέδυν* Cycl. 347. See Δυμῖ. SYN. Τπεκφεύγω.

*Τπεικικλῶω, paulatim declino : to stoop a little. Eq. 272. See Κλῶω. SYN. Τπεκ-τρέπω.

*Τπεκλαμβάνω, clam excipio : to receive se-cretly. Herc. F. 992. See Λαμβάνω.

*Τπεκπέμπω, clam emitto : to send out pri-vately. Hec. 6. SYN. Λάθρα εκπέμπω.

*Τπεκπρόθῶω, et Τπεκτρέχω, praeuro : to outrun. S. 125. Med. 524.

*Τπεκπρόλῶω, clam solvo : privately to release from. Τπεκπρόδῶωσαν ἀπήνης S. 38. See Λῶω. SYN. Τπὸλῶω, εκλῶω.

*Τπεκπρόρῶω, profluo sub : to flow on beneath. Καλὸν ὑπεκπρόρῆε S. 87. SYN. Προρῆω.

*Τπεκπρόφεύγω, et Τπεκφεύγω, effugio : to escape. T. 147. Antig. 553. SYN. Εκφεύγω, πρόσφυγῶ, ἀπόφυγῶ.

*Τπεκσάδῶω, et Τπεκσώζω, eripio incolumem e malo : to rescue safe from harm. *Αὐτὸν ὑπεξ-*

ἔσωσεν ψ. 292. Pers. 459. SYN. Εκσώζω, ὑπεξέρω, ἐρύωμαι, ὑπεξαίρω.

ἴπεκτιθῆμῃ, clam amoveo: to remove privately. Androm. 310. See Τίθῆμῃ. SYN. ἴπεκπέμω.

ἴπεκτρέπω, paulatim declino: to turn a little aside. OE. C. 566. SYN. Ἀνάχωρέω, εκτρέπω, ὑπεκκλίνω.

ἴπεκτρέχω. See ἴπεκπρόθω.

ἴπεκφέρω, clam effero: to carry away privately. Θ. 268. SYN. ἴπεξέρω, ὑπεξαίρω, εκφέρω, ἐξάγω, ὑπεξάγω.

ἴπεκφεύγω. See ἴπεκπρόφεύγω.

ἴπεκχέω, effundo: to pour forth, shed. ἴπεξεχῶτ' αὐτίκα Apoll. 3. 705. SYN. Εκχέω.

ἴπεκμῆνυκα. See ἴπημύω.

ἴπεναντίος, α, ὄν, adversus: opposite to. ἴπεναντιοὶ ἀλλήλοισιν Hes. Op. 347. SYN. see ἔναντιος.

ἴπενερθεῖ, et ἴπενερθεν, adv. et præp., infra: beneath. Πόδων δ' ὑπενερθεῖ B. 150. Ἐδδισεν δ' ὑπενερθεν ἄναξ Υ. 61. SYN. Κάτωθεν.

ἴπεξάγω, subduco: to withdraw, extricate from. Hec. 800. See ἄγω. SYN. see ἴπεκφέρω.

ἴπεξαιρώ, 2. a. εἰδόν, clam aufero: privately to take away. Hipp. 629. SYN. see ἴπεκφέρω.

ἴπεξᾱκρίζω, ad cacumina ascendo: to mount the tops of a mountain. Bacch. 667. See ἄκρος.

ἴπεξᾱλεύομαι, et ἴπεξᾱλύσκω, devito: to shun. Σέ δ' ὑπεξᾱλέσθαι ἀνώγει O. 180. Hes. Theog. 615. See ἄλύσκω. SYN. Εξᾱλεύομαι, ὑπᾱλύσκω, ὑπὸφεύγω, ὑπεκφεύγω, εκφεύγω, φεύγω.

ἴπεξᾱνάσῃ, transcendo: to mount up from under. ἴπεξᾱνάσας πόδι Καστωρ Theoc. 22. 197. SYN. ἴπέκδυμῃ.

ἴπεξαντλέω, et ἴπεξᾱφῶ, exhauro: to exhaust. Ion 927. Ὅπῃ ὑπεξᾱφύονται Apoll. 2. 985. SYN. Εξαντλέω, ἀνατλήμῃ, εκκένω, ὑπὸφέρω.

ἴπεξᾱφῶ. See ἴπεξαντλέω.

ἴπεξέρω, subtraho: to draw away from, to rescue. ἴπεξείρυτ' φόνιοι Apoll. 2. 1185. See ἔρω. SYN. ἴφαιρέω, ὑπεξαίρω, εκκλέπτω, ὑπεκσώζω, ὑπεκφέρω.

ἴπερ, poët. ἴπερ, præp., cum genitiv. super, pro, per, de; cum accus. ultra, trans, supra, præter: upon, for, by, from; beyond, above. Οὐδ' ὑπὲρ αἶσαν Γ. 59. Ψ. 227.

ἴπερα, as, ἡ, funis quo antenna regitur: the rope which manages the sail-yard. Εν δ' ὑπέρas τῆ κάλους τῆ ε. 260.

ἴπεραῖς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, furiose flans: blowing furiously. ἴπεραεῖ ἰσὺς ἄλληλ Α. 297.

ἴπεραιδέομαι, valde revereor: to respect greatly. Apoll. 3. 977.

ἴπεραίρω, excedo: to exceed. Agam. 759.

ἴπερακοντίζω, ultra jaculor: to shoot beyond. Av. 362. See ἄκοντίζω. SYN. ἴπερεῖλλον, ὑπέρεχω, νικᾶω, ὑπεραίρω, υπερπαίω, υπερτείνω, υπερβαίνω.

ἴπερακρίζω, supra culmen surgo: to rise above the top. Ἡ τῶνδ' ὁδῶν ὑπερακρίσει Eur. Sup. 998. SYN. Ἀκρίζω, ὑπεξᾱκρίζω, ὑπερτέλλω.

ἴπεραλγέω, valde doleo: to grieve excessively. Med. 118. SYN. ἴπεράχθῃμαι, ὑπερστένω, ὑπερπάθῃω.

ἴπεραλγῆς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, valde dolens: grieving excessively. Soph. El. 176. SYN. ἴπεραχθῆς, βάρυαλγῆς, λυπηρὸς.

ἴπεραλλομαι, et ἴπερπηδῶ, transilio: to leap beyond or over. E. 138. Theoc. 5. 108. SYN. ἴπερβράσκω, ὑπερθῦρέω, ὑπερβαίνω.

ἴπεραλλος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, supra alios, eximius: above others, distinguished. Nem. 3. 57. SYN. Εξαίρετός, ἐξόχος, ὑπείροχος, ἐπίσημος, πρόφερστέρος, ὑπέρεχω.

ἴπεραναιδέομαι, pass., impudentia superor: to be surpassed in impudence. Eq. 1203. SYN. Ἀναιδεῖα ὑπερβάλλομαι.

ἴπεραντέλλω, supra exsurgo: to rise up above. Apoll. 1. 776. SYN. see ἴπερτέλλω.

ἴπεραντλός, ον, ὁ, ἡ, oppressus, ac pene submersus (vid. Lucian. Tom. 1. p. 108. 73. et Monk. in l. infr. c.): overwhelmed, and almost sunk. Hipp. 765.

ἴπεραπόκρινύμαι, defendo, ut patronus: to defend. ἴπεραπόκρινῃ μοῦ σάφως σώσεις ἐμέ Thesm. 186. SYN. Συνγηγύρεω, συνδίκῃω, ὑπερδίκῃω.

ἴπεράσιος, ον, ὁ, Hyperasius. Αστέριος δὲ καὶ Ἀμφίων ἴπερασιού νῆς Apoll. 1. 176.

ἴπεραυχός, ον, ὁ, ἡ, jactabundus: boasting. Sept. Th. 479. SYN. ἴπερκόπος, ὑπέρηφάνος, μέγαλαυχῆς.

ἴπεραχθῆς. See ἴπερβάρῃς.

ἴπεράχθῃμαι, valde irascor: to be very indignant. Soph. El. 178. SYN. see ἴπεραλγέω.

ἴπερβαίνω, ἴπερκατάβαίνω, transgredior: to go beyond or over, to transgress. Med. 383. N. 50. SYN. Πάράβαίνω, ὑπεράλλομαι, ὑπερτέλλω, ὑπέρέρχῃμαι, υπερπαίω, παρᾱμειδέομαι.

ἴπερβάλλω, super jacio; supero: to throw beyond or further; to surpass. Hipp. 928. SYN. ἴπερακοντίζω, ὑπέρεχω, ὑπερβαίνω, νικᾶω, ὑπεραίρω.

ἴπερβάρῃς, ἴπεραχθῆς, ἴπερβριθῆς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, prægravis: overloaded, overwhelming. Agam. 1146. (See Βάρῃς.) Theoc. 11. 37. Aj. 951. See Ἐπίβριθῆς. SYN. Αχθεινός, ἐπαχθῆς.

ἴπερβάσια, as, ἡ, vagatio ultra limites: a transgression, surpassing. Antig. 605. See Πάραιβάσια. SYN. Πάραιβάσια, ὑβρίς, ἀδίκητα, κύρος, παρᾱνομία.

ἴπερβάτος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, transcendens: surpassing. Agam. 417. See Ἀβάτος.

ἴπερβίος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, viribus superans; superbus: surpassing in strength; proud, insolent. Ἀμύν ὑπέρβιος ἐμδαλὲ δάρος Apoll. 1. 820. ἴπερβίος is also a P. N. in Sept. Theb. 500. SYN. see ἴπερήφάνος.

ἴπερβυλάδην, ultra modum: immoderately. Γινώσκων μὴ πῖν' οἶνον ὑπερβυλάδην Theogn. 484. SYN. Δίαν, περισσῶς, ἀμέτρω.

ἴπερβύλλῃ, ἡς, ἡ, quod exsuperat: an excessive height. OE. R. 1196.

ἴπερβυλός, ον, ὁ, Hyperbolus. Nub. 557.

ἴπερβυρέος, ον, ὁ, ἡ, Hyperboreus: Hyperborean, northern. Apoll. 4. 614. PHR. De Hyperboreis, vid. Pyth. 10. 57—69. et Spanhem. ad Callim. H. Del. 281.

ἴπερβριθῆς. See ἴπερβάρῃς.

ἴπεργάζομαι, clam facio: to do privately. Med. 867.

ἴπεργγῆρας, ω, admodum senex: very old. Agam. 78.

ἴπερδῆις, ἐεὖς, ὁ, ἡ, major timore, intre-

pidus: superior to fear, intrepid. Καὶ ὑπερδέα δῆμῶν ἔχοντας P. 330. Ὑπερδέα is here put for Ὑπερδέεα, by syncope, as Homer uses κλέα for κλέεα.

Ὑπερδεῖδω, timeo valde vel pro: to fear excessively or for. Sept. Th. 279. SYN. Περὶδεῖδω, ὑπερφῶδεῖμαι, ὑπερδεῖμαινω.

Ὑπερδιδωμί, f. δώσω, do pro: to give for. Eur. fr. Erechth. l. 40. See Διδωμί.

Ὑπερδίκως, ου, δ, ἡ, admodum justus: exceedingly just. Aj. 1119. See Δίκη. SYN. Πάνδικος, ἐκδικός.

Ὑπερδίκω, patrocino: to defend. Eumen. 655. See Δίκη. SYN. Ὑπεράποκρινύμαι.

Ὑπερδίκως, justissime: most justly. Agam. 1367. See Δίκη. SYN. Ενδίκως, δικαιοτάτα.

Ὑπερείδ, as, ἡ, Hyperia. Ἐν ευρύχρῳ Ὑπερείρ ῥ. 4.

Ὑπερείπω, subverto; succido: to throw down; to fall under. Ψ. 691. SYN. Κάτὰ-φέρωμαι, κατὰπίπτω.

Ὑπερεξηκοντέτης, ἔδς, ultra sexaginta annos natus: more than 60 years old. Eccl. 974.

Ὑπερῆπαινω, valde laudo: to praise exceedingly. Eccl. 186.

Ὑπερέρχομαι, supero: to go beyond, surpass. Olymp. 13. 20.

Ὑπερεχθαίρω, vehementi odio habeo: to hate bitterly. Antig. 128. SYN. Ὑπεράχθομαι, ὑπεράλγῶ.

Ὑπερέχω, teneo aut surgo super; supero; sustineo: to hold or rise above or over; to surpass; to support. Phœn. 1399. SYN. Ὑπερ-φέρω, ἀνέχω, ὑπεραίρω, διὰφέρω, νικάω, ὑπεράγω, ὑπερβάλλω, περίεχω, ὑπερβαίνω.

Ὑπερῆζω, vehementer ferveo: to boil violently. Equit. 920. SYN. Ἀναῆζω, εκκυμαίνω.

Ὑπερηνόρεα, as, ἡ, ferocia; virilitas: high bearing; manly spirit. Apoll. 3. 65.

Ὑπερηνόρεω, ferocio, superbio: to be high-spirited or proud. Δ. 176. SYN. Ὑπερῆφάνεω, ὑπερφρόνῶ.

Ὑπερήνωρ, ὄρς, ferox; superbus: of high spirit; proud. Apoll. 4. 212. Ὑπερήνωρ is a P. N. in Homer, P. 24. SYN. Ἀγήνωρ, ὑπερήφανός, ἀκίμδς, εὐψυχός.

Ὑπερησία, as, ἡ, Hyperesia: a city in Argolis. "Os ῥ. Ὑπερησίηνδ' ἀπὸνδασσάτῳ ο. 254.

Ὑπερῆφάνεω, superbio: to be proud. Ταυθ' ὑπερῆφάνεοντες Δ. 693. SYN. Ὑπερηνόρεω, ὑπερφρόνῶ, κατὰφρόνῶ, μέγα φρόνῶ, ἀλαζνεύομαι, ἀγάλλομαι.

Ὑπερῆφάνος, ου, δ, ἡ, superbus: gallant, proud, insolent. P. V. 411. See above. SYN. Ὑπερίδς, ὑπερήνωρ, ἀγέρωχός, ὑπεραυχός, ὑπερφιάλδς, ἀγαυός, ὑπερφρων, ὑπερθυμός, ὑπερδπλός.

Ὑπερθεῖ, et Ὑπερθεν, adv. et præp., supra: above. Μόχθων ουκ ἀλλός ὑπερθεν Med. 650. Cum genitivo Eurip. Bacch. 892.: ὑπερθε μόχθων. SYN. Εξὑπερθεν, ἀνω, ἀνωθεν.

Ὑπερθεῖω, prætercurro: to outrun. Androm. 194. SYN. see Ὑπερτρέχω.

Ὑπερθνήσκω, morior pro aliquo: to die for one. Androm. 498.

Ὑπερθόρεω, Ὑπερθρώσκω, super exsilio: to leap over, to hover over. M. 53. Hec. 811. SYN. Ὑπεράλλομαι, ὑπερτέλλω.

Ὑπερθρώσκω. See above.

Ὑπερθυμός, ου, δ, ἡ, valde animosus: spirited. Τίς ὑπερθύμους M. 128. SYN. Μεγάλοψυχός,

γενναῖός, πρῶθυμός, ὑπερήφανός, εὐθυμός, θυμώδης.

Ὑπερθύμω, animose; iracunde: spiritedly; angrily. Eumen. 827. See above. SYN. Περὶ-θύμω, ευτόλμω.

Ὑπερθύριον, ου, τὸ, limen superius superliminare: the transom over the door. Αργυρέον δ' ἐφ' ὑπερθύριον η. 90.

Ὑπερήμι, ulterius mitto: to overshoot. Δ. 199. See Ἰημί.

Ὑπερκαλινύμαι, subsulto præ lætitia: to leap for joy. Ψ. 3.

Ὑπερίπταμαι, Ὑπερπτόσμαι, et Ὑπερπτόμαι, supervolo: to fly over. χ. 280. Theoc. 15. 120.

Ὑπερπετόμαι Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. arcessit ex Jacobs. Anth. 11. 130.

Ὑπερίσταμαι, et Ὑπερστάτῶ, tueor: to defend. Οὗτὶς ἀνὴρ ὑπερίσταται Soph. El. 188. Ευμῶχων ὑπερστάτει Esch. Sup. 347. SYN. Πρόσταμαι, βῆθῶ, ἀμύνω, ἐπαρκέω.

Ὑπερίστω, ὄρς, supra modum sciens: knowing above measure. Soph. El. 850. SYN. Ὑπερσῶφός.

Ὑπεριόνιδης, ου, δ, Hyperione satus: the son of Hyperion, the Sun. Θῡγάτηρ Ὑπεριόνιδας Hes. Theog. 1011.

Ὑπερίσχω, porrigo: to stretch over or forth. Apoll. 3. 985.

Ὑπερίων, ὄνς, δ, Hyperion pater Solis; Sol et ipse (vid. Damm. Etym. et Real. in v.): Hyperion the father of the Sun; the Sun. Ὑπεριόνος εν φίλῳτῃ Hes. Theog. 374.

Ὑπερκάμνω, valde vel pro aliquo laboro: to labour or be distressed greatly or for. Bacch. 951. SYN. Πρὸκάμνω, ὑπερπόνῶ, ὑπεργάζομαι.

Ὑπερκατάβαίνω. See Ὑπερβαίνω.

Ὑπερκόπος, ου, δ, ἡ, nimis jactabundus: too boastful. Sept. Th. 387. SYN. see Ὑπεραυχός, and Ἀλάζων.

Ὑπερκόπως, supra modum: extravagantly. Choeph. 130. SYN. Ὑπερηφάνως, ὑπερμέτρω.

Ὑπερκόρῶ, exsaturō: to oversatiate. Theogn. 1154.

Ὑπερκρέμννυμι, f. ἄσω, et Ὑπερκρεῖσμαι, suspendeo: to hang over. Olymp. 1. 89. Theog. 1016. See Κρεμννυμί. SYN. Ἀνακρεῖσμαι.

Ὑπερκατάσμαι, abunde possideo: to possess abundantly. Soph. El. 217. SYN. Προσκατάσμαι.

Ὑπερκύδας, αντός, summa gloria insignis: most glorious. Ὑπερκύδαντας Ἀχαιοὺς Δ. 66. See Donnegan, Lex. on this word. SYN. Ὑπερλαμπρός.

Ὑπερλαμπρός, ου, δ, ἡ, valde splendidus: excessively splendid. Nub. 572. SYN. Πόλυφεγῆς, πρὸφάνης. See above.

Ὑπερμαίνομαι, supra modum insanio: to be outrageously mad. Ran. 776. SYN. Εκμαίνομαι.

Ὑπερμάχῶ, pro aliquo pugno: to fight for. Aj. 1346. See Μάχη. SYN. Πρόμαχίζω, βῆθῶ, ὑπερίσταμαι.

Ὑπερμέγας, μεγάλη, μέγα, præmagnus: immensely great. Eq. 158. See Μέγας. SYN. Πελώριος, μέγιστός, ἀσπέτος.

Ὑπερμένῶ, viribus præpolleo: to be mighty. τ. 62. SYN. Ὑπερέχω, ὑπερισχύω, ἐπικράτῶ.

Ὑπερμένης, εὖς, δ, ἡ, viribus præpollens: mighty. P. 362. SYN. Ὑπείρυχός, μέγαλοσθένης.

Ὑπερμέτρω, supra modum: immoderately. Γίγνωσκὲ τὰνθρώπειά μῃδ' ὑπεμέτρω Eur. fr. In. 21. SYN. Ἀμέτρω, υπερβάδην, ἀκράτῶ.

Ἵπερμήκης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, praelongus: exceedingly long. P. V. 611. SYN. Μάκροτάτους.

Ἵπερμνήστρα, ας, ἡ, Hypermnestra: one of the fifty daughters of Danaüs. Nem. 10. 10. PHR. Μονόψυχον εν κολῶφῳ κάτασχουσά ξιφός.

Ἵπερμύρος, ου, δ, ἡ, præter fatum: premature. B. 155.

Ἵπερνούεω, insuper cogito: to consider besides. CE. C. 1741. SYN. Ἐπινούεω.

Ἵπερόπληστάτος. See Ἵπερόπλος.

Ἵπερόπλια, ας, ἡ, superbia: pride, insolence. Hs ὑπερόπλησι A. 205. SYN. Ἵπερηνόρεα, ἀλαζονεία.

Ἵπερόπλιζομαι, vi et armis supero: to overcome by force of arms. Ἀνὴρ ὑπερόπλισσαιτο p. 268. SYN. Νικάω.

Ἵπερόπλος, ου, δ, ἡ, superl. ὑτάτος et ἡστόατος, superbus, insolens: proud, insolent. Ἵπερόπλον εἶπεν O. 185. Apoll. 2. 4. SYN. see Ἵπερήφάνος.

Ἵπερόπτης, et Ἵπεροπτός, ου, δ, ἡ, contemptuosus, insolens: contemptuous, insolent. Theoc. 22. 58. CE. R. 883. SYN. Ἵπερήφάνος, ὑβριστής.

Ἵπερορῶδew, timeo valde vel pro aliquo: to fear greatly or for. Eur. Sup. 354. SYN. see Ἵπερδεῖω.

Ἵπέρως, ου, δ, pistillum: a pestle. Ἵπeron δέ τριπήχυν Hes. Op. 421.

Ἵπερῶχος. See Ἵπείρῶχος.

Ἵπερᾶθew, valde commoveor: to be excessively affected. Ἵπερᾶθῆσσω ἥρπας Phœn. 1470. SYN. see Ἵπεραλγew.

Ἵπερπαῖω, supergredior: to exceed. Eccles. 1110. SYN. see Ἵπερβαῖνω.

Ἵπερπᾶλμαι, emineo: to surpass. Ἄλλων ὑπερέπλετο Apoll. 4. 1637. SYN. see Ἵπερέχω.

Ἵπερπέτμαι. See Ἵπέρπιτμαι.

Ἵπερπηδῶ. See Ἵπεράλλωμαι.

Ἵπερπικρὺς, ου, δ, ἡ, valde amarus: excessively bitter. Τὸν πικρῶς ὑπερπικρον P. V. 980.

Ἵπερπλήθω, nimis repleo: to glut. CE. R. 874.

Ἵπερπλουτέω, divitiis abundo: to be excessively rich. Plut. 354. SYN. Ζαπλουτέω, εὐπύρεω.

Ἵπερπλουτός, ου, δ, ἡ, prædives: excessively rich. P. V. 475. SYN. Πόλυκτεᾶνός, πῶλυλος, πῶλυχρυσός, ζᾶπλουτός.

Ἵπερπνέω, nimio labore me exerceo: to labour too much for. Aj. 1310. SYN. Ἵπερκάμνω, ὑπεργάζομαι.

Ἵπερπόντιος, ου, δ, ἡ, transmarinus: over the sea. Antig. 785. See Πόντιος.

Ἵπερπῶταμαι. See Ἵπέρπιτμαι.

Ἵπερπυπάζω, demulceo poppysmate: to scathe with patting. Eq. 677.

Ἵπερπυρρίω, supra modum rufus sum: to be exceedingly red. Ὀδὶ δὲ δέισας ὑπερπυρρίασε μου Ran. 311.

Ἵπερσφύς, ου, δ, ἡ, valde sapiens: excessively wise. Acharn. 970. SYN. Ἵπέρσιτωρ.

Ἵπερστάτew. See Ἵπέρσιτμαι.

Ἵπερστένω, valde vel pro aliquo gemo: to groan deeply or for. P. V. 66. SYN. see Ἵπεραλγew.

Ἵπέρτατος. See Ἵπέρτέρως.

Ἵπερτείνω, supra extendo: to stretch beyond or over. Eur. El. 1255. SYN. Εκτείνω, ὑπερβαῖνω.

Ἵπερτέλλω, supero: to surpass. Agam. 350. SYN. see Ἵπερβαῖνω.

Ἵπερτέλλης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, qui superat: surpassing. Trach. 36.

Ἵπερτέλλω, exorior: to rise above. Orest. 6. SYN. Ἀνάτέλλω, ὑπερέχω, ὑπερβαῖνω.

Ἵπερτέρια, ας, ἡ, contabulatio currus: the upper part of a carriage. Εὐκυκλὸν ὑπερτέρῃ ἀράριαν ζ. 70.

Ἵπέρτέρως, superl. Ἵπέρτατος et Ἵπέρωτατος, η, ὢν, superior: summus: higher: highest. Eur. El. 584. M. 381. Pind. N. 8. 73. SYN. Κάθι-πέρτέρως, κρείσσω, ἀνώτέρως, κρατιστὺς, ἀνώτατος.

Ἵπερτίθημι, super pono: to place over, assign. Pyth. 5. 33. See Τίθημι. SYN. Ἵπεραίρω, πρό-τίθημι, προκρίνω.

Ἵπερτιμάω, supra alios honore adificio: to honour exceedingly. Antig. 284. See Τιμάω. SYN. Μεγά τιμάω, προτιμάω.

Ἵπερτολμὸς, ου, δ, ἡ, audacissimus: very daring. Choëph. 585. SYN. Πάρατολμὸς.

Ἵπέρτῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, ultra modum tentus: overstrained. Nub. 1154.

Ἵπερτοξεύσιμος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui sagitta superari potest: which may be shot beyond or surpassed. Οὐχ ὑπερτοξεύσιμον Æsch. Sup. 482. SYN. Ἵπέρβλητος.

Ἵπερτρέχω, 2. a. εἰδράμην, supercurro: to run over or beyond, exceed. Helen. 1523. See Τρέχω. SYN. Ἵπερβέω, ὑπερπηδῶ, ὑπερβαῖνω, ὑπέρχω.

Ἵπερρυθῖα, ἄσω, erubescor: to blush. Ἵπ-ρυθρίασε χη Πανάκει' ἀεστράφη Plut. 702. See Ἵπερπυρρίω. SYN. Ἐρυθρίω.

Ἵπερφάτος, ου, δ, ἡ, eminenter celebratus: highly celebrated. Olymp. 9. 98. See Φάτος. SYN. Πόλυφάτος, ευκλές.

Ἵπερφέρω, præsto: to excel. Hec. 268. SYN. see Ἵπερβάλλω and Ἵπέρέχω.

Ἵπέρφει, supra modum: excessively. Φέρεῖς ὑπέρφει τὰς τύχας δεῖο δὲ μή Herc. F. 1312.

Ἵπερφιάδης, ου, δ, ἡ, foedifragus, insolens: violating treaties, insolent. Ἵπερφιάλοι κατὰ δῆμον ζ. 274. SYN. Ἀσπονδός, ἀθέος, ἀδίκος, ὑπέρήφάνος, ὑπέροπτης.

Ἵπερφιάλως, immodice: immoderately. Μη που τίς ὑπερφιάλως νέμεισθῃ N. 293.

Ἵπερφίλεις, supra modum amo: to love exceedingly. Plut. 1072.

Ἵπερφθέξωμαι, nimium timeo: to be too much alarmed. Sept. Th. 224. SYN. see Ἵπερδεῖω.

Ἵπερφρὸνέω, insoleo: to become: to be insolent; to despise. Ἵπερφρὸνῆσας τὸν παρόντα δαίμονα Pers. 830. SYN. Κατὰφρὸνέω, ἀτιμάζω, ὑπέρηφάνew.

Ἵπέρφρων, ὄνός, superbus: magnanimus: proud; gallant. Aj. 1236. SYN. Ἵπέρήφάνος, ἀγήνωρ, ὑπέρηνωρ, μέγαλόφρων, μέγα φρὸνών, ὑπέρβιος.

Ἵπερφύης, ἔδος, δ, ἡ, naturæ modum excedens: supernatural, extraordinary. Plut. 750. See below. SYN. Ἵπέρῶχος, ὑπερκύδας, ἀγαστός.

Ἵπερφύως, mirum in modum: wonderfully. Οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ' ὑπερφύως Eccles. 386. SYN. Ἵπέρφει, ὑπεμέτρως, εκπᾶλως.

Ἵπερχαίρω, summopere lætor: to be exceedingly delighted. Med. 1162.

Ἵπερχλιδᾶω, insolentia vel deliciis modum supero: to be excessively insolent or luxurious. Trach. 281. See Χλιδᾶω. SYN. Ἀερόνῶμαι, ὑπερφρὸνέω, ὑπερπυρρίω.

Ἵπερχόλῶω, vehementer irascor: to be very

angry. Lysist. 693. SYN. Ἰπέραρχομαι, ὑπέρ-
οργίζομαι.

Ἰπέρχομαι, subeo; circumvenio; obsequiose
colo : to enter into; to circumvent, impose upon;
to cringe to. Hipp. 1092. SYN. Ἰπειμὶ, εισέρ-
χομαι, ὑποτρέχω, ἀπατάω, κολάκευω.

Ἰπέρωα, as, ἡ, palatum: the palate. Ἰπέρωην
δ' οὐκ ἐδίηνε X. 495.

Ἰπέρωεω. See Ἰπὸχωρεω.

Ἰπέρωϊον, contr. Ἰπέρωϊον, ου, et antiq. δθεν,
τδ, conaculum: a supper or upper room. Ἰπ-
έρωϊά σιγᾶλδεντα π. 449. Π. 184.

Ἰπέρωτᾶτος. See Ἰπέρτορεός.

Ἰπεύδιος, ου, δ, ἡ, tranquill: tranquil.
Ἰπεύδιᾶ πείσματ' ἔλυσαν Apoll. 4. 1731. SYN.
see Εὐδίδος.

Ἰπεύθυνος, ου, δ, ἡ, rationi reddendæ ob-
noxius: responsible. Vesp. 102. See Εὐθύνη.
SYN. Ἰποδίκιος.

Ἰπυνῶα, concumbo: to sleep with. Hes.
Theog. 374. SYN. see Εὐνάζω.

Ἰπέχω, 2. a. ἐσχόν, subeo, submitto, præbeo:
to undergo, submit, afford. Orest. 1666. SYN.
Ἰποτίθημι, ἀνέχω, ἀνατλήμι, ὑφίσταμαι, δίδωμι.

Ἰπηρίος, α, ου, subobscurus: gloomy. Κεῖνδ
δ' ὑπηρεῖον θείην Apoll. 4. 1577.

Ἰπήκδος, et Ἰπάκουός, ου, δ, ἡ, moriger:
obedient to. Heracl. 288. Apoll. 4. 1381. See
Ἀκούω. SYN. Κᾶτήκδος, πειθνήδς, ὑπουργός.

Ἰπημιώ, pf. ἡμίκα, "Attic. ἐμήμικα, et in-
terserto ν ad roborandam vocem, ἐμνήμικα."
Damm., sum demisso capite: to hang down the
head. Πάντᾳ δ' ἐπεμνήμικε X. 491. SYN. Ἐπί-
κλινω, κατὰβάλλωμαι.

Ἰπηνέμιος, α, ου, ventosus; inanis: windy;
empty. Ἰπηνέμιοι φόρεονται Theoc. 5. 115.
SYN. Ηνέμοις.

Ἰπηνέμιος, ου, δ, ἡ, vento non expositus:
under or sheltered from the wind, calm. Antig.
411.

Ἰπήνη, ης, ἡ, barba: a beard. Ἐμᾶν δ' ἐπύ-
καζεν ὑπήναν Theoc. 20. 21. SYN. Γένειον,
πάγων. Ερ. Φρίσσονα, Λάσια, σιάγων, Λάχηνη.
Ἰπηνήτης, ου, δ, barbatus: having a beard.

Πρώτον ὑπνήτην κ. 279.

Ἰπηοῖος, et Ἰπηφός, α, ου, matutinus: morn-
ing. Στιγῇ ὑπηοῖο ρ. 25. Apoll. 4. 841. SYN.
see Ἰωθινός.

Ἰπηρεσία, as, ἡ, et Ἰπηρετήμα, ἄτος, τδ,
ministerium: service. Χύπηρεσίαν ἀποδείξειν
Vesp. 600. Soph. El. 1358. SYN. Ἰπουργία,
δέρπατα.

Ἰπηρετέω, et Ἰπουργέω, ministro: to serve,
minister to. Philoct. 16. 144. SYN. Θέρπεύω,
διακονέω, διοικέω, βόθηεω, δουλεύω.

Ἰπηρετήμα. See Ἰπηρεσία.

Ἰπρητής, ου, δ, et Ἰπρητής, ιδός, ἡ, min-
ister: a servant, assistant. Χεῖρ' ὑπρητήν φίλω
Herc. F. 1391. Iph. A. 322. SYN. Ἰπουργός,
διακόνος, ἐπίτροπος, ἀκόλουθος, δοῦλος.

Ἰπρηχέω, subter sono: to sound beneath.
Eur. Sup. 720. SYN. Ἰποδρέμω.

Ἰπρηφός. See Ἰπηοῖος.

Ἰπίλλω, claudio: to shut. Eur. fr. CEdip. 16.
SYN. Κλείω, συγκλείω, συστέλλω, καθείργω.

Ἰπισχνέμαι, et Ἰπίσχομαι, polliceor: to
promise. Eur. fr. Hipp. 1. V. 209. SYN. Ἰφ-
ίσταμαι, ὑποδέχομαι, ἐπαγγέλλομαι, ἐγγύω.

Ἰπνδότης, ου, δ, et Ἰπνδότειρά, as, ἡ, som-
nifer: sleep-giving. P. V. 593. Orest. 175. See
below.

Ἰπνός, ου, δ, somnus: sleep. Ὡ φίλδν ὑπνῶ
δελγητρὸν ἐπίκουρον νδσον Orest. 205. Ἐπειτᾶ
καὶ ὑπνου δῶρδν ἐλοντό Η. 482. Ερ. Ἀπείρων,
ἀπῆμων, γλυκὺς, ἡδύμδς, ἡδύς, λιᾶρδς, νῆγρενδς,
πάννυχδς, ὑστᾶτδς, χάλκεδς, αμειρῶσδς, γλυκερδς,
φίλδς, λυσιμέλῆς, μέλῆδῆς, μέλῆφρων, πανδᾶ-
μάτωρ, σχετλῆδς, πύλδς, μάλακὺς, νηλῆς, δᾶ-
λερδς, μακρδς, βάθδς, λοίγῆδς, πρᾶδς. ΡΗΗ.
Ἀναξ πάντων τῶ δῆδν πάντων τ' ανθρῶπων—
ὑπνου καμᾶ κατᾶγρῶμένδν. See also Philoct.
827—833.

Ἰπνῶα, Ἰπνῶα, et Ἰπνῶσσω, dormio: som-
num adfero: to sleep; to bring on sleep. Lysist.
143. ε. 48. Orest. 173. See above. SYN.
Ἀφῦπνῶα, καθεῖδω, εὔδω, κοιμᾶμαι.

Ἰπνῶδης, εδς, somniculosus: sleepy. Herc. F.
1042. See Ἰπνός. SYN. Ἰπνηλδς, νυστάλῆδς.

Ἰπνῶσσω. See Ἰπνῶα.

Ἰπνῶα. See Ἰπνῶα.

Ἰπῶ, et poet. Ἰπαί, præp., cum gen. a, præ,
sub, propter; cum dat. sub, per, a; cum accus.
sub, ad: from, before, by; under, by; to, near.
Μήτηρ ἡ μῖν ὑπ' Αγγλῶν Ε. 313. Γ. 217.

Ἰποδάλλω, et Ἄολ. Ἰεσάλλω, suppono, sug-
gero: to place under, substitute, suggest. Orest.
217. T. 8. SYN. Ἰποτίθημι, ὑποπέμπω, ὑφίημι,
πέιθω, διαλέγωμαι.

Ἰποδλέπω, subaspicio; suspicor; contemno:
to look under or sternly; to suspect; to despise.
Thesm. 396. See below. SYN. Ἰφύρᾶα,
ὑποπτεῖω, ὑπνῶεω, πᾶράλεπα.

Ἰποδλήδην, interpellando sermonem alterius:
abruptly. Τὸν δ' ἄρ' ὑποδλήδην ημεῖσῶ Α.
292.

Ἰποδλητῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, subdititius, subdolos:
suborned, subtle, false. Ὡς ὑπόδλητον λδγον
Aj. 481. SYN. Πέπλασμένδς, ψευδής.

Ἰποδρέμω, fremo sub: to roar beneath. P. V.
442. See below. SYN. Ἰπρηχέω.

Ἰποδρηχᾶ, sub aqua: under water. Τὸν δ'
ἄρ' ὑποδρηχᾶ δῆκε ε. 319.

Ἰποδρηχίδς, α, ου, demersus; fremens: sunk;
roaring. Ἡκέν ὑποδρηχίην Apoll. 4. 1757. SYN.
Βρηχίδς, μυκῶμένδς.

Ἰποδάστριον, ου, τδ, abdomen: the under
belly. Vesp. 195.

Ἰπογλαύσσω, et Ion. imp. ὑπόγλαύσσεσκον,
splendorem emitto: to glisten. Δεινὸν ὑπογλαύ-
σοντᾶ Call. 3. 54. Mosch. 2. 86. SYN. Ἰπο-
λάμπα, ὑποστίλγω.

Ἰπογλύκαίνω, subdulce reddo: to sweeten.
Ἰπογλύκαίνων βρημάτῶις μάγειρῶικδς Eq. 216.

Ἰπογάμπτω. See Ἰποκάμπτω.

Ἰπογράφεις, εως, δ, amanuensis: a notary.
Ὅπως ἐσθῶα σοι φανῶς ὑπογράφεις δῖκῶν Eq.
1256. SYN. Ἰπογραμμάτικδς.

Ἰπογράφῃ, ἡς, ἡ, imago quæ imprimendo
efficitur: a print. Πτέρων τένντων δ' ὑπογράφαί
μέτρούμεναι Choeph. 203.

Ἰπογράφω, ψω, intento crimen: to bring a
charge. Εἴπ' εἰ τί κανὺν ὑπογράφει τῷ μῶ βίω
Herc. F. 1109.

Ἰποδάμναμαι, et Ἰποδμάω, subjugo: to sub-
due. Ηῆ ἐκᾶν ὑποδάμνασαι π. 95. Λαβρῇ
ὑποδμητέᾳ Hom. Hymn. 16. 4. SYN. Δάμᾶω,
χειρῶα, ἀποκτείνω, κατὰδουλώω.

Ἰποδεῖδω, metuo, vereor: to fear, reverence.
Ἄνακτῶς ὑποδεδείσαντῶς ὁμοχλῆν Ω. 265. SYN.

Ἰποπτήσσω, δεῖδω, δειδίσσῶμαι, εὐλᾶξέωμαι,
ὑπὸτρέω, ὑποτρέμῶ, ὑποδεδειῖα.

Ἰποδείκνυμι, δείξω, ostendo: to show. Theoc.

25. 234. SYN. Δείκνυμι, ἀναδείκνυμι, ὑποτίθεμαι.

Ἰπὸδεξι, ης, ἡ, copia ad excipiendos hospites: provision for the entertainment of a guest. Πᾶσά τοι εστ' ὑπὸδεξι πῶλεσσιν δ' ἀνάσεις I. 73. SYN. Ἰπὸδῶχῃ.

Ἰπὸδέχομαι, excipio; suscipio: to receive; to undertake. Σ. 59. SYN. Ἀναδέχομαι, ξενίζω, ὑποσχεύομαι, ἀναλαμβάνομαι.

Ἰπὸδέχομαι, subligo: to lie underneath. Eccles. 269.

Ἰπὸδηλώω, occulte declaro: to declare secretly. Thesm. 1020. SYN. Ἰπὸδείκνυμι, ὑποφαίνω, ἀποδείκνυμι, δηλώω.

Ἰπὸδημά, ἄτος, τὸ, calceamentum: a shoe, sandal. Thesm. 262. SYN. Ευμαρίς, πέδιλον, ἀρβύλη.

Ἰπὸδικός, ου, δ, ἡ, reus: amenable to justice. Eumen. 260. See Δίκη. SYN. Ἰπὸθύνης, ὑπαίτιος, ἐνχὸς.

Ἰπὸδινέω, verso: to whirl about. 'Η δ' ὑπὸδινθεῖσά Call. 4. 79. SYN. Ἰπὸσειώ, ὑποστρέφω.

Ἰπὸδμῶ. See Ἰπὸδάμναμι.

Ἰπὸδμῶς, ὡς, et Ἰπὸδρηστήρ, ἡρὸς, ὁ, subservus: an under servant, minister. Πόσειδῶνός ὑποδμῶς δ. 386. Εἰσὶν ὑποδρηστήρῃς ἐκείνων ο. 329. SYN. Δμῶς, δούλος, ὑπὸχειρίως.

Ἰπὸδούσις, ἑως, ἡ, successio: succession. Eumen. 508. SYN. Διάδοχῃ.

Ἰπὸδύχῃ, ης, ἡ, exceptio; convivium: reception; an entertainment. Iph. A. 1229. SYN. Ἀποδύχῃ, ὑπὸδεξια.

Ἰπὸδρά, torve: sternly. Τὸν δ' ἄρ' ὑπὸδρά ἰδὼν B. 245. SYN. Δεινῶς, ταυρηδόν.

Ἰπὸδράω, et Ἰπὸδρήσσω, famulor: to wait upon. Οἱ σφὶν ὑποδρώσιν ο. 332. Apoll. 3. 274. SYN. Ἰπρηρέτω, ὑπουργέω, δουλεύω, δητεύω.

Ἰπὸδρηστήρ. See Ἰπὸδμῶς.

Ἰπὸδρόμῶς, ου, δ, ἡ, currens sub: running or rolling under. Ἰχθυὺς ὑπὸδρόμον κῶλιν ἐκτὸς ασιδὸς Phoen. 1406.

Ἰπὸδρόσος, ου, δ, ἡ, subroscidus: dewy. Λειμῶνές τῇ φέρονσιν ὑπὸδρόσοι Theoc. 25. 16. SYN. Δρόσθεις, δρόσῆρος, δρόσιμος.

Ἰπὸδυμί, et Ἰπὸδύομαι, subeo; induo sub: to enter; to go under. Θ. 332. Eumen. 845. See Δύμι, Δύω. SYN. Εἰσδύνω, ὑπέρχομαι, ὑποβαίνω, ὑπεκδύομαι.

Ἰπὸέικω, cedo: to retire from. A. 240. SYN. Εἰκω, ἀποχωρέω, ὑποχωρέω, ὑπερωέω.

Ἰπὸεργός, οὔ, δ, ἡ, subminister: an assistant. Apoll. 1. 226. SYN. see Ἰπρηρέτης.

Ἰπὸεγγυμμί, f. ζεύξω, jugo submitto: to put under a yoke, subject to. Ουρῆας ὑποζεύξασθαι ἄπῃρ Apoll. 3. 840. SYN. Ἰπὸβάλλω, ὑπὸτάσσω, δάμνω.

Ἰπὸζυγίον, ου, τὸ, jumentum: a beast of burden. Πρὶν πειραθῆναι ὥσπερ ὑποζυγίου Theoc. 126. SYN. Κτηνός.

Ἰπὸθεω. See Ἰπὸτρέχω.

Ἰπὸθημῶσυν, ης, ἡ, consilium: a suggestion, advice. Ἰπὸθημῶσυν ἡσὶν Ἀθήνης O. 412. SYN. Ἐφημῶσυν, ἐντὸλῃ, ὑπομνησίς.

Ἰπὸθύμις, ἄδός, ἡ, sertum appensum collo: a garland round the neck. Vox occurrat in Anacr. 82. Si oritur (vide infra) ex θυμός, thymus, antepenuit. est brevis: si ab eadem origine qua θυμίαμα, est longa. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anth. 7. 48.

Ἰπὸθύμις, ἰδὸς, ἡ, avis quædam: a bird that lays its eggs in thyme. Κίττα τρυγὸν κούρδὸς ἔλας ὑπὸθύμις περίστέρᾳ (troch. tetr.) Av. 302.

Ἰπὸθωπεύω, subblandior: to fawn upon. Vesp. 610. SYN. Θωπεύω, ὑποκρίζομαι, ὑποσάινω, ὑποκλάκευω.

Ἰπὸθωρήσσω, clam armo: to arm privately. Σ. 513.

Ἰπὸίγνυμι, ξω, clam aperio: to open privately. Eccles. 15.

Ἰποικουρέω, domi clam aliquid facio: to do secretly at home. Thesm. 1168.

Ἰπὸισχάνω, et Ἰπὸίσχομαι, polliceor: to promise. Δαιῆς ὑπὸισχάνῃ χειρὶς Apoll. 3. 120. 4. 474. SYN. see Ἰπισχνεύομαι.

Ἰπὸκάμπω, et Ἰπὸγνάμπω, flecto: to bend. Agam. 795. Καὶ ψυχῆς ἀπᾶτηλόν ὑπογνάμψαι φρεσὶν ὁρμήν Hom. Hymn. 7. 13. SYN. Ἰποστρέφω, ἐκλείπω.

Ἰπὸκάρδιος, α, ὄν, sub corde latens: lurking under the heart. Ἰπὸκάρδιον ἔλκος Theoc. 11. 15.

Ἰπὸκειμαι, f. κείσομαι, subjaceo: to lie under, await. Olymp. 1. 135. SYN. Ἰπὸτίθεμαι, ὑποβάλλομαι, ὑφίστάμαι, ὑπειμί, ὑπογίγνομαι, ὑπείκω.

Ἰπὸκινέω, leviter moveo: to move slightly. Ζεφύρου ὑπὸκινήσαντος Δ. 423.

Ἰπὸκλαίω, sublacrymor: to weep slightly. Οὐθ' ὑποκλαίον οὐθ' ὑπολείβω Agam. 68.

Ἰπὸκλέπτω, Ἰπὸκλόπῃ, clam abripio: to steal away privately. Τοὺς τὰς ἐνὸς ὑποκλεπτόμενους Soph. El. 115. χ. 382. SYN. Εξ-ἀπᾶτάω, ὑποστέλλομαι, διακλέπτω.

Ἰπὸκλήζω, seu Ἰπὸκλήζω, clam divulgo: to divulge by private communications. Ἰπὸκληζόμενα Aj. 225. SYN. Διάγγελλω, φημί.

Ἰπὸκλίνω, proclino: to lean. Σχοινὺς ὑπεκλίνθη ε. 463. SYN. Ἰπὸβάλλω, ὑφίμμι.

Ἰπὸκλόνεω, turbo: to throw into confusion. Ἰποκλόνεσθαι ἕσσω φ. 556. SYN. Ἰπὸτά-ρᾶσσω, ὑποσειώ, ὑποθρύβω.

Ἰπὸκλόπῃ, See Ἰπὸκλέπτω.

Ἰπὸκόλπιος, ου, δ, ἡ, qui in sinu vel amplexu est: in the bosom. Ἄλλος τοι γλυκίων ὑπὸκόλπιος Theoc. 14. 37.

Ἰπὸκρίζομαι, blando nomine appello: to call by a fond name. Plut. 1011. SYN. Ἰπὸθωπεύω, διασύρω.

Ἰπὸκουρίζομαι, juveniliter cano vel ago: to sing or act like a young man. Pyth. 3. 33.

Ἰπὸκρέκω, subrocito: to sound gently, to harmonise with. Olymp. 9. 59. SYN. Ἰπηχέω, συμφανέω, συνᾶδω.

Ἰπὸκρέμω, suspendeo: to hang. Πέτρῃ ὑποκρέμαται Hom. Apoll. 284. SYN. Κρέμα-μαι.

Ἰπὸκρίνομαι, f. ἰνοῦμαι, respondeo; simulo; explico: to answer; to pretend; to explain. Vesp. 53. See Κρίνω. SYN. Ἀποκρίνομαι, ἀπαμείδωμαι, εικάζω, ἐρμηνεύω.

Ἰπὸκρίτης, οὔ, δ, ἡ, simulator, histrio: a representative of a borrowed character, a player. Τὸν δ' ὑποκρίτην ἐτέρων ἀργαλέον ὡς σόφον Vesp. 1279. SYN. see Μῖμος.

Ἰπὸκρούω, obloquor; obturbo: to inveigh against; to disturb. Τί δ' οὖν ὑποκρούωσι σὲ προσκινῆσομαι Eccles. 256. SYN. Ἀνακρούω, ἀντιφθέγγομαι, ἐπιτάρασσω, ἀνᾶταρσσω, αἰνίσ-σμαι.

Ἰπὸκρύπτω, occulto: to hide. Ἀχρῇ ὑπ-

ἐκρύβθη O. 626. SYN. Κάλυπτω, ὑπόκλέπτω, ἀποκρύπτω.

Ἐποκρύφα, clanculum: secretly. Αἰδῶς γὰρ ὑποκρύφῃ κέρδει κλέπεται Nem. 9. 79., corre-sponding to Τρέψαι πύτι δυσμένεων ἀνδρῶν στίχας. SYN. Λάθρα, κρύφα, κρυφίως.

Ἐποκύκλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, rotundus: round. Τάλα-ρόν δ' ὑπόκυκλόν ὅσασσεν δ. 131. SYN. Τρόχῳ-ειδής.

Ἐποκύδμαι, ὑσῶμαι, gravis: to conceive. Αἶ δ' ὑπόκυσαμένην T. 225. See Κύω. SYN. Κύω, γαστροφόρεω.

Ἐποκύπτω, nuto; submitto: to bow; to lower. Acharn. 954. SYN. Κύπτω, ὑποθάλλω, ὑπεκίω, ὑποκλίνω.

Ἐποκυφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, subsurdus: hard of hear-ing. Eq. 43.

Ἐπολαμίσαν, f. λήψομαι, 2. a. ἐλάσων, sus-cipio; excipio; respondeo; puto: to undertake; to take up, catch; to answer; to suppose, think. Herc. F. 301. See Λαμίσαν. SYN. Ἀνάλα-μίσαν, ἀνὰδεχόμεναι, ἐπιλαμίσαν, ὑποκρινόμεναι, ἀπ-κρινόμεναι, ὑπὸνῶε, νυμίζω, ἡγέομαι, δοξάζω, στή-χάζομαι.

Ἐπολαμπής, ἔδος, ὁ, ἡ, subclucidus: shining slightly. Hes. Scut. 142.

Ἐπολάμπω, aliquantum luceo: to shine faintly. Apoll. 1. 1280. SYN. Ἐποφαίνομαι, ὑποστίλβω.

Ἐπολείβω, libo: to pour a libation. Agam. 66. SYN. Λείβω, σπένδω.

Ἐπολείπω, relinquo; deficio: to leave be-hind; to fail. Soph. El. 91. SYN. Ἀπολείπω, ἐλλείπω.

Ἐπολευκαίνομαι, aliquantum albesco: to whiten a little. E. 502.

Ἐποληνίς, ἰδός, ἡ, vas quod torculari subjacet; alveus: a vessel beneath the wine-press to re-ceive the wine; a trough. Ἐποληνιδῶς ἐπλή-σαντο Call. 3. 166. SYN. Πυλῶδς.

Ἐπολίζων, ὄνός, paulo minor: somewhat less. Λαοὶ δ' ὑπολίζοντες ἦσαν Σ. 519. SYN. Ἐλάσων, μέλιαν.

Ἐπολισπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lævis, lubricus: smooth, sleek. Eq. 1368.

Ἐπολοιπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, reliquus: remaining. Plut. 431. SYN. Λοιπός, ἐπιλοιπός, περίλοι-πός.

Ἐπολύριος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aptus lyrae: fit for the lyre. Ran. 284. See Λύρα.

Ἐπόλυω, ὅσω, subter solvo, debilito; excalceo: to loose or weaken beneath; to strip off shoes. See Λύω. Lysist. 216. SYN. Εξαίρω.

Ἐπομάκρος, α, ὄν, paulo longior: somewhat long. Ἐπειτ' ἄνωθεν ῥάδδων εὐθὺς ὑπομάκρον Pax 1242.

Ἐπομάσσω, ξω, conspergo: to besmear. Theoc. 2. 59. SYN. Μάσσω, ἀλείφω, ἀνὰφρω.

Ἐπομειδία, ὄσω, subrideo: to smile. Ἐπ-μειδίασέ Κύπρις Anac. 45. 14. SYN. Μειδιάω, γέλωδ.

Ἐπομένω, sustineo; maneo; expecto: to en-dure; to remain; to expect. C. R. 1323. SYN. Προμένω, διαμένω, ὑφιστάμαι, προσδοκῶ.

Ἐπομνήσκω, f. μνήσκω, in memoriam revoco: to recall to mind. Τοῖωνδ' γ' ἀρχῶν νῦν ὑπε-μνήσθην περί Pers. 335. SYN. Ἀνάμνησκω, νουθέτω, πάραγγέλλω.

Ἐπομνάδμαι, clam ambio nuptias: to woo secretly. Ἐπεμνάσθε γυναῖκα χ. 38.

Ἐπομνησίς, ἔως, ἡ, monitio: a reminding. Pros. Ler.

Eis δακρύῃ πορθομένους' ὑπόμνησιν κῆκων Orest. 1031. SYN. Ἀνάμνησις, ὑπόμνησιν.

Ἐπὸνῶε, suspicor; conicio: to suspect; to conjecture. Plut. 361. SYN. Ἐπόλαυσαν, ὑπό-πτόμαι, ὑποπτεύω, ὑπόπτεω, στήχάζομαι.

Ἐπὸνοιᾶ, ας, ἡ, suspicio, opinio: a suspicion, hint, opinion. Ἐπὸνοιᾶν ἡμῖν οἶα Phoen. 1149. SYN. Ἐπὸνία, σημειῶν.

Ἐπὸνήϊος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sub Neio monte situs: situated under mount Neium. Εξ Ἰθάκης ὑπό-νηϊοῦ γ. 81.

Ἐπὸνύσσω, ξω, clam pungo: to sting secretly. Theoc. 19. 3. SYN. Ἐπὸπλήσσω.

Ἐπὸπεινάω, paulum esurio: to be rather fa-mished. Plut. 536.

Ἐπὸπέρδωμαι, suppedo: to break wind. Ran. 1128.

Ἐπὸπερκάζω, paulatim nigresco: to grow gra-dually black. η. 126. SYN. see Περκάζω.

Ἐπὸπύπρημι, f. ὑπόπρησω, suburo: to set fire to beneath. Lysist. 348. SYN. Ἐφάπτω.

Ἐπὸπίνω, plusculum bibo: to drink a little too much. Ἐπὸπίνον ἐν δασει Av. 494. SYN. Πίνω, μέθυσκωμαι.

Ἐπὸπίπτω, 2. a. ἐπέσδω, cado sub: to fall under or down before. Eq. 47. SYN. Κατά-πίπτω, προσπίπτω, ὑπὸκίπτα.

Ἐπὸπιντῶω, piceo sublimo: slightly to cover with pitch. Plut. 1094.

Ἐπὸπλάττω, subeffingo: to form under. Vesp. 108. SYN. Ἀναπλάσσω, ἐμπλάσσω, ἐνάλειφω.

Ἐπὸπλόλιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, paulum canus: rather hoary. Anac. fr. 107. See Πλόλιος.

Ἐπὸπορτίς, ἰός, ἡ, quæ vitulum vel liberos habet: having a calf or young. Χάλεπ' δ' ὑπό-πορτίς ἐριθος Hes. Op. 601.

Ἐπὸπόρφυρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aliquantum purpureus: being of a light purple. Ἐπὸπορφυροῖ πέπλοις Anacr. 28. 30.

Ἐπὸπτερός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alatus: winged. Ἐπο-πτεροῖς νῆαποισίν Hec. 1246. SYN. Πτερεῖς, πτε-ρωτός, τὰχὺπτερός, ωκίς.

Ἐποπτεύω, suspicor: to suspect. Τῖν' αἰτίαν ἔχουσ' ὑποπτεύω τί γάρ Iph. T. 1037. SYN. Ἐπὸνῶε, ὑπόλαμίσαν, ὑπόπτεω.

Ἐπόπτης, Ἐποπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, suspectus; sus-picax: suspected; suspicious. Philoct. 136. Phoen. 1225.

Ἐποπτήσσω, præ timore me submitto: to crouch down through fear. Ταρβείν ὑποπτήσσειν τῷ P. V. 996.

Ἐπορβριός, α, ὄν, matutinus: morning. Ἐπορ-βριαῖσι φωναῖς Anacr. 12. 9. SYN. Ὀρβριός.

Ἐπορρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tenuis: having the voice smothered. Orest. 147. SYN. Λεπτός, ἡσυχός.

Ἐπορράπτω, subsuo, consarcino: to patch up or together. Τόνδ' ὑπορράπτεις λόγον Alcest. 553. SYN. Ἐπιρράπτω, κατῶω.

Ἐπορρέω, subterfluo: to flow under. Ἐπορ-ρέοντος τοῦ χρόνου Nub. 1292. SYN. Ἐφέρπω.

Ἐπορρήγνυμι, ξω, subrumpo: to burst out. Ἐπερράγῃ ἀσπετὺς αἰθήρ Π. 300. SYN. Ἀναρ-ρήγνυμι.

Ἐπορρήνω, ου, ἡ, agnum subter se habens: having a lamb under her. Θῆλυν ὑπόρρηνον K. 216. SYN. Ἐπαρνός, ὑπόπορτις.

Ἐπορχέομαι, salto ad cantum: to dance to singing. Choeph. 1012.

Ἐπόρω, pf. m. ὠρόρῃ, excito: to raise. ω. 62. SYN. Ὀρω, κινέω.

Ἐπόσαινω, aut Ἐποσσαίνω, subblandior: to

erunge under. Ἴσκειν ὑποσαίνων Apoll. 4. 411. SYN. Ἰπθωπεύω, ὑπαικάλλω, ὑπόκδλακύνω.

Ἰπθόσει, aut Ἰποσειά, succutio: to move underneath. Ἰποσελεύουσιν ἱμάντι ι. 385. SYN. Ἰπθάράσσω, ὑποκινέω.

Ἰποσκάλευω, surculo suscito: to stir up. Acharn. 1013. See Σκάλευω. SYN. Ζωπυρέω.

Ἰποσκάπτω, suffodio: to excavate. Nem. 5. 37. See above. SYN. Σκάπτω.

Ἰπθόσκῆς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, umbrosus: shady. Aesch. Sup. 664. See below. SYN. Κατάσκῆς, σκιερὸς, σκίσις.

Ἰποσκῖα, obumbrō: to overshadow. Ἰποσκίονταί ἄρουρι Apoll. 1. 451. SYN. see Σκιάζω.

Ἰποσμύχω, paulatim exuro: to burn up gradually. Ἰποσμύχονταί ὠπαι Apoll. 2. 447. SYN. Ἰπθίμπρημι, ἀμαυρῶ, θλίβω.

Ἰποσπνίζω, aliquantum ego: to be somewhat in want of. Aj. 740. See Σπνίζω. SYN. Σπνίζω, ἐνδεὼς ἔχω.

Ἰποσπᾶω, f. σπᾶω, subtraho: to withdraw. Πρᾶδς οὐδ' ἐπέσπᾶε Bacch. 436. SYN. Ἰφαίρνω, ὑποσπᾶίνω, ἀφαίρνω.

Ἰποσπονδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, factis induciis: under a truce. Δεῦρ' ὑποσπονδὸν μόλειν Phoen. 280. SYN. Ἐκσπονδός, ὁμωμόκας.

Ἰποσσαινω. See Ἰπθόσαινω.

Ἰποσσειω. See Ἰπθόσειω.

Ἰποστάτος, η, ὄν, sustinendus: to be sustained. Οὐδαμῶς ὑποστάτος Eur. fr. Antig. 17. 1. SYN. Ἀνασχέτος, ὑποιστός.

Ἰποστάχυνμαι, suceresco: to grow up like ears of corn. Ανδρὶ γ' ὑποστάχυντο υ. 212. SYN. Αυξάνω, ἐπαύξομαι.

Ἰποστέγυς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sub tecto est: under the roof. Trach. 376. SYN. Ἰπθρόφός, ὑπάρφός, ὑπαρφίδς, ὑφέστιος, ἐνδυμύχος, κατάστέγος, ὑπαυλός.

Ἰποστέλλω, contraho, subduco: to draw in, withdraw, lower. Κοῦχ ὑποστέλλει λόγῳ Orest. 600. SYN. Συστέλλω, ὑφέμαι.

Ἰποστένω, Ἰποστένάζω, Ἰποσπνάζω, ingemisco: to groan. Ἰποστένει μὲν τ' ἀν γ' ὁ δρᾶνίτης λέως Acharn. 162. Aj. 1001. B. 781. See Σπνάζω.

Ἰποστῶρεω, ἔσω, Ἰποστῶρυννυμι, f. στῶρω, substerno: to spread under, spread. Ἡ μὲν δέμν' ἄνωγ' ἐν ὑποστῶρεσσι υ. 139. Helen. 59. SYN. Ἰπθόβᾶλλω, ὑπθάνω, ὑπθίνω.

Ἰποστῶρεφω, ψω, converto: to turn back. Δεῦρ' ὑποστῶρεφας πάλιν Alcest. 1038. SYN. Ἀναστῶρεφω, ἀποστῶρεφω, ἀνέρχομαι.

Ἰποστῶρφή, ἡς, ἡ, reversio: a turning back. Εξ ὑποστῶρφῆς Soph. El. 725. SYN. Ἀναστῶρφή, ὑπθῶρπία.

Ἰποστῶρυννυμι. See Ἰποστῶρεω.

Ἰπθουρίζω, leniter strideo: to whizz gently. Πτέρυγων ῥιπαῖς ὑπθουρίζει P. V. 126. SYN. see Ἰπθῆχέω.

Ἰποσχεσία, as, Ἰπθσχέσις, ἔως, ἡ, promissio: a guarantee, promise. Αὐθότατρίν ὑποσχεσίῃσι δόλωθεις Apoll. 4. 457. κ. 483.

Ἰπθότάσις, ἔως, ἡ, extensio: extension. Πεδίον ὑπθότασις αὐτῶν Ἀσσωποῦ ῥοαῖς Bacch. 738.

Ἰπθάράσσω, ἔω, leviter commoveo: to confound somewhat. Vesp. 1276. See Ἰπθάρσσω. SYN. Ἰπθκινέω, ἀνθάράσσω, τυρβάζω, ὑπθκλίνω.

Ἰπθαρθέω, paveo: to fear. P. 533. SYN. see Ἰπθδεῖω.

Ἰπθαρτᾶριός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sub Tartaro degens: dwelling under Tartarus. Τιτῆνές δ' ὑπθαρτᾶριοι Hes. Theog. 851. SYN. see Ἰπθχθονίος.

Ἰπθότεινω, subjicio: to spread or place under, suggest. Acharn. 657.

Ἰπθότέλλωμαι, orior: to arise. Apoll. 2. 83.

Ἰπθότέμνω, Ἰπθότμήσσω, succido: to cut away. Eq. 316. Apoll. 3. 327. See Διᾶτμήγω. SYN. Ἀπθότέμνω, ἐκκόπτω, ὑφαίρνω, παραιρέομαι.

Ἰπθότιθημι, subjicio; suggero: to place under; to suggest. Iph. A. 507. See Τιθῆμι. SYN. Ἰπθόβάλλω, πρῶτιθημι, ὑπθόδεικνυμι, συμβουλεύω, διδάσκω.

Ἰπθότμήσσω. See Ἰπθότέμνω.

Ἰπθότῶεω, conjicio; suspicor: to conjecture; to suspect. Them. 503. SYN. see Ἰπθόνδεω.

Ἰπθότρεχω, Ἰπθότρήχω, Ἰπθόθεω, subter curro; insinuo me: to run under; to insinuate oneself. Κοῦχ ὑπθότρεχων σὲ τοῦτο θωπεῖα λέγω Orest. 663. Mosch. 8. 5. Eq. 1158. SYN. Ἰφίσταμαι, ὑφέρπω, ἀπάτω, κδλακύνω, θωπεύω, ὑπέρχομαι.

Ἰπθότρεω, Ἰπθότρεμέω, intremisco: to tremble at. Οἱ δ' ἄλλοι εἰξαντές ὑπθότρεσαν Apoll. 1. 1049. 4. 1340. SYN. see Ἰπθόδεω.

Ἰπθότριμμά, ἄτῶς, τὸ, moretum: a sort of meal made of several pounded ingredients. Eccles. 291. See above. Expr. Δριμύ, ἄγριον.

Ἰπθότρώμεω. See Ἰπθότρεω.

Ἰπθότρώπια, as, ἡ, reversio: a turn or vicissitude. Στῶνδεντος ὑποτρώπῃ πύλεμοιο Apoll. 1. 1052. SYN. Ἰποστῶρφή, ἀντῶρφή.

Ἰπθότρώπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, redux: returning back. Νοστήσας ἐς Ἰωλκὸν ὑπθότρώπός Apoll. 4. 1163. SYN. see Πάλιντρώπός.

Ἰπθότρώχω. See Ἰπθότρεω.

Ἰπθότρώγω, clam comedo: to eat secretly. Τοῖχόν ὑποτρώγων Call. Ep. 46. 4.

Ἰπθότῶπτω, suffrago: to beat out. Av. 1145. SYN. Ἰπθόπλήσσω, ἀπάράσσω.

Ἰπθουλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pulchritudinis speciem ulceri obductam habens: secretly rancorous. CE. R. 1366.

Ἰπθουράνιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sub coelo est: under heaven. Ἰπθουράνιον πέτηνων P. 675.

Ἰπθουργέω. See Ἰπθῶρετω.

Ἰπθουργία, as, ἡ, ministerium: service. Τῆς ἐμῆς ὑπουργίας CE. C. 1413. SYN. see Ἰπθῶρεσία.

Ἰπθόφαίνω, ostendo subter: to show beneath. Theoc. 6. 38. SYN. Ἰπθόδεικνυμι.

Ἰπθόφερω, suffero: to bear, to supply. Soph. El. 834. SYN. Φέρω, τολμᾶω, ὑπθόμενω.

Ἰπθόφευγω, evito: to slip away from, avoid. Eur. El. 1339. SYN. see Ἰπθκφεύγω.

Ἰπθόφήτης, ου, ἡ, Ἰπθόφήτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, Ἰπθόφήτης, ἰδς, ἡ, antistes oraculi: a priest, or interpreter of an oracle. Apoll. 1. 1311. 22. Pyth. 2. 139. SYN. Ἰερεὺς, πρῶφήτης, χρησμοδολόγος.

Ἰπθόφθᾶω, 2. a. ἐφθῶν, praevio: to anticipate. Δὴ ὑποφθᾶμένον Apoll. 3. 1143. SYN. Φθᾶνω, προφθᾶνω, προλαμβᾶνω.

Ἰπθόφραβδόσυνη, ἡς, ἡ, consilium: counsel. Σῆς δ' ὑπθόφραβδόσυνῃν Hes. Theog. 658. SYN. see Μητίς.

Ἰπθόφράζομαι, suggero: to suggest. Τὸν δ' ἄρ' ὑποφρασθεις Apoll. 1. 462. SYN. see Μητιάζομαι.

Ἰπθόφωνέω, succlamo: to sing in turn. Mosch. 3. 49. SYN. Ἐπιφθέγγομαι.

Ἰπθόχαζομαι, Ἰπθόχωρέω, Ἰπθέρωεω, recedo:

to give way, retire. Κρονίδης ὑποχάζεται Apoll. 1. 1101. Pax. 506. Θ. 314. SYN. Ἀνάχάζομαι, ὑπέικω, ὑπεκφεύγω, ἀναχωρεῖω, ὑποστρέφω.

Ἰποχάσκω, aliquantum hio : to gape somewhat. Plut. 314. SYN. Χαίνω.

Ἰποχειρίδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sub manu est, subiectus : under the hand or power, subjected. Androm. 734. See Χειρίδς. SYN. Ἰποδμῶς, ὑποχῶς.

Ἰποχευμά, ἄτῶς, τὸ, liquor : a stream. Pyth. 5. 134.

Ἰποχέω, 1. α. ἔχευᾶ, suffundo, substerno : to pour or spread beneath. ξ. 49. SYN. Ἰποστῶρεω, ὑποβάλλω.

Ἰποχθύνδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, subterraneus : under the earth, subterraneus. Androm. 514. See Κάταχθύνδς.

Ἰποχλῶδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, subpallidus : somewhat pale. Καὶ ὑποχλῶδς εἶχε πάρεϊν Call. 4. 8.

Ἰποχῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, subjectus : subject to. Βασίλεις βασιλέως (trisyll.) ὑποχοι μέγαν Pers. 24. SYN. Ἰποχειρίδς.

Ἰποχωρεῖ. See Ἰποχάζομαι.

Ἰποψάλλσσω, leviter contracto : to pat gently. Lysist. 84. Ψα est brevis, quippe quæ formatur a ψάλλω, fut. verbi Ψάλλω. SYN. Κάταψάω, ἐπαράω.

Ἰποψία, ας, ἡ, suspicio : a suspicion. Ἦν μὲν ἡδ' ὑποψία Helen. 1549. SYN. Ἰπνοψία.

Ἰποψωνέω, in cōmendis opsoniis decipio : to cheat in buying meat. Acharn. 842.

Ἰπτιάω, Ἰπτιῶμαι, supinus sum : to be upturned. Ἰπτιάζεται τῷδε Philoct. 822. SYN. Ἰπτοκλινῶμαι.

Ἰπτιάσμαι, ἄτῶς, τὸ, sublatio, resupinatio : a turning or turning up. Agam. 1256. See above.

Ἰπτιῶμαι. See Ἰπτιάω.

Ἰπτίς, α, ὄν, supinus : turned upwards, upset. Καὶ Ἰπτίς ἐκπέσων ἵππων A. 179.

Ἰπωλένδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sub axilla est : under the arm. Ὁ δ' ὑπωλένιον κίθαριν Hom. Merc. 507.

Ἰπωπιάω, suggillo eam faciei partem quæ sub oculis est : to buffet under the eyes, maul. Pax 540. See below. SYN. Κάτάπλησσω, μάραινω.

Ἰπώπιν, ου, τὸ, pars quæ subjacet oculis ; suggillatio sub oculo : the part below the eye ; a black eye. Στεφάνων τριχίδων αλητηρίδων ὑπωπίων Acharn. 551. SYN. Τῶλός.

Ἰπώρειᾶ, ας, ἡ, radix montis : the root or bottom of a mountain. ΑΛΛ' ἐθ' ὑπώρειας T. 218.

Ἰπαρῶρδς, Ἰπαρῶφδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui sub tecto est, domesticus : under a roof. Ἰπαρῶρδοί τε κολοιοί Arat. 970. Herc. F. 107. SYN. see Ἰπρόστεγδς.

Ἰρία, ας, ἡ, Hyrcæ : a town in Bœotia. Οἱ δ' Ἰρίην ἐνέμοντο B. 496.

Ἰρμίνη, ης, ἡ, Hyrmine : a town in Elis. Ὅσσον ἐφ' Ἰρμίνην B. 616.

Ἰρτάκιδης, patronym. ab (2) Ἰρτάκδς, ου, ὁ, (1) Hyrtacides : the son of Hyrtacus ; (2) Hyrtacus : Hyrtacus. Ἀσιῶς Ἰρτάκιδην M. 96. I. 771.

Ἰρτίδς, ου, ὁ, Hyrtius. Τελῶμάννις Ἰρτίδον οὔτα Ξ. 511.

Ἰρρη, ης, ἡ, vas fictile cui imponuntur salamenta : a pickling vessel. Vesp. 674.

Ἰς. See Σῶς. Αργῖδοντάς ἰας δ. 60.

Ἰσδός, Æol. pro Ὀζος, q. v. Sappho (Edit. Commelin.), p. 23.

Ἰσμία, ὠν, αἶ, Hysia : a town in Bœotia. Ἰσιάς τ' Ἐρυθράς δ' αἶ Κιθαيرانὸς λέπας Bacch. 740.

Ἰσμίνη, ης, dat. η et ἰ (quasi ab Ἰσμίν), ἡ, pugna : a fight. Ἰσας δ' ἰσμίνην κεφάλας ἔχον A. 72. Μέρμασαν δ' ἰσμίνι μάχεσθαι B. 863. SYN. see Μάχη. Ερ. Κρατέρᾶ, ἀργάλεᾶ, πόλυ-δάκρυς, στάδια, δεινὴ, πολυδάκρυς.

Ἰσπληγξ, ηγγῶς, Ἰσπληγξ, Ἰσπλάτις aut Ἰσπλαγίς, ἰδῶς, ἡ, laqueus, scuticula suilla : a noose, pig whip. Ὀρνισιν δ' ὑσπλαγξ Theoc. 8. 58. Ἰοναῖκός ἄπὲρ ἁπὸ μῖας ὑσπλαγίδος Lysist. 1000. Sic Brunck, sed aliter scribitur ὑσπλάτιδς. De ὑσπληγξ sic notat Lobeck, ad Phryn. 71. : "Epigr. Adesp. 106. T. 4. p. 139. ὑσπληγγος, ubi Cod. Vat. ὑσπληγος, quam formam etiam codd. plures in Lycophr. 22. tuerunt, quamque T. H. ad Lucian. Tim. 376. vetustis codd. et edd. consuetam dicit." SYN. Δίκτυόν, πάγῃς, βούκεντρον.

Ἰσσάκδς, aut Ἰσσαξ, ἁκῶς, ὁ, pudenda muliebria. Ἀθήλαον τῶς ἀνδράς ἀπὸ τῶν ὑσσάκων Lysist. 1001. SYN. Χοῖρός.

Ἰσσιτᾶτῶς, et -τίδς. See Ἰσσιτῆρδς.

Ἰσσιτῆρδς, posterior sum ; desum : to be too late ; to be wanting. Παιδὸς ὑσσιτῆρῶμαι Iph. A. 1203. SYN. Βράδυνω, ἀναβάλλομαι, ἐλλείπω, ἐλαττώμαι.

Ἰσσιτῆροπινδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sero puniens : punishing though late. Agam. 58.

Ἰσσιτῆροπους, ὁ, ἡ, neutr. πουν, genit. πῶδς, tardo pede : slow-footed. Lysist. 326.

Ἰσσιτῆρδς, superl. (2) Ἰσσιτᾶτῶς, et Ἰσσιτᾶτις, α, ὄν, posterior, senior ; ultimus, postremus : after, subsequent ; last. Eur. Sup. 1093. Τινὰ δ' ὑσσιτᾶτῶν ἐξενάριξεν Herc. F. 483. Apoll. 1. 139. SYN. (2) Ἐσχάτδς, τέλευταῖδς.

Ἰσσιτῆροφθῶρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tarde perdens : late in destroying. Antig. 1074.

Ἰσσιτρίξ, ἰχῶς, ὁ, ἡ, hystrix : a hedge-hog. Καὶ ὑσσιτρίχδς ἐνθά κάλιαι Call. 3. 96. SYN. Ἐχίνδς.

Ἰσσιτρίχῃς, ἰδῶς, ἡ, flagellum ex setis suillis : a whip made of hogs' bristles. Μῶν ὑσσιτρίχῃς εἰσεβάλεν σοι Pax 746. SYN. Ἰσπληγξ, μάστιξ.

Ἰφαίνω, Ion. Ἰφαιέσκω, et Ἰφᾶω, texo ; struo : to weave ; to contrive, to build. Φάρε' ὑφαίνουσιν ἀλιπόρφυρᾶ p. 108. B. 104. η. 105. SYN. Εξυφαίνω, πλέκω, κάτασκευάζω.

Ἰφαίρῶ, subtraho : to take away privily. Vesp. 1334. SYN. Ἰφαρπάζω, ὑφέκω, ὑπεκκλέπτω, ἀποσυλάω, ἀποφέρω.

Ἰφαντοδδύντης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a textore contortus : twisted by a weaver. Av. 943. See above.

Ἰφαντός, ἡ, ὄν, textus : woven. Ἐνὴν Ἰφανταὶ γράμμασιν τοιαῖδ' ὑφαί Ion 1146. SYN. Εὐφῆς, πλεκτός.

Ἰφάπτω, succendo : to set fire to. Med. 379. SYN. see Ἰπποπύπρημι.

Ἰφαρπάζω, ἄσω, surripio : to carry off privately. Eccles. 921. SYN. Ἰφαίρῶ, ὑποκλέπτω, ὑπεξέρνω.

Ἰφασμά, ἄτῶς, τὸ, textura ; tela ; vestis : texture ; a web ; a robe. Orest. 25. See Ἰφαίνω.

Ἰφᾶω. See Ἰφαίνω.

Ἰφέλεκτῶς, α, ὄν, subtrahendus : must be dragged away. Eq. 920.

Ἰφελκω, subtraho: to drag away. Vesp. 187. SYN. Ἰφαιρέω, υπεξάγω, υπεξερίνω.

Ἰφέρπω, subpro: recurro: to creep on; to recur. Agam. 261. SYN. Εισέρχουμαι, υπέρχουμαι, ἀνέρπω.

Ἰφῆ, ἦς, ἡ, textura; tela: weaving; a web. Γράμμασιν τοιαύτῃ ὑφαί Ion 1146.

Ἰφηγέομαι, præeo; incipio; hortor: to go before; to begin; to advise. Eumen. 192. SYN. Προηγέομαι, ἀρχέομαι, πάρορμῶ, παράκἀλλω, ὑποδέκνυμι, προάγω.

Ἰφηγητής, οὔ, et Ἰφηγητήρ, ἥρως, ὁ, suaser: one who recommends. OE. R. 966. OE. C. 1688. SYN. Ἡγητήρ, ἡγέμων, ἄγος, προάγος.

Ἰφηνιόχως, ου, ὁ, administer aurigæ; auriga: an under-charioteer; a charioteer. Ἐσκέν ὑφηνιόχος Z. 19. SYN. see Ἡνιόχως.

Ἰφῆσσαν, ὄνως, paulo minor: somewhat less. Hes. Scut. 258.

Ἰφίσανω, subsideo: to settle under. ΑΛΛ' ὑφίσανον κύκλοις Phœn. 1397. SYN. Ἰπὸκάθημαι.

Ἰφίημι, submitto; suborno: to consign; to suborn. Σῶμ' ὑφέισ' αλγηδόσι Med. 24. See Ἰημι. SYN. Κάθημι, ἀνίημι, ὑποπέμπω, ὑποτίθημι, ὑποβάλλω.

Ἰφίστημι, subjicio; suscipio; subeo: to throw under, present; to undertake; to undergo. Eur. Sup. 200. SYN. Ἰπὸτίθημι, ὑποβάλλω, ἀντέχω, υπέρχουμαι, πισχνέομαι, ὑποδέχουμαι, ἀντάλημι, ὑποφέρω.

Ἰφορβός, οὔ, ὁ, subulcus: a swineherd. Κίλιν Εὐμάς ὑφορβός π. 156. SYN. see Σῶδωτης.

Ἰψάγρης, et Ἰψήγρηός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, grandiloquus: pompously speaking. Ἰψάγρην τ' ἐμέναι α. 385. P. V. 368. SYN. Μεγάλαυχής, μέγαληγρὸς, μεγάλωλαός.

Ἰψερέφης, Ἰψηρέφης, ἔως, et Ἰψορρόφως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altum tectum habens; celsus: high-roofed; lofty. τ. 526. δ. 46. κ. 474. SYN. Ἰψιμέλαρως, ὑψηλός, αἰπύς, κάτηνρέφης.

Ἰψαύχην, ἐνός, ὁ, ἡ, longum collum habens: long-necked, lofty. Bacch. 1050. SYN. Ἰψηλαύχην. See Ἰψηλός.

Ἰψεύς, ἔως, ὁ, Hypseus. Pyth. 9. 23.

Ἰψῆς, ἰδός, ἡ, Hypsei filia, sc. Cyrene: the daughter of Hypseus. Call. 2. 92. Is brevis, ut in Νεωλῆτις, ἰδός.

Ἰψηλοκρημνός, et Ἰψίκρημνός, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, alta præcipitia habens: high and craggy. Ἰψηλοκρημνοῖς τὸν λῆωργὸν οχμάσαι P. V. 5. 429. SYN. Κρημνώδης, τραχύς.

Ἰψηλός, ἡ, ὄν, altus: high. Aj. 1230. SYN. Ἰψερέφης, ὑψίστατός, μετέωρος, αἰπύς, ὑψαύχην, ὑψηλός.

Ἰψηλόφρων, Ἰψίφρων, ὄνως, ὁ, ἡ, qui mente elata est: lofty-minded. Ἰψηλόφρων μοι θυμὸς Iph. A. 919. Pyth. 2. 94. SYN. Μεγαθυμὸς, μέγαλήτωρ, ὑπέρφρων, ὑπέρηφάνος, ὑπέρθυμός.

Ἰψηλῶρ, ὄρως, ὁ, Hypsenor. E. 76. Ep. Ἰππαστίδης, ὑπέρθυμός, ποιμὴν λαῶν.

Ἰψηρέφης. See Ἰψερέφης.

Ἰψηχῆς, ἔδως, altisonus: loud-sounding. E. 772. SYN. Ἰψίσεμέτης.

Ἰψί, Ἰψοῦ, Ἰψόσε, alte, in altum: on high, aloft. Ἰψί πῆρ ἐν νεφέεσσιν π. 264. A. 486. Δ. 307. SYN. Ἄνω, ἀνωθί, μετέωρον.

Ἰψιστάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in alto situs: towering. Nem. 10. 88. See Ἰψί and Ἀεσάτος. SYN. Ἰψιθάμων, ὑψιδρόμος.

Ἰψίδας, ου, ὁ, ranæ nomen: the name of a frog. Πρώτος δ' Ἰψίδας Batrach. 202.

Ἰψίσεμέτης, ου, altisonans: loud roaring. Ζεὺς ὑψισεμέτης ε. 4. SYN. Ἰψιδρόμος, ὑψηλῆς.

Ἰψιγέννητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in alto natus: high-born. Ἰψιγέννητον κλάδον Eumen. 43. SYN. Πέριμηκης, ὑψηλόφυής.

Ἰψιγυῖος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altis membris: high-limbed. Olymp. 5. 31. See above, and Ἰνιδόν.

Ἰψιγέννητος, ὑψικάρηνος.

Ἰψίζυγος, Ἰψιθρόνως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, in excelsa sede sedens: enthroned on high. Ὀρκιά μὲν Κρόνιδης ὑψίζυγος H. 69. Nem. 4. 105. SYN. Ἰψιθακός.

Ἰψιθρόνως. See above.

Ἰψικάρηνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altum caput habens: towering. Ἡ δρυὲς ὑψικάρηναι Hom. Ven. 265.

Ἰψαύχην, ὑψικόμος, ἐριαύχην, ὑψηλός, ὑψηλόφως.

Ἰψικέρως, ατὸς, Ἰψικέρως, ω, celsa gerens cornua: having high horns. Nub. 597. (Pa in ratōs est longa, ut in κέρατα in illo Anacreontico Φύσις κέρατα ταύροις.) Trach. 507.

Ἰψικόμος, Ἰψηλαίτης, ου, alte comatus: high and full of leaves. Εκ δρυὸς ὑψικόμοιοι τ. 297. Pyth. 306. SYN. Ἰψιπέτηλός, ὑψιπέταλός, χαίτης, εὐκόμος.

Ἰψικόμπως, arroganter: arrogantly. Ὁ δ' ὑψικόμπως κάφρὼς ημεῖσάτο Aj. 766. SYN. Ἰπέρφρωνος.

Ἰψίκομπως. See Ἰψηλοκρημνός.

Ἰψηλόφως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celsam cristam habens: high-crested. Ἐσται δ' ὑψηλόφρων τέ λῶγων Ran. 834. SYN. see Ἰψικάρηνος.

Ἰψιμέδων, οντός, in alto regnans: reigning on high. Nub. 563. See above. SYN. Ἰψίζυγός, ὑψιθρόνως, πάντων βασιλεὺς, ὑψικράτης.

Ἰψιμέλαρβός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, excelsa habens atria: having lofty courts. Αὐλὶὼν ὑψιμέλαρβον Hom. Merc. 399. SYN. see Ἰψερέφης.

Ἰψιμέλας, αἰνᾶ, ἄν, alte niger, perniger: quite black. Νηῶν ὑψιμέλαιανῶν O. 387.

Ἰψινέφης, ἔως, qui est in altis nubibus: in high clouds. Σωτήρ ὑψινέφης Ζεὺ Olymp. 5. 39. Ἰψινέδως, ου, ὁ, ἡ, alte situs: situated on high ground. Isthm. 1. 42. See above.

Ἰψιπέτης, εντός, Ἰψιπέτης, ἔδως, altivolans, excelsus: high-flying, lofty. Hec. 1084. ω. 537. See below.

Ἰψιπέτηλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, altus et frondosus: lofty and leafy. Δένδρεά δ' ὑψιπέτηλᾷ λ. 587. SYN. see Ἰψικόμος.

Ἰψιπέτης. See Ἰψιπέτης.

Ἰψιπόλις, ἔως, princeps civitatis: high in the state. Antig. 370. See above, and Ἀπόλις. SYN. Λαοσέτης.

Ἰψίπους, ποδός, excelso pede stans: standing on a lofty basis. OE. R. 866. See Ἰψιπύλος.

Ἰψιπυλῆα, as, et Ἰψιπύλη, ης, ἡ, Hypsipyle: the daughter of Thoas king of Lemnos. Ἰψιπυλῆα ὀθαντός Apoll. 1. 621. 836. Ep. Δημνία, ὀθαντίās.

Ἰψιπύλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celsas portas habens: lofty-gated. Ἐνθα κὲν ὑψιπύλον Τροίην Π. 698.

Ἰψιπυργός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celsas tures habens: having high towers. Τήνδ' ὑψιπυργὸν ἀντέπύργωσαν τότε Eumen. 691.

Ἰψιστός, η, ὄν, celsissimus: highest. Trach. 1193.

Ἰψιτέρος, α, ὄν, celsior: higher. Καὶ δρυὲς ὑψιτέραι Theoc. 8. 46.

Ἰψίφρων. See Ἰψηλόφρων.

Ῥύχαιτης. See Ῥυκός.

Ῥυρόφους. See Ῥυρέφης.

Ῥύος, ἔδος, τὸ, altitudo: height. Phœn. 415.

Ῥύσε. See Ῥυί.

Ῥυοῦ. See Ῥυί.

Ῥύω, ὥω, in altum tollo: to raise on high. Batrach. 80. SYN. Ἀνέγειρω, ἀνέχω, ἐπαίρω.

Ῥω, pluo: to rain. Οὐδ' ὦν πάντως ἀνδάνει οὐδ' ἀνέχων Theogn. 26. SYN. Ἀνομβρέω.

Φ.

Φάαντατος, η, ὄν, lucidissimus: very bright. Εὐρ' αστήρ ὑπέρσχε' φάαντατος ν. 93.

Φάγεδαινα, ης, ἡ, phagedæna: a consuming disease. Φάγεδαινα γ' ἡ μου σάρκα δονᾷται πύδος Eur. fr. Philoct. 4.

Φάγω, edo: to eat. Τυρῶν ἀνυμένοι φαγόμεν ι. 232. SYN. Εσθίω, ἐδῶμαι, κατὰφαγω, τρώγω.

Φάεθουσα, ης, ἡ, Phaethusa, filia Heli et Næaræ: the name of a nymph. Ὀπλοτέρη Φάεθουσα δῦγατρῶν Ἡελίοιο Apoll. 4. 971.

Φάεθων, οντός, (1) lucidus: bright; (2) Phaëthon: Phaëton, the son of Phœbeus: also the name of one of the Sun's horses, and of a bull sacred to the Sun. Φάεθων κύκλος Ἡελίοιο Eur. El. 465. ψ. 246. SYN. (1) see Φαίνος. PHR. (2) see Apoll. 597—601.

Φαίνος, Φαινός, et Φανός, η, ὄν, lucidus: shining, splendid. Οὐδεὶς ἐδίδου κῶθονά φαίνον Pax 1094. Bacch. 624. Acharn. 845. Sed nec hic locus nec Eccles. 347. explicant quantitatem primæ syllabæ τοῦ φανός. Longa esse videtur a φᾶος, φαῖος, unde adj. φᾶένος, φανός. Sie δανός, adj. a δᾶος esse putes, aut à δᾶω, δαίω. Confer et subst. φανός. SYN. Λαμπρός, φαέθων, ἄγλαός, τηλαυγής, φανώλις (ἡ), ευφεγγής, φωτεινός.

Φαίνω. See Φάω.

Φαινός. See Φαίνος.

Φᾶεσιμβρότος, Φᾶεσφόρος, Φωσφόρος, et Φανού-κροτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lucem hominibus adferens: giving light to mortals. Φᾶεσιμβρότου Ἡελίοιο κ. 138. Call. 3. 204. Thesm. 865. Olymp. 7. 71. SYN. Σέλασφόρος, ἑωσφόρος.

Φᾶεσφόρια, ας, ἡ, tædæ gestatio: the bearing of a torch, illumination. Ἀλλὰ φᾶεσφόρην τέ Call. 3. 11.

Φᾶεσφόρος. See Φᾶεσιμβρότος.

Φαίλας, ακός, Ion. Φαίλης, ηκός, ὁ, Phæax: (1) an orator at Athens, (2) a Phæacian or inhabitant of Phæacia, afterwards Corcyra. Eq. 1374. A in Φαίλακος est longa, ut apud Latinos: Protinus ærias Phæacum abscondimus arces, Virg. Æn. 3. 291. Ep. (1) Σύνερκτικός, πέραντικός, γυμνοτύ-πικός, σάφης, κρουστικός, (2) Plur. ἄγανολ, ἀμύ-μονες, δολιχέρητοι, ἰδρίες, ναυσίκλυτοι, ἀντίθιοι, μέγαθυμοι.

Φαίδιμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Φαίδιμους, εσσα, ἔν, illustris: illustrious. Καὶ Φαίδιμὰ γυνία Z. 27. Καὶ Φαίδιμνεντες Ἐπειῶι N. 636. SYN. Ἄγανός, ἐπισήμους, λαμπρός, κιδιστός.

Φαίδρα, ας, ἡ, Phædra: the wife of Theseus. Ἰδοῦσά Φαίδρα καρδίαν κατέειχέτο Hipp. 27.

Φαιδρός, ἄ, ὄν, et Φαιδρωτός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, hilaris: cheerful, gay. Med. 1039. Orest. 885. SYN. Ἄγανός, γέγηθώς, λαμπρός, ευπρόσωπος, ἱλαρός.

Φαιδρῶνους, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sereno animo: cheerful-minded. Agam. 1200.

Φαιδρύντρια, ας, ἡ, lotrix: a washerwoman. Σπαργάνω φαιδρύντρια Choëph. 747.

Φαιδρύνω, nitidum facio: to render cheerful, gay, or clean. Agam. 1078. Apoll. 4. 671. SYN. Εκκάθαίρω, Φαιδρῶ, ευφραίνω, ἀπὸλαμπρύνω.

Φαιδρωπός. See Φαιδρός.

Φαινάρητη, ης, ἡ, Phænarete. Γᾶμει δὲ Κέλεις Φαινάρητην τήθην ἐμὴν Acharn. 49.

Φαινώλις, ἰδός, ἡ, splendide apparens: splendidly appearing. Ὅσα φαινώλις εσκέδᾳς ᾠς Sapph. 23. SYN. see Φαίνος.

Φαίνω, f. ᾠῶ, ostendo: to show. Eur. El. 829. SYN. Εμφαίνω, ἀνὰφαίνω, δείκνυμι, ὑπόφαίνω, πρόφέρω.

Φαίνωψ, ὀπός, (1) ὁ, ἡ, clare videns: seeing clearly. (2) ὁ, Phænops. Manetho 4. 239. E. 152.

Φαιστός, ου, ὁ, et (2) Φαιστός, οὔ, ἡ, Phæstus: (1) a noble Lydian; (2) a city in Crete. E. 43. B. 648.

Φαιωχίτων, ωνός, ὁ, ἡ, nigra veste indutus: sable-robed. Φαιωχίτωνες καὶ πέπλεκτάνημεναι Choëph. 1036.

Φάκελος, ου, ὁ, fasciculus: a bundle. Θήξεις μάχαίρας καὶ μέγαν φάκελον ξύλων Cycl. 242.

Φάκη, ης, ἡ, et Φάκος, οὔ, ὁ, lens: lentils, pulse. Καὶ πρόσεστηκεν φάκῃ Vesp. 811. Theoc. 10. 54.

Φάκος. See Φάκη.

Φάλαγγηδόν, turmatim: by troops. Τῇ ῥ' ὄγε πρὸχέοντο φάλαγγηδόν πρὸ δ' Ἀπόλλων O. 360.

Φάλαγξ, αγγός, ἡ, (1) phalanx: a phalanx or army; (2) trabs: a plank; (3) tarantula: a tarantula. Ran. 1314. See above. SYN. (1) Τάξις, στίχος, στρατός. Ep. (1) Κράτερὰ, πύ-ματη, πυκινὴ, στίβαρα, δολιχὴ, ἐνόπλιος.

Φάλαινα, ης, ἡ, balæna: a whale. Vesp. 35. Nonn. 6. 298. Quanto delphinis balæna Britannica major Juv. 10. 14. SYN. Φάλη.

Φάλαινα, ης, ἡ, tineæ: a moth which flutters about candles. Φαλαίνη ἐνάλιγκιὰ τὴν περὶ λόχους Nicand. Θ. 760.

Φάλακρος, ἄ, ὄν, calvus: bald. Καὶ τοῖς φάλακροῖσι παραινόμεν (anapaestic. dim.) Pax 767.

Φάλαρις, ἰδός, ὁ, Phalaris: a tyrant of Agrigentum. Εχθρὰ Φάλαριν κατέχει παντὰ φάτις Pyth. 1. 186. answering to παρ μὲν Σάλαμινος Ἀθηναίων χάριν.

Φάλαρον, ου, τὸ, phaleræ; crista; lorum: trappings; a crest or top; a thong. Καπφάλαρ' (pro κατὰ φάλαρα) ευποίηθ' II. 106. SYN. Φάληρον, ἡνιόν. Ep. Ευποίητον.

Φάληριζω, albesco spuma: to be white with foam. Κυρτὰ φάληριζωντὰ N. 799. SYN. Λευκαίνομαι, ἀφρίζω.

Φάληρικός, ἡ, ὄν, Phalericus: of the Phalerus, one of the harbours at Athens. Ἀφῶς ἄρ' ἀξει πρίαμμενος Φάληρικός Acharn. 901.

Φάληρις, ἰδός, ἡ, avis marina: a sea-bird, a coot. Ὀρνιθὶ φάληριδί θύειν Av. 566.

Φάληρος, et Φαλίος, α, ὄν, albus, spumeus: white, foamy. Ὅ κῶν ὁ φάλαρος ὑλακτεῖ Theoc. 8. 27. Call. fr. 176. Λι brevis, ut in βάλις.

SYN. Φάληριζω, λευκός, ἀφρώδης.

Φάληρ, ητός, et Φάλλος, ου, ὁ, phallus: the phallus. Ἀπὸσχωνται δὲ φάλητων Lysist. 771. Acharn. 259.

Φάλλος. See Φάληρος.

Φαλλικός, ἡ, ὄν, phallicus: of the phallus. Ἀσσομαι τὸ Φαλλικόν Acharn. 260.

Φάλλος. See Φάλης.

Φάλλος, ου, ὁ, conus galeæ: the cone of a helmet. Κόρυθος λαμπούσι φάλλοις Π. 216. SYN. Δόφος.

Φάναϊ, seu Φάναϊ, ὦν, αἱ, illuminationes: illuminations. "Μυστηρίων τὲ τῶν ἀπορρήτων φάνας Rhcs. 946. Oxytone autem Ion 550., ἐς φάνας γέ Βακχίου." Steph. ed. Valp. Vox Φαναί, urbs quædam in Chio, occurrit apud Av. 1092.: sed quantitas primæ est ibi incerta. SYN. Ελλάμψεις, ὀργιά.

Φανάϊος, α, ὄν, splendidus: splendid. Σὺ μοι Ζεὺς ὃ φάναϊος Rhcs. 351. Congruit cum Ἦκεις ὦ ποτᾶμοῦ παῦ. Sed dubitant interpretes de explicatione vocis. Barnes vertit *coram apparens oculis*, quo sensu oritur ex φάνω aut ἐφάνω, ut et Φανέρως.

Φανέρως, ἀ, ὄν, manifestus: manifest. Bacch. 493. See below. SYN. Εμφάνης, περίφανής, ἀριδής, ἀριδείκετός, δήλως, ἐκδηλός.

Φανέρως, manifeste: manifestly. Φανέρως τέλεως διάπράσσουσιν Eumen. 956. SYN. Ἀνάφανδόν, λαμπρῶς.

Φανός, adj. See Φαεινός.

Φανός, οὔ, ὁ, latera, fax, lampas: a lanthorn, torch, lamp. Τῆς δ' ἀμπελίου δ' ἐπὶ τὴν χύτραν τὸν φάνον ἐγκάθεντ' (vers. hipponact.) Lysist. 308. SYN. Δαῖς, λαμπάς, πυρός, φέγγος.

Φανότεις, ἔως, ὁ, Phanoteus: a city of Phocis; also a native of that city. Ἀρπάλυκω Φανότηϊ Theoc. 22. 114.

Φαντάζομαι, appereo: to appear. Agam. 1477. SYN. Φαίνομαι.

Φάντασμα, Φάσμα, ἄτος, τὸ, visum, spectrum: a vision, ghost. Hec. 54. Trach. 850. SYN. Εἰδωλόν, τέρας, ὄραμα. Ερ. Μελάνοπτέρων, ποικίλωμορφόν.

Φάος, ἔος, Φῶς (poët. Φῶς), ωτός, τὸ, (1) lux; salus: light; safety; (2) plur. oculi: dies: eyes; days. Εν φάει δουλειόσμεν Hec. 415. 435. B. 49. The first syllable of the plural Φάεα signifying eyes (dat. φάεσι, aut φάεσσι), is long in Homer, π. 15. ρ. 39. and τ. 417., in Moschus 2. 4. and 4. 9., and six times in Callimachus; but it is short in Apoll. 3. 1020. and 4. 1170., and in Hesiod fr. 21. 4. SYN. Φεγγός, ἀσγή, ἑλᾶς, ἡμέρα, σωτηρία, οφθαλμός. Ερ. Γλυκέρων, ασπαστόν, λαμπρόν, οξυτάτον, πέρικαλλές, σωτήριον, λοισθίον, εχθρόν, ἄγρον, ἄβατον, μακάριον, σεμνόν, καλλιθέλαρον, λευκόν, ἔλευθερίον, ἱερόν.

Φάραγξ, ἀγγός, ἡ, vallis inter montium prærupta: a ravine. Θάσσειν φάραγγ' ἐφασκ' Iph. T. 278. SYN. Κρημνός, ἀγκός, χάσμος, κοιλιά, τὰφρος. Ερ. Πόλυκλυστός, δυσχείμερός, ἡρία.

Φάρετρα, as, ἡ, dimin. Φαρέτριον, ου, τὸ, pharetra: a quiver. Οὐθεὶ φάρετραν δ' εὐτρέφει σκευάζεται Herc. F. 964. Mosch. 1. 20. SYN. Ἰδδύκος, ἀμφηρέφης, κοιλὴ, ὑψέαιρα, ὑπωλένις.

Φάρη, ης, ἡ, Phares: a town in Laconia. Φάρηη τε Σπάρτην τε B. 582.

Φαρμάκευς, ἔως, Φαρμάκος, Φαρμάκωπῶλης, ου, ὁ, et Φαρμάκεις, ἰδός, ἡ, confector, confectrix medicinarum: a dealer in drugs. Φαρμάκευς Τραχυνίον Trach. 1142. Eq. 1402. Nub. 764. 747. The penult of Φαρμάκος is long in Ionic Greek. See Gaisford's Hephæstion, p. 254.

Φαρμάκευ, Φαρμάσσω, Φαρμάκος, veneno utor: to drug, poison. Παῖδ' αὖ φαρμάκευδ' Androm.

355. Apoll. 3. 478. Pyth. 4. 393. SYN. Πότιζω, βάπτω, μόλυνω.

Φαρμάκεις. See Φαρμάκευς.

Φάρμακον, ου, τὸ, venenum; remedium: a drug, poison; a remedy. Φάρμακον τρισσοῖς φίλοις Orest. 1189. See Blomfield on the various kinds of φάρμακα, Gloss. P. V. 488. SYN. ἰός, ἄκος, ἄκσμά. Ερ. Θυμοφθόρον, κάκον, ὀδύνη-φάτον, ἄγριον, εσθλόν, ἡπτόν, λυγρόν, μητιόεν, δραστηρίον, δανάσιμον, κέκρυμμένον, σόφον, ἀδηλόν, σουδμένον, γλυκύν, σωτηρίον, χριστόν, λευγάλεον, λογιόν, ἀνδροφόνον, πίκρον, πτότον.

Φαρμάκωπῶλης. See Φαρμάκευς.

Φαρμάκος. See Φαρμάκευς.

Φαρμάκω. See Φαρμάκευς.

Φαρμάσσω. See Φαρμάκευς.

Φαρνάκης, ου, ὁ, Pharnaces. Τουτί τί ἦν ἐκ-κλησία περὶ Φαρνέκου Av. 1030.

Φάρως, ου, ἡ, Pharos: a small island off the coast of Egypt. Αἰγύπτου πρόπαροῖθ' Ἰσθμὸν δ' ἐκικλήσκονσι δ. 355.

Φάρως, ἔος, τὸ, vestis: a cloak. Στείχει γυναικῶν φάρῃσιν μέλαγχρῖμοις Choeph. 9. Νῦν ἔχοι ταυτ' ἂν φάρῃ Eur. El. 543. The first syllable of Φάρως is always long in Homer—generally short where its quantity can be actually determined (though sometimes long, as in the instance above quoted,) in the tragedies—short also in Apoll. 3. 862., in four other instances long, and short Hes. Op. 181. See Herman. de Metris, p. 444. Bruck's Lex Sophocli. Monk. Hipp. 125. and Heyne Ω. 231. SYN. Εσθής, ἐσθημά, ἱμάτιον, χιτῶν, πέπλον, στολμός. Ερ. Κρόκεόν, πορφύρεόν, λεπτόν, λεπτὰλεόν, χρυσέδοτόλον, λεπτόμιθον, χρυσέδοτηντόν, λευκόν, πόλυπολ-κίλον, πόλυπηντόν, ἀλπίορφερόν, κυᾶνέον, ἀργυφέον, μέγα, χαρίεν, μάλακόν, νηγάτεον.

Φάρω, αρο: to plough. Ἡ ἄφαρον φάρωσι Call. fr. 183. SYN. Ἀρότριάω.

Φαρσαλῖος, α, ὄν, Φάρσαλδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Pharsalicus: of Pharsalia, a city in Thessaly. Γῆς ἐξ Φαρσαλίας Androm. 22. Iph. A. 812.

Φάρυγξ, γυγός et ὕγος, ἡ, gula: the gullet, windpipe. Τὰχ' ἐξ ἀναιδούς φάρυγος ὠθήσει κρέα Cycl. 587. Φάρυγγος legebatur in Cycl. 409.; sed Porsonus legit φάρυγος. SYN. Δάρυγξ, ἀσφαργός.

Φάργανῶν, ου, τὸ, gladius: a sword. Φαργανῶν αἶψα E. 81. SYN. Ἄορ, ἑφόος, μάχαιρα, χαλκός. Ερ. Αμφίχρυσον, μέλανδέτον, βαρβαρόν, κωπήεν, κάλον, ἀργυρόηλον, ἀμφηκής, χάλκεον, οξύ, μέγα, θηκτόν, κελαινόν, εχθρόν, οξύθηκτόν.

Φαργανόθηγος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, enses fabricans: sword-forging. Choeph. 636. See above.

Φάσηλος, ου, ὁ, leguminis genus quoddam: a kind of pulse. ΑΛΛ' ἀφανέ τῶν φάσηλων ὦ γυναι τρεῖς χολνίκας (tetram. troch.) Pax 1144.

Φάσιανικός, ἡ, ὄν, more phasiani: like a pheasant. Ἐπὶ κέχυδ' ὧς ἐγώ γε φάσιανικός Av. 68. See below.

Φασιάνος, οὔ, ὁ, phasianus: a pheasant. Τοὺς φασιάνους οὖς τρέφει Λέωνόρας Nub. 109.

Φᾶσις, ἰδός, ἡ, Phasis: a river in Colchis. Ἰτέρ τε Φᾶσιν καμὲ παρὰ καλῆν αἶε Androm. 649. Ερ. Δινηείς, εὐρήλειος, καλλιρρόδος, ἀξένος.

Φάσκει. See Φημί.

Φάσμα. See Φάντασμα.

Φάσσα, seu Φάττα, ης, ἡ, palumbus: a wood-pigeon. Νέρτος ἱέραξ φάττα κόκκιν' ἐρυθρόπους κέβληπύρις (troch. tetram.) Av. 303.

Φασσόφονος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, palumbos interficiens : wood-pigeon-killing. O. 238.

Φάτειος, Φάτος, ἡ, ὁ, dicendus : dictus : to be described ; described. Φόθος οὐτέ φάτειος Hes. Scut. 144. Hes. Op. 3. SYN. Ὀνόμαστος, ῥητός, κλύτος, πόλυφάτος, ἐνδοξός.

Φάτις. See Φημί.

Φάτις, ἔως, ἡ, dictum ; oraculum ; fama : a saying ; an oracle ; fame. Ἥλθεν ὥς ἥξει φάτις Androm. 79. SYN. Φήμη, λόγος, αγγελία, χρησμός, κληδών, δόξα, μαντεία, μάντευμα. Ερ. Πομπήμη, πικρά, ευκλής, ἡδύεπης, εσθλή, ἡδεῖα.

Φάτης, ης, ἡ, præsepe : a stall. Τῆς φάτης καὶ τῶν κρέων Nub. 13. Ερ. Ἰπτεία, ὑρέσσαυλος, χάρπιη, εὐέστος.

Φάτος. See Φάτειος.

Φάττω. See Φάσσω.

Φάυλλος, ου, ὁ, Phayllus. Acharn. 214. Φά brevis ut in Latinis. Sitque Phayllæ causa leæna necis Ov. Ibis 504.

Φαῦλος, Φλαῦρος, α, ὁ, malus, vilis, levis : bad, paltry, trifling. Iph. T. 306. C. C. 395. SYN. Κάκος, ἀδικός, μόχθηρος, ευτέλης, οὐτίδανος, βαιός, πόνηρος.

Φαυλότης, ητος, ἡ, improbitas, vilitas : badness, meanness. Eur. fr. Pol. 5. 2. SYN. Ἀτασθάλια, ἀνοῖα.

Φαῦλος, Φλαῦρος, male, leviter : badly, meanly. Ion 1546. Av. 654. SYN. Ευχέρως, πόνηρως, κάκως.

Φαυσιάδης, ου, ὁ, Phausiades : the son of Phausius. Καὶ βάλῃ Φαυσιάδην Ἀπίσάνδῃ A. 577.

Φαυσιέρωτος. See Φάεσιμωρότος.

Φάω, Φάεινω, luceo : to shine. Φάε δὲ χρυσόθρονος ηώς ξ. 502. Μὲν' ἀθανάτοισι φάεινε υ. 385. SYN. Λάμπω, φαίνω.

Φάω, inus, fut. πέφῃσθαι, pf. πέφάμαι, occido : to kill. Εν δὲ σύ τοῖσι πέφῃσθαί N. 829. SYN. Σφάζω, ἀποκτείνω, ἀναιρέω.

Φέξωμαι, timeo ; fugio, pello : to fear ; to run away, to be driven away. A. 121. SYN. Φεύγω, φόβεσθαι.

Φέγγος, ἔως, τὸ, lux, dies : light, day. Hec. 32. SYN. Φάος, φῶς, φῶς, αὐγή, σέλας. Ερ. Ἐλευθέρον, χρυσεῦκυκλον, λαμπρόν, ὀλοὺν, μοιρίδων, Δεσπεσίον, ἀσπασίον, καθύρδον.

Φεῖα, ἄς, ἡ, Phia : a town near Elis. H. 135. Φειδίας, ου, ὁ, Phidias. Φειδίας ηκηκῆ Pax 616.

Φειδιππίδης, ου, ὁ, Phidippides, et diminutivum Φειδιππίδων. Φειδιππίδῃ Φειδιππίδων τί ὦ πάτερ Nub. 81.

Φειδιππός, ου, ὁ, Phidippus. B. 678. Φειδύλας, ου, ἄλ. αὐ, ὁ, Phidolas. Anac. 187.

Φεῖδμαι, parco : to spare. Φεῖδμαι ψυχῆς ἔμης Herc. F. 1137. SYN. Ἀπέχω, ἐλέω.

Φειδῶ, ὄος, Φειδωλή, et Φειδωλία, ας, ἡ, parsimonia : parsimony. Eur. fr. Antiop. 11. 3. X. 244. Καὶ νοῦν ἔχοντάς ὦν ὑπὸ τῆς φειδωλίας Nub. 833. SYN. Σωφρόσυνῃ.

Φειδωλός, ἡ, ὁ, parcus : parsimonious. Nub. 421. SYN. Γλίσχρός, ευτέλης, ἀνέλευθέρους.

Φελλεύς, ἔως, ὁ, Phellæus : a mountain in Attica. Acharn. 273.

Φελλός, ου, ὁ, cortex suberis : a cork. Pyth. 2. 146. SYN. Φλοιός.

Φένακίζω, decipio : to deceive. Ὅστις φένακίζει φράσαι δ' οὕτω τέλῃκας ἡμῶν (vers. hip-

ponact.) Plut. 280. SYN. Εξαπάτω, γῆτεῦω, ἐπίχλευάζω.

Φένακισμός, ου, ὁ, deceptio : deceit, imposition. Eq. 630. See above. SYN. Φένακισμα, ἀπάτη, ἐξαπάτη.

Φέναξ, ακός, ὁ, deceptor : a deceiver, cheat. Καὶ φένακες ἦν δ' ἐγὼ Eq. 634. SYN. Ἀπατηλός, πλάνης, γῆς.

Φένεος, ου, ἡ, Pheneus : a city in Arcadia. B. 605.

Φέραί, ὦν, αἱ, Phæræ : a city in Thessaly. B. 711.

Φεραῖος, α, ὁ, Phæræus : of Phæræ. Alcest. 622.

Φέρασπς, ἰδός, clypeatus : shield-bearing. Φέρασπι πόλισσός Hom. 7. 2. SYN. Ασπίδηφόρος, ασπίδοφέρμων, ἀπιστής, ασπίδοφόρος, ασπίδοῦτης, λογχήρης.

Φέρω, pasco, nutrio : to feed, rear. Ion 326. SYN. Βόσκω, τρέφω, σῶζω.

Φερέγγυος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, idoneus : trust-worthy, competent. Προστάτειν φερέγγυος Sept. Th. 392. SYN. Ασφάλῃς, βεβαίος, δυνάτος, ἐχέγγυος.

Φερεμμελίης, ου, hastam fraxineam gestans : bearing an ashen spear. Φωτὰ φερεμμελίην Mimnrm. 4. 4. SYN. Ἑμμελίης, ευμελίας, αιχημητής, λογχήφόρος.

Φερέοικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, domiporta : carrying its house. Hes. Op. 569.

Φερέπνοος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, laborifer : toil-enduring. Pyth. 2. 56.

Φερέσειός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vitam sustinens : life-supporting. Γαῖα φερέσειός Hom. Apoll. 341.

Φερεσσάκης, ἔος, scutifer : shield-bearing. Φερεσσάκης Καδμείους Hes. Scut. 13. SYN. Σάκεσφόρος, σάκεσπάλος, ἀπιστής, ασπίδοῦχος.

Φερέτρον, aut Φέρτρον, ου, τὸ, feretrum : a bier. Κείμενον εν φερέτρῳ Σ. 236. : ubi Heyn. legit φέρτρῳ. SYN. Σδρός, θήκη.

Φέρης, ητος, ὁ, Pheres : the father of Admetus. Eumen. 726.

Φέριστος. See Φερέτρος.

Φέρμα, ἄτος, τὸ, proventus : produce, product. Æsch. Sup. 698. SYN. Γέννημα.

Φερνή, ης, ἡ, dos : a dowry. Iph. A. 47.

Φερσέφονῃ. See Περσέφραττα.

Φερέτρος, superl. φερέτατος et φέριστος, η, ὁ, validior, præstantior : stronger, better. Helen. 345. Apoll. 4. 1383. Sept. Th. 39. SYN. Κρείσων, κρῆτιστος, ἀριστός, πάναριστος.

Φερτός, Φόρητος, ἡ, ὁ, ferendus : to be endured. Hec. 155. Hipp. 445. SYN. Τλητός, ἀνάσχετός.

Φερέτρον. See Φερέτρος.

Φέρω, f. οἶσω, l. a. ἡνεικά et ἡνεγκά, fero ; aufero ; specto, peto : to bear ; to take away ; to tend to. Helen. 1541. The imperative form φέρε is used adverbially, as also ἀγέ. SYN. Φόρεω, φόρημι, κύμιζω, τλάω, βαστάζω, ἄγω, ὑπσφέρω, ἔχω.

Φεύγω, Φυγγάνω, fugio ; exul fio : to flee ; to be banished. Med. 561. Ὡδὲ δεσμὰ φυγγάνω P. V. 522. SYN. Ἀποφύγω, ἄλευω, ἀλέεινω, διδράσκω, πῶδα φύγῃ νωμῶα, ἀποτρέχω.

Φεύζω, ξω, exclamo φεύ, φεύ : to cry alas. Agam. 1279. SYN. Οἰμάζω, αιάζω.

Φευκτός, Φευκτός, et Φυκτός, ἡ, ὁ, fugiendus : must be avoided. Av. 392. Aj. 223. Π. 128.

Φευξίς, Φούξις, ἔως, ἡ, fuga : flight. Antig. 362. K. 311.

Φεψᾶλδς, ου, ὁ, Φεψᾶλυξ, ὕγος, ἡ, scintilla, carbo : a spark, live coal. Acharn. 668. Lysist. 107. See below. SYN. Σπιυθρη, ἀνθραξ.

Φεψᾶλδω, in cineres redigo : to reduce to ashes. Ἐφεψᾶλδθη κἀξέσροντήθη σθένος P. V. 362. SYN. Κατὰκαίω, αἰθᾶλδω.

Φηγεύς, ἔως, ὁ, Phegeus : a noble Trojan. E. 15.

Φήγινδς, η, ὄν, fagineus : beechen. Φήγινδς ἄζων E. 838.

Φηγῶς, οὔ, ἡ, fagus : a beech-tree. H. 22. Ep. Ὑψηλή, περίκαλλης, ἄγριῆς, σκίερά, ἱέρα, ἔραννῃ.

Φήληξ, ηκδς, ὁ, ficus nondum matura, etsi maturitatis speciem prae se ferat : fallax : an unripe fig : a cheat. Pax 1165.

Φηλητής, οὔ, ὁ, deceptor : a deceiver. Rhes. 217. SYN. Φήληξ, κἀκοῦργος.

Φηλῶδς, decipio : to deceive. Apoll. 3. 982. SYN. Ἀπατάω, ἐξαπατάω, δόλῶ, φένακίζω.

Φήμη, ης, Φήμις, ἔως, ἡ, fama, omen : fame, report, omen. Helen. 819. v. 200. SYN. Φᾶτις, κλέυς, βᾶξις, αγγέλια, ομφή, λῶγος, κληδών. Ep. Ἀδεικίης, χάλεπῃ, εὐαγγέλδς, ἡδύεπῃς, τάχιστα, περνή, ἀνέπιστος, ἐτίμδς, αξιοπενθής, εσθλή, πολλὰ, κἀκῇ, δεινῇ, δυσκέλαδδς.

Φημί, φάσκω, et φητίζω, dico : to say. Phoen. 612. Alcest. 653. Ἐμὴ φάτισθεῖς' ου γάρ Iph. A. 936. SYN. Λέγω, ἔρεω, αὐδᾶω, φράζω, φωνέω, φημίζω.

Φημίζω, divulgo : to divulge. Choeph. 550. SYN. Διάφημίζω, φημί, μαντεύδμαι.

Φήμις. See Φήμη.

Φήνη, ης, ἡ, ossifraga : an osprey. γ. 372. Φήρ, gen. φηρδς, Æol. pro Φήρ, q. v. A. 268. Φηρά, ἄς, ἡ, Φηραι, ὦν, αἰ, Pherae : a city in Messenia. E. 543. I. 151.

Φηρητιάδης, ου, ὁ, Pheretiades : the son of Pheres. Al Φηρητιάδᾳ πύδωκέες Ψ. 376.

Φθᾶω, Φθῆμι, fut. φθήσῶμαι et φθᾶσω, praevenio : to have the start. The first syllable of Φθᾶω is long in Homer, and short in the Attic writers. The same remark applies to Φθίνω. See Clarke B. 43. and 833., and Monk. Alc. 638. Πολλὸν ὑπεκπρόθεῖ φθάνει δὲ τὲ πᾶσαν ἐπ' αἰῶν I. 502. Κωλὰ καὶ μόλις φθάνει Med. 1166. Κἂν μὲν φθᾶσωμὲν ἐστὶ Phoen. 989. Ἐφθῆμην Ib. 1482. SYN. Προφθᾶω, πρήκω, προλαμβάνω, πρῶερχῶμαι.

Φθέγγῶμαι, loquor : to speak. Med. 1304. SYN. Αὐδᾶω, εξαυδᾶω, ηχέω, βῶω, αγγέλλω, ἔρεω, φημίζω.

Φθέγμᾶ, ἄτῶς, τό, Φθόγγος, ου, ὁ, Φθογγή, ης, ἡ, vox : sonus : a voice : a sound. Hipp. 1210. E. 234. B. 791. SYN. Ἠχός, ηχῇ, φωνῇ, βῶα, αὐδῇ, βῆμᾶ. Ep. Φῖλδν, ὀρθῖδν, ἡρόφοιτδν, μάλλᾶκδν, βαρῦ.

Φθεῖρ, εἰρός, ὁ, pediculus : a louse. Plut. 537.

Φθειραι, ὦν, αἰ, Phthirae : a mountain in Lycia. B. 868.

Φθεῖρω, ἐρῶ, corrumpo, violo, vasto, interimo : to corrupt, violate, ruin, kill. Androm. 706. SYN. Διαφθεῖρω, φθινύθω, σφάλλω, βλάπτω, ἀφανίζω, λυμαίνῶμαι, ἀπόλλυμι, κτείνω, φθίνω.

Φθεροσίγηνς, ἔδς, genus perdens : family-destroying. Ὡ μὲγάλανχοι καὶ φθεροσίγηνεις Sept. Th. 1056.

Φθῆω, inus., f. φθεῖσω, et Φθῶ, f. φθῖσω,

perdo : to destroy. Νὺξ φθεῖτ' (i. e. εφθεῖτῷ) λ. 329. Ἀνδρῶν ἡ αὐτὸς φθῖται πρώτῳ ἐν ὁμίλῳ γ. 173. Χερσὶν ὑπ' Ἀργείων φθιμένους Θ. 359. Δαμνόνει φθίσει σὲ τὸ σὸν μένδς Z. 407. SYN. see Φθεῖρω, and Φθίνω.

Φθῆμι. See Φθᾶω.

Φθία, ας, Ion. Φθίη, ἡ, Phthia : a city in Thessaly. Εκ Φθίης Ἀγαμέμνονι πέμπε I. 253. Ep. Ἐρίσῶαξ, βωτιάνερά, ἐρίσῶλδς, εὔπωλδς, μήτηρ Θηρών.

Φθιάς, ἄδδς, ἡ, Φθιώτης, ου, ὁ, Φθιώτις, ἰδδς, ἡ, Phthius : of Phthia. Μισεῖ τὲ γαῖα Φθιάς εἰ δ' ἤξει πᾶρος Androm. 917. Ran. 1265. Troad. 1115.

Φθιμένδς, Φθίτδς, η, ὄν, mortuus, absumptus : dead, wasted. Ὡς φθιμένῳ τᾷδὲ σοί Iph. T. 171. Eumen. 97. Φθίτδς brevis, ut in ἀφθίτδς. Στὺς ἀφθίτδς Ὡκεᾶνιν Hes. Θ. 389.

Φθινᾶς, ἄδδς, decrescens : tabificus : waning : wasting. Οὔτε φθινᾶσι πληγεῖσᾶ νόσοις Antig. 819.

Φθινασμᾶ, ἄτδς, τδ, decrementum : the waning. Pers. 237. See above. SYN. Λήξις, δυσμή.

Φθινόκαρπδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui fructum amisit : having lost its fruit. Καὶ φθινόκαρπδς εἰσᾶ Pyth. 4. 471.

Φθινόπωρδς, ἰδδς, ἡ, autumnalis : autumnal. Pyth. 5. 161. See below.

Φθινόπωρδν, ου, τδ, autumnus : autumn. Ἡ γλῦκερδν φθινόπωρδν Bion 6. 4. SYN. Μέρδ-πωρδν, ἰπῶρα.

Φθινύθω, perdo : consumo : tabesco : to ruin : to consume : to waste away. Τοὶ δὲ φθινύθουσιν ἔδοντες α. 250. A. 491. SYN. Φθεῖρω, ἀποφθινύθω, φθίνω, τήκῶμαι, ἀπόλλυμι, διαφθείρῶμαι.

Φθινυλλᾶ, ης, ἡ, pestifera : destructive. Eccles. 932. Videtur esse eadem quantitate ac φθινᾶς, &c., sed locus citatus nihil statuit, nec vox videtur alibi extare.

Φθίνω, f. ἰνᾶ, corrumpo : ad finem vergo : to spoil : to wane, to perish. Ζητῶν φθίνει γὰρ καὶ μαραινέται νόσῳ Alcest. 204. See the obs. on Φθᾶω. SYN. Φθεῖρόμαι, τήκῶμαι, ἀπόλλυμαι, λήγω, διαφθείρόμαι, ἐκλείπω.

Φθιοι, ὦν, οἱ, Phthii. Οἱ μὲν πρὸ Φθίων μετᾶ-θύσαν N. 699.

Φθιστήνωρ, ὄρδς, et Φθισίμφορτδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, homines destruens : man-destroying. Στείχειν εἰς πόλεμον φθιστήνῳ B. 833. χ. 297. SYN. Ὀλέσθηνωρ, βρότδλοιογδς.

Φθισίμφορτδς. See above.

Φθίτδς. See Φθιμένδς.

Φθίω. See Φθῆω.

Φθιώτης, Φθιώτις. See Φθιάς.

Φθογγή, Φθόγγος. See Φθέγμᾶ.

Φθοῖς, ἰδδς, ὁ, nom. plur. φθοῖς et φθῶεις : et affertur etiam Φθῶις, ἰδδς, ἡ, placenta genus : a kind of cake. Τοὺς φθοῖς Plut. 677.

Φθονέρος, ἄ, ὄν, invidus : envious. Agam. 437. SYN. Ἐπίφθονδς, βάσκανδς.

Φθονέω, invideo : recuso : to envy : to begrudge, refuse. Eur. El. 30. SYN. Φθονδν ἔχω, βασκαίνω, νεμεῶσῶ, ἀγανακτέω, ἀπαρνέδμαι.

Φθονήσις, ἔως, ἡ, invidia : envy. Trach. 1214. SYN. Φθονέρις, φθονδς.

Φθονδς, ου, ὁ, invidia : maledictio : envy : detraction. Eur. Sup. 252. SYN. Δυσμενείᾶ, μέμψις, μῆνις. Ep. Δυσώνυμδς, τραχὺς, ἀθέδς, ἀχᾶρις, ἀνῶμδς, βαρῦς.

Φθόρα, ἄς, ἡ, Φθόρδς, ου, ὁ, corruptio : cor-

ruption, destruction. Antig. 1224. Sept. Th. 238. SYN. Διαφθόρᾳ, λύμη, δόλημα.

Φιάλη, ης, ἡ, poculum, patera : a cup, bowl. Αλλ' ἐγὼ ἐς χρυσέην (dissyll.) φιάλην Ψ. 253. SYN. Δέπας, πύθριον, αγγεῖον. Ερ. Αργυρή-
λατός, ἀμφίθετος, ἀπύρωτος, οἰνηρὰ, ἔραννη, ἀργυρεά.

Φιλάρος, ἁ, ὁν, splendidus ; pinguis ; acerbus : shining ; fat ; sour. Φιλαρωτέρᾳ ὀμφακὸς ὠμᾶς Theoc. 11. 21. ΕΞΡ. Λαμπρὸς, πίων.

Φικίον, ου, τὸ, Phicium : a mountain in Boeotia. Φικίον ἀκρότατον Hes. Scut. 33.

Φιλᾶλᾶδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, elegantiae studiosus : fond of elegance. Pyth. 12. 1. See Φιλῶ and Ἀγαλᾶς.

Φιλᾶδελφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fratris vel sororis amans : of brotherly or sisterly love. Φιλᾶ-
δελφὰ κατὰ δᾶκρυ εἰσδύμενη Antig. 527.

Φιλᾶθήναιος, ου, ὁ, Atheniensium amans : attached to the Athenians. Καὶ δῆτ' ἀφιλᾶθή-
ναιος ἦν ὑπερφύως Acharn. 142. See Ἀθη-
ναῖος.

Φιλαίακτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lamentationis amans, lugubris : inclined to lament, doleful. Aesch. Sup. 810. SYN. Φιλοδυρτός, φιλοδερνός, φιλο-
θρηνής, φίλοικτος.

Φιλαμάτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguinis amans : blood-
thirsty. Phoen. 177.

Φιλανέτη, ης, ἡ, Philanete. Eccles. 42.

Φιλαίτις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, litigiosus : litigious. Aesch. Sup. 481. See Αἰτίς. SYN. Φιλοδύκτος, φίλερις.

Φιλᾶκλουθός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sodalium studiosus : sociable. Ἐγὼ δ' αἰέ πως φιλάκλουθός εἰμι καὶ
Ran. 417.

Φιλαμμονίδης, ου, ὁ, Philammonides : the son of Philammon. Φιλαμμονίδας Εὐμολπος Theoc. 14. 108.

Φιλάμπελος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vitium amans : fond of, or productive in, vines. Pax 307.

Φιλανδρία, ας, ἡ, amor mariti vel uxoris : the affection of a husband or wife. Androm. 228. See Ἀνανδρία.

Φιλανδρός, ου, et Φιλήνωρ seu Φιλάνωρ, ὄρος, maritum vel viros amans : husband or man-
loving. Sept. Th. 896. Pers. 141. A longa in Φιλάνωρ, ut in Στυγάνωρ.

Φιλανθράκεις, ἔως, carbonarius : one who loves coals. Acharn. 335. See Ἀνθράξ, ἄκος.

Φιλανθρωπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, humanus : humane. P. V. 11.

Φιλάνωρ. See Φιλανδρός.

Φιλαυδός, Φιλφδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cantuum amans : song-loving. Τὼ φιλαυδοῦ Theoc. 28. 23. Vesp. 270. SYN. See Φιλομουσός.

Φιλαργυρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, amans argenti : fond of money. Antig. 1055. See Ἀργυρός. SYN. Φι-
λοκετᾶνος, κερδᾶλεόφρων, φιλόκερδης.

Φιλάρματος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, currum amans : de-
lighting in chariots. Herc. F. 465. See Ἀρμα, ἄτος.

Φιλαυλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tibiarum amans : fond of the pipe. Ran. 1317. SYN. Φιλομουσός, φιλα-
οιδός, φίλφδός, φιλομουπός, φιλόφορμυγξ.

Φιλεόρτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, festorum amans : festival-
loving. Εἰρήνην φιλεόρτον Thesm. 1158.

Φιλερίθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lanificii studiosus : fond of wool. Theoc. 28. 1. See Ἐριθός.

Φιλευνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, amans tori : fond of the bed. Anacr. 174. 7. SYN. See Φιλοίφης.

Φιλεχθής, ἔως, inimicitii indulgens : fond of

animosity. Theoc. 5. 137. SYN. Φιλεχθρός, φί-
λομισός, φιλαίτις.

Φιλέψιος, ου, ὁ, Philepsius. Φιλέψιος δ' οὐχ
ἐνέκα σου μύθους λέγει Plut. 177.

Φιλέω, Φιλημί, ἀμο, osculor ; soleo : to love, like ; to kiss ; to be wont. Οὐ φιλῶ τὰρ ῥήθ' ὄραν
Iph. T. 1199. Ἐμε καὶ σέ φιλήμεναι X. 265. Ἐξοχὰ γὰρ μὴν ἐφιλάτῳ Πάλλας E. 61. Quidam hoc contractum putant ex ἐφιλήσῃ. Alii e quodam verbo φιλόμαῳ trahunt, ut ἐμαρτυράμεν e μαρτύρῳμαῳ : inter quos est Clark. ad hunc loc. SYN. Ἀγάπῳ, κινέω, ξενίζω, φιληδέω.

Φιληδέω, delector : to delight in. Pax 1130. See above. SYN. Φιλέω, ἐφιδόμαι, ἐνιδόμαι.

Φιληδία, ας, ἡ, amor voluptatis : love of pleasure, delight. Δαδόντες ὑπὸ φιληδίας (Iamb. dim.) Plut. 311. See below. SYN. Φιληδονία, χάρμα, ἡδονή, ἀνοιά.

Φιληλίαςτης, ου, ὁ, qui iudicio in Heliæa contendere amat ; litigiosus : fond of trials in the courts of Heliæa ; litigious. Φιληλίαςτης ἐστὶν Vesp. 88. SYN. Φιλαίτις, φίλεχθής, φίλ-
ερίς, φιλοδύκτος, φιλονεικός.

Φιλημά, ἄτος, τὸ, osculum : a kiss. Φίλον φί-
λημά παρὰ γένυν τιθέντά σόν Eur. Suppl. 1164. PHR. Φιλία προσβολή πρόσωπων.

Φιλημί. See Φιλέω.

Φιληνίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, habenarum amans : bit-
loving. Ἡγάγον φιληνίου P. V. 474.

Φιλήρατις, ἴδος, ἡ, Philieratis. Φιλήρατις εἴ-
σῃτ' ἤρδε Call. Ep. 34. 1.

Φιλήρετός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, remigandi studiosus : fond of rowing. Φαιήκεσσι φιληρέτοισι μῆγείη
ε. 386.

Φιλητέος, α, ὄν, diligendus : must be loved. Antig. 524. See Φιλέω.

Φιλήτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, amator : a lover. Agam. 1421. SYN. Ἐραστής.

Φιλία. See Φιλότης.

Φιλικός, ἡ, ὄν, amatorius : amatory. Καὶ τί
κύρας φιλικὸν μελὸς Theoc. 10. 22. SYN. Φιλο-
τήσις, φιλικός, ἐρωτικός, ἐρατεινός.

Φιλίνος, ου, ὁ, Philinus. Ἄρ' ὁ Φιλίνος ὁ μαλ-
θᾶκος Theoc. 7. 105.

Φιλίος, α, ὄν, et ου, ὁ, ἡ, foederatus, amicus, carus : leagued, friendly, dear. Φιλίος is a frequent epithet of Jupiter, as the patron god of friendship. Αἰ αἰ φίλιον χρήζω στόματός Med. 1396. SYN. Φιλικός, φίλος, οικεῖος, φίλοφρων.

Φιλιπτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, equorum studiosus : horse-
loving. Φιλιπτός is also a P. N. Hipp. 580. SYN. Ἰππικός, εὐίππος.

Φιλιστός. See Φιλός.

Φιλλυρίδης, ου, ὁ, Phillyrides : the son of Phillyra. Φιλλυρίδης μέγαλον δέ Hes. Theog. 1002.

Φιλδγάμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nuptiarum studiosus : eager for marriage. Iph. A. 392. See Γάμος.

Φιλδγηγής, ἔως, lætitiæ amans : fond of mirth. Sept. Theb. 912.

Φιλδδᾶφνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, lauri amans : laurel-
loving. Eur. fr. Licymn. 4. See Δᾶφνη.

Φιλδδῆσποντός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, domini amans : at-
tached to a master. Theogn. 847.

Φιλδδημός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, populii amans : attached to the people. Eq. 787.

Φιλδδυρτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ ; Φιλδδερνής, ἔως, lugubris : doleful. Aesch. Sup. 71. Mosch. 4. 66. SYN. see Φιλαίακτος.

Φιλδδάρητος, ου, ὁ, Philodoretus. Eccles. 51.

Φιλῶθρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, venandi studiosus: fond of hunting. Bacch. 1242.

Φιλῶθρηνης. See Φιλῶθυρτος.

Φιλῶθυτης, ου, sacrificandi studiosus: sacrifice-loving. Φιλῶθυτων δὲ τοι Sept. Th. 164., answering to κλυέτε παρθένων.

Φίλοικίρμων, ὄνδς, Φίλοικιστὺς, et Φίλοικτὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, misericors: compassionate. Iph. T. 346. Aj. 580. Agam. 232.

Φίλοικιστὺς, et -κτὺς. See Φίλοικίρμων.

Φίλοιτίς, ου, ὁ, Philotius: a herdsman belonging to Ulysses. Εξ οἰκοῦ Φίλοιτίς φ. 388. Ep. Διὸς, ὀρχάμενδς ἀνδρῶν.

Φίλοιφης, ου, libidinosus: lecherous. Theoc. 4. 62. SYN. Φίλευνδς, τρύφερδς, ἀσελγής.

Φιλὸκέρδειά, ας, ἡ, amor lucri: love of gain, avarice. Theoc. 16. 63.

Φιλὸκερδής, ἔδς, lucri amans, lucripeta: fond of gain. Theogn. 199. SYN. see Φιλάργυρδς.

Φιλὸκέρτῳδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui maledictis incessere amat: fond of reproaching. χ. 287. SYN. Φιλῶλοιδῶρδς, ἀθύρσῳτῳδς, φίλῳψῳγδς, σκῳπτης.

Φιλὸκηδής, ἔδς, adfinium studiosus: fond of relations. Hom. Merc. 478.

Φιλὸκισσῳφῶρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, amans hederæ gestandæ: fond of wearing ivy. Cycl. 613.

Φιλῶκράτης, ου, ὁ, Philocrates. Ὁ πινῶκῳ-πῶλης Φιλῶκράτης μέλαγχῶλῶν Av. 14.

Φίλοκτεῶνδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, divitiarum amans: covetous. Φίλοκτεῶνῳτῳτέ πάντων A. 122. SYN. see Φιλάργυρδς.

Φίλοκτητης, ου, ὁ, Philoctetes: a celebrated warrior at the siege of Troy. Τὴν Φίλοκτητου σέ δεῖ Philoct. 54. Ep. Ποιάντιδς, κλεινδς, τοξῳτης, ἐκπῳθῶλδς, φίλοπῳλέμῳδς, ἄλῳλῳδς, ἰφθιμῳδς.

Φιλῶκῳἔδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aleæ studiosus: fond of dice. Vesp. 75. See Κῳἔδς.

Φιλῶκυδής, ἔδς, gloriae studiosus: glory-loving. Φιλῶκυδῳς ἡθης Hom. Merc. 375.

Φιλῶλήϊδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, amans prædæ: booty-loving. Φιλῶλήϊδς εἰμι Hom. Merc. 333.

Φιλῶλοιδῶρδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vituperationis amans: fond of slander. Anac. 42. 11. SYN. see Φιλῳ-κέρτῳδς.

Φιλῶμμαστὺς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, mammæ amans: breast-loving. Agam. 139.

Φιλῶμῳχῳδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, pugnæ amans: battle-loving. Sept. Th. 121. See Μῳχη.

Φιλῶμεδῳσῳ, ἡς, ἡ, Philomedusa. Καὶ Φιλῳ-μεδῳσῳσῳ βῳῳπῳς H. 10.

Φιλῶμηλείδς, ου, ὁ, Philomelides: a Lesbian chieftain. δ. 343.

Φίλομειδής, ἔδς, risus amans: laughter-loving. δ. 362. SYN. Φιλῳγηθής.

Φιλῶμολπδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, carminum amans: fond of song. Call. 4. 197. SYN. Φιλῳσιδῳς, φίλῳδῳς, φίλῳνῳλδς, φίλῳμῳνῳς, φίλῳμῳσῳς, εἰμολπῳς, μολ-παστής.

Φιλῶμουσῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Musarum amans: fond of the Muses. Nub. 357.

Φιλῳεἰνῳδς. See the second Φιλῳξέινῳδς.

Φιλῳξέινῳδς, ου, ὁ, Philoxenides: the son of Philoxenus. Παῖδι Φιλῳξέινῳδέῳ (pronounced δῳ) Ep. 59. 4.

Φιλῳξέινῳς, ου, ὁ, Philoxenus. Ran. 965.

Φιλῳξέινῳς, Ion. Φιλῳξέινῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hospitalis: hospitable. Alcest. 825. ζ. 121. SYN. Εὔξέινῳς, ξέινῳκῳς.

Φιλῳπαίγῳμῳν, ὄνδς, jocorum amans: joke-loving. Ran. 333. SYN. Φιλῳεῳρῳτῳς, δῳσιῳῳδῳς.

Φιλῳπαις, αἰδῳς, Φιλῳτῳκῳνῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, liber-

orum amans: child-loving. Theoc. 12. 29. Phœn. 367. See Τῳκῳνῳ.

Φιλῳπῳτρία, ας, ἡ, amor patriæ: the love of one's country. Vesp. 1465. See Πατρίῳς iu Πατρίῳς.

Φιλῳπάτωρ, ὄρδς, ὁ, ἡ, patris amans: father-loving, dutiful. Iph. A. 638. See Πατήρ.

Φιλῳπλουτῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, divitiarum amans: wealth-loving. Φιλῳπλουτῳν ἄμῳλλῳν Iph. T. 413.

Φιλῳποἰμῳνῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, gregis amans: flock-loving. Εῳτῳ κῳων φίλῳποἰμῳνῳς Theoc. 5. 106.

Φιλῳπῳλῳς, Φιλῳπῳτῳλῳς, ἔῳς, ὁ, ἡ, civitatis amans: attached to the city. Plut. 726. Rhes. 158. See Πῳλῳς.

Φιλῳπῳνῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, amans laborum: labour-loving. Aj. 880. SYN. Τλησίπῳνῳς, ἐπίπῳνῳς, σπουῳαἰδῳς, φίλεργῳς, φίλῳμῳχῳδς, φίλῳπράγῳμῳν.

Φιλῳπῳτης, ου, bibendi amans: fond of drinking. Vesp. 69.

Φιλῳπῳτῳλέμῳδς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, belli amans: war-loving, warlike. P. 224. SYN. Φιλῳμῳχῳδς, πῳ-λέμῳκῳς, πῳλέμῳφῳρῳν.

Φιλῳπῳτῳλῳς. See Φιλῳπῳλῳς.

Φιλῳρῳνθία, ας, ἡ, avium amor: a love for birds. Ἠδῳν δ' ὑπῳ φίλῳρῳνθίας πάντες μέλῳη Av. 1300.

Φιλῳρῳνῳς, ἰθῳς, avium amans: bird-loving. Eumen. 23. See above, and Ὀρνῳς.

Φίλῳς, compar. φίλῳτέρδς et φίλῳων, superl. φίλῳτῳς et φίλῳιστῳς, ὅν, ὅν, amicus, acceptus, carus: friendly, acceptable, dear; also (2) Φίλῳς, and (3) Φίλῳη (used substantively), a friend. Εἰς φίλῳνς ἔφῳν φίλῳς Orest. 418. Ξέινῳν τηλέ-δῳπῳν φίλῳνς ἔμῳν τ. 351. Φίλῳτῳς ἀνδρῳν O. 111. The first syllable of φίλῳς is found long Δ. 155. and E. 359. by the effect of the metrical arsis, on which Herman. de Metris, p. 38.: "In initio sententiæ vocis intensio cum metri prima arsi conjuncta brevem syllabam recte producere visa est." See also Heyne's note Δ. 155. SYN. (1) Φιλῳς, προσφίλῳς, εἰνῳδς, φίλῳκῳς, ἡδῳς, (2) ἔραστῳς, ἔταῳρῳς, s. ἔτῳρδς, ἔθῳς, ἐνοικῳς. Ep. (2) Πιστῳς, γενναἰῳς, εἰορκῳς, γνήσιῳς, σπου-δαἰῳς, ἀφῳς, ἀσφῳλῳς, πῳθεῳς, ἀληθῳς.

Φιλῳσῳφῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, philosophicus; philosophus: philosophical; a philosopher. Eccles. 572.

Φιλῳσῳπονδῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, libationi aptus: fit for libations. Choeph. 286.

Φιλῳστῳφέανῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, coronarum amans: garland-loving. Eur. fr. Cresph. 4. 8. See Στῳ-φέανῳς.

Φιλῳστῳνῳς, cum gemitu: with groans. Sept. Th. 265.

Φιλῳσῳτοργῳς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, propensus ad amorem: affectionate. Theoc. 18. 13. SYN. Φιλῳπαις, φίλῳτῳκῳνῳς, φίλῳφῳρῳν.

Φιλῳτῳκῳνῳς. See Φιλῳπαις.

Φιλῳτης, ἡτῳς, Φιλῳία, ας, ἡ, amicitia, caritas: friendship, affection. Καὶ ὑπῳν καὶ φίλῳτῳητος N. 636. Φιλῳία γῳρ ἡ σῳ πρεμῳένῳς μΊν ἀλλ' ἐμοἰ Orest. 138. SYN. Φιλῳφῳρῳσῳνη, ἀρῳμῳς. Ep. ἔρατῳεἰνῳ, πρεμῳένῳς, ῳμῳφυλῳς, κρυπῳτῳδῳια, ἔρανῳη, ἐφίμῳρδς.

Φιλῳτῳησιῳς, α, ὄν, amatorius: amatory. Φιλῳ-τῳησιῳ ἔργῳ λ. 245. SYN. see Φιλῳκῳς.

Φιλῳτῳμέδῳμαι, ambitiosus sum: to be ambitious. Ran. 282. See below. SYN. ΜΊγάλῳ-φῳρῳνῳ, φίλῳνεικῳῳ, ἔταῳρῳμαι.

Φιλῳτῳμία, ας, ἡ, ambitio, æmulatio, fastus:

ambition, rivalry, pride. Φιλότητις μὲν ἐν ἑχέται δεινῷ κάκῳ Iph. A. 527. Ep. Ἄδικός, κάκιστος δαιμόνων.

Φιλότης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, honoris cupidus : desirous of honour, ambitious. Iph. A. 520. See above.

Φιλοτᾶριον, ου, τὸ, amicus : sweet friend. Eccles. 886. See Παιδᾶριον in Παιδῶν.

Φιλόφωμυξ, ιγγός, lyrae amans : lyre-loving. Aesch. Sup. 705. SYN. see Φιλαυλός.

Φιλόφρονέω, benevolus sum : to be kind, to treat kindly. Φιλοφρόνῳ ἀγάπαι π. 17. SYN. Κατὰφίλῳ, ἀποδέχμαι.

Φιλόφρονως, benevole : kindly. Δεξίαν φίλοφρονως Aj. 751.

Φιλόφροσύνη, ης, ἡ, benevolentia : kindness. Φιλοφροσύνη γὰρ ἀμείνων I. 256. SYN. Φιλία, φίλότης, σπουδή, ἀγάπη, στοργή.

Φιλόφρων, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, benevolus : of a kind heart. Pers. 100. See above. SYN. Πρόφρων, προθυμός, εὐνός, ευμένης, φίλανθρωπος, προσήνης, ευκαρδύς.

Φιλόχορετης, Φιλόχορδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, chorearum amans : dance-loving. Ran. 413. Thesm. 1147. SYN. see Φιλαυλός.

Φιλόχωρία, ας, ἡ, amor quo quis libenter in aliquo loco commoratur : attachment to a place. Τί πῦτ' ὅτ' χρῆμ' ὥς δεινὸν ἡ φιλόχωρία Vesp. 830.

Φιλοψευδής, ἔδς, mendaciorum amans : fond of lies. Φιλοψευδὴς ἐτέτυξο M. 164.

Φιλόψυχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, reprehendere amans : censorious. Eur. El. 904. SYN. see Φιλόκέρτμος.

Φιλοψυχέω, vitæ turpiter parco : basely to spare one's life. Heracl. 519. Tyr. 1. 18. See Ψυχή.

Φιλόψυχος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vitæ s. animæ parcens : life-loving, pusillanimous. Phœn. 606. See Ψυχή. SYN. Φιλόζωός, δειλός.

Φιλήτερος, Φιλήτατος. See Φίλος.

Φιλήτρον, ου, τὸ, amoris illecebra : a love-charm, a charm. Troad. 52. SYN. Στέργγμα, στέργγθρον, δελῆαρ. Ep. Μεγά, δεινόν, δελκτήριον, αἰμάτηρον, ἀφικτόν, αμερυστόν, ἀπάλον, ἐρᾶτον.

Φίλυμνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hymnorum amans : fond of song. Anacr. 43. 16. SYN. see Φιλαοιδός.

Φιλύπνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, somni amans, somniculosus : fond of sleep, drowsy. Ἡ ῥὰ φιλυπνός Theoc. 18. 10.

Φιλύρες, ων, οἱ, Philyres : a nation bordering on the Black Sea. Φέρβονται Φιλύρες Φιλύρων δ' ἐφύπερθεν ἑασι Apoll. 2. 395.

Φιλύρα, ας, ἡ, Philyra : the mother of Chiron. Ἐνθα μὲν Ουρανίης Φιλύρη Κρόνός Apoll. 2. 1236.

Φιλύρησις, ἰδός, ἡ, Philyreus : of Philyra. Φιλύρησις νησὶν ἀμεινον Apoll. 2. 1235.

Φιλύρινός, ης, ὄν, tiliaceus : of the linden tree, a name given to Cinesias, because he wore a linden board on his breast, that he might not stoop. Ασπαζόμεσθα Φιλύρινον Κινησίαν Av. 1378. Dispicent nexæ philyrā coronæ Horat. Od. 1. 38.

Φιλύριος. See Φιλαοιδός.

Φίλως, libenter : in a friendly manner. Ου φίλως ἐμοὶ λέγεις Orest. 100. Δ. 347. SYN. Φιλῶ, ἡδῶς, ἀσμένως, προθύμως, χαρίεντως.

Φιμός, οὐ, ὁ, capistrum : a muzzle, a bridle. Sept. Th. 459. See below. SYN. Χάλινός.

Φιμώω, incapistro : to muzzle. Εἰτὰ φιμώσητέ

τοῦτ' αὖ ξύλω τὸν ἀνχῆνα (tetram. troch.) Nub. 592. SYN. Δεσμεύω, ἐπιπυμίζω.

Φινεῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, Phineis : of Phineus. Iph. T. 424. See below.

Φινεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, Phineus : a king of Thessaly. See Villosion. Anecd. Gr. p. 414. Εἰδὸν πῶτ' ἡδὴ Φινεὺς γέγραμμένος Eumen. 50. Ep. Ἀγηνόριος, ἀνικότιος, ἀνυγᾶμος.

Φιξ, Boeot. pro Σφιγξ, q. v.

Φιτρός, οὐ, ὁ, stipes : a stem, log. Φιτρῶν καὶ λάν M. 29. SYN. Κορμός, ξύλον.

Φίτῳ, ὄν, et Φίτῳ, ἄπος, τὸ, germen, proles : a stock, offspring. Στέργω γὰρ ἀνδρὸς φίτῳ πομένης δίκην Eumen. 914. Agam. 1252. SYN. Γέννημα, βλάστημα, γόνος, βλαστή, τέκος, ῥίζα, σπέρμα.

Φιτῶω, sero ; gigno : to sow, plant ; to beget. "Οστις δ' ἀνωφέλητ' αὖ φιτῶι τέκνα Antig. 645.

Τίς δ' ὁ φιτῶος πάτηρ Trach. 311. De uo notata ad μηνῶν fortasse ad hanc quoque vocem referri possunt. SYN. see Φυτεύω.

Φλάζω, 2. a. ἐφλάδων, dissilio (vid. Etymol. Mag. p. 403. 48. indicante Blomf.) : to burst asunder. Choëph. 26. SYN. Πάφλάζω, ψόφῳ, διαρρήγνυμαι.

Φλαῦρος, idem quod Φαῦλός, q. v.

Φλαουρῶς, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, male fabricans : clumsy, unskilful. Philoct. 35.

Φλαύρας. See Φαύλος.

Φλάω, cum strepitu frango : to grind. Φλᾶν ταῦτ' πάντα καὶ σπῶδῃν Pax 1306. SYN. Θλάω, συντριβεῖν, κᾶτκόπτω, ῥήγνυμι, ἄρπντω.

Φλέγῃω. See Φλέγω.

Φλέγμα, ἄπος, τὸ, ardor, inflammatio : inflammation. Φ. 337. SYN. Φλογμός, καυμά.

Φλεγμαίνω, exaestuo : to be inflamed. Vesp. 276. SYN. Εκπύρομαι, φλόγιζομαι.

Φλέγρα, ας, ἡ, Phlegra : a city in Thrace. Οἶδ' ἦν φλέγρα γίγαντες Ion 988.

Φλέγραυός, α, ὄν, Phlegraeus : of Phlegra. Herc. F. 1186.

Φλέγυας, ου, ὁ, aquila : an eagle. Μορφοῖο φλέγυαδ Hes. Scut. 134. Φλέγυας is also a P. N. Eur. fr. Ixion, 4. SYN. Αἰτός.

Φλέγυες, ων, οἱ, Phlegyes : a nation in Thessaly. Ἡ μετὰ Φλέγυας μεγάλῃ τῶρος N. 302. Ep. Ἰθρίσται.

Φλέγυρος. See Φλόγυος.

Φλέγω, et Φλέγῃω, uro, ardeo, comburo : to burn, blaze. Phœn. 258. 171. SYN. Φλόγιζω, καίω, αἰθᾶλω, ζωπυρέω, λάμπω.

Φλέδων, ὄνός, s. Φλέδων, ὦνός, ὁ, ἡ, nugator : a trifler. Agam. 1166. SYN. see Φλύαρος.

Φλείας, ου, ὁ, Phlias : one of the Argonauts. Φλείας δ' αὐτ' ἐπὶ τοῖσιν Apoll. 1. 115.

Φλείσις, ἰδός, ἡ, avis quaedam incerta : the (incendiary) bird. Av. 883.

Φλέψ, φλέβος, ἡ, arteria, vena : a vein. Thesm. 694. P. N. Αἰμάτος διαρρῶναι.

Φλέω, scaturo, abundo : to pour out, abound. Μῆλ' αὖν φλέοντων Agam. 1389. SYN. Γέμω, πληθύνω, πληθω.

Φλέως, α, Ion. Φλόος, ἡ, papyrus : the papyrus. Ran. 244. Nicander habet φλόον, Θ. 392. et φλόα (accus.) A. 302.

Φληνᾶφῳ, et Φληνᾶφῳ, nugor : to trifle. Εκπλάγῃσ' ἐφληνᾶφα Eq. 661. Nub. 1477. SYN. Φλέω, φλύαρεω.

Φλιά, et Φλοιά, ἄς, ἡ, limen : a door-post. Ου μακρῆς φλιῆσι πάραστάς p. 221. Apoll. 3. 278. SYN. Πρόπυλον, πάραστάς.

Φοινικοφάης, ἔδς, puniceus adspectu: purple-hued. Φοινικοφάη πῶδ᾽ ἀ κινήσεις Ion 161.

Φοινίξ, ἰκός, ὁ, (1) palma, arbor; (β) color rubeus; (2) ruber; (3) Phoenix, (γ) Phœnician. Ἰμαντὰ βόδς φοινίκι φασίνον Ψ. 201. Ἐλέφαντᾷ γυνὴ φοινίκι μῆνην Δ. 141. Φοινικᾶς ἀλίου πέ- πλους (iamb. dim.) Hel. 181. Ἀντιθεὸν Φοινικᾶ δ' ἀνὰ Ψ. 360. Ἐνθα δὲ Φοινικες ναυσικλῦτοί ο. 414. Ερ. (1) Πρωτογόνος, ἄσροκίμος, ἄσροκί- μος, Δήλιος, (3) γέραιος, πάλαιγενής, ἐπη- λάτης, τηλεκλειπτός, εἰδὼς ἀπατήλιά, (γ) ναυσί- κλῦτος, ἀγανός.

Φοινίος, Φοινύς. See Φύνιος.

Φοινισσα, ἡς, ἡ, (1) Phœnissa: Phœnician; (2) punicea: purple, red. Φοινισσᾷ μὲν γῇ πατρὶς Phœn. 287. "Rubra, Jacobs. Anth. 6. 231. 7. 213." Schaf. in Steph. ed. Valp.

Φοινίσσω, ξω, rubefacio, sanguine inficio: to make red, dye in blood. Aj. 110. ΣΥΝ. Αἰματῶω, πορφύρω, βάπτω.

Φοιτάλλεος, α, ὄν, et οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, furibundus: furious, enraged. Φοιτάλλῃ δὲ πόδεσσιν Mosch. 2. 46. The second syllable of φοιταλλεός is supposed to be sometimes long; but I have not yet found any satisfactory instance to substantiate this idea. ΣΥΝ. Βίαίος, ἐμμάνης, μῦνιάς.

Φοιτᾶς, ἀδός, ὁ, ἡ, τὸ, vagus: roving, thick- coming. Φοιτᾶδᾷ δεινὴν νύσον ὦ τέκνον Trach. 982. ΣΥΝ. Φοιτάλλεός.

Φοιτᾶω, Ion. Φοιτίζω, frequento; furo: to frequent, haunt; to rave. Hipp. 1063. Hom. Hymn. 25. 8. ΣΥΝ. Εκφοιτᾶω, ἀναστρέφωμαι, περιστρέφωμαι, μαινόμεαι.

Φόλις, ἰδός, ἡ, squama: a scale (sc. of a fish, &c.) Χρυσεῖας φόλιδες διανυγῆς Apoll. 1. 221. ΣΥΝ. Λέπης (prop. est piscium), λέπος.

Φολκός, ἡ, ὄν, strabo, vel valgus pedibus (see Buttman's Lexil. p. 246.): squinting, or bandy- legged. B. 217.

Φόλος, ου, ὁ, Pholus: a centaur. Theoc. 7. 149.

Φόνᾶω, cædis cupidus sum: to long for murder. Philoct. 1209.

Φόνευμᾶ. See Φόνος.

Φόνεὺς, ἔως et ἡδός, ὁ, sicarius: a murderer. Phœn. 1615. ΣΥΝ. Σφάγεις.

Φόνεῦω, occido: to kill. Orest. 1192. ΣΥΝ. Πέφνω, ἀποκτείνω, δ' ἀνὰ τὸω.

Φονή. See Φόνος.

Φόνιός, Φοινίος, Φοινός, ἡ, ὄν, mortifer, cædem committens: murderous. Ὀδύνῃ φόνινω τραύ- ματός εἰσω Rhes. 746. σ. 96. Π. 159. ΣΥΝ. Δάφροινός, μίαιφόνος, αἰματῶεις, φονήεις.

Φόνυλίσθης, ἔδς, cruorem stillans: blood- stained. Φόνυλίσθῃ τυχὰ φρὴν ἐπιμαίνεται Agam. 1401., answering to πάσῃμενα βύτας ἐξ ἄλδς ὀρ- μένων.

Φόνυρτύτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sanguine redundans: streaming with blood. Sept. Th. 935. See Κά- τάρτυτος.

Φόνος, ου, ὁ; Φόνῃ, ἡς, ἡ; Φόνευμᾶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, cædes: murder. Hec. 259. Helen. 154. Ion 1496. ΣΥΝ. Ἀνδροκτασία, ὀλέθρος, σφάγη, φθόρος, ἀναίρεσις, αἱμᾶ, κτύπος. Ερ. Ἀργαλέος, δυσκλέης, δεινός, αἰπύς, ἀθέος, ἀνδρός, ἀχαρίς, βίαίος, μύ- σαιρος, ταύρεος, κρυφαίος, αυθεντής, δαίος, ανός, ὀλός, στύγερός, σιδηροφρων, αἰματοσταγής, λευ- γαλέος.

Φοξός, ἡ, ὄν, cui caput est acutum: peak- headed. B. 219. ΣΥΝ. Οξυκέφαλός.

Φόρα, ἄς, ἡ, gestatio; impetus; proventus: a bearing; violence; produce. Eur. Sup. 494. ΣΥΝ. Ὀρμή, φόρος, ευθηνία.

Φόραδην, gestando, celeri motu: with speed. Καὶ μὴν ὀδ' ἀναξ ἦδην φόραδην Androm. 1156.

ΣΥΝ. Σφούδρα.

Φορβαίος, α, ὄν, pascuus: pasturing. Call. 5. 50.

Φορβῆς, αντός, ὁ, Phorbas. Eur. Sup. 690.

Φορβῆς, ἀδός, alimentum præbens: yielding pasture. Φορβάδος κούμζομαι Soph. Fragm. Hippon. 2. ΣΥΝ. Νόμας.

Φορσεῖα, ἄς, ἡ, esca; capistrum: a bait; a mouth-piece. Εν φορσεῖᾳ τοῖσι δίκασταῖς Vesp. 580. ΣΥΝ. Φορσῇ, φιδός.

Φορσῇ, ἡς, ἡ, pabulum, eibus: food, provi- sions. Av. 348. ΣΥΝ. Τρόφή, βόρα, νόμη, βρώσις. Ερ. Ἀθήμιον, μελίηδης, νεότερης.

Φόρεὺς, ἔως, Ion. ἡδός, ὁ, portator, bajulus: a carrier or bearer. Apoll. 1. 132.

Φόρεω, gesto: to bear, wear. Eur. El. 309. ΣΥΝ. Κούμζω, βαστάζω, φέρω.

Φόρημᾶ, ἀτὸς, τὸ, gestamen: any thing borne, a load. Eur. fr. Glauc. 1. ΣΥΝ. Φορτίον, ἀχθός, βάρος.

Φόρητος. See Φερτός.

Φορκίδες, αν, αἱ, Phorides: the Gorgons, the daughters of Phoreys or Phorcus. Αἱ Φορκίδες ναίουσι P. V. 819. PHR. see P. V. 819—823.

Φόρκυς, ννός et ὄδς, φόρκος, ου, ὁ, Phoreys, vel Phorcus. Αἰας δ' αὖ Φόρκυν P. 312. Φόρ- κοι' ἀμαύρωσεν γένος Pyth. 12. 24.

Φορμίγξ, ἡ, cithara: a harp or lyre. Av. 219. ΣΥΝ. Κίθαρα, λύρα. Ερ. Ἐπτατόνος, ευκελάδός, ποικιλόγηρος, γλυκεῖα, ἐλεφαντόδετος, εὐφθογγός, δαδιδέα, κῆλη, λίγειά, χρυσέα, Φοί- βον σύμμολπος, περίκαλλης, γλαφύρα.

Φορμίζω, cithara cano: to play on the harp or lyre. Αυτὰρ ὁ φορμίζων S. 266. ΣΥΝ. see Κί- θαρίζω.

Φορμικτής, οὐ, ὁ, citharædus: a player on the harp or lyre. Pyth. 4. 314. ΣΥΝ. Κίθα- ριστής, κίθαροφδός.

Φορμῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, sportula: a basket made of rushes. Ἡμῖν γὰρ οὐκ εστ' οὐδὲ κάρυ' εκ φορ- μίδος Vesp. 58. ΣΥΝ. Σπύρις, καλᾶθός, φορμός.

Φορμίσιος, ου, ὁ, Phormisius. Τοῦτον μὲν οὖν Φορμίσιος Μεγαίνετός δ' ὁ Μάνης (vers. hippo- nact.) Ran. 965.

Φορμίω, αντός, ὁ, Phormion. Πράγματᾶ τε καὶ στίθεσδᾶς ἄς ἐλαχέ Φορμίω Pax 348.

Φορμός, οὐ, ὁ, corbis; teges: a basket; a coverlid. Plut. 542. ΣΥΝ. Κίσση, κόφινός, πρό- κάλυμμά.

Φόρος, ου, ὁ, tributum: tribute. Vesp. 655. ΣΥΝ. Δασμός, τέλός, εισφορά.

Φορτηγός, Φορτάγωγός, οὐ, ὁ, onera vehens: carrying burdens. Theogn. 679. Steph. ed. Valp. citat φορτάγωγός ex Anal. 1. 138. See Ἀγώγος. ΣΥΝ. see Φόρεὺς.

Φορτίον, ου, τὸ; Φόρτος, ου, ὁ, onus, merx: a burden, freight, merchandise. Φαίνεται τὸ φορ- τίον Plut. 352. 796. ΣΥΝ. Φόρημᾶ, ἀχθός.

Φορτίς, ἰδός, ἡ, navis oneraria: a ship of bur- den. Φορτίδος ευρείης ι. 323. ΣΥΝ. Φορτηγός, ὀλκός.

Φόρτος. See Φορτίον.

Φόρυσσω, ξω, pinso; misceo; fœdo: to knead; to blend; to stain. σ. 335. Φυράω, φόρυνω, μάσσω, κέραννυμι, συγχέω, μόλυνω, μι- αίνω.

Φόρυτος, οὐ, ὁ, quisquilae e variis rebus commixtae; coenum: ruffraff; mud. Σὺς φόρυτ' ἐπιμαργαίνουσαι Arat. 1123. SYN. Ἀχϋρὼν, χάρδρα.

Φόρωνεις, ἔως, ὁ, Phoroneus: a river in Peloponnesus: See a king of Argos. Theoc. 25. 200. Φῶς. See Φῶς.

Φραγμός, οὐ, ὁ, septum: a fence, stoppage. CE. R. 1387. SYN. Ἐρκὺς, περὶ σὺλδος, ἐρύμᾳ, δρκάνη, χράαξ.

Φράδαζω, Φράζω, ἄσω, indico, dico; in v. m. considero: to show, to say; midd. to consider. Καὶ γὰν φράδασσέ Nem. 3. 45. Νῶν φράσειν τὸν Τηρέα Av. 15. See below. SYN. Ἀποφαίνα, ἀπαργέλλω, ἀποδείκνυμι, δηλῶ, λέγω, σημαίνω, ὑποφράζομαι, βουλευόμαι, ἐπινῶ, σκέπτομαι, δέδομαι, φημί.

Φράδῃ, ἦς, Φραδμῶσυν, ἦς, ἡ, consilium: wisdom, device. Παλλάδος φράδῃς Phoen. 677. answering to καὶ βάθυσπῶρος. Ἡρης φραδμῶσυν ηλευκάλῃου Hom. Apoll. 99. SYN. Μῆτις, βουλή, νόμᾳ, σκέψις, δαμῶσυν.

Φράδῃς, ἔως, Φράδμων ὄνως, solers, sapiens: clever, crafty, wise. Φράδῃς νόου ἐργὰ τέκνεται I. 354. Π. 638. SYN. Περὶ φράδῃς, φρονίμους, σὺνέτος, νόημα, ἐμπειρὸς, ἐπιστήμων, ἀγχινῶς, φρένῃς.

Φραδμῶσυν. See Φράδῃ.

Φράζω. See Φράδαζω.

Φρασιδῆμος, οὐ, ὁ, Phrasidemus. Ἐτευχεῖ δαλσίᾳ ὁ Φρασιδαμος Call. 7. 3.

Φράσσω, αὐτ Φράττω, ἔω, sepio, munio: to fence round. Iph. A. 831. SYN. Περὶ σάλλω, θριγκῶ, πληρῶ.

Φράστω, ὄρος, ὁ, indicator: a director. Aesch. Sup. 501. SYN. Φραστήρ, φραστός, ἐρμηνεύς, μνηστής.

Φράττα, Φράττη, αὐτ Φρήττη, ἦς, ἡ, curia: a ward. Ὡς φρήττη φρήττηφιν ἀρήγη B. 163. See below.

Φράττω. See Φράσσω.

Φράττω, ὄρος, ὁ, tribulis: one of the same ward or tribe. Φράττορας τριώδλου Eq. 255. SYN. Εμφύλιος, ὑμόφυλος, συγγένῃς.

Φρεῖρ, ἀτός, Ion. Φρεῖαρ, ἀτός, τὸ, puteus: a well. Εἰ τὼν φρέατον τοὺς κάδους ξυλλαμείδαναι Eccl. 1004. Καὶ πᾶσαι κρήναι καὶ φρεῖατὰ μακρὰ ναύουσιν Φ. 197.

Φρεῖαρ. See Φρεῖρ.

Φρένηρς, ἔως, mentis compos, sapiens: sensible, wise. Heracl. 151. SYN. Φρονίμους, σφῶς, φράδῃς, q. v.

Φρένδαλις, ἰδὼς, ἡ, amentia: folly, madness. Eumen. 327. Wellauer legit φρένδαλις. Δα est longa, nam Dorica vox est pro φρένδῃλις ex δηλῶ. SYN. Φρένδλασειᾶ, ἀνοῖα, μωρία.

Φρένδθεν, ex animo: cordially. Aj. 183.

Φρένδμῶνῃς, Φρένδμῶνῃς, ἔως, Φρένδμῶνῃς, οὐ, et Φρένδμῶνῃς, ἔως, mente captus: mad, raving. Agam. 1109. (See Μανία.) P. V. 903. 1090. Sept. Th. 754. SYN. Ἐκφρων, πᾶρᾶφρων, μανίας.

Φρένδμῶρως, dementer: madly. Aj. 626.

Φρένδμῶνῃς, et -πληγῇς. See Φρένδμῶνῃς.

Φρένδτέκτων, ὄνως, qui sua mente aliquid componit: who composes any thing in his own mind, bombastic. Ran. 836.

Φρένδω, ad mentem sanam reduco; fallo: to bring a person to his senses; to deceive. Bacch. 781. SYN. Νουθετέω.

Φρένῶνῃς. See Φρένδμῶνῃς.

Φρεωρῦχῶ, puteum effodio: to dig a well. Ὡς πάλαι γέ μ' ἐφρεωρῦχει Lysist. 1033.

Φρήν, ἐνός, ἡ, mens; plur. consilium; praecordia: the mind, heart; pl. wisdom; the diaphragm. Hec. 300. SYN. Νῶς, διανοῖα, γνώμη. Ερ. Βάθεῖα, αἰσῆμη, ἀμφίμελαινα, ἐμπεδός, εσθλός, μέγαλη, μελαινα, πύκινῃ, ἀναισῆμος, στρεπτή, ἡσαῖα, ἀγάθῃ, λευγάλλεα, πευκάλιμη, ὀλδή, ἀλίστος, τρόμερα, βάρεῖα, αὐθάδης, καίφρονος, ἀνώμτος, βροτεῖα, ἡσῶσα, καθάρᾳ, ἀναισχυρτός, δεινῇ, νεα.

Φρήττη. See Φράττα.

Φρίκη, ἦς, ἡ, horror; metus: a shuddering, horror; fear. Τρόμερὰν φρίκα τρόμερὰν φρέν' ἔχω Phoen. 1299. SYN. Τρόμος, φρίξ, φῶδός.

Φρικίας, οὐ, ὁ, Phricias. Πέτρων κράτησι πῶδα Φρικίαν Pyth. 10. 25., answered by βέζοντᾶς ὦν δαλίαις ἐμπεδόν.

Φρικώσης, ἔως, horribilis: horrible. Androm. 1137. See Φρίκη. SYN. Φῶδερὸς, φῶδητῶς, σμερδάλῶς.

Φρικων, ἀνὼς, ὁ, Phricon. Λαοὶ Φρίκωνος μάργων ἐπιθήτορες ἵππων Hom. Hymn. 37. 4.

Φρίμασσόμεναι, fremo: to make a noise. Πεμψῶναι τὸν Πανᾶ φρίμασσέδ πᾶσᾶ τράγισκων Theoc. 5. 141. SYN. see Φρύδασσόμεναι.

Φρίξ, φρικὸς, ἡ, tremor maris; horripilatio; timor: the curling of the waves; bristling of hair; fear. Μελαίνῃ φρικὶ κάλυφθεις δ. 402. SYN. Φρίκη.

Φρίξος, οὐ, ὁ, Phrixus: the brother of Helle. Apoll. 4. 81. Ερ. Ἐύμμελῃς ἄμύμων. Phr. see Apoll. 2. 1142—1159.

Φρίσσω, ἔω, horreo, horripilo: to shudder at. Οὐδὲ σκῶτον φρίσσουσι Hipp. 419. SYN. Ορῶδεις, δειμανῶ, βδελύττωμαι, μισῶ.

Φροιμιάζομαι, praeludo, praefor: to preface. Φροιμιάζονται γὰρ ὡς Agam. 1325. Eum. 20. SYN. Αρχῶμαι.

Φροιμῶν. See Προοιμῶν.

Φρόνῃω, intelligo, delibero, judico: to understand, think, judge. Phoen. 715. SYN. Σωφρόνῃω, βουλεύομαι, σὺνίημι, φροντίζω.

Φρόνῃμα, ἀτός, τὸ, Φρόνῃσις, ἔως, et Φρόνῃς, ἰὸς, ἡ, cogitatio; elatio animi; superbia: thought; magnanimity; pride. Orest. 1197. Eur. Sup. 227. Κατὰ δὲ φρόνῃν ἡγάγῃ πολλῇ δ. 258. SYN. Διάνοια, φροντίς, φράδῃ, φραδμῶσυν, σὺνέσις. Ερ. Ἀμᾶθῃς, ἀδίκων, δυρᾶν, ὑπέρφρον, ὀλεῖν.

Φρόνῃμος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, prudens: sensible. Καὶ νῦν φρόνῃμος νῦν ἀλγὸς ἔχει Aj. 259. SYN. Φρένηρς, ἔξφρων, φράδῃς, φράδμων, σὺνέτος, σφῶς.

Φρόνῃος, οὐ, ὁ, Phronius. Τοῖς νῖδς Φρόνῃοιδ Νόημων δ. 630.

Φρόνῃς. See Φρόνῃμα.

Φρόνουντῶς, sapienter: wisely. Antig. 693. SYN. Σφῶς, σὺνέτως, πινύτῶς.

Φροντίς, ἰὸς, curo, cogito: to care, consider. Hec. 256. SYN. Ἐπιμελέομαι, σκέπτομαι, μελέτω, κηδῶμαι, μεριμνῶ, σπονδάζω, φρόνῃω.

Φροντίς, ἰδὼς, ἡ, cogitatio; cura: thought; care, anxiety. Φροντίς οὐκ ἀλγεινὴ φίλει Med. 47. SYN. Μεριμνᾶ, μελέτη, κηδὸς, μελέτημα, ἐπιμελεῖα, ὥρα. Ερ. Γλυκεῖα, σφῆ, δευτέρα, ἀργάλλεα, λυγρὰ, μελαινα, στυγερὰ, κεδνή.

Φρόντισμα, ἀτός, τὸ, cura, officium: care, duty. Nub. 155. SYN. Σφισμα, φροντίς, πράξις.

Φροντιστέος, α, ὄν, curandus: must be a care to. Iph. T. 469.

Φροντιστήριον, οὐ, τὸ, locus ubi cogitant, me-

ditantur, etc.; schola: a museum; a school. Ἄνοργ' ἀνοργ' ἀνύσας τὸ φροντιστήριον Nub. 181. SYN. Διάτρησις.

Φροντιστής, οὐ, ὁ, qui anxie inquit; qui rem curat; philosophus: an anxious inquirer; one who takes care of a thing; a philosopher. Nub. 456. SYN. Κηδεμών.

Φροῦδος, ἡ, ὄν, evanidus: vanished. Hec. 159. SYN. Ἀφαντός, ἀφανής.

Φρουρά, ἄς, ἡ, Φρούρημα, ἄτος, et Φρουρίδον, ου, τὸ, praesidium, custodia: a watch, garrison. Φρουρὰν ἐταξάν ἐν περὶστύλοις δόμοις Androm. 1088. Ion 513. Φρουρίοισι παντὰχ' Orest. 751. SYN. Φυλάκη, αλκή.

Φρουρέω, ἡσω, custodio: to guard. Cycl. 684. SYN. Φυλάσσω, ἐρύω, τηρέω, ασφαλίζομαι.

Φρούρημα, et Φρουρίδον. See Φρουρά.

Φρουρός, οὐ, ὁ, custos: a guard. Ion 22.

SYN. Φυλάξ, φυλακτήρ, φυλάκος, φρυκτωρός.

Φρύαγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, fremitus, insolentia hominis: snorting, pride. Καὶ φρύαγμαθ' ἱππικά Soph. El. 717.

Φρύασσμαι, fremo: to snort. Ἀρτί φρύασσόμεναι Call. 5. 3. SYN. Φριμάσσωμαι, χρέμετις.

Φρύγανον, ου, τὸ, sarmentum: a twig, fuel. Οὐκουν δὲκω σοι μαντικῶς τὸ φρύγανον Pax 1026.

Φρύγία. See Φρύγιος.

Φρύγίλος, frigilla: a chaffinch. Φρύγίλος ὀρνίς ἐνθάδ' ἔσται τοῦ Φίλημῶνος γένους (troch. tetram.) Av. 763.

Φρύγιος, α, ὄν, Phrygius: Phrygian, of Phrygia. Φρύγία, γῆ being understood, denotes an extensive portion of Asia Minor, in which was Troy. Πόδως ἀρχέχορον πλαγαῖς Φρύγίαις Troad. 152. Ἦδη καὶ Φρύγιῃν εἰσῆλθὼν Γ. 184.

Φρύγω, et Φρύσσω, ξω, torreo, asso: to roast, to parch. Στεφάνοι πλέκονται φρύγεται τράχημάτα Eccles. 844. Theoc. 6. 16. SYN. Οπτᾶω, ἀπανθρακίζω, ἀναίνω.

Φρυκτός, οὐ, ὁ, et Φρυκτωρία, ας, ἡ, specula per ignem nuntians: a beacon. Vesp. 1331. Φυλάκα καθεστήκασι καὶ φρυκτωρία Av. 1161.

Φρυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, tostus: roasted, parched. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anth. 11. 54. SYN. Ξηρός.

Φρυκτωρός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, custos signorum per faces datorum: a watch at a beacon. Agam. 573.

Φρύνη, ἡς, ἡ, Phryne: a famous Athenian courtesan. Eccles. 1101. See Φρύνις.

Φρύνη. See Φρύνος.

Φρύνις, ἴδς, ἡ, Phrynus: a famous minstrel of Mitylene. Οἷας οἱ νῦν τὰς κατὰ Φρύνιν Nub. 969.

Φρυνίχεις, α, ὄν, Phrynichus: of Phrynichus. Vesp. 1524. See below.

Φρυνίχης, ου, ὁ, Phrynichus. Καὶ Φρυνίχος τοῦτον γάρ Thesm. 164.

Φρύνος, ὁ, et Φρύνη, ἡ, rubeta: a toad. "Ἦν γέ μιν ἐκ φρύνου Nicand. A. 580. 588.

Φρυνώδας, ου, ὁ, Phrynondas. Εἰσὶ Φρυνώδας μὲν οὖν Thesm. 861.

Φρύξ, ὕδος, ὁ, Phryx: Phryx, a Phrygian. Ω καὶ τίν' αὐχεῖς πύτῆρα Διὶ δὸν ἢ Φρύγα Alcest. 691. Er. plur. Αἰδωπῶλοι, ἱπποδάμοι, κάκοι, πῶλυχοροι, ἱπποκόρυσταί, ἀργυράνητοι.

Φρύσσω. See Φρύγω.

Φύγαις, ἰν, fugam: to flight. Εἰς δίφρον δ' ἀνάσσει φύγαι' ἐτράπε II. 657.

Φύγαίχμης, ου, bellum fugiens, ignavus: war-

shunning, unwarring. Pers. 1025. See below. SYN. Φύγομάχος, φύγοπτόλεμος, δειλαῖος.

Φύγας, ἄδς, profugus, exsul: fugitive, banished. Αἰ δ' ἐλπίδες βόσκουσι φύγαδ' ὡς λόγος Phœn. 407. SYN. Δραπέτης, αὐτομόλος, ἀπόπτολις, ἀπὸλῖς.

Φυγγάνω. See Φεύγω.

Φύγδα, et Φύγδην, fugæ modo: in the manner of flight. Eumen. 256. (See Μίγδα in Μίγδα.) Nicand. Θ. 21.

Φύγη, et Φύζα, ἡς, ἡ, fuga, exsilium: flight, banishment. Ἐνῆυσίαν ἐκδημὸν αἰνέσας φύγην Hipp. 37. Φύζα Φέβου κρῦδεντός ἐταίρη I. 2.

SYN. Φεύξις, φύξις, τρύπη, ἄλυξις. Er. Θεσπέσια, αἰσχροῖα, δυστυχέστατῃ, πάλαια, τλήμων, λευγάλλεα, ἀναλκίς, κῆκη, οἰζυρά.

Φύγοπτόλεμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fugiens bellum: war-shunning, cowardly. Οὐδὲ φύγοπτόλεμος ξ. 214.

SYN. see Φύγαίχμης.

Φύγοξένος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hospites fugiens: stranger-avoiding, inhospitable. Olymp. 11. 17. See above, SYN. Ἀξένος.

Φύζα. See Φύγη.

Φυζακίνος, ἡ, ὄν, fugax: timid. Φυζακίνης ἐλαφοῖσιν ἐοικέσθαι N. 102. SYN. Δειλός, φύξιμος.

Φύη, ἡς, ἡ, natura, statura: nature, stature. Οὐ δέμας οὐδὲ φύην A. 115. SYN. Φύσις, τρύπος, εἶδος, γένος, φύλυν.

Φυκίους, εσσα, ἔν, alga abundans: abounding in sea-weed. Κατέτακέτο φυκιδέσης Theoc. 11. 14.

Φυκῖον, ου, τὸ, dimin. a Φυκός, ἔος, τὸ, alga, muscus: sea-weed, moss. "Ὅς ἐσχάτῃ φυκίᾳ κινεῖ Theoc. 7. 58. Πολλὸν δὲ πᾶρ' ἄλλῃ φυκῖος ἔχευαν I. 7. Er. Ἀναλῆον.

Φυκός, ἔος. See above.

Φυκτός. See Φευκτέος.

Φυλάκη, ἡς, ἡ, custodia: custody, guard. Τῖς ἐκπρύχῃ πρώτῃν φυλάκην Rhes. 534. Φυλάκη is also a city in Thessaly, N. 696. SYN. Φρουρά. Er. Ἐμπεδός, ἀργάλλεα.

Φυλάκιδης, ου, ὁ, patronym. a Φυλάκος, ου, ὁ, Phylacides: the son of Phylacus. Ιφίκλοιὸ πάϊς τοῦ Φυλάκιδος N. 698. Πηδᾶσόν αἰπεινὴν Φυλάκον δ' ἔλε Ζ. 35.

Φυλάκος, ου, Φυλακτήρ, ἡρὸς, Φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, custos: a watchman, guard. Εἰς στρατὸν οὐδὲ γὰρ ἂν φυλάκους λάθοι Ω. 566. 444. Hec. 760. SYN. Φουρός, πρόφυλαξ, δὲρῦφόρος, φρυκτωρός. SYN. Ὠμόφρων, ἀριστός, εὐδαίμων.

Φυλακτέος, α, ὄν, custodiendus: must be guarded. Androm. 63. See below.

Φυλακτήρ. See Φυλάκος.

Φύλαξ. See Φυλάκος.

Φυλαρχέω, tribui præsnum: to be at the head of a tribe. Lysist. 561. See Φυλή.

Φυλαρχός, ου, ὁ, tribunus: the president of a tribe. Av. 795. See Φυλή.

Φύλας, αντός, ὁ, Phylas. Φύλαντος δὴγάτηρ II. 181.

Φυλάσσω, ξω, custodio; med. caveo: to guard; midd. to beware. Τοῦ φυλάσσεσθαι καλῶς Phœn. 743. SYN. Τηρέω, διάφυλάσσω, πᾶρᾶτηρέω, ρύδομαι, φρουρέω.

Φυλεῖδης, ου, patronym. a (2) Φυλεὺς, ἔως, ὁ, (1) Phylides: the son of Phyleus; (2) Phyleus: Phyleus. Φυλεῖδης ὅν τίκετ' Διὶ φίλος ἱπποτὰ Φυλεὺς B. 628.

Φυλέτης, ου, ὁ, contribulis: one of the same tribe. Av. 368. See Φυλή.

Φυλεύς. See Φυλείδης.

Φυλή, ἥς, ἡ, tribus; item Phyle, pagus Atticus: a tribe; Phyle, a town in Attica. Ἡμεῖς δὲ φυλῇ καὶ γένει τιμώμενοι Av. 33. Πόθεν ἀπὸ Φυλῆς ἐλάδον οἱ Βοιωτῖοι Acharn. 987.

Φυλία, as, ἡ, oleaster: a kind of wild olive tree. Ὁ μὲν φυλῆς ὁ δ' ἐλαίης ε. 477. SYN. Κότινός.

Φυλλάς, ἄδός, ἡ, cumulus foliorum; frondes: a heap of leaves; branches. Τόνδ' ἔχουσα φυλλάδος Eur. Sup. 32. Ep. Σκίερα, βάθειά, εὐκαρπύς.

Φυλλεῖον. See Φύλλον.

Φυλλήϊος, ου, ὁ, Phyllieus: a mountain in Thessaly. Ὅρεος Φυλλήϊου ἀγχοῦ ναῖον Apoll. 1. 37.

Φύλλινός, η, ὄν, foliaceus, factus ex foliis: leafy, made of leaves. Κεκλιμένοι τοίχω τῷ φυλλίνῳ Theoc. 21. 8. SYN. Φυλλόφρῶς.

Φυλλόβροχον, φυλλορρόβον, frondes amitto vel spargo: to scatter leaves. Nub. 1003. Av. 3. 1481. SYN. Φύλλοις βάλλω.

Φυλλάκομος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, foliis comatus: leafy. Av. 215.

Φύλλον, φυλλεῖον, ου, τὸ, folium: a leaf. Z. 146. Acharn. 468. SYN. Πέταλον, φυλλάς. Ep. Πλεκτόν, χαμαιπέτες, ἐλατίνον, ηῖρινον, ἄγριον, χλοῦρον, τέρεν, λάσιον.

Φυλλορρόβον. See Φυλλόβροχον.

Φυλλοστρώς, ὡτός, φυλλόστρωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, foliis constratus: strewed with leaves. Theocr. Ep. 3. 1. Rhcs. 9.

Φυλλάφρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, frondifer: foliage-bearing. Pind. Olymp. 8. 100. SYN. Φύλλινός, φυλλόκομος, φυλλίτης.

Φυλλάχθος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, folia fundens: leaf-shedding. Apoll. 4. 217.

Φύλον, ου, τὸ, genus, natio: a people, nation. Ὅρῳ δὲ φύλα τρία τρίων στρατευμάτων Eur. Sup. 633. SYN. Φυλή, ἔθνος, πάτρα, γένος. Ep. Ἀθέσφατον, κλυτόν, πέρικλυτόν, ἄγριον, δεινόν, βάρεῖον, ἐρίκυδές, πόλυμοχθόν, πόλυστονόν, ἀγλαόν.

Φύλοπις, ἰδός, ἡ, clamor bellicus; praelium: the war-cry, properly of a tribe; a battle. Καὶ Ἀχαιῶν φύλοπις ἀινῇ E. 379. Φυλοπίδος λῆξι Pax 1076. SYN. see Μάχη. Ep. Κράτερὰ, κρυῖερα, ἀινῇ, ἀργαλεά, ἀλλοπρόσαλλος.

Φυλῶ, ὅς s. οὗς, ἡ, Phylō: an attendant of Helen. Φυλῶ δ' ἀργυρεόν τάλαρον φέρει δ. 125.

Φύμι. See Φύω.

Φυῖναι, ὄρος, fugam viris immittens: husband-banishing. Τὸν φυζάνορὰ γάμων Αἰγύπτου Æsch. Sup. 9.

Φύζηλις, ἰός, profugus, exul; timidus: running away, banished; cowardly. Ἐχει φύζηλιν ἔοντα P. 143. SYN. Φυγαίχνης, φύγας, ἀνανδρός, δειλός.

Φύξιμος, Φύξιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui vitari potest; ad quem confugitur; qui in fugam vertit: which may be avoided; convenient for escaping to; putting to flight. Φύξιμος οὐδεὶς Antig. 788. Apoll. 4. 699. Φύξιός is an epithet of Jupiter, as the supporter of fugitives or exiles. Other reasons are assigned for the appellation by the Schol. Apoll. 2. 1151. SYN. see Φευκτέος.

Φύξις. See Φεύξις.

Φυράω, et Φύρω, miscuo, macero, corrumpo: to mix, moisten, soil. Τηνδε φυράσειν φόνω Sept. Th. 48. Δακρύσειν εἰματ' ἐφυρόν Ω. 162.

SYN. Ἀναφύρω, κύκω, συμμίγνυμι, κεράννυμι, μάλινω, μάσσω, ἀνάμασσω.

Φύρην, mixtim; confuse: promiscuously; in confusion. Pers. 54. SYN. see Μίγδα.

Φύρω. See Φυράω.

Φύσᾶ, ης, ἡ, follis: bellows. Ἐλισσόμενον περὶ φύσας Σ. 372. PNH. see Apoll. 3. 1299.

Φυσάδειᾶ, as, ἡ, Physadia: one of the daughters of Danaus. Τὰς καλπίδας ἡ 's Φυσάδειαν Call. 5. 47.

Φυσάλλις, ἰδός, ἡ; Φυσητήριον, ου, τὸ, tibia: a pipe. Δάξέ δὴ σὺ τὰς φυσαλλίδας πρὸς τῶν Δεῶν Lysist. 1245. 1243. See Φυσάω. SYN. Αἰλός.

Φυσάω, et Φυσίω vel -άω, spiro; sufflo; efflo: to breathe; to blow; to puff out. Ἐέκυσί πῶσαι ἐφύσαν Σ. 470. Ἀπᾶνευθ' ἐχέ φυσιῶντας Δ. 227. SYN. Ἀναφυσάω, πνέω, πνευστιᾶω, ασθμῶνα.

Φύσημά, Φυσίαμά, ἄτος, τὸ, inflatio; eruptio aquae vel sanguinis: a panting, gale; oozing out. Phœn. 1452. Ῥέγκονεθ' δ' οὐ πλαστοῖσι φυσιάμασι Eumen. 53. SYN. Ἄημά, ἐπίπνοιά. Ep. Πόντιον, χρυσταλλόπηκτον, γνόφωδες, πλαστον.

Φυσητήδς, α, ὄν, inflandus: must be inflated. Lysist. 292. See Φυσάω.

Φυσητήριον. See Φυσάλλις.

Φυσίαμά. See Φύσημά.

Φυσιγγόμαι, inturgesco: to swell. Κᾶθ' οἱ Μεγάρεισι ὀδύναις πεφυσιγγαμένοι Acharn. 525.

Φυσίγναθός, ου, ὁ, nomen ranæ: one who puffs out his cheeks, the name of a frog. Εἰμι δ' ἐγὼ βάσιλεις Φυσίγναθός Batrach. 18.

Φυσιζῶς, Φυσιζῶος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vitam producens, almus: life-bearing, genial. Κάτχει φυσιζῶος αἶα λ. 300. Æsch. Sup. 592.

Φυσίω, vel -ίω. See Φυσάω.

Φύσις, ἑως, ἡ, natura; ingenium; statura: nature; disposition; stature. Στερρός ἀνθρώπων φύσις Hec. 296. SYN. Φύη, εἶδος, μορφή, γένος. Ep. Στυγέρα, ἄγρια, εὐειδής, σκληρὰ, ελευθερά, γενναία, ἀθανάτος, χάριεσσά, ἀτρεπτός, γνησία, ἀδόλως.

Φύσκη, ης, ἡ, crassum intestinum: the thick gut, a sausage. Eq. 364.

Φύσκος, ου, ὁ, Physcus: a mountain near Crotona. Theoc. 4. 23.

Φυστός, ἡ, ὄν, tumidus: swollen. Vesp. 608.

Φυτάλις, ἄς, ἡ, plantatio; planta: a plantation; a plant. Καλὸν φυτάλις M. 314.

Φυτάλμιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et α, ὄν, foecundus; naturalis: productive; natural. Ἡπαθ' φυτάλμιος δυσάλων Æ. C. 151., answering to ἐκτόπιος σύθελς ὁ πάντων. SYN. Φυτοσπῶρος, φυτουργός, γονίμιος.

Φυτεύω, planto: to plant. Οὗτος φυτεύει Πέλοπα τοῦ δ' Ἀτρεὺς ἐφ' Orest. 11. SYN. Φιτύω, γεννάω, φύω.

Φυτεμά, ἄτος, Φύτον, οὗ, τὸ, planta: a plant. Æ. C. 698. Αἰλιώτατον Φύτον Med. 233. SYN. Φιτύ, ἐρνύς, δαλός. Ep. Σκίερον, κάρπιμον, ἀθλίον, γλυκέρων, καλλιπέτηλόν, πάγκαρπὸν, χλοῦρον, ἀμπελόεν.

Φύτον. See above.

Φυτοσκάφος, Φυτοσπῶρος, ου, ὁ, plantator, hortulanus: a gardener. Ουροὺς μὴν ἰσασι φυτοσκάφοι Theocrit. 25. 27. Trach. 359. SYN. Γηπῶνός.

Φυτότροφός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, plantas alens: plant-nourishing. Σημαντήρὰ φυτοτρόφον Apoll. 3. 1402.

Φύτουργος, οὗ, ὁ, hortulanus, vineator, sator ; parens : a gardener, vine-dresser, sower ; a parent. Αἱ τοῦ φύτουργοῦ πατρός CE. R. 1482.

Φῦω, Φῦμι, Πέφύκω, gigno ; nascor : to beget ; to spring or grow up. Πέτρορρύβει τέ καθ' ἑτέρα φύομεν Av. 106. Ἀνήρ' ὅτ' ἀντ' ἄνδρα φύονται ι. 109. Φύσει ἐπειδὴ πρῶτ' Ἀ. 235. Εἰς ὥμων ἐπέφρονεν Hes. Op. 1. 148. Φύναι Med. 522. See Δυμί. SYN. Φύτεω, φιτῶ, γεννᾶω, τίκτω, ἐξαντ' ἄλλα, γίνομαι, βλαστάνω.

Φωίς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, seu potius contr. Φῶς, φωδὺς, pustula : a pustule, pimple. Πλὴν φώδων ἐκ βάλανειον Plut. 535. SYN. Φλόκταιναι.

Φωκεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, Φωκίς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, Phocensis : of Phocis. Iph. T. 918. Φωκίδος δ' ἀπὸ χθονός Iph. A. 261.

Φώκη, ης, ἡ, phoca : a sea-calf. Vesp. 1033. Ep. Ζατρεφής, ἀλιτρεφής, ἐινάλια, νέπους, μέλαινα.

Φωκίς. See Φωκεὺς.

Φωκὺς, ου, ὁ, Phocus : the brother of Peleus. Androm. 685.

Φωλᾶς, ἄδῶς, in specu habitans : dwelling in a hole or den. Ἄν' ὠρεῶ φωλᾶδ' ἀρκοί Theoc. 1. 115.

Φωλεύω, vocem emitto ; dico ; nomino : to sound ; to speak ; to call. Iph. T. 688. SYN. Λάλεω, λέγω, ηἶξω, κάλεω, φημί.

Φωνή, ἡς, ἡ, vox ; fama : voice ; report. Nub. 357. SYN. Φθόγγος, βόη, ἡχός, αὐδή, φήμη, γλωσσά. Ep. Ἀριζήλη, ἀσπέτος, ἀρρηκτός, ἐρατή, δαλέρα, βροῦτα, λεπτὰ ἔλα, ἀπειρής, νημερτής, πάλυλχης, νηλῆς, εὐφθογγός, ἀγανή, ἡδυνήδης, μέλιτ' ἡδῆς, ἡδεῖα, ἡδυμέλης, μελίχχός, μαντίπ' ὀλῶς.

Φωνήεις, εἰσά, ἐν, vocalis : vocal, tuneful. Troad. 442.

Φωνήμ' ἄτος, τὸ, sonus, sermo : sound, speech. CE. R. 324. SYN. Φθόγγος, φθέγμα, ἡχός, φωνή.

Φῶρ, ὠρός, ὁ, fur : a thief. Apoll. 3. 1196. SYN. Κλέπτης, ληστής, κἀκούργος.

Φωρᾶ, ἄς, ἡ, furtum : a theft. Mosch. 7. 6. SYN. Κλοπή, κλέμμ'.

Φωρᾶω, ἴμωρ ; deprehendo : to steal ; to discover. Nub. 499. Πα' est longa in futuro, ut in δράσω, ὄρσσω. SYN. Διέρευνᾶω, ἐκζητῶ, κατὰ λαμβάνω, ἐλέγχω.

Φωριᾶμος, οὗ, ὁ, ἡ, arcula : a small coffer. Πάριστατό φωριᾶμοισιν ο. 104. SYN. Χωριᾶμος (vox suspecta), κίθωτος, κίστη.

Φωρίος, ἄ, ὄν, furtivus : clandestine. Ἀνίστατό φωρίος ἐνθά Theoc. 27. 67. SYN. Λαθραῖος, κρυπταῖος.

Φῶς, φωδὺς. See Φωίς.

Φῶς, ὠτός, ὁ, homo : a man. Hec. 865. SYN. see Ἄνθρωπος.

Φῶς. See Φῶς.

Φωσφόρος. See Φᾶσμίμβροτος.

X.

Χάβης, ἡτός, ὁ, Chabes. Eueργίδης ἀρ' ἐστὶ πον' ὑπ' αὐτῷ ἡ Χάβης Vesp. 234.

Χάζω, Χάζομαι, 2. a. ἐχάδω, cedo ; privo ;

Pros. Lex.

capio ; contineo : to retire ; to deprive ; to take ; to keep in. Χάξ' ἐπεί οἱ θυμός M. 407. SYN. Ἀνάχάζω, ὑπὸ χάζομαι, ὑποχάρω, χάρω, ἀποχάρω.

Χαῖνω, hisco ; avide cupio : to gape ; to desire eagerly. Τότ' μοι χᾶνοι ευρεῖα χθόν Δ. 182. SYN. Χασκάζω, χάσκω, ὑποχαίνω.

Χαῖος, ου, ὁ, pedom : a crook. Καὶ ἐν χερσὶ χαῖον ἔχουσα Call. fr. 125. 2. SYN. Κἀλαῖρον, κἀλαῖρον.

Χαῖος, aut Χάῖος, α, ὄν, probus : virtuous. Οὐπα γυναικ' ὀπαπ' χαῖωτέραν Lysist. 1157. SYN. Ἀγᾶθος, χρηστός, ευγυής.

Χαιρέφων, ὠντός, ὁ, Chærephon. Av. 1296. Χαιρηδών. See Χάρμ'.

Χαιρητᾶδης, ου, ὁ, Chæretades. Καὶ τὴν Φιλῶδωρ' ἵππον τέ καὶ Χαιρητᾶδον Eccles. 51.

Χαιριδῆς, οἱ, Chæridis discipuli : the disciples or followers of Chæris. Χαιριδῆς βομβεῦλοι Acharn. 866.

Χαῖρις, ἰδὺς, ὁ, Chæris : a Theban musician. "Ὅτ' ἐδ' ἡ παρέκνυξ Χαῖρις ἐπὶ τὸν ὄρθιον Acharn. 16. See above.

Χαίρω, f. χαίρειν et χάρῳ, 2. a. pass. ἐχάρην, (2) imper. χαίρε, (3) particip. χαίρων, (1) gaudeo, valeo : to rejoice, to fare well ; (2) salve : hail ; (3) impune : with impunity. Phoen. 627. Χαιρήσεις Plut. 64. SYN. "Ἡδομαι, τέρπεται, ευφραίνομαι, γήθημι, ἐρῶσθαι φημί.

Χαίτη, ης, ἡ, Χαίτωμα, ἄτος, τὸ, juba ; coma : a mane ; the hair. Alcest. 933. Sept. Th. 381. SYN. Παδόκαμος, ἑθειρά, κόμη, θρίξ, χαίτωμα, λάχνη. Ep. Αμυρῶσια, κυνᾶε, δαλέρα, ξανθή, τῦμαιος, ἀρ' ὀπλουτός, ἀπάλη, λάσια, κυνᾶοχρος, ἐλικίδης, αυχημρά, ευώδης.

Χαιτήεις, ἡεσά, ἡν, jubatus, comatus : long-maned, hairy. Apoll. 2. 1241. SYN. Λάχνηεις, εὐκόμος, βάθυχαίτης.

Χαίτωμα. See Χαίτη.

Χάλαζα, ης, ἡ, grando : hail. Καὶ χάλαζαν ἀσπέτον Troad. 78. Ep. Ψυχρά, νύφ' ὀσλητός, πικινή, κρεῖρα.

Χάλαζα, tuberculis velut grandine coopertus sum (de sue dicitur) : to be measly. Eq. 381. See above.

Χάλαζα, εἰσά, ἡν, grandinosus : falling like hail. Isthm. 564. See Χάλαζα.

Χάλαίνω. See Χάλας.

Χάλαρος, ἄ, ὄν, laxus : loose. Στρεφέται χἀλάρ' αὐτὸν ἡδὼν Vesp. 1495. SYN. Χαυνός, ἀναιμὸς, παρειαῖος.

Χάλαω, f. ἄσω, Dor. -ᾶω, et Χάλαίνω, laxo : to relax, to loosen, to give way. Μοι τοὺς μαστοὺς χἀλάσων Cycl. 55., answering to γενναίων μὲν πατέρων. Hes. Scut. 308. SYN. Εκλύω, ἀνιμί, ὑπείκω, ἐνδιδάμι.

Χἀλέπαίνω, Χἀλέπαίνωμαι, exacerbo ; sævio : to exasperate ; to be indignant. Εγὼ δ' ἤρχον χἀλέπαίνων B. 378. SYN. Ἀγανακτέω, νεμέσσω, δυσχέραίνω, οργίζομαι, χολῶμαι.

Χἀλέπος, ἡ, ὄν, sævus, durus, acerbus : savage, hard, difficult, harsh. Med. 1265. See above. SYN. Σκληρός, δεινός, βάρυς, ἀπηνής, ἀργαλῆς, ἀγρίος, ὠμός.

Χἀλέπτω, damno adicio : to injure. "Ὅστις σ' ἐχάλεπται δ. 423. SYN. Βλάπτω, κἀκῶ, σίνωμαι, ἀδικέω.

Χἀλέπῳ, moleste, difficulter, acerbe : hardly, with difficulty, harshly. Χἀλέπῳ οργὰς μετὰ βάλλουσιν Med. 121. SYN. Αἰνῶς, δεινῶς, ἀγρίως, σκληρῶς, βάρῳ.

Χάλικρητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, merus: unmixed. Πινεῖ χάλικρητον λαρόν μεθ' Ἀπολλ. 1. 473. SYN. Ἀκρατός and ὄν.

Χάλινος, οὔ, ὁ, plur. -οι, et χάλινά, τὰ, frænum, habena: a bridle, rein. Διοὺν χάλινον τρύπανον κωπηλάτῃ Cycl. 460. SYN. Ἡνία, στομίον, ψάλιον, φίμος. Ερ. Δινωδέτος, πυρίγενέτης, χρυσάμπυξ, αργυνοῖς, δαμάσιφρων, ἄκεσθρ.

Χάλινωτήριον, ου, τὸ, retinaculum navis: a cable. Λύσαι τέ πρύμνας καὶ χάλινωτήρια Hec. 537.

Χάλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, silex; calx; cæmentum: a pebble; chalk; mortar. Χάλικας παρὰφῶρει πηλὸν ἀπόδους ὀργάσον Av. 840.

Χάλιφρονών, οντός, Χάλιφρων, ὄντος, cui mens laxata est, imbecillus: feeble-minded, weak in understanding. Καὶ τέ χάλιφρονέοντά ψ. 13. τ. 530. SYN. Μάταιοφρων, παρὰφρων, ηλιθίος, ἄφρων, μάρως.

Χάλιφρόσυνη, ης, ἡ, animi imbecillitas: weakness of understanding. Ου γὰρ τί χάλιφρόσυναί γε μ' ἐχουσιν π. 310. SYN. Ἀφρόσυνη, παρὰνοιά, ἄνοια.

Χάλιφρων. See Χάλιφρονών.

Χαλκάρματός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, æreo curru vectus: riding in a brazen chariot. Pyth. 4. 155. See Ἀρμά, ἄτος.

Χαλκαστῖς, ἰδὺς, æreum clypeum gestans: brazen-shielded. Herc. F. 791. See Ασπίς, ἰδὺς.

Χαλκέγχης, ἔδος, ærea hasta utens: having brazen spears. Troad. 143.

Χάλκειος, Ion. pro Χάλκῆος, et Χαλκήϊος, α, ὄν, æreus: brazen. Λ. 629. Phœn. 1378. Χαλκήϊα πείρατ' ἀ τέχνης γ. 433. SYN. Χαλκόβατης, στερεὺς, ισχυρός.

Χαλκέλατός, Χαλκήλατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Χαλκήρης, ἔδος, ære ducto factus: plated with brass. Χαλκέλατφ πέλεκει Olymp. 7. 66. Ran. 959. Δ. 469.

Χαλκεμβύλας, ἄδους, æreo rostro armatus: brazen-beaked. Μή μοι ναῶν χαλκεμβύλαδων Iph. A. 1320.

Χαλκεντής, ἔδος, æreis armis utens: having brazen armour. Nem. 1. 24.

Χαλκέθωρηξ, -κθώραξ, ηκός, et Χαλκθώραξ, ακός, æreo thorace utens: having a brass breast-plate. Δ. 448. Aj. 179. See Θώραξ, ακός.

Χαλκεῶμιτφ, ὀρός, Χαλκεῶμιτφης, ου, æream gestans mitram: having a brazen mitre. Troad. 273. (See Μίτφς. Sed hic locus conjecturis valde vexatur.) Nem. 10. 170.

Χαλκεῶπλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, æreis armis indutus: clad in brazen armour. Helen. 692. SYN. Χαλκεντής, χαλκῶρυστης, χαλκῶτευχής, χαλκθώραξ, χαλκῶχίτων, χαλκῶκνήμις.

Χάλκειός. See Χάλκειος.

Χαλκεῶφωνός, Χαλκῶέδας, ου, vocem æream habens: brazen-voiced. E. 785. C. C. 1046. SYN. Μεγάλοφωνός, εὐφωνός.

Χάλκευμά, ἄτος, Χαλκῖον, ου, τὸ, ærea catena; quicquid ex ære confectum est: a brazen chain; any thing made of brass. Choëph. 572. Τὸ χαλκῖον ὡς τὰχος ἀχει Theoc. 2. 36. SYN. Χάλκωμά.

Χαλκῖος, ἔως, ὁ, faber ærarius: a brazier. Pax 480.

Χαλκεύω, Χαλκεύμαι, ex ære fabrico: to form out of brass, to be a brazier. Τίς χαλκεύειν ἢ ναυπηγεῖν Plut. 513. Eq. 467.

Χαλκῶν, ὦνός, ὁ, fabri ærarii officina: a

brazier's shop. Βῆ ῥ' ἴμεν es χαλκῶνά (trisyll.) ἄ. 273. SYN. Χαλκεῖον.

Χαλκήϊος. See Χάλκειός.

Χαλκήλατός, Χαλκήρης. See Χαλκέλατός.

Χαλκιδέες, ων, οἱ, Chalcidenses: the people of Chalcis. Ουκ ἐστὶν ὅπως ου Χαλκιδέας ἀφίστατον Eq. 238. See below.

Χαλκιδικός, ἡ, ὄν, Chalcidicus: of Chalcis. Χαλκιδίκης δ' αὐτῆμαρ Call. 4. 46.

Χαλκιοικός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, æream domum habens (Epith. Minervæ apud Spartanos): having a brazen house or temple. Helen. 245. See Χαλκῖοπη. SYN. Χαλκῖναός, χαλκῖοπύλος.

Χαλκῖον. See Χάλκευμά.

Χαλκῖοπη, ης, ἡ, Chalciope. Χαλκῖοπης ἱερόν Call. 4. 161.

Χαλκῖς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, Chalcis: a city in Eubœa. Χαλκιδά τ' αγγιῶλον B. 640. Ερ. Στενόπορθμός.

Χαλκῶαρης, ἔδος, ex ære factus; ære tectus; ære armatus; bello strenuus: made of brass; armed with brass; with brass; warlike. Ἐμπύρα χαλκῶαρον ἰκτὸς θανόντων Isthm. 4. 108., answering to ναυτιλίαισι τέ πορθμὸν ἀμείρωσαι. SYN. Χαλκήρης.

Χαλκῶαρης, εἶα, ἔς, ære gravis, æreus: heavy with brass, made of brass. Ἰὺς χαλκῶαρης φ. 423.

Χαλκῶατής, ἔδος, Χαλκῶπέδος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui æreis fundamentis insistit: with a brazen foundation, firm. Πῶτί χαλκῶατές δῶ ν. 4. Isthm. 7. 61.

Χαλκῶδας. See Χαλκεῶφωνός.

Χαλκῶγένυς, ὄδς, æreas aut ferreas genas habens: having brazen cheeks. Pyth. 4. 42. Τς brevis, ut in γένυς.

Χαλκῶγλῶχιν, ὄνός, æream habens cuspidem: brazen-pointed. Ἐπὶ μέλιτης χαλκογλῶχινός ἐρεισθείς X. 225.

Χαλκῶδάμας, αντός, ὁ, æs vel ferrum domans vel acuens: subduing or sharpening steel. Χαλκῶδάμας ἄκοναν Isth. 6. 108.

Χαλκῶδέτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, æreis vinculis ligatus: bound with brass. Sept. Th. 148.

Χαλκῶθώραξ. See Χαλκέθωρηξ.

Χαλκῶκνήμις, ἰδὺς, ocreis æreis armatus: brazen-greaved. Χαλκῶκνήμιδες Ἀχαιοί H. 41. SYN. see Χαλκεῶπλος.

Χαλκῶκῶρυστης, οὔ, æreis armis ornatus: clad in brazen mail. Z. 199. SYN. see Χαλκεῶπλος.

Χαλκῶκρόπτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ære circumstrepens, aut resonans; ex ære cusus: rattling with brass; cast of brass. Eq. 552. SYN. Χαλκῶκτύπος, χαλκῶπληκτός, χαλκήλατός.

Χαλκῶνωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, æneum dorsum habens: brazen-backed. Troad. 1183.

Χαλκῶπάρης, Χαλκῶπλευρός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, æreas habens genas: brazen-cheeked or sided. Κόρυθος διὰ χαλκῶπάρηου ω. 522. Soph. El. 54. SYN. Χαλκῶγένυς.

Χαλκῶπέδος. See Χαλκῶατής.

Χαλκῶπλευρός. See Χαλκῶπάρης.

Χαλκῶπληθής, ἔδος, ære impletus: brass-nailed. Καὶ χαλκῶπληθῇ Δανάιδων ὀρμῇ στράτον Eur. Sup. 1230.

Χαλκῶπληκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ære cusus: cast of brass. Soph. El. 484. SYN. Χαλκῶτύπος.

Χαλκῶπους, πόδός, æreos pedes habens: brazen-footed. C. C. 57.

Χαλκῶπύλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, portas æreas habens: brazen-gated. Χαλκῶπύλον τέ θῆαν Troad. 1102.

Χαλκός, οὔ, ὁ, æs: brass. B. 226. Ερ. Ἐρῦ-

θρός, εὐάνωρ, νάροψ, τὰ μέσυχως, ψυχρός, θεσπεσίος, τάνηκίης, σκληρός, ἀπεχθής, αἰθψ, σμερδαλέος, οἷός, ποιητῶρ.

Χαλκόστῳμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, æreum os habens: brazen-mouthed. Aj. 17.

Χαλκότευκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex ære factus: made of brass. Iph. T. 99.

Χαλκότευχής, εὖς, ære armatus: armed with brass. Eur. Sup. 1009.

Χαλκότεξός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, æreum arcum habens: having a brazen bow. Nem. 3. 64.

Χαλκότηρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui æs perforat: brass-penetrating. Pyth. 4. 261.

Χαλκότηπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ære percussus vel factus: smitten or caused by brass. Κἀτὰ χαλκότηπους ατειλάς T. 25. SYN. Χαλκὸ-πληκτός.

Χαλκὸχάρμης, ου, ære vel bello gaudens: delighting in brass or war. Pyth. 5. 109.

Χαλκὸχίτων, ανός, æream loricam habens: brazen-mailed. Αἰπὲ χαλκὸχίτωνάς Ἀχαιούς K. 287. SYN. see Χαλκὸεπλός.

Χαλκῶ, ære induo: to clothe with brazen armour. Olymp. 13. 123.

Χαλκωδώνιον, ου, τὸ, Chalcodonium: a mountain near Pheræ. Ὅρεος Χαλκωδώνιοιο Apoll. 1. 50.

Χαλκωδοντιάδης, ου, patronym. a (2) Χαλκῶ-δων, οντός, ὁ, (1) Chalcodonis filius: the son of Chalcodon, a king of Eubœa; (2) Chalcodon, Χαλκωδοντιάδης μεγαθύμων αρχὺς Ἀέαντων Δ. 464. See also Philoct. 489.

Χαλκωδοντίαι, αν, οί, Chalcodontidae: the Eubœans. Ἦν ταῖς Ἀθηναῖς τοῖς τέ Χαλκωδοντίαις Ion 59.

Χαλκῶδων. See Χαλκωδοντιάδης.

Χάλκωμα, ἄτος, τὸ, æramentum: any thing made of brass. Vesp. 1209. SYN. Χάλκευμά, χαλκίον, σκευὸς χάλκεον.

Χάλυδαικός, ἡ, ὅν, chalybe factus: made of steel. Τόνδ' ἄτερ χάλυδαικού Heracl. 162. See Χάλυψ.

Χάλυξ, αν, et Χάλυξοι, αν, οί, Chalybes: a nation in Scythia, where iron is said to have been first found. Οικοῦσ' Ἰάλυξες οὖς φύλασσαι σέ χρῆ P. V. 740. Εν Χάλυξοις δαμάσεις θά βία Alcist. 1001., answering to Οὐδ' ὅσα Φοῖβος Ἀσκληπιάδαις. Ep. Σιδηρότεκτονες, ἀνήμεροι, ου πρόσπλαστοι ξένοις.

Χάλυξοι. See above.

Χάλυξος. See below.

Χάλυψ, ὕδω, ὁ, et Χάλυξός, ου, ὁ, chalybs: steel. Κτύπου γὰρ αχὼ χάλυξος Pr. V. 134., answered by νεοὶ γὰρ οιακόνωμοι. Sept. Th. 726.

Χάμαδῖς, Χάμαξέ, et Χάμαι, humi: on the ground. Αἰγυὴ χαλκείη χάμαδς βόμβησέ P. 118. Med. 1167. Bacch. 623. SYN. Ἐραξέ.

Χάμαξέ. See above.

Χάμαι. See above.

Χάμαιγενής, εὖς, e terra ortus, terrigena: born of the earth, sprung from the ground. Αγχίση κύδιε τέ χάμαιγενέων ανθρώπων Hom. Hym. 5. 108.

Χάμαιενός, ἄδω, Χάμαιένης, et Χάμαικοίτης, ου, humi cubans, humilis: lying on the ground. Οἶα σὺες χάμαιενάδες κ. 243. Π. 235. Trach. 1168. SYN. Χάμαικλινής, χάμαιελέχης.

Χάμαιένης: See above.

Χάμαικοίτης. See above.

Χάμαιπέτης, εὖς, humi prociduous: falling to the ground, low. Bacch. 1100. See above.

Χάμενη, ης, Χάμενις, ἰδός, ἡ, stibadium humi stratum: a bed spread on the ground. Οὐδ' ἂν χάμενην πᾶν γέ κειρίαν ἔχων Av. 816. Ἀδείας σχοῖνοιο χάμενισίν Theoc. 7. 133. SYN. Δέμινδον.

Χάμηλος, ἡ, ὅν, humilis, abjectus: low, ignoble. Pyth. 1. 46. See Χάμαι. SYN. Χθά-μάλος, μικρός, τᾶπεινός, οὐτιδάνος.

Χανδᾶν, capio: to hold, contain. Τὸ οἱ αἰὲν ἐχάνδαν ἐδεξίτερὰ χεῖρ Theoc. 13. 57. SYN. see Χάξω.

Χανδόν, ore hiant: with open mouth. φ. 294.

Χανών, αν, οί, Chaones: a people of Epirus. Οἰδέν τις ὑμῶν τὰ γεᾶτᾶν' ἡ τοὺς Χαῶνας Acharn. 613.

Χάος, εὖς, τὸ, hiatus vastus; aër; chaos; inferna: a gulf; the air, atmosphere; chaos; hell. Διὰ τῆς πόλεως τῆς αλλοτρίας καὶ τοῦ χάους Av. 192. PHR. see Aves.

Χάρᾶ, See Χάρμᾶ.

Χάραγμα, ἄτος, τὸ, scriptura impressa, insculpta; argentum eusum; morsus: an engraved character; a coin; a bite. Philoct. 267. See Χάρασσω. SYN. Δῆγμα, τύπος, χάρακτῆρ.

Χαράδρα, as, ἡ, terræ fissura, caverna; torrens: a ravine, cavern; a torrent. Χαράδρας ἐλθέρον τέτοκυλας (paræmiac) Pax 757. SYN. Διάρυξ, χείμαρρος, χάσμα. Ep. Κόλη.

Χαράδριος, ου, ὁ, avis flava quæ alveos torrentium habitat: a yellow bird which frequents ravines, a sea-lark. Οἱ χάράδριοι καὶ τὰλλὰ πτόται' ὀρνεα Av. 1141.

Χάρακτῆρ, ἥρος, ὁ, nota impressa, forma, character, stylus: a mark impressed, character, style, form. Δεὺς χάρακτῆρ καπίσημός εν βρότοις Hee. 379. SYN. Χάραγμα, σημεῖον, τύπος, τρόπος. Ep. Φανέρως, λαμπρός, χρηστός.

Χάραξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (2) ὁ, adminiculum vitis; sulcus: the prop of a vine; a furrow. Λάβοιμ' ἂν αὐτ' es χάρακας ἐκάνην τῆς δρᾶκῆς Pax 1263. SYN. Σταυρός, κἀλμός, τᾶρρος.

Χάρασσω, sculpo; formo; incido; exacerbo: to carve; to form; to cut; to anger. Νῶτον χάραχθεις κλίμακας ῥᾶν φόνω Rhcs. 73. SYN. Τύπου, εγκόπτω, γλύφω, θήγω, οξύνω.

Χάρης, ητος, ὁ, Chares: an Athenian general. Acharn. 604. Χα videtur esse brevis ex χάρᾶ.

Χάριδωτης, ου, ὁ, Χάριδωτῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, gratiæ dator: a giver of grace or elegance. Χαῖρ' Ἐρμῇ χάριδωτᾶ Hom. Hymn. 17. 12. Orph. H. 8. 9.

Χάριεϋς, εσσα, ἐν, venustus, jucundus, doctus: graceful, pleasant, learned. Χάριεντᾶ γ' ἡκει δῶρᾶ τᾶ Δεῶ φέρων Plut. 849. SYN. Ἐπίχαρις, ευτερπής, ευτράπελος, ἀραιός, αστεῖος.

Χαρίζομαι, gratificor, indulgeo, dono: to gratify, bestow a favour, oblige. Σῇ χαρίζεσθαι φρένι Hipp. 1257. SYN. Δωρεῖσθαι, διὰδιδωμί, ἐπιτρέπω, συγχωρεῖω.

Χαρίκλᾶ, οὖς, ἡ, Chariclo: the mother of Tiresias. Ὅθ' οὐχ ἀγέτω Χαρίκλᾶ Call. 5. 67.

Χαρίππος, ου, ὁ, Charippus. Nub. 63. See Χάρᾶ εν Χάρμᾶ.

Χάρις, ἴτος, ἡ, gratia; Gratia; beneficium; gratus animus; præmium; amicitia; benevolentia: grace; one of the Graces; benefit;

gratitude; reward; friendship; kindness. Δῖα μακροῦ γὰρ ἡ χάρις Hec. 320. Χάριν, proper: on account of. Κηλείφ χάριν 'Εκτόρος O. 744. The names of the three Graces are contained in the line of Hesiod, Theog. 909.: Ἀγλαΐην τέ καὶ Εὐφροσύνην Θάλην τ' ἐρατεινήν. SYN. Ἀγλαΐα, κάλλος, δωρεά, τιμή, φίλότης. EP. Μῆγιστη, γλυκύτατη, πατρώα, ἀχάριστος, ἀχάρις, ἀπληστός, ἀγήρωας, μέτρια, ωμόφαγος, λίγειά, ἀμάρης, χερσποῖος, φίλη, πόνηρά, ἀδίκος; (plur. Gratiae) κάλαι, λιπαρόκρηδεμοι, αἰδοῖαι, βᾶθύζωνοι, εὐπλόκαμοι, καλλιπάρηοι, καλλικέμοι, κλειναί, ἀγαναί, ολδεδόταιραι, ἰμερόφωοι, ἡδυνῶοι, αἰδοίμοι, δεσπεσίαι.

Χαρίτογλωσσέω, lingua gratificor: to gratify with the tongue. Χαρίτογλωσσεῖν ἐνὶ μοι φέρε γὰρ P. V. 302. See Blomf. SYN. Γλωσσόχαρίτεω.

Χάρμᾶ, ἄτος, τό; Χαίρηδ' ὄντος, ὁ; Χάρᾶ, ἄς, Χαρμόνη, ἡς, ἡ, gaudium: joy. Helen. 320. Acharn. 4. 'Ὅστέ σ' εμπλήσσαι χάρᾶς Phoen. 173. Herc. F. 384. SYN. Χάρμη, ἡδονή, τέρψις, γηθούση, ευφροσύνη. EP. 'Ἡσυχόν, καλλινικόν, δεσπεσίον, λαμπρόν, γλυκύν, ἀγλάδον, ἐπιχώριον, ἡδύ, γηθούσων, ἀπρόν, γλυκέρον.

Χάρμη, ἡς, ἡ, gaudium; certamen: joy; a contest. H. 218. Pind. Ol. 9. 129. SYN. Χάρμᾶ, μάχη. EP. Ἀεικὴς, οὐλομένη, φθισήνωρ, εμφολῖος.

Χαρμόνη. See Χάρμᾶ.

Χαρμόφρων, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, mentem exhilarans: soul-delighting. 'Ερμῆς χαρμόφρων εἰρύσαστ' ὁμ. Merc. 127.

Χάρῶπος, ἡ, ὅν, lætus; cæsius; trux: glad; blue-eyed; savage. 'Ἄνδρες χάρποισι πύθκοις Pax 1065. Χάρῶπος is also a P. N. B. 572. SYN. Πέριχάρις, γλαυκός, φιδέρως.

Χαρτός, ἡ, ὅν, dignus de quo lætemur, acceptus, jucundus: deserving of rejoicing, acceptable. Phoen. 627.

Χάρυδῖς, ἔως, Ion. ἰδς, ἡ, Charybdis, vortex marinus: a whirlpool on the coast of Sicily. 'Ἰπεκπρόφυγοίμ' Ἰχάρυδιν μ. 113. EP. Δῖα, δεινή, στυνδρῶσα, ἀπηνής.

Χάρων, ὄντος, ὁ, Charon: the ferryman of Hell. Ψυχοπομπὰς ἄν Χάρων Alcest. 371. EP. Νέκυσσάτοδ' ὁδ' ὁ, νεκροπομπὸς, στυγερὸς, στυγνός, κἀμόντων πορθμεύς.

Χασκάω, et Χάσσω, hio: to gape. Σὺ δὲ χασκάσεις τὸν Κωλάκρετην Vesp. 692. Eq. 1029. SYN. see Χαίνω.

Χασμά, et Χάσμημᾶ, ἄτος, τό, hiatus, vorago: a gaping, gulf, chasm. Anacr. 2. 5. Av. 61. SYN. Χασάδρα. EP. Δεινόν, λυσσηέν.

Χασμάμαι, hio: to yawn, gasp. Eq. 824. SYN. Χαίνω, ἀναχαίνω.

Χάσμημᾶ. See Χασμά.

Χάτew, et Χατίζω, egeo; perecupio: to want; to long for. Δυνάμει χάτewντ' ἐπ' ἐμης O. 399. Heracl. 466. SYN. Χρήζω, δέδομαι, ἐπιθυμῶ, ἐφιέμαι.

Χαυλιόδων, ὄντος, exertos dentes habens: having prominent teeth. Κάπρος χαυλιόδων Hes. Scut. 387.

Χαυνόπλιτης, ου, ὁ, civis superbia elatus: a puffed-up citizen. Μῆτ' εἶναι χαυνόπλιτας Acharn. 635.

Χαυνόπροκτος, ου, ὁ, exoletus: a pathic. Acharn. 106.

Χαυνός, η, ὅν, laxus; inflatus; levis: loose;

hollow, puffed up; light. Av. 819. SYN. Ἄσρος, ἀπᾶλός, ὑπερήφανός, γλίσχρός, ματαιός.

Χαυνός, info; stolid superbum reddo: to inflate; to render foolishly proud. Androm. 923. SYN. Φυσάω, ἀνίμι, ἐπαίρω, ὕψω.

Χαυνώσις, ἔως, ἡ, laxatio, demulcens adulation: a fraudulent discourse, that softens the minds of the judges, and engages them to acquit a man lawfully accused. Nub. 873.

Χεζήτew, et Χέσειω, cacaturio: to go to stool. Eccles. 313. Eq. 994.

Χεζήνικος, ἡ, ὅν, cactorius. Βάμμᾶ χεζήνικόν Pax 1176. See Brunck's note on this passage, and Markland, Eur. Sup. 1181. Zi est brevis, ad normam τοῦ Σαρδιανικόν proximè antecedentis.

Χέξω, caco. Μὴ βδέιτ' .μηδὲ χέξ' Pax 151.

Χεῖᾶ, ἄς, ἡ, latibulum serpentis: a serpent's den, hiding-place. Ἐπὶ χεῖᾳ ὀρέστερος X. 93. SYN. Φωλέως, ειλῆος.

Χεῖλός, ἔδς, τό, labrum: a lip. Ion 1199. SYN. Χεῖλόν. EP. Ἄκρον, κᾶθ' ὅν, ἀπᾶλόν, θρασύν, ῥοδῶν, δολοφρόν, γλυκύν, ἐπ' ἡρώτων, ἀνᾶλῶν, γέμῳν πειθοῦς, ἐρκὸς ὀδόντων.

Χεῖμᾶ, ἄτος, τό, et Χεῖμων, ὄντος, ὁ, hyems; tempestas: winter; a storm. Androm. 883. Troad. 690. SYN. Χεῖμῆρα ὥρα, λαλαψ. EP. Ἄγριον, μέτριον, αἰνόν, ἀλέγεινόν, ηνέμῶν, ὀλῶν, λευγαλῶν, πικρόν, δυσθαλπές.

Χεῖμάζω, et Χεῖμαινόν, tempestate vexo: to toss in a storm. Ὅλεός ὡς χεῖμάζεται Ion 966. Pyth. 9. 57.

Χεῖμᾶρος, ου, ὁ, paxillus sub carina fixus: a peg placed under the keel, in a hole through which the bilge-water was discharged. Χεῖμᾶρον ἐξέρυσας Hes. Op. 624.

Χεῖμαρρὸς, Χεῖμαρρὸς, et Χεῖμαρρὸς, ου, ὁ, torrens: a torrent; adj. tempestuously flowing. Πῶταμὸς χεῖμαρρὸς ὥρη N. 138. A. 493. Bacch. 1082.

Χεῖμερῖος, α, ὅν, hibernus; tempestuosus: wintry; stormy. Νίφει βάσαιξ χεῖμερῖᾶ τὰ πρᾶγματ' Acharn. 1106. SYN. Ὀμβρῖος, νιφώδης, χερμωνότυπος.

Χεῖμων. See Χεῖμᾶ.

Χερμωνότυπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, hibernus: wintry, stormy. Χερμωνότυφον βροντῇ στέροπῃ τ' Æsch. Sup. 35. SYN. see Χεῖμερῖος.

Χεῖδωμαι, capio: to contain. σ. 17. Hym. Ven. 253. SYN. Χερῶ.

Χεῖρ, χειρὸς, poet. χερὸς, ἡ, et dimin. Χερύδριον, ου, τό, manus; coriæ: a hand; force. Hec. 830. Μικροῦλᾶ μὲν τῆνᾶ τὰ χερύδριᾶ Mosch. Idyll. Amor. Fugitiv. SYN. Πάλαμῃ, δυνάμει, βύθειᾶ. EP. Ἰκεῖα, ἀπολέμους, βροτῆα, λευσίμους, σύμπαχους, πόλυνδους, ἀφθόνους, κωπῆρης, βαιὺς, βρεσάρους, αἰθένης, δούλη, πόνηρα, οικεία, ἀγνή, κᾶκῃ, κενῇ, ἄκρα, βᾶρεῖᾶ, φίλη, ἀραία, μέση, ἀπατὺς, ἀπᾶλη, ἀτριπτός, ἀνδροφόνος, δεινῇ, κενῇ, στίβῳ, ἐλάφῳ, ἀθανάτῃ, κἀταπρηνῇ, πᾶχεῖᾶ, νεούτατος, θρασείᾶ, ἀνιπτός, ἀμειβόσῳ, πολυμέσῳ, ἀλεξικάκος, φόνδεσῳ, δυλῶσῳ, ἀμᾶχος, λαμύτομος, φίλόξεινος, ἀντίβιος, μισαφόνος.

Χεῖράγωγεω, manu duco: to lead by the hand. Ἐρως χεῖράγωγει Anacr. 174. 10.

Χεῖρῖος, α, ὅν, subjectus: subject. Βωμὸς ἥδ' ἐχειρῖα Androm. 411. SYN. Τῶδε χειρῖος, q. v.

Χεῖρῖς, ἰδός, ἡ, manica, manus involucrium:

a sleeve, glove. Χειρῖδας τ' ἐπὶ χερσὶν ω. 229.

Χειρῶδαικτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, manu caesus: slain by the hand, slaughtered. Χειρῶδαικτα σφαγῆ αἰμῶσάφῃ Aj. 219.

Χειρῶδεικτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, manu ostensus, manifestus: pointed out by the hand, manifest. C. R. 901. SYN. Ἐκδηλός, φάνερὸς, κατὰδηλός.

Χειρῶδικος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui jux potentia sua metitur: one whose right depends on his own power. Hes. Op. 187. See Δίκη. SYN. Πάνουργος, βιαίος.

Χειρῶδράκων, οντος, manus serpentibus armatus habens: dragon-handed. Χειρῶδράκοντες χρωτὰ μέλαινα Eur. El. 1341.

Χειρῶμακτρον, ου, τὸ, mantle; capitis involucrum muliebre: a towel; a female head-dress. Sapph. 61.

Χειρῶπληθής, εὖς, manum implens: filling the hand, large. Χειροπληθῇ τέ κόρυνην Theoc. 25. 63.

Χειρῶποιεῖν, manu facio: to manufacture. Χειρῶποιεῖται τὰδε Trach. 893. SYN. Διὰπράσσω, χειρουργέω.

Χειρῶτενον, οντος, qui manibus est longis: long-handed or clawed. Batrach. 288.

Χειρῶτεχνος, ου, Χειρῶναξ, ακτος, ὁ, opifex: a handicraftsman, mechanic, artist. Τῶν χειρῶτεχνῶν (anap. monom.) Plut. 617. Eur. fr. Phil. 6. SYN. Δημιουργός, τέκτων, τέχνηεις, χειρουργός.

Χειρῶτῆρικός, ου, ὁ, opifex callidus: a clever artist. Vesp. 1276. See Τέχνη.

Χειρῶτέρως. See Χείρων.

Χειρῶτὸνέω, protensa manu eligo: to elect by stretching out the hand. Eccles. 797. SYN. Ψηφίζομαι, εκλέγω.

Χειρῶτὸνητὸς, α, ὄν, porrecta manu eligendus: must be voted for. Eccles. 266.

Χειρῶτὸνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sublatis manibus: with uplifted hands. Sept. Th. 158.

Χειρῶμαι, αντος, manu viribus supero; tracto: to subjugate; to handle. Troad. 854. SYN. Ἰππτάσσω, κράτεω, δαμάω.

Χειρῶτέρως. See Χείρων.

Χειρουργία, et Χειρωναξία, ας, ἡ, operatio quæ fit manibus: manual labour, operation. Οὐδὲν ελλειψουσὶν αὐταὶ λιπαροὺς χειρουργίας (troch. tetram.) Lysist. 673. Ὡ πολλὰ μισηθεῖσα χειρωναξία P. V. 45. SYN. Εγχείρημα, τόλμα.

Χειρωμά, ατος, τὸ, quicquid manibus fit: the work of the hands, a deed. Sept. Th. 1024. SYN. Φόνος.

Χείρων, Χερείων, Χειρῶτέρως, Χερείωτέρως, α, ὄν, pejor: worse. Heracl. 329. A. 114. O. 513. M. 270. SYN. Ἡσσω, ἐλάσσω, τάπεινυτέρος.

Χείρων, αντος, ὁ, Chiron: one of the Centaurs, the tutor of Achilles. Iph. A. 209. Ερ. Δίκαι-ὁτάτος Κενταύρων, φιλά φρόνῳ, σώφρων, Φι-λῆριδης, πέλωριος, δειός.

Χειρῶναξ. See Χειρῶτεχνος.

Χειρωναξία. See Χειρουργία.

Χειρωνίδες, αν, αἱ, Pelion: a mountain in Thessaly, so called from Chiron who resided there. Καὶ αἱ Χειρωνίδες ἀκραὶ Call. 4. 104.

Χελιδνίδον, ου, τὸ, chelidonia: celandine, or swallow-wort. Κυανένον τέ χελιδνίδιον Theoc. 13. 41.

Χελιδνὴν, οντος, ὁ, hirundo: a swallow. Χελιδνὴν μουσεῖα Eur. fr. Alem. 2. 2. Ερ. Φίλη,

ἐτῆσια, μύλοῦσα, λίγυρὰ, λάλως, Κεκρόπις, ῥήνῃ. PHIL. Ἀγνώτῃ φωνῇ βάρβαρον κεκτημένη.

Χέλυνη, ης, ἡ, labrum superius: the upper lip. Τῇν χέλυνην ἐσθίων Vesp. 1078. SYN. see Χείλος.

Χέλως, ὅς, ἡ, chelys; pectus: a shell; the breast. Πάρὰ τέ χέλως ἐπτάτῳνου Herc. F. 683. following πάρὰ τέ Βρομίων οὐδὸδταν. SYN. Δύρα, κίθαρα. Ερ. Ἐρατεινή, ασπασία, ἐρατή, χόροισι-πὸς, ὀρεία, δαίτος ἑταίρη, χρυσέα.

Χέλωνη, ης, ἡ, testudo: a tortoise. Vesp. 1283. Ερ. Λιθόρρινος, κράταιρινος, μαρμαρέα.

Χέρās, ἀδός, ἡ, et Χεράδως, εὖς, τὸ, acervus parvorum lapidum: a heap of pebbles. Βωμόν δ' αὖ χεράδως πᾶρ ἐνὶ γένει Apoll. 1. 1123. Pyth. 6. 15. SYN. Λιθῶς. Ερ. Παμφόρος.

Χερείωτέρως, et Χερείων. See Χείρων.

Χερίαρης, ου, qui aliquam manu aptat: hand-fitting, expert. Ὅποσα χερίαρῶν Pyth. 5. 47., answered by μακάριος ὅς ἔχεις.

Χερμαδίδον, ου, τὸ, et Χερμάς, ἀδός, ἡ, lapis missilis: a missile stone. Χερμαδίῳ γὰρ βλήτο Δ. 518. Bacch. 1085. SYN. Λιθὸς, λίθας. Ερ. Μεγά, ἀνδραχθές, ὀκρυῦεν, σκληρὸν, στὸν ὄν, ἀλέγειν ὄν, δῶδον.

Χέρνης, ητος, Χερνήτης, ου, ὁ, et Χερνήτης, ἰδός, ἡ, manuum labore vivens; pauper: living by manual labour; poor. Εν χερνήσι δόμοις Eur. El. 207. P. V. 922. Γυνὴ χερνήτης ἀληθής M. 433.

Χερνήτης, et -νήτης. See Χέρνης.

Χερνίδον. See Χέρνις.

Χερνίπτομαι, manus lavo; aqua lustrali adspargo: to wash the hands; to sprinkle with lustral water. Iph. T. 623.

Χέρνις, ἰδός, ἡ, et Χερνίδος, ου, τὸ, aqua qua abluntur manus; aqua lustralis (vid. Stanl. ad Choëph. 123. and Athen. 9. 409.): water for washing the hands; lustral water. . . οὐν δῖοις ἀν χερνίδων Orest. 1619. Χερνίδον ἀμφίπολος Ω. 304. Ερ. Πηγαῖος.

Χέρωνησός, i. q. Χερσώνησός, q. v. Epigr. Adesp. 142. citatum a Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp.

Χερόπληκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, manu impactus: struck with the hand. Χερόπληκτοι δ' ἐν στέρνοισι πέσσονται Aj. 631.

Χερρόνησος. See Χερσώνησος.

Χερσαῖος, α, ὄν, terrestris; in terra continente: terrestrial; continental. Sept. Th. 64. Ερ. Χθονοστιθής, γαλήνιος, χερσίδειος.

Χερσεύω, in siccō constituo; incultus sum: to place on land; to be uninhabited. Eur. fr. Polyid. 1. 3.

Χερσιδόμας, αντος, ὁ, Chersidamas. Χερσιδό-μαντὰ δ' ἐπειτὰ Λ. 423.

Χερσώνησις, α, ὄν, Chersonesus: of the Chersonese. Τῇδε Χερσώνησις Herc. 33.

Χερσώνησος, αὐτ Χερρόνησος, ου, ἡ, Chersonesus: the Chersonese, a peninsula. Εκ Χερρό-νήσου Eq. 262.

Χέρσος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, sterilis: barren. C. R. 1502. Χέρσος, γῇ being understood, is used as a subst. in the sense of land, or continent. Hipp. 148. Iph. T. 885., &c. SYN. Ἐρημός, ἐνδής, ἀκαρπὸς, ἀνήρπτος.

Χερόριον. See Χείρ.

Χερίω. See Χεζητιάω.

Χεῦμα, ατος, τὸ, fluentum: a stream. Eur. fr. Dan. 10. 2. SYN. Ῥεῦμα, ῥεῦς, ῥοή, χόη. Ερ. Πῶτάμιον, ἀμρῶσιν, βάθω, ἀκίρατον, ἀναιδές.

Χεῦω. See Χέω.

Χέω, Χεῦω, f. χέωσω, 1 a. ἔχευα ἐχέω, fundo:

to pour. Δάκρυν ἅπ' οφθαλμῶν χέων Cycl. 404. Σῆμ' τε οἱ χέουσιν β. 222. SYN. Ἀποχέω, λείβω, εκχέω.

Χηλαργός, Dor. Χαλαργός, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, qui est velocibus vel albis ungulis: having rapid or white hoofs. Soph. El. 861.

Χηλῆ, ἡς, ἡ, ungula: a hoof. Phoen. 42. SYN. Ὀπλή, ὄνυξ. EP. Τετραδάμων, φουνικοσκελὴς, ομφήσσσα.

Χηλῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, plexus: platted. Χηλῖνόν ἀργὸς ἔχον Anacr. apud Pollux. 7. 33. SYN. Χηλευτός, πλεκτός, ῥαπτός.

Χηλός, οὐ, ἡ, arca: a chest. Π. 228. SYN. Κίβωτος, κίστη, πυξίς. EP. Ἐρίπρεπής, περίκαλλης, πύκινῃ, δαιδάλεα, κάλῃ, δουράτ' εἰ, εὐξέστη.

Χῆν, χηνός, ὁ, ἡ, anser: a goose. Av. 521. EP. Αργῇ, πέλωρος, ἡμέρος, δουλιχόδερος.

Χηνάλωπ' ἡ, ἔκος, ὁ, vulpanser: a brent goose. Κόρυδος Φιλύκλειε χηνάλωπ' ἡ Θέᾳγενε Av. 1295.

Χηνεῖος, α, ὄν, anserinus: of a goose. Eur. fr. Cress. 9. 4.

Χηράμυς, οὐ, ἡ, latibulum, lustrum ferarum: a lurking-place, cavern, lair. Περὶ χηράμων εἰλίσσονται Apoll. 4. 1452. SYN. Φωλεός, χάσμημα, χάσμα. EP. Κοιλῇ.

Χηρεῖα, viduus sum; solitarius vago: to be deprived or destitute; to wander in solitary places. OE. R. 479. SYN. Σπάνιζω, ενδεής, ὀρφανός, ἐρημὸς εἰμι.

Χῆρς, α, ὄν, viduus: bereft, widowed. Alcest. 875. SYN. Ορφανός, ἐρημὸς.

Χηρσύνη, ἡς, ἡ, viduitas: widowhood. Χηρσύνη πῶσις Apoll. 4. 1064. PHR. see Pers. 133—139. and 537—545.

Χηρῶ, viduo, privo: to make a woman a widow; to render desolate, to deprive. E. 642. SYN. Ἐρημῶ, κενῶ, εκπορθέω, στερέω.

Χηραστῆς, οὐ, ὁ, haeres orbi: the heir of one who dies childless. E. 158. Hes. Th. 607.

Χῆτ' ἔος, τὸ, indigentia: want. Arat. 1152. SYN. Χητὸσύνη, σπάνις, ἐνδεῖα.

Χθαμάλος, ἡ, ὄν, humilis: low. Σκόπελον χθαμάλωτέρον μ. 101. SYN. Τάπεινός, χαμαιπέτης, οὐδαῖος.

Χθές, et Εχθές, heri: yesterday, lately. Vesp. 242. Antig. 456. SYN. Τῇ πρότερά.

Χθῆσινός, et Χθίζος, ἡ, ὄν, hesternus: of yesterday. Vesp. 281. (Ἰνός, as in ἡμέρινός.) Apoll. 4. 1436.

Χθίζος. See above.

Χθονιάφορος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, in terram dilatus: borne to the ground. Eumen. 817. Sed Wellauer legit divisim χθονί ἀφορον (χθονί ἀφορον).

Χθονίος, α, ὄν, terrestris; inferus: earthly, of the earth; under the earth, infernal. Ἐνθεν τίς ηχῶ χθονίος ὡς βροντῇ Διός Hippol. 1196. SYN. Ἐπιχθονίος, χθονοστήθης, κατάχθονίος, ὑποχθονίος, ἐπιγειαῖος.

Χθονοστήθης, ἔος, terram calcans; terrestris: earth-treading, earthly. Ἀρρήτ' οὐρανί' αὐτὴ καὶ χθονοστήθῃ OE. R. 301.

Χθονότρεφής, ἔος, α, terra nutritus: fed by the earth. Agam. 1379.

Χθών, χθονός, ἡ, terra: the earth, the ground. Hec. 6. SYN. see Γῆ. EP. Διᾷ, πολυῦσταιρά, βοτῶναιρα, ευρύδοειά, αγχιᾶλός, τρηχεῖά, πόντιά, ολεῖσθωρος, εὐκαρπός, ευρύχυρος, Βιδωρός, γλαφύρα, καρπότικός, βάθυστερνός, δύσχημῶς, ἱερὰ, ανθόκομος, ευδελῶς.

Χίδρον, οὐ, τὸ, novellum tritici granum: a

young grain of wheat. Τοῖς ἀγροίκοισιν γὰρ ἡσθὰ χιδρὰ καὶ σωτηρία (troch. tetram.) Pax 595. Sed nec hic l. nec Eq. 803. nativam quantitatem primæ determinant.

Χίλιοι, αἱ, ἄ, mille: thousand. Εἰσὶν γὰρ πόλεις χιλίαι αἱ νῦν Vesp. 707.

Χιλιάς, ἄδός, numerus millenarius: a thousand. *Εξ χιλιάσιν κοῦπα πλείους Vesp. 662.

Χιλιαρχός, οὐ, ὁ, qui mille viris præest: commander of a thousand men. Χῶ χιλιαρχος Δαδάκης πληγῇ δόρος Pers. 309.

Χιλιόναυς, ἔως, ad mille naves pertinet: of a thousand ships. Εἰς σ' ὁ χιλιόναυς Ἑλλάδος οἰκίς Ἄρης Androm. 106.

Χιλιοναύτης, οὐ, ad mille nautas pertinet: of a thousand sailors. Χιλιοναύτ' μυριότεύχοις Iph. T. 141.

Χιλιόπαλαι, jamdudum: a thousand years ago. Καὶ χιλιόπαλαι καὶ πρόπαλαι παλαι παλαι Eq. 1155.

Χίμαιρα, ας, Χιμᾶρος, οὐ, ἡ, (1) capra: a she-goat; (2) in fabulis, Chimæra, bestia monstrosa: the Chimæra. Πρόσθ' ἁλῶν ὅπθιν δὲ δράκων μέσση δὲ χίμαιρα Z. 181. Ευχὴν ποιήσασθαι χιμᾶρον εισαγέον Eq. 658. SYN. Αἰξ. EP. (1) Πίον, τέρευνά, (2) τύρνυδος, δεινῇ, μέγαλῃ, πόδωκ' ἡ, κράτ' ἐρὰ, πνεύσ' αἱμαμάκετον πῦρ, τρίσωμάτος, αἱμαμάκετη.

Χιμᾶρος. See above.

Χιμέλιν, οὐ, τὸ, pernio: a chilblain. Vesp. 1167. Διήψ' ὅσ' ὅσσι χιμέτα Nicand. Θ. 682.

Χιωνόελητος. See Χιονόκτιπός.

Χιωνόεσκος, Χιωνότροφός, οὐ, Χιωνόθρεμμων, ὄνός, nive nutritus vel nutritus: nourishing or nourished with snow. Æsch. Sup. 568. Phoen. 815. Helen. 1322. See Χιών, ὄνός.

Χιωνόθρεμμων. See Χιωνόεσκος.

Χιωνόκτιπός, Χιωνόελητος, οὐ, ὁ, ἡ, nive obruitus: snow-pelted. Aj. 695. Nub. 269. See Χιών, ὄνός. SYN. Νιφόεσλος.

Χιωνότροφός. See Χιωνόεσκος.

Χιονόχρας, ὡτός, qui est nive colore: snow-white. Helen. 216. See below.

Χιονώδης, ἔος, nivibus oppletus: snowy. Τὴν χιονώδη Θρήκην κατέχει Hec. 79. SYN. Νιφούς, δυσχειμέρης.

Χιός, α, ὄν, Chiensis: of Chios. Ἰών ὁ Χιός ὅσπερ Pax 835.

Χιός, οὐ, ἡ, Chios: an island off the coast of Ionia. Ἡ ὑπ' ἐνερθε Χιόυ γ. 172. EP. Αμφίρῡτη, νήσον λιπαρωτάτη, παιπαλῶεσσά.

Χιτών, ὄνός, ὁ, ἡ, dimin. Χιτώνιον, οὐ, τὸ, et Χιτωνίσκος, οὐ, ὁ, tunica: an under-garment, tunic. Μάλακον δ' ἐνδυνέ χιτῶνα B. 42. Χῇ γ' ἡχουσά καὶ τὰ διαφάνη χιτῶνία Lysist. 48. Av. 946. SYN. Φάρος, εσθής, ἐσθημᾷ, δάραξ. EP. Σιγᾶλδεις, αἰκελῖος, αἱματῶεις, δίπλαξ, εὐνητός, κάλδος, λαίνιος, μάλακος, νηγάτ' εὖς, πορφύρεός, ῥαπτός, ῥύπων, ῥωγᾶλ' εὖς, τερμίδεις, ἐπημοῖεός, νεκτάρ' εὖς, εὐκλωστός, στρεπτός, στίλβων ἐλαίφ.

Χιτώνη, ἡς, ἡ, tunicata, epith. Dianæ: robed. Ἐπακτῆρας τὴ χιτώνη Call. 1. 77.

Χιών, ὄνός, ἡ, nix: snow. Ὅτε περ τὴ χιών ἐπ' αὐλὴν ἀρούρας K. 7. SYN. Νιφᾶς, νιφέτος. EP. Δευκῇ, κρύσεσά, ψυχρά, ἀπᾶλ' ὀρεῖα.

Χλαῖνᾶ, ἡς, Χλαῖν' ἰδός, ἡ, dimin. Χλαῖνιδιον, Χλαῖνισκιδιον, Χλαῖνισκιδιον, οὐ, τὸ, læna, palla: a thick cloak. Αμφὶ δὲ χλαῖν' ἐσσοῦτ' ξ. 529. Φιάλας χλαῖνιδας στέφανους ὀρυμνος Vesp. 677. Στρωμάτων τὴ ποικίλων καὶ χλαῖνιδίων καὶ ἐσποτίδων Lysist. 1189. Ἐσκούφανται Μενάρεων τὰ

χλάνισκία Acharn. 518. Δούλοισι χλάνισκιδῶν μικρῶν Pax 967. SYN. Περὶ ἐσθῆς. EP. Μέλεια, ἀλεξανέμος, κάλη, μάλα πύκνη, μέγαλη, μέλας, πορφύρεα, φοινικεσσά, ἀπλῆς, ἀνέμοσ-κέτης, λευκή, περιμεισά.

Χλαμύς, ὕδω, ἡ, chlamys, paludamentum: a cloak, mantle. Lysist. 986. See below. SYN. see Χλαῖνᾶ.

Χλαμυδифόρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, chlamyde indutus: wearing a mantle. Παντὰ χλαμυδифόροι ἄνδρες Theoc. 15. 6.

Χλάνιδιον, Χλάνις, Χλάνισκιδῶν, Χλάνιδιον, Χλάνισκιδῶν. See Χλαῖνᾶ.

Χλάνις, &c. See Χλαῖνᾶ.

Χλαρός. See Χλαῖρος.

Χλευάζω, jocos; irrideo: to joke; to jeer. Ran. 378. SYN. Εμπαίζω, ἐξαπατᾶω, κατὰ γέλωα.

Χλευή, ἡς, ἡ, jocus, risus: jest, laughter, ridicule. Apoll. 4. 1726. SYN. Γέλως, γέλασμα, ὕναιδος.

Χλαῖρος, ἂ, ὄν, tepidus: warm. Ἀγανᾶ χλαῖρον γέλαξαι Pind. Pyth. 9. 66., answering to πρὸς λειπὼν θυμὸν γυναικός; χλαῖ corresponding to the one long ὄν. Boeck. tamen legit χλαρόν. Videas et Acharn. 972., ubi χλα videtur longa, si conferas sequentes vss. SYN. Θερμός.

Χλαιδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, mollis, luxuriosus: luxurious, wanton. Cycl. 497. See below. SYN. Ἄερος, τρυφῆρος, εὐρυπτῦς, ἀκόλαστος.

Χλαιδανόσφυρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, delicatus pedes habens: elegant-footed. Χλαιδανόσφυρος χόρευει Anacr. 6. 8.

Χλαῖδω, luxui deditus sum: to be luxurious. Χλαῖδω χλαιδαντᾶς ὧδε P. V. 1008. SYN. Τρυφᾶω, ἀερνύμαι, μάλα σίζμαι.

Χλαῖδη, ἡς, ἡ; Χλαῖδημᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, delicia, luxus: delicacy, luxury, pride. Σὺν πόλυ χρύσῳ χλαῖδη Androm. 2. Iph. A. 74. SYN. Τρυφή, μάλα κειά, τᾶ. EP. Κάρατόμος, βάρβαρος, παρθένης, λουτροφῆρος, πόλῳ χρυσός, ὑπερπλουτός.

Χλῖω, exulto: to exult. Εν τοῖσι σοῖς πῶνοισι χλίουσιν μέγα Choëph. 131. SYN. Ὠρύπτωμαι.

Χλῖα, ἂς, ἡ, herba viridis; viriditas: green grass; verdure. Hipp. 1134. Χλῖη is also an epithet of Ceres. See Meurs. Gr. Fer. in Χλῖαιᾶ. SYN. Βότανη, πᾶα, χόρτος, φύλλα. EP. Γλαυκή, ἐλῖε, στεφάνωδης, βότρυωδης, ἀνθηρά, πύριμος.

Χλαῖρος, Χλαρός, Χλαῖρος, ἂ, ὄν, et Χλαρωῖς, ἰδῶς, ἡ, viridis: green, verdant. Phœn. 670. Ran. 559. Bacch. 107. Χλαρωῖς ἀηδὼν τ. 518. SYN. Ὠλαῖρος, χλαρωκόμος, ἀκμάζων, νέος, μάλακος.

Χλαῖροτροφῆς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, herbas alens: grass-feeding. Δίρκας χλαῖροτροφῶν Phœn. 840.

Χλαῖρης. See Χλαῖρος.

Χλαῖρηφῆρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, virides herbas ferens: grass-producing. Phœn. 662.

Χλῶς, ου, ὁ, viror; pallor: greenness; paleness. Apoll. 2. 1220. SYN. Ὠχρός, ὠχρῆτης.

Χλουνης, ου, agrestis, asper: clownish, rough. I. 535.

Χλουνίς, ἰδῶς, ἡ, testium exsectio: castration. Χλουνίς ἡδ' ἀκρονία Eumen. 188.

Χλαρωῖς. See Χλαῖρος.

Χλαρωχῆν, ἐνδῶς, viride collum habens: green-necked. Simon. fr. 158. SYN. Χλαρωῖς.

Χλαῖρις, ἰδῶς, ἡ, Chloris. Καὶ Χλαῖριν (ῖν longa per arsin) εἶδον περικαλλῆ λ. 280.

Χλαρωκόμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui viridi coma est: green-haired, verdant. Iph. A. 759.

Χλαρός. See Χλαῖρος.

Χναῶ, mando: to chew. Ανθράκῃς ἀπὸ χναῖν Cycl. 358.

Χνῶα (melius Κνῶα, vid. Blomf. Sept. Th. 141.), ας, ἡ, axis extremitas: the extremity of the axle, or the axle. Sept. Th. 367.

Χνῶάζω, et Χνῶω, lanugine obsitus sum: to be covered with down. Μέγας χνῶάζων ἀρτί C. R. 742. Apoll. 2. 43.

Χνῶῖς, α, ὄν, lanuginosus: downy. Χνῶῖν ποιεῖ παρεῖν Anacr. 29. 19.

Χνῶη, ου, ὁ, lanugo; spuma: down; foam. Call. 2. 37. SYN. Ἰουλός, ἀφρός, λάχνη.

Χῶανέω, fundo et liquo: to pour and melt. Καὶ χῶανέω καὶ λαίκαίε Thesm. 57.

Χῶανη, ἡς, ἡ, et Χῶανον, ου, τὸ, fornax: a furnace or forge. Thesm. 18. Φῶσαι δ' ἐν χῶανοῖς Σ. 470. EP. Εὐτήρητος, τρητός.

Χῶες, αν, οἱ, pars festi apud Athenienses, quod vocabatur τὰ Διδονύσια ἐν Λίμναις. Acharn. 960.

Χῶες, ἔως, ὁ, mensura liquidorum apud Atticos capiens cotylas Atticas duodecim: a measure containing about 7½ gallons. Eq. 113.

Χῶη, ἡς, ἡ, libatio: a libation. Heracl. 1040. SYN. Σπονδή, δῶσια, κτερεῖα. EP. Κηλητήριδς, νέκρων ἀγωγῶς.

Χῶρης, ἔως, aptus ad fundendum: fit for pouring. Iph. T. 961.

Χοῖνῖς, ἰκῶς, ἡ, choenix, mensura cotylas quatuor continens; plur. pedum vincula, &c.: a measure containing four cotylæ: plur. fetters, or the stocks. Ἡμῶν ἀπὸ τίσειν κἀρεῖσθων χοῖνικα Eccles. 45.

Χοῖρας, ἂδῶς, ἡ, porcula; rupes e mari aliquantum emicans: a little pig; a rock rising out of the sea. Χοῖραδς κοῖλον μύχον Androm. 1254. SYN. Πέτρα θάλασσιᾶ.

Χοῖρεῖς, et Χοῖρέας, α, ὄν, porcinus: of a pig. Ran. 341. §. 81.

Χοιριδῖον. See Χοῖρος.

Χοῖριν, ἡς, ἡ, concha quædam marina: a shell used in voting. Μέτᾴ χοῖρινης περὶ εὐθεῖν Vesp. 349. SYN. Κόγχη.

Χοῖριον. See Χοῖρος.

Χοῖροβληψ, ἰεῶς, ὁ, stuprator: a profligate. Ὡ οὐτὸς οὗτος στυφέδαν καὶ χοῖροβληψ Vesp. 1364. See Ὠλῖω.

Χοῖροκόμιον, ου, τὸ, hara: a pig-sty. Lysist. 1073. SYN. Συφέως.

Χοῖροκτόνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, porcos cædens: board-slaying. Eumen. 283.

Χοῖροπάλης, ου, ὁ, porcorum venditor: a pig-seller. Acharn. 518.

Χοῖρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dimin. Χοιριδῖον, et Χοιρίον, ου, τὸ, porcus: a pig. Acharn. 764. EP. δ' αὖ τοῖς χοιριδῖοις χαίρω Vesp. 573. Τὰς ὀπλὰς τῶν χοιρίων Acharn. 705. SYN. Γρύλλος, ὕς, σὺς.

Χῶλαργεῖς, ἔων, οἱ, qui sunt e Cholargo, Attico pago. Acharn. 855.

Χῶλᾶδες, αν, αἱ, intestina: the intestines. Χύντῳ χῶλᾶδες Φ. 181. SYN. Τὰ ἐντέρεᾶ, χῶλῖε.

Χῶλη, ἡς, ἡ, bilis, fel; ira: bile, gall; anger. Eur. fr. Scyr. 1. 3. SYN. see Χῶλῶς.

Χῶλῖς, ἰκῶς, ἡ, intestinum crassum: the flitter tripe. Καὶ χῶλῖκός ἡνύστρου τέ καὶ γαστρός τῶμον Eq. 1175. SYN. see Χῶλᾶδες.

Χολλῖδης, ου, ὁ, qui est e quodam pago Attico: who is of a certain Attic village. Acharn. 405. Et brevis, ut ki in ek Κῶλῶκιδῶν quod versum iamb. terminat in Thesm. 620.

Χῶλοζγῆς, οὗ, ὁ, Cholozgyes: a nick-name

of Demostratus. See Schol. in l. c. 'Ὁ Δεοῖδιν ἐχθρός καὶ μῆδρος Χόλοζυγής Lysist. 397.

Χόλος, ου, ὁ, bilis; ira: bile; anger. Med. 93. SYN. Χόλη, κότος, οργή, μένος, μάνια. EP. Μῆγας, δεινός, στῆγερός, ἀπασσός, αἰτῆς, θυμαλγής, ἀγρίος, αἰνός, ἀνῆκεστος, ἀργαλέος, δριμύς, κᾶκος, κέθιμων, χαλέπτος, πίκρος, οξὺς, πάλγκτος, ἀλγύνεις, δασπλῆς, δυσας, ἐπιζαφέλδς, μαυομένδς.

Χόλωε, et Χώω, ad iram excitare: to enrage. Troad. 737. A. 80. SYN. Οργίζω, θυμώω, πικραίνω.

Χόλωτος, ἡ, ὅν, iracundus: angry. χ. 26. SYN. Πίκρός.

Χόνδρος, ου, ὁ, grumus coneretus; granum, mica; cartilago: a lump; a grain, bit; a cartilage. Acharn. 521. SYN. Θρόμβος.

Χόρδευμα. See Χορδή.

Χόρδευω, implico, confundo: to entangle, confuse. Eq. 214. SYN. Ἐπιπλέκω, κακόποιεω.

Χορδή, ἡς, ἡ, et Χόρδευμα, ἂτος, τὸ, chorda; farcimen: a string; a kind of mince-meat. Anaer. 1. 7. Eq. 315. SYN. Νευρὼν, κίθαρα, χόλας. EP. Λιπάρᾳ, εὐκελάδς, ὀρθίος, σύμφωνος, λίγειᾳ.

Χόρεα, as, ἡ, et Χόρευμα, ἂτος, τὸ, tripudium, saltatio: a dance, dancing. Phoen. 1280. Herc. F. 886. SYN. Ορχιστὺς, χόρδς, ορχημὺς, ὀρχημᾶ, χόροστιάσια, ορχησμός, χοροῖτιπία. EP. Βακχία, φίλη, ἰμέρδεσσα, τερψίνδς, ἔρατεινῇ, ἀγροπνὺς, παιδοκόμδς, πούελικτς.

Χόρευμα. See above.

Χόρευτέδς, α, ὅν, saltandus: must dance. Bacch. 320.

Χόρευτῆς, et Χοροῖτυπός, οὗ, ὁ, et Χόρευτῆς, ἰδός, ἡ, saltator: a dancer. Acharn. 443. Call. 4. 306. (See Χοροῖτυπία.) Hom. Merc. 31. SYN. Ορχηστήρ, ορχηστῆς, ορχήστρια.

Χόρευτῆς. See Χόρευτῆς.

Χόρεω, tripudio; choreis celebros: to dance; to celebrate by a dance. E. R. 896. SYN. Ἀναχόρεω, ορχέδμαι, βακχεύω.

Χόρηγέω, choris præsuum; choris sumptum præbeo: to be choregus; to supply the expenses of the chorus. Acharn. 1152.

Χόρηγός, οὗ, ὁ, choregus: the master of the chorus, one who supplied the expenses of the chorus. Pax 1022. SYN. Χόροποιός, ἔξαρχος.

Χορίκος, ἡ, ὅν, ad chorum pertinens: choral. Νίκην ἡ χορίκων Eq. 586.

Χορίων, ου, τὸ, membrana quæ foetum ambit; corium: the secundine; a hide. Χάλεπνν χορίων κύνᾳ γέισαι Theoc. 10. 11.

Χορδιδιδάσκάλος, ου, ὁ, qui chorum docet: the teacher of the chorus. Eccles. 804. See Διδάσκάλος.

Χορδῆθῆς, εὖς, choreis adsuetus: used to the dance. Hom. Hymn. 18. 3.

Χοροῖτυπία, as, ἡ, saltatio, tripudium: a dance. Χοροῖτυπῆσιν ἄριστοι Ω. 261. SYN. see Χορεαῖ.

Χοροῖτυπός. See Χόρευτῆς.

Χορῶμάνῆς, εὖς, saltationibus vehementer gaudens: passionately fond of dancing. Thesm. 970. See Μανία.

Χορῶποιός, οὗ, ὁ, chori magister, chorum ducens: a former or leader of the dance. Χορῶποιόν μακάρ ἦσαν (two ionic a minore) Ran. 353. SYN. Χορδιδιδάσκάλος, ἡγέμων χοροῦ, χορηγός.

Χόρος, οὗ, ὁ, chorus, chorea: a chorus, com-

pany, dance. Androm. 1256. SYN. Χόρεα, χοροῖτυπία, χόρευμα. EP. Ἰμέρδεις, δοῖδς, καλ-λίμορφος, γύναικεῖος, παννύχιος, κρύφαιος, κύνκλδς, παρῆνδς, αἰθέρδς, ἀνμόπόλδς, εὐκελάδς, ἡδὺς, λίγυφωνός, γάμῆλδς.

Χόροστιάσια, as, ἡ, chorea: a dance. Οὐδ' ὄροι νυμφῶν οὐδὲ χόροστιάσαι Call. 5. 66. SYN. see Χόρεα.

Χορτάζω, gramine pasco; saturo: to feed with grass; to fill. Pax 139. SYN. Βόσχω, παίλω, κόρεννυμι.

Χόρτος, ου, ὁ, fœnum, cibus; septum: grass, hay, forage, food; an inclosure. Alcest. 511. A. 773. SYN. Πέριφραγμᾶ. EP. Χλόερδς, μᾶλακός, εὐδενδρός.

Χόρωφέλλης, ου, ὁ, qui choro debetur: due to the Chorus. Lysist. 1319.

Χραίνω, superficiem rei tango; adlino, fuco; polluo: to touch the surface of a thing; to besmear; to pollute. Ἀστὺ καγὼρᾳς χραίναν κύκλον Orest. 910. SYN. Μίαίνω, μύλινω, βάπτω, χρίω, χρώννυμι.

Χραισμέω, Χραίσσω, auxilior; defendo: to assist; to drive off. A. 120. Apoll. 2. 218. SYN. Βῆθηέω, ἀρήγω, φύλασσω, ἐπικούρεω, συλλαμβάνω, ῥύδμαι.

Χραῖω, leviter saucio: to wound slightly. E. 138. SYN. Ἐπιεῖω, καθάπτωμαι, δίγω.

Χρᾶω, oraculum edo, vaticinor; do utendum; cum impetu adgredior; in med. oraculum consulo; mutuo accipio; utor, tracto: to deliver an oracle, to prophesy; to lend; to assault; midd. to consult an oracle; to borrow; to use, to treat. Sol. δ' οὐκ ἐχρησέν οὐδέν Hec. 1250. Στῆγερδς δὲ οἱ ἐχράδ δαίμων ε. 396. Συμμάχοισι χρώμεθα Hippol. 97. SYN. Θεσπίδω, μαντεύωμαι, θεσπίω, δανείζω, εισβάλλω, ἐφορᾶω, εισπίπτω, δανείζωμαι, διαχράδμαι.

Χρεία, as, ἡ, Χρεῖω, et Χρεῖω, ὅδς, ἡ, utilitas; necessitas, fatum; oraculum: use, want; necessity, fate; an oracle. Ἀλλὰ τίς χρεία σ' ἐμοῦ Hec. 962. A. 341. K. 43. SYN. Ὀνησις, ἐνδεῖα, ἀνάγκη, χρῆδς, μόρος, χρησμός.

Χρεῖδς, α, ὅν, utilis; indigus: useful; in want. Eur. fr. Androm. 16. 3. SYN. Ωφέλιμδς, πένης, χρῆσιμδς.

Χρεῖδς, εὖς. See Χρεῖδς.

Χρεῖω, oraculum edo: to deliver an oracle. Ὡς γάρ οἱ χρεῖων Σ. 79. SYN. see Χρᾶω.

Χρεῖω. See Χρεία.

Χρεῖω. See Χρεῖδς.

Χρεμέτιζω, et Χρεμίζω, hinnio: to neigh. M. 51. Hes. Scut. 348. SYN. Φριμάσσωμαι, φριμάσσωμαι.

Χρεμέτισμός, οὗ, ὁ, hinnitus: a neighing. Equit. 550. SYN. Φρῶγαμᾶ.

Χρεμίζω. See Χρεμέτιζω.

Χρεμπτόμαι, excreo: to expectorate. Thesm. 388. SYN. Ἀποπτῶω.

Χρεμύλος, ου, ὁ, Chremylus. Χρεμύλος πέ-πλοῦτῆκ' ἐξάπῆνς ου πείδωμαι Plut. 336.

Χρεῖδς, Χρεῖδς, εὖς, Χρεῖω, Χρεῖω, τὸ, debitum; beneficium; fatum; oraculum; desiderium: a debt; benefit; fate; oracle; a longing. Hec. 880. Χρεῖδς A. 635. Χρεῖω Σ. 355. legit Eustathius: sed alii χρεῖδς. Quod ad χρεῖω Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Phryn. Ecl. 172. et Fischer. ad Weller. Gr. Gr. 1. 397. SYN. Δάνεισμός, τόκος, ὀφείλημα, μοῖρα, ἐργόν, πρᾶγμα, μάντευμα, χρεία.

Χρεῖω. See Χρεία.

Χρῶν, τὸ, indeclin., necessitas, fatum : necessity, fate. Eq. 138.

Χρῶς. See Χρῆς.

Χρῆ, oportet : it is proper or necessary, it behoves. Herc. F. 824. On the different governments of Δεῖ and Χρῆ, see R. P. Orest. 660. SYN. Δεῖ, χρῶν, πρέπει.

Χρήδδω. See Χρήζω.

Χρήζω, Ep. et Ion. Χρηίζω, Dor. Χρήδδω, egeo ; volo, peto ; vaticinor : to want ; to wish, beg ; to prophesy. Τοῦ μακροῦ χρηίζεν βίου Aj. 473. Χρηίζεις σίτον δὲ καὶ ρ. 558. Χρήδδ' ἄχαιον Acharn. 699. SYN. Δέδμαι, πῶθῶ, ἀπῶρῶ, ἐξαιτῶ, βούλωμαι, λιπαρῶ, χρησμφδῶ, χράω, χρεῖω, μαντεύμαι.

Χρημά, ἄνδρς, τὸ, res, negotium ; plur. pecunia : a thing, affair, business ; plur. money. Τὶ χρημά μαστεύουσά Hec. 742. SYN. Πράγμα, ἐργόν, ουσία, λήμμα. Ep. Ἀπῶρὸν, φίλῳφῶν, ἀναιμῶν, σφόν, σμικρὸν, σκαῖον, εχθρὸν, εὐδαιμόν.

Χρηματίζω, negotium gero : to manage, transact. Καὶ χρηματίζειν πρῶτᾱ Thesm. 384. SYN. Βουλεύομαι, διαλέγομαι, πραγματεύομαι.

Χρημάτδοαίτης, ου, δ, pecuniae divisor : an awarder of money. Sept. Th. 726.

Χρημάτδοοις, ου, δ, ἡ, qui pecunias comparat : money-getting. Καὶ χρηματδοοῖν κοῦτ' ἀτῶρῶρῃ' ἔφη Eccles. 441.

Χρησίμδς, α, ὄν, utilis : useful. Ὡς ἔχει τὶ χρησίμδν Iph. A. 446. SYN. see Χρηστδς.

Χρησμδλλόγῶ. See Χρησμφδῶ.

Χρησμδλλόγδς. See Χρησμφδδς.

Χρησμδς, ου, δ, oraculi responsum : an oracle. Phcen. 420. SYN. Χρησμφδία, χρησμφδσῦνη, μαντεῖον, χρηστήριον, δῶδῶρπῖδν, μάντευμα, δῶδῶπισμᾱ. Ep. Τέλεσφδρδς, πᾶλαιδς, σεμνδς, ἀρρήτδς, εὐτέκνδς, σᾶφῆς.

Χρησμδσῦνη, ης, ἡ, oraculum ; inopia : an oracle ; want. Χρησμφδσῦνη τρύχσσκῆν Apoll. 2. 475. SYN. (1) see Χρησμδς, (2) ἀπῶρία, ἐνδεία, πένια, χρεῖα.

Χρησμφδῶ, Χρησμδλλόγῶ, vaticinor : to prophesy. Eq. 815. Av. 992.

Χρησμφδία, as, ἡ, vaticinatio : prophecy. Ευξέμβλητδς ἡ χρησμφδία P. V. 800. SYN. see Χρησμδς.

Χρησμφδδς, Χρησμδλλόγδς, ου, δ, vates : a soothsayer. (E. R. 1199. Pax 1094. SYN. Θεσπῖφδδς, μάντις, δῶδῶρπῖδς.

Χρηστήριδς, α, ὄν, fatidicus : prophetic, oracular. Τρίπδδᾱ γὰρ χρηστήριδν Ion 1319. Χρηστήριδν is used in the neuter gender to denote the place where an oracle is delivered ; an oracle ; and a victim. Med. 665. SYN. Μαντεῖον, ἱερεῖον, χρησμδς.

Χρηστδς, ἡ, ὄν, utilis ; bonus ; stultus ; vilis : useful ; good ; foolish ; abject. Hipp. 382. SYN. Χρησίμδς, ωφέλιμδς, ἀγαθδς, ἡδδς, εὐήθης, ἐπιεὺς.

Χρηστδτης, ητδς, ἡ, probitas : probity, goodness, virtue. Eur. Sup. 882. SYN. Ἀρετῇ, φίλῳφρδσῦνη.

Χρηστᾶς, probe : honestly, well. Eccl. 638. SYN. Καλῶς, ἡδῶς.

Χρημά, ἄνδρς, τὸ, unguentum : ointment, unction. Χρημάτᾱ μικτᾱ φιλεῖ Call. 5. 16. See Blomf. not. Agam. 93. SYN. Ἀλειψῖς, ἀλοιφή, ἀλειφᾶρ, μύρον, μύρωμα.

Χρίμπτω, ψω, appropinquare facio ; appropinquo : to bring near ; to approach. Apoll. 3.

1285. SYN. Εγχριμπτω, πῆλάζω, ἐγγίζω, ἐμπίπτω, προσβάλλω.

Χρίω, Ion. Χριέσκω, unguo ; pungo : to anoint, besmear ; to sting. Ἴδδς χρίσθαι χαλκήρεᾱ a. 262. Apoll. 4. 871. SYN. Εγχριώ, ἀλειφῶ, ἀπάλεφω, κεντῶ, νύσσω, πᾶρακινῶ.

Χροᾱ, Χροῖα, Att. Χροῖα, ἡ, color ; corpus : colour ; the body. Plut. 1020. Οὐ μῖᾱ χροῖα Cycl. 514. SYN. Βᾶφῇ, χρώμα, χρώς. Ep. Χιδνῆα, λευκῇ, εὐστικτδς.

Χροῖα et oia. See above.

Χροῖζω, tango summitatem ; med. una cubo : to touch the surface of any thing ; midd. to sleep with. Heracl. 915. Theoc. 10. 18. SYN. Χραῖνω, συγκοιμᾶμαι.

Χροῖαδδς, ου, δ, stridor : gnashing. Δεινδς δὲ χροῖαδδς γενῶν Ψ. 688. SYN. Βρυγμδς, ψόφδς, κροτδς, ἡχδς.

Χρομίδς, ου, δ, Chromius. Ἀλάστῶρᾱ τε Χρομίον τε Δ. 295. Ep. Θεεῖδῆς.

Χρομίς, ἰδδς, δ, Chromis. Μυσῶν δὲ Χρομίς ἡρχῆ B. 858.

Χρόνιζω, longo tempore duro ; moror : to last a long time ; to delay. Αἰρεῖ χρόνιζδν δωμάτων ἐξῶπιος Med. 624. SYN. Βράδύνω, διατρίβω.

Χρόνιδς, α, ὄν, diuturnus ; longo post tempore ; serus : long ; late ; slow. Βῆσαρῶρσσαι χρόνιδς ἐν βαρῆαρος Orest. 479. SYN. Ἐπί-χρόνιδς, πᾶλῳχρόνιδς, ὀψίμδς, γλίσχρδς, βράδδς.

Χρόνδς, ου, δ, tempus ; mora : time, a period ; delay. Hec. 238. SYN. Καιρδς, αἰῶν. Ep. Πάνημεῖδς, μηνύτης, δέκασπῶρδς, πέπωμένδς, δᾶλερδς, ἀκάμας, δηρδς, ὀλίγδς, πᾶλδς, παγκράτης, πᾶλαιδς, ἐπικαιρδς, ἀτέρμων, τᾶχπιδς, γῆρων.

Χροῖς. See Χρώς.

Χρυσᾱμιεῖδς, ου, δ, aurum alia pecunia mutans : changing gold with other money. (See Blomfield's Gloss. in l. c.) Agam. 426. See Χρυσδς and Ἀμυεῖδς. N.B. For all these compounds see Χρυσδς. SYN. Αργυράμυεῖδς.

Χρυσᾱμντῆς, ἑκδς, Χρυσῆνιδς, ου, δ, ἡ, aureis frænis insignis : adorned with golden reins. Χρυσᾱμντῆκᾱς ἐντῶν ἵππων Θ. 382. Χρυσῆνιδς Ἀρτέμις ἑκτα Ζ. 205. SYN. Χρυσῶμντῆρης.

Χρυσανταυγῆς, Χρυσανγῆς, εὐδς, auro resplendens : glistening with gold. Ion 889. (E. C. 685.

Χρυσᾱδῶρδς. See below.

Χρυσᾱρμάτδς, ου, δ, ἡ, aureum currum habens : having a golden chariot. Pyth. 5. 10. See Ἀρμᾱ.

Χρυσᾱσπίς, ἰδδς, aureum clypeum gestans : having a golden shield. Παλλάδδς χρυσᾱσπίδς Phcen. 1387.

Χρυσανγῆς. See Χρυσανταυγῆς.

Χρυσᾱωρ, ὄρδς, Χρυσᾱρδς, ου, δ, ἡ, ensem aureum habens : having a golden sword. Χρυσᾱδῶρᾱ δῆσᾱπῶ μήτηρ Hom. Apoll. 123. E. 509.

Χρυσᾱδῶρ, ὄρδς, δ, Chrysaor. Ἐκθῶρε Χρυσᾱωρ τῆ μέγας Hes. Theog. 281.

Χρῶεῖδς, ποῖτ. pro Χρῶεῖδς, α, ὄν, aureus : golden. Χρῶεῖδς ἡλυσῖ πέπαρμένδν A. 246. Med. 974. SYN. Χρυσῆρης, ἀμφίχρυσδς, πάγ-χρυσδς, χρυσῶδῆτδς, χρυσῶκόλλητδς, χρυσῶ-στρῶφδς, χρυσῶδμητδς, χρυσῆλᾱτδς.

Χρυσῶεῖδδστρίχδς. See Χρυσῶέκμης.

Χρυσῶδμητδς, ου, δ, ἡ, ex auro factus : made of gold, golden. Choeph. 607. SYN. see Χρῶσειδς.

Χρυσῷκύκλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aureum orbem habens : golden-orbed. Phœn. 180. See Κύκλος.

Χρυσῷμαλλός, Χρυσῷμαλλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, vellus aureum habens : having a golden fleece. Eur. El. 725. Orest. 993.

Χρυσῷνωτός, Χρυσῷνωτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aureum dorsum habens : having a golden back, gilded. Eur. fr. Antig. 18. 1. Aj. 847.

Χρυσῷπῆληξ, Χρυσῷπῆληξ, ηκός, auream habens galeam : having a golden helmet. Hom. Hymn. 7. 1. Sept. Th. 102.

Χρυσῷπῆνητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex aureis staminibus contextus : interwoven with gold. Orest. 831. SYN. Χρυσῷστόλως, χρυσῷπέπλος.

Χρυσῷς. See Χρυσῷς.

Χρυσῷσάνδαλός, Χρυσῷπέδιλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aurea sandala habens : having golden sandals. Τὸ χρυσῷσάνδαλόν ἰχνος Orest. 1473. Ἥρης χρυσῷπέδιλος A. 603.

Χρυσῷστέφανός, Χρυσῷστέφανός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aurea redimitus corona : wearing a golden crown. Ion 1085. Αἰδοῖν χρυσῷστέφανον Hom. Hymn. 5. 1. SYN. Χρυσῷμίτρης, ευστέφανός.

Χρυσῷστόλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auro ornatus : ornamented with gold. Pers. 164.

Χρυσῷτενκτός, Χρυσῷτενκτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex auro factus : made of gold, golden. Med. 980. Phœn. 227. SYN. Χρυσῷμητός, χρυσῷς, χρυσίνος, χρυσήρης.

Χρυσῷτύπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex auro confectus : made of beaten gold. Eur. El. 470. See Τύπος. SYN. see Χρυσῷς.

Χρυσή, ης, ἡ, Chrysa : a city in Phrygia. Ὅς Χρυσήν ἀμφιέδεξεν A. 37.

Χρυσήϊς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, Chryseis. Κούρης Χρυσήϊδος A. 111. Ep. Κούρη, καλλιπάρης.

Χρυσήλακτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aureas habens sagittas : having golden arrows. Ἀρτέμιδος χρυσήλακτου II. 183. SYN. Χρυσότοξός.

Χρυσήλατός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ex auro ductus : wrought of beaten gold, golden. Χρυσήλατοι πόρπαισι Phœn. 60.

Χρυσήνιος. See Χρυσάμπυξ.

Χρυσήρης, ἔως, ex auro fabricatus : made of gold, golden. Ion 1154. SYN. see Χρυσῷς.

Χρυσή, ου, ὁ, Chryses. Τὸν Χρυσήν ητίμησ' αρητήρα A. 11. Ep. Ἴερεὺς Ἀπόλλωνος, γέρων.

Χρυσῷν, dim. a Χρυσός, q. v.

Χρυσῷς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, aurea vestis : patera ; crepida : a golden robe ; cup ; slipper. Εξ ὑάλινων ἐπωμάτων καὶ χρυσῷδων Acharn. 74. SYN. Χρυσῷα φάλη.

Χρυσῷσάλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auri glebas habens : having golden soil. Rhes. 918.

Χρυσῷγόνη, ης, ἡ, Chrysogone. Theoc. Ep. 13. 2.

Χρυσῷδαῖδάλος, Χρυσῷδαῖδαλτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auro artificiose ornatus, auro variegatus : variegated with gold. Eccles. 965. (See Δαῖδάλος in Δαῖδάλος.) Iph. A. 219.

Χρυσῷδέτις, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auro ligatus : bound with gold. Rhes. 379. SYN. see Χρυσῷς.

Χρυσῷζυγός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aureum jugum habens : having a yoke of gold. Χρυσῷζυγὸν ἄρμα Hom. Hymn. 30. 15.

Χρυσῷθῆμις, ἰδὺς, ἡ, Chrysothemis : one of the daughters of Agamemnon. Χρυσῷθῆμιν ἐκ τῆ μητρός Soph. El. 326.

Χρυσῷθρόνός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aureum thronum ha-

bens : having a golden throne. Πάρῳ δὲ χρυσῷθρόνῳ Ἥρη A. 611.

Χρυσῷκάρηνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aureum caput habens : golden-headed. Herc. F. 375. See Κάρηνον in Κάρ.

Χρυσῷκέρως, ὠτός, aurea cornua habens : golden-horned. Helen. 381.

Χρυσῷκόλλητος, et Χρυσῷκολλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auratus : gilded. Phœn. 2. Eur. fr. Palam. 4.

Χρυσῷκόμη, Χρυσῷέσδοτρυχός, Χρυσῷχαίτης, Χρυσῷπλόκάμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, cui aurea est coma : golden-haired. Troad. 258. Χρυσῷέσδοτρυχὸν ὦ Διὸς ἔρνος Phœn. 198. Anacr. 6. 2. Δητὼ τε χρυσῷπλόκάμος Hom. Apoll. 205.

Χρυσῷλογχός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auream lanceam habens : having a golden lance. Ion 9.

Χρυσῷλόφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, auream cristam habens : golden-crested. Lysist. 344.

Χρυσῷλύρης, ου, auream habens lyram : having a golden lyre. Ζεὺ μὲγαλάνῳμῃ χρυσῷλύρα τῇ Thesm. 315.

Χρυσῷμαλλός. See Χρυσῷμαλλός.

Χρυσῷμηλόδόνθιον, ου, τὸ, aureus scarabæus : a golden beetle or chafer. Ἀνάβαινε δευρὸ χρυσῷμηλόδόνθιον Vesp. 1332.

Χρυσῷμίτρης, ου, auream habens mitram : golden-mitred. CE. R. 209. See Μίτρα. SYN. see Χρυσῷστέφανός.

Χρυσῷνύμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, dives : wealthy. Pers. 81.

Χρυσῷνωτός. See Χρυσῷνωτός.

Χρυσῷπαστός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, deauratus, auro pictus : gilded. Agam. 749.

Χρυσῷπέδιλός. See Χρυσῷσάνδαλός.

Χρυσῷπέπλος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aurea veste indutus : clad in golden robe. Anacr. 150. See Πέπλος.

Χρυσῷπῆληξ. See Χρυσῷπῆληξ.

Χρυσῷπλόκάμος. See Χρυσῷκόμη.

Χρυσῷπτερύς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aureas alas habens : golden-winged. Τριν δ' ὄτρυνε χρυσῷπτερόν Θ. 398.

Χρυσῷρρύς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aurifluus : flowing with gold. Bacch. 154.

Χρυσῷρρύτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, i. q. Χρυσῷρρύς, q. v. Ἀρίμασπὸν ἱππὸσάμῳν οἱ χρυσῷρρύτον P. V. 830.

Χρυσός, οὐ, ὁ, et dimin. Χρυσῷν, ου, τὸ, aurum : gold. Πόλυν δὲ σὺν ἑμοὶ χρυσῷν ἐκπέμπει λάθρα Hec. 10. Καὶ ταῦτ' αὖ οὐτ' ἀργυρίον οὐτὲ χρυσῷον Acharn. 1199. Ep. Ἀπύρος, ἐχθιστός, ἐρίτιμος, τιμήεις, ευεργής, ἀφειδής, φάεινός, ἐρύθρος, ἀγλαός, δόλεις, κίεθρος, πανδαμάτωρ, πικρός. PHER. Δεξιῶμα κάλλιστόν βροτοῖς.

Χρυσῷστέφανός. See Χρυσῷστέφανός.

Χρυσῷστρύφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui auro torquetur : twisted or bent with gold. CE. R. 203.

Χρυσῷτενκτός. See Χρυσῷτενκτός.

Χρυσῷτευχής, ἔως, aureis armis indutus : clad in golden armour. Rhes. 336.

Χρυσῷτοξός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, arcum aureum habens : having a golden bow. Olymp. 14. 15.

Χρυσῷτρίανός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, tridentem aureum habens : having a golden trident. Eq. 556. See Τρίανῷ.

Χρυσῷφάεννός, ου, Χρυσῷφάης, et Χρυσῷφεγής, ἔως, auro fulgens : golden-beaming. Anacr. 83. (See Φάεννός.) Hipp. 1270. (See Φάδς.) Eur. fr. 10. 1.

Χρυσῷφάης. See above.

Χρυσῷφάλαρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aureas phaleras

habens : having golden trappings. Troad. 522. See Φάλαρδον.

Χρυσόφειγής. See Χρυσόφαιεννός.
Χρυσόφθορς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aurum gestans : wearing gold. Hec. 150.

Χρυσόφυλαξ, ἄκς, ὁ, auri custos : gold-keeper. Δεῖφοι σ' ἐθεντὶ χρυσόφυλάκᾳ τοῦ δέου Ion 54.

Χρυσόχαίτης. See Χρυσόκομης.
Χρυσόχάλινος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, aureum frænum habens : golden-bitted. Χρυσόχάλινων πᾶτάγον ψάλιων Pax 154.

Χρυσόχρῶ, aurum fundo : to fuse or melt gold. Plut. 164.

Χρυσόχρῶς, ου, ὁ, auri fusor : one who melts gold, a goldsmith. Lysist. 408.

Χρυσόσας, auro obduco : to gild. Acharn. 447. See Χρυσός. SYN. see Κάτ᾽αχρυσά.

Χρῶσμά, ἄτς, τὸ, vas aureum : a gold cup or vase, gold plate. Ion 1429. See Χρυσός.

Χρῶσπης, Χρῶσπιδος, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, et Χρῶσπις, ἰδς, ἡ, aureum vultum habens : gold-faced. Bacch. 553. Eur. El. 740. Thesm. 328.

Χρῶζω, Χρῶτίζω, tango ; coloro ; polluo : to touch ; to colour ; to pollute. Phcen. 1641. Nub. 516. SYN. Μόλυνω, ἁπτῶμαι, πρόσάπτω.

Χρῶμα, ἄτς, τὸ, color : colour. Eur. El. 521. SYN. Χρᾶ, χροιά.

Χρῶς, ὡτς, et Χρῶς, ὄς, ὁ, cutis ; corpus ; color : skin ; body ; colour. Χρῶς τὲ συντέτῃχ' ὅδε Med. 687. Μὴ τίς ἄψηται χρῶς Hec. 547. SYN. Διφθέρα, σῶμα. Ep. Μαλλ᾽ἀκὺς, γέρων, φόνις, λεπτὸς.

Χρῶτιζω. See Χρῶζω.
Χυλός, οὔ, ὁ, succus : juice. Φιλίας χυλῶ καὶ ξυγγνώμῃ Pax 997.

Χυμίξω, sapidum reddo : to render tasty or agreeable. Αἰκαῖος οἵπερ ἁρμόνιαν ἐχούμιξαν Thesm. 169.

Χῦσις, ἔως, ἡ, effusio ; liquor : a pouring forth ; a liquid. Πάτρῃ τᾷδ' ἐκχεοῦσά γάπτον χῦσιν Choeph. 91. SYN. Ἐκχῦσις, κροῦνός, ἀπορρώξ.

Χῦτλάω, et Χῦτλῶ, effundo ; perfundo oleo aqua mixto ; lavo : to pour out ; to bathe with oil and water ; to wash. Ἴγρὸν χῦτλάσον σέ-
αυτὸν ἐν τοῖς στρώμασιν Vesp. 1208. Apoll. 4. 1311. SYN. Διάχῶ, ἀλείφω, νίπτω, ἐκχέω, ἐκχεύω.

Χῦτλῶν, ου, τὸ, aqua ad lavandum ; oleum aqua mixtum ; libatio : water to wash in ; oil and water ; a libation. Χῦτλᾶ τὲ οἱ χεύοντ' ὅ Apoll. 2. 928. SYN. Ἐνᾱγισμᾶ, χυῖ, ὑδρέλαιον.

Χῦτλῶς. See Χῦτλάω.
Χῦτς, et Χωστός, ἡ, ὅν, fusus, adgestus : poured, piled up. Θεβνείωτᾶ χῦτὴ κατὰ γαῖᾳ κάλυπτοι Z. 464. Rhes. 414.

Χῦτρα, as, ἡ, Χῦτρς, ου, Χῦτρῶπος, πῶδς, ὁ, dimin. Χῦτρίδιον, ου, τὸ, olla : a pot, pitcher. Τὴν χῦτραν συντρίψετε Acharn. 272. Χῦτρον τοι ταύτην τὲ κρέαγριδᾷ Ariston. Epigr. a Stephano citatum. Μηδ' ἀπὸ χυτρῶπῶδων Hes. Op. 2. fin. "Ἴδωρ ὕδωρ ἐν χῦτρίδιφ δερμαίνετε Acharn. 1138. Χῦτραι and Χῦτροι was the name of a part of the Athenian festival called Διδόνισσᾶ ἐν Λίμναις, and celebrated on the same day as the Χῶες. Acharn. 1040. Ran. 792. See above, at the word Χῶες. SYN. Λυπᾶς, αγγεῖον.

Χῦτρεὺς, α, ὅν, fictilis : of pots. Lysist. 329. See above. SYN. Κεράμῃς.

Χῦτρεὺς, οὔν, i. q. Χῦτρεὺς. "Ὅτ' ἐ καὶ σὲ χῦτρεὺν ὀντὰ δέον ἡγήσῃμιν Nub. 1457.

Χῦτρίδιον. See Χῦτρα.

Χῦτροι. See Χῦτρα.

Χῦτρῶπος. See Χῦτρα.

Χῦτρς. See Χῦτρα.

Χωλεύω, claudus sum ; claudum facio : to be lame ; to make lame. T. 37. SYN. Σκάζω, ὑποσκάζω.

Χωλόποιος, οὔ, claudos faciens : making persons lame. Τὸν χωλόποιον οἶον Ran. 869.

Χωλός, ἡ, ὅν, claudus : lame. Cycl. 630.

Χῶμα, ἄτς, τὸ, agger : a mound. Hec. 221.

SYN. Πρόσχωμα, χῶς, τᾶφρος, σαρὸς.

Χώννυμι, aut Χώννυω, f. χῶσω, aggerem duco ; sepelio : to heap up ; to bury. Τυμῶς οὐ χωσθή-
σεται Iph. A. 1442. Ad χώννυω Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 7. 179. See Δεικνῶ. SYN. Τυμῶχῶδε, σωρεύω.

Χώρα, as, ἡ, locus ; sedes ; regio ; solum ; dignitas : a place ; abode ; country ; space ; office. Troad. 216. SYN. Χῶρς, γῆ, πέδον. Ep. Ἱερὰ, εὐδαίμων, εὐίππος, ἀσάτς, νησαῖα, πολλοὺς.

Χωρέω, eo ; cedo ; capio : to go ; to retire ; to contain. Orest. 1695. SYN. Προσχωρέω, ἀνάχωρέω, πῶρεύμαι, ὑπώχωρέω, ἀναχάζομαι, δέχομαι.

Χωρίζω, secerno : to separate. Χωρίσας τέκνων μόνον Hec. 757. SYN. Ἀπώχωρίζω, διακρίνω, νοσφίζω.

Χωρίων. See Χῶρς.

Χωρίς, præp. et adv., sine ; seorsim : without ; apart. Χωρίς τοῦτ' οὐ κοινὸν στράτῳ Hec. 848. Χωρίς φέσσεται δέων Hec. 2. SYN. Ἀμφίς, ἀνευ, ἀπάνευθε.

Χῶρς, ου, ὁ, et dimin. Χωρίων, ου, τὸ, locus ; regio ; ager : a place ; a country ; land. Ion 286. Τᾷτ' Ὀράκης χωρία Pax 282. SYN. Χώρα, τῶπος, δᾶκς, πέδον, ἄγρος. Ep. Ἐρημῖς, ἀερε-
πῆς, ἐράτς, ἐπιτερπῆς, ὑλῆεις, ψάμᾶδης, ἄρισ-
τς, κατὰκρυμνός, δλίχον, λευρὸς, οἰσπῶλός, δια-
μέτρητς, πρῶδλῃς, εὐώδης, πολλοὺς, ἱμερῆεις, εὐεῦτς, ορφναῖς.

Χωστός. See Χῦτς.

Χῶω. See Χῶλός.

Ψ.

Ψαίρω, f. ᾤω, rado ; susurro ; trepido : to graze, sweep ; to whisper ; to tremble. P. V. 402. SYN. see Ψάω.

Ψαστὸν, οὔ, τὸ, libum, placenta hordea oleo et melle confecta : a cake of barley. Plut. 1115.

Ψάκας, Ψᾶς, et Ψέκας, ἄδς, ἡ, particula quælibet minima ; ros ; gutta : a small part, little piece ; dew ; a drop. Ἐνδον δ' ἀργυρίου μηδὲ ψάκας ἢ πάνυ πάμπαν Pax 121. Αἰμᾶτῶσας δὲ ψᾶδας κατέχευεν ἔραξε Π. 459. Ὅς ἀντὶ δίας ψέκᾶδος Αἰγύπτου πέδον Hel. 2. Π. 459. Ψάκας, ἄδς, ὁ, is a P. N. Acharn. 1149. SYN. Δροσός, στάγρον, στάλαγμα, βάνις. Ep. Δῶ, ἀμερόσια, χεμῖρια.

Ψάλιδόστῳμς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, forcipem in ore habens : having a mouth armed with scissars. Ψάλιδόστῳμοι οστράκωδεροι Batrach. 286.

Ψάλλω, f. ξω, forcipe reseco : to clip. Θέλεις λαῶν ψάλλω Anaer. 12. 3. SYN. Τέμνω, κείρω.

Ψάλλον, ου, τὸ, frænum : a bridle. Χρυσόχαλινον πᾶταγον ψάλλων Pax 155. SYN. Χάλινος. ΕΡ. Πρόχειρον.

Ψάλλω, tango, carpo; fidibus cano; cano : to touch, graze; to play on a musical instrument; to sing. Pers. 1063. SYN. Φορμίζω.

Ψαμῶς, οὐ, ὁ, nervi pulsus; carmen : the twang of a string; a song. Herc. F. 1055. SYN. Μολπή, αἰοδή. ΕΡ. Οξυφώνος, ἡδύς.

Ψαμάθη, Ψαμάθει, ἡ, Psmathe : the wife of Proteus. Ψαμάθην ἐπειδὴ λέκτρ' ἄφικεν Αἰακοῦ Helen. 7. Pind. Nem. 5. 23.

Ψαμάθος, Ψάμμος, ου, ἐ Ψάμμη, ης, ἡ, arena; littus : the sand, the beach. Ὡ ψάμβοι πολλή-τιδὸς ακτᾶς Hipp. 1124. μ. 243. Lysist. 1263. SYN. Ἀμαθός, ἀμμός, λάιγξ, δίν. SYN. Κυάνα, λευκοφάης, λευρά, παράκτια, ἀκυμαντός, διψᾶς, ἄλῖα, λεπτή.

Ψαμβάδης, εὖς, arenosus : sandy. Διὰ ψάμβ-θωδέα χώρων Hom. Merc. 75. SYN. Ἀμαθῶεις. Ψάμμη, Ψάμμος. See Ψαμβάθος.

Ψάρ, Ion. Ψήρ, ρὺς, ὁ, sturnus : a starling. Τῶν δ' ὥστε ψαρῶν νέφος ἐρχέται P. 755. Π. 583. On the orthography of ψάρ and ψήρ, see A. Gell. lib. 13. c. 19. ΕΡ. Τάνυσίπτερος.

Ψαρός, ἂ, ὄν, sturni colore, varius : of the colour of the starling, variegated. Τὸν ψαρὸν ἱππὸν ἱππὸν οὐκ ἀκούετε Nub. 1225. SYN. Ποικίλος.

Ψαύω, tango : to touch. Pers. 207. SYN. Ψᾶω, συμβάλλω.

Ψαφᾶρός, ἂ, ὄν, squalidus, siccus : squalid, dry. Δουλιαν ψαφᾶρ σπῶδ' Sept. Th. 312., answered by δωμαῖον στύγερὰν ὀδόν. SYN. Ξηρός, αυμηρός, αὐαῖλός, ψαμβάδης.

Ψαφάρωτριχὺς, ὄν, squalidos pilos habens : having squalid locks or wool. Ψαφάρωτριχὰ μὴλ' ἐνόμειον Hom. Hymn. 18. 32.

Ψαφάρωχρὸς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui squalida est cute : having a parched skin. Rhes. 712. See above.

Ψᾶω, attingo; tergo; rado; in tenues partes comminuo; mulceo : to touch; to wipe; to graze; to break to pieces; to stroke, soothe. Trach. 680. SYN. Ψαύω, ψήχω, ψαίρω, προσψαύω, πρόσ-εγγίζω, λεπτύνω, διγρᾶνω, ψηλάφᾶω.

Ψεγίος. See Ψογέρως.

Ψεγῶ, reprehendo, vitupero : to reprove, censure, disparage. Alcest. 686. SYN. Μωμαῖμαι, λοιδορῶ, μέμφομαι, ὑβρίζω, ἀτίζω.

Ψεδρός, ἡ, ὄν, rarus habens pilos : thin-haired, nearly bald, bare. B. 219. SYN. Ψιλός.

Ψεδρός, ἂ, ὄν, fallax : fallacious. Ψεδύραι τρίβοι τ' ἐρώτων Æsch. Sup. 1050.

Ψεκάσσω, stillo : to drop, rain. Nub. 580. SYN. Στάλασσω, βρέχω.

Ψεκάς, idem quod Ψακάς, q. v. "Ψακάς Αττικῶς, ψεκάς Ἑλληνικῶς." Mæris Atticis.

Ψελλός, ἡ, ὄν, balbus; obscurus : stammering; obscure. P. V. 841. SYN. Δύσγνωστος, τραυλός, μόγιλαλός.

Ψευδαγγέλης, Ψευδάγγελος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, nuncius mendax : a lying messenger. Av. 1340. O. 159. SYN. see Ψεύστης.

Ψευδάμμαξος, ὄδς, falsa crepans : falsely crackling. Τούτων τὸν ψευδάμμαξιν Vesp. 325.

Ψευδαρτάβας, ου, ὁ, Pseudartabas. "Ἡκόμεν Ψευδαρτάβαν Acharn. 91.

Ψευδάτράφαξις, ἴος, ἡ, vox ab Aristophane

confecta : "false orrache; met. a calumny." Sanxay. Ἐγὲν' ἔθ' ὑπ' αὐτοῦ ψευδάτράφαξις πλέα Eq. 630.

Ψευδηγῶρῶ. See Ψεύδω.

Ψευδής, Ψύθης, εὖς, falsus : false. P. V. 706. Καὶ τὰδ' οὐκ εἶρῃς ψύθη Agam. 1056.

Ψευδοκλήρῃς, υκός, ὁ, falsus præco : a false herald. Philoct. 1306. See Κήρυξ. SYN. Ψεύσ-της.

Ψευδολόγος. See Ψεύστης.

Ψευδομαντῖς, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, falsus vates : a false prophet. C. C. 1097. SYN. Ψευδοπρόφήτης.

Ψευδονίτρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, falso nitro mixtus : mixed with adulterated nitre. Ran. 712. See Νίτρον.

Ψευδονύμφευτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, non re ipsa junctus in nuptiis : not really married. Helen. 883.

Ψευδοπάτωρ, πατὴρὸς, ὁ, falsus pater : a false father. Call. 6. 99. See Πάτηρ.

Ψευδορκέω, falso juro, perjuro : to swear falsely. Eccles. 601.

Ψευδορκός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui falso jurat : perjured. Med. 1389. SYN. Ἐπίορκός.

Ψεύδω, Ψυθῶς, εὖς, τὸ, mendacium : a lie. Helen. 308. Θεῖν' ἐστὶ μὴ ψύθος Agam. 462. SYN. Ἀπάτη, πλάνη. ΕΡ. Ἀτάσθαλόν, κερδᾶλέον, πλῆλ' ἀτασθαλόν, ποικίλῶν.

Ψευδοστῶμῶ. See Ψεύδω.

Ψευδοφημῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, falsam famam adferens : false-reporting. C. C. 1517. SYN. see Ψεύστης.

Ψεύδω, Ψεύδομαι, Ψεύστω, Ψευδηγῶρῶ, et Ψευδοστῶμῶ, decipio; mentior : to deceive; to lie. Πόλλ' ἐλπίδες ψευδοσὶ κάλδοι βροτῶν Eur. fr. Protes. 6. Ψεύσθαι ἡ ἔτιμον ἔρεω K. 534. T. 107. P. V. 1068. C. C. 1127. SYN. Ἀπάτᾶω, ἐξαπάτᾶω, καταψεύδομαι.

Ψευδώνυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, falso nominatus : wrongly named. "Ἡεῖς δ' ὕβριστήν ποτᾶμόν ου ψευδώνυμον P. V. 742.

Ψευδωνύμως, falso nomine : by a wrong name. P. V. 85. See above. SYN. Ψευδῶς, μάταιος.

Ψευδῶς, falso : falsely. Iph. A. 1005. SYN. Ψευδωνύμως, μάταιος.

Ψευστῶ. See Ψεύδω.

Ψεύστης, Ψευδολόγος, ου, ὁ, mendax : a liar. Antig. 1195. Ran. 1569. SYN. Ψευδοφημῶς, ψευδοκλήρῃς, ψευδαγγέλως, ψευδής, φέρεα, ἀλάζων.

Ψεφνός, ἡ, ὄν, obscurus : obscure, dark. Pind. Nem. 3. 71. SYN. Σκοτεινός, ἀφανής, ἀνώνυμος. Ψηγμά, ἄτὸς, τὸ, ramentum : a splinter, dust. Agam. 429.

Ψήκτρα, as, ἡ, strigil : a curry-comb. Hipp. 1169. SYN. Στελεγγίς, κτελς, ἐύστρῶν.

Ψηλάφᾶω, contracto; perscruto : to feel, handle; explore. Εψηλάφωμεν ἐν σκότῳ τὰ πράγματα Pax 689. SYN. Ἀμφάφᾶω, ψαύω, ψᾶω, ψήχω, εξερευνᾶω.

Ψήν, ηνός, ὁ, culex in caprificis pascens : a fig-gnat. Av. 590.

Ψηρίζω, rado; caprifico : to scrape; to hasten the maturity of figs. Eq. 521.

Ψήρ. See Ψάρ.

Ψήτῳ, ης, ἡ, aut Ψήσῳ, rhombus; anas : a turbot; a duck. Ψήτῳ καὶ μὴν ἀρτί γε Lysist. 131.

Ψηφίζω, calculis computo; decerno : to calculate; to decree. Heracl. 142. SYN. Λογίζομαι, ἀνὰ τίθημι, κυρῶω, χειροτόνέω, ἐπαρίθμῶω, γνώμην τίθεμαι, ψηφόν φέρω.

Ψηφίς, ἰδὺς, ἡ, lapillus; decretum : a pebble;

a decree. Ἰπὸ ψηφίδες ἀπασαι Φ. 260. SYN. Ψήφος.

Ψήφισμᾶ, ἄτος, τὸ, decretum: a decree. Av. 1041. SYN. Ψήφis, δόγμα, ψήφος.

Ψήφισμᾶτόπῳλης, ου, ὁ, decretorum venditor: a decree-seller. Ψήφισμᾶτόπῳλης εἰμί Av. 1037.

Ψηφόποιος, οὔ, ὁ, calculorum confector; hariolus: a maker of counters; a juggler. Ψηφόποιος εὐρέθης Aj. 1135.

Ψήφος, ου, ἡ, calculus; suffragium: a pebble; a vote. Hec. 259. SYN. Ψήφis, λίθος, λίθαξ, κροκάλη, κρίσις, ψήφισμα. Ep. Δυσμένης, φόνια, ὁσία, εὐσεβέστατη, ἱερά.

Ψήχω, rado; delinio: to scrape; to stroke. Helen. 1566. SYN. Κάταψήχω, ψάω, τρίβω, ξέω, θαπέω, ψηλάφω.

Ψιᾶθος, ου, ἡ, storea, teges: a mat, rug. Ποία ψιᾶθος μή μοιγέ νῆ τὴν Ἀρτέμιν Lysist. 922. SYN. Φορμός.

Ψιᾶς. See Ψάκας.

Ψιθύριζω, susurro: to whisper. Πλατῶνος πτελέα ψιθύριζη Nub. 1008. SYN. Ψαίρω.

Ψιθύρισμα, ἄτος, τὸ, susurrus: a whisper, a murmur. Ἀδύ τί τὸ ψιθύρισμα Theoc. 1. 1.

Ψιθύρος, α, ὁν, susurrans, vituperans: whispering, calumnious. Τοίουςδὲ λόγους ψιθύρους πλάσσαν Aj. 148. SYN. Ψιθύριζων, ψεδύρος, λοιδόρος.

Ψιλός, ἡ, ὁν, tenuis, merus, nudus, leviter armatus: slender, pure, naked, bare, light-armed. Ψιλὸν δᾶκὲ δὲ οἱ σκῆπτρον καὶ αἰκεῖα πῆρην ν. 437. SYN. Γυμνός, ψεδύς, λεπτός, ἀπλός.

Ψιμβίον, aut Ψιμβύβιον, aut Ψιμιβίον, aut Ψιμβίον, ου, τὸ, cerussa: white paint. Ἐγὼ δὲ κατὰπῆλασμένη ψιμβίῳ Eccles. 878. Κιρνάμενν ὁδὸν ψιμβύβιον ἦτε γάλακτι Nicand. A. 75. "Colligi potest primam fuisse longam, quod Æoles ψιμβιον et ψιμβύβιον dixerint. Contra veterum auctoritatem utramque syllabam corrigere non veriti sunt recentiores poëtae. Macedonius Anth. 2. 9. Ep. 8. et Ep. 9. Μὴ τοίνυν τὸ πρόσωπον ἅπαν ψιμβύβιον κατάπλαττε et Καὶ ψιμβιὸς τεύει τὴν Ἑκάβην Ἑλένην." Hemst. ad Plut. 1064.

Ψιμβύς, i. q. Ψιμβύβιον, q. v.

Ψιττά. See Ψόττα.

Ψιχάρπαξ, ἄγος, ὁ, nomen muris: the name of a mouse. Πατρός δυστήνου Ψιχάρπαγος Batrach. 104.

Ψυγῆρος, Ψεγῆς, α, ὁν, ad reprehensionem proclivis: censorious. Pyth. 2. 100. Nem. 7. 102.

Ψόγος, ου, ὁ, reprehensio: blame, censure. Phoen. 92. SYN. Ἐγκλημά, μέμφis, ἐνιδός, κατηγορία. Ep. Μεγᾶς, πόλυσ, σκότεινός.

Ψόλεις, εσσά, ἐν, ardens; fumidus: burning; smoking. Ω. 538. SYN. Κάπνώδης, αιθαλδεις.

Ψόλκομπία, ας, ἡ, fumosa seu vana jactatio. "Ἦσθην ἀπειλαῖς ἐγγέλᾳσα ψόλκομπίαις Eq. 693. SYN. Μεγάλληγορία, ἀλαζονεία, ἀλαζονευμά.

Ψόφῳ, strepitum edo; pulso (portam): to make a noise; to knock (at the door). Herc. F. 78. SYN. Ηχέω, δουπέω, κτύπεω.

Ψόφος, ου, ὁ, strepitus: a noise. Ion 603. SYN. Ἀραγμός, κτύπος, δουπός, θορύβος. Ep. Κένος.

Ψόθης. See Ψευδής.

Ψόθος. See Ψευδός.

Ψυκτήριος, α, ὁν, refrigeratorius: refreshing. Ψυκτήριᾶ closes an iambic in Eur. fr. Phaëth. 12. 1.

Ψύλλα, ης, ἡ, pulex: a flea. Καὶ ψυλλῶν οὐδὲ λέγῳ σοι Plut. 537.

Ψύρια, ας, ἡ, Psyria: an island in the Ægean sea. Νησοῦ ἐπὶ Ψύρης γ. 171.

Ψόττα (rectius Ψίττα, vid. Schol. Theoc. 4. 44., and Hesych. v. Ψιττάζων), heus: ho! Cycl. 49., ubi a eliditur, et ergo brevis est. SYN. Σίττα.

Ψυχᾶγωγέω, animas duco; animam flecto; animam ago: to conduct souls; to charm; to be in the last agony. Av. 1554. See below. SYN. Πάραμυθέωμαι, τέρπειμαι.

Ψυχᾶγωγός, οὔ, ὁ, ἡ, animas defunctas ducens (Mercurius), animam eliciens; recreans: leading the souls of the deceased, bringing forth a ghost; refreshing. Καὶ ψυχᾶγωγός ορθιάζοντες γόοις Pers. 693.

Ψυχή, ης, ἡ, spiritus, anima: breath, the soul, life, a ghost. Εὐχός ἐμοὶ δώσειν ψυχὴν δ' Ἄϊδι κλυτὰ πάλω Λ. 445. SYN. Πνεῦμα, νοῦς, θυμός, φῶσις, κῆρ. Ep. Ἰφθιμός, φίλη, παρθένος, δικάια, σώφρων, ἀγάθῃ, θεία, φόνια, τλήμων, πτερύεσσα, ὁσία, δύσμορρος, δέδειδης, τάλαινά.

Ψυχόπομπός, οὔ, ὁ, animarum deductor: a conductor of the dead. Οὐθ' οὐπὶ κόπῃ ψυχόπομπός ἄν Χάρων Alceest. 371. SYN. Ψυχᾶγωγός.

Ψυχορράγῳ, anima mihi abruptitur; singultio: to struggle for life; to sob. Ψυχορράγοντᾶ καὶ κάλοιντᾶ μητέρα Herc. F. 324. SYN. Ἀποψύχω, ασπαίρω, ἀπὸθνήσκω.

Ψυχορράγῃς, ἔδος, qui animam agit, cui anima abruptitur; singultans: struggling for life; sobbing. Εν τὸκοις ψυχορράγῃς Iph. T. 1467.

Ψυχός, ἔδος, τὸ, frigus: cold. Ψυχῆος ἱμείρων κατέλεξάτο κ. 555. SYN. Κρυμός, κρύος, βίγος.

Ψυχρός, ἂ, ὁν, frigidus; vilis; miser: cold; ignoble; wretched. Ὅ δ' αὖ Θεόγῃς ψυχρός ἄν ψυχρῶς ποιεῖ Thesm. 170. SYN. Ἀπύρος, κρύερος, βίγος.

Ψυχρῶς, frigide: coldly. Thesm. 170. See above.

Ψύχω, spiro, flo; frige facio, refrigero: to breathe, blow; chill, refresh. P. V. 717. Φορβῆς ἡ μάνῃ ψύχεται αὐτόματως Epigr. ap. Suid. SYN. Ἀναψύχω, παρὰψύχω, φυσᾶω, πνέω.

Ψωλή, ης, ἡ, mentula: the foreskin. Lysist. 979.

Ψωλός, οὔ, ὁ, verpus; titio: one that is circumcised; a firebrand. Av. 507.

Ψωμίζω, pasco: to feed. Lysist. 19. SYN. Τρέφω.

Ψωμός, οὔ, ὁ, frustum: a piece, crumb. ι. 374.

Ω.

Ωάριων. See Ωρίων.

Ωάριωνεῖος, α, ὁν, ad Orionem pertinens: of Orion. Isthm. 4. 83. See above.

Ωγυγία, ας, ἡ, Ogygia: an island in the Mediterranean. Νῆσόν ἐς Ωγυγίην α. 85.

Ωγυγίος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, Ogygius; antiquus: Ogygian; ancient. Ωγυγία δ' εἰς πύλῳμάθ' Phoen. 1129. SYN. Αρχαῖος, πάλαιος, παλαιφάτος.

Ωδέ, ὠδὶ, sic; hic: so, thus; here. Eq.

385. Μιμούμενος καὶ τοῖν πύδοιν ὥδὶ παρένσα-
λεύων (vers. hipponact.) Plut. 291.

Ὠδεῖον, ου, τὸ, Odeum : a musical theatre
built by Pericles. Vesp. 1104.

Ὠδῆ, ἡς, ἡ, ode : an ode, song. Phœn. 820.
SYN. Ἀοιδῆ, μουσά, ἄσμα, ὕμνος, ὕμνοδια. EP.
Ἐπικήδειος, καλλινικός, πύλοχορδός, ἀντίφαλμος,
καλλιφθογγός, μουστίπλοός, ἡδύτροός, βουκόλικῃ,
ἑσπεσία, λῆγυρά, πένθιμος.

Ὠδί. See Ὠδέ.

Ὠδιν, mel. Ὠδὺς, ἡ, dolor parturientis :
the pang of a woman in childbirth, anguish.
Nūn δευτέραν ὠδινὰ τήνδ' ἐλαμβάνει. SYN.
Ἀλγός, τῶκος. EP. Δαυραῖος, κρύφιός, ἀπτήρος,
λῆχια, οψίτελεστός, κεραυνίος, ἱέρα, γυερά.

Ὠδῖνω, partus doloribus crucior; angor : to
be tormented with the pangs of childbirth ;
to suffer anguish. Τὸ δ' ὑπὲρ δισσῶν μῖαν
ὠδινεν Hippol. 258. SYN. Δαχέω, πάσχω.

Ὠδὺς. See Ὠδιν.

Ὠδῶποιος, et Ὠδός, οὐ, ὁ, qui odas conficit,
cantor : a composer of odes, a bard. Theoc. EP.
16. Heracl. 489. SYN. see Ἀοιδός.

Ὠδὺς. See above.

Ὠέων. See Ὠδιν.

Ὠζω, dico O ! to cry oh ! to lament. Vesp.
1527. SYN. Αἰάζω, οἰμῶζω, φεύζω, βόῶω.

Ὠή, heus tu : holla ! oh ! Phœn. 1083.

Ὠθῶ, Ὠστίζω, trudo : to thrust, to urge.
Phœn. 1472. Plut. 330.

Ὠθῖν. See Ὠδιν.

Ὠκά, superl. ὠκιστά, celeriter : quickly.
Ὅσα δ' ἄρ' ἀγγέλους ὠκά κατὰ πτόλιν ω. 412.
X. 77. SYN. Τάχα, τάχως, τάχιστα.

Ὠκάλεα, as, ἡ, Ocalea : a town in Boeotia.
Καὶ Ὠκάλην πόλιν ὑγῶν Hom. Apoll. 243.

Ὠκεάνη, ἡς, Ὠκεάνης, ἰδός, ἡ, Oceani filia :
a daughter of Oceanus. Τάνυσφόροι Ὠκεάνηται
Hes. Theog. 364. Apoll. 2. 1243.

Ὠκεᾶνός, οὐ, ὁ, Oceanus : Oceanus, the ocean.
Πάτρως Ὠκεᾶνός δέρχοιτ' ἔμ' ἰδεσθ' P. V. 143.
SYN. Ὠθαλασσά, πόντος, Ἀμφίτριτη. EP. Ταυρὸ-
κρανός, ἀκάλαρβείτης, ἀψόρρῶς, βάθυρβείτης,
βάθυρρῶς, βάθυδινης, κῦάνεύς, τέλῃεις, μέγα-
κήτης, ευρύς, κλύτος, ευρύπῶρος.

Ὠκιστά. See Ὠκά.

Ὠκῆλός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, velox in mari : swift-
sailing. Τὰς ου λάθην ὠκῆλος νηὺς μ. 182.
Ὠκῆλός is also a P. N. in S. 111. SYN. Ποντὸ-
πῶρος, ὠκῆπῶρος.

Ὠκῆσθός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celeriter feriens : swiftly
striking. Philoct. 710.

Ὠκῆσθῶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, velociter se movens :
rapidly moving. Isthm. 5. 6. See Δινέω in
Δινεύω.

Ὠκῆσθός, η, ὄν, cursu celer : swiftly running.
Eur. Sup. 1003.

Ὠκῆμῶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, brevis ævi ; subitum
exitium adferens : short-lived ; suddenly destroy-
ing. O. 441.

Ὠκῆπτης, et Ὠκῆπτήρος, ου, celeriter volans :
flying quickly. Ὠκῆπτα χρυσέσι (trisyll.)
ἐθείρησιν κώμωγντε N. 24. 62. SYN. Ὠκῆπος,
πύδωκῆς, ὠκῆσθός, ημεῖμος, ὠκῆς, τάχως.

Ὠκῆπλάνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celeriter vagans : quickly-
wandering. Ταῖς ὠκῆπλάνοις πτέρυγων ῥιπαῖς
Eur. fr. Pirith. 3. 4.

Ὠκῆποιός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui cito punit vel ulciscit-
ur : quickly-punishing. Sept. Th. 740.

Ὠκῆπομπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celeriter vehens : rapidly-
conveying. Iph. T. 1428.

Ὠκῆπῶρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celeriter transiens : quickly-
passing. ε. 176. SYN. Ὠκῆς.

Ὠκῆπους, πῶδός, pedibus celer : swift-footed.
B. 383. SYN. see Ὠκῆπτης.

Ὠκῆπτήρος. See Ὠκῆπτης.

Ὠκῆρδός, et Ὠκῆρδός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celeriter fluens :
quick-flowing. Τὸν τ' ὠκῆρδαν διάσας Αἰθῶν
Bacch. 561. E. 598.

Ὠκῆς, εἰά, ὤ, celer : swift. Ὠκῆς ὥστε μ'
ἐκφύγειν Bacch. 444. SYN. Ὠκῆπος, τάχως,
ὠκῆπτης, ἰδός, δρόμῶς.

Ὠκῆτης, ητός, ἡ, celeritas : swiftness, speed.
Ὠκῆτη' οὐχ ἡσθόνα Bacch. 1079. SYN. Τάχῃ-
της, δρόμῶς, τάχως.

Ὠκῆτῆκος, α, ὄν, ad partus celeritatem con-
ferens : contributing to a speedy delivery.
Thesm. 441.

Ὠκῆτῆκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, celeriter pariens : quickly-
producing. CE. C. 689.

Ὠλαξ. See Ὠλαξ.

Ὠλένη, ἡς, ἡ, ulna ; brachium : an elbow ;
an arm. Androm. 887. SYN. Βράχιον, ἀγκάλῃ.
EP. Φίλη, γράλα, ἀριστέρᾳ, εὐνώνυμος, δεξιά.

Ὠλένιος, α, ὄν, Olenius : of Olenus, a city in
Elis. Πέτρῃ τ' Ὠλένῃ B. 617.

Ὠλένός, ου, ἡ, Olenus : a city in Elis. B.
639.

Ὠλέσκαρπός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, fructum perdens : fruit-
destroying. Καὶ ἰτεῖα ὠλέσκαρποι κ. 510.

Ὠλέσιόκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, domum perdens : family-
destroying. Sept. Th. 717. See above.

Ὠλαξ, κός, pro Ὠλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, sulcus : a
furrow. Ὠλακ σ. 374. Schæf. in Steph. ed.
Valpiana citat ad Ὠλαξ Jacobs. Anthol. 8. 339.

Ὠμωστής, Ὠμῶφάγος, Ὠμῶσιτός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et
Ὠμῶδρῶς, ὠτὸς, crudivorus ; sævus : feeding
on raw flesh ; cruel. Antig. 697. Ἐοικότες
ὠμῶφάγοισιν H. 256. Ὅν ὠμῶσιτοι σκύλακες
ὄς ἐθρῆψατο H. 256. Bacch. 338. Herc. F. 883.
SYN. Ὠμῶδάκης, ἀπηνης, ἄγριος, χάλῃπος, ὠμῶ-
θυμῶς, ὠμῶδάκης.

Ὠμῶγερων, οντός, cui cruda et viridis est
senectus : vigorous though old. Ψ. 791.

Ὠμῶδάκης, ἔος, crudivorus ; ferox : raw-de-
vouring ; ferocious. Ὠμῶδάκης σ' ἄγαν ἱμῆρος
Sept. Th. 689., answering to καὶ μῆμονας τέκνον
μήτ' σέ. SYN. see Ὠμωστής.

Ὠμῶδάμος, ου, ὁ, Omodamus, dæmonis nomen :
the name of a demon. Ὠμῶδάμῳ δ' ὅς τῇδ'
τέχῃ Hom. Hymn. 47. 10.

Ὠμῶδρῶς, ου, ὁ, ἡ, crude decerptus : pre-
maturely plucked. Sept. Th. 324.

Ὠμῶθέτω, crudum impono : to place raw.
B. 424.

Ὠμῶθυμός, ου, ὁ, ἡ, et Ὠμῶφρων, ὄνός, animo
crudeli : cruel-minded. Aj. 885. (See Ὦμῶς.)
Aj. 931. SYN. see Ὠμῶς.

Ὠμῶκράτης, ἔος, qui validis humeris est ; ro-
bustus : strong-shouldered ; robust. Nūn γὰρ ὁ
δαινὸς μέγας ὠμῶκράτης Aj. 205. SYN. Κράτῆρος,
γενναῖός.

Ὠμῶπλάτης, ἡς, ἡ, armus, scapula : the broad
part of the shoulder, the shoulder-blade. Σῶν
ὠμῶπλάτᾳ μέγαν ὦμον Theoc. 26. 22. SYN.
Ἐπωμῖς.

Ὠμός, ἡ, ὄν, crudus, immaturus, crudelis :
raw, unripe, premature, cruel. Hipp. 1259.
SYN. Ἄωρος, σκληρῶς, ἄγριος, ἀπηνης, ὠμωστής,
σῖδρῶφρων, ὠμῶφρων, ὠμῶθυμός, ὠμῶδάκης.

Ὠμός, ου, ὁ, humerus : a shoulder. Phœn.
1411. SYN. Νῶτός, ἐπωμῖς. EP. Ευρύς, ἰφθι-

μὸς, στῖβαρος, φαίδιμος, ἀβανῆτος, δεξιτέρως, ἀπειρῆς, βριάρως, κυρτός, λευκός.

Ωμόστιος. See Ωμηστής.

Ωμοσπάρακτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, qui crudus adhuc discerpitur : torn to pieces raw. Ωμοσπάρακτον παρὰλάβων μετὰχειρίσαιδι χρηστῶς (vers. hipponact.) Equit. 344.

Ωμότης, ητος, ἡ, cruditas ; crudelitas : rawness ; cruelty. Ion 47. SYN. Σκληρότης.

Ωμότηκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, immaturus, immature parians : premature, miscarrying. Call. 4. 120.

Ωμὸφῶγος. See Ωμηστής.

Ωμὸφρόνως, crudeliter, cruelly. Ὡς ωμὸφρόνως δαίμων ἐνέβη Pers. 908. SYN. Ἀγρίως, χάλεπῶς, ωμῶς.

Ωμόφρων. See Ωμῶθυμος.

Ωνέδμαι, emo : to buy. Plut. 140. SYN. Εξωνέδμαι, ἀγοράζω.

Ωνή, ης, ἡ, emtio : a purchase. Cycl. 150.

Ωνητός, ἡ, ὄν, emtus, venalis : purchased, to be sold. C. R. 1123.

Ὡνίος, α, ον, venalis : to be sold, saleable. En Βοιωτοῖς ἀνίος Eq. 480.

Ὡνός, ου, ὁ, pretium : value, price. o. 462. SYN. Τιμή, ωνή. Ep. Ἀξιός, ἀσπότης, βιότησιός.

Ὡν, dim. Ὡθύν, et Ὡθύν, ου, τὸ, ovum : an egg. Av. 673. Πέπυκαδμένον ὥθον εὐρήν Sapph. fr. 58. Arat. 956.

Ωπή, ης, ἡ, adspectus ; color : sight ; colour. Apoll. 3. 907. SYN. Ὡπαπή, ὀψίς, πρόσοψις.

Ὡρα, as, ἡ, cura : care. C. C. 386. See below. SYN. see Φρόντις.

Ὡρα, as, ἡ, hora ; tempus ; occasio ; pulchritudo : an hour ; time ; the season ; beauty. Σύντειν' ὥρα πῶδος ὀρμάν (parcemiace) Eur. El. 112. SYN. Καιρός, χρόνος, κάλλος. Ep. Εὐφρων, πόλιν' ἡθής, χρυσάμπυξ, εἰρήνη, χειμέρια, νέαν' ἰς, τετράμορφος, χάρις σῶ, μᾶλα καίλους, εὐκαιρός, πῶθειν, γλυκὺ πᾶρθένος, πόντιᾶ. PHR. Κήρυξ Ἀφροδίτης ἀμερῶσιον φίλότητων.

Ὡραῖος, Ὡρίκος, et Ὡρίος, α, ὄν, tempestivus ; pulcher : seasonable ; beautiful. Eccles. 696. Ὡρίκην ὕληφόρον Acharn. 271. Ὡρίᾶ πάντ᾿ ἡγένοιτο Theoc. 7. 62. SYN. Καίριος, εὐειδής, εὐμορφός, κάλδς.

Ωρακίᾶς, linquo animo : to faint. Ωρακιάσας ου γὰρ ἐξηνέσχετο Pax 702. SYN. Ἄθυμῶς, λειποψυχῶς, εκλύμαι.

Ωρείθυιᾶ, as, ἡ, Orithyia : one of the Nereids. Bῶρεν τέκεν Ωρείθυια Apoll. 1. 212.

Ωρεὺς, οὐ, ἡ, Oreus : a city in Eubœa. Pax 1047.

Ωρίκιος, α, ὄν, Oricius : of Oricum, a city of Epirus. Ὡκίσαν Ωρίκην Call. fr. 259.

Ωρίκος. See Ὡραῖος.

Ωρεῖω, custodio : to guard, protect. Apoll. 1. 903. SYN. See Φυλάσσω.

Ὡρίκῶς, tempestive ; pulchre : seasonably ; beautifully. Πυνθάνει γὰρ ὀρίκῶς Plut. 964.

Ὡρίος. See Ὡραῖος.

Ωρίων, Ὠρίων, ωνός, ὁ, Orion : a constellation, &c. Ὡ τε ξιφῆρης Ὠρίων ὑπερθε δέ Ion 1153. Ὡς μὲν δὲ Ὠρίων ἐλέτο e. 121. Call. 3. 264. Ep. Πελωρίος, δρᾶσὺς, θηροκτόνος, κερδᾶλεῶφρων, κλύτος.

Ωρόμεδων, δοντός, ὁ, Oromedon. Δῶδον Ὠρόμεδοντος Theoc. 7. 46.

Ωρυγή, ης, ἡ, i. q. Ωρυθμός, q. v. Ωρυγή ταύτης ἡλθε διὰ πτόλεως Hermesianax ap. Athen. 598. SYN. Ωρυθμός.

Ωρυθμός, οὐ, ὁ, rugitus : a roaring. Οὐδ' ωρυθμοῖο πύθεσθαι Theoc. 25. 217. SYN. Ωρυγή.

Ωρύω, rugio, latro : to roar, bark. Ἀνὰ πτόλιν ωρύονται Theoc. 2. 35. SYN. Ὑλακτέω, βῶαω, θρηνέω.

Ὡς, sicut, sic, cum, tanquam, circiter, ut : as, so, since, when, as if, about, how. Hipp. 1057. SYN. Ὠντως, καθά, οὕτως, ὅτι, γὰρ, ἕως.

Ὡσαύτως, Ὡσαῦτέρ, Ὡσπέρ, similiter, veluti : similarly, as if. Iph. T. 834. Plut. 35.

Ὡσπέρ. See above.

Ὡστέ, adeo, ut, donec : so as, so that, until. Plut. 141.

Ωστίζω. See Ωθέω.

Ωτειλή, ης, ἡ, vulnus, cicatrix : a wound, scar. Σ. 351. SYN. Τραῦμα, ουλή. Ep. Χαλκὺ τύπος.

Ὡτός, ου, ὁ, Otus. E. 385. Ep. Αντίθεός, Κυλλήνιός.

Ὡτώεις, εσῶς, ἔν, auritus, ansatus : having ears or handles. ψ. 264.

Ωφέλειᾶ, Ωφέλια, as, ἡ, Ωφέλημά, ἄτος, τὸ, et Ωφέλησις, ἕως, ἡ, utilitas ; subsidium : usefulness ; benefit, assistance. Τίς οὖν παρ' ἡμῶν ἐστὶν ωφέλειᾶ σοι Thesm. 183. Τοῖς γὰρ ἑμοῖσιον γέγον' ωφέλια Androm. 537. C. C. 259. Philoct. 1406. SYN. Ἐπωφέλημά, ἀλεξητήριον, δησις, λυσίτελειᾶ, χρεία.

Ωφέλῃω, adjuvo, prosum : to assist, benefit. Τὸ δ' ἀρσέν αὐτοὺς ωφέλει Hipp. 974. SYN. Ἐπωφέλῃω, λυσίτελῃω, συμφέρω, συμμάχῃω.

Ωφέλημά. See Ωφέλειᾶ.

Ωφέλησίμδς, Ωφέλιμδς, η, ὄν, utilis : useful. Παύρᾳ δ' ωφέλησίμα Aj. 1022. Τὸ δ' ωφέλιμδν ἔμοι πάτερδς ὄνομᾶ λέγω Ion 138. SYN. Ὀνήσιμδς, χρήσιμδς, χρηστδς.

Ωφέλησις. See Ωφέλειᾶ.

Ωφέλια. See Ωφέλειᾶ.

Ωφέλιμδς. See Ωφέλησίμδς.

Ωχράω, Ωχριάω, palleo : to become pale. λ. 528. Οἰμοὶ τᾶλας ὥς ωχρίασ' αὐτὴν ἰδῶν Ran. 308.

Ωχρίᾶω. See above.

Ωχρός, ἄ, ὄν, pallidus : pale, wan. Nub. 1016. SYN. Χλωρός, πέλιδνδς.

ᾨχρός, ου, ὁ, pallor : paleness. Γ. 35. SYN. Χλδδς.

ᾨψ, ὠψδς, ἡ, oculus ; vultus : an eye ; the countenance, look. Γ. 158. SYN. Ὀμμά, ὀψίς, πρῶσωπδν.

ADDENDA.

Ἀδάκρυτος. Ἀδάκρυτος καὶ ἄπημων A. 415.
 Αἰνᾶός, ὄν, constanter fluens : constantly flowing. Ἄπ' αἰνᾶου Ἀχέροντος Theoc. 15. 102. Et αἰνᾶός in Ion. 118., τὰν αἰνᾶον παγὰν, cui congruit εὐφάμοις πῶνοις μοχθεῖν. Sed αἰνᾶής, ad quod refertur supra sub Αἰνᾶός, nova ed. Stephani haud agnoscit.

Αἷτος, i. q. Αἰτός, q. v. Φλαύρως ἐκοινώνησεν αἷτῳ πύτέ Ἀν. 653.

Αἰκία. "Penult. producitur ut in καλή, ὑπεροπλή, κατηφίη, προεδρίη, αεργίη, &c." Blomf. Pr. V. 93.

Ἀκραάντος lege in Ἀκραντός. Μύθεαί ἀκράαντον β. 202.

Ἀνθράκίζω, ἵσω, ad carbonem incendo ; torreo : to burn to a coal ; to roast. Pax 1102. See Ἀνθραξ, ἄκός.

Ἀρηϊφάτος. See Ἀρείφάτος. Φῶτας ἀρηϊφάτους κἀτέδουσιν T. 31.

Ἀτρέμων (in Ἀτρέαμνός) habet penult. brevem, ut A in τέλαμών.

Γλιχῶμαι, intense cupio : to desire earnestly. Τῶν κἀκῶν ὦ παῖ γλίχει Aristoph. Fr. Γεωργ.

Δαίζω. Lege Δαίζω.

Δᾶϊς. Aeschyl. habet πύλυφθῶρους εν δᾶϊ in Sept. Th. 920. : quod congruit cum τᾶφον πᾶτρώων λᾶχαί.

Δᾶμῶ. See Δᾶμᾶζω.

Διδράσκω. See Δρᾶω.

Ἐλκῦω. Ἐδέξατ' ἐσπᾶσέν τ' ἄμυστίν ἐλκῦσας Cycl. 416.

Εμβριθής. "Eodem sensu επιβριθής Eumen. 963. penultimam producit." Blomf. ad Pers. 699.

Ἐρίοστεπτός, ὄν, lana redimitus : bound with wool. Aesch. Sup. 22. See Ἐρίον.

Ευανδρία. Lege ευανδρίαν in loco citato.

Ευκρίνής, ἔς, perspicuus : clear. Τῆμος δ' ευκρίνέες τ' αὔραι Hes. Op. 2. 288.

Θοίναμά, Θοινατήριον leguntur in secundo et tertio loco citato in Θοίνη. A est longa ut in Θοινάτωρ sub Θοινήτωρ.

Θυλάκιον. See Θυλάκός.

Ἰδρυτεύς, ὄν, firme figendus : to be fixed firmly. Οἱ μοι τί δράσω τέκνον οὐχ ἰδρυτέον Aj. 809. I in ἰδρύω brevis est in Bacch. 1059. : Πενθέα (dissyll.) δ' ἰδρύσας ἐλατίνων ὄζων ἐπι.

Κάλαυρόψ. See Κἀλόεροψ. Read Κἀλᾶεροψ.

Κάρα. See Κάρ.

Κέρας. Add Φῦσις κέρατᾶ ταύροις from Anacreon.

Λίαν, Λίην. Οὐδέ λίην λυπρή ν. 243. Δὴ γὰρ κέχολῳάτῳ λίην ξ. 282.

Μυῆλός. Lege Μῦῆλός.

Μύραινα. Locus citatus nihil determinat de quantitate. Juvenalis, 5. 99. longam habet primam : Virroni muræna datur, &c. Schæf. in Steph. ed. Valp. citat Jacobs. Anthol. 8. 30.

LONDON :

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
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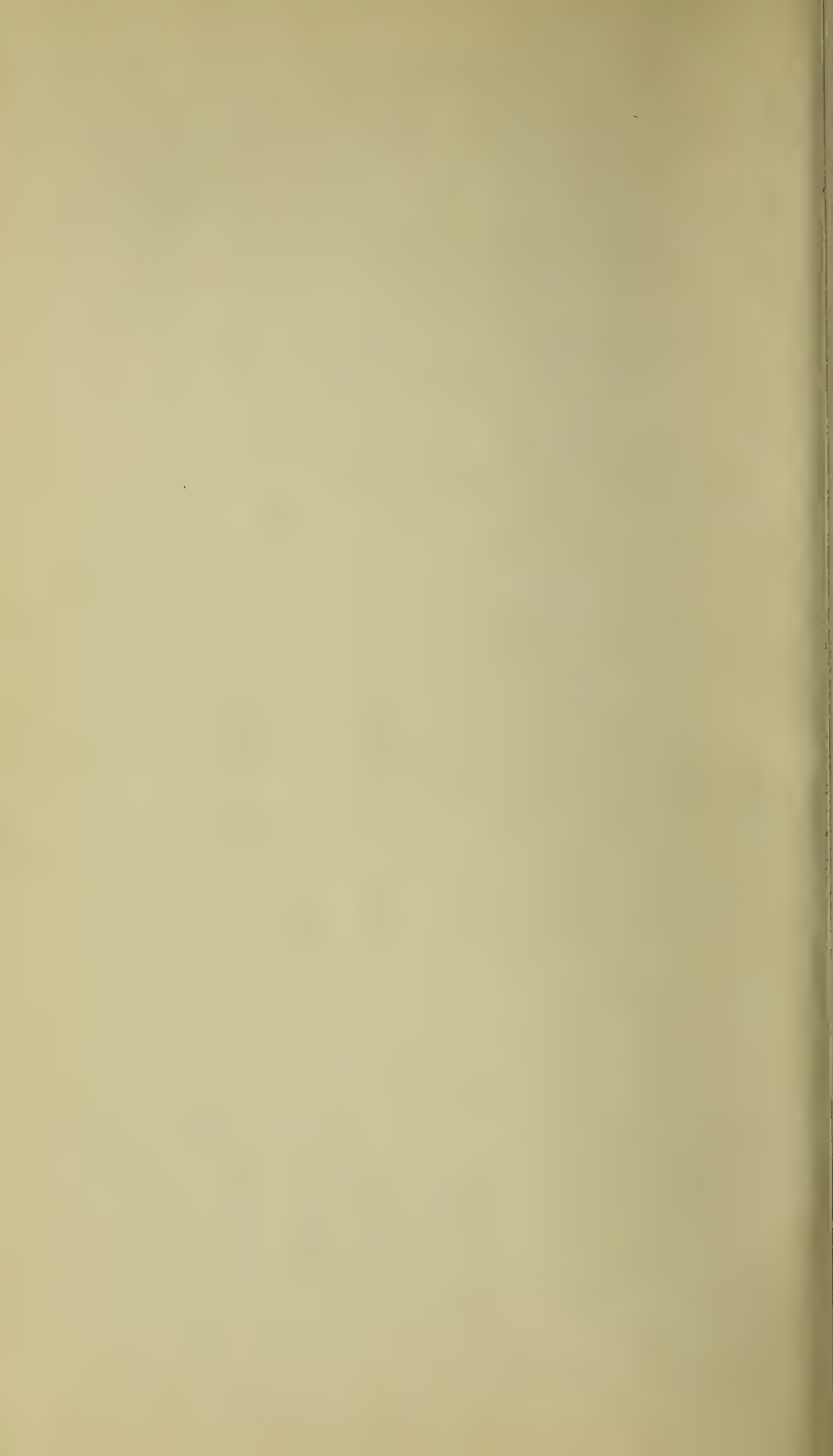
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